52:13D-21

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF: 2004 **CHAPTER:** 25

NJSA: 52:13D-21 (Penalties for "New Jersey Conflict of Interest Law")

BILL NO: S18 (Substituted for A18)

SPONSOR(S): Consiglio and others

DATE INTRODUCED: June 7, 2004

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: ----

SENATE: State Government

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: No

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: June 10, 2004

SENATE: June 10, 2004

DATE OF APPROVAL: June 16, 2004

FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (Original version of bill enacted)

S18

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 6 of original bill)

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: No

SENATE: Yes

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

A18

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 6 off original bill)

Yes

Bill and Sponsors Statement identical to S18

ASSEMBLY: Yes

Identical to Senate Statement for S18

SENATE: No

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

VETO MESSAGE: No

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING:
Yes

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

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REPORTS: No

HEARINGS: No

NEWSPAPER ARTICLES: Yes

For clippings see legislative history of L. 2004 c.19

P.L. 2004, CHAPTER 25, approved June 16, 2004 Senate, No. 18

AN ACT concerning certain penalties for violations of the "New Jersey 1 2 Conflicts of Interest Law" and amending P.L.1971, c.182.

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4 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey:

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- 7 1. Section 10 of P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-21) is amended to 8 read as follows:
- 9 10. (a) The Executive Commission on Ethical Standards created pursuant to P.L.1967, [chapter 229] c.229, is continued and 10 11 established in the Department of Law and Public Safety and shall constitute the first commission under P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-12 12 13 et al.).
 - (b) The commission shall be composed of nine members as follows: seven members appointed by the Governor from among State officers and employees serving in the Executive Branch; and two public members appointed by the Governor, not more than one of whom shall be of the same political party.

Each member appointed from the Executive Branch shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor during the term of office of the Governor appointing the member and until the member's successor is appointed and qualified. The public members shall serve for terms of four years and until the appointment and qualification of their successors, but of the public members first appointed, one shall serve for a term of two years and one shall serve for a term of four years. The Governor shall 26 designate one member to serve as chairman and one member to serve as vice-chairman of the commission.

Vacancies in the membership of the commission shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments but, in the case of public members, for the unexpired term only. None of the public members shall be State officers or employees or special State officers or employees, except by reason of their service on the commission. A public member may be reappointed for subsequent terms on the commission.

- (c) Each member of the [said] commission shall serve without compensation but shall be entitled to be reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of the member's duties.
- 39 (d) The Attorney General shall act as legal adviser and counsel to 40 the [said] commission. The Attorney General shall upon request advise the commission in the rendering of advisory opinions by the 41

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

commission, in the approval and review of codes of ethics adopted by
State agencies in the Executive Branch and in the recommendation of
revisions in codes of ethics or legislation relating to the conduct of
State officers and employees in the Executive Branch.

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- (e) The [said] commission may, within the limits of funds appropriated or otherwise made available to it for the purpose, employ such other professional, technical, clerical or other assistants, excepting legal counsel, and incur such expenses as may be necessary for the performance of its duties.
- (f) The [said] commission, in order to perform its duties pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-12 et al.), shall have the power to conduct investigations, hold hearings, compel the attendance of witnesses and the production before it of such books and papers as it may deem necessary, proper and relevant to the matter under investigation. The members of the [said] commission and the persons appointed by the commission for [such] that purpose are hereby empowered to administer oaths and examine witnesses under oath.
- 19 (g) The [said] commission is authorized to render advisory 20 opinions as to whether a given set of facts and circumstances would, 21 in its opinion, constitute a violation of the provisions of P.L.1971, 22 c.182 (C.52:13D-12 et al.) or of a code of ethics promulgated 23 pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-12 et al.).
- 24 (h) The [said] commission shall have jurisdiction to initiate, 25 receive, hear and review complaints regarding violations, by any State 26 officer or employee or special State officer or employee in the 27 Executive Branch, of the provisions of P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-12 28 et al.) or of any code of ethics promulgated pursuant to the provisions 29 of P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-12 et al.). Any complaint regarding a 30 violation of a code of ethics may be referred by the commission for 31 disposition in accordance with subsection (d) of section 12 of 32 P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-23).
- 33 (i) Any State officer or employee or special State officer or 34 employee found guilty by the commission of violating any provision of 35 P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-12 et al.) or of a code of ethics 36 promulgated pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1971, c.182 37 (C.52:13D-12 et al.) shall be fined not less than [\$100.00] \$500 nor 38 more than [\$500.00] \$10,000, which penalty may be collected in a summary proceeding pursuant to ["The Penalty Enforcement Law of 39 40 1999] the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 41 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.), and may be suspended from [his] office or 42 employment by order of the commission for a period of not in excess of one year. If the commission finds that the conduct of [such] the 43 44 officer or employee constitutes a willful and continuous disregard of 45 the provisions of P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-12 et al.) or of a code of

- 1 ethics promulgated pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1971, c.182
- 2 (C.52:13D-12 et al.), it may order [such] that person removed from
- 3 [his] office or employment and may further bar [such] the person
- 4 from holding any public office or employment in this State in any
- 5 capacity whatsoever for a period of not exceeding five years from the
- 6 date on which the person was found guilty by the commission.
- 7 (j) The remedies provided herein are in addition to all other 8 criminal and civil remedies provided under the law.
- 9 (cf: P.L.2003, c.160, s.1)

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- 11 2. Section 11 of P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-22) is amended to 12 read as follows:
- 13 11. (a) The Joint Legislative Committee on Ethical Standards 14 created pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1967, [chapter 229] c.229, 15 as continued and established pursuant to P.L.1971, c.182, is continued 16 and established in the Legislative Branch of State Government with the 17 addition of the public members as set forth in this section.
- 18 (b) The joint committee shall be composed of 12 members as 19 follows: four members of the Senate appointed by the President 20 thereof, no more than two of whom shall be of the same political 21 party; four members of the General Assembly, appointed by the 22 Speaker thereof, no more than two of whom shall be of the same 23 political party; and four public members, one appointed by the President of the Senate, one appointed by the Speaker of the General 24 25 Assembly, one appointed by the Minority Leader of the Senate and one 26 appointed by the Minority Leader of the General Assembly.
 - No public member shall be a lobbyist or legislative agent as defined by the "Legislative Activities Disclosure Act of 1971," P.L.1971, c.183 (C.52:13C-18 et seq.), a full-time State employee or an officer or director of any entity which is required to file a statement with the Election Law Enforcement Commission, and no former lobbyist or legislative agent shall be eligible to serve as a public member for one year following the cessation of all activity by that person as a legislative agent or lobbyist.
 - The legislative members shall serve until the end of the two-year legislative term during which the members are appointed. The public members shall serve for terms of two years and until the appointment and qualification of their successors.
- 39 The terms of the public members shall run from the second Tuesday 40 in January of an even-numbered year to the second Tuesday in January of the next even-numbered year, regardless of the original date of 41 appointment. Notwithstanding the terms of the public members as 42 43 established in this section, the public members first appointed shall 44 serve from their initial appointments, all of which shall be made not 45 later than the 60th day following the effective date of this act, until the 46 second Tuesday in January of the next even-numbered year.

Vacancies in the membership of the joint committee shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments, but for the unexpired term only. Public members of the joint committee shall serve without compensation, but shall be entitled to be reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties.

- (c) The joint committee shall organize as soon as may be practicable after the appointment of its members, by the selection of a chairman and vice chairman from among its membership and the appointment of a secretary, who need not be a member of the joint committee.
- (d) The Legislative Counsel in the Office of Legislative Services shall act as legal adviser to the joint committee. [He] The Legislative Counsel shall, upon request, assist and advise the joint committee in the rendering of advisory opinions by the joint committee, in the approval and review of codes of ethics adopted by State agencies in the Legislative Branch, and in the recommendation of revisions in codes of ethics or legislation relating to the conduct of members of the Legislature or State officers and employees in the Legislative Branch.
- (e) The joint committee may, within the limits of funds appropriated or otherwise available to it for the purpose, employ other professional, technical, clerical or other assistants, excepting legal counsel, and incur expenses as may be necessary to the performance of its duties.
- (f) The joint committee shall have all the powers granted pursuant to chapter 13 of Title 52 of the Revised Statutes.
- (g) The joint committee is authorized to render advisory opinions as to whether a given set of facts and circumstances would, in its opinion, constitute a violation of the provisions of this act, of a code of ethics promulgated pursuant to the provisions of this act or of any rule of either or both Houses which gives the joint committee jurisdiction and the authority to investigate a matter.
- (h) The joint committee shall have jurisdiction to initiate, receive, hear and review complaints regarding violations of the provisions of this act or of a code of ethics promulgated pursuant to the provisions of this act. It shall further have such jurisdiction as to enforcement of the rules of either or both Houses of the Legislature governing the conduct of the members or employees thereof as those rules may confer upon the joint committee. A complaint regarding a violation of a code of ethics promulgated pursuant to the provisions of this act may be referred by the joint committee for disposition in accordance with subsection 12(d) of this act.
- (i) Any State officer or employee or special State officer or employee in the Legislative Branch found guilty by the joint committee of violating any provisions of this act, of a code of ethics promulgated pursuant to the provisions of this act or of any rule of either or both Houses which gives the joint committee jurisdiction and the authority

1 to investigate a matter shall be fined not less than \$500.00 nor more than [\$1,500.00] \$10,000, which penalty may be collected in a 2 3 summary proceeding pursuant to ["the penalty enforcement law" 4 (N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq.)] the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," 5 P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.), and may be reprimanded and 6 ordered to pay restitution where appropriate and may be suspended 7 from [his] office or employment by order of the joint committee for a period not in excess of 1 year. If the joint committee finds that the 8 9 conduct of [such] the officer or employee constitutes a willful and 10 continuous disregard of the provisions of this act, of a code of ethics promulgated pursuant to the provisions of this act or of any rule of 11 12 either or both Houses which gives the joint committee jurisdiction and 13 the authority to investigate a matter, it may order [such] that person removed from [his] office or employment and may further bar [such] 14 15 the person from holding any public office or employment in this State in any capacity whatsoever for a period of not exceeding 5 years from 16 the date on which [he] the person was found guilty by the joint 17 18 committee.

(j) A member of the Legislature who shall be found guilty by the joint committee of violating the provisions of this act, of a code of ethics promulgated pursuant to the provisions of this act or of any rule of either or both Houses which gives the joint committee jurisdiction and the authority to investigate a matter shall be fined not less than \$500.00 nor more than **[**\$1,500.00**]** <u>\$10,000</u>, which penalty may be collected in a summary proceeding pursuant to ["the penalty enforcement law" (N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq.)] the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seg.), and shall be subject to such further action as may be determined by the House of which [he] the person is a member. In such cases the joint committee shall report its findings to the appropriate House and shall recommend to the House such further action as the joint committee deems appropriate, but it shall be the sole responsibility of the House to determine what further action, if any, shall be taken against such member.

(cf: P.L.1991, c.505, s.1)

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3. This act shall take effect immediately, but any increased penalties shall apply only to violations occurring on or after the effective date of this act.

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STATEMENT

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This bill would increase the civil penalties for violations of the "New Jersey Conflicts of Interest Law." Current law provides for a

1	fine of between \$100 and \$500 for State officers or employees and a
2	fine of between \$500 and \$1,500 for members of the Legislature and
3	Legislative Branch officers or employees, for a violation of that act.
4	This bill would raise the penalty to a fine of between \$500 and
5	\$10,000 for both branches.
6	The increased monetary penalties for violations of the "New Jersey
7	Conflicts of Interest Law" prescribed by this bill should help to
8	strengthen public confidence in the integrity of the activities of State
9	officials.
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14	Increases monetary penalties for violations of "New Jersey Conflicts
15	of Interest Law."

SENATE, No. 18

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JUNE 7, 2004

Sponsored by:
Senator JOSEPH CONIGLIO
District 38 (Bergen)
Assemblywoman JOAN M. QUIGLEY
District 32 (Bergen and Hudson)
Assemblyman BRIAN P. STACK
District 33 (Hudson)
Assemblyman WILLIAM D. PAYNE
District 29 (Essex and Union)
Assemblyman ANTHONY CHIAPPONE
District 31 (Hudson)

Co-Sponsored by:

Assemblymen Mayer, Van Drew, McKeon, Assemblywoman Cruz-Perez, Assemblymen Chivukula, R.Smith, Assemblywoman Watson Coleman, Assemblymen Conners, Panter, Morgan, Fisher, Vas and Greenwald

SYNOPSIS

Increases monetary penalties for violations of "New Jersey Conflicts of Interest Law."

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.

1 **AN ACT** concerning certain penalties for violations of the "New Jersey Conflicts of Interest Law" and amending P.L.1971, c.182.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 7 1. Section 10 of P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-21) is amended to 8 read as follows:
- 9 10. (a) The Executive Commission on Ethical Standards created 10 pursuant to P.L.1967, [chapter 229] <u>c.229</u>, is continued and 11 established in the Department of Law and Public Safety and shall 12 constitute the first commission under P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-12 13 et al.).
 - (b) The commission shall be composed of nine members as follows: seven members appointed by the Governor from among State officers and employees serving in the Executive Branch; and two public members appointed by the Governor, not more than one of whom shall be of the same political party.

Each member appointed from the Executive Branch shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor during the term of office of the Governor appointing the member and until the member's successor is appointed and qualified. The public members shall serve for terms of four years and until the appointment and qualification of their successors, but of the public members first appointed, one shall serve for a term of two years and one shall serve for a term of four years. The Governor shall designate one member to serve as chairman and one member to serve as vice-chairman of the commission.

Vacancies in the membership of the commission shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments but, in the case of public members, for the unexpired term only. None of the public members shall be State officers or employees or special State officers or employees, except by reason of their service on the commission. A public member may be reappointed for subsequent terms on the commission.

- (c) Each member of the [said] commission shall serve without compensation but shall be entitled to be reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of the member's duties.
- 39 (d) The Attorney General shall act as legal adviser and counsel to 40 the [said] commission. The Attorney General shall upon request 41 advise the commission in the rendering of advisory opinions by the 42 commission, in the approval and review of codes of ethics adopted by 43 State agencies in the Executive Branch and in the recommendation of

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

revisions in codes of ethics or legislation relating to the conduct of
State officers and employees in the Executive Branch.

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- (e) The **[**said**]** commission may, within the limits of funds appropriated or otherwise made available to it for the purpose, employ such other professional, technical, clerical or other assistants, excepting legal counsel, and incur such expenses as may be necessary for the performance of its duties.
- 8 (f) The [said] commission, in order to perform its duties pursuant 9 to the provisions of P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-12 et al.), shall have 10 the power to conduct investigations, hold hearings, compel the 11 attendance of witnesses and the production before it of such books and 12 papers as it may deem necessary, proper and relevant to the matter 13 under investigation. The members of the [said] commission and the persons appointed by the commission for [such] that purpose are 14 15 hereby empowered to administer oaths and examine witnesses under 16 oath.
 - (g) The [said] commission is authorized to render advisory opinions as to whether a given set of facts and circumstances would, in its opinion, constitute a violation of the provisions of P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-12 et al.) or of a code of ethics promulgated pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-12 et al.).
 - (h) The [said] commission shall have jurisdiction to initiate, receive, hear and review complaints regarding violations, by any State officer or employee or special State officer or employee in the Executive Branch, of the provisions of P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-12 et al.) or of any code of ethics promulgated pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-12 et al.). Any complaint regarding a violation of a code of ethics may be referred by the commission for disposition in accordance with subsection (d) of section 12 of P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-23).
- 31 (i) Any State officer or employee or special State officer or 32 employee found guilty by the commission of violating any provision of P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-12 et al.) or of a code of ethics 33 34 promulgated pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1971, c.182 35 (C.52:13D-12 et al.) shall be fined not less than [\$100.00] <u>\$500</u> nor more than [\$500.00] \$10,000, which penalty may be collected in a 36 summary proceeding pursuant to ["The Penalty Enforcement Law of 37 38 1999] the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 39 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.), and may be suspended from [his] office or employment by order of the commission for a period of not in excess 40 41 of one year. If the commission finds that the conduct of [such] the 42 officer or employee constitutes a willful and continuous disregard of 43 the provisions of P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-12 et al.) or of a code of 44 ethics promulgated pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-12 et al.), it may order [such] that person removed from 45

- [his] office or employment and may further bar [such] the person from holding any public office or employment in this State in any capacity whatsoever for a period of not exceeding five years from the date on which the person was found guilty by the commission.
 - (j) The remedies provided herein are in addition to all other criminal and civil remedies provided under the law.

7 (cf: P.L.2003, c.160, s.1)

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- 9 2. Section 11 of P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-22) is amended to 10 read as follows:
- 11. (a) The Joint Legislative Committee on Ethical Standards 12 created pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1967, [chapter 229] c.229, 13 as continued and established pursuant to P.L.1971, c.182, is continued 14 and established in the Legislative Branch of State Government with the 15 addition of the public members as set forth in this section.
- (b) The joint committee shall be composed of 12 members as 16 17 follows: four members of the Senate appointed by the President 18 thereof, no more than two of whom shall be of the same political 19 party; four members of the General Assembly, appointed by the Speaker thereof, no more than two of whom shall be of the same 20 political party; and four public members, one appointed by the 21 22 President of the Senate, one appointed by the Speaker of the General 23 Assembly, one appointed by the Minority Leader of the Senate and one 24 appointed by the Minority Leader of the General Assembly.
- 25 No public member shall be a lobbyist or legislative agent as defined by the "Legislative Activities Disclosure Act of 1971," P.L.1971, 26 27 c.183 (C.52:13C-18 et seq.), a full-time State employee or an officer or director of any entity which is required to file a statement with the 28 29 Election Law Enforcement Commission, and no former lobbyist or 30 legislative agent shall be eligible to serve as a public member for one 31 year following the cessation of all activity by that person as a 32 legislative agent or lobbyist.
 - The legislative members shall serve until the end of the two-year legislative term during which the members are appointed. The public members shall serve for terms of two years and until the appointment and qualification of their successors.
- 37 The terms of the public members shall run from the second Tuesday 38 in January of an even-numbered year to the second Tuesday in January 39 of the next even-numbered year, regardless of the original date of 40 appointment. Notwithstanding the terms of the public members as established in this section, the public members first appointed shall 41 42 serve from their initial appointments, all of which shall be made not 43 later than the 60th day following the effective date of this act, until the 44 second Tuesday in January of the next even-numbered year.
- Vacancies in the membership of the joint committee shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments, but for the unexpired

term only. Public members of the joint committee shall serve without compensation, but shall be entitled to be reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties.

- (c) The joint committee shall organize as soon as may be practicable after the appointment of its members, by the selection of a chairman and vice chairman from among its membership and the appointment of a secretary, who need not be a member of the joint committee.
- (d) The Legislative Counsel in the Office of Legislative Services shall act as legal adviser to the joint committee. [He] The Legislative Counsel shall, upon request, assist and advise the joint committee in the rendering of advisory opinions by the joint committee, in the approval and review of codes of ethics adopted by State agencies in the Legislative Branch, and in the recommendation of revisions in codes of ethics or legislation relating to the conduct of members of the Legislature or State officers and employees in the Legislative Branch.
- (e) The joint committee may, within the limits of funds appropriated or otherwise available to it for the purpose, employ other professional, technical, clerical or other assistants, excepting legal counsel, and incur expenses as may be necessary to the performance of its duties.
- (f) The joint committee shall have all the powers granted pursuant to chapter 13 of Title 52 of the Revised Statutes.
- (g) The joint committee is authorized to render advisory opinions as to whether a given set of facts and circumstances would, in its opinion, constitute a violation of the provisions of this act, of a code of ethics promulgated pursuant to the provisions of this act or of any rule of either or both Houses which gives the joint committee jurisdiction and the authority to investigate a matter.
- (h) The joint committee shall have jurisdiction to initiate, receive, hear and review complaints regarding violations of the provisions of this act or of a code of ethics promulgated pursuant to the provisions of this act. It shall further have such jurisdiction as to enforcement of the rules of either or both Houses of the Legislature governing the conduct of the members or employees thereof as those rules may confer upon the joint committee. A complaint regarding a violation of a code of ethics promulgated pursuant to the provisions of this act may be referred by the joint committee for disposition in accordance with subsection 12(d) of this act.
- (i) Any State officer or employee or special State officer or employee in the Legislative Branch found guilty by the joint committee of violating any provisions of this act, of a code of ethics promulgated pursuant to the provisions of this act or of any rule of either or both Houses which gives the joint committee jurisdiction and the authority to investigate a matter shall be fined not less than \$500.00 nor more than [\$1,500.00] \$10,000, which penalty may be collected in a

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summary proceeding pursuant to ["the penalty enforcement law" 1 (N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq.)] the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," 2 P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.), and may be reprimanded and 3 4 ordered to pay restitution where appropriate and may be suspended 5 from [his] office or employment by order of the joint committee for a period not in excess of 1 year. If the joint committee finds that the 6 7 conduct of [such] the officer or employee constitutes a willful and continuous disregard of the provisions of this act, of a code of ethics 8 9 promulgated pursuant to the provisions of this act or of any rule of either or both Houses which gives the joint committee jurisdiction and 10 the authority to investigate a matter, it may order [such] that person 11 12 removed from [his] office or employment and may further bar [such] the person from holding any public office or employment in this State 13 14 in any capacity whatsoever for a period of not exceeding 5 years from 15 the date on which [he] the person was found guilty by the joint 16 committee.

(j) A member of the Legislature who shall be found guilty by the joint committee of violating the provisions of this act, of a code of ethics promulgated pursuant to the provisions of this act or of any rule of either or both Houses which gives the joint committee jurisdiction and the authority to investigate a matter shall be fined not less than \$500.00 nor more than **[**\$1,500.00**]** <u>\$10,000</u>, which penalty may be collected in a summary proceeding pursuant to ["the penalty enforcement law" (N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq.)] the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.), and shall be subject to such further action as may be determined by the House of which [he] the person is a member. In such cases the joint committee shall report its findings to the appropriate House and shall recommend to the House such further action as the joint committee deems appropriate, but it shall be the sole responsibility of the House to determine what further action, if any, shall be taken against such member.

33 (cf: P.L.1991, c.505, s.1)

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3. This act shall take effect immediately, but any increased penalties shall apply only to violations occurring on or after the effective date of this act.

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STATEMENT

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This bill would increase the civil penalties for violations of the
"New Jersey Conflicts of Interest Law." Current law provides for a
fine of between \$100 and \$500 for State officers or employees and a
fine of between \$500 and \$1,500 for members of the Legislature and

S18 CONIGLIO

- 1 Legislative Branch officers or employees, for a violation of that act.
- 2 This bill would raise the penalty to a fine of between \$500 and
- 3 \$10,000 for both branches.
- 4 The increased monetary penalties for violations of the "New Jersey
- 5 Conflicts of Interest Law" prescribed by this bill should help to
- 6 strengthen public confidence in the integrity of the activities of State
- 7 officials.

SENATE STATE GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 18

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 3, 2004

The Senate State Government Committee reports favorably Senate, No. 18.

This bill would increase the civil penalties for violations of the "New Jersey Conflicts of Interest Law." Current law provides for a fine of between \$100 and \$500 for State officers or employees and a fine of between \$500 and \$1,500 for members of the Legislature and Legislative Branch officers or employees, for a violation of that act. This bill would raise the penalty to a fine of between \$500 and \$10,000 for both branches.

This bill is identical to Assembly, No. 18 of 2004.

ASSEMBLY, No. 18

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MAY 27, 2004

Sponsored by:

Assemblywoman JOAN M. QUIGLEY
District 32 (Bergen and Hudson)
Assemblyman BRIAN P. STACK
District 33 (Hudson)
Assemblyman WILLIAM D. PAYNE
District 29 (Essex and Union)
Assemblyman ANTHONY CHIAPPONE
District 31 (Hudson)

Co-Sponsored by:

Assemblymen Mayer, Van Drew, McKeon, Assemblywoman Cruz-Perez, Assemblymen Chivukula, R.Smith, Assemblywoman Watson Coleman, Assemblymen Conners, Panter, Morgan, Fisher, Vas and Greenwald

SYNOPSIS

Increases monetary penalties for violations of "New Jersey Conflicts of Interest Law."

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.

(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 6/11/2004)

AN ACT concerning certain penalties for violations of the "New Jersey Conflicts of Interest Law" and amending P.L.1971, c.182.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 7 1. Section 10 of P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-21) is amended to 8 read as follows:
- 9 10. (a) The Executive Commission on Ethical Standards created pursuant to P.L.1967, [chapter 229] c.229, is continued and established in the Department of Law and Public Safety and shall constitute the first commission under P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-12 et al.).
 - (b) The commission shall be composed of nine members as follows: seven members appointed by the Governor from among State officers and employees serving in the Executive Branch; and two public members appointed by the Governor, not more than one of whom shall be of the same political party.

Each member appointed from the Executive Branch shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor during the term of office of the Governor appointing the member and until the member's successor is appointed and qualified. The public members shall serve for terms of four years and until the appointment and qualification of their successors, but of the public members first appointed, one shall serve for a term of two years and one shall serve for a term of four years. The Governor shall designate one member to serve as chairman and one member to serve as vice-chairman of the commission.

Vacancies in the membership of the commission shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments but, in the case of public members, for the unexpired term only. None of the public members shall be State officers or employees or special State officers or employees, except by reason of their service on the commission. A public member may be reappointed for subsequent terms on the commission.

- (c) Each member of the [said] commission shall serve without compensation but shall be entitled to be reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of the member's duties.
- 39 (d) The Attorney General shall act as legal adviser and counsel to 40 the [said] commission. The Attorney General shall upon request 41 advise the commission in the rendering of advisory opinions by the 42 commission, in the approval and review of codes of ethics adopted by 43 State agencies in the Executive Branch and in the recommendation of

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

revisions in codes of ethics or legislation relating to the conduct of
State officers and employees in the Executive Branch.

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- (e) The [said] commission may, within the limits of funds appropriated or otherwise made available to it for the purpose, employ such other professional, technical, clerical or other assistants, excepting legal counsel, and incur such expenses as may be necessary for the performance of its duties.
- 8 (f) The [said] commission, in order to perform its duties pursuant 9 to the provisions of P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-12 et al.), shall have 10 the power to conduct investigations, hold hearings, compel the 11 attendance of witnesses and the production before it of such books and 12 papers as it may deem necessary, proper and relevant to the matter 13 under investigation. The members of the [said] commission and the persons appointed by the commission for [such] that purpose are 14 15 hereby empowered to administer oaths and examine witnesses under 16 oath.
 - (g) The [said] commission is authorized to render advisory opinions as to whether a given set of facts and circumstances would, in its opinion, constitute a violation of the provisions of P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-12 et al.) or of a code of ethics promulgated pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-12 et al.).
- 22 (h) The [said] commission shall have jurisdiction to initiate, receive, hear and review complaints regarding violations, by any State 23 24 officer or employee or special State officer or employee in the 25 Executive Branch, of the provisions of P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-12 et al.) or of any code of ethics promulgated pursuant to the provisions 26 27 of P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-12 et al.). Any complaint regarding a 28 violation of a code of ethics may be referred by the commission for 29 disposition in accordance with subsection (d) of section 12 of 30 P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-23).
- 31 (i) Any State officer or employee or special State officer or 32 employee found guilty by the commission of violating any provision of P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-12 et al.) or of a code of ethics 33 34 promulgated pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1971, c.182 35 (C.52:13D-12 et al.) shall be fined not less than [\$100.00] <u>\$500</u> nor more than [\$500.00] \$10,000, which penalty may be collected in a 36 summary proceeding pursuant to ["The Penalty Enforcement Law of 37 38 1999] the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 39 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.), and may be suspended from [his] office or employment by order of the commission for a period of not in excess 40 41 of one year. If the commission finds that the conduct of [such] the 42 officer or employee constitutes a willful and continuous disregard of 43 the provisions of P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-12 et al.) or of a code of 44 ethics promulgated pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-12 et al.), it may order [such] that person removed from 45

- 1 [his] office or employment and may further bar [such] the person 2 from holding any public office or employment in this State in any
- capacity whatsoever for a period of not exceeding five years from the
 date on which the person was found guilty by the commission.
- 5 (j) The remedies provided herein are in addition to all other 6 criminal and civil remedies provided under the law.

7 (cf: P.L.2003, c.160, s.1)

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- 9 2. Section 11 of P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-22) is amended to 10 read as follows:
- 11. (a) The Joint Legislative Committee on Ethical Standards 12 created pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1967, [chapter 229] c.229, 13 as continued and established pursuant to P.L.1971, c.182, is continued 14 and established in the Legislative Branch of State Government with the 15 addition of the public members as set forth in this section.
- (b) The joint committee shall be composed of 12 members as 16 17 follows: four members of the Senate appointed by the President 18 thereof, no more than two of whom shall be of the same political 19 party; four members of the General Assembly, appointed by the Speaker thereof, no more than two of whom shall be of the same 20 21 political party; and four public members, one appointed by the 22 President of the Senate, one appointed by the Speaker of the General 23 Assembly, one appointed by the Minority Leader of the Senate and one 24 appointed by the Minority Leader of the General Assembly.
- 25 No public member shall be a lobbyist or legislative agent as defined by the "Legislative Activities Disclosure Act of 1971," P.L.1971, 26 27 c.183 (C.52:13C-18 et seq.), a full-time State employee or an officer or director of any entity which is required to file a statement with the 28 29 Election Law Enforcement Commission, and no former lobbyist or 30 legislative agent shall be eligible to serve as a public member for one 31 year following the cessation of all activity by that person as a 32 legislative agent or lobbyist.
 - The legislative members shall serve until the end of the two-year legislative term during which the members are appointed. The public members shall serve for terms of two years and until the appointment and qualification of their successors.
- 37 The terms of the public members shall run from the second Tuesday 38 in January of an even-numbered year to the second Tuesday in January 39 of the next even-numbered year, regardless of the original date of 40 appointment. Notwithstanding the terms of the public members as established in this section, the public members first appointed shall 41 42 serve from their initial appointments, all of which shall be made not 43 later than the 60th day following the effective date of this act, until the 44 second Tuesday in January of the next even-numbered year.
- Vacancies in the membership of the joint committee shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments, but for the unexpired

term only. Public members of the joint committee shall serve without compensation, but shall be entitled to be reimbursed for all actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties.

- (c) The joint committee shall organize as soon as may be practicable after the appointment of its members, by the selection of a chairman and vice chairman from among its membership and the appointment of a secretary, who need not be a member of the joint committee.
- (d) The Legislative Counsel in the Office of Legislative Services shall act as legal adviser to the joint committee. [He] The Legislative Counsel shall, upon request, assist and advise the joint committee in the rendering of advisory opinions by the joint committee, in the approval and review of codes of ethics adopted by State agencies in the Legislative Branch, and in the recommendation of revisions in codes of ethics or legislation relating to the conduct of members of the Legislature or State officers and employees in the Legislative Branch.
- (e) The joint committee may, within the limits of funds appropriated or otherwise available to it for the purpose, employ other professional, technical, clerical or other assistants, excepting legal counsel, and incur expenses as may be necessary to the performance of its duties.
- (f) The joint committee shall have all the powers granted pursuant to chapter 13 of Title 52 of the Revised Statutes.
- (g) The joint committee is authorized to render advisory opinions as to whether a given set of facts and circumstances would, in its opinion, constitute a violation of the provisions of this act, of a code of ethics promulgated pursuant to the provisions of this act or of any rule of either or both Houses which gives the joint committee jurisdiction and the authority to investigate a matter.
- (h) The joint committee shall have jurisdiction to initiate, receive, hear and review complaints regarding violations of the provisions of this act or of a code of ethics promulgated pursuant to the provisions of this act. It shall further have such jurisdiction as to enforcement of the rules of either or both Houses of the Legislature governing the conduct of the members or employees thereof as those rules may confer upon the joint committee. A complaint regarding a violation of a code of ethics promulgated pursuant to the provisions of this act may be referred by the joint committee for disposition in accordance with subsection 12(d) of this act.
- 40 (i) Any State officer or employee or special State officer or employee in the Legislative Branch found guilty by the joint committee of violating any provisions of this act, of a code of ethics promulgated pursuant to the provisions of this act or of any rule of either or both Houses which gives the joint committee jurisdiction and the authority to investigate a matter shall be fined not less than \$500.00 nor more than [\$1,500.00] \$10,000, which penalty may be collected in a

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summary proceeding pursuant to ["the penalty enforcement law" 1 (N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq.)] the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," 2 P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.), and may be reprimanded and 3 4 ordered to pay restitution where appropriate and may be suspended 5 from [his] office or employment by order of the joint committee for 6 a period not in excess of 1 year. If the joint committee finds that the 7 conduct of [such] the officer or employee constitutes a willful and continuous disregard of the provisions of this act, of a code of ethics 8 9 promulgated pursuant to the provisions of this act or of any rule of either or both Houses which gives the joint committee jurisdiction and 10 the authority to investigate a matter, it may order [such] that person 11 12 removed from [his] office or employment and may further bar [such] the person from holding any public office or employment in this State 13 14 in any capacity whatsoever for a period of not exceeding 5 years from 15 the date on which [he] the person was found guilty by the joint 16 committee.

(j) A member of the Legislature who shall be found guilty by the joint committee of violating the provisions of this act, of a code of ethics promulgated pursuant to the provisions of this act or of any rule of either or both Houses which gives the joint committee jurisdiction and the authority to investigate a matter shall be fined not less than \$500.00 nor more than **[**\$1,500.00**]** <u>\$10,000</u>, which penalty may be collected in a summary proceeding pursuant to ["the penalty enforcement law" (N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq.)] the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.), and shall be subject to such further action as may be determined by the House of which [he] the person is a member. In such cases the joint committee shall report its findings to the appropriate House and shall recommend to the House such further action as the joint committee deems appropriate, but it shall be the sole responsibility of the House to determine what further action, if any, shall be taken against such member.

33 (cf: P.L.1991, c.505, s.1)

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3. This act shall take effect immediately, but any increased penalties shall apply only to violations occurring on or after the effective date of this act.

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STATEMENT

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This bill would increase the civil penalties for violations of the
"New Jersey Conflicts of Interest Law." Current law provides for a
fine of between \$100 and \$500 for State officers or employees and a
fine of between \$500 and \$1,500 for members of the Legislature and

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- 1 Legislative Branch officers or employees, for a violation of that act.
- 2 This bill would raise the penalty to a fine of between \$500 and
- 3 \$10,000 for both branches.
- 4 The increased monetary penalties for violations of the "New Jersey
- 5 Conflicts of Interest Law" prescribed by this bill should help to
- 6 strengthen public confidence in the integrity of the activities of State
- 7 officials.

ASSEMBLY STATE GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 18

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 3, 2004

The Assembly State Government Committee reports favorably Assembly, No. 18.

This bill increases the civil penalties for violations of the "New Jersey Conflicts of Interest Law." Current law provides a fine of between \$100 and \$500 for State officers or employees of the Executive Branch, and a fine of between \$500 and \$1,500 for members of the Legislature and Legislative Branch officers or employees, for a violation of that act. This bill raises the penalty to a fine of between \$500 and \$10,000 for both branches.

This bill is the same as Senate, No. 18 of 2004.

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state of new jersey

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RELEASE: June 16, 2004

Office of the Governor

News Releases

Previous Screen

McGreevey Signs Landmark Ethics Reform Legislation

Bills Provide A More Accountable and Transparent Government

(TRENTON) – Governor James E. McGreevey today signed into law the strongest ethics and campaign finance reform package in the history of New Jersey – and one of the strongest in the nation.

"Today is a good day for government and a victory for our citizens," said Governor McGreevey. "From the stronger penalties, to the increased disclosure, to the end of the influence of campaign contributions on no-bid contracts, this reform package provides a more accountable and more transparent government for all. I want to congratulate the citizens, the State Legislature, and the numerous advocacy groups who helped make these reforms a reality."

The legislation is the most comprehensive ethics and campaign finance reform initiative the State has embarked upon in more than 30 years and makes New Jersey only the fourth state in the entire country to enact a "pay-to-play" ban.

"The numerous positive achievements in this legislation clearly demonstrate how Democrats have seized the initiative on ethics reform," said Senate Majority Leader Bernard F. Kenny Jr. (D-Hudson). "As the Majority Party, Democrats have acted to put us in the right direction after years of inaction by the Republicans. The reforms enacted today are long overdue, but they mark the beginning - not the end - of our commitment to eliminate any perception that those who give the most to political campaigns get favored treatment in the form of lucrative State contracts."

Among the reforms the package are: prohibiting anyone who receives a no-bid contract from making certain political contributions; strengthening legislative ethics; enhancing reporting of legislators' financial disclosure requirements, hidden financial interests, and

conflicts of interests; increasing penalties for ethics and campaign finance violations and for illegally soliciting campaign contributions; and expanding the definition of lobbyist and legislative agent, ensuring that all parties who seeks to influence government are properly disclosed.

One of the main components of the ethics reform package is S-2/A-2, which prohibits state, county or local government officials from awarding no-bid contracts to their campaign contributors and prohibits no-bid contract holders from contributing to officials holding office at the government level in which the contract is in effect.

"This has been a long and winding journey, but today New Jersey sets an unprecedented standard for disclosure and transparency, and takes significant steps to reduce the influence of money in politics," said Governor McGreevey. "We should be proud of the example New Jersey has set for the rest of the nation, but we must also continue to work together to uphold the highest standards of ethical conduct."

The ethics reform package signed into law today includes:

- S-2 -- Prohibits campaign contributions by certain business entities performing State, county and local contracts, as well as prohibits certain contributions by county committee of political party.
- **S-4** -- Extends certain financial disclosure requirements to lobbying conducted through advertisements and direct mail to general public.
- A-5 -- Change the minimum contribution that needs to be reported to the Election Law Enforcement Commission (ELEC) from \$400 to \$300 and requires the reporting of all cash campaign contributions.
- **A-6** -- Requires professional campaign fundraisers to register and file quarterly reports with ELEC.
- A-7 -- Expands campaign communications require identification to include telephone calls featuring recorded messages made in regard to candidates and public questions. The message or call would clearly state the name of business or address of the committee, group or person that financed the communication.

"Just as voters have a right to know who is sending them campaign literature, New Jerseyans should see who is behind commercials or advertisements calling for action on a specific bill or regulation under consideration," said Assemblywoman Linda Greenstein (D-Mercer/Middlesex). "Issue ads are nothing more than thinly-veiled political campaign commercials, and all money spent on them should be publicly disclosed."

• **S-8** -- Prohibits the solicitation or making of political contributions on state property by state officeholders or their representatives.

- **A-9** -- Requires Election Law Enforcement Commission (ELEC) to assess its Internet site and recommend improvements for the site's format and content. ELEC) would evaluate the presentation, accessibility, convenience, and usefulness of its Web site and recommend upgrades.
- S-10 -- Requires certain campaign and organizational treasurers to be trained by ELEC. It also requires ELEC to make the training program available over its Internet site within one year of the bill's enactment.
- A-11 -- Increases the maximum fines for violating campaign contribution and expenditure limit, reporting requirements and payment restrictions. The bill doubles the maximum fines that may be imposed for a variety of violations.
- A-12 -- Requires certain election committees/ joint candidates committees to file a report with ELEC within 48 hours of making certain expenditures in excess of \$800 during certain periods of an election cycle.
- A-14 -- Blocks legislators, Governor and department heads from lobbying activities for one year after leaving office.

"The strong link between government service and private lobbying creates - at a minimum - an appearance of impropriety in the eyes of the public," said Assemblyman Michael J. Panter (D-Monmouth/Mercer). "It also creates the very real possibility that the judgment of an elected or appointed official could be affected by their own financial concerns rather than the public's best interest. The signing of this bill today represents a new era in New Jersey politics, and a step in the right direction toward good government."

- A-15 Prohibits employment or assignment of relatives of certain employees of the
 Executive Branch, independent authorities, and interstate agencies to specific
 positions. Expands upon last year's nepotism ban by extending the definition of
 immediate family and including certain Executive Branch departments and
 commissions.
- S-16 Bans any member of the Legislature from acting on legislation in which they or their family member has a personal interest. The bill eliminates the option of filing a personal interest statement and instead prohibits the member from acting on legislation that they have a personal interest.
- S-17-- Changes memberships of Executive Commission on Ethical Standards and Joint Legislative Committee on Ethical Standards. The changes equalize the number of public and governmental official members.
- S-18 -- Increases monetary penalties for violations of "New Jersey Conflicts of Interest Law." The bill increases the fine for civil violations of the conflict of interest laws to between \$500 and \$10,000 for State officers and employees or

members of the Legislature.

- S-19-- Requires candidates seeking office of Governor or legislator to disclose prior conviction for criminal offense. Candidates would be required to file a form setting out whether they have been convicted of an indictable crime.
 - "As legislators, we often consider measures that would require members of the public to undergo criminal background checks or disclose criminal histories prior to consideration for employment," said Assemblyman Jeff Van Drew (D-Cape May). "However, current state law fails to require state elected officials to disclose similar backgrounds. This is more than a statutory anomaly. It is an error in need of immediate correction."
- S-22 -- Expands the definition of lobbyist and legislative agent to include those who influence the governmental process and actions in the Executive Branch, agency, or instrumentality.
- A-23 -- Requires ELEC to conduct random audits of records kept by legislative agents. Currently, ELEC has the authority to conduct such audits, but this bill would require them to do so.
- A-24 -- Directs ELEC to collect \$100 annual fee from legislative agents. The fee would be deposited in the general fund to be appropriated to ELEC. The fee would offset the costs of ELEC's new responsibilities.
- A-25 -- Prohibits legislative agents from accepting contingency fees to influence legislation or regulations. This bill amends the existing law by eliminating the ability of a legislative agent to enter into a contingency fee agreement with a client. The legislative agent's reimbursement could not be dependent upon the whether or not he or she was successful in trying to influence legislation or regulation.