36:2-80

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF:	2004	CHAPTER: 3			
NJSA:	36:2-80	("Juneteenth Indepe	ndence Day")		
BILL NO:	A145	(Substituted for S566	3)		
SPONSOR(S): Green				
DATE INTRODUCED: Pre-filed					
COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: State Government					
	SENAT	E:			
AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: No					
DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: February 23, 2004					
SENATE: February 23, 2004					
DATE OF APPROVAL: April 5, 2004					
FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:					
FINAL TEXT OF BILL Original version of bill enacted					
A145					
SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 3 of original bill) Yes					
	COMMITTEE S	TATEMENT:	ASSEMBLY:	Yes	
			SENATE:	No	
	FLOOR AMEN	DMENT STATEMENT	: :	No	
	LEGISLATIVE	FISCAL ESTIMATE:		No	
S566 <u>SPONSOR'S STATEMENT</u> : (Begins on page 3 of original bill) <u>Yes</u> Bill and Sponsors Statement identical to A1					
	COMMITTEE S	STATEMENT:	ASSEMBLY:	No	
			SENATE: Identical to Assembly	Yes Statement to A145	
	FLOOR AMEN	DMENT STATEMENT	:	No	
	LEGISLATIVE	FISCAL ESTIMATE:		No	
VETO MESSAGE:				No	
GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING:			ING:	No	

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

To check for circulating copies, contact New Jersey State Government	
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mailto:refdesk@njstatelib.org.	
REPORTS:	No
HEARINGS:	No
NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:	No

\$1 - Note
\$\$2,3 C.36:2-80 &
36:2-81
\$4 - Note to
C.18A:35-2

P.L. 2004, CHAPTER 3, *approved April 4, 2004* Assembly, No. 145

1 AN ACT designating the third Saturday in June of each year as "Juneteenth Independence Day" in New Jersey. 2 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. The Legislature finds and declares that: 8 a. Juneteenth was first observed over 130 years ago, and is the 9 oldest known celebration of the abolition of slavery in the United 10 States; b. Juneteenth commemorates June 19, 1865, the day General 11 12 Gordon Granger rode into Galveston, Texas, with news that the Civil War had ended and the enslaved were free: 13 14 c. Word of freedom finally reached the slaves in Texas, two and a half years after the 1863 Emancipation Proclamation, and so the 15 majority of slaves in the South were made aware of their freedom and 16 jubilant celebrations evolved into a general celebration of freedom; 17 d. The celebration of Juneteenth symbolizes freedom, celebrates 18 19 the abolition of slavery, and reminds all Americans of the significant 20 contributions African-Americans have made to our society; 21 e. Juneteenth serves as a reminder to all Americans of the triumph 22 of the human spirit over the cruelty of slavery, honors those African-23 Americans who survived the inhumane institution of bondage, and demonstrates pride in their legacy of resistance and perseverance; 24 25 f. Juneteenth was first given official State recognition when, in 1980, Texas made it an official state holiday, and a campaign exists to 26 27 establish Juneteenth as a national holiday; 28 g. In modern times, Juneteenth continues to enjoy growing interest, 29 recognition, and celebration among organizations and communities throughout the country, with Juneteenth-centered activities having 30 been sponsored by such institutions as the Smithsonian Museum and 31 32 the Henry Ford Museum; 33 h. In New Jersey, Juneteenth is celebrated in communities such as 34 East Orange, Camden, Jersey City, Paterson, Pennington, Trenton and 35 Willingboro; i. It is proper and fitting for the State of New Jersey to designate 36 the third Saturday in June of each year as "Juneteenth Independence 37 Day" in New Jersey to honor and celebrate the emancipation of our 38

39 ancestors.

1 2. The third Saturday in June of each year is hereby designated as 2 "Juneteenth Independence Day" in New Jersey to commemorate and celebrate the emancipation of African-Americans and foster respect for 3 4 all cultures. 5 6 3. The Governor shall annually issue a proclamation and call upon 7 public officials, private organizations and all citizens of this State to observe this emancipation celebration each year with appropriate 8 events and activities. 9 10 11 4. a. Each board of education may offer instruction on "Juneteenth Independence Day" at an appropriate place in the curriculum. 12 The Commissioner of Education shall develop and make 13 b. available to each board of education curriculum guidelines for the 14 15 teaching of "Juneteenth Independence Day" within the public school curriculum. The guidelines shall include, but not be limited to, 16 17 instruction on the historical and cultural significance of Juneteenth. 18 5. This act shall take effect immediately. 19 20 21 22 23

24 Designates third Saturday in June of each year "Juneteenth25 Independence Day" in New Jersey.

ASSEMBLY, No. 145 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2004 SESSION

Sponsored by: Assemblyman JERRY GREEN District 22 (Middlesex, Somerset and Union)

SYNOPSIS

Designates third Saturday in June of each year "Juneteenth Independence Day" in New Jersey.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



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AN ACT designating the third Saturday in June of each year as 1 2 "Juneteenth Independence Day" in New Jersey. 3 4 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey: 6 7 1. The Legislature finds and declares that: 8 a. Juneteenth was first observed over 130 years ago, and is the 9 oldest known celebration of the abolition of slavery in the United 10 States: 11 b. Juneteenth commemorates June 19, 1865, the day General Gordon Granger rode into Galveston, Texas, with news that the Civil 12 War had ended and the enslaved were free; 13 14 c. Word of freedom finally reached the slaves in Texas, two and a half years after the 1863 Emancipation Proclamation, and so the 15 majority of slaves in the South were made aware of their freedom and 16 17 jubilant celebrations evolved into a general celebration of freedom; d. The celebration of Juneteenth symbolizes freedom, celebrates 18 the abolition of slavery, and reminds all Americans of the significant 19 20 contributions African-Americans have made to our society; e. Juneteenth serves as a reminder to all Americans of the triumph 21 of the human spirit over the cruelty of slavery, honors those African-22 23 Americans who survived the inhumane institution of bondage, and 24 demonstrates pride in their legacy of resistance and perseverance; 25 f. Juneteenth was first given official State recognition when, in 26 1980, Texas made it an official state holiday, and a campaign exists to establish Juneteenth as a national holiday; 27 28 g. In modern times, Juneteenth continues to enjoy growing interest, 29 recognition, and celebration among organizations and communities 30 throughout the country, with Juneteenth-centered activities having 31 been sponsored by such institutions as the Smithsonian Museum and 32 the Henry Ford Museum; h. In New Jersey, Juneteenth is celebrated in communities such as 33 34 East Orange, Camden, Jersey City, Paterson, Pennington, Trenton and 35 Willingboro; 36 i. It is proper and fitting for the State of New Jersey to designate 37 the third Saturday in June of each year as "Juneteenth Independence Day" in New Jersey to honor and celebrate the emancipation of our 38 39 ancestors. 40 41 2. The third Saturday in June of each year is hereby designated as 42 "Juneteenth Independence Day" in New Jersey to commemorate and 43 celebrate the emancipation of African-Americans and foster respect for 44 all cultures. 45 46 3. The Governor shall annually issue a proclamation and call upon

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1 public officials, private organizations and all citizens of this State to 2 observe this emancipation celebration each year with appropriate 3 events and activities. 4 5 4. a. Each board of education may offer instruction on "Juneteenth Independence Day" at an appropriate place in the curriculum. 6 The Commissioner of Education shall develop and make 7 b. available to each board of education curriculum guidelines for the 8 9 teaching of "Juneteenth Independence Day" within the public school curriculum. The guidelines shall include, but not be limited to, 10 instruction on the historical and cultural significance of Juneteenth. 11 12 13 5. This act shall take effect immediately. 14 15 16 **STATEMENT** 17 18 This bill designates the third Saturday in June of each year as "Juneteenth Independence Day" in New Jersey to commemorate and 19 celebrate the emancipation of African-Americans and foster respect for 20 21 all cultures. The bill directs the Governor to annually issue a 22 proclamation and call upon public officials, private organizations and 23 all citizens of this State to observe this emancipation celebration each year with appropriate events and activities. Additionally, the bill 24 directs the Commissioner of Education to develop and make available 25 26 to boards of education materials to assist in teaching the significance 27 of Juneteenth in the public schools.

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 145

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JANUARY 26, 2004

The Assembly State Government Committee reports favorably Assembly, No. 145.

This bill designates the third Saturday in June of each year as "Juneteenth Independence Day" in New Jersey to commemorate and celebrate the emancipation of African-Americans and foster respect for all cultures. The bill directs the Governor to annually issue a proclamation and call upon public officials, private organizations and all citizens of this State to observe this emancipation celebration each year with appropriate events and activities. Additionally, the bill directs the Commissioner of Education to develop and make available to boards of education materials to assist in teaching the significance of Juneteenth in the public schools.

This bill was pre-filed for introduction in the 2004-2005 session pending technical review. As reported, the bill includes the changes required by technical review, which has been performed.

SENATE, No. 566

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2004 SESSION

Sponsored by: Senator BYRON M. BAER District 37 (Bergen) Senator JOSEPH M. KYRILLOS, JR. District 13 (Middlesex and Monmouth)

Co-Sponsored by: Senators Rice, Gill, Coniglio, Kenny, Codey, Singer and Allen

SYNOPSIS

Designates third Saturday in June of each year "Juneteenth Independence Day" in New Jersey.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



2

AN ACT designating the third Saturday in June of each year as 1 2 "Juneteenth Independence Day" in New Jersey. 3 4 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey: 5 6 7 1. The Legislature finds and declares that: 8 a. Juneteenth was first observed over 130 years ago, and is the 9 oldest known celebration of the abolition of slavery in the United 10 States: 11 b. Juneteenth commemorates June 19, 1865, the day General Gordon Granger rode into Galveston, Texas, with news that the Civil 12 War had ended and the enslaved were free; 13 14 c. Word of freedom finally reached the slaves in Texas, two and a half years after the 1863 Emancipation Proclamation, and so the 15 majority of slaves in the South were made aware of their freedom and 16 17 jubilant celebrations evolved into a general celebration of freedom; d. The celebration of Juneteenth symbolizes freedom, celebrates 18 the abolition of slavery, and reminds all Americans of the significant 19 20 contributions African-Americans have made to our society; e. Juneteenth serves as a reminder to all Americans of the triumph 21 of the human spirit over the cruelty of slavery, honors those African-22 23 Americans who survived the inhumane institution of bondage, and 24 demonstrates pride in their legacy of resistance and perseverance; 25 f. Juneteenth was first given official State recognition when, in 26 1980, Texas made it an official state holiday, and a campaign exists to establish Juneteenth as a national holiday; 27 28 g. In modern times, Juneteenth continues to enjoy growing interest, 29 recognition, and celebration among organizations and communities 30 throughout the country, with Juneteenth-centered activities having 31 been sponsored by such institutions as the Smithsonian Museum and 32 the Henry Ford Museum; h. In New Jersey, Juneteenth is celebrated in communities such as 33 34 East Orange, Camden, Jersey City, Paterson, Pennington, Trenton and 35 Willingboro; 36 i. It is proper and fitting for the State of New Jersey to designate 37 the third Saturday in June of each year as "Juneteenth Independence Day" in New Jersey to honor and celebrate the emancipation of our 38 39 ancestors. 40 41 2. The third Saturday in June of each year is hereby designated as 42 "Juneteenth Independence Day" in New Jersey to commemorate and 43 celebrate the emancipation of African-Americans and foster respect for 44 all cultures. 45 46 3. The Governor shall annually issue a proclamation and call upon

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1 public officials, private organizations and all citizens of this State to 2 observe this emancipation celebration each year with appropriate 3 events and activities. 4 5 4. a. Each board of education may offer instruction on "Juneteenth Independence Day" at an appropriate place in the curriculum. 6 The Commissioner of Education shall develop and make 7 b. available to each board of education curriculum guidelines for the 8 9 teaching of "Juneteenth Independence Day" within the public school curriculum. The guidelines shall include, but not be limited to, 10 instruction on the historical and cultural significance of Juneteenth. 11 12 13 5. This act shall take effect immediately. 14 15 16 **STATEMENT** 17 18 This bill designates the third Saturday in June of each year as "Juneteenth Independence Day" in New Jersey to commemorate and 19 celebrate the emancipation of African-Americans and foster respect for 20 21 all cultures. The bill directs the Governor to annually issue a 22 proclamation and call upon public officials, private organizations and 23 all citizens of this State to observe this emancipation celebration each year with appropriate events and activities. Additionally, the bill 24 directs the Commissioner of Education to develop and make available 25 26 to boards of education materials to assist in teaching the significance 27 of Juneteenth in the public schools.

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 566

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: FEBRUARY 5, 2004

The Senate State Government Committee reports favorably Senate, No. 566.

This bill designates the third Saturday in June of each year as "Juneteenth Independence Day" in New Jersey to commemorate and celebrate the emancipation of African-Americans and foster respect for all cultures. The bill directs the Governor to annually issue a proclamation and call upon public officials, private organizations and all citizens of this State to observe this emancipation celebration each year with appropriate events and activities. Additionally, the bill directs the Commissioner of Education to develop and make available to boards of education materials to assist in teaching the significance of Juneteenth in the public schools.

This bill was pre-filed for introduction in the 2004-2005 session pending technical review. As reported, the bill includes the changes required by technical review, which has been performed.

This resolution is identical to Assembly, No. 145.