13:1D-59

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF: 2004 **CHAPTER:** 51

NJSA: 13:1D-59 (Air toxics surcharge)

BILL NO: A3118 (Substituted for S1772)

SPONSOR(S): Greenwald

DATE INTRODUCED: June 21, 2004

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Budget

SENATE: ----

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: June 24,2004

SENATE: June 24, 2004

DATE OF APPROVAL: June 29, 2004

FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (1st reprint enacted)

A3118

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 8 of original bill)

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes

SENATE: No

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

S1772

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 8 of original bill)

Yes

Bill and Sponsors Statement identical to A3118

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: No

SENATE: Yes

Identical to Assembly Statement to A3118

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

VETO MESSAGE: No

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING: No

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

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REPORTS:	No
HEARINGS:	No
NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:	No

P.L. 2004, CHAPTER 51, approved June 29, 2004 Assembly, No. 3118 (First Reprint)

1 AN ACT imposing a surcharge based on certain air emissions, and supplementing Title 13 of the Revised Statutes.

3

4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. As used in this act:
- 8 "CAS" means the Chemical Abstract Service registry number;
- 9 "Department" means the Department of Environmental Protection;
- "Division" means the Division of Taxation in the Department of the
- 11 Treasury:
- "Director" means the Director of the Division of Taxation in the
- 13 Department of the Treasury;
- "Category 4 toxic substance" means the following substances as
- 15 identified by the following name or chemical abstract service registry
- number: orenethylbenzene (CAS No. 100-41-4), chloroform (CAS No.
- 17 67-66-3), 1,4-dioxane (CAS No. 123-91-1), dichloromethane (CAS
- 18 No. 75-09-2), styrene (CAS No. 100-42-5), p-cresol (CAS No.
- 19 106-44-5), trichloroethylene (CAS No. 79-01-6), 1,2-dichoroethane
- 20 (CAS No. 107-06-2), vinyl acetate (CAS No. 108-05-4), vinylidene
- 21 chloride (CAS No. 75-35-4), benzene (CAS No. 71-43-2), arsenic
- 22 compounds (CAS No. N020), nickel (CAS No. 7440-02-0), nickel
- 23 compounds (CAS No. N495), vinyl chloride (CAS No. 75-01-4),
- 24 epichlorohydrin (CAS No. 106-89-8), formaldehyde (CAS No.
- 25 50-00-0), tetrachloroethylene (perchloroethylene) (CAS No.
- 26 127-18-4), hydrazine (CAS No. 302-01-2), propylene oxide (CAS No.
- 27 75-56-9), toluene diisocyanate (mixed isomers) (CAS No.
- 28 26471-62-5), aniline (and salts) (CAS No. 62-53-3), beryllium (CAS
- 29 No. 7440-41-7), cadmium compounds (CAS No. N078), chromium
- 30 (CAS No. 7440-47-3), chromium compounds (CAS No. N090),
- 31 ethylene oxide (CAS No. 75-21-8), nitrobenzene (CAS No. 98-95-3),
- 32 naphthalene (CAS No. 91-20-3), chlordane (CAS No. 57-74-9),
- 33 acetaldehyde (CAS No. 75-07-0), 1,2-butylene oxide (CAS No.
- 34 106-88-7), cobalt (CAS No. 7440-48-4), cobalt compounds (CAS No.
- 36 (CAS No. 7439-92-1), lead compounds (CAS No. N420), mercury

N096), di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP) (CAS No. 117-81-7), lead

- 37 (CAS No. 7439-97-6), mercury compounds (CAS No. N458), benzyl
- 38 chloride (CAS No. 100-44-7), pentachlorobenzen (CAS No.

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹ Assembly ABU committee amendments adopted June 21, 2004.

1 608-93-5), creosote (CAS No. 8001-58-9), pendimethalin (CAS No. 2 40487-42-1), asbestos (friable) (CAS No. 1332-21-4), dioxin and 3 dioxin-like compounds (CAS No. N150), polycyclic aromatic 4 compounds (CAS No. N590), polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB) (CAS No. 1336-36-3), acrylamide (CAS No. 79-06-01), benzoic trichloride 5 6 (CAS No. 98-07-7), dimethyl sulfate (CAS No. 77-78-1), 7 1,3-butadiene (CAS No. 106-99-0), benzal chloride (CAS No. 8 98-87-3), diethyl sulfate (CAS No. 64-67-5), dimethylcarbamyl 9 chloride (CAS No. 79-44-7), hexachloroethane (CAS No. 67-72-1), 10 heptachlor (CAS No. 76-44-8), hexachlorobenzene (CAS No. 11 118-74-1), acrylonitrile (CAS No. 107-13-1), antimony compounds 12 (CAS No. N010), catechol (CAS No. 120-80-9), diglycidyl resorcinol 13 ether (CAS No. 101-90-6), ethyl acrylate (CAS No. 140-88-5), 14 nitrofen (CAS No. 1836-75-5), propyleneimine (CAS No. 75-55-8), 15 sodium o-phenylphenoxide (CAS No. 132-27-4), urethane (CAS No. 51-79-6), benzo(g,h,i)perylene (CAS No. 191-24-2), allyl chloride 16 17 (CAS No. 107-05-1), and decabromodiphenyl oxide (CAS No. 1,1,1,2-tetrachloroethane (CAS No. 18 19 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane (CAS No. 79-34-5), 1,1,2-trichloroethane 20 (CAS No. 79-00-5), 1,1-dimethyl hydrazine (CAS No. 57-14-7), 21 1,2-dibromo-3-chloropropane (CAS No. 96-12-8), 1,2-dibromoethane 22 (CAS No. 106-93-4), 1,2-diphenylhydrazine (CAS No. 122-66-7), 23 1,3-dichloropropylene (CAS No. 542-75-6), 1,4-dichlorobenzene 24 (CAS No. 106-46-7), 2,4,6-trichlorophenol (CAS No. 88-06-2), 25 2,4-diaminoanisole (CAS No. 615-05-4), 2,4-diaminotoluene (CAS 26 95-80-7), 2,4-dinitrotoluene (CAS No. 121-14-2), 27 2,6-dinitrotoluene (CAS No. 606-20-2), 2,6-xylidine (CAS No. 28 87-62-7), 2-nitropropane (CAS No. 79-46-9), 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine 29 (CAS No. 91-94-1), 3,3-dimethoxybenzidine (CAS No. 119-90-4), 3,3-dimethylbenzidine (CAS No. 119-93-7), 4,4-diaminodiphenyl ether 30 31 (CAS No. 101-80-4), 4,4-methylenebis(2-chloroaniline), (CAS No. 32 101-14-4), 4,4-methylenebis(n,n-dimethyl), benzenamin (CAS No. 33 101-61-1), 4,4-methylenedianiline (CAS No. 101-77-9), 34 4,4-thiodianiline (CAS No. 139-65-1), 4-aminoazobenzene (CAS No. 4-aminobiphenyl (CAS 35 60-09-3),No. 92-67-1), 36 4-dimethylaminoazobenzene (CAS No. 60-11-7), acephate (CAS No. 30560-19-1), acetamide (CAS No. 60-35-5), aldrin (CAS No. 37 38 309-00-2), alpha-hexachlorocyclohexane (CAS No. 319-84-6), arsenic 39 (CAS No. 7440-38-2), benzidine (CAS No. 92-87-5), benzoyl chloride 40 (CAS No. 98-88-4), beryllium compounds (CAS No. n050), 41 beta-naphthylamine (CAS No. 91-59-8), beta-propiolactone (CAS No. 42 57-57-8), bis(2-chloroethyl), ether (CAS No. 43 bis(chloromethyl), ether (CAS No. 542-88-1), bromoform (CAS No. 44 75-25-2), c.i. acid red 114 (CAS No. 6459-94-5), c.i. food red 5 (CAS 45 No. 3761-53-3), c.i. solvent yellow 3 (CAS No. 97-56-3), c.i. solvent

yellow 34 (CAS No. 492-80-8), cadmium (CAS No. 7440-43-9),

1 carbon tetrachloride (CAS No. 56-23-5), chlorendic acid (CAS No. 2 115-28-6), chloromethyl methyl ether (CAS No. 107-30-2), chloroprene (CAS No. 126-99-8), chlorothalonil (CAS No. 3 4 1897-45-6), dichlorobromomethane (CAS No. 75-27-4), dichlorvos (CAS No. 62-73-7), dihydrosafrole (CAS No. 94-58-6), dimethipin 5 (CAS No. 55290-64-7), ethyleneimine (CAS No. 151-56-4), 6 7 ethylidene dichloride (CAS No. 75-34-3), folpet (CAS No. 133-07-3), 8 fomesafen (CAS No. 72178-02-0), hexachloro-1,3-butadiene (CAS 9 No. 87-68-3), hexamethylphosphoramide (CAS No. 680-31-9), 10 hydrazine sulfate (CAS No. 10034-93-2), isodrin (CAS No. 11 465-73-6), lindane (CAS No. 58-89-9), linuron (CAS No. 330-55-2), 12 m-cresol (CAS No. 108-39-4), methoxychlor (CAS No. 72-43-5), 13 mustard gas (CAS No. 505-60-2), nitrilotriacetic acid (CAS No. 14 139-13-9), nitrogen mustard (mechlorethamine) (CAS No. 51-75-2), 15 n-nitrosodiethylamine (CAS No. 55-18-5), n-nitrosodimethylamine (CAS No. 62-75-9), n-nitrosodi-n-butylamine (CAS No. 924-16-3), 16 17 n-nitrosodi-n-propylamine (CAS No. 621-64-7),(CAS 18 n-nitrosodiphenylamine No. 86-30-6),n-nitrosomethylvinylamine (CAS No. 4549-40-0), n-nitrosomorpholine 19 20 (CAS No. 59-89-2), n-nitroso-n-ethylurea (CAS No. 759-73-9), 21 n-nitroso-n-methylurea (CAS No. 684-93-5), n-nitrosonornicotine 22 (CAS No. 16543-55-8), n-nitrosopiperidine (CAS No. 100-75-4), 23 o-anisidine (CAS No. 90-04-0), o-cresol (CAS No. 95-48-7), 24 octachlorostyrene (CAS No. 29082-74-4), oryzalin (CAS No. 25 19044-88-3), o-toluidine (CAS No. 95-53-4), paraquat dichloride 26 (paraquat) (CAS No. 1910-42-5), parathion (CAS No. 56-38-2), 27 p-chloroaniline (CAS No. 106-47-8), p-chloro-o-toluidine (CAS No. 28 95-69-2), p-cresidine (CAS No. 120-71-8), pentachlorophenol (pcp), 29 87-86-5), phenytoin (CAS No. 57-41-0), 30 p-nitrosodiphenylamine (CAS No. 156-10-5), polybrominated 31 biphenyls (pbbs), (CAS No. n575), potassium bromate (CAS No. 32 7758-01-2), propane sultone (CAS No. 1120-71-4), quinoline (CAS No. 91-22-5), safrole (CAS No. 94-59-7), styrene oxide (CAS No. 33 34 96-09-3), thioacetamide (CAS No. 62-55-5), toxaphene (camphechlor) No. 8001-35-2), trifluralin (CAS No. 35 tris(2,3-dibromopropyl), phosphate (CAS No. 126-72-7), trypan blue 36 37 (CAS No. 72-57-1), ¹and ¹ vinyl chloride (CAS No. 593-60-2) ¹[, or any other toxic substance reportable on the release and pollution 38 39 prevention report and defined by United States Environmental 40 Protection Agency or the International Agency for Research on Cancer 41 as showing evidence of being carcinogenic or any other substance defined by the United State Environmental Protection Agency as being 42 persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic]¹; 43 44 "Category 3 toxic substance" means the following substances as

identified by the following name or chemical abstract service registry number: methyl ethyl ketone (CAS No. 78-93-3), carbon disulfide

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- 1 (CAS No. 75-15-0), chloroethane (CAS No. 75-00-3), glycol ethers 2 (except surfactants) (CAS No. N230), copper compounds (with
- 3 exceptions) (CAS No. N100), ammonia (CAS No. 7664-41-7),
- 4 chlorine (CAS No. 7782-50-5), copper (CAS No. 7440-50-8), sulfuric
- 5 acid (CAS No. 7664-93-9), triethylamine (CAS No. 121-44-8),
- 6 bromomethane (CAS No. 74-83-9), hydrochloric acid (CAS No.
- 7 7647-01-0), xylene (mixed isomers) (CAS No. 1330-20-7), acetonitrile
- 8 (CAS No. 75-05-8), barium compounds (except barium sulfate) (CAS
- 9 No. N040), chlorine dioxide (CAS No. 10049-04-4), manganese(CAS
- 10 No. 7439-96-5), manganese compounds (CAS No. N450), phosphorus
- 11 (CAS No. 7723-14-0), zinc compounds (CAS No. N982),
- 12 dicyclopentadiene (CAS No. 77-73-6), maleic anhydride (CAS No.
- 13 108-31-6), phthalic anhydride (CAS No. 85-44-9), titanium
- tetrachloride (CAS No. 7550-45-0), toluene-2,4-diisocyanate (CAS
- 15 No. 584-84-9), zinc (fume or dust) (CAS No. 7440-66-6),
- 16 chloromethane (CAS No. 74-87-3), selenium (CAS No. 7782-49-2),
- 17 1,2-dichloropropane (CAS No. 78-87-5), diethanolamine (CAS No.
- 18 111-42-2), n,n-dimethylformamide (CAS No. 68-12-2).
- 2-chloroacetophenone (CAS No. 532-27-4), anthracene (CAS No.
 120-12-7), barium (CAS No. 7440-39-3), boron trifluoride (CAS No.
- 21 7637-07-2), chloropicrin (CAS No. 76-06-2),
- hexachlorocyclopentadiene (CAS No. 77-47-4), hydrogen cyanide
- 23 (hydrocyanic acid) (CAS No. 74-90-8), methacrylonitrile (CAS No.
- 24 126-98-7), methyl isocyanate (CAS No. 624-83-9), phosphine (CAS
- 25 No. 7803-51-2), selenium compounds (CAS No. N725), ¹and¹
- 26 toluene-2,6-diisocyanate (CAS No. 91-08-7) ¹[, or any other toxic
- 27 substance reportable on the release and pollution prevention report
- 28 and identified by the department as having severe long-term and
- 29 short-term noncancer health effects such that, for long-term noncancer
- 30 effects, the reference concentration, or concentration below which no
- 31 effect is expected, is less than or equal to 100 ug/m3, and for
- 32 short-term noncancer effects, the substance may have reproductive or
- 33 developmental effects]¹;
- "Category 2 toxic substance" means the following substances as
- 35 identified by the following name or chemical abstract service registry
- number: 1,1,1-trichloroethane (CAS No. 71-55-6), phenol (CAS No.
- 37 108-95-2), toluene (CAS No. 108-88-3), methanol (CAS No.
- 38 67-56-1), methyl methacrylate (CAS No. 80-62-6),
- 39 1,2-dichlorobenzene (CAS No. 95-50-1), chlorobenzene (CAS No.
- 40 108-90-7), cumene (CAS No. 98-82-8), methyl isobutyl ketone (CAS No. 108-10-1), 1-chloro-1,1-difluoroethane (HCFC-142b) (CAS No.
- 42 75-68-3), cresol (mixed isomers) (CAS No. 1319-77-3),
- 43 dichlorodifluoromethane (CFC-12) (CAS No. 75-71-8), ethylene
- 44 glycol (CAS No. 107-21-1), freon 113 (CAS No. 76-13-1), n-hexane
- 45 (CAS No. 110-54-3), trichlorofluoromethane (CFC-11) (CAS No.
- 46 75-69-4), chlorodifluoromethane (hcfc-22) (CAS No. 75-45-6), methyl

- tert-butyl ether (CAS No. 1634-04-4), propylene (propene) (CAS No. 1
- 2 115-07-1), hydrogen fluoride (CAS No. 7664-39-3), phosgene (CAS
- No. 75-44-5), acrylic acid (CAS No. 79-10-7), isopropyl alcohol 3
- 4 (mfg-strong acid process) (CAS No. 67-63-0), ¹and ¹ acrolein (CAS
- No. 107-02-8) ¹[, or any other toxic substance reportable on the 5
- release and pollution prevention report and identified by the 6
- 7 department as having less severe long-term and short-term noncancer
- 8 health effects such that for long-term noncancer effects, the reference
- 9 concentration, or concentration below which no effect is expected, is
- 10 greater than 100 ug/m3, or for short-term noncancer effects, the health
- endpoint is considered mild, such as an irritation]¹; 11
- 12 "Facility" means the building, equipment and contiguous area at a
- single location used for the conduct of business and for which the 13
- 14 owner or operator is required to submit a release and pollution
- prevention report ¹pursuant to the reporting requirements of 42 15
- U.S.C. s.11023, or other criteria adopted by the Department of 16
- 17 Environmental Protection and in effect on the date of enactment of this
- act¹; 18
- 19 "Owner or operator" means any person who owns a facility, or any 20 person in control of, or exercising responsibility for, the daily
- 21 operation of the facility;
- 22 "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation, association, 23 organization, government or governmental subdivision or agency,
- business trust, estate, trust, or any other legal or commercial entity; 24
- 25 "Release and pollution prevention report" means the combined
- 26 report submitted to the department annually pursuant to the "Worker
- 27 and Community Right to Know Act," P.L.1983, c.315 (C.34:5A-1 et
- 28 al.) and the "Pollution Prevention Act," P.L.1991, c.235 (C.13:1D-35
- 29 et seq.), and any rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto ¹[,]
- that are in effect on the date of enactment of this act, and that 30
- provides environmental emissions release and throughput data on an 31
- annual basis; and 32
 - "Toxic substance" means any hazardous substance as defined
- pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1991, c.235 (C.13:1D-37). 34

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- 36 2. a. (1) There is imposed upon the owner or operator of each
- 37 facility an air toxics surcharge in the amount provided in subsection b.
- of this section. The surcharge shall be based on the annual emissions 39 of each Category 2 toxic substance, Category 3 toxic substance and
- 40 Category 4 toxic substance as reported in the release and pollution
- 41 prevention report for that facility.
- 42 (2) The air toxics surcharge due in a calender year shall be based
- upon the data reported in the release and pollution prevention report 43
- 44 for emissions that occurred two calender years prior to the year for
- 45 which the return is filed.
- 46 (3) Failure to submit a release and pollution prevention report shall

- not relieve the owner or operator of a facility of ¹[his] the ¹ obligation to pay the required air toxics surcharge.
- b. The air toxics surcharge for each facility shall be assessed asfollows:

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- (1) \$10.00 shall be assessed for each pound of Category 4 toxic substances released as stack or fugitive emissions as reported on the release and pollution prevention report;
- (2) \$1.00 shall be assessed for each pound of Category 3 toxic substances released as stack or fugitive emissions as reported on the release and pollution prevention report; and
- (3) \$0.10 shall be assessed for each pound of Category 2 toxic substances released as stack or fugitive emissions as reported on the release and pollution prevention report.
- c. ¹[The owner or operator of each facility that releases any 14 Category 2 toxic substance, Category 3 toxic substance or Category 15 4 toxic substance in any amount as stack or fugitive emissions as 16 17 reported on the release and pollution prevention report, shall pay a minimum surcharge amount of \$1,000 each year regardless of the 18 19 amount of Category 2 toxic substances, Category 3 toxic substances 20 and Category 4 toxic substances released in the year subject to the air 21 toxics surcharge.
 - d.] The air toxics surcharge imposed on the owner or operator of a facility shall not exceed \$500,000 in any calender year.
 - ¹[e.] <u>d</u>.¹ The owner or operator of each facility subject to the air toxics surcharge imposed pursuant to this section shall file with the director a certificate of registration on a form prescribed by the director.
 - ¹[f.] <u>e.</u> ¹ The owner or operator of each facility subject to the air toxics surcharge imposed pursuant to this section shall, on or before March 15 of each year, prepare and file a return under oath for the preceding calendar year with the director on such forms as may be prescribed by the director. The return shall include any information that the director shall prescribe, shall indicate the dollar value of the air toxics surcharge due pursuant to that return for the facility and at the said time the owner or operator of each facility shall pay the full amount of the air toxics surcharge due.
- ¹[g.] \underline{f} . If a return required by this section is not filed, or if a 37 return when filed is incorrect or insufficient as determined by the 38 director, the amount of surcharge due shall be determined by the 39 40 director based on collections of the air toxics surcharge from the owner or operator of the facility liable for the payment of the air toxics 41 42 surcharge during the previous five years. Notice of the determination shall be given to the owner or operator of the facility liable for the 43 44 payment of the air toxics surcharge. The determination shall finally 45 and irrevocably fix the air toxics surcharge unless the owner or 46 operator of the facility against whom it is assessed, within 90 days

- 1 after the giving of the notice of the determination, shall file a protest
- 2 in writing as provided in R.S.54:49-18 and request a hearing, or unless
- 3 the director on the director's own motion shall redetermine the same.
- 4 After the hearing the director shall give notice of the determination to
- the owner or operator of the facility to whom the air toxics surcharge 5
- 6 is assessed.
- 7 ¹[h.] g. The air toxics surcharge imposed pursuant to this section
- 8 shall be governed by the provisions of the State Uniform Tax
- 9 Procedure Law, R.S.54:48-1 et seq.
- ¹[i.] <u>h.</u> ¹ In addition to the other powers granted by this section, 10 the director may adopt any rules and regulations necessary for the 11 12 implementation of this section.
- ¹[j.] \underline{i} . Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (C) of 13
- paragraph (2) of subsection (k) of section 4 of P.L.1945, c.162 14
- (C.54:10A-4), if any, to the contrary, any deduction of the air toxics 15
- 16 surcharge imposed pursuant to subsection a. of this section allowed in
- 17 computing a taxpayer's taxable income which the taxpayer is required
- 18 to report to the United States Treasury Department for the purpose of
- 19 computing its federal taxable income shall be allowed in determining
- 20 the taxpayer's "entire net income" pursuant to subsection (k) of section
- 21 4 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-4).

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- ¹3. a. Any owner or operator of a facility required to remit an air toxics surcharge pursuant to section 2 of this act shall be allowed a
- 25 credit against the amount of air toxic surcharge due for each facility
- 26 for any calendar year as follows:
- 27 (1) For any owner or operator of a facility required to remit an air
- 28 toxics surcharge for any calendar year, a credit of 50% of the total air
- 29 toxics surcharge due shall be allowed, provided that the owner or
- 30 operator certifies that the total actual emissions to the atmosphere of
- 31 mercury from that facility for the calendar year two years prior to the
- 32 calender year for which the return is filed is equal to or less than the numerical limits on mercury emissions from operations at the facility
- 34 set by the Department of Environmental Protection for mercury in
- 35 rules and regulations adopted after the date of enactment of this act,
- 36 pursuant to the "Air Pollution Control Act (1954)," P.L.1954, c.212
- 37 (C.26:2C-1 et seq.);
- 38 (2) For any owner or operator of a facility required to remit an air
- 39 toxics surcharge, an annual credit of 50% of the total air toxics
- 40 surcharge due shall be allowed provided that the owner or operator
- has installed, uses and properly maintains selective catalytic reduction 41
- 42 equipment or a scrubber, or other particulate control technology with
- 43 similar benefits to selective catalytic reduction equipment or scrubbers,
- 44 permitted by the department to reduce air emissions; and
- 45 (3) An annual credit for each year after the date of enactment of
- 46 this act, up to a maximum of 10 years, may be claimed in the amount

- 1 of not more than 5% of the purchase price, excluding interest or
- 2 financing costs, of any control equipment purchased or installed
- 3 subsequent to two years prior to the date of enactment of this act
- 4 provided that:
- (a) the control equipment is installed and used exclusively within
 this State at the facility for which the return is filed;
- (b) the owner or operator of the facility has received a certification
 from the department pursuant to section 4 of this act that use of the
 control equipment will result in the reduction or prevention of
 emissions of toxic substances to the atmosphere;
 - (c) the credit of air toxics surcharge due for any calendar year shall not exceed 50% of the total amount of air toxics surcharge due in that calendar year as calculated pursuant section 2 of this act; and
 - (d) for any calendar year in which a credit is claimed pursuant to this paragraph, the owner or operator of a facility has certified that the control equipment has been fully functional and properly maintained.
 - b. No credit received by any owner or operator of a facility pursuant to this section may exceed 50 percent of the maximum allowable air toxics surcharge calculated pursuant to section 2 of this act. 1

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¹4. The owner or operator of a facility may request that the 22 23 department, in issuing a permit to construct, reconstruct, install, or 24 modify air pollution control equipment required pursuant to P.L.1954, 25 c.212 (C.26:2C-1 et seq.), also issue a certification that the control 26 equipment will prevent or reduce the emission of toxic substances into 27 the atmosphere. The owner or operator shall make such a request 28 before the permit is issued. The commissioner, when requested for 29 any such certification, shall certify the control equipment whenever the 30 commissioner finds that the control equipment constructed or installed, 31 or to be constructed or installed, will control or abate the emission of 32 toxic substances to the atmosphere and is suitable and reasonably 33 adequate for that purpose. This certificate shall contain information 34 identifying the facilities and the control equipment and the cost thereof and shall be in such form and detail as the commissioner shall 35 36 prescribe. This certificate shall be submitted to the applicant therefor 37 with a copy to the director, and the allowable credit as provided in 38 paragraph (3) of subsection a. of section 3 of this act for such control 39 equipment shall become effective for the calender year in which 40 certification has been granted.¹

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¹5. There is established the "Nuclear Power Plant Security Fund" as a special non-lapsing fund in the Department of Environmental Protection. The fund shall be credited with \$2,000,000 from the amount of air toxics surcharges collected pursuant to section 2 of this act. Monies in the fund shall be used to provide or enhance security

A3118 [1R] 9

1	at nuclear power plants in this State. ¹
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3	¹ [3.] <u>6.</u> This act shall take effect immediately and shall first apply
4	to the calender year in which it takes effect.
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9	Imposes annual air toxics surcharge based on emissions at certain
10	facilities.

ASSEMBLY, No. 3118

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JUNE 21, 2004

Sponsored by: Assemblyman LOUIS D. GREENWALD District 6 (Camden)

SYNOPSIS

Imposes annual air toxics surcharge based on emissions at certain facilities.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



supplementing Title 13 of the Revised Statutes.

AN ACT imposing a surcharge based on certain air emissions, and

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3 4 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. As used in this act: 8 "CAS" means the Chemical Abstract Service registry number. 9 "Department" means the Department of Environmental Protection. 10 "Division" means the Division of Taxation in the Department of the 11 Treasury. 12 "Director" means the Director of the Division of Taxation in the 13 Department of the Treasury. 14 "Category 4 toxic substance" means the following substances as 15 identified by the following name or chemical abstract service registry 16 number: orenethylbenzene (CAS No. 100-41-4), chloroform (CAS No. 17 67-66-3), 1,4-dioxane (CAS No. 123-91-1), dichloromethane (CAS 18 No. 75-09-2), styrene (CAS No. 100-42-5), p-cresol (CAS No. 106-44-5), trichloroethylene (CAS No. 79-01-6), 1,2-dichoroethane 19 20 (CAS No. 107-06-2), vinyl acetate (CAS No. 108-05-4), vinylidene chloride (CAS No. 75-35-4), benzene (CAS No. 71-43-2), arsenic 21 22 compounds (CAS No. N020), nickel (CAS No. 7440-02-0), nickel 23 compounds (CAS No. N495), vinyl chloride (CAS No. 75-01-4), 24 epichlorohydrin (CAS No. 106-89-8), formaldehyde (CAS No. 25 50-00-0), tetrachloroethylene (perchloroethylene) (CAS 26 127-18-4), hydrazine (CAS No. 302-01-2), propylene oxide (CAS No. 75-56-9), toluene diisocyanate (mixed isomers) (CAS No. 27 28 26471-62-5), aniline (and salts) (CAS No. 62-53-3), beryllium (CAS 29 No. 7440-41-7), cadmium compounds (CAS No. N078), chromium 30 (CAS No. 7440-47-3), chromium compounds (CAS No. N090), ethylene oxide (CAS No. 75-21-8), nitrobenzene (CAS No. 98-95-3), 31 32 naphthalene (CAS No. 91-20-3), chlordane (CAS No. 57-74-9), acetaldehyde (CAS No. 75-07-0), 1,2-butylene oxide (CAS No. 33 34 106-88-7), cobalt (CAS No. 7440-48-4), cobalt compounds (CAS No. 35 N096), di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP) (CAS No. 117-81-7), lead 36 (CAS No. 7439-92-1), lead compounds (CAS No. N420), mercury 37 (CAS No. 7439-97-6), mercury compounds (CAS No. N458), benzyl chloride (CAS No. 100-44-7), pentachlorobenzen (CAS No. 38 39 608-93-5), creosote (CAS No. 8001-58-9), pendimethalin (CAS No. 40 40487-42-1), asbestos (friable) (CAS No. 1332-21-4), dioxin and 41 dioxin-like compounds (CAS No. N150), polycyclic aromatic 42 compounds (CAS No. N590), polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB) (CAS 43 No. 1336-36-3), acrylamide (CAS No. 79-06-01), benzoic trichloride 44 (CAS No. 98-07-7), dimethyl sulfate (CAS No. 77-78-1), 45 1,3-butadiene (CAS No. 106-99-0), benzal chloride (CAS No.

98-87-3), diethyl sulfate (CAS No. 64-67-5), dimethylcarbamyl

1 chloride (CAS No. 79-44-7), hexachloroethane (CAS No. 67-72-1), 2 heptachlor (CAS No. 76-44-8), hexachlorobenzene (CAS No. 118-74-1), acrylonitrile (CAS No. 107-13-1), antimony compounds 3 4 (CAS No. N010), catechol (CAS No. 120-80-9), diglycidyl resorcinol 5 ether (CAS No. 101-90-6), ethyl acrylate (CAS No. 140-88-5), nitrofen (CAS No. 1836-75-5), propyleneimine (CAS No. 75-55-8), 6 7 sodium o-phenylphenoxide (CAS No. 132-27-4), urethane (CAS No. 8 51-79-6), benzo(g,h,i)perylene (CAS No. 191-24-2), allyl chloride 9 (CAS No. 107-05-1), and decabromodiphenyl oxide (CAS No. 10 1163-19-5), 1,1,1,2-tetrachloroethane (CAS No. 630-20-6), 11 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane (CAS No. 79-34-5), 1,1,2-trichloroethane (CAS No. 79-00-5), 1,1-dimethyl hydrazine (CAS No. 57-14-7), 12 13 1,2-dibromo-3-chloropropane (CAS No. 96-12-8), 1,2-dibromoethane 14 (CAS No. 106-93-4), 1,2-diphenylhydrazine (CAS No. 122-66-7), 15 1,3-dichloropropylene (CAS No. 542-75-6), 1,4-dichlorobenzene 16 (CAS No. 106-46-7), 2,4,6-trichlorophenol (CAS No. 88-06-2), 17 2,4-diaminoanisole (CAS No. 615-05-4), 2,4-diaminotoluene (CAS 18 95-80-7), 2,4-dinitrotoluene (CAS No. 19 2,6-dinitrotoluene (CAS No. 606-20-2), 2,6-xylidine (CAS No. 20 87-62-7), 2-nitropropane (CAS No. 79-46-9), 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine 21 (CAS No. 91-94-1), 3,3-dimethoxybenzidine (CAS No. 119-90-4), 22 3,3-dimethylbenzidine (CAS No. 119-93-7), 4,4-diaminodiphenyl ether 23 (CAS No. 101-80-4), 4,4-methylenebis(2-chloroaniline), (CAS No. 24 101-14-4), 4,4-methylenebis(n,n-dimethyl), benzenamin (CAS No. 25 101-61-1), 4,4-methylenedianiline (CAS No. 101-77-9), 26 4,4-thiodianiline (CAS No. 139-65-1), 4-aminoazobenzene (CAS No. 27 60-09-3), 4-aminobiphenyl (CAS No. 92-67-1), 4-dimethylaminoazobenzene (CAS No. 60-11-7), acephate (CAS No. 28 29 30560-19-1), acetamide (CAS No. 60-35-5), aldrin (CAS No. 30 309-00-2), alpha-hexachlorocyclohexane (CAS No. 319-84-6), arsenic 31 (CAS No. 7440-38-2), benzidine (CAS No. 92-87-5), benzoyl chloride 32 (CAS No. 98-88-4), beryllium compounds (CAS No. n050), 33 beta-naphthylamine (CAS No. 91-59-8), beta-propiolactone (CAS No. 34 bis(2-chloroethyl), ether (CAS No. 35 bis(chloromethyl), ether (CAS No. 542-88-1), bromoform (CAS No. 36 75-25-2), c.i. acid red 114 (CAS No. 6459-94-5), c.i. food red 5 (CAS 37 No. 3761-53-3), c.i. solvent yellow 3 (CAS No. 97-56-3), c.i. solvent 38 yellow 34 (CAS No. 492-80-8), cadmium (CAS No. 7440-43-9), 39 carbon tetrachloride (CAS No. 56-23-5), chlorendic acid (CAS No. 40 115-28-6), chloromethyl methyl ether (CAS No. 107-30-2), 41 chloroprene (CAS No. 126-99-8), chlorothalonil (CAS No. 42 1897-45-6), dichlorobromomethane (CAS No. 75-27-4), dichlorvos 43 (CAS No. 62-73-7), dihydrosafrole (CAS No. 94-58-6), dimethipin 44 (CAS No. 55290-64-7), ethyleneimine (CAS No. 151-56-4), 45 ethylidene dichloride (CAS No. 75-34-3), folpet (CAS No. 133-07-3),

fomesafen (CAS No. 72178-02-0), hexachloro-1,3-butadiene (CAS

No. 87-68-3), hexamethylphosphoramide (CAS No. 680-31-9), 2 hydrazine sulfate (CAS No. 10034-93-2), isodrin (CAS No. 3 465-73-6), lindane (CAS No. 58-89-9), linuron (CAS No. 330-55-2), 4 m-cresol (CAS No. 108-39-4), methoxychlor (CAS No. 72-43-5), mustard gas (CAS No. 505-60-2), nitrilotriacetic acid (CAS No. 5 6 139-13-9), nitrogen mustard (mechlorethamine) (CAS No. 51-75-2), 7 n-nitrosodiethylamine (CAS No. 55-18-5), n-nitrosodimethylamine 8 (CAS No. 62-75-9), n-nitrosodi-n-butylamine (CAS No. 924-16-3), 9 No. n-nitrosodi-n-propylamine (CAS 621-64-7),10 86-30-6), n-nitrosodiphenylamine (CAS No. 11 n-nitrosomethylvinylamine (CAS No. 4549-40-0), n-nitrosomorpholine (CAS No. 59-89-2), n-nitroso-n-ethylurea (CAS No. 759-73-9), 12 13 n-nitroso-n-methylurea (CAS No. 684-93-5), n-nitrosonornicotine 14 (CAS No. 16543-55-8), n-nitrosopiperidine (CAS No. 100-75-4), 15 o-anisidine (CAS No. 90-04-0), o-cresol (CAS No. 95-48-7), octachlorostyrene (CAS No. 29082-74-4), oryzalin (CAS No. 16 17 19044-88-3), o-toluidine (CAS No. 95-53-4), paraquat dichloride 18 (paraquat) (CAS No. 1910-42-5), parathion (CAS No. 56-38-2), 19 p-chloroaniline (CAS No. 106-47-8), p-chloro-o-toluidine (CAS No. 20 95-69-2), p-cresidine (CAS No. 120-71-8), pentachlorophenol (pcp), 21 (CAS 87-86-5), phenytoin No. 22 p-nitrosodiphenylamine (CAS No. 156-10-5), polybrominated 23 biphenyls (pbbs), (CAS No. n575), potassium bromate (CAS No. 24 7758-01-2), propane sultone (CAS No. 1120-71-4), quinoline (CAS 25 No. 91-22-5), safrole (CAS No. 94-59-7), styrene oxide (CAS No. 26 96-09-3), thioacetamide (CAS No. 62-55-5), toxaphene (camphechlor) 27 8001-35-2), trifluralin (CAS No. (CAS No. 1582-09-8), 28 tris(2,3-dibromopropyl), phosphate (CAS No. 126-72-7), trypan blue 29 (CAS No. 72-57-1), vinyl chloride (CAS No. 593-60-2), or any other 30 toxic substance reportable on the release and pollution prevention 31 report and defined by United States Environmental Protection Agency 32 or the International Agency for Research on Cancer as showing 33 evidence of being carcinogenic or any other substance defined by the 34 United State Environmental Protection Agency as being persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic; 35 36 "Category 3 toxic substance" means the following substances as 37 identified by the following name or chemical abstract service registry 38 number: methyl ethyl ketone (CAS No. 78-93-3), carbon disulfide 39 (CAS No. 75-15-0), chloroethane (CAS No. 75-00-3), glycol ethers 40 (except surfactants) (CAS No. N230), copper compounds (with 41 exceptions) (CAS No. N100), ammonia (CAS No. 7664-41-7), 42 chlorine (CAS No. 7782-50-5), copper (CAS No. 7440-50-8), sulfuric 43 acid (CAS No. 7664-93-9), triethylamine (CAS No. 121-44-8),

bromomethane (CAS No. 74-83-9), hydrochloric acid (CAS No.

7647-01-0), xylene (mixed isomers) (CAS No. 1330-20-7), acetonitrile

(CAS No. 75-05-8), barium compounds (except barium sulfate) (CAS

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- 1 No. N040), chlorine dioxide (CAS No. 10049-04-4), manganese(CAS
- 2 No. 7439-96-5), manganese compounds (CAS No. N450), phosphorus
- 3 (CAS No. 7723-14-0), zinc compounds (CAS No. N982),
- 4 dicyclopentadiene (CAS No. 77-73-6), maleic anhydride (CAS No.
- 108-31-6), phthalic anhydride (CAS No. 85-44-9), titanium 5
- 6 tetrachloride (CAS No. 7550-45-0), toluene-2,4-diisocyanate (CAS
- 7 No. 584-84-9), zinc (fume or dust) (CAS No. 7440-66-6),
- 8 chloromethane (CAS No. 74-87-3), selenium (CAS No. 7782-49-2),
- 9 1,2-dichloropropane (CAS No. 78-87-5), diethanolamine (CAS No.
- 10 111-42-2), n,n-dimethylformamide (CAS No. 68-12-2),
- 11 2-chloroacetophenone (CAS No. 532-27-4), anthracene (CAS No.
- 120-12-7), barium (CAS No. 7440-39-3), boron trifluoride (CAS No. 12
- 13 7637-07-2), chloropicrin (CAS No. hexachlorocyclopentadiene (CAS No. 77-47-4), hydrogen cyanide 14
- 15 (hydrocyanic acid) (CAS No. 74-90-8), methacrylonitrile (CAS No.
- 126-98-7), methyl isocyanate (CAS No. 624-83-9), phosphine (CAS 16
- 7803-51-2), selenium compounds (CAS No. N725), 17
- 18 toluene-2,6-diisocyanate (CAS No. 91-08-7), or any other toxic 19 substance reportable on the release and pollution prevention report
- 20 and identified by the department as having severe long-term and
- 21 short-term noncancer health effects such that, for long-term noncancer
- 22 effects, the reference concentration, or concentration below which no
- 23

effect is expected, is less than or equal to 100 ug/m3, and for

- 24 short-term noncancer effects, the substance may have reproductive or
- 25 developmental effects;

- 26 "Category 2 toxic substance" means the following substances as
- 27 identified by the following name or chemical abstract service registry
- 28 number: 1,1,1-trichloroethane (CAS No. 71-55-6), phenol (CAS No.
- 29 108-95-2), toluene (CAS No. 108-88-3), methanol (CAS No.
- 30 67-56-1), methyl methacrylate (CAS No. 80-62-6),
- 1,2-dichlorobenzene (CAS No. 95-50-1), chlorobenzene (CAS No. 108-90-7), cumene (CAS No. 98-82-8), methyl isobutyl ketone (CAS 32
- 33 No. 108-10-1), 1-chloro-1,1-difluoroethane (HCFC-142b) (CAS No.
- 34 75-68-3), cresol (mixed isomers) (CAS No. 1319-77-3),
- dichlorodifluoromethane (CFC-12) (CAS No. 75-71-8), ethylene 35
- glycol (CAS No. 107-21-1), freon 113 (CAS No. 76-13-1), n-hexane 36
- 37 (CAS No. 110-54-3), trichlorofluoromethane (CFC-11) (CAS No.
- 38 75-69-4), chlorodifluoromethane (hcfc-22) (CAS No. 75-45-6), methyl
- 39 tert-butyl ether (CAS No. 1634-04-4), propylene (propene) (CAS No.
- 40 115-07-1), hydrogen fluoride (CAS No. 7664-39-3), phosgene (CAS
- 41 No. 75-44-5), acrylic acid (CAS No. 79-10-7), isopropyl alcohol
- 42 (mfg-strong acid process) (CAS No. 67-63-0), acrolein (CAS No. 43 107-02-8), or any other toxic substance reportable on the release and
- 44 pollution prevention report and identified by the department as having
- 45 less severe long-term and short-term noncancer health effects such that
- for long-term noncancer effects, the reference concentration, or 46

1 concentration below which no effect is expected, is greater than 100 2 ug/m3, or for short-term noncancer effects, the health endpoint is considered mild, such as an irritation;

"Facility" means the building, equipment and contiguous area at a single location used for the conduct of business and for which the owner or operator is required to submit a release and pollution prevention report;

"Owner or operator" means any person who owns a facility, or any person in control of, or exercising responsibility for, the daily operation of the facility;

"Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation, association, organization, government or governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, trust, or any other legal or commercial entity;

"Release and pollution prevention report" means the combined report submitted to the department annually pursuant to the "Worker and Community Right to Know Act," P.L.1983, c.315 (C.34:5A-1 et al.) and the "Pollution Prevention Act," P.L.1991, c.235 (C.13:1D-35 et seq.), and any rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto, that provides environmental emissions release and throughput data on an annual basis;

"Toxic substance" means any hazardous substance as defined pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1991, c.235 (C.13:1D-37).

- 2. a. (1) There is imposed upon the owner or operator of each facility an air toxics surcharge in the amount provided in subsection b. of this section. The surcharge shall be based on the annual emissions of each Category 2 toxic substance, Category 3 toxic substance and Category 4 toxic substance as reported in the release and pollution prevention report for that facility.
- (2) The air toxics surcharge due in a calender year shall be based upon the data reported in the release and pollution prevention report for emissions that occurred two calender years prior to the year for which the return is filed.
- (3) Failure to submit a release and pollution prevention report shall not relieve the owner or operator of a facility of his obligation to pay the required air toxics surcharge.
- b. The air toxics surcharge for each facility shall be assessed as follows:
- (1) \$10.00 shall be assessed for each pound of Category 4 toxic substances released as stack or fugitive emissions as reported on the release and pollution prevention report;
- 42 (2) \$1.00 shall be assessed for each pound of Category 3 toxic 43 substances released as stack or fugitive emissions as reported on the 44 release and pollution prevention report; and
- 45 (3) \$0.10 shall be assessed for each pound of Category 2 toxic 46 substances released as stack or fugitive emissions as reported on the

1 release and pollution prevention report.

- c. The owner or operator of each facility that releases any Category 2 toxic substance, Category 3 toxic substance or Category 4 toxic substance in any amount as stack or fugitive emissions as reported on the release and pollution prevention report, shall pay a minimum surcharge amount of \$1,000 each year regardless of the amount of Category 2 toxic substances, Category 3 toxic substances and Category 4 toxic substances released in the year subject to the air toxics surcharge.
 - d. The air toxics surcharge imposed on the owner or operator of a facility shall not exceed \$500,000 in any calender year.
 - e. The owner or operator of each facility subject to the air toxics surcharge imposed pursuant to this section shall file with the director a certificate of registration on a form prescribed by the director.
 - f. The owner or operator of each facility subject to the air toxics surcharge imposed pursuant to this section shall, on or before March 15 of each year, prepare and file a return under oath for the preceding calendar year with the director on such forms as may be prescribed by the director. The return shall include any information that the director shall prescribe, shall indicate the dollar value of the air toxics surcharge due pursuant to that return for the facility and at the said time the owner or operator of each facility shall pay the full amount of the air toxics surcharge due.
 - g. If a return required by this section is not filed, or if a return when filed is incorrect or insufficient as determined by the director, the amount of surcharge due shall be determined by the director based on collections of the air toxics surcharge from the owner or operator of the facility liable for the payment of the air toxics surcharge during the previous five years. Notice of the determination shall be given to the owner or operator of the facility liable for the payment of the air toxics surcharge. The determination shall finally and irrevocably fix the air toxics surcharge unless the owner or operator of the facility against whom it is assessed, within 90 days after the giving of the notice of the determination, shall file a protest in writing as provided in R.S.54:49-18 and request a hearing, or unless the director on the director's own motion shall redetermine the same. After the hearing the director shall give notice of the determination to the owner or operator of the facility to whom the air toxics surcharge is assessed.
- h. The air toxics surcharge imposed pursuant to this section shall be governed by the provisions of the State Uniform Tax Procedure Law, R.S.54:48-1 et seq.
- i. In addition to the other powers granted by this section, the director may adopt any rules and regulations necessary for the implementation of this section.
- j. Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (C) of paragraph (2) of subsection (k) of section 4 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-4), if

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any, to the contrary, any deduction of the air toxics surcharge imposed pursuant to subsection a. of this section allowed in computing a taxpayer's taxable income which the taxpayer is required to report to the United States Treasury Department for the purpose of computing its federal taxable income shall be allowed in determining the taxpayer's "entire net income" pursuant to subsection (k) of section 4 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-4).

3. This act shall take effect immediately and shall first apply to the calender year in which it takes effect.

STATEMENT

This bill would impose upon the owner or operator of each facility an air toxics surcharge. The surcharge would be based on the annual emissions of each Category 2 toxic substance, Category 3 toxic substance and Category 4 toxic substance as reported in the release and pollution prevention report for that facility. The air toxics surcharge for each facility would assessed as follows: (1) \$10.00 for each pound of Category 4 toxic substances released as stack or fugitive emissions; (2) \$1.00 for each pound of Category 3 toxic substances released as stack or fugitive emissions; and (3) \$0.10 for each pound of Category 2 toxic substances released as stack or fugitive emissions. The bill defines facility as the building, equipment and contiguous area at a single location used for the conduct of business and for which the owner or operator submits a release and pollution prevention report.

The bill would also provide that the owner or operator of each facility that releases any Category 2 toxic substance, Category 3 toxic substance or Category 4 toxic substance in any amount as stack or fugitive emissions as reported on the release and pollution prevention report, would pay a minimum surcharge amount of \$1,000 and a maximum of \$500,000 per facility each year regardless of the amount of Category 2 toxic substances, Category 3 toxic substances and Category 4 toxic substances released in the year subject to the air toxics surcharge.

ASSEMBLY BUDGET COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 3118

with Assembly committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 22, 2004

The Assembly Budget Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 3118, with committee amendments.

Assembly Bill No. 3118, as amended, imposes an air toxics surcharge upon the owner or operator of each "facility." The surcharge is based on the annual emissions of each Category 2 toxic substance, Category 3 toxic substance and Category 4 toxic substance as reported in the release and pollution prevention report for that facility. The air toxics surcharge for each facility will be assessed as follows: (1) \$10.00 for each pound of Category 4 toxic substances released as stack or fugitive emissions; (2) \$1.00 for each pound of Category 3 toxic substances released as stack or fugitive emissions; and (3) \$0.10 for each pound of Category 2 toxic substances released as stack or fugitive emissions. The bill defines facility as the building, equipment and contiguous area at a single location used for the conduct of business and for which the owner or operator submits a release and pollution prevention report.

The bill also provides that the owner or operator of each facility that releases any Category 2 toxic substance, Category 3 toxic substance or Category 4 toxic substance in any amount as stack or fugitive emissions as reported on the release and pollution prevention report, would pay a maximum of \$500,000 per facility each year regardless of the amount of Category 2 toxic substances, Category 3 toxic substances and Category 4 toxic substances released in the year subject to the air toxics surcharge.

FISCAL IMPACT

The Executive budget proposal projects annual revenue from a \$10-per-pound surcharge on air toxic emissions at \$6 million.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:

The amendments:

- (1) remove the Department of Environmental Protection's authority to add toxic substances to the lists of air toxic substances enumerated as taxable in the bill;
 - (2) amend the definition of "release and pollution report" and

"facility" to provide that those subject to the air toxics surcharge will be those required to file a release and pollution prevention report pursuant to federal law or to department rules and regulations in effect on the date of enactment of the bill;

- (3) remove the requirement that any person liable for the surcharge imposed by the bill would be required to pay a minimum surcharge of \$1,000;
- (4) provide for a credit of 50% of the amount of the air toxic surcharge due by the owner or operator of a facility if the owner or operator undertakes certain environmental improvements at the facility to reduce air emissions; and
- (5) dedicate \$2 million of the air toxics surcharges collected pursuant to this bill to a nuclear power plant security fund for the provision or enhancement of security at nuclear power plants in this State.

SENATE, No. 1772

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JUNE 17, 2004

Sponsored by: Senator BOB SMITH District 17 (Middlesex and Somerset)

SYNOPSIS

Imposes annual air toxics surcharge based on emissions at certain facilities.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



1 AN ACT imposing a surcharge based on certain air emissions, and 2 supplementing Title 13 of the Revised Statutes. 3 4 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. As used in this act: 8 "CAS" means the Chemical Abstract Service registry number; 9 "Department" means the Department of Environmental Protection; 10 "Division" means the Division of Taxation in the Department of the 11 Treasury; 12 "Director" means the Director of the Division of Taxation in the 13 Department of the Treasury; 14 "Category 4 toxic substance" means the following substances as 15 identified by the following name or chemical abstract service registry 16 number: orenethylbenzene (CAS No. 100-41-4), chloroform (CAS No. 17 67-66-3), 1,4-dioxane (CAS No. 123-91-1), dichloromethane (CAS 18 No. 75-09-2), styrene (CAS No. 100-42-5), p-cresol (CAS No. 106-44-5), trichloroethylene (CAS No. 79-01-6), 1,2-dichoroethane 19 20 (CAS No. 107-06-2), vinyl acetate (CAS No. 108-05-4), vinylidene chloride (CAS No. 75-35-4), benzene (CAS No. 71-43-2), arsenic 21 22 compounds (CAS No. N020), nickel (CAS No. 7440-02-0), nickel 23 compounds (CAS No. N495), vinyl chloride (CAS No. 75-01-4), 24 epichlorohydrin (CAS No. 106-89-8), formaldehyde (CAS No. 25 50-00-0), tetrachloroethylene (perchloroethylene) (CAS 26 127-18-4), hydrazine (CAS No. 302-01-2), propylene oxide (CAS No. 75-56-9), toluene diisocyanate (mixed isomers) (CAS No. 27 26471-62-5), aniline (and salts) (CAS No. 62-53-3), beryllium (CAS 28 29 No. 7440-41-7), cadmium compounds (CAS No. N078), chromium 30 (CAS No. 7440-47-3), chromium compounds (CAS No. N090), ethylene oxide (CAS No. 75-21-8), nitrobenzene (CAS No. 98-95-3), 31 32 naphthalene (CAS No. 91-20-3), chlordane (CAS No. 57-74-9), acetaldehyde (CAS No. 75-07-0), 1,2-butylene oxide (CAS No. 33 34 106-88-7), cobalt (CAS No. 7440-48-4), cobalt compounds (CAS No. 35 N096), di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP) (CAS No. 117-81-7), lead 36 (CAS No. 7439-92-1), lead compounds (CAS No. N420), mercury 37 (CAS No. 7439-97-6), mercury compounds (CAS No. N458), benzyl chloride (CAS No. 100-44-7), pentachlorobenzen (CAS No. 38 39 608-93-5), creosote (CAS No. 8001-58-9), pendimethalin (CAS No. 40 40487-42-1), asbestos (friable) (CAS No. 1332-21-4), dioxin and 41 dioxin-like compounds (CAS No. N150), polycyclic aromatic 42 compounds (CAS No. N590), polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB) (CAS 43 No. 1336-36-3), acrylamide (CAS No. 79-06-01), benzoic trichloride 44 (CAS No. 98-07-7), dimethyl sulfate (CAS No. 77-78-1), 45 1,3-butadiene (CAS No. 106-99-0), benzal chloride (CAS No.

98-87-3), diethyl sulfate (CAS No. 64-67-5), dimethylcarbamyl

1 chloride (CAS No. 79-44-7), hexachloroethane (CAS No. 67-72-1), 2 heptachlor (CAS No. 76-44-8), hexachlorobenzene (CAS No. 118-74-1), acrylonitrile (CAS No. 107-13-1), antimony compounds 3 4 (CAS No. N010), catechol (CAS No. 120-80-9), diglycidyl resorcinol 5 ether (CAS No. 101-90-6), ethyl acrylate (CAS No. 140-88-5), nitrofen (CAS No. 1836-75-5), propyleneimine (CAS No. 75-55-8), 6 7 sodium o-phenylphenoxide (CAS No. 132-27-4), urethane (CAS No. 8 51-79-6), benzo(g,h,i)perylene (CAS No. 191-24-2), allyl chloride 9 (CAS No. 107-05-1), and decabromodiphenyl oxide (CAS No. 10 1163-19-5), 1,1,1,2-tetrachloroethane (CAS No. 630-20-6), 11 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane (CAS No. 79-34-5), 1,1,2-trichloroethane (CAS No. 79-00-5), 1,1-dimethyl hydrazine (CAS No. 57-14-7), 12 13 1,2-dibromo-3-chloropropane (CAS No. 96-12-8), 1,2-dibromoethane 14 (CAS No. 106-93-4), 1,2-diphenylhydrazine (CAS No. 122-66-7), 15 1,3-dichloropropylene (CAS No. 542-75-6), 1,4-dichlorobenzene 16 (CAS No. 106-46-7), 2,4,6-trichlorophenol (CAS No. 88-06-2), 17 2,4-diaminoanisole (CAS No. 615-05-4), 2,4-diaminotoluene (CAS 18 95-80-7), 2,4-dinitrotoluene (CAS No. 19 2,6-dinitrotoluene (CAS No. 606-20-2), 2,6-xylidine (CAS No. 20 87-62-7), 2-nitropropane (CAS No. 79-46-9), 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine 21 (CAS No. 91-94-1), 3,3-dimethoxybenzidine (CAS No. 119-90-4), 22 3,3-dimethylbenzidine (CAS No. 119-93-7), 4,4-diaminodiphenyl ether 23 (CAS No. 101-80-4), 4,4-methylenebis(2-chloroaniline), (CAS No. 24 101-14-4), 4,4-methylenebis(n,n-dimethyl), benzenamin (CAS No. 25 101-61-1), 4,4-methylenedianiline (CAS No. 101-77-9), 26 4,4-thiodianiline (CAS No. 139-65-1), 4-aminoazobenzene (CAS No. 27 60-09-3), 4-aminobiphenyl (CAS No. 92-67-1), 4-dimethylaminoazobenzene (CAS No. 60-11-7), acephate (CAS No. 28 29 30560-19-1), acetamide (CAS No. 60-35-5), aldrin (CAS No. 30 309-00-2), alpha-hexachlorocyclohexane (CAS No. 319-84-6), arsenic 31 (CAS No. 7440-38-2), benzidine (CAS No. 92-87-5), benzoyl chloride 32 (CAS No. 98-88-4), beryllium compounds (CAS No. n050), 33 beta-naphthylamine (CAS No. 91-59-8), beta-propiolactone (CAS No. 34 bis(2-chloroethyl), ether (CAS No. 35 bis(chloromethyl), ether (CAS No. 542-88-1), bromoform (CAS No. 36 75-25-2), c.i. acid red 114 (CAS No. 6459-94-5), c.i. food red 5 (CAS 37 No. 3761-53-3), c.i. solvent yellow 3 (CAS No. 97-56-3), c.i. solvent 38 yellow 34 (CAS No. 492-80-8), cadmium (CAS No. 7440-43-9), 39 carbon tetrachloride (CAS No. 56-23-5), chlorendic acid (CAS No. 40 115-28-6), chloromethyl methyl ether (CAS No. 107-30-2), 41 chloroprene (CAS No. 126-99-8), chlorothalonil (CAS No. 42 1897-45-6), dichlorobromomethane (CAS No. 75-27-4), dichlorvos 43 (CAS No. 62-73-7), dihydrosafrole (CAS No. 94-58-6), dimethipin 44 (CAS No. 55290-64-7), ethyleneimine (CAS No. 151-56-4), 45 ethylidene dichloride (CAS No. 75-34-3), folpet (CAS No. 133-07-3),

fomesafen (CAS No. 72178-02-0), hexachloro-1,3-butadiene (CAS

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No. 87-68-3), hexamethylphosphoramide (CAS No. 680-31-9),
 2
    hydrazine sulfate (CAS No. 10034-93-2), isodrin (CAS No.
 3
    465-73-6), lindane (CAS No. 58-89-9), linuron (CAS No. 330-55-2),
 4
    m-cresol (CAS No. 108-39-4), methoxychlor (CAS No. 72-43-5),
    mustard gas (CAS No. 505-60-2), nitrilotriacetic acid (CAS No.
 5
 6
    139-13-9), nitrogen mustard (mechlorethamine) (CAS No. 51-75-2),
 7
    n-nitrosodiethylamine (CAS No. 55-18-5), n-nitrosodimethylamine
 8
    (CAS No. 62-75-9), n-nitrosodi-n-butylamine (CAS No. 924-16-3),
 9
    n-nitrosodi-n-propylamine
                                     (CAS
                                                No.
                                                        621-64-7),
10
                                                         86-30-6),
    n-nitrosodiphenylamine
                                     (CAS
                                                No.
11
    n-nitrosomethylvinylamine (CAS No. 4549-40-0), n-nitrosomorpholine
    (CAS No. 59-89-2), n-nitroso-n-ethylurea (CAS No. 759-73-9),
12
13
    n-nitroso-n-methylurea (CAS No. 684-93-5), n-nitrosonornicotine
14
    (CAS No. 16543-55-8), n-nitrosopiperidine (CAS No. 100-75-4),
15
    o-anisidine (CAS No. 90-04-0), o-cresol (CAS No. 95-48-7),
    octachlorostyrene (CAS No. 29082-74-4), oryzalin (CAS No.
16
17
     19044-88-3), o-toluidine (CAS No. 95-53-4), paraquat dichloride
18
    (paraquat) (CAS No. 1910-42-5), parathion (CAS No. 56-38-2),
19
    p-chloroaniline (CAS No. 106-47-8), p-chloro-o-toluidine (CAS No.
20
    95-69-2), p-cresidine (CAS No. 120-71-8), pentachlorophenol (pcp),
21
                                           (CAS
                   87-86-5),
                               phenytoin
                                                    No.
22
    p-nitrosodiphenylamine (CAS No. 156-10-5), polybrominated
23
    biphenyls (pbbs), (CAS No. n575), potassium bromate (CAS No.
24
    7758-01-2), propane sultone (CAS No. 1120-71-4), quinoline (CAS
25
    No. 91-22-5), safrole (CAS No. 94-59-7), styrene oxide (CAS No.
26
    96-09-3), thioacetamide (CAS No. 62-55-5), toxaphene (camphechlor)
27
                  8001-35-2), trifluralin (CAS No.
    (CAS
           No.
                                                       1582-09-8),
28
    tris(2,3-dibromopropyl), phosphate (CAS No. 126-72-7), trypan blue
29
    (CAS No. 72-57-1), vinyl chloride (CAS No. 593-60-2), or any other
30
    toxic substance reportable on the release and pollution prevention
31
    report and defined by United States Environmental Protection Agency
32
    or the International Agency for Research on Cancer as showing
33
    evidence of being carcinogenic or any other substance defined by the
34
    United State Environmental Protection Agency as being persistent,
    bioaccumulative, and toxic;
35
36
       "Category 3 toxic substance" means the following substances as
37
    identified by the following name or chemical abstract service registry
38
    number: methyl ethyl ketone (CAS No. 78-93-3), carbon disulfide
39
    (CAS No. 75-15-0), chloroethane (CAS No. 75-00-3), glycol ethers
40
    (except surfactants) (CAS No. N230), copper compounds (with
41
    exceptions) (CAS No. N100), ammonia (CAS No. 7664-41-7),
42
    chlorine (CAS No. 7782-50-5), copper (CAS No. 7440-50-8), sulfuric
43
    acid (CAS No. 7664-93-9), triethylamine (CAS No. 121-44-8),
44
    bromomethane (CAS No. 74-83-9), hydrochloric acid (CAS No.
45
    7647-01-0), xylene (mixed isomers) (CAS No. 1330-20-7), acetonitrile
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(CAS No. 75-05-8), barium compounds (except barium sulfate) (CAS

- 1 No. N040), chlorine dioxide (CAS No. 10049-04-4), manganese(CAS
- 2 No. 7439-96-5), manganese compounds (CAS No. N450), phosphorus
- (CAS No. 7723-14-0), zinc compounds (CAS No. N982), 3
- 4 dicyclopentadiene (CAS No. 77-73-6), maleic anhydride (CAS No.
- 5 108-31-6), phthalic anhydride (CAS No. 85-44-9), titanium
- 6 tetrachloride (CAS No. 7550-45-0), toluene-2,4-diisocyanate (CAS
- 7 No. 584-84-9), zinc (fume or dust) (CAS No. 7440-66-6), 8 chloromethane (CAS No. 74-87-3), selenium (CAS No. 7782-49-2),
- 9 1,2-dichloropropane (CAS No. 78-87-5), diethanolamine (CAS No.
- 10 111-42-2), n,n-dimethylformamide (CAS No. 68-12-2),
- 11 2-chloroacetophenone (CAS No. 532-27-4), anthracene (CAS No.
- 120-12-7), barium (CAS No. 7440-39-3), boron trifluoride (CAS No. 12
- 13 7637-07-2), chloropicrin (CAS No.
- hexachlorocyclopentadiene (CAS No. 77-47-4), hydrogen cyanide 14
- 15 (hydrocyanic acid) (CAS No. 74-90-8), methacrylonitrile (CAS No.
- 126-98-7), methyl isocyanate (CAS No. 624-83-9), phosphine (CAS 16
- 7803-51-2), selenium compounds (CAS No. N725), 17
- 18 toluene-2,6-diisocyanate (CAS No. 91-08-7), or any other toxic
- 19 substance reportable on the release and pollution prevention report
- 20 and identified by the department as having severe long-term and
- 21 short-term noncancer health effects such that, for long-term noncancer
- 22 effects, the reference concentration, or concentration below which no
- 23 effect is expected, is less than or equal to 100 ug/m3, and for
- 24 short-term noncancer effects, the substance may have reproductive or
- 25 developmental effects;

- 26 "Category 2 toxic substance" means the following substances as
- 27 identified by the following name or chemical abstract service registry
- number: 1,1,1-trichloroethane (CAS No. 71-55-6), phenol (CAS No.
- 29 108-95-2), toluene (CAS No. 108-88-3), methanol (CAS No.
- 30 67-56-1), methyl methacrylate (CAS No. 80-62-6), 31
- 1,2-dichlorobenzene (CAS No. 95-50-1), chlorobenzene (CAS No. 32 108-90-7), cumene (CAS No. 98-82-8), methyl isobutyl ketone (CAS
- 33 No. 108-10-1), 1-chloro-1,1-difluoroethane (HCFC-142b) (CAS No.
- 34 75-68-3), cresol (mixed isomers) (CAS No. 1319-77-3),
- dichlorodifluoromethane (CFC-12) (CAS No. 75-71-8), ethylene 35
- glycol (CAS No. 107-21-1), freon 113 (CAS No. 76-13-1), n-hexane 36
- 37 (CAS No. 110-54-3), trichlorofluoromethane (CFC-11) (CAS No.
- 38 75-69-4), chlorodifluoromethane (hcfc-22) (CAS No. 75-45-6), methyl
- 39 tert-butyl ether (CAS No. 1634-04-4), propylene (propene) (CAS No.
- 40 115-07-1), hydrogen fluoride (CAS No. 7664-39-3), phosgene (CAS
- 41 No. 75-44-5), acrylic acid (CAS No. 79-10-7), isopropyl alcohol
- 42 (mfg-strong acid process) (CAS No. 67-63-0), acrolein (CAS No.
- 43 107-02-8), or any other toxic substance reportable on the release and 44 pollution prevention report and identified by the department as having
- 45 less severe long-term and short-term noncancer health effects such that
- for long-term noncancer effects, the reference concentration, or 46

1 concentration below which no effect is expected, is greater than 100 2 ug/m3, or for short-term noncancer effects, the health endpoint is considered mild, such as an irritation;

"Facility" means the building, equipment and contiguous area at a single location used for the conduct of business and for which the owner or operator is required to submit a release and pollution prevention report;

"Owner or operator" means any person who owns a facility, or any person in control of, or exercising responsibility for, the daily operation of the facility;

"Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation, association, organization, government or governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, trust, or any other legal or commercial entity;

"Release and pollution prevention report" means the combined report submitted to the department annually pursuant to the "Worker and Community Right to Know Act," P.L.1983, c.315 (C.34:5A-1 et al.) and the "Pollution Prevention Act," P.L.1991, c.235 (C.13:1D-35 et seq.), and any rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto, that provides environmental emissions release and throughput data on an annual basis; and

"Toxic substance" means any hazardous substance as defined pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1991, c.235 (C.13:1D-37).

- 2. a. (1) There is imposed upon the owner or operator of each facility an air toxics surcharge in the amount provided in subsection b. of this section. The surcharge shall be based on the annual emissions of each Category 2 toxic substance, Category 3 toxic substance and Category 4 toxic substance as reported in the release and pollution prevention report for that facility.
- (2) The air toxics surcharge due in a calender year shall be based upon the data reported in the release and pollution prevention report for emissions that occurred two calender years prior to the year for which the return is filed.
- (3) Failure to submit a release and pollution prevention report shall not relieve the owner or operator of a facility of his obligation to pay the required air toxics surcharge.
- b. The air toxics surcharge for each facility shall be assessed as follows:
- (1) \$10.00 shall be assessed for each pound of Category 4 toxic substances released as stack or fugitive emissions as reported on the release and pollution prevention report;
- (2) \$1.00 shall be assessed for each pound of Category 3 toxic substances released as stack or fugitive emissions as reported on the release and pollution prevention report; and
- (3) \$0.10 shall be assessed for each pound of Category 2 toxic substances released as stack or fugitive emissions as reported on the

1 release and pollution prevention report.

- c. The owner or operator of each facility that releases any Category 2 toxic substance, Category 3 toxic substance or Category 4 toxic substance in any amount as stack or fugitive emissions as reported on the release and pollution prevention report, shall pay a minimum surcharge amount of \$1,000 each year regardless of the amount of Category 2 toxic substances, Category 3 toxic substances and Category 4 toxic substances released in the year subject to the air toxics surcharge.
 - d. The air toxics surcharge imposed on the owner or operator of a facility shall not exceed \$500,000 in any calender year.
 - e. The owner or operator of each facility subject to the air toxics surcharge imposed pursuant to this section shall file with the director a certificate of registration on a form prescribed by the director.
 - f. The owner or operator of each facility subject to the air toxics surcharge imposed pursuant to this section shall, on or before March 15 of each year, prepare and file a return under oath for the preceding calendar year with the director on such forms as may be prescribed by the director. The return shall include any information that the director shall prescribe, shall indicate the dollar value of the air toxics surcharge due pursuant to that return for the facility and at the said time the owner or operator of each facility shall pay the full amount of the air toxics surcharge due.
 - g. If a return required by this section is not filed, or if a return when filed is incorrect or insufficient as determined by the director, the amount of surcharge due shall be determined by the director based on collections of the air toxics surcharge from the owner or operator of the facility liable for the payment of the air toxics surcharge during the previous five years. Notice of the determination shall be given to the owner or operator of the facility liable for the payment of the air toxics surcharge. The determination shall finally and irrevocably fix the air toxics surcharge unless the owner or operator of the facility against whom it is assessed, within 90 days after the giving of the notice of the determination, shall file a protest in writing as provided in R.S.54:49-18 and request a hearing, or unless the director on the director's own motion shall redetermine the same. After the hearing the director shall give notice of the determination to the owner or operator of the facility to whom the air toxics surcharge is assessed.
- h. The air toxics surcharge imposed pursuant to this section shall be governed by the provisions of the State Uniform Tax Procedure Law, R.S.54:48-1 et seq.
- i. In addition to the other powers granted by this section, the director may adopt any rules and regulations necessary for the implementation of this section.
- j. Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (C) of paragraph (2) of subsection (k) of section 4 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-4), if

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any, to the contrary, any deduction of the air toxics surcharge imposed pursuant to subsection a. of this section allowed in computing a taxpayer's taxable income which the taxpayer is required to report to the United States Treasury Department for the purpose of computing its federal taxable income shall be allowed in determining the taxpayer's "entire net income" pursuant to subsection (k) of section 4 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-4).

3. This act shall take effect immediately and shall first apply to the calender year in which it takes effect.

STATEMENT

This bill would impose upon the owner or operator of each facility an air toxics surcharge. The surcharge would be based on the annual emissions of each Category 2 toxic substance, Category 3 toxic substance and Category 4 toxic substance as reported in the release and pollution prevention report for that facility. The air toxics surcharge for each facility would assessed as follows: (1) \$10.00 for each pound of Category 4 toxic substances released as stack or fugitive emissions; (2) \$1.00 for each pound of Category 3 toxic substances released as stack or fugitive emissions; and (3) \$0.10 for each pound of Category 2 toxic substances released as stack or fugitive emissions. The bill defines facility as the building, equipment and contiguous area at a single location used for the conduct of business and for which the owner or operator submits a release and pollution prevention report.

The bill would also provide that the owner or operator of each facility that releases any Category 2 toxic substance, Category 3 toxic substance or Category 4 toxic substance in any amount as stack or fugitive emissions as reported on the release and pollution prevention report, would pay a minimum surcharge amount of \$1,000 and a maximum of \$500,000 per facility each year regardless of the amount of Category 2 toxic substances, Category 3 toxic substances and Category 4 toxic substances released in the year subject to the air toxics surcharge.

SENATE BUDGET AND APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 1772

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 22, 2004

The Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 1772.

This bill would impose upon the owner or operator of each facility an air toxics surcharge. The surcharge would be based on the annual emissions of each Category 2 toxic substance, Category 3 toxic substance and Category 4 toxic substance as reported in the release and pollution prevention report for that facility. The air toxics surcharge for each facility would be assessed as follows: (1) \$10.00 for each pound of Category 4 toxic substances released as stack or fugitive emissions; (2) \$1.00 for each pound of Category 3 toxic substances released as stack or fugitive emissions; and (3) \$0.10 for each pound of Category 2 toxic substances released as stack or fugitive emissions. The bill defines "facility" as the building, equipment and contiguous area at a single location used for the conduct of business and for which the owner or operator submits a release and pollution prevention report.

The bill would also provide that the owner or operator of each facility that releases any Category 2 toxic substance, Category 3 toxic substance or Category 4 toxic substance in any amount as stack or fugitive emissions, as reported on the release and pollution prevention report, would pay a maximum of \$500,000 per facility each year.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

Committee amendments to this bill (1) remove a provision giving the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) authority to add toxic substances to the lists of air toxic substances enumerated (and taxable) in the bill; (2) amend the definition of "release and pollution report" and "facility" to provide that those subject to the air toxics surcharge would be those required to file a release and pollution prevention report pursuant to federal law, or to DEP rules and regulations in effect on the date that the bill becomes law; (3) remove a requirement that any person liable for the surcharge imposed by the bill would be required to pay a minimum surcharge of \$1,000; (4) provide for a credit of 50% of the amount of the air toxic surcharge due by the owner or operator of a facility if the owner or operator

undertakes certain environmental improvements at the facility to reduce air emissions; and (5) dedicate \$2 million of the air toxics surcharges collected pursuant to this bill to a nuclear power plant security fund for the provision or enhancement of security at nuclear power plants in this State.

FISCAL IMPACT

The Executive Branch estimate for the amount that would be annually realized under the provisions of this bill is about \$6 million.