45:11-23

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

No

No

No

				Compiled by the NJ State Law L	ibrary		
LAWS OF:	2004	CHAPTER:	122	(Advanced practice nurses)			
NJSA:	45:11-	45:11-23					
BILL NO:	S1078 (Substituted for A2807)						
SPONSOR(S)	SPONSOR(S): Vitale and others						
DATE INTRO	DUCED:	February 23,	2004				
COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: SENATE: Health, Human Services and Senior Citizens							
AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes							
DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: June 21, 2004							
SENATE: June 21, 2004							
DATE OF APPROVAL: August 11, 2004							
FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:							
FINAL TEXT OF BILL 3 rd reprint enacted							
S1078 SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 6 of original bill) Yes							
	сомм		IENT:	ASSEMBLY:	No		
				SENATE:	Yes		
FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT:					Yes <u>5-20-2004</u> <u>6-17-2004</u>		
LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No							
A2807 <u>SPONSOR'S STATEMENT</u> : (Begins on page 7 of original bill) <u>Yes</u>							
	COMM	TTEE STATEM	IENT:	ASSEMBLY:	Yes		
				SENATE:	No		
	FLOOR		STATE	MENT:	No		

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE:

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING:

VETO MESSAGE:

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

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REPORTS:	No
HEARINGS:	No
NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:	No

P.L. 2004, CHAPTER 122, approved August 11, 2004 Senate, No. 1078 (Third Reprint)

1 AN ACT concerning advanced practice nurses and amending P.L.1947, 2 c.262 and P.L.1991, c.377. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. Section 1 of P.L.1947, c.262 (C.45:11-23) is amended to read 8 as follows: 9 1. As used in this act: 10 a. The words "the board" mean the New Jersey Board of Nursing created by this act. 11 b. The practice of nursing as a registered professional nurse is 12 defined as diagnosing and treating human responses to actual or 13 14 potential physical and emotional health problems, through such 15 services as casefinding, health teaching, health counseling, and provision of care supportive to or restorative of life and well-being, 16 and executing medical regimens as prescribed by a licensed or 17 18 otherwise legally authorized physician or dentist. Diagnosing in the 19 context of nursing practice means [that] the identification of and 20 discrimination between physical and psychosocial signs and symptoms 21 essential to effective execution and management of the nursing 22 regimen within the scope of practice of the registered professional [Such diagnostic privilege is distinct from a medical 23 nurse. diagnosis.] ²Such diagnostic privilege is distinct from a medical 24 diagnosis.² Treating means selection and performance of those 25 therapeutic measures essential to the effective management and 26 27 execution of the nursing regimen. Human responses means those 28 signs, symptoms, and processes which denote the individual's health 29 need or reaction to an actual or potential health problem. The practice of nursing as a licensed practical nurse is defined as 30 performing tasks and responsibilities within the framework of 31 32 casefinding; reinforcing the patient and family teaching program 33 through health teaching, health counseling and provision of supportive 34 and restorative care, under the direction of a registered nurse or 35 licensed or otherwise legally authorized physician or dentist. The terms "nursing," "professional nursing," and "practical nursing" 36 37 as used in this act shall not be construed to include nursing by students 38 enrolled in a school of nursing accredited or approved by the board 39 performed in the prescribed course of study and training, nor nursing

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in **bold-faced brackets** [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹ Senate SHH committee amendments adopted May 6, 2004.

² Senate floor amendments adopted May 20, 2004.

³ Senate floor amendments adopted June 17, 2004.

1 performed in hospitals, institutions and agencies approved by the 2 board for this purpose by graduates of such schools pending the results 3 of the first licensing examination scheduled by the board following 4 completion of a course of study and training and the attaining of age qualification for examination, or thereafter with the approval of the 5 6 board in the case of each individual pending results of subsequent 7 examinations; nor shall any of said terms be construed to include 8 nursing performed for a period not exceeding 12 months unless the 9 board shall approve a longer period, in hospitals, institutions or 10 agencies by a nurse legally qualified under the laws of another state or 11 country, pending results of an application for licensing under this act, 12 if such nurse does not represent or hold himself or herself out as a 13 nurse licensed to practice under this act; nor shall any of said terms be 14 construed to include the practice of nursing in this State by any legally 15 qualified nurse of another state whose engagement made outside of this State requires such nurse to accompany and care for the patient 16 17 while in this State during the period of such engagement, not to 18 exceed six months in this State, if such nurse does not represent or 19 hold himself or herself out as a nurse licensed to practice in this State; 20 nor shall any of said terms be construed to include nursing performed 21 by employees or officers of the United States Government or any 22 agency or service thereof while in the discharge of his or her official 23 duties; nor shall any of said terms be construed to include services 24 performed by nurses aides, attendants, orderlies and ward helpers in 25 hospitals, institutions and agencies or by technicians, physiotherapists, 26 or medical secretaries, and such duties performed by said persons 27 aforementioned shall not be subject to rules or regulations which the 28 board may prescribe concerning nursing; nor shall any of said terms be 29 construed to include first aid nursing assistance, or gratuitous care by 30 friends or members of the family of a sick or infirm person, or 31 incidental care of the sick by a person employed primarily as a 32 domestic or housekeeper, notwithstanding that the occasion for such employment may be sickness, if such incidental care does not 33 34 constitute professional nursing and such person does not claim or 35 purport to be a licensed nurse; nor shall any of said terms be construed to include services rendered in accordance with the practice of the 36 37 religious tenets of any well-recognized church or denomination which 38 subscribes to the art of healing by prayer. A person who is otherwise 39 qualified shall not be denied licensure as a professional nurse or 40 practical nurse by reason of the circumstances that such person is in 41 religious life and has taken a vow of poverty.

c. "Homemaker-home health aide" means a person who is
employed by a home care services agency and who is performing
delegated nursing regimens or nursing tasks delegated through the
authority of a duly licensed registered professional nurse. "Home care
services agency" means home health agencies, assisted living

1 residences, comprehensive personal care homes, assisted living 2 programs or alternate family care sponsor agencies licensed by the 3 Department of Health and Senior Services pursuant to P.L.1971, c.136 4 (C.26:2H-1 et al.), nonprofit homemaker-home health aide agencies, and health care service firms regulated by the Director of the Division 5 of Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety and 6 7 the Attorney General pursuant to P.L.1989, c.331 (C.34:8-43 et seq.) 8 and P.L.1960, c.39 (C.56:8-1 et seq.) respectively, which are engaged 9 in the business of procuring or offering to procure employment for 10 homemaker-home health aides, where a fee may be exacted, charged 11 or received directly or indirectly for procuring or offering to procure 12 that employment. 13 d. "Advanced practice nurse" means a person who holds a 14 certification in accordance with section 8 or 9 of P.L.1991, c.377 15 (C.45:11-47 or 45:11-48). e. "Collaborating physician" means a person licensed to practice 16 17 medicine and surgery pursuant to chapter 9 of Title 45 of the Revised Statutes who agrees to work with an advanced practice nurse. 18 19 Nothing in this act shall confer the authority to a person licensed to 20 practice nursing to practice another health profession as currently 21 defined in Title 45 of the Revised Statutes. 22 (cf: P.L.1999, c.101, s.1) 23 24 2. Section 10 of P.L.1991, c.377 (C.45:11-49) is amended to read 25 as follows: 26 10. a. In addition to all other tasks which a registered professional 27 nurse may, by law, perform, an advanced practice nurse may manage 28 [specific common] preventive care services, and diagnose and manage deviations from wellness and [stabilized] long-term illnesses ³. 29 30 consistent with the needs of the patient and within the scope of 31 practice of the advanced practice nurse,³ by: 32 (1) initiating laboratory and other diagnostic tests; [and] 33 (2) prescribing or ordering medications and devices, as authorized 34 by subsections b. and c. of this section: and 35 (3) prescribing or ordering treatments, including referrals to other 36 licensed health care professionals, and performing specific procedures 37 ³[which treatments and procedures are consistent with the needs of 38 the patient and within the scope of practice of the advanced practice 39 nurse] in accordance with the provisions of this subsection³. b. An advanced practice nurse may order medications and devices 40 in the inpatient setting, subject to the following conditions: 41 42 (1) [Controlled dangerous substances may be ordered: (a) to continue or reissue an order or prescription for a controlled 43 44 dangerous substance originally ordered or prescribed by the 45 collaborating physician or to otherwise adjust the dosage of that medication, provided there is prior consultation with the collaborating 46 47 physician or a physician designated by the collaborating physician; or

1 (b) for a patient in an end-of-life situation or as part of a treatment 2 plan for a patient with a terminal illness.]¹[(Deleted by 3 amendment, P.L., c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill).)] the collaborating physician and advanced practice nurse ²[address the 4 initiating of controlled dangerous substances in the joint protocols] 5 6 shall address in the joint protocols whether prior consultation with the 7 collaborating physician is required to initiate an order for a controlled dangerous substance²;¹ 8 9 (2) the order is written in accordance with standing orders or joint 10 protocols developed in agreement between a collaborating physician and the advanced practice nurse, or pursuant to the specific direction 11 12 of a physician; 13 (3) the advanced practice nurse authorizes the order by signing his 14 own name, printing the name and certification number, and printing the 15 collaborating physician's name; 16 (4) the physician is present or readily available through electronic

(4) the physician is present or readily available through electroniccommunications;

(5) the charts and records of the patients treated by the advanced
practice nurse are reviewed by the collaborating physician and the
advanced practice nurse within the period of time specified by rule
adopted by the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services pursuant
to section 13 of P.L.1991, c.377 (C.45:11-52); ¹[and]¹

(6) the joint protocols developed by the collaborating physician and
the advanced practice nurse are reviewed, updated and signed at least
annually by both parties¹: and

(7) the advanced practice nurse has completed six contact hours of 26 27 continuing professional education in pharmacology related to 28 controlled substances, including pharmacologic therapy and addiction 29 prevention and management, in accordance with regulations adopted 30 by the New Jersey Board of Nursing. The six contact hours shall be in addition to New Jersey Board of Nursing pharmacology education 31 32 requirements for advanced practice nurses related to initial 33 certification and recertification of an advanced practice nurse as set 34 forth in N.J.A.C.13:37-7.2 and 13:37-7.5¹.

c. An advanced practice nurse may prescribe medications and
devices in all other medically appropriate settings, subject to the
following conditions:

38 (1) [Controlled dangerous substances may be prescribed:

39 (a) to continue or reissue an order or prescription for a controlled 40 dangerous substance originally ordered or prescribed by the collaborating physician or to otherwise adjust the dosage of that 41 42 medication, provided there is prior consultation with the collaborating physician or a physician designated by the collaborating physician; or 43 44 (b) for a patient in an end-of-life situation or as part of a treatment 45 plan for a patient with a terminal illness.]¹[(Deleted by amendment, P.L., c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill).)] 46

the collaborating physician and advanced practice nurse ²[address the 1 2 initiating of controlled dangerous substances in the joint protocols] 3 shall address in the joint protocols whether prior consultation with the 4 collaborating physician is required to initiate a prescription for a controlled dangerous substance²:¹ 5 (2) the prescription is written in accordance with standing orders 6 7 or joint protocols developed in agreement between a collaborating 8 physician and the advanced practice nurse, or pursuant to the specific direction of a physician; 9 10 (3) the advanced practice nurse writes the prescription on [the 11 prescription blank of the collaborating physician] a New Jersey Prescription Blank pursuant to P.L.2003, c.280 (C.45:14-40 et seq.), 12 13 signs his name to the prescription and prints his name and certification 14 number; 15 (4) the prescription is dated and includes the name of the patient 16 and the name, address and telephone number of the collaborating 17 physician; 18 (5) the physician is present or readily available through electronic 19 communications; 20 (6) the charts and records of the patients treated by the advanced 21 practice nurse are periodically reviewed by the collaborating physician and the advanced practice nurse; ¹[and]¹ 22 (7) the joint protocols developed by the collaborating physician and 23 24 the advanced practice nurse are reviewed, updated and signed at least annually by both parties¹; and 25 (8) the advanced practice nurse has completed six contact hours of 26 27 continuing professional education in pharmacology related to 28 controlled substances, including pharmacologic therapy and addiction 29 prevention and management, in accordance with regulations adopted 30 by the New Jersey Board of Nursing. The six contact hours shall be in addition to New Jersey Board of Nursing pharmacology education 31 32 requirements for advanced practice nurses related to initial 33 certification and recertification of an advanced practice nurse as set 34 forth in N.J.A.C.13:37-7.2 and 13:37-7.5¹. 35 d. The joint protocols employed pursuant to subsections b. and c. 36 of this section shall conform with standards adopted by the Director 37 of the Division of Consumer Affairs pursuant to section 12 of P.L.1991, c.377 (C.45:11-51) or section 10 of P.L.1999, c.85 38 (C.45:11-49.2)[)], as applicable. 39 e. [As used in this section: "end-of-life situation" means having an 40 41 incurable medical condition caused by injury, disease or illness which 42 to a reasonable degree of medical certainty makes death imminent, and 43 from which there can be no recovery despite the application of life-sustaining procedures; and "terminal illness" means a medical 44 45 condition which results in a patient's life expectancy being 12 months or less.](Deleted by amendment, P.L., c. (Pending before the 46

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S1078 [3R]
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1 Legislature as this bill).) (cf: P.L.1999, c.85, s.7) 2 3 4 ³[3. The Commissioner of Health and Senior Services shall adopt 5 rules and regulations, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), to effectuate the purposes of 6 7 this act.]³ 8 ³[4.] <u>3.</u>³ This act shall take effect on the 90th day following 9 enactment³[, but the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services may 10 take such anticipatory administrative action in advance as shall be 11 necessary for the implementation of the act]³. 12 13 14 15 16 Expands duties performed by advanced practice nurses. 17

SENATE, No. 1078 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 23, 2004

Sponsored by: Senator JOSEPH F. VITALE District 19 (Middlesex) Senator FRED MADDEN District 4 (Camden and Gloucester)

SYNOPSIS

Expands duties performed by advanced practice nurses.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 2/24/2004)

AN ACT concerning advanced practice nurses and amending P.L.1947, 1 2 c.262 and P.L.1991, c.377. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. Section 1 of P.L.1947, c.262 (C.45:11-23) is amended to read 8 as follows: 9 1. As used in this act: a. The words "the board" mean the New Jersey Board of Nursing 10 11 created by this act. 12 b. The practice of nursing as a registered professional nurse is 13 defined as diagnosing and treating human responses to actual or 14 potential physical and emotional health problems, through such 15 services as casefinding, health teaching, health counseling, and 16 provision of care supportive to or restorative of life and well-being, 17 and executing medical regimens as prescribed by a licensed or otherwise legally authorized physician or dentist. Diagnosing in the 18 19 context of nursing practice means [that] the identification of and 20 discrimination between physical and psychosocial signs and symptoms 21 essential to effective execution and management of the nursing 22 regimen within the scope of practice of the registered professional 23 nurse. [Such diagnostic privilege is distinct from a medical 24 diagnosis.] Treating means selection and performance of those 25 therapeutic measures essential to the effective management and 26 execution of the nursing regimen. Human responses means those 27 signs, symptoms, and processes which denote the individual's health 28 need or reaction to an actual or potential health problem. The practice of nursing as a licensed practical nurse is defined as 29 30 performing tasks and responsibilities within the framework of 31 casefinding; reinforcing the patient and family teaching program 32 through health teaching, health counseling and provision of supportive and restorative care, under the direction of a registered nurse or 33 34 licensed or otherwise legally authorized physician or dentist. 35 The terms "nursing," "professional nursing," and "practical nursing" 36 as used in this act shall not be construed to include nursing by students 37 enrolled in a school of nursing accredited or approved by the board performed in the prescribed course of study and training, nor nursing 38 39 performed in hospitals, institutions and agencies approved by the 40 board for this purpose by graduates of such schools pending the results 41 of the first licensing examination scheduled by the board following 42 completion of a course of study and training and the attaining of age 43 qualification for examination, or thereafter with the approval of the

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

1 board in the case of each individual pending results of subsequent 2 examinations; nor shall any of said terms be construed to include 3 nursing performed for a period not exceeding 12 months unless the 4 board shall approve a longer period, in hospitals, institutions or agencies by a nurse legally qualified under the laws of another state or 5 6 country, pending results of an application for licensing under this act, 7 if such nurse does not represent or hold himself or herself out as a 8 nurse licensed to practice under this act; nor shall any of said terms be 9 construed to include the practice of nursing in this State by any legally 10 qualified nurse of another state whose engagement made outside of 11 this State requires such nurse to accompany and care for the patient 12 while in this State during the period of such engagement, not to exceed six months in this State, if such nurse does not represent or 13 14 hold himself or herself out as a nurse licensed to practice in this State; 15 nor shall any of said terms be construed to include nursing performed by employees or officers of the United States Government or any 16 17 agency or service thereof while in the discharge of his or her official 18 duties; nor shall any of said terms be construed to include services 19 performed by nurses aides, attendants, orderlies and ward helpers in 20 hospitals, institutions and agencies or by technicians, physiotherapists, 21 or medical secretaries, and such duties performed by said persons 22 aforementioned shall not be subject to rules or regulations which the 23 board may prescribe concerning nursing; nor shall any of said terms be 24 construed to include first aid nursing assistance, or gratuitous care by 25 friends or members of the family of a sick or infirm person, or 26 incidental care of the sick by a person employed primarily as a 27 domestic or housekeeper, notwithstanding that the occasion for such 28 employment may be sickness, if such incidental care does not 29 constitute professional nursing and such person does not claim or 30 purport to be a licensed nurse; nor shall any of said terms be construed 31 to include services rendered in accordance with the practice of the 32 religious tenets of any well-recognized church or denomination which subscribes to the art of healing by prayer. A person who is otherwise 33 34 qualified shall not be denied licensure as a professional nurse or 35 practical nurse by reason of the circumstances that such person is in religious life and has taken a vow of poverty. 36 37 "Homemaker-home health aide" means a person who is c.

38 employed by a home care services agency and who is performing 39 delegated nursing regimens or nursing tasks delegated through the 40 authority of a duly licensed registered professional nurse. "Home care 41 services agency" means home health agencies, assisted living 42 residences, comprehensive personal care homes, assisted living 43 programs or alternate family care sponsor agencies licensed by the 44 Department of Health and Senior Services pursuant to P.L.1971, c.136 45 (C.26:2H-1 et al.), nonprofit homemaker-home health aide agencies, 46 and health care service firms regulated by the Director of the Division

1 of Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety and 2 the Attorney General pursuant to P.L.1989, c.331 (C.34:8-43 et seq.) and P.L.1960, c.39 (C.56:8-1 et seq.) respectively, which are engaged 3 4 in the business of procuring or offering to procure employment for homemaker-home health aides, where a fee may be exacted, charged 5 6 or received directly or indirectly for procuring or offering to procure 7 that employment. 8 d. "Advanced practice nurse" means a person who holds a 9 certification in accordance with section 8 or 9 of P.L.1991, c.377 10 (C.45:11-47 or 45:11-48). 11 e. "Collaborating physician" means a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery pursuant to chapter 9 of Title 45 of the Revised 12 13 Statutes who agrees to work with an advanced practice nurse. 14 Nothing in this act shall confer the authority to a person licensed to 15 practice nursing to practice another health profession as currently defined in Title 45 of the Revised Statutes. 16 (cf: P.L.1999, c.101, s.1) 17 18 19 2. Section 10 of P.L.1991, c.377 (C.45:11-49) is amended to read 20 as follows: 21 10. a. In addition to all other tasks which a registered professional 22 nurse may, by law, perform, an advanced practice nurse may manage 23 [specific common] preventive care services, and diagnose and manage 24 deviations from wellness and [stabilized] long-term illnesses by: 25 (1) initiating laboratory and other diagnostic tests; [and] 26 (2) prescribing or ordering medications and devices, as authorized 27 by subsections b. and c. of this section: and 28 (3) prescribing or ordering treatments, including referrals to other 29 licensed health care professionals, and performing specific procedures 30 which treatments and procedures are consistent with the needs of the 31 patient and within the scope of practice of the advanced practice 32 nurse. 33 b. An advanced practice nurse may order medications and devices in the inpatient setting, subject to the following conditions: 34 35 (1) [Controlled dangerous substances may be ordered: (a) to continue or reissue an order or prescription for a controlled 36 37 dangerous substance originally ordered or prescribed by the 38 collaborating physician or to otherwise adjust the dosage of that 39 medication, provided there is prior consultation with the collaborating 40 physician or a physician designated by the collaborating physician; or 41 (b) for a patient in an end-of-life situation or as part of a treatment 42 plan for a patient with a terminal illness.](Deleted by amendment, P.L. ., c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill).) 43 44 (2) the order is written in accordance with standing orders or joint 45 protocols developed in agreement between a collaborating physician 46 and the advanced practice nurse, or pursuant to the specific direction 47 of a physician;

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(3) the advanced practice nurse authorizes the order by signing his

own name, printing the name and certification number, and printing the

3 collaborating physician's name; 4 (4) the physician is present or readily available through electronic 5 communications; 6 (5) the charts and records of the patients treated by the advanced 7 practice nurse are reviewed by the collaborating physician and the 8 advanced practice nurse within the period of time specified by rule 9 adopted by the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services pursuant to section 13 of P.L.1991, c.377 (C.45:11-52); and 10 11 (6) the joint protocols developed by the collaborating physician and the advanced practice nurse are reviewed, updated and signed at least 12 13 annually by both parties. 14 c. An advanced practice nurse may prescribe medications and 15 devices in all other medically appropriate settings, subject to the following conditions: 16 17 (1) [Controlled dangerous substances may be prescribed: (a) to continue or reissue an order or prescription for a controlled 18 19 dangerous substance originally ordered or prescribed by the 20 collaborating physician or to otherwise adjust the dosage of that 21 medication, provided there is prior consultation with the collaborating 22 physician or a physician designated by the collaborating physician; or 23 (b) for a patient in an end-of-life situation or as part of a treatment 24 plan for a patient with a terminal illness.](Deleted by 25 amendment, P.L., c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill).) 26 (2) the prescription is written in accordance with standing orders 27 or joint protocols developed in agreement between a collaborating

physician and the advanced practice nurse, or pursuant to the specific
direction of a physician;

30 (3) the advanced practice nurse writes the prescription on [the
31 prescription blank of the collaborating physician] <u>a New Jersey</u>
32 <u>Prescription Blank pursuant to P.L.2003, c.280 (C.45:14-40 et seq.)</u>,
33 signs his name to the prescription and prints his name and certification
34 number;

35 (4) the prescription is dated and includes the name of the patient
36 and the name, address and telephone number of the collaborating
37 physician;

(5) the physician is present or readily available through electroniccommunications;

40 (6) the charts and records of the patients treated by the advanced
41 practice nurse are periodically reviewed by the collaborating physician
42 and the advanced practice nurse; and

43 (7) the joint protocols developed by the collaborating physician and
44 the advanced practice nurse are reviewed, updated and signed at least
45 annually by both parties.

1 d. The joint protocols employed pursuant to subsections b. and c. 2 of this section shall conform with standards adopted by the Director of the Division of Consumer Affairs pursuant to section 12 of 3 4 P.L.1991, c.377 (C.45:11-51) or section 10 of P.L.1999, c.85 5 (C.45:11-49.2)[)], as applicable. e. [As used in this section: "end-of-life situation" means having an 6 7 incurable medical condition caused by injury, disease or illness which 8 to a reasonable degree of medical certainty makes death imminent, and 9 from which there can be no recovery despite the application of 10 life-sustaining procedures; and "terminal illness" means a medical condition which results in a patient's life expectancy being 12 months 11 12 or less.](Deleted by amendment, P.L., c. (Pending before the 13 Legislature as this bill).) (cf: P.L.1999, c.85, s.7) 14 15 3. The Commissioner of Health and Senior Services shall adopt 16 17 rules and regulations, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), to effectuate the purposes of 18 19 this act. 20 21 4. This act shall take effect on the 90th day following enactment, 22 but the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services may take such anticipatory administrative action in advance as shall be necessary for 23 24 the implementation of the act. 25 26 27 **STATEMENT** 28 29 This bill expands the duties that may be performed by advanced 30 practice nurses in the State. The provisions of the bill amend current law to clarify that 31 32 advanced practice nurses manage preventive care services and diagnose and manage deviations from wellness and long-term illnesses; 33 and, towards that end, prescribe and order treatments, including 34 referrals to other licensed health care professionals, and perform 35 36 specific procedures, which treatments and procedures are consistent 37 with the needs of a patient and within the scope of practice of the 38 advanced practice nurse. 39 With respect to ordering or prescribing medications, the bill 40 authorizes advanced practice nurses to initiate controlled dangerous substance prescriptions for all patients pursuant to joint protocols 41 established with a collaborating physician, and deletes from current 42 43 law the specific conditions under which controlled dangerous 44 substances may be ordered or prescribed by an advanced practice 45 nurse. Under current law, advanced practice nurses may prescribe controlled dangerous substances to renew or modify physician 46

prescriptions, and they may initiate prescription for end-of-life
 situations, always pursuant to joint protocols.

3 The bill also amends N.J.S.A.45:11-23 of the Nurse Practice Act to

4 delete the sentence "[S]uch diagnostic privilege is distinct from a

5 medical diagnosis" because nursing and the practice of medicine have

6 overlapping functions and responsibilities. The bill, however, adds the

phrase "within the scope of practice of the registered professionalnurse" to clarify the parameters of a nurse's diagnosis.

8 hurse to clarify the parameters of a nurse's diagnosis.

9 The bill also amends N.J.S.A.45:11-49 to delete obsolete language
10 concerning prescription blanks and provides, instead, a reference to
11 the law establishing uniform New Jersey Prescription Blanks,
12 N.J.S.A.45:14-40 et seq.

SENATE HEALTH, HUMAN SERVICES AND SENIOR CITIZENS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 1078

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 6, 2004

The Senate Health, Human Services and Senior Citizens Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 1078.

As amended by committee, this bill expands the duties that may be performed by advanced practice nurses in the State.

The provisions of the bill amend current law to clarify that advanced practice nurses manage preventive care services and diagnose and manage deviations from wellness and long-term illnesses; and, towards that end, prescribe and order treatments, including referrals to other licensed health care professionals, and perform specific procedures, which treatments and procedures are consistent with the needs of a patient and within the scope of practice of the advanced practice nurse.

With respect to ordering or prescribing medications, the bill authorizes advanced practice nurses to initiate controlled dangerous substance prescriptions for all patients pursuant to joint protocols established with a collaborating physician, and deletes from current law the specific conditions under which controlled dangerous substances may be ordered or prescribed by an advanced practice nurse. The bill also adds additional continuing professional education requirements in pharmacology that an advanced practice nurse must complete in order to exercise the expanded prescribing authority provided in the bill. Under current law, in accordance with joint protocols, advanced practice nurses may initiate prescriptions for endof-life situations, and they can prescribe or order controlled dangerous substances only to renew or modify physician prescriptions in all other settings.

The bill also amends N.J.S.A.45:11-23 of the Nurse Practice Act to delete the sentence "[S]uch diagnostic privilege is distinct from a medical diagnosis" because nursing and the practice of medicine have overlapping functions and responsibilities. The bill, however, adds the phrase "within the scope of practice of the registered professional nurse" to clarify the parameters of a nurse's diagnosis.

The bill also amends N.J.S.A.45:11-49 to delete obsolete language concerning prescription blanks and provides, instead, a reference to the law establishing uniform New Jersey Prescription Blanks, N.J.S.A.45:14-40 et seq.

The committee amended the bill to:

-- stipulate that the collaborating physician and advanced practice nurse address the initiating of controlled dangerous substances in their joint protocols;

-- require that the advanced practice nurse complete six contact hours of continuing professional education in pharmacology related to controlled substances, including pharmacologic therapy and addiction prevention and management, in accordance with regulations adopted by the New Jersey Board of Nursing. The six contact hours shall be in addition to New Jersey Board of Nursing pharmacology education requirements for advanced practice nurses related to initial certification and recertification of an advanced practice nurse as set forth in N.J.A.C.13:37-7.2 and 13:37-7.5.

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint] **SENATE, No. 1078**

with Senate Floor Amendments (Proposed By Senator VITALE)

ADOPTED: MAY 20, 2004

These amendments:

- restore the language in N.J.S.A.45:11-23 that provides that "Such diagnostic privilege is distinct from a medical diagnosis"; and

- clarify that the collaborating physician and the advanced practice nurse shall address in the joint protocols whether prior consultation with the collaborating physician is required to initiate an order or prescription for a controlled dangerous substance.

STATEMENT TO

[Second Reprint] SENATE, No. 1078

with Senate Floor Amendments (Proposed By Senator VITALE)

ADOPTED: JUNE 17, 2004

These amendments:

-- clarify that an advanced practice nurse may manage preventive care services, and diagnose and manage deviations from wellness and long-term illnesses, consistent with the needs of the patient and within the scope of practice of the advanced practice nurse; and

-- delete section 3 of the bill, which authorized the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services to adopt rules and regulations to carry out the purposes of the bill, since the Board of Nursing and Division of Consumer Affairs are authorized under existing law to adopt rules and regulations governing advanced practice nurses.

ASSEMBLY, No. 2807 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MAY 10, 2004

Sponsored by: Assemblywoman LORETTA WEINBERG District 37 (Bergen) Assemblyman ROBERT GORDON District 38 (Bergen)

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblyman Eagler

SYNOPSIS

Expands duties performed by advanced practice nurses.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 5/25/2004)

AN ACT concerning advanced practice nurses and amending P.L.1947, 1 2 c.262 and P.L.1991, c.377. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. Section 1 of P.L.1947, c.262 (C.45:11-23) is amended to read 8 as follows: 9 1. As used in this act: a. The words "the board" mean the New Jersey Board of Nursing 10 11 created by this act. 12 b. The practice of nursing as a registered professional nurse is 13 defined as diagnosing and treating human responses to actual or 14 potential physical and emotional health problems, through such 15 services as casefinding, health teaching, health counseling, and 16 provision of care supportive to or restorative of life and well-being, 17 and executing medical regimens as prescribed by a licensed or otherwise legally authorized physician or dentist. Diagnosing in the 18 19 context of nursing practice means [that] the identification of and 20 discrimination between physical and psychosocial signs and symptoms 21 essential to effective execution and management of the nursing 22 regimen within the scope of practice of the registered professional 23 nurse. [Such diagnostic privilege is distinct from a medical 24 diagnosis.] Treating means selection and performance of those 25 therapeutic measures essential to the effective management and 26 execution of the nursing regimen. Human responses means those 27 signs, symptoms, and processes which denote the individual's health 28 need or reaction to an actual or potential health problem. The practice of nursing as a licensed practical nurse is defined as 29 30 performing tasks and responsibilities within the framework of 31 casefinding; reinforcing the patient and family teaching program 32 through health teaching, health counseling and provision of supportive and restorative care, under the direction of a registered nurse or 33 34 licensed or otherwise legally authorized physician or dentist. 35 The terms "nursing," "professional nursing," and "practical nursing" 36 as used in this act shall not be construed to include nursing by students 37 enrolled in a school of nursing accredited or approved by the board performed in the prescribed course of study and training, nor nursing 38 39 performed in hospitals, institutions and agencies approved by the 40 board for this purpose by graduates of such schools pending the results 41 of the first licensing examination scheduled by the board following 42 completion of a course of study and training and the attaining of age 43 qualification for examination, or thereafter with the approval of the

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

1 board in the case of each individual pending results of subsequent 2 examinations; nor shall any of said terms be construed to include 3 nursing performed for a period not exceeding 12 months unless the 4 board shall approve a longer period, in hospitals, institutions or agencies by a nurse legally qualified under the laws of another state or 5 6 country, pending results of an application for licensing under this act, 7 if such nurse does not represent or hold himself or herself out as a 8 nurse licensed to practice under this act; nor shall any of said terms be 9 construed to include the practice of nursing in this State by any legally 10 qualified nurse of another state whose engagement made outside of 11 this State requires such nurse to accompany and care for the patient 12 while in this State during the period of such engagement, not to exceed six months in this State, if such nurse does not represent or 13 14 hold himself or herself out as a nurse licensed to practice in this State; 15 nor shall any of said terms be construed to include nursing performed by employees or officers of the United States Government or any 16 17 agency or service thereof while in the discharge of his or her official 18 duties; nor shall any of said terms be construed to include services 19 performed by nurses aides, attendants, orderlies and ward helpers in 20 hospitals, institutions and agencies or by technicians, physiotherapists, 21 or medical secretaries, and such duties performed by said persons 22 aforementioned shall not be subject to rules or regulations which the 23 board may prescribe concerning nursing; nor shall any of said terms be 24 construed to include first aid nursing assistance, or gratuitous care by 25 friends or members of the family of a sick or infirm person, or 26 incidental care of the sick by a person employed primarily as a 27 domestic or housekeeper, notwithstanding that the occasion for such 28 employment may be sickness, if such incidental care does not 29 constitute professional nursing and such person does not claim or 30 purport to be a licensed nurse; nor shall any of said terms be construed 31 to include services rendered in accordance with the practice of the 32 religious tenets of any well-recognized church or denomination which subscribes to the art of healing by prayer. A person who is otherwise 33 34 qualified shall not be denied licensure as a professional nurse or 35 practical nurse by reason of the circumstances that such person is in religious life and has taken a vow of poverty. 36

37 "Homemaker-home health aide" means a person who is c. 38 employed by a home care services agency and who is performing 39 delegated nursing regimens or nursing tasks delegated through the 40 authority of a duly licensed registered professional nurse. "Home care 41 services agency" means home health agencies, assisted living 42 residences, comprehensive personal care homes, assisted living 43 programs or alternate family care sponsor agencies licensed by the 44 Department of Health and Senior Services pursuant to P.L.1971, c.136 45 (C.26:2H-1 et al.), nonprofit homemaker-home health aide agencies, 46 and health care service firms regulated by the Director of the Division

1 of Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety and 2 the Attorney General pursuant to P.L.1989, c.331 (C.34:8-43 et seq.) 3 and P.L.1960, c.39 (C.56:8-1 et seq.) respectively, which are engaged 4 in the business of procuring or offering to procure employment for homemaker-home health aides, where a fee may be exacted, charged 5 6 or received directly or indirectly for procuring or offering to procure 7 that employment. 8 d. "Advanced practice nurse" means a person who holds a 9 certification in accordance with section 8 or 9 of P.L.1991, c.377 10 (C.45:11-47 or 45:11-48). 11 e. "Collaborating physician" means a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery pursuant to chapter 9 of Title 45 of the Revised 12 13 Statutes who agrees to work with an advanced practice nurse. 14 Nothing in this act shall confer the authority to a person licensed to 15 practice nursing to practice another health profession as currently defined in Title 45 of the Revised Statutes. 16 (cf: P.L.1999, c.101, s.1) 17 18 19 2. Section 10 of P.L.1991, c.377 (C.45:11-49) is amended to read 20 as follows: 21 10. a. In addition to all other tasks which a registered professional 22 nurse may, by law, perform, an advanced practice nurse may manage 23 [specific common] preventive care services, and diagnose and manage 24 deviations from wellness and [stabilized] long-term illnesses by: 25 (1) initiating laboratory and other diagnostic tests; [and] 26 (2) prescribing or ordering medications and devices, as authorized 27 by subsections b. and c. of this section: and 28 (3) prescribing or ordering treatments, including referrals to other 29 licensed health care professionals, and performing specific procedures 30 which treatments and procedures are consistent with the needs of the 31 patient and within the scope of practice of the advanced practice 32 nurse. 33 b. An advanced practice nurse may order medications and devices in the inpatient setting, subject to the following conditions: 34 35 (1) [Controlled dangerous substances may be ordered: (a) to continue or reissue an order or prescription for a controlled 36 37 dangerous substance originally ordered or prescribed by the 38 collaborating physician or to otherwise adjust the dosage of that 39 medication, provided there is prior consultation with the collaborating 40 physician or a physician designated by the collaborating physician; or 41 (b) for a patient in an end-of-life situation or as part of a treatment 42 plan for a patient with a terminal illness.] the collaborating physician and advanced practice nurse address the initiating of controlled 43 44 dangerous substances in the joint protocols; 45 (2) the order is written in accordance with standing orders or joint 46 protocols developed in agreement between a collaborating physician

1 and the advanced practice nurse, or pursuant to the specific direction 2 of a physician; 3 (3) the advanced practice nurse authorizes the order by signing his 4 own name, printing the name and certification number, and printing the 5 collaborating physician's name; 6 (4) the physician is present or readily available through electronic 7 communications; 8 (5) the charts and records of the patients treated by the advanced 9 practice nurse are reviewed by the collaborating physician and the 10 advanced practice nurse within the period of time specified by rule 11 adopted by the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services pursuant to section 13 of P.L.1991, c.377 (C.45:11-52); [and] 12 13 (6) the joint protocols developed by the collaborating physician and 14 the advanced practice nurse are reviewed, updated and signed at least 15 annually by both parties: and (7) the advanced practice nurse has completed six contact hours of 16 17 continuing professional education in pharmacology related to 18 controlled substances, including pharmacologic therapy and addiction 19 prevention and management, in accordance with regulations adopted 20 by the New Jersey Board of Nursing. The six contact hours shall be 21 in addition to New Jersey Board of Nursing pharmacology education 22 requirements for advanced practice nurses related to initial 23 certification and recertification of an advanced practice nurse as set 24 forth in N.J.A.C.13:37-7.2 and 13:37-7.5. 25 c. An advanced practice nurse may prescribe medications and 26 devices in all other medically appropriate settings, subject to the 27 following conditions: 28 (1) [Controlled dangerous substances may be prescribed: 29 (a) to continue or reissue an order or prescription for a controlled 30 dangerous substance originally ordered or prescribed by the 31 collaborating physician or to otherwise adjust the dosage of that 32 medication, provided there is prior consultation with the collaborating 33 physician or a physician designated by the collaborating physician; or 34 (b) for a patient in an end-of-life situation or as part of a treatment 35 plan for a patient with a terminal illness.] the collaborating physician and advanced practice nurse address the initiating of controlled 36 37 dangerous substances in the joint protocols; 38 (2) the prescription is written in accordance with standing orders 39 or joint protocols developed in agreement between a collaborating 40 physician and the advanced practice nurse, or pursuant to the specific 41 direction of a physician; 42 (3) the advanced practice nurse writes the prescription on [the 43 prescription blank of the collaborating physician] <u>a New Jersey</u> 44 Prescription Blank pursuant to P.L.2003, c.280 (C.45:14-40 et seq.), signs his name to the prescription and prints his name and certification 45 46 number:

1 (4) the prescription is dated and includes the name of the patient 2 and the name, address and telephone number of the collaborating 3 physician; 4 (5) the physician is present or readily available through electronic 5 communications; 6 (6) the charts and records of the patients treated by the advanced 7 practice nurse are periodically reviewed by the collaborating physician 8 and the advanced practice nurse; [and] 9 (7) the joint protocols developed by the collaborating physician and 10 the advanced practice nurse are reviewed, updated and signed at least 11 annually by both parties; and (8) the advanced practice nurse has completed six contact hours of 12 13 continuing professional education in pharmacology related to 14 controlled substances, including pharmacologic therapy and addiction prevention and management, in accordance with regulations adopted 15 by the New Jersey Board of Nursing. The six contact hours shall be 16 in addition to New Jersey Board of Nursing pharmacology education 17 18 requirements for advanced practice nurses related to initial 19 certification and recertification of an advanced practice nurse as set 20 forth in N.J.A.C.13:37-7.2 and 13:37-7.5. 21 d. The joint protocols employed pursuant to subsections b. and c. 22 of this section shall conform with standards adopted by the Director 23 of the Division of Consumer Affairs pursuant to section 12 of P.L.1991, c.377 (C.45:11-51) or section 10 of P.L.1999, c.85 24 25 (C.45:11-49.2)[)], as applicable. e. [As used in this section: "end-of-life situation" means having an 26 27 incurable medical condition caused by injury, disease or illness which to a reasonable degree of medical certainty makes death imminent, and 28 from which there can be no recovery despite the application of 29 30 life-sustaining procedures; and "terminal illness" means a medical condition which results in a patient's life expectancy being 12 months 31 or less.](Deleted by amendment, P.L., c. (Pending before the 32 33 Legislature as this bill).) 34 (cf: P.L.1999, c.85, s.7) 35 3. The Commissioner of Health and Senior Services shall adopt 36 37 rules and regulations, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," 38 P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), to effectuate the purposes of 39 this act. 40 41 4. This act shall take effect on the 90th day following enactment, 42 but the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services may take such 43 anticipatory administrative action in advance as shall be necessary for 44 the implementation of the act.

STATEMENT

3 This bill expands the duties that may be performed by advanced4 practice nurses in the State.

5 The provisions of the bill amend current law to clarify that 6 advanced practice nurses manage preventive care services and 7 diagnose and manage deviations from wellness and long-term illnesses, 8 and, towards that end: prescribe and order treatments, including 9 referrals to other licensed health care professionals; and perform 10 specific procedures, which treatments and procedures are consistent 11 with the needs of a patient and within the scope of practice of the 12 advanced practice nurse.

13 With respect to ordering or prescribing medications, the bill 14 authorizes advanced practice nurses to initiate controlled dangerous 15 substance prescriptions for all patients pursuant to joint protocols established with a collaborating physician, and deletes from current 16 law the specific conditions under which controlled dangerous 17 18 substances may be ordered or prescribed by an advanced practice 19 nurse. The bill also adds additional continuing professional education 20 requirements in pharmacology that an advanced practice nurse must 21 complete in order to exercise the expanded prescribing authority provided in the bill. Under current law, in accordance with joint 22 protocols, advanced practice nurses may initiate prescriptions for 23 24 controlled dangerous substances only for patients in end-of-life 25 situations, and may prescribe or order controlled dangerous substances 26 only to renew or modify physician prescriptions in all other settings. 27 The bill amends N.J.S.A.45:11-23 of the Nurse Practice Act to delete the sentence, "[S]uch diagnostic privilege is distinct from a 28 29 medical diagnosis." This deletion reflects the fact that nursing and the 30 practice of medicine have overlapping functions and responsibilities. 31 The bill, however, adds the phrase "within the scope of practice of the 32 registered professional nurse" to clarify the parameters of a nurse's 33 diagnosis.

The bill also amends N.J.S.A.45:11-49 to delete obsolete language concerning prescription blanks and provides, instead, a reference to the law establishing uniform New Jersey Prescription Blanks, N.J.S.A.45:14-40 et seq.

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ASSEMBLY HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 2807

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 14, 2004

The Assembly Health and Human Services Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly Bill No. 2807.

As amended by the committee, this bill expands the duties that may be performed by advanced practice nurses in the State.

The provisions of the bill amend current law to clarify that advanced practice nurses manage preventive care services and diagnose and manage deviations from wellness and long-term illnesses, consistent with the needs of a patient and within the scope of practice of the advanced practice nurse, and, towards that end: prescribe and order treatments, including referrals to other licensed health care professionals; and perform specific procedures in accordance with the provisions of this bill.

With respect to ordering or prescribing medications, the bill authorizes advanced practice nurses to initiate controlled dangerous substance orders or prescriptions for all patients pursuant to joint protocols established with a collaborating physician, and deletes from current law the specific conditions under which controlled dangerous substances may be ordered or prescribed by an advanced practice nurse. The collaborating physician and the advanced practice nurse are to address in the joint protocols whether prior consultation with the collaborating physician is required to initiate an order or prescription for a controlled dangerous substance.

The bill also adds additional continuing professional education requirements in pharmacology that an advanced practice nurse must complete in order to exercise the expanded prescribing authority provided in the bill. Under current law, in accordance with joint protocols, advanced practice nurses may initiate prescriptions for controlled dangerous substances only for patients in end-of-life situations, and may prescribe or order controlled dangerous substances only to renew or modify physician prescriptions in all other settings.

The bill amends N.J.S.A.45:11-49 to delete obsolete language concerning prescription blanks and provide, instead, a reference to the law establishing uniform New Jersey Prescription Blanks (N.J.S.A.45:14-40 et seq.).

The bill takes effect on the 90th day after enactment.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

The committee amendments to the bill:

-- restore the language in N.J.S.A.45:11-23 (Nurse Practice Act) which provides that "Such diagnostic privilege is distinct from a medical diagnosis";

-- clarify that an advanced practice nurse may manage preventive care services, and diagnose and manage deviations from wellness and long-term illnesses, consistent with the needs of the patient and within the scope of practice of the advanced practice nurse;

-- further clarify that the collaborating physician and the advanced practice nurse are to address in the joint protocols whether prior consultation with the collaborating physician is required to initiate an order or prescription for a controlled dangerous substance; and

-- delete the provisions of the bill concerning the adoption of rules and regulations by the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services.