13:20-1

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF: 2004 **CHAPTER**: 120

NJSA: 13:20-1 (Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act)

BILL NO: S1 (Substituted for A2635)

SPONSOR(S): Vitale and Karcher

DATE INTRODUCED: March 29, 2004

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY:

SENATE: Environment

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: June 10, 2004

SENATE: June 10, 2004

DATE OF APPROVAL: August 10, 2004

FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL: (1st reprint enacted)

S1

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 94 of original bill) Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: No.

SENATE: Yes

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

<u>LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE</u>: <u>Yes</u>

A2635

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on 94 of original bill) Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes <u>5-17-2004 (Environ)</u>

6-7-2004 (Approp)

SENATE: No

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: Yes June 14, 2004

June 29 2004

VETO MESSAGE: No

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

To check for circulating copies, contact New Jersey State Government Publications at the State Library (609) 278-2640 ext. 103 or mailto:refdesk@njstatelib.org

REPORTS: No

NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:

Yes

"McGreevey Signs Highlands Bill," 8-11-2004, The Times, p.A4

"Governor Signs and Cheers Highlands Act," 8-11-2004, Star Ledger, p.13

"For McGreevey; Lost Chances are Piling Up," 8-11-2004, New York Times, p.B1

"McGreevey Signs Environment Bill," 8-11-2004, New York Times, p.B6

"Environmentalists Snub Signing of Highlands Bill," 8-11-2004, Philadelphia Inquirer, p.A1

HEARINGS:

974.90 New Jersey. Legislature. Senate Environment Committee and Assembly Solid Waste Committee.

R336 Committee meeting on "Testimony on the Recommendations of the Governor's Force to Assist the

Respective Committees in Developing Legislation to Protect and Preserve Drinking Water in the Highlands

Region." March 22, 2004, Trenton, 2004

974.90 New Jersey. Legislature. Senate Environment Committee and Assembly Solid Waste Committee. R336 Committee meeting on S1 and A2635 held on March 30, 2004, Trenton, 2004 2004a

974.90 New Jersey. Legislature. Senate Environment Committee and Assembly Solid Waste Committee. R336 Committee meeting on S1 and A2635 held on April 12, 2004, Trenton 2004 2004h

974.90 New Jersey. Legislature. Senate Environment Committee and Assembly Solid Waste Committee. R336 Committee meeting on S1 and A2635 held on April 15, 2004, Trenton, 2004 2004b

974.90 New Jersey. Legislature. Senate Environment Committee and Assembly Solid Waste Committee. R336 Committee meeting on S1 and A2635 held on April 22, 2004, Trenton 2004 2004e

974.90 New Jersey. Legislature. Senate Environment Committee and Assembly Solid Waste Committee. R336 Committee meeting on S1 and A2635 held on May 10, 2004, Trenton 2004 2004f

974.90 New Jersey. Legislature. Senate Environment Committee and Assembly Solid Waste Committee. R336 Committee meeting on A2635 held on May 17, 2004, Trenton 2004 2004g

974.90 New Jersey. Legislature. Senate Environment Committee and Assembly Solid Waste Committee. R336 Committee meeting on S1 held on May 20, 2004, Trenton, 2004 2004c

974.90 New Jersey. Legislature. Senate Environment Committee and Assembly Solid Waste Committee. R336 Committee meeting on S1 held on June 7, 2004, Trenton 2004 2004d

Title 13. Chapter 20. (New) Highlands Water Protection §§1-18,21-37 -C.13:20-1 to 13:20-35 §19 - C.54:1-85 §20 - C.54:1-84 §38 - C.13:9B-5.1 §39 - C.58:1A-5.1 §40 - C.58:11-24.1 §41 - C.58:12A-4.1 §42 - C.58:11A-7.1 §43 - C.58:16A-60.1

P.L. 2004, CHAPTER 120, approved August 10, 2004 Senate, No. 1 (First Reprint)

AN ACT concerning the Highlands Region, creating a Highlands Water

Protection and Planning Council, ¹dedicating a portion of the realty 2 transfer fee revenue annually for certain State aid purposes in the 3 Highlands Region and in the pinelands area. 1 supplementing Title 4 5

13 of the Revised Statutes, and amending and supplementing

various sections of the statutory law.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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1. (New section) This act shall be known, and may be cited, as the "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act."

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14 2. (New section) The Legislature finds and declares that the 15 national Highlands Region is an area that extends from northwestern Connecticut across the lower Hudson River Valley and northern New 16 Jersey into east central Pennsylvania; that the national Highlands 17 ¹[region] Region has been recognized as a landscape of special 18 19 significance by the United States Forest Service; that the New Jersey 20 portion of the national Highlands Region is nearly 800,000 acres, or about 1,250 miles, covering portions of ¹[90] <u>88</u>¹ municipalities in 21 seven counties; ¹and ¹ that the New Jersey Highlands Region is 22 23 designated as a Special Resource Area in the State Development and 24

Redevelopment Plan. The Legislature further finds and declares that the New Jersey Highlands is an essential source of drinking water, providing clean and plentiful drinking water for one-half of the State's population, including communities beyond the New Jersey Highlands, from only 13 percent of the State's land area; that the New Jersey Highlands contains other exceptional natural resources such as clean air,

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹ Senate SEN committee amendments adopted June 7, 2004.

contiguous forest lands, wetlands, pristine watersheds, and ¹[wildlife and plant species habitats] habitat for fauna and flora¹, includes many sites of historic significance, and provides abundant recreational opportunities for the citizens of the State.

The Legislature further finds and declares that the New Jersey Highlands provides a desirable quality of life and place where people live and work; that it is important to ensure the economic viability of communities throughout the New Jersey Highlands; ¹and ¹ that residential, commercial, and industrial development ¹[and], ¹ redevelopment¹, ¹ and economic growth in certain appropriate areas of the New Jersey Highlands ¹[is] <u>are</u> ¹ also in the best interests of all the citizens of the State, providing ¹[enumerable] <u>innumerable</u> ¹ social, cultural, and economic benefits and opportunities.

The Legislature further finds and declares that there are approximately 110,000 acres of agricultural lands in active production in the New Jersey Highlands; that these lands are important resources of the State that should be preserved; ¹[and]¹ that the agricultural industry in the region is a vital component of the economy ¹[and], ¹ welfare ¹, and cultural landscape ¹ of the ¹Garden ¹ State ¹; and, that in order to preserve the agricultural industry in the region, it is necessary and important to recognize and reaffirm the goals, purposes, policies, and provisions of the "Right to Farm Act," P.L.1983, c.31 (C.4:1C-1 et seq.) and the protections afforded to farmers thereby¹.

The Legislature further finds and declares that, since 1984, 65,000 acres, or over 100 square miles, of the New Jersey Highlands have been lost to development; that sprawl and the pace of development in the region has dramatically increased, with the rate of loss of forested lands and wetlands more than doubling since 1995; that the New Jersey Highlands, because of its proximity to rapidly expanding suburban areas, is at serious risk of being fragmented and consumed by unplanned development; and that the existing land use and environmental regulation system cannot protect the water and natural resources of the New Jersey Highlands against the environmental impacts of sprawl development.

The Legislature further finds and declares that the protection of the New Jersey Highlands, because of its vital link to the future of the State's drinking water supplies and other key natural resources, is an issue of State level importance that cannot be left to the uncoordinated land use decisions of ¹[90] 88¹ municipalities, seven counties, and a myriad of private landowners; that the State should take action to delineate within the New Jersey Highlands a preservation area of exceptional natural resource value that includes watershed protection and other environmentally sensitive lands where stringent protection policies ¹[would] should be implemented; that a regional approach to land use planning in the preservation area should be established to replace the existing uncoordinated system; that such a new regional

1 approach to land use planning should be complemented by increased 2 standards more protective of the environment established by the 3 Department of Environmental Protection for development in the 4 preservation area of the New Jersey Highlands; that the new regional planning approach and the more stringent environmental regulatory 5 6 standards should be accompanied, as a matter of wise public policy 7 and fairness to property owners, by a strong and significant 8 commitment by the State to fund the acquisition of exceptional natural 9 resource value lands; and that in the light of the various pressures now 10 arrayed against the New Jersey Highlands, these new approaches 11 should be implemented as soon as possible.

12 ¹The Legislature further finds and declares that in the New Jersey 13 Highlands there is a mountain ridge running southwest from Hamburg 14 Mountain in Sussex County that separates the eastern and the western 15 New Jersey Highlands; that much of the State's drinking water supplies originate in the eastern New Jersey Highlands; and that planning for 16 17 the region and the environmental standards and regulations to protect 18 those water supplies should be developed with regard to the 19 differences in the topography of the Highlands Region and how the 20 topography affects the quality of the water supplies.¹

21 The Legislature therefore determines, in the light of these findings 22 set forth hereinabove, and with the intention of transforming them into 23 action, that it is in the public interest of all the citizens of the State of 24 New Jersey to enact legislation setting forth a comprehensive approach 25 to the protection of the water and other natural resources of the New 26 Jersey Highlands; that this comprehensive approach should consist of 27 the identification of a preservation area of the New Jersey Highlands 28 that would be subjected to stringent water and natural resource 29 protection ¹standards, policies ¹, planning, and regulation; that this 30 comprehensive approach should also consist of the establishment of a 31 Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council charged with the 32 preparation of a regional master plan for the preservation area in the 33 New Jersey Highlands as well as for the region in general; that this 34 comprehensive approach should also include the adoption by the 35 Department of Environmental Protection of stringent standards governing major development in the Highlands preservation area; that 36 1,1 because of the imminent peril that the ongoing rush of development 37 poses for the New Jersey Highlands, immediate, interim standards 38 39 should be imposed on the date of enactment of this act on major 40 development in the preservation area of the New Jersey Highlands, 41 followed subsequently by adoption by the department of appropriate 42 rules and regulations; that it is appropriate to encourage in certain 43 areas of the New Jersey Highlands, consistent with the State 44 Development and Redevelopment Plan and smart growth strategies 45 and principles, appropriate patterns of compatible residential, 46 commercial, and industrial development, redevelopment, and economic 47 growth, in or adjacent to areas already utilized for such purposes, and

1 to discourage piecemeal, scattered, and inappropriate development, in 2 order to accommodate local and regional growth and economic 3 development in an orderly way while protecting the Highlands 4 environment from the individual and cumulative adverse impacts 5 thereof; that the maintenance of agricultural production and a positive agricultural business climate should be encouraged to the maximum 6 7 extent possible wherever appropriate in the New Jersey Highlands; and 8 that all such aforementioned measures should be guided, in heart, 9 mind, and spirit, by an abiding and generously given commitment to 10 protecting the incomparable water resources and natural beauty of the 11 New Jersey Highlands so as to preserve them intact, in trust, forever 12 for the pleasure, enjoyment, and use of future generations while also 13 providing every conceivable opportunity for appropriate economic growth and development to advance the ¹[qualify] quality of life of 14 the residents of the region and the entire State. 15

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3. (New section) As used in this act:

¹"Agricultural or horticultural development" means construction for the purposes of supporting common farmsite activities, including but not limited to: the production, harvesting, storage, grading, packaging, processing, and the wholesale and retail marketing of crops, plants, animals, and other related commodities and the use and application of techniques and methods of soil preparation and management, fertilization, weed, disease, and pest control, disposal of farm waste, irrigation, drainage and water management, and grazing; "Agricultural impervious cover" means agricultural or horticultural buildings, structures, or facilities with or without flooring, residential buildings, and paved areas, but shall not mean temporary coverings; "Agricultural or horticultural use" means the use of land for common farmsite activities, including but not limited to: the production, harvesting, storage, grading, packaging, processing, and the wholesale and retail marketing of crops, plants, animals, and other related commodities and the use and application of techniques and methods of soil preparation and management, fertilization, weed, disease, and pest control, disposal of farm waste, irrigation, drainage and water management, and grazing;¹

"Application for development" means the application form and all accompanying documents required for approval of a subdivision plat, site plan, planned development, conditional use, zoning variance, or direction of the issuance of a permit pursuant to the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.) or R.S.40:27-1 et seq., for any use, development or construction;

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¹"Capital improvement" means any facility for the provision of public services with a life expectancy of three or more years, owned and operated by or on behalf of the State or a political subdivision thereof;

"Construction beyond site preparation" means having completed the

- 1 <u>foundation for a building or structure, and does not include the</u>
- 2 clearing, cutting, or removing of vegetation, bringing construction
- 3 materials to the site, or site grading or other earth work associated
- 4 with preparing a site for construction;
- 5 "Construction materials facility" means any facility or land upon
- 6 which the activities of production of ready mix concrete, bituminous
- 7 concrete, or class B recycling occurs;¹
- 8 "Council" means the Highlands Water Protection and Planning
- 9 Council established by section 4 of this act;
- 10 "Department" means the Department of Environmental Protection;
- 11 1 Development" means the same as that term is defined in section
- 12 <u>3.1 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-4);</u>¹
- 13 "Development regulation" means the same as that term is defined
- 14 in section 3.1 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-4);
- 15 "Disturbance" means the placement of impervious surface, the
- 16 exposure or movement of soil or bedrock, or the clearing, cutting, or
- 17 removing of vegetation;
- 18 "Environmental land use or water permit" means a permit, approval,
- 19 or other authorization issued by the Department of Environmental
- 20 Protection pursuant to the "Freshwater Wetlands Protection Act,"
- 21 P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-1 et seq.), the "Water Supply Management
- 22 Act," P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-1 et seq.), the "Water Pollution
- 23 Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.), "The Realty
- 24 Improvement Sewerage and Facilities Act (1954)," P.L.1954, c.199
- 25 (C.58:11-23 et seq.), the "Water Quality Planning Act," P.L.1977,
- 26 c.75 (C.58:11A-1 et seq.), the "Safe Drinking Water Act," P.L.1977,
- 27 c.224 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.), or the "Flood Hazard Area Control Act,"
- 28 P.L.1962, c.19 (C.58:16A-50 et seq.)¹[; or an approval for an
- 29 individual subsurface sewage disposal system from a delegated local
- 30 health agency pursuant to the "County Environmental Health Act,"
- 31 P.L.1977, c.443 (C.26:3A2-21 et al.)]¹;
- 32 ¹"Facility expansion" means the expansion of the capacity of an
- 33 existing capital improvement in order that the improvement may serve
- 34 <u>new development;</u>
- 35 <u>"Farm conservation plan" means a site specific plan that prescribes</u>
- 36 <u>needed land treatment and related conservation and natural resource</u>
- 37 <u>management measures, including forest management practices, that are</u>
- 38 determined to be practical and reasonable for the conservation,
- 39 protection, and development of natural resources, the maintenance and
- 40 <u>enhancement of agricultural or horticultural productivity, and the</u>
- 41 <u>control and prevention of nonpoint source pollution;</u>
- 42 <u>"Farm management unit" means a parcel or parcels of land, whether</u>
- 43 contiguous or noncontiguous, together with agricultural or
- 44 <u>horticultural buildings, structures and facilities, producing agricultural</u>
- 45 or horticultural products, and operated as a single enterprise;¹
- 46 "Highlands open waters" means all springs, streams ¹including
- 47 <u>intermittent streams</u>¹, wetlands, and bodies of surface water, whether

natural or artificial, located wholly or partially within the boundaries
 of the Highlands Region¹, but shall not mean swimming pools¹;

3 "Highlands Region" means that region so designated by subsection
4 a. of section 7 of this act;

1"Immediate family member" means spouse, child, parent, sibling,
 aunt, uncle, niece, nephew, first cousin, grandparent, grandchild,
 father-in-law, mother-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, stepparent,
 stepchild, stepbrother, stepsister, half brother, or half sister, whether
 the individual is related by blood, marriage, or adoption;

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"Impact fee" means cash or in-kind payments required to be paid by a developer as a condition for approval of a major subdivision or major site plan for the developer's proportional share of the cost of providing new or expanded reasonable and necessary public improvements located outside the property limits of the subdivision or development but reasonably related to the subdivision or development based upon the need for the improvement created by, and the benefits conferred upon, the subdivision or development; 1

"Impervious surface" means any structure, surface, or improvement that reduces or prevents absorption of stormwater into land, and includes porous paving, paver blocks, gravel, crushed stone, decks, patios, elevated structures, and other similar structures, surfaces, or improvements;

¹"Individual unit of development" means a dwelling unit in the case of a residential development, a square foot in the case of a non-residential development, or any other standard employed by a municipality for different categories of development as a basis upon which to establish a service unit; ¹

"Local government unit" means a municipality, county, or other political subdivision of the State, or any agency, board, commission, utilities authority or other authority, or other entity thereof;

30 31 "Major ¹Highlands ¹ development" means ¹, except as otherwise provided pursuant to subsection a. of section 30 of this act, (1)¹ any 32 non-residential development ¹[, whether or not it also qualifies as a 33 development as defined in the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, 34 35 c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.); any residential development, whether or not it also qualifies as a development as defined in the "Municipal 36 Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.), that provides 37 38 for the ultimate disturbance of one acre or more of land or an increase 39 in impervious surface of one-quarter acre or more; or any residential 40 development, whether or not it also qualifies as a development as 41 defined in the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.), in the preservation area; (2) any residential 42 development in the preservation area¹ that requires an environmental 43 44 land use or water permit ¹[issued by the Department of Environmental Protection but which does not result or that results in the ultimate 45 disturbance of one acre or more of land or ¹[an] a cumulative ¹ 46 increase in impervious surface by one-quarter acre or more; ¹(3) any 47

- 1 activity undertaken or engaged in the preservation area that is not a
- 2 <u>development but results in the ultimate disturbance of one-quarter acre</u>
- 3 or more of forested area or that results in a cumulative increase in
- 4 <u>impervious surface by one-quarter acre or more on a lot; or (4) any</u>
- 5 <u>capital or other project of a State entity or local government unit in</u>
- 6 the preservation area that requires an environmental land use or water
- 7 permit or that results in the ultimate disturbance of one acre or more
- 8 of land or a cumulative increase in impervious surface by one-quarter
- 9 <u>acre or more. Major Highlands development shall not mean an</u>
- 10 <u>agricultural or horticultural development or agricultural or</u>
- 11 <u>horticultural use in the preservation area;</u>
- 12 "Mine" means any mine, whether on the surface or underground,
- and any mining plant, material, equipment, or explosives on the surface
- 14 <u>or underground, which may contribute to the mining or handling of ore</u>
- or other metalliferous or non-metalliferous products. The term "mine"
- shall also include a quarry, sand pit, gravel pit, clay pit, or shale pit:
- 17 "Mine site" means the land upon which a mine, whether active or
- 18 inactive, is located, for which the Commissioner of Labor has granted
- a certificate of registration pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1954, c.197 (C.34:6-98.4) and the boundary of which includes all contiguous
- 20 (C.34:6-98.4) and the boundary of which includes all contiguous 21 parcels, except as provided below, of property under common
- parcels, except as provided below, of property under common ownership or management, whether located in one or more
- ownership or management, whether located in one or more
 municipalities, as such parcels are reflected by lot and block numbers
- 24 or metes and bounds, including any mining plant, material, or
- 25 equipment. "Contiguous parcels" as used in this definition of "mine
- 26 site" shall not include parcels for which mining or quarrying is not a
- 27 permitted use or for which mining or quarrying is not permitted as a
- 28 prior nonconforming use under the "Municipal Land Use Law,"
- 29 P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.);
- "Office of Smart Growth" means the Office of State Planning
 established pursuant to section 6 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-201)¹;
- 32 "Planning area" means that portion of the Highlands Region not
- included within the preservation area;
- "Preservation area" means that portion of the Highlands Region so designated by subsection b. of section 7 of this act;
- 1 "Public utility" means the same as that term is defined in
 R.S.48:2-13;1
- "Recreation and conservation purposes" means the same as that term is defined in section 3 of P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-3);
- "Regional master plan" means the Highlands regional master plan or any revision thereof adopted by the council pursuant to section 8 of this act;
- ¹["State entity" means any State department, agency, board, commission, or other entity, district water supply commission,
- commission, or other entity, district water supply commission, independent State authority or commission, or bi-state entity;
- 46 "Resource management systems plan" means a site specific
- 47 <u>conservation system plan that (1) prescribes needed land treatment and</u>

- 1 related conservation and natural resource management measures,
- 2 including forest management practices, for the conservation,
- 3 protection, and development of natural resources, the maintenance and
- 4 enhancement of agricultural or horticultural productivity, and the
- 5 control and prevention of nonpoint source pollution, and (2)
- 6 establishes criteria for resources sustainability of soil, water, air,
- 7 plants, and animals;
- 8 "Service area" means that area to be served by the capital
- 9 improvement or facility expansion as designated in the capital
- 10 improvement program adopted by a municipality under section 20 of
- 11 <u>P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-29);</u>
- 12 <u>"Service unit" means a standardized measure of consumption, use,</u>
- 13 generation or discharge attributable to an individual unit of
- 14 <u>development calculated in accordance with generally accepted</u>
- 15 engineering or planning standards for a particular category of capital
- 16 improvements or facility expansions;
- 17 "Soil conservation district" means the same as that term is defined
- 18 <u>in R.S. 4:24-2;</u>¹
- 19 "State Development and Redevelopment Plan" means the State
- 20 Development and Redevelopment Plan adopted pursuant to P.L.1985,
- 21 c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et al.);
- 22 1 "State entity" means any State department, agency, board,
- 23 commission, or other entity, district water supply commission,
- 24 <u>independent State authority or commission, or bi-state entity:</u>
- 25 <u>"State Soil Conservation Committee" means the State Soil</u>
- 26 Conservation Committee in the Department of Agriculture established
- 27 pursuant to R.S. 4:24-3;
- 28 <u>"Temporary coverings" means permeable, woven and non-woven</u>
- 29 geotextile fabrics that allow for water infiltration or impermeable
- 30 materials that are in contact with the soil and are used for no more
- 31 than two consecutive years; ¹ and
- 32 "Waters of the Highlands" means all springs, streams ¹including
- 33 <u>intermittent streams</u>¹, and bodies of surface or ground water, whether
- 34 natural or artificial, located wholly or partially within the boundaries
- of the Highlands Region¹, but shall not mean swimming pools¹.

- 4. (New section) There is hereby established a public body
- 38 corporate and politic, with corporate succession, to be known as the
- 39 "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council." The council shall
- 40 constitute a political subdivision of the State established as an
- instrumentality exercising public and essential governmental functions,
 and the exercise by the council of the powers and duties conferred by
- 43 this act shall be deemed and held to be an essential governmental
- 44 function of the State. For the purpose of complying with the
- 45 provisions of Article V, Section IV, paragraph 1 of the New Jersey
- 46 Constitution, the council is hereby allocated within the Department of
- 47 Environmental Protection, but, notwithstanding that allocation, the

1 council shall be independent of any supervision or control by the 2 department or by the commissioner or any officer or employee thereof.

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- 5. (New section) a. The council shall consist of 15 voting members to be appointed and qualified as follows:
- (1) Eight residents of the counties of Bergen, Hunterdon, Morris, 6 7 Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, or Warren, appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, (a) ¹no more than four of 8 whom shall be of the same political party, (b) of whom five shall be 9 municipal officials ¹residing in the Highlands Region and ¹ holding 10 elective office at the time of appointment and three shall be county 11 officials holding elective office at the time of appointment, and ¹[(b)] 12 $(c)^{1}$ among whom shall be $(i)^{1}$ at least one resident from each of the 13 counties of Bergen, Hunterdon, Morris, Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, 14 and Warren¹, and (ii) two residents from the county that has the 15 largest population residing in the Highlands Region, of whom no more 16

than one shall be of the same political party¹; and

- (2) Seven residents of the State, ¹of whom five shall be ¹ appointed 18 by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate ¹, one shall 19 be appointed by the Governor upon the recommendation of the 20 21 President of the Senate, and one shall be appointed by the Governor 22 upon the recommendation of the Speaker of the General Assembly. 23 The members appointed pursuant to this paragraph shall have, to the 24 maximum extent practicable, expertise, knowledge, or experience in 25 water quality protection, natural resources protection, environmental 26 protection, agriculture, forestry, land use, or economic development, 27 and at least four of them shall be property owners, business owners, 28 or farmers in the Highlands Region or residents or nonresidents of the 29 Highlands Region who benefit from or consume water from the Highlands Region¹. 30
 - b. (1) Council members shall serve for terms of five years; provided, however, that of the members first appointed, five shall serve a term of three years, five shall serve a term of four years, and five shall serve a term of five years.

 1 The initial terms of the two council members appointed by the Governor upon the recommendation, respectively, of the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the General Assembly shall be among those council members assigned initial terms of five years pursuant to this paragraph.

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- 40 (2) Each member shall serve for the term of the appointment and 41 until a successor shall have been appointed and qualified. Any vacancy 42 shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment for the 43 unexpired term only.
- c. Any member of the council may be removed by the Governor,for cause, after a public hearing.
- d. Each member of the council, before entering upon the member'sduties, shall take and subscribe an oath to perform the duties of the

office faithfully, impartially, and justly to the best of the member's ability, in addition to any oath that may be required by R.S.41:1-1 et seq. A record of the oath shall be filed in the Office of the Secretary of State.

- e. The members of the council shall serve without compensation, but the council may, within the limits ¹[or] of ¹ funds appropriated or otherwise made available for such purposes, reimburse its members for necessary expenses incurred in the discharge of their official duties.
- f. The powers of the council shall be vested in the members thereof in office. A majority of the total authorized membership of the council shall constitute a quorum ¹[except that] and ¹ no action may be taken by the council except upon the affirmative vote of a majority of the ¹[quorum] total authorized membership of the council ¹. No alternate or designee of any council member shall exercise any power to vote on any matter pending before the council.
 - g. The Governor shall designate one of the members of the council as chairperson. The council shall appoint an executive director, who shall be the chief administrative officer thereof. The executive director shall serve at the pleasure of the council, and shall be a person qualified by training and experience to perform the duties of the office.
- h. The members and staff of the council shall be subject to the "New Jersey Conflicts of Interest Law," P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-12 et seq.).
 - i. The council shall be subject to the provisions of the "Open Public Meetings Act," P.L.1975, c.231 (C.10:4-6 et seq.).
 - j. A true copy of the minutes of every meeting of the council shall be prepared and forthwith delivered to the Governor. No action taken at a meeting by the council shall have force or effect until 10 days, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and public holidays, after a copy of the minutes shall have been so delivered; provided, however, that no action taken with respect to the adoption of the regional master plan, or any portion or revision thereof, shall have force or effect until 30 days, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and public holidays, after a copy of the minutes shall have been so delivered. If, in the 10-day period, or 30-day period, as the case may be, the Governor returns the copy of the minutes with a veto of any action taken by the council at the meeting, the action shall be null and void and of no force and effect.

- 6. (New section) The council shall have the following powers, duties, and responsibilities, in addition to those prescribed elsewhere in this act:
 - a. To adopt and from time to time amend and repeal suitable bylaws for the management of its affairs;
- b. To adopt and use an official seal and alter it at the council's pleasure;
- c. To maintain an office at such place or places in the Highlands

1 Region as it may designate;

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- d. To sue and be sued in its own name;
- e. To appoint, retain and employ, without regard to the provisions of Title 11A of the New Jersey Statutes but within the limits of funds appropriated or otherwise made available for those purposes, such officers, employees, ¹attorneys, ¹ agents, and experts as it may require, and to determine the qualifications, terms of office, duties, services,
- 8 and compensation therefor;
 - f. To apply for, receive, and accept, from any federal, State, or other public or private source, grants or loans for, or in aid of, the council's authorized purposes ¹[,]¹ or ¹[the]¹ in the carrying out of the council's powers, duties, and responsibilities;
 - g. To enter into any and all agreements or contracts, execute any and all instruments, and do and perform any and all acts or things necessary, convenient, or desirable for the purposes of the council or to carry out any power, duty, or responsibility expressly given in this act;
 - h. To call to its assistance and avail itself of the services of such employees of any State entity or local government unit as may be required and made available for such purposes;
 - i. To adopt a regional master plan for the Highlands Region as provided pursuant to section 8 of this act;
 - j. To appoint advisory boards, commissions, councils, or panels to assist in its activities, including but not limited to a municipal advisory council consisting of mayors, municipal council members, or other representatives of municipalities located in the Highlands Region;
 - ¹[k. To authorize, if deemed useful, the establishment by appropriate persons or organizations of a nonprofit organization or organizations exempt from taxation pursuant to section 501 (c)(3) of the federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986, 26 U.S.C. s.501 (c)(3), for the purposes of assisting the council in furthering the purposes of this act and the regional master plan;]¹
 - ¹[1.] <u>k.</u> ¹ To solicit and consider public input and comment on the council's activities, the regional master plan, and other issues and matters of importance in the Highlands Region by periodically holding public hearings or conferences and providing other opportunities for such input and comment by interested parties;
- 1 [m.] <u>1.</u> To conduct examinations and investigations, to hear testimony, taken under oath at public or private hearings, on any material matter, and to require attendance of witnesses and the production of books and papers;
- ¹[n.] m. ¹ To prepare and transmit to the Commissioner of Environmental Protection such recommendations for water quality and water supply standards for surface and ground waters in the Highlands Region, or in tributaries and watersheds thereof, and for other environmental protection standards pertaining to the lands and natural resources of the Highlands Region, as the council deems appropriate;

¹[o.] n.¹ To identify and designate in the regional master plan special areas in the preservation area within which development shall not occur in order to protect water resources and environmentally sensitive lands while recognizing the need to provide just compensation to the owners of those lands when appropriate, whether through acquisition, transfer of development rights programs, or other means or strategies;

- ¹[p.] o. ¹ To identify any lands in which the public acquisition of a fee simple or lesser interest therein is necessary or desirable in order to ensure the preservation thereof, or to provide sites for public recreation, as well as any lands the beneficial use of which are so adversely affected by the restrictions imposed pursuant to this act as to require a guarantee of just compensation therefor, and to transmit a list of those lands to the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, affected local government units, and appropriate federal agencies;
- ¹[q.] p.¹ To develop model land use ordinances and other development regulations, for consideration and possible adoption by municipalities in the planning area, that would help protect the environment, including, but not limited to, ordinances and other development regulations pertaining to steep slopes, forest cover, wellhead and water supply protection, ¹water conservation.¹ impervious surface, and clustering; and to provide guidance and technical assistance in connection therewith to those municipalities;
- ¹[r.] <u>q.</u>¹ To identify and designate, and accept petitions from municipalities to designate, special critical environmental areas in high resource value lands in the planning area, and develop voluntary standards and guidelines for protection of such special areas for possible implementation by those municipalities;
- ¹[s.] <u>r.</u>¹ To comment upon any application for development before a local government unit, on the adoption of any master plan, development regulation, or other regulation by a local government unit, or on the enforcement by a local government unit of any development regulation or other regulation, which power shall be in addition to any other review, oversight, or intervention powers of the council prescribed by this act;
- ¹[t.] <u>s.</u> ¹ To work with interested municipalities to enter into agreements to establish, where appropriate, capacity-based development densities, including, but not limited to, appropriate higher densities to support transit villages or in centers designated by the State Development and Redevelopment Plan and endorsed by the State Planning Commission;
- ¹[u.] t. To establish and implement a road signage program in cooperation with the Department of Transportation and local government units to identify significant natural and historic resources and landmarks in the Highlands Region;
 - u. To promote, in conjunction with the Department of

- 1 Environmental Protection and the Department of Agriculture,
- 2 conservation of water resources both in the Highlands Region and in
- 3 areas outside of the Highlands Region for which the Highlands is a
- 4 source of drinking water;
- v. To promote brownfield remediation and redevelopment in the
 Highlands Region;
- 7 w. To work with the State Agriculture Development Committee
- 8 and the Garden State Preservation Trust to establish incentives for any
- 9 landowner in the Highlands Region seeking to preserve land under the
- 10 <u>farmland preservation program that would be provided in exchange for</u>
- 11 <u>the landowner agreeing to permanently restrict the amount of</u>
- 12 <u>impervious surface and agricultural impervious cover on the farm to</u>
- 13 <u>a maximum of five percent of the total land area of the farm;</u>
- 14 \underline{x}^1 To establish and charge, in accordance with a fee schedule to
- 15 be set forth by rule or regulation adopted pursuant to the
- 16 "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et
- 17 seq.), reasonable fees for services performed relating to the review of
- 18 applications for development and other applications filed with or
- 19 otherwise brought before the council, or for other services, as may be
- 20 required by this act or the regional master plan; and
- 21 [v.] <u>v.</u> To prepare, adopt, amend, or repeal, pursuant to the
- provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410
- 23 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), such rules and regulations as may be necessary
- 24 in order to exercise its powers and perform its duties and
- 25 responsibilities under the provisions of this act.
- 7. (New section) a. The Highlands Region shall consist of all that
- area within the boundaries of the following municipalities:
- 29 (1) in Bergen County: Mahwah ¹[,] ¹ and Oakland;
- 30 (2) in Hunterdon County: Alexandria, Bethlehem, Bloomsbury,
- 31 Califon, Clinton Town, Clinton Township, Glen Gardner, Hampton,
- 32 High Bridge, Holland, Lebanon Boro, Lebanon Township, Milford,
- 33 Tewksbury, and Union;

- 34 (3) in Morris County: Boonton Town, Boonton Township, Butler,
- 35 Chester Boro, Chester Township, Denville, Dover, Hanover, Harding,
- 36 Jefferson, Kinnelon, Mendham Boro, Mendham Township, Mine Hill,
- 37 Montville, Morris Plains, Morris Township, Morristown, Mount
- 38 Arlington, Mount Olive, Mountain Lakes, Netcong, Parsippany-Troy
- 39 Hills, Pequannock, Randolph, Riverdale, Rockaway Boro, Rockaway
- 40 Township, Roxbury, Victory Gardens, Washington, and Wharton;
- 41 (4) in Passaic County: Bloomingdale, Pompton Lakes, Ringwood,
- 42 Wanaque, and West Milford;
- 43 (5) in Somerset County: ¹Bedminster, ¹ Bernards, Bernardsville,
- 44 Far Hills, and Peapack-Gladstone;
- 45 (6) in Sussex County: ¹[Andover Boro, Andover Township,]¹
- 46 Byram, Franklin, Green, Hamburg, Hardyston, Hopatcong,
- 47 ¹[Lafayette,] ¹ Ogdensburg, Sparta, Stanhope, and Vernon; and

1 (7) in Warren County: Allamuchy, Alpha, Belvidere, Franklin, 2 Greenwich, Hackettstown, Harmony, 3 Independence, Liberty, Lopatcong, Mansfield, Oxford, Phillipsburg, 4 Pohatcong, Washington Boro, Washington Township, and White. b. $\frac{1}{(1)}$ The preservation area shall consist of $\frac{1}{all}$ that area 5 ¹within the boundaries ¹ described ¹[by the Highlands Task Force, 6 established by Executive Order No. 70 of 2003, and based upon 7 8 natural resource data assembled by the United States Forest Service, 9 Rutgers, The State University, and the New Jersey Water Supply 10 Authority, which is to be translated, allowing for reasonable variations, by the Highlands Task Force with the assistance of Rutgers, The State 11 12 University, the Department of Environmental Protection, and other 13 appropriate entities, to appropriate and nearest practicable, on-the-14 ground, and easily identified reference points, such as, but not limited 15 to, road descriptions, survey lines, and municipal boundaries, by May 16 1, 2004 or as soon thereafter as may be possible. This narrative 17 description of the preservation area shall be enacted into law.] herein: 18 19 Beginning at the New Jersey and New York border and the 20 intersection of State Highway 17 and Interstate 287 in northern 21 Mahwah Township; thence southerly on Interstate 287 to its 22 intersection with Ramapo Valley Road (U.S. Highway 202); thence southwesterly on Ramapo Valley Road (U.S. Highway 202) to its 23 24 intersection with the Campgaw Mountain County Reservation, immediately south of Marion Drive; thence in a general northeastern 25 26 direction along the boundary of the Campgaw Mountain County 27 Reservation, until its intersection with Interstate 287; thence southerly 28 on Interstate 287 to its intersection with the Mahwah Township and 29 Oakland Borough corporate boundary; thence northwesterly along the 30 Mahwah Township and Oakland Borough corporate boundary to its 31 intersection with the Ramapo River; thence south on the east bank of 32 the Ramapo River to its intersection with Interstate 287; thence 33 westerly on Interstate 287 to its intersection with West Oakland 34 Avenue; thence southerly and westerly on West Oakland Avenue to its 35 intersection with Doty Road; thence southerly on Doty Road to its intersection with Ramapo Valley Road (U.S. Highway 202); thence 36 37 westerly and southerly on Ramapo Valley Road (U.S. Highway 202) 38 to its intersection with Long Hill Road (County Road 931); thence 39 southerly on Long Hill Road (County Road 931) to its intersection 40 with the Oakland Borough and Franklin Lakes Borough corporate 41 boundary; thence southerly on the Oakland Borough and Franklin Lakes Borough corporate boundary to its intersection with the 42 43 Oakland Borough corporate boundary; thence northwesterly along the 44 Oakland Borough corporate boundary to the Wanaque Borough 45 corporate boundary; thence westerly and southerly along the Wanaque Borough and Pompton Lakes Borough corporate boundary to its 46 47 intersection with Ringwood Avenue (Alternate 511) to its intersection

with the southwestern corner of Block 478, lot 7 in Wanaque 1 2 Borough; thence east along the boundary of Block 478, lot 7 to 3 boundary of Block 479, lot 3 in Wanague Borough; thence northerly 4 along the boundary of Block 479, lot 3 to the boundary of Block 479, 5 lot 2; thence westerly and northerly to Interstate 287; thence northerly 6 on Interstate 287 to its intersection with the Pompton River; thence 7 northerly along the western bank of the Pompton River to its 8 intersection in Wanaque Borough with the abandoned railroad right of 9 way east of Ringwood Avenue; thence northerly on the abandoned 10 railroad right of way to its intersection with Belmont Avenue; thence 11 easterly on Belmont Avenue to its intersection with Mullen Avenue; thence southerly and easterly on Mullen Avenue to its intersection 12 13 with Belmont Avenue thence easterly to Meadow Brook; thence 14 northerly on the eastern bank of Meadow Brook to its intersection 15 with Meadow Brook Avenue in Wanaque Borough; thence easterly on 16 Meadow Brook Avenue to its intersection with Crescent Road; thence 17 northerly on Crescent Road to its intersection with Tremont Terrace; 18 thence northerly on Tremont Terrace to its intersection with Wilson 19 Drive; thence northerly on Wilson Drive to its intersection with 20 Conklintown Road; thence westerly on Conklintown Road to its 21 intersection with Ringwood Avenue (Alternate 511); thence southerly 22 on Ringwood Avenue (Alternate 511) to its intersection with the 23 Wanaque Reservoir public lands; thence southerly and westerly on the 24 Wanaque Reservoir public lands boundary to its intersection with 25 Posts Brook; thence southerly on the eastern bank of Posts Brook to 26 its intersection with Doty Road; thence easterly on Doty Road to its 27 intersection the northeast corner of Block 401, lot 3 in Wanaque 28 Borough; thence southerly along the boundary of Block 401, lot 3 to 29 the intersection with the Bloomingdale Borough and Wanaque 30 Borough corporate boundary; thence southerly on Bloomingdale 31 Borough and Wanaque Borough corporate boundary to its intersection 32 with Union Avenue County Road 511); thence westerly on Union 33 Avenue (County Road 511) to its intersection with Morse Lake Road; 34 thence north on Morse Lake Road to the southeastern corner of Block 35 57, lot 41 in Bloomingdale Borough; thence westerly along the 36 boundary of Block 57, lot 41 to the boundary of Block 57, lot 40; 37 thence northerly and westerly along the boundary of Block 57, lot 40 to the northeast corner of Block 57, lot 43.01; thence continuing 38 39 westerly and southerly along the boundary of Block 57, lot 43.01 to 40 the boundary of Block 92.08, lot 77; thence westerly along the 41 boundary of Block 92.08, lot 77 to the northeast corner of Block 42 92.08, lot 1; thence continuing westerly along the northern boundary 43 of Block 92.08, lot 1 to the southern boundary of Block 49.02, lot 12; 44 thence continuing westerly along the southern boundary of Block 45 49.02, lot 12 to the southern boundary of Block 49.02, lot 28; thence 46 continuing westerly along the southern boundary of Block 49.02, lot 47 28 to Woodlot Road; thence westerly across Woodlot Road to the

1 boundary of Block 49.09, lot 8; thence westerly along the southern 2 boundary of Block 49.09, lot 8 to the boundary of Block 49.09, lot 12; 3 thence westerly along the southern boundary of Block 49.09, lot 12 to 4 Overlook Road (Natalie Court); thence westerly across Overlook 5 Road (Natalie Court) to the boundary of Block 49.01, lot 5.04; thence 6 northwesterly along the boundary of Block 49.01, lot 5.04 to the 7 southern corner of Block 49.01, lot 5.05; thence northwesterly along 8 the boundary of Block 49.01, lot 5.05 to a corner of Block 44, lot 182; 9 thence generally westerly following the southern boundary of Block 10 44, lot 182 to Glenwild Avenue (Carmantown Road) at South Road; 11 thence northerly along the eastern edge of Glenwild Avenue (Carmantown Road) right of way to a point opposite Glade Road; 12 13 thence south across Glenwild Avenue (Carmantown Road) to the 14 northeast corner of Block 5, lot 28; thence south along the boundary 15 of Block 5, lot 28 to the boundary of Block 5, lot 26.01; thence southerly along the boundary of Block 5, lot 26.01 to Star Lake Road 16 17 (Ridge Road); thence southwest across Star Lake Road (Ridge Road) to the northern corner of Block 5, lot 26.11 along the boundary of 18 19 Block 5, lot 26.01; thence westerly along the boundary of Block 5, lot 20 26.01 to the northern corner of Block 5, lot 26.02; thence southerly 21 and westerly following along the boundary of Block 5, lot 26.02 to the 22 northeastern corner of Block 5, lot 25.02; thence westerly and 23 southerly along the boundary of Block 5, lot 25.02 to the northern 24 limit of the Macopin Road (County Road 693) right of way; thence 25 northerly and westerly on Macopin Road (County Road 693) to its 26 intersection with the Bloomingdale Borough and West Milford 27 Township corporate boundary; thence southerly on the Bloomingdale 28 Borough and West Milford Township corporate boundary to its 29 intersection with the West Milford Township and Butler Borough 30 corporate boundary; thence southerly along this corporate boundary 31 to its intersection with the Kinnelon Borough, Butler Borough and 32 Morris County Corporate boundary; thence westerly, southerly and 33 easterly on the Kinnelon Borough and Butler Borough corporate 34 boundary to its intersection with State Highway 23; thence easterly on 35 State Highway 23 to its intersection with the Kinnelon Borough and 36 Riverdale Borough corporate boundary; thence southerly and easterly 37 on the Riverdale Borough and Pequannock Township corporate 38 boundary to its intersection with Interstate 287; thence southerly on 39 Interstate 287 to its intersection with Old Lane Road Extension; 40 thence westerly, northerly and westerly on Old Lane Road Extension 41 to the intersection of Virginia Drive; thence southerly on Virginia 42 Drive to its intersection with MacLeay Drive; thence southwesterly on 43 MacLeay Drive to its intersection with West Lake Drive; thence 44 southwesterly on West Lake Drive to Taylortown Road; thence 45 northerly and westerly on Taylortown Road to its intersection with 46 Boonton Avenue and Rockaway Valley Road; thence westerly on 47 Rockaway Valley Road to its intersection with Powerville Road

1 (County Road 618); thence northerly on Powerville Road (County 2 Road 618) to its intersection with Kincaid Road; thence easterly on 3 Kincaid Road to its intersection with the Boonton Township and 4 Montville Township corporate boundary; thence northerly, along the 5 corporate boundary to the intersection with the Boonton Township 6 and Kinnelon Borough corporate boundary; thence westerly on the 7 corporate boundary to the intersection with the Boonton Township 8 and Rockaway Township corporate boundary; thence and southerly on 9 the Boonton Township corporate boundary to its intersection with 10 Split Rock Road; thence northerly on Split Rock Road to its 11 intersection with Lyonsville Road; thence southerly and westerly on Lyonsville Road and its continuation as Meriden Lyonsville Road to 12 13 its intersection with Beaver Brook; thence along the eastern bank of 14 the Beaver Brook southerly to its intersection with Ford Road; thence 15 southerly and westerly along Ford Road to its intersection with Morris 16 Avenue; thence northerly and westerly along Morris Avenue to its 17 intersection with Green Pond Road (County Road 513); thence 18 northerly on Green Pond Road (County Road 513) to its intersection 19 with the Wildcat Ridge Wildlife Management Area; thence westerly on the Wildcat Ridge Wildlife Management Area boundary to its 20 21 intersection with Hibernia Brook; thence westerly on the southern 22 bank of Hibernia Brook to its intersection with Valley View Drive; 23 thence westerly on Valley View Drive to its intersection with Erie 24 Avenue; thence northerly on Erie Avenue to its intersection with 25 Comanche Avenue; thence southerly on Comanche Avenue to its intersection with West Lake Shore Drive; thence westerly on West 26 27 Lake Shore Drive to its intersection with Jackson Avenue; thence 28 westerly on Jackson Avenue to its intersection with Miami Trail; 29 thence westerly and southerly on Miami Trail to its intersection with 30 Cayuga Avenue; thence southerly on Cayuga Avenue to its 31 intersection with South Brookside Avenue; thence easterly on South 32 Brookside Avenue to its intersection with Montauk Avenue; thence 33 southerly on Montauk Avenue to its intersection with Old Middletown 34 Road; thence southwesterly on Old Middletown Road to its 35 intersection with Ridge Road; thence westerly on Ridge Road to its 36 intersection with Cathy's Place; thence southerly on Cathy's Place to 37 its intersection with Mt. Hope Road (County Road 666); thence 38 northerly on Mt. Hope Road (County Road 666) to its intersection 39 with the Mt. Hope Park public land boundary; thence southerly and 40 westerly on the Mt. Hope Park public land boundary to its intersection 41 with Block 70001 in Rockway Township (Picatinny Arsenal); thence 42 northeasterly, northerly and southwesterly on the boundary of Block 43 70001 (Picatinny Arsenal) to its intersection with State Highway 15; 44 thence northerly on State Highway 15 to its intersection with the 45 Rockaway Township and Jefferson Township corporate boundary; 46 thence southwesterly on the Rockaway Township and Jefferson 47 Township corporate boundary south of Interstate 80 to its intersection

with the Conrail/NJ Transit right of way; thence westerly on 1 2 Conrail/NJ Transit right of way to its intersection with the Roxbury 3 Township and Mount Arlington Borough corporate boundary; thence 4 northerly on the Roxbury Township and Mount Arlington Borough 5 corporate boundary to its intersection with the southern corner of 6 Block 22, lot 13 in Mount Arlington Borough; thence northerly and 7 northwesterly on the boundary of Block 22, lot 13 to its intersection 8 with Berkshire Avenue; thence westerly on Berkshire Avenue to its 9 intersection with Mountainview Avenue; thence northerly on 10 Mountainview Avenue to its intersection with the southern corner on Block 8, lot 5.01 in Mount Arlington Borough; thence easterly, 11 12 northerly, southerly then northerly on the boundary of Block 8, lot 13 5.01 to its intersection with Littel Way; thence westerly on Littel Way 14 to its intersection with Howard Boulevard (County Road 615); thence 15 northerly on Howard Boulevard, continuing northerly as it becomes 16 Espanong Road, to its intersection with Edison Road (County Road 17 615); thence easterly on Edison Road (County Road 615) to its 18 intersection with State Highway 15; thence northerly on the eastern 19 edge of the State Highway 15 right of way north of Lake Winona to 20 its intersection with the electrical utility right of way; thence southerly 21 and westerly on the utility right of way to its intersection with State 22 Highway 181; thence southerly on State Highway 181 to its 23 intersection with Prospect Point Road; thence southerly on Prospect 24 Point Road to its intersection with Northwood Road (County Road 25 609); thence southwesterly on Northwood Road to its intersection 26 with a tributary of the Musconetcong River; thence northerly on the 27 west bank of the tributary of the Musconetcong River to its 28 intersection with the southwestern boundary of Block 70001, lot 4 in 29 Hopatcong Borough; thence southwesterly on the southwestern 30 boundary of Block 70001, lot 4 to its intersection with the 31 southernmost corner of Block 70001, lot 5; thence northwesterly on 32 the boundary of Block 70001, lot 5 to its intersection with Block 70001, lot 1; thence southwesterly on Block 70001, lot 1 to its 33 34 intersection with the easternmost point of Block 50002, lot 1; thence 35 southwesterly on Block 50002, lot 1 to its intersection with Mohawk 36 Trail and Block 50003, lot 1 in Hopatcong Borough; thence 37 northwesterly and southwesterly along the northeast border of Block 38 5003, lot 1 to its intersection with the northwest corner of Block 39 5002, lot 2; thence southerly along the western boundary of Block 5002, lot 2 to its intersection with the northernmost corner Block 40 41 5002, lot 4; thence southwesterly along the Block 5002, lot 4 to its intersection with Block 5002, lot 6; thence northwesterly, 42 43 southwesterly, southeasterly and southwesterly along the boundary of 44 Block 5002, lot 6 to its westernmost corner; thence westerly on a line 45 to the intersection of Old Sparta Stanhope Road and Lubbers Run; 46 thence northerly on Old Sparta Stanhope Road to its intersection with 47 Sparta Stanhope Road (County Route 605); thence southerly on

Sparta Stanhope Road (County Route 605) to the intersection of the 1 2 Conrail right of way; thence southerly along the Conrail right of way 3 to its intersection with the Byram Township and Stanhope Borough 4 corporate boundary; thence westerly and southerly along the Byram 5 Township and Stanhope Borough corporate boundary to its 6 intersection with the southeastern corner of Block 42, lot 115 in 7 Byram Township; thence northeasterly and westerly on the block limit 8 of Block 42 to its intersection with the southeastern corner of Block 9 42, lot 112; thence northerly on a line approximately 390 feet east of, 10 and parallel to, State Highway 206 to its intersection with Brookwood 11 Road; thence easterly on Brookwood Road to the southeastern corner of Block 40, lot 18; thence northerly on the boundary of Block 40, lot 12 13 18 to its intersection with Block 40, lot 15; thence easterly and 14 northerly on Block 40, lot 15 to its intersection with Block 40, lot 14; 15 thence northeasterly, northerly, and westerly on the boundary of 16 Block 40, lot 14 to its intersection with the southeastern corner of 17 Block 365, lot 5; thence northeasterly on the boundary of Block 365, 18 lot 5 to Lake Lackawanna Road (also known as Lackawanna Drive) 19 and the southeastern corner of Block 226, lot 16; thence northeasterly 20 on the boundary of Block 226, lot 16 to its intersection with Block 21 226, lot 11; thence westerly, northerly, westerly, southerly, and 22 westerly on the boundary of Block 226, lot 11 to its intersection with 23 State Highway 206; thence southerly on State Highway 206 to its 24 intersection with the northeast corner of Block 70, lot 7.02; thence 25 westerly, southerly, westerly, and southerly on the boundary of Block 26 70, lot 7.02 to its intersection with Block 70, lot 7.01; thence 27 southerly on the boundary of Block 70, lot 7.01 to its intersection with 28 Block 70, lot 6; thence southerly on the boundary of Block 70, lot 6 29 to its intersection with Hi Glen Drive, continuing southerly to the 30 northwest corner of Block 59, lot 5; thence southerly on the boundary 31 of Block 59, lot 5 to its intersection with Block 34, lot 16; thence 32 westerly, southerly, easterly and southerly on the boundary of Block 33 34, lot 16 to its intersection with Block 34, lot 17; thence westerly on 34 the boundary of Block 34, Lot 17 to its intersection with Millstream Lane (as depicted on the municipal map); thence southerly on 35 36 Millstream Lane (as depicted on the municipal map) to its intersection 37 with Netcong Avenue; thence easterly on Netcong Avenue to its 38 intersection with State Highway 206; thence southerly on the western edge of the State Highway 206 right of way to its intersection with the 39 40 northeastern corner of Block 36, lot 39.01; thence westerly, southerly 41 and easterly along the boundary of lot 39.01 to the western edge of the 42 State Highway 206 right of way; thence southerly on the western edge 43 of the State Highway 206 right of way to its intersection with the 44 northeastern corner of Block 36, lot 40; thence westerly, northerly, 45 westerly along the boundary of Block 36 Lot 40 to the boundary of 46 Block 36, Lot 42; thence northerly, westerly, southerly along the 47 boundary of Block 36, Lot 42 to Waterloo Road; thence westerly

along Waterloo Road to the intersection with the northwestern corner 1 2 of Block 29, Lot 201.03; thence southerly to the intersection of Block 3 29, Lot 201.02 and Block 27, Lot 379; thence easterly to the northeast 4 corner of Block 27, Lot 379; thence southerly on a line approximately 5 143 feet west of, and paralleling, the western edge of the State 6 Highway 206 right of way to the intersection with Acorn Street; 7 thence easterly on Acorn Street to State Highway 206; thence 8 southerly along the western edge of the State Highway 206 right of 9 way to its intersection with the corporate boundary between Byram 10 Township and Stanhope Borough; thence generally southerly along the 11 corporate boundary between Byram Township and Stanhope Borough to the Musconetcong River and the corporate boundary between 12 13 Byram Township and Mount Olive Township; thence northwesterly 14 along the corporate boundary between Byram Township and Mount 15 Olive Township to its intersection with Allamuchy State Park; thence southerly, westerly and southerly on the Allamuchy State Park 16 17 boundary to its intersection with Interstate 80; thence southeasterly on 18 Interstate 80 to its intersection with International Drive North; thence 19 southeasterly on International Drive North to its intersection with 20 Waterloo Valley Road; thence easterly and southerly on Waterloo 21 Valley Road to its intersection with Allamuchy State Park; thence 22 easterly and southerly and westerly on the Allamuchy State Park 23 boundary to its intersection with Lozier Road; thence easterly on 24 Lozier Road to its intersection with Waterloo Road; thence southerly 25 on Waterloo Road to its intersection with 4th Street; thence westerly 26 and southerly on 4th Street to its intersection with Hopkins Drive; 27 thence southerly on Hopkins Drive to its intersection with Netcong 28 Road (County Road 649); thence southerly and westerly on Netcong 29 Road (County Road 649) to its intersection with Sand Shore Road 30 (County Road 649); thence southerly on Sand Shore Road (County 31 Road 649) to its intersection with U.S. Highway 46; thence northerly 32 and easterly on U.S. Highway 46 to its intersection with Gold Mine 33 Road; thence easterly on Gold Mine Road to its intersection with State 34 Highway 206; thence northerly on State Highway 206 to its 35 intersection with Mountain Road; thence southerly and easterly on 36 Mountain Road to its intersection with Mooney Road; thence northerly 37 on Mooney Road to its intersection with U.S. Highway 46; thence 38 easterly and southerly on U.S. Highway 46 to its intersection with 39 Main Street and the Morris Canal Park boundary; thence southerly on 40 the Morris Canal Park boundary to its intersection with Mountain 41 Road; thence northeasterly on Mountain Road to its intersection with 42 Emmans Road; thence southerly and westerly on Emmans Road to its 43 intersection with the Conrail right of way south of Drake's Brook; 44 thence southerly and westerly on Conrail right of way to its 45 intersection with State Highway 206; thence southerly on State 46 Highway 206 to its intersection with the Mount Olive Township and 47 Chester Township corporate boundary; thence northerly and westerly

1 on the Chester Township corporate boundary to its intersection with 2 the Roxbury Township corporate boundary, continuing northerly and 3 westerly on the Roxbury Township and Chester Township corporate 4 boundaries to the intersection with the Black River Wildlife 5 Management Area; thence northerly and easterly on the boundary of 6 the lands of the Morris County Utilities Authority to its intersection 7 with easterly on Righter Road; thence easterly on Righter Road to its 8 intersection with Park Avenue; thence southerly on Park Avenue to its 9 intersection with the Randolph Township and Chester Township 10 corporate boundary; thence southeasterly on the Chester Township 11 corporate boundary to its intersection with North Road (County Road 513); thence southerly and westerly on North Road (County Road 12 13 513) to its intersection with the Chester Township and Chester 14 Borough corporate boundary; thence northerly; thence westerly, 15 southerly and easterly around the Chester Borough corporate 16 boundary to its intersection with Main Street (County Road 510); 17 thence southerly on County Route 510 to its intersection with Chester 18 Township and Mendham Township corporate boundary; thence 19 southerly on the Chester Township corporate boundary to its 20 intersection with the Chester Township and Peapack-Gladstone 21 Borough and Somerset County corporate boundary; thence 22 southwesterly on the Chester Township and Peapack-Gladstone 23 Borough and Somerset County corporate boundary to its intersection 24 with the Bedminster Township corporate boundary; thence southerly 25 on the Bedminster Township corporate boundary to its intersection with Pottersville Road (County Road 512); thence westerly on 26 27 Pottersville Road (County Road 512) to its intersection with Black 28 River Road; thence northerly and westerly on Black River Road to its 29 intersection with the corporate boundaries of Bedminster Township 30 and Tewksbury Township; thence northerly along the corporate boundaries to their intersection with the corporate boundary of 31 32 Washington Township; thence westerly along the corporate boundaries 33 of Washington Township and Tewksbury Township to the point where 34 it intersects Black River Road; thence northerly and westerly on Black 35 River Road to the intersection of Hacklebarney Road; thence north on 36 Hacklebarney Road to the intersection of Old Farmers Road; thence 37 northerly and westerly on Old Farmers Road to the intersection of Flintlock Drive; thence easterly and northerly on Flintlock Drive to the 38 39 intersection of Parker Road; thence westerly on Parker Road to the 40 intersection of Old Farmers Road; thence northerly on Old Farmers 41 Road to the intersection with the southwestern corner of Block 36.06 42 in Washington Township; thence northeasterly on the southern 43 boundary of Block 36.06 to its intersection with Block 36, lot 42; 44 thence northwesterly on the boundary of Block 36, lot 42 to its 45 intersection with the southern corner of Block 36, lot 41; thence 46 northeasterly along the southern boundary of Block 36, lot 41 to its

1 intersection with Block 36, lot 43; thence northwesterly on the eastern 2 boundary of Block 36, lot 41 to its intersection with Block 36, lot 3 43.01; thence westerly and northwesterly on the boundary of Block 4 36, lot 43.01 to a point 560 feet southeast from the centerline of East 5 Mill Road; thence easterly, and parallel to East Mill Road, a distance 6 of 1300 feet to a point 560 feet from the centerline of East Mill Road; 7 thence northerly to its intersection with East Mill Road; thence 8 westerly on East Mill Road to its intersection with the southwestern 9 corner of Block 28, lot 17.01; thence northwesterly on the western 10 boundary of Block 28, lot 17.01 to its intersection with Block 28, lot 11 17; thence westerly, easterly and northwesterly on Block 28, lot 17 to its intersection with Block 28, lot 300; thence northwesterly on Block 12 13 28, lot 300 to its intersection with Block 28, lot 60; thence northwesterly on Block 28, lot 60 to its intersection with Fairview 14 15 Avenue; thence southwesterly on Fairview Avenue to its intersection 16 with Springtown Brook (Raritan River Tributary); thence northerly 17 and northwesterly on Springtown Brook to its intersection with the southeastern corner of Block 25, lot 47; thence northwesterly and 18 19 westerly on the boundary of Block 25, lot 47 to a point that is due east 20 of the northernmost corner of Block 25, lot 48; thence due east to the 21 northernmost corner of Block 25, lot 48; thence westerly, northerly 22 and westerly on the northernmost boundaries of Block 25, lots 48, 49, 23 47.01, 51, and 52.01 to the intersection of Block 25, lot 52.02; thence 24 northwesterly on Block 25, lot 52.02 to Schooley's Mountain Road 25 (County Road 517); thence across Schooley's Mountain Road (County 26 Road 517) to the northeastern corner of Block 33, lot 19.01; thence 27 westerly on Block 33, lot 19.01 to the northernmost corner of Block 28 33, lot 19; thence southwesterly on a line to the southwestern corner 29 of Block 33, lot 58.01; thence southeasterly on Block 33, lot 58.01 to 30 its intersection with the abandoned railroad right of way (including the 31 Columbia Gas transmission line); thence crossing the abandoned 32 railroad right of way to the southeastern corner of Block 33, lot 58; 33 thence southeasterly on Block 33, lot 58 to West Mill Road (County 34 Road 513); thence crossing to West Mill Road (County Road 513) to 35 the eastern corner of Block 34, lot 46; thence southeasterly and 36 northeasterly on Block 34, lot 46 to its intersection with Block 34, lot 37 50; thence northeasterly on Block 34, lot 50 to its intersection with 38 Block 34, lot 1.01; thence northeasterly on Block 34, lot 1.01 to its 39 intersection with Block 34, lot 3.01; thence northeasterly on Block 34, 40 lot 3.01 to its intersection with Fairmount Road (County Road 517); 41 thence southerly along Fairmount Road to the intersection of Parker 42 Road; thence northeast along Parker Road to Black River Road; 43 thence east along Parker Road to Pickle Road; thence south on Pickle 44 Road to the intersection of West Fairmount Road (County Road 512); 45 thence southerly on West Fairmount Road (County Road 512) to its 46 intersection with Hollow Brook Road; thence westerly on Hollow

1 Brook Road to its intersection with Homestead Road; thence southerly 2 on Homestead Road to its intersection with High Street (County Road 3 517) and Hill and Dale Road; thence westerly on Hill and Dale Road 4 to its intersection with Rockaway Road; thence westerly on Rockaway 5 Road to its intersection with Meadow Road; thence southerly on 6 Meadow Road to its intersection with Bissell Road; thence westerly on 7 Bissell Road to its intersection with Welsh Road; thence southerly and 8 westerly on Welsh Road to its intersection with the Tewksbury 9 Township and Clinton Township corporate boundary; thence westerly 10 on the Tewksbury Township and Clinton Township corporate 11 boundary to its intersection with Cokesbury Road (County Road 639); 12 thence northerly and westerly on Cokesbury Road (County Road 639) 13 to its intersection with Cokesbury Califon Road; thence northerly on 14 Cokesbury Califon Road to its intersection with the Lebanon 15 Township and Clinton Township corporate boundary; thence westerly 16 on the Lebanon Township and Clinton Township corporate boundary 17 to its intersection with Mt. Grove Road; thence southerly on Mt. 18 Grove Road to its intersection with Beaver Brook Ravine public land 19 boundary; thence southerly, westerly and northerly on the Beaver 20 Brook Ravine public land boundary to its intersection with Highbridge 21 Cokesbury Road (County Road 639); thence westerly on Highbridge 22 Cokesbury Road (County Road 639) to its intersection with Stone 23 Mill Road; thence north on Stone Mill Road to the Clinton Township 24 and Lebanon Township corporate boundary; thence westerly on the 25 Clinton Township corporate boundary to its intersection with the High 26 Bridge Borough and Lebanon Township corporate boundary; thence 27 west and southerly along the corporate boundary to the intersection 28 with Cregar Road; thence westerly on Cregar Road to its intersection 29 with State Highway 31; thence southerly on State Highway 31 to its 30 intersection with the Spruce Run Reservoir boundary; thence southerly 31 and westerly on the Spruce Run Reservoir boundary to its intersection 32 with Rupell Road; thence westerly on Rupell Road to its intersection 33 with the Clinton Fish and Wildlife Management Area; thence westerly 34 on the Clinton Fish and Wildlife Management Area boundary to its 35 intersection with Charlestown Road (County Road 635); thence 36 southerly on Charlestown Road (County Road 635) to its intersection 37 with South Frontage Road in Union Township; thence westerly on 38 South Frontage Road to the intersection of Baptist Church Road; 39 thence south on Baptist Church Road to the Norfolk Southern Lehigh 40 Valley railroad right of way; thence easterly along the northern 41 boundary of the Norfolk Southern Lehigh Valley railroad right of way 42 to Mechlin Corner Road; thence north on Mechlin Corner Road to the 43 intersection of Perryville Road; thence easterly and southerly on 44 Perryville Road to its intersection with Race Street; thence easterly on 45 Race Street to its intersection with the Franklin Township and Union 46 Township corporate boundary; thence southerly on the Franklin

1 Township and Union Township corporate boundary to Pittstown 2 Clinton Road (County Road 513) to its intersection with Cook's Cross 3 Road; thence westerly on Cook's Cross Road to its intersection with 4 Bloomsbury Road (County Road 579); thence northerly and westerly 5 on Bloomsbury Road (County Road 579) to its intersection with Little 6 York Pattenburg Road (County Road 614); thence westerly and 7 southerly on Little York Pattenburg Road (County Road 614) to its 8 intersection with Little York Mt. Pleasant Road (County Road 631) 9 and Ellis Road; thence westerly and northerly on Ellis Road to its 10 intersection with Hawkes Schoolhouse Road; thence southerly on 11 Hawkes Schoolhouse Road to its intersection with Milford Warren Glen Road (County Road 519); thence westerly on Milford Warren 12 13 Glen Road (County Road 519) to its intersection with Dennis Road; 14 thence westerly and northerly on Dennis Road to its intersection with 15 Milford Warren Glen Road (County Road 519); thence northerly on 16 Milford Warren Glen Road (County Road 519) to its intersection with 17 the Musconetcong River; thence southerly and westerly on the 18 southern bank of the Musconetcong River to its intersection with the 19 Delaware River and the State of New Jersey corporate boundary; 20 thence northerly and easterly on the Delaware River and the State of 21 New Jersey corporate boundary to its intersection with the 22 Phillipsburg Town and Pohatcong Township corporate boundary: 23 thence northeasterly on the Phillipsburg Town and Pohatcong 24 Township corporate boundary to its intersection with Interstate 78; 25 thence southerly on interstate 78 to its intersection with the Pohatcong 26 Township and Alpha Borough corporate boundary; thence southerly 27 and westerly on the Pohatcong Township and Alpha Borough 28 corporate boundary to its intersection with Snydersville Road; thence 29 northeasterly on Snydersville Road to its intersection with Interstate 30 78; thence noutheasterly on Interstate 78 to its intersection with the 31 Pohatcong Township and Alpha Borough corporate boundary; thence 32 northeasterly on the Pohatcong Township and Alpha Borough 33 corporate boundary to its intersection with Edge Road; thence 34 northwesterly on Edge Road to its intersection with Interstate 78; 35 thence northerly and easterly on Interstate 78 to its intersection with 36 US Highway 22; thence southeasterly on US Highway 22 to its 37 intersection with the Greenwich Township and Pohatcong Township 38 corporate boundary; thence southerly on the Greenwich Township and 39 Pohatcong Township corporate boundary to its intersection with 40 Warren Glen Bloomsbury Road (County Road 639); thence northerly 41 and easterly on Warren Glen Bloomsbury Road (County Road 639) to 42 its intersection with State Highway 173 in Greenwich Township; 43 thence easterly on State Highway 173 to its intersection with Church 44 Street (County Road 579); thence easterly on Church Street (County 45 Road 579) to its intersection with the Musconetcong River; thence 46 northerly and easterly on the northern bank of the Musconetcong

1 River to its intersection with the eastern most boundary of the 2 Musconetcong Valley Acquisition public lands in Bethlehem 3 Township; thence easterly and southerly on the Musconetcong Valley 4 Acquisition public land boundary to its intersection with the Conrail 5 right of way; thence easterly on the Conrail right of way to its intersection with D. Hull Private Road; thence southerly on the D. 6 7 Hull Private Road to its intersection with State Highway 173; thence 8 east to the intersection of West Portal Asbury Road (County Road 9 643); thence easterly and northerly on West Portal Asbury Road 10 (County Road 643); thence easterly and northerly on West 11 Portal-Asbury Road (County Road 643) to its intersection with Maple Avenue in Warren County; thence northerly and easterly on Maple 12 13 Avenue to its intersection with Shurts Road; thence southerly on 14 Shurts Road, becoming Valley Road in Hunterdon County, continuing 15 on Valley Road to its intersection with Main Street in Hampton 16 Borough; thence northerly on Main Street to its intersection with State 17 Highway 31; thence northerly on State Highway 31 to its intersection 18 with the Musconetcong River; thence northerly and easterly on the 19 northern bank of the Musconetcong River to its intersection with 20 Newburgh Road; thence east on Newburgh Road to the intersection 21 of Schooley's Mountain Road (County Route 517); thence northerly 22 on Schooley's Mountain Road (County Route 517) to the 23 Muscontecong River; thence northerly along the Muscontecong River 24 to East Avenue; thence northeasterly along East Avenue to U.S. 25 Highway 46; thence northerly and easterly along U.S. Highway 46 to 26 the intersection with the Washington Township and Mount Olive 27 Township corporate boundary; thence westerly and southerly along 28 said corporate boundary to the Musconetcong River; thence northerly 29 along the southern bank of the Musconetcong River to the Stephens 30 State Park boundary; thence northerly, westerly, northerly, westerly 31 along the Stephens State Park boundary to a point opposite the lands 32 of Stephens State Park on the western and northern bank of the 33 Musconetcong; thence across the Musconetcong River to the 34 boundary of the lands of Stephens State Park; thence along the 35 southern boundary of Stephens State Park to the intersection of 36 Willow Grove Road (Warren County Route 604); thence north along 37 the lands of Stephens State Park and Willow Grove Road (Warren County Route 604) to a point opposite the lands of Stephens State 38 39 Park on the west side or Willow Grove Road (Warren County Route 40 604); thence crossing Willow Grove Road to the boundary of the lands 41 of Stephens State Park; thence westerly along said State Park 42 boundary lands to the intersection with the Conrail right of way; 43 thence southerly on Conrail right of way to its intersection with Bilby 44 Road; thence northerly and westerly on Bilby Road to its intersection 45 with Old Bilby Road; thence northerly and westerly on Old Bilby Road 46 to its intersection with High Street (County Road 517); thence

southerly on High Street (County Road 517) to its intersection with 1 2 Old Allamuchy Road; thence southerly and westerly on Old Allamuchy 3 Road to its intersection with the Independence Township and 4 Hackettstown Town corporate boundary; thence westerly and 5 southerly on the Hackettstown Town corporate boundary to its intersection with the Hackettstown Town and Mansfield Township 6 7 corporate boundary; thence southerly and easterly on the 8 Hackettstown Town and Mansfield Township corporate boundary to 9 its intersection with the Conrail railroad right of way at Rockport 10 Road; thence southerly and westerly on the Conrail railroad right of 11 way into Washington Township to a point along the Conrail railroad right of way 1,250 feet southwest of the Washington Township and 12 13 Mansfield Township corporate boundary; thence proceeding 14 northwesterly 380 feet more or less along a line projected to the 15 southeastern corner of Block 43, lot 10.01 in Washington Township; 16 thence continuing northwesterly and westerly along the boundary of 17 Block 43, lot 10.01 to the northeastern corner of Block 43, lot 10; 18 thence westerly along the boundary of Block 43, lot 10 to the 19 southeastern corner of Block 43, lot 9; thence northerly along the 20 eastern boundaries of Block 43, lots 9, 6 and 5; thence along a line 21 projected from the northern corner of Block 43, lot 5 365 feet more 22 or less across a portion of Block 43, lot 3 to the southeastern corner 23 of Block 43, lot 4; thence northerly and westerly along the boundary 24 of Block 43, lot 4 to Port Colden Road; thence northerly on Port 25 Colden Road to the Shabbecong Creek crossing; thence southwesterly 26 along the northern bank of the Shabbecong Creek to its intersection 27 with the western boundary of Block 40, lot 86; thence south along 28 Block 40, lot 86 to the northeastern corner of Block 40, lot 87.02; 29 thence westerly along the northern boundary of Block 40, lot 87.02; 30 thence 60 feet more or less along a line projected from the 31 northwestern corner of Block 40, lot 87.02 across a portion of Block 32 40, lot 87 to the northeast corner of Block 40, lot 87.01 and a corner 33 of Block 40, lot 87; thence westerly along the southern boundary of 34 Block 40, lot 87 to the Washington Township and Washington 35 Borough corporate boundary; thence northerly and westerly along the 36 Washington Township and Washington Borough corporate boundary 37 to the southern corner of Block 40, lot 105; thence northeasterly to 38 the corner and intersection with the boundary of Block 40, lot 87; 39 thence northwesterly along the boundary of Block 40, lot 87 to the 40 intersection with the first southwestern corner of Block 40, lot 110; 41 thence northwesterly along the western boundary of Block 40, lot 110 42 to the southern corner of Block 40, lot 25; thence northeasterly and 43 northwesterly along the boundary of Block 40, lot 25 to the southern 44 corner of Block 40, lot 28; thence northeasterly and northwesterly 45 along the boundary of Block 40, lot 28 the intersection of Jackson 46 Valley Road and State Highway 31; thence northerly along western

edge of the right of way of State Highway 31 to a point 2,200 feet 1 2 north of Jackson Valley Road intersection; thence turning 90 degrees 3 west from the right of way edge and proceeding 1,300 feet more or 4 less westerly across a portion of Block 38, lot 5 to the Conrail railroad 5 tracks or right of way; thence south along the eastern edge of Conrail 6 railroad tracks or right of way to the northern corner of Block 38, lot 7 8; thence south along the western boundary of Block 38, lot 8 to the 8 southern bank of the Pohatcong Creek; thence southwesterly along the 9 southern bank of the Pohatcong Creek to Mine Hill Road; thence 10 northwesterly along Mine Hill Road to the intersection of Bowerstown 11 Road; thence southwesterly approximately 310 feet on the northern edge of the Bowerstown Road right of way to its intersection with a 12 12 foot wide portion of Block 5, lot 18 which provides access to 13 14 Bowerstown Road; thence 550 feet more or less westerly along the 12 15 foot wide portion of Block 5, lot 18 to the point it intersects with the 16 western limit of the 100 foot wide New Jersey Power and Light 17 easement; thence turning south approximately 104 degrees more or 18 less and projecting along a line 200 feet more or less to the northern 19 corner of Block 5, lot 16.04; thence projected southerly along a line 20 300 feet more or less to the northern corner of Block 5, lot 17; thence 21 continuing southerly along the western boundaries of Block 5, lots 17, 22 16.01, 16.02, and 16.03 to the western corner of Block 5, lot 16.03; 23 thence projecting southerly along a line 670 feet more or less to the 24 eastern corner of Block 5, lot 22.01; thence continuing southerly along 25 the eastern boundary of Block 5, lot 22.01 to Lannings Trail; thence 26 southeast across Lannings Trail to the northeast corner of Block 6, lot 27 13.05; thence southwesterly and northwesterly along the eastern 28 boundary of Block 6, lot 13.05 to the eastern corner of Block 6, lot 29 11; thence southerly along the eastern boundary of Block 6, lot 11 to 30 Lanning Terrace; thence southerly across Lanning Terrace to the northeastern corner of Block 6, lot 19.03; thence southerly along the 31 32 eastern boundary of Block 6, lot 19.03 to the intersection of the 33 northern boundary of Block 6, lot 20.01; thence following along the 34 boundary of Block 6, lot 20.01 easterly and then generally 35 southwesterly to the eastern corner of Block 6, lot 32; thence 36 southwesterly along the eastern boundary of Block 6, lot 32 to Forces 37 Hill Road; thence easterly on Forces Hill Road to the intersection of Brass Castle Road; thence westerly along the southern edge of the 38 39 Brass Castle Road right of way to the eastern corner of Block 14, lot 40 1; thence southwesterly and southeasterly along the boundary of Block 41 14, lot 1 to the northeastern corner of Block 14, lot 22; thence 42 southeasterly and southwesterly along the boundary of Block 14, lot 43 22 to Old Schoolhouse Road; thence southwesterly along the northern 44 edge of the right of way for Old Schoolhouse Road to the intersection 45 with the northern edge of the right of way of Little Philadelphia Road; 46 thence southwesterly along the northern edge of the right of way for

1 Little Philadelphia Road to the northeastern corner of Block 15, lot 2 8.01; thence southwesterly along the northern boundary of Block 15, 3 lot 8.01 to the Washington Township and Franklin Township 4 corporate boundary; thence southeasterly along the Washington 5 Township and Franklin Township corporate boundary to State 6 Highway Route 57; thence southwesterly along State Highway Route 7 57 to its intersection with Uniontown Road (County Road 519) in 8 Lopatcong Township; thence northerly on Uniontown Road (County 9 Road 519) to the intersection of Upper Belvidere Road Warren 10 County Route 519; thence continuing northerly on Warren County 11 Route 519 which becomes Belvidere Phillipsburg Road to its intersection with South Bridgeville Road (County Road 519); thence 12 13 easterly and northerly on South Bridgeville Road (County Road 519) 14 to its intersection with Brass Castle Road (County Road 623); thence 15 easterly and southerly on Brass Castle Road (County Road 623) to its 16 intersection with Hazen Oxford Road (County Road 624); thence 17 easterly and southerly on Hazen Oxford Road (County Road 624) to 18 its intersection with Belvidere Road (County Road 624); thence easterly and southerly on Belvidere Road (County Road 624) to its 19 20 intersection with the northwestern corner of Block 24, lot 10 in 21 Oxford Township; thence southerly, thence easterly on the boundary 22 of Block 24, lot 10 to its intersection with the eastern boundary of 23 Block 24, lot 20; thence southerly on the boundary of Block 24, lot 20 24 to its intersection with the northern boundary of Block 24, lot 19; 25 thence easterly, thence southeasterly on the boundary of Block 24, lot 26 19 to its intersection with the northeastern corner of Block 24, lot 27 13.01; thence southerly on the eastern boundary of Block 24, lot 13.01 28 to its intersection with Block 24, lot 13; thence southerly on the 29 eastern boundary of Block 24, lot 13 to its intersection with Buckley 30 Avenue; thence easterly on Buckley Avenue to its intersection with the northwestern corner of Block 2, lot 30; thence southerly, thence 31 32 easterly on the boundary of Block 2, lot 30, continuing easterly on the 33 southern boundaries of Block 2, lots 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, and the 34 southeastern corner of lot 36; thence on a line due south to its 35 intersection with Block 2, lot 18.01; thence easterly, thence southerly 36 on the boundary of Block 2, lot 18.01 to its intersection with the northwestern corner of Block 2, lot 19.02 at Kent Place; thence 37 38 southerly on the boundary of Block 2, lot 19.02 to its southwestern 39 corner; thence southerly on a line to the southwestern corner of Block 40 2, lot 61; thence easterly on the southern boundary of Block 2, lot 61 41 to its intersection with Jonestown Road; thence southerly on 42 Jonestown Road to its intersection with the southwestern corner of 43 Block 1.01, lot 39.02; thence easterly on the southern boundary of 44 Block 1.01, lot 39.02, continuing easterly on the southern boundary 45 of Block 1.01, lots 39 and 39.01 to the intersection with Mine Hill 46 Road; thence northerly on Mine Hill Road to the intersection with

1 Academy Street and the Oxford Mountain public land boundary; 2 thence northeasterly on the Oxford Mountain public land boundary to 3 the intersection with State Highway 31; thence easterly on State 4 Highway 31 to the intersection of Oram's Lane; thence easterly on 5 Oram's Lane to its end and intersection with Block 34, lot 2; thence northerly, thence easterly on the boundary of Block 34, lot 2 to its 6 7 intersection with Block 34, lot 2.01; thence easterly on the northern 8 boundary of Block 34, lot 2.01 to its intersection with the Pequest 9 Wildlife Management Area boundary; thence northerly on the Pequest 10 Wildlife Management Area boundary to its intersection with Axford 11 Avenue and the Pequest Wildlife Management Area boundary; thence 12 westerly and northerly on the Pequest Wildlife Management Area 13 boundary to its intersection with the Oxford Township and White 14 Township corporate boundary; thence westerly on the Oxford 15 Township and White Township corporate boundary to its intersection 16 with State Highway 31; thence northerly on State Highway 31 to its 17 intersection with U.S. 46; thence easterly on U.S. 46 to its intersection 18 with Free Union Road; thence northerly on Free Union Road to its 19 intersection with Beechwood Road; thence westerly on Beechwood 20 Road to its intersection with Tamarack Road; thence northerly on 21 Tamarack Road to its intersection with the White Township and 22 Liberty Township corporate boundary; thence northerly and westerly 23 on the White Township and Liberty Township corporate boundary to 24 its intersection with Mountain Lake Road (County Road 617); thence 25 southerly and westerly on Mountain Lake Road to its intersection with 26 North Bridgeville Road (County Road 519); thence northerly on North 27 Bridgeville Road (County Road 519) to its intersection with the White 28 Township and Hope Township corporate boundary; thence easterly 29 and southerly on the White Township and Hope Township corporate 30 boundary to its intersection with the Hope Township and Liberty 31 Township corporate boundary; thence northerly and easterly on the 32 Hope Township and Liberty Township corporate boundary to its 33 intersection with the Frelinghuysen Township and Independence 34 Township corporate boundary; thence northerly and easterly on the Frelinhuysen Township and Independence Township corporate 35 36 boundary to its intersection with Frelinghuysen Township and 37 Allamuchy Township corporate boundary; thence northerly and 38 easterly on the Frelinghuysen Township and Allamuchy Township 39 corporate boundary to its intersection with the southern boundary of 40 the Interstate 80 right of way in Frelinghuysen Township; thence 41 easterly along the southern boundary of the Interstate 80 right of way 42 to its intersection with the Conrail right of way in Allamuchy 43 Township; thence southerly and westerly on the Conrail right of way 44 to its intersection with the southeastern corner of Block 29, lot 29 in 45 Independence Township; thence northwesterly along the southwest 46 boundary of Block 29, lot 29 in Independence Township to the

1 Pequest River; thence northerly on the western bank of the Pequest 2 River to its intersection with the southern corner of Block 29, lot 44 3 in Independence Township; thence northwesterly along the 4 southwestern boundary of Block 29, lot 44 in Independence Township 5 to Shades of Death Road; thence southerly and westerly on Shades of 6 Death Road to its intersection with Hope Road (County Road 611); 7 thence southerly and easterly on Hope Road (County Road 611) to its 8 intersection with U.S. 46; thence northerly and easterly on U.S. 46 to 9 its intersection with Old Cemetery Road; thence southerly and easterly 10 on Old Cemetery Road across the Conrail right of way to its 11 intersection with Cemetery Road; thence southerly and easterly on Cemetery Road to its intersection with Barkers Mill Road; thence 12 13 southerly and easterly on Barkers Mill Road to its intersection with 14 Johnson Road; thence easterly and northerly on Johnson Road to its 15 intersection with U.S. 46 and Ketchum Road; thence northerly and 16 easterly on Ketchum Road to its intersection with Petersburg Road 17 (County Road 614) and Ridge Road; thence northerly and easterly on 18 Ridge Road to its intersection with County Road 517; thence northerly on County Road 517 to its intersection with Stuyvestant Road and 19 20 Allamuchy State Park boundary; thence northerly along the Allamuchy 21 State Park boundary into Green Township; thence southeasterly and 22 northeasterly along the Allamuchy State Park boundary to its 23 intersection with the Green Township and Byram Township corporate 24 boundary; thence continuing northerly and easterly on the Byram 25 Township and Andover Borough corporate boundary; thence 26 continuing northerly and easterly along the Byram Township and 27 Andover Township corporate boundary to its intersection with the 28 Sparta Township corporate boundary; thence easterly on the Sparta 29 Township corporate boundary to its intersection with Tomahawk 30 Trail; thence easterly and northerly on Tomahawk Trail to its 31 intersection with Green Road; thence northerly on Green Road to its 32 intersection with Sawmill Road; thence easterly and northerly on 33 Sawmill Road to its intersection with State Highway 181; thence 34 northerly on State Highway 181 to its intersection with Blue Heron 35 Road; thence easterly on Blue Heron Road to its intersection with 36 State Highway 15; thence northerly along the western boundary of the 37 State Highway 15 right of way to its intersection with the southern 38 corner of Block 13.13, lot 21 in Sparta Township; thence easterly and 39 thence northerly along the boundary of Block 13.13, lot 21 to its 40 intersection with Block 13.13, lot 22; thence northeasterly on the 41 boundary of Block 13.13, lot 22 to its intersection with Glen Road 42 (Sussex County Route 620); thence westerly on Glen Road (Sussex 43 County Route 620) to its intersection with the westernmost point of 44 Block 7, lot 57; thence easterly on the boundary of Block 7, lot 57 to 45 its intersection with Block 7, lot 58; thence northerly on the boundary 46 of Block 7, lot 58 to its intersection with the southwestern edge of

1 Block 7, lot 61.02; thence easterly, northerly, then westerly on the 2 boundary of Block 7, lot 61.02 to its intersection with Main Street; 3 thence southwesterly on Main Street to its intersection with the 4 southernmost corner of Block 12, lot 3; thence westerly on the 5 southern boundary of Block 12, lot 3 to its intersection with Sussex 6 County Route 517); thence westerly on Sussex County Route 517 to 7 its intersection with Station Road; thence northerly on Station Road 8 to its intersection with the southernmost point of Block 19, lot 43; 9 thence northerly, thence easterly on the boundary of Block 19, lot 43 10 to its intersection with Block 19, lot 39; thence following the boundary 11 of Block 19, lot 39 around the parcel in a counterclockwise manner to its intersection with Block 19, lot 99; thence southerly on the 12 13 boundary of Block 19, lot 99 to its intersection with the western 14 boundary of the State Highway 15 right of way; thence northerly along 15 the western boundary of the State Highway 15 right of way to its 16 intersection with Houses Corner Road; thence easterly and northerly 17 on Houses Corner Road to its intersection with West Mountain Road; 18 thence southerly on West Mountain Road to its intersection with 19 Sparta Munsons Road; thence southeasterly across Sparta Munsons 20 Road to the Conrail right of way; thence northerly and easterly along 21 the northwestern boundary of the Conrail right of way to its 22 intersection with the Ogdensburg Borough and Sparta Township 23 corporate boundary; thence northeasterly to the southwestern end of 24 Heater's Pond and proceeding northerly along the western edge of 25 Heater's Pond to the intersection of Edison Road; thence westerly on 26 Edison Road to the intersection with the New York Susquehanna and 27 Western Railroad right of way; thence northerly along the the easterly 28 edge of the New York Susquehanna and Western Railroad right of 29 way to the Ogdensburg Borough and Hardyston Township corporate 30 boundary; thence westerly on the Ogdensburg Borough and Hardyston 31 Township corporate boundary to its intersection with the Franklin 32 Borough corporate boundary; thence easterly and northerly on the 33 Franklin Borough and Hardyston Township corporate boundary to its 34 intersection with Henderson Road (Hamburg Turnpike); thence 35 southerly and easterly on Henderson Road (Hamburg Turnpike) to the 36 intersection of Mountain Road in Hardyston Township; thence 37 northerly on Mountain Road to its intersection with Rudetown Road 38 (County Road 517); thence easterly and northerly on Rudetown Road 39 (County Road 517) to the Black Creek in Vernon Township; thence 40 easterly along Black Creek to its intersection with the boundary of 41 Block 280, lot 22 in Vernon Township; thence easterly along said 42 boundary to the western boundary of Block 280, lot 23; thence 43 following the boundary of Block 280, lot 23 south to the boundary of 44 Block 177, lot 49; thence easterly and northerly along the boundary of 45 Block 177, lot 49 to the boundary of Block 190, lot 18.06; thence 46 easterly along the boundary of Block 190, lot 18.06 to the boundary

1 of Block 190, lot 18.05; thence southeasterly and thence northeasterly 2 along the boundary Block 190, lot 18.05 to the boundary of Block 3 190, lot 18.01; thence northeasterly along the boundary of Block 190, 4 lot 18.01 to the boundary of Block 190, lot 18.S01; thence 5 southeasterly along the boundary of Block 190, lot 18.S01 to the 6 boundary of Block 190, lot 20; thence southwesterly and easterly 7 along the boundary of Block 190, lot 20 to the boundary of Block 240, 8 lot 1; thence easterly along the boundary of Block 240, lot 1 to County 9 Road 515; thence northerly along County Road 515 to the intersection 10 of Breakneck Road and County Road 515; thence easterly and 11 southerly along the northern edge of the right of way of Breakneck Road to the intersection of the southeastern corner of Block 143, lot 12 13 17 in Vernon Township; thence northerly along the eastern boundary 14 of Block 143, lot 17 to the northern corner of Block 143, lot 25; 15 thence northerly 1035 feet more or less along a line projected across 16 Block 143, lot 17 to the southern corner of Block 143, lot 16; thence 17 northerly along the eastern boundary of Block 143, lot 16 to the 18 southern corner of Block 143, lot 15; thence westerly and northerly 19 along the southwestern boundary of Block 143, lot 15 to Pond Eddy 20 Road; thence northerly across Pond Eddy Road to the southern corner 21 of Block 143, lot 10; thence northerly along the eastern boundary of 22 Block 143, lot 10 to the boundary of Block 143, lot 7; thence westerly 23 southerly and generally northerly along the western boundary of Block 24 143, lot 7 to the limit of Block 143.01; thence northwesterly along the 25 southern limit of Block 143.01 to the eastern corner of Block 143.01, 26 lot 22; thence northwesterly along the northern boundary of Block 27 143.01, lot 22 and lot 23 to Vernon Warwick Road (State Highway 28 94); thence easterly and northerly on Vernon Warwick Road (State 29 Highway 94) to its intersection with Maple Grange Road; thence 30 northerly and westerly on Maple Grange Road to its intersection with 31 Pochuck Creek and Wawayanda State Park/Appalachian Trail public 32 land; thence northerly and westerly along the western and southern 33 Wawayanda State Park/Appalachian Trail public land boundary to its 34 intersection with the western terminus of Thistle Avenue (Walnut Hill 35 Drive); thence easterly and southerly on Thistle Avenue (Walnut Hill 36 Drive) to its intersection with Phlox Terrace; thence southerly on 37 Phlox Terrace to its intersection with Cedar Terrace; thence southerly 38 on Cedar Terrace to its intersection with Clover Lane; thence easterly 39 on Clover Lane to its intersection with Zinnia Drive; thence southerly 40 and westerly on the eastern and southern bank of the tributary of 41 Black Creek to its intersection with Lounsberry Hollow Road; thence 42 northerly on Lounsberry Hollow Road to its intersection with 43 Dorchester Road; thence westerly and southerly on Dorchester Road 44 to its intersection with Rolling Hills Road; thence southerly on Rolling 45 Hills Road to its intersection with a tributary of Black Creek to its 46 intersection with Pochuck Mountain public land boundary; thence

1 southerly and northerly on the Pochuck Mountain public land

- 2 boundary to its intersection with a tributary of Black Creek; thence
- 3 <u>northerly on the western bank of the tributary of Black Creek to its</u>
- 4 <u>intersection with Lake Glenwood; thence along the west shore of Lake</u>
- 5 Glenwood to Pochuck Creek; thence northerly and westerly on Lake
- 6 Shore Drive to its intersection with Glenwood Martin Station Road
- 7 (County Road 565); thence southerly and westerly on Glenwood
- 8 Martin Station Road (County Road 565) to its intersection with
- 9 <u>Babtown Road; thence northerly on Babtown Road to its intersection</u>
- with Maple Avenue; thence northerly on with Maple Avenue to its
- 11 <u>intersection with Spring Lane; thence northerly on Spring Lane to its</u>
- 12 <u>intersection with Lakeside Drive; thence northerly on Lakeside Drive</u>
- 13 to its intersection with Glen Road; thence westerly on Glen Road to
- 14 <u>its intersection with Lake Walkill Road; thence northerly on Lake</u>
- 15 Walkill Road to its intersection with the New York State corporate
- boundary; thence easterly and southerly to its intersection with State
- 17 Highway 17 and Interstate Highway 287 in northern Mahwah
- 18 Township, at a point of origin.

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boundary.¹

identified reference points.¹

- (2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection, any natural geographical feature, including a river, stream, or brook, used in paragraph (1) of this subsection for the boundary description of the preservation area shall be considered to lie totally within the preservation area, and any road, railroad, or railroad right of way used in paragraph (1) of this subsection for the boundary description of the preservation area shall be considered to lie totally outside of the preservation area. The use of property block and lot designations include or exclude property from the preservation area. Where a survey gore exists between a property boundary depicted upon a municipal tax map and the limits of a surveyed property noted in paragraph (1) of this subsection, the surveyed property boundary
- c. The planning area shall consist of all that area of the Highlands
 Region not within the preservation area.

description shall be considered to constitute the preservation area

1d. The preservation area shall not include any land located within the boundaries of any regional center or town center designated by the State Planning Commission pursuant to the "State Planning Act," P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et al.) as of the date of enactment of this act, except to the extent necessary as set forth in the boundary description of the preservation area in subsection b. of this section to reflect appropriate and nearest practicable, on-the-ground, and easily

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8. (New section) ¹a. ¹ The council shall, within 18 months after the date of its first meeting, and after holding at least five public hearings

1 in various locations in the Highlands Region and at least one public

hearing in Trenton, prepare and adopt a regional master plan for the

3 Highlands Region. The Highlands regional master plan shall be

4 periodically revised and updated at least once every ¹[five] <u>six</u>¹ years,

5 after public hearings.

¹The council shall not adopt the regional master plan unless it recommends receiving zones in the planning area and capacity therefor for each receiving zone pursuant to the transfer of development rights program authorized in section 13 of this act.

b. Within 60 days after adopting the regional master plan, the council shall submit the plan to the State Planning Commission for endorsement pursuant to the rules and regulations adopted by the State Planning Commission. The State Planning Commission review shall be limited to the planning area only.¹

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9. (New section) a. During the preparation of the regional master plan or any revision thereof, the council shall consult with the Department of Environmental Protection, the Department of Community Affairs, the State Planning Commission, the Department of Agriculture, the State Agriculture ¹[and]¹ Development Committee, 1the Department of Transportation, and appropriate officials of local ¹[governments] government units ¹ and State, regional, and federal ¹departments, ¹ agencies ¹and other governmental entities¹ with jurisdiction over lands, waters, and natural resources within the Highlands Region, with interested professional, scientific, and citizen organizations, and with any advisory groups that may be established by the council. ¹The council shall also consult with the Department of Transportation in preparing the transportation component of the regional master plan.¹ The council shall review all relevant federal, State, and private studies of the Highlands Region, the State Development and Redevelopment Plan, municipal, county, and regional plans, applicable federal and State laws and rules and

b. Prior to adoption of, and in preparing, the regional master plan, the council may, in conjunction with municipalities in the preservation area, identify areas in which redevelopment shall be encouraged in order to promote the economic well-being of the municipality, provided that the redevelopment conforms ¹[to] with ¹ the goals of the preservation area and this act ¹, with the standards prescribed pursuant to section 32 of this act. ¹ and with the rules and regulations adopted by the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to sections ¹[32] 33¹ and ¹[33] 34¹ of this act. ¹Any areas identified for possible redevelopment pursuant to this subsection shall be either a brownfield site designated by the Department of Environmental Protection or a site at which at least 70% of the area thereof is covered with impervious surface. ¹

- 1 c. ¹In preparing and implementing the regional master plan or any 2 revision thereto, the council shall ensure that the goals, purposes, 3 policies, and provisions of, and the protections afforded to farmers by, 4 the "Right to Farm Act," P.L.1983, c.31 (C.4:1C-1 et seq.), and any rules or regulations adopted pursuant thereto, are recognized and not 5
- compromised in any manner. <u>d.</u>¹ Upon adoption of the regional master plan or any revision 7 thereof, copies thereof shall be transmitted to the Governor ¹[and 8 to], the Legislature, the governing body of every municipality and 9 county located in the Highlands Region, and the State Planning 10 Commission¹. 11

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- 10. (New section) a. The goal of the regional master plan with respect to the entire Highlands Region shall be to protect and enhance the significant values of the resources thereof in a manner which is consistent with the purposes and provisions of this act.
- b. The goals of the regional master plan with respect to the preservation area shall be to:
- (1) protect, restore, and enhance the quality and quantity of surface and ground waters therein;
- (2) preserve extensive and, to the maximum extent possible, contiguous areas of land in its natural state, thereby ensuring the continuation of a Highlands environment which contains the unique and significant natural, scenic, and other resources representative of the Highlands Region;
- (3) protect the natural, scenic, and other resources of the Highlands Region, including but not limited to contiguous forests, wetlands, vegetated stream corridors, steep slopes, and critical habitat for fauna and flora;
- (4) preserve farmland and historic sites and other historic resources; 30
- 31 (5) ¹preserve outdoor recreation opportunities, including hunting and fishing, on publicly owned land; 32
 - (6) promote conservation of water resources;
 - (7) promote brownfield remediation and redevelopment;
- 35 (8)¹ promote compatible agricultural, horticultural, recreational, 36 and cultural uses and opportunities within the framework of protecting the Highlands environment; and 37
 - ¹[(6)] (9)¹ prohibit or limit to the maximum extent possible construction or development which is incompatible with preservation of this unique area.
- 41 c. The goals of the regional master plan with respect to the 42 planning area shall be to:
- (1) protect, restore, and enhance the quality and quantity of surface 43 44 and ground waters therein;
- 45 (2) preserve to the maximum extent possible any environmentally 46 sensitive lands and other lands needed for recreation and conservation

- 2 (3) protect and maintain the essential character of the Highlands environment;
 - (4) preserve farmland and historic sites and other historic resources;
- 5 (5) promote the continuation and expansion of agricultural, 6 horticultural, recreational, and cultural uses and opportunities; 7 ¹[and]¹
- 8 (6) ¹preserve outdoor recreation opportunities, including hunting 9 and fishing, on publicly owned land;
 - (7) promote conservation of water resources;
 - (8) promote brownfield remediation and redevelopment;
 - (9)¹ encourage, consistent with the State Development and Redevelopment Plan and smart growth strategies and principles, appropriate patterns of compatible residential, commercial, and industrial development, redevelopment, and economic growth, in or adjacent to areas already utilized for such purposes, and discourage piecemeal, scattered, and inappropriate development, in order to accommodate local and regional growth and economic development in an orderly way while protecting the Highlands environment from the individual and cumulative adverse impacts thereof ¹: and
 - (10) promote a sound, balanced transportation system that is consistent with smart growth strategies and principles and which preserves mobility in the Highlands Region¹.

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purposes;

- 11. (New section) ¹a. ¹ The regional master plan shall include, but need not necessarily be limited to:
 - ¹[a.] (1)¹ A resource assessment which:
- ¹[(1)] (a)¹ determines the amount and type of human development and activity which the ecosystem of the Highlands Region can sustain while still maintaining the overall ecological values thereof, with special reference to surface and ground water quality and supply; ¹contiguous forests and woodlands; ¹ endangered and threatened animals, plants, and biotic communities; ecological factors relating to the protection and enhancement of agricultural ¹or horticultural ¹ production or activity; air quality; and other appropriate considerations affecting the ecological integrity of the Highlands Region; ¹and¹
- ¹[(2)] (b)¹ includes an assessment of scenic, aesthetic, cultural, historic, open space, ¹[farm land] farmland¹, and outdoor recreation resources of the region, together with a determination of overall policies required to maintain and enhance such resources; ¹[and
- 42 (3) includes an assessment of opportunities for appropriate 43 economic growth, development, and redevelopment which shall 44 include consideration of public investment priorities, infrastructure 45 investments, economic development, revitalization, housing, 46 transportation, energy resources, waste management, recycling,

brownfields, and design such as mixed-use, compact design, and
 transit villages.

b.] (2)¹ A financial component, together with a cash flow timetable which:

 $^{1}[(1)]$ (a) details the cost of implementing the regional master plan, including, but not limited to, ¹property tax stabilization measures, watershed moratorium offset aid, planning grants and other State aid for local government units, capital requirements for any <u>development transfer bank</u>, payments in lieu-of-taxes, acquisition, within five years and within 10 years after the date of enactment of this act, of fee simple or other interests in lands for preservation or recreation and conservation purposes, compensation guarantees, general administrative costs, and any anticipated extraordinary or continuing costs; and

¹[(2)] (b)¹ details the sources of revenue for covering such costs, including, but not limited to, grants, donations, and loans from local, State, and federal departments ¹[and], ¹ agencies, and other governmental entities, ¹ and from the private sector ¹[.]; ¹

¹[c.] (3)¹ A component to provide for the maximum feasible local government and public input into the council's operations, which shall include a framework for developing policies for the planning area in conjunction with those local government units ¹[with jurisdiction over those lands] in the planning area¹ who choose to conform to the regional master plan ¹[.];¹

¹[d.] (4)¹ A coordination and consistency component which details the ways in which local, State, and federal programs and policies may best be coordinated to promote the goals, purposes, policies, and provisions of the regional master plan, and which details how land, water, and structures managed by governmental or nongovernmental entities in the public interest within the Highlands Region may be integrated into the regional master plan¹:

(5) A transportation component that provides a plan for transportation system preservation, includes all federally mandated projects or programs, and recognizes smart growth strategies and principles. The transportation component shall include projects to promote a sound, balanced transportation system that is consistent with smart growth strategies and principles and which preserves mobility and maintains the transportation infrastructure of the Highlands Region. Transportation projects and programs shall be reviewed and approved by the council in consultation with the Department of Transportation prior to inclusion in the transportation component; and

42 component; and
 43 (6) A smart growth component that includes an assessment, based
 44 upon the resource assessment prepared pursuant to paragraph (1) of
 45 subsection a. of this section, of opportunities for appropriate

- 1 <u>development, redevelopment, and economic growth, and a transfer of</u>
- 2 development rights program which shall include consideration of
- 3 <u>public investment priorities, infrastructure investments, economic</u>
- 4 <u>development, revitalization, housing, transportation, energy resources,</u>
- 5 waste management, recycling, brownfields, and design such as mixed-
- 6 use, compact design, and transit villages. In preparing this component,
- 7 the council shall:

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- 8 (a) prepare a land use capability map;
- 9 <u>(b) identify existing developed areas capable of sustaining</u> 10 <u>redevelopment activities and investment;</u>
- 11 (c) identify undeveloped areas in the planning area, which are not
 12 significantly constrained by environmental limitations such as steep
 13 slopes, wetlands, or dense forests, are not prime agricultural areas, and
 14 are located near or adjacent to existing development and
 15 infrastructure, that could be developed;
- (d) identify transportation, water, wastewater, and power infrastructure that would support or limit development and redevelopment in the planning area. This analysis shall also provide proposed densities for development, redevelopment, or voluntary receiving zones for the transfer of development rights;
- (e) identify potential voluntary receiving zones in the planning area for the transfer of development rights through the appropriate expansion of infrastructure or the modified uses of existing infrastructure;
 - (f) issue model minimum standards for municipal and county master planning and development regulations outside of the preservation area, including density standards for center-based development to encourage, where appropriate, the adoption of such standards;
 - (g) identify special critical environmental areas and other critical natural resource lands where development should be limited; and
 - (h) identify areas appropriate for redevelopment and set appropriate density standards for redevelopment. Any area identified for possible redevelopment pursuant to this subparagraph shall be either a brownfield site designated by the Department of Environmental Protection or a site at which at least 70% of the area thereof is covered with impervious surface.
 - b. The resource assessment, transportation component, and smart growth component prepared pursuant to subsection a. of this section shall be used only for advisory purposes in the planning area and shall have no binding or regulatory effect therein¹.

12. (New section) In addition to the contents of the regional master plan described in section 11 of this act, the plan shall also include, with respect to the preservation area, a land use capability map and a comprehensive statement of policies for planning and managing the development and use of land in the preservation area,

which shall be based upon, comply with, and implement the environmental standards ¹[set forth in section 31 of this act and as] ¹ adopted by the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to sections ¹[32 through 33] <u>33 and 34</u> of this act ¹, and the resource assessment prepared pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection a. of section 11 of this act ¹.

These policies shall include provision for implementing the regional master plan by the State and local government units in the preservation area in a manner that will ensure the continued, uniform, and consistent protection of the Highlands Region in accordance with the goals, purposes, policies, and provisions of this act, and shall include:

- a. a preservation zone element that identifies zones within the preservation area where development shall not occur in order to protect water resources and environmentally sensitive lands ¹[that] and which ¹ shall be permanently preserved through ¹use of ¹ a variety of tools, including ¹but not limited to land ¹ acquisition and ¹the ¹ transfer of development rights; and
- b. minimum standards governing municipal and county master planning, development regulations, and other regulations concerning the development and use of land in the preservation area, including, but not limited to, standards for minimum lot sizes and stream setbacks, construction on steep slopes, maximum appropriate population densities, and regulated or prohibited uses for specific portions of the preservation area.

- 13. (New section) a. The council shall ¹[develop and implement] use the regional master plan elements prepared pursuant to sections 11 and 12 of this act, including the resource assessment and the smart growth component, to establish ¹ a transfer of development rights program for the Highlands Region ¹that furthers the goals of the regional master plan. The transfer of development rights program shall be ¹ consistent with ¹the "State Transfer of Development Rights Act," P.L.2004, c.2 (C.40:55D-137 et seq.) or ¹ any ¹applicable ¹ transfer of development rights program created otherwise by law ¹, except as otherwise provided in this section ¹.
- b. ¹In consultation with municipal, county, and State entities, the council shall, within 18 months after the date of enactment of this act, and from time to time thereafter as may be appropriate, identify areas within the preservation area that are appropriate as sending zones pursuant to P.L.2004, c.2 (C.40:55D-137 et seq.).
- c. In consultation with municipal, county, and State entities, the council shall, within 18 months after the date of enactment of this act, and from time to time thereafter as may be appropriate, identify areas within the planning area that are appropriate for development as voluntary receiving zones pursuant to P.L.2004, c.2 (C.40:55D-137 et seq.) considering the information gathered pursuant to sections 11

- and 12 of this act, including but not limited to the information 1
- 2 gathered on the transfer of development rights pursuant to paragraph
- 3 (6) of subsection a. of section 11 of this act. For the purposes of the
- 4 council establishing a transfer of development rights program prior to
- 5 the preparation of the initial regional master plan, the council in
- identifying areas appropriate for development as voluntary receiving 6
- 7 zones shall consider such information as may be gathered pursuant to
- 8 sections 11 and 12 of this act and as may be available at the time, but
- 9 the council need not delay the creation of the transfer of development
- 10 rights program until the initial regional master plan has been prepared.
- 11 The council shall set a goal of identifying areas within the planning
- 12 area that are appropriate for development as voluntary receiving zones
- 13 that, combined together, constitute four percent of the land area of the
- 14 planning area, to the extent that the goal is compatible with the
- 15 amount and type of human development and activity that would not
- 16 compromise the integrity of the ecosystem of the planning area.
- 17 d. The council shall work with municipalities and the State
- Planning Commission to identify centers, designated by the State 18
- 19 <u>Planning Commission</u>, as voluntary receiving zones for the transfer of
- 20 development rights program.
- 21 e. In consultation with municipal, county, and State entities, the
- 22 council shall assist municipalities or counties in analyzing voluntary
- 23 receiving zone capacity.
- 24 f. In consultation with municipal, county, and State entities, the
- 25 council shall work with municipalities outside of the preservation area
- 26 to assist these municipalities in developing ordinances necessary to 27
- implement the transfer of development rights. The council shall also
- 28 establish advisory or model ordinances and other information for this 29 purpose.
- 30 The council shall make assistance available to municipalities that
- 31 desire to create additional sending zones on any lands within their
- 32 boundaries which lie within the planning area and are designated for
- 33 conservation in the regional master plan.
- 34 g. Notwithstanding the provisions of P.L.2004, c.2 (C.40:55D-137
- 35 et seq.) to the contrary, the council shall perform the real estate
- 36 analysis for the Highlands Region that is required to be performed by
- 37 a municipality prior to the adoption or amendment of any development
- transfer ordinance pursuant to P.L.2004, c.2. 38
- 39 h. (1) The council shall set the initial value of a development right.
- 40 The Office of Green Acres in the Department of Environmental
- 41 Protection and the State Agriculture Development Committee shall
- 42 provide support and technical assistance to the council in the operation
- 43 of the transfer of development rights program. The council shall
- 44 establish the initial value of a development right considering the
- 45 Department of Environmental Protection rules and regulations in effect
- 46 the day before the date of enactment of this act.

1 (2) The council shall give priority consideration for inclusion in a 2

transfer of development rights program any lands that comprise a major Highlands development that would have qualified for an

3 4 exemption pursuant to paragraph (3) of subsection a. of section 30 of

this act but for the lack of a necessary State permit as specified in

5 6 subparagraphs (b) or (c), as appropriate, of paragraph (3) of

subsection a. of section 30 of this act, and for which an application for

8 such a permit had been submitted to the Department of Environmental

Protection and deemed by the department to be complete for review

10 on or before March 29, 2004.

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- \underline{i} . (1) The council may use the State Transfer of Development Rights Bank established pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1993, c.339 (C.4:1C-51) for the purposes of facilitating the transfer of development potential in accordance with ¹[subsection a. of]¹ this section and the regional master plan. The council may also establish a development transfer bank for such purposes.
- (2) At the request of the council, the Department of Banking and Insurance, the State Transfer of Developments Right Bank, the State Agriculture Development Committee, and the Pinelands Development Credit Bank shall provide technical assistance to the council in establishing and operating a development transfer bank as authorized pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection.
- ¹[(c) The] (3) Any ¹ bank ¹established by the council ¹ shall operate in accordance with provisions of general law authorizing the creation of development transfer banks by municipalities and counties.
- ¹j. The Office of Smart Growth shall review and coordinate State infrastructure capital investment, community development and financial assistance in the planning area in furtherance of the regional master plan. Prior to the council establishing its transfer of development rights program, the Office of Smart Growth shall establish a transfer of development rights pilot program that includes Highlands Region municipalities.

32 33 k. Any municipality in the planning area whose municipal master 34 plan and development regulations have been approved by the council 35 to be in conformance with the regional master plan in accordance with sections 14 or 15 of this act, and that amends its development 36 37 regulations to accommodate voluntary receiving zones within its 38 boundaries which are identified pursuant to subsection c. of this 39 section and which provide for a minimum residential density of five 40 dwelling units per acre, shall, for those receiving zones, be: eligible 41 for an enhanced planning grant from the council of up to \$250,000; 42 eligible for a grant to reimburse the reasonable costs of amending the 43 municipal development regulations; authorized to impose impact fees 44 in accordance with subsection m. of this section; entitled to legal 45 representation pursuant to section 22 of this act; accorded priority status in the Highlands Region for any State capital or infrastructure 46

programs; and eligible for any other appropriate assistance, incentives,
 or benefits provided pursuant to section 18 of this act.

3 1. Any municipality located outside of the Highlands Region in any 4 county that has a municipality in the Highlands Region that has 5 received plan endorsement by the State Planning Commission pursuant to the "State Planning Act," P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et al.), 6 7 that establishes a receiving zone which provides for a minimum 8 residential density of five dwelling units per acre for the transfer of 9 development rights from a sending zone in the Highlands Region, and 10 that accepts that transfer of development rights shall, for those 11 receiving zones, be eligible for the same grants, authority, and other assistance, incentives, and benefits as provided to municipalities in the 12 13 planning area pursuant to subsection k. of this section except for legal 14 representation as provided pursuant to section 22 of this act and 15 priority status in the Highlands Region for any State capital or 16 infrastructure programs.

m. (1) A municipality that is authorized to impose impact fees under subsection k. of this section shall exercise that authority by ordinance.

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(2) Any impact fee ordinance adopted pursuant to this subsection shall include detailed standards and guidelines regarding: (a) the definition of a service unit, including specific measures of consumption, use, generation or discharge attributable to particular land uses, densities and characteristics of development; and (b) the specific purposes for which the impact fee revenues may be expended.

(3) An impact fee ordinance shall also include a delineation of service areas for each capital improvement whose upgrading or expansion is to be funded out of impact fee revenues, a fee schedule which clearly sets forth the amount of the fee to be charged for each service unit, and a payment schedule.

31 (4) An impact fee may be imposed by a municipality pursuant to this 32 subsection in order to generate revenue for funding or recouping the 33 costs of new capital improvements or facility expansions necessitated 34 by new development, to be paid by the developer as defined pursuant to section 3.1 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-4). Improvements and 35 36 expansions for which an impact fee is to be imposed shall bear a 37 reasonable relationship to needs created by the new development, but 38 in no case shall an impact fee assessed pursuant to this subsection 39 exceed \$15,000 per dwelling unit unless and until impact fees are 40 otherwise established by law at which time the impact fee shall be 41 200% of the calculated impact fee.

(5) No impact fee shall be assessed pursuant to this subsection against any low or moderate income housing unit within an inclusionary development as defined under P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-301 et al.).

No impact fee authorized under this subsection shall include a

1 <u>contribution for any transportation improvement necessitated by a new</u>

- 2 development in a county which is covered by a transportation
- 3 development district created pursuant to the "New Jersey
- 4 Transportation Development District Act of 1989," P.L.1989, c.100
- 5 (C.27:1C-1 et al.).¹

14. (New section) a. Within ¹[six months] nine to 15 months ¹ after the date of adoption of the regional master plan or any revision thereof, ¹according to a schedule to be established by the council, ¹ each municipality located wholly or partially in the preservation area shall submit to the council such revisions of the municipal master plan and development regulations, as applicable to the development and use of land in the preservation area, as may be necessary in order to conform them with the goals, requirements, and provisions of the regional master plan. After receiving and reviewing the revisions, the council shall approve, reject, or approve with conditions the revised plan and development regulations, as it deems appropriate, after public hearing, within 60 days after the date of submission thereof.

Upon rejecting or conditionally approving any such revised plan or development regulations, the council shall identify such changes therein that it deems necessary for council approval thereof, and the relevant municipality shall adopt and enforce the plan or development regulations as so changed.

b. Within ¹[six months] nine to 15 months¹ after the date of adoption of the regional master plan or any revision thereof, ¹according to a schedule to be established by the council, ¹ each county located wholly or partially in the preservation area shall submit to the council such revisions of the county master plan and associated regulations, as applicable to the development and use of land in the preservation area, as may be necessary in order to conform them with the goals, requirements, and provisions of the regional master plan. After receiving and reviewing the revisions, the council shall approve, reject, or approve with conditions those revised plans and associated regulations, as it deems appropriate, after public hearing, within 60 days after the date of submission thereof.

Upon rejecting or conditionally approving any such revised plan or associated regulations, the council shall identify such changes therein that it deems necessary for council approval thereof, and the relevant county shall adopt and enforce the plan or associated regulations as so changed.

c. ¹[Any approval of an application for development, or use of land, in the preservation area granted by any local government unit in violation of the regional master plan or an approved revised municipal or county master plan, development regulations, or other regulations pursuant to this act shall be null and void and of no force and effect at law or equity.] The council may revoke a conformance approval

granted pursuant to this section or section 15 of this act, after conducting a hearing, if the council finds that the local government 3 unit has taken action inconsistent with the regional master plan.¹

- 4 d. In the event that any municipality or county fails to adopt or 5 enforce an approved revised master plan, development regulations, or other regulations, as the case may be, including any condition thereto 6 7 imposed by the council, as required pursuant to subsections a. or b. of 8 this section, the council shall adopt and enforce such rules and 9 regulations as may be necessary to implement the minimum standards 10 contained in the regional master plan as applicable to any municipality 11 or county within the preservation area. If any municipality or county 12 fails to adopt or enforce an approved revised master plan, development 13 regulations, or other regulations, as the case may be, including any 14 condition thereto imposed by the council, as required pursuant to 15 subsections a. or b. of this section, the council shall have all local 16 enforcement authority provided pursuant to the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.) ¹[and], ¹ R.S.40:27-1 et 17 seq., ¹and this act. ¹ as well as the authority to issue stop construction 18 19 orders, as may be necessary to implement the provisions of this act, any rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto, and the 20 21 requirements and provisions of the regional master plan.
 - e. A municipality or county may adopt revisions to its master plan, development regulations, or other regulations for the purposes of this section that are stricter¹, as determined by the council, ¹ than the minimum necessary to obtain approval of conformance with the regional master plan.
 - ¹f. The requirements of this section shall not apply to any municipality or county located wholly within the planning area. Any municipality or county located partially within the preservation area and partially within the planning area shall be required to comply with the provisions of this section and the regional master plan only with respect to that portion of the municipality or county lying within the preservation area. Voluntary conformance with the regional master plan as it may apply to those portions of a municipality or county lying within the planning area shall be permitted as provided pursuant to section 15 of this act.¹

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> 15. (New section) a. ${}^{1}(1)^{1}$ For any municipality located wholly in the planning area or for any portion of a municipality lying within the planning area, the municipality may, by ordinance, petition the council of its intention to revise its master plan and development regulations, as applicable to the development and use of land in the planning area, to conform with the goals, requirements, and provisions of the regional master plan.

> The municipality shall proceed in revising its master plan and development regulations in accordance with the framework adopted

1 by the council pursuant to subsection a. of section 14 of this act.

After receiving and reviewing those revisions, ¹and after consulting with the State Planning Commission, ¹ the council shall approve, reject, or approve with conditions the revised plan and development regulations, as it deems appropriate, after public hearing, within 60 days after the date of submission thereof.

¹[b.] (2)¹ Upon rejecting or conditionally approving any such revised plan or development regulations, the council shall identify such changes therein that it deems necessary for council approval thereof, and the municipality may adopt and enforce the plan or development regulations as so changed in order for them to be deemed approved in conformance with the regional master plan.

¹[c.] (3)¹ Any municipality approved by the council to be in conformance with the regional master plan pursuant to this ¹[section] subsection¹ shall be entitled to any financial or other assistance or incentives received by a municipality from the State as a benefit or result of obtaining council approval pursuant to section 14 of this act.

¹(4)¹ Upon the commencement of each reexamination by the municipality of its master plan and development regulations as required pursuant to section 76 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-89) ¹which have been previously approved by the council to be in conformance with the regional master plan pursuant to this <u>subsection</u>¹, the municipality shall so notify the council and, thereafter, submit to the council the draft revision of its master plan and development regulations for review, by the council, of conformance with the regional master plan. If, after conducting the reexamination, the municipality does not resubmit to the council its master plan and development regulations as they pertain to the planning area and obtain reapproval thereof from the council in accordance with this ¹[section] <u>subsection</u>¹, or if the council finds the reexamined master plan ¹or development regulations ¹ not to be in conformance with the regional master plan, the council may require the municipality to reimburse the council or the State, as appropriate, in whole or in part for any financial or other assistance or incentives received by the municipality from the State as a benefit or result of obtaining council approval pursuant to this ¹[section] subsection¹.

¹[e.] (5)¹ A municipality may adopt revisions to its master plan or development regulations for the purposes of this ¹[section] subsection¹ that are stricter¹, as determined by the council, ¹ than the minimum necessary to obtain approval of conformance with the regional master plan.

¹[f.] <u>b.</u> (1)¹ Each county with lands in the planning area may, by ordinance or resolution, as appropriate, petition the council of its intention to revise its master plan and associated regulations, as applicable to the development and use of land in the planning area, to conform with the goals, requirements, and provisions of the regional

1 master plan.

 The county shall proceed in revising its master plan and associated regulations in accordance with the framework adopted by the council pursuant to subsection b. of section 14 of this act.

After receiving and reviewing those revisions, ¹and after consulting with the State Planning Commission, ¹ the council shall approve, reject, or approve with conditions the revised plan and associated regulations, as it deems appropriate, after public hearing, within 60 days after the date of submission thereof.

¹[g.] (2) ¹ Upon rejecting or conditionally approving any such revised plan or associated regulations, the council shall identify such changes therein that it deems necessary for council approval thereof, and the county may adopt and enforce the plan or associated regulations as so changed in order for them to be deemed approved in conformance with the regional master plan.

¹[h.] (3)¹ Any county approved by the council to be in conformance with the regional master plan pursuant to this ¹[section] subsection¹ shall be entitled to any financial or other assistance or incentives received by a county from the State as a benefit or result of obtaining council approval pursuant to section 14 of this act.

¹[16. (New section) a. For the purposes of subsection a. of section 37 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-49), any amendments made to a major subdivision or a site plan ordinance pursuant to this act to conform it to the regional master plan shall be construed to relate to public health and safety for any major development that has received preliminary approval prior to the amendment of a major subdivision or site plan ordinance pursuant to this act. An amendment made to a major subdivision or site plan ordinance pursuant to this act shall not be construed to relate to public health and safety if the major development is a residential development that requires an environmental land use or water permit but which does not result in the ultimate disturbance of one acre or more of land or an increase in impervious surface by one-quarter acre or more.

b. (1) Any final approval of a major development which is outstanding upon the adoption by a municipality of amendments to its development regulations pursuant to this act to conform those development regulations to the regional master plan, shall be reviewed by the municipality for consistency with the regional master plan. In the event that the final approval is not consistent with the regional master plan, any rights otherwise conferred by the final approval shall expire. The provisions of this subsection shall apply whether the final approval involves a site plan, major subdivision, or general development plan pursuant to P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.).

This paragraph shall not apply to any major development which is a residential development that requires an environmental land use or water permit but which does not result in the ultimate disturbance of one acre or more of land or an increase in impervious surface by one-quarter acre or more.

(2) Notwithstanding any provision of paragraph (1) of this subsection to the contrary, any major development for which, at the time of the adoption of amendments to the municipal development regulations pursuant to this act to conform them to the regional master plan, a construction permit has been issued, may proceed in accordance with the terms of the relevant approvals.]¹

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¹[17.] <u>16.</u>¹ (New section) a. The council may ¹[prepare and distribute suggested guidelines for the location and construction of capital projects by State entities or local government units within the Highlands Region] provide comments and recommendations on any capital or other project proposed to be undertaken by any State entity or local government unit in the Highlands Region¹.

b. Within the preservation area, any capital or other project of a State entity or local government unit that involves the ultimate disturbance of two acres or more of land or ¹[an] a cumulative ¹ increase in impervious surface by one acre or more shall be submitted to the council for review¹, except that no such submission shall be required for (1) the routine maintenance and operations, rehabilitation, preservation, reconstruction, or repair of transportation or infrastructure systems by a State entity or local government unit, provided that the activity is consistent with the goals and purposes of this act and does not result in the construction of any new throughcapacity travel lanes, or (2) the construction of transportation safety projects and bicycle and pedestrian facilities, provided that the activity does not result in the construction of any new through-capacity travel <u>lanes</u>¹. The council shall establish procedures for conducting such reviews and shall have the power to approve, approve with conditions, or disapprove the project. No such project shall proceed without the approval of the council; provided that, in the case of a project of a State entity, if the council disapproves the project, the head of the appropriate principal department of State government with primary responsibility for the project may override the council's disapproval upon making a written finding, which shall be submitted to the council and the Governor, that the project is necessary for public health, safety, or welfare and including with that finding a factual basis and explanation in support thereof. In the case of a project of an independent State authority or commission or a bi-state entity, any such finding shall be made by the Governor or such other State governmental official as the Governor may designate for that purpose.

¹The council shall review any submission pursuant to this subsection within 30 days after receipt. If the council fails to act within the 30-day period, or within such other time period as may be

1 mutually agreed upon by the parties, the project shall be deemed 2 approved.¹

3 c. Within the planning area, any capital or other project of a State 4 entity or local government unit that provides for the ultimate disturbance of two acres or more of land or ¹[an] a cumulative ¹ 5 increase in impervious surface by one acre or more shall be submitted 6 to the council for a nonbinding review and comment 1, except that no 7 8 such submission shall be required for (1) the routine maintenance and 9 operations, rehabilitation, preservation, reconstruction, or repair of 10 transportation or infrastructure systems by a State entity or local government unit, provided that the activity is consistent with the goals 11 12 and purposes of this act and does not result in the construction of any 13 new through-capacity travel lanes, or (2) the construction of 14 transportation safety projects and bicycle and pedestrian facilities by 15 a State entity or local government unit, provided that the activity does 16 not result in the construction of any new through-capacity travel 17 <u>lanes</u>¹. The council shall establish procedures for conducting such 18 reviews ¹within 30 days after receipt or within such other time period as may be mutually agreed upon by the parties¹. The failure of the 19 20 council to act ¹[expeditiously] within the 30-day or other agreed upon time period¹ on any such review pursuant to this subsection shall not 21 be cause for delay of the project, and the project may proceed whether 22 or not the council has conducted the review ¹authorized pursuant to 23 this subsection¹. 24

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¹[18.] $17.^{1}$ (New section) a. $1(1)^{1}$ Subsequent to adoption of the regional master plan, the council may review, within 15 days after any final local government unit approval¹, rejection, or approval with conditions¹ thereof, any application for development in the preservation area. Upon determining to exercise that authority, the council shall transmit, by certified mail, written notice thereof to the person who submitted the application ¹to the local government unit ¹. The council shall, after public hearing thereon, approve, reject, or approve with conditions any such application ¹or decision ¹ within 60 days after transmitting the notice; provided, however, that an application shall not be rejected or conditionally approved unless the council determines that the development does not conform with the regional master plan, as applicable to the local government unit wherein the development is located, or that the development could result in substantial impairment of the resources of the Highlands Region. Such approval, rejection, or conditional approval shall be binding upon the person who submitted the application, shall supersede any local government unit ¹[approval of] decision on ¹ any such development, and shall be subject only to judicial review as provided in section ¹[29] <u>28</u>¹ of this act. ¹<u>Pending completion of the</u> review by the council of any final local government approval or approval with conditions of an application for development in the
 preservation area and the issuance of the council's decision thereon,
 the applicant shall not proceed with the development.

 (2) No cause of action may be filed in the Superior Court to contest a local government unit decision on an application for development in the preservation area if the council exercises its review authority pursuant to this section. Any such cause of action filed before the date that the council exercises its review authority pursuant to this section shall be dismissed by the court for lack of jurisdiction. Upon determination of the council to exercise its review authority pursuant to this section, judicial review of the decision of the local government unit and of the council pursuant to this section shall proceed as provided pursuant to section 28 of this act.¹

- b. Every person submitting an application for development in the preservation area shall be required to provide a notice of the application to the council in accordance with such procedures therefor as shall be established by the council.
- c. Notwithstanding any provision of subsections a. or b. of this section to the contrary, for any municipality or county that has adopted an approved revised master plan, development regulations, or other regulations, as the case may be, including any condition thereto imposed by the council, the requirements of this section shall apply only to applications for development that provide for the ultimate disturbance of two acres or more of land or ¹[an] a cumulative ¹ increase in impervious surface by one acre or more. The council ¹, however, ¹ may provide, pursuant to subsection d. of section 14 of this act, that the requirements of this section apply to any application for development within the preservation area in any municipality or county that fails to adopt or enforce an approved revised master plan, development regulations, or other regulations, as the case may be, including any condition thereto imposed by the council.
- d. Any member of the public may request the council to consider reviewing an application for development in the preservation area as provided in this section.

¹[19.] 18.¹ (New section) a. Any municipality in the Highlands Region whose municipal master plan and development regulations, and any county in the Highlands Region whose county master plan and associated regulations, have been approved by the council to be in conformance with the regional master plan in accordance with sections 14 or 15 of this act shall qualify for State aid, planning assistance, technical assistance, and other benefits and incentives that may be awarded or provided by the State to municipalities and counties which have received plan endorsement ¹by the State Planning Commission ¹ pursuant to the "State Planning Act," P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et al.) or which otherwise practice or implement smart growth

strategies and principles. Any such municipality or county shall also qualify for any State aid that may be provided for smart growth projects.

b. The council ¹[may] shall ¹ make available grants and other 4 5 financial and technical assistance to municipalities and counties for any revision of their master plans, development regulations, or other 6 7 regulations which is designed to bring those plans, development 8 regulations, or other regulations into conformance with the regional 9 master plan or for implementation of a transfer of development rights program pursuant to this act. ¹The grants and other financial 10 assistance shall pay for the reasonable expenses therefor incurred by 11 a municipality or county and shall be distributed according to such 12 procedures and guidelines as may be established by the council. 1 The 13 14 council ¹[may] shall ¹ make the grants and other financial assistance from any State, federal, or other funds that ¹[may] shall ¹be 15 appropriated or otherwise made available to it for that purpose¹, 16 including monies required to be made available therefor from the 17 "Highlands Protection Fund" created pursuant to section 21 of this 18 act¹. 19

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¹[20. (New section) a. Every municipality located wholly or partially in the preservation area shall be entitled to State aid to compensate for any decrease in the aggregate amount of property tax revenues derived from the taxation of real property in that portion of the municipality located in the preservation area that is directly attributable to the implementation of this act. The council shall establish methods and procedures for calculating the aggregate true value of the real property and the aggregate amount of property tax revenues derived therefrom in each municipality in the preservation area in the year prior to the enactment of this act, and for calculating, for each year after the enactment of this act, any decrease in the aggregate true value of the real property, and in the aggregate amount of property tax revenues derived therefrom, that is directly attributable to the implementation of this act. The council shall annually calculate the amount to which each municipality is entitled pursuant to this section, and shall certify and transmit such amounts to the State Treasurer and to the Director of the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs.

b. Commencing July 1 next following two years after the date of enactment of this act, or at such other date as may be established by the council, no municipality shall receive any State aid made available pursuant to this section unless the municipality's master plan and development regulations, as applicable to the preservation area, have been approved by the council to be in conformance with the regional master plan pursuant to section 14 of this act.

c. The State Treasurer shall include in the State Treasurer's annual

- 1 budget request for State aid the amounts certified by the council
- 2 pursuant to subsection a of this section. The State Treasurer shall pay,
- 3 from monies appropriated for the purposes of this section, to each
- 4 municipality the amount of State aid appropriated therefor in a manner
- 5 and pursuant to a schedule set forth in the rules and regulations
- 6 adopted pursuant subsection d. of this section.
- d. The State Treasurer and the Director of the Division of Local
- 8 Government Services, in consultation with the council, shall adopt,
- 9 pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410
- 10 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), any rules and regulations necessary to implement
- 11 the provisions of this section.
- e. This section shall expire July 1 next following five years after the
- date of enactment of this act.]¹

- ¹19. (New section) a. (1) There is established in the Department
- of the Treasury the "Highlands Municipal Property Tax Stabilization
- 17 Board," which shall consist of three members to be appointed by the
- 18 Governor, who shall be recognized experts in the field of taxation.
- 19 Members of the board may also be members of the Highlands Water
- 20 Protection and Planning Council established pursuant to section 4 of
- 21 P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill).
- 22 (2) Within 120 days after the date of enactment of P.L. , c.
- 23 (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), the board, in
- 24 <u>consultation with the Highlands Water Protection and Planning</u>
- 25 Council, shall establish procedures for determining the valuation base
- 26 of a qualified municipality, whether fiscal stress has been caused by the
- implementation of the "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act,"
 P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) in a
- 29 qualified municipality, and the amount due a qualified municipality to
- 30 compensate for a decline in the aggregate true value of vacant land
- 31 <u>directly attributable to the implementation of the "Highlands Water</u>
- 32 Protection and Planning Act."
- b. The "Highlands Municipal Property Tax Stabilization Fund" is
- 34 <u>established in the General Fund as a special nonlapsing fund for the</u>
- 35 purpose of providing State aid to qualified municipalities pursuant to
- 36 this section. There shall be credited each State fiscal year from the
- 37 "Highlands Protection Fund" created pursuant to section 21 of P.L. ,
- 38 c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) to the Highlands
- 39 <u>Municipal Property Tax Stabilization Fund such sums as shall be</u>
- 40 <u>necessary to provide State aid to qualified municipalities pursuant to</u>
- 41 this section. Every qualified municipality shall be eligible for a
- distribution from the fund pursuant to the provisions of this section.
 c. The assessor of every qualified municipality shall certify to the
- 43 <u>c. The assessor of every qualified municipality shall certify to the</u>
 44 <u>county tax board on a form to be prescribed by the Director of the</u>
- 45 <u>Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury, and on or</u>
- 46 <u>before December 1 annually, a report of the assessed value of each</u>

- 1 parcel of vacant land in the base year and the change in the assessed
- 2 value of each such parcel in the current tax year attributable to
- 3 <u>successful appeals of assessed values of vacant land to the county tax</u>
- 4 <u>board pursuant to R.S.54:3-21 et seq. or attributable to a revaluation</u>
- 5 approved by the director and implemented or a reassessment approved
- 6 by the county board of taxation. If a judgment or an appeal is
- 7 <u>overturned or modified, upon a final judgment an appropriate</u>
- 8 adjustment shall be made by the director in the payment of the
- 9 <u>entitlement due next following the judgment.</u>
- d. (1) Upon receipt of reports filed pursuant to subsection c. of this
- 11 <u>section and using procedures developed by the board pursuant to</u>
- 12 subsection a. of this section, the county tax board shall compute and
- certify to the director on or before December 20 of each year, in such
 manner as to identify for each qualified municipality the aggregate
- decline, if any, in the true value of vacant land, comparing the current
- 16 <u>tax year to the base year. The aggregate changes so identified for each</u>
- 17 qualified municipality shall constitute its valuation base for purposes
- 18 of this section.
- 19 (2) The Director of the Division of Taxation shall, on or before
- 20 January 10 of each year, provide the board with all relevant
- 21 <u>information collected pursuant to the provisions of this section and any</u>
- 22 other information deemed necessary by the board to determine the
- 23 <u>valuation base.</u>
- 24 (3) Upon receipt of the information, the board shall make a final
- 25 <u>determination on the valuation base of each qualified municipality;</u>
- 26 <u>calculate the amount due a qualified municipality, in accordance with</u>
- 27 <u>the procedures developed pursuant to subsection a. of this section, to</u>
- 28 compensate for a decline, if any, by multiplying its valuation base by
- 29 its tax rate; and certify to the director and the State Treasurer, on or
- 30 before February 1 of each year, that amount to which each qualified
- 31 <u>municipality is entitled.</u>
- 32 <u>e. Upon receipt of the certification by the board, the State</u>
- 33 Treasurer shall certify to each qualified municipality, on or before
- 34 February 15, its property tax stabilization amount. A copy of the
- 35 <u>certified amounts shall be forwarded to the Director of the Division of</u>
- 36 <u>Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs.</u>
- 37 <u>f. (1) The State Treasurer, upon warrant of the Director of the</u>
- 38 <u>Division of Budget and Accounting in the Department of the Treasury,</u>
- shall pay to each qualified municipality its entitlement as State aid
 from the sums available in the "Highlands Municipal Property Tax
- 41 <u>Stabilization Fund" in two equal installments pursuant to a schedule</u>
- 42 prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services.
- 43 (2) If the amount available in the "Highlands Municipal Property
- 44 <u>Tax Stabilization Fund" in any year is insufficient to pay the full</u>
- 45 amount to which each qualified municipality is entitled pursuant to this
- 46 <u>section, the payments shall be made on a pro rata basis.</u>

- 1 (3) Notwithstanding any provisions of this section to the contrary,
- 2 in the sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, and tenth years of the State aid
- 3 program created by this section, a qualified municipality shall be
- 4 entitled to receive, respectively, 90%, 70%, 50%, 30%, and 10% of
- 5 the sum it otherwise would have been paid pursuant to this subsection,
- 6 and thereafter the program shall expire.
- 7 g. Any municipality receiving a certification from the State
- 8 Treasurer pursuant to subsection e. of this section shall anticipate such
- 9 <u>sums in its annual budget or any amendments or supplements thereto</u>
- 10 as a direct offset to the amount to be raised by taxation.
- 11 <u>h. The Director of the Division of Taxation in reviewing the</u>
- 12 reports filed pursuant to subsection c. of this section may make such
- 13 changes therein as the director deems necessary to ensure that the
- 14 reports accurately reflect the change in the assessed value of vacant
- 15 <u>land.</u>
- i. The Director of the Division of Local Government Services shall
- 17 make such changes in the budget of any qualified municipality to
- 18 ensure that all sums received pursuant to this section are utilized as a
- 19 <u>direct offset to the amount to be raised by taxation and shall make</u>
- 20 <u>such changes therein as the director deems necessary to ensure that the</u>
- 21 offset occurs.
- j. Any sum received by a qualified municipality pursuant to this
- 23 <u>section shall not be considered as an exception or exemption under</u>
- 24 P.L.1976, c.68 (C.40A:4-45.1 et seq.).
- 25 <u>k. Notwithstanding the provisions of the "Local Budget Law"</u>
- 26 (N.J.S.40A:4-1 et seq.), a qualified municipality which is due a
- 27 property tax stabilization payment pursuant to this section may
- 28 <u>anticipate the amount of the entitlement in its annual budget for the</u>
- 29 <u>year in which the payment is made.</u>
- 30 <u>1. The State Treasurer may deduct from the State aid a municipality</u>
- 31 <u>would otherwise receive pursuant to this section an amount equivalent</u>
- 32 to that portion of any sums received by a municipality pursuant to
- 33 section 1 of P.L.1999, c.225 (C.58:29-8) that the State Treasurer, in
- 34 <u>consultation with the Director of the Division of Local Government</u>
- 35 Services, determines to be duplicative of any State aid received
- 36 pursuant to this section.
- 37 <u>m. The Director of the Division of Taxation and the Director of the</u>
- 38 <u>Division of Local Government Services shall each adopt, pursuant to</u>
- 39 the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et
- 40 <u>seq.</u>), such rules and regulations as may be necessary to implement the
- 41 provisions of this section.
- 42 <u>n. As used in this section:</u>
- 43 "Base year" means the calendar year 2003;
- 44 <u>"Board" means the Highlands Municipal Property Tax Stabilization</u>
- 45 Board established pursuant to subsection a. of this section;
- 46 "Current tax year" means the most recent year for which a report

1 <u>is filed pursuant to subsection c. of this section;</u>

2 "Highlands preservation area" means the preservation area of the

3 Highlands Region designated by subsection b. of section 7 of P.L. ,

4 c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill);

5 "Qualified municipality" means any municipality located wholly or

6 partially in the Highlands preservation area, provided however, that

7 after the adoption of the Highlands regional master plan by the

8 Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council pursuant to section

9 8 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill),

10 qualified municipality shall mean only a municipality that has

11 conformed its municipal master plan and development regulations to

12 the Highlands regional master plan pursuant to section 14 of P.L. ,

13 c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill);

"Tax rate" means that portion of the effective property tax rate for the current tax year which reflects local taxes to be raised for district school purposes and local municipal purposes, calculated by dividing the total of column 12, section C by net valuation on which county taxes are apportioned in column 11, both as reflected in the Abstract of Ratables for the current tax year, and expressed as a rate per \$100 of true value;

"True value of vacant land" or "true value" means the aggregate assessed value of vacant land divided by the average ratio of assessed-to-true value of real property (commonly known as the equalization rate) promulgated by the Director of the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury and published in the table of equalized valuation; and

"Valuation base" means the change in the aggregate true value of vacant land directly attributable to the implementation of the "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act," P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) in a qualified municipality when comparing the current tax year to the base year.

o. This section shall expire July 1 next following one year after the date the last State aid payment is made to a qualified municipality in the tenth year as provided pursuant to paragraph (3) of subsection f. of this section.¹

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¹20. (New section) a. The "Pinelands Property Tax Assistance Fund" is established in the General Fund as a special nonlapsing fund for the purpose of providing State aid to qualifying municipalities in the pinelands area. The Commissioner of Community Affairs shall serve as administrator of the fund.

b. Every qualifying municipality in the pinelands area shall be eligible for State aid made with monies in the fund. The Commissioner of Community Affairs shall annually distribute to each qualifying municipality in the pinelands area a percentage of the monies annually allocated to the fund equal to the percentage the qualifying

- 1 <u>municipality received of the total sum distributed from the "Pinelands</u>
- 2 Municipal Property Tax Stabilization Fund" pursuant to P.L.1983,
- 3 <u>c.551 (C.54:1-68 et seq.).</u>
- 4 <u>c. The State Treasurer shall annually credit, in each of the first five</u>
- 5 years after the date of enactment of P.L. , c. (C.) (now before
- 6 the Legislature as this bill), to the "Pinelands Property Tax Assistance"
- 7 Fund" from the "Highlands Protection Fund" established pursuant to
- 8 section 21 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this
- 9 <u>bill</u>), the sum of \$1,800,000.
- d. Any State aid made available with monies from the "Pinelands
- 11 Property Tax Assistance Fund" pursuant to this section shall be in
- 12 <u>addition to any other moneys appropriated or otherwise made available</u>
- pursuant to any other federal or State program for the same category
- 14 of aid.
- e. Any qualifying municipality receiving State aid pursuant to this
- 16 section shall anticipate those sums in its annual budget or any
- 17 <u>amendments or supplements thereto as a direct offset to the amount to</u>
- 18 be raised by taxation.
- 19 <u>f. The Director of the Division of Local Government Services in</u>
- 20 the Department of Community Affairs shall make such changes in the
- 21 <u>budget of any qualifying municipality to ensure that all sums received</u>
- 22 pursuant to this section are utilized as a direct offset to the amount to
- 23 be raised by taxation and shall make such changes therein as the
- 24 <u>director deems necessary to ensure that the offset occurs.</u>
- 25 g. Any sum received by a qualifying municipality pursuant to this
- 26 <u>section shall not be considered as an exception or exemption under</u>
- 27 P.L.1976, c.68 (C.40A:4-45.1 et seq.).
- h. Notwithstanding the provisions of the "Local Budget Law"
- 29 (N.J.S.40A:4-1 et seq.), a qualifying municipality which is due a
- 30 payment pursuant to this section may anticipate the amount of the
- 31 entitlement in its annual budget for the year in which the payment is
- 32 made.
- i. The Director of the Division of Local Government Services shall
- 34 adopt, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968,
- 35 c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), such rules and regulations as may be
- 36 necessary to implement the provisions of this section.
- i. As used in this section:
- 38 "Pinelands area" means the area so designated in section 10 of
- 39 P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-11); and
- 40 "Qualifying municipality" means any municipality that received
- 41 State aid distributed from the "Pinelands Municipal Property Tax
- 42 <u>Stabilization Fund" pursuant to P.L.1983, c.551 (C.54:1-68 et seq.).</u>
- 43 <u>k. This section shall expire July 1 next following one year after the</u>
- 44 date the last State aid payment is made to a qualifying municipality in
- 45 the fifth year as provided pursuant to subsection c. of this section.

- 1 ¹21. (New section) a. There is created in the Department of the 2 Treasury a special non-lapsing fund to be known as the "Highlands 3 Protection Fund." The monies in the fund are dedicated and shall be 4 used only to carry out the purposes enumerated in subsection b. of this section. The fund shall be credited with all revenues collected and 5 deposited in the fund pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1968, c.49 6 7 (C.46:15-8), all interest and other income received from the 8 investment of monies in the fund, and any monies which, from time to 9 time, may otherwise become available for the purposes of the fund. 10 Pending the use thereof pursuant to the provisions of subsection b. of 11 this section, the monies deposited in the fund shall be held in
- interest-bearing accounts in public depositories, as defined pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1970, c.236 (C.17:9-41), and may be invested or
- reinvested in such securities as are approved by the State Treasurer.
- Interest or other income earned on monies deposited into the fund
 shall be credited to the fund for use as set forth in subsection b. of this
- 17 section for other monies in the fund.
- b. Monies deposited in the "Highlands Protection Fund" shall be
 used only for:
- 20 (1) payments to the "Highlands Municipal Property Tax
 21 Stabilization Fund" established pursuant to subsection b. of section 19
 22 of this act in such amounts as are necessary to provide property tax
 23 stabilization aid pursuant to that section;
- 24 (2) payments of watershed moratorium offset aid pursuant to 25 section 1 of P.L.1999, c. 225 (C.58:29-8);
 - (3) the making of grants by the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council pursuant to sections 13 and 18 of this act; and
- (4) allocations to the Pinelands Property Tax Assistance Fund
 established pursuant to section 20 of this act.¹

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1 [21.] 22.1 (New section) The ¹ [Attorney General] council¹ shall provide legal representation to any requesting local government unit located in the Highlands Region in any cause of action filed against the local government unit and contesting an act or decision of the local government unit taken or made under authority granted pursuant to the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.), R.S.40:27-1 et seq., the "State Uniform Construction Code Act,"

- 38 P.L.1975, c.217 (C.52:27D-119 et seq.), or this act, provided that:
- a. the municipal master plan and development regulations, or, in the case of a county governmental entity, the county master plan and associated regulations, have been approved by the council to be in conformance with the regional master plan in accordance with sections 14 or 15 of this act; ¹[and]¹
- b. the council ¹ [has certified in writing to the Attorney General]

 determines ¹ that the act or decision of the local government unit which

 is the subject of the cause of action is consistent with the regional

1 master plan¹; and

c. the act or decision of the local government unit that is the subject of the cause of action involves an application for development that provides for the ultimate disturbance of two acres or more of land or a cumulative increase in impervious surface by one acre or more ¹.

¹[22.] 23.¹ (New section) Within 10 days after the date of enactment of this act, the Department of Community Affairs, in consultation with the Department of Environmental Protection, shall provide guidelines and instructions to all local government units located wholly or partially within the preservation area with respect to the processing, review, and enforcement of applications for development after the date of enactment of this act and before adoption of the regional master plan.

¹[23.] <u>24.</u> (New section) The municipal master plan and development regulations of any municipality, and the county master plan and associated regulations of any county, located in the Highlands Region which have been approved by the council to be in conformance with the regional master plan in accordance with sections 14 or 15 of this act shall be entitled to a strong presumption of validity. In any cause of action filed against such a local government unit and contesting an act or decision of the local government unit taken or made under authority granted pursuant to the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.), R.S.40:27-1 et seq., the "State Uniform Construction Code Act," P.L.1975, c.217 (C.52:27D-119 et seq.), or this act, the court shall give extraordinary deference to the local government unit, provided that the municipal master plan and development regulations, or, in the case of a county governmental entity, the county master plan and associated regulations, have been approved by the council to be in conformance with the regional master plan in accordance with sections 14 or 15 of this act. The plaintiff shall have the burden of proof to demonstrate by clear and convincing evidence that the act or decision of any such local government unit was arbitrary, capricious, or unreasonable or in patent abuse of discretion.

¹[24.] <u>25.</u>¹ (New section) a. The Council on Affordable Housing shall take into consideration the regional master plan prior to making any determination regarding ¹the allocation of ¹ the prospective fair share of the housing need in any municipality in the Highlands Region under the "Fair Housing Act," P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-301 et al.) ¹for the fair share period subsequent to 1999¹.

b. ¹[Upon adoption by the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council of the regional master plan, any municipality located wholly or partially in the preservation area, and any municipality in the

1 Highlands planning area that is approved by the Highlands Water 2 Protection and Planning Council to be in conformance with the 3 regional master plan pursuant to section 15 of this act, may petition 4 the Council on Affordable Housing to have its 1987 to 1999 fair share obligation adjusted in accordance with any applicable rules and 5 regulations to reflect the change in circumstances in the municipality 6 7 resulting from conformance with the regional master plan. In the 8 event that the municipality has received substantive certification or is 9 subject to a judgment of repose, that protection shall not be affected 10 or compromised by the adjustment.

c. Any municipality requesting an adjustment pursuant to subsection b. of this section shall be eligible to apply for planning assistance grants from the State for the purposes of that subsection.]

Nothing in this act shall affect protections provided through a grant of substantive certification or a judgment of repose granted prior to

16 the date of enactment of this act.¹

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¹[25.] <u>26.</u>¹ (New section) Within 90 days after the first meeting of the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, the Site Improvement Advisory Board established pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1993, c.32 (C.40:55D-40.3) and the Commissioner of Community Affairs shall consult with the council and the Commissioner of Environmental Protection concerning whether the site improvement standards for residential development adopted pursuant to P.L.1993, c.32 (C.40:55D-40.1 et seq.) are appropriate and sufficiently protective for the Highlands Region, especially for the preservation area; and if it is determined they are not, those standards shall be modified accordingly as soon as practicable ¹thereafter ¹ to meet that objective.

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¹[26. a. Effective on the date of enactment of this act, any person who is selling any land, or any interest therein or option therefor, within the preservation area shall give to the Commissioner of Environmental Protection written notice, by certified mail, that a contract of sale has been executed for the property. The notice shall set forth the terms and conditions of the executed contract of sale and shall have attached a copy of that contract. The notice of executed contract of sale shall also include any other information that the commissioner may reasonably require by rule or regulation. The State shall have the right of first refusal to purchase the land upon substantially similar terms and conditions, which right shall be exercisable as provided by this section. The State may exercise its right of first refusal only if the land, or the interest therein or option therefor, is to be used for water supply protection purposes or recreation and conservation purposes, or farmland preservation purposes. If the State chooses to exercise its right of first refusal, the

1 State shall give notice of that intent to the landowner within a period 2 of 30 days following the date of receipt of the notice of executed 3 contract of sale. The State shall submit its offer to match the terms 4 and conditions of the executed contract of sale to the landowner within the 60 days following the expiration of the 30-day period. If no 5 notice is given within the 30-day period that the State intends to 6 7 exercise its right of first refusal, or if no offer is submitted to the 8 landowner within the 60-day period following the 30-day period, the 9 owner may at the expiration of the 30-day period or the 60-day period, 10 as the case may be, convey the land to the proposed purchaser named 11 in the executed contract of sale upon the terms and conditions 12 specified therein, or to the proposed purchaser's assignee as provided in that executed contract of sale. If the owner fails to convey the land 13 14 to the named proposed purchaser or an assignee thereof pursuant to 15 the executed contract of sale, the land shall again become subject to the State's right of first refusal as provided by this section. 16 17 landowner may elect to convey the land to the State upon the exercise 18 of the State's right of first refusal without breaching the original 19 contract of sale, notwithstanding that the State's offer is different than, 20 or provides for lower consideration than, that in the original executed 21 contract of sale.

b. The requirements of this section shall not apply to any sale or other conveyance of land between immediate family members, to any sale of a structure that is located on a lot of less than 10 acres, or to any land that is subject to the State Agriculture Development Committee's first right and option to purchase as provided pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1989, c.28 (C.4:1C-39).

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- c. The Commissioner of Environmental Protection shall, within 60 days after the date of enactment of this act, transmit, by certified mail, written notice of the provisions of this section to the governing body of every municipality and county located in whole or in part in the preservation area, and publish a notice in the New Jersey Register and in at least two newspapers circulating within the preservation area.
- d. Any contract made in violation of subsection a. of this section is voidable.
- e. Nothing in this section shall be construed so as to limit any authority granted to the Department of Environmental Protection, the State Agriculture Development Committee, or any other State entity, or a local government unit, pursuant to law, to acquire any lands, or interests therein or options therefor, in such manner as may be provided in any such law.
- f. For the purposes of this section, "immediate family member"
 means spouse, child, sibling, aunt, uncle, niece, nephew, first cousin,
 grandparent, grandchild, father-in-law, mother-in-law, son-in-law,
 daughter-in-law, stepparent, stepchild, stepbrother, stepsister, half
 brother, or half sister, whether the individual is related by blood,

marriage, or adoption.]¹

¹[27. (New section) No local government unit, public utility, or State entity shall sell or otherwise convey any land or interest therein it owns that is located in the Highlands Region and is utilized for the purpose of protecting a public water supply, as defined and determined by the Commissioner of Environmental Protection; except that this section:

a. shall not apply to the sale or conveyance of such lands to another local government unit, public utility, or State entity for the purpose of protecting a public water supply, or the sale or conveyance of such lands for permanent preservation and use for recreation and conservation purposes, provided that in either case the sale or conveyance is approved by the commissioner; or

b. shall not prevent the lease or other conveyance of such lands as authorized pursuant to P.L.2002, c.47 (C.40A:12-17.1 et al.), provided that the lands so leased or otherwise conveyed shall continue to be subject to the prohibition prescribed by this section and the requirements and provisions of that act.]¹

¹[28.] 27.¹ (New section) The council may institute an action or proceeding in Superior Court for injunctive relief for any violation of this act, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, or, in the preservation area for any violation of, or nonconformance with, the regional master plan ¹[, and the court may proceed in the action in a summary manner]. The council may also institute an action or proceeding for injunctive relief for any violation of the regional master plan in the planning area as it relates to a municipality or county that has been approved to be in conformance with the regional master plan pursuant to section 15 of this act¹. In any ¹action or ¹ proceeding brought pursuant to this section, the court ¹may proceed in a summary manner and ¹ may also grant temporary or interlocutory relief.

¹[29.] 28.¹ (New section) Any decision rendered or action taken by the council pursuant to this act shall be a final agency action subject to judicial review in the Appellate Division of the Superior Court of New Jersey in accordance with the Rules of Court. The court may grant such relief as it deems just and proper, and to make and enter an order enforcing, modifying, and enforcing as so modified, remanding for further specific evidence or findings, or setting aside in whole or in part, the decision of the council. The findings of fact upon which the council's decision is based shall be conclusive if supported by substantial evidence on the record considered as a whole.

¹[30.] <u>29.</u> ¹ (New section) On or before March 31 in each year the council shall make an annual report of its activities for the preceding

- 1 calendar year to the Governor ¹[and], ¹ the Legislature ¹, and the
- 2 governing body and the chief executive officer of each municipality
- 3 and county in the Highlands Region¹. Each such report shall set forth
- 4 a complete operating and financial statement covering its operations
- 5 during the year.

- 7 130. (New section) a. The following are exempt from the
- 8 provisions of this act, the regional master plan, any rules or regulations
- 9 adopted by the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to
- 10 this act, or any amendments to a master plan, development regulations,
- 11 <u>or other regulations adopted by a local government unit to specifically</u>
- 12 <u>conform them with the regional master plan:</u>
- 13 (1) the construction of a single family dwelling, for an individual's
- 14 own use or the use of an immediate family member, on a lot owned by
- 15 the individual on the date of enactment of this act or on a lot for which
- 16 the individual has on or before May 17, 2004 entered into a binding
- 17 contract of sale to purchase that lot;
- 18 (2) the construction of a single family dwelling on a lot in existence
- 19 on the date of enactment of this act, provided that the construction
- 20 does not result in the ultimate disturbance of one acre or more of land
- 21 or a cumulative increase in impervious surface by one-quarter acre or
- 22 more;
- 23 (3) a major Highlands development that received on or before
- 24 March 29, 2004:
- 25 (a) one of the following approvals pursuant to the "Municipal Land
- 26 <u>Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.):</u>
- 27 (i) preliminary or final site plan approval;
- 28 (ii) final municipal building or construction permit;
- 29 (iii) minor subdivision approval where no subsequent site plan
- 30 approval is required;
- 31 (iv) final subdivision approval where no subsequent site plan
- 32 <u>approval is required; or</u>
- 33 (v) preliminary subdivision approval where no subsequent site plan
- 34 approval is required; and
- 35 (b) at least one of the following permits from the Department of
- 36 Environmental Protection, if applicable to the proposed major
- 37 <u>Highlands development:</u>
- 38 (i) a permit or certification pursuant to the "Water Supply
- 39 Management Act," P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-1 et seq.);
- 40 (ii) a water extension permit or other approval or authorization
- 41 pursuant to the "Safe Drinking Water Act," P.L.1977, c.224
- 42 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.);
- 43 (iii) a certification or other approval or authorization issued
- 44 pursuant to the "The Realty Improvement Sewerage and Facilities Act
- 45 (1954)," P.L.1954, c.199 (C.58:11-23 et seq.); or
- 46 (iv) a treatment works approval pursuant to the "Water Pollution

- 1 Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.); or
- 2 (c) one of the following permits from the Department of
- 3 Environmental Protection, if applicable to the proposed major
- 4 Highlands development, and if the proposed major Highlands
- 5 development does not require one of the permits listed in
- 6 subsubparagraphs (i) through (iv) of subparagraph (b) of this
- 7 paragraph:
- 8 (i) a permit or other approval or authorization issued pursuant to
- 9 the "Freshwater Wetlands Protection Act," P.L.1987, c.156
- 10 (C.13:9B-1 et seq.); or
- (ii) a permit or other approval or authorization issued pursuant to
- 12 the "Flood Hazard Area Control Act," P.L.1962, c.19 (C.58:16A-50
- 13 <u>et seq.).</u>
- 14 The exemption provided in this paragraph shall apply only to the
- 15 <u>land area and the scope of the major Highlands development addressed</u>
- by the qualifying approvals pursuant to subparagraphs (a) and (b), or
- 17 (c) if applicable, of this paragraph, shall expire if any of those
- 18 qualifying approvals expire, and shall expire if construction beyond site
- 19 preparation does not commence within three years after the date of
- 20 enactment of this act;
- 21 (4) the reconstruction of any building or structure for any reason
- 22 within 125% of the footprint of the lawfully existing impervious
- 23 <u>surfaces on the site, provided that the reconstruction does not increase</u>
- 24 <u>the lawfully existing impervious surface by one-quarter acre or more.</u>
- 25 This exemption shall not apply to the reconstruction of any agricultural
- 26 <u>or horticultural building or structure for a non-agricultural or non-</u>
- 27 horticultural use;
- 28 (5) any improvement to a single family dwelling in existence on the
- 29 date of enactment of this act, including but not limited to an addition,
- 30 garage, shed, driveway, porch, deck, patio, swimming pool, or septic
- 31 <u>system;</u>
- 32 (6) any improvement, for non-residential purposes, to a place of
- 33 worship owned by a nonprofit entity, society or association, or
- 34 <u>association organized primarily for religious purposes, or a public or</u>
- 35 private school, or a hospital, in existence on the date of enactment of
- 36 <u>this act, including but not limited to new structures, an addition to an</u>
- 37 existing building or structure, a site improvement, or a sanitary facility:
- 38 (7) an activity conducted in accordance with an approved woodland 39 management plan pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1964, c.48
- 40 (C.54:4-23.3) or the normal harvesting of forest products in
- 41 accordance with a forest management plan approved by the State
- 42 Forester;
- 43 (8) the construction or extension of trails with non-impervious
- 44 <u>surfaces on publicly owned lands or on privately owned lands where</u>
- 45 <u>a conservation or recreational use easement has been established;</u>
- 46 (9) the routine maintenance and operations, rehabilitation,

- 1 preservation, reconstruction, or repair of transportation or
- 2 infrastructure systems by a State entity or local government unit,
- 3 provided that the activity is consistent with the goals and purposes of
- 4 this act and does not result in the construction of any new through-
- 5 <u>capacity travel lanes;</u>
- 6 (10) the construction of transportation safety projects and bicycle
- 7 and pedestrian facilities by a State entity or local government unit,
- 8 provided that the activity does not result in the construction of any
- 9 <u>new through-capacity travel lanes;</u>
- 10 (11) the routine maintenance and operations, rehabilitation,
- 11 preservation, reconstruction, repair, or upgrade of public utility lines,
- 12 <u>rights of way, or systems, by a public utility, provided that the activity</u>
- 13 <u>is consistent with the goals and purposes of this act;</u>
- 14 (12) the reactivation of rail lines and rail beds existing on the date
- 15 of enactment of this act;
- 16 (13) the construction of a public infrastructure project approved by
- 17 public referendum prior to January 1, 2005 or a capital project
- 18 approved by public referendum prior to January 1, 2005;
- 19 (14) the mining, quarrying, or production of ready mix concrete,
- 20 <u>bituminous concrete, or Class B recycling materials occurring or which</u>
- 21 are permitted to occur on any mine, mine site, or construction
- 22 materials facility existing on June 7, 2004;
- 23 (15) the remediation of any contaminated site pursuant to P.L.1993,
- 24 <u>c.139 (C.58:10B-1 et seq.);</u>
- 25 (16) any lands of a federal military installation existing on the date
- 26 of enactment of this act that lie within the Highlands Region; and
- 27 (17) a major Highlands development located within an area
- 28 <u>designated as Planning Area 1 (Metropolitan)</u>, or Planning Area 2
- 29 (Suburban), as designated pursuant to P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196
- et seq.) as of March 29, 2004, that on or before March 29, 2004 has
 been the subject of a settlement agreement and stipulation of dismissal
- 32 <u>filed in the Superior Court, or a builder's remedy issued by the</u>
- 33 Superior Court, to satisfy the constitutional requirement to provide for
- 34 the fulfillment of the fair share obligation of the municipality in which
- 35 the development is located. The exemption provided pursuant to this
- paragraph shall expire if construction beyond site preparation does not
- 37 commence within three years after receiving all final approvals
- 38 required pursuant to the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291
- 39 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.).
- 40 <u>b. The exemptions provided in subsection a. of this section shall</u>
- 41 <u>not be construed to alter or obviate the requirements of any other</u>
- 42 <u>applicable State or local laws, rules, regulations, development</u>
- 43 <u>regulations</u>, or ordinances.
- 44 c. Nothing in this act shall be construed to alter the funding
- 45 <u>allocation formulas established pursuant to the "Garden State</u>
- 46 <u>Preservation Trust Act," P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-1 et seq.).</u>

d. Nothing in this act shall be construed to repeal, reduce, or otherwise modify the obligation of counties, municipalities, and other municipal and public agencies of the State to pay property taxes on lands used for the purpose and for the protection of a public water supply, without regard to any buildings or other improvements thereon, pursuant to R.S.54:4-3.3.

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¹31. (New section) a. (1) Any agricultural or horticultural 8 9 development in the preservation area that would result in the increase, 10 after the date of enactment of this act either individually or 11 cumulatively, of agricultural impervious cover by three percent or more of the total land area of a farm management unit in the 12 13 preservation area shall require the review and approval by the local 14 soil conservation district of a farm conservation plan which shall be 15 prepared and submitted by the owner or operator of the farm 16 management unit. Upon approval of the farm conservation plan by the 17 local soil conservation district, the owner or operator of the farm 18 management unit shall implement the plan on the farm management 19 unit. The local soil conservation district shall transmit a copy of an 20 approved farm conservation plan to the State Soil Conservation 21 Committee, and, if any part of the farm management unit is preserved 22 under any farmland preservation program, to the State Agriculture 23 Development Committee.

(2) Any agricultural or horticultural development in the preservation area that would result in the increase, after the date of enactment of this act either individually or cumulatively, of agricultural impervious cover by nine percent or more of the total land area of a farm management unit in the preservation area shall require the review and approval by the local soil conservation district of a resource management systems plan which shall be prepared and submitted by the owner or operator of the farm management unit.

32 Prior to the approval of a resource management systems plan by a 33 local soil conservation district, a copy of the resource management 34 systems plan shall be forwarded by the local soil conservation district 35 to the Department of Environmental Protection for review and 36 approval, with or without conditions, or denial within 60 days after receipt by the department. Upon approval of the resource 37 38 management systems plan by the local soil conservation district and 39 the Department of Environmental Protection, the owner or operator 40 of the farm management unit shall implement the plan on the farm 41 management unit. The local soil conservation district shall transmit a 42 copy of an approved resource management systems plan to the State 43 Soil Conservation Committee, and, if any part of the farm management 44 unit is preserved under any farmland preservation program, to the 45 State Agriculture Development Committee.

46 (3) A farm conservation plan required pursuant to paragraph (1) of

- 1 this subsection and a resource management systems plan required
- 2 pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection shall be prepared in
- 3 accordance with science-based standards, consistent with the goals and
- 4 purposes of this act, which standards shall be established by the State
- 5 Board of Agriculture and the Department of Agriculture, in
- 6 consultation with the Department of Environmental Protection, the
- 7 <u>State Agriculture Development Committee, Rutgers Cooperative</u>
- 8 Extension, and the Natural Resources Conservation Service in the
- 9 <u>United States Department of Agriculture</u>. Within 270 days after the
- 10 date of enactment of this act, the State Department of Agriculture, in
- consultation with the Department of Environmental Protection, shall develop and adopt, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act,"
- 13 P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), these standards and any other
- 14 <u>rules and regulations necessary to implement this section.</u>
- b. (1) If any person violates any provision of subsection a. of this
- section, any rule or regulation adopted pursuant to subsection a. of
- 17 this section, or a farm conservation plan or a resource management
- 18 systems plan approved pursuant to subsection a. of this section, the
- 19 <u>Department of Agriculture or the local soil conservation district may</u>
- 20 <u>institute a civil action in the Superior Court for injunctive relief to</u>
- 21 prohibit and prevent the violation or violations and the court may
- 22 proceed in a summary manner.
- 23 (2) (a) Any person who violates any provision of subsection a. of
- 24 <u>this section, any rule or regulation adopted pursuant to subsection a.</u>
- 25 of this section, or a farm conservation plan or a resource management
- 26 <u>systems plan approved pursuant to subsection a. of this section shall</u>
- 27 <u>be liable to a civil administrative penalty of up to \$5,000 for each</u>
- violation. If the violation is of a continuing nature, each day during which it continues shall constitute an additional, separate, and distinct
- which it continues shall constitute an additional, separate, and distinct
 offense. No assessment shall be levied pursuant to this subsection
- 31 until after the party has been notified by certified mail or personal
- 32 service and provided an opportunity for a hearing.
- 33 (b) Any amount assessed under this subsection shall fall within a
- 34 range established in a penalty schedule adopted by the Department of
- 35 Agriculture pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," which
- 36 <u>shall take into account the seriousness and duration of the violation</u>
- 37 and whether the violation involves the failure to prepare or to
- 38 <u>implement a farm conservation plan or resource management systems</u>
- 39 plan. The schedule shall also provide for an enhanced penalty if the
- 40 <u>violation causes an impairment to water quality. Any civil</u>
- 41 <u>administrative penalty assessed under this subsection may be</u> 42 <u>compromised by the Secretary of Agriculture upon the posting of a</u>
- 43 performance bond by the violator, or upon such terms and conditions
- 44 <u>as the secretary may establish by regulation.</u>
- 45 (c) Any person who fails to pay a civil administrative penalty in full
- 46 pursuant to this subsection shall be subject, upon order of a court, to

1 <u>a civil penalty of up to \$5,000 for each violation</u>. If the violation is of

- 2 <u>a continuing nature, each day during which it continues shall constitute</u>
- 3 an additional, separate, and distinct offense. Any such civil penalty
- 4 imposed may be collected with costs in a summary proceeding
- 5 pursuant to the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274
- 6 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.). The Superior Court and the municipal court
- 7 shall have jurisdiction to enforce the provisions of the "Penalty
- 8 Enforcement Law of 1999" in connection with this subsection.
- 9 (d) All penalties collected pursuant to this subsection shall either be
- 10 used, as determined by the council, by the State Agriculture
- 11 <u>Development Committee for the preservation of farmland in the</u>
- 12 preservation area or by any development transfer bank used or
- 13 established by the council to purchase development potential in the
- 14 <u>preservation area.</u>

- 15 c. Nothing in this act, the regional master plan, any rules or
- 16 regulations adopted by the Department of Environmental Protection
- 17 pursuant to this act, or any amendments to a master plan, development
- 18 regulations, or other regulations adopted by a local government unit
- 19 to specifically conform them with the regional master plan shall be
- 20 construed to alter or compromise the goals, purposes, policies, and
- 21 provisions of, or lessen the protections afforded to farmers by, the
- 22 "Right to Farm Act," P.L.1983, c.31 (C.4:1C-1 et seq.), and any rules
- 23 <u>or regulations adopted pursuant thereto.</u>
- 24 <u>d. The provisions of this section shall not be construed to alter or</u>
- 25 obviate the requirements of any other applicable State or local laws.
- 26 <u>rules, regulations, development regulations, or ordinances.</u>¹
- 28 ¹[31.] <u>32.</u>¹ (New section) a. Commencing on the date of
- 29 enactment of this act and until the effective date of the rules and
- 30 regulations adopted by the Department of Environmental Protection
- pursuant to sections ¹[32 and 33] <u>33 and 34</u> of this act, all major
- 32 ¹Highlands ¹ development in the preservation area shall require a
- 33 Highlands Preservation Area approval from the department. The
- 34 Highlands Preservation Area approval shall consist of the related
- 35 aspects of other regulatory programs which may include, but need not
- 36 be limited to, the "Freshwater Wetlands Protection Act," P.L.1987,
- 37 c.156 (C.13:9B-1 et seq.), "The Endangered and Nongame Species
- 38 Conservation Act," P.L.1973, c.309 (C.23:2A-1 et seq.), the "Water Supply Management Act," P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-1 et seq.), the
- 40 "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.),
- 41 "The Realty Improvement Sewerage and Facilities Act (1954),"
- 42 P.L.1954, c.199 (C.58:11-23 et seq.), the "Water Quality Planning
- 43 Act," P.L.1977, c.75 (C.58:11A-1 et seq.), the "Safe Drinking Water
- 44 Act," P.L.1977, c.224 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.), the "Flood Hazard Area
- 45 Control Act," P.L.1962, c.19 (C.58:16A-50 et seq.), and any rules and
- 46 regulations adopted pursuant thereto. For the purposes of this section,

1 the provisions of P.L.1975, c. 232 (C.13:1D-29 et seq.) shall not apply

2 to an application for a permit pursuant to the "Flood Hazard Area

3 Control Act," P.L.1962, c.19 (C.58:16A-50 et seq.).

b. The Highlands Preservation Area approval shall also require:

4 5 (1) a prohibition on major ¹Highlands ¹ development within 300 feet of any Highlands open waters, and a 300-foot buffer adjacent to all 6 7 Highlands open waters¹; provided, however, that this buffer shall not extend into the planning area¹. For the purposes of this paragraph, 8 major ¹Highlands ¹ development does not include linear development 9 10 for infrastructure, utilities, and the rights-of-way therefor, provided 11 that there is no other feasible alternative¹, as determined by the <u>department</u>, for the linear development outside of the buffer. 12 Structures or land uses in the buffer existing on the date of enactment 13 14 of this act may remain, provided that the area of disturbance shall not 15 be increased. This paragraph shall not be construed to limit the authority of the department to establish buffers of any size or any 16 17 other protections for category one waters designated by the

department pursuant to the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, 18

19 c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.), or any other law, or any rule or regulation

adopted pursuant thereto, for major ¹Highlands ¹ development or for 20

21 other development that does not qualify as major ¹Highlands ¹

22 development;

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(2) the quality of all Highlands open waters and ¹[the] ¹ waters of the Highlands within the preservation area to be maintained, restored, or enhanced, ¹as required pursuant to the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.) or the "Water Quality Planning Act," P.L.1977, c.75 (C.58:11A-1 et seq.), or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, 1 and any new or expanded point source discharge, except discharges from water supply facilities, shall not degrade existing water quality. In the case of water supply facilities, all reasonable measures shall be taken to eliminate or minimize water quality impacts;

32 33 (3) notwithstanding the provisions of subsection a. of section 5 of 34 P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-5), or any rule or regulation adopted 35 pursuant thereto, to the contrary, any diversion of more than 50,000 gallons per day, and multiple diversions by the same or related entities 36 37 for the same or related projects or developments of more than 50,000 38 gallons per day, of waters of the Highlands shall require a permit 39 pursuant to the "Water Supply Management Act," P.L.1981, c.262 40 (C.58:1A-1 et seq.), and any permit issued pursuant thereto shall be 41 based on consideration of individual and cumulative impacts of 42 multiple diversions, maintenance of stream base flows, minimization 43 of depletive use, maintenance of existing water quality, and protection of ecological uses¹. Any new or increased diversion for nonpotable 44 purposes that is more than 50% consumptive shall require an

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46 equivalent reduction in water demand within the same subdrainage

- 1 area through such means as groundwater recharge of stormwater or
- 2 reuse. Existing unused allocation or allocations used for nonpotable
- 3 purposes may be revoked by the department where measures to the
- 4 <u>maximum extent practicable are not implemented to reduce demand.</u>
- 5 <u>All new or increased diversions shall be required to implement water</u>
- 6 <u>conservation measures to the maximum extent practicable</u>¹;

- 7 (4) a zero net fill requirement for flood hazard areas pursuant to the 8 "Flood Hazard Area Control Act," P.L.1962, c.19 (C.58:16A-50 et 9 seq.);
 - (5) the antidegradation provisions of the surface water quality standards and the stormwater regulations applicable to category one waters to be applied to Highlands open waters;
 - (6) a prohibition on impervious surfaces of greater than three percent of the land area of a lot existing on the date of enactment of this act, except that Highlands open waters shall not be included in the calculation of that land area;
 - (7) a prohibition on development, except linear development for infrastructure, utilities, and the rights-of-way therefor, provided that no other feasible alternative¹, as determined by the department, ¹ exists for the linear development, on steep slopes with a grade of 20% or greater; and
 - (8) a prohibition on development that disturbs upland forested areas, in order to prevent soil erosion and sedimentation, protect water quality, prevent stormwater runoff, and protect threatened and endangered animal and plant species sites and designated habitats. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph to the contrary, if a major ¹Highlands ¹ development complies with all other applicable requirements for a Highlands Preservation Area ¹[review] approval ¹ pursuant to this subsection and disturbance to an upland forested area is unavoidable, the department shall allow the disturbance to an upland forested area of no more than 20 feet directly adjacent to a structure and of no more than 10 feet on each side of a driveway as necessary to access a non-forested area of a site.
 - c. ¹[The Highlands Preservation Area approval required pursuant to this section shall include a limited review by the department of an application for a Highlands Preservation Area approval to a review for the purpose of locating a single family dwelling on the property based upon the least environmental impact to the natural resources located on the property when the application is for the construction of a single family dwelling on property owned by the individual on the date of enactment of this act, but only if the construction requires an environmental land use or water permit and does not result in the ultimate disturbance of one acre or more of land or an increase in impervious surface by one-quarter acre or more. This limited review shall not be construed to authorize the waiver of any other provision of law, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto.]

- Application for a Highlands Preservation Area approval shall be made 1
- 2 on forms made available by the department and shall be accompanied
- by a fee established in accordance with a fee schedule issued by the 3
- 4 department within 10 days after the date of enactment of this act and
- published in the New Jersey Register. The fee schedule shall be 5
- exempt from the rulemaking requirements of the "Administrative 6
- 7 Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) and shall expire
- 8 upon the adoption of the rules and regulations required pursuant to 9
 - subsection a. of section 33 of this act.

section ${}^{1}[34] \underline{35}^{1}$ of this act.

10 d. The requirements and provisions of this section shall not apply 11 in the planning area.¹

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- ¹[32.] 33.¹ (New section) a. Within 270 days after the date of 13 14 enactment of this act, and notwithstanding the provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) 15 16 to the contrary, the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, after consultation with the Department of Agriculture, the Department of 17 Community Affairs, ¹[and], the State Planning Commission, ¹ and the 18 <u>Department of Transportation</u>, shall, immediately upon filing proper 19 20 notice with the Office of Administrative Law, adopt the rules and regulations prepared by the department pursuant to section ¹[33] <u>34</u>¹ 21 22 of this act and any other rules and regulations necessary to establish 23 the Highlands permitting review program established pursuant to
 - b. The rules and regulations adopted pursuant to subsection a. of this section shall be in effect for a period not to exceed one year after the date of the filing. These rules and regulations shall thereafter be adopted, amended, or readopted by the commissioner in accordance with the requirements of the "Administrative Procedure Act," after consultation with the council, the Department of Agriculture, the Department of Community Affairs, ¹[and]¹ the State Planning Commission¹, and the Department of Transportation¹.
 - c. ¹[The rules and regulations adopted by the commissioner pursuant to subsection a. of this section and any requirement to obtain a Highlands permitting review pursuant this act shall not apply to any major development for which all State environmental land use or water permits and local permits, approvals, and other authorizations have been issued.]
- 39 The requirements and provisions of sections 33 through 43 of this 40 act shall not apply in the planning area.¹

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¹[33.] <u>34.</u> (New section) The Department of Environmental 42 Protection shall prepare rules and regulations establishing the 43 44 environmental standards for the preservation area upon which the 45 regional master plan adopted by the council and the Highlands permitting review program administered by the department pursuant

to this act shall be based. These rules and regulations shall provide for
at least the following:

a. a prohibition on major ¹Highlands ¹ development within 300 feet 3 4 of any Highlands open waters, and the establishment of a 300-foot buffer adjacent to all Highlands open waters¹; provided, however, that 5 this buffer shall not extend into the planning area¹. For the purposes 6 7 of this subsection, major ¹Highlands ¹ development does not include linear development for infrastructure, utilities, and the rights-of-way 8 therefor, provided that there is no other feasible alternative¹, as 9 <u>determined by the department</u>, for the linear development outside of 10 11 the buffer. Structures or land uses in the buffer existing on the date of 12 enactment of this act may remain, provided that the area of disturbance shall not be increased. This subsection shall not be construed to limit 13 14 any authority of the department to establish buffers of any size or any 15 other protections for category one waters designated by the department pursuant to the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, 16 17 c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.), or any other law, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, for major ¹Highlands ¹ development or for 18 other development that does not qualify as major ¹Highlands ¹ 19 20 development;

b. measures to ensure that existing water quality shall be maintained, restored, or enhanced as required pursuant to the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.) or the "Water Quality Planning Act," P.L.1977, c.75 (C.58:11A-1 et seq.), or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, and all Highlands open waters and waters of the Highlands, and to provide that any new or expanded point source discharge, except discharges from water supply facilities, shall not degrade existing water quality. In the case of water supply facilities, all reasonable measures shall be taken to eliminate or minimize water quality impacts;

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c. notwithstanding the provisions of section 23 of P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-23), or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, the criteria for the type of activity or activities eligible for the use of a general permit for ¹any portion of ¹ an activity located ¹[wholly or partially] ¹ within a freshwater wetland or freshwater wetland transition area located ¹[wholly or partially] ¹ in the preservation area, provided that these criteria are at least as protective as those provided in section 23 of P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-23);

38 39 d. notwithstanding the provisions of subsection a. of section 5 of 40 P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-5), or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, a system for the regulation of any 41 42 diversion of more than 50,000 gallons per day, and multiple diversions 43 by the same or related entities for the same or related projects or 44 developments of more than 50,000 gallons per day, of waters of the 45 Highlands pursuant to the "Water Supply Management Act," P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-1 et seq.), and any permit issued pursuant 46

- 1 thereto shall be based on consideration of individual and cumulative
- 2 impacts of multiple diversions, maintenance of stream base flows,
- 3 minimization of depletive use, maintenance of existing water quality,
- 4 and protection of ecological uses¹. Any new or increased diversion for
- nonpotable purposes that is more than 50% consumptive shall require 5
- an equivalent reduction in water demand within the same subdrainage 6
- 7 area through such means as groundwater recharge of stormwater or 8 reuse. Existing unused allocation or allocations used for nonpotable
- 9 purposes may be revoked by the department where measures to the
- 10 maximum extent practicable are not implemented to reduce demand.
- 11 All new or increased diversions shall be required to implement water
- 12 conservation measures to the maximum extent practicable¹;
- 13 e. a septic system density standard established at a level to prevent 14 the degradation of water quality, or to require the restoration of water
- 15 quality, and to protect ecological uses from individual, secondary, and
- cumulative impacts, in consideration of deep aquifer recharge available 16
- 17 for dilution;
 - f. a zero net fill requirement for flood hazard areas pursuant to the
- 19 "Flood Hazard Area Control Act," P.L.1962, c.19 (C.58:16A-50 et
- 20 seq.);

- 21 g. the antidegradation provisions of the surface water quality
- 22 standards and the stormwater regulations applicable to category one
- 23 waters to be applied to Highlands open waters;
- 24 h. a prohibition on impervious surfaces of greater than three
- 25 percent of the land area, except that Highlands open waters shall not
- 26 be included in the calculation of that land area;
- 27 i. notwithstanding the provisions of the "Safe Drinking Water Act,"
- 28 P.L.1977, c.224 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.), or any rule or regulation
- 29 adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, a limitation or prohibition
- on the construction of new public water systems or the extension of 30
- existing public water systems ¹to serve development in the 31
- preservation area¹, except in the case of a demonstrated need to 32
- 33 protect public health and safety;
- 34 j. a prohibition on development, except linear development for
- 35 infrastructure, utilities, and the rights-of-way therefor, provided that
- no other feasible alternative¹, as determined by the department,¹ exists 36
- for the linear development, on steep slopes in the preservation area 37
- 38 with a grade of 20% or greater, and standards for development on
- 39 slopes in the preservation area exhibiting a grade of between 10% and
- 40 The standards shall assure that developments on slopes
- 41 exhibiting a grade of between 10% and 20% preserve and protect
- steep slopes from the negative consequences of development on the 42
- 43 site and the cumulative impact in the Highlands Region. The standards
- shall be developed to prevent soil erosion and sedimentation, protect 45 water quality, prevent stormwater runoff, protect threatened and
- 46 endangered animal and plant species sites and designated habitats,

provide for minimal practicable degradation of unique or irreplaceable land types, historical or archeological areas, and existing scenic attributes at the site and within the surrounding area, protect upland forest, and restrict impervious surface; and shall take into consideration differing soil types, soil erodability, topography,

6 hydrology, geology, and vegetation types; and

k. a prohibition on development that disturbs upland forested areas, in order to prevent soil erosion and sedimentation, protect water quality, prevent stormwater runoff, and protect threatened and endangered animal and plant species sites and designated habitats; and standards to protect upland forested areas that require all appropriate measures be taken to avoid impacts or disturbance to upland forested areas, and where avoidance is not possible that all appropriate measures have been taken to minimize and mitigate impacts to upland forested areas and to prevent soil erosion and sedimentation, protect water quality, prevent stormwater runoff, and protect threatened and endangered animal and plant species sites and designated habitats.

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¹[34.] <u>35.</u> (New section) a. The Department of Environmental 19 Protection shall establish a Highlands permitting review program to 20 21 provide for the coordinated review of any major ¹Highlands ¹ 22 development in the preservation area based upon the rules and regulations adopted by the department pursuant to sections ¹[32 and 23 33] 33 and 34¹ of this act. The Highlands permitting review program 24 established pursuant to this section shall consolidate the related 25 26 aspects of other regulatory programs which may include, but need not 27 be limited to, the "Freshwater Wetlands Protection Act," P.L.1987, 28 c.156 (C.13:9B-1 et seq.), "The Endangered and Nongame Species 29 Conservation Act," P.L.1973, c.309 (C.23:2A-1 et seq.), the "Water Supply Management Act," P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-1 et seq.), the 30 "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.), 31 32 "The Realty Improvement Sewerage and Facilities Act (1954)," P.L.1954, c.199 (C.58:11-23 et seq.), the "Water Quality Planning 33 34 Act," P.L.1977, c.75 (C.58:11A-1 et seq.), the "Safe Drinking Water 35 Act," P.L.1977, c.224 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.), the "Flood Hazard Area 36 Control Act," P.L.1962, c.19 (C.58:16A-50 et seq.), and any rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto, and the rules and regulations 37 adopted pursuant to sections ¹[32 and 33] <u>33 and 34</u>¹ of this act. For 38 39 the purposes of this section, the provisions of P.L.1975, c.232 40 (C.13:1D-29 et seq.) shall not apply to an application for a permit 41 pursuant to the "Flood Hazard Area Control Act," P.L.1962, c.19 42 (C.58:16A-50 et seq.).

- b. The Highlands permitting review program established pursuant to this section shall include:
- 45 (1) ¹[a provision limiting the review by the department of an application to a review for the purpose of locating a single family

- 1 dwelling on the property based upon the least environmental impact to
- 2 the natural resources located on the property when the application is
- 3 for the construction of a single family dwelling on property owned by
- 4 the individual on the date of enactment of this act, but only if the
- 5 construction requires an environmental land use or water permit and
- 6 does not result in the ultimate disturbance of one acre or more of land
- 7 or an increase in impervious surface by one-quarter acre or more;
- 8 (2) (a) a provision that may allow for the waiver of any provision 9 of a Highlands permitting review on a case-by-case basis to avoid 10 undue hardship to an individual owner of residential property for one 11 single family dwelling that includes the ultimate disturbance of one 12 acre or more of land or an increase in impervious surface by 13 one-quarter acre or more provided that the property was owned by
- 13 one-quarter acre or more, provided that the property was owned by
- 14 the individual on the date of enactment of this act;
 - (b)]¹ a provision that may allow for a waiver of any provision of a Highlands permitting review on a case-by-case basis if determined to be necessary by the department in order to protect public health and safety;
 - ¹[(c)] (2)¹ a provision that may allow for a waiver of any provision of a Highlands permitting review on a case-by-case basis for redevelopment in certain previously developed areas in the preservation area identified by the council pursuant to subsection b. of section 9 ¹or subparagraph (h) of paragraph (6) of subsection a. of section 11¹ of this act; and
 - ¹[(d)] (3)¹ a provision that may allow for a waiver of any provision of the Highlands permitting review on a case-by-case basis in order to avoid the taking of property without just compensation.
- The grant of a waiver pursuant to ¹ [subparagraphs (a), (b), (c), or
- 29 (d) of this paragraph] this subsection by the department shall be conditioned upon the department's determination that the major
- 31 ¹Highlands ¹ development meets the requirements prescribed for a
- finding as listed in subsection a. of section ${}^{1}[35] \underline{36}^{1}$ of this act to the
- 33 maximum extent possible.
- c. The ¹[limited review provision of paragraph (1) of subsection
- b. of this section and the awaiver provisions of agraph (2) of a paragraph (2) of a parag
- 36 subsection b. of this section are limited to the provisions of the rules
- and regulations adopted pursuant to section ¹[33] <u>34</u>¹ of this act, and
- 38 shall not limit the department's jurisdiction or authority pursuant to
- 39 any other provision of law, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant
- 40 thereto, that is incorporated into the Highlands permitting review
- 41 program

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- d. The Highlands permitting review program established pursuant
- 43 to this section may provide for the issuance of a general permit 1,1
- 44 provided that the department adopts rules and regulations which
- 45 identify the activities subject to general permit review and establish the

1 criteria for the approval or disapproval of a general permit.

- e. Any person proposing to construct or cause to be constructed, or to undertake or cause to be undertaken, as the case may be, a major ¹Highlands ¹ development in the preservation area shall file an application for a Highlands permitting review with the department, on forms and in a manner prescribed by the department.
- f. The department shall, in accordance with a fee schedule adopted as a rule or regulation, establish and charge reasonable fees necessary to meet the administrative costs of the department associated with the processing, review, and enforcement of any application for a Highlands permitting review. These fees shall be deposited in the "Environmental Services Fund," established pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1975, c.232 (C.13:1D-33), and kept separate and apart from all other State receipts and appropriated only as provided herein. There shall be appropriated annually to the department revenue from that fund sufficient to defray in full the costs incurred in the processing, review, and enforcement of applications for Highlands permitting reviews.

¹[35.] <u>36.</u>¹ (New section) a. The Commissioner of Environmental Protection shall review filed applications for Highlands permitting reviews, including any information presented at public hearings or during a comment period, or submitted during the application review period.

Except as otherwise provided by subsection b. of this section, a Highlands permitting review approval may be issued only upon a finding that the proposed major ¹Highlands ¹ development:

- (1) would have a de minimis impact on water resources and would not cause or contribute to a significant degradation of surface or ground waters. In making this determination, the commissioner shall consider the extent of any impacts on water resources resulting from the proposed major ¹Highlands ¹ development, including, but not limited to, the regenerative capacity of aquifers or other surface or ground water supplies, increases in stormwater generated, increases in impervious surface, increases in stormwater pollutant loading, changes in land use, and changes in vegetative cover;
- (2) would cause minimal feasible interference with the natural functioning of animal, plant, and other natural resources at the site and within the surrounding area, and minimal feasible individual and cumulative adverse impacts to the environment both onsite and offsite of the major ¹Highlands ¹ development;
- (3) will result in minimum feasible alteration or impairment of the aquatic ecosystem including existing contour, vegetation, fish and wildlife resources, and aquatic circulation of a freshwater wetland;
- 44 (4) will not jeopardize the continued existence of species listed 45 pursuant to "The Endangered and Nongame Species Conservation 46 Act," P.L.1973, c.309 (C.23:2A-1 et seq.) or the "Endangered Plant

- Species List Act," P.L.1989, c.56 (C.13:1B-15.151 et seq.), or which
- 2 appear on the federal endangered or threatened species list, and will
- not result in the likelihood of the destruction or adverse modification
- 4 of habitat for any rare, threatened, or endangered species of animal or 5 plant;
- (5) is located or constructed so as to neither endanger human life 6 or property nor otherwise impair the public health, safety, and welfare;
 - (6) would result in minimal practicable degradation of unique or irreplaceable land types, historical or archeological areas, and existing public scenic attributes at the site and within the surrounding area; and
- 11 (7) meets all other applicable department standards, rules, and 12 regulations and State laws.
- b. A Highlands permitting review approval may be issued to a 13 major ¹Highlands ¹ development ¹ [subject to a limited review pursuant 14 to paragraph (1) of subsection b. of section 34 of this act or] ¹ granted 15 a waiver pursuant to the provisions of ¹[paragraph (2) of] ¹ subsection 16 b. of section ¹[34] <u>35</u>¹ of this act notwithstanding the inability to 17 make the finding required pursuant to subsection a. of this section. 18

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- ¹[36.] <u>37.</u> (New section) a. Whenever the Commissioner of Environmental Protection finds that a person has violated any provision of section ¹[31] <u>32</u>¹ of this act, a Highlands permitting review approval issued pursuant to section ¹[35] <u>36</u>¹ of this act, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant to sections ¹[32 and 33] <u>33</u> and 34¹ of this act, the commissioner may:
- (1) Issue an order requiring any such person to comply in 26 27 accordance with subsection b. of this section; or
 - (2) Bring a civil action in accordance with subsection c. of this section; or
- (3) Levy a civil administrative penalty in accordance with 30 31 subsection d. of this section; or
- 32 (4) Bring an action for a civil penalty in accordance with subsection 33 e. of this section; or
- 34 (5) Petition the Attorney General to bring a criminal action in 35 accordance with subsection f. of this section.
- Recourse to any of the remedies available under this section shall 36 37 not preclude recourse to any of the other remedies prescribed in this 38 section or by any other applicable law.
- 39 Whenever, on the basis of available information, the 40 commissioner finds a person in violation of any provision of section
- ¹[31] <u>32</u>¹ of this act, a Highlands permitting review approval issued 41
- pursuant to section ¹[35] <u>36</u>¹ of this act, or any rule or regulation 42
- adopted pursuant to sections ¹[32 and 33] <u>33 and 34</u> of this act, the 43
- commissioner may issue an order: (1) specifying the provision or 44
- provisions of the ¹law, ¹ rule, regulation, permit, approval, or 45

1 authorization of which the person is in violation; (2) citing the action

2 which constituted the violation; (3) requiring compliance with the

3 provision or provisions violated; (4) requiring the restoration of the

area which is the site of the violation; and (5) providing notice to the

person of the right to a hearing on the matters contained in the order. 5

- c. The commissioner is authorized to institute a civil action in 6 7 Superior Court for appropriate relief from any violation of any provision of section ¹[31] <u>32</u>¹ of this act, a Highlands permitting 8 review approval issued pursuant to section ¹[35] <u>36</u>¹ of this act, or 9 any rule or regulation adopted pursuant to sections ¹[32 and 33] <u>33</u> 10
- and 34¹ of this act. Such relief may include, singly or in combination: 11 12
 - (1) A temporary or permanent injunction;

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- (2) Assessment of the violator for the costs of any investigation, inspection, or monitoring survey which led to the establishment of the violation, and for the reasonable costs of preparing and bringing legal action under this subsection;
- (3) Assessment of the violator for any costs incurred by the State in removing, correcting, or terminating the adverse effects resulting from any unauthorized regulated activity for which legal action under this subsection may have been brought;
- (4) Assessment against the violator for compensatory damages for any loss or destruction of wildlife, fish or aquatic life, and for any other actual damages caused by an unauthorized regulated activity;
- (5) A requirement that the violator restore the site of the violation to the maximum extent practicable and feasible.
- d. The commissioner is authorized to assess a civil administrative penalty of up to \$25,000 for each violation of any provision of section ¹[31] <u>32</u>¹ of this act, a Highlands permitting review approval issued pursuant to section ¹[35] <u>36</u> ¹ of this act, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant to sections ¹[32 and 33] <u>33 and 34</u>¹ of this act, and each day during which each violation continues shall constitute an additional, separate, and distinct offense. Any amount assessed under this subsection shall fall within a range established by regulation by the commissioner for violations of similar type, seriousness, and duration. ¹In adopting rules and regulations establishing the amount of any penalty to be assessed, the commissioner may take into account the economic benefits from the violation gained by the violator. 1 No
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- 38 assessment shall be levied pursuant to this section until after the party
- 39 has been notified by certified mail or personal service. The notice
- shall: (1) identify the section of the ¹<u>law</u>, ¹ rule, regulation, permit, 40
- approval, or authorization violated; (2) recite the facts alleged to 41
- 42 constitute a violation; (3) state the amount of the civil penalties to be

imposed; and (4) affirm the rights of the alleged violator to a hearing.

- 44 The ordered party shall have 20 days from receipt of the notice within
- 45 which to deliver to the commissioner a written request for a hearing.
- After the hearing and upon finding that a violation has occurred, the 46

1 commissioner may issue a final order after assessing the amount of the 2 fine specified in the notice. If no hearing is requested, the notice shall 3 become a final order after the expiration of the 20-day period. 4 Payment of the assessment is due when a final order is issued or the 5 notice becomes a final order. The authority to levy an administrative penalty is in addition to all other enforcement provisions in this act and 6 7 in any other applicable law, rule, or regulation, and the payment of any 8 assessment shall not be deemed to affect the availability of any other 9 enforcement provisions in connection with the violation for which the 10 assessment is levied. Any civil administrative penalty assessed under 11 this section may be compromised by the commissioner upon the 12 posting of a performance bond by the violator, or upon such terms and 13 conditions as the commissioner may establish by regulation.

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e. A person who violates any provision of section ¹[31] <u>32</u>¹ of this act, a Highlands permitting review approval issued pursuant to section ¹[35] <u>36</u>¹ of this act, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant to sections ¹[32 and 33] <u>33 and 34</u> of this act, an administrative order issued pursuant to subsection b. of this section, or a court order issued pursuant to subsection c. of this section, or who fails to pay a civil administrative penalty in full pursuant to subsection d. of this section, shall be subject, upon order of a court, to a civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000 per day of such violation, and each day during which the violation continues shall constitute an additional, separate, and distinct offense. Any civil penalty imposed pursuant to this subsection may be collected with costs in a summary proceeding pursuant to the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.). ¹In addition to any penalties, costs or interest charges, the court may assess against the violator the amount of actual economic benefit accruing to the violator from the violation. 1 The Superior Court and the municipal court shall have jurisdiction to enforce the provisions of

the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999" in connection with this act. 31 f. A person who purposely or negligently violates any provision of 32 section ¹[31] <u>32</u>¹ of this act, a Highlands permitting review approval 33 issued pursuant to section ¹[35] <u>36</u> ¹ of this act, or any rule or 34 regulation adopted pursuant to sections ¹[32 and 33] <u>33 and 34</u>¹ of 35 36 this act, shall be guilty, upon conviction, of a crime of the fourth degree and, notwithstanding any provision of N.J.S.2C:43-3 to the 37 38 contrary, shall be subject to a fine of not less than \$2,500 nor more 39 than \$25,000 per day of violation, in addition to any other applicable 40 penalties and provisions under Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes. 41 A second or subsequent offense under this subsection shall subject the 42 violator to a fine, notwithstanding any provision of N.J.S.2C:43-3 to 43 the contrary, of not less than \$5,000 nor more than \$50,000 per day 44 of violation, in addition to any other applicable penalties and 45 provisions under Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes. A person who knowingly makes a false statement, representation, or certification in 46

any application, record, or other document filed or required to be maintained under this act shall be guilty, upon conviction, of a crime of the fourth degree and, notwithstanding any provision of N.J.S.2C:43-3 to the contrary, shall be subject to a fine of not more than \$10,000, in addition to any other applicable penalties and provisions under Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes.

 g. In addition to the penalties prescribed in this section, a notice of violation of any provision of section ¹[31] <u>32</u>¹ of this act, a Highlands permitting review approval issued pursuant to section ¹[35] <u>36</u>¹ of this act, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant to sections ¹[32 and 33] <u>33 and 34</u>¹ of this act, shall be recorded on the deed of the property wherein the violation occurred, on order of the commissioner, by the clerk or register of deeds and mortgages of the county wherein the affected property is located and with the clerk of the Superior Court and shall remain attached thereto until such time as the violation has been remedied and the commissioner orders the notice of violation removed.

h. The department may require an applicant or permittee to provide any information the department requires to determine compliance with any provision of section ¹[31] <u>32</u>¹ of this act, a Highlands permitting review approval issued pursuant to section ¹[35] <u>36</u>¹ of this act, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant to sections ¹[32 and 33] <u>33</u> and <u>34</u>¹ of this act.

- i. ¹Any person who knowingly, recklessly, or negligently makes a false statement, representation, or certification in any application, record, or other document filed or required to be maintained under this act shall be in violation of this act and shall be subject to the penalties assessed pursuant to subsections d. and e. of this section.
- <u>j.</u>¹ All penalties collected pursuant to this section shall either be used, as determined by the council, by the department for the acquisition of lands in the preservation area or by any development transfer bank used or established by the council to purchase development potential in the preservation area.

¹k. The department shall have the authority to enter any property, facility, premises, or site for the purpose of conducting inspections or sampling of soil or water, and for otherwise determining compliance with the provisions of sections 32 through 36 this act.¹

¹[37.] 38.¹ (New section) Notwithstanding the provisions P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-1 et seq.), or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, major ¹Highlands¹ development as defined in section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) that includes a regulated activity as defined in section 3 of P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-3) in a freshwater wetland or freshwater

45 wetland transition area located ¹[wholly or partially]¹ in the Highlands

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preservation area as defined in section 3 of P.L. , c. (C. ) (now
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     before the Legislature as this bill) shall also be regulated pursuant to
     sections <sup>1</sup>[31 through 36] <u>32 through 37</u> of P.L., c. (C.) (now
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     before the Legislature as this bill).
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         <sup>1</sup>[38.] <u>39.</u> (New section) Notwithstanding the provisions of
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     subsection a. of section 5 of P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-5), or any rule
     or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, the
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     Department of Environmental Protection, pursuant to section <sup>1</sup>[33]
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                     , c. (C. ) (now before the Legislature as this bill),
     shall establish a permit system to provide for review of allocations or
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     reallocations<sup>1</sup>, for other than agricultural or horticultural purposes, <sup>1</sup>
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     of waters of the Highlands, as defined in section 3 of P.L.
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            ) (now before the Legislature as this bill), to provide for the
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     issuance of permits for diversions either individually or cumulatively
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     of more than 50,000 gallons per day of waters of the Highlands in the
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     Highlands preservation area as defined in section 3 of P.L. , c.
     (C. ) (now before the Legislature as this bill).
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         <sup>1</sup>[39.] <u>40.</u> (New section) Notwithstanding the provisions of the
     "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.)
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     and the "Water Quality Planning Act," P.L.1977, c.75 (C.58:11A-1 et
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     seq.), or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to the
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     contrary, the Department of Environmental Protection, pursuant to
     section <sup>1</sup>[33] <u>34</u><sup>1</sup> of P.L., c. (C. ) (now before the Legislature
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     as this bill), shall establish a septic system density standard at a level
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     to prevent the degradation of water quality <sup>1</sup>[,] or to require the
     restoration of water quality, <sup>1</sup>as required pursuant to the "Water
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     Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.) or the
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     "Water Quality Planning Act," P.L.1977, c.75 (C.58:11A-1 et seq.),
     or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, 1 and to protect
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     ecological uses from individual, secondary, and cumulative impacts, in
     consideration of deep aquifer recharge available for dilution, which
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     standard shall be applied to any major <sup>1</sup>Highlands <sup>1</sup> development as
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     defined in section 3 of P.L. , c. (C. ) (now before the Legislature
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     as this bill) located <sup>1</sup>[wholly or partially within] <u>in</u> <sup>1</sup> the Highlands
     preservation area as defined in section 3 of P.L. , c. (C. ) (now
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     before the Legislature as this bill).
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         <sup>1</sup>[40.] <u>41.</u> (New section) Notwithstanding the provisions of the
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     "Safe Drinking Water Act," P.L.1977, c.224 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.), or
     any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, the
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     Department of Environmental Protection, pursuant to section <sup>1</sup>[33]
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     34<sup>1</sup> of P.L., c.
                           (C.
                                  ) (now before the Legislature as this bill),
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     within the Highlands preservation area as defined in section 3 of
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     P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), shall limit
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     or prohibit the construction of new public water systems or the
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     extension of existing public water systems <sup>1</sup>to serve development in
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     the Highlands preservation area as defined in section 3 of P.L.
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     c. (C. ) (now before the Legislature as this bill)<sup>1</sup>, except in the case
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     of a demonstrated need to protect public health and safety<sup>1</sup>, and
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     except to serve development in the Highlands preservation area that
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     is exempt from the provisions of P.L. , c. (C. ) (now before the
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     Legislature as this bill) pursuant to subsection a. of section 30 of
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     P.L., c. (C. ) (now before the Legislature as this bill)<sup>1</sup>.
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        <sup>1</sup>[41.] <u>42.</u> (New section) Notwithstanding the provisions of the
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     "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.)
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     and the "Water Quality Planning Act," P.L.1977, c.75 (C.58:11A-1 et
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     seq.), or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to the
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     contrary, within the Highlands preservation area as defined in section
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                              ) (now before the Legislature as this bill),
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     designated sewer service areas for which wastewater collection
     systems have not been installed on the date of enactment of P.L.
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                  ) (now before the Legislature as this bill) are hereby
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     revoked, and any associated treatment works approvals in the
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     impacted areas shall expire on the date of enactment of P.L. , c.
         ) (now before the Legislature as this bill), <sup>1</sup>[and the] except that
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     any designated sewer service area shall not be revoked and any
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     associated treatment works approvals shall not expire if necessary to
     serve development in the Highlands preservation area that is exempt
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     from the provisions of P.L. , c. (C. ) (now before the
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     Legislature as this bill) pursuant to subsection a. of section 30 of
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     P.L., c. (C. ) (now before the Legislature as this bill). The<sup>1</sup>
     Department of Environmental Protection shall implement measures to
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¹[42.] <u>43.</u>¹ (New section) Notwithstanding the provisions of the "Flood Hazard Area Control Act," P.L.1962, c.19 (C.58:16A-50 et seq.), or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, the Department of Environmental Protection, pursuant to section ¹[33] <u>34</u>¹ of P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), shall establish a zero net fill requirement within any flood hazard area located ¹[wholly or partially within] <u>in</u> ¹ the Highlands preservation area as defined in section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill).

amend any water quality management plan as appropriate to reflect the

revocation of designated sewer service areas pursuant to this section.

- ¹[43. Section 24 of P.L.1983, c.32 (C.4:1C-31) is amended to read as follows:
- 46 24. a. Any landowner applying to the board to sell a development

easement pursuant to section 17 of P.L.1983, c.32 (C.4:1C-24) shall 1 2 offer to sell the development easement at a price which, in the opinion 3 of the landowner, represents a fair value of the development potential 4 of the land for nonagricultural purposes, as determined in accordance

5 with the provisions of [this act] P.L.1983, c.32 (C.4:1C-11 et seq.).

- b. Any offer shall be reviewed and evaluated by the board and the committee in order to determine the suitability of the land for development easement purchase. Decisions regarding suitability shall be based on the following criteria:
- 10 (1) Priority consideration shall be given, in any one county, to offers with higher numerical values obtained by applying the following 12 formula:

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nonagricultural - agricultural - landowner's
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- (2) The degree to which the purchase would encourage the survivability of the municipally approved program in productive agriculture; and
- (3) The degree of imminence of change of the land from productive agriculture to nonagricultural use.

The board and the committee shall reject any offer for the sale of development easements which is unsuitable according to the above criteria and which has not been approved by the board and the municipality.

c. Two independent appraisals paid for by the board shall be conducted for each parcel of land so offered and deemed suitable. The appraisals shall be conducted by independent, professional appraisers selected by the board and the committee from among members of recognized organizations of real estate appraisers. The appraisals shall determine the current overall value of the parcel for nonagricultural purposes, as well as the current market value of the parcel for agricultural purposes. The difference between the two values shall represent an appraisal of the value of the development easement. If Burlington County or a municipality therein has established a development transfer bank pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1989, c.86 (C.40:55D-113 et seq.) or the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council has established a development transfer bank pursuant to section 13 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), the municipal average of the value of the development potential of property in a sending zone established by the bank may be the value used by the board in determining the value of the development easement. If a development easement is purchased using 1 moneys appropriated from the fund, the State shall provide no more 2 than 80%, except 100% under emergency conditions specified by the 3 committee pursuant to rules or regulations, of the cost of the

appraisals conducted pursuant to this section.

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- d. Upon receiving the results of the appraisals, or in Burlington 5 county or a municipality therein or elsewhere where a municipal 6 7 average has been established under [P.L.1989, c.86 (C.40:55D-113 et 8 seq.)] subsection c. of this section, upon receiving an application from 9 the landowners, the board and the committee shall compare the 10 appraised value, or the municipal average, as the case may be, and the landowner's offer and, pursuant to the suitability criteria established in 12 subsection b. of this section:
 - (1) Approve the application to sell the development easement and rank the application in accordance with the criteria established in subsection b. of this section; or
 - (2) Disapprove the application, stating the reasons therefor.
 - e. Upon approval by the committee and the board, the secretary is authorized to provide the board, within the limits of funds appropriated therefor, an amount equal to no more than 80%, except 100% under emergency conditions specified by the committee pursuant to rules or regulations, of the purchase price of the development easement, as determined pursuant to the provisions of this section. The board shall provide its required share and accept the landowner's offer to sell the development easement. The acceptance shall cite the specific terms, contingencies and conditions of the
 - f. The landowner shall accept or reject the offer within 30 days of receipt thereof. Any offer not accepted within that time shall be deemed rejected.
 - g. Any landowner whose application to sell a development easement has been rejected for any reason other than insufficient funds may not reapply to sell a development easement on the same land within two years of the original application.
 - h. No development easement shall be purchased at a price greater than the appraised value determined pursuant to subsection c. of this section or the municipal average, as the case may be.
- 37 i. The appraisals conducted pursuant to this section or the fair 38 market value of land restricted to agricultural use shall not be used to 39 increase the assessment and taxation of agricultural land pursuant to the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964," P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.1 40 et seq.). 41
- 42 j. (1) In determining the suitability of land for development easement purchase, the board and the committee may also include as 43 44 additional factors for consideration the presence of a historic building 45 or structure on the land and the willingness of the landowner to preserve that building or structure, but only if the committee first 46

- 1 adopts, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968,
- 2 c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), rules and regulations implementing this
- 3 subsection. The committee may, by rule or regulation adopted
- 4 pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," assign any such
- 5 weight it deems appropriate to be given to these factors.
- 6 (2) The provisions of paragraph (1) of this subsection may also be
- applied in determining the suitability of land for fee simple purchase for farmland preservation purposes as authorized by P.L.1983, c.31
- 9 (C.4:1C-1 et seq.), P.L.1983, c.32 (C.4:1C-11 et seq.), and P.L.1999,
- 10 c.152 (C.13:8C-1 et seq.).
- 11 (3) (a) For the purposes of paragraph (1) of this subsection:
- 12 "historic building or structure" means the same as that term is defined
- 13 pursuant to subsection c. of section 2 of P.L.2001, c.405
- 14 (C.13:8C-40.2).
- 15 (b) For the purposes of paragraph (2) of this subsection, "historic
- building or structure" means the same as that term is defined pursuant
- 17 to subsection c. of section 1 of P.L.2001, c.405 (C.13:8C-40.1).
- 18 (cf: P.L.2001, c.405, s.3)]¹

- ¹44. Section 24 of P.L.1983, c.32 (C.4:1C-31) is amended to read as follows:
- 22 24. a. Any landowner applying to the board to sell a development
- easement pursuant to section 17 of P.L.1983, c.32 (C.4:1C-24) shall
- offer to sell the development easement at a price which, in the opinion
- of the landowner, represents a fair value of the development potential
- of the land for nonagricultural purposes, as determined in accordance
- with the provisions of P.L.1983, c.32.
 - b. Any offer shall be reviewed and evaluated by the board and the
- 29 committee in order to determine the suitability of the land for
- development easement purchase. Decisions regarding suitability shall
- 31 be based on the following criteria:
 - (1) Priority consideration shall be given, in any one county, to offers with higher numerical values obtained by applying the following
- 34 formula:

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- nonagricultural agricultural landowner's
 developmental value value asking price
- 38 -----
- 39 nonagricultural agricultural
- 40 development value value
- 41 (2) The degree to which the purchase would encourage the 42 survivability of the municipally approved program in productive
- 43 agriculture; and
- 44 (3) The degree of imminence of change of the land from productive 45 agriculture to nonagricultural use.
- The board and the committee shall reject any offer for the sale of

development easements which is unsuitable according to the above criteria and which has not been approved by the board and the municipality.

- 4 c. Two independent appraisals paid for by the board shall be 5 conducted for each parcel of land so offered and deemed suitable. The appraisals shall be conducted by independent, professional appraisers 6 7 selected by the board and the committee from among members of 8 recognized organizations of real estate appraisers. The appraisals shall 9 determine the current overall value of the parcel for nonagricultural 10 purposes, as well as the current market value of the parcel for 11 agricultural purposes. The difference between the two values shall 12 represent an appraisal of the value of the development easement. If 13 Burlington County or a municipality therein has established a 14 development transfer bank pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1989, 15 c.86 (C.40:55D-113 et seq.) or if any county or any municipality in any county has established a development transfer bank pursuant to 16 17 section 22 of P.L.2004, c.2 (C.40:55D-158) or the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council has established a development 18 19 transfer bank pursuant to section 13 of P.L., c. (C.) (now 20 before the Legislature as this bill), the municipal average of the value 21 of the development potential of property in a sending zone established 22 by the bank may be the value used by the board in determining the 23 value of the development easement. If a development easement is 24 purchased using moneys appropriated from the fund, the State shall 25 provide no more than 80%, except 100% under emergency conditions 26 specified by the committee pursuant to rules or regulations, of the cost 27 of the appraisals conducted pursuant to this section.
 - d. Upon receiving the results of the appraisals, or in Burlington county or a municipality therein or elsewhere where a municipal average has been established under subsection c. of this section, upon receiving an application from the landowners, the board and the committee shall compare the appraised value, or the municipal average, as the case may be, and the landowner's offer and, pursuant to the suitability criteria established in subsection b. of this section:

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- (1) Approve the application to sell the development easement and rank the application in accordance with the criteria established in subsection b. of this section; or
 - (2) Disapprove the application, stating the reasons therefor.
- 39 e. Upon approval by the committee and the board, the secretary is 40 authorized to provide the board, within the limits of funds 41 appropriated therefor, an amount equal to no more than 80%, except 42 100% under emergency conditions specified by the committee pursuant to rules or regulations, of the purchase price of the 43 44 development easement, as determined pursuant to the provisions of 45 this section. The board shall provide its required share and accept the 46 landowner's offer to sell the development easement. The acceptance

shall cite the specific terms, contingencies and conditions of the purchase.

- f. The landowner shall accept or reject the offer within 30 days of receipt thereof. Any offer not accepted within that time shall be deemed rejected.
- g. Any landowner whose application to sell a development easement has been rejected for any reason other than insufficient funds may not reapply to sell a development easement on the same land within two years of the original application.
 - h. No development easement shall be purchased at a price greater than the appraised value determined pursuant to subsection c. of this section or the municipal average, as the case may be.

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- i. The appraisals conducted pursuant to this section or the fair market value of land restricted to agricultural use shall not be used to increase the assessment and taxation of agricultural land pursuant to the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964," P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.1 et seq.).
- j. (1) In determining the suitability of land for development 18 19 easement purchase, the board and the committee may also include as 20 additional factors for consideration the presence of a historic building 21 or structure on the land and the willingness of the landowner to 22 preserve that building or structure, but only if the committee first 23 adopts, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), rules and regulations implementing this 24 subsection. The committee may, by rule or regulation adopted 25 26 pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," assign any such 27 weight it deems appropriate to be given to these factors.
- 28 (2) The provisions of paragraph (1) of this subsection may also be 29 applied in determining the suitability of land for fee simple purchase 30 for farmland preservation purposes as authorized by P.L.1983, c.31 31 (C.4:1C-1 et seq.), P.L.1983, c.32 (C.4:1C-11 et seq.), and P.L.1999, 32 c.152 (C.13:8C-1 et seq.).
- 33 (3) (a) For the purposes of paragraph (1) of this subsection: 34 "historic building or structure" means the same as that term is defined 35 pursuant to subsection c. of section 2 of P.L.2001, c.405 36 (C.13:8C-40.2).
- 37 (b) For the purposes of paragraph (2) of this subsection, "historic 38 building or structure" means the same as that term is defined pursuant 39 to subsection c. of section 1 of P.L.2001, c.405 (C.13:8C-40.1).¹
 40 (cf: P.L.2004, c.2, s.28)

41 42 ¹[44.] 45. Section 29 of P.L.

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¹[44.] <u>45.</u> Section 29 of P.L.1983, c.32 (C.4:1C-36) is amended to read as follows:

29. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to prohibit the creation of a municipally approved program or other farmland preservation program, the purchase of development easements, or the

1 extension of any other benefit herein provided on land, and to owners

- 2 thereof, in the Pinelands area, as defined pursuant to section 3 of P.L.
- 3 1979, c. 111 (C. 13:18A-3), or in the Highlands Region, as defined in
- 4 section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this
- 5 <u>bill</u>).
- 6 (cf: P.L.1983, c.32, s.29)

- 8 ¹[45. Section 4 of P.L.1993, c.339 (C.4:1C-52) is amended to read 9 as follows:
- 10 4. The board shall have the following powers:
- a. To purchase, or to provide matching funds for the purchase of 11 12 80% of, the value of development potential and to otherwise facilitate 13 development transfers, from the owner of record of the property from 14 which the development potential is to be transferred or from any 15 person, or entity, public or private, holding the interest in development 16 potential that is subject to development transfer; provided that, in the 17 case of providing matching funds for the purchase of 80% of the value 18 of development potential, the remaining 20% of that value is 19 contributed by the affected municipality or county, or both, after 20 public notice thereof in the New Jersey Register and in one newspaper 21 of general circulation in the area affected by the purchase. The 22 remaining 20% of the value of the development potential to be contributed by the affected municipality or county, or both, to match 23 24 funds provided by the board, may be obtained by purchase from, or 25 donation by, the owner of record of the property from which the development potential is to be transferred or from any person, or 26 entity, public or private, holding the interest in development potential 27 that is subject to development transfer. The value of development 28 29 potential may be determined by either appraisal, municipal averaging based upon appraisal data, or by a formula supported by appraisal 30 31 data. The board may also engage in development transfer by sale, 32 exchange, or other method of conveyance, provided that in doing so, 33 the board shall not substantially impair the private sale, exchange or 34 other method of conveyance of development potential. The board may 35 not, nor shall anything in this act be construed as permitting the board to, engage in development transfer from one municipality to another, 36 which transfer is not in accordance with the ordinances of both 37 38 municipalities;
- b. To adopt and, from time to time, amend or repeal suitablebylaws for the management of its affairs;
- 41 c. To adopt and use an official seal and alter that seal at its 42 pleasure;
- d. To apply for, receive, and accept, from any federal, State, or other public or private source, grants or loans for, or in aid of, the board's authorized purposes;
- e. To enter into any agreement or contract, execute any legal

- document, and perform any act or thing necessary, convenient, or desirable for the purposes of the board or to carry out any power expressly given in this act;
- f. To adopt, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), rules and regulations necessary to implement the provisions of this act;
- g. To call to its assistance and avail itself of the services of the employees of any State, county, or municipal department, board, commission, or agency as may be required and made available for these purposes;
- h. To retain such staff as may be necessary in the career service and to appoint an executive director thereof. The executive director shall serve as a member of the senior executive or unclassified service and may be appointed without regard to the provisions of Title 11A of the New Jersey Statutes;
 - i. To review and analyze innovative techniques that may be employed to maximize the total acreage reserved through the use of perpetual easements;

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- j. To provide, through the State TDR Bank, a financial guarantee with respect to any loan to be extended to any person that is secured using development potential as collateral for the loan. Financial guarantees provided under this act shall be in accordance with procedures, terms and conditions, and requirements, including rights and obligations of the parties in the event of default on any loan secured in whole or in part using development potential as collateral, to be established by rule or regulation adopted by the board pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act";
- k. To enter into agreement with the State Agriculture Development Committee for the purpose of acquiring development potential through the acquisition of development easements on farmland so that the board may utilize the existing processes, procedures, and capabilities of the State Agriculture Development Committee as necessary and appropriate to accomplish the goals and objectives of the board as provided for pursuant to this act;
- 1. To enter into agreements with other State agencies or entities providing services and programs authorized by law so that the board may utilize the existing processes, procedures, and capabilities of those other agencies or entities as necessary and appropriate to accomplish the goals and objectives of the board as provided for pursuant to this act; [and]
- m. To provide planning assistance grants to municipalities that have adopted viable development transfer ordinances, as determined by the board, for up to 50% of the cost of planning associated with such an ordinance and incurred by a municipality, or \$10,000, whichever is less, which grants shall be made utilizing moneys deposited into the bank pursuant to section 8 of [this act] P.L.1993.

1 c.339;

2 n. To provide funding to any development transfer bank that may 3 be established by the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council 4 pursuant to section 13 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the 5 Legislature as this bill), for (1) the purchase of development potential 6 by the Highlands development transfer bank, and (2) the council to 7 provide planning assistance grants to municipalities in the Highlands 8 Region that are participating in a transfer of development rights 9 program implemented by the council pursuant to section 13 of P.L., 10 c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) in such amounts as 11 the council deems appropriate notwithstanding any provision of 12 subsection m. of this section or of section 8 of P.L.1993, c.339 to the 13 contrary; and

o. To serve as a development transfer bank for the Highlands
Region if requested to do so by the Highlands Water Protection and
Planning Council pursuant to section 13 of P.L., c. (C.) (now
before the Legislature as this bill).

18 (cf: P.L.1993, c.339, s.4)]¹

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¹46. Section 4 of P.L.1993, c.339 (C.4:1C-52) is amended to read as follows:

4. The board shall have the following powers:

23 a. To purchase, or to provide matching funds for the purchase of 24 80% of, the value of development potential and to otherwise facilitate 25 development transfers, from the owner of record of the property from which the development potential is to be transferred or from any 26 27 person, or entity, public or private, holding the interest in development 28 potential that is subject to development transfer; provided that, in the 29 case of providing matching funds for the purchase of 80% of the value 30 of development potential, the remaining 20% of that value is contributed by the affected municipality or county, or both, after 31 32 public notice thereof in the New Jersey Register and in one newspaper 33 of general circulation in the area affected by the purchase. The 34 remaining 20% of the value of the development potential to be 35 contributed by the affected municipality or county, or both, to match funds provided by the board, may be obtained by purchase from, or 36 37 donation by, the owner of record of the property from which the 38 development potential is to be transferred or from any person, or 39 entity, public or private, holding the interest in development potential 40 that is subject to development transfer. The value of development 41 potential may be determined by either appraisal, municipal averaging based upon appraisal data, or by a formula supported by appraisal 42 43 data. The board may also engage in development transfer by sale, 44 exchange, or other method of conveyance, provided that in doing so, 45 the board shall not substantially impair the private sale, exchange or 46 other method of conveyance of development potential. The board may

- 1 not, nor shall anything in this act be construed as permitting the board
- 2 to, engage in development transfer from one municipality to another,
- 3 which transfer is not in accordance with the ordinances of both
- 4 municipalities;
- b. To adopt and, from time to time, amend or repeal suitablebylaws for the management of its affairs;
- 7 c. To adopt and use an official seal and alter that seal at its 8 pleasure;
- 9 d. To apply for, receive, and accept, from any federal, State, or 10 other public or private source, grants or loans for, or in aid of, the 11 board's authorized purposes;
- e. To enter into any agreement or contract, execute any legal document, and perform any act or thing necessary, convenient, or desirable for the purposes of the board or to carry out any power expressly given in this act;
- f. To adopt, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), rules and regulations necessary to implement the provisions of this act;
- g. To call to its assistance and avail itself of the services of the employees of any State, county, or municipal department, board, commission, or agency as may be required and made available for these purposes;
- h. To retain such staff as may be necessary in the career service and to appoint an executive director thereof. The executive director shall serve as a member of the senior executive or unclassified service and may be appointed without regard to the provisions of Title 11A of the New Jersey Statutes;
- i. To review and analyze innovative techniques that may be employed to maximize the total acreage reserved through the use of perpetual easements;
- 31 j. To provide, through the State TDR Bank, a financial guarantee 32 with respect to any loan to be extended to any person that is secured using development potential as collateral for the loan. Financial 33 34 guarantees provided under this act shall be in accordance with 35 procedures, terms and conditions, and requirements, including rights and obligations of the parties in the event of default on any loan 36 37 secured in whole or in part using development potential as collateral, 38 to be established by rule or regulation adopted by the board pursuant 39 to the "Administrative Procedure Act";
- 40 k. To enter into agreement with the State Agriculture Development
 41 Committee for the purpose of acquiring development potential through
 42 the acquisition of development easements on farmland so that the
 43 board may utilize the existing processes, procedures, and capabilities
 44 of the State Agriculture Development Committee as necessary and
 45 appropriate to accomplish the goals and objectives of the board as
 46 provided for pursuant to this act;

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       1. To enter into agreements with other State agencies or entities
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    providing services and programs authorized by law so that the board
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    may utilize the existing processes, procedures, and capabilities of those
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    other agencies or entities as necessary and appropriate to accomplish
    the goals and objectives of the board as provided for pursuant to this
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m. To provide planning assistance grants to municipalities for up 7 8 to 50% of the cost of preparing, for development potential transfer 9 purposes, a utility service plan element or a development transfer plan 10 element of a master plan pursuant to section 19 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-28), a real estate market analysis required pursuant to 11 section 12 of P.L.2004, c.2 (C.40:55D-148), and a capital 12 13 improvement program pursuant to section 20 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-29) and incurred by a municipality, or \$40,000, whichever 14 15 is less, which grants shall be made utilizing moneys deposited into the bank pursuant to section 8 of P.L.1993, c.339, as amended by section 16 17 31 of P.L.2004, c.2;

n. To provide funding in the form of grants or loans for the purchase of development potential to development transfer banks established by a municipality or county pursuant to P.L.1989, c.86 (C.40:55D-113 et seq.) or section 22 of P.L.2004, c.2 (C.40:55D-158); [and]

23 o. To serve as a development transfer bank designated by the 24 governing body of a municipality or county pursuant to section 22 of 25 P.L.2004, c.2 (C. 40:55D-158);

26 p. To provide funding to (1) any development transfer bank that 27 may be established by the Highlands Water Protection and Planning 28 Council pursuant to section 13 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the 29 Legislature as this bill), for the purchase of development potential by the Highlands development transfer bank, and (2) the council to 30 31 provide planning assistance grants to municipalities in the Highlands 32 Region that are participating in a transfer of development rights 33 program implemented by the council pursuant to section 13 of P.L., 34 c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) in such amounts as 35 the council deems appropriate to the municipalities notwithstanding

36 any provision of subsection m. of this section or of section 8 of 37 P.L.1993, c.339, as amended by section 31 of P.L.2004, c.2, to the

38 contrary; and

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39 q. To serve as a development transfer bank for the Highlands 40 Region if requested to do so by the Highlands Water Protection and 41 Planning Council pursuant to section 13 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill).1 42

43 (cf: P.L.2004, c.2, s.30) 44

¹[46.] <u>47.</u> Section 11 of P.L.1983, c.560 (C.13:1B-15.143) is 45 amended to read as follows: 46

1 11. Subject to the provisions of Title [11 of the Revised] 11A of 2 the New Jersey Statutes, and within the limits of funds appropriated 3 or otherwise made available, the commissioner may appoint any officer 4 or employee to the department necessary to carry out the provisions 5 of [this act] P.L.1983, c.560 (C.13:1B-15.133 et seq.), fix and determine their qualifications, which may include a knowledge of and 6 7 familiarity with the pinelands area or the Highlands Region and the 8 residents thereof. 9 (cf: P.L.1983, c.560, s.11) 10 ¹[47.] <u>48.</u> ¹ Section 1 of P.L.1997, c.64 (C.13:1B-15.159) is 11 amended to read as follows: 12 13 1. The Department of Environmental Protection, in cooperation 14 with the Division of Travel and Tourism in the [Department of] New Jersey Commerce and Economic [Development] Growth Commission, 15 16 [and] in consultation with the Pinelands Commission as it affects the 17 pinelands area designated pursuant to section 10 of P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-11), and in consultation with the Highlands Water 18 19 Protection and Planning Council as it affects the Highlands Region designated pursuant to section 7 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now before 20 21 the Legislature as this bill), shall establish a natural resources 22 inventory, using the Geographic Information System, for the purpose 23 of encouraging ecologically based tourism and recreation in New 24 Jersey. This inventory shall contain information on New Jersey's 25 natural, historic, and recreational resources, and shall include, to the 26 greatest extent possible, but need not be limited to, federal, State, 27 county and local parks, wildlife management areas, hatcheries, natural areas, historic sites, State forests, recreational areas, ecological and 28 29 biological study sites, reservoirs, marinas, boat launches, 30 campgrounds, waterfront access points, winter sports recreation areas, 31 and national wildlife refuges. 32 (cf: P.L.1997, c.64, s.1) 33 ¹[48.] <u>49.</u> Section 1 of P.L.1995, c.306 (C.13:1D-58) is amended 34 35 to read as follows: 1. a. The provisions of P.L.1993, c.38 (C.13:1D-51 et seq.) shall 36 37 not apply in the case of conveyances by the State or the department 38 involving an exchange of lands within the pinelands area, as defined in 39 section 10 of P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-11), or within the 40 Hackensack Meadowlands District, as defined in section 4 of 41 P.L.1968, c.404 (C.13:17-4), or within the Highlands Region as

defined in section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature

as this bill), to the federal government or any agency or entity thereof,

another State agency or entity, or a local unit, provided the lands to be

conveyed are used for recreation or conservation purposes, shall continue to be used for recreation or conservation purposes and it has

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been determined pursuant to subsection c. of this section that the
 proposed recreation and conservation purposes for the lands do not
 significantly alter the ecological and environmental value of the lands
 being exchanged.

- b. Prior to any conveyance of lands that is exempted from the 5 provisions of P.L.1993, c.38 (C.13:1D-51 et seq.) pursuant to 6 7 subsection a. of this section, the Department of Environmental 8 Protection shall conduct at least one public hearing on the proposed 9 conveyance in the municipality in which the lands proposed to be 10 conveyed are located. The local unit proposing the recreation or 11 conservation use of the lands being exchanged shall present its proposal for the use of the lands being exchanged at the public 12 13 hearing, including a description of the proposed recreation or 14 conservation use of the lands and any proposed alterations to the lands 15 for the recreation or conservation purposes.
- 16 c. As a condition of any conveyance of lands that is exempted from 17 the provisions of P.L.1993, c.38 (C.13:1D-51 et seq.) pursuant to 18 subsection a. of this section, and prior to any public hearing required 19 pursuant to subsection b. of this section, the Pinelands Commission, 20 [or] the [Hackensack] New Jersey Meadowlands [Development] 21 Commission, or the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, 22 as appropriate, after consultation with the local units in which the 23 lands to be conveyed are located, shall determine that the proposed 24 recreation or conservation purpose does not significantly alter the 25 ecological and environmental value of the lands being exchanged. The appropriate commission or council shall determine that the proposed 26 27 recreation or conservation purpose does not significantly alter the ecological and environmental value of the lands being exchanged, if: 28
 - (1) the appropriate commission <u>or council</u> determines that any proposed recreation or conservation use of the lands being exchanged is consistent with the law, rules and regulations governing the protection and development of the pinelands area or pinelands preservation area, as appropriate and as defined in section 10 of P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-11), [or] the Hackensack Meadowlands District, as defined in section 4 of P.L.1968, c.404 (C.13:17-4), <u>or the Highlands Region</u>, as defined in section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), and the requirements of the law, rules or regulations have been met to the satisfaction of the appropriate commission <u>or council</u>; and

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(2) a portion of the lands would be maintained in an undeveloped or pre-conveyance state and no wetlands would be negatively affected in violation of State or federal law, or any rules or regulations adopted pursuant thereto.

The determinations required pursuant to this subsection shall be made available to the public at the time of the public hearing required pursuant to subsection b. of this section.

- d. For the purposes of this section, "local unit" means a municipality, county, or other political subdivision of the State, or any agency thereof authorized to administer, protect, develop and maintain lands for recreation and conservation purposes.
- 5 (cf: P.L.1995, c.306, s.1)

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- 9 18. a. Nothing in this act shall be construed to supersede or prohibit the adoption, by the governing body of any [county or] municipality or county, of any ordinance or resolution regulating or prohibiting the exploration beyond the reconnaissance phase, drilling for and the extraction of oil and natural gas ¹or uranium¹. As used in this section, "reconnaissance" means:
- 15 (1) A geologic and mineral resource appraisal of a region by 16 searching and analyzing published literature, aerial photography, and 17 geologic maps;
- 18 (2) Use of geophysical, geochemical, and remote sensing techniques 19 that do not involve road building, land clearing or the introduction of 20 chemicals to a land or water area;
- 21 (3) Surface geologic, topographic or other mapping and property 22 surveying; or
 - (4) Sample collections which do not involve excavation or drilling equipment or the introduction of chemicals to land or water area.
 - b. A municipality or county shall submit a copy of any ordinance or regulation specifically pertaining to activities regulated by this act, or a rule or regulation promulgated pursuant to this act, to the department.
 - c. The department shall, within 90 days of submittal, approve or disapprove any ordinance or regulation submitted pursuant to subsection b. of this section. An ordinance or regulation shall be disapproved only if the department finds it unreasonable and provides in writing its reasons for the finding. The failure of the department to act within 90 days of submittal shall constitute approval.
 - d. Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the authority of a municipality or county or board of health to enact ordinances or regulations of general applicability to all industrial or commercial activities, including, but not limited to, ordinances and regulations limiting noise, light, and odor.
- e. The department shall not approve any ordinance or regulation submitted pursuant to subsection b. of this section which governs activities within the Pinelands area designated in the "Pinelands Protection Act," P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.), unless the Pinelands Commission has approved the ordinance or regulation. The department shall not disapprove an ordinance or regulation, or portion thereof, which has been certified by the Pinelands Commission as

consistent with the requirements of the Comprehensive Management
 Plan as required by the "Pinelands Protection Act."

f. The department shall not approve any ordinance or regulation submitted pursuant to subsection b. of this section which governs activities within the Highlands preservation area designated in the "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act," P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), unless the Highlands Water

8 Protection and Planning Council has approved the ordinance or

9 regulation. The department shall not disapprove an ordinance or

10 regulation, or portion thereof, which has been certified by the

11 <u>Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council as consistent with</u>

12 <u>the requirements of the Highlands regional master plan as required by</u>

13 <u>the "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act."</u>

14 (cf: P.L.1985, c.432, s.18)

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¹[50.] <u>51.</u>¹ Section 25 of P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-25) is amended to read as follows:

18 25. Within one year after the date of enactment of this act, and biennially thereafter until and including 2008, the Garden State 19 Preservation Trust, after consultation with the Department of 20 Environmental Protection, the State Agriculture Development 21 22 Committee, the New Jersey Historic Trust, the Pinelands Commission, 23 the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, and the Office 24 of State Planning in the Department of Community Affairs, shall 25 prepare and submit to the Governor and the Legislature a written 26 report, which shall:

- a. Describe the progress being made on achieving the goals and objectives of Article VIII, Section II, paragraph 7 of the State Constitution and this act with respect to the acquisition and development of lands for recreation and conservation purposes, the preservation of farmland, and the preservation of historic properties, and provide recommendations with respect to any legislative, administrative, or local action that may be required to ensure that those goals and objectives may be met in the future;
- 35 b. Tabulate, both for the reporting period and cumulatively, the total acreage for the entire State, and the acreage in each county and 36 municipality, of lands acquired for recreation and conservation 37 38 purposes and of farmland preserved for farmland preservation 39 purposes that have been applied toward meeting the goals and 40 objectives of Article VIII, Section II, paragraph 7 of the State 41 Constitution and this act with respect to the acquisition of lands for 42 recreation and conservation purposes and the preservation of farmland;
- c. Tabulate, both for the reporting period and cumulatively, the total acreage for the entire State, and the acreage in each county and municipality, of any donations of land that have been applied toward meeting the goals and objectives of Article VIII, Section II, paragraph

7 of the State Constitution and this act with respect to the acquisition

2 of lands for recreation and conservation purposes and the preservation

3 of farmland;

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- d. List, both for the reporting period and cumulatively, and by project name, project sponsor, and location by county and municipality, all historic preservation projects funded with constitutionally dedicated moneys in whole or in part;
- 8 e. Indicate those areas of the State where, as designated by the 9 Department of Environmental Protection in the Open Space Master 10 Plan prepared pursuant to section 5 of P.L.2002, c.76 (C.13:8C-25.1), 11 the acquisition and development of lands by the State for recreation 12 and conservation purposes is planned or is most likely to occur, and those areas of the State where there is a need to protect water 13 14 resources, including the identification of lands where protection is 15 needed to assure adequate quality and quantity of drinking water supplies in times of drought, indicate those areas of the State where 16 17 the allocation of constitutionally dedicated moneys for farmland preservation purposes is planned or is most likely to occur, and 18 19 provide a proposed schedule and expenditure plan for those 20 acquisitions, developments, and allocations, for the next reporting 21 period, which shall include an explanation of how those acquisitions, 22 developments, and allocations will be distributed throughout all 23 geographic regions of the State to the maximum extent practicable and 24 feasible;
 - f. List any surplus real property owned by the State or an independent authority of the State that may be utilizable for recreation and conservation purposes or farmland preservation purposes, and indicate what action has been or must be taken to effect a conveyance of those lands to the department, the committee, local government units, qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organizations, or other entities or persons so that the lands may be preserved and used for those purposes;
 - g. List, for the reporting period, all projects for which applications for funding under the Green Acres, farmland preservation, and historic preservation programs were received but not funded with constitutionally dedicated moneys during the reporting period, and the reason or reasons why those projects were not funded;
- h. Provide, for the reporting period, a comparison of the amount of constitutionally dedicated moneys annually appropriated for local government unit projects for recreation and conservation purposes in municipalities eligible to receive State aid pursuant to P.L.1978, c.14 (C.52:27D-178 et seq.) to the average amount of Green Acres bond act moneys annually appropriated for such projects in the years 1984 through 1998; and
- i. Tabulate, both for the reporting period and cumulatively, the total acreage for the entire State, and the acreage in each county and

1 municipality, of lands acquired for recreation and conservation 2 purposes that protect water resources and that protect flood-prone 3 areas.

4 (cf: P.L.2002, c.76, s.3)

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- ¹[51.] <u>52.</u>¹ 6 Section 5 of P.L.2002, c.76 (C.13:8C-25.1) is
- 7 amended to read as follows: 8 5. a. Within one year after the date of enactment of P.L.2002, c.76
- 9 (C.13:8C-25.1 et al.), and annually thereafter, the Department of 10 Environmental Protection, in consultation with the Office of State
- Planning in the Department of Community Affairs [and], the Pinelands 11
- 12 Commission, and the Highlands Water Protection and Planning
- 13 Council, shall prepare and submit to the Governor and the Legislature
- 14 an Open Space Master Plan, which shall indicate those areas of the
- 15 State where the acquisition and development of lands by the State for
- recreation and conservation purposes is planned or is most likely to 16
- 17 occur, and those areas of the State where there is a need to protect
- 18 water resources, including the identification of lands where protection
- 19 is needed to assure adequate quality and quantity of drinking water
- 20 supplies in times of drought, and which shall provide a proposed
- 21 schedule and expenditure plan for those acquisitions and developments
- 22 for the next reporting period, which shall include an explanation of
- 23 how those acquisitions and developments will be distributed
- throughout all geographic regions of the State to the maximum extent 24
- 25 practicable and feasible.
- 26 b. The department shall provide any information the Garden State 27 Preservation Trust deems necessary in preparing its biennial report 28 pursuant to section 25 of P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-25).
- 29 (cf: P.L.2002, c.76, s.5)

- 31 ¹[52.] <u>53.</u>¹ Section 26 of P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-26) is 32 amended to read as follows:
- 26. a. Moneys appropriated from the Garden State Green Acres 33 Preservation Trust Fund to the Department of Environmental 34 35 Protection shall be used by the department to:
- 36 (1) Pay the cost of acquisition and development of lands by the 37 State for recreation and conservation purposes;
- 38 (2) Provide grants and loans to assist local government units to pay 39 the cost of acquisition and development of lands for recreation and 40 conservation purposes; and
- 41 (3) Provide grants to assist qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organizations to pay the cost of acquisition and development of lands 42 43 for recreation and conservation purposes.
- 44 b. The expenditure and allocation of constitutionally dedicated 45 moneys for recreation and conservation purposes shall reflect the 46 geographic diversity of the State to the maximum extent practicable

1 and feasible.

- c. (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 5 of P.L.1985, c.310 (C.13:18A-34) or this act, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, the value of a pinelands development credit, allocated to a parcel pursuant to P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.) and the pinelands comprehensive management plan adopted pursuant thereto, shall be made utilizing a value to be determined by either appraisal, regional averaging based upon appraisal data, or a formula supported by appraisal data. The appraisal and appraisal data shall consider as appropriate: land values in the pinelands regional growth areas; land values in counties, municipalities, and other areas reasonably contiguous to, but outside of, the pinelands area; and other relevant factors as may be necessary to maintain the environmental, ecological, and agricultural qualities of the pinelands area.
 - (2) No pinelands development credit allocated to a parcel of land pursuant to P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.) and the pinelands comprehensive management plan adopted pursuant thereto that is acquired or obtained in connection with the acquisition of the parcel for recreation and conservation purposes by the State, a local government unit, or a qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization using constitutionally dedicated moneys in whole or in part may be conveyed in any manner. All such pinelands development credits shall be retired permanently.
 - d. (1) (a) For State fiscal years 2000 through 2004 only, when the department, a local government unit, or a qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization seeks to acquire lands for recreation and conservation purposes using constitutionally dedicated moneys in whole or in part or Green Acres bond act moneys in whole or in part, it shall conduct or cause to be conducted an appraisal or appraisals of the value of the lands that shall be made using the land use zoning of the lands ¹[(I)] (i)¹ in effect at the time of proposed acquisition, and (ii) in effect on November 3, 1998 as if that land use zoning is still in effect at the time of proposed acquisition. The higher of those two values shall be utilized by the department, a local government unit, or a qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization as the basis for negotiation with the landowner with respect to the acquisition price for the lands. The landowner shall be provided with both values determined pursuant to this subparagraph.

A landowner may waive any of the requirements of this paragraph and may agree to sell the lands for less than the values determined pursuant to this paragraph.

42 (b) After the date of enactment of P.L.2001, c.315 and through 43 June 30, 2004, in determining the two values required pursuant to 44 subparagraph (a) of this paragraph, the appraisal shall be made using 45 not only the land use zoning but also the Department of Environmental 46 Protection wastewater, water quality and watershed management rules

- and regulations and associated requirements and standards applicable
- to the lands subject to the appraisal ${}^{1}[I]$ (i) in effect at the time of 2
- proposed acquisition, and (ii) in effect on November 3, 1998 as if 3
- 4 those rules and regulations and associated requirements and standards
- 5 are still in effect at the time of proposed acquisition.
- 6 (2) The requirements of this subsection shall be in addition to any 7 other requirements of law, rule, or regulation not inconsistent 8 therewith.
 - (3) This subsection shall not:

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- 10 (a) apply if the land use zoning of the lands at the time of proposed acquisition, and the Department of Environmental Protection 11 wastewater, water quality and watershed management rules and 12 13 regulations and associated requirements and standards applicable to 14 the lands at the time of proposed acquisition, have not changed since 15 November 3, 1998;
- (b) apply in the case of lands to be acquired with federal moneys 16 17 in whole or in part;
- (c) apply in the case of lands to be acquired in accordance with 18 19 subsection c. of this section;
 - (d) apply to projects funded using constitutionally dedicated moneys appropriated pursuant to the annual appropriations act for State fiscal year 2000 (P.L.1999, c.138); or
 - (e) alter any requirements to disclose information to a landowner pursuant to the "Eminent Domain Act of 1971," P.L.1971, c.361 (C.20:3-1 et seq.).
 - e. Moneys appropriated from the fund may be used to match grants, contributions, donations, or reimbursements from federal aid programs or from other public or private sources established for the same or similar purposes as the fund.
 - f. Moneys appropriated from the fund shall not be used by local government units or qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organizations to acquire lands that are already permanently preserved for recreation and conservation purposes, as determined by the department.
 - g. Whenever lands are donated to the State by a public utility, as defined pursuant to Title 48 of the Revised Statutes, for recreation and conservation purposes, the commissioner may make and keep the lands accessible to the public, unless the commissioner determines that public accessibility would be detrimental to the lands or any natural resources associated therewith.
- 40 h. Whenever the State acquires land for recreation and conservation purposes, the agency in the Department of Environmental Protection 42 responsible for administering the land shall, within six months after the date of acquisition, inspect the land for the presence of any buildings 44 or structures thereon which are or may be historic properties and, within 60 days after completion of the inspection, provide to the New Jersey Historic Preservation Office in the department (1) a written 46

- 1 notice of its findings, and (2) for any buildings or structures which are
- 2 or may be historic properties discovered on the land, a request for
- 3 determination of potential eligibility for inclusion of the historic
- 4 building or structure in the New Jersey Register of Historic Places.
- 5 Whenever such a building or structure is discovered, a copy of the
- 6 written notice provided to the New Jersey Historic Preservation Office
- 7 shall also be sent to the New Jersey Historic Trust and to the county
- 8 historical commission or advisory committee, the county historical
- 9 society, the local historic preservation commission or advisory
- 10 committee, and the local historical society if any of those entities exist
- 11 in the county or municipality wherein the land is located.
- i. (1) Commencing July 1, 2004 and until five years after the date of enactment of P.L.2001, c.315, when the department, a local
- 14 government unit, or a qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization
- 15 seeks to acquire lands for recreation and conservation purposes using
- constitutionally dedicated moneys in whole or in part or Green Acres
- bond act moneys in whole or in part, it shall conduct or cause to be
- conducted an appraisal or appraisals of the value of the lands that shall
- 19 be made using the Department of Environmental Protection
- 20 wastewater, water quality and watershed management rules and
- 21 regulations and associated requirements and standards applicable to
- 22 the lands subject to the appraisal (a) in effect at the time of proposed
- 23 acquisition, and (b) in effect on November 3, 1998 as if those rules and
- 24 regulations and associated requirements and standards are still in effect
- 25 at the time of proposed acquisition. The higher of those two values
- shall be utilized by the department, a local government unit, or a
- 27 qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization as the basis for
- 28 negotiation with the landowner with respect to the acquisition price
- 29 for the lands. The landowner shall be provided with both values
- 30 determined pursuant to this paragraph. A landowner may waive any
- 31 of the requirements of this paragraph and may agree to sell the lands
- 32 for less than the values determined pursuant to this paragraph.
- 33 (2) The requirements of this subsection shall be in addition to any 34 other requirements of law, rule, or regulation not inconsistent
- 35 therewith.
- 36 (3) This subsection shall not:
- 37 (a) apply if the Department of Environmental Protection
- 38 wastewater, water quality and watershed management rules and
- 39 regulations and associated requirements and standards applicable to
- 40 the lands at the time of proposed acquisition have not changed since
- 41 November 3, 1998;
- (b) apply in the case of lands to be acquired with federal moneys
- 43 in whole or in part;
- (c) apply in the case of lands to be acquired in accordance with
- 45 subsection c. of this section; or
- 46 (d) alter any requirements to disclose information to a landowner

pursuant to the "Eminent Domain Act of 1971," P.L.1971, c.361 1 2 (C.20:3-1 et seq.). 3 j. (1) Commencing on the date of enactment of P.L., c. (C.) 4 (now before the Legislature as this bill) ¹or July 1, 2004, whichever is later, and [until five years after that date] through June 30, 2009, 5 when the department, a local government unit, or a qualifying tax 6 7 exempt nonprofit organization seeks to acquire lands ¹[in the Highlands preservation area]¹ for recreation and conservation 8 9 purposes using constitutionally dedicated moneys in whole or in part 10 or Green Acres bond act moneys in whole or in part, it shall conduct 11 or cause to be conducted an appraisal or appraisals of the value of the lands that shall be made using (a) ¹[the rules and regulations adopted 12 by the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to P.L., c. 13 14 (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) and the provisions of section 31 of that act applicable to 1 the land use zoning of the lands, 15 and any State environmental laws or Department of Environmental 16 Protection rules and regulations that may affect the value of 1 the 17 18 lands¹, subject to the appraisal and in effect at the time of proposed acquisition, and (b) ¹[the rules and regulations adopted by the 19 Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to any 20 environmental land use or water law applicable to the land use zoning 21 22 of the lands, and any State environmental laws or Department of 23 Environmental Protection rules and regulations that may affect the value of the lands 1, 1 subject to the appraisal and in effect on 1 [the 24 day before the date of enactment of P.L., c. (C.) (now before 25 the Legislature as this bill) January 1, 2004¹. The higher of those 26 27 two values shall be utilized by the department, a local government 28 unit, or a qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization as the basis for 29 negotiation with the landowner with respect to the acquisition price 30 for the lands. The landowner shall be provided with both values

A landowner may waive any of the requirements of this paragraph
and may agree to sell the lands for less than the values determined
pursuant to this paragraph.

determined pursuant to this paragraph.

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The provisions of this paragraph shall be applicable only to lands the owner of which at the time of proposed acquisition is the same person who owned the lands on the date of enactment of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) and who has owned the lands continuously since that enactment date, or is an immediate family member of that person.

41 (2) A landowner whose lands are subject to the provisions of 42 paragraph (1) of this subsection shall choose to have the lands 43 appraised in accordance with this subsection or in accordance with the 44 provisions of either subsection d. or subsection i. of this section to the 45 extent that the subsection is applicable and has not expired.

- 1 (3) The requirements of this subsection shall be in addition to any
- 2 other requirements of law, rule, or regulation not inconsistent
- 3 therewith.
- 4 (4) This subsection shall not:
- 5 (a) apply in the case of lands to be acquired with federal moneys in
- 6 whole or in part; ¹[or]¹
- 7 (b) ¹apply in the case of lands to be acquired in accordance with
- 8 <u>subsection c. of this section; or</u>
- 9 (c) alter any requirements to disclose information to a landowner
- pursuant to the "Eminent Domain Act of 1971," P.L.1971, c.361
- 11 (C.20:3-1 et seq.).
- 12 (5) For the purposes of this subsection ¹[:
- "Environmental land use or water law" means the "Freshwater
- 14 Wetlands Protection Act," P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-1 et seq.), the
- 15 "Water Supply Management Act," P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-1 et
- seq.), the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1
- 17 et seq.), "The Realty Improvement Sewerage and Facilities Act
- 18 (1954)," P.L.1954, c.199 (C.58:11-23 et seq.), the "Water Quality
- 19 Planning Act," P.L.1977, c.75 (C.58:11A-1 et seq.), the "Safe
- 20 <u>Drinking Water Act," P.L.1977, c.224 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.), or the</u>
- 21 "Flood Hazard Area Control Act," P.L.1962, c.19 (C.58:16A-50 et
- 22 <u>seq.);</u>
- 23 "Highlands preservation area" means the preservation area in the
- 24 <u>Highlands Region as defined pursuant to section of P.L., c. (C.)</u>
- 25 (now before the Legislature as this bill); and
- 26 <u>"Immediate</u>], "immediate¹ family member" means ¹a¹ spouse, child,
- 27 ¹parent, ¹ sibling, aunt, uncle, niece, nephew, first cousin, grandparent,
- 28 grandchild, father-in-law, mother-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law,
- 29 stepparent, stepchild, stepbrother, stepsister, half brother, or half
- 30 sister, whether the individual is related by blood, marriage, or
- 31 <u>adoption.</u>
- [j.] <u>k.</u> The department shall adopt guidelines for the evaluation and
- 33 priority ranking process which shall be used in making decisions
- 34 concerning the acquisition of lands by the State for recreation and
- 35 conservation purposes using moneys from the Garden State Green
- 36 Acres Preservation Trust Fund and from any other source. ¹The
- 37 guidelines shall be designed to provide, to the maximum extent
- 38 practicable and feasible, that such moneys are spent equitably among
- 39 <u>the geographic areas of the State.</u> The guidelines, and any
- subsequent revisions thereto, shall be published in the New Jersey Register. The adoption of the guidelines or of the revisions thereto,
- 42 shall not be subject to the requirements of the "Administrative
- 43 Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.).
- [k.] <u>l.</u> In making decisions concerning the acquisition of lands by
- 45 the State for recreation and conservation purposes using moneys from
- 46 the Garden State Green Acres Preservation Trust Fund, in the

evaluation and priority ranking process the department shall accord three times the weight to acquisitions of lands that would protect water resources, and two times the weight to acquisitions of lands that would protect flood-prone areas, as those criteria are compared to the other criteria in the priority ranking process.

[1.] m. The department, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), shall adopt rules and regulations that establish standards and requirements regulating any activity on lands acquired by the State for recreation and conservation purposes using constitutionally dedicated moneys to assure that the activity on those lands does not diminish the protection of surface water or groundwater resources.

Any rules and regulations adopted pursuant to this subsection shall not apply to activities on lands acquired prior to the adoption of the rules and regulations.

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¹n. (1) The department, within three months after the date of the first meeting of the Highland Water Protection and Planning Council established pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), shall consult with and solicit recommendations from the council concerning land preservation strategies and acquisition plans in the Highlands Region as defined in section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill).

23 bill). 24 The council's recommendations shall also address strategies and 25 plans concerning establishment by the department of a methodology for prioritizing the acquisition of land in the Highlands preservation 26 27 area, as defined in section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), for recreation and conservation purposes using 28 29 moneys from the Garden State Green Acres Preservation Trust Fund, 30 especially with respect to (a) any land that has declined substantially 31 in value due to the implementation of the "Highlands Water Protection 32 and Planning Act," P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as 33 this bill), and (b) any major Highlands development, as defined in 34 section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this 35 bill), that would have qualified for an exemption pursuant to paragraph (3) of subsection a. of section 30 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now before 36 37 the Legislature as this bill) but for the lack of a necessary State permit 38 as specified in subparagraphs (b) or (c), as appropriate, of paragraph 39 (3) of subsection a. of section 30 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before 40 the Legislature as this bill), and for which an application for such a 41 permit had been submitted to the Department of Environmental 42 <u>Protection and deemed by the department to be complete for review</u> 43 on or before March 29, 2004. The recommendations may also include 44 a listing of specific parcels in the Highlands preservation area that the 45 council is aware of that meet the criteria of subparagraphs (a) or (b)

of this paragraph and for that reason should be considered by the

- 1 department as a priority for acquisition, but any such list shall remain
- 2 confidential notwithstanding any provision of P.L.1963, c.73
- 3 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.) or any other law to the contrary.
- 4 (2) In making decisions concerning applications for funding
- 5 submitted by municipalities in the Highlands planning area, as defined
- in section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this 6
- 7 bill), to acquire or develop lands for recreation and conservation
- 8 purposes using moneys from the Garden State Green Acres
- 9 Preservation Trust Fund, in the evaluation and priority ranking process
- 10 the department shall accord a higher weight to any application
- 11 submitted by a municipality in the Highlands planning area that has
- 12 amended its development regulations in accordance with section 13 of
- P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) to 13 14
- establish one or more receiving zones for the transfer of development
- 15 potential from the Highlands preservation area, as defined in section
- 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), than 16
- 17 that which is accorded to comparable applications submitted by other
- municipalities in the Highlands planning area that have not made such 18
- amendments to their development regulations. 19
- o. Notwithstanding any provision of P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-1 20
- 21 et seq.) to the contrary, for State fiscal years 2005 through 2009, the
- 22 sum spent by the department in each of those fiscal years for the
- 23 acquisition of lands by the State for recreation and conservation
- 24 purposes using moneys from the Garden State Green Acres
- 25 Preservation Trust Fund in each county of the State shall be not less,
- 26 and may be greater if additional sums become available, than the
- 27 average annual sum spent by the department therefor in each such 28 county, respectively, for State fiscal years 2002 through 2004,
- 29 provided there is sufficient and appropriate lands within the county to
- 30 be so acquired by the State for such purposes.¹
- 31 (cf: P.L.2002, c.76, s.4)

- 33 ¹[53.] <u>54.</u>¹ Section 38 of P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-38) is 34 amended to read as follows:
- 35 38. a. All acquisitions or grants made pursuant to section 37 of
- ¹[this act] <u>P.L.1999</u>, c.152 (C.13:8C-37)¹ shall be made with respect 36
- to farmland devoted to farmland preservation under programs 37
- 38 established by law.
- 39 b. The expenditure and allocation of constitutionally dedicated 40 moneys for farmland preservation purposes shall reflect the geographic 41 diversity of the State to the maximum extent practicable and feasible.
- 42 c. The committee shall implement the provisions of section 37 of
- ¹[this act] <u>P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-37)</u> In accordance with the 43
- 44 procedures and criteria established pursuant to the "Agriculture
- 45 Retention and Development Act," P.L.1983, c.32 (C.4:1C-11 et seq.)
- 46 except as provided otherwise by this act.

- d. The committee shall adopt the same or a substantially similar method for determining, for the purposes of this act, the committee's share of the cost of a development easement on farmland to be acquired by a local government as that which is being used by the committee on the date of enactment of this act for prior farmland preservation funding programs.
- e. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 24 of P.L.1983, c.32 (C.4:1C-31) or this act, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, whenever the value of a development easement on farmland to be acquired using constitutionally dedicated moneys in whole or in part is determined based upon the value of any pinelands development credits allocated to the parcel pursuant to P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.) and the pinelands comprehensive management plan adopted pursuant thereto, the committee shall determine the value of the development easement by:
 - (1) conducting a sufficient number of fair market value appraisals as it deems appropriate to determine the value for farmland preservation purposes of the pinelands development credits;
 - (2) considering development easement values in counties, municipalities, and other areas (a) reasonably contiguous to, but outside of, the pinelands area, which in the sole opinion of the committee constitute reasonable development easement values in the pinelands area for the purposes of this subsection, and (b) in the pinelands area where pinelands development credits are or may be utilized, which in the sole opinion of the committee constitute reasonable development easement values in the pinelands area for the purposes of this subsection;
 - (3) considering land values in the pinelands regional growth areas;
 - (4) considering the importance of preserving agricultural lands in the pinelands area; and
 - (5) considering such other relevant factors as may be necessary to increase participation in the farmland preservation program by owners of agricultural lands located in the pinelands area.
 - f. No pinelands development credit that is acquired or obtained in connection with the acquisition of a development easement on farmland or fee simple title to farmland by the State, a local government unit, or a qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization using constitutionally dedicated moneys in whole or in part may be conveyed in any manner. All such pinelands development credits shall be retired permanently.
- g. (1) (a) For State fiscal years 2000 through 2004 only, when the committee, a local government unit, or a qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization seeks to acquire a development easement on farmland or the fee simple title to farmland for farmland preservation purposes using constitutionally dedicated moneys in whole or in part, it shall conduct or cause to be conducted an appraisal or appraisals of

- 1 the value of the lands that shall be made using the land use zoning of
- 2 the lands ${}^{1}[I]$ (i) in effect at the time of proposed acquisition, and
- 3 (ii) in effect on November 3, 1998 as if that land use zoning is still in
- 4 effect at the time of proposed acquisition. The higher of those two
- 5 values shall be utilized by the committee, a local government unit, or
- 6 a qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization as the basis for
- 7 negotiation with the landowner with respect to the acquisition price
- 8 for the lands. The landowner shall be provided with both values
- 9 determined pursuant to this subparagraph.
- A landowner may waive any of the requirements of this paragraph and may agree to sell the lands for less than the values determined pursuant to this paragraph.
- (b) After the date of enactment of P.L.2001, c.315 and through 13 14 June 30, 2004, in determining the two values required pursuant to 15 subparagraph (a) of this paragraph, the appraisal shall be made using not only the land use zoning but also the Department of Environmental 16 Protection wastewater, water quality and watershed management rules 17 and regulations and associated requirements and standards applicable 18 to the lands subject to the appraisal ${}^{1}[I]$ (i) in effect at the time of 19 20 proposed acquisition, and (ii) in effect on November 3, 1998 as if those rules and regulations and associated requirements and standards 21
 - (2) The requirements of this subsection shall be in addition to any other requirements of law, rule, or regulation not inconsistent therewith.

are still in effect at the time of proposed acquisition.

(3) This subsection shall not:

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- 27 (a) apply if the land use zoning of the lands at the time of proposed acquisition, and the Department of Environmental Protection wastewater, water quality and watershed management rules and regulations and associated requirements and standards applicable to the lands at the time of proposed acquisition, have not changed since November 3, 1998;
- (b) apply in the case of lands to be acquired with federal moneys inwhole or in part;
- 35 (c) apply in the case of lands to be acquired in accordance with 36 subsection e. of this section;
- 37 (d) apply to projects funded using constitutionally dedicated 38 moneys appropriated pursuant to the annual appropriations act for 39 State fiscal year 2000 (P.L.1999, c.138); or
- 40 (e) alter any requirements to disclose information to a landowner 41 pursuant to the "Eminent Domain Act of 1971," P.L.1971, c.361 42 (C.20:3-1 et seq.).
- h. Any farmland for which a development easement or fee simple title has been acquired pursuant to section 37 of ¹[this act] P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-37)¹ shall be entitled to the benefits conferred by the "Right to Farm Act," P.L.1983, c.31 (C.4:1C-1 et al.) and the

1 "Agriculture Retention and Development Act," P.L.1983, c.32 (C.4:1C-11 et al.).

- 3 i. (1) Commencing July 1, 2004 and until five years after the date 4 of enactment of P.L.2001, c.315, when the committee, a local government unit, or a qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization 5 seeks to acquire a development easement on farmland or the fee simple 6 7 title to farmland for farmland preservation purposes using 8 constitutionally dedicated moneys in whole or in part, it shall conduct 9 or cause to be conducted an appraisal or appraisals of the value of the 10 lands that shall be made using the Department of Environmental 11 Protection wastewater, water quality and watershed management rules 12 and regulations and associated requirements and standards applicable 13 to the lands subject to the appraisal (a) in effect at the time of 14 proposed acquisition, and (b) in effect on November 3, 1998 as if 15 those rules and regulations and associated requirements and standards are still in effect at the time of proposed acquisition. The higher of 16 17 those two values shall be utilized by the committee, a local 18 government unit, or a qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization as 19 the basis for negotiation with the landowner with respect to the 20 acquisition price for the lands. The landowner shall be provided with 21 both values determined pursuant to this paragraph. A landowner may 22 waive any of the requirements of this paragraph and may agree to sell 23 the lands for less than the values determined pursuant to this 24 paragraph.
- 25 (2) The requirements of this subsection shall be in addition to any 26 other requirements of law, rule, or regulation not inconsistent 27 therewith.
 - (3) This subsection shall not:

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- (a) apply if the Department of Environmental Protection wastewater, water quality and watershed management rules and regulations and associated requirements and standards applicable to the lands at the time of proposed acquisition have not changed since November 3, 1998;
- (b) apply in the case of lands to be acquired with federal moneysin whole or in part;
- 36 (c) apply in the case of lands to be acquired in accordance with 37 subsection e. of this section; or
- 38 (d) alter any requirements to disclose information to a landowner 39 pursuant to the "Eminent Domain Act of 1971," P.L.1971, c.361 40 (C.20:3-1 et seq.).
- j. (1) Commencing on the date of enactment of P.L., c. (C.)

 (now before the Legislature as this bill) or July 1, 2004, whichever is
 later, and [until five years after that date] through June 30, 2009,
 when the committee, a local government unit, or a qualifying tax
 exempt nonprofit organization seeks to acquire a development
 easement on farmland or the fee simple title to farmland for farmland

- 1 preservation purposes ¹[in the Highlands preservation area] ¹using
- 2 constitutionally dedicated moneys in whole or in part, it shall conduct
- 3 or cause to be conducted an appraisal or appraisals of the value of the
- 4 <u>lands that shall be made using (a)</u> ¹[the rules and regulations adopted
- 5 by the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to P.L. ,
- 6 c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) and the provisions
- 7 of section 31 of that act applicable to the land use zoning of the
- 8 <u>lands, and any State environmental laws or Department of</u>
- 9 Environmental Protection rules and regulations that may affect the
- 10 <u>value of the lands 1, 1 subject to the appraisal and in effect at the time</u>
- of proposed acquisition, and (b) ¹[the rules and regulations adopted]
- 12 by the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to any
- 13 <u>environmental land use or water law applicable to</u>] the land use zoning
- 14 of the lands, and any State environmental laws or Department of
- 15 Environmental Protection rules and regulations that may affect the
- 16 <u>value of the lands 1, 1 subject to the appraisal and in effect on 1 [the lands 1, 1 subject to the appraisal and in effect on 1 [the lands 1, 1 subject to the appraisal and in effect on 1 [the lands 1, 1 subject to the appraisal and in effect on 1 [the lands 1, 1 subject to the appraisal and in effect on 1 [the lands 1, 1 subject to the appraisal and in effect on 1 [the lands 1, 1 subject to the appraisal and in effect on 1 [the lands 1, 1 subject to the appraisal and in effect on 1 [the lands 1, 1 subject to the appraisal and in effect on 1 [the lands 1, 1 subject to the appraisal and in effect on 1 [the lands 1, 1 subject to the appraisal and in effect on 1 [the lands 1, 1 subject to the appraisal and in effect on 1 [the lands 1, 1 subject to the appraisal and in effect on 1 [the lands 1, 1 subject to the appraisal and in effect on 1 subject to the appraisal and in effect on 1 subject to the appraisal and in effect on 1 subject to the appraisal and in effect on 1 subject to the appraisal and in effect on 1 subject to the appraisal and in effect on 1 subject to the appraisal and in effect on 1 subject to the appraisal and in effect on 1 subject to the appraisal and in effect on 1 subject to the appraisal and in effect on 1 subject to 1 subje</u>
- 17 day before the date of enactment of P.L., c. (C.) (now before
- 18 the Legislature as this bill) January 1, 2004¹. The higher of those
- 19 <u>two values shall be utilized by the committee, a local government unit,</u>
- 20 or a qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization as the basis for
- 21 <u>negotiation with the landowner with respect to the acquisition price</u>
- 22 for the lands. The landowner shall be provided with both values
- 23 <u>determined pursuant to this paragraph.</u>
- A landowner may waive any of the requirements of this paragraph
- 25 and may agree to sell the lands for less than the values determined
- 26 pursuant to this paragraph.
- 27 The provisions of this paragraph shall be applicable only to lands
- 28 the owner of which at the time of proposed acquisition is the same
- 29 person who owned the lands on the date of enactment of P.L. , c.
- 30 (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) and who has owned the
- 31 lands continuously since that enactment date, is an immediate family
- 32 <u>member of that person, or is a farmer as defined by the committee.</u>
- 33 (2) A landowner whose lands are subject to the provisions of
- 34 paragraph (1) of this subsection shall choose to have the lands
- 35 appraised in accordance with this subsection or in accordance with the
- 36 provisions of either subsection g. or subsection i. of this section to the
- 37 extent that the subsection is applicable and has not expired.
- 38 (3) The requirements of this subsection shall be in addition to any
- 39 other requirements of law, rule, or regulation not inconsistent
- 40 therewith.
- 41 (4) This subsection shall not:
- 42 (a) apply in the case of lands to be acquired with federal moneys in
- 43 whole or in part; ¹[or]¹
- 44 (b) ¹apply in the case of lands to be acquired in accordance with
- 45 <u>subsection e. of this section; or</u>
- 46 (c) alter any requirements to disclose information to a landowner

- 1 pursuant to the "Eminent Domain Act of 1971," P.L.1971, c.361
- 2 (C.20:3-1 et seq.).
- 3 (5) For the purposes of this subsection 1:
- 4 "Environmental land use or water law" means the "Freshwater
- 5 Wetlands Protection Act," P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-1 et seq.), the
- 6 "Water Supply Management Act," P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-1 et
- 7 seq.), the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1
- 8 et seq.), "The Realty Improvement Sewerage and Facilities Act
- 9 (1954)," P.L.1954, c.199 (C.58:11-23 et seq.), the "Water Quality
- 10 Planning Act," P.L.1977, c.75 (C.58:11A-1 et seq.), the "Safe
- 11 <u>Drinking Water Act," P.L.1977, c.224 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.), or the</u>
- 12 <u>"Flood Hazard Area Control Act," P.L.1962, c.19 (C.58:16A-50 et</u>
- 13 <u>seq.);</u>
- 14 "Highlands preservation area" means the preservation area in the
- 15 <u>Highlands Region as defined pursuant to section of P.L., c. (C.)</u>
- 16 (now before the Legislature as this bill); and
- 17 <u>"Immediate</u>], "immediate¹ family member" means ¹a¹ spouse, child,
- 18 ¹parent, ¹ sibling, aunt, uncle, niece, nephew, first cousin, grandparent,
- 19 grandchild, father-in-law, mother-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law,
- 20 stepparent, stepchild, stepbrother, stepsister, half brother, or half
- 21 sister, whether the individual is related by blood, marriage, or
- 22 adoption.
- [j.] \underline{k} . The committee and the Department of Environmental
- 24 Protection, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968,
- 25 c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), shall jointly adopt rules and regulations
- 26 that establish standards and requirements regulating any improvement
- 27 on lands acquired by the State for farmland preservation purposes
- 28 using constitutionally dedicated moneys to assure that any
- improvement does not diminish the protection of surface water or groundwater resources.
- Any rules and regulations adopted pursuant to this subsection shall
- 32 not apply to improvements on lands acquired prior to the adoption of
- 33 the rules and regulations.
- 34 <u>l.</u> ¹(1) The committee, within three months after the date of the
- 35 <u>first meeting of the Highland Water Protection and Planning Council</u>
- 36 established pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before
- 37 the Legislature as this bill), shall consult with and solicit
- 38 recommendations from the council concerning farmland preservation
- 39 strategies and acquisition plans in the Highlands Region as defined in
- 40 section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this
- 41 bill).
- 42 The council's recommendations shall also address strategies and
- 43 plans concerning establishment by the committee of a methodology for
- 44 prioritizing the acquisition of development easements and fee simple
- 45 <u>titles to farmland in the Highlands preservation area, as defined in</u>
- 46 section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this

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     bill), for farmland preservation purposes using moneys from the
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     Garden State Farmland Preservation Trust Fund, especially with
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     respect to farmland that has declined substantially in value due to the
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     implementation of the "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act,"
     P.L., c. (C. ) (now before the Legislature as this bill). The
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     recommendations may also include a listing of specific parcels in the
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     Highlands preservation area that the council is aware of that have
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     experienced a substantial decline in value and for that reason should
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     be considered by the committee as a priority for acquisition, but any
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     such list shall remain confidential notwithstanding any provision of
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     P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.) or any other law to the contrary.
        (2) In prioritizing applications for funding submitted by local
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     government units in the Highlands planning area, as defined in section
     3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), to
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     acquire development easements on farmland in the Highlands planning
     area using moneys from the Garden State Farmland Preservation Trust
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     Fund, the committee shall accord a higher weight to any application
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     submitted by a local government unit to preserve farmland in a
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     municipality in the Highlands planning area that has amended its
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     development regulations in accordance with section 13 of P.L.
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     c. (C. ) (now before the Legislature as this bill) to establish one
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     or more receiving zones for the transfer of development potential from
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     the Highlands preservation area, as defined in section 3 of P.L. ,
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     c. (C. ) (now before the Legislature as this bill), than that which
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     is accorded to comparable applications submitted by other local
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     government units to preserve farmland in municipalities in the
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     Highlands planning area that have not made such amendments to their
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     development regulations.
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        m. Notwithstanding any provision of P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-1
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     et seq.) to the contrary, for State fiscal years 2005 through 2009, the
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     sum spent by the committee in each of those fiscal years for the
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     acquisition by the committee of development easements and fee simple
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     titles to farmland for farmland preservation purposes using moneys
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     from the Garden State Farmland Preservation Trust Fund in each
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     county of the State shall be not less, and may be greater if additional
     sums become available, than the average annual sum spent by the
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     department therefor in each such county, respectively, for State fiscal
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     years 2002 through 2004, provided there is sufficient and appropriate
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     farmland within the county to be so acquired by the committee for
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     such purposes.<sup>1</sup>
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     (cf: P.L.2002, c.76, s.6)
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        <sup>1</sup>[54.] <u>55.</u> Section 13 of P.L.1974, c.118 (C.13:13A-13) is
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     amended to read as follows:
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13. a. The commission shall prepare, or cause to be prepared, and, after a public hearing, or public hearings, and pursuant to the

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1 provisions provided for in subsection 13 b. of this act, adopt a master

2 plan or portion thereof for the physical development of the park, which

3 plan may include proposals for various stages in the future

4 development of the park, or amend the master plan. The master plan

5 shall include a report presenting the objectives, assumptions,

6 standards and principles which are embodied in the various

7 interlocking portions of the master plan. The master plan shall be a

composite of the one or more written proposals recommending the

physical development and expansion of the park either in its entirety

or a portion thereof which the commission shall prepare after meetings

with the governing bodies of the affected municipalities and counties,

12 and any agencies and instrumentalities thereof.

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- 13 In preparing the master plan or any portion thereof or 14 amendment thereto the commission shall give due consideration to: 15 (1) the function of the canal as a major water supply facility in the State; (2) the necessity to provide recreational activities to the citizens 16 17 of this State, including but not limited to, facilities, design capacities, 18 and relationship to other available recreational areas; (3) existing 19 historical sites and potential restorations or compatible development; 20 (4) the range of uses and potential uses of the canal in the urban 21 environments of the older, intensively developed communities through 22 which it passes; and (5) designated wilderness areas to be kept as 23 undeveloped, limited-access areas restricted to canoeing and hiking. 24 In preparing the master plan or any portion thereof or amendment 25 thereto the commission shall consider existing patterns of development 26 and any relevant master plan or other plan of development, and shall 27 insure widespread citizen involvement and participation in the planning 28 process.
 - c. The commission shall act in support of local suggestions or desires to complement the park master plan. Consultation, planning, and technical expertise will be made available to local planning bodies that wish to implement land-use policy to enhance the park area. The commission shall act on or refer complaints by citizens' groups or private residents who discover hazardous situations, pollution, or evidence of noncompliance with use regulations.
 - d. The commission shall review and approve, reject or modify, any State project planned or State permits issued in the park, and submit its decision to the Governor.
- 39 e. The commission shall consult with the Highlands Water 40 Protection and Planning Council, established pursuant to section 4 of 41 P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), on any provision of the park master plan that may impact upon or otherwise 42 43 affect the Highlands Region or the Highlands regional master plan, as 44 defined in section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature 45 as this bill), and any such provision shall be consistent with the 46 Highlands regional master plan adopted by the council pursuant to that

1 <u>act.</u> 2 (cf: P.L.1974, c.118, s.13)

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¹[55.] <u>56.</u> Section 14 of P.L.1974, c.118 (C.13:13A-14) is amended to read as follows:

6 14. a. The commission shall determine, after a public hearing, or 7 public hearings held in Hunterdon, Somerset, Mercer, and Middlesex 8 counties respectively, the extent and limits of the region to be 9 designated the review zone. Any subsequent modification of [said] 10 the review zone shall be made by the commission only after public 11 hearings in the county or counties in which [such] the modification is 12 to be made. All public hearings required pursuant to this section shall 13 be held only after giving prior notice thereof by public advertisement 14 once each week for [2] two consecutive weeks in such newspaper or 15 newspapers selected by the chairman of the commission as will best 16 give notice thereof. The last publication of such notice shall be not 17 less than 10 days prior to the date set for the hearing.

b. The commission shall approve all State actions within the review zone that impact on the park, and insure that these actions conform as nearly as possible to the commission's master plan and relevant local plans or initiatives. The State actions which the commission shall review will include the operations of the Division of Water Resources concerning water supply and quality; the Division of Parks and Forestry in developing recreation facilities; and the activities of any other State department or agency that might affect the park.

26 c. The commission shall review and approve, reject, or modify any 27 project within the review zone. The initial application for a proposed 28 project within the zone shall be submitted by the applicant to the 29 appropriate municipal reviewing agency. If approved by the agency, the application shall be sent to the commission for review. The 30 31 commission shall review each proposed project in terms of its 32 conformity with, or divergence from, the objectives of the 33 commission's master plan and shall: (1) advise the appropriate 34 municipal reviewing agency that the project can proceed as proposed; 35 (2) reject the application and so advise the appropriate municipal reviewing agency and the governing body of the municipality; or (3) 36 37 require modifications or additional safeguards on the part of the 38 applicant, and return the application to the appropriate municipal 39 reviewing agency, which shall be responsible for insuring that these 40 conditions are satisfied before issuing a permit. If no action is taken 41 by the commission within a period of 45 days from the date of 42 submission of the application to the commission by the municipal 43 reviewing agency, this shall constitute an approval by the commission. 44 The commission's decision shall be final and binding on the 45 municipality, and the commission may, in the case of any violation or threat of a violation of a commission's decision by a municipality, or 46

- 1 by the appropriate municipal reviewing agency, as the case may be,
- 2 institute civil action (1) for injunctive relief; (2) to set aside and
- 3 invalidate a decision made by a municipality in violation of this
- 4 subsection; or (3) to restrain, correct or abate such violation. As used
- 5 herein: (1) "project" means any structure, land use change, or public
- 6 improvements for which a permit from, or determination by, the
- 7 municipality is required, which shall include, but not be limited to,
- 8 building permits, zoning variances, and excavation permits; and (2)
- 9 "agency" means any body or instrumentality of the municipality
- 10 responsible for the issuance of permits or the approval of projects, as
- 11 herein defined, which shall include, but not be limited to, governing
- 12 bodies, planning and zoning boards, building inspectors, managers and
- 13 municipal engineers.
- d. To the extent that any action the commission takes pursuant to
- 15 this section may impact upon or otherwise affect the Highlands Region
- or the Highlands regional master plan, as defined in section 3 of
- 17 P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), the
- 18 commission shall consult with the Highlands Water Protection and
- 19 <u>Planning Council, established pursuant to section 4 of P.L.</u>, c.
- 20 (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), and any such action
- 21 <u>taken shall be consistent with Highland regional master plan adopted</u>
- 22 by the council pursuant to that act.
- 23 (cf: P.L.1974, c.118, s.14)

- ¹[56.] <u>57.</u> Section 2 of P.L.1997, c.144 (C.27:5-9.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 27 2. Any billboard or outdoor advertising sign licensed and permitted
- 28 pursuant to the "Roadside Sign Control and Outdoor Advertising
- 29 Act," P.L.1991, c.413 (C.27:5-5 et seq.), and proposed to be erected
- 30 on or above any State right-of-way or any real property of the
- 31 department shall be subject to local government zoning ordinances,
- 32 applicable local government building permit requirements, and in the
- pinelands area, shall be subject to the provisions of the comprehensive
- management plan prepared and adopted by the Pinelands Commission
- 35 pursuant to section 7 of P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-8), and in the
- 36 Highlands Region, shall be subject to the provisions of the "Highland
- 37 <u>Water Protection and Planning Act," P.L.</u>, c. (C.) (now before
- the Legislature as this bill), any rules and regulations adopted pursuant
 thereto, and the Highlands regional master plan adopted by the
- 40 Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council pursuant to section
- 41 8 of that act.
- 42 (cf: P.L.1997, c.144, s.2)

- ¹[57.] <u>58.</u> R.S.32:14-5 is amended to read as follows:
- 45 32:14-5. a. Palisades Interstate Park Commission shall, from time
- 46 to time, select and locate such lands lying between the top or steep

- 1 edge of the Palisades or the crest of the slope in places where the steep
- 2 Palisade rocks are absent and the high-water line of the Hudson river,
- 3 from the New York State line on the north, to a line beginning at the
- 4 intersection of the southern line of the old Fort Lee dock or landing
- 5 with the high-water line of the Hudson river and running thence in a
- 6 westerly direction and at right angles to said high-water line of the
- 7 Hudson river to the east side of the river road running from Edgewater
- 8 to Fort Lee, in Bergen county, on the south, and such lands or rights
- 9 in lands belonging to persons other than the State, as may lie between
- 10 the exterior bulkhead line established in the Hudson river and the
- 11 high-water line of the Hudson river, as may, in the opinion of the
- 12 Palisades Interstate Park Commission, be proper and necessary to be
- 13 reserved for the purpose of establishing a park and thereby preserving
- 14 the scenic beauty of the Palisades.
- b. The Palisades Interstate Park Commission, in cooperation with
- 16 the North Jersey District Water Supply Commission and in
- 17 consultation with the New Jersey Department of Environmental
- 18 Protection and the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council,
- 19 may, from time to time, select and locate such lands lying within the
- 20 Highlands or Skylands areas of Bergen, Hunterdon, Morris, Passaic,
- 21 Somerset and Warren counties in the State of New Jersey, including
- 22 lands in those areas lying within the North Jersey Water Supply
- 23 District, as may, in the opinion of the Palisades Interstate Park
- Commission and the North Jersey District Water Supply Commission,
 in consultation with the department and the Highlands Water
- 26 Protection and Planning Council, be proper and necessary to be
- 27 reserved for establishing a park:
- 28 (1) to preserve the scenic beauty of those areas;
- 29 (2) for the purposes of recreation and conservation, which shall 30 include hunting and fishing, or historic preservation; or
- 31 (3) for the purposes of watershed conservation or protecting, 32 maintaining, or enhancing the quality and quantity of water supplies.
- c. Except as authorized for the purposes specified by R.S.32:15-1
- 34 et seq. and R.S.32:16-1 et seq. with regard to the location,
- 35 construction, maintenance, and operation of the Henry Hudson Drive
- and the Palisades Interstate Parkway in Bergen county, the Palisades
- 37 Interstate Park Commission shall not acquire by condemnation any
- lands described in subsections a. and b. of this section. Any such lands
- 39 shall be acquired by the Palisades Interstate Park Commission only
- 40 through a sale by a willing seller.
- 41 (cf: P.L.1995, c.274, s.2)

- ¹[58.] <u>59.</u> Section 5 of P.L.1999, c.402 (C.32:20A-5) is amended to read as follows:
- 5. <u>a.</u> The duties of the commission shall be to:
- [a.] (1) assess present and projected development, land use, and

- 1 land management practices and patterns, and identify actual and
- 2 potential environmental threats and problems, around Greenwood
- 3 Lake and within its watershed, and determine the effects of those
- 4 practices and patterns, threats, and problems upon the natural, scenic,
- 5 and recreational resources of Greenwood Lake and its watershed;
- 6 [b.] (2) develop recommended regulations, procedures, policies,
- 7 planning strategies, and model ordinances and resolutions pertaining
- 8 to the protection, preservation, maintenance, management, and
- 9 enhancement of Greenwood Lake and its watershed, which would be
- 10 implemented as appropriate on a voluntary basis by those entities with
- 11 representatives on the commission;
- [c.] (3) coordinate environmental clean up, maintenance, and
- 13 protection efforts undertaken, for the benefit of Greenwood Lake and
- 14 its watershed, by those entities with representatives on the
- 15 commission;
- [d.] (4) coordinate with the New Jersey Department of
- 17 Environmental Protection's watershed management program for the
- area that includes Greenwood Lake;
- [e.] (5) recommend appropriate state legislation and administrative
- 20 action pertaining to the protection, preservation, maintenance,
- 21 management, and enhancement of Greenwood Lake and its watershed;
- [f.] (6) advocate, and where appropriate, act as a coordinating,
- distributing, or recipient agency for, federal, state, or private funding
- 24 of environmental cleanup, maintenance, and protection projects for
- 25 Greenwood Lake and its watershed, which projects may include the
- work of the commission; and
- [g.] (7) take such other action as may be appropriate or necessary
- 28 to further the purpose of this act.
- b. The commission shall consult with the Highlands Water
- 30 Protection and Planning Council, established pursuant to section 4 of
- 31 P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), in carrying
- 32 <u>out its duties as prescribed pursuant to subsection a. of this section.</u>
- 33 Any action taken by the commission that may impact upon or
- 34 <u>otherwise affect the Highlands preservation area, as defined in section</u>
- 35 <u>3 of P.L.</u>, c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), shall
- 36 <u>be consistent with the Highlands regional master plan adopted by the</u>
- 37 <u>council pursuant to section 8 of that act.</u>
- 38 (cf: P.L.1999, c.402, s.5)

- ¹[59. Section 19 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-28) is amended to read as follows:
- 42 19. Preparation; contents; modification.
- a. The planning board may prepare and, after public hearing, adopt
- or amend a master plan or component parts thereof, to guide the use
- 45 of lands within the municipality in a manner which protects public
- 46 health and safety and promotes the general welfare.

- b. The master plan shall generally comprise a report or statement and land use and development proposals, with maps, diagrams and text, presenting, at least the following elements (1) and (2) and, where appropriate, the following elements (3) through (13):
 - (1) A statement of objectives, principles, assumptions, policies and standards upon which the constituent proposals for the physical, economic and social development of the municipality are based;

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- 8 (2) A land use plan element (a) taking into account and stating its 9 relationship to the statement provided for in paragraph (1) hereof, and 10 other master plan elements provided for in paragraphs (3) through (13) 11 hereof and natural conditions, including, but not necessarily limited to, 12 topography, soil conditions, water supply, drainage, flood plain areas, 13 marshes, and woodlands; (b) showing the existing and proposed 14 location, extent and intensity of development of land to be used in the 15 future for varying types of residential, commercial, industrial, agricultural, recreational, educational and other public and private 16 17 purposes or combination of purposes; and stating the relationship 18 thereof to the existing and any proposed zone plan and zoning 19 ordinance; and (c) showing the existing and proposed location of any 20 airports and the boundaries of any airport safety zones delineated 21 pursuant to the "Air Safety and Zoning Act of 1983," P.L.1983, c.260 22 (C.6:1-80 et seq.); and (d) including a statement of the standards of 23 population density and development intensity recommended for the 24 municipality;
 - (3) A housing plan element pursuant to section 10 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-310), including, but not limited to, residential standards and proposals for the construction and improvement of housing;
 - (4) A circulation plan element showing the location and types of facilities for all modes of transportation required for the efficient movement of people and goods into, about, and through the municipality, taking into account the functional highway classification system of the Federal Highway Administration and the types, locations, conditions and availability of existing and proposed transportation facilities, including air, water, road and rail;
 - (5) A utility service plan element analyzing the need for and showing the future general location of water supply and distribution facilities, drainage and flood control facilities, sewerage and waste treatment, solid waste disposal and provision for other related utilities, and including any storm water management plan required pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1981, c.32 (C.40:55D-93 et seq.);
- 42 (6) A community facilities plan element showing the existing and 43 proposed location and type of educational or cultural facilities, historic 44 sites, libraries, hospitals, firehouses, police stations and other related 45 facilities, including their relation to the surrounding areas;
- 46 (7) A recreation plan element showing a comprehensive system of

1 areas and public sites for recreation;

- (8) A conservation plan element providing for the preservation, conservation, and utilization of natural resources, including, to the extent appropriate, energy, open space, water supply, forests, soil, marshes, wetlands, harbors, rivers and other waters, fisheries, endangered or threatened species wildlife and other resources, and which systemically analyzes the impact of each other component and element of the master plan on the present and future preservation, conservation and utilization of those resources;
- (9) An economic plan element considering all aspects of economic development and sustained economic vitality, including (a) a comparison of the types of employment expected to be provided by the economic development to be promoted with the characteristics of the labor pool resident in the municipality and nearby areas and (b) an analysis of the stability and diversity of the economic development to be promoted;
- (10) A historic preservation plan element: (a) indicating the location and significance of historic sites and historic districts; (b) identifying the standards used to assess worthiness for historic site or district identification; and (c) analyzing the impact of each component and element of the master plan on the preservation of historic sites and districts;
- (11) Appendices or separate reports containing the technical foundation for the master plan and its constituent elements;
- (12) A recycling plan element which incorporates the State Recycling Plan goals, including provisions for the collection, disposition and recycling of recyclable materials designated in the municipal recycling ordinance, and for the collection, disposition and recycling of recyclable materials within any development proposal for the construction of 50 or more units of single-family residential housing or 25 or more units of multi-family residential housing and any commercial or industrial development proposal for the utilization of 1,000 square feet or more of land; and
- (13) A farmland preservation plan element, which shall include: an inventory of farm properties and a map illustrating significant areas of agricultural land; a statement showing that municipal ordinances support and promote agriculture as a business; and a plan for preserving as much farmland as possible in the short term by leveraging monies made available by P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-1 et al.) through a variety of mechanisms including, but not limited to, utilizing option agreements, installment purchases, and encouraging donations of permanent development easements.
- c. The master plan and its plan elements may be divided into subplans and subplan elements projected according to periods of time or staging sequences.
 - d. The master plan shall include a specific policy statement

1 indicating the relationship of the proposed development of the

2 municipality, as developed in the master plan to (1) the master plans

3 of contiguous municipalities, (2) the master plan of the county in

4 which the municipality is located, (3) the State Development and

5 Redevelopment Plan adopted pursuant to the "State Planning Act,"

6 sections 1 through 12 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.) and

7 (4) the district solid waste management plan required pursuant to the

8 provisions of the "Solid Waste Management Act," P.L.1970, c.39

9 (C.13:1E-1 et seq.) of the county in which the municipality is located.

10 <u>In the case of a municipality situated within the Highlands Region,</u>

11 <u>as defined pursuant to section 3 of P.L.</u>, c. (C.) (now before

12 <u>the Legislature as this bill), the master plan shall include a specific</u>

13 policy statement indicating the relationship of the proposed

14 <u>development of the municipality, as developed in the master plan, to</u>

15 the Highlands regional master plan adopted pursuant to section 4 of

16 P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill).

17 (cf: P.L.1999, c.180, s.2)] 1

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¹[60. R.S.48:3-7 is amended to read as follow:

48:3-7. a. No public utility shall, without the approval of the board, sell, lease, mortgage or otherwise dispose of or encumber its property, franchises, privileges or rights, or any part thereof; or merge or consolidate its property, franchises, privileges or rights, or any part thereof, with that of any other public utility.

Where, by the proposed sale, lease or other disposition of all or a substantial portion of its property, any franchise or franchises, privileges or rights, or any part thereof or merger or consolidation thereof as set forth herein, it appears that the public utility or a wholly owned subsidiary thereof may be unable to fulfill its obligation to any employees thereof with respect to pension benefits previously enjoyed, whether vested or contingent, the board shall not grant its approval unless the public utility seeking the board's approval for such sale, lease or other disposition assumes such responsibility as will be sufficient to provide that all such obligations to employees will be satisfied as they become due.

Every sale, mortgage, lease, disposition, encumbrance, merger or consolidation made in violation of this section shall be void.

Nothing herein shall prevent the sale, lease or other disposition by any public utility of any of its property in the ordinary course of business, nor require the approval of the board to any grant, conveyance or release of any property or interest therein heretofore made or hereafter to be made by any public utility to the United States, State or any county or municipality or any agency, authority or subdivision thereof, for public use.

The approval of the board shall not be required to validate the title of the United States, State or any county or municipality or any

- agency, authority or subdivision thereof, to any lands or interest 1 2 therein heretofore condemned or hereafter to be condemned by the
- 3 United States, State or any county or municipality or any agency,
- 4 authority or subdivision thereof for public use.

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- b. Notwithstanding any law, rule, regulation or order to the 5 contrary, an autobus public utility regulated by and subject to the 6 7 provisions of Title 48 of the Revised Statutes may, without the 8 approval of the Department of Transportation, sell, lease, mortgage or 9 otherwise dispose of or encumber its property, or any part thereof, 10 except that approval of the Department of Transportation shall be 11 required for the following:
- 12 (1) the sale of 60% or more of its property within a 12-month 13 period;
 - (2) a merger or consolidation of its property, franchises, privileges or rights; or
 - (3) the sale of any of its franchises, privileges or rights.
 - Notice of the sale, purchase or lease of any autobus or other vehicle subject to regulation under Title 48 of the Revised Statutes shall be provided to the Department of Transportation as the department shall require.
- 21 c. Except as otherwise provided in subsection e. of this section, no 22 solid waste collector as defined in section 3 of P.L.1970, c.40 23 (C.48:13A-3) shall, without the approval of the Department of **Environmental Protection:** 24
- 25 (1) sell, lease, mortgage or otherwise dispose of or encumber its 26 property, including customer lists; or
 - (2) merge or consolidate its property, including customer lists, with that of any other person or business concern, whether or not that person or business concern is engaged in the business of solid waste collection or solid waste disposal pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1970 c.39 (C.13:1E-1 et seq.), P.L.1970, c.40 (C.48:13A-1 et seq.), P.L.1991, c.381 (C.48:13A-7.1 et al.) or any other act.
 - d. Any solid waste collector seeking approval for any transaction enumerated in subsection c. of this section shall file with the department, on forms and in a manner prescribed by the department, a notice of intent at least 30 days prior to the completion of the transaction.
- 38 (1) The department shall promptly review all notices filed pursuant 39 to this subsection. The department may, within 30 days of receipt of 40 a notice of intent, request that the solid waste collector submit 41 additional information to assist in its review if it deems that such information is necessary. If no such request is made, the transaction 42 shall be deemed to have been approved. In the event that additional 43 44 information is requested, the department shall outline, in writing, why 45 it deems such information necessary to make an informed decision on
- 46 the impact of the transaction on effective competition.

- 1 (2) The department shall approve or deny a transaction within 60 days of receipt of all requested information. In the event that the 3 department fails to take action on a transaction within the 60-day period specified herein, then the transaction shall be deemed to have 5 been approved.
- 6 (3) The department shall approve a transaction unless it makes a determination pursuant to the provisions of section 19 of P.L.1991, c.381 (C.48:13A-7.19) that the proposed sale, lease, mortgage, disposition, encumbrance, merger or consolidation would result in a lack of effective competition.

The department shall prescribe and provide upon request all necessary forms for the implementation of the notification requirements of this subsection.

- e. (1) Any solid waste collector may, without the approval of the department, purchase, finance or lease any equipment, including collection or haulage vehicles.
- (2) Any solid waste collector may, without the approval of the department, sell or otherwise dispose of its collection or haulage vehicles; except that no solid waste collector shall, without the approval of the department in the manner provided in subsection d. of this section, sell or dispose of 33% or more of its collection or haulage vehicles within a 12-month period.
- f. (1) The owner or operator of a privately-owned sanitary landfill facility may, without the approval of the Department of Environmental Protection, sell or otherwise dispose of its assets except that the prior approval of the department shall be required (a) to sell all assets associated with the sanitary landfill facility or a portion thereof sufficient to transfer the operation of the sanitary landfill facility to a new owner or operator; (b) to sell a controlling ownership interest in the sanitary landfill facility; or (c) to merge or consolidate its property with that of any other person or business concern, whether or not that person or business concern is engaged in the business of solid waste disposal pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1970, c.39 (C.13:1E-1 et seq.), P.L.1970, c.40 (C.48:13A-1 et seq.) or any other act.
- (2) Any owner or operator seeking approval for any transaction enumerated in this subsection shall file with the department an application therefor, on forms and in a manner prescribed by the department. The department shall promptly review all applications filed pursuant to this subsection and shall serve requests for information regarding any transaction within 30 days following the filing of an application if the department deems that such information is necessary. The department shall approve or deny the transaction within 60 days of receipt of all requested information. In the event that the department fails to take action on a transaction within the 60-day period specified herein, then the transaction shall be deemed to have been approved.

As used in this section, "business concern" means any corporation, association, firm, partnership, sole proprietorship, trust or other form of commercial organization; and "privately-owned sanitary landfill facility" means a commercial sanitary landfill facility which is owned and operated by a private person, corporation or other organization and includes all appurtenances and related improvements used at the site for the transfer, processing or disposal of solid waste.

8 g. No public water utility shall sell or otherwise convey any land 9 it owns that is located in the Highlands Region, as defined in section 10 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), and 11 is utilized for the purpose of protecting a public water supply, except 12 as may be allowed by the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, 13 with the concurrence of the board, only for the purposes authorized pursuant to section 27 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the 14 15 Legislature as this bill).

16 (cf: P.L.2003, c.169, s.17)]¹

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- ¹60. Section 19 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-28) is amended to read as follows:
 - 19. Preparation; contents; modification.
 - a. The planning board may prepare and, after public hearing, adopt or amend a master plan or component parts thereof, to guide the use of lands within the municipality in a manner which protects public health and safety and promotes the general welfare.
 - b. The master plan shall generally comprise a report or statement and land use and development proposals, with maps, diagrams and text, presenting, at least the following elements (1) and (2) and, where appropriate, the following elements (3) through (14):
 - (1) A statement of objectives, principles, assumptions, policies and standards upon which the constituent proposals for the physical, economic and social development of the municipality are based;
- 32 (2) A land use plan element (a) taking into account and stating its 33 relationship to the statement provided for in paragraph (1) hereof, and 34 other master plan elements provided for in paragraphs (3) through (14) 35 hereof and natural conditions, including, but not necessarily limited to, topography, soil conditions, water supply, drainage, flood plain areas, 36 37 marshes, and woodlands; (b) showing the existing and proposed 38 location, extent and intensity of development of land to be used in the 39 future for varying types of residential, commercial, industrial, 40 agricultural, recreational, educational and other public and private 41 purposes or combination of purposes; and stating the relationship 42 thereof to the existing and any proposed zone plan and zoning 43 ordinance; and (c) showing the existing and proposed location of any 44 airports and the boundaries of any airport safety zones delineated 45 pursuant to the "Air Safety and Zoning Act of 1983," P.L.1983, c.260 46 (C.6:1-80 et seq.); and (d) including a statement of the standards of

- population density and development intensity recommended for the
 municipality;
- 3 (3) A housing plan element pursuant to section 10 of P.L.1985, 4 c.222 (C.52:27D-310), including, but not limited to, residential 5 standards and proposals for the construction and improvement of 6 housing;

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- (4) A circulation plan element showing the location and types of facilities for all modes of transportation required for the efficient movement of people and goods into, about, and through the municipality, taking into account the functional highway classification system of the Federal Highway Administration and the types, locations, conditions and availability of existing and proposed transportation facilities, including air, water, road and rail;
- 14 (5) A utility service plan element analyzing the need for and 15 showing the future general location of water supply and distribution facilities, drainage and flood control facilities, sewerage and waste 16 17 treatment, solid waste disposal and provision for other related utilities, 18 and including any storm water management plan required pursuant to 19 the provisions of P.L.1981, c.32 (C.40:55D-93 et seq.). 20 municipality prepares a utility service plan element as a condition for 21 adopting a development transfer ordinance pursuant to subsection c. 22 of section 4 of P.L.2004, c.2 (C.40:55D-140), the plan element shall 23 address the provision of utilities in the receiving zone as provided 24 thereunder;
 - (6) A community facilities plan element showing the existing and proposed location and type of educational or cultural facilities, historic sites, libraries, hospitals, firehouses, police stations and other related facilities, including their relation to the surrounding areas;
- 29 (7) A recreation plan element showing a comprehensive system of 30 areas and public sites for recreation;
 - (8) A conservation plan element providing for the preservation, conservation, and utilization of natural resources, including, to the extent appropriate, energy, open space, water supply, forests, soil, marshes, wetlands, harbors, rivers and other waters, fisheries, endangered or threatened species wildlife and other resources, and which systemically analyzes the impact of each other component and element of the master plan on the present and future preservation, conservation and utilization of those resources;
- 39 (9) An economic plan element considering all aspects of economic 40 development and sustained economic vitality, including (a) a 41 comparison of the types of employment expected to be provided by the 42 economic development to be promoted with the characteristics of the 43 labor pool resident in the municipality and nearby areas and (b) an 44 analysis of the stability and diversity of the economic development to 45 be promoted;
- 46 (10) A historic preservation plan element: (a) indicating the

- 1 location and significance of historic sites and historic districts; (b)
- 2 identifying the standards used to assess worthiness for historic site or
- 3 district identification; and (c) analyzing the impact of each component
- 4 and element of the master plan on the preservation of historic sites and
- 5 districts;

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- (11) Appendices or separate reports containing the technical 6 7 foundation for the master plan and its constituent elements;
- 8 (12) A recycling plan element which incorporates the State 9 Recycling Plan goals, including provisions for the collection,
- 10 disposition and recycling of recyclable materials designated in the municipal recycling ordinance, and for the collection, disposition and 11
- 12 recycling of recyclable materials within any development proposal for
- 13 the construction of 50 or more units of single-family residential
- 14 housing or 25 or more units of multi-family residential housing and any
- 15 commercial or industrial development proposal for the utilization of
- 1,000 square feet or more of land; 16
 - (13) A farmland preservation plan element, which shall include: an inventory of farm properties and a map illustrating significant areas of agricultural land; a statement showing that municipal ordinances support and promote agriculture as a business; and a plan for preserving as much farmland as possible in the short term by leveraging monies made available by P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-1 et al.) through a variety of mechanisms including, but not limited to, utilizing option agreements, installment purchases, and encouraging donations of permanent development easements; and
 - (14) A development transfer plan element which sets forth the public purposes, the locations of sending and receiving zones and the technical details of a development transfer program based on the provisions of section 5 of P.L.2004, c.2 (C.40:55D-141).
 - c. The master plan and its plan elements may be divided into subplans and subplan elements projected according to periods of time or staging sequences.
- 33 d. The master plan shall include a specific policy statement 34 indicating the relationship of the proposed development of the municipality, as developed in the master plan to (1) the master plans 35 of contiguous municipalities, (2) the master plan of the county in 36 37 which the municipality is located, (3) the State Development and 38 Redevelopment Plan adopted pursuant to the "State Planning Act," 39 sections 1 through 12 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.) and 40 (4) the district solid waste management plan required pursuant to the 41 provisions of the "Solid Waste Management Act," P.L.1970, c.39 42 (C.13:1E-1 et seq.) of the county in which the municipality is located. In the case of a municipality situated within the Highlands Region,
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- 44 as defined in section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the
- 45 Legislature as this bill), the master plan shall include a specific policy
- 46 statement indicating the relationship of the proposed development of

1 the municipality, as developed in the master plan, to the Highlands

2 regional master plan adopted pursuant to section 8 of P.L. , c.

(C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill). 3

4 (cf: P.L.2004, c.2, s.37)

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- 6 ¹61. Section 4 of P.L.1968, c.49 (C.46:15-8) is amended to read
- 7 8 4. The proceeds of the fees collected by the county recording 9 officer, as authorized by P.L.1968, c.49 (C.46:15-5 et seq.), shall be
- accounted for and remitted to the county treasurer. An amount equal 11 to 28.6% of the proceeds from the first \$1.75 for each \$500.00 of
- 12 consideration or fractional part thereof recited in the deed collected
- pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1968, c.49 (C.46:15-7) shall be retained 13
- 14 by the county treasurer for the use of the county and the balance shall
- 15 be paid to the State Treasurer for the use of the State; provided
- however, that on and after the tenth day following a certification by 16
- 17 the Director of the Division of Budget and Accounting in the
- Department of the Treasury pursuant to subsection b. of section 2 of 18
- 19 P.L.1992, c.148 (C.46:15-10.2), 100.0% of the proceeds from the first
- 20 \$0.50 for each \$500.00 of consideration or fractional part thereof
- 21 recited in the deed so collected shall be retained by the county
- 22 treasurer for the use of the county and no amount shall be paid to the
- 23 State Treasurer for the use of the State. Payments shall be made to
- 24 the State Treasurer on the tenth day of each month following the
- 25 month of collection.
- a. (1) Amounts, not in excess of \$25,000,000, paid during the 26 27
- State fiscal year to the State Treasurer from the payment of fees 28 collected by the county recording officer other than the additional fee
- 29 of \$0.75 for each \$500.00 of consideration or fractional part thereof
- 30 recited in the deed in excess of \$150,000.00 collected pursuant to
- section 3 of P.L.1968, c.49 (C.46:15-7) shall be credited to the "Shore 31
- 32 Protection Fund" created pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1992, c.148
- (C.13:19-16.1), in the manner established under that section. 33
- 34 (2) In addition to the amounts credited to the "Shore Protection
- 35 Fund" pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection, amounts equal to
- \$12,000,000 in each of the first 10 years after the date of enactment 36
- of the "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act," P.L. , c. 37
- 38 (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) and to \$5,000,000 in
- each year thereafter, paid during the State fiscal year to the State 39
- 40 Treasurer from the payment of fees collected by the county recording
- 41 officer other than the additional fee of \$0.75 for each \$500.00 of
- consideration or fractional part thereof recited in the deed in excess of 42 43 \$150,000.00 shall be credited to the "Highlands Protection Fund"
- created pursuant to section 21 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the 44
- 45 Legislature as this bill), in the manner established under that section.
- 46 No monies shall be credited to the "Highlands Protection Fund"

- pursuant to this paragraph until and unless the full amount of \$25,000,000 has first been credited to the "Shore Protection Fund" pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection.
- <u>b.</u> All amounts paid to the State Treasurer in payment of the additional fee of \$0.75 for each \$500.00 of consideration or fractional part thereof recited in the deed in excess of \$150,000.00 collected pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1968, c.49 (C.46:15-7) shall be credited to the Neighborhood Preservation Nonlapsing Revolving Fund established pursuant to P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-301 et al.), in the manner established under section 20 thereof (C.52:27D-320).¹

11 (cf: P.L.2003, c.113, s.3)

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- ¹62. Section 2 of P.L.1992, c.148 (C.46:15-10.2) is amended to read as follows:
- 2. a. The annual appropriations act for each State fiscal year shall,without other conditions, limitations or restrictions on the following:
- (1) credit amounts paid to the State Treasurer, if any, in payment of fees collected pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1968, c.49 (C.46:15-7),
- 19 to the "Shore Protection Fund" created pursuant to section 1 of
- 20 P.L.1992, c.148 (C.13:19-16.1), [and] the Neighborhood
- 21 Preservation Nonlapsing Revolving Fund established pursuant to
- 22 section 20 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-320), and the "Highlands
- 23 Protection Fund" created pursuant to section 21 of P.L., c. (C.)
- 24 (now before the Legislature as this bill), pursuant to the requirements 25 of section 4 of P.L.1968, c.49 (C.46:15-8);
- 26 (2) appropriate the balance of the "Shore Protection Fund" created pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1992, c.148 (C.13:19-16.1), for the
- 28 purposes of that fund; [and]
- 29 (3) appropriate the balance of the Neighborhood Preservation 30 Nonlapsing Revolving Fund established pursuant to section 20 of 31 P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-320), for the purposes of that fund: and
- 32 (4) appropriate the balance of the "Highlands Protection Fund"
- created pursuant to section 21 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the
- 34 <u>Legislature as this bill</u>), for the purposes of that fund.
- b. If the requirements of subsection a. of this section are not met on the effective date of an annual appropriations act for the State fiscal
- year, or if an amendment or supplement to an annual appropriations
- 38 act for the State fiscal year should violate any of the requirements of
- 39 subsection a. of this section, the Director of the Division of Budget
- 40 and Accounting in the Department of the Treasury shall, not later than
- 41 five days after the enactment of the annual appropriations act, or an
- 42 amendment or supplement thereto, that violates any of the
- 43 requirements of subsection a. of this section, certify to the Director of
- 44 the Division of Taxation that the requirements of subsection a. of this
- 45 section have not been met.¹
- 46 (cf: P.L.1992, c.148, s.2)

- ¹[61.] <u>63.</u> Section 1 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196) is amended to read as follows:
 - 1. The Legislature finds and declares that:

- a. New Jersey, the nation's most densely populated State, requires sound and integrated Statewide planning and the coordination of Statewide planning with local and regional planning in order to conserve its natural resources, revitalize its urban centers, protect the quality of its environment, and provide needed housing and adequate public services at a reasonable cost while promoting beneficial economic growth, development and renewal;
 - b. Significant economies, efficiencies and savings in the development process would be realized by private sector enterprise and by public sector development agencies if the several levels of government would cooperate in the preparation of and adherence to sound and integrated plans;
- c. It is of urgent importance that the State Development Guide Plan be replaced by a State Development and Redevelopment Plan designed for use as a tool for assessing suitable locations for infrastructure, housing, economic growth and conservation;
- d. It is in the public interest to encourage development, redevelopment and economic growth in locations that are well situated with respect to present or anticipated public services and facilities, giving appropriate priority to the redevelopment, repair, rehabilitation or replacement of existing facilities and to discourage development where it may impair or destroy natural resources or environmental qualities that are vital to the health and well-being of the present and future citizens of this State;
- e. A cooperative planning process that involves the full participation of State, <u>regional</u>, county and local governments as well as other public and private sector interests will enhance prudent and rational development, redevelopment and conservation policies and the formulation of sound and consistent regional plans and planning criteria;
- f. Since the overwhelming majority of New Jersey land use planning and development review occurs at the local level, it is important to provide local governments in this State with the technical resources and guidance necessary to assist them in developing land use plans and procedures which are based on sound planning information and practice, and to facilitate the development of local plans which are consistent with State <u>and regional</u> plans and programs;
- g. An increasing concentration of the poor and minorities in older urban areas jeopardizes the future well-being of this State, and a sound and comprehensive planning process will facilitate the provision of equal social and economic opportunity so that all of New Jersey's citizens can benefit from growth, development and redevelopment;
 - h. An adequate response to judicial mandates respecting housing

- 1 for low- and moderate-income persons requires sound planning to 2 prevent sprawl and to promote suitable use of land; and
- i. These purposes can be best achieved through the establishment
 of a State planning commission consisting of representatives from the
 executive and legislative branches of State government, local
 government, the general public and the planning community.

7 (cf: P.L.1985, c.398, s.1)

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- ¹[62.] <u>64.</u> Section 4 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-199) is amended to read as follows:
 - 4. The commission shall:
- 12 a. Prepare and adopt within 36 months after the enactment of [this 13 act] P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et al.), and revise and readopt 14 at least every three years thereafter, the State Development and 15 Redevelopment Plan, which shall provide a coordinated, integrated and comprehensive plan for the growth, development, renewal and 16 17 conservation of the State and its regions and which shall identify areas 18 for growth, agriculture, open space conservation and other appropriate 19 designations;
 - b. Prepare and adopt as part of the plan a long-term Infrastructure Needs Assessment, which shall provide information on present and prospective conditions, needs and costs with regard to State, county and municipal capital facilities, including water, sewerage, transportation, solid waste, drainage, flood protection, shore protection and related capital facilities;
 - c. Develop and promote procedures to facilitate cooperation and coordination among State agencies, regional entities, and local governments with regard to the development of plans, programs and policies which affect land use, environmental, capital and economic development issues;
 - d. Provide technical assistance to local governments <u>and regional</u> <u>entities</u> in order to encourage the use of the most effective and efficient planning and development review data, tools and procedures;
 - e. Periodically review State, regional, and local government planning procedures and relationships and recommend to the Governor and the Legislature administrative or legislative action to promote a more efficient and effective planning process;
- f. Review any bill introduced in either house of the Legislature which appropriates funds for a capital project and may study the necessity, desirability and relative priority of the appropriation by reference to the State Development and Redevelopment Plan, and may make recommendations to the Legislature and to the Governor concerning the bill; and
- g. Take all actions necessary and proper to carry out the provisions of [this act] P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et al.).
- 46 (cf: P.L.1987, c.308, s.1)

- ¹[63.] <u>65.</u> ¹ Section 5 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-200) is amended to read as follows:
 - 5. The State Development and Redevelopment Plan shall be designed to represent a balance of development and conservation objectives best suited to meet the needs of the State. The plan shall:
 - a. Protect the natural resources and qualities of the State, including, but not limited to, agricultural development areas, fresh and saltwater wetlands, flood plains, stream corridors, aquifer recharge areas, steep slopes, areas of unique flora and fauna, and areas with scenic, historic, cultural and recreational values;
 - b. Promote development and redevelopment in a manner consistent with sound planning and where infrastructure can be provided at private expense or with reasonable expenditures of public funds. This should not be construed to give preferential treatment to new construction;
 - c. Consider input from State, <u>regional</u>, county and municipal entities concerning their land use, environmental, capital and economic development plans, including to the extent practicable any State <u>and regional</u> plans concerning natural resources or infrastructure elements;
- d. Identify areas for growth, limited growth, agriculture, open space conservation and other appropriate designations that the commission may deem necessary;
 - e. Incorporate a reference guide of technical planning standards and guidelines used in the preparation of the plan; and
 - f. Coordinate planning activities and establish Statewide planning objectives in the following areas: land use, housing, economic development, transportation, natural resource conservation, agriculture and farmland retention, recreation, urban and suburban redevelopment, historic preservation, public facilities and services, and intergovernmental coordination.

31 (cf: P.L.1985, c.398, s.5)

- ¹[64.] <u>66.</u> Section 6 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-201) is amended to read as follows:
- 6. a. There is established in the Department of the Treasury the Office of State Planning. The director of the office shall be appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the Governor. The director shall supervise and direct the activities of the office and shall serve as the secretary and principal executive officer of the State Planning Commission.
- b. The Office of State Planning shall assist the commission in the performance of its duties and shall:
- 43 (1) Publish an annual report on the status of the State Development 44 and Redevelopment Plan which shall describe the progress towards 45 achieving the goals of the plan, the degree of consistency achieved 46 among municipal, county, regional, and State plans, the capital needs

of the State, and progress towards providing housing where such need is indicated;

- (2) Provide planning service to other agencies or instrumentalities of State government, review the plans prepared by them, and coordinate planning to avoid or mitigate conflicts between plans;
- 6 (3) Provide advice and assistance to <u>regional</u>, county and local planning units;
 - (4) Review and comment on the plans of interstate agencies where the plans affect this State;
 - (5) Compile quantitative current estimates and Statewide forecasts for population, employment, housing and land needs for development and redevelopment; and
 - (6) Prepare and submit to the State Planning Commission, as an aid in the preparation of the State Development and Redevelopment Plan, alternate growth and development strategies which are likely to produce favorable economic, environmental and social results.
 - c. The director shall ensure that the responsibilities and duties of the commission are fulfilled, and shall represent the commission and promote its activities before government agencies, public and private interest groups and the general public, and shall undertake or direct such other activities as the commission shall direct or as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of [this act] P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et al.).
 - d. With the consent of the commission, the director shall assign to the commission from the staff of the office at least two full-time planners, a full-time liaison to local and county governments <u>and regional entities</u>, and such other staff, clerical, stenographic and expert assistance as [he] <u>the director</u> shall deem necessary for the fulfillment of the commission's responsibilities and duties.

30 (cf: P.L.1985, c.398, s.6)

¹[65.] <u>67.</u> Section 7 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-202) is amended to read as follows:

7. a. In preparing, maintaining and revising the State Development and Redevelopment Plan, the commission shall solicit and give due consideration to the plans, comments and advice of each county and municipality, State agencies designated by the commission, the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council established pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), and other local and regional entities. Prior to the adoption of each plan, the commission shall prepare and distribute a preliminary plan to each county planning board, municipal planning board and other requesting parties, including State agencies, the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, and metropolitan planning organizations. Not less than 45 nor more than 90 days thereafter, the commission shall conduct a joint public informational meeting with

1 each county planning board in each county and with the Highlands 2 Water Protection and Planning Council for the purpose of providing 3 information on the plan, responding to inquiries concerning the plan, 4 and receiving informal comments and recommendations from county and municipal planning boards, local public officials, the Highlands 5 Water Protection and Planning Council, and other interested parties. 6 7 b. The commission shall negotiate plan cross-acceptance with each 8 county planning board, which shall solicit and receive any findings, 9 recommendations and objections concerning the plan from local 10 planning bodies. Each county planning board shall negotiate plan 11 cross-acceptance among the local planning bodies within the county, 12 unless it shall notify the commission in writing within 45 days of the 13 receipt of the preliminary plan that it waives this responsibility, in which case the commission shall designate an appropriate entity, or 14 15 itself, to assume this responsibility. Each board or designated entity 16 shall, within ten months of receipt of the preliminary plan, file with the 17 commission a formal report of findings, recommendations and 18 objections concerning the plan, including a description of the degree 19 of consistency and any remaining inconsistency between the 20 preliminary plan and county and municipal plans. In any event, should 21 any municipality's plan remain inconsistent with the State Development 22 and Redevelopment Plan after the completion of the cross-acceptance 23 process, the municipality may file its own report with the State 24 Planning Commission, notwithstanding the fact that the [County 25 Planning Board] county planning board has filed its report with the 26 State Planning Commission. The term cross-acceptance means a 27 process of comparison of planning policies among governmental levels 28 with the purpose of attaining compatibility between local, county. 29 regional, and State plans. The process is designed to result in a 30 written statement specifying areas of agreement or disagreement and 31 areas requiring modification by parties to the cross-acceptance. 32 ¹[Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, any 33 municipality or county in the Highlands Region, as defined in section 34 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), 35 whose municipal master plan and development regulations or county 36 master plan and associated regulations, respectively, have been 37 approved by the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council 38 pursuant to sections 14 or 15 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the 39 Legislature as this bill) to be in conformance with the Highlands 40 regional master plan adopted by the council pursuant to section 8 of 41 P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) shall be 42 exempt from the cross-acceptance process required by this subsection 43 for those portions of the municipality or county lying within the 44 Highlands Region.]¹

c. Upon consideration of the formal reports of the county planning

boards, the commission shall prepare and distribute a final plan to

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- 1 county and municipal planning boards, the Highlands Water Protection
- 2 <u>and Planning Council</u>, and other interested parties. The commission
- 3 shall conduct not less than six public hearings in different locations
- 4 throughout the State for the purpose of receiving comments on the
- 5 final plan. The commission shall give at least 30 days' public notice of
- 6 each hearing in advertisements in at least two newspapers which
- 7 circulate in the area served by the hearing and at least 30 days' notice
- 8 to the governing body and planning board of each county and
- 9 municipality in the area served by the hearing <u>and to the Highlands</u>
- Water Protection and Planning Council for any area in the Highlands
- 11 Region served by the hearing.
- d. Taking full account of the testimony presented at the public hearings, the commission shall make revisions in the plan as it deems necessary and appropriate and adopt the final plan by a majority vote of its authorized membership no later than 60 days after the final public hearing.
- 17 (cf: P.L.1998, c.109, s.1)

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- ¹[66.] <u>68.</u>¹ Section 2 of P.L.1989, c.332 (C.52:18A-202.2) is amended to read as follows:
- 2. a. The Office of State Planning in consultation with the Office
 of Economic Policy, shall utilize the following:
 - (1) Conduct portions of these studies using its own staff;
- (2) Contract with other State agencies to conduct portions of thesestudies; and
- 26 (3) Contract with an independent firm or an institution of higher 27 learning to conduct portions of these studies.
- b. Any portion of the studies conducted by the Office of State Planning, or any other State agency, shall be subject to review by an independent firm or an institution of higher learning.
 - c. The Assessment Study and the oversight review shall be submitted in the form of a written report to the State Planning Commission for distribution to the Governor, the Legislature, appropriate regional entities, and the governing bodies of each county and municipality in the State during the cross-acceptance process and prior to the adoption of the Final Plan.
- d. A period extending from at least 45 days prior to the first of six public hearings, which are required under the State Planning Act, P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.), to 30 days following the last public hearing shall be provided for counties and municipalities to review and respond to the studies. Requests for revisions to the Interim Plan shall be considered by the State Planning Commission in the formulation of the Final Plan.
- 44 (cf: P.L.1989, c.332, s.2)

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46 ¹[67.] <u>69.</u> ¹ Section 8 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-203) is

1 amended to read as follows:

8. ¹a. ¹ The commission shall adopt rules and regulations to carry out its purposes, including procedures to facilitate the solicitation and receipt of comments in the preparation of the preliminary and final plan and to ensure a process for comparison of the plan with county and municipal master plans and regional plans, and procedures for coordinating the information collection, storage and retrieval activities of the various State agencies ¹, and to establish a process for the endorsement of municipal, county, and regional plans that are consistent with the State Development and Redevelopment Plan.

b. Any municipality or county or portion thereof located in the Highlands preservation area as defined in section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) shall be exempt from the plan endorsement process established in the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to subsection a. of this section. Upon the State Planning Commission endorsing the regional master plan adopted by the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council pursuant to section 8 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), any municipal master plan and development regulations or county master plan and associated regulations that have been approved by the <u>Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council pursuant to sections</u> 14 or 15 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) shall be deemed the equivalent of having those plans endorsed by the State Planning Commission¹.

25 (cf: P.L1985, c.398, s.8)

¹[68.] <u>70.</u>¹ Section 9 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-204) is amended to read as follows:

9. The commission shall be entitled to call to its assistance any personnel of any State agency, regional entity, or county, municipality or political subdivision thereof as it may require in order to perform its duties. The officers and personnel of any State agency, regional entity, or county, municipality or political subdivision thereof and any other person may serve at the request of the commission upon any advisory committee as the commission may create without forfeiture of office or employment and with no loss or diminution in the compensation, status, rights and privileges which they otherwise enjoy. (cf: P.L.1985, c.398, s.9)

¹[69.] <u>71.</u>¹ Section 10 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-205) is amended to read as follows:

10. Each State agency, regional entity, or county, municipality or political subdivision thereof shall make available to the commission any studies, surveys, plans, data and other materials or information concerning the capital, land use, environmental, transportation, economic development and human services plans and programs of the

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     agency, entity, county, municipality or political subdivision.
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     (cf: P.L.1985, c.398, s.10)
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        <sup>1</sup>[70.] <u>72.</u> Section 11 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-206) is
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     amended to read as follows:
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        11. a. The provisions of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et al.)
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     shall not be construed to affect the plans and regulations of the
     Pinelands Commission pursuant to the "Pinelands Protection Act,"
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     P.L. 1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.) [or], the [Hackensack] New
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     Jersey Meadowlands [Development] Commission pursuant to the
     "Hackensack Meadowlands Reclamation and Development Act,"
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     P.L.1968, c.404 (C.13:17-1 et seq.), or the Highlands Water
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     Protection and Planning Council pursuant to the "Highlands Water
     Protection and Planning Act," P.L. , c. (C. ) (now before the
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     Legislature as this bill) for that portion of the Highlands Region lying
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     within the preservation area as defined in section 3 of P.L., c.
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     (C. ) (now before the Legislature as this bill). The State Planning
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     Commission shall rely on the adopted plans and regulations of these
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     entities in developing the State Development and Redevelopment Plan.
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        b. The State Planning Commission may adopt, after the enactment
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     date of P.L.1993, c.190 (C.13:19-5.1 et al.), the coastal planning
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     policies of the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to P.L.1973,
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     c.185 (C.13:19-1 et seq.), the coastal planning policies of the rules and
     regulations adopted pursuant to subsection b. of section 17 of
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     P.L.1973, c.185 (C.13:19-17) and any coastal planning policies of
     rules and regulations adopted pursuant to P.L.1973, c.185 (C.13:19-1
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     et seq.) thereafter as the State Development and Redevelopment Plan
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     for the coastal area as defined in section 4 of P.L.1973, c.185
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     (C.13:19-4).
     (cf: P.L.1993, c.190, s.19)
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        <sup>1</sup>[71.] <u>73.</u> Section 13 of P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-13) is
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     amended to read as follows:
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        13. a. The department shall prepare and adopt the New Jersey
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     Statewide Water Supply Plan, which plan shall be revised and updated
     at least once every five years.
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        b. The plan shall include, but need not be limited to, the following:
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        (1) An identification of existing Statewide and regional ground and
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     surface water supply sources, both interstate and intrastate, and the
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     current usage thereof;
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        (2) Projections of Statewide and regional water supply demands for
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     the duration of the plan;
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        (3) Recommendations for improvements to existing State water
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supply facilities, the construction of additional State water supply

facilities, and for the interconnection or consolidation of existing water

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supply systems;

- 1 (4) Recommendations for the diversion or use of fresh surface or 2 ground waters and saline surface or ground waters for aquaculture 3 purposes;
 - (5) Recommendations for legislative and administrative actions to provide for the maintenance and protection of watershed areas; and
- (6) Identification of lands purchased by the State for water supply 6 7 facilities that currently are not actively used for water supply purposes, 8 including, but not limited to, the Six Mile Run Reservoir Site, with 9 recommendations as to the future use of these lands for water supply 10 purposes within or outside of the planning horizon for the plan.
- 11 c. Prior to adopting the plan, including any revisions and updates 12 thereto, the department shall:
 - (1) Prepare and make available to all interested persons a copy of the proposed plan or proposed revisions and updates to the current
- (2) Conduct public meetings in the several geographic areas of the 16 17 State on the proposed plan or proposed revisions and updates to the 18 current plan; and
 - (3) Consider the comments made at these meetings, make any revisions to the proposed plan or proposed revisions and updates to the current plan as it deems necessary, and adopt the plan.
- 21 22 d. Prior to the adoption of any revision to the New Jersey 23 Statewide Water Supply Plan pursuant to this section, the department shall consult with the Highlands Water Protection and Planning 24 Council¹, established pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) 25 (now before the Legislature as this bill), 1 concerning the possible 26 effects and impact of the plan upon the Highlands regional master 27 plan¹, adopted pursuant to section 8 of P.L., c. (C.) (now 28 before the Legislature as this bill), and the water and other natural 29 resources of the Highlands Region¹, as defined in section 3 of P.L. 30
- c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill)¹. 31
- 32 (cf: P.L.2003, c.251, s.2)

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- 34 ¹[72.] <u>74.</u> Section 10 of P.L.1993, c.202 (C.58:1A-15.1) is 35 amended to read as follows:
- 10. No action taken by the department pursuant to the provisions 36
- 37 of P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-1 et al.) or P.L.1993, c.202
- 38 (C.58:1A-7.3 et al.) shall be inconsistent with the provisions of the
- 39 "Pinelands Protection Act," P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.)
- 40 [or], the comprehensive management plan for the pinelands area adopted pursuant to section 7 of P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-8), the
- 42 "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act," P.L., c. (C.)
- (now before the Legislature as this bill), or the Highlands regional 43
- 44 master plan adopted pursuant to section 8 of P.L., c. (C.) (now
- 45 before the Legislature as this bill).
- (cf: P.L.1993, c.202, s.10) 46

- ¹[73.] <u>75.</u> Section 6 of P.L.1981, c.293 (C.58:1B-6) is amended to read as follows:
- 3 6. a. The authority is hereby empowered to design, initiate, 4 acquire, construct, maintain, repair and operate projects or cause the 5 same to be operated pursuant to a lease, sublease, or agreement with 6 any person or governmental agency, and to issue bonds of the 7 authority to finance these projects, payable from the revenues and 8 other funds of the authority. All projects undertaken by the authority 9 shall conform to the recommendations of the New Jersey Statewide 10 Water Supply Plan.
 - b. The authority shall be subject to compliance with all State health and environmental protection statutes and regulations and any other statutes and regulations not inconsistent herewith. The authority may, upon the request of a governmental agency, enter into a contract to provide services for any project.
- 16 c. The authority shall consult with the Water Supply Advisory 17 Council from time to time prior to final action on any project or 18 undertaking authorized pursuant to this section.
- 18 19 d. The authority shall consult with the Highlands Water Protection 20 and Planning Council, established pursuant to section 4 of P.L. , 21 c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), from time to time 22 prior to final action on any project or undertaking authorized pursuant to this section in the Highlands Region, as defined in section 3 of 23 24 P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill). The provisions of section ¹[17] 16¹ of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the 25 Legislature as this bill) shall apply to the authority. 26
- 27 (cf: P.L.1981, c.293, s.6)

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¹[74.] <u>76.</u> Section 7 of P.L.2000, c.175 (C.58:4B-7) is amended to read as follows:

7. The Lake Hopatcong Commission shall, in conjunction with each Lake Hopatcong municipality, develop a stormwater and nonpoint source pollution management plan for the region. The stormwater management and nonpoint source pollution plan shall be designed to reduce siltation and prevent pollution caused by stormwater runoff or nonpoint sources that would otherwise degrade the water quality of Lake Hopatcong and its tributaries, interfere with water-based recreation, or adversely affect aquatic life. The goals and purposes of the plan shall be to improve the quality of stormwater runoff entering Lake Hopatcong, identify cost effective measures to control stormwater runoff and nonpoint source pollution, and identify funding mechanisms for implementation of such measures. The commission shall consult with the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, established pursuant to section 4 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), in developing the

stormwater and nonpoint source pollution management plan pursuant

135 to this section. Any plan developed pursuant to this section that may 1 2 impact upon or otherwise affect the Highlands preservation area, as defined in section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature 3 4 as this bill), shall be consistent with the Highlands regional master plan adopted by the council pursuant to section 8 of that act. 5 (cf: P.L.2000, c.175, s.7) 6 7 ¹[75.] <u>77.</u> Section 9 of P.L.2000, c.175 (C.58:4B-9) is amended 8 9 to read as follows: 10 9. Each municipality represented on the commission shall provide the commission notice of proposed amendments and revisions to 11 12 municipal master plans, zoning and other ordinances governing land 13 use and development, and applications for specific development 14 projects, and request that the commission review and evaluate the 15 proposed amendment, revision, or application to assess its potential 16 impact upon Lake Hopatcong and its watershed and provide the 17 commission's recommendations for appropriate action thereon. As 18 part of the commission's review and evaluation, the commission shall consider the consistency of the amendment or revision with the 19 Highlands regional master plan¹, adopted pursuant to section 8 of 20 P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), if it may 21 22 impact upon or otherwise affect the Highlands preservation area, as defined in section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature 23 24 as this bill), and shall consult with the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, established pursuant to section ¹[4of] 4 of ¹ P.L. 25 c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), on any such 26

28 (cf: P.L.2000, c.175, s.9)

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¹[76.] <u>78.</u> R.S.58:5-12 is amended to read as follows: 30

58:5-12. The district water supply commission shall thereupon proceed to formulate plans for obtaining a water supply or a new or additional water supply for [such] the municipality and any other municipalities that may desire water from such joint water supply, as provided for herein, and to estimate the cost thereof, the annual cost of operating the same, the probable share of the cost which each of the municipalities will be called upon to pay for its share of water supply and plant used in common with the other municipalities, and the cost of any distribution system, water supply or plant acquired or constructed for its individual use, and shall report [said] the plans to the municipalities, together with a form of contract, providing for the raising and payment of the necessary funds to meet the cost of acquisition and operation.

44 If the plans to be formulated pursuant to this section involve 45 obtaining water from the Highlands Region, as defined in section 3 of 46 P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), the

- 1 <u>district water supply commission shall consult with the Highlands</u>
- 2 Water Protection and Planning Council established pursuant to section
- 3 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) prior
- 4 to moving forward with any such plans or entering into any such
- 5 contracts. The provisions of section ¹[17] 16¹ of P.L., c. (C.)
- 6 (now before the Legislature as this bill) shall apply to the district water
- 7 supply commission.
- 8 (cf: R.S.58:5-12)

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- ¹[77.] <u>79.</u> Section 1 of P.L.1993, c.351 (C.58:10A-7.2) is amended to read as follows:
- 1. a. An application for a permit issued by the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.) for the discharge of groundwater to surface water involving a groundwater remedial action necessitated by a discharge from an underground storage tank containing petroleum products or a groundwater remedial action involving petroleum products, shall contain, in addition to a properly filled application form:
- (1) such documentation or other information on the permit application as may be prescribed by the department on a checklist made available to a prospective applicant;
- (2) if the discharge from the proposed groundwater remedial action is located within a wastewater service district or area of a local public entity, a certified statement that a request, dated at least 60 days prior to the filing of the permit application, had been made to the local public entity to discharge the groundwater into the wastewater collection or treatment facilities of that entity, and that no reply has been received from that entity, or a written statement by the local public entity, dated not more than 60 days prior to the filing of the permit application with the department, that the entity has approved or rejected a written request by the applicant to discharge the treated groundwater into the wastewater collection or treatment facilities of that entity. Notwithstanding that a local public entity has approved the request to discharge groundwater into its facilities, the department may approve the applicant's permit to discharge the groundwater to surface water upon a finding that it is in the public interest;
- 37 (3) a certified statement that a copy of the completed application 38 form along with a consent request, as prescribed in subsection b. of 39 this section, have been filed with the clerk of the municipality in which 40 the site of the proposed groundwater remedial action is located, and 41 setting forth the date of the filing with the host municipality, which 42 filing shall be made prior to, or concurrent with, the filing of the 43 application with the department; [and]
- 44 (4) within the pinelands area, documentation from the Pinelands 45 Commission that the application is consistent with the requirements of 46 the "Pinelands Protection Act," P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.)

1 or any regulations promulgated pursuant thereto and section 502 of 2 the "National Parks and Recreation Act of 1978" (Pub.L. 95-625); and 3 (5) within the Highlands preservation area, documentation from the 4 Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council that the application is consistent with the requirements of the "Highlands Water Protection 5 and Planning Act," P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as 6 7 this bill), and any rules and regulations and the Highlands regional 8 master plan adopted pursuant thereto.

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b. The department shall prescribe the form and content of a request for consent filed with a municipality pursuant to paragraph (3) of subsection a. of this section. The municipal consent request shall be limited to an identification of all municipal approvals with which the applicant is required to comply, the status of any applications filed therefor, and whether or not the municipality consents to the application and the specific reasons therefor. The request for consent form shall also advise that documentation and other information relating to the application have been filed and are available for review at the department. A municipality receiving a request for consent form shall have 30 days from the date of receipt of a copy of the application and request for consent form to file with the department the information requested, and its consent of, or objections to, the application. Municipal consent or objection to a groundwater remedial action shall be by resolution of the governing body of the municipality unless the governing body has, by resolution, delegated such authority to a qualified officer or entity thereof, in which case the endorsement shall be signed by the designated officer or official of the entity. Notwithstanding that a municipality objects to a permit application or fails to file a consent or objection to the permit application, the department may approve the applicant's permit application to discharge groundwater to surface water.

c. An application pursuant to subsection a. of this section shall be deemed complete, for the purposes of departmental review, within 30 days of the filing of the application with the department unless the department notifies the applicant, in writing, prior to expiration of the 30 days that the application has failed to satisfy one or more of the items identified in subsection a. of this section. If an application is determined to be complete, the department shall review and take final action on the completed application within 60 days from commencement of the review, or, if the parties mutually agree to a 30-day extension, within 90 days therefrom. The review period for a completed application shall commence immediately upon termination of the 30-day period, or upon determination by the department that the application is complete, whichever occurs first. If the department fails to take final action on a permit application for a general permit in the time frames set forth in this subsection, that general permit shall be deemed to have been approved by the department. The department

- 1 shall review an application for a permit pursuant to subsection a. of
- 2 this section and shall take action on that application pursuant to the
- 3 time frames set forth in this subsection, notwithstanding that all of the
- 4 municipal approvals have not been obtained, unless such approvals
- 5 would materially affect the terms and conditions of the permit, except
- 6 that in such instances the department may condition its approval of the
- 7 application on the necessary municipal approvals being subject to the
- 8 terms and conditions of the application.

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- d. The department may issue a general permit for the discharge of groundwater to surface water pursuant to a groundwater remedial action of discharged petroleum products as provided in subsection a. of this section.
- e. (1) The department may not require a municipal consent of a treatment works application for a groundwater remedial action for which a permit application is submitted pursuant to subsection a. of this section.
- (2) If a completed application for a treatment works approval for a groundwater remedial action is filed with the department at the same time as an application for a general permit therefor, the department shall concurrently review the two applications, except that the review of the application for the treatment works approval for a groundwater remedial action shall not be subject to the time frames set forth in subsection c. of this section.
- f. The provisions of this section shall apply to applications filed on or after the effective date of this act, except that the Department of Environmental Protection may implement any of the provisions of this section prior to that date.
- g. The department may, in accordance with the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), adopt rules and regulations to implement the provisions of this act.
- 31 h. For purposes of this section:
- "General permit" means a permit issued by the department for similar discharges.
- "Groundwater remedial action" means the removal or abatement ofone or more pollutants in a groundwater source.
- "Local public entity" means a sewerage authority established pursuant to P.L.1946, c.138 (C.40:14A-1 et seq.), a municipal authority established pursuant to P.L.1957, c.183 (C.40:14B-1 et seq.), the Passaic Valley Sewerage Commissioners continued pursuant to R.S.58:14-2, a joint meeting established pursuant to R.S.40:63-68 et seq. or a local unit authorized to operate a sewerage facility pursuant to N.J.S.40A:26A-1 et seq., or any predecessor act.
- "Underground storage tank" shall have the same meaning as in section 2 of P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-22), except that as used herein underground storage tanks shall include:
- 46 (1) farm underground storage tanks of 1,100 gallons or less

1 capacity used for storing motor fuel for noncommercial purposes;

- (2) underground storage tanks used to store heating oil for on-site consumption in a nonresidential building with a capacity of 2,000 gallons or less; and
- (3) underground storage tanks used to store heating oil for on-site consumption in a residential building.

7 (cf: P.L.1993, c.351, s.1)

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- ¹[78.] <u>80.</u>¹ Section 24 of P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-2) is amended to read as follows:
- 24. a. The department shall, pursuant to the "Administrative 11 Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), adopt rules and 12 13 regulations establishing criteria and minimum standards necessary for 14 the submission, evaluation and approval of plans or results of 15 preliminary assessments, site investigations, remedial investigations, and remedial action workplans and for the implementation thereof. 16 The documents for the preliminary assessment, site investigation, 17 remedial investigation, and remedial action workplan required to be 18 19 submitted for a remediation, shall not be identical to the criteria and 20 standards used for similar documents submitted pursuant to federal 21 law, except as may be required by federal law. In establishing criteria 22 and minimum standards for these terms the department shall strive to be result oriented, provide for flexibility, and to avoid duplicate or 23 24 unnecessarily costly or time consuming conditions or standards.
 - b. The regulations adopted by the department pursuant to subsection a. of this section shall provide that a person performing a remediation may deviate from the strict adherence to the regulations, in a variance procedure or by another method prescribed by the department, if that person can demonstrate that the deviation and the resulting remediation would be as protective of human health, safety, and the environment, as appropriate, as the department's regulations and that the health risk standards established in subsection d. of section 35 of P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-12) and any applicable environmental standards would be met. Factors to be considered in determining if the deviation should be allowed are whether the alternative method:
 - (1) has been either used successfully or approved by the department in writing or similar situations;
- 39 (2) reflects current technology as documented in peer-reviewed 40 professional journals;
 - (3) can be expected to achieve the same or substantially the same results or objectives as the method which it is to replace; and
 - (4) furthers the attainment of the goals of the specific remedial phase for which it is used.
- The department shall make available to the public, and shall periodically update, a list of alternative remediation methods used

successfully or approved by the department as provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection.

- c. To the extent practicable and in conformance with the standards for remediations as provided in section 35 of P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10-12), the department shall adopt rules and regulations that allow for certain remedial actions to be undertaken in a manner prescribed by the department without having to obtain prior approval from or submit detailed documentation to the department. A person who performs a remedial action in the manner prescribed in the rules and regulations of the department, and who certifies this fact to the department, shall obtain a no further action letter from the department for that particular remedial action.
 - d. The department shall develop regulatory procedures that encourage the use of innovative technologies in the performance of remedial actions and other remediation activities.
- e. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, all remediation standards and remedial actions that involve real property located in the pinelands area shall be consistent with the provisions of the "Pinelands Protection Act," P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.), any rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto, and with section 502 of the "National Parks and Recreation Act of 1978," 16 U.S.C. s.471i.
 - f. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, all remediation standards and remedial actions that involve real property located in the Highlands preservation area shall be consistent with the provisions of the "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act," P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), and any rules and regulations and the Highlands regional master plan adopted pursuant thereto.

30 (cf: P.L.1997, c.278, s.10)

¹[79.] <u>81.</u> ¹ Section 35 of P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-12) is amended to read as follows:

35. a. The Department of Environmental Protection shall adopt minimum remediation standards for soil, groundwater, and surface water quality necessary for the remediation of contamination of real property. The remediation standards shall be developed to ensure that the potential for harm to public health and safety and to the environment is minimized to acceptable levels, taking into consideration the location, the surroundings, the intended use of the property, the potential exposure to the discharge, and the surrounding ambient conditions, whether naturally occurring or man-made.

Until the minimum remediation standards for the protection of public health and safety as described herein are adopted, the department shall apply public health and safety remediation standards for contamination at a site on a case-by-case basis based upon the 1 considerations and criteria enumerated in this section.

2 The department shall not propose or adopt remediation standards 3 protective of the environment pursuant to this section, except 4 standards for groundwater or surface water, until recommendations are made by the Environment Advisory Task Force created pursuant 5 to section 37 of P.L.1993, c.139. Until the Environment Advisory 6 7 Task Force issues its recommendations and the department adopts remediation standards protective of the environment as required by 8 9 this section, the department shall continue to determine the need for 10 and the application of remediation standards protective of the 11 environment on a case-by-case basis in accordance with the guidance and regulations of the United States Environmental Protection Agency 12 pursuant to the "Comprehensive Environmental Response, 13 Compensation and Liability Act of 1980," 42 U.S.C. s.9601 et seq. 14 15 and other statutory authorities as applicable.

The department may not require any person to perform an ecological evaluation of any area of concern that consists of an underground storage tank storing heating oil for on-site consumption in a one to four family residential building.

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- b. In developing minimum remediation standards the department shall:
 - (1) base the standards on generally accepted and peer reviewed scientific evidence or methodologies;
 - (2) base the standards upon reasonable assumptions of exposure scenarios as to amounts of contaminants to which humans or other receptors will be exposed, when and where those exposures will occur, and the amount of that exposure;
- 28 (3) avoid the use of redundant conservative assumptions. The 29 department shall avoid the use of redundant conservative assumptions by the use of parameters that provide an adequate margin of safety and 30 which avoid the use of unrealistic conservative exposure parameters 31 32 and which guidelines make use of the guidance and regulations for exposure assessment developed by the United States Environmental 33 34 Protection Agency pursuant to the "Comprehensive Environmental 35 Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980," 42 U.S.C. s.9601 et seq. and other statutory authorities as applicable; 36
 - (4) where feasible, establish the remediation standards as numeric or narrative standards setting forth acceptable levels or concentrations for particular contaminants; and
- 40 (5) consider and utilize, in the absence of other standards used or 41 developed by the Department of Environmental Protection and the 42 United States Environmental Protection Agency, the toxicity factors, 43 slope factors for carcinogens and reference doses for non-carcinogens 44 from the United States Environmental Protection Agency's Integrated 45 Risk Information System (IRIS).
- 46 c. (1) The department shall develop residential and nonresidential

soil remediation standards that are protective of public health and 2 For contaminants that are mobile and transportable to 3 groundwater or surface water, the residential and nonresidential soil 4 remediation standards shall be protective of groundwater and surface water. Residential soil remediation standards shall be set at levels or 5 6 concentrations of contamination for real property based upon the use 7 of that property for residential or similar uses and which will allow the 8 unrestricted use of that property without the need of engineering 9 devices or any institutional controls and without exceeding a health 10 risk standard greater than that provided in subsection d. of this 11 section. Nonresidential soil remediation standards shall be set at levels 12 or concentrations of contaminants that recognize the lower likelihood 13 of exposure to contamination on property that will not be used for 14 residential or similar uses, which will allow for the unrestricted use of 15 that property for nonresidential purposes, and that can be met without the need of engineering controls. Whenever real property is 16 17 remediated to a nonresidential soil remediation standard, except as 18 otherwise provided in paragraph (3) of subsection g. of this section, 19 the department shall require, pursuant to section 36 of P.L.1993, c.139 20 (C.58:10B-13), that the use of the property be restricted to 21 nonresidential or other uses compatible with the extent of the 22 contamination of the soil and that access to that site be restricted in a 23 manner compatible with the allowable use of that property.

(2) The department may develop differential remediation standards for surface water or groundwater that take into account the current, planned, or potential use of that water in accordance with the "Clean Water Act" (33 U.S.C. s.1251 et seq.) and the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.).

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- d. The department shall develop minimum remediation standards for soil, groundwater, and surface water intended to be protective of public health and safety taking into account the provisions of this section. In developing these minimum health risk remediation standards the department shall identify the hazards posed by a contaminant to determine whether exposure to that contaminant can cause an increase in the incidence of an adverse health effect and whether the adverse health effect may occur in humans. The department shall set minimum soil remediation health risk standards for both residential and nonresidential uses that:
- 39 (1) for human carcinogens, as categorized by the United States 40 Environmental Protection Agency, will result in an additional cancer 41 risk of one in one million;
- 42 (2) for noncarcinogens, will limit the Hazard Index for any given 43 effect to a value not exceeding one.
- The health risk standards established in this subsection are for any particular contaminant and not for the cumulative effects of more than one contaminant at a site.

1 e. Remediation standards and other remediation requirements 2 established pursuant to this section and regulations adopted pursuant 3 thereto shall apply to remediation activities required pursuant to the 4 Compensation and Control Act," P.L.1976, c.141 (C.58:10-23.11 et seq.), the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, 5 c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.), P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-21 et seq.), the 6 7 "Industrial Site Recovery Act," P.L.1983, c.330 (C.13:1K-6 et al.), the 8 "Solid Waste Management Act," P.L.1970, c.39 (C.13:1E-1 et seq.), 9 the "Comprehensive Regulated Medical Waste Management Act," 10 P.L.1989, c.34 (C.13:1E-48.1 et seq.), the "Major Hazardous Waste 11 Facilities Siting Act," P.L.1981, c.279 (C.13:1E-49 et seq.), the "Sanitary Landfill Facility Closure and Contingency Fund Act," 12 P.L.1981, c.306 (C.13:1E-100 et seq.), the "Regional Low-Level 13 14 Radioactive Waste Disposal Facility Siting Act," P.L.1987, c.333 15 (C.13:1E-177 et seq.), or any other law or regulation by which the State may compel a person to perform remediation activities on 16 17 contaminated property. However, nothing in this subsection shall be construed to limit the authority of the department to establish 18 19 discharge limits for pollutants or to prescribe penalties for violations 20 of those limits pursuant to P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.), or to 21 require the complete removal of nonhazardous solid waste pursuant to 22 law.

23 f. (1) A person performing a remediation of contaminated real property, in lieu of using the established minimum soil remediation 24 25 standard for either residential use or nonresidential use adopted by the 26 department pursuant to subsection c. of this section, may submit to the 27 department a request to use an alternative residential use or 28 nonresidential use soil remediation standard. The use of an alternative 29 soil remediation standard shall be based upon site specific factors 30 which may include (1) physical site characteristics which may vary 31 from those used by the department in the development of the soil 32 remediation standards adopted pursuant to this section; or (2) a site specific risk assessment. If a person performing a remediation 33 34 requests to use an alternative soil remediation standard based upon a 35 site specific risk assessment, that person shall demonstrate to the department that the requested deviation from the risk assessment 36 37 protocol used by the department in the development of soil 38 remediation standards pursuant to this section is consistent with the 39 guidance and regulations for exposure assessment developed by the 40 United States Environmental Protection Agency pursuant to the 41 "Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980," 42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq. and other statutory 42 43 authorities as applicable. A site specific risk assessment may consider 44 exposure scenarios and assumptions that take into account the form of 45 the contaminant present, natural biodegradation, fate and transport of 46 the contaminant, available toxicological data that are based upon

1 generally accepted and peer reviewed scientific evidence or

- 2 methodologies, and physical characteristics of the site, including, but
- 3 not limited to, climatic conditions and topographic conditions.
- 4 Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize the use of
- 5 an alternative soil remediation standard in those instances where an
- 6 engineering control is the appropriate remedial action, as determined
- 7 by the department, to prevent exposure to contamination.

- Upon a determination by the department that the requested alternative remediation standard satisfies the department's regulations, is protective of public health and safety, as established in subsection d. of this section, and is protective of the environment pursuant to subsection a. of this section, the alternative residential use or nonresidential use soil remediation standard shall be approved by the department. The burden to demonstrate that the requested alternative remediation standard is protective rests with the person requesting the alternative standard and the department may require the submission of any documentation as the department determines to be necessary in order for the person to meet that burden.
 - (2) The department may, upon its own initiative, require an alternative remediation standard for a particular contaminant for a specific real property site, in lieu of using the established minimum residential use or nonresidential use soil remediation standard adopted by the department for a particular contaminant pursuant to this section. The department may require an alternative remediation standard pursuant to this paragraph upon a determination by the department, based on the weight of the scientific evidence, that due to specific physical site characteristics of the subject real property, including, but not limited to, its proximity to surface water, the use of the adopted residential use or nonresidential use soil remediation standards would not be protective, or would be unnecessarily overprotective, of public health or safety or of the environment, as appropriate.
 - g. The development, selection, and implementation of any remediation standard or remedial action shall ensure that it is protective of public health, safety, and the environment, as applicable, as provided in this section. In determining the appropriate remediation standard or remedial action that shall occur at a site, the department and any person performing the remediation, shall base the decision on the following factors:
 - (1) Unrestricted use remedial actions, limited restricted use remedial actions and restricted use remedial actions shall be allowed except that unrestricted use remedial actions and limited restricted use remedial actions shall be preferred over restricted use remedial actions. The department, however, may not disapprove the use of a restricted use remedial action or a limited restricted use remedial action so long as the selected remedial action meets the health risk standard

- 1 established in subsection d. of this section, and where, as applicable,
- 2 is protective of the environment. The choice of the remedial action to
- 3 be implemented shall be made by the person performing the
- 4 remediation in accordance with regulations adopted by the department
- 5 and that choice of the remedial action shall be approved by the
- 6 department if all the criteria for remedial action selection enumerated
- 7 in this section, as applicable, are met. The department may not
- 8 require a person to compare or investigate any alternative remedial
- 9 action as part of its review of the selected remedial action;

- (2) Contamination may, upon the department's approval, be left onsite at levels or concentrations that exceed the minimum soil remediation standards for residential use if the implementation of institutional or engineering controls at that site will result in the protection of public health, safety and the environment at the health risk standard established in subsection d. of this section and if the requirements established in subsections a., b., c. and d. of section 36 of P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-13) are met;
- (3) Real property on which there is soil that has not been remediated to the residential soil remediation standards, or real property on which the soil, groundwater, or surface water has been remediated to meet the required health risk standard by the use of engineering or institutional controls, may be developed or used for residential purposes, or for any other similar purpose, if (a) all areas of that real property at which a person may come into contact with soil are remediated to meet the residential soil remediation standards and (b) it is clearly demonstrated that for all areas of the real property, other than those described in subparagraph (a) above, engineering and institutional controls can be implemented and maintained on the real property sufficient to meet the health risk standard as established in subsection d. of this section;
- (4) Remediation shall not be required beyond the regional natural background levels for any particular contaminant. The department shall develop regulations that set forth a process to identify background levels of contaminants for a particular region. For the purpose of this paragraph "regional natural background levels" means the concentration of a contaminant consistently present in the environment of the region of the site and which has not been influenced by localized human activities;
- (5) Remediation shall not be required of the owner or operator of real property for contamination coming onto the site from another property owned and operated by another person, unless the owner or operator is the person who is liable for cleanup and removal costs pursuant to P.L.1976, c.141 (C.58:10-23.11 et seq.);
- 44 (6) Groundwater that is contaminated shall not be required to be 45 remediated to a level or concentration for any particular contaminant 46 lower than the level or concentration that is migrating onto the

1 property from another property owned and operated by another 2 person;

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- (7) The technical performance, effectiveness and reliability of the proposed remedial action in attaining and maintaining compliance with applicable remediation standards and required health risk standards shall be considered. In reviewing a proposed remedial action, the department shall also consider the ability of the owner or operator to implement the proposed remedial action within a reasonable time frame without jeopardizing public health, safety or the environment;
- (8) The use of a remedial action for soil contamination that is determined by the department to be effective in its guidance document created pursuant to section 38 of P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-14), is presumed to be an appropriate remedial action if it is to be implemented on a site in the manner described by the department in the guidance document and applicable regulations and if all of the conditions for remedy selection provided for in this section are met. The burden to prove compliance with the criteria in the guidance document is with the person performing the remediation;
 - (9) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1997, c.278).

The burden to demonstrate that a remedial action is protective of public health, safety and the environment, as applicable, and has been selected in conformance with the provisions of this subsection is with the person proposing the remedial action.

The department may require the person performing the remediation to supply the information required pursuant to this subsection as is necessary for the department to make a determination.

h. (1) The department shall adopt regulations which establish a procedure for a person to demonstrate that a particular parcel of land contains large quantities of historical fill material. determination by the department that large quantities of historic fill material exist on that parcel of land, there is a rebuttable presumption that the department shall not require any person to remove or treat the fill material in order to comply with applicable health risk or environmental standards. In these areas the department shall establish by regulation the requirement for engineering or institutional controls that are designed to prevent exposure of these contaminants to humans, that allow for the continued use of the property, that are less costly than removal or treatment, which maintain the health risk standards as established in subsection d. of this section, and, as applicable, are protective of the environment. The department may rebut the presumption only upon a finding by the preponderance of the evidence that the use of engineering or institutional controls would not be effective in protecting public health, safety, and the environment. The department may not adopt any rule or regulation that has the effect of shifting the burden of rebutting the presumption. For the purposes of this paragraph "historic fill material" means generally large

1 volumes of non-indigenous material, no matter what date they were 2 emplaced on the site, used to raise the topographic elevation of a site, 3 which were contaminated prior to emplacement and are in no way 4 connected with the operations at the location of emplacement and which include, but are not limited to, construction debris, dredge 5 6 spoils, incinerator residue, demolition debris, fly ash, and 7 non-hazardous solid waste. Historic fill material shall not include any 8 material which is substantially chromate chemical production waste or 9 any other chemical production waste or waste from processing of 10 metal or mineral ores, residues, slags or tailings.

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- (2) The department shall develop recommendations for remedial actions in large areas of historic industrial contamination. These recommendations shall be designed to meet the health risk standards established in subsection d. of this section, and to be protective of the environment and shall take into account the industrial history of these sites, the extent of the contamination that may exist, the costs of remedial actions, the economic impacts of these policies, and the anticipated uses of these properties. The department shall issue a report to the Senate Environment Committee and to the Assembly Agriculture and Waste Management Committee, or their successors, explaining these recommendations and making any recommendations for legislative or regulatory action.
- (3) The department may not, as a condition of allowing the use of a nonresidential use soil remediation standard, or the use of institutional or engineering controls, require the owner of that real property, except as provided in section 36 of P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-13), to restrict the use of that property through the filing of a deed easement, covenant, or condition.
- i. The department may not require a remedial action workplan to be prepared or implemented or engineering or institutional controls to be imposed upon any real property unless sampling performed at that real property demonstrates the existence of contamination above the applicable remediation standards.
- 34 j. Upon the approval by the department of a remedial action 35 workplan, or similar plan that describes the extent of contamination at 36 a site and the remedial action to be implemented to address that 37 contamination, the department may not subsequently require a change 38 to that workplan or similar plan in order to compel a different 39 remediation standard due to the fact that the established remediation 40 standards have changed; however, the department may compel a 41 different remediation standard if the difference between the new remediation standard and the remediation standard approved in the 42 workplan or other plan differs by an order of magnitude. 43 44 limitation to the department's authority to change a workplan or 45 similar plan pursuant to this subsection shall only apply if the workplan or similar plan is being implemented in a reasonable timeframe, as may
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1 be indicated in the approved remedial action workplan or similar plan.

2 k. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, all 3 remediation standards and remedial actions that involve real property 4 located in the Pinelands area shall be consistent with the provisions of the "Pinelands Protection Act," P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.), 5 any rules and regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, and with 6 7 section 502 of the "National Parks and Recreation Act of 1978," 16 8 U.S.C. s.471i; and all remediation standards and remedial actions that 9 involve real property located in the Highlands preservation area shall 10 be consistent with the provisions of the "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act," P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as 11 12 this bill), and any rules and regulations and the Highland regional

master plan adopted pursuant thereto. 1. Upon the adoption of a remediation standard for a particular contaminant in soil, groundwater, or surface water pursuant to this section, the department may amend that remediation standard only upon a finding that a new standard is necessary to maintain the health risk standards established in subsection d. of section 35 of P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-12) or to protect the environment, as applicable. The

20 department may not amend a public health based soil remediation 21 standard to a level that would result in a health risk standard more

22 protective than that provided for in subsection d. of section 35 of 23

P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-12).

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m. Nothing in P.L.1993, c.139 shall be construed to restrict or in any way diminish the public participation which is otherwise provided under the provisions of the "Spill Compensation and Control Act," P.L.1976, c.141 (C.58:10-23.11 et seq.).

n. Notwithstanding any provision of subsection a. of section 36 of P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-13) to the contrary, the department may not require a person intending to implement a remedial action at an underground storage tank facility storing heating oil for on-site consumption at a one to four family residential dwelling to provide advance notice to a municipality prior to implementing that remedial action.

o. A person who has remediated a site pursuant to the provisions of this section, who was liable for the cleanup and removal costs of that discharge pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (1) of subsection c. of section 8 of P.L.1976, c.141 (C.58:10-23.11g), and who remains liable for the discharge on that site due to a possibility that a remediation standard may change, undiscovered contamination may be found, or because an engineering control was used to remediate the discharge, shall maintain with the department a current address at which that person may be contacted in the event additional remediation needs to be performed at the site. The requirement to maintain the current address shall be made part of the conditions of the no further action letter issued by the department.

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(cf: P.L.1997, c.278, s.17)
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        <sup>1</sup>[80.] <u>82.</u> Section 1 of P.L.1999, c.225 (C.58:29-8) is amended
     to read as follows:
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        1. <sup>1</sup>[a.] <sup>1</sup> There shall be appropriated each State fiscal year from
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     the <sup>1</sup>[General Fund] "Highlands Protection Fund" created pursuant to
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     section 19 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this
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     bill)<sup>1</sup> to each municipality within which any lands subject to the
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     moratorium on the conveyance of watershed lands imposed pursuant
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     to section 1 of P.L.1988, c.163, as amended by section 1 of P.L.1990,
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     c.19, <sup>1</sup>[or subject to the prohibition on the sale or conveyance of
     certain public water supply lands prescribed pursuant to section 27 of
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     P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), 1 are
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     located an amount of [$68.50] ^{1}[$35] $47 per acre of such lands
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     located within the municipality. Notwithstanding the provisions of this
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     section to the contrary, the per acre amount of watershed moratorium
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     <sup>1</sup>[or water supply protection] <sup>1</sup> offset aid prescribed by this section
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     shall be adjusted annually in direct proportion to the increase or
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     decrease in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers in the
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     New York City area as reported by the United States Department of
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     Labor. The adjustment shall become effective on July 1 of the year in
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     which the adjustment is made.
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        <sup>1</sup>[b. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection a. of this section
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     to the contrary, payments shall no longer be made pursuant thereto on
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     the basis of the location within a municipality of lands subject to the
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     moratorium on the conveyance of watershed lands imposed pursuant
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     to section 1 of P.L.1988, c.163, as amended by section 1 of P.L.1990,
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     c.19, if (1) those sections are repealed by law, or (2) the watershed
     land conveyance moratorium imposed pursuant to those sections is
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     terminated by a final, unappealed order of a court of competent
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     jurisdiction, whichever is sooner.]<sup>1</sup>
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     (cf: P.L.1999, c.225, s.1)
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        <sup>1</sup>[81. Section 3 of P.L.1999, c.225 is amended to read as follows:
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        3. This act shall take effect July 1, 1999 [and shall expire (1) on
     the repeal by law of section 1 of P.L.1988, c.163 and section 1 of
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     P.L.1990, c.19, or (2) upon termination of the watershed land
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     conveyance moratorium imposed pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1988,
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     c.163 and section 1 of P.L.1990, c.19, by a final, unappealed order of
     a court of competent jurisdiction, whichever is sooner].
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     (cf: P.L.1999, c.225, s.3)]<sup>1</sup>
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        <sup>1</sup>[82.] 83.<sup>1</sup> This act shall take effect immediately.
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3	The "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act"; creates
4	Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council; and dedicates a
5	portion of realty transfer fee revenue annually for certain State aid
6	purposes in the Highlands Region and the pinelands area.

SENATE, No. 1

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MARCH 29, 2004

Sponsored by:

Senator BOB SMITH

District 17 (Middlesex and Somerset)

Senator ROBERT J. MARTIN

District 26 (Morris and Passaic)

Co-Sponsored by:

Senators Codey, Palaia, Vitale, Coniglio and Karcher

SYNOPSIS

The "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act."

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 4/30/2004)

1 AN ACT concerning the Highlands Region, creating a Highlands Water 2 Protection and Planning Council, supplementing Title 13 of the 3 Revised Statutes, and amending and supplementing various sections 4 of the statutory law. 5

6 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 7 of New Jersey:

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1. (New section) This act shall be known, and may be cited, as the "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act."

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2. (New section) The Legislature finds and declares that the national Highlands Region is an area that extends from northwestern Connecticut across the lower Hudson River Valley and northern New Jersey into east central Pennsylvania; that the national Highlands region has been recognized as a landscape of special significance by the United States Forest Service; that the New Jersey portion of the national Highlands Region is nearly 800,000 acres, or about 1,250 miles, covering portions of 90 municipalities in seven counties; that the New Jersey Highlands Region is designated as a Special Resource

Area in the State Development and Redevelopment Plan.

The Legislature further finds and declares that the New Jersey Highlands is an essential source of drinking water, providing clean and plentiful drinking water for one-half of the State's population, including communities beyond the New Jersey Highlands, from only 13 percent of the State's land area; that the New Jersey Highlands contains other exceptional natural resources such as clean air, contiguous forest lands, wetlands, pristine watersheds, and wildlife and plant species habitats, includes many sites of historic significance, and provides abundant recreational opportunities for the citizens of the State.

The Legislature further finds and declares that the New Jersey Highlands provides a desirable quality of life and place where people live and work; that it is important to ensure the economic viability of communities throughout the New Jersey Highlands; that residential, commercial, and industrial development and redevelopment and economic growth in certain appropriate areas of the New Jersey Highlands is also in the best interests of all the citizens of the State, providing enumerable social, cultural, and economic benefits and opportunities.

41 The Legislature further finds and declares that there are 42 approximately 110,000 acres of agricultural lands in active production 43 in the New Jersey Highlands; that these lands are important resources

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

of the State that should be preserved; and that the agricultural industry in the region is a vital component of the economy and welfare of the State.

4 The Legislature further finds and declares that, since 1984, 65,000 5 acres, or over 100 square miles, of the New Jersey Highlands have 6 been lost to development; that sprawl and the pace of development in the region has dramatically increased, with the rate of loss of forested 7 8 lands and wetlands more than doubling since 1995; that the New 9 Jersey Highlands, because of its proximity to rapidly expanding 10 suburban areas, is at serious risk of being fragmented and consumed 11 by unplanned development; and that the existing land use and 12 environmental regulation system cannot protect the water and natural 13 resources of the New Jersey Highlands against the environmental 14 impacts of sprawl development.

15 The Legislature further finds and declares that the protection of the New Jersey Highlands, because of its vital link to the future of the 16 State's drinking water supplies and other key natural resources, is an 17 18 issue of State level importance that cannot be left to the uncoordinated 19 land use decisions of 90 municipalities, seven counties, and a myriad 20 of private landowners; that the State should take action to delineate 21 within the New Jersey Highlands a preservation area of exceptional 22 natural resource value that includes watershed protection and other 23 environmentally sensitive lands where stringent protection policies 24 would be implemented; that a regional approach to land use planning 25 in the preservation area should be established to replace the existing 26 uncoordinated system; that such a new regional approach to land use 27 planning should be complemented by increased standards more 28 protective of the environment established by the Department of 29 Environmental Protection for development in the preservation area of 30 the New Jersey Highlands; that the new regional planning approach 31 and the more stringent environmental regulatory standards should be 32 accompanied, as a matter of wise public policy and fairness to property 33 owners, by a strong and significant commitment by the State to fund 34 the acquisition of exceptional natural resource value lands; and that in 35 the light of the various pressures now arrayed against the New Jersey 36 Highlands, these new approaches should be implemented as soon as 37 possible.

The Legislature therefore determines, in the light of these findings set forth hereinabove, and with the intention of transforming them into action, that it is in the public interest of all the citizens of the State of New Jersey to enact legislation setting forth a comprehensive approach to the protection of the water and other natural resources of the New Jersey Highlands; that this comprehensive approach should consist of the identification of a preservation area of the New Jersey Highlands that would be subjected to stringent water and natural resource protection, planning, and regulation; that this comprehensive approach

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1 should also consist of the establishment of a Highlands Water 2 Protection and Planning Council charged with the preparation of a 3 regional master plan for the preservation area in the New Jersey 4 Highlands as well as for the region in general; that this comprehensive approach should also include the adoption by the Department of 5 6 Environmental Protection of stringent standards governing major 7 development in the Highlands preservation area; that because of the 8 imminent peril that the ongoing rush of development poses for the 9 New Jersey Highlands, immediate, interim standards should be 10 imposed on the date of enactment of this act on major development in 11 the preservation area of the New Jersey Highlands, followed 12 subsequently by adoption by the department of appropriate rules and 13 regulations; that it is appropriate to encourage in certain areas of the 14 New Jersey Highlands, consistent with the State Development and 15 Redevelopment Plan and smart growth strategies and principles, appropriate patterns of compatible residential, commercial, and 16 17 industrial development, redevelopment, and economic growth, in or 18 adjacent to areas already utilized for such purposes, and to discourage 19 piecemeal, scattered, and inappropriate development, in order to 20 accommodate local and regional growth and economic development 21 in an orderly way while protecting the Highlands environment from the 22 individual and cumulative adverse impacts thereof; that the 23 maintenance of agricultural production and a positive agricultural 24 business climate should be encouraged to the maximum extent possible 25 wherever appropriate in the New Jersey Highlands; and that all such 26 aforementioned measures should be guided, in heart, mind, and spirit, 27 by an abiding and generously given commitment to protecting the incomparable water resources and natural beauty of the New Jersey 28 29 Highlands so as to preserve them intact, in trust, forever for the 30 pleasure, enjoyment, and use of future generations while also 31 providing every conceivable opportunity for appropriate economic 32 growth and development to advance the qualify of life of the residents 33 of the region and the entire State.

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3. (New section) As used in this act:

"Application for development" means the application form and all accompanying documents required for approval of a subdivision plat, site plan, planned development, conditional use, zoning variance, or direction of the issuance of a permit pursuant to the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.) or R.S.40:27-1 et seq., for any use, development or construction;

"Council" means the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council established by section 4 of this act;

"Department" means the Department of Environmental Protection;
"Development regulation" means the same as that term is defined
in section 3.1 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-4);

1 "Disturbance" means the placement of impervious surface, the 2 exposure or movement of soil or bedrock, or the clearing, cutting, or 3 removing of vegetation;

4 "Environmental land use or water permit" means a permit, approval, 5 or other authorization issued by the Department of Environmental 6 Protection pursuant to the "Freshwater Wetlands Protection Act," 7 P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-1 et seq.), the "Water Supply Management 8 Act," P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-1 et seq.), the "Water Pollution 9 Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.), "The Realty 10 Improvement Sewerage and Facilities Act (1954)," P.L.1954, c.199 (C.58:11-23 et seq.), the "Water Quality Planning Act," P.L.1977, 11 c.75 (C.58:11A-1 et seq.), the "Safe Drinking Water Act," P.L.1977, 12 13 c.224 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.), or the "Flood Hazard Area Control Act," 14 P.L.1962, c.19 (C.58:16A-50 et seq.); or an approval for an individual 15 subsurface sewage disposal system from a delegated local health

agency pursuant to the "County Environmental Health Act," P.L.1977, c.443 (C.26:3A2-21 et al.);

"Highlands open waters" means all springs, streams, wetlands, and

"Highlands open waters" means all springs, streams, wetlands, and bodies of surface water, whether natural or artificial, located wholly or partially within the boundaries of the Highlands Region;

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"Highlands Region" means that region so designated by subsection a. of section 7 of this act;

"Impervious surface" means any structure, surface, or improvement that reduces or prevents absorption of stormwater into land, and includes porous paving, paver blocks, gravel, crushed stone, decks, patios, elevated structures, and other similar structures, surfaces, or improvements;

"Local government unit" means a municipality, county, or other political subdivision of the State, or any agency, board, commission, utilities authority or other authority, or other entity thereof;

31 "Major development" means any non-residential development, 32 whether or not it also qualifies as a development as defined in the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.); any 33 34 residential development, whether or not it also qualifies as a development as defined in the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, 35 c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.), that provides for the ultimate disturbance 36 37 of one acre or more of land or an increase in impervious surface of 38 one-quarter acre or more; or any residential development, whether or 39 not it also qualifies as a development as defined in the "Municipal 40 Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.), that requires an environmental land use or water permit issued by the Department 41 42 of Environmental Protection but which does not result in the ultimate 43 disturbance of one acre or more of land or an increase in impervious 44 surface by one-quarter acre or more;

"Planning area" means that portion of the Highlands Region notincluded within the preservation area;

1 "Preservation area" means that portion of the Highlands Region so 2 designated by subsection b. of section 7 of this act;

3 "Recreation and conservation purposes" means the same as that 4 term is defined in section 3 of P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-3);

"Regional master plan" means the Highlands regional master plan 6 or any revision thereof adopted by the council pursuant to section 8 of this act;

8 "State entity" means any State department, agency, board, 9 commission, or other entity, district water supply commission, 10 independent State authority or commission, or bi-state entity;

"State Development and Redevelopment Plan" means the State Development and Redevelopment Plan adopted pursuant to P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et al.); and

"Waters of the Highlands" means all springs, streams, and bodies of surface or ground water, whether natural or artificial, located wholly or partially within the boundaries of the Highlands Region.

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4. (New section) There is hereby established a public body corporate and politic, with corporate succession, to be known as the "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council." The council shall constitute a political subdivision of the State established as an instrumentality exercising public and essential governmental functions, and the exercise by the council of the powers and duties conferred by this act shall be deemed and held to be an essential governmental function of the State. For the purpose of complying with the provisions of Article V, Section IV, paragraph 1 of the New Jersey Constitution, the council is hereby allocated within the Department of Environmental Protection, but, notwithstanding that allocation, the council shall be independent of any supervision or control by the

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5. (New section) a. The council shall consist of 15 voting members to be appointed and qualified as follows:

department or by the commissioner or any officer or employee thereof.

- (1) Eight residents of the counties of Bergen, Hunterdon, Morris, Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, or Warren, appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, (a) of whom five shall be municipal officials holding elective office at the time of appointment and three shall be county officials holding elective office at the time of appointment, and (b) among whom shall be at least one resident from each of the counties of Bergen, Hunterdon, Morris, Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, and Warren; and
- 42 (2) Seven residents of the State, appointed by the Governor, with 43 the advice and consent of the Senate.
- 44 b. (1) Council members shall serve for terms of five years; 45 provided, however, that of the members first appointed, five shall serve a term of three years, five shall serve a term of four years, and 46

1 five shall serve a term of five years.

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- 2 (2) Each member shall serve for the term of the appointment and 3 until a successor shall have been appointed and qualified. Any vacancy 4 shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment for the 5 unexpired term only.
 - c. Any member of the council may be removed by the Governor, for cause, after a public hearing.
- d. Each member of the council, before entering upon the member's duties, shall take and subscribe an oath to perform the duties of the office faithfully, impartially, and justly to the best of the member's ability, in addition to any oath that may be required by R.S.41:1-1 et seq. A record of the oath shall be filed in the Office of the Secretary of State.
 - e. The members of the council shall serve without compensation, but the council may, within the limits or funds appropriated or otherwise made available for such purposes, reimburse its members for necessary expenses incurred in the discharge of their official duties.
 - f. The powers of the council shall be vested in the members thereof in office. A majority of the total authorized membership of the council shall constitute a quorum except that no action may be taken by the council except upon the affirmative vote of a majority of the quorum. No alternate or designee of any council member shall exercise any power to vote on any matter pending before the council.
 - g. The Governor shall designate one of the members of the council as chairperson. The council shall appoint an executive director, who shall be the chief administrative officer thereof. The executive director shall serve at the pleasure of the council, and shall be a person qualified by training and experience to perform the duties of the office.
- h. The members and staff of the council shall be subject to the "New Jersey Conflicts of Interest Law," P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-12 et seq.).
- i. The council shall be subject to the provisions of the "Open Public
 Meetings Act," P.L.1975, c.231 (C.10:4-6 et seq.).
- 34 j. A true copy of the minutes of every meeting of the council shall be prepared and forthwith delivered to the Governor. No action taken 35 at a meeting by the council shall have force or effect until 10 days, 36 37 exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and public holidays, after a copy of 38 the minutes shall have been so delivered; provided, however, that no 39 action taken with respect to the adoption of the regional master plan, 40 or any portion or revision thereof, shall have force or effect until 30 41 days, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and public holidays, after a 42 copy of the minutes shall have been so delivered. If, in the 10-day 43 period, or 30-day period, as the case may be, the Governor returns the 44 copy of the minutes with a veto of any action taken by the council at 45 the meeting, the action shall be null and void and of no force and effect. 46

- 1 6. (New section) The council shall have the following powers,
- 2 duties, and responsibilities, in addition to those prescribed elsewhere
- 3 in this act:

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- a. To adopt and from time to time amend and repeal suitable
 bylaws for the management of its affairs;
- b. To adopt and use an official seal and alter it at the council'spleasure;
- 8 c. To maintain an office at such place or places in the Highlands 9 Region as it may designate;
 - d. To sue and be sued in its own name;
- e. To appoint, retain and employ, without regard to the provisions of Title 11A of the New Jersey Statutes but within the limits of funds appropriated or otherwise made available for those purposes, such officers, employees, agents, and experts as it may require, and to determine the qualifications, terms of office, duties, services, and compensation therefor;
- f. To apply for, receive, and accept, from any federal, State, or other public or private source, grants or loans for, or in aid of, the council's authorized purposes, or the in the carrying out of the council's powers, duties, and responsibilities;
 - g. To enter into any and all agreements or contracts, execute any and all instruments, and do and perform any and all acts or things necessary, convenient, or desirable for the purposes of the council or to carry out any power, duty, or responsibility expressly given in this act;
 - h. To call to its assistance and avail itself of the services of such employees of any State entity or local government unit as may be required and made available for such purposes;
- i. To adopt a regional master plan for the Highlands Region as provided pursuant to section 8 of this act;
 - j. To appoint advisory boards, commissions, councils, or panels to assist in its activities, including but not limited to a municipal advisory council consisting of mayors, municipal council members, or other representatives of municipalities located in the Highlands Region;
 - k. To authorize, if deemed useful, the establishment by appropriate persons or organizations of a nonprofit organization or organizations exempt from taxation pursuant to section 501 (c)(3) of the federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986, 26 U.S.C.s.501 (c)(3), for the purposes of assisting the council in furthering the purposes of this act and the regional master plan;
- 1. To solicit and consider public input and comment on the council's activities, the regional master plan, and other issues and matters of importance in the Highlands Region by periodically holding public hearings or conferences and providing other opportunities for such input and comment by interested parties;
- m. To conduct examinations and investigations, to hear testimony,

- taken under oath at public or private hearings, on any material matter,
 and to require attendance of witnesses and the production of books
 and papers;
- n. To prepare and transmit to the Commissioner of Environmental Protection such recommendations for water quality and water supply standards for surface and ground waters in the Highlands Region, or in tributaries and watersheds thereof, and for other environmental protection standards pertaining to the lands and natural resources of the Highlands Region, as the council deems appropriate;

- o. To identify and designate in the regional master plan special areas in the preservation area within which development shall not occur in order to protect water resources and environmentally sensitive lands while recognizing the need to provide just compensation to the owners of those lands when appropriate, whether through acquisition, transfer of development rights programs, or other means or strategies;
- p. To identify any lands in which the public acquisition of a fee simple or lesser interest therein is necessary or desirable in order to ensure the preservation thereof, or to provide sites for public recreation, as well as any lands the beneficial use of which are so adversely affected by the restrictions imposed pursuant to this act as to require a guarantee of just compensation therefor, and to transmit a list of those lands to the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, affected local government units, and appropriate federal agencies;
- q. To develop model land use ordinances and other development regulations, for consideration and possible adoption by municipalities in the planning area, that would help protect the environment, including, but not limited to, ordinances and other development regulations pertaining to steep slopes, forest cover, wellhead and water supply protection, impervious surface, and clustering; and to provide guidance and technical assistance in connection therewith to those municipalities;
- r. To identify and designate, and accept petitions from municipalities to designate, special critical environmental areas in high resource value lands in the planning area, and develop voluntary standards and guidelines for protection of such special areas for possible implementation by those municipalities;
- s. To comment upon any application for development before a local government unit, on the adoption of any master plan, development regulation, or other regulation by a local government unit, or on the enforcement by a local government unit of any development regulation or other regulation, which power shall be in addition to any other review, oversight, or intervention powers of the council prescribed by this act;
- t. To work with interested municipalities to enter into agreements to establish, where appropriate, capacity-based development densities,

- 1 including, but not limited to, appropriate higher densities to support
- 2 transit villages or in centers designated by the State Development and
- 3 Redevelopment Plan and endorsed by the State Planning Commission;
- 4 u. To establish and charge, in accordance with a fee schedule to be
- 5 set forth by rule or regulation adopted pursuant to the "Administrative
- 6 Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), reasonable fees
- 7 for services performed relating to the review of applications for
- 8 development and other applications filed with or otherwise brought
- 9 before the council, or for other services, as may be required by this act
- 10 or the regional master plan; and
- v. To prepare, adopt, amend, or repeal, pursuant to the provisions
- of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1
- 13 et seq.), such rules and regulations as may be necessary in order to
 - exercise its powers and perform its duties and responsibilities under
- 15 the provisions of this act.

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- 7. (New section) a. The Highlands Region shall consist of all that area within the boundaries of the following municipalities:
 - (1) in Bergen County: Mahwah, and Oakland;
- 20 (2) in Hunterdon County: Alexandria, Bethlehem, Bloomsbury,
- 21 Califon, Clinton Town, Clinton Township, Glen Gardner, Hampton,
- 22 High Bridge, Holland, Lebanon Boro, Lebanon Township, Milford,
- 23 Tewksbury, and Union;
- 24 (3) in Morris County: Boonton Town, Boonton Township, Butler,
- 25 Chester Boro, Chester Township, Denville, Dover, Hanover, Harding,
- 26 Jefferson, Kinnelon, Mendham Boro, Mendham Township, Mine Hill,
- 27 Montville, Morris Plains, Morris Township, Morristown, Mount
- 28 Arlington, Mount Olive, Mountain Lakes, Netcong, Parsippany-Troy
- 29 Hills, Pequannock, Randolph, Riverdale, Rockaway Boro, Rockaway
- 30 Township, Roxbury, Victory Gardens, Washington, and Wharton;
- 31 (4) in Passaic County: Bloomingdale, Pompton Lakes, Ringwood,
- 32 Wanaque, and West Milford;
- 33 (5) in Somerset County: Bernards, Bernardsville, Far Hills, and
- 34 Peapack-Gladstone;
- 35 (6) in Sussex County: Andover Boro, Andover Township, Byram,
- 36 Franklin, Green, Hamburg, Hardyston, Hopatcong, Lafayette,
- 37 Ogdensburg, Sparta, Stanhope, and Vernon; and
- 38 (7) in Warren County: Allamuchy, Alpha, Belvidere, Franklin,
- 39 Frelinghuysen, Greenwich, Hackettstown, Harmony, Hope,
- 40 Independence, Liberty, Lopatcong, Mansfield, Oxford, Phillipsburg,
- 41 Pohatcong, Washington Boro, Washington Township, and White.
- b. The preservation area shall consist of that area described by the
- Highlands Task Force, established by Executive Order No. 70 of 2003,
- and based upon natural resource data assembled by the United States
 Forest Service, Rutgers, The State University, and the New Jersey
- Water Supply Authority, which is to be translated, allowing for

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- 1 reasonable variations, by the Highlands Task Force with the assistance
- 2 of Rutgers, The State University, the Department of Environmental
- 3 Protection, and other appropriate entities, to appropriate and nearest
- 4 practicable, on-the-ground, and easily identified reference points, such
- 5 as, but not limited to, road descriptions, survey lines, and municipal
- 6 boundaries, by May 1, 2004 or as soon thereafter as may be possible.
- 7 This narrative description of the preservation area shall be enacted into
- 8 law.
 - c. The planning area shall consist of all that area of the Highlands Region not within the preservation area.

8. (New section) The council shall, within 18 months after the date of its first meeting, and after holding at least five public hearings in various locations in the Highlands Region and at least one public hearing in Trenton, prepare and adopt a regional master plan for the Highlands Region. The Highlands regional master plan shall be periodically revised and updated at least once every five years, after public hearings.

- 9. (New section) a. During the preparation of the regional master plan or any revision thereof, the council shall consult with the Department of Environmental Protection, the Department of Community Affairs, the State Planning Commission, the Department of Agriculture, the State Agriculture and Development Committee, and appropriate officials of local governments and State, regional, and federal agencies with jurisdiction over lands, waters, and natural resources within the Highlands Region, with interested professional, scientific, and citizen organizations, and with any advisory groups that may be established by the council. The council shall review all relevant federal, State, and private studies of the Highlands Region, the State Development and Redevelopment Plan, municipal, county, and regional plans, applicable federal and State laws and rules and regulations, and other pertinent information on the Highlands Region.
- b. Prior to adoption of, and in preparing, the regional master plan, the council may, in conjunction with municipalities in the preservation area, identify areas in which redevelopment shall be encouraged in order to promote the economic well-being of the municipality, provided that the redevelopment conforms to the goals of the preservation area and this act and with the rules and regulations adopted by the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to sections 32 and 33 of this act.
- 42 c. Upon adoption of the regional master plan or any revision 43 thereof, copies thereof shall be transmitted to the Governor and to the 44 Legislature.

10. (New section) a. The goal of the regional master plan with

- respect to the entire Highlands Region shall be to protect and enhance the significant values of the resources thereof in a manner which is consistent with the purposes and provisions of this act.
- 4 b. The goals of the regional master plan with respect to the 5 preservation area shall be to:
- 6 (1) protect, restore, and enhance the quality and quantity of surface 7 and ground waters therein;
- 8 (2) preserve extensive and, to the maximum extent possible, 9 contiguous areas of land in its natural state, thereby ensuring the 10 continuation of a Highlands environment which contains the unique 11 and significant natural, scenic, and other resources representative of 12 the Highlands Region;
 - (3) protect the natural, scenic, and other resources of the Highlands Region, including but not limited to contiguous forests, wetlands, vegetated stream corridors, steep slopes, and critical habitat for fauna and flora;
 - (4) preserve farmland and historic sites and other historic resources;
 - (5) promote compatible agricultural, horticultural, recreational, and cultural uses and opportunities within the framework of protecting the Highlands environment; and
- 21 (6) prohibit or limit to the maximum extent possible construction or 22 development which is incompatible with preservation of this unique 23 area.
- 24 c. The goals of the regional master plan with respect to the 25 planning area shall be to:
 - (1) protect, restore, and enhance the quality and quantity of surface and ground waters therein;
- 28 (2) preserve to the maximum extent possible any environmentally 29 sensitive lands and other lands needed for recreation and conservation 30 purposes;
- (3) protect and maintain the essential character of the Highlandsenvironment;
 - (4) preserve farmland and historic sites and other historic resources;
 - (5) promote the continuation and expansion of agricultural, horticultural, recreational, and cultural uses and opportunities; and
- 36 (6) encourage, consistent with the State Development and 37 Redevelopment Plan and smart growth strategies and principles, 38 appropriate patterns of compatible residential, commercial, and 39 industrial development, redevelopment, and economic growth, in or 40 adjacent to areas already utilized for such purposes, and discourage piecemeal, scattered, and inappropriate development, in order to 41 42 accommodate local and regional growth and economic development 43 in an orderly way while protecting the Highlands environment from the 44 individual and cumulative adverse impacts thereof.

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11. (New section) The regional master plan shall include, but

need not necessarily be limited to:

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- a. A resource assessment which:
- 3 (1) determines the amount and type of human development and 4 activity which the ecosystem of the Highlands Region can sustain while still maintaining the overall ecological values thereof, with 5 6 special reference to surface and ground water quality and supply; 7 endangered and threatened animals, plants, and biotic communities; 8 ecological factors relating to the protection and enhancement of 9 agricultural production or activity; air quality; and other appropriate 10 considerations affecting the ecological integrity of the Highlands 11 Region;
 - (2) includes an assessment of scenic, aesthetic, cultural, historic, open space, farm land, and outdoor recreation resources of the region, together with a determination of overall policies required to maintain and enhance such resources; and
 - (3) includes an assessment of opportunities for appropriate economic growth, development, and redevelopment which shall include consideration of public investment priorities, infrastructure investments, economic development, revitalization, housing, transportation, energy resources, waste management, recycling, brownfields, and design such as mixed-use, compact design, and transit villages.
 - b. A financial component, together with a cash flow timetable which:
 - (1) details the cost of implementing the regional master plan, including, but not limited to, payments in lieu-of-taxes, acquisition, within five years and within 10 years after the date of enactment of this act, of fee simple or other interests in lands for preservation or recreation and conservation purposes, compensation guarantees, general administrative costs, and any anticipated extraordinary or continuing costs; and
 - (2) details the sources of revenue for covering such costs, including, but not limited to, grants, donations, and loans from local, State, and federal departments and agencies, and from the private sector.
- 36 c. A component to provide for the maximum feasible local 37 government and public input into the council's operations, which shall 38 include a framework for developing policies for the planning area in 39 conjunction with those local government units with jurisdiction over 40 those lands who choose to conform to the regional master plan.
- d. A coordination and consistency component which details the ways in which local, State, and federal programs and policies may best be coordinated to promote the goals, purposes, policies, and provisions of the regional master plan, and which details how land, water, and structures managed by governmental or nongovernmental entities in the public interest within the Highlands Region may be

integrated into the regional master plan.

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12. (New section) In addition to the contents of the regional master plan described in section 11 of this act, the plan shall also include, with respect to the preservation area, a land use capability map and a comprehensive statement of policies for planning and managing the development and use of land in the preservation area, which shall be based upon, comply with, and implement the environmental standards set forth in section 31 of this act and as adopted by the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to sections 32 through 33 of this act.

These policies shall include provision for implementing the regional master plan by the State and local government units in the preservation area in a manner that will ensure the continued, uniform, and consistent protection of the Highlands Region in accordance with the goals, purposes, policies, and provisions of this act, and shall include:

- a. a preservation zone element that identifies zones within the preservation area where development shall not occur in order to protect water resources and environmentally sensitive lands that shall be permanently preserved through a variety of tools, including acquisition and transfer of development rights; and
- b. minimum standards governing municipal and county master planning, development regulations, and other regulations concerning the development and use of land in the preservation area, including, but not limited to, standards for minimum lot sizes and stream setbacks, construction on steep slopes, maximum appropriate population densities, and regulated or prohibited uses for specific portions of the preservation area.

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- 13. (New section) a. The council shall develop and implement a transfer of development rights program for the Highlands Region consistent with any transfer of development rights program created otherwise by law.
- b. (1) The council may use the State Transfer of Development Rights Bank established pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1993, c.339 (C.4:1C-51) for the purposes of facilitating the transfer of development potential in accordance with subsection a. of this section and the regional master plan. The council may also establish a development transfer bank for such purposes.
- (2) At the request of the council, the Department of Banking and Insurance, the State Transfer of Developments Right Bank, the State Agriculture Development Committee, and the Pinelands Development 43 Credit Bank shall provide technical assistance to the council in 44 establishing and operating a development transfer bank as authorized pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection.
 - (c) The bank shall operate in accordance with provisions of general

1 law authorizing the creation of development transfer banks by 2 municipalities and counties.

 14. (New section) a. Within six months after the date of adoption of the regional master plan or any revision thereof, each municipality located wholly or partially in the preservation area shall submit to the council such revisions of the municipal master plan and development regulations, as applicable to the development and use of land in the preservation area, as may be necessary in order to conform them with the goals, requirements, and provisions of the regional master plan. After receiving and reviewing the revisions, the council shall approve, reject, or approve with conditions the revised plan and development regulations, as it deems appropriate, after public hearing, within 60 days after the date of submission thereof.

Upon rejecting or conditionally approving any such revised plan or development regulations, the council shall identify such changes therein that it deems necessary for council approval thereof, and the relevant municipality shall adopt and enforce the plan or development regulations as so changed.

b. Within six months after the date of adoption of the regional master plan or any revision thereof, each county located wholly or partially in the preservation area shall submit to the council such revisions of the county master plan and associated regulations, as applicable to the development and use of land in the preservation area, as may be necessary in order to conform them with the goals, requirements, and provisions of the regional master plan. After receiving and reviewing the revisions, the council shall approve, reject, or approve with conditions those revised plans and associated regulations, as it deems appropriate, after public hearing, within 60 days after the date of submission thereof.

Upon rejecting or conditionally approving any such revised plan or associated regulations, the council shall identify such changes therein that it deems necessary for council approval thereof, and the relevant county shall adopt and enforce the plan or associated regulations as so changed.

- c. Any approval of an application for development, or use of land, in the preservation area granted by any local government unit in violation of the regional master plan or an approved revised municipal or county master plan, development regulations, or other regulations pursuant to this act shall be null and void and of no force and effect at law or equity.
- d. In the event that any municipality or county fails to adopt or enforce an approved revised master plan, development regulations, or other regulations, as the case may be, including any condition thereto imposed by the council, as required pursuant to subsections a. or b. of this section, the council shall adopt and enforce such rules and

- 1 regulations as may be necessary to implement the minimum standards
- 2 contained in the regional master plan as applicable to any municipality
- 3 or county within the preservation area. If any municipality or county
- 4 fails to adopt or enforce an approved revised master plan, development
- 5 regulations, or other regulations, as the case may be, including any
- 6 condition thereto imposed by the council, as required pursuant to
- 7 subsections a. or b. of this section, the council shall have all local
- 8 enforcement authority provided pursuant to the "Municipal Land Use
- 9 Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.) and R.S.40:27-1 et seq.,
- as well as the authority to issue stop construction orders, as may be necessary to implement the provisions of this act, any rules and
- 12 regulations adopted pursuant thereto, and the requirements and
- provisions of the regional master plan.
 - e. A municipality or county may adopt revisions to its master plan, development regulations, or other regulations for the purposes of this section that are stricter than the minimum necessary to obtain approval of conformance with the regional master plan.

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- 15. (New section) a. For any municipality located wholly in the planning area or for any portion of a municipality lying within the planning area, the municipality may, by ordinance, petition the council of its intention to revise its master plan and development regulations, as applicable to the development and use of land in the planning area, to conform with the goals, requirements, and provisions of the regional master plan.
- The municipality shall proceed in revising its master plan and development regulations in accordance with the framework adopted by the council pursuant to subsection a. of section 14 of this act.
- After receiving and reviewing those revisions, the council shall approve, reject, or approve with conditions the revised plan and development regulations, as it deems appropriate, after public hearing, within 60 days after the date of submission thereof.
- b. Upon rejecting or conditionally approving any such revised plan or development regulations, the council shall identify such changes therein that it deems necessary for council approval thereof, and the municipality may adopt and enforce the plan or development regulations as so changed in order for them to be deemed approved in conformance with the regional master plan.
- c. Any municipality approved by the council to be in conformance with the regional master plan pursuant to this section shall be entitled to any financial or other assistance or incentives received by a municipality from the State as a benefit or result of obtaining council approval pursuant to section 14 of this act.
- d. Upon the commencement of each reexamination by the municipality of its master plan and development regulations as required pursuant to section 76 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-89), the

municipality shall so notify the council and, thereafter, submit to the council the draft revision of its master plan and development regulations for review, by the council, of conformance with the regional master plan.

If, after conducting the reexamination, the municipality does not resubmit to the council its master plan and development regulations as they pertain to the planning area and obtain reapproval thereof from the council in accordance with this section, or if the council finds the reexamined master plan not to be in conformance with the regional master plan, the council may require the municipality to reimburse the council or the State, as appropriate, in whole or in part for any financial or other assistance or incentives received by the municipality from the State as a benefit or result of obtaining council approval pursuant to this section.

- e. A municipality may adopt revisions to its master plan or development regulations for the purposes of this section that are stricter than the minimum necessary to obtain approval of conformance with the regional master plan.
- f. Each county with lands in the planning area may, by ordinance or resolution, as appropriate, petition the council of its intention to revise its master plan and associated regulations, as applicable to the development and use of land in the planning area, to conform with the goals, requirements, and provisions of the regional master plan.

The county shall proceed in revising its master plan and associated regulations in accordance with the framework adopted by the council pursuant to subsection b. of section 14 of this act.

After receiving and reviewing those revisions, the council shall approve, reject, or approve with conditions the revised plan and associated regulations, as it deems appropriate, after public hearing, within 60 days after the date of submission thereof.

- g. Upon rejecting or conditionally approving any such revised plan or associated regulations, the council shall identify such changes therein that it deems necessary for council approval thereof, and the county may adopt and enforce the plan or associated regulations as so changed in order for them to be deemed approved in conformance with the regional master plan.
- h. Any county approved by the council to be in conformance with the regional master plan pursuant to this section shall be entitled to any financial or other assistance or incentives received by a county from the State as a benefit or result of obtaining council approval pursuant to section 14 of this act.

16. (New section) a. For the purposes of subsection a. of section 37 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-49), any amendments made to a major subdivision or a site plan ordinance pursuant to this act to conform it to the regional master plan shall be construed to relate to

public health and safety for any major development that has received preliminary approval prior to the amendment of a major subdivision or site plan ordinance pursuant to this act. An amendment made to a major subdivision or site plan ordinance pursuant to this act shall not be construed to relate to public health and safety if the major development is a residential development that requires an environmental land use or water permit but which does not result in the ultimate disturbance of one acre or more of land or an increase in impervious surface by one-quarter acre or more.

b. (1) Any final approval of a major development which is outstanding upon the adoption by a municipality of amendments to its development regulations pursuant to this act to conform those development regulations to the regional master plan, shall be reviewed by the municipality for consistency with the regional master plan. In the event that the final approval is not consistent with the regional master plan, any rights otherwise conferred by the final approval shall expire. The provisions of this subsection shall apply whether the final approval involves a site plan, major subdivision, or general development plan pursuant to P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.).

This paragraph shall not apply to any major development which is a residential development that requires an environmental land use or water permit but which does not result in the ultimate disturbance of one acre or more of land or an increase in impervious surface by one-quarter acre or more.

(2) Notwithstanding any provision of paragraph (1) of this subsection to the contrary, any major development for which, at the time of the adoption of amendments to the municipal development regulations pursuant to this act to conform them to the regional master plan, a construction permit has been issued, may proceed in accordance with the terms of the relevant approvals.

17. (New section) a. The council may prepare and distribute suggested guidelines for the location and construction of capital projects by State entities or local government units within the Highlands Region.

b. Within the preservation area, any capital or other project of a State entity or local government unit that involves the ultimate disturbance of two acres or more of land or an increase in impervious surface by one acre or more shall be submitted to the council for review. The council shall establish procedures for conducting such reviews and shall have the power to approve, approve with conditions, or disapprove the project. No such project shall proceed without the approval of the council; provided that, in the case of a project of a State entity, if the council disapproves the project, the head of the appropriate principal department of State government with primary responsibility for the project may override the council's disapproval

upon making a written finding, which shall be submitted to the council and the Governor, that the project is necessary for public health, safety, or welfare and including with that finding a factual basis and explanation in support thereof. In the case of a project of an independent State authority or commission or a bi-state entity, any such finding shall be made by the Governor or such other State governmental official as the Governor may designate for that purpose.

c. Within the planning area, any capital or other project of a State entity or local government unit that provides for the ultimate disturbance of two acres or more of land or an increase in impervious surface by one acre or more shall be submitted to the council for a nonbinding review and comment. The council shall establish procedures for conducting such reviews. The failure of the council to act expeditiously on any such review pursuant to this subsection shall not be cause for delay of the project, and the project may proceed whether or not the council has conducted the review.

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18. (New section) a. Subsequent to adoption of the regional master plan, the council may review, within 15 days after any final local government unit approval thereof, any application for development in the preservation area. Upon determining to exercise that authority, the council shall transmit, by certified mail, written notice thereof to the person who submitted the application. The council shall, after public hearing thereon, approve, reject, or approve with conditions any such application within 60 days after transmitting the notice; provided, however, that an application shall not be rejected or conditionally approved unless the council determines that the development does not conform with the regional master plan, as applicable to the local government unit wherein the development is located, or that the development could result in substantial impairment of the resources of the Highlands Region. Such approval, rejection, or conditional approval shall be binding upon the person who submitted the application, shall supersede any local government unit approval of any such development, and shall be subject only to judicial review as provided in section 29 of this act.

- b. Every person submitting an application for development in the preservation area shall be required to provide a notice of the application to the council in accordance with such procedures therefor as shall be established by the council.
- c. Notwithstanding any provision of subsections a. or b. of this section to the contrary, for any municipality or county that has adopted an approved revised master plan, development regulations, or other regulations, as the case may be, including any condition thereto imposed by the council, the requirements of this section shall apply only to applications for development that provide for the ultimate disturbance of two acres or more of land or an increase in impervious

surface by one acre or more. The council may provide, pursuant to subsection d. of section 14 of this act, that the requirements of this section apply to any application for development within the preservation area in any municipality or county that fails to adopt or enforce an approved revised master plan, development regulations, or other regulations, as the case may be, including any condition thereto imposed by the council.

d. Any member of the public may request the council to consider reviewing an application for development in the preservation area as provided in this section.

- 19. (New section) a. Any municipality in the Highlands Region whose municipal master plan and development regulations, and any county in the Highlands Region whose county master plan and associated regulations, have been approved by the council to be in conformance with the regional master plan in accordance with sections 14 or 15 of this act shall qualify for State aid, planning assistance, technical assistance, and other benefits and incentives that may be awarded or provided by the State to municipalities and counties which have received plan endorsement pursuant to the "State Planning Act," P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et al.) or which otherwise practice or implement smart growth strategies and principles. Any such municipality or county shall also qualify for any State aid that may be provided for smart growth projects.
- b. The council may make available grants and other financial and technical assistance to municipalities and counties for any revision of their master plans, development regulations, or other regulations which is designed to bring those plans, development regulations, or other regulations into conformance with the regional master plan or for implementation of a transfer of development rights program pursuant to this act. The council may make the grants and other financial assistance from any State, federal, or other funds that may be appropriated or otherwise made available to it for that purpose.

20. (New section) a. Every municipality located wholly or partially in the preservation area shall be entitled to State aid to compensate for any decrease in the aggregate amount of property tax revenues derived from the taxation of real property in that portion of the municipality located in the preservation area that is directly attributable to the implementation of this act. The council shall establish methods and procedures for calculating the aggregate true value of the real property and the aggregate amount of property tax revenues derived therefrom in each municipality in the preservation area in the year prior to the enactment of this act, and for calculating, for each year after the enactment of this act, any decrease in the aggregate true value of the real property, and in the aggregate amount

- 1 of property tax revenues derived therefrom, that is directly attributable
- 2 to the implementation of this act. The council shall annually calculate
- 3 the amount to which each municipality is entitled pursuant to this
- 4 section, and shall certify and transmit such amounts to the State
- 5 Treasurer and to the Director of the Division of Local Government
- 6 Services in the Department of Community Affairs.
- b. Commencing July 1 next following two years after the date of
- 8 enactment of this act, or at such other date as may be established by
- 9 the council, no municipality shall receive any State aid made available
- 10 pursuant to this section unless the municipality's master plan and
- development regulations, as applicable to the preservation area, have
- been approved by the council to be in conformance with the regional
- master plan pursuant to section 14 of this act.
- 14 c. The State Treasurer shall include in the State Treasurer's annual
- 15 budget request for State aid the amounts certified by the council
- 16 pursuant to subsection a of this section. The State Treasurer shall pay,
- 17 from monies appropriated for the purposes of this section, to each
- municipality the amount of State aid appropriated therefor in a manner
- 19 and pursuant to a schedule set forth in the rules and regulations
- 20 adopted pursuant subsection d. of this section.
- d. The State Treasurer and the Director of the Division of Local
- 22 Government Services, in consultation with the council, shall adopt,
- pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410
- 24 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), any rules and regulations necessary to implement
- 25 the provisions of this section.
- e. This section shall expire July 1 next following five years after the
- 27 date of enactment of this act.
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- 29 21. (New section) The Attorney General shall provide legal
- 30 representation to any requesting local government unit located in the
- 31 Highlands Region in any cause of action filed against the local
- 32 government unit and contesting an act or decision of the local
- 33 government unit taken or made under authority granted pursuant to
- 34 the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.),
- 35 R.S.40:27-1 et seq., the "State Uniform Construction Code Act,"
- 36 P.L.1975, c.217 (C.52:27D-119 et seq.), or this act, provided that:
- a. the municipal master plan and development regulations, or, in
- 38 the case of a county governmental entity, the county master plan and
- 39 associated regulations, have been approved by the council to be in
- 40 conformance with the regional master plan in accordance with sections
- 41 14 or 15 of this act; and
- b. the council has certified in writing to the Attorney General that
- 43 the act or decision of the local government unit which is the subject of
- 44 the cause of action is consistent with the regional master plan.
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- 22. (New section) Within 10 days after the date of enactment of

this act, the Department of Community Affairs, in consultation with the Department of Environmental Protection, shall provide guidelines and instructions to all local government units located wholly or partially within the preservation area with respect to the processing, review, and enforcement of applications for development after the date of enactment of this act and before adoption of the regional master

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23. (New section) The municipal master plan and development regulations of any municipality, and the county master plan and associated regulations of any county, located in the Highlands Region which have been approved by the council to be in conformance with the regional master plan in accordance with sections 14 or 15 of this act shall be entitled to a strong presumption of validity. In any cause of action filed against such a local government unit and contesting an act or decision of the local government unit taken or made under authority granted pursuant to the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.), R.S.40:27-1 et seq., the "State Uniform Construction Code Act," P.L.1975, c.217 (C.52:27D-119 et seq.), or this act, the court shall give extraordinary deference to the local government unit, provided that the municipal master plan and development regulations, or, in the case of a county governmental entity, the county master plan and associated regulations, have been approved by the council to be in conformance with the regional master plan in accordance with sections 14 or 15 of this act. The plaintiff shall have the burden of proof to demonstrate by clear and convincing evidence that the act or decision of any such local government unit was arbitrary, capricious, or unreasonable or in patent abuse of discretion.

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24. (New section) a. The Council on Affordable Housing shall take into consideration the regional master plan prior to making any determination regarding the prospective fair share of the housing need in any municipality in the Highlands Region under the "Fair Housing Act," P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-301 et al.).

b. Upon adoption by the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council of the regional master plan, any municipality located wholly or partially in the preservation area, and any municipality in the Highlands planning area that is approved by the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council to be in conformance with the regional master plan pursuant to section 15 of this act, may petition the Council on Affordable Housing to have its 1987 to 1999 fair share obligation adjusted in accordance with any applicable rules and regulations to reflect the change in circumstances in the municipality resulting from conformance with the regional master plan. In the event that the municipality has received substantive certification or is

subject to a judgment of repose, that protection shall not be affected or compromised by the adjustment.

c. Any municipality requesting an adjustment pursuant to subsection b. of this section shall be eligible to apply for planning assistance grants from the State for the purposes of that subsection.

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25. (New section) Within 90 days after the first meeting of the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, the Site Improvement Advisory Board established pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1993, c.32 (C.40:55D-40.3) and the Commissioner of Community Affairs shall consult with the council and the Commissioner of Environmental Protection concerning whether the site improvement standards for residential development adopted pursuant to P.L.1993, c.32 (C.40:55D-40.1 et seq.) are appropriate and sufficiently protective for the Highlands Region, especially for the preservation area; and if it is determined they are not, those standards shall be modified accordingly as soon as practicable to meet that objective.

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26. a. Effective on the date of enactment of this act, any person who is selling any land, or any interest therein or option therefor, within the preservation area shall give to the Commissioner of Environmental Protection written notice, by certified mail, that a contract of sale has been executed for the property. The notice shall set forth the terms and conditions of the executed contract of sale and shall have attached a copy of that contract. The notice of executed contract of sale shall also include any other information that the commissioner may reasonably require by rule or regulation. The State shall have the right of first refusal to purchase the land upon substantially similar terms and conditions, which right shall be exercisable as provided by this section. The State may exercise its right of first refusal only if the land, or the interest therein or option therefor, is to be used for water supply protection purposes or recreation and conservation purposes, or farmland preservation purposes. If the State chooses to exercise its right of first refusal, the State shall give notice of that intent to the landowner within a period of 30 days following the date of receipt of the notice of executed contract of sale. The State shall submit its offer to match the terms and conditions of the executed contract of sale to the landowner within the 60 days following the expiration of the 30-day period. If no notice is given within the 30-day period that the State intends to exercise its right of first refusal, or if no offer is submitted to the landowner within the 60-day period following the 30-day period, the owner may at the expiration of the 30-day period or the 60-day period, as the case may be, convey the land to the proposed purchaser named in the executed contract of sale upon the terms and conditions specified therein, or to the proposed purchaser's assignee as provided

- 1 in that executed contract of sale. If the owner fails to convey the land
- 2 to the named proposed purchaser or an assignee thereof pursuant to
- 3 the executed contract of sale, the land shall again become subject to
- 4 the State's right of first refusal as provided by this section. A
- 5 landowner may elect to convey the land to the State upon the exercise
- 6 of the State's right of first refusal without breaching the original
- 7 contract of sale, notwithstanding that the State's offer is different than,
- 8 or provides for lower consideration than, that in the original executed
- 9 contract of sale.

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- b. The requirements of this section shall not apply to any sale or other conveyance of land between immediate family members, to any sale of a structure that is located on a lot of less than 10 acres, or to any land that is subject to the State Agriculture Development Committee's first right and option to purchase as provided pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1989, c.28 (C.4:1C-39).
- c. The Commissioner of Environmental Protection shall, within 60 days after the date of enactment of this act, transmit, by certified mail, written notice of the provisions of this section to the governing body of every municipality and county located in whole or in part in the preservation area, and publish a notice in the New Jersey Register and in at least two newspapers circulating within the preservation area.
- d. Any contract made in violation of subsection a. of this section is voidable.
- e. Nothing in this section shall be construed so as to limit any authority granted to the Department of Environmental Protection, the State Agriculture Development Committee, or any other State entity, or a local government unit, pursuant to law, to acquire any lands, or interests therein or options therefor, in such manner as may be provided in any such law.
- f. For the purposes of this section, "immediate family member" means spouse, child, sibling, aunt, uncle, niece, nephew, first cousin, grandparent, grandchild, father-in-law, mother-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, stepparent, stepchild, stepbrother, stepsister, half brother, or half sister, whether the individual is related by blood, marriage, or adoption.

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- 27. (New section) No local government unit, public utility, or State entity shall sell or otherwise convey any land or interest therein it owns that is located in the Highlands Region and is utilized for the purpose of protecting a public water supply, as defined and determined by the Commissioner of Environmental Protection; except that this section:
- a. shall not apply to the sale or conveyance of such lands to another local government unit, public utility, or State entity for the purpose of protecting a public water supply, or the sale or conveyance of such lands for permanent preservation and use for recreation and

1 conservation purposes, provided that in either case the sale or 2 conveyance is approved by the commissioner; or

b. shall not prevent the lease or other conveyance of such lands as authorized pursuant to P.L.2002, c.47 (C.40A:12-17.1 et al.), provided that the lands so leased or otherwise conveyed shall continue to be subject to the prohibition prescribed by this section and the requirements and provisions of that act.

28. (New section) The council may institute an action or proceeding in Superior Court for injunctive relief for any violation of this act, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, or, in the preservation area for any violation of, or nonconformance with, the regional master plan, and the court may proceed in the action in a summary manner. In any proceeding brought pursuant to this section, the court may also grant temporary or interlocutory relief.

29. (New section) Any decision rendered or action taken by the council pursuant to this act shall be a final agency action subject to judicial review in the Appellate Division of the Superior Court of New Jersey in accordance with the Rules of Court. The court may grant such relief as it deems just and proper, and to make and enter an order enforcing, modifying, and enforcing as so modified, remanding for further specific evidence or findings, or setting aside in whole or in part, the decision of the council. The findings of fact upon which the council's decision is based shall be conclusive if supported by substantial evidence on the record considered as a whole.

30. (New section) On or before March 31 in each year the council shall make an annual report of its activities for the preceding calendar year to the Governor and the Legislature. Each such report shall set forth a complete operating and financial statement covering its operations during the year.

31. (New section) a. Commencing on the date of enactment of this act and until the effective date of the rules and regulations adopted by the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to sections 32 and 33 of this act, all major development in the preservation area shall require a Highlands Preservation Area approval from the department. The Highlands Preservation Area approval shall consist of the related aspects of other regulatory programs which may include, but need not be limited to, the "Freshwater Wetlands Protection Act," P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-1 et seq.), "The Endangered and Nongame Species Conservation Act," P.L.1973, c.309 (C.23:2A-1 et seq.), the "Water Supply Management Act," P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-1 et seq.), the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.), "The Realty Improvement Sewerage and Facilities Act

- 1 (1954)," P.L.1954, c.199 (C.58:11-23 et seq.), the "Water Quality
- 2 Planning Act," P.L.1977, c.75 (C.58:11A-1 et seq.), the "Safe
- 3 Drinking Water Act," P.L.1977, c.224 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.), the
- 4 "Flood Hazard Area Control Act," P.L.1962, c.19 (C.58:16A-50 et
- seq.), and any rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto. For the 5
- 6 purposes of this section, the provisions of P.L.1975, c. 232 (C.13:1D-
- 29 et seq.) shall not apply to an application for a permit pursuant to 7
- 8 the "Flood Hazard Area Control Act," P.L.1962, c.19 (C.58:16A-50 9
 - et seq.).
- 10 b. The Highlands Preservation Area approval shall also require:
- 11 (1) a prohibition on major development within 300 feet of any
- Highlands open waters, and a 300-foot buffer adjacent to all Highlands 12
- 13 open waters. For the purposes of this paragraph, major development
- 14 does not include linear development for infrastructure, utilities, and the
- 15 rights-of-way therefor, provided that there is no other feasible
- alternative for the linear development outside of the buffer. Structures 16
- or land uses in the buffer existing on the date of enactment of this act 17
- 18 may remain, provided that the area of disturbance shall not be
- 19 increased. This paragraph shall not be construed to limit the authority
- 20 of the department to establish buffers of any size or any other
- 21 protections for category one waters designated by the department
- 22 pursuant to the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74
- 23 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.), or any other law, or any rule or regulation
- 24 adopted pursuant thereto, for major development or for other
- 25 development that does not qualify as major development;
- 26 (2) the quality of all Highlands open waters and the waters of the
- 27 Highlands within the preservation area to be maintained, restored, or
- enhanced, and any new or expanded point source discharge, except 29 discharges from water supply facilities, shall not degrade existing
- 30 water quality. In the case of water supply facilities, all reasonable
- 31 measures shall be taken to eliminate or minimize water quality impacts;
- 32 (3) notwithstanding the provisions of subsection a. of section 5 of

P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-5), or any rule or regulation adopted

- 34 pursuant thereto, to the contrary, any diversion of more than 50,000
- 35 gallons per day, and multiple diversions by the same or related entities
- 36 for the same or related projects or developments of more than 50,000
- 37 gallons per day, of waters of the Highlands shall require a permit
- 38 pursuant to the "Water Supply Management Act," P.L.1981, c.262
- 39 (C.58:1A-1 et seq.), and any permit issued pursuant thereto shall be
- 40 based on consideration of individual and cumulative impacts of
- 41 multiple diversions, maintenance of stream base flows, minimization
- 42 of depletive use, maintenance of existing water quality, and protection
- 43 of ecological uses;
- 44 (4) a zero net fill requirement for flood hazard areas pursuant to the
- 45 "Flood Hazard Area Control Act," P.L.1962, c.19 (C.58:16A-50 et
- 46 seq.);

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- (5) the antidegradation provisions of the surface water quality standards and the stormwater regulations applicable to category one waters to be applied to Highlands open waters;
- (6) a prohibition on impervious surfaces of greater than three percent of the land area of a lot existing on the date of enactment of this act, except that Highlands open waters shall not be included in the calculation of that land area;
- (7) a prohibition on development, except linear development for infrastructure, utilities, and the rights-of-way therefor, provided that no other feasible alternative exists for the linear development, on steep slopes with a grade of 20% or greater; and
- (8) a prohibition on development that disturbs upland forested areas, in order to prevent soil erosion and sedimentation, protect water quality, prevent stormwater runoff, and protect threatened and endangered animal and plant species sites and designated habitats. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph to the contrary, if a major development complies with all other applicable requirements for a Highlands Preservation Area review pursuant to this subsection and disturbance to an upland forested area is unavoidable, the department shall allow the disturbance to an upland forested area of no more than 20 feet directly adjacent to a structure and of no more than 10 feet on each side of a driveway as necessary to access a non-forested area of a site.
 - c. The Highlands Preservation Area approval required pursuant to this section shall include a limited review by the department of an application for a Highlands Preservation Area approval to a review for the purpose of locating a single family dwelling on the property based upon the least environmental impact to the natural resources located on the property when the application is for the construction of a single family dwelling on property owned by the individual on the date of enactment of this act, but only if the construction requires an environmental land use or water permit and does not result in the ultimate disturbance of one acre or more of land or an increase in impervious surface by one-quarter acre or more. This limited review shall not be construed to authorize the waiver of any other provision of law, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto.

32. (New section) a. Within 270 days after the date of enactment of this act, and notwithstanding the provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) to the contrary, the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, after consultation with the Department of Agriculture, the Department of Community Affairs, and the State Planning Commission, shall, immediately upon filing proper notice with the Office of Administrative Law, adopt the rules and regulations prepared by the department pursuant to section 33 of this act and any other rules and regulations necessary to establish the

Highlands permitting review program established pursuant to section
 34 of this act.

- b. The rules and regulations adopted pursuant to subsection a. of this section shall be in effect for a period not to exceed one year after the date of the filing. These rules and regulations shall thereafter be adopted, amended, or readopted by the commissioner in accordance with the requirements of the "Administrative Procedure Act," after consultation with the council, the Department of Agriculture, the Department of Community Affairs, and the State Planning Commission.
 - c. The rules and regulations adopted by the commissioner pursuant to subsection a. of this section and any requirement to obtain a Highlands permitting review pursuant this act shall not apply to any major development for which all State environmental land use or water permits and local permits, approvals, and other authorizations have been issued.

- 33. (New section) The Department of Environmental Protection shall prepare rules and regulations establishing the environmental standards for the preservation area upon which the regional master plan adopted by the council and the Highlands permitting review program administered by the department pursuant to this act shall be based. These rules and regulations shall provide for at least the following:
- a. a prohibition on major development within 300 feet of any Highlands open waters, and the establishment of a 300-foot buffer adjacent to all Highlands open waters. For the purposes of this subsection, major development does not include linear development for infrastructure, utilities, and the rights-of-way therefor, provided that there is no other feasible alternative for the linear development outside of the buffer. Structures or land uses in the buffer existing on the date of enactment of this act may remain, provided that the area of disturbance shall not be increased. This subsection shall not be construed to limit any authority of the department to establish buffers of any size or any other protections for category one waters designated by the department pursuant to the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.), or any other law, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, for major development or for other development that does not qualify as major development:
- for other development that does not qualify as major development;

 b. measures to ensure that existing water quality shall be maintained, restored, or enhanced in all Highlands open waters and waters of the Highlands, and provide that any new or expanded point source discharge, except discharges from water supply facilities, shall not degrade existing water quality. In the case of water supply facilities, all reasonable measures shall be taken to eliminate or minimize water quality impacts;

- 1 c. notwithstanding the provisions of section 23 of P.L.1987, c.156
- 2 (C.13:9B-23), or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to
- 3 the contrary, the criteria for the type of activity or activities eligible
- 4 for the use of a general permit for an activity located wholly or
- 5 partially within a freshwater wetland or freshwater wetland transition
- 6 area located wholly or partially in the preservation area, provided that
- 7 these criteria are at least as protective as those provided in section 23
- 8 of P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-23);
- 9 d. notwithstanding the provisions of subsection a. of section 5 of
- 10 P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-5), or any rule or regulation adopted
- pursuant thereto, to the contrary, a system for the regulation of any
- diversion of more than 50,000 gallons per day, and multiple diversions
- 13 by the same or related entities for the same or related projects or
- 14 developments of more than 50,000 gallons per day, of waters of the
- 15 Highlands pursuant to the "Water Supply Management Act,"
- 16 P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-1 et seq.), and any permit issued pursuant
- 17 thereto shall be based on consideration of individual and cumulative
- 18 impacts of multiple diversions, maintenance of stream base flows,
- 19 minimization of depletive use, maintenance of existing water quality,
- and protection of ecological uses;
- e. a septic system density standard established at a level to prevent
- 22 the degradation of water quality, or to require the restoration of water
- 23 quality, and to protect ecological uses from individual, secondary, and
- 24 cumulative impacts, in consideration of deep aquifer recharge available
- 25 for dilution;
- 26 f. a zero net fill requirement for flood hazard areas pursuant to the
- 27 "Flood Hazard Area Control Act," P.L.1962, c.19 (C.58:16A-50 et
- 28 seq.);
- g. the antidegradation provisions of the surface water quality
- 30 standards and the stormwater regulations applicable to category one
- 31 waters to be applied to Highlands open waters;
- h. a prohibition on impervious surfaces of greater than three
- percent of the land area, except that Highlands open waters shall not
- 34 be included in the calculation of that land area;
- i. notwithstanding the provisions of the "Safe Drinking Water Act,"
- 36 P.L.1977, c.224 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.), or any rule or regulation
- 37 adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, a limitation or prohibition
- on the construction of new public water systems or the extension of
- 39 existing public water systems, except in the case of a demonstrated
- 40 need to protect public health and safety;
- j. a prohibition on development, except linear development for
- 42 infrastructure, utilities, and the rights-of-way therefor, provided that
- 43 no other feasible alternative exists for the linear development, on steep
- slopes in the preservation area with a grade of 20% or greater, and
- 45 standards for development on slopes in the preservation area exhibiting
- a grade of between 10% and 20%. The standards shall assure that

developments on slopes exhibiting a grade of between 10% and 20%

2 preserve and protect steep slopes from the negative consequences of

- 3 development on the site and the cumulative impact in the Highlands
- 4 Region. The standards shall be developed to prevent soil erosion and
- 5 sedimentation, protect water quality, prevent stormwater runoff,
- 6 protect threatened and endangered animal and plant species sites and
- 7 designated habitats, provide for minimal practicable degradation of
- 8 unique or irreplaceable land types, historical or archeological areas,
- 9 and existing scenic attributes at the site and within the surrounding
- area, protect upland forest, and restrict impervious surface; and shall
- 11 take into consideration differing soil types, soil erodability,
- 12 topography, hydrology, geology, and vegetation types; and

k. a prohibition on development that disturbs upland forested areas, in order to prevent soil erosion and sedimentation, protect water quality, prevent stormwater runoff, and protect threatened and endangered animal and plant species sites and designated habitats; and standards to protect upland forested areas that require all appropriate measures be taken to avoid impacts or disturbance to upland forested areas, and where avoidance is not possible that all appropriate measures have been taken to minimize and mitigate impacts to upland forested areas and to prevent soil erosion and sedimentation, protect water quality, prevent stormwater runoff, and protect threatened and endangered animal and plant species sites and designated habitats.

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25 34. (New section) a. The Department of Environmental 26 Protection shall establish a Highlands permitting review program to 27 provide for the coordinated review of any major development in the 28 preservation area based upon the rules and regulations adopted by the 29 department pursuant to sections 32 and 33 of this act. The Highlands 30 permitting review program established pursuant to this section shall 31 consolidate the related aspects of other regulatory programs which 32 may include, but need not be limited to, the "Freshwater Wetlands Protection Act," P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-1 et seq.), "The 33 34 Endangered and Nongame Species Conservation Act," P.L.1973, c.309 (C.23:2A-1 et seq.), the "Water Supply Management Act," 35 36 P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-1 et seq.), the "Water Pollution Control 37 Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.), "The Realty Improvement 38 Sewerage and Facilities Act (1954)," P.L.1954, c.199 (C.58:11-23 et 39 seq.), the "Water Quality Planning Act," P.L.1977, c.75 (C.58:11A-1 40 et seq.), the "Safe Drinking Water Act," P.L.1977, c.224 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.), the "Flood Hazard Area Control Act," P.L.1962, c.19 41 42 (C.58:16A-50 et seq.), and any rules and regulations adopted pursuant 43 thereto, and the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to sections 32 44 and 33 of this act. For the purposes of this section, the provisions of 45 P.L.1975, c.232 (C.13:1D-29 et seq.) shall not apply to an application for a permit pursuant to the "Flood Hazard Area Control Act," 46

1 P.L.1962, c.19 (C.58:16A-50 et seq.).

- b. The Highlands permitting review program established pursuant to this section shall include:
- (1) a provision limiting the review by the department of an application to a review for the purpose of locating a single family dwelling on the property based upon the least environmental impact to the natural resources located on the property when the application is for the construction of a single family dwelling on property owned by the individual on the date of enactment of this act, but only if the construction requires an environmental land use or water permit and does not result in the ultimate disturbance of one acre or more of land or an increase in impervious surface by one-quarter acre or more;
- (2) (a) a provision that may allow for the waiver of any provision of a Highlands permitting review on a case-by-case basis to avoid undue hardship to an individual owner of residential property for one single family dwelling that includes the ultimate disturbance of one acre or more of land or an increase in impervious surface by one-quarter acre or more, provided that the property was owned by the individual on the date of enactment of this act;
- (b) a provision that may allow for a waiver of any provision of a Highlands permitting review on a case-by-case basis if determined to be necessary by the department in order to protect public health and safety;
- (c) a provision that may allow for a waiver of any provision of a Highlands permitting review on a case-by-case basis for redevelopment in certain previously developed areas in the preservation area identified by the council pursuant to subsection b. of section 9 of this act; and
- (d) a provision that may allow for a waiver of any provision of the Highlands permitting review on a case-by-case basis in order to avoid the taking of property without just compensation.
- The grant of a waiver pursuant to subparagraphs (a), (b), (c), or (d) of this paragraph by the department shall be conditioned upon the department's determination that the major development meets the requirements prescribed for a finding as listed in subsection a. of section 35 of this act to the maximum extent possible.
- c. The limited review provision of paragraph (1) of subsection b. of this section and the waiver provisions of paragraph (2) of subsection b. of this section are limited to the provisions of the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to section 33 of this act, and shall not limit the department's jurisdiction or authority pursuant to any other provision of law, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, that is incorporated into the Highlands permitting review program.
- d. The Highlands permitting review program established pursuant to this section may provide for the issuance of a general permit provided that the department adopts rules and regulations which

identify the activities subject to general permit review and establish the 2 criteria for the approval or disapproval of a general permit.

- e. Any person proposing to construct or cause to be constructed, or to undertake or cause to be undertaken, as the case may be, a major development in the preservation area shall file an application for a Highlands permitting review with the department, on forms and in a manner prescribed by the department.
- 8 f. The department shall, in accordance with a fee schedule adopted 9 as a rule or regulation, establish and charge reasonable fees necessary 10 to meet the administrative costs of the department associated with the 11 processing, review, and enforcement of any application for a Highlands 12 permitting review. These fees shall be deposited in the "Environmental 13 Services Fund," established pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1975, c.232 14 (C.13:1D-33), and kept separate and apart from all other State 15 receipts and appropriated only as provided herein. There shall be appropriated annually to the department revenue from that fund 16 17 sufficient to defray in full the costs incurred in the processing, review, 18 and enforcement of applications for Highlands permitting reviews.

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- 35. (New section) a. The Commissioner of Environmental Protection shall review filed applications for Highlands permitting reviews, including any information presented at public hearings or during a comment period, or submitted during the application review period.
- Except as otherwise provided by subsection b. of this section, a Highlands permitting review approval may be issued only upon a finding that the proposed major development:
- (1) would have a de minimis impact on water resources and would not cause or contribute to a significant degradation of surface or ground waters. In making this determination, the commissioner shall consider the extent of any impacts on water resources resulting from the proposed major development, including, but not limited to, the regenerative capacity of aquifers or other surface or ground water supplies, increases in stormwater generated, increases in impervious surface, increases in stormwater pollutant loading, changes in land use, and changes in vegetative cover;
- (2) would cause minimal feasible interference with the natural functioning of animal, plant, and other natural resources at the site and within the surrounding area, and minimal feasible individual and cumulative adverse impacts to the environment both onsite and offsite of the major development;
- (3) will result in minimum feasible alteration or impairment of the aquatic ecosystem including existing contour, vegetation, fish and wildlife resources, and aquatic circulation of a freshwater wetland;
- (4) will not jeopardize the continued existence of species listed pursuant to "The Endangered and Nongame Species Conservation 46

- 1 Act," P.L.1973, c.309 (C.23:2A-1 et seq.) or the "Endangered Plant
- 2 Species List Act," P.L.1989, c.56 (C.13:1B-15.151 et seq.), or which
- appear on the federal endangered or threatened species list, and will 3
- 4 not result in the likelihood of the destruction or adverse modification
- of habitat for any rare, threatened, or endangered species of animal or 5
- 6 plant;

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- 7 (5) is located or constructed so as to neither endanger human life 8 or property nor otherwise impair the public health, safety, and welfare;
 - (6) would result in minimal practicable degradation of unique or irreplaceable land types, historical or archeological areas, and existing public scenic attributes at the site and within the surrounding area; and
- (7) meets all other applicable department standards, rules, and 12 13 regulations and State laws.
 - b. A Highlands permitting review approval may be issued to a major development subject to a limited review pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection b. of section 34 of this act or granted a waiver pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (2) of subsection b. of section 34 of this act notwithstanding the inability to make the finding required pursuant to subsection a. of this section.

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- (New section) a. Whenever the Commissioner of Environmental Protection finds that a person has violated any provision of section 31 of this act, a Highlands permitting review approval issued pursuant to section 35 of this act, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant to sections 32 and 33 of this act, the commissioner may:
- 27 (1) Issue an order requiring any such person to comply in 28 accordance with subsection b. of this section; or
 - (2) Bring a civil action in accordance with subsection c. of this section; or
 - (3) Levy a civil administrative penalty in accordance with subsection d. of this section; or
- 33 (4) Bring an action for a civil penalty in accordance with subsection e. of this section; or
- (5) Petition the Attorney General to bring a criminal action in 35 accordance with subsection f. of this section. 36
- Recourse to any of the remedies available under this section shall 37 38 not preclude recourse to any of the other remedies prescribed in this 39 section or by any other applicable law.
- 40 Whenever, on the basis of available information, the commissioner finds a person in violation of any provision of section 31 41
- 42 of this act, a Highlands permitting review approval issued pursuant to
- 43 section 35 of this act, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant to
- 44 sections 32 and 33 of this act, the commissioner may issue an order:
- 45 (1) specifying the provision or provisions of the rule, regulation,
- 46 permit, approval, or authorization of which the person is in violation;

- 1 (2) citing the action which constituted the violation; (3) requiring 2 compliance with the provision or provisions violated; (4) requiring the 3 restoration of the area which is the site of the violation; and (5) 4 providing notice to the person of the right to a hearing on the matters 5 contained in the order.
 - c. The commissioner is authorized to institute a civil action in Superior Court for appropriate relief from any violation of any provision of section 31 of this act, a Highlands permitting review approval issued pursuant to section 35 of this act, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant to sections 32 and 33 of this act. Such relief may include, singly or in combination:
 - (1) A temporary or permanent injunction;

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- (2) Assessment of the violator for the costs of any investigation, inspection, or monitoring survey which led to the establishment of the violation, and for the reasonable costs of preparing and bringing legal action under this subsection;
- (3) Assessment of the violator for any costs incurred by the State in removing, correcting, or terminating the adverse effects resulting from any unauthorized regulated activity for which legal action under this subsection may have been brought;
- (4) Assessment against the violator for compensatory damages for any loss or destruction of wildlife, fish or aquatic life, and for any other actual damages caused by an unauthorized regulated activity;
- (5) A requirement that the violator restore the site of the violation to the maximum extent practicable and feasible.
- 26 d. The commissioner is authorized to assess a civil administrative 27 penalty of up to \$25,000 for each violation of any provision of section 28 31 of this act, a Highlands permitting review approval issued pursuant 29 to section 35 of this act, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant to 30 sections 32 and 33 of this act, and each day during which each 31 violation continues shall constitute an additional, separate, and distinct 32 offense. Any amount assessed under this subsection shall fall within 33 a range established by regulation by the commissioner for violations of 34 similar type, seriousness, and duration. No assessment shall be levied 35 pursuant to this section until after the party has been notified by certified mail or personal service. The notice shall: (1) identify the 36 section of the rule, regulation, permit, approval, or authorization 37 38 violated; (2) recite the facts alleged to constitute a violation; (3) state 39 the amount of the civil penalties to be imposed; and (4) affirm the 40 rights of the alleged violator to a hearing. The ordered party shall 41 have 20 days from receipt of the notice within which to deliver to the 42 commissioner a written request for a hearing. After the hearing and 43 upon finding that a violation has occurred, the commissioner may issue 44 a final order after assessing the amount of the fine specified in the 45 notice. If no hearing is requested, the notice shall become a final order after the expiration of the 20-day period. Payment of the assessment 46

- 1 is due when a final order is issued or the notice becomes a final order.
- 2 The authority to levy an administrative penalty is in addition to all
- 3 other enforcement provisions in this act and in any other applicable
- 4 law, rule, or regulation, and the payment of any assessment shall not
- 5 be deemed to affect the availability of any other enforcement
- 6 provisions in connection with the violation for which the assessment
- 7 is levied. Any civil administrative penalty assessed under this section
- 8 may be compromised by the commissioner upon the posting of a
- 9 performance bond by the violator, or upon such terms and conditions
- 10 as the commissioner may establish by regulation.
- e. A person who violates any provision of section 31 of this act, a
- 12 Highlands permitting review approval issued pursuant to section 35 of
- this act, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant to sections 32 and
- 14 33 of this act, an administrative order issued pursuant to subsection b.
- of this section, or a court order issued pursuant to subsection c. of this
- section, or who fails to pay a civil administrative penalty in full
- pursuant to subsection d. of this section, shall be subject, upon order
- of a court, to a civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000 per day of such
- 19 violation, and each day during which the violation continues shall
- 20 constitute an additional, separate, and distinct offense. Any civil
- 21 penalty imposed pursuant to this subsection may be collected with
- 22 costs in a summary proceeding pursuant to the "Penalty Enforcement
- 23 Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.). The Superior
- 24 Court and the municipal court shall have jurisdiction to enforce the
- 25 provisions of the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999" in connection
- 26 with this act.

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- 27 f. A person who purposely or negligently violates any provision of
- 28 section 31 of this act, a Highlands permitting review approval issued
- 29 pursuant to section 35 of this act, or any rule or regulation adopted
- 30 pursuant to sections 32 and 33 of this act, shall be guilty, upon
- 31 conviction, of a crime of the fourth degree and, notwithstanding any
- 32 provision of N.J.S.2C:43-3 to the contrary, shall be subject to a fine
- of not less than \$2,500 nor more than \$25,000 per day of violation, in
- 34 addition to any other applicable penalties and provisions under Title
- 35 2C of the New Jersey Statutes. A second or subsequent offense under
- 36 this subsection shall subject the violator to a fine, notwithstanding any
- provision of N.J.S.2C:43-3 to the contrary, of not less than \$5,000 nor
- 38 more than \$50,000 per day of violation, in addition to any other

applicable penalties and provisions under Title 2C of the New Jersey

- 40 Statutes. A person who knowingly makes a false statement,
- 41 representation, or certification in any application, record, or other
- 42 document filed or required to be maintained under this act shall be
- 43 guilty, upon conviction, of a crime of the fourth degree and,
- 44 notwithstanding any provision of N.J.S.2C:43-3 to the contrary, shall
- 45 be subject to a fine of not more than \$10,000, in addition to any other
- 46 applicable penalties and provisions under Title 2C of the New Jersey

1 Statutes.

g. In addition to the penalties prescribed in this section, a notice of violation of any provision of section 31 of this act, a Highlands permitting review approval issued pursuant to section 35 of this act, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant to sections 32 and 33 of this act, shall be recorded on the deed of the property wherein the violation occurred, on order of the commissioner, by the clerk or register of deeds and mortgages of the county wherein the affected property is located and with the clerk of the Superior Court and shall remain attached thereto until such time as the violation has been remedied and the commissioner orders the notice of violation removed.

h. The department may require an applicant or permittee to provide any information the department requires to determine compliance with any provision of section 31 of this act, a Highlands permitting review approval issued pursuant to section 35 of this act, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant to sections 32 and 33 of this act.

i. All penalties collected pursuant to this section shall either be used, as determined by the council, by the department for the acquisition of lands in the preservation area or by any development transfer bank used or established by the council to purchase development potential in the preservation area.

37. (New section) Notwithstanding the provisions P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-1 et seq.), or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, major development as defined in section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) that includes a regulated activity as defined in section 3 of P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-3) in a freshwater wetland or freshwater wetland transition area located wholly or partially in the Highlands preservation area as defined in section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) shall also be regulated pursuant to sections 31 through 36 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill).

38. (New section) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection a. of section 5 of P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-5), or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, the Department of Environmental Protection, pursuant to section 33 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), shall establish a permit system to provide for review of allocations or reallocations of waters of the Highlands, as defined in section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), to provide for the issuance of permits for diversions either individually or cumulatively of more than 50,000 gallons per day of waters of the Highlands in the Highlands preservation area as defined in section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now

before the Legislature as this bill).

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1 39. (New section) Notwithstanding the provisions of the "Water 2 Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.) and the 3 "Water Quality Planning Act," P.L.1977, c.75 (C.58:11A-1 et seq.), or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, the 4 Department of Environmental Protection, pursuant to section 33 of 5 6 P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), shall 7 establish a septic system density standard at a level to prevent the 8 degradation of water quality, or to require the restoration of water 9 quality, and to protect ecological uses from individual, secondary, and 10 cumulative impacts, in consideration of deep aquifer recharge available 11 for dilution, which standard shall be applied to any major development as defined in section 3 of P.L. (C. 12 , c.) (now before the 13 Legislature as this bill) located wholly or partially within the Highlands preservation area as defined in section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now 14 15 before the Legislature as this bill).

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17 (New section) Notwithstanding the provisions of the "Safe Drinking Water Act," P.L.1977, c.224 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.), or any 18 19 rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, the 20 Department of Environmental Protection, pursuant to section 33 of 21 P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), within the 22 Highlands preservation area as defined in section 3 of P.L. 23 (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), shall limit or prohibit the construction of new public water systems or the extension of 24 25 existing public water systems, except in the case of a demonstrated 26 need to protect public health and safety.

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28 41. (New section) Notwithstanding the provisions of the "Water 29 Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.) and the 30 "Water Quality Planning Act," P.L.1977, c.75 (C.58:11A-1 et seq.), or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, 31 32 within the Highlands preservation area as defined in section 3 of , c. (C. 33 P.L.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), 34 designated sewer service areas for which wastewater collection systems have not been installed on the date of enactment of P.L. 35) (now before the Legislature as this bill) are hereby 36 revoked, and any associated treatment works approvals in the 37 38 impacted areas shall expire on the date of enactment of P.L. , c. 39 (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), and the Department of 40 Environmental Protection shall implement measures to amend any 41 water quality management plan as appropriate to reflect the revocation 42 of designated sewer service areas pursuant to this section.

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42. (New section) Notwithstanding the provisions of the "Flood 45 Hazard Area Control Act," P.L.1962, c.19 (C.58:16A-50 et seq.), or 46 any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, the

Department of Environmental Protection, pursuant to section 33 of 2 (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), shall 3 establish a zero net fill requirement within any flood hazard area located wholly or partially within the Highlands preservation area as 4 defined in section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the Legislature 5 6 as this bill). 7 8 43. Section 24 of P.L.1983, c.32 (C.4:1C-31) is amended to read

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- 9 as follows:
 - 24. a. Any landowner applying to the board to sell a development easement pursuant to section 17 of P.L.1983, c.32 (C.4:1C-24) shall offer to sell the development easement at a price which, in the opinion of the landowner, represents a fair value of the development potential of the land for nonagricultural purposes, as determined in accordance with the provisions of [this act] P.L.1983, c.32 (C.4:1C-11 et seq.).
 - b. Any offer shall be reviewed and evaluated by the board and the committee in order to determine the suitability of the land for development easement purchase. Decisions regarding suitability shall be based on the following criteria:
 - (1) Priority consideration shall be given, in any one county, to offers with higher numerical values obtained by applying the following formula:

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nonagricultural - agricultural - landowner's
  developmental value
                    value
                             asking price
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        nonagricultural - agricultural
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- (2) The degree to which the purchase would encourage the survivability of the municipally approved program in productive agriculture; and
- (3) The degree of imminence of change of the land from productive agriculture to nonagricultural use.

The board and the committee shall reject any offer for the sale of development easements which is unsuitable according to the above criteria and which has not been approved by the board and the municipality.

c. Two independent appraisals paid for by the board shall be conducted for each parcel of land so offered and deemed suitable. The appraisals shall be conducted by independent, professional appraisers selected by the board and the committee from among members of recognized organizations of real estate appraisers. The appraisals shall determine the current overall value of the parcel for nonagricultural purposes, as well as the current market value of the parcel for agricultural purposes. The difference between the two values shall

- 1 represent an appraisal of the value of the development easement. If
- 2 Burlington County or a municipality therein has established a
- 3 development transfer bank pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1989,
- 4 c.86 (C.40:55D-113 et seq.) or the Highlands Water Protection and
- 5 Planning Council has established a development transfer bank pursuant
- 6 to section 13 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as
- 7 <u>this bill</u>), the municipal average of the value of the development
- 8 potential of property in a sending zone established by the bank may be
- 9 the value used by the board in determining the value of the
- 10 development easement. If a development easement is purchased using
- 11 moneys appropriated from the fund, the State shall provide no more
- 12 than 80%, except 100% under emergency conditions specified by the
- 13 committee pursuant to rules or regulations, of the cost of the
- 14 appraisals conducted pursuant to this section.
- d. Upon receiving the results of the appraisals, or in Burlington
- 16 county or a municipality therein or elsewhere where a municipal
- average has been established under [P.L.1989, c.86 (C.40:55D-113 et
- seq.)] subsection c. of this section, upon receiving an application from
- 19 the landowners, the board and the committee shall compare the
- 20 appraised value, or the municipal average, as the case may be, and the
- 21 landowner's offer and, pursuant to the suitability criteria established in
- subsection b. of this section:
 - (1) Approve the application to sell the development easement and
- 24 rank the application in accordance with the criteria established in
- subsection b. of this section; or
 - (2) Disapprove the application, stating the reasons therefor.
- e. Upon approval by the committee and the board, the secretary is
- 29 appropriated therefor, an amount equal to no more than 80%, except

authorized to provide the board, within the limits of funds

- 30 100% under emergency conditions specified by the committee
- 31 pursuant to rules or regulations, of the purchase price of the
- development easement, as determined pursuant to the provisions of
- this section. The board shall provide its required share and accept the
- 34 landowner's offer to sell the development easement. The acceptance
- 35 shall cite the specific terms, contingencies and conditions of the
- shall the the specific terms, contingencies and conditions of the
- 36 purchase.

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- f. The landowner shall accept or reject the offer within 30 days of
- 38 receipt thereof. Any offer not accepted within that time shall be
- 39 deemed rejected.
- 40 g. Any landowner whose application to sell a development
- 41 easement has been rejected for any reason other than insufficient funds
- 42 may not reapply to sell a development easement on the same land
- 43 within two years of the original application.
- h. No development easement shall be purchased at a price greater
- 45 than the appraised value determined pursuant to subsection c. of this
- section or the municipal average, as the case may be.

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- 1 i. The appraisals conducted pursuant to this section or the fair 2 market value of land restricted to agricultural use shall not be used to increase the assessment and taxation of agricultural land pursuant to 3 4 the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964," P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.1 5 et seq.).
- 6 j. (1) In determining the suitability of land for development 7 easement purchase, the board and the committee may also include as 8 additional factors for consideration the presence of a historic building 9 or structure on the land and the willingness of the landowner to 10 preserve that building or structure, but only if the committee first 11 adopts, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), rules and regulations implementing this 12 13 subsection. The committee may, by rule or regulation adopted pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," assign any such 14 15 weight it deems appropriate to be given to these factors.
- (2) The provisions of paragraph (1) of this subsection may also be 16 17 applied in determining the suitability of land for fee simple purchase 18 for farmland preservation purposes as authorized by P.L.1983, c.31 19 (C.4:1C-1 et seq.), P.L.1983, c.32 (C.4:1C-11 et seq.), and P.L.1999, 20 c.152 (C.13:8C-1 et seq.).
- 21 (3) (a) For the purposes of paragraph (1) of this subsection: 22 "historic building or structure" means the same as that term is defined pursuant to subsection c. of section 2 of P.L.2001, c.405 23 24 (C.13:8C-40.2).
- 25 (b) For the purposes of paragraph (2) of this subsection, "historic 26 building or structure" means the same as that term is defined pursuant 27 to subsection c. of section 1 of P.L.2001, c.405 (C.13:8C-40.1).

(cf: P.L.2001, c.405, s.3) 28

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- 30 44. Section 29 of P.L.1983, c.32 (C.4:1C-36) is amended to read 31 as follows:
- 32 29. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to prohibit the 33 creation of a municipally approved program or other farmland preservation program, the purchase of development easements, or the 34 35 extension of any other benefit herein provided on land, and to owners 36 thereof, in the Pinelands area, as defined pursuant to section 3 of P.L.
- 37 1979, c. 111 (C. 13:18A-3), or in the Highlands Region, as defined in
- 38 section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this
- 39 bill).
- 40 (cf: P.L.1983, c.32, s.29)

- 42 45. Section 4 of P.L.1993, c.339 (C.4:1C-52) is amended to read 43 as follows:
- 44 4. The board shall have the following powers:
- a. To purchase, or to provide matching funds for the purchase of 45 46 80% of, the value of development potential and to otherwise facilitate

1 development transfers, from the owner of record of the property from 2 which the development potential is to be transferred or from any 3 person, or entity, public or private, holding the interest in development 4 potential that is subject to development transfer; provided that, in the case of providing matching funds for the purchase of 80% of the value 5 6 of development potential, the remaining 20% of that value is 7 contributed by the affected municipality or county, or both, after 8 public notice thereof in the New Jersey Register and in one newspaper 9 of general circulation in the area affected by the purchase. The 10 remaining 20% of the value of the development potential to be 11 contributed by the affected municipality or county, or both, to match funds provided by the board, may be obtained by purchase from, or 12 13 donation by, the owner of record of the property from which the 14 development potential is to be transferred or from any person, or 15 entity, public or private, holding the interest in development potential 16 that is subject to development transfer. The value of development 17 potential may be determined by either appraisal, municipal averaging 18 based upon appraisal data, or by a formula supported by appraisal 19 data. The board may also engage in development transfer by sale, 20 exchange, or other method of conveyance, provided that in doing so, 21 the board shall not substantially impair the private sale, exchange or 22 other method of conveyance of development potential. The board may 23 not, nor shall anything in this act be construed as permitting the board 24 to, engage in development transfer from one municipality to another, 25 which transfer is not in accordance with the ordinances of both 26 municipalities;

- b. To adopt and, from time to time, amend or repeal suitable bylaws for the management of its affairs;
- 29 c. To adopt and use an official seal and alter that seal at its 30 pleasure;
- d. To apply for, receive, and accept, from any federal, State, or other public or private source, grants or loans for, or in aid of, the board's authorized purposes;

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- e. To enter into any agreement or contract, execute any legal document, and perform any act or thing necessary, convenient, or desirable for the purposes of the board or to carry out any power expressly given in this act;
- f. To adopt, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), rules and regulations necessary to implement the provisions of this act;
- g. To call to its assistance and avail itself of the services of the employees of any State, county, or municipal department, board, commission, or agency as may be required and made available for these purposes;
- h. To retain such staff as may be necessary in the career service and to appoint an executive director thereof. The executive director

- 1 shall serve as a member of the senior executive or unclassified service 2 and may be appointed without regard to the provisions of Title 11A of 3 the New Jersey Statutes;
- 4 i. To review and analyze innovative techniques that may be 5 employed to maximize the total acreage reserved through the use of 6 perpetual easements;
- 7 j. To provide, through the State TDR Bank, a financial guarantee 8 with respect to any loan to be extended to any person that is secured 9 using development potential as collateral for the loan. Financial 10 guarantees provided under this act shall be in accordance with 11 procedures, terms and conditions, and requirements, including rights 12 and obligations of the parties in the event of default on any loan 13 secured in whole or in part using development potential as collateral, 14 to be established by rule or regulation adopted by the board pursuant 15 to the "Administrative Procedure Act";

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- k. To enter into agreement with the State Agriculture Development Committee for the purpose of acquiring development potential through the acquisition of development easements on farmland so that the board may utilize the existing processes, procedures, and capabilities of the State Agriculture Development Committee as necessary and appropriate to accomplish the goals and objectives of the board as provided for pursuant to this act;
- 1. To enter into agreements with other State agencies or entities providing services and programs authorized by law so that the board may utilize the existing processes, procedures, and capabilities of those other agencies or entities as necessary and appropriate to accomplish the goals and objectives of the board as provided for pursuant to this act; [and]
- 29 m. To provide planning assistance grants to municipalities that have adopted viable development transfer ordinances, as determined by the board, for up to 50% of the cost of planning associated with such an ordinance and incurred by a municipality, or \$10,000, whichever is less, which grants shall be made utilizing moneys 34 deposited into the bank pursuant to section 8 of [this act] P.L.1993. c.339;
- 36 n. To provide funding to any development transfer bank that may 37 be established by the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council pursuant to section 13 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the 38 39 <u>Legislature</u> as this bill), for (1) the purchase of development potential 40 by the Highlands development transfer bank, and (2) the council to provide planning assistance grants to municipalities in the Highlands 41 42 Region that are participating in a transfer of development rights 43 program implemented by the council pursuant to section 13 of P.L., 44 c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) in such amounts as 45 the council deems appropriate notwithstanding any provision of
- subsection m. of this section or of section 8 of P.L.1993, c.339 to the 46

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     contrary; and
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        o. To serve as a development transfer bank for the Highlands
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     Region if requested to do so by the Highlands Water Protection and
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     Planning Council pursuant to section 13 of P.L. , c. (C. ) (now
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     before the Legislature as this bill).
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     (cf: P.L.1993, c.339, s.4)
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        46. Section 11 of P.L.1983, c.560 (C.13:1B-15.143) is amended
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     to read as follows:
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        11. Subject to the provisions of Title [11 of the Revised] 11A of
     the New Jersey Statutes, and within the limits of funds appropriated
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     or otherwise made available, the commissioner may appoint any officer
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     or employee to the department necessary to carry out the provisions
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     of [this act] P.L.1983, c.560 (C.13:1B-15.133 et seq.), fix and
     determine their qualifications, which may include a knowledge of and
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     familiarity with the pinelands area or the Highlands Region and the
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     residents thereof.
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     (cf: P.L.1983, c.560, s.11)
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        47. Section 1 of P.L.1997, c.64 (C.13:1B-15.159) is amended to
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     read as follows:
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        1. The Department of Environmental Protection, in cooperation
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     with the Division of Travel and Tourism in the [Department of] New
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     Jersey Commerce and Economic [Development] Growth Commission,
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     [and] in consultation with the Pinelands Commission as it affects the
     pinelands area designated pursuant to section 10 of P.L.1979, c.111
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     (C.13:18A-11), and in consultation with the Highlands Water
     Protection and Planning Council as it affects the Highlands Region
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     designated pursuant to section 7 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before
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     the Legislature as this bill), shall establish a natural resources
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     inventory, using the Geographic Information System, for the purpose
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     of encouraging ecologically based tourism and recreation in New
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     Jersey. This inventory shall contain information on New Jersey's
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     natural, historic, and recreational resources, and shall include, to the
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     greatest extent possible, but need not be limited to, federal, State,
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     county and local parks, wildlife management areas, hatcheries, natural
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     areas, historic sites, State forests, recreational areas, ecological and
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     biological study sites, reservoirs, marinas, boat launches,
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     campgrounds, waterfront access points, winter sports recreation areas,
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     and national wildlife refuges.
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     (cf: P.L.1997, c.64, s.1)
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        48. Section 1 of P.L.1995, c.306 (C.13:1D-58) is amended to read
44
     as follows:
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1. a. The provisions of P.L.1993, c.38 (C.13:1D-51 et seq.) shall not apply in the case of conveyances by the State or the department

- 1 involving an exchange of lands within the pinelands area, as defined in
- 2 section 10 of P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-11), or within the
- 3 Hackensack Meadowlands District, as defined in section 4 of
- 4 P.L.1968, c.404 (C.13:17-4), or within the Highlands Region as
- 5 <u>defined in section 3 of P.L.</u>, c. (C.) (now before the Legislature
- 6 <u>as this bill</u>), to the federal government or any agency or entity thereof,
- 7 another State agency or entity, or a local unit, provided the lands to be
- 8 conveyed are used for recreation or conservation purposes, shall
- 9 continue to be used for recreation or conservation purposes and it has
- 10 been determined pursuant to subsection c. of this section that the
- 11 proposed recreation and conservation purposes for the lands do not
- 12 significantly alter the ecological and environmental value of the lands
- 13 being exchanged.

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- b. Prior to any conveyance of lands that is exempted from the provisions of P.L.1993, c.38 (C.13:1D-51 et seq.) pursuant to subsection a. of this section, the Department of Environmental Protection shall conduct at least one public hearing on the proposed conveyance in the municipality in which the lands proposed to be conveyed are located. The local unit proposing the recreation or conservation use of the lands being exchanged shall present its proposal for the use of the lands being exchanged at the public hearing, including a description of the proposed recreation or conservation use of the lands and any proposed alterations to the lands
- 25 c. As a condition of any conveyance of lands that is exempted from 26 the provisions of P.L.1993, c.38 (C.13:1D-51 et seq.) pursuant to 27 subsection a. of this section, and prior to any public hearing required 28 pursuant to subsection b. of this section, the Pinelands Commission, 29 [or] the [Hackensack] New Jersey Meadowlands [Development] 30 Commission, or the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, 31 as appropriate, after consultation with the local units in which the 32 lands to be conveyed are located, shall determine that the proposed 33 recreation or conservation purpose does not significantly alter the 34 ecological and environmental value of the lands being exchanged. The appropriate commission or council shall determine that the proposed 35

for the recreation or conservation purposes.

ecological and environmental value of the lands being exchanged, if:

(1) the appropriate commission <u>or council</u> determines that any proposed recreation or conservation use of the lands being exchanged is consistent with the law, rules and regulations governing the protection and development of the pinelands area or pinelands preservation area, as appropriate and as defined in section 10 of P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-11), [or] the Hackensack Meadowlands District, as defined in section 4 of P.L.1968, c.404 (C.13:17-4), <u>or the Highlands Region</u>, as defined in section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now

recreation or conservation purpose does not significantly alter the

46 <u>before the Legislature as this bill)</u>, and the requirements of the law,

1 rules or regulations have been met to the satisfaction of the 2 appropriate commission or council; and

- 3 (2) a portion of the lands would be maintained in an undeveloped 4 or pre-conveyance state and no wetlands would be negatively affected 5 in violation of State or federal law, or any rules or regulations adopted 6 pursuant thereto.
- The determinations required pursuant to this subsection shall be made available to the public at the time of the public hearing required pursuant to subsection b. of this section.
- d. For the purposes of this section, "local unit" means a municipality, county, or other political subdivision of the State, or any agency thereof authorized to administer, protect, develop and maintain lands for recreation and conservation purposes.
- 14 (cf: P.L.1995, c.306, s.1)

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- 49. Section 18 of P.L.1985, c.432 (C.13:1M-18) is amended to read as follows:
- 18. a. Nothing in this act shall be construed to supersede or prohibit the adoption, by the governing body of any [county or] municipality or county, of any ordinance or resolution regulating or prohibiting the exploration beyond the reconnaissance phase, drilling for and the extraction of oil and natural gas. As used in this section, "reconnaissance" means:
 - (1) A geologic and mineral resource appraisal of a region by searching and analyzing published literature, aerial photography, and geologic maps;
 - (2) Use of geophysical, geochemical, and remote sensing techniques that do not involve road building, land clearing or the introduction of chemicals to a land or water area;
 - (3) Surface geologic, topographic or other mapping and property surveying; or
- 32 (4) Sample collections which do not involve excavation or drilling 33 equipment or the introduction of chemicals to land or water area.
 - b. A municipality or county shall submit a copy of any ordinance or regulation specifically pertaining to activities regulated by this act, or a rule or regulation promulgated pursuant to this act, to the department.
- 38 c. The department shall, within 90 days of submittal, approve or 39 disapprove any ordinance or regulation submitted pursuant to 40 subsection b. of this section. An ordinance or regulation shall be 41 disapproved only if the department finds it unreasonable and provides 42 in writing its reasons for the finding. The failure of the department to 43 act within 90 days of submittal shall constitute approval.
- d. Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the authority of a municipality or county or board of health to enact ordinances or regulations of general applicability to all industrial or commercial

activities, including, but not limited to, ordinances and regulations
limiting noise, light, and odor.

- 3 e. The department shall not approve any ordinance or regulation 4 submitted pursuant to subsection b. of this section which governs activities within the Pinelands area designated in the "Pinelands 5 Protection Act," P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.), unless the 6 7 Pinelands Commission has approved the ordinance or regulation. The 8 department shall not disapprove an ordinance or regulation, or portion 9 thereof, which has been certified by the Pinelands Commission as 10 consistent with the requirements of the Comprehensive Management
- 11 Plan as required by the "Pinelands Protection Act." 12 f. The department shall not approve any ordinance or regulation 13 submitted pursuant to subsection b. of this section which governs 14 activities within the Highlands preservation area designated in the 15 "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act," P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), unless the Highlands Water 16 Protection and Planning Council has approved the ordinance or 17 regulation. The department shall not disapprove an ordinance or 18 19 regulation, or portion thereof, which has been certified by the 20 Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council as consistent with 21 the requirements of the Highlands regional master plan as required by 22 the "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act."

23 (cf: P.L.1985, c.432, s.18)

- 25 50. Section 25 of P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-25) is amended to 26 read as follows:
- 27 25. Within one year after the date of enactment of this act, and 28 biennially thereafter until and including 2008, the Garden State 29 Preservation Trust, after consultation with the Department of Environmental Protection, the State Agriculture Development 30 31 Committee, the New Jersey Historic Trust, the Pinelands Commission, 32 the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, and the Office 33 of State Planning in the Department of Community Affairs, shall 34 prepare and submit to the Governor and the Legislature a written report, which shall: 35
- a. Describe the progress being made on achieving the goals and 36 37 objectives of Article VIII, Section II, paragraph 7 of the State 38 Constitution and this act with respect to the acquisition and 39 development of lands for recreation and conservation purposes, the 40 preservation of farmland, and the preservation of historic properties, 41 and provide recommendations with respect to any legislative, administrative, or local action that may be required to ensure that 42 43 those goals and objectives may be met in the future;
- b. Tabulate, both for the reporting period and cumulatively, the total acreage for the entire State, and the acreage in each county and municipality, of lands acquired for recreation and conservation

1 purposes and of farmland preserved for farmland preservation

- 2 purposes that have been applied toward meeting the goals and
- 3 objectives of Article VIII, Section II, paragraph 7 of the State
- 4 Constitution and this act with respect to the acquisition of lands for
- recreation and conservation purposes and the preservation of farmland; 5
- 6 c. Tabulate, both for the reporting period and cumulatively, the
- 7 total acreage for the entire State, and the acreage in each county and 8
- municipality, of any donations of land that have been applied toward meeting the goals and objectives of Article VIII, Section II, paragraph
- 9
- 10 7 of the State Constitution and this act with respect to the acquisition
- 11 of lands for recreation and conservation purposes and the preservation
- 12 of farmland;
- 13 d. List, both for the reporting period and cumulatively, and by
- 14 project name, project sponsor, and location by county and
- 15 municipality, all historic preservation projects funded with
- constitutionally dedicated moneys in whole or in part; 16
- e. Indicate those areas of the State where, as designated by the 17
- 18 Department of Environmental Protection in the Open Space Master
- 19 Plan prepared pursuant to section 5 of P.L.2002, c.76 (C.13:8C-25.1),
- 20 the acquisition and development of lands by the State for recreation
- 21 and conservation purposes is planned or is most likely to occur, and
- 22 those areas of the State where there is a need to protect water
- 23 resources, including the identification of lands where protection is
- needed to assure adequate quality and quantity of drinking water 24
- 25 supplies in times of drought, indicate those areas of the State where
- 26 the allocation of constitutionally dedicated moneys for farmland
- 27 preservation purposes is planned or is most likely to occur, and
- 28 provide a proposed schedule and expenditure plan for those
- 29 acquisitions, developments, and allocations, for the next reporting
- 31 developments, and allocations will be distributed throughout all

period, which shall include an explanation of how those acquisitions,

- 32 geographic regions of the State to the maximum extent practicable and
- feasible; 33

- 34 List any surplus real property owned by the State or an
- 35 independent authority of the State that may be utilizable for recreation
- and conservation purposes or farmland preservation purposes, and 36
- 37 indicate what action has been or must be taken to effect a conveyance
- 38 of those lands to the department, the committee, local government
- 39 units, qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organizations, or other entities 40 or persons so that the lands may be preserved and used for those
- 41 purposes;
- 42 g. List, for the reporting period, all projects for which applications
- 43 for funding under the Green Acres, farmland preservation, and historic
- 44 preservation programs were received but not funded with
- 45 constitutionally dedicated moneys during the reporting period, and the
- reason or reasons why those projects were not funded; 46

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- h. Provide, for the reporting period, a comparison of the amount of constitutionally dedicated moneys annually appropriated for local government unit projects for recreation and conservation purposes in municipalities eligible to receive State aid pursuant to P.L.1978, c.14 (C.52:27D-178 et seq.) to the average amount of Green Acres bond act moneys annually appropriated for such projects in the years 1984 through 1998; and
- i. Tabulate, both for the reporting period and cumulatively, the total acreage for the entire State, and the acreage in each county and municipality, of lands acquired for recreation and conservation purposes that protect water resources and that protect flood-prone areas.
- 13 (cf: P.L.2002, c.76, s.3)

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- 15 51. Section 5 of P.L.2002, c.76 (C.13:8C-25.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 17 5. a. Within one year after the date of enactment of P.L.2002, c.76 (C.13:8C-25.1 et al.), and annually thereafter, the Department of 18 19 Environmental Protection, in consultation with the Office of State Planning in the Department of Community Affairs [and], the Pinelands 20 21 Commission, and the Highlands Water Protection and Planning 22 Council, shall prepare and submit to the Governor and the Legislature 23 an Open Space Master Plan, which shall indicate those areas of the 24 State where the acquisition and development of lands by the State for 25 recreation and conservation purposes is planned or is most likely to occur, and those areas of the State where there is a need to protect 26 27 water resources, including the identification of lands where protection is needed to assure adequate quality and quantity of drinking water 28 29 supplies in times of drought, and which shall provide a proposed 30 schedule and expenditure plan for those acquisitions and developments 31 for the next reporting period, which shall include an explanation of 32 how those acquisitions and developments will be distributed 33 throughout all geographic regions of the State to the maximum extent
 - practicable and feasible.

 b. The department shall provide any information the Garden State Preservation Trust deems necessary in preparing its biennial report pursuant to section 25 of P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-25).
- 38 (cf: P.L.2002, c.76, s.5)

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- 40 52. Section 26 of P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-26) is amended to 41 read as follows:
- 26. a. Moneys appropriated from the Garden State Green Acres

 12. Preservation Trust Fund to the Department of Environmental
- Preservation Trust Fund to the Department of Environmental Protection shall be used by the department to:
- 47 (1) B 1 1 1 1 1 1
- 45 (1) Pay the cost of acquisition and development of lands by the 46 State for recreation and conservation purposes;

- 1 (2) Provide grants and loans to assist local government units to pay 2 the cost of acquisition and development of lands for recreation and 3 conservation purposes; and
- 4 (3) Provide grants to assist qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organizations to pay the cost of acquisition and development of lands 6 for recreation and conservation purposes.

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- b. The expenditure and allocation of constitutionally dedicated moneys for recreation and conservation purposes shall reflect the geographic diversity of the State to the maximum extent practicable and feasible.
- 11 c. (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 5 of P.L.1985, c.310 (C.13:18A-34) or this act, or any rule or regulation adopted 12 13 pursuant thereto, to the contrary, the value of a pinelands development 14 credit, allocated to a parcel pursuant to P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 15 et seq.) and the pinelands comprehensive management plan adopted 16 pursuant thereto, shall be made utilizing a value to be determined by 17 either appraisal, regional averaging based upon appraisal data, or a formula supported by appraisal data. The appraisal and appraisal data 18 19 shall consider as appropriate: land values in the pinelands regional 20 growth areas; land values in counties, municipalities, and other areas 21 reasonably contiguous to, but outside of, the pinelands area; and other 22 relevant factors as may be necessary to maintain the environmental, 23 ecological, and agricultural qualities of the pinelands area.
 - (2) No pinelands development credit allocated to a parcel of land pursuant to P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.) and the pinelands comprehensive management plan adopted pursuant thereto that is acquired or obtained in connection with the acquisition of the parcel for recreation and conservation purposes by the State, a local government unit, or a qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization using constitutionally dedicated moneys in whole or in part may be conveyed in any manner. All such pinelands development credits shall be retired permanently.
 - d. (1) (a) For State fiscal years 2000 through 2004 only, when the department, a local government unit, or a qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization seeks to acquire lands for recreation and conservation purposes using constitutionally dedicated moneys in whole or in part or Green Acres bond act moneys in whole or in part, it shall conduct or cause to be conducted an appraisal or appraisals of the value of the lands that shall be made using the land use zoning of the lands (I) in effect at the time of proposed acquisition, and (ii) in effect on November 3, 1998 as if that land use zoning is still in effect at the time of proposed acquisition. The higher of those two values shall be utilized by the department, a local government unit, or a qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization as the basis for negotiation with the landowner with respect to the acquisition price for the lands. The landowner shall be provided with both values

1 determined pursuant to this subparagraph.

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41 42 A landowner may waive any of the requirements of this paragraph and may agree to sell the lands for less than the values determined pursuant to this paragraph.

- (b) After the date of enactment of P.L.2001, c.315 and through 5 6 June 30, 2004, in determining the two values required pursuant to subparagraph (a) of this paragraph, the appraisal shall be made using 7 8 not only the land use zoning but also the Department of Environmental 9 Protection wastewater, water quality and watershed management rules 10 and regulations and associated requirements and standards applicable to the lands subject to the appraisal (I) in effect at the time of 11 proposed acquisition, and (ii) in effect on November 3, 1998 as if 12 13 those rules and regulations and associated requirements and standards 14 are still in effect at the time of proposed acquisition.
- 15 (2) The requirements of this subsection shall be in addition to any 16 other requirements of law, rule, or regulation not inconsistent 17 therewith.
 - (3) This subsection shall not:
 - (a) apply if the land use zoning of the lands at the time of proposed acquisition, and the Department of Environmental Protection wastewater, water quality and watershed management rules and regulations and associated requirements and standards applicable to the lands at the time of proposed acquisition, have not changed since November 3, 1998;
- (b) apply in the case of lands to be acquired with federal moneysin whole or in part;
 - (c) apply in the case of lands to be acquired in accordance with subsection c. of this section;
 - (d) apply to projects funded using constitutionally dedicated moneys appropriated pursuant to the annual appropriations act for State fiscal year 2000 (P.L.1999, c.138); or
- 32 (e) alter any requirements to disclose information to a landowner 33 pursuant to the "Eminent Domain Act of 1971," P.L.1971, c.361 34 (C.20:3-1 et seq.).
 - e. Moneys appropriated from the fund may be used to match grants, contributions, donations, or reimbursements from federal aid programs or from other public or private sources established for the same or similar purposes as the fund.
 - f. Moneys appropriated from the fund shall not be used by local government units or qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organizations to acquire lands that are already permanently preserved for recreation and conservation purposes, as determined by the department.
- g. Whenever lands are donated to the State by a public utility, as defined pursuant to Title 48 of the Revised Statutes, for recreation and conservation purposes, the commissioner may make and keep the lands accessible to the public, unless the commissioner determines that

public accessibility would be detrimental to the lands or any natural resources associated therewith.

3 h. Whenever the State acquires land for recreation and conservation 4 purposes, the agency in the Department of Environmental Protection responsible for administering the land shall, within six months after the 5 6 date of acquisition, inspect the land for the presence of any buildings 7 or structures thereon which are or may be historic properties and, 8 within 60 days after completion of the inspection, provide to the New 9 Jersey Historic Preservation Office in the department (1) a written 10 notice of its findings, and (2) for any buildings or structures which are 11 or may be historic properties discovered on the land, a request for determination of potential eligibility for inclusion of the historic 12 13 building or structure in the New Jersey Register of Historic Places. 14 Whenever such a building or structure is discovered, a copy of the 15 written notice provided to the New Jersey Historic Preservation Office shall also be sent to the New Jersey Historic Trust and to the county 16 17 historical commission or advisory committee, the county historical 18 society, the local historic preservation commission or advisory 19 committee, and the local historical society if any of those entities exist 20 in the county or municipality wherein the land is located.

- 21 i. (1) Commencing July 1, 2004 and until five years after the date 22 of enactment of P.L.2001, c.315, when the department, a local 23 government unit, or a qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization 24 seeks to acquire lands for recreation and conservation purposes using 25 constitutionally dedicated moneys in whole or in part or Green Acres 26 bond act moneys in whole or in part, it shall conduct or cause to be 27 conducted an appraisal or appraisals of the value of the lands that shall 28 be made using the Department of Environmental Protection 29 wastewater, water quality and watershed management rules and 30 regulations and associated requirements and standards applicable to the lands subject to the appraisal (a) in effect at the time of proposed 31 32 acquisition, and (b) in effect on November 3, 1998 as if those rules and 33 regulations and associated requirements and standards are still in effect 34 at the time of proposed acquisition. The higher of those two values shall be utilized by the department, a local government unit, or a 35 36 qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization as the basis for 37 negotiation with the landowner with respect to the acquisition price 38 for the lands. The landowner shall be provided with both values 39 determined pursuant to this paragraph. A landowner may waive any 40 of the requirements of this paragraph and may agree to sell the lands 41 for less than the values determined pursuant to this paragraph.
 - (2) The requirements of this subsection shall be in addition to any other requirements of law, rule, or regulation not inconsistent therewith.
- 45 (3) This subsection shall not:

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46 (a) apply if the Department of Environmental Protection

- 1 wastewater, water quality and watershed management rules and
- 2 regulations and associated requirements and standards applicable to
- 3 the lands at the time of proposed acquisition have not changed since
- 4 November 3, 1998;
- (b) apply in the case of lands to be acquired with federal moneysin whole or in part;
- 7 (c) apply in the case of lands to be acquired in accordance with 8 subsection c. of this section; or
- 9 (d) alter any requirements to disclose information to a landowner 10 pursuant to the "Eminent Domain Act of 1971," P.L.1971, c.361 11 (C.20:3-1 et seq.).
- j. (1) Commencing on the date of enactment of P.L., c. (C.)
- 13 (now before the Legislature as this bill) and until five years after that
- 14 <u>date, when the department, a local government unit, or a qualifying tax</u>
- 15 <u>exempt nonprofit organization seeks to acquire lands in the Highlands</u>
- 16 preservation area for recreation and conservation purposes using
- 17 <u>constitutionally dedicated moneys in whole or in part or Green Acres</u>
- 18 bond act moneys in whole or in part, it shall conduct or cause to be
- 19 conducted an appraisal or appraisals of the value of the lands that shall
- 20 <u>be made using (a) the rules and regulations adopted by the Department</u>
- 21 <u>of Environmental Protection pursuant to P.L.</u>, c. (C.) (now before
- 22 the Legislature as this bill) and the provisions of section 31 of that act
- 23 applicable to the lands subject to the appraisal and in effect at the time
- 24 of proposed acquisition, and (b) the rules and regulations adopted by
- 25 the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to any
- 26 <u>environmental land use or water law applicable to the lands subject to</u>
- the appraisal and in effect on the day before the date of enactment of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill). The
- 29 <u>higher of those two values shall be utilized by the department, a local</u>
- 30 government unit, or a qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization as
- 31 the basis for negotiation with the landowner with respect to the
- 32 acquisition price for the lands. The landowner shall be provided with
- 33 <u>both values determined pursuant to this paragraph.</u>
- 34 <u>A landowner may waive any of the requirements of this paragraph</u>
- 35 and may agree to sell the lands for less than the values determined
- 36 pursuant to this paragraph.
- 37 The provisions of this paragraph shall be applicable only to lands
- 38 the owner of which at the time of proposed acquisition is the same
- 39 person who owned the lands on the date of enactment of P.L. , c.
- 40 (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) and who has owned the
- 41 <u>lands continuously since that enactment date, or is an immediate family</u>
- 42 <u>member of that person.</u>
- 43 (2) A landowner whose lands are subject to the provisions of
- 44 paragraph (1) of this subsection shall choose to have the lands
- 45 appraised in accordance with this subsection or in accordance with the
- 46 provisions of either subsection d. or subsection i. of this section to the

- 1 extent that the subsection is applicable and has not expired.
- 2 (3) The requirements of this subsection shall be in addition to any
- 3 other requirements of law, rule, or regulation not inconsistent
- 4 therewith.
- 5 (4) This subsection shall not:
- 6 (a) apply in the case of lands to be acquired with federal moneys
- 7 <u>in whole or in part; or</u>
- 8 (b) alter any requirements to disclose information to a landowner
- 9 pursuant to the "Eminent Domain Act of 1971," P.L.1971, c.361
- 10 (C.20:3-1 et seq.).
- 11 (5) For the purposes of this subsection:
- 12 "Environmental land use or water law" means the "Freshwater
- 13 Wetlands Protection Act," P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-1 et seq.), the
- 14 "Water Supply Management Act," P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-1 et
- 15 seq.), the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1
- 16 et seq.), "The Realty Improvement Sewerage and Facilities Act
- 17 (1954)," P.L.1954, c.199 (C.58:11-23 et seq.), the "Water Quality
- 18 <u>Planning Act," P.L.1977, c.75 (C.58:11A-1 et seq.), the "Safe</u>
- 19 <u>Drinking Water Act," P.L.1977, c.224 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.), or the</u>
- 20 "Flood Hazard Area Control Act," P.L.1962, c.19 (C.58:16A-50 et
- 21 <u>seq.);</u>
- 22 "Highlands preservation area" means the preservation area in the
- 23 <u>Highlands Region as defined pursuant to section of P.L., c. (C.)</u>
- 24 (now before the Legislature as this bill); and
- 25 "Immediate family member" means spouse, child, sibling, aunt,
- 26 <u>uncle, niece, nephew, first cousin, grandparent, grandchild,</u>
- 27 <u>father-in-law, mother-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, stepparent,</u>
- 28 stepchild, stepbrother, stepsister, half brother, or half sister, whether
- 29 the individual is related by blood, marriage, or adoption.
- [j.] <u>k.</u> The department shall adopt guidelines for the evaluation and
- 31 priority ranking process which shall be used in making decisions
- 32 concerning the acquisition of lands by the State for recreation and
- conservation purposes using moneys from the Garden State Green Acres Preservation Trust Fund and from any other source. The
- Acres Preservation Trust Fund and from any other source. The guidelines, and any subsequent revisions thereto, shall be published in
- 55 Guidelines, and any subsequent revisions thereto, shall be pathished in
- the New Jersey Register. The adoption of the guidelines or of the revisions thereto, shall not be subject to the requirements of the
- 37 revisions thereto, shall not be subject to the requirements of the
- 38 "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et
- 39 seq.).
- [k.] <u>l.</u> In making decisions concerning the acquisition of lands by
- 41 the State for recreation and conservation purposes using moneys from
- 42 the Garden State Green Acres Preservation Trust Fund, in the
- 43 evaluation and priority ranking process the department shall accord
- 44 three times the weight to acquisitions of lands that would protect
- 45 water resources, and two times the weight to acquisitions of lands that
- 46 would protect flood-prone areas, as those criteria are compared to the

1 other criteria in the priority ranking process.

- [1.] m. The department, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), shall adopt rules and regulations that establish standards and requirements regulating any activity on lands acquired by the State for recreation and conservation purposes using constitutionally dedicated moneys to assure that the activity on those lands does not diminish the protection of surface water or groundwater resources.
- Any rules and regulations adopted pursuant to this subsection shall not apply to activities on lands acquired prior to the adoption of the rules and regulations.
- 12 (cf: P.L.2002, c.76, s.4)

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- 53. Section 38 of P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-38) is amended to read as follows:
- 38. a. All acquisitions or grants made pursuant to section 37 of this act shall be made with respect to farmland devoted to farmland preservation under programs established by law.
 - b. The expenditure and allocation of constitutionally dedicated moneys for farmland preservation purposes shall reflect the geographic diversity of the State to the maximum extent practicable and feasible.
- c. The committee shall implement the provisions of section 37 of this act in accordance with the procedures and criteria established pursuant to the "Agriculture Retention and Development Act," P.L.1983, c.32 (C.4:1C-11 et seq.) except as provided otherwise by this act.
 - d. The committee shall adopt the same or a substantially similar method for determining, for the purposes of this act, the committee's share of the cost of a development easement on farmland to be acquired by a local government as that which is being used by the committee on the date of enactment of this act for prior farmland preservation funding programs.
- 33 e. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 24 of P.L.1983, c.32 34 (C.4:1C-31) or this act, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant 35 thereto, to the contrary, whenever the value of a development easement on farmland to be acquired using constitutionally dedicated 36 37 moneys in whole or in part is determined based upon the value of any pinelands development credits allocated to the parcel pursuant to 38 39 P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.) and the pinelands comprehensive 40 management plan adopted pursuant thereto, the committee shall 41 determine the value of the development easement by:
- 42 (1) conducting a sufficient number of fair market value appraisals 43 as it deems appropriate to determine the value for farmland 44 preservation purposes of the pinelands development credits;
- 45 (2) considering development easement values in counties, 46 municipalities, and other areas (a) reasonably contiguous to, but

- outside of, the pinelands area, which in the sole opinion of the committee constitute reasonable development easement values in the pinelands area for the purposes of this subsection, and (b) in the pinelands area where pinelands development credits are or may be utilized, which in the sole opinion of the committee constitute reasonable development easement values in the pinelands area for the purposes of this subsection;
 - (3) considering land values in the pinelands regional growth areas;
 - (4) considering the importance of preserving agricultural lands in the pinelands area; and

- (5) considering such other relevant factors as may be necessary to increase participation in the farmland preservation program by owners of agricultural lands located in the pinelands area.
- f. No pinelands development credit that is acquired or obtained in connection with the acquisition of a development easement on farmland or fee simple title to farmland by the State, a local government unit, or a qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization using constitutionally dedicated moneys in whole or in part may be conveyed in any manner. All such pinelands development credits shall be retired permanently.
- g. (1) (a) For State fiscal years 2000 through 2004 only, when the committee, a local government unit, or a qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization seeks to acquire a development easement on farmland or the fee simple title to farmland for farmland preservation purposes using constitutionally dedicated moneys in whole or in part, it shall conduct or cause to be conducted an appraisal or appraisals of the value of the lands that shall be made using the land use zoning of the lands (I) in effect at the time of proposed acquisition, and (ii) in effect on November 3, 1998 as if that land use zoning is still in effect at the time of proposed acquisition. The higher of those two values shall be utilized by the committee, a local government unit, or a qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization as the basis for negotiation with the landowner with respect to the acquisition price for the lands. The landowner shall be provided with both values determined pursuant to this subparagraph.

A landowner may waive any of the requirements of this paragraph and may agree to sell the lands for less than the values determined pursuant to this paragraph.

(b) After the date of enactment of P.L.2001, c.315 and through June 30, 2004, in determining the two values required pursuant to subparagraph (a) of this paragraph, the appraisal shall be made using not only the land use zoning but also the Department of Environmental Protection wastewater, water quality and watershed management rules and regulations and associated requirements and standards applicable to the lands subject to the appraisal (I) in effect at the time of proposed acquisition, and (ii) in effect on November 3, 1998 as if

- 1 those rules and regulations and associated requirements and standards 2 are still in effect at the time of proposed acquisition.
- (2) The requirements of this subsection shall be in addition to any 3 4 other requirements of law, rule, or regulation not inconsistent therewith. 5
 - (3) This subsection shall not:

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- 7 (a) apply if the land use zoning of the lands at the time of proposed 8 acquisition, and the Department of Environmental Protection 9 wastewater, water quality and watershed management rules and 10 regulations and associated requirements and standards applicable to 11 the lands at the time of proposed acquisition, have not changed since 12 November 3, 1998;
- 13 (b) apply in the case of lands to be acquired with federal moneys 14 in whole or in part;
- 15 (c) apply in the case of lands to be acquired in accordance with subsection e. of this section; 16
 - (d) apply to projects funded using constitutionally dedicated moneys appropriated pursuant to the annual appropriations act for State fiscal year 2000 (P.L.1999, c.138); or
- 20 (e) alter any requirements to disclose information to a landowner 21 pursuant to the "Eminent Domain Act of 1971," P.L.1971, c.361 22 (C.20:3-1 et seq.).
 - h. Any farmland for which a development easement or fee simple title has been acquired pursuant to section 37 of this act shall be entitled to the benefits conferred by the "Right to Farm Act," P.L.1983, c.31 (C.4:1C-1 et al.) and the "Agriculture Retention and
- 27 Development Act," P.L.1983, c.32 (C.4:1C-11 et al.). 28 i. (1) Commencing July 1, 2004 and until five years after the date 29 of enactment of P.L.2001, c.315, when the committee, a local 30 government unit, or a qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization seeks to acquire a development easement on farmland or the fee simple 31 32 title to farmland for farmland preservation purposes using 33 constitutionally dedicated moneys in whole or in part, it shall conduct 34 or cause to be conducted an appraisal or appraisals of the value of the 35 lands that shall be made using the Department of Environmental 36 Protection wastewater, water quality and watershed management rules 37 and regulations and associated requirements and standards applicable 38 to the lands subject to the appraisal (a) in effect at the time of 39 proposed acquisition, and (b) in effect on November 3, 1998 as if 40 those rules and regulations and associated requirements and standards are still in effect at the time of proposed acquisition. The higher of 41
- 42 those two values shall be utilized by the committee, a local 43 government unit, or a qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization as 44 the basis for negotiation with the landowner with respect to the
- 45 acquisition price for the lands. The landowner shall be provided with
- both values determined pursuant to this paragraph. A landowner may 46

- waive any of the requirements of this paragraph and may agree to sell the lands for less than the values determined pursuant to this paragraph.
- 4 (2) The requirements of this subsection shall be in addition to any other requirements of law, rule, or regulation not inconsistent therewith.
 - (3) This subsection shall not:

- 8 (a) apply if the Department of Environmental Protection 9 wastewater, water quality and watershed management rules and 10 regulations and associated requirements and standards applicable to 11 the lands at the time of proposed acquisition have not changed since 12 November 3, 1998;
- (b) apply in the case of lands to be acquired with federal moneysin whole or in part;
- 15 (c) apply in the case of lands to be acquired in accordance with 16 subsection e. of this section; or
- (d) alter any requirements to disclose information to a landowner pursuant to the "Eminent Domain Act of 1971," P.L.1971, c.361 (C.20:3-1 et seq.).
- 20 j. (1) Commencing on the date of enactment of P.L., c. (C.) 21 (now before the Legislature as this bill) and until five years after that 22 date, when the committee, a local government unit, or a qualifying tax 23 exempt nonprofit organization seeks to acquire a development 24 easement on farmland or the fee simple title to farmland for farmland 25 preservation purposes in the Highlands preservation area using 26 constitutionally dedicated moneys in whole or in part, it shall conduct 27 or cause to be conducted an appraisal or appraisals of the value of the 28 lands that shall be made using (a) the rules and regulations adopted by 29 the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to P.L., c. 30 (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) and the provisions of section 31 of that act applicable to the lands subject to the appraisal 31 32 and in effect at the time of proposed acquisition, and (b) the rules and 33 regulations adopted by the Department of Environmental Protection 34 pursuant to any environmental land use or water law applicable to the 35 lands subject to the appraisal and in effect on the day before the date 36 of enactment of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill). The higher of those two values shall be utilized by the 37 38 committee, a local government unit, or a qualifying tax exempt 39 nonprofit organization as the basis for negotiation with the landowner
- with respect to the acquisition price for the lands. The landowner shall
 be provided with both values determined pursuant to this paragraph.
 A landowner may waive any of the requirements of this paragraph
 and may agree to sell the lands for less than the values determined
 pursuant to this paragraph.
- The provisions of this paragraph shall be applicable only to lands the owner of which at the time of proposed acquisition is the same

- 1 person who owned the lands on the date of enactment of P.L. , c.
- 2 (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) and who has owned the
- 3 <u>lands continuously since that enactment date, is an immediate family</u>
- 4 member of that person, or is a farmer as defined by the committee.
- 5 (2) A landowner whose lands are subject to the provisions of
- 6 paragraph (1) of this subsection shall choose to have the lands
- 7 appraised in accordance with this subsection or in accordance with the
- 8 provisions of either subsection g. or subsection i. of this section to the
- 9 extent that the subsection is applicable and has not expired.
- 10 (3) The requirements of this subsection shall be in addition to any
- 11 other requirements of law, rule, or regulation not inconsistent
- 12 therewith.

- (4) This subsection shall not:
- (a) apply in the case of lands to be acquired with federal moneys in
- 15 whole or in part; or
- (b) alter any requirements to disclose information to a landowner
- pursuant to the "Eminent Domain Act of 1971," P.L.1971, c.361
- 18 (C.20:3-1 et seq.).
- 19 <u>(5) For the purposes of this subsection:</u>
- 20 <u>"Environmental land use or water law" means the "Freshwater</u>
- 21 Wetlands Protection Act," P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-1 et seq.), the
- 22 "Water Supply Management Act," P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-1 et
- 23 seq.), the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1
- 24 et seq.), "The Realty Improvement Sewerage and Facilities Act
- 25 (1954)," P.L.1954, c.199 (C.58:11-23 et seq.), the "Water Quality
- 26 Planning Act," P.L.1977, c.75 (C.58:11A-1 et seq.), the "Safe
- 27 <u>Drinking Water Act," P.L.1977, c.224 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.), or the</u>
- 28 "Flood Hazard Area Control Act," P.L.1962, c.19 (C.58:16A-50 et
- 29 <u>seq.);</u>

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- 30 "Highlands preservation area" means the preservation area in the
- 31 <u>Highlands Region as defined pursuant to section of P.L., c. (C.)</u>
- 32 (now before the Legislature as this bill); and
- 33 "Immediate family member" means spouse, child, sibling, aunt,
- 34 uncle, niece, nephew, first cousin, grandparent, grandchild,
- 35 <u>father-in-law, mother-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, stepparent,</u>
- 36 stepchild, stepbrother, stepsister, half brother, or half sister, whether
- 37 the individual is related by blood, marriage, or adoption.
- 38 [j.] <u>k.</u> The committee and the Department of Environmental
- 39 Protection, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968,
- 40 c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), shall jointly adopt rules and regulations
- 41 that establish standards and requirements regulating any improvement

on lands acquired by the State for farmland preservation purposes

- 43 using constitutionally dedicated moneys to assure that any
- 44 improvement does not diminish the protection of surface water or
- 45 groundwater resources.
- Any rules and regulations adopted pursuant to this subsection shall

not apply to improvements on lands acquired prior to the adoption of
 the rules and regulations.

1. The committee shall consult with and solicit recommendations
 4 from the Highland Water Protection and Planning Council established
 5 pursuant to section 4 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the

Legislature as this bill) concerning farmland preservation strategies
 and acquisition plans in the Highlands Region as defined in section 3

8 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill).

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9 (cf: P.L.2002, c.76, s.6)

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- 54. Section 13 of P.L.1974, c.118 (C.13:13A-13) is amended to read as follows:
- 13 13. a. The commission shall prepare, or cause to be prepared, and, 14 after a public hearing, or public hearings, and pursuant to the 15 provisions provided for in subsection 13 b. of this act, adopt a master plan or portion thereof for the physical development of the park, which 16 17 plan may include proposals for various stages in the future 18 development of the park, or amend the master plan. The master plan 19 shall include a report presenting the objectives, assumptions, 20 standards and principles which are embodied in the various 21 interlocking portions of the master plan. The master plan shall be a 22 composite of the one or more written proposals recommending the 23 physical development and expansion of the park either in its entirety 24 or a portion thereof which the commission shall prepare after meetings 25 with the governing bodies of the affected municipalities and counties, 26 and any agencies and instrumentalities thereof.
- 27 In preparing the master plan or any portion thereof or 28 amendment thereto the commission shall give due consideration to: 29 (1) the function of the canal as a major water supply facility in the 30 State; (2) the necessity to provide recreational activities to the citizens of this State, including but not limited to, facilities, design capacities, 31 32 and relationship to other available recreational areas; (3) existing 33 historical sites and potential restorations or compatible development; 34 (4) the range of uses and potential uses of the canal in the urban 35 environments of the older, intensively developed communities through 36 which it passes; and (5) designated wilderness areas to be kept as 37 undeveloped, limited-access areas restricted to canoeing and hiking. 38 In preparing the master plan or any portion thereof or amendment 39 thereto the commission shall consider existing patterns of development 40 and any relevant master plan or other plan of development, and shall 41 insure widespread citizen involvement and participation in the planning 42 process.
 - c. The commission shall act in support of local suggestions or desires to complement the park master plan. Consultation, planning, and technical expertise will be made available to local planning bodies that wish to implement land-use policy to enhance the park area. The

commission shall act on or refer complaints by citizens' groups or private residents who discover hazardous situations, pollution, or evidence of noncompliance with use regulations.

- d. The commission shall review and approve, reject or modify, any State project planned or State permits issued in the park, and submit its decision to the Governor.
- e. The commission shall consult with the Highlands Water 7 8 Protection and Planning Council, established pursuant to section 4 of 9 P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), on any 10 provision of the park master plan that may impact upon or otherwise 11 affect the Highlands Region or the Highlands regional master plan, as defined in section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature 12 13 as this bill), and any such provision shall be consistent with the 14 Highlands regional master plan adopted by the council pursuant to that 15
- 16 (cf: P.L.1974, c.118, s.13)

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- 18 55. Section 14 of P.L.1974, c.118 (C.13:13A-14) is amended to read as follows:
- 20 14. a. The commission shall determine, after a public hearing, or 21 public hearings held in Hunterdon, Somerset, Mercer, and Middlesex 22 counties respectively, the extent and limits of the region to be 23 designated the review zone. Any subsequent modification of [said] 24 the review zone shall be made by the commission only after public 25 hearings in the county or counties in which [such] the modification is 26 to be made. All public hearings required pursuant to this section shall 27 be held only after giving prior notice thereof by public advertisement 28 once each week for [2] two consecutive weeks in such newspaper or 29 newspapers selected by the chairman of the commission as will best 30 give notice thereof. The last publication of such notice shall be not 31 less than 10 days prior to the date set for the hearing.
 - b. The commission shall approve all State actions within the review zone that impact on the park, and insure that these actions conform as nearly as possible to the commission's master plan and relevant local plans or initiatives. The State actions which the commission shall review will include the operations of the Division of Water Resources concerning water supply and quality; the Division of Parks and Forestry in developing recreation facilities; and the activities of any other State department or agency that might affect the park.
- c. The commission shall review and approve, reject, or modify any project within the review zone. The initial application for a proposed project within the zone shall be submitted by the applicant to the appropriate municipal reviewing agency. If approved by the agency, the application shall be sent to the commission for review. The commission shall review each proposed project in terms of its conformity with, or divergence from, the objectives of the

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1 commission's master plan and shall: (1) advise the appropriate 2 municipal reviewing agency that the project can proceed as proposed; 3 (2) reject the application and so advise the appropriate municipal 4 reviewing agency and the governing body of the municipality; or (3) require modifications or additional safeguards on the part of the 5 6 applicant, and return the application to the appropriate municipal reviewing agency, which shall be responsible for insuring that these 7 8 conditions are satisfied before issuing a permit. If no action is taken 9 by the commission within a period of 45 days from the date of 10 submission of the application to the commission by the municipal 11 reviewing agency, this shall constitute an approval by the commission. 12 The commission's decision shall be final and binding on the 13 municipality, and the commission may, in the case of any violation or 14 threat of a violation of a commission's decision by a municipality, or 15 by the appropriate municipal reviewing agency, as the case may be, institute civil action (1) for injunctive relief; (2) to set aside and 16 invalidate a decision made by a municipality in violation of this 17 18 subsection; or (3) to restrain, correct or abate such violation. As used 19 herein: (1) "project" means any structure, land use change, or public 20 improvements for which a permit from, or determination by, the 21 municipality is required, which shall include, but not be limited to, 22 building permits, zoning variances, and excavation permits; and (2) 23 "agency" means any body or instrumentality of the municipality 24 responsible for the issuance of permits or the approval of projects, as 25 herein defined, which shall include, but not be limited to, governing 26 bodies, planning and zoning boards, building inspectors, managers and 27 municipal engineers. 28 d. To the extent that any action the commission takes pursuant to 29 this section may impact upon or otherwise affect the Highlands Region 30 or the Highlands regional master plan, as defined in section 3 of 31 P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), the 32 commission shall consult with the Highlands Water Protection and 33 <u>Planning Council</u>, established pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. 34 (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), and any such action 35 taken shall be consistent with Highland regional master plan adopted 36 by the council pursuant to that act. 37 (cf: P.L.1974, c.118, s.14) 38 39 56. Section 2 of P.L.1997, c.144 (C.27:5-9.1) is amended to read

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- 41 2. Any billboard or outdoor advertising sign licensed and permitted 42 pursuant to the "Roadside Sign Control and Outdoor Advertising 43 Act," P.L.1991, c.413 (C.27:5-5 et seq.), and proposed to be erected 44 on or above any State right-of-way or any real property of the 45 department shall be subject to local government zoning ordinances, applicable local government building permit requirements, and in the 46

- 1 pinelands area, shall be subject to the provisions of the comprehensive
- 2 management plan prepared and adopted by the Pinelands Commission
- 3 pursuant to section 7 of P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-8), and in the
- 4 Highlands Region, shall be subject to the provisions of the "Highland
- 5 Water Protection and Planning Act," P.L. , c. (C.) (now before
- 6 <u>the Legislature as this bill), any rules and regulations adopted pursuant</u>
- 7 thereto, and the Highlands regional master plan adopted by the
- 8 <u>Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council pursuant to section</u>
- 9 8 of that act.
- 10 (cf: P.L.1997, c.144, s.2)

- 12 57. R.S.32:14-5 is amended to read as follows:
- 32:14-5. a. Palisades Interstate Park Commission shall, from time
- 14 to time, select and locate such lands lying between the top or steep
- 15 edge of the Palisades or the crest of the slope in places where the steep
- Palisade rocks are absent and the high-water line of the Hudson river,
- 17 from the New York State line on the north, to a line beginning at the
- intersection of the southern line of the old Fort Lee dock or landing
- 19 with the high-water line of the Hudson river and running thence in a
- westerly direction and at right angles to said high-water line of the
- Hudson river to the east side of the river road running from Edgewater
- 22 to Fort Lee, in Bergen county, on the south, and such lands or rights
- 23 in lands belonging to persons other than the State, as may lie between
- 24 the exterior bulkhead line established in the Hudson river and the
- 25 high-water line of the Hudson river, as may, in the opinion of the
- 26 Palisades Interstate Park Commission, be proper and necessary to be
- 27 reserved for the purpose of establishing a park and thereby preserving
- 28 the scenic beauty of the Palisades.
- b. The Palisades Interstate Park Commission, in cooperation with
- 30 the North Jersey District Water Supply Commission and in
- 31 consultation with the New Jersey Department of Environmental
- 32 Protection and the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council,
- may, from time to time, select and locate such lands lying within the
- 34 Highlands or Skylands areas of Bergen, Hunterdon, Morris, Passaic,
- 35 Somerset and Warren counties in the State of New Jersey, including
- 36 lands in those areas lying within the North Jersey Water Supply
- 37 District, as may, in the opinion of the Palisades Interstate Park
- 38 Commission and the North Jersey District Water Supply Commission,

in consultation with the department and the Highlands Water

- 40 <u>Protection and Planning Council</u>, be proper and necessary to be
- 41 reserved for establishing a park:

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- (1) to preserve the scenic beauty of those areas;
- 43 (2) for the purposes of recreation and conservation, which shall include hunting and fishing, or historic preservation; or
- 45 (3) for the purposes of watershed conservation or protecting,
- 46 maintaining, or enhancing the quality and quantity of water supplies.

- 1 c. Except as authorized for the purposes specified by R.S.32:15-1
- 2 et seq. and R.S.32:16-1 et seq. with regard to the location,
- 3 construction, maintenance, and operation of the Henry Hudson Drive
- 4 and the Palisades Interstate Parkway in Bergen county, the Palisades
- 5 Interstate Park Commission shall not acquire by condemnation any
- 6 lands described in subsections a. and b. of this section. Any such lands
- 7 shall be acquired by the Palisades Interstate Park Commission only
- 8 through a sale by a willing seller.

representatives on the commission;

9 (cf: P.L.1995, c.274, s.2)

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- 11 58. Section 5 of P.L.1999, c.402 (C.32:20A-5) is amended to read 12 as follows:
 - 5. a. The duties of the commission shall be to:
 - [a.] (1) assess present and projected development, land use, and land management practices and patterns, and identify actual and potential environmental threats and problems, around Greenwood Lake and within its watershed, and determine the effects of those practices and patterns, threats, and problems upon the natural, scenic,
- 19 and recreational resources of Greenwood Lake and its watershed;
- [b.] (2) develop recommended regulations, procedures, policies, planning strategies, and model ordinances and resolutions pertaining to the protection, preservation, maintenance, management, and enhancement of Greenwood Lake and its watershed, which would be implemented as appropriate on a voluntary basis by those entities with
- [c.] (3) coordinate environmental clean up, maintenance, and protection efforts undertaken, for the benefit of Greenwood Lake and its watershed, by those entities with representatives on the commission;
 - [d.] (4) coordinate with the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection's watershed management program for the area that includes Greenwood Lake;
 - [e.] (5) recommend appropriate state legislation and administrative action pertaining to the protection, preservation, maintenance, management, and enhancement of Greenwood Lake and its watershed;
- [f.] (6) advocate, and where appropriate, act as a coordinating, distributing, or recipient agency for, federal, state, or private funding of environmental cleanup, maintenance, and protection projects for Greenwood Lake and its watershed, which projects may include the work of the commission; and
- Ig.] (7) take such other action as may be appropriate or necessary to further the purpose of this act.
- b. The commission shall consult with the Highlands Water
- 44 Protection and Planning Council, established pursuant to section 4 of
- 45 P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), in carrying
- 46 out its duties as prescribed pursuant to subsection a. of this section.

- 1 Any action taken by the commission that may impact upon or
- 2 <u>otherwise affect the Highlands preservation area, as defined in section</u>
- 3 <u>3 of P.L.</u>, c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), shall
- 4 <u>be consistent with the Highlands regional master plan adopted by the</u>
- 5 <u>council pursuant to section 8 of that act.</u>
- 6 (cf: P.L.1999, c.402, s.5)

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- 8 59. Section 19 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-28) is amended to 9 read as follows:
 - 19. Preparation; contents; modification.
 - a. The planning board may prepare and, after public hearing, adopt or amend a master plan or component parts thereof, to guide the use of lands within the municipality in a manner which protects public health and safety and promotes the general welfare.
 - b. The master plan shall generally comprise a report or statement and land use and development proposals, with maps, diagrams and text, presenting, at least the following elements (1) and (2) and, where appropriate, the following elements (3) through (13):
 - (1) A statement of objectives, principles, assumptions, policies and standards upon which the constituent proposals for the physical, economic and social development of the municipality are based;
- 22 (2) A land use plan element (a) taking into account and stating its 23 relationship to the statement provided for in paragraph (1) hereof, and 24 other master plan elements provided for in paragraphs (3) through (13) 25 hereof and natural conditions, including, but not necessarily limited to, 26 topography, soil conditions, water supply, drainage, flood plain areas, 27 marshes, and woodlands; (b) showing the existing and proposed location, extent and intensity of development of land to be used in the 28 29 future for varying types of residential, commercial, industrial, 30 agricultural, recreational, educational and other public and private purposes or combination of purposes; and stating the relationship 31 32 thereof to the existing and any proposed zone plan and zoning 33 ordinance; and (c) showing the existing and proposed location of any 34 airports and the boundaries of any airport safety zones delineated pursuant to the "Air Safety and Zoning Act of 1983," P.L.1983, c.260 35 36 (C.6:1-80 et seq.); and (d) including a statement of the standards of 37 population density and development intensity recommended for the 38 municipality;
- 39 (3) A housing plan element pursuant to section 10 of P.L.1985, 40 c.222 (C.52:27D-310), including, but not limited to, residential 41 standards and proposals for the construction and improvement of 42 housing;
- 43 (4) A circulation plan element showing the location and types of 44 facilities for all modes of transportation required for the efficient 45 movement of people and goods into, about, and through the 46 municipality, taking into account the functional highway classification

- system of the Federal Highway Administration and the types, locations, conditions and availability of existing and proposed transportation facilities, including air, water, road and rail;
- 4 (5) A utility service plan element analyzing the need for and showing the future general location of water supply and distribution facilities, drainage and flood control facilities, sewerage and waste treatment, solid waste disposal and provision for other related utilities, and including any storm water management plan required pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1981, c.32 (C.40:55D-93 et seq.);

- (6) A community facilities plan element showing the existing and proposed location and type of educational or cultural facilities, historic sites, libraries, hospitals, firehouses, police stations and other related facilities, including their relation to the surrounding areas;
- (7) A recreation plan element showing a comprehensive system of areas and public sites for recreation;
- (8) A conservation plan element providing for the preservation, conservation, and utilization of natural resources, including, to the extent appropriate, energy, open space, water supply, forests, soil, marshes, wetlands, harbors, rivers and other waters, fisheries, endangered or threatened species wildlife and other resources, and which systemically analyzes the impact of each other component and element of the master plan on the present and future preservation, conservation and utilization of those resources;
- (9) An economic plan element considering all aspects of economic development and sustained economic vitality, including (a) a comparison of the types of employment expected to be provided by the economic development to be promoted with the characteristics of the labor pool resident in the municipality and nearby areas and (b) an analysis of the stability and diversity of the economic development to be promoted;
- (10) A historic preservation plan element: (a) indicating the location and significance of historic sites and historic districts; (b) identifying the standards used to assess worthiness for historic site or district identification; and (c) analyzing the impact of each component and element of the master plan on the preservation of historic sites and districts;
- (11) Appendices or separate reports containing the technical foundation for the master plan and its constituent elements;
- (12) A recycling plan element which incorporates the State Recycling Plan goals, including provisions for the collection, disposition and recycling of recyclable materials designated in the municipal recycling ordinance, and for the collection, disposition and recycling of recyclable materials within any development proposal for the construction of 50 or more units of single-family residential housing or 25 or more units of multi-family residential housing and any commercial or industrial development proposal for the utilization of

1,000 square feet or more of land; and

 (13) A farmland preservation plan element, which shall include: an inventory of farm properties and a map illustrating significant areas of agricultural land; a statement showing that municipal ordinances support and promote agriculture as a business; and a plan for preserving as much farmland as possible in the short term by leveraging monies made available by P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-1 et al.) through a variety of mechanisms including, but not limited to, utilizing option agreements, installment purchases, and encouraging donations of permanent development easements.

- c. The master plan and its plan elements may be divided into subplans and subplan elements projected according to periods of time or staging sequences.
- d. The master plan shall include a specific policy statement indicating the relationship of the proposed development of the municipality, as developed in the master plan to (1) the master plans of contiguous municipalities, (2) the master plan of the county in which the municipality is located, (3) the State Development and Redevelopment Plan adopted pursuant to the "State Planning Act," sections 1 through 12 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.) and (4) the district solid waste management plan required pursuant to the provisions of the "Solid Waste Management Act," P.L.1970, c.39 (C.13:1E-1 et seq.) of the county in which the municipality is located. In the case of a municipality situated within the Highlands Region, as defined pursuant to section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), the master plan shall include a specific policy statement indicating the relationship of the proposed development of the municipality, as developed in the master plan, to the Highlands regional master plan adopted pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill).

60. R.S.48:3-7 is amended to read as follow:

(cf: P.L.1999, c.180, s.2)

48:3-7. a. No public utility shall, without the approval of the board, sell, lease, mortgage or otherwise dispose of or encumber its property, franchises, privileges or rights, or any part thereof; or merge or consolidate its property, franchises, privileges or rights, or any part thereof, with that of any other public utility.

Where, by the proposed sale, lease or other disposition of all or a substantial portion of its property, any franchise or franchises, privileges or rights, or any part thereof or merger or consolidation thereof as set forth herein, it appears that the public utility or a wholly owned subsidiary thereof may be unable to fulfill its obligation to any employees thereof with respect to pension benefits previously enjoyed, whether vested or contingent, the board shall not grant its approval unless the public utility seeking the board's approval for such sale,

- lease or other disposition assumes such responsibility as will be 2 sufficient to provide that all such obligations to employees will be
- 3 satisfied as they become due.
- 4 Every sale, mortgage, lease, disposition, encumbrance, merger or 5 consolidation made in violation of this section shall be void.
- 6 Nothing herein shall prevent the sale, lease or other disposition by 7 any public utility of any of its property in the ordinary course of
- 8 business, nor require the approval of the board to any grant, 9 conveyance or release of any property or interest therein heretofore
- 10 made or hereafter to be made by any public utility to the United States,
- 11 State or any county or municipality or any agency, authority or
- 12 subdivision thereof, for public use.
- 13 The approval of the board shall not be required to validate the title 14 of the United States, State or any county or municipality or any 15 agency, authority or subdivision thereof, to any lands or interest therein heretofore condemned or hereafter to be condemned by the 16 United States, State or any county or municipality or any agency,
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- 18 authority or subdivision thereof for public use.
- 19 b. Notwithstanding any law, rule, regulation or order to the 20 contrary, an autobus public utility regulated by and subject to the 21 provisions of Title 48 of the Revised Statutes may, without the
- 22 approval of the Department of Transportation, sell, lease, mortgage or
- 23 otherwise dispose of or encumber its property, or any part thereof,
- except that approval of the Department of Transportation shall be 24
- 25 required for the following:
- 26 (1) the sale of 60% or more of its property within a 12-month 27 period;
- 28 (2) a merger or consolidation of its property, franchises, privileges 29 or rights; or
- 30 (3) the sale of any of its franchises, privileges or rights.
- Notice of the sale, purchase or lease of any autobus or other vehicle 31 32 subject to regulation under Title 48 of the Revised Statutes shall be 33 provided to the Department of Transportation as the department shall 34 require.
- 35 c. Except as otherwise provided in subsection e. of this section, no solid waste collector as defined in section 3 of P.L.1970, c.40 36 (C.48:13A-3) shall, without the approval of the Department of 37 38 **Environmental Protection:**
- 39 (1) sell, lease, mortgage or otherwise dispose of or encumber its
- 40 property, including customer lists; or
- (2) merge or consolidate its property, including customer lists, with 41 42 that of any other person or business concern, whether or not that
- 43 person or business concern is engaged in the business of solid waste
- 44 collection or solid waste disposal pursuant to the provisions of
- 45 P.L.1970 c.39 (C.13:1E-1 et seq.), P.L.1970, c.40 (C.48:13A-1 et
- seq.), P.L.1991, c.381 (C.48:13A-7.1 et al.) or any other act. 46

- d. Any solid waste collector seeking approval for any transaction enumerated in subsection c. of this section shall file with the department, on forms and in a manner prescribed by the department, a notice of intent at least 30 days prior to the completion of the transaction.
- 6 (1) The department shall promptly review all notices filed pursuant to this subsection. The department may, within 30 days of receipt of 7 8 a notice of intent, request that the solid waste collector submit 9 additional information to assist in its review if it deems that such 10 information is necessary. If no such request is made, the transaction 11 shall be deemed to have been approved. In the event that additional 12 information is requested, the department shall outline, in writing, why 13 it deems such information necessary to make an informed decision on 14 the impact of the transaction on effective competition.

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- (2) The department shall approve or deny a transaction within 60 days of receipt of all requested information. In the event that the department fails to take action on a transaction within the 60-day period specified herein, then the transaction shall be deemed to have been approved.
- (3) The department shall approve a transaction unless it makes a determination pursuant to the provisions of section 19 of P.L.1991, c.381 (C.48:13A-7.19) that the proposed sale, lease, mortgage, disposition, encumbrance, merger or consolidation would result in a lack of effective competition.
- The department shall prescribe and provide upon request all necessary forms for the implementation of the notification requirements of this subsection.
- e. (1) Any solid waste collector may, without the approval of the department, purchase, finance or lease any equipment, including collection or haulage vehicles.
- (2) Any solid waste collector may, without the approval of the department, sell or otherwise dispose of its collection or haulage vehicles; except that no solid waste collector shall, without the approval of the department in the manner provided in subsection d. of this section, sell or dispose of 33% or more of its collection or haulage vehicles within a 12-month period.
- 37 f. (1) The owner or operator of a privately-owned sanitary landfill 38 facility may, without the approval of the Department of Environmental 39 Protection, sell or otherwise dispose of its assets except that the prior 40 approval of the department shall be required (a) to sell all assets 41 associated with the sanitary landfill facility or a portion thereof 42 sufficient to transfer the operation of the sanitary landfill facility to a 43 new owner or operator; (b) to sell a controlling ownership interest in 44 the sanitary landfill facility; or (c) to merge or consolidate its property 45 with that of any other person or business concern, whether or not that 46 person or business concern is engaged in the business of solid waste

disposal pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1970, c.39 (C.13:1E-1 et seq.), P.L.1970, c.40 (C.48:13A-1 et seq.) or any other act.

(2) Any owner or operator seeking approval for any transaction enumerated in this subsection shall file with the department an application therefor, on forms and in a manner prescribed by the department. The department shall promptly review all applications filed pursuant to this subsection and shall serve requests for information regarding any transaction within 30 days following the filing of an application if the department deems that such information is necessary. The department shall approve or deny the transaction within 60 days of receipt of all requested information. In the event that the department fails to take action on a transaction within the 60-day period specified herein, then the transaction shall be deemed to have been approved.

As used in this section, "business concern" means any corporation, association, firm, partnership, sole proprietorship, trust or other form of commercial organization; and "privately-owned sanitary landfill facility" means a commercial sanitary landfill facility which is owned and operated by a private person, corporation or other organization and includes all appurtenances and related improvements used at the site for the transfer, processing or disposal of solid waste.

g. No public water utility shall sell or otherwise convey any land it owns that is located in the Highlands Region, as defined in section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), and is utilized for the purpose of protecting a public water supply, except as may be allowed by the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, with the concurrence of the board, only for the purposes authorized pursuant to section 27 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill).

30 (cf: P.L.2003, c.169, s.17)

- 61. Section 1 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196) is amended to read as follows:
- 1. The Legislature finds and declares that:
- a. New Jersey, the nation's most densely populated State, requires sound and integrated Statewide planning and the coordination of Statewide planning with local and regional planning in order to conserve its natural resources, revitalize its urban centers, protect the quality of its environment, and provide needed housing and adequate public services at a reasonable cost while promoting beneficial economic growth, development and renewal;
- b. Significant economies, efficiencies and savings in the development process would be realized by private sector enterprise and by public sector development agencies if the several levels of government would cooperate in the preparation of and adherence to sound and integrated plans;

- 1 c. It is of urgent importance that the State Development Guide 2 Plan be replaced by a State Development and Redevelopment Plan 3 designed for use as a tool for assessing suitable locations for 4 infrastructure, housing, economic growth and conservation;
- It is in the public interest to encourage development, 5 6 redevelopment and economic growth in locations that are well situated with respect to present or anticipated public services and facilities, 7 8 giving appropriate priority to the redevelopment, repair, rehabilitation 9 or replacement of existing facilities and to discourage development 10 where it may impair or destroy natural resources or environmental 11 qualities that are vital to the health and well-being of the present and 12 future citizens of this State;
 - e. A cooperative planning process that involves the full participation of State, <u>regional</u>, county and local governments as well as other public and private sector interests will enhance prudent and rational development, redevelopment and conservation policies and the formulation of sound and consistent regional plans and planning criteria;
 - f. Since the overwhelming majority of New Jersey land use planning and development review occurs at the local level, it is important to provide local governments in this State with the technical resources and guidance necessary to assist them in developing land use plans and procedures which are based on sound planning information and practice, and to facilitate the development of local plans which are consistent with State <u>and regional</u> plans and programs;
 - g. An increasing concentration of the poor and minorities in older urban areas jeopardizes the future well-being of this State, and a sound and comprehensive planning process will facilitate the provision of equal social and economic opportunity so that all of New Jersey's citizens can benefit from growth, development and redevelopment;
 - h. An adequate response to judicial mandates respecting housing for low- and moderate-income persons requires sound planning to prevent sprawl and to promote suitable use of land; and
 - i. These purposes can be best achieved through the establishment of a State planning commission consisting of representatives from the executive and legislative branches of State government, local government, the general public and the planning community.
- 38 (cf: P.L.1985, c.398, s.1)

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- 40 62. Section 4 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-199) is amended to 41 read as follows:
 - 4. The commission shall:
- a. Prepare and adopt within 36 months after the enactment of [this
- 44 act] P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et al.), and revise and readopt
- 45 at least every three years thereafter, the State Development and
- 46 Redevelopment Plan, which shall provide a coordinated, integrated and

- 1 comprehensive plan for the growth, development, renewal and
- 2 conservation of the State and its regions and which shall identify areas
- 3 for growth, agriculture, open space conservation and other appropriate
- 4 designations;

- 5 b. Prepare and adopt as part of the plan a long-term Infrastructure
- 6 Needs Assessment, which shall provide information on present and
- 7 prospective conditions, needs and costs with regard to State, county
- 8 and municipal capital facilities, including water, sewerage,
 - transportation, solid waste, drainage, flood protection, shore
- 10 protection and related capital facilities;
- 11 c. Develop and promote procedures to facilitate cooperation and
- 12 coordination among State agencies, regional entities, and local
- 13 governments with regard to the development of plans, programs and
- 14 policies which affect land use, environmental, capital and economic
- 15 development issues;
- d. Provide technical assistance to local governments <u>and regional</u> entities in order to encourage the use of the most effective and
- 18 efficient planning and development review data, tools and procedures;
- 19 e. Periodically review State, regional, and local government
- 20 planning procedures and relationships and recommend to the Governor
- 21 and the Legislature administrative or legislative action to promote a
- 22 more efficient and effective planning process;
 - f. Review any bill introduced in either house of the Legislature
- 24 which appropriates funds for a capital project and may study the
- 25 necessity, desirability and relative priority of the appropriation by
- 26 reference to the State Development and Redevelopment Plan, and may
- 27 make recommendations to the Legislature and to the Governor
- 28 concerning the bill; and
- 29 g. Take all actions necessary and proper to carry out the provisions
- 30 of [this act] P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et al.).
- 31 (cf: P.L.1987, c.308, s.1)

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- 63. Section 5 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-200) is amended to read as follows:
- The State Development and Redevelopment Plan shall bedesigned to represent a balance of development and conservation
- 37 objectives best suited to meet the needs of the State. The plan shall:
- a. Protect the natural resources and qualities of the State,
- 39 including, but not limited to, agricultural development areas, fresh and
- 40 saltwater wetlands, flood plains, stream corridors, aquifer recharge
- 41 areas, steep slopes, areas of unique flora and fauna, and areas with
- 42 scenic, historic, cultural and recreational values;
- b. Promote development and redevelopment in a manner consistent
- 44 with sound planning and where infrastructure can be provided at
- 45 private expense or with reasonable expenditures of public funds. This
- 46 should not be construed to give preferential treatment to new

construction;

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- c. Consider input from State, <u>regional</u>, county and municipal
 entities concerning their land use, environmental, capital and economic
 development plans, including to the extent practicable any State <u>and</u>
 <u>regional</u> plans concerning natural resources or infrastructure elements;
- d. Identify areas for growth, limited growth, agriculture, open space conservation and other appropriate designations that the commission may deem necessary;
 - e. Incorporate a reference guide of technical planning standards and guidelines used in the preparation of the plan; and
- f. Coordinate planning activities and establish Statewide planning objectives in the following areas: land use, housing, economic development, transportation, natural resource conservation, agriculture and farmland retention, recreation, urban and suburban redevelopment, historic preservation, public facilities and services, and intergovernmental coordination.
- 17 (cf: P.L.1985, c.398, s.5)

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- 19 64. Section 6 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-201) is amended to 20 read as follows:
- 6. a. There is established in the Department of the Treasury the Office of State Planning. The director of the office shall be appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the Governor. The director shall supervise and direct the activities of the office and shall serve as the secretary and principal executive officer of the State Planning Commission.
- 27 b. The Office of State Planning shall assist the commission in the 28 performance of its duties and shall:
 - (1) Publish an annual report on the status of the State Development and Redevelopment Plan which shall describe the progress towards achieving the goals of the plan, the degree of consistency achieved among municipal, county, regional, and State plans, the capital needs of the State, and progress towards providing housing where such need is indicated;
 - (2) Provide planning service to other agencies or instrumentalities of State government, review the plans prepared by them, and coordinate planning to avoid or mitigate conflicts between plans;
- 38 (3) Provide advice and assistance to <u>regional</u>, county and local planning units;
- 40 (4) Review and comment on the plans of interstate agencies where 41 the plans affect this State;
- 42 (5) Compile quantitative current estimates and Statewide forecasts 43 for population, employment, housing and land needs for development 44 and redevelopment; and
- (6) Prepare and submit to the State Planning Commission, as an aid
 in the preparation of the State Development and Redevelopment Plan,

alternate growth and development strategies which are likely to produce favorable economic, environmental and social results.

- c. The director shall ensure that the responsibilities and duties of the commission are fulfilled, and shall represent the commission and promote its activities before government agencies, public and private interest groups and the general public, and shall undertake or direct such other activities as the commission shall direct or as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of [this act] P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et al.).
- d. With the consent of the commission, the director shall assign to the commission from the staff of the office at least two full-time planners, a full-time liaison to local and county governments and regional entities, and such other staff, clerical, stenographic and expert assistance as [he] the director shall deem necessary for the fulfillment of the commission's responsibilities and duties.

16 (cf: P.L.1985, c.398, s.6)

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- 18 65. Section 7 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-202) is amended to read as follows:
- 20 7. a. In preparing, maintaining and revising the State Development 21 and Redevelopment Plan, the commission shall solicit and give due 22 consideration to the plans, comments and advice of each county and 23 municipality, State agencies designated by the commission, the 24 Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council established pursuant to section 4 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this 25 bill), and other local and regional entities. Prior to the adoption of 26 27 each plan, the commission shall prepare and distribute a preliminary plan to each county planning board, municipal planning board and 28 29 other requesting parties, including State agencies, the Highlands Water 30 Protection and Planning Council, and metropolitan planning 31 organizations. Not less than 45 nor more than 90 days thereafter, the 32 commission shall conduct a joint public informational meeting with 33 each county planning board in each county and with the Highlands 34 Water Protection and Planning Council for the purpose of providing 35 information on the plan, responding to inquiries concerning the plan, 36 and receiving informal comments and recommendations from county 37 and municipal planning boards, local public officials, the Highlands
 - and receiving informal comments and recommendations from county and municipal planning boards, local public officials, the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, and other interested parties.

 b. The commission shall negotiate plan cross-acceptance with each county planning board, which shall solicit and receive any findings, recommendations and objections concerning the plan from local planning bodies. Each county planning board shall negotiate plan cross-acceptance among the local planning bodies within the county, unless it shall notify the commission in writing within 45 days of the receipt of the preliminary plan that it waives this responsibility, in which case the commission shall designate an appropriate entity, or

itself, to assume this responsibility. Each board or designated entity 1 2 shall, within ten months of receipt of the preliminary plan, file with the 3 commission a formal report of findings, recommendations and 4 objections concerning the plan, including a description of the degree 5 of consistency and any remaining inconsistency between the 6 preliminary plan and county and municipal plans. In any event, should 7 any municipality's plan remain inconsistent with the State Development 8 and Redevelopment Plan after the completion of the cross-acceptance 9 process, the municipality may file its own report with the State 10 Planning Commission, notwithstanding the fact that the [County 11 Planning Board] county planning board has filed its report with the 12 State Planning Commission. The term cross-acceptance means a 13 process of comparison of planning policies among governmental levels 14 with the purpose of attaining compatibility between local, county. 15 regional, and State plans. The process is designed to result in a 16 written statement specifying areas of agreement or disagreement and

18 Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, any 19 municipality or county in the Highlands Region, as defined in section 20 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), 21 whose municipal master plan and development regulations or county 22 master plan and associated regulations, respectively, have been 23 approved by the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council 24 pursuant to sections 14 or 15 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the 25 Legislature as this bill) to be in conformance with the Highlands 26 regional master plan adopted by the council pursuant to section 8 of 27 P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) shall be 28 exempt from the cross-acceptance process required by this subsection 29 for those portions of the municipality or county lying within the 30 Highlands Region.

areas requiring modification by parties to the cross-acceptance.

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c. Upon consideration of the formal reports of the county planning boards, the commission shall prepare and distribute a final plan to county and municipal planning boards, the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, and other interested parties. The commission shall conduct not less than six public hearings in different locations throughout the State for the purpose of receiving comments on the final plan. The commission shall give at least 30 days' public notice of each hearing in advertisements in at least two newspapers which circulate in the area served by the hearing and at least 30 days' notice to the governing body and planning board of each county and municipality in the area served by the hearing and to the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council for any area in the Highlands Region served by the hearing.

d. Taking full account of the testimony presented at the public hearings, the commission shall make revisions in the plan as it deems necessary and appropriate and adopt the final plan by a majority vote

- of its authorized membership no later than 60 days after the final public hearing.
- 3 (cf: P.L.1998, c.109, s.1)

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- 5 66. Section 2 of P.L.1989, c.332 (C.52:18A-202.2) is amended to 6 read as follows:
- 7 2. a. The Office of State Planning in consultation with the Office 8 of Economic Policy, shall utilize the following:
 - (1) Conduct portions of these studies using its own staff;
- 10 (2) Contract with other State agencies to conduct portions of these studies; and
- 12 (3) Contract with an independent firm or an institution of higher 13 learning to conduct portions of these studies.
- b. Any portion of the studies conducted by the Office of State Planning, or any other State agency, shall be subject to review by an independent firm or an institution of higher learning.
- 17 c. The Assessment Study and the oversight review shall be 18 submitted in the form of a written report to the State Planning 19 Commission for distribution to the Governor, the Legislature. 20 appropriate regional entities, and the governing bodies of each county 21 and municipality in the State during the cross-acceptance process and 22 prior to the adoption of the Final Plan.
 - d. A period extending from at least 45 days prior to the first of six public hearings, which are required under the State Planning Act, P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.), to 30 days following the last public hearing shall be provided for counties and municipalities to review and respond to the studies. Requests for revisions to the Interim Plan shall be considered by the State Planning Commission in the formulation of the Final Plan.
- 30 (cf: P.L.1989, c.332, s.2)

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- 32 67. Section 8 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-203) is amended to read as follows:
- 8. The commission shall adopt rules and regulations to carry out its purposes, including procedures to facilitate the solicitation and receipt of comments in the preparation of the preliminary and final plan and to ensure a process for comparison of the plan with county and municipal master plans and regional plans, and procedures for coordinating the information collection, storage and retrieval activities of the various State agencies.
- 41 (cf: P.L1985, c.398, s.8)

- 43 68. Section 9 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-204) is amended to 44 read as follows:
- 9. The commission shall be entitled to call to its assistance any personnel of any State agency, regional entity, or county, municipality

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     or political subdivision thereof as it may require in order to perform its
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     duties. The officers and personnel of any State agency, regional
     entity, or county, municipality or political subdivision thereof and any
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     other person may serve at the request of the commission upon any
     advisory committee as the commission may create without forfeiture
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     of office or employment and with no loss or diminution in the
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     compensation, status, rights and privileges which they otherwise enjoy.
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     (cf: P.L.1985, c.398, s.9)
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        69. Section 10 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-205) is amended to
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     read as follows:
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        10. Each State agency, regional entity, or county, municipality or
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     political subdivision thereof shall make available to the commission
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     any studies, surveys, plans, data and other materials or information
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     concerning the capital, land use, environmental, transportation,
     economic development and human services plans and programs of the
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     agency, entity, county, municipality or political subdivision.
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     (cf: P.L.1985, c.398, s.10)
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        70. Section 11 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-206) is amended to
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        11. a. The provisions of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et al.)
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     shall not be construed to affect the plans and regulations of the
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     Pinelands Commission pursuant to the "Pinelands Protection Act,"
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     P.L. 1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.) [or], the [Hackensack] New
     Jersey Meadowlands [Development] Commission pursuant to the
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     "Hackensack Meadowlands Reclamation and Development Act,"
     P.L.1968, c.404 (C.13:17-1 et seq.), or the Highlands Water
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     Protection and Planning Council pursuant to the "Highlands Water
     Protection and Planning Act," P.L. , c. (C. ) (now before the
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     Legislature as this bill) for that portion of the Highlands Region lying
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     within the preservation area as defined in section 3 of P.L. , c.
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     (C. ) (now before the Legislature as this bill). The State Planning
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     Commission shall rely on the adopted plans and regulations of these
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     entities in developing the State Development and Redevelopment Plan.
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        b. The State Planning Commission may adopt, after the enactment
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     date of P.L.1993, c.190 (C.13:19-5.1 et al.), the coastal planning
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     policies of the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to P.L.1973,
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     c.185 (C.13:19-1 et seq.), the coastal planning policies of the rules and
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     regulations adopted pursuant to subsection b. of section 17 of
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     P.L.1973, c.185 (C.13:19-17) and any coastal planning policies of
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     rules and regulations adopted pursuant to P.L.1973, c.185 (C.13:19-1
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     et seq.) thereafter as the State Development and Redevelopment Plan
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     for the coastal area as defined in section 4 of P.L.1973, c.185
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(C.13:19-4).

(cf: P.L.1993, c.190, s.19)

- 1 71. Section 13 of P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-13) is amended to 2 read as follows:
- 13. a. The department shall prepare and adopt the New Jersey
 Statewide Water Supply Plan, which plan shall be revised and updated
 at least once every five years.
 - b. The plan shall include, but need not be limited to, the following:

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- 7 (1) An identification of existing Statewide and regional ground and 8 surface water supply sources, both interstate and intrastate, and the 9 current usage thereof;
 - (2) Projections of Statewide and regional water supply demands for the duration of the plan;
- 12 (3) Recommendations for improvements to existing State water 13 supply facilities, the construction of additional State water supply 14 facilities, and for the interconnection or consolidation of existing water 15 supply systems;
- 16 (4) Recommendations for the diversion or use of fresh surface or 17 ground waters and saline surface or ground waters for aquaculture 18 purposes;
 - (5) Recommendations for legislative and administrative actions to provide for the maintenance and protection of watershed areas; and
- 21 (6) Identification of lands purchased by the State for water supply 22 facilities that currently are not actively used for water supply purposes, 23 including, but not limited to, the Six Mile Run Reservoir Site, with 24 recommendations as to the future use of these lands for water supply 25 purposes within or outside of the planning horizon for the plan.
 - c. Prior to adopting the plan, including any revisions and updates thereto, the department shall:
- 28 (1) Prepare and make available to all interested persons a copy of 29 the proposed plan or proposed revisions and updates to the current 30 plan;
- 31 (2) Conduct public meetings in the several geographic areas of the 32 State on the proposed plan or proposed revisions and updates to the 33 current plan; and
- 34 (3) Consider the comments made at these meetings, make any 35 revisions to the proposed plan or proposed revisions and updates to 36 the current plan as it deems necessary, and adopt the plan.
- the current plan as it deems necessary, and adopt the plan.
 <u>d. Prior to the adoption of any revision to the New Jersey</u>
 <u>Statewide Water Supply Plan pursuant to this section, the department</u>
 <u>shall consult with the Highlands Water Protection and Planning</u>
- 40 Council concerning the possible effects and impact of the plan upon
- 41 the Highlands regional master plan and the water and other natural
- 42 <u>resources of the Highlands Region.</u>
- 43 (cf: P.L.2003, c.251, s.2)

45 72. Section 10 of P.L.1993, c.202 (C.58:1A-15.1) is amended to 46 read as follows:

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- 1 10. No action taken by the department pursuant to the provisions 2 of P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-1 et al.) or P.L.1993, c.202 3 (C.58:1A-7.3 et al.) shall be inconsistent with the provisions of the 4 "Pinelands Protection Act," P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.) 5 [or], the comprehensive management plan for the pinelands area adopted pursuant to section 7 of P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-8), the 6 7 "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act," P.L. , c. (C.) 8 (now before the Legislature as this bill), or the Highlands regional 9 master plan adopted pursuant to section 8 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now 10 before the Legislature as this bill). (cf: P.L.1993, c.202, s.10) 11 12 13 73. Section 6 of P.L.1981, c.293 (C.58:1B-6) is amended to read 14 as follows: 15 6. a. The authority is hereby empowered to design, initiate, acquire, construct, maintain, repair and operate projects or cause the same to be operated pursuant to a lease, sublease, or agreement with
- 6. a. The authority is hereby empowered to design, initiate, acquire, construct, maintain, repair and operate projects or cause the same to be operated pursuant to a lease, sublease, or agreement with any person or governmental agency, and to issue bonds of the authority to finance these projects, payable from the revenues and other funds of the authority. All projects undertaken by the authority shall conform to the recommendations of the New Jersey Statewide Water Supply Plan.
 - b. The authority shall be subject to compliance with all State health and environmental protection statutes and regulations and any other statutes and regulations not inconsistent herewith. The authority may, upon the request of a governmental agency, enter into a contract to provide services for any project.
- 28 c. The authority shall consult with the Water Supply Advisory 29 Council from time to time prior to final action on any project or 30 undertaking authorized pursuant to this section.
- d. The authority shall consult with the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, established pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), from time to time prior to final action on any project or undertaking authorized pursuant to this section in the Highlands Region, as defined in section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill). The provisions of section 17 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the
- 38 <u>Legislature as this bill) shall apply to the authority.</u>

39 (cf: P.L.1981, c.293, s.6)

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41 74. Section 7 of P.L.2000, c.175 (C.58:4B-7) is amended to read 42 as follows:

7. The Lake Hopatcong Commission shall, in conjunction with each Lake Hopatcong municipality, develop a stormwater and nonpoint source pollution management plan for the region. The stormwater management and nonpoint source pollution plan shall be

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1 designed to reduce siltation and prevent pollution caused by 2 stormwater runoff or nonpoint sources that would otherwise degrade 3 the water quality of Lake Hopatcong and its tributaries, interfere with 4 water-based recreation, or adversely affect aquatic life. The goals and purposes of the plan shall be to improve the quality of stormwater 5 6 runoff entering Lake Hopatcong, identify cost effective measures to 7 control stormwater runoff and nonpoint source pollution, and identify 8 funding mechanisms for implementation of such measures. The 9 commission shall consult with the Highlands Water Protection and 10 Planning Council, established pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. 11 (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), in developing the stormwater and nonpoint source pollution management plan pursuant 12 13 to this section. Any plan developed pursuant to this section that may 14 impact upon or otherwise affect the Highlands preservation area, as 15 defined in section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), shall be consistent with the Highlands regional master plan 16 17 adopted by the council pursuant to section 8 of that act.

18 19 20 (cf: P.L.2000, c.175, s.7)

(cf: P.L.2000, c.175, s.9)

75. Section 9 of P.L.2000, c.175 (C.58:4B-9) is amended to read as follows:

21 22 9. Each municipality represented on the commission shall provide 23 the commission notice of proposed amendments and revisions to 24 municipal master plans, zoning and other ordinances governing land 25 use and development, and applications for specific development 26 projects, and request that the commission review and evaluate the 27 proposed amendment, revision, or application to assess its potential 28 impact upon Lake Hopatcong and its watershed and provide the 29 commission's recommendations for appropriate action thereon. As 30 part of the commission's review and evaluation, the commission shall consider the consistency of the amendment or revision with the 31 32 Highlands regional master plan if it may impact upon or otherwise 33 affect the Highlands preservation area, as defined in section 3 of 34 P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), and shall 35 consult with the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, 36 established pursuant to section 4of P.L. , c. (C.) (now before 37 the Legislature as this bill), on any such matter.

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76. R.S.58:5-12 is amended to read as follows:

58:5-12. The district water supply commission shall thereupon proceed to formulate plans for obtaining a water supply or a new or additional water supply for [such] the municipality and any other municipalities that may desire water from such joint water supply, as provided for herein, and to estimate the cost thereof, the annual cost of operating the same, the probable share of the cost which each of

1 the municipalities will be called upon to pay for its share of water

- 2 supply and plant used in common with the other municipalities, and the
- 3 cost of any distribution system, water supply or plant acquired or
- 4 constructed for its individual use, and shall report [said] the plans to
- 5 the municipalities, together with a form of contract, providing for the
- 6 raising and payment of the necessary funds to meet the cost of
- 7 acquisition and operation.
- 8 If the plans to be formulated pursuant to this section involve
- 9 obtaining water from the Highlands Region, as defined in section 3 of
- 10 P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), the
- 11 <u>district water supply commission shall consult with the Highlands</u>
- 12 <u>Water Protection and Planning Council established pursuant to section</u>
- 13 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) prior
- 14 to moving forward with any such plans or entering into any such
- 15 <u>contracts. The provisions of section 17 of P.L.</u>, c. (C.) (now
- 16 before the Legislature as this bill) shall apply to the district water
- 17 <u>supply commission</u>.
- 18 (cf: R.S.58:5-12)

- 20 77. Section 1 of P.L.1993, c.351 (C.58:10A-7.2) is amended to 21 read as follows:
- 22 1. a. An application for a permit issued by the Department of
- 23 Environmental Protection pursuant to P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et
- seq.) for the discharge of groundwater to surface water involving a
- 25 groundwater remedial action necessitated by a discharge from an
- 26 underground storage tank containing petroleum products or a
- groundwater remedial action involving petroleum products, shall
- 28 contain, in addition to a properly filled application form:
- 29 (1) such documentation or other information on the permit 30 application as may be prescribed by the department on a checklist
- 31 made available to a prospective applicant;
- 32 (2) if the discharge from the proposed groundwater remedial action
- 33 is located within a wastewater service district or area of a local public
- entity, a certified statement that a request, dated at least 60 days prior
- 35 to the filing of the permit application, had been made to the local
- 36 public entity to discharge the groundwater into the wastewater
- collection or treatment facilities of that entity, and that no reply has
- 38 been received from that entity, or a written statement by the local
- 39 public entity, dated not more than 60 days prior to the filing of the
- 40 permit application with the department, that the entity has approved
- 41 or rejected a written request by the applicant to discharge the treated
- 42 groundwater into the wastewater collection or treatment facilities of
- 43 that entity. Notwithstanding that a local public entity has approved
- the request to discharge groundwater into its facilities, the department may approve the applicant's permit to discharge the groundwater to
- surface water upon a finding that it is in the public interest;

1 (3) a certified statement that a copy of the completed application 2 form along with a consent request, as prescribed in subsection b. of 3 this section, have been filed with the clerk of the municipality in which 4 the site of the proposed groundwater remedial action is located, and 5 setting forth the date of the filing with the host municipality, which 6 filing shall be made prior to, or concurrent with, the filing of the 7 application with the department; [and]

(4) within the pinelands area, documentation from the Pinelands Commission that the application is consistent with the requirements of the "Pinelands Protection Act," P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.) or any regulations promulgated pursuant thereto and section 502 of the "National Parks and Recreation Act of 1978" (Pub.L. 95-625); and (5) within the Highlands preservation area, documentation from the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council that the application

Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council that the application
 is consistent with the requirements of the "Highlands Water Protection
 and Planning Act," P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as
 this bill), and any rules and regulations and the Highlands regional

18 master plan adopted pursuant thereto.

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b. The department shall prescribe the form and content of a request for consent filed with a municipality pursuant to paragraph (3) of subsection a. of this section. The municipal consent request shall be limited to an identification of all municipal approvals with which the applicant is required to comply, the status of any applications filed therefor, and whether or not the municipality consents to the application and the specific reasons therefor. The request for consent form shall also advise that documentation and other information relating to the application have been filed and are available for review at the department. A municipality receiving a request for consent form shall have 30 days from the date of receipt of a copy of the application and request for consent form to file with the department the information requested, and its consent of, or objections to, the application. Municipal consent or objection to a groundwater remedial action shall be by resolution of the governing body of the municipality unless the governing body has, by resolution, delegated such authority to a qualified officer or entity thereof, in which case the endorsement shall be signed by the designated officer or official of the entity. Notwithstanding that a municipality objects to a permit application or fails to file a consent or objection to the permit application, the department may approve the applicant's permit application to discharge groundwater to surface water.

c. An application pursuant to subsection a. of this section shall be deemed complete, for the purposes of departmental review, within 30 days of the filing of the application with the department unless the department notifies the applicant, in writing, prior to expiration of the 30 days that the application has failed to satisfy one or more of the items identified in subsection a. of this section. If an application is

- determined to be complete, the department shall review and take final
- 2 action on the completed application within 60 days from
- 3 commencement of the review, or, if the parties mutually agree to a
- 4 30-day extension, within 90 days therefrom. The review period for a
- 5 completed application shall commence immediately upon termination
- 6 of the 30-day period, or upon determination by the department that the
- 7 application is complete, whichever occurs first. If the department fails
- 8 to take final action on a permit application for a general permit in the
- 9 time frames set forth in this subsection, that general permit shall be
- 10 deemed to have been approved by the department. The department
- shall review an application for a permit pursuant to subsection a. of
- 12 this section and shall take action on that application pursuant to the
- 13 time frames set forth in this subsection, notwithstanding that all of the
- municipal approvals have not been obtained, unless such approvals
- would materially affect the terms and conditions of the permit, except
- 16 that in such instances the department may condition its approval of the
- 17 application on the necessary municipal approvals being subject to the
- 18 terms and conditions of the application.

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- d. The department may issue a general permit for the discharge of groundwater to surface water pursuant to a groundwater remedial action of discharged petroleum products as provided in subsection a. of this section.
- e. (1) The department may not require a municipal consent of a treatment works application for a groundwater remedial action for which a permit application is submitted pursuant to subsection a. of this section.
- 27 (2) If a completed application for a treatment works approval for 28 a groundwater remedial action is filed with the department at the same 29 time as an application for a general permit therefor, the department 30 shall concurrently review the two applications, except that the review 31 of the application for the treatment works approval for a groundwater 32 remedial action shall not be subject to the time frames set forth in 33 subsection c. of this section.
 - f. The provisions of this section shall apply to applications filed on or after the effective date of this act, except that the Department of Environmental Protection may implement any of the provisions of this section prior to that date.
- g. The department may, in accordance with the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), adopt rules and regulations to implement the provisions of this act.
- 41 h. For purposes of this section:
- "General permit" means a permit issued by the department for similar discharges.
- "Groundwater remedial action" means the removal or abatement of one or more pollutants in a groundwater source.
- 46 "Local public entity" means a sewerage authority established

- 1 pursuant to P.L.1946, c.138 (C.40:14A-1 et seq.), a municipal
- 2 authority established pursuant to P.L.1957, c.183 (C.40:14B-1 et
- 3 seq.), the Passaic Valley Sewerage Commissioners continued pursuant
- 4 to R.S.58:14-2, a joint meeting established pursuant to R.S.40:63-68
- 5 et seq. or a local unit authorized to operate a sewerage facility
- 6 pursuant to N.J.S.40A:26A-1 et seq., or any predecessor act.
- "Underground storage tank" shall have the same meaning as in 7 8 section 2 of P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-22), except that as used 9 herein underground storage tanks shall include:
- 10 (1) farm underground storage tanks of 1,100 gallons or less capacity used for storing motor fuel for noncommercial purposes;
 - (2) underground storage tanks used to store heating oil for on-site consumption in a nonresidential building with a capacity of 2,000 gallons or less; and
- 15 (3) underground storage tanks used to store heating oil for on-site 16 consumption in a residential building.
- 17 (cf: P.L.1993, c.351, s.1)

read as follows:

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18 19 78. Section 24 of P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-2) is amended to

21 24. a. The department shall, pursuant to the "Administrative 22 Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), adopt rules and 23 regulations establishing criteria and minimum standards necessary for 24 the submission, evaluation and approval of plans or results of 25 preliminary assessments, site investigations, remedial investigations, 26 and remedial action workplans and for the implementation thereof. 27 The documents for the preliminary assessment, site investigation, remedial investigation, and remedial action workplan required to be 28 29 submitted for a remediation, shall not be identical to the criteria and 30 standards used for similar documents submitted pursuant to federal law, except as may be required by federal law. In establishing criteria 31 32 and minimum standards for these terms the department shall strive to

be result oriented, provide for flexibility, and to avoid duplicate or

unnecessarily costly or time consuming conditions or standards.

The regulations adopted by the department pursuant to subsection a. of this section shall provide that a person performing a remediation may deviate from the strict adherence to the regulations, in a variance procedure or by another method prescribed by the department, if that person can demonstrate that the deviation and the resulting remediation would be as protective of human health, safety, and the environment, as appropriate, as the department's regulations and that the health risk standards established in subsection d. of section 35 of P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-12) and any applicable environmental standards would be met. Factors to be considered in determining if the deviation should be allowed are whether the alternative method:

- 1 has been either used successfully or approved by the 2 department in writing or similar situations;
- 3 (2) reflects current technology as documented in peer-reviewed 4 professional journals;
- (3) can be expected to achieve the same or substantially the same 6 results or objectives as the method which it is to replace; and

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- 7 (4) furthers the attainment of the goals of the specific remedial 8 phase for which it is used.
- 9 The department shall make available to the public, and shall 10 periodically update, a list of alternative remediation methods used 11 successfully or approved by the department as provided in paragraph 12 (1) of this subsection.
- 13 c. To the extent practicable and in conformance with the standards 14 for remediations as provided in section 35 of P.L.1993, c.139 15 (C.58:10-12), the department shall adopt rules and regulations that allow for certain remedial actions to be undertaken in a manner 16 prescribed by the department without having to obtain prior approval 17 18 from or submit detailed documentation to the department. A person 19 who performs a remedial action in the manner prescribed in the rules 20 and regulations of the department, and who certifies this fact to the 21 department, shall obtain a no further action letter from the department 22 for that particular remedial action.
 - The department shall develop regulatory procedures that encourage the use of innovative technologies in the performance of remedial actions and other remediation activities.
- 26 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, all 27 remediation standards and remedial actions that involve real property located in the pinelands area shall be consistent with the provisions of 28 29 the "Pinelands Protection Act," P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.), 30 any rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto, and with section 502 of the "National Parks and Recreation Act of 1978," 16 U.S.C. 31 s.471i. 32
- 33 f. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, all 34 remediation standards and remedial actions that involve real property located in the Highlands preservation area shall be consistent with the 35 provisions of the "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act," 36 P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), and any 37 38 rules and regulations and the Highlands regional master plan adopted 39 pursuant thereto.
- (cf: P.L.1997, c.278, s.10) 40

42 79. Section 35 of P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-12) is amended to 43 read as follows:

44 35. a. The Department of Environmental Protection shall adopt 45 minimum remediation standards for soil, groundwater, and surface water quality necessary for the remediation of contamination of real 46

1 property. The remediation standards shall be developed to ensure that

- 2 the potential for harm to public health and safety and to the
- 3 environment is minimized to acceptable levels, taking into
- 4 consideration the location, the surroundings, the intended use of the
- property, the potential exposure to the discharge, and the surrounding 5
- 6 ambient conditions, whether naturally occurring or man-made.
- 7 Until the minimum remediation standards for the protection of 8 public health and safety as described herein are adopted, the 9 department shall apply public health and safety remediation standards 10 for contamination at a site on a case-by-case basis based upon the 11 considerations and criteria enumerated in this section.

12 The department shall not propose or adopt remediation standards 13 protective of the environment pursuant to this section, except 14 standards for groundwater or surface water, until recommendations 15 are made by the Environment Advisory Task Force created pursuant to section 37 of P.L.1993, c.139. Until the Environment Advisory 16 Task Force issues its recommendations and the department adopts 17 remediation standards protective of the environment as required by 18 19 this section, the department shall continue to determine the need for 20 and the application of remediation standards protective of the 21 environment on a case-by-case basis in accordance with the guidance 22 and regulations of the United States Environmental Protection Agency 23 pursuant to the "Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980," 42 U.S.C. s.9601 et seq. 24 25 and other statutory authorities as applicable.

The department may not require any person to perform an ecological evaluation of any area of concern that consists of an underground storage tank storing heating oil for on-site consumption in a one to four family residential building.

30 b. In developing minimum remediation standards the department 31 shall:

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- 32 (1) base the standards on generally accepted and peer reviewed 33 scientific evidence or methodologies;
 - (2) base the standards upon reasonable assumptions of exposure scenarios as to amounts of contaminants to which humans or other receptors will be exposed, when and where those exposures will occur, and the amount of that exposure;
- 38 (3) avoid the use of redundant conservative assumptions. The 39 department shall avoid the use of redundant conservative assumptions 40 by the use of parameters that provide an adequate margin of safety and which avoid the use of unrealistic conservative exposure parameters 41 42 and which guidelines make use of the guidance and regulations for 43 exposure assessment developed by the United States Environmental 44 Protection Agency pursuant to the "Comprehensive Environmental
- 45 Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980," 42 U.S.C.
- s.9601 et seq. and other statutory authorities as applicable; 46

- (4) where feasible, establish the remediation standards as numeric
 or narrative standards setting forth acceptable levels or concentrations
 for particular contaminants; and
- 4 (5) consider and utilize, in the absence of other standards used or 5 developed by the Department of Environmental Protection and the 6 United States Environmental Protection Agency, the toxicity factors, 7 slope factors for carcinogens and reference doses for non-carcinogens 8 from the United States Environmental Protection Agency's Integrated 9 Risk Information System (IRIS).
- 10 c. (1) The department shall develop residential and nonresidential 11 soil remediation standards that are protective of public health and 12 For contaminants that are mobile and transportable to 13 groundwater or surface water, the residential and nonresidential soil 14 remediation standards shall be protective of groundwater and surface 15 water. Residential soil remediation standards shall be set at levels or concentrations of contamination for real property based upon the use 16 17 of that property for residential or similar uses and which will allow the 18 unrestricted use of that property without the need of engineering 19 devices or any institutional controls and without exceeding a health 20 risk standard greater than that provided in subsection d. of this 21 section. Nonresidential soil remediation standards shall be set at levels 22 or concentrations of contaminants that recognize the lower likelihood 23 of exposure to contamination on property that will not be used for 24 residential or similar uses, which will allow for the unrestricted use of 25 that property for nonresidential purposes, and that can be met without 26 the need of engineering controls. Whenever real property is 27 remediated to a nonresidential soil remediation standard, except as 28 otherwise provided in paragraph (3) of subsection g. of this section, 29 the department shall require, pursuant to section 36 of P.L.1993, c.139 30 (C.58:10B-13), that the use of the property be restricted to nonresidential or other uses compatible with the extent of the 31 32 contamination of the soil and that access to that site be restricted in a 33 manner compatible with the allowable use of that property.
 - (2) The department may develop differential remediation standards for surface water or groundwater that take into account the current, planned, or potential use of that water in accordance with the "Clean Water Act" (33 U.S.C. s.1251 et seq.) and the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.).

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39 d. The department shall develop minimum remediation standards 40 for soil, groundwater, and surface water intended to be protective of public health and safety taking into account the provisions of this 41 42 In developing these minimum health risk remediation 43 standards the department shall identify the hazards posed by a 44 contaminant to determine whether exposure to that contaminant can 45 cause an increase in the incidence of an adverse health effect and whether the adverse health effect may occur in humans. 46

- department shall set minimum soil remediation health risk standards
 for both residential and nonresidential uses that:
- (1) for human carcinogens, as categorized by the United States
 Environmental Protection Agency, will result in an additional cancer
 risk of one in one million;
- 6 (2) for noncarcinogens, will limit the Hazard Index for any given 7 effect to a value not exceeding one.

The health risk standards established in this subsection are for any particular contaminant and not for the cumulative effects of more than one contaminant at a site.

- e. Remediation standards and other remediation requirements 11 established pursuant to this section and regulations adopted pursuant 12 13 thereto shall apply to remediation activities required pursuant to the 14 "Spill Compensation and Control Act," P.L.1976, c.141 15 (C.58:10-23.11 et seq.), the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.), P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-21 et seq.), the 16 "Industrial Site Recovery Act," P.L.1983, c.330 (C.13:1K-6 et al.), the 17 18 "Solid Waste Management Act," P.L.1970, c.39 (C.13:1E-1 et seq.), 19 the "Comprehensive Regulated Medical Waste Management Act," 20 P.L.1989, c.34 (C.13:1E-48.1 et seq.), the "Major Hazardous Waste 21 Facilities Siting Act," P.L.1981, c.279 (C.13:1E-49 et seq.), the 22 "Sanitary Landfill Facility Closure and Contingency Fund Act," 23 P.L.1981, c.306 (C.13:1E-100 et seq.), the "Regional Low-Level Radioactive Waste Disposal Facility Siting Act," P.L.1987, c.333 24 25 (C.13:1E-177 et seq.), or any other law or regulation by which the 26 State may compel a person to perform remediation activities on 27 contaminated property. However, nothing in this subsection shall be 28 construed to limit the authority of the department to establish 29 discharge limits for pollutants or to prescribe penalties for violations
- 33 f. (1) A person performing a remediation of contaminated real 34 property, in lieu of using the established minimum soil remediation 35 standard for either residential use or nonresidential use adopted by the 36 department pursuant to subsection c. of this section, may submit to the department a request to use an alternative residential use or 37 38 nonresidential use soil remediation standard. The use of an alternative 39 soil remediation standard shall be based upon site specific factors 40 which may include (1) physical site characteristics which may vary from those used by the department in the development of the soil 41 42 remediation standards adopted pursuant to this section; or (2) a site 43 specific risk assessment. If a person performing a remediation 44 requests to use an alternative soil remediation standard based upon a 45 site specific risk assessment, that person shall demonstrate to the department that the requested deviation from the risk assessment 46

of those limits pursuant to P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.), or to

require the complete removal of nonhazardous solid waste pursuant to

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law.

protocol used by the department in the development of soil remediation standards pursuant to this section is consistent with the guidance and regulations for exposure assessment developed by the United States Environmental Protection Agency pursuant to the "Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980," 42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq. and other statutory authorities as applicable. A site specific risk assessment may consider exposure scenarios and assumptions that take into account the form of the contaminant present, natural biodegradation, fate and transport of the contaminant, available toxicological data that are based upon generally accepted and peer reviewed scientific evidence or methodologies, and physical characteristics of the site, including, but not limited to, climatic conditions and topographic conditions. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize the use of

Upon a determination by the department that the requested alternative remediation standard satisfies the department's regulations, is protective of public health and safety, as established in subsection d. of this section, and is protective of the environment pursuant to subsection a. of this section, the alternative residential use or nonresidential use soil remediation standard shall be approved by the department. The burden to demonstrate that the requested alternative remediation standard is protective rests with the person requesting the alternative standard and the department may require the submission of any documentation as the department determines to be necessary in order for the person to meet that burden.

an alternative soil remediation standard in those instances where an engineering control is the appropriate remedial action, as determined

by the department, to prevent exposure to contamination.

- (2) The department may, upon its own initiative, require an alternative remediation standard for a particular contaminant for a specific real property site, in lieu of using the established minimum residential use or nonresidential use soil remediation standard adopted by the department for a particular contaminant pursuant to this section. The department may require an alternative remediation standard pursuant to this paragraph upon a determination by the department, based on the weight of the scientific evidence, that due to specific physical site characteristics of the subject real property, including, but not limited to, its proximity to surface water, the use of the adopted residential use or nonresidential use soil remediation standards would not be protective, or would be unnecessarily overprotective, of public health or safety or of the environment, as appropriate.
- g. The development, selection, and implementation of any remediation standard or remedial action shall ensure that it is protective of public health, safety, and the environment, as applicable, as provided in this section. In determining the appropriate remediation

1 standard or remedial action that shall occur at a site, the department 2 and any person performing the remediation, shall base the decision on 3 the following factors:

- 4 (1) Unrestricted use remedial actions, limited restricted use 5 remedial actions and restricted use remedial actions shall be allowed 6 except that unrestricted use remedial actions and limited restricted use remedial actions shall be preferred over restricted use remedial actions. 7 8 The department, however, may not disapprove the use of a restricted 9 use remedial action or a limited restricted use remedial action so long 10 as the selected remedial action meets the health risk standard 11 established in subsection d. of this section, and where, as applicable, is protective of the environment. The choice of the remedial action to 12 13 be implemented shall be made by the person performing the 14 remediation in accordance with regulations adopted by the department 15 and that choice of the remedial action shall be approved by the department if all the criteria for remedial action selection enumerated 16 17 in this section, as applicable, are met. The department may not 18 require a person to compare or investigate any alternative remedial 19 action as part of its review of the selected remedial action;
 - (2) Contamination may, upon the department's approval, be left onsite at levels or concentrations that exceed the minimum soil remediation standards for residential use if the implementation of institutional or engineering controls at that site will result in the protection of public health, safety and the environment at the health risk standard established in subsection d. of this section and if the requirements established in subsections a., b., c. and d. of section 36 of P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-13) are met;

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- Real property on which there is soil that has not been remediated to the residential soil remediation standards, or real property on which the soil, groundwater, or surface water has been remediated to meet the required health risk standard by the use of engineering or institutional controls, may be developed or used for residential purposes, or for any other similar purpose, if (a) all areas of that real property at which a person may come into contact with soil are remediated to meet the residential soil remediation standards and (b) it is clearly demonstrated that for all areas of the real property, other than those described in subparagraph (a) above, engineering and institutional controls can be implemented and maintained on the real property sufficient to meet the health risk standard as established in subsection d. of this section;
- (4) Remediation shall not be required beyond the regional natural 42 background levels for any particular contaminant. The department 43 shall develop regulations that set forth a process to identify 44 background levels of contaminants for a particular region. For the 45 purpose of this paragraph "regional natural background levels" means the concentration of a contaminant consistently present in the 46

1 environment of the region of the site and which has not been 2 influenced by localized human activities;

- (5) Remediation shall not be required of the owner or operator of real property for contamination coming onto the site from another property owned and operated by another person, unless the owner or operator is the person who is liable for cleanup and removal costs pursuant to P.L.1976, c.141 (C.58:10-23.11 et seq.);
- (6) Groundwater that is contaminated shall not be required to be remediated to a level or concentration for any particular contaminant lower than the level or concentration that is migrating onto the property from another property owned and operated by another person;
- (7) The technical performance, effectiveness and reliability of the proposed remedial action in attaining and maintaining compliance with applicable remediation standards and required health risk standards shall be considered. In reviewing a proposed remedial action, the department shall also consider the ability of the owner or operator to implement the proposed remedial action within a reasonable time frame without jeopardizing public health, safety or the environment;
- (8) The use of a remedial action for soil contamination that is determined by the department to be effective in its guidance document created pursuant to section 38 of P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-14), is presumed to be an appropriate remedial action if it is to be implemented on a site in the manner described by the department in the guidance document and applicable regulations and if all of the conditions for remedy selection provided for in this section are met. The burden to prove compliance with the criteria in the guidance document is with the person performing the remediation;
 - (9) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1997, c.278).

The burden to demonstrate that a remedial action is protective of public health, safety and the environment, as applicable, and has been selected in conformance with the provisions of this subsection is with the person proposing the remedial action.

The department may require the person performing the remediation to supply the information required pursuant to this subsection as is necessary for the department to make a determination.

h. (1) The department shall adopt regulations which establish a procedure for a person to demonstrate that a particular parcel of land contains large quantities of historical fill material. determination by the department that large quantities of historic fill material exist on that parcel of land, there is a rebuttable presumption that the department shall not require any person to remove or treat the fill material in order to comply with applicable health risk or environmental standards. In these areas the department shall establish by regulation the requirement for engineering or institutional controls that are designed to prevent exposure of these contaminants to

1 humans, that allow for the continued use of the property, that are less 2 costly than removal or treatment, which maintain the health risk 3 standards as established in subsection d. of this section, and, as 4 applicable, are protective of the environment. The department may 5 rebut the presumption only upon a finding by the preponderance of the 6 evidence that the use of engineering or institutional controls would not 7 be effective in protecting public health, safety, and the environment. 8 The department may not adopt any rule or regulation that has the 9 effect of shifting the burden of rebutting the presumption. For the 10 purposes of this paragraph "historic fill material" means generally large 11 volumes of non-indigenous material, no matter what date they were 12 emplaced on the site, used to raise the topographic elevation of a site, 13 which were contaminated prior to emplacement and are in no way 14 connected with the operations at the location of emplacement and 15 which include, but are not limited to, construction debris, dredge spoils, incinerator residue, demolition debris, fly ash, 16 17 non-hazardous solid waste. Historic fill material shall not include any 18 material which is substantially chromate chemical production waste or 19 any other chemical production waste or waste from processing of 20 metal or mineral ores, residues, slags or tailings.

(2) The department shall develop recommendations for remedial actions in large areas of historic industrial contamination. These recommendations shall be designed to meet the health risk standards established in subsection d. of this section, and to be protective of the environment and shall take into account the industrial history of these sites, the extent of the contamination that may exist, the costs of remedial actions, the economic impacts of these policies, and the anticipated uses of these properties. The department shall issue a report to the Senate Environment Committee and to the Assembly Agriculture and Waste Management Committee, or their successors, explaining these recommendations and making any recommendations for legislative or regulatory action.

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- (3) The department may not, as a condition of allowing the use of a nonresidential use soil remediation standard, or the use of institutional or engineering controls, require the owner of that real property, except as provided in section 36 of P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-13), to restrict the use of that property through the filing of a deed easement, covenant, or condition.
- i. The department may not require a remedial action workplan to be prepared or implemented or engineering or institutional controls to be imposed upon any real property unless sampling performed at that real property demonstrates the existence of contamination above the applicable remediation standards.
- j. Upon the approval by the department of a remedial action workplan, or similar plan that describes the extent of contamination at a site and the remedial action to be implemented to address that

- 1 contamination, the department may not subsequently require a change
- 2 to that workplan or similar plan in order to compel a different
- 3 remediation standard due to the fact that the established remediation
- 4 standards have changed; however, the department may compel a
- different remediation standard if the difference between the new 5
- 6 remediation standard and the remediation standard approved in the
- workplan or other plan differs by an order of magnitude. The 7
- 8 limitation to the department's authority to change a workplan or
- 9 similar plan pursuant to this subsection shall only apply if the workplan
- 10 or similar plan is being implemented in a reasonable timeframe, as may
- 11 be indicated in the approved remedial action workplan or similar plan.
- 12 k. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, all 13 remediation standards and remedial actions that involve real property
- 14 located in the Pinelands area shall be consistent with the provisions of
- 15 the "Pinelands Protection Act," P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.),
- any rules and regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, and with 16
- section 502 of the "National Parks and Recreation Act of 1978," 16 17
- 18 U.S.C. s.471i; and all remediation standards and remedial actions that
- 19 involve real property located in the Highlands preservation area shall
- 20 be consistent with the provisions of the "Highlands Water Protection
- 21 and Planning Act," P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as
- 22 this bill), and any rules and regulations and the Highland regional
- 23 master plan adopted pursuant thereto.
- 1. Upon the adoption of a remediation standard for a particular 24
- 25 contaminant in soil, groundwater, or surface water pursuant to this
- 26 section, the department may amend that remediation standard only
- 27 upon a finding that a new standard is necessary to maintain the health 28 risk standards established in subsection d. of section 35 of P.L.1993,
- 29 c.139 (C.58:10B-12) or to protect the environment, as applicable. The
- 30 department may not amend a public health based soil remediation
- 31 standard to a level that would result in a health risk standard more
- 32 protective than that provided for in subsection d. of section 35 of
- P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-12). 33
- 34 m. Nothing in P.L.1993, c.139 shall be construed to restrict or in
- 35 any way diminish the public participation which is otherwise provided
- under the provisions of the "Spill Compensation and Control Act," 36
- 37 P.L.1976, c.141 (C.58:10-23.11 et seq.).
- 38 n. Notwithstanding any provision of subsection a. of section 36 of
- 39 P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-13) to the contrary, the department may
- 40 not require a person intending to implement a remedial action at an
- 41 underground storage tank facility storing heating oil for on-site
- 42 consumption at a one to four family residential dwelling to provide
- 43 advance notice to a municipality prior to implementing that remedial
- 44 action.
- 45 o. A person who has remediated a site pursuant to the provisions
- of this section, who was liable for the cleanup and removal costs of 46

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1 that discharge pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (1) of 2 subsection c. of section 8 of P.L.1976, c.141 (C.58:10-23.11g), and 3 who remains liable for the discharge on that site due to a possibility 4 that a remediation standard may change, undiscovered contamination may be found, or because an engineering control was used to 5 6 remediate the discharge, shall maintain with the department a current address at which that person may be contacted in the event additional 7 8 remediation needs to be performed at the site. The requirement to 9 maintain the current address shall be made part of the conditions of the 10 no further action letter issued by the department. 11 (cf: P.L.1997, c.278, s.17) 12 13 80. Section 1 of P.L.1999, c.225 (C.58:29-8) is amended to read 14 as follows: 1. <u>a.</u> There shall be appropriated each State fiscal year from the General Fund to each municipality within which any lands subject to

15 16 the moratorium on the conveyance of watershed lands imposed 17 18 pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1988, c.163, as amended by section 1 of 19 P.L.1990, c.19, or subject to the prohibition on the sale or conveyance 20 of certain public water supply lands prescribed pursuant to section 27 21 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), are 22 located an amount of [\$68.50] \$35 per acre of such lands located 23 within the municipality. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section 24 to the contrary, the per acre amount of watershed moratorium or 25 water supply protection offset aid prescribed by this section shall be adjusted annually in direct proportion to the increase or decrease in the 26 27 Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers in the New York City 28 area as reported by the United States Department of Labor. The 29 adjustment shall become effective on July 1 of the year in which the 30 adjustment is made.

b. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection a. of this section to the contrary, payments shall no longer be made pursuant thereto on the basis of the location within a municipality of lands subject to the moratorium on the conveyance of watershed lands imposed pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1988, c.163, as amended by section 1 of P.L.1990, c.19, if (1) those sections are repealed by law, or (2) the watershed land conveyance moratorium imposed pursuant to those sections is terminated by a final, unappealed order of a court of competent jurisdiction, whichever is sooner.

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(cf: P.L.1999, c.225, s.1)

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81. Section 3 of P.L.1999, c.225 is amended to read as follows:

3. This act shall take effect July 1, 1999 [and shall expire (1) on the repeal by law of section 1 of P.L.1988, c.163 and section 1 of P.L.1990, c.19, or (2) upon termination of the watershed land conveyance moratorium imposed pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1988,

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c.163 and section 1 of P.L.1990, c.19, by a final, unappealed order of
a court of competent jurisdiction, whichever is sooner].
(cf: P.L.1999, c.225, s.3)
82. This act shall take effect immediately.
STATEMENT

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This bill would establish a comprehensive approach to the protection and preservation of the drinking water and natural resources of the New Jersey Highlands Region, which is the source of the drinking water of over half of the residents of New Jersey.

The approach set forth in this bill consists essentially of four major 16 components. First, the bill defines the New Jersey Highlands Region 17 18 and divides it into a preservation area, in which development would 19 be strictly regulated, and a planning area. Secondly, the bill establishes 20 the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, which would be 21 charged with preparing and implementing a regional master plan for 22 the Highlands Region, with which municipalities and counties in the 23 preservation area would be required to conform their master plans. 24 Thirdly, the bill would require, upon the date of enactment, that any 25 major development in the preservation area receive from the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) a Highlands 26 27 Preservation Area approval, which would consist of the related aspects of existing environmental land use and water permits as well as 28 29 additional, statutorily prescribed environmentally protective land use 30 and water protection requirements. This system would be in effect for 31 nine months. Lastly, the bill would require the DEP to adopt, within 32 nine months, immediately effective rules and regulations establishing 33 a permanent Highlands permitting review program, incorporating the 34 provisions of the Highlands Preservation Area approval program, and 35 setting strict standards for reviewing major development in the 36 preservation area.

The bill also contains land owner equity provisions and a provision to provide State aid to offset decreases in property tax revenues in municipalities with land located in the preservation area, and authorizes the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council to establish and implement a transfer of development rights program. In addition, this bill prohibits any State or local public entity or public utility from selling any water supply protection lands in the Highlands Region, with certain exceptions.

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The New Jersey Highlands Region consists of about 800,000 acres, or about 1,250 square miles, of forests and hills stretching from Ringwood in the northeast to Phillipsburg in the southwest, across portions of Bergen, Hunterdon, Morris, Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, and Warren counties and 90 municipalities, and offers unparalled opportunities for hiking, bird watching, fishing, and other naturalist and recreational activities.

The Highlands Region is the location of a majority of the State's reservoirs, and its surface and ground water resources together provide drinking water for over half of the residents in New Jersey, many of whom do not live in the Highlands. The Highlands Region, because of its proximity to rapidly expanding suburban areas, is at serious risk of being fragmented and consumed by hop-scotch suburban development, with more than 3,000 acres per year being lost to development. The existing land use and environmental regulation system has shown itself to be unable to protect the water and natural resources of the Highlands Region against the environmental impacts of sprawl development. The comprehensive approach set forth in this bill would set the stage for the long-term protection of the potable water supplies of the Highlands Region.

III

For the purposes of this bill the Highlands Region is defined as all the area within the 90 municipalities in Bergen, Hunterdon, Morris, Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, and Warren counties enumerated in section 7 of the bill. The preservation area of the Highlands Region, in which municipalities would be required to conform their master plans and development ordinances with the regional master plan developed by the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council and in which the strict DEP permitting requirements would apply, will be delineated based upon natural resource data assembled by the United States Forest Service, Rutgers, The State University, and the New Jersey Water Supply Authority. That area will be translated to on-the-ground, and easily identified reference points, such as road descriptions, survey lines, and municipal boundaries, by May 1, 2004, or as soon thereafter as may be possible. This legislation will be amended before it is enacted into law to incorporate this narrative description of the preservation area as part of the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act.

The planning area of the Highlands Region, in which municipal conformance with the council's regional master plan is optional, and in which the strict DEP permitting requirements would not apply, would consist of all that area of the Highlands Region not within the

preservation area.

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5 The first tier of water and natural resource protection for the Highlands Region established in this bill consists of a planning and 6 preservation strategy developed and implemented at the local and 7 8 regional level. In this light, the bill would establish the Highlands 9 Water Protection and Planning Council, a 15-member body appointed 10 by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, and 11 charged with preparing and implementing a regional master plan for 12 the Highlands Region. The membership of the council would consist 13 of eight residents of the counties of Bergen, Hunterdon, Morris, 14 Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, or Warren, five of whom would be elected 15 municipal officials and three of whom would be elected county officials. Of these eight people, there would be at least one resident 16 from each of the counties. The other seven members of the council 17 would consist of seven residents of the State. Members of the council 18 19 would serve for terms of five years, and without compensation. The 20 Governor would appoint the chairperson of the council, and the 21 council would appoint an executive director. This bill allows the 22 Governor to veto any action taken by the council.

The Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council would be required to adopt a regional master plan for the Highlands Region within 18 months of the council's first meeting. The goals of the regional master plan with respect to the preservation area would be to: protect, restore, and enhance the quality and quantity of surface and ground waters; preserve extensive and contiguous areas of land in their natural state, protect the contiguous forests, wetlands, vegetated stream corridors, steep slopes, and critical habitats; preserve farmland and historic resources; promote compatible agricultural, horticultural, recreational, and cultural land uses; and prohibit or limit to the maximum extent possible construction or development which is incompatible with the preservation of the Highlands.

With respect to the planning area the goals of the regional master plan would be to: protect surface and ground waters; preserve to the maximum extent possible any environmentally sensitive lands; protect the essential character of the Highlands environment; preserve farmland and historic resources; and encourage appropriate development, redevelopment, and economic growth consistent with the State Development and Redevelopment Plan and smart growth strategies and principles.

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The regional master plan would consist of several components. Among these would be: a resource assessment which determines the amount and type of human development and activity which the ecosystem of the Highlands Region can sustain; a land use capability

1 map for the preservation area based on the standards adopted by the 2 DEP for the review of development in the preservation area; a 3 preservation zone element identifying areas in the preservation area 4 in which development would be prohibited; an element detailing minimum standards for municipal and county master plans and 5 6 development regulations in the preservation area; an assessment which determines the amount and type of human development and activity 7 8 which the ecosystem of the Highlands Region can sustain while still 9 maintaining the overall ecological values thereof; an assessment of 10 scenic, aesthetic, cultural, historic, open space, farm land, and outdoor 11 recreation resources of the region; an assessment of opportunities for appropriate economic growth, development, and redevelopment; a 12 financial component detailing the cost of implementing the regional 13 14 master plan, including payments in lieu-of-taxes, and acquisition of 15 lands for preservation or recreation and conservation purposes; a component to provide for local government and public input into the 16 17 council's operations; and a coordination and consistency component 18 which details the ways in which local, State, and federal programs and 19 policies may best be coordinated to promote the goals and policies of 20 the regional master plan. 21

Within six months after the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council adopts the regional master plan, the governing body of each municipality and county located wholly or partially in the preservation area would be required to revise its master plan and development regulations to conform them with the requirements of the regional plan and to submit the revisions to the council. The council would be authorized to approve or disapprove the revisions and to require additional changes. If such a municipality or county in the preservation area does not conform its master plan and development regulations to the regional master plan, the council would be authorized to enforce the provisions of the regional master plan and to essentially enforce the "Municipal Land Use Law" in the municipality or county and issue stop construction orders. In addition, the council would have call up review authority over any local application for development in a municipality or county in the preservation area. Any municipality or county in the planning area may elect to conform its master plan and development regulations to the appropriate provisions of the regional master plan.

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39 In addition to the adoption of the regional master plan, the 40 Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council would be required 41 to develop and implement a transfer of development rights program. 42 This bill authorizes the council to use the existing State Transfer of 43 Developments Rights Bank or to establish a bank specifically for the 44 Highlands Region. The council would also be authorized to review 45 significant capital projects of the State or local governments in the 46 preservation area.

1 This bill also establishes a mechanism under which any municipality 2 in the preservation area would be entitled to State aid to compensate 3 for any decrease in the aggregate amount of property tax revenues 4 derived from the taxation of real property in that portion of the municipality located in the preservation area that is directly 5 6 attributable to the implementation of the provisions of this bill. The 7 council would annually calculate the amount to which each 8 municipality is entitled, and would certify and transmit these amounts 9 to the State Treasurer and to the Director of the Division of Local 10 Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs. The 11 State Treasurer would hen include within the State Treasurer's annual budget request for State aid the amounts certified by the council. 12

This bill would also direct the Attorney General to provide, when certain requirements have been met, legal representation to any requesting local government unit located in the Highlands Region in any cause of action filed against the local government unit and contesting an act or decision of the local government unit taken or made under authority granted pursuant to any provision of this bill or to the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.), R.S.40:27-1 et seq., or the "State Uniform Construction Code Act," P.L.1975, c.217 (C.52:27D-119 et seq.).

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The second tier of water and natural resource protection for the preservation area of the Highlands Region established in this bill consists of the imposition of environmentally protective standards for the review and permitting of major development by the DEP. Most development of any significant impact currently requires one or more State level water and land use permits issued by the DEP under the authority of a wide umbrella of environmental laws and their accompanying rules and regulations. This bill would increase the standards imposed for the issuance of, and would coordinate and consolidate the review of, these permits for development in the preservation area of the Highlands Region. These more stringent standards would also be incorporated into the land use capability component of the regional master plan adopted by the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, which would in turn be reflected in the revised municipal and county master plans and development regulations. Thus, in terms of the overall structure of this bill, these standards (the authorization for which is set forth in sections 31 to 35 of this bill) form a tie between the State and regional preservation approaches in this bill.

This bill essentially directs the DEP to develop and enforce two chronologically sequential environmental permitting programs and standards in the preservation area of the Highlands. Both permitting

1 programs and standards would apply to permits for major 2 development. As used in this bill, "major development" means any 3 non-residential development, any residential development disturbing 4 one acre or more of land or increasing impervious surface by a quarter 5 acre or more, and any residential development that does not meet 6 these requirements but which does require an environmental land use 7 or water permit. This bill defines an environmental land use or water 8 permit to include a permit, approval, or other authorization issued 9 pursuant to the "Freshwater Wetlands Protection Act," the "Water 10 Supply Management Act," the "Water Pollution Control Act," "The Realty Improvement Sewerage and Facilities Act (1954)," the "Water 11 Quality Planning Act," the "Safe Drinking Water Act," or the "Flood 12 13 Hazard Area Control Act;" or an approval for an individual subsurface 14 sewage disposal system from a delegated local health agency pursuant 15 to the "County Environmental Health Act."

The first DEP permitting program would take effect upon 16 17 enactment of the bill. Thereafter, any person proposing a major 18 development in the preservation area would be required to receive a 19 Highlands Preservation Area approval. This new approval would 20 consist of the appropriate aspects of the regulatory requirements of 21 existing environmental land use and water permits, as well as 22 additional statutorily established standards in the bill that are self 23 executing, which is to say that no rules and regulations would be 24 required to implement them. These new requirements would require: 25 that a 300-foot buffer, in which major development would be 26 prohibited, be established adjacent to all Highlands open waters (which 27 includes streams, wetlands, and other bodies of surface water); that the 28 quality of all Highlands open waters be maintained and not degraded; 29 that the review of a water diversion permit be triggered by a more than 30 50,000 gallon per day diversion (the current threshold for the rest of 31 the State is more than 100,000 gallons); that a zero net fill requirement 32 be met for flood hazard areas; that the antidegradation and other 33 provisions applicable to category one waters be applied to Highlands 34 open waters; that impervious surface of more than three percent of the land area of a site would be prohibited on existing lots; that 35 36 development, excluding linear development, would be prohibited on 37 steep slopes with a grade of 20% or greater; and that upland forest 38 areas would not be disturbed, with certain exceptions. The Highlands 39 Preservation Area approval program would be in effect for the first 40 nine months following enactment of the bill.

The second and permanent DEP permitting program for the preservation area, the Highlands permitting review program, would be adopted as immediately effective rules and regulations within nine months after enactment of the bill. These rules and regulations would be adopted without following the usual notice and comment provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," would be in effect for not more

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1 than one year, and would thereafter be adopted pursuant to the normal 2 notice and comment provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act." 3 These rules and regulations would establish a Highlands permitting 4 review program, the structure and requirements for which would essentially track the requirements for the statutorily established 5 6 Highlands Preservation Area approval. The bill provides, however, for 7 special treatment by the Highlands permitting program of certain single 8 family dwellings and for hardship waivers for certain single family 9 dwellings. In addition, this bill would exempt from the requirement to 10 obtain a Highlands permitting review any major development for which 11 all DEP environmental land use and water permits and local permits 12 and approvals have been obtained. This bill would authorize the DEP 13 to issue general permits under the Highlands permitting review 14 program, and authorizes the DEP to charge an application fee. This 15 bill also sets forth detailed and environmentally protective guidelines that DEP must follow when reviewing and issuing a Highlands 16 permitting review approval. This bill also includes a penalty section 17 18 which allows the DEP to impose civil administrative penalties for 19 certain violations of the bill or DEP's rules and regulations adopted 20 pursuant thereto. A person who violates certain provisions of the bill 21 or the DEP's rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto could also 22 be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

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This bill also contains provisions providing protection for the equity in land of landowners or farmers who decide to sell their property, or in the case of farmers a development easement, to the State, the State Agriculture Development Committee in the case of farmland, or a local government unit or a non-profit organization. In such cases this bill provides for a special appraisal process to account for any decrease in the value of the property which may have been caused by the regulatory requirements imposed by the bill. This appraisal system is modeled after that already provided for in law for the Green Acres and farmland preservation programs. Only landowners who have owned the subject land continuously from the date of enactment of this bill until the date of the proposed acquisition, with certain exceptions, would be eligible for the special appraisal system. In addition, any landowner would be required to choose between the appraisal system established in this bill or the two other existing appraisal systems currently in law.

SENATE ENVIRONMENT COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 1

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 7, 2004

The Senate Environment Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 1.

As amended, this bill, to be known as the "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act," would establish a comprehensive, long-term approach to the protection and preservation of the drinking water and natural resources of the New Jersey Highlands Region, which is the source of the drinking water of more than half of the residents of New Jersey and offers unique hiking, bird watching, fishing, and other naturalist and recreational activities.

The approach set forth in the bill, as amended, consists essentially of four major parts. First, the bill defines the New Jersey Highlands Region and divides it into a preservation area, in which development would be strictly regulated, and a planning area, in which development would be monitored but not as strictly controlled. Secondly, the bill establishes the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, which would be charged with preparing and implementing a regional master plan for the Highlands Region, with which municipalities and counties in the preservation area would be required to conform their master plans. Thirdly, the bill would require, upon the date of enactment, that most major Highlands development in the preservation area receive from the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) a Highlands Preservation Area approval, which would consist of the related aspects of existing environmental land use and water permits as well as additional, statutorily prescribed environmentally protective land use and water protection requirements. This system would be in effect for nine months. Lastly, the bill would require the DEP to adopt, within nine months, immediately effective rules and regulations establishing a permanent Highlands permitting review program, incorporating the provisions of the Highlands Preservation Area approval program, and setting strict standards for reviewing major Highlands development in the preservation area.

The bill, as amended, exempts some activities and types of development in the preservation area from complying with the provisions of the regional master plan, the Highlands Preservation Area approval, and the permanent Highlands permitting review program. The bill, as amended, also contains land owner equity provisions and a provision to provide State aid to offset decreases in property tax revenues in municipalities with land located in the preservation area, makes changes to statutorily provided watershed aid, establishes a "Highlands Protection Fund," and requires the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council to establish and implement a transfer of development rights program.

Ι

The New Jersey Highlands Region consists of about 800,000 acres, or about 1,250 square miles, stretching from Ringwood in the northeast to Phillipsburg in the southwest, across portions of Bergen, Hunterdon, Morris, Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, and Warren counties. Under the bill as amended, the Highlands Region is defined as all of the area within the 88 municipalities in Bergen, Hunterdon, Morris, Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, and Warren counties enumerated in section 7 of the bill. The bill, as amended, would exclude Andover Borough, Andover Township, and Lafayette from the Highlands Region, and would include Bedminster.

The preservation area of the Highlands Region, in which municipalities would be required to conform their master plans and development ordinances with the regional master plan developed by the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council and in which the strict DEP permitting requirements would apply, is delineated in the bill, as amended, based upon natural resource data assembled by the United States Forest Service, Rutgers, The State University, and the New Jersey Water Supply Authority. The bill, as amended, contains a narrative description of the preservation area, translated into on-theground, identifiable reference points, such as road descriptions, survey lines, and municipal boundaries. The bill, as amended, provides that the planning area of the Highlands Region, in which municipal conformance with the council's regional master plan is optional, and in which the strict DEP permitting requirements would not apply, would consist of all that area of the Highlands Region not within the preservation area. The bill, as amended, would not include town and regional centers designated pursuant to the State Plan in the preservation area.

Under the bill, as amended, any road, railroad, or railroad right of way that constitutes part of the preservation area boundary would be considered outside the preservation area, and any stream, river or brook that constitutes part of the preservation area boundary would be considered to lie within the preservation area.

In addition to the formal designation of the preservation area in the bill, municipalities, in whole or in part in the planning area, are authorized under the bill, as amended, to opt into the regional master plan by choosing to conform their master plans and other development regulations with the regional master plan to be adopted by the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council.

II

The bill, as amended, would establish the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, a 15-member body appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, and charged with preparing and implementing a regional master plan for the Highlands Region. Members of the council would serve for terms of five years, and without compensation. The Governor would appoint the chairperson of the council, and the council would appoint an executive director. The bill, as amended, provides that no action may be taken by the council except upon the affirmative vote of a majority of the total authorized membership of the council, and allows the Governor to veto any action taken by the council.

The bill, as amended, further specifies the following concerning the members of the council:

- 1) No more than four of the eight elected officials appointed to the council would be from the same political party;
- 2) The five municipal officials would be required to be Highlands Region residents;
- 3) Two of the eight county residents appointed by the Governor to the council would be residents of the county with the largest population in the Highlands Region;
- 4) Two of the seven residents of the State appointed by the Governor to the council would be recommended by the Legislature one by the Senate President and one by the Speaker of the General Assembly;
- 5) Nonelected officials who are members of the council, to the maximum extent practicable, would have expertise, knowledge or experience in water quality protection, natural resources protection, environmental protection, agriculture, land use, or economic development; and
- 6) At least four of the members of the council would be property owners, business owners, or farmers in the Highlands Region or residents or nonresidents of the Highlands Region who benefit from or consume water from the Highlands Region.

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In addition to and among the extensive powers of the council enumerated in section 6 of the bill as it was introduced, the committee amended the bill to empower the council to:

1) develop model land use ordinances and other regulations for water conservation, and promote, in conjunction with the DEP and the Department of Agriculture, water conservation of water resources both in the Highlands Region and in areas outside of the Highlands Region for which the Highlands is a source of drinking water;

- 2) establish and implement a road signage program in cooperation with the Department of Transportation and local government units to identify significant natural and historic resources and landmarks in the Highlands Region;
- 3) promote brownfield remediation and redevelopment in the Highlands Region; and
- 4) work with the State Agriculture Development Committee and the Garden State Preservation Trust to establish incentives for any landowner in the Highlands Region seeking to preserve land under the farmland preservation program that would be provided in exchange for the landowner agreeing to permanently restrict the amount of impervious surface or agricultural impervious cover on the farm to a maximum of 5% of the total land area of the farm.

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Under section 8 of the bill, as amended, the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council would be required to adopt a regional master plan within 18 months after the council's first meeting. The council may not adopt the regional master plan unless the regional master plan includes recommended receiving zones in the planning area and the capacity therefor, pursuant to the transfer of development rights program authorized under the bill, as amended.

The regional master plan would also be required to recognize and not compromise the provisions of the "Right to Farm Act" and the protections to farmers it affords. In the preservation area, the regional master plan would also limit redevelopment to DEP designated brownfield sites and sites that are at least 70% covered with impervious surface. Within the 60 days after the council adopts the regional master plan, the council would submit the plan to the State Planning Commission for review and endorsement, and the commission's review would be limited to the parts of the regional master plan concerning the planning area. Any municipality or county or portion thereof located within the preservation area would be exempted from the State Development and Redevelopment Plan endorsement process. The bill, as amended, also directs the Department of Community Affairs, in consultation with the DEP, to provide guidelines and instructions to all local government units wholly or partially in the preservation area with respect to the processing, review and enforcement of applications for development after the date of enactment and before the adoption of the regional master plan.

* * *

The bill, as amended, provides that the goals of the regional master plan in both the preservation area and planning area would be to protect, restore, and enhance the quality and quantity of surface and ground waters; preserve extensive and contiguous areas of land in their natural state; protect the contiguous forests, wetlands, vegetated stream corridors, steep slopes, and critical habitats; preserve farmland and historic resources; preserve recreational opportunities on publicly owned land; promote conservation of water resources; promote brownfield remediation and redevelopment; and promote compatible agricultural, horticultural, recreational, and cultural land uses. In the preservation area, the regional master plan would have the additional goal to prohibit or limit to the maximum extent possible construction or development which is incompatible with the preservation of the Highlands. In the planning area, the additional goals of the regional master plan would be to encourage appropriate development, redevelopment, and economic growth consistent with the State Development and Redevelopment Plan and smart growth strategies and principles, and to promote a sound, balanced transportation system that is consistent with smart growth and preserves mobility in the Highlands Region.

The bill, as amended, provides under section 11 that the regional master plan would consist of several components. Among these would be:

- 1) a resource assessment binding in the preservation area and for advisory purposes only in the planning area - that determines the amount and type of human development and activity which the ecosystem of the Highlands Region can sustain;
- 2) a financial component detailing the cost of implementing the regional master plan, including property tax stabilization measures, watershed moratorium offset aid, planning grants and other State aid for local government units, capital requirements for any development transfer bank, payments in lieu-of-taxes, and acquisition of lands for preservation or recreation and conservation purposes;
- 3) a component to provide for local government and public input into the council's operations;
- 4) a coordination and consistency component which details the ways in which local, State, and federal programs and policies may best be coordinated to promote the goals and policies of the regional master plan;
- 5) a transportation component that provides a plan for transportation system preservation, includes all federally mandated projects or programs, and recognizes smart growth strategies and principles; and
- 6) a smart growth component that would provide for, among other components described in the bill as amended, redevelopment, transfer

of development rights, a land use capacity map, and model minimum standards for municipal and county master planning and development regulations outside the preservation area.

* * *

Under the bill, as amended, within nine to 15 months after the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council adopts the regional master plan, the governing body of each municipality and county located wholly or partially in the preservation area would be required to revise its master plan and development regulations to conform them with the requirements of the regional master plan and to submit the revisions to the council. The cost of making these revisions would be reimbursable by the council. The council would be authorized to approve or disapprove the revisions and to require additional changes. If such a municipality or county in the preservation area does not conform its master plan and development regulations to the regional master plan, the council would be authorized to enforce the provisions of the regional master plan and to essentially enforce the "Municipal Land Use Law" in the municipality or county and issue stop construction orders. In addition, the council would have call up review authority over any local application for development in a municipality or county in the preservation area. Any municipality or county in the planning area may elect to conform its master plan and development regulations to the appropriate provisions of the regional master plan. Finally, the council would also be authorized to review significant capital projects of the State or local governments in the preservation area. The council would be required to process any reviews of State, county, or municipal capital projects and other projects that are not exempt from council review within 30 days after their submission.

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The bill, as amended, contains a number of specific provisions concerning the transfer of development rights program for which the council must recommend growth receiving zones in the regional master plan before the regional master plan can be adopted. The bill, as amended, authorizes the council to use the existing State Transfer of Developments Rights Bank or to establish a bank specifically for the Highlands Region. Otherwise, as provided under the bill as amended, the authorized transfer of development rights program would be consistent with the recently enacted "State Transfer of Development Rights Act," P.L.2004, c.2 (C.40:55D-137 et seq.), except for the following provisions:

1) The council would perform the real estate analysis for the Highlands Region that is required to be performed by a municipality prior to the adoption or amendment of any development transfer ordinance under the "State Transfer of Development Rights Act";

- 2) No later than 18 months after the bill is enacted, and from time to time thereafter as the council determines is appropriate, the council, in consultation with municipal, county and State entities, would be required to:
- a) identify areas within the preservation area that are appropriate as sending zones pursuant to the "State Transfer of Development Rights Act,"
- b) identify areas within the planning area that are appropriate for development as voluntary receiving zones pursuant to the "State Transfer of Development Rights Act"; and
- c) set a goal of identifying areas within the planning area that are appropriate for development as voluntary receiving zones that, combined together, constitute four percent of the land area of the planning area, to the extent that the goal is compatible with the amount and type of human development and activity that would not compromise the integrity of the ecosystem of the planning area;
- 3) The first time the council prepares a regional master plan and initially establishes the transfer of development rights program, the council should consider any supporting information for the regional master plan but would not be required to wait to create the transfer of development rights program until the first regional master plan has been prepared;
- 4) The council would be required to work with municipalities and the State Planning Commission to identify centers designated by the State Planning Commission as voluntary receiving zones for the transfer of development rights program;
- 5) In consultation with municipal, county and State entities, the council would be required to:
- a) assist municipalities or counties in analyzing voluntary receiving zone capacity;
- b) work with municipalities outside the preservation area to assist these municipalities in developing ordinances necessary to implement the transfer of development rights; and
- c) establish advisory or model ordinances and other information for this purpose;
- 6) The council would establish the initial value of a development right considering the DEP rules and regulations in effect the day before the date of enactment. In addition, the council would give priority consideration for inclusion in a transfer of development rights program any lands that comprise a major Highlands development that would have qualified for an exemption under the grandfather provision but for the lack of a necessary State permit as specified in that exemption provision, and for which an application for such a permit had been submitted to and deemed by the DEP to be complete for review on or before March 29, 2004;
- 7) The council would make assistance available to municipalities that desire to create additional sending zones on any lands within their

boundaries which lie within the planning area and are designated for conservation in the regional master plan;

- 8) The Office of Green Acres and the State Agriculture Development Committee would be required to provide support and technical assistance to the council to operate the transfer of development rights program;
- 9) The Department of Banking and Insurance, the State Transfer of Developments Right Bank, the State Agriculture Development Committee, and the Pinelands Development Credit Bank would be required to provide technical assistance to the council in establishing and operating a development transfer bank, at the request of the council;
- 10) The Office of Smart Growth would be directed to review and coordinate State infrastructure capital investment, community development and financial assistance in the planning area in furtherance of the regional master plan;
- 11) Any municipality in the planning area whose municipal master plan and development regulations have been approved by the council to be in conformance with the regional master plan and that amends its development regulations to accommodate voluntary receiving zones within its boundaries identified by the council to provide for a minimum residential density of 5 dwelling units per acre, would be:
- a) eligible for an enhanced planning grant of up to \$250,000 from the council;
- b) eligible for a grant to reimburse the reasonable costs of amending the municipal development regulations;
- c) authorized to impose impact fees, pursuant to an impact fee ordinance that would be adopted by the municipality, at a rate of up to \$15,000 per dwelling unit unless and until impact fees are otherwise established by law at which time the impact fee would be 200% of the calculated impact fee;
- d) entitled to legal representation as provided elsewhere under the bill;
- e) accorded priority status in the Highlands Region for any State capital improvement or infrastructure programs; and
 - f) eligible for any other appropriate assistance or incentives;
- 12) Any municipality located outside of the Highlands Region in any county that has a municipality in the Highlands Region that establishes a receiving zone that provides for a minimum residential density of five dwelling units per acre for the transfer of development rights from a sending zone in the Highlands Region, and that accepts that transfer of development rights shall, for those receiving zones, be eligible for the same grants, authority, and other assistance, incentives, and benefits as listed above, except such a municipality would not be eligible for legal representation or for priority status in the Highlands Region for State capital or infrastructure programs; and
- 13) Any municipality authorized to impose impact fees would exercise that authority by an impact fee ordinance in accordance with

the provisions of the bill, as amended.

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The bill, as amended, also establishes a mechanism under which any municipality in the preservation area would be entitled to State aid to compensate for any decrease in the aggregate amount of property tax revenues derived from the taxation of real property in that portion of the municipality located in the preservation area that is directly attributable to the implementation of the provisions of the bill as amended. The "Highlands Municipal Property Tax Stabilization Board," established in the bill as amended, and the county tax board would annually calculate the amount to which each municipality is entitled, and would certify and transmit these amounts to the State Treasurer and to the Director of the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs. The State Treasurer would then pay to each qualified municipality its entitled amount in two equal installments.

The bill, as amended, would create a "Highlands Protection Fund," and dedicate \$12 million of the realty transfer fee revenue annually for 10 years, and \$5 million annually thereafter, for (1) payments to the "Highlands Municipal Property Tax Stabilization Fund"; (2) the payment of watershed moratorium offset aid pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1999, c.225 (C.58:29-8); (3) the making of grants by the council pursuant to the bill; and (4) allocations to the "Pinelands Property Tax Assistance Fund."

The bill, as amended, would also establish the "Pinelands Property Tax Assistance Fund" to which would be allocated \$1.8 million annually from the "Highlands Protection Fund" for five years. Moneys in the fund would be distributed to municipalities in the pinelands area in the same percentage of the total that the municipality received from the "Pinelands Municipal Tax Stabilization Fund" pursuant to P.L.1983, c.551. The moneys made available would be used to offset the amount to be raised as property taxes.

Also, under the bill, as amended, when certain requirements provided under section 21 of the bill, as amended, have been met, the council would provide legal representation to any requesting local government unit located in the Highlands Region in any cause of action filed against the local government unit and contesting an act or decision of the local government unit taken or made under authority granted pursuant to any provision of the bill as amended, or to the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.), R.S.40:27-1 et seq., or the "State Uniform Construction Code Act," P.L.1975, c.217 (C.52:27D-119 et seq.).

The second level of water and natural resource protection for the preservation area of the Highlands Region established in the bill, as amended, consists of the imposition of environmentally protective standards for the review and permitting of major Highlands development by the DEP. Most development of any significant impact currently requires one or more State level water and land use permits issued by the DEP under the authority of a wide umbrella of environmental laws and their accompanying rules and regulations. The bill, as amended, would increase the standards imposed for the issuance of, and would coordinate and consolidate the review of, these permits for development in the preservation area of the Highlands Region. These more stringent standards would also be incorporated into the land use capability component of the regional master plan adopted by the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council. In turn, municipalities and counties in the preservation area would revise their respective master plans and development regulations to conform with the regional master plan, and thereby reflect the more stringent standards in their respective master plans and development regulations. In this way, the standards authorized by sections 32 through 36 of the bill, as amended, create a tie between the State and regional preservation approaches in the bill.

* * *

The bill, as amended, essentially directs the DEP to develop and enforce two chronologically sequential environmental permitting programs and standards in the preservation area of the Highlands. Both permitting programs and standards would apply to permits for major Highlands development.

As used in the bill, as amended, "major Highlands development," except as otherwise exempted under section 30 of the bill, as amended, means: (1) any non-residential development in the preservation area; (2) any residential development in the preservation area that requires an environmental land use or water permit or that results in the ultimate disturbance of one acre or more of land or a cumulative increase in impervious surface by one-quarter acre or more; (3) any activity in the preservation area that is not a development but results in the ultimate disturbance of one-quarter acre or more of forested area or that results in a cumulative increase in impervious surface by one-quarter acre or more on a lot; or (4) any capital or other project of a State entity or local government unit in the preservation area that requires an environmental land use or water permit or that results in the ultimate disturbance of one acre or more of land or a cumulative increase in impervious surface by one-quarter acre or more. As amended, the definition of "major Highlands development" does not

include an agricultural or horticultural development or agricultural or horticultural use in the preservation area. The bill, as amended, defines an environmental land use or water permit to include a permit, approval, or other authorization issued pursuant to the "Freshwater Wetlands Protection Act," the "Water Supply Management Act," the "Water Pollution Control Act," "The Realty Improvement Sewerage and Facilities Act (1954)," the "Water Quality Planning Act," the "Safe Drinking Water Act," or the "Flood Hazard Area Control Act."

The first DEP permitting program would take effect upon enactment of the bill, and would be in effect for the first nine months following enactment of the bill, after which the second DEP permitting program would go into effect. While the first permitting program would be in effect, any person proposing a major Highlands development in the preservation area would be required to receive a Highlands Preservation Area approval. This new approval would consist of the appropriate aspects of the regulatory requirements of existing environmental land use and water permits, as well as the additional, self-executing, statutorily established standards established in the bill as amended. No rules or regulations would be required to implement these standards. These new requirements would require that:

- 1) a 300-foot buffer, in which major Highlands development would be prohibited, be established adjacent to all Highlands open waters (which includes streams, wetlands, and other bodies of surface water);
- 2) the quality of all Highlands open waters be maintained and not degraded;
- 3) the review of a water diversion permit be triggered by a diversion of more than 50,000 gallon per day (the current threshold for the rest of the State is more than 100,000 gallons);
- 4) any new or increased diversion for all nonpotable purposes that is more than 50% consumptive would be required to demonstrate an equivalent reduction in water demand within the same subdrainage area through means such as groundwater recharge of stormwater or reuse, the existing unused allocation or allocations used for all nonpotable purposes may be revoked where measures to the maximum extent practicable are not implemented to reduce demand, and all new or increased diversions would be required to implement water conservation measures to the maximum extent practicable;
 - 5) a zero net fill requirement be met for flood hazard areas;
- 6) the antidegradation and other provisions applicable to category one waters be applied to Highlands open waters;
- 7) more than three percent of the land area of a site as impervious surface defined as "any structure, surface, or improvement that reduces or prevents absorption of stormwater into land, and includes porous paving, paver blocks, gravel, crushed stone, decks, patios, elevated structures, and other similar structures, surfaces, or improvements" would be prohibited on existing lots;
 - 8) development, excluding linear development, would be prohibited

on steep slopes with a grade of 20% or greater; and

9) upland forest areas would not be disturbed, with certain exceptions.

The second and permanent DEP permitting program for the preservation area, the Highlands permitting review program, would be adopted as immediately effective rules and regulations within nine months after enactment of the bill as amended. These rules and regulations would be adopted without following the usual notice and comment provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," would be in effect for not more than one year, and would thereafter be adopted pursuant to the normal notice and comment provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act." These rules and regulations would establish a Highlands permitting review program, the structure and requirements for which would essentially track the requirements for the statutorily established Highlands Preservation Area approval, with the addition of a septic system density standard established at a level to prevent the degradation of water quality, or to require the restoration of water quality, and to protect ecological uses.

The bill, as amended, would authorize the DEP to issue general permits under the Highlands permitting review program, and would authorize the DEP to charge an application fee. The bill, as amended, also sets forth detailed and environmentally protective guidelines that DEP must follow when reviewing and issuing a Highlands permitting review approval. The bill, as amended, also includes a penalty section which allows the DEP to impose civil administrative penalties for certain violations of the bill or DEP rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto. A person who violates certain provisions of the bill or the DEP rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto could also be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

In addition, the bill, as amended, requires the DEP to limit or prohibit the construction of new public water systems or the extension of existing public water systems to serve development in the preservation area, except in the case of a demonstrated need to protect public health and safety, and except to serve development in the preservation area that is exempt under the provisions of the bill. The bill, as amended, would revoke designated sewer service areas within the preservation area for which wastewater collection systems have not been installed on the date of enactment, and any associated treatment works approvals in the impacted areas would expire on the date of enactment, except that any designated sewer service area would not be revoked and any associated treatment works approvals would not expire if necessary to serve development in the preservation area that is exempt under the provisions of the bill.

There are a number of exemptions provided in section 30 of the bill, as amended. The exemptions provide that the requirements and other provisions of the bill after it is enacted into law, the regional master plan, any rules or regulations adopted by the DEP pursuant to the bill, or any amendments to a master plan, development regulations, or other regulations adopted by a local government unit to specifically conform them with the regional master plan, cannot be applied to the following:

- 1) the construction of a single family dwelling, for an individual's own use or the use of an immediate family member, on a lot owned by the individual on the date of enactment, or on a lot for which the individual has on or before May 17, 2004 entered into a binding contract of sale to purchase that lot;
- 2) the construction of a single family dwelling on a lot in existence on the date of enactment, provided that the construction does not result in the ultimate disturbance of one acre or more of land or a cumulative increase by one-quarter acre or more in impervious surface (defined as "any structure, surface, or improvement that reduces or prevents absorption of stormwater into land, and includes porous paving, paver blocks, gravel, crushed stone, decks, patios, elevated structures, and other similar structures, surfaces, or improvements");
- 3) a major Highlands development that received on or before March 29, 2004:
 - (a) one of the following "Municipal Land Use Law" approvals:
 - (i) preliminary or final site plan approval;
 - (ii) final municipal building or construction permit;
- (iii) minor subdivision approval where no subsequent site plan approval is required;
- (iv) final subdivision approval where no subsequent site plan approval is required; or
- (v) preliminary subdivision approval where no subsequent site plan approval is required; and
- (b) at least one of the following permits from the DEP, if applicable to the proposed major Highlands development:
- (i) a permit or certification pursuant to the "Water Supply Management Act," P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-1 et seq.);
- (ii) a water extension permit or other approval or authorization pursuant to the "Safe Drinking Water Act," P.L.1977, c.224 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.);
- (iii) a certification, approval, or authorization for a septic system or other certification or approval or authorization issued pursuant to the "The Realty Improvement Sewerage and Facilities Act (1954)," P.L.1954, c.199 (C.58:11-23 et seq.); or
- (iv) a treatment works approval pursuant to the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.); or

- (c) one of the following permits from the DEP, if applicable to the proposed major Highlands development, and if the proposed major Highlands development does not require one of the DEP water permits listed in subparagraphs (i) through (iv) of subparagraph (b) above:
- (i) a permit or other approval or authorization issued pursuant to the "Freshwater Wetlands Protection Act," P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-1 et seq.); or
- (ii) a permit or other approval or authorization issued pursuant to the "Flood Hazard Area Control Act," P.L.1962, c.19 (C.58:16A-50 et seq.).

This exemption only applies to the land area and the scope of the major Highlands development addressed by the qualifying approvals provided, before those qualifying approvals expire, if construction beyond site preparation begins within three years after the date of enactment;

- 4) the reconstruction of any building or structure for any reason within 125% of the footprint of the lawfully existing impervious surfaces on the site, provided that the reconstruction does not increase the lawfully existing impervious surface by one-quarter acre or more. This exemption shall not apply to the reconstruction of any agricultural or horticultural building or structure for a non-agricultural or non-horticultural use;
- 5) any improvement to a single family dwelling in existence on the date of enactment of the bill as amended, including but not limited to an addition, garage, shed, driveway, porch, deck, patio, swimming pool, or septic system;
- 6) any improvement, for non-residential purposes, to a place of worship owned by a nonprofit entity, society or association, or association organized primarily for religious purposes, or a public or private school, or a hospital, in existence on the date of enactment of the bill, including but not limited to new structures, an addition to an existing building or structure, a site improvement, or a sanitary facility;
- 7) an activity conducted in accordance with an approved woodland management plan as provided by current law or the normal harvesting of forest products in accordance with a forest management plan approved by the State Forester;
- 8) the construction or extension of trails with non-impervious surfaces on publicly owned lands or on privately owned lands where a conservation or recreational use easement has been established;
- 9) the routine maintenance and operations, rehabilitation, preservation, reconstruction, or repair of transportation or infrastructure systems by a State entity or local government unit, provided that the activity is consistent with the goals and purposes of the bill and does not result in the construction of any new throughcapacity travel lanes;
- 10) the construction of transportation safety projects and bicycle and pedestrian facilities by a State entity or local government unit, provided that the activity does not result in the construction of any

new through-capacity travel lanes;

- 11) the routine maintenance and operations, rehabilitation, preservation, reconstruction, repair, or upgrade of public utility lines, rights of way, or systems, by a public utility, provided that the activity is consistent with the goals and purposes of the bill;
- 12) the reactivation of rail lines and rail beds existing on the date of enactment;
- 13) the construction of a public infrastructure project approved by public referendum prior to January 1, 2005 or a capital project approved by public referendum prior to January 1, 2005;
- 14) the mining, quarrying, or production of ready mix concrete, bituminous concrete, or Class B recycling materials occurring or which are permitted to occur on any mine, mine site, or construction materials facility existing on June 7, 2004;
- 15) the remediation of any contaminated site pursuant to P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-1 et seq.);
- 16) any lands of a federal military installation existing on the date of enactment of this act that lie within the Highlands Region; and
- designated as Planning Area 1 (Metropolitan), or Planning Area 2 (Suburban), as designated pursuant to the "State Planning Act" as of March 29, 2004, that on or before March 29, 2004 has been the subject of a settlement agreement and stipulation of dismissal filed in the Superior Court, or a builder's remedy issued by the Superior Court, to satisfy the constitutional requirement to provide for the fulfillment of the fair share obligation of the municipality in which the development is located. The exemption provided pursuant to this paragraph would expire if construction beyond site preparation does not commence within three years after receiving all final approvals required pursuant to the "Municipal Land Use Law."

Although the bill, as amended, would provide these exemptions, it also provides that the exemptions to the provisions of the law established by the enactment of the bill and the exemptions from the various regulatory requirements created under the bill, as amended, do not exempt the activities and types of development listed above from other applicable State or local laws, rules, regulations, development regulations, or ordinances. The bill, as amended, provides that none of its provisions alter the funding allocation formulas established pursuant to the "Garden State Preservation Trust Act," P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-1 et seq.). Furthermore, the bill, as amended, provides that none of its provisions shall be construed to repeal, reduce, or otherwise modify the obligation of counties, municipalities, and other municipal and public agencies of the State to pay property taxes on lands used for the purpose and for the protection of a public water supply, without regard to any buildings or other improvements thereon, pursuant to R.S.54:4-3.3.

The bill, as amended, also excludes "agricultural or horticultural development" and "agricultural or horticultural use" from the

definition of major Highlands development and therefore those uses and activities would not be subject to the Highlands approval and permit review program established in the bill as amended. Instead, agricultural or horticultural development in the preservation area that would increase agricultural impervious cover would be subject to review by the local soil conservation district. If an agricultural or horticultural development would increase agricultural impervious cover (either individually or cumulatively) by three percent or more of the total land area of the farm management unit, the owner or operator would be required to submit a farm conservation plan to the local soil conservation district. If the agricultural or horticultural development would increase agricultural impervious cover by nine percent or more, a more detailed resource management systems plan would be required to be submitted to the local soil conservation district and to the DEP. The Department of Agriculture, in consultation with the DEP, would be required to adopt rules and regulations establishing scientific standards to guide the preparation and implementation of the farm conservation plans and resource management systems plans prepared by farmers pursuant to the bill, as amended.

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The bill, as amended, also contains provisions providing protection for the equity in land of landowners or farmers who decide to sell their property, or in the case of farmers a development easement, to the State, the State Agriculture Development Committee in the case of farmland, or a local government unit or a non-profit organization. In such cases, the bill, as amended, would provide for a special appraisal process commencing on the date of enactment or July 1, 2004, whichever is later, and through June 30, 2009. This appraisal system is modeled after the system currently provided for in the law for the Green Acres and farmland preservation programs. As amended, the first part of the appraisal would be based on the land use zoning of the lands, and any State environmental laws or DEP rules and regulations that may affect the value of the lands, subject to the appraisal and in effect at the time of proposed acquisition, and the second part of the appraisal would be based on the land use zoning of the lands, and any State environmental laws or DEP rules and regulations that may affect the value of the lands, subject to the appraisal and in effect on January Only landowners who have owned the subject land 1, 2004. continuously from the date of enactment of the bill until the date of the proposed acquisition, with certain exceptions, would be eligible for the special appraisal system. In addition, any landowner would be required to choose between the appraisal system established in this bill, as amended, or the two other existing statutory appraisal systems.

The bill, as amended, provides that the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council would make recommendations to the DEP

concerning prioritizing the acquisition of land in the preservation area for conservation purposes, especially lands that have declined substantially in value due to the implementation of the bill, and for any major Highlands development that would have qualified for an exemption under the grandfather provision but for the lack of a necessary State permit, and for which an application for such a permit had been submitted to the DEP and deemed to be complete for review on or before March 29, 2004. The council would make similar recommendations concerning farmland preservation to the State Agriculture Development Committee for lands that have declined substantially in value due to the implementation of the bill. However, the provisions of the bill, as amended, would not change the formulas or procedures currently used to prioritize properties for preservation under the Green Acres and farmland preservation programs. Current law requires the DEP to adopt guidelines for evaluation and priority ranking of land acquisition under the Green Acres program. Under the bill as amended, these guidelines would be required to be designed to provide, to the maximum extent practicable and feasible, for the equitable spending of moneys among the geographic areas of the State. In addition, the bill, as amended, requires that the amount of money spent by the State for State Green Acres acquisitions and State purchases of farmland and farmland easements in the fiscal years 2005-2009 in each county in the State would be at least as much as the average annual amount spent in each county for State fiscal years 2002-2004, provided that there are sufficient and appropriate lands within the county to be so acquired by the State.

Finally, the bill, as amended, contains a number of provisions amending current law to provide for the independent commissions and authorities in and near the Highland Region to coordinate planning with the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, and giving the DEP the necessary authority to implement the provisions of the bill.

The bill, as amended, contains no provision concerning the State's right of first refusal for lands being sold or conveyed in the Highlands Region, no provision negating preliminary and final "Municipal Land Use Law" approvals of major development that were inconsistent with the Highlands regional master plan, and no provisions concerning prohibitions against local government units, public utilities, or public water utilities from selling lands in the Highlands Region that may protect the water supply.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

Committee amendments to the bill:

- 1) Change the definition of "major development" to "major Highlands development" and revise the scope of the definition (Section 3);
 - 2) Add definitions of "agricultural or horticultural development,"

- "agricultural impervious cover," "agricultural or horticultural use,"
 "construction beyond site preparation," "development," "farm
 conservation plan," "farm management unit," "immediate family
 member," "Office of Smart Growth," "public utility," "resource
 management systems plan," "soil conservation district," "State
 entity,""State Soil Conservation Committee," and "temporary
 coverings" (Section 3);
- 3) Add definitions of "construction materials facility," "mine," and "mine site," which definitions are related to an exemption for mining and quarrying provided in section 30 of the bill (Section 3);
- 4) Clarify the definitions of "Highlands open waters" and "waters of the Highlands" (Section 3);
- 5) Add definitions of "capital improvement," "facility expansion," "impact fee," "individual unit of development," "service area" and "service unit," which are related to the transfer of development rights program to be established by the council (Section 3);
- 6) Make changes to the qualification and residency requirements of the 15 council members, and provide that no action may be taken by the council except upon the affirmative vote of a majority of the total authorized membership of the council (Section 5);
- 7) Authorize the council to: hire attorneys, develop model land use ordinances and other development regulations for planning area municipalities concerning water conservation, establish a Highlands Region road signage program, promote water conservation in and outside of the Highlands Region, promote brownfield remediation and redevelopment, and work with the State Agriculture and Development Committee and the Garden State Preservation Trust to establish incentives under the farmland preservation program that would be provided in exchange for a landowner agreeing to permanently restrict the amount of impervious surface and agricultural impervious cover on farmland (Section 6);
- 8) Include a metes and bounds description of the boundaries of the preservation area (Section 7);
- 9) Specify that any road, railroad, or railroad right of way that constitutes part of the preservation area boundary would be considered outside the preservation area, and any stream, river or brook that constitutes part of the preservation area boundary would be considered to lie within the preservation area (Section 7);
- 10) Specify that town and regional centers designated pursuant to the State Plan would not be included in the preservation area (Section 7);
- 11) Prohibit council adoption of the regional master plan unless the regional master plan includes recommended receiving zones in the planning area pursuant to the transfer of development rights program (Section 8);
- 12) Require the regional master plan to be submitted to the State Planning Commission for endorsement, and limit the commission's review to the planning area only (Section 8);

- 13) Provide for council and DEP consultation with the Department of Transportation wherever appropriate;
- 14) Limit redevelopment to brownfield sites or to sites with at least 70% impervious surface (Section 9);
- 15) Direct the council to ensure the regional master plan recognizes and does not compromise the provisions of the "Right to Farm Act" (Section 9);
- 16) Expand the goals of the regional master plan in the preservation area and the planning area (Section 10);
- 17) Specify the resource assessment, transportation component, and smart growth component is only for advisory purposes in the planning area (Section 11);
- 18) Expand the required components of the regional master plan to include a transportation component and a smart growth component (Section 11);
- 19) Provide certain requirements and provisions for the transfer of development rights program to be established by the council (Section 13);
- 20) Provide that the goals and elements of the regional master plan, including the resource assessment and the smart growth component, be used to develop the transfer of development rights program (Section 13);
- 21) Provide that prior to the establishment of the transfer of development rights program by the council, the Office of Smart Growth shall establish a pilot transfer of development rights program that includes Highlands Region municipalities (Section 13);
- 22) Empower the council to revoke conformance approval for a preservation area municipality if the local government takes action inconsistent with the regional master plan (Section 14);
- 23) Delete section 16 of the bill as introduced, which concerned vested rights under the "Municipal Land Use Law";
- 24) Provide preservation area municipalities with additional time to revise ordinances to conform to the regional master plan (Sections 14 and 18);
- 25) Include provisions concerning cases in which local government development decisions are contested in the preservation area (Section 17);
- 26) Provide reasonable expenses incurred by municipalities and counties for conforming with the regional master plan would be payable from grants and other financial aid (Section 18);
- 27) Delete section 20 of the bill as introduced, and revise the property tax stabilization provisions to address decline in taxes paid for vacant land and other issues (Section 19);
- 28) Create a "Highlands Protection Fund," and dedicate a portion of the realty transfer fee revenue annually for certain State aid purposes in the Highlands Region (Sections 21, 61 and 62);
- 29) Create the "Pinelands Property Tax Assistance Fund" to which would be allocated \$1.8 million annually from the "Highlands

Protection Fund" for five years for property tax stabilization moneys for certain pinelands area municipalities (Section 20);

- 30) Provide that the council, rather than the Attorney General, would provide legal representation to local governments in the preservation area whose development decisions are challenged in court (Section 22);
- 31) Revise section 24 of the bill as introduced, which concerns the Council on Affordable Housing and adjustments to fair share obligations in consideration of the regional master plan (Section 25);
- 32) Delete section 26 of the bill as introduced, which concerned the State's right of first refusal to purchase property from the bill;
- 33) Delete section 27 of the bill as introduced, which concerned the sale of water supply protection lands in the Highlands Region by any State or local public entity or public utility;
- 34) Provide exemptions for certain activities and types of development to the provisions of the bill after it is enacted into law, the regional master plan, any rules or regulations adopted by the DEP pursuant to the bill, or any amendments to a master plan (Section 30);
- 35) Specify that the provisions of the bill would not affect the funding allocations in the "Garden State Preservation Trust Act" (Section 30);
- 36) Add a new section concerning agricultural or horticultural development in the preservation area (Section 31);
- 37) Provide for specifics connected to administration of the Highlands Preservation Area approval, including exempting the establishment of the fee schedule from the provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act" (Section 32);
- 38) Require demonstration of equivalent reductions in water demand and implementation of water conservation connected with new or increased water allocations for nonpotable purposes, and authorize revocation of unused allocations (Section 32 and 34);
- 39) Add language to provide that the provisions of sections 41 and 42 in the bill, concerning public water systems and designated sewer service areas, would not apply to development in the preservation area that is exempt pursuant to section 30 of the bill (Sections 41 and 42);
- 40) Add language to provide that moneys for State open space acquisition be spent equitably among the geographic areas of the State (Section 53);
- 41) Provide a special appraisal process for open space and farmland preservation (Sections 53 and 54);
- 42) Require that the amount of money spent annually by the State for State Green Acres acquisitions and State purchases of farmland and farmland easements in the fiscal years 2005-2009 in each county in the State would be at least as much as the average annual amount spent in each county for State fiscal years 2002-2004 (Sections 53 and 54);
- 43) Exempt any municipality or county or portion thereof located within the Highlands preservation area from the State Development

and Redevelopment Plan endorsement process (Section 69);

- 44) Change the amount of watershed aid to municipalities who host lands on which there is a moratorium from \$35 per acre to \$47 per acre (Section 82);
- 45) Delete sections 27, 60, and 81 of the bill as introduced, which concerned the sale of water supply lands;
- 46) Delete subsection k. of section 6 regarding the council's authority to establish a nonprofit corporation;
- 47) Specify that none of the bill's provisions shall be construed to repeal, reduce, or otherwise modify the obligation of counties, municipalities, and other municipal and public agencies of the State to pay property taxes on lands used for the purpose and for the protection of a public water supply, without regard to any buildings or other improvements thereon, pursuant to R.S.54:4-3.3; and
 - 48) Make technical and clarifying changes to the bill.

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE

[First Reprint]

SENATE, No. 1 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

DATED: JUNE 16, 2004

SUMMARY

Synopsis: The "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act"; creates

Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council; and dedicates a portion of realty transfer fee revenue annually for certain State aid

purposes in the Highlands Region and the Pinelands area.

Type of Impact: Expenditure increase from the General Fund.

Agencies Affected: Departments of Environmental Protection, Agriculture, Community

Affairs, Transportation, and Treasury; State Planning Commission;

and affected municipalities and counties.

Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
State Cost - Undedicated		\$3,000,000 to \$4,000,000 annually	
State Cost - Dedicated		\$12,000,000 annually	
Local Cost		Indeterminate	

- ! The bill establishes a comprehensive, long-term approach to the protection and preservation of the drinking water and natural resources of the New Jersey Highlands Region. This area comprises nearly 800,000 acres in northern New Jersey, covering 88 municipalities.
- ! The Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council is established to develop a regional master plan, help manage the regulatory provisions of the bill, create a transfer of development rights (TDR) program, and provide financial assistance when needed.
- ! The bill annually dedicates \$12 million for 10 years and \$5 million thereafter from realty transfer fees to (1) compensate towns adversely affected by decreased property values; (2) support watershed moratorium offset aid; (3) award local grants; and (4) make five annual allocations of \$1.8 million to Pinelands communities to offset property tax increases. Other financial incentives are also provided to landowners and municipalities.

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! The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) estimates that an annual State appropriation of \$3 million to \$4 million may be required to support the Council's operating budget. More funds may also be needed for startup costs, development of the regional master plan, and TDR development expenses.

BILL DESCRIPTION

Senate Bill No. 1 (1R) of 2004, the "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act," establishes a comprehensive, long-term approach to the protection and preservation of the drinking water and natural resources of the New Jersey Highlands Region. The bill defines the Highlands Region and divides it into a preservation area, where development would be strictly regulated, and a planning area where development would not be as strictly controlled.

The bill establishes the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, an independent agency "in, but not of" the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP). Its major responsibilities would include preparing and implementing a regional master plan for the Highlands Region, exercising review authority over any local application for development within the preservation area, and reviewing publicly-funded capital projects. Pursuant to Council review and approval, municipalities and counties in the preservation area would be required to amend their master plans to conform with the regional master plan. The cost of making these revisions would be reimbursable by the State through the Council.

For the first nine months following enactment, the bill requires that most major development in the preservation area receive from the DEP a Highlands Preservation Area approval, a permit consisting of existing and new environmentally protective land use and water protection requirements. After that time period, the bill requires the DEP to adopt rules and regulations establishing a permanent Highlands permitting review and permit program.

The bill requires the Council to establish a transfer of development rights (TDR) program, which would include recommendations regarding receiving zones in the planning area, prior to the adoption of the regional master plan. The Council is authorized to use the existing State TDR Bank or to establish such a bank specifically for the Highlands Region. The bill provides financial incentives to municipalities in or outside the planning area that permit voluntary receiving zones within their boundaries. These incentives include planning grants up to \$250,000, reimbursement of costs to amend municipal development regulations, authorization to impose impact fees, and eligibility for State financial assistance. The bill also directs the State Office of Smart Growth to establish a pilot TDR program.

The bill establishes a funding mechanism under which a municipality in the preservation area could receive State aid to compensate for any decrease in the aggregate amount of property tax revenue that is directly attributable to the bill's implementation. Specifically, a newly created Highlands Municipal Property Tax Stabilization Board, along with county tax boards, would annually calculate and certify the amount to which each municipality is entitled. The certified sum would then be paid by the State Treasurer to each qualified municipality.

These particular State payments would be derived from the Highlands Municipal Property Tax Stabilization Fund, an account financed by the Highlands Protection Fund. The bill capitalizes the Highlands Protection Fund by dedicating to it \$12 million per year from State realty transfer fee revenues for the first 10 years following enactment, with \$5 million annually dedicated thereafter. The bill also directs the Highlands Protection Fund to annually allocate money for a revised watershed moratorium offset aid program, for any local grants awarded by the Council, and for Pinelands municipalities through a newly created Pinelands Property Tax

Assistance Fund. Under the bill, this fund would receive \$1.8 million annually for five years to help offset property tax increases in qualified Pinelands region communities.

Last, the bill contains landowner equity provisions designed to compensate landowners within the preservation area who decide to sell land or development rights to the State's Green Acres or farmland preservation programs. The bill provides that such lands could receive fair market compensation by using a two-part appraisal system modeled after the system used by these two programs. A hold harmless provision is also included to ensure that all counties receive equitable funding from these programs from fiscal years 2005-2009.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

None received

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) estimates that the annual dedication of realty transfer fund monies for the purposes described therein will result in a proportional decrease in available balances in the General Fund. Notwithstanding this fact, the cost of implementing the bill will require State funding on an annual basis to support the basic operations of the Council, staff, offices and support services. Although staff size and needs are uncertain, the OLS estimates regular operating costs could approach \$3 million to \$4 million annually.

This projection is based on comparing the Council budget with the budgets of two other public entities that have missions similar to the proposed Council: the Pinelands Commission and the New Jersey (Hackensack) Meadowlands Commission. Both agencies receive approximately \$3 million annually for operational expenses. The Council budget may prove to be even higher due to the bill's requirement that it provide legal representation to any Highlands town having legal actions filed against it as a result of the act, and its role in developing a transfer of development rights (TDR) program. This last responsibility could incur significant expenses because it would require the Council to conduct real estate analyses and other related duties during the process of identifying so-called "sending and receiving" zones. Affected municipalities may also incur costs during this exercise. Financial assistance to offset some or all of such costs may be available from the State TDR Bank, which currently has a balance of approximately \$20 million, or from grants awarded by the Council.

With respect to the Council's one-time implementation costs, the OLS does not have sufficient information to provide a cost estimate at this time. Such costs could include capital and other start-up expenses for leases or rent, furniture, vehicles, etc. In addition, significant one-time costs may be incurred in the development of the regional master plan. On the plus side, the Council could eventually supplement its budget through application review fees, compensation for other regulatory duties performed on behalf of the State, or contributions from non-state funding sources such as the federal government, nonprofit organizations, or private donations.

The requirement that municipalities and counties in the Highlands preservation area adopt and submit revisions to their master plans and development regulations in order to conform to the regional master plan will incur certain costs. Cost estimates will vary widely depending on the degree of difference between the local and regional plans. However, under the bill, these costs would be recouped through planning grants supported by the realty transfer fee dedication. It is unclear, however, whether all such costs will ultimately be covered by these grants, or whether there will be sufficient funding to meet all reimbursement claims from communities in both the preservation and planning areas.

The bill's potential fiscal impact on property tax values is addressed by the proposed Highlands Municipal Property Tax Stabilization Fund, which is established to compensate municipalities that experience decreased property tax collections as a result of the bill. Local fiscal impacts may also be mitigated by the bill's restoration (albeit revised) of the Watershed Moratorium Offset Aid program, which was discontinued in FY 2003. For comparison purposes, the State provided over \$16 million for this program from FY 1997 to FY 2002.

The Highlands Protection Fund will also provide property tax relief to certain Pinelands communities by allocating \$1.8 million annually for five years to the proposed Pinelands Property Tax Assistance Fund. For comparison purposes, the State has intermittently provided over \$9 million in property tax-related aid in the Pinelands area from FY 1985 through FY 2002.

With respect to the bill's fiscal impact on State agencies, the DEP is directed to establish upon enactment a Highlands Preservation Area approval process that would be required of all major development applicants. This approval process would consist mostly of existing permits plus some new regulatory requirements included in the bill. It would provide immediate review of development applications until a permanent Highlands permitting review program is established nine months later.

The bill allows the DEP to establish fees to meet all administrative costs of the new permitting program. For existing and future permit review functions under the bill, the DEP is allowed to charge appropriate fees to cover most or all of its administrative costs. Assuming that some additional staff may have to be hired to handle increased, first-year work levels under the new program, administrative costs may exceed review fee revenues for several years. State funding liability should eventually decrease, however, as the program stabilizes.

As to the potential costs incurred by the Department of Community Affairs (DCA) and other affected State agencies, the OLS does not have enough data to formulate an estimate of such expenses at this time.

Section: Environment, Agriculture, Energy and Natural Resources

Analyst: Richard M. Handelman

Senior Fiscal Analyst

Approved: David J. Rosen

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67.

ASSEMBLY, No. 2635

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MAY 3, 2004

Sponsored by: Assemblyman JOHN F. MCKEON District 27 (Essex) Assemblyman LOUIS MANZO District 31 (Hudson)

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblymen Hackett and Conners

SYNOPSIS

The "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act."

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 5/7/2004)

AN ACT concerning the Highlands Region, creating a Highlands Water

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2 Protection and Planning Council, supplementing Title 13 of the 3 Revised Statutes, and amending and supplementing various sections 4 of the statutory law. 5 6 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 7 of New Jersey: 8 9 1. (New section) This act shall be known, and may be cited, as the 10 "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act." 11 12 2. (New section) The Legislature finds and declares that the 13 national Highlands Region is an area that extends from northwestern 14 Connecticut across the lower Hudson River Valley and northern New 15 Jersey into east central Pennsylvania; that the national Highlands 16 region has been recognized as a landscape of special significance by 17 the United States Forest Service; that the New Jersey portion of the national Highlands Region is nearly 800,000 acres, or about 1,250 18 miles, covering portions of 90 municipalities in seven counties; that the 19 20 New Jersey Highlands Region is designated as a Special Resource Area in the State Development and Redevelopment Plan. 21 22 The Legislature further finds and declares that the New Jersey 23 Highlands is an essential source of drinking water, providing clean and 24 plentiful drinking water for one-half of the State's population, 25 including communities beyond the New Jersey Highlands, from only 26 13 percent of the State's land area; that the New Jersey Highlands 27 contains other exceptional natural resources such as clean air, 28 contiguous forest lands, wetlands, pristine watersheds, and wildlife and 29 plant species habitats, includes many sites of historic significance, and 30 provides abundant recreational opportunities for the citizens of the 31 State. 32 The Legislature further finds and declares that the New Jersey 33 Highlands provides a desirable quality of life and place where people 34 live and work; that it is important to ensure the economic viability of 35 communities throughout the New Jersey Highlands; that residential, commercial, and industrial development and redevelopment and 36 37 economic growth in certain appropriate areas of the New Jersey Highlands is also in the best interests of all the citizens of the State, 38 39 providing enumerable social, cultural, and economic benefits and 40 opportunities. 41 The Legislature further finds and declares that there are

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

approximately 110,000 acres of agricultural lands in active production

in the New Jersey Highlands; that these lands are important resources

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of the State that should be preserved; and that the agricultural industry in the region is a vital component of the economy and welfare of the State.

4 The Legislature further finds and declares that, since 1984, 65,000 5 acres, or over 100 square miles, of the New Jersey Highlands have 6 been lost to development; that sprawl and the pace of development in 7 the region has dramatically increased, with the rate of loss of forested 8 lands and wetlands more than doubling since 1995; that the New 9 Jersey Highlands, because of its proximity to rapidly expanding 10 suburban areas, is at serious risk of being fragmented and consumed 11 by unplanned development; and that the existing land use and 12 environmental regulation system cannot protect the water and natural 13 resources of the New Jersey Highlands against the environmental 14 impacts of sprawl development.

15 The Legislature further finds and declares that the protection of the New Jersey Highlands, because of its vital link to the future of the 16 State's drinking water supplies and other key natural resources, is an 17 18 issue of State level importance that cannot be left to the uncoordinated 19 land use decisions of 90 municipalities, seven counties, and a myriad 20 of private landowners; that the State should take action to delineate 21 within the New Jersey Highlands a preservation area of exceptional 22 natural resource value that includes watershed protection and other 23 environmentally sensitive lands where stringent protection policies 24 would be implemented; that a regional approach to land use planning 25 in the preservation area should be established to replace the existing 26 uncoordinated system; that such a new regional approach to land use 27 planning should be complemented by increased standards more 28 protective of the environment established by the Department of 29 Environmental Protection for development in the preservation area of 30 the New Jersey Highlands; that the new regional planning approach 31 and the more stringent environmental regulatory standards should be 32 accompanied, as a matter of wise public policy and fairness to property 33 owners, by a strong and significant commitment by the State to fund 34 the acquisition of exceptional natural resource value lands; and that in 35 the light of the various pressures now arrayed against the New Jersey 36 Highlands, these new approaches should be implemented as soon as 37 possible.

The Legislature therefore determines, in the light of these findings set forth hereinabove, and with the intention of transforming them into action, that it is in the public interest of all the citizens of the State of New Jersey to enact legislation setting forth a comprehensive approach to the protection of the water and other natural resources of the New Jersey Highlands; that this comprehensive approach should consist of the identification of a preservation area of the New Jersey Highlands that would be subjected to stringent water and natural resource protection, planning, and regulation; that this comprehensive approach

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1 should also consist of the establishment of a Highlands Water 2 Protection and Planning Council charged with the preparation of a 3 regional master plan for the preservation area in the New Jersey 4 Highlands as well as for the region in general; that this comprehensive approach should also include the adoption by the Department of 5 6 Environmental Protection of stringent standards governing major 7 development in the Highlands preservation area; that because of the 8 imminent peril that the ongoing rush of development poses for the 9 New Jersey Highlands, immediate, interim standards should be 10 imposed on the date of enactment of this act on major development in 11 the preservation area of the New Jersey Highlands, followed 12 subsequently by adoption by the department of appropriate rules and 13 regulations; that it is appropriate to encourage in certain areas of the 14 New Jersey Highlands, consistent with the State Development and 15 Redevelopment Plan and smart growth strategies and principles, appropriate patterns of compatible residential, commercial, and 16 17 industrial development, redevelopment, and economic growth, in or 18 adjacent to areas already utilized for such purposes, and to discourage 19 piecemeal, scattered, and inappropriate development, in order to 20 accommodate local and regional growth and economic development 21 in an orderly way while protecting the Highlands environment from the 22 individual and cumulative adverse impacts thereof; that the 23 maintenance of agricultural production and a positive agricultural 24 business climate should be encouraged to the maximum extent possible 25 wherever appropriate in the New Jersey Highlands; and that all such 26 aforementioned measures should be guided, in heart, mind, and spirit, 27 by an abiding and generously given commitment to protecting the incomparable water resources and natural beauty of the New Jersey 28 29 Highlands so as to preserve them intact, in trust, forever for the 30 pleasure, enjoyment, and use of future generations while also providing every conceivable opportunity for appropriate economic 31 32 growth and development to advance the qualify of life of the residents 33 of the region and the entire State.

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3. (New section) As used in this act:

"Application for development" means the application form and all accompanying documents required for approval of a subdivision plat, site plan, planned development, conditional use, zoning variance, or direction of the issuance of a permit pursuant to the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.) or R.S.40:27-1 et seq., for any use, development or construction;

"Council" means the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council established by section 4 of this act;

"Department" means the Department of Environmental Protection;
"Development regulation" means the same as that term is defined
in section 3.1 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-4);

1 "Disturbance" means the placement of impervious surface, the 2 exposure or movement of soil or bedrock, or the clearing, cutting, or 3 removing of vegetation;

4 "Environmental land use or water permit" means a permit, approval, 5 or other authorization issued by the Department of Environmental 6 Protection pursuant to the "Freshwater Wetlands Protection Act," P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-1 et seq.), the "Water Supply Management 7 8 Act," P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-1 et seq.), the "Water Pollution 9 Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.), "The Realty 10 Improvement Sewerage and Facilities Act (1954)," P.L.1954, c.199 (C.58:11-23 et seq.), the "Water Quality Planning Act," P.L.1977, 11 c.75 (C.58:11A-1 et seq.), the "Safe Drinking Water Act," P.L.1977, 12 13 c.224 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.), or the "Flood Hazard Area Control Act,"

P.L.1962, c.19 (C.58:16A-50 et seq.); or an approval for an individual

subsurface sewage disposal system from a delegated local health agency pursuant to the "County Environmental Health Act," P.L.1977,

17 c.443 (C.26:3A2-21 et al.);

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"Highlands open waters" means all springs, streams, wetlands, and bodies of surface water, whether natural or artificial, located wholly or partially within the boundaries of the Highlands Region;

"Highlands Region" means that region so designated by subsection a. of section 7 of this act;

"Impervious surface" means any structure, surface, or improvement that reduces or prevents absorption of stormwater into land, and includes porous paving, paver blocks, gravel, crushed stone, decks, patios, elevated structures, and other similar structures, surfaces, or improvements;

"Local government unit" means a municipality, county, or other political subdivision of the State, or any agency, board, commission, utilities authority or other authority, or other entity thereof;

31 "Major development" means any non-residential development, 32 whether or not it also qualifies as a development as defined in the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.); any 33 34 residential development, whether or not it also qualifies as a development as defined in the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, 35 c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.), that provides for the ultimate disturbance 36 37 of one acre or more of land or an increase in impervious surface of 38 one-quarter acre or more; or any residential development, whether or 39 not it also qualifies as a development as defined in the "Municipal 40 Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.), that requires an environmental land use or water permit issued by the Department 41 42 of Environmental Protection but which does not result in the ultimate 43 disturbance of one acre or more of land or an increase in impervious 44 surface by one-quarter acre or more;

"Planning area" means that portion of the Highlands Region not included within the preservation area;

1 "Preservation area" means that portion of the Highlands Region so 2 designated by subsection b. of section 7 of this act;

3 "Recreation and conservation purposes" means the same as that 4 term is defined in section 3 of P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-3);

"Regional master plan" means the Highlands regional master plan
or any revision thereof adopted by the council pursuant to section 8 of
this act;

8 "State entity" means any State department, agency, board, 9 commission, or other entity, district water supply commission, 10 independent State authority or commission, or bi-state entity;

"State Development and Redevelopment Plan" means the State Development and Redevelopment Plan adopted pursuant to P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et al.); and

"Waters of the Highlands" means all springs, streams, and bodies of surface or ground water, whether natural or artificial, located wholly or partially within the boundaries of the Highlands Region.

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4. (New section) There is hereby established a public body corporate and politic, with corporate succession, to be known as the "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council." The council shall constitute a political subdivision of the State established as an instrumentality exercising public and essential governmental functions, and the exercise by the council of the powers and duties conferred by this act shall be deemed and held to be an essential governmental function of the State. For the purpose of complying with the provisions of Article V, Section IV, paragraph 1 of the New Jersey Constitution, the council is hereby allocated within the Department of Environmental Protection, but, notwithstanding that allocation, the council shall be independent of any supervision or control by the department or by the commissioner or any officer or employee thereof.

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- 5. (New section) a. The council shall consist of 15 voting members to be appointed and qualified as follows:
- (1) Eight residents of the counties of Bergen, Hunterdon, Morris, Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, or Warren, appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, (a) of whom five shall be municipal officials holding elective office at the time of appointment and three shall be county officials holding elective office at the time of appointment, and (b) among whom shall be at least one resident from each of the counties of Bergen, Hunterdon, Morris, Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, and Warren; and
- 42 (2) Seven residents of the State, appointed by the Governor, with 43 the advice and consent of the Senate.
- b. (1) Council members shall serve for terms of five years; provided, however, that of the members first appointed, five shall serve a term of three years, five shall serve a term of four years, and

1 five shall serve a term of five years.

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- 2 (2) Each member shall serve for the term of the appointment and 3 until a successor shall have been appointed and qualified. Any vacancy 4 shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment for the 5 unexpired term only.
 - c. Any member of the council may be removed by the Governor, for cause, after a public hearing.
- d. Each member of the council, before entering upon the member's duties, shall take and subscribe an oath to perform the duties of the office faithfully, impartially, and justly to the best of the member's ability, in addition to any oath that may be required by R.S.41:1-1 et seq. A record of the oath shall be filed in the Office of the Secretary of State.
 - e. The members of the council shall serve without compensation, but the council may, within the limits or funds appropriated or otherwise made available for such purposes, reimburse its members for necessary expenses incurred in the discharge of their official duties.
 - f. The powers of the council shall be vested in the members thereof in office. A majority of the total authorized membership of the council shall constitute a quorum except that no action may be taken by the council except upon the affirmative vote of a majority of the quorum. No alternate or designee of any council member shall exercise any power to vote on any matter pending before the council.
 - g. The Governor shall designate one of the members of the council as chairperson. The council shall appoint an executive director, who shall be the chief administrative officer thereof. The executive director shall serve at the pleasure of the council, and shall be a person qualified by training and experience to perform the duties of the office.
- h. The members and staff of the council shall be subject to the "New Jersey Conflicts of Interest Law," P.L.1971, c.182 (C.52:13D-12 et seq.).
- i. The council shall be subject to the provisions of the "Open Public
 Meetings Act," P.L.1975, c.231 (C.10:4-6 et seq.).
- 34 j. A true copy of the minutes of every meeting of the council shall be prepared and forthwith delivered to the Governor. No action taken 35 at a meeting by the council shall have force or effect until 10 days, 36 37 exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and public holidays, after a copy of 38 the minutes shall have been so delivered; provided, however, that no 39 action taken with respect to the adoption of the regional master plan, 40 or any portion or revision thereof, shall have force or effect until 30 41 days, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and public holidays, after a 42 copy of the minutes shall have been so delivered. If, in the 10-day 43 period, or 30-day period, as the case may be, the Governor returns the 44 copy of the minutes with a veto of any action taken by the council at 45 the meeting, the action shall be null and void and of no force and effect. 46

- 1 6. (New section) The council shall have the following powers, 2 duties, and responsibilities, in addition to those prescribed elsewhere
- 3 in this act:

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- a. To adopt and from time to time amend and repeal suitable
 bylaws for the management of its affairs;
- b. To adopt and use an official seal and alter it at the council'spleasure;
- 8 c. To maintain an office at such place or places in the Highlands 9 Region as it may designate;
- d. To sue and be sued in its own name;
- e. To appoint, retain and employ, without regard to the provisions of Title 11A of the New Jersey Statutes but within the limits of funds appropriated or otherwise made available for those purposes, such officers, employees, agents, and experts as it may require, and to determine the qualifications, terms of office, duties, services, and compensation therefor;
- f. To apply for, receive, and accept, from any federal, State, or other public or private source, grants or loans for, or in aid of, the council's authorized purposes, or the in the carrying out of the council's powers, duties, and responsibilities;
- g. To enter into any and all agreements or contracts, execute any and all instruments, and do and perform any and all acts or things necessary, convenient, or desirable for the purposes of the council or to carry out any power, duty, or responsibility expressly given in this act;
 - h. To call to its assistance and avail itself of the services of such employees of any State entity or local government unit as may be required and made available for such purposes;
- i. To adopt a regional master plan for the Highlands Region as provided pursuant to section 8 of this act;
 - j. To appoint advisory boards, commissions, councils, or panels to assist in its activities, including but not limited to a municipal advisory council consisting of mayors, municipal council members, or other representatives of municipalities located in the Highlands Region;
 - k. To authorize, if deemed useful, the establishment by appropriate persons or organizations of a nonprofit organization or organizations exempt from taxation pursuant to section 501 (c)(3) of the federal Internal Revenue Code of 1986, 26 U.S.C.s.501 (c)(3), for the purposes of assisting the council in furthering the purposes of this act and the regional master plan;
- 1. To solicit and consider public input and comment on the council's activities, the regional master plan, and other issues and matters of importance in the Highlands Region by periodically holding public hearings or conferences and providing other opportunities for such input and comment by interested parties;
- m. To conduct examinations and investigations, to hear testimony,

- taken under oath at public or private hearings, on any material matter,
 and to require attendance of witnesses and the production of books
 and papers;
- n. To prepare and transmit to the Commissioner of Environmental Protection such recommendations for water quality and water supply standards for surface and ground waters in the Highlands Region, or in tributaries and watersheds thereof, and for other environmental protection standards pertaining to the lands and natural resources of the Highlands Region, as the council deems appropriate;

- o. To identify and designate in the regional master plan special areas in the preservation area within which development shall not occur in order to protect water resources and environmentally sensitive lands while recognizing the need to provide just compensation to the owners of those lands when appropriate, whether through acquisition, transfer of development rights programs, or other means or strategies;
- p. To identify any lands in which the public acquisition of a fee simple or lesser interest therein is necessary or desirable in order to ensure the preservation thereof, or to provide sites for public recreation, as well as any lands the beneficial use of which are so adversely affected by the restrictions imposed pursuant to this act as to require a guarantee of just compensation therefor, and to transmit a list of those lands to the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, affected local government units, and appropriate federal agencies;
- q. To develop model land use ordinances and other development regulations, for consideration and possible adoption by municipalities in the planning area, that would help protect the environment, including, but not limited to, ordinances and other development regulations pertaining to steep slopes, forest cover, wellhead and water supply protection, impervious surface, and clustering; and to provide guidance and technical assistance in connection therewith to those municipalities;
- r. To identify and designate, and accept petitions from municipalities to designate, special critical environmental areas in high resource value lands in the planning area, and develop voluntary standards and guidelines for protection of such special areas for possible implementation by those municipalities;
- s. To comment upon any application for development before a local government unit, on the adoption of any master plan, development regulation, or other regulation by a local government unit, or on the enforcement by a local government unit of any development regulation or other regulation, which power shall be in addition to any other review, oversight, or intervention powers of the council prescribed by this act;
- t. To work with interested municipalities to enter into agreements to establish, where appropriate, capacity-based development densities,

- 1 including, but not limited to, appropriate higher densities to support
- 2 transit villages or in centers designated by the State Development and
- 3 Redevelopment Plan and endorsed by the State Planning Commission;
- 4 u. To establish and charge, in accordance with a fee schedule to be
- 5 set forth by rule or regulation adopted pursuant to the "Administrative
- 6 Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), reasonable fees
- 7 for services performed relating to the review of applications for
- 8 development and other applications filed with or otherwise brought
- 9 before the council, or for other services, as may be required by this act
- 10 or the regional master plan; and
- v. To prepare, adopt, amend, or repeal, pursuant to the provisions
- of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1
- 13 et seq.), such rules and regulations as may be necessary in order to
 - exercise its powers and perform its duties and responsibilities under
- 15 the provisions of this act.

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- 7. (New section) a. The Highlands Region shall consist of all that area within the boundaries of the following municipalities:
 - (1) in Bergen County: Mahwah, and Oakland;
- 20 (2) in Hunterdon County: Alexandria, Bethlehem, Bloomsbury,
- 21 Califon, Clinton Town, Clinton Township, Glen Gardner, Hampton,
- 22 High Bridge, Holland, Lebanon Boro, Lebanon Township, Milford,
- 23 Tewksbury, and Union;
- 24 (3) in Morris County: Boonton Town, Boonton Township, Butler,
- 25 Chester Boro, Chester Township, Denville, Dover, Hanover, Harding,
- 26 Jefferson, Kinnelon, Mendham Boro, Mendham Township, Mine Hill,
- 27 Montville, Morris Plains, Morris Township, Morristown, Mount
- 28 Arlington, Mount Olive, Mountain Lakes, Netcong, Parsippany-Troy
- 29 Hills, Pequannock, Randolph, Riverdale, Rockaway Boro, Rockaway
- 30 Township, Roxbury, Victory Gardens, Washington, and Wharton;
- 31 (4) in Passaic County: Bloomingdale, Pompton Lakes, Ringwood,
- 32 Wanaque, and West Milford;
- 33 (5) in Somerset County: Bernards, Bernardsville, Far Hills, and
- 34 Peapack-Gladstone;
- 35 (6) in Sussex County: Andover Boro, Andover Township, Byram,
- 36 Franklin, Green, Hamburg, Hardyston, Hopatcong, Lafayette,
- 37 Ogdensburg, Sparta, Stanhope, and Vernon; and
- 38 (7) in Warren County: Allamuchy, Alpha, Belvidere, Franklin,
- 39 Frelinghuysen, Greenwich, Hackettstown, Harmony, Hope,
- 40 Independence, Liberty, Lopatcong, Mansfield, Oxford, Phillipsburg,
- 41 Pohatcong, Washington Boro, Washington Township, and White.
- b. The preservation area shall consist of that area described by the
- Highlands Task Force, established by Executive Order No. 70 of 2003,
- 44 and based upon natural resource data assembled by the United States
- 45 Forest Service, Rutgers, The State University, and the New Jersey
- 46 Water Supply Authority, which is to be translated, allowing for

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- 1 reasonable variations, by the Highlands Task Force with the assistance
- 2 of Rutgers, The State University, the Department of Environmental
- 3 Protection, and other appropriate entities, to appropriate and nearest
- 4 practicable, on-the-ground, and easily identified reference points, such
- as, but not limited to, road descriptions, survey lines, and municipal 5
- 6 boundaries, by May 1, 2004 or as soon thereafter as may be possible.
- 7 This narrative description of the preservation area shall be enacted into

8 law.

9 c. The planning area shall consist of all that area of the Highlands 10 Region not within the preservation area.

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8. (New section) The council shall, within 18 months after the date of its first meeting, and after holding at least five public hearings in various locations in the Highlands Region and at least one public hearing in Trenton, prepare and adopt a regional master plan for the Highlands Region. The Highlands regional master plan shall be periodically revised and updated at least once every five years, after public hearings.

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- 20 9. (New section) a. During the preparation of the regional master plan or any revision thereof, the council shall consult with the Department of Environmental Protection, the Department of Community Affairs, the State Planning Commission, the Department of Agriculture, the State Agriculture and Development Committee, and appropriate officials of local governments and State, regional, and 26 federal agencies with jurisdiction over lands, waters, and natural resources within the Highlands Region, with interested professional, scientific, and citizen organizations, and with any advisory groups that may be established by the council. The council shall review all relevant federal, State, and private studies of the Highlands Region, the State Development and Redevelopment Plan, municipal, county, and regional plans, applicable federal and State laws and rules and regulations, and other pertinent information on the Highlands Region.
 - b. Prior to adoption of, and in preparing, the regional master plan, the council may, in conjunction with municipalities in the preservation area, identify areas in which redevelopment shall be encouraged in order to promote the economic well-being of the municipality, provided that the redevelopment conforms to the goals of the preservation area and this act and with the rules and regulations adopted by the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to sections 32 and 33 of this act.
- 42 c. Upon adoption of the regional master plan or any revision 43 thereof, copies thereof shall be transmitted to the Governor and to the 44 Legislature.

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10. (New section) a. The goal of the regional master plan with

- respect to the entire Highlands Region shall be to protect and enhance the significant values of the resources thereof in a manner which is consistent with the purposes and provisions of this act.
- b. The goals of the regional master plan with respect to the preservation area shall be to:
- 6 (1) protect, restore, and enhance the quality and quantity of surface 7 and ground waters therein;
- 8 (2) preserve extensive and, to the maximum extent possible, 9 contiguous areas of land in its natural state, thereby ensuring the 10 continuation of a Highlands environment which contains the unique 11 and significant natural, scenic, and other resources representative of 12 the Highlands Region;
- (3) protect the natural, scenic, and other resources of the Highlands
 Region, including but not limited to contiguous forests, wetlands,
 vegetated stream corridors, steep slopes, and critical habitat for fauna
 and flora;
- 17 (4) preserve farmland and historic sites and other historic resources;
 - (5) promote compatible agricultural, horticultural, recreational, and cultural uses and opportunities within the framework of protecting the Highlands environment; and
- 21 (6) prohibit or limit to the maximum extent possible construction or 22 development which is incompatible with preservation of this unique 23 area.
- 24 c. The goals of the regional master plan with respect to the 25 planning area shall be to:
 - (1) protect, restore, and enhance the quality and quantity of surface and ground waters therein;
- 28 (2) preserve to the maximum extent possible any environmentally 29 sensitive lands and other lands needed for recreation and conservation 30 purposes;
- 31 (3) protect and maintain the essential character of the Highlands 32 environment;
 - (4) preserve farmland and historic sites and other historic resources;
 - (5) promote the continuation and expansion of agricultural, horticultural, recreational, and cultural uses and opportunities; and
- 36 (6) encourage, consistent with the State Development and 37 Redevelopment Plan and smart growth strategies and principles, 38 appropriate patterns of compatible residential, commercial, and 39 industrial development, redevelopment, and economic growth, in or 40 adjacent to areas already utilized for such purposes, and discourage piecemeal, scattered, and inappropriate development, in order to 41 42 accommodate local and regional growth and economic development 43 in an orderly way while protecting the Highlands environment from the 44 individual and cumulative adverse impacts thereof.

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11. (New section) The regional master plan shall include, but

need not necessarily be limited to:

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- a. A resource assessment which:
- 3 (1) determines the amount and type of human development and 4 activity which the ecosystem of the Highlands Region can sustain while still maintaining the overall ecological values thereof, with 5 6 special reference to surface and ground water quality and supply; 7 endangered and threatened animals, plants, and biotic communities; 8 ecological factors relating to the protection and enhancement of 9 agricultural production or activity; air quality; and other appropriate 10 considerations affecting the ecological integrity of the Highlands 11 Region;
 - (2) includes an assessment of scenic, aesthetic, cultural, historic, open space, farm land, and outdoor recreation resources of the region, together with a determination of overall policies required to maintain and enhance such resources; and
 - (3) includes an assessment of opportunities for appropriate economic growth, development, and redevelopment which shall include consideration of public investment priorities, infrastructure investments, economic development, revitalization, housing, transportation, energy resources, waste management, recycling, brownfields, and design such as mixed-use, compact design, and transit villages.
 - b. A financial component, together with a cash flow timetable which:
 - (1) details the cost of implementing the regional master plan, including, but not limited to, payments in lieu-of-taxes, acquisition, within five years and within 10 years after the date of enactment of this act, of fee simple or other interests in lands for preservation or recreation and conservation purposes, compensation guarantees, general administrative costs, and any anticipated extraordinary or continuing costs; and
 - (2) details the sources of revenue for covering such costs, including, but not limited to, grants, donations, and loans from local, State, and federal departments and agencies, and from the private sector.
- 36 c. A component to provide for the maximum feasible local 37 government and public input into the council's operations, which shall 38 include a framework for developing policies for the planning area in 39 conjunction with those local government units with jurisdiction over 40 those lands who choose to conform to the regional master plan.
- d. A coordination and consistency component which details the ways in which local, State, and federal programs and policies may best be coordinated to promote the goals, purposes, policies, and provisions of the regional master plan, and which details how land, water, and structures managed by governmental or nongovernmental entities in the public interest within the Highlands Region may be

integrated into the regional master plan.

12. (New section) In addition to the contents of the regional master plan described in section 11 of this act, the plan shall also include, with respect to the preservation area, a land use capability map and a comprehensive statement of policies for planning and managing the development and use of land in the preservation area, which shall be based upon, comply with, and implement the environmental standards set forth in section 31 of this act and as adopted by the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to sections 32 through 33 of this act.

These policies shall include provision for implementing the regional master plan by the State and local government units in the preservation area in a manner that will ensure the continued, uniform, and consistent protection of the Highlands Region in accordance with the goals, purposes, policies, and provisions of this act, and shall include:

- a. a preservation zone element that identifies zones within the preservation area where development shall not occur in order to protect water resources and environmentally sensitive lands that shall be permanently preserved through a variety of tools, including acquisition and transfer of development rights; and
- b. minimum standards governing municipal and county master planning, development regulations, and other regulations concerning the development and use of land in the preservation area, including, but not limited to, standards for minimum lot sizes and stream setbacks, construction on steep slopes, maximum appropriate population densities, and regulated or prohibited uses for specific portions of the preservation area.

- 13. (New section) a. The council shall develop and implement a transfer of development rights program for the Highlands Region consistent with any transfer of development rights program created otherwise by law.
- b. (1) The council may use the State Transfer of Development Rights Bank established pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1993, c.339 (C.4:1C-51) for the purposes of facilitating the transfer of development potential in accordance with subsection a. of this section and the regional master plan. The council may also establish a development transfer bank for such purposes.
- 40 (2) At the request of the council, the Department of Banking and
 41 Insurance, the State Transfer of Developments Right Bank, the State
 42 Agriculture Development Committee, and the Pinelands Development
 43 Credit Bank shall provide technical assistance to the council in
 44 establishing and operating a development transfer bank as authorized
 45 pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection.
 - (c) The bank shall operate in accordance with provisions of general

1 law authorizing the creation of development transfer banks by 2 municipalities and counties.

 14. (New section) a. Within six months after the date of adoption of the regional master plan or any revision thereof, each municipality located wholly or partially in the preservation area shall submit to the council such revisions of the municipal master plan and development regulations, as applicable to the development and use of land in the preservation area, as may be necessary in order to conform them with the goals, requirements, and provisions of the regional master plan. After receiving and reviewing the revisions, the council shall approve, reject, or approve with conditions the revised plan and development regulations, as it deems appropriate, after public hearing, within 60 days after the date of submission thereof.

Upon rejecting or conditionally approving any such revised plan or development regulations, the council shall identify such changes therein that it deems necessary for council approval thereof, and the relevant municipality shall adopt and enforce the plan or development regulations as so changed.

b. Within six months after the date of adoption of the regional master plan or any revision thereof, each county located wholly or partially in the preservation area shall submit to the council such revisions of the county master plan and associated regulations, as applicable to the development and use of land in the preservation area, as may be necessary in order to conform them with the goals, requirements, and provisions of the regional master plan. After receiving and reviewing the revisions, the council shall approve, reject, or approve with conditions those revised plans and associated regulations, as it deems appropriate, after public hearing, within 60 days after the date of submission thereof.

Upon rejecting or conditionally approving any such revised plan or associated regulations, the council shall identify such changes therein that it deems necessary for council approval thereof, and the relevant county shall adopt and enforce the plan or associated regulations as so changed.

- c. Any approval of an application for development, or use of land, in the preservation area granted by any local government unit in violation of the regional master plan or an approved revised municipal or county master plan, development regulations, or other regulations pursuant to this act shall be null and void and of no force and effect at law or equity.
- d. In the event that any municipality or county fails to adopt or enforce an approved revised master plan, development regulations, or other regulations, as the case may be, including any condition thereto imposed by the council, as required pursuant to subsections a. or b. of this section, the council shall adopt and enforce such rules and

- 1 regulations as may be necessary to implement the minimum standards
- 2 contained in the regional master plan as applicable to any municipality
- 3 or county within the preservation area. If any municipality or county
- 4 fails to adopt or enforce an approved revised master plan, development
- 5 regulations, or other regulations, as the case may be, including any
- 6 condition thereto imposed by the council, as required pursuant to
- 7 subsections a. or b. of this section, the council shall have all local
- 8 enforcement authority provided pursuant to the "Municipal Land Use
- 9 Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.) and R.S.40:27-1 et seq.,
- as well as the authority to issue stop construction orders, as may be necessary to implement the provisions of this act, any rules and
- regulations adopted pursuant thereto, and the requirements and
- 13 provisions of the regional master plan.
 - e. A municipality or county may adopt revisions to its master plan, development regulations, or other regulations for the purposes of this section that are stricter than the minimum necessary to obtain approval of conformance with the regional master plan.

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- 15. (New section) a. For any municipality located wholly in the planning area or for any portion of a municipality lying within the planning area, the municipality may, by ordinance, petition the council of its intention to revise its master plan and development regulations, as applicable to the development and use of land in the planning area, to conform with the goals, requirements, and provisions of the regional master plan.
- The municipality shall proceed in revising its master plan and development regulations in accordance with the framework adopted by the council pursuant to subsection a. of section 14 of this act.
- After receiving and reviewing those revisions, the council shall approve, reject, or approve with conditions the revised plan and development regulations, as it deems appropriate, after public hearing, within 60 days after the date of submission thereof.
- b. Upon rejecting or conditionally approving any such revised plan or development regulations, the council shall identify such changes therein that it deems necessary for council approval thereof, and the municipality may adopt and enforce the plan or development regulations as so changed in order for them to be deemed approved in conformance with the regional master plan.
- c. Any municipality approved by the council to be in conformance with the regional master plan pursuant to this section shall be entitled to any financial or other assistance or incentives received by a municipality from the State as a benefit or result of obtaining council approval pursuant to section 14 of this act.
- d. Upon the commencement of each reexamination by the municipality of its master plan and development regulations as required pursuant to section 76 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-89), the

municipality shall so notify the council and, thereafter, submit to the council the draft revision of its master plan and development 3 regulations for review, by the council, of conformance with the 4 regional master plan.

If, after conducting the reexamination, the municipality does not resubmit to the council its master plan and development regulations as they pertain to the planning area and obtain reapproval thereof from the council in accordance with this section, or if the council finds the reexamined master plan not to be in conformance with the regional master plan, the council may require the municipality to reimburse the council or the State, as appropriate, in whole or in part for any financial or other assistance or incentives received by the municipality from the State as a benefit or result of obtaining council approval pursuant to this section.

- e. A municipality may adopt revisions to its master plan or development regulations for the purposes of this section that are stricter than the minimum necessary to obtain approval of conformance with the regional master plan.
- f. Each county with lands in the planning area may, by ordinance or resolution, as appropriate, petition the council of its intention to revise its master plan and associated regulations, as applicable to the development and use of land in the planning area, to conform with the goals, requirements, and provisions of the regional master plan.

The county shall proceed in revising its master plan and associated regulations in accordance with the framework adopted by the council pursuant to subsection b. of section 14 of this act.

After receiving and reviewing those revisions, the council shall approve, reject, or approve with conditions the revised plan and associated regulations, as it deems appropriate, after public hearing, within 60 days after the date of submission thereof.

- g. Upon rejecting or conditionally approving any such revised plan or associated regulations, the council shall identify such changes therein that it deems necessary for council approval thereof, and the county may adopt and enforce the plan or associated regulations as so changed in order for them to be deemed approved in conformance with the regional master plan.
- h. Any county approved by the council to be in conformance with the regional master plan pursuant to this section shall be entitled to any financial or other assistance or incentives received by a county from the State as a benefit or result of obtaining council approval pursuant to section 14 of this act.

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16. (New section) a. For the purposes of subsection a. of section 37 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-49), any amendments made to a major subdivision or a site plan ordinance pursuant to this act to conform it to the regional master plan shall be construed to relate to

public health and safety for any major development that has received preliminary approval prior to the amendment of a major subdivision or site plan ordinance pursuant to this act. An amendment made to a major subdivision or site plan ordinance pursuant to this act shall not be construed to relate to public health and safety if the major development is a residential development that requires an environmental land use or water permit but which does not result in the ultimate disturbance of one acre or more of land or an increase in impervious surface by one-quarter acre or more.

b. (1) Any final approval of a major development which is outstanding upon the adoption by a municipality of amendments to its development regulations pursuant to this act to conform those development regulations to the regional master plan, shall be reviewed by the municipality for consistency with the regional master plan. In the event that the final approval is not consistent with the regional master plan, any rights otherwise conferred by the final approval shall expire. The provisions of this subsection shall apply whether the final approval involves a site plan, major subdivision, or general development plan pursuant to P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.).

This paragraph shall not apply to any major development which is a residential development that requires an environmental land use or water permit but which does not result in the ultimate disturbance of one acre or more of land or an increase in impervious surface by one-quarter acre or more.

(2) Notwithstanding any provision of paragraph (1) of this subsection to the contrary, any major development for which, at the time of the adoption of amendments to the municipal development regulations pursuant to this act to conform them to the regional master plan, a construction permit has been issued, may proceed in accordance with the terms of the relevant approvals.

17. (New section) a. The council may prepare and distribute suggested guidelines for the location and construction of capital projects by State entities or local government units within the Highlands Region.

b. Within the preservation area, any capital or other project of a State entity or local government unit that involves the ultimate disturbance of two acres or more of land or an increase in impervious surface by one acre or more shall be submitted to the council for review. The council shall establish procedures for conducting such reviews and shall have the power to approve, approve with conditions, or disapprove the project. No such project shall proceed without the approval of the council; provided that, in the case of a project of a State entity, if the council disapproves the project, the head of the appropriate principal department of State government with primary responsibility for the project may override the council's disapproval

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upon making a written finding, which shall be submitted to the council and the Governor, that the project is necessary for public health, safety, or welfare and including with that finding a factual basis and explanation in support thereof. In the case of a project of an independent State authority or commission or a bi-state entity, any such finding shall be made by the Governor or such other State governmental official as the Governor may designate for that purpose.

c. Within the planning area, any capital or other project of a State entity or local government unit that provides for the ultimate disturbance of two acres or more of land or an increase in impervious surface by one acre or more shall be submitted to the council for a nonbinding review and comment. The council shall establish procedures for conducting such reviews. The failure of the council to act expeditiously on any such review pursuant to this subsection shall not be cause for delay of the project, and the project may proceed whether or not the council has conducted the review.

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- 18. (New section) a. Subsequent to adoption of the regional master plan, the council may review, within 15 days after any final local government unit approval thereof, any application for development in the preservation area. Upon determining to exercise that authority, the council shall transmit, by certified mail, written notice thereof to the person who submitted the application. The council shall, after public hearing thereon, approve, reject, or approve with conditions any such application within 60 days after transmitting the notice; provided, however, that an application shall not be rejected or conditionally approved unless the council determines that the development does not conform with the regional master plan, as applicable to the local government unit wherein the development is located, or that the development could result in substantial impairment of the resources of the Highlands Region. Such approval, rejection, or conditional approval shall be binding upon the person who submitted the application, shall supersede any local government unit approval of any such development, and shall be subject only to judicial review as provided in section 29 of this act.
- b. Every person submitting an application for development in the preservation area shall be required to provide a notice of the application to the council in accordance with such procedures therefor as shall be established by the council.
- c. Notwithstanding any provision of subsections a. or b. of this section to the contrary, for any municipality or county that has adopted an approved revised master plan, development regulations, or other regulations, as the case may be, including any condition thereto imposed by the council, the requirements of this section shall apply only to applications for development that provide for the ultimate disturbance of two acres or more of land or an increase in impervious

surface by one acre or more. The council may provide, pursuant to subsection d. of section 14 of this act, that the requirements of this section apply to any application for development within the preservation area in any municipality or county that fails to adopt or enforce an approved revised master plan, development regulations, or other regulations, as the case may be, including any condition thereto imposed by the council.

d. Any member of the public may request the council to consider reviewing an application for development in the preservation area as provided in this section.

- 19. (New section) a. Any municipality in the Highlands Region whose municipal master plan and development regulations, and any county in the Highlands Region whose county master plan and associated regulations, have been approved by the council to be in conformance with the regional master plan in accordance with sections 14 or 15 of this act shall qualify for State aid, planning assistance, technical assistance, and other benefits and incentives that may be awarded or provided by the State to municipalities and counties which have received plan endorsement pursuant to the "State Planning Act," P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et al.) or which otherwise practice or implement smart growth strategies and principles. Any such municipality or county shall also qualify for any State aid that may be provided for smart growth projects.
- b. The council may make available grants and other financial and technical assistance to municipalities and counties for any revision of their master plans, development regulations, or other regulations which is designed to bring those plans, development regulations, or other regulations into conformance with the regional master plan or for implementation of a transfer of development rights program pursuant to this act. The council may make the grants and other financial assistance from any State, federal, or other funds that may be appropriated or otherwise made available to it for that purpose.

20. (New section) a. Every municipality located wholly or partially in the preservation area shall be entitled to State aid to compensate for any decrease in the aggregate amount of property tax revenues derived from the taxation of real property in that portion of the municipality located in the preservation area that is directly attributable to the implementation of this act. The council shall establish methods and procedures for calculating the aggregate true value of the real property and the aggregate amount of property tax revenues derived therefrom in each municipality in the preservation area in the year prior to the enactment of this act, and for calculating, for each year after the enactment of this act, any decrease in the aggregate true value of the real property, and in the aggregate amount

- 1 of property tax revenues derived therefrom, that is directly attributable
- 2 to the implementation of this act. The council shall annually calculate
- 3 the amount to which each municipality is entitled pursuant to this
- 4 section, and shall certify and transmit such amounts to the State
- 5 Treasurer and to the Director of the Division of Local Government
- 6 Services in the Department of Community Affairs.
- b. Commencing July 1 next following two years after the date of
- 8 enactment of this act, or at such other date as may be established by
- 9 the council, no municipality shall receive any State aid made available
- 10 pursuant to this section unless the municipality's master plan and
- development regulations, as applicable to the preservation area, have
- been approved by the council to be in conformance with the regional
- master plan pursuant to section 14 of this act.
- 14 c. The State Treasurer shall include in the State Treasurer's annual
- 15 budget request for State aid the amounts certified by the council
- 16 pursuant to subsection a of this section. The State Treasurer shall pay,
- 17 from monies appropriated for the purposes of this section, to each
- municipality the amount of State aid appropriated therefor in a manner
- 19 and pursuant to a schedule set forth in the rules and regulations
- 20 adopted pursuant subsection d. of this section.
- d. The State Treasurer and the Director of the Division of Local
- 22 Government Services, in consultation with the council, shall adopt,
- pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410
- 24 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), any rules and regulations necessary to implement
- 25 the provisions of this section.
- e. This section shall expire July 1 next following five years after the
- 27 date of enactment of this act.
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- 29 21. (New section) The Attorney General shall provide legal
- 30 representation to any requesting local government unit located in the
- 31 Highlands Region in any cause of action filed against the local
- 32 government unit and contesting an act or decision of the local
- government unit taken or made under authority granted pursuant to the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.),
- 35 R.S.40:27-1 et seq., the "State Uniform Construction Code Act,"
- 2. D. 102.
- 36 P.L.1975, c.217 (C.52:27D-119 et seq.), or this act, provided that:
- a. the municipal master plan and development regulations, or, in
- 38 the case of a county governmental entity, the county master plan and
- 39 associated regulations, have been approved by the council to be in
- 40 conformance with the regional master plan in accordance with sections
- 41 14 or 15 of this act; and
- b. the council has certified in writing to the Attorney General that
- 43 the act or decision of the local government unit which is the subject of
- 44 the cause of action is consistent with the regional master plan.
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- 46 22. (New section) Within 10 days after the date of enactment of

1 this act, the Department of Community Affairs, in consultation with 2 the Department of Environmental Protection, shall provide guidelines 3 and instructions to all local government units located wholly or 4 partially within the preservation area with respect to the processing, review, and enforcement of applications for development after the date 5 6 of enactment of this act and before adoption of the regional master 7 plan.

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23. (New section) The municipal master plan and development 10 regulations of any municipality, and the county master plan and associated regulations of any county, located in the Highlands Region 12 which have been approved by the council to be in conformance with the regional master plan in accordance with sections 14 or 15 of this 14 act shall be entitled to a strong presumption of validity. In any cause of action filed against such a local government unit and contesting an act or decision of the local government unit taken or made under 16 authority granted pursuant to the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.), R.S.40:27-1 et seq., the "State Uniform Construction Code Act," P.L.1975, c.217 (C.52:27D-119 et seq.), or this act, the court shall give extraordinary deference to the local government unit, provided that the municipal master plan and development regulations, or, in the case of a county governmental entity, the county master plan and associated regulations, have been approved by the council to be in conformance with the regional master plan in accordance with sections 14 or 15 of this act. The plaintiff 26 shall have the burden of proof to demonstrate by clear and convincing evidence that the act or decision of any such local government unit was arbitrary, capricious, or unreasonable or in patent abuse of discretion.

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24. (New section) a. The Council on Affordable Housing shall take into consideration the regional master plan prior to making any determination regarding the prospective fair share of the housing need in any municipality in the Highlands Region under the "Fair Housing Act," P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-301 et al.).

b. Upon adoption by the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council of the regional master plan, any municipality located wholly or partially in the preservation area, and any municipality in the Highlands planning area that is approved by the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council to be in conformance with the regional master plan pursuant to section 15 of this act, may petition the Council on Affordable Housing to have its 1987 to 1999 fair share obligation adjusted in accordance with any applicable rules and regulations to reflect the change in circumstances in the municipality resulting from conformance with the regional master plan. In the event that the municipality has received substantive certification or is

subject to a judgment of repose, that protection shall not be affected or compromised by the adjustment.

c. Any municipality requesting an adjustment pursuant to subsection b. of this section shall be eligible to apply for planning assistance grants from the State for the purposes of that subsection.

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25. (New section) Within 90 days after the first meeting of the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, the Site Improvement Advisory Board established pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1993, c.32 (C.40:55D-40.3) and the Commissioner of Community Affairs shall consult with the council and the Commissioner of Environmental Protection concerning whether the site improvement standards for residential development adopted pursuant to P.L.1993, c.32 (C.40:55D-40.1 et seq.) are appropriate and sufficiently protective for the Highlands Region, especially for the preservation area; and if it is determined they are not, those standards shall be modified accordingly as soon as practicable to meet that objective.

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26. a. Effective on the date of enactment of this act, any person who is selling any land, or any interest therein or option therefor, within the preservation area shall give to the Commissioner of Environmental Protection written notice, by certified mail, that a contract of sale has been executed for the property. The notice shall set forth the terms and conditions of the executed contract of sale and shall have attached a copy of that contract. The notice of executed contract of sale shall also include any other information that the commissioner may reasonably require by rule or regulation. The State shall have the right of first refusal to purchase the land upon substantially similar terms and conditions, which right shall be exercisable as provided by this section. The State may exercise its right of first refusal only if the land, or the interest therein or option therefor, is to be used for water supply protection purposes or recreation and conservation purposes, or farmland preservation purposes. If the State chooses to exercise its right of first refusal, the State shall give notice of that intent to the landowner within a period of 30 days following the date of receipt of the notice of executed contract of sale. The State shall submit its offer to match the terms and conditions of the executed contract of sale to the landowner within the 60 days following the expiration of the 30-day period. If no notice is given within the 30-day period that the State intends to exercise its right of first refusal, or if no offer is submitted to the landowner within the 60-day period following the 30-day period, the owner may at the expiration of the 30-day period or the 60-day period, as the case may be, convey the land to the proposed purchaser named in the executed contract of sale upon the terms and conditions specified therein, or to the proposed purchaser's assignee as provided

- 1 in that executed contract of sale. If the owner fails to convey the land
- 2 to the named proposed purchaser or an assignee thereof pursuant to
- 3 the executed contract of sale, the land shall again become subject to
- 4 the State's right of first refusal as provided by this section. A
- 5 landowner may elect to convey the land to the State upon the exercise
- 6 of the State's right of first refusal without breaching the original
- 7 contract of sale, notwithstanding that the State's offer is different than,
- 8 or provides for lower consideration than, that in the original executed
- 9 contract of sale.

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- b. The requirements of this section shall not apply to any sale or other conveyance of land between immediate family members, to any sale of a structure that is located on a lot of less than 10 acres, or to any land that is subject to the State Agriculture Development Committee's first right and option to purchase as provided pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1989, c.28 (C.4:1C-39).
- c. The Commissioner of Environmental Protection shall, within 60 days after the date of enactment of this act, transmit, by certified mail, written notice of the provisions of this section to the governing body of every municipality and county located in whole or in part in the preservation area, and publish a notice in the New Jersey Register and in at least two newspapers circulating within the preservation area.
- d. Any contract made in violation of subsection a. of this section is voidable.
- e. Nothing in this section shall be construed so as to limit any authority granted to the Department of Environmental Protection, the State Agriculture Development Committee, or any other State entity, or a local government unit, pursuant to law, to acquire any lands, or interests therein or options therefor, in such manner as may be provided in any such law.
- f. For the purposes of this section, "immediate family member" means spouse, child, sibling, aunt, uncle, niece, nephew, first cousin, grandparent, grandchild, father-in-law, mother-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, stepparent, stepchild, stepbrother, stepsister, half brother, or half sister, whether the individual is related by blood, marriage, or adoption.

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- 27. (New section) No local government unit, public utility, or State entity shall sell or otherwise convey any land or interest therein it owns that is located in the Highlands Region and is utilized for the purpose of protecting a public water supply, as defined and determined by the Commissioner of Environmental Protection; except that this section:
- a. shall not apply to the sale or conveyance of such lands to another local government unit, public utility, or State entity for the purpose of protecting a public water supply, or the sale or conveyance of such lands for permanent preservation and use for recreation and

1 conservation purposes, provided that in either case the sale or 2 conveyance is approved by the commissioner; or

b. shall not prevent the lease or other conveyance of such lands as authorized pursuant to P.L.2002, c.47 (C.40A:12-17.1 et al.), provided that the lands so leased or otherwise conveyed shall continue to be subject to the prohibition prescribed by this section and the requirements and provisions of that act.

28. (New section) The council may institute an action or proceeding in Superior Court for injunctive relief for any violation of this act, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, or, in the preservation area for any violation of, or nonconformance with, the regional master plan, and the court may proceed in the action in a summary manner. In any proceeding brought pursuant to this section, the court may also grant temporary or interlocutory relief.

29. (New section) Any decision rendered or action taken by the council pursuant to this act shall be a final agency action subject to judicial review in the Appellate Division of the Superior Court of New Jersey in accordance with the Rules of Court. The court may grant such relief as it deems just and proper, and to make and enter an order enforcing, modifying, and enforcing as so modified, remanding for further specific evidence or findings, or setting aside in whole or in part, the decision of the council. The findings of fact upon which the council's decision is based shall be conclusive if supported by substantial evidence on the record considered as a whole.

30. (New section) On or before March 31 in each year the council shall make an annual report of its activities for the preceding calendar year to the Governor and the Legislature. Each such report shall set forth a complete operating and financial statement covering its operations during the year.

31. (New section) a. Commencing on the date of enactment of this act and until the effective date of the rules and regulations adopted by the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to sections 32 and 33 of this act, all major development in the preservation area shall require a Highlands Preservation Area approval from the department. The Highlands Preservation Area approval shall consist of the related aspects of other regulatory programs which may include, but need not be limited to, the "Freshwater Wetlands Protection Act," P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-1 et seq.), "The Endangered and Nongame Species Conservation Act," P.L.1973, c.309 (C.23:2A-1 et seq.), the "Water Supply Management Act," P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-1 et seq.), the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.), "The Realty Improvement Sewerage and Facilities Act

- 1 (1954)," P.L.1954, c.199 (C.58:11-23 et seq.), the "Water Quality
- 2 Planning Act," P.L.1977, c.75 (C.58:11A-1 et seq.), the "Safe
- 3 Drinking Water Act," P.L.1977, c.224 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.), the
- 4 "Flood Hazard Area Control Act," P.L.1962, c.19 (C.58:16A-50 et
- seq.), and any rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto. For the 5
- 6 purposes of this section, the provisions of P.L.1975, c. 232 (C.13:1D-
- 7 29 et seq.) shall not apply to an application for a permit pursuant to
- 8 the "Flood Hazard Area Control Act," P.L.1962, c.19 (C.58:16A-50 9
- et seq.).
- 10 b. The Highlands Preservation Area approval shall also require:
- 11 (1) a prohibition on major development within 300 feet of any
- Highlands open waters, and a 300-foot buffer adjacent to all Highlands 12
- 13 open waters. For the purposes of this paragraph, major development
- 14 does not include linear development for infrastructure, utilities, and the
- 15 rights-of-way therefor, provided that there is no other feasible
- alternative for the linear development outside of the buffer. Structures 16
- or land uses in the buffer existing on the date of enactment of this act 17
- 18 may remain, provided that the area of disturbance shall not be
- 19 increased. This paragraph shall not be construed to limit the authority
- 20 of the department to establish buffers of any size or any other
- 21 protections for category one waters designated by the department
- 22 pursuant to the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74
- 23 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.), or any other law, or any rule or regulation
- 24 adopted pursuant thereto, for major development or for other
- 25 development that does not qualify as major development;
- 26 (2) the quality of all Highlands open waters and the waters of the
- 27 Highlands within the preservation area to be maintained, restored, or
- enhanced, and any new or expanded point source discharge, except
- 29 discharges from water supply facilities, shall not degrade existing
- 30 water quality. In the case of water supply facilities, all reasonable
- 31 measures shall be taken to eliminate or minimize water quality impacts;
- 32 (3) notwithstanding the provisions of subsection a. of section 5 of P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-5), or any rule or regulation adopted
- 34 pursuant thereto, to the contrary, any diversion of more than 50,000
- 35 gallons per day, and multiple diversions by the same or related entities
- 36 for the same or related projects or developments of more than 50,000
- 37 gallons per day, of waters of the Highlands shall require a permit
- 38 pursuant to the "Water Supply Management Act," P.L.1981, c.262
- 39 (C.58:1A-1 et seq.), and any permit issued pursuant thereto shall be
- 40 based on consideration of individual and cumulative impacts of
- 41 multiple diversions, maintenance of stream base flows, minimization
- 42 of depletive use, maintenance of existing water quality, and protection
- 43 of ecological uses;
- 44 (4) a zero net fill requirement for flood hazard areas pursuant to the
- 45 "Flood Hazard Area Control Act," P.L.1962, c.19 (C.58:16A-50 et
- 46 seq.);

- (5) the antidegradation provisions of the surface water quality standards and the stormwater regulations applicable to category one waters to be applied to Highlands open waters;
- (6) a prohibition on impervious surfaces of greater than three percent of the land area of a lot existing on the date of enactment of this act, except that Highlands open waters shall not be included in the calculation of that land area;
- (7) a prohibition on development, except linear development for infrastructure, utilities, and the rights-of-way therefor, provided that no other feasible alternative exists for the linear development, on steep slopes with a grade of 20% or greater; and
- (8) a prohibition on development that disturbs upland forested 12 areas, in order to prevent soil erosion and sedimentation, protect water quality, prevent stormwater runoff, and protect threatened and 14 endangered animal and plant species sites and designated habitats. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph to the contrary, if a 16 major development complies with all other applicable requirements for a Highlands Preservation Area review pursuant to this subsection and disturbance to an upland forested area is unavoidable, the department shall allow the disturbance to an upland forested area of no more than 20 feet directly adjacent to a structure and of no more than 10 feet on each side of a driveway as necessary to access a non-forested area of a site.
 - c. The Highlands Preservation Area approval required pursuant to this section shall include a limited review by the department of an application for a Highlands Preservation Area approval to a review for the purpose of locating a single family dwelling on the property based upon the least environmental impact to the natural resources located on the property when the application is for the construction of a single family dwelling on property owned by the individual on the date of enactment of this act, but only if the construction requires an environmental land use or water permit and does not result in the ultimate disturbance of one acre or more of land or an increase in impervious surface by one-quarter acre or more. This limited review shall not be construed to authorize the waiver of any other provision of law, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto.

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32. (New section) a. Within 270 days after the date of enactment of this act, and notwithstanding the provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) to the contrary, the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, after consultation with the Department of Agriculture, the Department of Community Affairs, and the State Planning Commission, shall, immediately upon filing proper notice with the Office of Administrative Law, adopt the rules and regulations prepared by the department pursuant to section 33 of this act and any other rules and regulations necessary to establish the

Highlands permitting review program established pursuant to section
 34 of this act.

- b. The rules and regulations adopted pursuant to subsection a. of this section shall be in effect for a period not to exceed one year after the date of the filing. These rules and regulations shall thereafter be adopted, amended, or readopted by the commissioner in accordance with the requirements of the "Administrative Procedure Act," after consultation with the council, the Department of Agriculture, the Department of Community Affairs, and the State Planning Commission.
 - c. The rules and regulations adopted by the commissioner pursuant to subsection a. of this section and any requirement to obtain a Highlands permitting review pursuant this act shall not apply to any major development for which all State environmental land use or water permits and local permits, approvals, and other authorizations have been issued.

- 33. (New section) The Department of Environmental Protection shall prepare rules and regulations establishing the environmental standards for the preservation area upon which the regional master plan adopted by the council and the Highlands permitting review program administered by the department pursuant to this act shall be based. These rules and regulations shall provide for at least the following:
- a. a prohibition on major development within 300 feet of any Highlands open waters, and the establishment of a 300-foot buffer adjacent to all Highlands open waters. For the purposes of this subsection, major development does not include linear development for infrastructure, utilities, and the rights-of-way therefor, provided that there is no other feasible alternative for the linear development outside of the buffer. Structures or land uses in the buffer existing on the date of enactment of this act may remain, provided that the area of disturbance shall not be increased. This subsection shall not be construed to limit any authority of the department to establish buffers of any size or any other protections for category one waters designated by the department pursuant to the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.), or any other law, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, for major development or for other development that does not qualify as major development:
- rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, for major development or for other development that does not qualify as major development;

 b. measures to ensure that existing water quality shall be maintained, restored, or enhanced in all Highlands open waters and waters of the Highlands, and provide that any new or expanded point source discharge, except discharges from water supply facilities, shall not degrade existing water quality. In the case of water supply facilities, all reasonable measures shall be taken to eliminate or minimize water quality impacts;

- 1 c. notwithstanding the provisions of section 23 of P.L.1987, c.156
- 2 (C.13:9B-23), or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to
- 3 the contrary, the criteria for the type of activity or activities eligible
- 4 for the use of a general permit for an activity located wholly or
- 5 partially within a freshwater wetland or freshwater wetland transition
- 6 area located wholly or partially in the preservation area, provided that
- 7 these criteria are at least as protective as those provided in section 23
- 8 of P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-23);
- 9 d. notwithstanding the provisions of subsection a. of section 5 of
- 10 P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-5), or any rule or regulation adopted
- pursuant thereto, to the contrary, a system for the regulation of any
- diversion of more than 50,000 gallons per day, and multiple diversions
- 13 by the same or related entities for the same or related projects or
- 14 developments of more than 50,000 gallons per day, of waters of the
- 15 Highlands pursuant to the "Water Supply Management Act,"
- 16 P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-1 et seq.), and any permit issued pursuant
- 17 thereto shall be based on consideration of individual and cumulative
- 18 impacts of multiple diversions, maintenance of stream base flows,
- 19 minimization of depletive use, maintenance of existing water quality,
- and protection of ecological uses;
- e. a septic system density standard established at a level to prevent
- 22 the degradation of water quality, or to require the restoration of water
- 23 quality, and to protect ecological uses from individual, secondary, and
- 24 cumulative impacts, in consideration of deep aquifer recharge available
- 25 for dilution;
- 26 f. a zero net fill requirement for flood hazard areas pursuant to the
- 27 "Flood Hazard Area Control Act," P.L.1962, c.19 (C.58:16A-50 et
- 28 seq.);
- 29 g. the antidegradation provisions of the surface water quality
- 30 standards and the stormwater regulations applicable to category one
- 31 waters to be applied to Highlands open waters;
- h. a prohibition on impervious surfaces of greater than three
- percent of the land area, except that Highlands open waters shall not
- 34 be included in the calculation of that land area;
- i. notwithstanding the provisions of the "Safe Drinking Water Act,"
- 36 P.L.1977, c.224 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.), or any rule or regulation
- 37 adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, a limitation or prohibition
- on the construction of new public water systems or the extension of
- 39 existing public water systems, except in the case of a demonstrated
- 40 need to protect public health and safety;
- j. a prohibition on development, except linear development for
- 42 infrastructure, utilities, and the rights-of-way therefor, provided that
- 43 no other feasible alternative exists for the linear development, on steep
- slopes in the preservation area with a grade of 20% or greater, and
- 45 standards for development on slopes in the preservation area exhibiting
- a grade of between 10% and 20%. The standards shall assure that

1 developments on slopes exhibiting a grade of between 10% and 20%

- 2 preserve and protect steep slopes from the negative consequences of
- 3 development on the site and the cumulative impact in the Highlands
- 4 Region. The standards shall be developed to prevent soil erosion and
- 5 sedimentation, protect water quality, prevent stormwater runoff,
- 6 protect threatened and endangered animal and plant species sites and
- designated habitats, provide for minimal practicable degradation of 7
- 8 unique or irreplaceable land types, historical or archeological areas,
- 9 and existing scenic attributes at the site and within the surrounding
- 10 area, protect upland forest, and restrict impervious surface; and shall
- take into consideration differing soil types, soil erodability, 11
- 12 topography, hydrology, geology, and vegetation types; and

k. a prohibition on development that disturbs upland forested areas, in order to prevent soil erosion and sedimentation, protect water quality, prevent stormwater runoff, and protect threatened and endangered animal and plant species sites and designated habitats; and standards to protect upland forested areas that require all appropriate measures be taken to avoid impacts or disturbance to upland forested areas, and where avoidance is not possible that all appropriate measures have been taken to minimize and mitigate impacts to upland forested areas and to prevent soil erosion and sedimentation, protect water quality, prevent stormwater runoff, and protect threatened and endangered animal and plant species sites and designated habitats.

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25 34. (New section) a. The Department of Environmental 26 Protection shall establish a Highlands permitting review program to 27 provide for the coordinated review of any major development in the 28 preservation area based upon the rules and regulations adopted by the 29 department pursuant to sections 32 and 33 of this act. The Highlands 30 permitting review program established pursuant to this section shall 31 consolidate the related aspects of other regulatory programs which 32 may include, but need not be limited to, the "Freshwater Wetlands Protection Act," P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-1 et seq.), "The 33 34 Endangered and Nongame Species Conservation Act," P.L.1973, c.309 (C.23:2A-1 et seq.), the "Water Supply Management Act," 35 36 P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-1 et seq.), the "Water Pollution Control 37 Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.), "The Realty Improvement 38 Sewerage and Facilities Act (1954)," P.L.1954, c.199 (C.58:11-23 et 39 seq.), the "Water Quality Planning Act," P.L.1977, c.75 (C.58:11A-1 40 et seq.), the "Safe Drinking Water Act," P.L.1977, c.224 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.), the "Flood Hazard Area Control Act," P.L.1962, c.19 41 42 (C.58:16A-50 et seq.), and any rules and regulations adopted pursuant 43 thereto, and the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to sections 32 44 and 33 of this act. For the purposes of this section, the provisions of 45 P.L.1975, c.232 (C.13:1D-29 et seq.) shall not apply to an application for a permit pursuant to the "Flood Hazard Area Control Act,"

1 P.L.1962, c.19 (C.58:16A-50 et seq.).

- b. The Highlands permitting review program established pursuant to this section shall include:
- (1) a provision limiting the review by the department of an application to a review for the purpose of locating a single family dwelling on the property based upon the least environmental impact to the natural resources located on the property when the application is for the construction of a single family dwelling on property owned by the individual on the date of enactment of this act, but only if the construction requires an environmental land use or water permit and does not result in the ultimate disturbance of one acre or more of land or an increase in impervious surface by one-quarter acre or more;
- (2) (a) a provision that may allow for the waiver of any provision of a Highlands permitting review on a case-by-case basis to avoid undue hardship to an individual owner of residential property for one single family dwelling that includes the ultimate disturbance of one acre or more of land or an increase in impervious surface by one-quarter acre or more, provided that the property was owned by the individual on the date of enactment of this act;
- (b) a provision that may allow for a waiver of any provision of a Highlands permitting review on a case-by-case basis if determined to be necessary by the department in order to protect public health and safety;
- (c) a provision that may allow for a waiver of any provision of a Highlands permitting review on a case-by-case basis for redevelopment in certain previously developed areas in the preservation area identified by the council pursuant to subsection b. of section 9 of this act; and
- (d) a provision that may allow for a waiver of any provision of the Highlands permitting review on a case-by-case basis in order to avoid the taking of property without just compensation.
- The grant of a waiver pursuant to subparagraphs (a), (b), (c), or (d) of this paragraph by the department shall be conditioned upon the department's determination that the major development meets the requirements prescribed for a finding as listed in subsection a. of section 35 of this act to the maximum extent possible.
- c. The limited review provision of paragraph (1) of subsection b. of this section and the waiver provisions of paragraph (2) of subsection b. of this section are limited to the provisions of the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to section 33 of this act, and shall not limit the department's jurisdiction or authority pursuant to any other provision of law, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, that is incorporated into the Highlands permitting review program.
- d. The Highlands permitting review program established pursuant to this section may provide for the issuance of a general permit provided that the department adopts rules and regulations which

1 identify the activities subject to general permit review and establish the 2 criteria for the approval or disapproval of a general permit.

- e. Any person proposing to construct or cause to be constructed, or to undertake or cause to be undertaken, as the case may be, a major development in the preservation area shall file an application for a Highlands permitting review with the department, on forms and in a manner prescribed by the department.
- 8 f. The department shall, in accordance with a fee schedule adopted 9 as a rule or regulation, establish and charge reasonable fees necessary 10 to meet the administrative costs of the department associated with the 11 processing, review, and enforcement of any application for a Highlands permitting review. These fees shall be deposited in the "Environmental 12 13 Services Fund," established pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1975, c.232 14 (C.13:1D-33), and kept separate and apart from all other State 15 receipts and appropriated only as provided herein. There shall be appropriated annually to the department revenue from that fund 16 17 sufficient to defray in full the costs incurred in the processing, review, 18 and enforcement of applications for Highlands permitting reviews.

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- 35. (New section) a. The Commissioner of Environmental Protection shall review filed applications for Highlands permitting reviews, including any information presented at public hearings or during a comment period, or submitted during the application review period.
- Except as otherwise provided by subsection b. of this section, a Highlands permitting review approval may be issued only upon a finding that the proposed major development:
- (1) would have a de minimis impact on water resources and would not cause or contribute to a significant degradation of surface or ground waters. In making this determination, the commissioner shall consider the extent of any impacts on water resources resulting from the proposed major development, including, but not limited to, the regenerative capacity of aquifers or other surface or ground water supplies, increases in stormwater generated, increases in impervious surface, increases in stormwater pollutant loading, changes in land use, and changes in vegetative cover;
- (2) would cause minimal feasible interference with the natural functioning of animal, plant, and other natural resources at the site and within the surrounding area, and minimal feasible individual and cumulative adverse impacts to the environment both onsite and offsite of the major development;
- (3) will result in minimum feasible alteration or impairment of the aquatic ecosystem including existing contour, vegetation, fish and wildlife resources, and aquatic circulation of a freshwater wetland;
- (4) will not jeopardize the continued existence of species listed pursuant to "The Endangered and Nongame Species Conservation 46

- 1 Act," P.L.1973, c.309 (C.23:2A-1 et seq.) or the "Endangered Plant
- 2 Species List Act," P.L.1989, c.56 (C.13:1B-15.151 et seq.), or which
- appear on the federal endangered or threatened species list, and will 3
- 4 not result in the likelihood of the destruction or adverse modification
- of habitat for any rare, threatened, or endangered species of animal or 5
- 6 plant;

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- 7 (5) is located or constructed so as to neither endanger human life 8 or property nor otherwise impair the public health, safety, and welfare;
 - (6) would result in minimal practicable degradation of unique or irreplaceable land types, historical or archeological areas, and existing public scenic attributes at the site and within the surrounding area; and
- (7) meets all other applicable department standards, rules, and 12 13 regulations and State laws.
 - b. A Highlands permitting review approval may be issued to a major development subject to a limited review pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection b. of section 34 of this act or granted a waiver pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (2) of subsection b. of section 34 of this act notwithstanding the inability to make the finding required pursuant to subsection a. of this section.

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- 36. (New section) a. Whenever the Commissioner of Environmental Protection finds that a person has violated any provision of section 31 of this act, a Highlands permitting review approval issued pursuant to section 35 of this act, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant to sections 32 and 33 of this act, the commissioner may:
- (1) Issue an order requiring any such person to comply in accordance with subsection b. of this section; or
- 29 (2) Bring a civil action in accordance with subsection c. of this section; or
- (3) Levy a civil administrative penalty in accordance with 31 32 subsection d. of this section; or
 - (4) Bring an action for a civil penalty in accordance with subsection e. of this section; or
- (5) Petition the Attorney General to bring a criminal action in 35 accordance with subsection f. of this section. 36
- Recourse to any of the remedies available under this section shall 37 38 not preclude recourse to any of the other remedies prescribed in this 39 section or by any other applicable law.
- 40 Whenever, on the basis of available information, the commissioner finds a person in violation of any provision of section 31 41 42 of this act, a Highlands permitting review approval issued pursuant to
- 43 section 35 of this act, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant to
- 44 sections 32 and 33 of this act, the commissioner may issue an order:
- 45 (1) specifying the provision or provisions of the rule, regulation,
- 46 permit, approval, or authorization of which the person is in violation;

- 1 (2) citing the action which constituted the violation; (3) requiring 2 compliance with the provision or provisions violated; (4) requiring the 3 restoration of the area which is the site of the violation; and (5) 4 providing notice to the person of the right to a hearing on the matters contained in the order. 5
- 6 c. The commissioner is authorized to institute a civil action in Superior Court for appropriate relief from any violation of any 8 provision of section 31 of this act, a Highlands permitting review 9 approval issued pursuant to section 35 of this act, or any rule or 10 regulation adopted pursuant to sections 32 and 33 of this act. Such relief may include, singly or in combination:
 - (1) A temporary or permanent injunction;

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- (2) Assessment of the violator for the costs of any investigation, inspection, or monitoring survey which led to the establishment of the violation, and for the reasonable costs of preparing and bringing legal action under this subsection;
- (3) Assessment of the violator for any costs incurred by the State in removing, correcting, or terminating the adverse effects resulting from any unauthorized regulated activity for which legal action under this subsection may have been brought;
- (4) Assessment against the violator for compensatory damages for any loss or destruction of wildlife, fish or aquatic life, and for any other actual damages caused by an unauthorized regulated activity;
- (5) A requirement that the violator restore the site of the violation to the maximum extent practicable and feasible.
- 26 d. The commissioner is authorized to assess a civil administrative 27 penalty of up to \$25,000 for each violation of any provision of section 28 31 of this act, a Highlands permitting review approval issued pursuant 29 to section 35 of this act, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant to 30 sections 32 and 33 of this act, and each day during which each 31 violation continues shall constitute an additional, separate, and distinct 32 offense. Any amount assessed under this subsection shall fall within 33 a range established by regulation by the commissioner for violations of 34 similar type, seriousness, and duration. No assessment shall be levied 35 pursuant to this section until after the party has been notified by certified mail or personal service. The notice shall: (1) identify the 36 section of the rule, regulation, permit, approval, or authorization 37 38 violated; (2) recite the facts alleged to constitute a violation; (3) state 39 the amount of the civil penalties to be imposed; and (4) affirm the 40 rights of the alleged violator to a hearing. The ordered party shall 41 have 20 days from receipt of the notice within which to deliver to the 42 commissioner a written request for a hearing. After the hearing and 43 upon finding that a violation has occurred, the commissioner may issue 44 a final order after assessing the amount of the fine specified in the 45 notice. If no hearing is requested, the notice shall become a final order after the expiration of the 20-day period. Payment of the assessment 46

1 is due when a final order is issued or the notice becomes a final order.

- 2 The authority to levy an administrative penalty is in addition to all
- 3 other enforcement provisions in this act and in any other applicable
- 4 law, rule, or regulation, and the payment of any assessment shall not
- 5 be deemed to affect the availability of any other enforcement
- 6 provisions in connection with the violation for which the assessment
- 7 is levied. Any civil administrative penalty assessed under this section
- 8 may be compromised by the commissioner upon the posting of a
- 9 performance bond by the violator, or upon such terms and conditions
- 10 as the commissioner may establish by regulation.
 - e. A person who violates any provision of section 31 of this act, a Highlands permitting review approval issued pursuant to section 35 of this act, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant to sections 32 and
- 14 33 of this act, an administrative order issued pursuant to subsection b.
- of this section, or a court order issued pursuant to subsection c. of this
- 16 section, or who fails to pay a civil administrative penalty in full
- pursuant to subsection d. of this section, shall be subject, upon order
- of a court, to a civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000 per day of such
- 19 violation, and each day during which the violation continues shall
- 20 constitute an additional, separate, and distinct offense. Any civil
- 21 penalty imposed pursuant to this subsection may be collected with
- costs in a summary proceeding pursuant to the "Penalty Enforcement
- Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.). The Superior Court and the municipal court shall have jurisdiction to enforce the
- 25 provisions of the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999" in connection
- 26 with this act.

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- 27 f. A person who purposely or negligently violates any provision of
- 28 section 31 of this act, a Highlands permitting review approval issued
- 29 pursuant to section 35 of this act, or any rule or regulation adopted
- 30 pursuant to sections 32 and 33 of this act, shall be guilty, upon
- 31 conviction, of a crime of the fourth degree and, notwithstanding any
- provision of N.J.S.2C:43-3 to the contrary, shall be subject to a fine
- of not less than \$2,500 nor more than \$25,000 per day of violation, in
- 34 addition to any other applicable penalties and provisions under Title
- 35 2C of the New Jersey Statutes. A second or subsequent offense under
- 36 this subsection shall subject the violator to a fine, notwithstanding any
- provision of N.J.S.2C:43-3 to the contrary, of not less than \$5,000 nor
- 38 more than \$50,000 per day of violation, in addition to any other

applicable penalties and provisions under Title 2C of the New Jersey

- 40 Statutes. A person who knowingly makes a false statement,
- 41 representation, or certification in any application, record, or other
- 42 document filed or required to be maintained under this act shall be
- 43 guilty, upon conviction, of a crime of the fourth degree and,
- 44 notwithstanding any provision of N.J.S.2C:43-3 to the contrary, shall
- 45 be subject to a fine of not more than \$10,000, in addition to any other
- 46 applicable penalties and provisions under Title 2C of the New Jersey

1 Statutes.

g. In addition to the penalties prescribed in this section, a notice of violation of any provision of section 31 of this act, a Highlands permitting review approval issued pursuant to section 35 of this act, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant to sections 32 and 33 of this act, shall be recorded on the deed of the property wherein the violation occurred, on order of the commissioner, by the clerk or register of deeds and mortgages of the county wherein the affected property is located and with the clerk of the Superior Court and shall remain attached thereto until such time as the violation has been remedied and the commissioner orders the notice of violation removed.

h. The department may require an applicant or permittee to provide any information the department requires to determine compliance with any provision of section 31 of this act, a Highlands permitting review approval issued pursuant to section 35 of this act, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant to sections 32 and 33 of this act.

i. All penalties collected pursuant to this section shall either be used, as determined by the council, by the department for the acquisition of lands in the preservation area or by any development transfer bank used or established by the council to purchase development potential in the preservation area.

37. (New section) Notwithstanding the provisions P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-1 et seq.), or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, major development as defined in section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) that includes a regulated activity as defined in section 3 of P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-3) in a freshwater wetland or freshwater wetland transition area located wholly or partially in the Highlands preservation area as defined in section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) shall also be regulated pursuant to sections 31 through 36 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill).

38. (New section) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection a. of section 5 of P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-5), or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, the Department of Environmental Protection, pursuant to section 33 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), shall establish a permit system to provide for review of allocations or reallocations of waters of the Highlands, as defined in section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), to provide for the issuance of permits for diversions either individually or cumulatively of more than 50,000 gallons per day of waters of the Highlands in the Highlands preservation area as defined in section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill).

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1 39. (New section) Notwithstanding the provisions of the "Water 2 Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.) and the 3 "Water Quality Planning Act," P.L.1977, c.75 (C.58:11A-1 et seq.), or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, the 4 Department of Environmental Protection, pursuant to section 33 of 5 6 P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), shall 7 establish a septic system density standard at a level to prevent the 8 degradation of water quality, or to require the restoration of water 9 quality, and to protect ecological uses from individual, secondary, and 10 cumulative impacts, in consideration of deep aquifer recharge available 11 for dilution, which standard shall be applied to any major development as defined in section 3 of P.L. (C. 12 , c.) (now before the 13 Legislature as this bill) located wholly or partially within the Highlands preservation area as defined in section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now 14 15 before the Legislature as this bill).

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17 (New section) Notwithstanding the provisions of the "Safe Drinking Water Act," P.L.1977, c.224 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.), or any 18 19 rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, the 20 Department of Environmental Protection, pursuant to section 33 of 21 P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), within the 22 Highlands preservation area as defined in section 3 of P.L. 23 (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), shall limit or prohibit 24 the construction of new public water systems or the extension of 25 existing public water systems, except in the case of a demonstrated 26 need to protect public health and safety.

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28 41. (New section) Notwithstanding the provisions of the "Water 29 Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.) and the 30 "Water Quality Planning Act," P.L.1977, c.75 (C.58:11A-1 et seq.), 31 or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, 32 within the Highlands preservation area as defined in section 3 of , c. (C. 33 P.L.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), 34 designated sewer service areas for which wastewater collection systems have not been installed on the date of enactment of P.L. 35) (now before the Legislature as this bill) are hereby 36 revoked, and any associated treatment works approvals in the 37 38 impacted areas shall expire on the date of enactment of P.L., c. 39 (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), and the Department of 40 Environmental Protection shall implement measures to amend any 41 water quality management plan as appropriate to reflect the revocation 42 of designated sewer service areas pursuant to this section.

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42. (New section) Notwithstanding the provisions of the "Flood 45 Hazard Area Control Act," P.L.1962, c.19 (C.58:16A-50 et seq.), or 46 any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, the

Department of Environmental Protection, pursuant to section 33 of 2 (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), shall establish a zero net fill requirement within any flood hazard area 3 located wholly or partially within the Highlands preservation area as 4 defined in section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the Legislature 5 6 as this bill). 7 8 43. Section 24 of P.L.1983, c.32 (C.4:1C-31) is amended to read 9 as follows: 10 24. a. Any landowner applying to the board to sell a development easement pursuant to section 17 of P.L.1983, c.32 (C.4:1C-24) shall 11 offer to sell the development easement at a price which, in the opinion 12 13 of the landowner, represents a fair value of the development potential 14 of the land for nonagricultural purposes, as determined in accordance with the provisions of [this act] P.L.1983, c.32 (C.4:1C-11 et seq.). 15 b. Any offer shall be reviewed and evaluated by the board and the 16 committee in order to determine the suitability of the land for 17 development easement purchase. Decisions regarding suitability shall 18 19 be based on the following criteria: 20 (1) Priority consideration shall be given, in any one county, to 21 offers with higher numerical values obtained by applying the following 22 formula:

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nonagricultural - agricultural - landowner's developmental value value asking price

nonagricultural - agricultural development value value

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- (2) The degree to which the purchase would encourage the survivability of the municipally approved program in productive agriculture; and
- (3) The degree of imminence of change of the land from productive agriculture to nonagricultural use.

The board and the committee shall reject any offer for the sale of development easements which is unsuitable according to the above criteria and which has not been approved by the board and the municipality.

c. Two independent appraisals paid for by the board shall be conducted for each parcel of land so offered and deemed suitable. The appraisals shall be conducted by independent, professional appraisers selected by the board and the committee from among members of recognized organizations of real estate appraisers. The appraisals shall determine the current overall value of the parcel for nonagricultural purposes, as well as the current market value of the parcel for agricultural purposes. The difference between the two values shall

- 1 represent an appraisal of the value of the development easement. If
- 2 Burlington County or a municipality therein has established a
- 3 development transfer bank pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1989,
- 4 c.86 (C.40:55D-113 et seq.) or the Highlands Water Protection and
- <u>Planning Council has established a development transfer bank pursuant</u> 5
- 6 to section 13 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as
- 7 this bill), the municipal average of the value of the development 8 potential of property in a sending zone established by the bank may be
- 9 the value used by the board in determining the value of the
- 10 development easement. If a development easement is purchased using
- 11 moneys appropriated from the fund, the State shall provide no more
- 12 than 80%, except 100% under emergency conditions specified by the
- 13 committee pursuant to rules or regulations, of the cost of the
- 14 appraisals conducted pursuant to this section.
- 15 d. Upon receiving the results of the appraisals, or in Burlington county or a municipality therein or elsewhere where a municipal 16
- 17 average has been established under [P.L.1989, c.86 (C.40:55D-113 et
- seq.)] subsection c. of this section, upon receiving an application from 18
- 19 the landowners, the board and the committee shall compare the 20 appraised value, or the municipal average, as the case may be, and the
- 21 landowner's offer and, pursuant to the suitability criteria established in
- 22 subsection b. of this section:
 - (1) Approve the application to sell the development easement and rank the application in accordance with the criteria established in
- 25 subsection b. of this section; or
- 26 (2) Disapprove the application, stating the reasons therefor.
- 27 e. Upon approval by the committee and the board, the secretary is
- 28 authorized to provide the board, within the limits of funds
- appropriated therefor, an amount equal to no more than 80%, except 29
- 30 100% under emergency conditions specified by the committee
- 31 pursuant to rules or regulations, of the purchase price of the
- 32 development easement, as determined pursuant to the provisions of
- 33 this section. The board shall provide its required share and accept the
- 34 landowner's offer to sell the development easement. The acceptance
- 35 shall cite the specific terms, contingencies and conditions of the
- 36 purchase.

- 37 f. The landowner shall accept or reject the offer within 30 days of
- receipt thereof. Any offer not accepted within that time shall be 38
- 39 deemed rejected.
- 40 Any landowner whose application to sell a development
- 41 easement has been rejected for any reason other than insufficient funds
- 42 may not reapply to sell a development easement on the same land
- 43 within two years of the original application.
- 44 h. No development easement shall be purchased at a price greater
- 45 than the appraised value determined pursuant to subsection c. of this
- section or the municipal average, as the case may be. 46

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- i. The appraisals conducted pursuant to this section or the fair market value of land restricted to agricultural use shall not be used to increase the assessment and taxation of agricultural land pursuant to the "Farmland Assessment Act of 1964," P.L.1964, c.48 (C.54:4-23.1 et seq.).
- 6 j. (1) In determining the suitability of land for development 7 easement purchase, the board and the committee may also include as 8 additional factors for consideration the presence of a historic building 9 or structure on the land and the willingness of the landowner to 10 preserve that building or structure, but only if the committee first 11 adopts, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), rules and regulations implementing this 12 13 subsection. The committee may, by rule or regulation adopted pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," assign any such 14 15 weight it deems appropriate to be given to these factors.
- 16 (2) The provisions of paragraph (1) of this subsection may also be 17 applied in determining the suitability of land for fee simple purchase 18 for farmland preservation purposes as authorized by P.L.1983, c.31 19 (C.4:1C-1 et seq.), P.L.1983, c.32 (C.4:1C-11 et seq.), and P.L.1999, 20 c.152 (C.13:8C-1 et seq.).
- 21 (3) (a) For the purposes of paragraph (1) of this subsection: 22 "historic building or structure" means the same as that term is defined 23 pursuant to subsection c. of section 2 of P.L.2001, c.405 24 (C.13:8C-40.2).
- 25 (b) For the purposes of paragraph (2) of this subsection, "historic building or structure" means the same as that term is defined pursuant to subsection c. of section 1 of P.L.2001, c.405 (C.13:8C-40.1).

28 (cf: P.L.2001, c.405, s.3)

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- 30 44. Section 29 of P.L.1983, c.32 (C.4:1C-36) is amended to read 31 as follows:
- 29. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to prohibit the creation of a municipally approved program or other farmland preservation program, the purchase of development easements, or the extension of any other benefit herein provided on land, and to owners thereof, in the Pinelands area, as defined pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-3), or in the Highlands Region, as defined in section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this
- 39 <u>bill)</u>.

(cf: P.L.1983, c.32, s.29)

- 42 45. Section 4 of P.L.1993, c.339 (C.4:1C-52) is amended to read 43 as follows:
- 44 4. The board shall have the following powers:
- a. To purchase, or to provide matching funds for the purchase of 80% of, the value of development potential and to otherwise facilitate

- 1 development transfers, from the owner of record of the property from 2 which the development potential is to be transferred or from any 3 person, or entity, public or private, holding the interest in development 4 potential that is subject to development transfer; provided that, in the case of providing matching funds for the purchase of 80% of the value 5 6 of development potential, the remaining 20% of that value is 7 contributed by the affected municipality or county, or both, after 8 public notice thereof in the New Jersey Register and in one newspaper 9 of general circulation in the area affected by the purchase. The 10 remaining 20% of the value of the development potential to be 11 contributed by the affected municipality or county, or both, to match funds provided by the board, may be obtained by purchase from, or 12 13 donation by, the owner of record of the property from which the 14 development potential is to be transferred or from any person, or 15 entity, public or private, holding the interest in development potential 16 that is subject to development transfer. The value of development 17 potential may be determined by either appraisal, municipal averaging 18 based upon appraisal data, or by a formula supported by appraisal 19 data. The board may also engage in development transfer by sale, 20 exchange, or other method of conveyance, provided that in doing so, 21 the board shall not substantially impair the private sale, exchange or 22 other method of conveyance of development potential. The board may 23 not, nor shall anything in this act be construed as permitting the board 24 to, engage in development transfer from one municipality to another, 25 which transfer is not in accordance with the ordinances of both 26 municipalities;
- b. To adopt and, from time to time, amend or repeal suitablebylaws for the management of its affairs;
- 29 c. To adopt and use an official seal and alter that seal at its 30 pleasure;

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- d. To apply for, receive, and accept, from any federal, State, or other public or private source, grants or loans for, or in aid of, the board's authorized purposes;
- e. To enter into any agreement or contract, execute any legal document, and perform any act or thing necessary, convenient, or desirable for the purposes of the board or to carry out any power expressly given in this act;
- f. To adopt, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), rules and regulations necessary to implement the provisions of this act;
- g. To call to its assistance and avail itself of the services of the employees of any State, county, or municipal department, board, commission, or agency as may be required and made available for these purposes;
- h. To retain such staff as may be necessary in the career service and to appoint an executive director thereof. The executive director

- 1 shall serve as a member of the senior executive or unclassified service 2 and may be appointed without regard to the provisions of Title 11A of 3 the New Jersey Statutes;
- 4 i. To review and analyze innovative techniques that may be 5 employed to maximize the total acreage reserved through the use of 6 perpetual easements;
- j. To provide, through the State TDR Bank, a financial guarantee 7 8 with respect to any loan to be extended to any person that is secured 9 using development potential as collateral for the loan. Financial 10 guarantees provided under this act shall be in accordance with 11 procedures, terms and conditions, and requirements, including rights 12 and obligations of the parties in the event of default on any loan 13 secured in whole or in part using development potential as collateral, 14 to be established by rule or regulation adopted by the board pursuant 15 to the "Administrative Procedure Act";

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- k. To enter into agreement with the State Agriculture Development Committee for the purpose of acquiring development potential through the acquisition of development easements on farmland so that the board may utilize the existing processes, procedures, and capabilities of the State Agriculture Development Committee as necessary and appropriate to accomplish the goals and objectives of the board as provided for pursuant to this act;
- 1. To enter into agreements with other State agencies or entities providing services and programs authorized by law so that the board may utilize the existing processes, procedures, and capabilities of those other agencies or entities as necessary and appropriate to accomplish the goals and objectives of the board as provided for pursuant to this act; [and]
- 29 m. To provide planning assistance grants to municipalities that have adopted viable development transfer ordinances, as determined 30 31 by the board, for up to 50% of the cost of planning associated with 32 such an ordinance and incurred by a municipality, or \$10,000, 33 whichever is less, which grants shall be made utilizing moneys 34 deposited into the bank pursuant to section 8 of [this act] P.L.1993. 35 c.339;
- 36 n. To provide funding to any development transfer bank that may 37 be established by the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council pursuant to section 13 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the 38 39 <u>Legislature</u> as this bill), for (1) the purchase of development potential 40 by the Highlands development transfer bank, and (2) the council to provide planning assistance grants to municipalities in the Highlands 41 42 Region that are participating in a transfer of development rights 43 program implemented by the council pursuant to section 13 of P.L., 44 c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) in such amounts as 45 the council deems appropriate notwithstanding any provision of subsection m. of this section or of section 8 of P.L.1993, c.339 to the

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     contrary; and
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        o. To serve as a development transfer bank for the Highlands
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     Region if requested to do so by the Highlands Water Protection and
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     Planning Council pursuant to section 13 of P.L. , c. (C. ) (now
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     before the Legislature as this bill).
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     (cf: P.L.1993, c.339, s.4)
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        46. Section 11 of P.L.1983, c.560 (C.13:1B-15.143) is amended
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     to read as follows:
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        11. Subject to the provisions of Title [11 of the Revised] 11A of
     the New Jersey Statutes, and within the limits of funds appropriated
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     or otherwise made available, the commissioner may appoint any officer
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     or employee to the department necessary to carry out the provisions
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     of [this act] P.L.1983, c.560 (C.13:1B-15.133 et seq.), fix and
     determine their qualifications, which may include a knowledge of and
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     familiarity with the pinelands area or the Highlands Region and the
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     residents thereof.
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     (cf: P.L.1983, c.560, s.11)
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        47. Section 1 of P.L.1997, c.64 (C.13:1B-15.159) is amended to
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     read as follows:
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        1. The Department of Environmental Protection, in cooperation
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     with the Division of Travel and Tourism in the [Department of] New
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     Jersey Commerce and Economic [Development] Growth Commission,
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     [and] in consultation with the Pinelands Commission as it affects the
     pinelands area designated pursuant to section 10 of P.L.1979, c.111
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     (C.13:18A-11), and in consultation with the Highlands Water
     Protection and Planning Council as it affects the Highlands Region
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     designated pursuant to section 7 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before
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     the Legislature as this bill), shall establish a natural resources
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     inventory, using the Geographic Information System, for the purpose
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     of encouraging ecologically based tourism and recreation in New
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     Jersey. This inventory shall contain information on New Jersey's
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     natural, historic, and recreational resources, and shall include, to the
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     greatest extent possible, but need not be limited to, federal, State,
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     county and local parks, wildlife management areas, hatcheries, natural
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     areas, historic sites, State forests, recreational areas, ecological and
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     biological study sites, reservoirs, marinas, boat launches,
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     campgrounds, waterfront access points, winter sports recreation areas,
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     and national wildlife refuges.
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     (cf: P.L.1997, c.64, s.1)
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        48. Section 1 of P.L.1995, c.306 (C.13:1D-58) is amended to read
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     as follows:
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1. a. The provisions of P.L.1993, c.38 (C.13:1D-51 et seq.) shall not apply in the case of conveyances by the State or the department

- 1 involving an exchange of lands within the pinelands area, as defined in
- 2 section 10 of P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-11), or within the
- 3 Hackensack Meadowlands District, as defined in section 4 of
- 4 P.L.1968, c.404 (C.13:17-4), or within the Highlands Region as
- 5 <u>defined in section 3 of P.L.</u>, c. (C.) (now before the Legislature
- 6 <u>as this bill</u>), to the federal government or any agency or entity thereof,
- 7 another State agency or entity, or a local unit, provided the lands to be
- 8 conveyed are used for recreation or conservation purposes, shall
- 9 continue to be used for recreation or conservation purposes and it has
- 10 been determined pursuant to subsection c. of this section that the
- 11 proposed recreation and conservation purposes for the lands do not
- 12 significantly alter the ecological and environmental value of the lands
- 13 being exchanged.

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b. Prior to any conveyance of lands that is exempted from the provisions of P.L.1993, c.38 (C.13:1D-51 et seq.) pursuant to subsection a. of this section, the Department of Environmental Protection shall conduct at least one public hearing on the proposed conveyance in the municipality in which the lands proposed to be conveyed are located. The local unit proposing the recreation or conservation use of the lands being exchanged shall present its proposal for the use of the lands being exchanged at the public hearing, including a description of the proposed recreation or conservation use of the lands and any proposed alterations to the lands

for the recreation or conservation purposes.

- c. As a condition of any conveyance of lands that is exempted from the provisions of P.L.1993, c.38 (C.13:1D-51 et seq.) pursuant to subsection a. of this section, and prior to any public hearing required pursuant to subsection b. of this section, the Pinelands Commission, [or] the [Hackensack] New Jersey Meadowlands [Development] Commission, or the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, as appropriate, after consultation with the local units in which the lands to be conveyed are located, shall determine that the proposed recreation or conservation purpose does not significantly alter the ecological and environmental value of the lands being exchanged. The appropriate commission or council shall determine that the proposed recreation or conservation purpose does not significantly alter the
- 37 ecological and environmental value of the lands being exchanged, if: 38 (1) the appropriate commission or council determines that any 39 proposed recreation or conservation use of the lands being exchanged 40 is consistent with the law, rules and regulations governing the 41 protection and development of the pinelands area or pinelands preservation area, as appropriate and as defined in section 10 of 42 43 P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-11), [or] the Hackensack Meadowlands 44 District, as defined in section 4 of P.L.1968, c.404 (C.13:17-4), or the 45 Highlands Region, as defined in section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), and the requirements of the law, 46

rules or regulations have been met to the satisfaction of the 2 appropriate commission or council; and

- (2) a portion of the lands would be maintained in an undeveloped or pre-conveyance state and no wetlands would be negatively affected in violation of State or federal law, or any rules or regulations adopted pursuant thereto.
- 7 The determinations required pursuant to this subsection shall be 8 made available to the public at the time of the public hearing required 9 pursuant to subsection b. of this section.
- 10 For the purposes of this section, "local unit" means a 11 municipality, county, or other political subdivision of the State, or any agency thereof authorized to administer, protect, develop and maintain 12 13 lands for recreation and conservation purposes.

14 (cf: P.L.1995, c.306, s.1)

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- 16 49. Section 18 of P.L.1985, c.432 (C.13:1M-18) is amended to 17 read as follows:
 - 18. a. Nothing in this act shall be construed to supersede or prohibit the adoption, by the governing body of any [county or] municipality or county, of any ordinance or resolution regulating or prohibiting the exploration beyond the reconnaissance phase, drilling for and the extraction of oil and natural gas. As used in this section, "reconnaissance" means:
 - (1) A geologic and mineral resource appraisal of a region by searching and analyzing published literature, aerial photography, and geologic maps;
 - (2) Use of geophysical, geochemical, and remote sensing techniques that do not involve road building, land clearing or the introduction of chemicals to a land or water area;
- (3) Surface geologic, topographic or other mapping and property 30 surveying; or
- 32 (4) Sample collections which do not involve excavation or drilling 33 equipment or the introduction of chemicals to land or water area.
 - b. A municipality or county shall submit a copy of any ordinance or regulation specifically pertaining to activities regulated by this act, or a rule or regulation promulgated pursuant to this act, to the department.
- 38 c. The department shall, within 90 days of submittal, approve or 39 disapprove any ordinance or regulation submitted pursuant to 40 subsection b. of this section. An ordinance or regulation shall be 41 disapproved only if the department finds it unreasonable and provides 42 in writing its reasons for the finding. The failure of the department to 43 act within 90 days of submittal shall constitute approval.
- 44 d. Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the authority 45 of a municipality or county or board of health to enact ordinances or regulations of general applicability to all industrial or commercial 46

activities, including, but not limited to, ordinances and regulations
limiting noise, light, and odor.

3 e. The department shall not approve any ordinance or regulation 4 submitted pursuant to subsection b. of this section which governs activities within the Pinelands area designated in the "Pinelands 5 Protection Act," P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.), unless the 6 7 Pinelands Commission has approved the ordinance or regulation. The 8 department shall not disapprove an ordinance or regulation, or portion 9 thereof, which has been certified by the Pinelands Commission as 10 consistent with the requirements of the Comprehensive Management

Plan as required by the "Pinelands Protection Act."

12 f. The department shall not approve any ordinance or regulation 13 submitted pursuant to subsection b. of this section which governs 14 activities within the Highlands preservation area designated in the 15 "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act," P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), unless the Highlands Water 16 Protection and Planning Council has approved the ordinance or 17 regulation. The department shall not disapprove an ordinance or 18 19 regulation, or portion thereof, which has been certified by the 20 Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council as consistent with 21 the requirements of the Highlands regional master plan as required by 22 the "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act." 23 (cf: P.L.1985, c.432, s.18)

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- 25 50. Section 25 of P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-25) is amended to 26 read as follows:
- 27 25. Within one year after the date of enactment of this act, and 28 biennially thereafter until and including 2008, the Garden State 29 Preservation Trust, after consultation with the Department of Environmental Protection, the State Agriculture Development 30 31 Committee, the New Jersey Historic Trust, the Pinelands Commission, 32 the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, and the Office 33 of State Planning in the Department of Community Affairs, shall 34 prepare and submit to the Governor and the Legislature a written report, which shall: 35
- a. Describe the progress being made on achieving the goals and 36 37 objectives of Article VIII, Section II, paragraph 7 of the State 38 Constitution and this act with respect to the acquisition and 39 development of lands for recreation and conservation purposes, the 40 preservation of farmland, and the preservation of historic properties, 41 and provide recommendations with respect to any legislative, administrative, or local action that may be required to ensure that 42 43 those goals and objectives may be met in the future;
- b. Tabulate, both for the reporting period and cumulatively, the total acreage for the entire State, and the acreage in each county and municipality, of lands acquired for recreation and conservation

- 1 purposes and of farmland preserved for farmland preservation
- 2 purposes that have been applied toward meeting the goals and
- 3 objectives of Article VIII, Section II, paragraph 7 of the State
- 4 Constitution and this act with respect to the acquisition of lands for
- recreation and conservation purposes and the preservation of farmland; 5
- 6 c. Tabulate, both for the reporting period and cumulatively, the
- 7 total acreage for the entire State, and the acreage in each county and
- municipality, of any donations of land that have been applied toward meeting the goals and objectives of Article VIII, Section II, paragraph
- 9
- 10 7 of the State Constitution and this act with respect to the acquisition
- 11 of lands for recreation and conservation purposes and the preservation
- 12 of farmland;

- 13 d. List, both for the reporting period and cumulatively, and by
- 14 project name, project sponsor, and location by county and
- 15 municipality, all historic preservation projects funded with
- constitutionally dedicated moneys in whole or in part; 16
- e. Indicate those areas of the State where, as designated by the 17
- 18 Department of Environmental Protection in the Open Space Master
- 19 Plan prepared pursuant to section 5 of P.L.2002, c.76 (C.13:8C-25.1),
- 20 the acquisition and development of lands by the State for recreation
- 21 and conservation purposes is planned or is most likely to occur, and
- 22 those areas of the State where there is a need to protect water
- 23 resources, including the identification of lands where protection is
- needed to assure adequate quality and quantity of drinking water 24
- 25 supplies in times of drought, indicate those areas of the State where
- 26 the allocation of constitutionally dedicated moneys for farmland 27
- preservation purposes is planned or is most likely to occur, and 28 provide a proposed schedule and expenditure plan for those
- 29 acquisitions, developments, and allocations, for the next reporting
- 30 period, which shall include an explanation of how those acquisitions,
- 31 developments, and allocations will be distributed throughout all
- 32 geographic regions of the State to the maximum extent practicable and
- feasible; 33
- 34 List any surplus real property owned by the State or an
- 35 independent authority of the State that may be utilizable for recreation
- 36 and conservation purposes or farmland preservation purposes, and
- 37 indicate what action has been or must be taken to effect a conveyance
- 38 of those lands to the department, the committee, local government
- 39 units, qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organizations, or other entities 40 or persons so that the lands may be preserved and used for those
- 41 purposes;
- 42 g. List, for the reporting period, all projects for which applications
- 43 for funding under the Green Acres, farmland preservation, and historic
- 44 preservation programs were received but not funded with
- 45 constitutionally dedicated moneys during the reporting period, and the
- reason or reasons why those projects were not funded; 46

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- h. Provide, for the reporting period, a comparison of the amount of constitutionally dedicated moneys annually appropriated for local government unit projects for recreation and conservation purposes in municipalities eligible to receive State aid pursuant to P.L.1978, c.14 (C.52:27D-178 et seq.) to the average amount of Green Acres bond act moneys annually appropriated for such projects in the years 1984 through 1998; and
- i. Tabulate, both for the reporting period and cumulatively, the total acreage for the entire State, and the acreage in each county and municipality, of lands acquired for recreation and conservation purposes that protect water resources and that protect flood-prone areas.
- 13 (cf: P.L.2002, c.76, s.3)

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- 15 51. Section 5 of P.L.2002, c.76 (C.13:8C-25.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 17 5. a. Within one year after the date of enactment of P.L.2002, c.76 (C.13:8C-25.1 et al.), and annually thereafter, the Department of 18 19 Environmental Protection, in consultation with the Office of State Planning in the Department of Community Affairs [and], the Pinelands 20 21 Commission, and the Highlands Water Protection and Planning 22 Council, shall prepare and submit to the Governor and the Legislature 23 an Open Space Master Plan, which shall indicate those areas of the 24 State where the acquisition and development of lands by the State for 25 recreation and conservation purposes is planned or is most likely to occur, and those areas of the State where there is a need to protect 26 27 water resources, including the identification of lands where protection is needed to assure adequate quality and quantity of drinking water 28 29 supplies in times of drought, and which shall provide a proposed 30 schedule and expenditure plan for those acquisitions and developments 31 for the next reporting period, which shall include an explanation of 32 how those acquisitions and developments will be distributed 33 throughout all geographic regions of the State to the maximum extent
 - b. The department shall provide any information the Garden State Preservation Trust deems necessary in preparing its biennial report pursuant to section 25 of P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-25). (cf: P.L.2002, c.76, s.5)

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practicable and feasible.

- 40 52. Section 26 of P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-26) is amended to 41 read as follows:
- 42 26. a. Moneys appropriated from the Garden State Green Acres 43 Preservation Trust Fund to the Department of Environmental 44 Protection shall be used by the department to:
- 45 (1) Pay the cost of acquisition and development of lands by the 46 State for recreation and conservation purposes;

- 1 (2) Provide grants and loans to assist local government units to pay 2 the cost of acquisition and development of lands for recreation and 3 conservation purposes; and
 - (3) Provide grants to assist qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organizations to pay the cost of acquisition and development of lands for recreation and conservation purposes.

- b. The expenditure and allocation of constitutionally dedicated moneys for recreation and conservation purposes shall reflect the geographic diversity of the State to the maximum extent practicable and feasible.
- c. (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 5 of P.L.1985, c.310 (C.13:18A-34) or this act, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, the value of a pinelands development credit, allocated to a parcel pursuant to P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.) and the pinelands comprehensive management plan adopted pursuant thereto, shall be made utilizing a value to be determined by either appraisal, regional averaging based upon appraisal data, or a formula supported by appraisal data. The appraisal and appraisal data shall consider as appropriate: land values in the pinelands regional growth areas; land values in counties, municipalities, and other areas reasonably contiguous to, but outside of, the pinelands area; and other relevant factors as may be necessary to maintain the environmental, ecological, and agricultural qualities of the pinelands area.
 - (2) No pinelands development credit allocated to a parcel of land pursuant to P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.) and the pinelands comprehensive management plan adopted pursuant thereto that is acquired or obtained in connection with the acquisition of the parcel for recreation and conservation purposes by the State, a local government unit, or a qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization using constitutionally dedicated moneys in whole or in part may be conveyed in any manner. All such pinelands development credits shall be retired permanently.
 - d. (1) (a) For State fiscal years 2000 through 2004 only, when the department, a local government unit, or a qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization seeks to acquire lands for recreation and conservation purposes using constitutionally dedicated moneys in whole or in part or Green Acres bond act moneys in whole or in part, it shall conduct or cause to be conducted an appraisal or appraisals of the value of the lands that shall be made using the land use zoning of the lands (I) in effect at the time of proposed acquisition, and (ii) in effect on November 3, 1998 as if that land use zoning is still in effect at the time of proposed acquisition. The higher of those two values shall be utilized by the department, a local government unit, or a qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization as the basis for negotiation with the landowner with respect to the acquisition price for the lands. The landowner shall be provided with both values

1 determined pursuant to this subparagraph.

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- (b) After the date of enactment of P.L.2001, c.315 and through 5 6 June 30, 2004, in determining the two values required pursuant to subparagraph (a) of this paragraph, the appraisal shall be made using 7 8 not only the land use zoning but also the Department of Environmental 9 Protection wastewater, water quality and watershed management rules 10 and regulations and associated requirements and standards applicable to the lands subject to the appraisal (I) in effect at the time of 11 proposed acquisition, and (ii) in effect on November 3, 1998 as if 12 13 those rules and regulations and associated requirements and standards 14 are still in effect at the time of proposed acquisition.
- 15 (2) The requirements of this subsection shall be in addition to any 16 other requirements of law, rule, or regulation not inconsistent 17 therewith.
 - (3) This subsection shall not:
 - (a) apply if the land use zoning of the lands at the time of proposed acquisition, and the Department of Environmental Protection wastewater, water quality and watershed management rules and regulations and associated requirements and standards applicable to the lands at the time of proposed acquisition, have not changed since November 3, 1998;
- (b) apply in the case of lands to be acquired with federal moneysin whole or in part;
 - (c) apply in the case of lands to be acquired in accordance with subsection c. of this section;
 - (d) apply to projects funded using constitutionally dedicated moneys appropriated pursuant to the annual appropriations act for State fiscal year 2000 (P.L.1999, c.138); or
- 32 (e) alter any requirements to disclose information to a landowner 33 pursuant to the "Eminent Domain Act of 1971," P.L.1971, c.361 34 (C.20:3-1 et seq.).
 - e. Moneys appropriated from the fund may be used to match grants, contributions, donations, or reimbursements from federal aid programs or from other public or private sources established for the same or similar purposes as the fund.
 - f. Moneys appropriated from the fund shall not be used by local government units or qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organizations to acquire lands that are already permanently preserved for recreation and conservation purposes, as determined by the department.
- g. Whenever lands are donated to the State by a public utility, as defined pursuant to Title 48 of the Revised Statutes, for recreation and conservation purposes, the commissioner may make and keep the lands accessible to the public, unless the commissioner determines that

public accessibility would be detrimental to the lands or any natural resources associated therewith.

3 h. Whenever the State acquires land for recreation and conservation 4 purposes, the agency in the Department of Environmental Protection responsible for administering the land shall, within six months after the 5 6 date of acquisition, inspect the land for the presence of any buildings 7 or structures thereon which are or may be historic properties and, 8 within 60 days after completion of the inspection, provide to the New 9 Jersey Historic Preservation Office in the department (1) a written 10 notice of its findings, and (2) for any buildings or structures which are 11 or may be historic properties discovered on the land, a request for determination of potential eligibility for inclusion of the historic 12 13 building or structure in the New Jersey Register of Historic Places. 14 Whenever such a building or structure is discovered, a copy of the 15 written notice provided to the New Jersey Historic Preservation Office shall also be sent to the New Jersey Historic Trust and to the county 16 17 historical commission or advisory committee, the county historical 18 society, the local historic preservation commission or advisory 19 committee, and the local historical society if any of those entities exist 20 in the county or municipality wherein the land is located.

- 21 i. (1) Commencing July 1, 2004 and until five years after the date 22 of enactment of P.L.2001, c.315, when the department, a local 23 government unit, or a qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization 24 seeks to acquire lands for recreation and conservation purposes using 25 constitutionally dedicated moneys in whole or in part or Green Acres 26 bond act moneys in whole or in part, it shall conduct or cause to be 27 conducted an appraisal or appraisals of the value of the lands that shall 28 be made using the Department of Environmental Protection 29 wastewater, water quality and watershed management rules and 30 regulations and associated requirements and standards applicable to the lands subject to the appraisal (a) in effect at the time of proposed 31 32 acquisition, and (b) in effect on November 3, 1998 as if those rules and 33 regulations and associated requirements and standards are still in effect 34 at the time of proposed acquisition. The higher of those two values shall be utilized by the department, a local government unit, or a 35 36 qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization as the basis for 37 negotiation with the landowner with respect to the acquisition price 38 for the lands. The landowner shall be provided with both values 39 determined pursuant to this paragraph. A landowner may waive any 40 of the requirements of this paragraph and may agree to sell the lands 41 for less than the values determined pursuant to this paragraph.
 - (2) The requirements of this subsection shall be in addition to any other requirements of law, rule, or regulation not inconsistent therewith.
- 45 (3) This subsection shall not:

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46 (a) apply if the Department of Environmental Protection

- 1 wastewater, water quality and watershed management rules and
- 2 regulations and associated requirements and standards applicable to
- 3 the lands at the time of proposed acquisition have not changed since
- 4 November 3, 1998;
- (b) apply in the case of lands to be acquired with federal moneysin whole or in part;
- 7 (c) apply in the case of lands to be acquired in accordance with 8 subsection c. of this section; or
- 9 (d) alter any requirements to disclose information to a landowner 10 pursuant to the "Eminent Domain Act of 1971," P.L.1971, c.361 11 (C.20:3-1 et seq.).
- i. (1) Commencing on the date of enactment of P.L., c. (C.)
- 13 (now before the Legislature as this bill) and until five years after that
- 14 <u>date, when the department, a local government unit, or a qualifying tax</u>
- 15 <u>exempt nonprofit organization seeks to acquire lands in the Highlands</u>
- 16 preservation area for recreation and conservation purposes using
- 17 <u>constitutionally dedicated moneys in whole or in part or Green Acres</u>
- 18 bond act moneys in whole or in part, it shall conduct or cause to be
- 19 conducted an appraisal or appraisals of the value of the lands that shall
- 20 <u>be made using (a) the rules and regulations adopted by the Department</u>
- 21 <u>of Environmental Protection pursuant to P.L.</u>, c. (C.) (now before
- 22 the Legislature as this bill) and the provisions of section 31 of that act
- 23 applicable to the lands subject to the appraisal and in effect at the time
- 24 of proposed acquisition, and (b) the rules and regulations adopted by
- 25 the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to any
- environmental land use or water law applicable to the lands subject to
 the appraisal and in effect on the day before the date of enactment of
- 28 P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill). The
- 29 <u>higher of those two values shall be utilized by the department, a local</u>
- 30 government unit, or a qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization as
- 31 the basis for negotiation with the landowner with respect to the
- 32 acquisition price for the lands. The landowner shall be provided with
- 33 both values determined pursuant to this paragraph.
- 34 <u>A landowner may waive any of the requirements of this paragraph</u>
- 35 and may agree to sell the lands for less than the values determined
- 36 pursuant to this paragraph.
- 37 The provisions of this paragraph shall be applicable only to lands
- 38 the owner of which at the time of proposed acquisition is the same
- 39 person who owned the lands on the date of enactment of P.L. , c.
- 40 (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) and who has owned the
- 41 <u>lands continuously since that enactment date, or is an immediate family</u>
- 42 <u>member of that person.</u>
- 43 (2) A landowner whose lands are subject to the provisions of
- 44 paragraph (1) of this subsection shall choose to have the lands
- 45 appraised in accordance with this subsection or in accordance with the
- 46 provisions of either subsection d. or subsection i. of this section to the

- 1 extent that the subsection is applicable and has not expired.
- 2 (3) The requirements of this subsection shall be in addition to any
- 3 other requirements of law, rule, or regulation not inconsistent
- 4 therewith.
- 5 (4) This subsection shall not:
- 6 (a) apply in the case of lands to be acquired with federal moneys
- 7 in whole or in part; or
- 8 (b) alter any requirements to disclose information to a landowner
- 9 pursuant to the "Eminent Domain Act of 1971," P.L.1971, c.361
- 10 (C.20:3-1 et seq.).
- 11 (5) For the purposes of this subsection:
- 12 "Environmental land use or water law" means the "Freshwater
- 13 Wetlands Protection Act," P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-1 et seq.), the
- 14 "Water Supply Management Act," P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-1 et
- 15 seq.), the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1
- 16 et seq.), "The Realty Improvement Sewerage and Facilities Act
- 17 (1954)," P.L.1954, c.199 (C.58:11-23 et seq.), the "Water Quality
- 18 Planning Act," P.L.1977, c.75 (C.58:11A-1 et seq.), the "Safe
- 19 <u>Drinking Water Act," P.L.1977, c.224 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.), or the</u>
- 20 "Flood Hazard Area Control Act," P.L.1962, c.19 (C.58:16A-50 et
- 21 <u>seq.);</u>
- 22 "Highlands preservation area" means the preservation area in the
- 23 <u>Highlands Region as defined pursuant to section of P.L., c. (C.)</u>
- 24 (now before the Legislature as this bill); and
- 25 "Immediate family member" means spouse, child, sibling, aunt,
- 26 <u>uncle, niece, nephew, first cousin, grandparent, grandchild,</u>
- 27 <u>father-in-law, mother-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, stepparent,</u>
- 28 stepchild, stepbrother, stepsister, half brother, or half sister, whether
- 29 the individual is related by blood, marriage, or adoption.
- [j.] <u>k.</u> The department shall adopt guidelines for the evaluation and
- 31 priority ranking process which shall be used in making decisions
- 32 concerning the acquisition of lands by the State for recreation and
- 33 conservation purposes using moneys from the Garden State Green
- 34 Acres Preservation Trust Fund and from any other source. The
- 35 guidelines, and any subsequent revisions thereto, shall be published in
- 36 the New Jersey Register. The adoption of the guidelines or of the
- 37 revisions thereto, shall not be subject to the requirements of the
- 38 "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et
- 39 seq.).
- [k.] <u>l.</u> In making decisions concerning the acquisition of lands by
- 41 the State for recreation and conservation purposes using moneys from
- 42 the Garden State Green Acres Preservation Trust Fund, in the
- 43 evaluation and priority ranking process the department shall accord
- 44 three times the weight to acquisitions of lands that would protect
- 45 water resources, and two times the weight to acquisitions of lands that
- 46 would protect flood-prone areas, as those criteria are compared to the

1 other criteria in the priority ranking process.

- [1.] m. The department, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), shall adopt rules and regulations that establish standards and requirements regulating any activity on lands acquired by the State for recreation and conservation purposes using constitutionally dedicated moneys to assure that the activity on those lands does not diminish the protection of surface water or groundwater resources.
- Any rules and regulations adopted pursuant to this subsection shall not apply to activities on lands acquired prior to the adoption of the rules and regulations.
- 12 (cf: P.L.2002, c.76, s.4)

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- 53. Section 38 of P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-38) is amended to read as follows:
- 38. a. All acquisitions or grants made pursuant to section 37 of this act shall be made with respect to farmland devoted to farmland preservation under programs established by law.
 - b. The expenditure and allocation of constitutionally dedicated moneys for farmland preservation purposes shall reflect the geographic diversity of the State to the maximum extent practicable and feasible.
 - c. The committee shall implement the provisions of section 37 of this act in accordance with the procedures and criteria established pursuant to the "Agriculture Retention and Development Act," P.L.1983, c.32 (C.4:1C-11 et seq.) except as provided otherwise by this act.
 - d. The committee shall adopt the same or a substantially similar method for determining, for the purposes of this act, the committee's share of the cost of a development easement on farmland to be acquired by a local government as that which is being used by the committee on the date of enactment of this act for prior farmland preservation funding programs.
- 33 e. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 24 of P.L.1983, c.32 34 (C.4:1C-31) or this act, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant 35 thereto, to the contrary, whenever the value of a development easement on farmland to be acquired using constitutionally dedicated 36 37 moneys in whole or in part is determined based upon the value of any pinelands development credits allocated to the parcel pursuant to 38 39 P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.) and the pinelands comprehensive 40 management plan adopted pursuant thereto, the committee shall 41 determine the value of the development easement by:
 - (1) conducting a sufficient number of fair market value appraisals as it deems appropriate to determine the value for farmland preservation purposes of the pinelands development credits;
- 45 (2) considering development easement values in counties, 46 municipalities, and other areas (a) reasonably contiguous to, but

- outside of, the pinelands area, which in the sole opinion of the committee constitute reasonable development easement values in the pinelands area for the purposes of this subsection, and (b) in the pinelands area where pinelands development credits are or may be utilized, which in the sole opinion of the committee constitute reasonable development easement values in the pinelands area for the purposes of this subsection;
 - (3) considering land values in the pinelands regional growth areas;
 - (4) considering the importance of preserving agricultural lands in the pinelands area; and

- (5) considering such other relevant factors as may be necessary to increase participation in the farmland preservation program by owners of agricultural lands located in the pinelands area.
- f. No pinelands development credit that is acquired or obtained in connection with the acquisition of a development easement on farmland or fee simple title to farmland by the State, a local government unit, or a qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization using constitutionally dedicated moneys in whole or in part may be conveyed in any manner. All such pinelands development credits shall be retired permanently.
- g. (1) (a) For State fiscal years 2000 through 2004 only, when the committee, a local government unit, or a qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization seeks to acquire a development easement on farmland or the fee simple title to farmland for farmland preservation purposes using constitutionally dedicated moneys in whole or in part, it shall conduct or cause to be conducted an appraisal or appraisals of the value of the lands that shall be made using the land use zoning of the lands (I) in effect at the time of proposed acquisition, and (ii) in effect on November 3, 1998 as if that land use zoning is still in effect at the time of proposed acquisition. The higher of those two values shall be utilized by the committee, a local government unit, or a qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization as the basis for negotiation with the landowner with respect to the acquisition price for the lands. The landowner shall be provided with both values determined pursuant to this subparagraph.

A landowner may waive any of the requirements of this paragraph and may agree to sell the lands for less than the values determined pursuant to this paragraph.

(b) After the date of enactment of P.L.2001, c.315 and through June 30, 2004, in determining the two values required pursuant to subparagraph (a) of this paragraph, the appraisal shall be made using not only the land use zoning but also the Department of Environmental Protection wastewater, water quality and watershed management rules and regulations and associated requirements and standards applicable to the lands subject to the appraisal (I) in effect at the time of proposed acquisition, and (ii) in effect on November 3, 1998 as if

- those rules and regulations and associated requirements and standards
 are still in effect at the time of proposed acquisition.
- 3 (2) The requirements of this subsection shall be in addition to any 4 other requirements of law, rule, or regulation not inconsistent 5 therewith.
 - (3) This subsection shall not:

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- 7 (a) apply if the land use zoning of the lands at the time of proposed acquisition, and the Department of Environmental Protection 9 wastewater, water quality and watershed management rules and 10 regulations and associated requirements and standards applicable to 11 the lands at the time of proposed acquisition, have not changed since 12 November 3, 1998;
- (b) apply in the case of lands to be acquired with federal moneysin whole or in part;
- 15 (c) apply in the case of lands to be acquired in accordance with subsection e. of this section;
 - (d) apply to projects funded using constitutionally dedicated moneys appropriated pursuant to the annual appropriations act for State fiscal year 2000 (P.L.1999, c.138); or
- 20 (e) alter any requirements to disclose information to a landowner 21 pursuant to the "Eminent Domain Act of 1971," P.L.1971, c.361 22 (C.20:3-1 et seq.).
 - h. Any farmland for which a development easement or fee simple title has been acquired pursuant to section 37 of this act shall be entitled to the benefits conferred by the "Right to Farm Act," P.L.1983, c.31 (C.4:1C-1 et al.) and the "Agriculture Retention and
- 27 Development Act," P.L.1983, c.32 (C.4:1C-11 et al.). 28 i. (1) Commencing July 1, 2004 and until five years after the date 29 of enactment of P.L.2001, c.315, when the committee, a local 30 government unit, or a qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization seeks to acquire a development easement on farmland or the fee simple 31 32 title to farmland for farmland preservation purposes using 33 constitutionally dedicated moneys in whole or in part, it shall conduct 34 or cause to be conducted an appraisal or appraisals of the value of the 35 lands that shall be made using the Department of Environmental 36 Protection wastewater, water quality and watershed management rules 37 and regulations and associated requirements and standards applicable 38 to the lands subject to the appraisal (a) in effect at the time of 39 proposed acquisition, and (b) in effect on November 3, 1998 as if 40 those rules and regulations and associated requirements and standards are still in effect at the time of proposed acquisition. The higher of 41 42 those two values shall be utilized by the committee, a local 43 government unit, or a qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization as 44 the basis for negotiation with the landowner with respect to the

acquisition price for the lands. The landowner shall be provided with

both values determined pursuant to this paragraph. A landowner may

- waive any of the requirements of this paragraph and may agree to sell the lands for less than the values determined pursuant to this paragraph.
- 4 (2) The requirements of this subsection shall be in addition to any other requirements of law, rule, or regulation not inconsistent therewith.
 - (3) This subsection shall not:

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- 8 (a) apply if the Department of Environmental Protection 9 wastewater, water quality and watershed management rules and 10 regulations and associated requirements and standards applicable to 11 the lands at the time of proposed acquisition have not changed since 12 November 3, 1998;
- (b) apply in the case of lands to be acquired with federal moneys
 in whole or in part;
- 15 (c) apply in the case of lands to be acquired in accordance with 16 subsection e. of this section; or
- (d) alter any requirements to disclose information to a landowner pursuant to the "Eminent Domain Act of 1971," P.L.1971, c.361 (C.20:3-1 et seq.).
- 20 j. (1) Commencing on the date of enactment of P.L., c. (C.) 21 (now before the Legislature as this bill) and until five years after that 22 date, when the committee, a local government unit, or a qualifying tax 23 exempt nonprofit organization seeks to acquire a development 24 easement on farmland or the fee simple title to farmland for farmland 25 preservation purposes in the Highlands preservation area using 26 constitutionally dedicated moneys in whole or in part, it shall conduct 27 or cause to be conducted an appraisal or appraisals of the value of the 28 lands that shall be made using (a) the rules and regulations adopted by 29 the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to P.L., c. 30 (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) and the provisions of section 31 of that act applicable to the lands subject to the appraisal 31 32 and in effect at the time of proposed acquisition, and (b) the rules and 33 regulations adopted by the Department of Environmental Protection 34 pursuant to any environmental land use or water law applicable to the 35 lands subject to the appraisal and in effect on the day before the date 36 of enactment of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill). The higher of those two values shall be utilized by the 37 38 committee, a local government unit, or a qualifying tax exempt 39 nonprofit organization as the basis for negotiation with the landowner 40 with respect to the acquisition price for the lands. The landowner shall
- A landowner may waive any of the requirements of this paragraph
 and may agree to sell the lands for less than the values determined
 pursuant to this paragraph.

be provided with both values determined pursuant to this paragraph.

The provisions of this paragraph shall be applicable only to lands the owner of which at the time of proposed acquisition is the same

- 1 person who owned the lands on the date of enactment of P.L. , c.
- 2 (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) and who has owned the
- 3 lands continuously since that enactment date, is an immediate family
- 4 member of that person, or is a farmer as defined by the committee.
- 5 (2) A landowner whose lands are subject to the provisions of
- 6 paragraph (1) of this subsection shall choose to have the lands
- 7 <u>appraised in accordance with this subsection or in accordance with the</u>
- 8 provisions of either subsection g. or subsection i. of this section to the
- 9 extent that the subsection is applicable and has not expired.
- 10 (3) The requirements of this subsection shall be in addition to any
- 11 other requirements of law, rule, or regulation not inconsistent
- 12 therewith.
- 13 (4) This subsection shall not:
- 14 (a) apply in the case of lands to be acquired with federal moneys in
- 15 whole or in part; or
- (b) alter any requirements to disclose information to a landowner
- pursuant to the "Eminent Domain Act of 1971," P.L.1971, c.361
- 18 (C.20:3-1 et seq.).
- 19 <u>(5) For the purposes of this subsection:</u>
- 20 <u>"Environmental land use or water law" means the "Freshwater</u>
- 21 Wetlands Protection Act," P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-1 et seq.), the
- 22 "Water Supply Management Act," P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-1 et
- 23 seq.), the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1
- 24 et seq.), "The Realty Improvement Sewerage and Facilities Act
- 25 (1954)," P.L.1954, c.199 (C.58:11-23 et seq.), the "Water Quality
- 26 <u>Planning Act," P.L.1977, c.75 (C.58:11A-1 et seq.), the "Safe</u>
- 27 <u>Drinking Water Act," P.L.1977, c.224 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.), or the</u>
- 28 "Flood Hazard Area Control Act," P.L.1962, c.19 (C.58:16A-50 et
- 29 <u>seq.);</u>
- 30 "Highlands preservation area" means the preservation area in the
- 31 <u>Highlands Region as defined pursuant to section of P.L., c. (C.)</u>
- 32 (now before the Legislature as this bill); and
- 33 "Immediate family member" means spouse, child, sibling, aunt,
- 34 uncle, niece, nephew, first cousin, grandparent, grandchild,
- 35 <u>father-in-law, mother-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, stepparent,</u>
- 36 <u>stepchild, stepbrother, stepsister, half brother, or half sister, whether</u>
- 37 the individual is related by blood, marriage, or adoption.
- 38 [j.] <u>k.</u> The committee and the Department of Environmental
- 39 Protection, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968,
- 40 c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), shall jointly adopt rules and regulations
- 41 that establish standards and requirements regulating any improvement
- 42 on lands acquired by the State for farmland preservation purposes
- 43 using constitutionally dedicated moneys to assure that any
- 44 improvement does not diminish the protection of surface water or
- 45 groundwater resources.
- Any rules and regulations adopted pursuant to this subsection shall

not apply to improvements on lands acquired prior to the adoption of
 the rules and regulations.

- 1. The committee shall consult with and solicit recommendations
 4 from the Highland Water Protection and Planning Council established
- 5 pursuant to section 4 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the
- Legislature as this bill) concerning farmland preservation strategies
 and acquisition plans in the Highlands Region as defined in section 3
- 8 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill).
- 9 (cf: P.L.2002, c.76, s.6)

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- 11 54. Section 13 of P.L.1974, c.118 (C.13:13A-13) is amended to 12 read as follows:
- 13 13. a. The commission shall prepare, or cause to be prepared, and, 14 after a public hearing, or public hearings, and pursuant to the 15 provisions provided for in subsection 13 b. of this act, adopt a master plan or portion thereof for the physical development of the park, which 16 17 plan may include proposals for various stages in the future 18 development of the park, or amend the master plan. The master plan 19 shall include a report presenting the objectives, assumptions, 20 standards and principles which are embodied in the various 21 interlocking portions of the master plan. The master plan shall be a 22 composite of the one or more written proposals recommending the 23 physical development and expansion of the park either in its entirety 24 or a portion thereof which the commission shall prepare after meetings 25 with the governing bodies of the affected municipalities and counties,

and any agencies and instrumentalities thereof.

- 27 In preparing the master plan or any portion thereof or 28 amendment thereto the commission shall give due consideration to: 29 (1) the function of the canal as a major water supply facility in the 30 State; (2) the necessity to provide recreational activities to the citizens of this State, including but not limited to, facilities, design capacities, 31 32 and relationship to other available recreational areas; (3) existing 33 historical sites and potential restorations or compatible development; 34 (4) the range of uses and potential uses of the canal in the urban 35 environments of the older, intensively developed communities through 36 which it passes; and (5) designated wilderness areas to be kept as 37 undeveloped, limited-access areas restricted to canoeing and hiking. 38 In preparing the master plan or any portion thereof or amendment 39 thereto the commission shall consider existing patterns of development 40 and any relevant master plan or other plan of development, and shall 41 insure widespread citizen involvement and participation in the planning 42 process.
 - c. The commission shall act in support of local suggestions or desires to complement the park master plan. Consultation, planning, and technical expertise will be made available to local planning bodies that wish to implement land-use policy to enhance the park area. The

commission shall act on or refer complaints by citizens' groups or private residents who discover hazardous situations, pollution, or evidence of noncompliance with use regulations.

- d. The commission shall review and approve, reject or modify, any State project planned or State permits issued in the park, and submit its decision to the Governor.
- e. The commission shall consult with the Highlands Water 7 8 Protection and Planning Council, established pursuant to section 4 of 9 P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), on any 10 provision of the park master plan that may impact upon or otherwise 11 affect the Highlands Region or the Highlands regional master plan, as defined in section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature 12 13 as this bill), and any such provision shall be consistent with the 14 Highlands regional master plan adopted by the council pursuant to that
- 16 (cf: P.L.1974, c.118, s.13)

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- 18 55. Section 14 of P.L.1974, c.118 (C.13:13A-14) is amended to read as follows:
- 20 14. a. The commission shall determine, after a public hearing, or 21 public hearings held in Hunterdon, Somerset, Mercer, and Middlesex 22 counties respectively, the extent and limits of the region to be 23 designated the review zone. Any subsequent modification of [said] 24 the review zone shall be made by the commission only after public 25 hearings in the county or counties in which [such] the modification is 26 to be made. All public hearings required pursuant to this section shall 27 be held only after giving prior notice thereof by public advertisement 28 once each week for [2] two consecutive weeks in such newspaper or 29 newspapers selected by the chairman of the commission as will best 30 give notice thereof. The last publication of such notice shall be not 31 less than 10 days prior to the date set for the hearing.
 - b. The commission shall approve all State actions within the review zone that impact on the park, and insure that these actions conform as nearly as possible to the commission's master plan and relevant local plans or initiatives. The State actions which the commission shall review will include the operations of the Division of Water Resources concerning water supply and quality; the Division of Parks and Forestry in developing recreation facilities; and the activities of any other State department or agency that might affect the park.
- c. The commission shall review and approve, reject, or modify any project within the review zone. The initial application for a proposed project within the zone shall be submitted by the applicant to the appropriate municipal reviewing agency. If approved by the agency, the application shall be sent to the commission for review. The commission shall review each proposed project in terms of its conformity with, or divergence from, the objectives of the

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1 commission's master plan and shall: (1) advise the appropriate 2 municipal reviewing agency that the project can proceed as proposed; 3 (2) reject the application and so advise the appropriate municipal 4 reviewing agency and the governing body of the municipality; or (3) require modifications or additional safeguards on the part of the 5 6 applicant, and return the application to the appropriate municipal 7 reviewing agency, which shall be responsible for insuring that these 8 conditions are satisfied before issuing a permit. If no action is taken 9 by the commission within a period of 45 days from the date of 10 submission of the application to the commission by the municipal 11 reviewing agency, this shall constitute an approval by the commission. 12 The commission's decision shall be final and binding on the 13 municipality, and the commission may, in the case of any violation or 14 threat of a violation of a commission's decision by a municipality, or 15 by the appropriate municipal reviewing agency, as the case may be, institute civil action (1) for injunctive relief; (2) to set aside and 16 invalidate a decision made by a municipality in violation of this 17 18 subsection; or (3) to restrain, correct or abate such violation. As used 19 herein: (1) "project" means any structure, land use change, or public 20 improvements for which a permit from, or determination by, the 21 municipality is required, which shall include, but not be limited to, 22 building permits, zoning variances, and excavation permits; and (2) 23 "agency" means any body or instrumentality of the municipality 24 responsible for the issuance of permits or the approval of projects, as 25 herein defined, which shall include, but not be limited to, governing 26 bodies, planning and zoning boards, building inspectors, managers and 27 municipal engineers. 28 d. To the extent that any action the commission takes pursuant to 29 this section may impact upon or otherwise affect the Highlands Region 30 or the Highlands regional master plan, as defined in section 3 of 31 P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), the 32 commission shall consult with the Highlands Water Protection and 33 <u>Planning Council</u>, established pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. 34 (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), and any such action 35 taken shall be consistent with Highland regional master plan adopted 36 by the council pursuant to that act. 37 (cf: P.L.1974, c.118, s.14) 38 39 56. Section 2 of P.L.1997, c.144 (C.27:5-9.1) is amended to read

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41 2. Any billboard or outdoor advertising sign licensed and permitted 42 pursuant to the "Roadside Sign Control and Outdoor Advertising 43 Act," P.L.1991, c.413 (C.27:5-5 et seq.), and proposed to be erected 44 on or above any State right-of-way or any real property of the 45 department shall be subject to local government zoning ordinances, applicable local government building permit requirements, and in the 46

- 1 pinelands area, shall be subject to the provisions of the comprehensive
- 2 management plan prepared and adopted by the Pinelands Commission
- 3 pursuant to section 7 of P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-8), and in the
- 4 Highlands Region, shall be subject to the provisions of the "Highland
- 5 <u>Water Protection and Planning Act," P.L.</u>, c. (C.) (now before
- 6 <u>the Legislature as this bill), any rules and regulations adopted pursuant</u>
- 7 thereto, and the Highlands regional master plan adopted by the
- 8 <u>Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council pursuant to section</u>
- 9 8 of that act.
- 10 (cf: P.L.1997, c.144, s.2)

- 12 57. R.S.32:14-5 is amended to read as follows:
- 13 32:14-5. a. Palisades Interstate Park Commission shall, from time
- 14 to time, select and locate such lands lying between the top or steep
- 15 edge of the Palisades or the crest of the slope in places where the steep
- Palisade rocks are absent and the high-water line of the Hudson river,
- 17 from the New York State line on the north, to a line beginning at the
- 18 intersection of the southern line of the old Fort Lee dock or landing
- 19 with the high-water line of the Hudson river and running thence in a
- 20 westerly direction and at right angles to said high-water line of the
- 21 Hudson river to the east side of the river road running from Edgewater
- 22 to Fort Lee, in Bergen county, on the south, and such lands or rights
- 23 in lands belonging to persons other than the State, as may lie between
- 24 the exterior bulkhead line established in the Hudson river and the
- 25 high-water line of the Hudson river, as may, in the opinion of the
- 26 Palisades Interstate Park Commission, be proper and necessary to be
- 27 reserved for the purpose of establishing a park and thereby preserving
- 28 the scenic beauty of the Palisades.
- b. The Palisades Interstate Park Commission, in cooperation with
- 30 the North Jersey District Water Supply Commission and in
- 31 consultation with the New Jersey Department of Environmental
- 32 Protection and the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council,
- may, from time to time, select and locate such lands lying within the Highlands or Skylands areas of Bergen, Hunterdon, Morris, Passaic,
- 35 Somerset and Warren counties in the State of New Jersey, including
- 36 lands in those areas lying within the North Jersey Water Supply
- District, as may, in the opinion of the Palisades Interstate Park
- 38 Commission and the North Jersey District Water Supply Commission,
- 39 in consultation with the department and the Highlands Water
- 40 Protection and Planning Council, be proper and necessary to be
- 41 reserved for establishing a park:
- 42 (1) to preserve the scenic beauty of those areas;
- 43 (2) for the purposes of recreation and conservation, which shall include hunting and fishing, or historic preservation; or
- 45 (3) for the purposes of watershed conservation or protecting,
- 46 maintaining, or enhancing the quality and quantity of water supplies.

- 1 c. Except as authorized for the purposes specified by R.S.32:15-1
- 2 et seq. and R.S.32:16-1 et seq. with regard to the location,
- 3 construction, maintenance, and operation of the Henry Hudson Drive
- 4 and the Palisades Interstate Parkway in Bergen county, the Palisades
- 5 Interstate Park Commission shall not acquire by condemnation any
- 6 lands described in subsections a. and b. of this section. Any such lands
- 7 shall be acquired by the Palisades Interstate Park Commission only
- 8 through a sale by a willing seller.
- 9 (cf: P.L.1995, c.274, s.2)

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- 11 58. Section 5 of P.L.1999, c.402 (C.32:20A-5) is amended to read 12 as follows:
 - 5. <u>a.</u> The duties of the commission shall be to:
 - [a.] (1) assess present and projected development, land use, and land management practices and patterns, and identify actual and potential environmental threats and problems, around Greenwood Lake and within its watershed, and determine the effects of those practices and patterns, threats, and problems upon the natural, scenic, and recreational resources of Greenwood Lake and its watershed;
- [b.] (2) develop recommended regulations, procedures, policies, planning strategies, and model ordinances and resolutions pertaining to the protection, preservation, maintenance, management, and enhancement of Greenwood Lake and its watershed, which would be implemented as appropriate on a voluntary basis by those entities with
- 25 representatives on the commission;
- [c.] (3) coordinate environmental clean up, maintenance, and protection efforts undertaken, for the benefit of Greenwood Lake and its watershed, by those entities with representatives on the commission;
 - [d.] (4) coordinate with the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection's watershed management program for the area that includes Greenwood Lake;
- [e.] (5) recommend appropriate state legislation and administrative action pertaining to the protection, preservation, maintenance, management, and enhancement of Greenwood Lake and its watershed;
- [f.] (6) advocate, and where appropriate, act as a coordinating, distributing, or recipient agency for, federal, state, or private funding of environmental cleanup, maintenance, and protection projects for Greenwood Lake and its watershed, which projects may include the work of the commission; and
- Ig.] (7) take such other action as may be appropriate or necessary to further the purpose of this act.
- b. The commission shall consult with the Highlands Water
- 44 Protection and Planning Council, established pursuant to section 4 of
- 45 P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), in carrying
- out its duties as prescribed pursuant to subsection a. of this section.

- 1 Any action taken by the commission that may impact upon or
- 2 <u>otherwise affect the Highlands preservation area, as defined in section</u>
- 3 <u>3 of P.L.</u>, c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), shall
- 4 <u>be consistent with the Highlands regional master plan adopted by the</u>
- 5 <u>council pursuant to section 8 of that act.</u>
- 6 (cf: P.L.1999, c.402, s.5)

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- 8 59. Section 19 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-28) is amended to 9 read as follows:
- 19. Preparation; contents; modification.
 - a. The planning board may prepare and, after public hearing, adopt or amend a master plan or component parts thereof, to guide the use of lands within the municipality in a manner which protects public health and safety and promotes the general welfare.
 - b. The master plan shall generally comprise a report or statement and land use and development proposals, with maps, diagrams and text, presenting, at least the following elements (1) and (2) and, where appropriate, the following elements (3) through (13):
 - (1) A statement of objectives, principles, assumptions, policies and standards upon which the constituent proposals for the physical, economic and social development of the municipality are based;
- 22 (2) A land use plan element (a) taking into account and stating its 23 relationship to the statement provided for in paragraph (1) hereof, and 24 other master plan elements provided for in paragraphs (3) through (13) 25 hereof and natural conditions, including, but not necessarily limited to, 26 topography, soil conditions, water supply, drainage, flood plain areas, 27 marshes, and woodlands; (b) showing the existing and proposed location, extent and intensity of development of land to be used in the 28 29 future for varying types of residential, commercial, industrial, 30 agricultural, recreational, educational and other public and private purposes or combination of purposes; and stating the relationship 31 32 thereof to the existing and any proposed zone plan and zoning 33 ordinance; and (c) showing the existing and proposed location of any 34 airports and the boundaries of any airport safety zones delineated pursuant to the "Air Safety and Zoning Act of 1983," P.L.1983, c.260 35 36 (C.6:1-80 et seq.); and (d) including a statement of the standards of 37 population density and development intensity recommended for the 38 municipality;
- 39 (3) A housing plan element pursuant to section 10 of P.L.1985, 40 c.222 (C.52:27D-310), including, but not limited to, residential 41 standards and proposals for the construction and improvement of 42 housing;
- 43 (4) A circulation plan element showing the location and types of 44 facilities for all modes of transportation required for the efficient 45 movement of people and goods into, about, and through the 46 municipality, taking into account the functional highway classification

system of the Federal Highway Administration and the types, locations, conditions and availability of existing and proposed transportation facilities, including air, water, road and rail;

- (5) A utility service plan element analyzing the need for and showing the future general location of water supply and distribution facilities, drainage and flood control facilities, sewerage and waste treatment, solid waste disposal and provision for other related utilities, and including any storm water management plan required pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1981, c.32 (C.40:55D-93 et seq.);
 - (6) A community facilities plan element showing the existing and proposed location and type of educational or cultural facilities, historic sites, libraries, hospitals, firehouses, police stations and other related facilities, including their relation to the surrounding areas;
- (7) A recreation plan element showing a comprehensive system of areas and public sites for recreation;
- (8) A conservation plan element providing for the preservation, conservation, and utilization of natural resources, including, to the extent appropriate, energy, open space, water supply, forests, soil, marshes, wetlands, harbors, rivers and other waters, fisheries, endangered or threatened species wildlife and other resources, and which systemically analyzes the impact of each other component and element of the master plan on the present and future preservation, conservation and utilization of those resources;
- (9) An economic plan element considering all aspects of economic development and sustained economic vitality, including (a) a comparison of the types of employment expected to be provided by the economic development to be promoted with the characteristics of the labor pool resident in the municipality and nearby areas and (b) an analysis of the stability and diversity of the economic development to be promoted;
- (10) A historic preservation plan element: (a) indicating the location and significance of historic sites and historic districts; (b) identifying the standards used to assess worthiness for historic site or district identification; and (c) analyzing the impact of each component and element of the master plan on the preservation of historic sites and districts;
- (11) Appendices or separate reports containing the technical foundation for the master plan and its constituent elements;
- (12) A recycling plan element which incorporates the State Recycling Plan goals, including provisions for the collection, disposition and recycling of recyclable materials designated in the municipal recycling ordinance, and for the collection, disposition and recycling of recyclable materials within any development proposal for the construction of 50 or more units of single-family residential housing or 25 or more units of multi-family residential housing and any commercial or industrial development proposal for the utilization of

1 1,000 square feet or more of land; and

- (13) A farmland preservation plan element, which shall include: an inventory of farm properties and a map illustrating significant areas of agricultural land; a statement showing that municipal ordinances support and promote agriculture as a business; and a plan for preserving as much farmland as possible in the short term by leveraging monies made available by P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-1 et al.) through a variety of mechanisms including, but not limited to, utilizing option agreements, installment purchases, and encouraging donations of permanent development easements.
- c. The master plan and its plan elements may be divided into subplans and subplan elements projected according to periods of time or staging sequences.
- d. The master plan shall include a specific policy statement indicating the relationship of the proposed development of the municipality, as developed in the master plan to (1) the master plans of contiguous municipalities, (2) the master plan of the county in which the municipality is located, (3) the State Development and Redevelopment Plan adopted pursuant to the "State Planning Act," sections 1 through 12 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.) and (4) the district solid waste management plan required pursuant to the provisions of the "Solid Waste Management Act," P.L.1970, c.39 (C.13:1E-1 et seq.) of the county in which the municipality is located. In the case of a municipality situated within the Highlands Region, as defined pursuant to section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), the master plan shall include a specific policy statement indicating the relationship of the proposed development of the municipality, as developed in the master plan, to the Highlands regional master plan adopted pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill).

60. R.S.48:3-7 is amended to read as follow:

(cf: P.L.1999, c.180, s.2)

48:3-7. a. No public utility shall, without the approval of the board, sell, lease, mortgage or otherwise dispose of or encumber its property, franchises, privileges or rights, or any part thereof; or merge or consolidate its property, franchises, privileges or rights, or any part thereof, with that of any other public utility.

Where, by the proposed sale, lease or other disposition of all or a substantial portion of its property, any franchise or franchises, privileges or rights, or any part thereof or merger or consolidation thereof as set forth herein, it appears that the public utility or a wholly owned subsidiary thereof may be unable to fulfill its obligation to any employees thereof with respect to pension benefits previously enjoyed, whether vested or contingent, the board shall not grant its approval unless the public utility seeking the board's approval for such sale,

- lease or other disposition assumes such responsibility as will be sufficient to provide that all such obligations to employees will be
- 3 satisfied as they become due.
- Every sale, mortgage, lease, disposition, encumbrance, merger or consolidation made in violation of this section shall be void.
- Nothing herein shall prevent the sale, lease or other disposition by any public utility of any of its property in the ordinary course of
- 8 business, nor require the approval of the board to any grant,
 9 conveyance or release of any property or interest therein heretofore
- made or hereafter to be made by any public utility to the United States,
- 11 State or any county or municipality or any agency, authority or
- subdivision thereof, for public use.
- 13 The approval of the board shall not be required to validate the title
- of the United States, State or any county or municipality or any
- 15 agency, authority or subdivision thereof, to any lands or interest
- 16 therein heretofore condemned or hereafter to be condemned by the
- 17 United States, State or any county or municipality or any agency,
- authority or subdivision thereof for public use.
- b. Notwithstanding any law, rule, regulation or order to the
- 20 contrary, an autobus public utility regulated by and subject to the
- 21 provisions of Title 48 of the Revised Statutes may, without the
- 22 approval of the Department of Transportation, sell, lease, mortgage or
- 23 otherwise dispose of or encumber its property, or any part thereof,
- 24 except that approval of the Department of Transportation shall be
- 25 required for the following:
- 26 (1) the sale of 60% or more of its property within a 12-month 27 period;
- 28 (2) a merger or consolidation of its property, franchises, privileges 29 or rights; or
- 30 (3) the sale of any of its franchises, privileges or rights.
- Notice of the sale, purchase or lease of any autobus or other vehicle
- 32 subject to regulation under Title 48 of the Revised Statutes shall be
- provided to the Department of Transportation as the department shall require.
- 54 require
- c. Except as otherwise provided in subsection e. of this section, no
- 36 solid waste collector as defined in section 3 of P.L.1970, c.40
- 37 (C.48:13A-3) shall, without the approval of the Department of
- 38 Environmental Protection:
- 39 (1) sell, lease, mortgage or otherwise dispose of or encumber its 40 property, including customer lists; or
- 41 (2) merge or consolidate its property, including customer lists, with
- 42 that of any other person or business concern, whether or not that
- 43 person or business concern is engaged in the business of solid waste
- 44 collection or solid waste disposal pursuant to the provisions of
- 45 P.L.1970 c.39 (C.13:1E-1 et seq.), P.L.1970, c.40 (C.48:13A-1 et
- 46 seq.), P.L.1991, c.381 (C.48:13A-7.1 et al.) or any other act.

- d. Any solid waste collector seeking approval for any transaction enumerated in subsection c. of this section shall file with the department, on forms and in a manner prescribed by the department, a notice of intent at least 30 days prior to the completion of the transaction.
- 6 (1) The department shall promptly review all notices filed pursuant to this subsection. The department may, within 30 days of receipt of 7 8 a notice of intent, request that the solid waste collector submit 9 additional information to assist in its review if it deems that such 10 information is necessary. If no such request is made, the transaction 11 shall be deemed to have been approved. In the event that additional 12 information is requested, the department shall outline, in writing, why 13 it deems such information necessary to make an informed decision on 14 the impact of the transaction on effective competition.

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- (2) The department shall approve or deny a transaction within 60 days of receipt of all requested information. In the event that the department fails to take action on a transaction within the 60-day period specified herein, then the transaction shall be deemed to have been approved.
- (3) The department shall approve a transaction unless it makes a determination pursuant to the provisions of section 19 of P.L.1991, c.381 (C.48:13A-7.19) that the proposed sale, lease, mortgage, disposition, encumbrance, merger or consolidation would result in a lack of effective competition.
- The department shall prescribe and provide upon request all necessary forms for the implementation of the notification requirements of this subsection.
- e. (1) Any solid waste collector may, without the approval of the department, purchase, finance or lease any equipment, including collection or haulage vehicles.
- (2) Any solid waste collector may, without the approval of the department, sell or otherwise dispose of its collection or haulage vehicles; except that no solid waste collector shall, without the approval of the department in the manner provided in subsection d. of this section, sell or dispose of 33% or more of its collection or haulage vehicles within a 12-month period.
- 37 f. (1) The owner or operator of a privately-owned sanitary landfill 38 facility may, without the approval of the Department of Environmental 39 Protection, sell or otherwise dispose of its assets except that the prior 40 approval of the department shall be required (a) to sell all assets 41 associated with the sanitary landfill facility or a portion thereof 42 sufficient to transfer the operation of the sanitary landfill facility to a 43 new owner or operator; (b) to sell a controlling ownership interest in 44 the sanitary landfill facility; or (c) to merge or consolidate its property 45 with that of any other person or business concern, whether or not that 46 person or business concern is engaged in the business of solid waste

disposal pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1970, c.39 (C.13:1E-1 et seq.), P.L.1970, c.40 (C.48:13A-1 et seq.) or any other act.

(2) Any owner or operator seeking approval for any transaction enumerated in this subsection shall file with the department an application therefor, on forms and in a manner prescribed by the department. The department shall promptly review all applications filed pursuant to this subsection and shall serve requests for information regarding any transaction within 30 days following the filing of an application if the department deems that such information is necessary. The department shall approve or deny the transaction within 60 days of receipt of all requested information. In the event that the department fails to take action on a transaction within the 60-day period specified herein, then the transaction shall be deemed to have been approved.

As used in this section, "business concern" means any corporation, association, firm, partnership, sole proprietorship, trust or other form of commercial organization; and "privately-owned sanitary landfill facility" means a commercial sanitary landfill facility which is owned and operated by a private person, corporation or other organization and includes all appurtenances and related improvements used at the site for the transfer, processing or disposal of solid waste.

g. No public water utility shall sell or otherwise convey any land it owns that is located in the Highlands Region, as defined in section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), and is utilized for the purpose of protecting a public water supply, except as may be allowed by the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, with the concurrence of the board, only for the purposes authorized pursuant to section 27 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill).

30 (cf: P.L.2003, c.169, s.17)

- 32 61. Section 1 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196) is amended to read as follows:
 - 1. The Legislature finds and declares that:
 - a. New Jersey, the nation's most densely populated State, requires sound and integrated Statewide planning and the coordination of Statewide planning with local and regional planning in order to conserve its natural resources, revitalize its urban centers, protect the quality of its environment, and provide needed housing and adequate public services at a reasonable cost while promoting beneficial economic growth, development and renewal;
- b. Significant economies, efficiencies and savings in the development process would be realized by private sector enterprise and by public sector development agencies if the several levels of government would cooperate in the preparation of and adherence to sound and integrated plans;

- 1 c. It is of urgent importance that the State Development Guide 2 Plan be replaced by a State Development and Redevelopment Plan 3 designed for use as a tool for assessing suitable locations for 4 infrastructure, housing, economic growth and conservation;
- It is in the public interest to encourage development, 5 6 redevelopment and economic growth in locations that are well situated with respect to present or anticipated public services and facilities, 7 8 giving appropriate priority to the redevelopment, repair, rehabilitation 9 or replacement of existing facilities and to discourage development 10 where it may impair or destroy natural resources or environmental 11 qualities that are vital to the health and well-being of the present and 12 future citizens of this State;
 - e. A cooperative planning process that involves the full participation of State, <u>regional</u>, county and local governments as well as other public and private sector interests will enhance prudent and rational development, redevelopment and conservation policies and the formulation of sound and consistent regional plans and planning criteria;
 - f. Since the overwhelming majority of New Jersey land use planning and development review occurs at the local level, it is important to provide local governments in this State with the technical resources and guidance necessary to assist them in developing land use plans and procedures which are based on sound planning information and practice, and to facilitate the development of local plans which are consistent with State <u>and regional plans</u> and programs;
 - g. An increasing concentration of the poor and minorities in older urban areas jeopardizes the future well-being of this State, and a sound and comprehensive planning process will facilitate the provision of equal social and economic opportunity so that all of New Jersey's citizens can benefit from growth, development and redevelopment;
 - h. An adequate response to judicial mandates respecting housing for low- and moderate-income persons requires sound planning to prevent sprawl and to promote suitable use of land; and
 - i. These purposes can be best achieved through the establishment of a State planning commission consisting of representatives from the executive and legislative branches of State government, local government, the general public and the planning community.

38 (cf: P.L.1985, c.398, s.1) 39

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- 40 62. Section 4 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-199) is amended to 41 read as follows:
 - 4. The commission shall:
- a. Prepare and adopt within 36 months after the enactment of [this act] P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et al.), and revise and readopt at least every three years thereafter, the State Development and Redevelopment Plan, which shall provide a coordinated, integrated and

- 1 comprehensive plan for the growth, development, renewal and
- 2 conservation of the State and its regions and which shall identify areas
- 3 for growth, agriculture, open space conservation and other appropriate
- 4 designations;
- 5 b. Prepare and adopt as part of the plan a long-term Infrastructure
- 6 Needs Assessment, which shall provide information on present and
- 7 prospective conditions, needs and costs with regard to State, county
- 8 and municipal capital facilities, including water, sewerage,
- 9 transportation, solid waste, drainage, flood protection, shore
- 10 protection and related capital facilities;
- 11 c. Develop and promote procedures to facilitate cooperation and
- 12 coordination among State agencies, regional entities, and local
- 13 governments with regard to the development of plans, programs and
- 14 policies which affect land use, environmental, capital and economic
- 15 development issues;
- d. Provide technical assistance to local governments <u>and regional</u> entities in order to encourage the use of the most effective and
- 18 efficient planning and development review data, tools and procedures;
- 19 e. Periodically review State, regional, and local government
- 20 planning procedures and relationships and recommend to the Governor
- 21 and the Legislature administrative or legislative action to promote a
- 22 more efficient and effective planning process;
 - f. Review any bill introduced in either house of the Legislature
- 24 which appropriates funds for a capital project and may study the
- 25 necessity, desirability and relative priority of the appropriation by
- 26 reference to the State Development and Redevelopment Plan, and may
- 27 make recommendations to the Legislature and to the Governor
- 28 concerning the bill; and
- 29 g. Take all actions necessary and proper to carry out the provisions
- 30 of [this act] P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et al.).
- 31 (cf: P.L.1987, c.308, s.1)

- 33 63. Section 5 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-200) is amended to read as follows:
- 5. The State Development and Redevelopment Plan shall be designed to represent a balance of development and conservation
- objectives best suited to meet the needs of the State. The plan shall:
- a. Protect the natural resources and qualities of the State,
- 39 including, but not limited to, agricultural development areas, fresh and
- 40 saltwater wetlands, flood plains, stream corridors, aquifer recharge
- 41 areas, steep slopes, areas of unique flora and fauna, and areas with
- 42 scenic, historic, cultural and recreational values;
- b. Promote development and redevelopment in a manner consistent
- 44 with sound planning and where infrastructure can be provided at
- 45 private expense or with reasonable expenditures of public funds. This
- 46 should not be construed to give preferential treatment to new

construction;

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- c. Consider input from State, <u>regional</u>, county and municipal
 entities concerning their land use, environmental, capital and economic
 development plans, including to the extent practicable any State <u>and</u>
 <u>regional</u> plans concerning natural resources or infrastructure elements;
- d. Identify areas for growth, limited growth, agriculture, open space conservation and other appropriate designations that the commission may deem necessary;
 - e. Incorporate a reference guide of technical planning standards and guidelines used in the preparation of the plan; and
- f. Coordinate planning activities and establish Statewide planning objectives in the following areas: land use, housing, economic development, transportation, natural resource conservation, agriculture and farmland retention, recreation, urban and suburban redevelopment, historic preservation, public facilities and services, and intergovernmental coordination.
- 17 (cf: P.L.1985, c.398, s.5)

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- 19 64. Section 6 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-201) is amended to 20 read as follows:
- 6. a. There is established in the Department of the Treasury the Office of State Planning. The director of the office shall be appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the Governor. The director shall supervise and direct the activities of the office and shall serve as the secretary and principal executive officer of the State Planning Commission.
- 27 b. The Office of State Planning shall assist the commission in the 28 performance of its duties and shall:
 - (1) Publish an annual report on the status of the State Development and Redevelopment Plan which shall describe the progress towards achieving the goals of the plan, the degree of consistency achieved among municipal, county, regional, and State plans, the capital needs of the State, and progress towards providing housing where such need is indicated;
- 35 (2) Provide planning service to other agencies or instrumentalities 36 of State government, review the plans prepared by them, and 37 coordinate planning to avoid or mitigate conflicts between plans;
- 38 (3) Provide advice and assistance to <u>regional</u>, county and local planning units;
- 40 (4) Review and comment on the plans of interstate agencies where 41 the plans affect this State;
- 42 (5) Compile quantitative current estimates and Statewide forecasts 43 for population, employment, housing and land needs for development 44 and redevelopment; and
- (6) Prepare and submit to the State Planning Commission, as an aid
 in the preparation of the State Development and Redevelopment Plan,

alternate growth and development strategies which are likely to produce favorable economic, environmental and social results.

- c. The director shall ensure that the responsibilities and duties of the commission are fulfilled, and shall represent the commission and promote its activities before government agencies, public and private interest groups and the general public, and shall undertake or direct such other activities as the commission shall direct or as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of [this act] P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et al.).
- d. With the consent of the commission, the director shall assign to the commission from the staff of the office at least two full-time planners, a full-time liaison to local and county governments and regional entities, and such other staff, clerical, stenographic and expert assistance as [he] the director shall deem necessary for the fulfillment of the commission's responsibilities and duties.

16 (cf: P.L.1985, c.398, s.6)

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- 65. Section 7 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-202) is amended to read as follows:
- 20 7. a. In preparing, maintaining and revising the State Development 21 and Redevelopment Plan, the commission shall solicit and give due 22 consideration to the plans, comments and advice of each county and 23 municipality, State agencies designated by the commission, the 24 Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council established pursuant 25 to section 4 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), and other local and regional entities. Prior to the adoption of 26 27 each plan, the commission shall prepare and distribute a preliminary plan to each county planning board, municipal planning board and 28 29 other requesting parties, including State agencies, the Highlands Water 30 Protection and Planning Council, and metropolitan planning 31 organizations. Not less than 45 nor more than 90 days thereafter, the 32 commission shall conduct a joint public informational meeting with 33 each county planning board in each county and with the Highlands 34 Water Protection and Planning Council for the purpose of providing 35 information on the plan, responding to inquiries concerning the plan, 36 and receiving informal comments and recommendations from county 37
 - and receiving informal comments and recommendations from county and municipal planning boards, local public officials, the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, and other interested parties.

 b. The commission shall negotiate plan cross-acceptance with each county planning board, which shall solicit and receive any findings, recommendations and objections concerning the plan from local planning bodies. Each county planning board shall negotiate plan cross-acceptance among the local planning bodies within the county, unless it shall notify the commission in writing within 45 days of the receipt of the preliminary plan that it waives this responsibility, in which case the commission shall designate an appropriate entity, or

itself, to assume this responsibility. Each board or designated entity 1 2 shall, within ten months of receipt of the preliminary plan, file with the 3 commission a formal report of findings, recommendations and 4 objections concerning the plan, including a description of the degree 5 of consistency and any remaining inconsistency between the 6 preliminary plan and county and municipal plans. In any event, should any municipality's plan remain inconsistent with the State Development 7 8 and Redevelopment Plan after the completion of the cross-acceptance 9 process, the municipality may file its own report with the State 10 Planning Commission, notwithstanding the fact that the [County 11 Planning Board] county planning board has filed its report with the 12 State Planning Commission. The term cross-acceptance means a 13 process of comparison of planning policies among governmental levels 14 with the purpose of attaining compatibility between local, county.

regional, and State plans. The process is designed to result in a

written statement specifying areas of agreement or disagreement and

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17 areas requiring modification by parties to the cross-acceptance. 18 Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, any 19 municipality or county in the Highlands Region, as defined in section 20 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), 21 whose municipal master plan and development regulations or county 22 master plan and associated regulations, respectively, have been 23 approved by the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council 24 pursuant to sections 14 or 15 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the 25 Legislature as this bill) to be in conformance with the Highlands 26 regional master plan adopted by the council pursuant to section 8 of 27 P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) shall be 28 exempt from the cross-acceptance process required by this subsection 29 for those portions of the municipality or county lying within the 30 Highlands Region.

c. Upon consideration of the formal reports of the county planning boards, the commission shall prepare and distribute a final plan to county and municipal planning boards, the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, and other interested parties. The commission shall conduct not less than six public hearings in different locations throughout the State for the purpose of receiving comments on the final plan. The commission shall give at least 30 days' public notice of each hearing in advertisements in at least two newspapers which circulate in the area served by the hearing and at least 30 days' notice to the governing body and planning board of each county and municipality in the area served by the hearing and to the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council for any area in the Highlands Region served by the hearing.

d. Taking full account of the testimony presented at the public hearings, the commission shall make revisions in the plan as it deems necessary and appropriate and adopt the final plan by a majority vote

- of its authorized membership no later than 60 days after the final public hearing.
- 3 (cf: P.L.1998, c.109, s.1)

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- 5 66. Section 2 of P.L.1989, c.332 (C.52:18A-202.2) is amended to 6 read as follows:
- 7 2. a. The Office of State Planning in consultation with the Office 8 of Economic Policy, shall utilize the following:
 - (1) Conduct portions of these studies using its own staff;
- 10 (2) Contract with other State agencies to conduct portions of these studies; and
- 12 (3) Contract with an independent firm or an institution of higher 13 learning to conduct portions of these studies.
- b. Any portion of the studies conducted by the Office of State Planning, or any other State agency, shall be subject to review by an independent firm or an institution of higher learning.
- 17 c. The Assessment Study and the oversight review shall be 18 submitted in the form of a written report to the State Planning 19 Commission for distribution to the Governor, the Legislature, 20 appropriate regional entities, and the governing bodies of each county 21 and municipality in the State during the cross-acceptance process and 22 prior to the adoption of the Final Plan.
- d. A period extending from at least 45 days prior to the first of six public hearings, which are required under the State Planning Act, P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.), to 30 days following the last public hearing shall be provided for counties and municipalities to review and respond to the studies. Requests for revisions to the Interim Plan shall be considered by the State Planning Commission in the formulation of the Final Plan.
- 30 (cf: P.L.1989, c.332, s.2)

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- 32 67. Section 8 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-203) is amended to read as follows:
- 8. The commission shall adopt rules and regulations to carry out its purposes, including procedures to facilitate the solicitation and receipt of comments in the preparation of the preliminary and final plan and to ensure a process for comparison of the plan with county and municipal master plans and regional plans, and procedures for coordinating the information collection, storage and retrieval activities of the various State agencies.
- 41 (cf: P.L1985, c.398, s.8)

- 43 68. Section 9 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-204) is amended to 44 read as follows:
- 9. The commission shall be entitled to call to its assistance any personnel of any State agency, regional entity, or county, municipality

1 or political subdivision thereof as it may require in order to perform its 2 duties. The officers and personnel of any State agency, regional entity, or county, municipality or political subdivision thereof and any 3 4 other person may serve at the request of the commission upon any advisory committee as the commission may create without forfeiture 5 6 of office or employment and with no loss or diminution in the 7 compensation, status, rights and privileges which they otherwise enjoy. 8 (cf: P.L.1985, c.398, s.9) 9 10 69. Section 10 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-205) is amended to 11 read as follows: 12 10. Each State agency, regional entity, or county, municipality or 13 political subdivision thereof shall make available to the commission 14 any studies, surveys, plans, data and other materials or information 15 concerning the capital, land use, environmental, transportation, 16 economic development and human services plans and programs of the 17 agency, entity, county, municipality or political subdivision. 18 (cf: P.L.1985, c.398, s.10) 19 20 70. Section 11 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-206) is amended to 21 22 11. a. The provisions of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et al.) 23 shall not be construed to affect the plans and regulations of the 24 Pinelands Commission pursuant to the "Pinelands Protection Act," 25 P.L. 1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.) [or], the [Hackensack] New Jersey Meadowlands [Development] Commission pursuant to the 26 27 "Hackensack Meadowlands Reclamation and Development Act," P.L.1968, c.404 (C.13:17-1 et seq.), or the Highlands Water 28 29 Protection and Planning Council pursuant to the "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act," P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the 30 31 Legislature as this bill) for that portion of the Highlands Region lying 32 within the preservation area as defined in section 3 of P.L. , c. 33 (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill). The State Planning 34 Commission shall rely on the adopted plans and regulations of these 35 entities in developing the State Development and Redevelopment Plan. b. The State Planning Commission may adopt, after the enactment 36 37 date of P.L.1993, c.190 (C.13:19-5.1 et al.), the coastal planning 38 policies of the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to P.L.1973, 39 c.185 (C.13:19-1 et seq.), the coastal planning policies of the rules and 40 regulations adopted pursuant to subsection b. of section 17 of 41 P.L.1973, c.185 (C.13:19-17) and any coastal planning policies of 42 rules and regulations adopted pursuant to P.L.1973, c.185 (C.13:19-1 43 et seq.) thereafter as the State Development and Redevelopment Plan 44 for the coastal area as defined in section 4 of P.L.1973, c.185

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(C.13:19-4).

(cf: P.L.1993, c.190, s.19)

- 1 71. Section 13 of P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-13) is amended to 2 read as follows:
- 13. a. The department shall prepare and adopt the New Jersey 3 4 Statewide Water Supply Plan, which plan shall be revised and updated 5 at least once every five years.
- 6 b. The plan shall include, but need not be limited to, the following:
- (1) An identification of existing Statewide and regional ground and 7 8 surface water supply sources, both interstate and intrastate, and the 9 current usage thereof;
 - (2) Projections of Statewide and regional water supply demands for the duration of the plan;
- 12 (3) Recommendations for improvements to existing State water 13 supply facilities, the construction of additional State water supply 14 facilities, and for the interconnection or consolidation of existing water 15 supply systems;
- 16 (4) Recommendations for the diversion or use of fresh surface or 17 ground waters and saline surface or ground waters for aquaculture 18 purposes;
 - (5) Recommendations for legislative and administrative actions to provide for the maintenance and protection of watershed areas; and
- 21 (6) Identification of lands purchased by the State for water supply 22 facilities that currently are not actively used for water supply purposes, 23 including, but not limited to, the Six Mile Run Reservoir Site, with recommendations as to the future use of these lands for water supply 24 25 purposes within or outside of the planning horizon for the plan.
 - c. Prior to adopting the plan, including any revisions and updates thereto, the department shall:
 - (1) Prepare and make available to all interested persons a copy of the proposed plan or proposed revisions and updates to the current plan;
- 31 (2) Conduct public meetings in the several geographic areas of the 32 State on the proposed plan or proposed revisions and updates to the 33 current plan; and
 - (3) Consider the comments made at these meetings, make any revisions to the proposed plan or proposed revisions and updates to the current plan as it deems necessary, and adopt the plan.
- 37 d. Prior to the adoption of any revision to the New Jersey 38 Statewide Water Supply Plan pursuant to this section, the department 39 shall consult with the Highlands Water Protection and Planning
- 40 Council concerning the possible effects and impact of the plan upon
- 41 the Highlands regional master plan and the water and other natural
- 42 resources of the Highlands Region.
- 43 (cf: P.L.2003, c.251, s.2)

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45 72. Section 10 of P.L.1993, c.202 (C.58:1A-15.1) is amended to read as follows: 46

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- 1 10. No action taken by the department pursuant to the provisions 2 of P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-1 et al.) or P.L.1993, c.202 3 (C.58:1A-7.3 et al.) shall be inconsistent with the provisions of the 4 "Pinelands Protection Act," P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.) 5 [or], the comprehensive management plan for the pinelands area adopted pursuant to section 7 of P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-8), the 6 7 "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act," P.L. , c. (C.) 8 (now before the Legislature as this bill), or the Highlands regional 9 master plan adopted pursuant to section 8 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now 10 before the Legislature as this bill). (cf: P.L.1993, c.202, s.10) 11 12 13 73. Section 6 of P.L.1981, c.293 (C.58:1B-6) is amended to read 14 as follows: 15 6. a. The authority is hereby empowered to design, initiate, acquire, construct, maintain, repair and operate projects or cause the 16 17 same to be operated pursuant to a lease, sublease, or agreement with 18 any person or governmental agency, and to issue bonds of the 19 authority to finance these projects, payable from the revenues and
- shall conform to the recommendations of the New Jersey Statewide
 Water Supply Plan.
 b. The authority shall be subject to compliance with all State health
 and environmental protection statutes and regulations and any other
 statutes and regulations not inconsistent herewith. The authority may,
 upon the request of a governmental agency, enter into a contract to

other funds of the authority. All projects undertaken by the authority

- 28 c. The authority shall consult with the Water Supply Advisory 29 Council from time to time prior to final action on any project or 30 undertaking authorized pursuant to this section.
- d. The authority shall consult with the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, established pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), from time to time prior to final action on any project or undertaking authorized pursuant to this section in the Highlands Region, as defined in section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill). The provisions of section 17 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the
- 38 Legislature as this bill) shall apply to the authority.
- 39 (cf: P.L.1981, c.293, s.6)

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provide services for any project.

- 41 74. Section 7 of P.L.2000, c.175 (C.58:4B-7) is amended to read 42 as follows:
- 7. The Lake Hopatcong Commission shall, in conjunction with each Lake Hopatcong municipality, develop a stormwater and nonpoint source pollution management plan for the region. The stormwater management and nonpoint source pollution plan shall be

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1 designed to reduce siltation and prevent pollution caused by 2 stormwater runoff or nonpoint sources that would otherwise degrade 3 the water quality of Lake Hopatcong and its tributaries, interfere with 4 water-based recreation, or adversely affect aquatic life. The goals and 5 purposes of the plan shall be to improve the quality of stormwater 6 runoff entering Lake Hopatcong, identify cost effective measures to 7 control stormwater runoff and nonpoint source pollution, and identify 8 funding mechanisms for implementation of such measures. The 9 commission shall consult with the Highlands Water Protection and 10 Planning Council, established pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. 11 (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), in developing the stormwater and nonpoint source pollution management plan pursuant 12 13 to this section. Any plan developed pursuant to this section that may 14 impact upon or otherwise affect the Highlands preservation area, as 15 defined in section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), shall be consistent with the Highlands regional master plan 16 17 adopted by the council pursuant to section 8 of that act.

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(cf: P.L.2000, c.175, s.7)

(cf: P.L.2000, c.175, s.9)

75. Section 9 of P.L.2000, c.175 (C.58:4B-9) is amended to read as follows:

21 22 9. Each municipality represented on the commission shall provide 23 the commission notice of proposed amendments and revisions to 24 municipal master plans, zoning and other ordinances governing land 25 use and development, and applications for specific development 26 projects, and request that the commission review and evaluate the 27 proposed amendment, revision, or application to assess its potential 28 impact upon Lake Hopatcong and its watershed and provide the 29 commission's recommendations for appropriate action thereon. As 30 part of the commission's review and evaluation, the commission shall consider the consistency of the amendment or revision with the 31 32 Highlands regional master plan if it may impact upon or otherwise 33 affect the Highlands preservation area, as defined in section 3 of 34 P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), and shall 35 consult with the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, 36 established pursuant to section 4of P.L. , c. (C.) (now before 37 the Legislature as this bill), on any such matter.

- 76. R.S.58:5-12 is amended to read as follows:
- 58:5-12. The district water supply commission shall thereupon proceed to formulate plans for obtaining a water supply or a new or additional water supply for [such] the municipality and any other municipalities that may desire water from such joint water supply, as provided for herein, and to estimate the cost thereof, the annual cost of operating the same, the probable share of the cost which each of

- 1 the municipalities will be called upon to pay for its share of water
- 2 supply and plant used in common with the other municipalities, and the
- 3 cost of any distribution system, water supply or plant acquired or
- 4 constructed for its individual use, and shall report [said] the plans to
- 5 the municipalities, together with a form of contract, providing for the
- 6 raising and payment of the necessary funds to meet the cost of
- 7 acquisition and operation.
- 8 If the plans to be formulated pursuant to this section involve
- 9 obtaining water from the Highlands Region, as defined in section 3 of
- 10 P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), the
- 11 <u>district water supply commission shall consult with the Highlands</u>
- 12 <u>Water Protection and Planning Council established pursuant to section</u>
- 13 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) prior
- 14 to moving forward with any such plans or entering into any such
- 15 contracts. The provisions of section 17 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now
- 16 before the Legislature as this bill) shall apply to the district water
- 17 <u>supply commission</u>.
- 18 (cf: R.S.58:5-12)

- 20 77. Section 1 of P.L.1993, c.351 (C.58:10A-7.2) is amended to 21 read as follows:
- 1. a. An application for a permit issued by the Department of
- 23 Environmental Protection pursuant to P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et
- seq.) for the discharge of groundwater to surface water involving a
- 25 groundwater remedial action necessitated by a discharge from an
- 26 underground storage tank containing petroleum products or a
- 27 groundwater remedial action involving petroleum products, shall
- 28 contain, in addition to a properly filled application form:
- 29 (1) such documentation or other information on the permit
- 30 application as may be prescribed by the department on a checklist
- 31 made available to a prospective applicant;
- 32 (2) if the discharge from the proposed groundwater remedial action
- 33 is located within a wastewater service district or area of a local public
- 34 entity, a certified statement that a request, dated at least 60 days prior
- 35 to the filing of the permit application, had been made to the local
- 36 public entity to discharge the groundwater into the wastewater
- 37 collection or treatment facilities of that entity, and that no reply has
- 38 been received from that entity, or a written statement by the local
- public entity, dated not more than 60 days prior to the filing of the permit application with the department, that the entity has approved
- 41 or rejected a written request by the applicant to discharge the treated
- 42 groundwater into the wastewater collection or treatment facilities of
- 43 that entity. Notwithstanding that a local public entity has approved
- 44 the request to discharge groundwater into its facilities, the department
- 45 may approve the applicant's permit to discharge the groundwater to
- surface water upon a finding that it is in the public interest;

- 1 (3) a certified statement that a copy of the completed application 2 form along with a consent request, as prescribed in subsection b. of 3 this section, have been filed with the clerk of the municipality in which 4 the site of the proposed groundwater remedial action is located, and 5 setting forth the date of the filing with the host municipality, which 6 filing shall be made prior to, or concurrent with, the filing of the 7 application with the department; [and]
- 8 (4) within the pinelands area, documentation from the Pinelands
 9 Commission that the application is consistent with the requirements of
 10 the "Pinelands Protection Act," P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.)
 11 or any regulations promulgated pursuant thereto and section 502 of
 12 the "National Parks and Recreation Act of 1978" (Pub.L. 95-625); and
 13 (5) within the Highlands preservation area, documentation from the
- 13 (5) within the Highlands preservation area, documentation from the
 14 Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council that the application
 15 is consistent with the requirements of the "Highlands Water Protection
 16 and Planning Act," P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as
 17 this bill), and any rules and regulations and the Highlands regional
 18 master plan adopted pursuant thereto.

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- b. The department shall prescribe the form and content of a request for consent filed with a municipality pursuant to paragraph (3) of subsection a. of this section. The municipal consent request shall be limited to an identification of all municipal approvals with which the applicant is required to comply, the status of any applications filed therefor, and whether or not the municipality consents to the application and the specific reasons therefor. The request for consent form shall also advise that documentation and other information relating to the application have been filed and are available for review at the department. A municipality receiving a request for consent form shall have 30 days from the date of receipt of a copy of the application and request for consent form to file with the department the information requested, and its consent of, or objections to, the application. Municipal consent or objection to a groundwater remedial action shall be by resolution of the governing body of the municipality unless the governing body has, by resolution, delegated such authority to a qualified officer or entity thereof, in which case the endorsement shall be signed by the designated officer or official of the entity. Notwithstanding that a municipality objects to a permit application or fails to file a consent or objection to the permit application, the department may approve the applicant's permit application to discharge groundwater to surface water.
- c. An application pursuant to subsection a. of this section shall be deemed complete, for the purposes of departmental review, within 30 days of the filing of the application with the department unless the department notifies the applicant, in writing, prior to expiration of the 30 days that the application has failed to satisfy one or more of the items identified in subsection a. of this section. If an application is

- determined to be complete, the department shall review and take final
- 2 action on the completed application within 60 days from
- 3 commencement of the review, or, if the parties mutually agree to a
- 4 30-day extension, within 90 days therefrom. The review period for a
- 5 completed application shall commence immediately upon termination
- 6 of the 30-day period, or upon determination by the department that the
- 7 application is complete, whichever occurs first. If the department fails
- 8 to take final action on a permit application for a general permit in the
- 9 time frames set forth in this subsection, that general permit shall be
- 10 deemed to have been approved by the department. The department
- shall review an application for a permit pursuant to subsection a. of
- 12 this section and shall take action on that application pursuant to the
- 13 time frames set forth in this subsection, notwithstanding that all of the
- municipal approvals have not been obtained, unless such approvals
- 15 would materially affect the terms and conditions of the permit, except
- 16 that in such instances the department may condition its approval of the
- 17 application on the necessary municipal approvals being subject to the
- 18 terms and conditions of the application.

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- d. The department may issue a general permit for the discharge of groundwater to surface water pursuant to a groundwater remedial action of discharged petroleum products as provided in subsection a. of this section.
- e. (1) The department may not require a municipal consent of a treatment works application for a groundwater remedial action for which a permit application is submitted pursuant to subsection a. of this section.
- 27 (2) If a completed application for a treatment works approval for 28 a groundwater remedial action is filed with the department at the same 29 time as an application for a general permit therefor, the department 30 shall concurrently review the two applications, except that the review 31 of the application for the treatment works approval for a groundwater 32 remedial action shall not be subject to the time frames set forth in 33 subsection c. of this section.
 - f. The provisions of this section shall apply to applications filed on or after the effective date of this act, except that the Department of Environmental Protection may implement any of the provisions of this section prior to that date.
- g. The department may, in accordance with the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), adopt rules and regulations to implement the provisions of this act.
 - h. For purposes of this section:
- "General permit" means a permit issued by the department for similar discharges.
- "Groundwater remedial action" means the removal or abatement of one or more pollutants in a groundwater source.
- 46 "Local public entity" means a sewerage authority established

- 1 pursuant to P.L.1946, c.138 (C.40:14A-1 et seq.), a municipal
- 2 authority established pursuant to P.L.1957, c.183 (C.40:14B-1 et
- 3 seq.), the Passaic Valley Sewerage Commissioners continued pursuant
- 4 to R.S.58:14-2, a joint meeting established pursuant to R.S.40:63-68
- 5 et seq. or a local unit authorized to operate a sewerage facility
- 6 pursuant to N.J.S.40A:26A-1 et seq., or any predecessor act.
- "Underground storage tank" shall have the same meaning as in 7 8 section 2 of P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-22), except that as used 9 herein underground storage tanks shall include:
- 10 (1) farm underground storage tanks of 1,100 gallons or less 11 capacity used for storing motor fuel for noncommercial purposes;
- 12 (2) underground storage tanks used to store heating oil for on-site consumption in a nonresidential building with a capacity of 2,000 gallons or less; and
- 15 (3) underground storage tanks used to store heating oil for on-site 16 consumption in a residential building.
- 17 (cf: P.L.1993, c.351, s.1)

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- 19 78. Section 24 of P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-2) is amended to read as follows:
- 20 21 24. a. The department shall, pursuant to the "Administrative
- 22 Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), adopt rules and
- 23 regulations establishing criteria and minimum standards necessary for
- 24 the submission, evaluation and approval of plans or results of
- 25 preliminary assessments, site investigations, remedial investigations,
- 26 and remedial action workplans and for the implementation thereof.
- 27 The documents for the preliminary assessment, site investigation,
- remedial investigation, and remedial action workplan required to be 28
- 29 submitted for a remediation, shall not be identical to the criteria and
- 30 standards used for similar documents submitted pursuant to federal
- law, except as may be required by federal law. In establishing criteria 31
- 32 and minimum standards for these terms the department shall strive to
- be result oriented, provide for flexibility, and to avoid duplicate or 33
- 34 unnecessarily costly or time consuming conditions or standards.
- 35 The regulations adopted by the department pursuant to 36 subsection a. of this section shall provide that a person performing a
- 37 remediation may deviate from the strict adherence to the regulations,
- 38 in a variance procedure or by another method prescribed by the
- 39 department, if that person can demonstrate that the deviation and the
- 40 resulting remediation would be as protective of human health, safety,
- 41 and the environment, as appropriate, as the department's regulations
- 42 and that the health risk standards established in subsection d. of
- 43 section 35 of P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-12) and any applicable
- 44 environmental standards would be met. Factors to be considered in
- 45 determining if the deviation should be allowed are whether the
- alternative method: 46

- 1 (1) has been either used successfully or approved by the 2 department in writing or similar situations;
- 3 (2) reflects current technology as documented in peer-reviewed 4 professional journals;
- 5 (3) can be expected to achieve the same or substantially the same 6 results or objectives as the method which it is to replace; and
- 7 (4) furthers the attainment of the goals of the specific remedial 8 phase for which it is used.
- The department shall make available to the public, and shall periodically update, a list of alternative remediation methods used successfully or approved by the department as provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection.
- 13 c. To the extent practicable and in conformance with the standards 14 for remediations as provided in section 35 of P.L.1993, c.139 15 (C.58:10-12), the department shall adopt rules and regulations that allow for certain remedial actions to be undertaken in a manner 16 prescribed by the department without having to obtain prior approval 17 18 from or submit detailed documentation to the department. A person 19 who performs a remedial action in the manner prescribed in the rules 20 and regulations of the department, and who certifies this fact to the 21 department, shall obtain a no further action letter from the department 22 for that particular remedial action.
- d. The department shall develop regulatory procedures that encourage the use of innovative technologies in the performance of remedial actions and other remediation activities.
- e. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, all remediation standards and remedial actions that involve real property located in the pinelands area shall be consistent with the provisions of the "Pinelands Protection Act," P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.), any rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto, and with section 502 of the "National Parks and Recreation Act of 1978," 16 U.S.C. s.471i.
- f. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, all remediation standards and remedial actions that involve real property located in the Highlands preservation area shall be consistent with the provisions of the "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act," P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), and any
- rules and regulations and the Highlands regional master plan adopted
- 39 pursuant thereto.

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40 (cf: P.L.1997, c.278, s.10)

42 79. Section 35 of P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-12) is amended to 43 read as follows:

35. a. The Department of Environmental Protection shall adopt minimum remediation standards for soil, groundwater, and surface water quality necessary for the remediation of contamination of real 1 property. The remediation standards shall be developed to ensure that

- 2 the potential for harm to public health and safety and to the
- 3 environment is minimized to acceptable levels, taking into
- 4 consideration the location, the surroundings, the intended use of the
- property, the potential exposure to the discharge, and the surrounding 5
- 6 ambient conditions, whether naturally occurring or man-made.
- 7 Until the minimum remediation standards for the protection of
- 8 public health and safety as described herein are adopted, the
- 9 department shall apply public health and safety remediation standards
- 10 for contamination at a site on a case-by-case basis based upon the
- 11 considerations and criteria enumerated in this section.
- The department shall not propose or adopt remediation standards 12
- 13 protective of the environment pursuant to this section, except
- 14 standards for groundwater or surface water, until recommendations
- 15 are made by the Environment Advisory Task Force created pursuant
- to section 37 of P.L.1993, c.139. Until the Environment Advisory 16
- Task Force issues its recommendations and the department adopts 17
- 18 remediation standards protective of the environment as required by
- 19 this section, the department shall continue to determine the need for
- 20 and the application of remediation standards protective of the
- 21 environment on a case-by-case basis in accordance with the guidance
- 22 and regulations of the United States Environmental Protection Agency 23
- pursuant to the "Comprehensive Environmental Response,
- Compensation and Liability Act of 1980," 42 U.S.C. s.9601 et seq. 24
- 25 and other statutory authorities as applicable.
- 26 The department may not require any person to perform an
- 27 ecological evaluation of any area of concern that consists of an
- 28 underground storage tank storing heating oil for on-site consumption
- 29 in a one to four family residential building.
- 30 b. In developing minimum remediation standards the department
- 31 shall:

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- 32 (1) base the standards on generally accepted and peer reviewed
- 33 scientific evidence or methodologies;
- 34 (2) base the standards upon reasonable assumptions of exposure
- 35 scenarios as to amounts of contaminants to which humans or other
- 36 receptors will be exposed, when and where those exposures will occur,
- 37 and the amount of that exposure;
- 38 (3) avoid the use of redundant conservative assumptions. The
- 39 department shall avoid the use of redundant conservative assumptions
- 40 by the use of parameters that provide an adequate margin of safety and
- which avoid the use of unrealistic conservative exposure parameters 41
- 42 and which guidelines make use of the guidance and regulations for
- 43 exposure assessment developed by the United States Environmental
- Protection Agency pursuant to the "Comprehensive Environmental 45 Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980," 42 U.S.C.
- s.9601 et seq. and other statutory authorities as applicable; 46

- (4) where feasible, establish the remediation standards as numeric
 or narrative standards setting forth acceptable levels or concentrations
 for particular contaminants; and
- 4 (5) consider and utilize, in the absence of other standards used or 5 developed by the Department of Environmental Protection and the 6 United States Environmental Protection Agency, the toxicity factors, 7 slope factors for carcinogens and reference doses for non-carcinogens 8 from the United States Environmental Protection Agency's Integrated 9 Risk Information System (IRIS).
- 10 c. (1) The department shall develop residential and nonresidential 11 soil remediation standards that are protective of public health and 12 For contaminants that are mobile and transportable to 13 groundwater or surface water, the residential and nonresidential soil 14 remediation standards shall be protective of groundwater and surface 15 water. Residential soil remediation standards shall be set at levels or concentrations of contamination for real property based upon the use 16 17 of that property for residential or similar uses and which will allow the 18 unrestricted use of that property without the need of engineering 19 devices or any institutional controls and without exceeding a health 20 risk standard greater than that provided in subsection d. of this 21 section. Nonresidential soil remediation standards shall be set at levels 22 or concentrations of contaminants that recognize the lower likelihood 23 of exposure to contamination on property that will not be used for 24 residential or similar uses, which will allow for the unrestricted use of 25 that property for nonresidential purposes, and that can be met without 26 the need of engineering controls. Whenever real property is 27 remediated to a nonresidential soil remediation standard, except as otherwise provided in paragraph (3) of subsection g. of this section, 28 29 the department shall require, pursuant to section 36 of P.L.1993, c.139 30 (C.58:10B-13), that the use of the property be restricted to nonresidential or other uses compatible with the extent of the 31 32 contamination of the soil and that access to that site be restricted in a 33 manner compatible with the allowable use of that property.
 - (2) The department may develop differential remediation standards for surface water or groundwater that take into account the current, planned, or potential use of that water in accordance with the "Clean Water Act" (33 U.S.C. s.1251 et seq.) and the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.).

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39 d. The department shall develop minimum remediation standards 40 for soil, groundwater, and surface water intended to be protective of public health and safety taking into account the provisions of this 41 42 In developing these minimum health risk remediation 43 standards the department shall identify the hazards posed by a 44 contaminant to determine whether exposure to that contaminant can 45 cause an increase in the incidence of an adverse health effect and whether the adverse health effect may occur in humans. 46

- department shall set minimum soil remediation health risk standards
 for both residential and nonresidential uses that:
- (1) for human carcinogens, as categorized by the United States
 Environmental Protection Agency, will result in an additional cancer
 risk of one in one million;
- 6 (2) for noncarcinogens, will limit the Hazard Index for any given 7 effect to a value not exceeding one.

8 The health risk standards established in this subsection are for any particular contaminant and not for the cumulative effects of more than one contaminant at a site.

- e. Remediation standards and other remediation requirements 11 established pursuant to this section and regulations adopted pursuant 12 13 thereto shall apply to remediation activities required pursuant to the 14 "Spill Compensation and Control Act," P.L.1976, c.141 15 (C.58:10-23.11 et seq.), the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.), P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-21 et seq.), the 16 "Industrial Site Recovery Act," P.L.1983, c.330 (C.13:1K-6 et al.), the 17 18 "Solid Waste Management Act," P.L.1970, c.39 (C.13:1E-1 et seq.), 19 the "Comprehensive Regulated Medical Waste Management Act," 20 P.L.1989, c.34 (C.13:1E-48.1 et seq.), the "Major Hazardous Waste 21 Facilities Siting Act," P.L.1981, c.279 (C.13:1E-49 et seq.), the 22 "Sanitary Landfill Facility Closure and Contingency Fund Act," 23 P.L.1981, c.306 (C.13:1E-100 et seq.), the "Regional Low-Level Radioactive Waste Disposal Facility Siting Act," P.L.1987, c.333 24 25 (C.13:1E-177 et seq.), or any other law or regulation by which the 26 State may compel a person to perform remediation activities on 27 contaminated property. However, nothing in this subsection shall be 28 construed to limit the authority of the department to establish 29 discharge limits for pollutants or to prescribe penalties for violations 30 of those limits pursuant to P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.), or to
- 33 f. (1) A person performing a remediation of contaminated real 34 property, in lieu of using the established minimum soil remediation 35 standard for either residential use or nonresidential use adopted by the 36 department pursuant to subsection c. of this section, may submit to the department a request to use an alternative residential use or 37 38 nonresidential use soil remediation standard. The use of an alternative 39 soil remediation standard shall be based upon site specific factors 40 which may include (1) physical site characteristics which may vary from those used by the department in the development of the soil 41 42 remediation standards adopted pursuant to this section; or (2) a site 43 specific risk assessment. If a person performing a remediation 44 requests to use an alternative soil remediation standard based upon a 45 site specific risk assessment, that person shall demonstrate to the department that the requested deviation from the risk assessment 46

require the complete removal of nonhazardous solid waste pursuant to

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law.

protocol used by the department in the development of soil remediation standards pursuant to this section is consistent with the guidance and regulations for exposure assessment developed by the United States Environmental Protection Agency pursuant to the "Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980," 42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq. and other statutory authorities as applicable. A site specific risk assessment may consider exposure scenarios and assumptions that take into account the form of the contaminant present, natural biodegradation, fate and transport of the contaminant, available toxicological data that are based upon generally accepted and peer reviewed scientific evidence or methodologies, and physical characteristics of the site, including, but

not limited to, climatic conditions and topographic conditions.

Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize the use of
an alternative soil remediation standard in those instances where an
engineering control is the appropriate remedial action, as determined
by the department, to prevent exposure to contamination.

Upon a determination by the department that the requested alternative remediation standard satisfies the department's regulations, is protective of public health and safety, as established in subsection d. of this section, and is protective of the environment pursuant to subsection a. of this section, the alternative residential use or nonresidential use soil remediation standard shall be approved by the department. The burden to demonstrate that the requested alternative remediation standard is protective rests with the person requesting the alternative standard and the department may require the submission of any documentation as the department determines to be necessary in order for the person to meet that burden.

- (2) The department may, upon its own initiative, require an alternative remediation standard for a particular contaminant for a specific real property site, in lieu of using the established minimum residential use or nonresidential use soil remediation standard adopted by the department for a particular contaminant pursuant to this section. The department may require an alternative remediation standard pursuant to this paragraph upon a determination by the department, based on the weight of the scientific evidence, that due to specific physical site characteristics of the subject real property, including, but not limited to, its proximity to surface water, the use of the adopted residential use or nonresidential use soil remediation standards would not be protective, or would be unnecessarily overprotective, of public health or safety or of the environment, as appropriate.
- g. The development, selection, and implementation of any remediation standard or remedial action shall ensure that it is protective of public health, safety, and the environment, as applicable, as provided in this section. In determining the appropriate remediation

standard or remedial action that shall occur at a site, the department and any person performing the remediation, shall base the decision on the following factors:

- 4 (1) Unrestricted use remedial actions, limited restricted use 5 remedial actions and restricted use remedial actions shall be allowed 6 except that unrestricted use remedial actions and limited restricted use remedial actions shall be preferred over restricted use remedial actions. 7 8 The department, however, may not disapprove the use of a restricted 9 use remedial action or a limited restricted use remedial action so long 10 as the selected remedial action meets the health risk standard 11 established in subsection d. of this section, and where, as applicable, is protective of the environment. The choice of the remedial action to 12 13 be implemented shall be made by the person performing the 14 remediation in accordance with regulations adopted by the department 15 and that choice of the remedial action shall be approved by the department if all the criteria for remedial action selection enumerated 16 17 in this section, as applicable, are met. The department may not 18 require a person to compare or investigate any alternative remedial 19 action as part of its review of the selected remedial action;
 - (2) Contamination may, upon the department's approval, be left onsite at levels or concentrations that exceed the minimum soil remediation standards for residential use if the implementation of institutional or engineering controls at that site will result in the protection of public health, safety and the environment at the health risk standard established in subsection d. of this section and if the requirements established in subsections a., b., c. and d. of section 36 of P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-13) are met;

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- (3) Real property on which there is soil that has not been remediated to the residential soil remediation standards, or real property on which the soil, groundwater, or surface water has been remediated to meet the required health risk standard by the use of engineering or institutional controls, may be developed or used for residential purposes, or for any other similar purpose, if (a) all areas of that real property at which a person may come into contact with soil are remediated to meet the residential soil remediation standards and (b) it is clearly demonstrated that for all areas of the real property, other than those described in subparagraph (a) above, engineering and institutional controls can be implemented and maintained on the real property sufficient to meet the health risk standard as established in subsection d. of this section;
- 41 (4) Remediation shall not be required beyond the regional natural 42 background levels for any particular contaminant. The department 43 shall develop regulations that set forth a process to identify 44 background levels of contaminants for a particular region. For the 45 purpose of this paragraph "regional natural background levels" means 46 the concentration of a contaminant consistently present in the

1 environment of the region of the site and which has not been 2 influenced by localized human activities;

- (5) Remediation shall not be required of the owner or operator of real property for contamination coming onto the site from another property owned and operated by another person, unless the owner or operator is the person who is liable for cleanup and removal costs pursuant to P.L.1976, c.141 (C.58:10-23.11 et seq.);
- (6) Groundwater that is contaminated shall not be required to be remediated to a level or concentration for any particular contaminant lower than the level or concentration that is migrating onto the property from another property owned and operated by another person;
- (7) The technical performance, effectiveness and reliability of the proposed remedial action in attaining and maintaining compliance with applicable remediation standards and required health risk standards shall be considered. In reviewing a proposed remedial action, the department shall also consider the ability of the owner or operator to implement the proposed remedial action within a reasonable time frame without jeopardizing public health, safety or the environment;
- (8) The use of a remedial action for soil contamination that is determined by the department to be effective in its guidance document created pursuant to section 38 of P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-14), is presumed to be an appropriate remedial action if it is to be implemented on a site in the manner described by the department in the guidance document and applicable regulations and if all of the conditions for remedy selection provided for in this section are met. The burden to prove compliance with the criteria in the guidance document is with the person performing the remediation;
 - (9) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1997, c.278).

The burden to demonstrate that a remedial action is protective of public health, safety and the environment, as applicable, and has been selected in conformance with the provisions of this subsection is with the person proposing the remedial action.

The department may require the person performing the remediation to supply the information required pursuant to this subsection as is necessary for the department to make a determination.

h. (1) The department shall adopt regulations which establish a procedure for a person to demonstrate that a particular parcel of land contains large quantities of historical fill material. determination by the department that large quantities of historic fill material exist on that parcel of land, there is a rebuttable presumption that the department shall not require any person to remove or treat the fill material in order to comply with applicable health risk or environmental standards. In these areas the department shall establish by regulation the requirement for engineering or institutional controls that are designed to prevent exposure of these contaminants to

1 humans, that allow for the continued use of the property, that are less 2 costly than removal or treatment, which maintain the health risk 3 standards as established in subsection d. of this section, and, as 4 applicable, are protective of the environment. The department may 5 rebut the presumption only upon a finding by the preponderance of the 6 evidence that the use of engineering or institutional controls would not be effective in protecting public health, safety, and the environment. 7 8 The department may not adopt any rule or regulation that has the 9 effect of shifting the burden of rebutting the presumption. For the 10 purposes of this paragraph "historic fill material" means generally large 11 volumes of non-indigenous material, no matter what date they were 12 emplaced on the site, used to raise the topographic elevation of a site, 13 which were contaminated prior to emplacement and are in no way 14 connected with the operations at the location of emplacement and 15 which include, but are not limited to, construction debris, dredge spoils, incinerator residue, demolition debris, fly ash, 16 17 non-hazardous solid waste. Historic fill material shall not include any 18 material which is substantially chromate chemical production waste or 19 any other chemical production waste or waste from processing of 20 metal or mineral ores, residues, slags or tailings.

(2) The department shall develop recommendations for remedial actions in large areas of historic industrial contamination. These recommendations shall be designed to meet the health risk standards established in subsection d. of this section, and to be protective of the environment and shall take into account the industrial history of these sites, the extent of the contamination that may exist, the costs of remedial actions, the economic impacts of these policies, and the anticipated uses of these properties. The department shall issue a report to the Senate Environment Committee and to the Assembly Agriculture and Waste Management Committee, or their successors, explaining these recommendations and making any recommendations for legislative or regulatory action.

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- (3) The department may not, as a condition of allowing the use of a nonresidential use soil remediation standard, or the use of institutional or engineering controls, require the owner of that real property, except as provided in section 36 of P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-13), to restrict the use of that property through the filing of a deed easement, covenant, or condition.
- i. The department may not require a remedial action workplan to be prepared or implemented or engineering or institutional controls to be imposed upon any real property unless sampling performed at that real property demonstrates the existence of contamination above the applicable remediation standards.
- j. Upon the approval by the department of a remedial action workplan, or similar plan that describes the extent of contamination at a site and the remedial action to be implemented to address that

- 1 contamination, the department may not subsequently require a change
- 2 to that workplan or similar plan in order to compel a different
- 3 remediation standard due to the fact that the established remediation
- 4 standards have changed; however, the department may compel a
- different remediation standard if the difference between the new 5
- 6 remediation standard and the remediation standard approved in the
- 7 workplan or other plan differs by an order of magnitude. The
- 8 limitation to the department's authority to change a workplan or
- 9 similar plan pursuant to this subsection shall only apply if the workplan
- 10 or similar plan is being implemented in a reasonable timeframe, as may
- 11 be indicated in the approved remedial action workplan or similar plan.
- 12 k. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, all 13
- remediation standards and remedial actions that involve real property 14 located in the Pinelands area shall be consistent with the provisions of
- 15
- the "Pinelands Protection Act," P.L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.),
- any rules and regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, and with 16
- section 502 of the "National Parks and Recreation Act of 1978," 16 17
- 18 U.S.C. s.471i; and all remediation standards and remedial actions that
- 19 involve real property located in the Highlands preservation area shall 20 be consistent with the provisions of the "Highlands Water Protection
- 21 and Planning Act," P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as
- 22 this bill), and any rules and regulations and the Highland regional
- 23 master plan adopted pursuant thereto.
- 1. Upon the adoption of a remediation standard for a particular 24
- 25 contaminant in soil, groundwater, or surface water pursuant to this
- 26 section, the department may amend that remediation standard only
- 27 upon a finding that a new standard is necessary to maintain the health
- risk standards established in subsection d. of section 35 of P.L.1993, 28
- 29 c.139 (C.58:10B-12) or to protect the environment, as applicable. The
- 30 department may not amend a public health based soil remediation 31 standard to a level that would result in a health risk standard more
- 32 protective than that provided for in subsection d. of section 35 of
- P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-12). 33
- 34 m. Nothing in P.L.1993, c.139 shall be construed to restrict or in
- 35 any way diminish the public participation which is otherwise provided
- under the provisions of the "Spill Compensation and Control Act," 36
- 37 P.L.1976, c.141 (C.58:10-23.11 et seq.).
- 38 n. Notwithstanding any provision of subsection a. of section 36 of
- 39 P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-13) to the contrary, the department may
- 40 not require a person intending to implement a remedial action at an
- 41 underground storage tank facility storing heating oil for on-site
- 42 consumption at a one to four family residential dwelling to provide
- 43 advance notice to a municipality prior to implementing that remedial
- 44 action.
- 45 o. A person who has remediated a site pursuant to the provisions
- of this section, who was liable for the cleanup and removal costs of 46

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1 that discharge pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (1) of 2 subsection c. of section 8 of P.L.1976, c.141 (C.58:10-23.11g), and 3 who remains liable for the discharge on that site due to a possibility 4 that a remediation standard may change, undiscovered contamination may be found, or because an engineering control was used to 5 6 remediate the discharge, shall maintain with the department a current address at which that person may be contacted in the event additional 7 8 remediation needs to be performed at the site. The requirement to 9 maintain the current address shall be made part of the conditions of the 10 no further action letter issued by the department. 11 (cf: P.L.1997, c.278, s.17) 12 13 80. Section 1 of P.L.1999, c.225 (C.58:29-8) is amended to read 14 as follows: 15 1. <u>a.</u> There shall be appropriated each State fiscal year from the General Fund to each municipality within which any lands subject to the moratorium on the conveyance of watershed lands imposed

16 17 18 pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1988, c.163, as amended by section 1 of 19 P.L.1990, c.19, or subject to the prohibition on the sale or conveyance 20 of certain public water supply lands prescribed pursuant to section 27 21 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), are 22 located an amount of [\$68.50] \$35 per acre of such lands located within the municipality. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section 23 24 to the contrary, the per acre amount of watershed moratorium or 25 water supply protection offset aid prescribed by this section shall be adjusted annually in direct proportion to the increase or decrease in the 26 27 Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers in the New York City 28 area as reported by the United States Department of Labor. The 29 adjustment shall become effective on July 1 of the year in which the 30 adjustment is made.

b. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection a. of this section to the contrary, payments shall no longer be made pursuant thereto on the basis of the location within a municipality of lands subject to the moratorium on the conveyance of watershed lands imposed pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1988, c.163, as amended by section 1 of P.L.1990, c.19, if (1) those sections are repealed by law, or (2) the watershed land conveyance moratorium imposed pursuant to those sections is terminated by a final, unappealed order of a court of competent jurisdiction, whichever is sooner.

40 (cf: P.L.1999, c.225, s.1)

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81. Section 3 of P.L.1999, c.225 is amended to read as follows:

3. This act shall take effect July 1, 1999 [and shall expire (1) on the repeal by law of section 1 of P.L.1988, c.163 and section 1 of P.L.1990, c.19, or (2) upon termination of the watershed land conveyance moratorium imposed pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1988,

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c.163 and section 1 of P.L.1990, c.19, by a final, unappealed order of 2 a court of competent jurisdiction, whichever is sooner]. 3 (cf: P.L.1999, c.225, s.3) 4 5 82. This act shall take effect immediately. 6 7 8 **STATEMENT** 9

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This bill would establish a comprehensive approach to the protection and preservation of the drinking water and natural resources of the New Jersey Highlands Region, which is the source of the drinking water of over half of the residents of New Jersey.

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The approach set forth in this bill consists essentially of four major 16 components. First, the bill defines the New Jersey Highlands Region 17 18 and divides it into a preservation area, in which development would 19 be strictly regulated, and a planning area. Secondly, the bill establishes 20 the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, which would be 21 charged with preparing and implementing a regional master plan for 22 the Highlands Region, with which municipalities and counties in the preservation area would be required to conform their master plans. 23 24 Thirdly, the bill would require, upon the date of enactment, that any 25 major development in the preservation area receive from the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) a Highlands 26 27 Preservation Area approval, which would consist of the related aspects of existing environmental land use and water permits as well as 28 29 additional, statutorily prescribed environmentally protective land use and water protection requirements. This system would be in effect for 30 31 nine months. Lastly, the bill would require the DEP to adopt, within 32 nine months, immediately effective rules and regulations establishing 33 a permanent Highlands permitting review program, incorporating the 34 provisions of the Highlands Preservation Area approval program, and 35 setting strict standards for reviewing major development in the 36 preservation area.

The bill also contains land owner equity provisions and a provision to provide State aid to offset decreases in property tax revenues in municipalities with land located in the preservation area, and authorizes the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council to establish and implement a transfer of development rights program. In addition, this bill prohibits any State or local public entity or public utility from selling any water supply protection lands in the Highlands Region, with certain exceptions.

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The New Jersey Highlands Region consists of about 800,000 acres, or about 1,250 square miles, of forests and hills stretching from Ringwood in the northeast to Phillipsburg in the southwest, across portions of Bergen, Hunterdon, Morris, Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, and Warren counties and 90 municipalities, and offers unparalled 8 opportunities for hiking, bird watching, fishing, and other naturalist and recreational activities.

The Highlands Region is the location of a majority of the State's reservoirs, and its surface and ground water resources together provide drinking water for over half of the residents in New Jersey, many of whom do not live in the Highlands. The Highlands Region, because of its proximity to rapidly expanding suburban areas, is at serious risk of being fragmented and consumed by hop-scotch suburban development, with more than 3,000 acres per year being lost to development. The existing land use and environmental regulation system has shown itself to be unable to protect the water and natural resources of the Highlands Region against the environmental impacts of sprawl development. The comprehensive approach set forth in this bill would set the stage for the long-term protection of the potable water supplies of the Highlands Region.

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26 For the purposes of this bill the Highlands Region is defined as all 27 the area within the 90 municipalities in Bergen, Hunterdon, Morris, Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, and Warren counties enumerated in section 28 29 7 of the bill. The preservation area of the Highlands Region, in which 30 municipalities would be required to conform their master plans and development ordinances with the regional master plan developed by 31 32 the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council and in which the 33 strict DEP permitting requirements would apply, will be delineated 34 based upon natural resource data assembled by the United States Forest Service, Rutgers, The State University, and the New Jersey 35 36 Water Supply Authority. That area will be translated to on-the-37 ground, and easily identified reference points, such as road 38 descriptions, survey lines, and municipal boundaries, by May 1, 2004, 39 or as soon thereafter as may be possible. This legislation will be 40 amended before it is enacted into law to incorporate this narrative 41 description of the preservation area as part of the Highlands Water 42 Protection and Planning Act.

The planning area of the Highlands Region, in which municipal conformance with the council's regional master plan is optional, and in which the strict DEP permitting requirements would not apply, would consist of all that area of the Highlands Region not within the preservation area.

4 IV

The first tier of water and natural resource protection for the Highlands Region established in this bill consists of a planning and preservation strategy developed and implemented at the local and regional level. In this light, the bill would establish the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, a 15-member body appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, and charged with preparing and implementing a regional master plan for the Highlands Region. The membership of the council would consist of eight residents of the counties of Bergen, Hunterdon, Morris, Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, or Warren, five of whom would be elected municipal officials and three of whom would be elected county officials. Of these eight people, there would be at least one resident from each of the counties. The other seven members of the council would consist of seven residents of the State. Members of the council would serve for terms of five years, and without compensation. The Governor would appoint the chairperson of the council, and the council would appoint an executive director. This bill allows the Governor to veto any action taken by the council.

The Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council would be required to adopt a regional master plan for the Highlands Region within 18 months of the council's first meeting. The goals of the regional master plan with respect to the preservation area would be to: protect, restore, and enhance the quality and quantity of surface and ground waters; preserve extensive and contiguous areas of land in their natural state, protect the contiguous forests, wetlands, vegetated stream corridors, steep slopes, and critical habitats; preserve farmland and historic resources; promote compatible agricultural, horticultural, recreational, and cultural land uses; and prohibit or limit to the maximum extent possible construction or development which is incompatible with the preservation of the Highlands.

With respect to the planning area the goals of the regional master plan would be to: protect surface and ground waters; preserve to the maximum extent possible any environmentally sensitive lands; protect the essential character of the Highlands environment; preserve farmland and historic resources; and encourage appropriate development, redevelopment, and economic growth consistent with the State Development and Redevelopment Plan and smart growth strategies and principles.

The regional master plan would consist of several components.

Among these would be: a resource assessment which determines the amount and type of human development and activity which the

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1 ecosystem of the Highlands Region can sustain; a land use capability 2 map for the preservation area based on the standards adopted by the 3 DEP for the review of development in the preservation area; a 4 preservation zone element identifying areas in the preservation area in which development would be prohibited; an element detailing 5 6 minimum standards for municipal and county master plans and 7 development regulations in the preservation area; an assessment which 8 determines the amount and type of human development and activity 9 which the ecosystem of the Highlands Region can sustain while still 10 maintaining the overall ecological values thereof; an assessment of 11 scenic, aesthetic, cultural, historic, open space, farm land, and outdoor 12 recreation resources of the region; an assessment of opportunities for 13 appropriate economic growth, development, and redevelopment; a 14 financial component detailing the cost of implementing the regional 15 master plan, including payments in lieu-of-taxes, and acquisition of 16 lands for preservation or recreation and conservation purposes; a 17 component to provide for local government and public input into the 18 council's operations; and a coordination and consistency component 19 which details the ways in which local, State, and federal programs and 20 policies may best be coordinated to promote the goals and policies of 21 the regional master plan. 22

Within six months after the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council adopts the regional master plan, the governing body of each municipality and county located wholly or partially in the preservation area would be required to revise its master plan and development regulations to conform them with the requirements of the regional plan and to submit the revisions to the council. The council would be authorized to approve or disapprove the revisions and to require additional changes. If such a municipality or county in the preservation area does not conform its master plan and development regulations to the regional master plan, the council would be authorized to enforce the provisions of the regional master plan and to essentially enforce the "Municipal Land Use Law" in the municipality or county and issue stop construction orders. In addition, the council would have call up review authority over any local application for development in a municipality or county in the preservation area. Any municipality or county in the planning area may elect to conform its master plan and development regulations to the appropriate provisions of the regional master plan.

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In addition to the adoption of the regional master plan, the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council would be required to develop and implement a transfer of development rights program. 43 This bill authorizes the council to use the existing State Transfer of 44 Developments Rights Bank or to establish a bank specifically for the Highlands Region. The council would also be authorized to review significant capital projects of the State or local governments in the 46

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This bill also establishes a mechanism under which any municipality in the preservation area would be entitled to State aid to compensate for any decrease in the aggregate amount of property tax revenues derived from the taxation of real property in that portion of the municipality located in the preservation area that is directly attributable to the implementation of the provisions of this bill. The council would annually calculate the amount to which each municipality is entitled, and would certify and transmit these amounts to the State Treasurer and to the Director of the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs. The State Treasurer would hen include within the State Treasurer's annual budget request for State aid the amounts certified by the council.

This bill would also direct the Attorney General to provide, when certain requirements have been met, legal representation to any requesting local government unit located in the Highlands Region in any cause of action filed against the local government unit and contesting an act or decision of the local government unit taken or made under authority granted pursuant to any provision of this bill or to the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.), R.S.40:27-1 et seq., or the "State Uniform Construction Code Act," P.L.1975, c.217 (C.52:27D-119 et seq.).

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The second tier of water and natural resource protection for the preservation area of the Highlands Region established in this bill consists of the imposition of environmentally protective standards for the review and permitting of major development by the DEP. Most development of any significant impact currently requires one or more State level water and land use permits issued by the DEP under the authority of a wide umbrella of environmental laws and their accompanying rules and regulations. This bill would increase the standards imposed for the issuance of, and would coordinate and consolidate the review of, these permits for development in the preservation area of the Highlands Region. These more stringent standards would also be incorporated into the land use capability component of the regional master plan adopted by the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, which would in turn be reflected in the revised municipal and county master plans and development regulations. Thus, in terms of the overall structure of this bill, these standards (the authorization for which is set forth in sections 31 to 35 of this bill) form a tie between the State and regional preservation approaches in this bill.

This bill essentially directs the DEP to develop and enforce two chronologically sequential environmental permitting programs and

1 standards in the preservation area of the Highlands. Both permitting 2 programs and standards would apply to permits for major 3 development. As used in this bill, "major development" means any 4 non-residential development, any residential development disturbing one acre or more of land or increasing impervious surface by a quarter 5 6 acre or more, and any residential development that does not meet 7 these requirements but which does require an environmental land use 8 or water permit. This bill defines an environmental land use or water 9 permit to include a permit, approval, or other authorization issued 10 pursuant to the "Freshwater Wetlands Protection Act," the "Water Supply Management Act," the "Water Pollution Control Act," "The 11 12 Realty Improvement Sewerage and Facilities Act (1954)," the "Water 13 Quality Planning Act," the "Safe Drinking Water Act," or the "Flood 14 Hazard Area Control Act;" or an approval for an individual subsurface 15 sewage disposal system from a delegated local health agency pursuant to the "County Environmental Health Act." 16

17 The first DEP permitting program would take effect upon 18 enactment of the bill. Thereafter, any person proposing a major 19 development in the preservation area would be required to receive a 20 Highlands Preservation Area approval. This new approval would 21 consist of the appropriate aspects of the regulatory requirements of 22 existing environmental land use and water permits, as well as 23 additional statutorily established standards in the bill that are self 24 executing, which is to say that no rules and regulations would be 25 required to implement them. These new requirements would require: 26 that a 300-foot buffer, in which major development would be 27 prohibited, be established adjacent to all Highlands open waters (which 28 includes streams, wetlands, and other bodies of surface water); that the 29 quality of all Highlands open waters be maintained and not degraded; 30 that the review of a water diversion permit be triggered by a more than 31 50,000 gallon per day diversion (the current threshold for the rest of 32 the State is more than 100,000 gallons); that a zero net fill requirement 33 be met for flood hazard areas; that the antidegradation and other 34 provisions applicable to category one waters be applied to Highlands 35 open waters; that impervious surface of more than three percent of the 36 land area of a site would be prohibited on existing lots; that 37 development, excluding linear development, would be prohibited on 38 steep slopes with a grade of 20% or greater; and that upland forest 39 areas would not be disturbed, with certain exceptions. The Highlands 40 Preservation Area approval program would be in effect for the first 41 nine months following enactment of the bill.

The second and permanent DEP permitting program for the preservation area, the Highlands permitting review program, would be adopted as immediately effective rules and regulations within nine months after enactment of the bill. These rules and regulations would be adopted without following the usual notice and comment provisions

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1 of the "Administrative Procedure Act," would be in effect for not more 2 than one year, and would thereafter be adopted pursuant to the normal 3 notice and comment provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act." 4 These rules and regulations would establish a Highlands permitting review program, the structure and requirements for which would 5 6 essentially track the requirements for the statutorily established 7 Highlands Preservation Area approval. The bill provides, however, for 8 special treatment by the Highlands permitting program of certain single 9 family dwellings and for hardship waivers for certain single family 10 dwellings. In addition, this bill would exempt from the requirement to 11 obtain a Highlands permitting review any major development for which 12 all DEP environmental land use and water permits and local permits 13 and approvals have been obtained. This bill would authorize the DEP 14 to issue general permits under the Highlands permitting review 15 program, and authorizes the DEP to charge an application fee. This bill also sets forth detailed and environmentally protective guidelines 16 17 that DEP must follow when reviewing and issuing a Highlands 18 permitting review approval. This bill also includes a penalty section 19 which allows the DEP to impose civil administrative penalties for 20 certain violations of the bill or DEP's rules and regulations adopted 21 pursuant thereto. A person who violates certain provisions of the bill 22 or the DEP's rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto could also 23 be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

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This bill also contains provisions providing protection for the equity in land of landowners or farmers who decide to sell their property, or in the case of farmers a development easement, to the State, the State Agriculture Development Committee in the case of farmland, or a local government unit or a non-profit organization. In such cases this bill provides for a special appraisal process to account for any decrease in the value of the property which may have been caused by the regulatory requirements imposed by the bill. This appraisal system is modeled after that already provided for in law for the Green Acres and farmland preservation programs. Only landowners who have owned the subject land continuously from the date of enactment of this bill until the date of the proposed acquisition, with certain exceptions, would be eligible for the special appraisal system. In addition, any landowner would be required to choose between the appraisal system established in this bill or the two other existing appraisal systems currently in law.

ASSEMBLY ENVIRONMENT AND SOLID WASTE COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 2635

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 17, 2004

The Assembly Environment and Solid Waste Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 2635 with committee amendments.

As amended, this bill, to be known as the "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act," would establish a comprehensive, long-term approach to the protection and preservation of the drinking water and natural resources of the New Jersey Highlands Region, which is the source of the drinking water of more than half of the residents of New Jersey and offers unique hiking, bird watching, fishing, and other naturalist and recreational activities.

The approach set forth in the bill, as amended, consists essentially of four major parts. First, the bill defines the New Jersey Highlands Region and divides it into a preservation area, in which development would be strictly regulated, and a planning area, in which development would be monitored but not as strictly controlled. Secondly, the bill establishes the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, which would be charged with preparing and implementing a regional master plan for the Highlands Region, with which municipalities and counties in the preservation area would be required to conform their master plans. Thirdly, the bill would require, upon the date of enactment, that most major Highlands development in the preservation area receive from the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) a Highlands Preservation Area approval, which would consist of the related aspects of existing environmental land use and water permits as well as additional, statutorily prescribed environmentally protective land use and water protection requirements. This system would be in effect for nine months. Lastly, the bill would require the DEP to adopt, within nine months, immediately effective rules and regulations establishing a permanent Highlands permitting review program, incorporating the provisions of the Highlands Preservation Area approval program, and setting strict standards for reviewing major Highlands development in the preservation area.

The bill, as amended, exempts some activities and types of

development in the preservation area from complying with the provisions of the regional master plan, the Highlands Preservation Area approval, and the permanent Highlands permitting review program. The bill, as amended, also contains land owner equity provisions and a provision to provide State aid to offset decreases in property tax revenues in municipalities with land located in the preservation area, makes changes to statutorily provided watershed aid, establishes a "Highlands Protection Fund," and requires the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council to establish and implement a transfer of development rights program.

Ι

The New Jersey Highlands Region consists of about 800,000 acres, or about 1,250 square miles, stretching from Ringwood in the northeast to Phillipsburg in the southwest, across portions of Bergen, Hunterdon, Morris, Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, and Warren counties. Under the bill as amended, the Highlands Region is defined as all of the area within the 88 municipalities in Bergen, Hunterdon, Morris, Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, and Warren counties enumerated in section 7 of the bill. The bill, as amended, would exclude Andover Borough, Andover Township, and Lafayette from the Highlands Region, and would include Bedminster.

The preservation area of the Highlands Region, in which municipalities would be required to conform their master plans and development ordinances with the regional master plan developed by the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council and in which the strict DEP permitting requirements would apply, is delineated in the bill, as amended, based upon natural resource data assembled by the United States Forest Service, Rutgers, The State University, and the New Jersey Water Supply Authority. The bill, as amended, contains a narrative description of the preservation area, translated into on-theground, identifiable reference points, such as road descriptions, survey lines, and municipal boundaries. The bill, as amended, provides that the planning area of the Highlands Region, in which municipal conformance with the council's regional master plan is optional, and in which the strict DEP permitting requirements would not apply, would consist of all that area of the Highlands Region not within the preservation area. The bill, as amended, would not include town and regional centers designated pursuant to the State Plan in the preservation area.

Under the bill, as amended, any road, railroad, or railroad right of way that constitutes part of the preservation area boundary would be considered outside the preservation area, and any stream, river or brook that constitutes part of the preservation area boundary would be considered to lie within the preservation area.

In addition to the formal designation of the preservation area in the

bill, municipalities, in whole or in part in the planning area, are authorized under the bill, as amended, to opt into the regional master plan by choosing to conform their master plans and other development regulations with the regional master plan to be adopted by the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council.

II

The bill, as amended, would establish the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, a 15-member body appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, and charged with preparing and implementing a regional master plan for the Highlands Region. Members of the council would serve for terms of five years, and without compensation. The Governor would appoint the chairperson of the council, and the council would appoint an executive director. The bill, as amended, provides that no action may be taken by the council except upon the affirmative vote of a majority of the total authorized membership of the council, and allows the Governor to veto any action taken by the council.

The bill, as amended, further specifies the following concerning the members of the council:

- 1) No more than four of the eight elected officials appointed to the council would be from the same political party;
- 2) The five municipal officials would be required to be Highlands Region residents;
- 3) Two of the eight county residents appointed by the Governor to the council would be residents of the county with the largest population in the Highlands Region;
- 4) Two of the seven residents of the State appointed by the Governor to the council would be recommended by the Legislature one by the Senate President and one by the Speaker of the General Assembly;
- 5) Members of the council, to the maximum extent practicable, would have expertise, knowledge or experience in water quality protection, natural resources protection, environmental protection, agriculture, land use, or economic development; and
- 6) At least four of the members of the council would be property owners, business owners, or farmers in the Highlands Region or residents or nonresidents of the Highlands Region who benefit from or consume water from the Highlands Region.

* * *

In addition to and among the extensive powers of the council enumerated in section 6 of the bill as it was introduced, the committee amended the bill to empower the council to:

1) develop model land use ordinances and other regulations for

water conservation, and promote, in conjunction with the DEP and the Department of Agriculture, water conservation of water resources both in the Highlands Region and in areas outside of the Highlands Region for which the Highlands is a source of drinking water;

- 2) establish and implement a road signage program in cooperation with the Department of Transportation and local government units to identify significant natural and historic resources and landmarks in the Highlands Region;
- 3) promote brownfield remediation and redevelopment in the Highlands Region; and
- 4) work with the State Agriculture Development Committee and the Garden State Preservation Trust to establish incentives for any landowner in the Highlands Region seeking to preserve land under the farmland preservation program that would be provided in exchange for the landowner agreeing to permanently restrict the amount of impervious surface or agricultural impervious cover on the farm to a maximum of 5% of the total land area of the farm.

* * *

Under section 8 of the bill, as amended, the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council would be required to adopt a regional master plan within 18 months after the council's first meeting. The council may not adopt the regional master plan unless the regional master plan includes at least one recommended receiving zone for each municipality in the planning area pursuant to the transfer of development rights program authorized under the bill, as amended, or, for any municipality that does not have a receiving zone, an analysis of the reasons why the council determined that the municipality has no receiving zone capacity.

The regional master plan would also be required to recognize and not compromise the provisions of the "Right to Farm Act" and the protections to farmers it affords. In the preservation area, the regional master plan would also limit redevelopment to DEP designated brownfield sites and sites that are at least 70% covered with impervious surface. Within the 60 days after the council adopts the regional master plan, the council would submit the plan to the State Planning Commission for review and endorsement, and the commission's review would be limited to the parts of the regional master plan concerning the planning area. Any municipality or county or portion thereof located within the preservation area would be exempted from the State Development and Redevelopment Plan endorsement process. The bill, as amended, also directs the Department of Community Affairs, in consultation with the DEP, to provide guidelines and instructions to all local government units wholly or partially in the preservation area with respect to the processing, review and enforcement of applications for development after the date of enactment and before the adoption of the regional master plan.

* * *

The bill, as amended, provides that the goals of the regional master plan in both the preservation area and planning area would be to protect, restore, and enhance the quality and quantity of surface and ground waters; preserve extensive and contiguous areas of land in their natural state; protect the contiguous forests, wetlands, vegetated stream corridors, steep slopes, and critical habitats; preserve farmland and historic resources; preserve recreational opportunities on publicly owned land; promote conservation of water resources; promote brownfield remediation and redevelopment; and promote compatible agricultural, horticultural, recreational, and cultural land uses. In the preservation area, the regional master plan would have the additional goal to prohibit or limit to the maximum extent possible construction or development which is incompatible with the preservation of the Highlands. In the planning area, the additional goals of the regional master plan would be to encourage appropriate development, redevelopment, and economic growth consistent with the State Development and Redevelopment Plan and smart growth strategies and principles, and to promote a sound, balanced transportation system that is consistent with smart growth and preserves mobility in the Highlands Region.

The bill, as amended, provides under section 11 that the regional master plan would consist of several components. Among these would be:

- 1) a resource assessment binding in the preservation area and for advisory purposes only in the planning area - that determines the amount and type of human development and activity which the ecosystem of the Highlands Region can sustain;
- 2) an assessment of opportunities for appropriate economic growth, development, and redevelopment;
- 3) a financial component detailing the cost of implementing the regional master plan, including property tax stabilization measures, watershed moratorium offset aid, planning grants and other State aid for local government units, capital requirements for any development transfer bank, payments in lieu-of-taxes, and acquisition of lands for preservation or recreation and conservation purposes;
- 4) a component to provide for local government and public input into the council's operations;
- 5) a coordination and consistency component which details the ways in which local, State, and federal programs and policies may best be coordinated to promote the goals and policies of the regional master plan;
- 6) a transportation component that provides a plan for transportation system preservation, includes all federally mandated projects or programs, and recognizes smart growth strategies and principles; and

7) a smart growth component that would provide for, among other components described in the bill as amended, redevelopment, transfer of development rights, a land use capacity map, and model minimum standards for municipal and county master planning and development regulations outside the preservation area.

* * *

Under the bill, as amended, within nine to 15 months after the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council adopts the regional master plan, the governing body of each municipality and county located wholly or partially in the preservation area would be required to revise its master plan and development regulations to conform them with the requirements of the regional master plan and to submit the revisions to the council. The cost of making these revisions would be reimbursable by the council. The council would be authorized to approve or disapprove the revisions and to require additional changes. If such a municipality or county in the preservation area does not conform its master plan and development regulations to the regional master plan, the council would be authorized to enforce the provisions of the regional master plan and to essentially enforce the "Municipal Land Use Law" in the municipality or county and issue stop construction orders. In addition, the council would have call up review authority over any local application for development in a municipality or county in the preservation area. Any municipality or county in the planning area may elect to conform its master plan and development regulations to the appropriate provisions of the regional master plan. Finally, the council would also be authorized to review significant capital projects of the State or local governments in the preservation area. The council would be required to process any reviews of State, county, or municipal capital projects and other projects that are not exempt from council review within 30 days after their submission.

* * *

The bill, as amended, contains a number of specific provisions concerning the transfer of development rights program for which the council must recommend growth receiving zones in the regional master plan before the regional master plan can be adopted. The bill, as amended, authorizes the council to use the existing State Transfer of Developments Rights Bank or to establish a bank specifically for the Highlands Region. Otherwise, as provided under the bill as amended, the authorized transfer of development rights program would be consistent with the recently enacted "State Transfer of Development Rights Act," P.L.2004, c.2 (C.40:55D-137 et seq.), except for the following provisions:

1) The council would perform the real estate analysis for the

Highlands Region that is required to be performed by a municipality prior to the adoption or amendment of any development transfer ordinance under the "State Transfer of Development Rights Act;"

- 2) No later than 18 months after the bill is enacted, and from time to time thereafter as the council determines is appropriate, the council, in consultation with municipal, county and State entities, would be required to:
- a) identify areas within the preservation area that are appropriate as sending zones pursuant to the "State Transfer of Development Rights Act,"
- b) identify areas within the planning area that are appropriate for development as voluntary receiving zones pursuant to the "State Transfer of Development Rights Act"; and
- c) set a goal of identifying areas within the planning area that are appropriate for development as voluntary receiving zones that, combined together, constitute four percent of the land area of the planning area, to the extent that the goal is compatible with the amount and type of human development and activity that would not compromise the integrity of the ecosystem of the planning area;
- 3) The first time the council prepares a regional master plan and initially establishes the transfer of development rights program, the council should consider any supporting information for the regional master plan but would not be required to wait to create the transfer of development rights program until the first regional master plan has been prepared;
- 4) The council would be required to work with municipalities and the State Planning Commission to identify centers designated by the State Planning Commission as voluntary receiving zones for the transfer of development rights program;
- 5) In consultation with municipal, county and State entities, the council would be required to:
- a) assist municipalities or counties in analyzing voluntary receiving zone capacity;
- b) work with municipalities outside the preservation area to assist these municipalities in developing ordinances necessary to implement the transfer of development rights; and
- c) establish advisory or model ordinances and other information for this purpose;
- 6) The council would establish the initial value of a development right considering the DEP rules and regulations in effect the day before the date of enactment. In addition, the council would give priority consideration for inclusion in a transfer of development rights program any lands that comprise a major Highlands development that would have qualified for an exemption under the grandfather provision but for the lack of a necessary State permit as specified in that exemption provision, and for which an application for such a permit had been submitted to and deemed by the DEP to be complete for review on or before March 29, 2004;

- 7) The council would make assistance available to municipalities that desire to create additional sending zones on any lands within their boundaries which lie within the planning area and are designated for conservation in the regional master plan;
- 8) The Office of Green Acres and the State Agriculture Development Committee would be required to provide support and technical assistance to the council to operate the transfer of development rights program;
- 9) The Department of Banking and Insurance, the State Transfer of Developments Right Bank, the State Agriculture Development Committee, and the Pinelands Development Credit Bank would be required to provide technical assistance to the council in establishing and operating a development transfer bank, at the request of the council;
- 10) The Office of Smart Growth would be directed to review and coordinate State infrastructure capital investment, community development and financial assistance in the planning area in furtherance of the regional master plan;
- 11) Any municipality in the planning area whose municipal master plan and development regulations have been approved by the council to be in conformance with the regional master plan and that amends its development regulations to accommodate voluntary receiving zones within its boundaries identified by the council to provide for a minimum residential density of 5 dwelling units per acre, would be:
- a) eligible for an enhanced planning grant of up to \$250,000 from the council;
- b) eligible for a grant to reimburse the reasonable costs of amending the municipal development regulations;
- c) authorized to impose impact fees, pursuant to an impact fee ordinance that would be adopted by the municipality, at a rate of up to \$15,000 per dwelling unit unless and until impact fees are otherwise established by law at which time the impact fee would be 200% of the calculated impact fee;
- d) entitled to legal representation as provided elsewhere under the bill;
- e) accorded priority status for any State capital improvement or infrastructure programs; and
 - f) eligible for any other appropriate assistance or incentives;
- 13) Any municipality located outside of the Highlands Region in any county that has a municipality in the Highlands Region that establishes a receiving zone that provides for a minimum residential density of five dwelling units per acre for the transfer of development rights from a sending zone in the Highlands Region, and that accepts that transfer of development rights shall, for those receiving zones, be eligible for the same grants, authority, priority status, and other assistance, incentives, and benefits as listed above, except such a municipality would not be eligible for legal representation; and
 - 14) Any municipality authorized to impose impact fees would

exercise that authority by an impact fee ordinance in accordance with the provisions of the bill, as amended.

* * *

The bill, as amended, also establishes a mechanism under which any municipality in the preservation area would be entitled to State aid to compensate for any decrease in the aggregate amount of property tax revenues derived from the taxation of real property in that portion of the municipality located in the preservation area that is directly attributable to the implementation of the provisions of the bill as amended. The "Highlands Municipal Property Tax Stabilization Board," established in the bill as amended, and the county tax board would annually calculate the amount to which each municipality is entitled, and would certify and transmit these amounts to the State Treasurer and to the Director of the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs. The State Treasurer would then pay to each qualified municipality its entitled amount in two equal installments.

The bill, as amended, would create a "Highlands Protection Fund," and dedicate \$20 million of the realty transfer fee revenue annually for 10 years, and \$5 million annually thereafter, for (1) payments to the "Highlands Municipal Property Tax Stabilization Fund"; (2) the payment of watershed moratorium offset aid pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1999, c.225 (C.58:29-8); and (3) the making of grants by the council pursuant to the bill.

Also, under the bill, as amended, when certain requirements provided under section 21 of the bill, as amended, have been met, the council would provide legal representation to any requesting local government unit located in the Highlands Region in any cause of action filed against the local government unit and contesting an act or decision of the local government unit taken or made under authority granted pursuant to any provision of the bill as amended, or to the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.), R.S.40:27-1 et seq., or the "State Uniform Construction Code Act," P.L.1975, c.217 (C.52:27D-119 et seq.).

Ш

The second level of water and natural resource protection for the preservation area of the Highlands Region established in the bill, as amended, consists of the imposition of environmentally protective standards for the review and permitting of major Highlands development by the DEP. Most development of any significant impact currently requires one or more State level water and land use permits issued by the DEP under the authority of a wide umbrella of environmental laws and their accompanying rules and regulations. The

bill, as amended, would increase the standards imposed for the issuance of, and would coordinate and consolidate the review of, these permits for development in the preservation area of the Highlands Region. These more stringent standards would also be incorporated into the land use capability component of the regional master plan adopted by the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council. In turn, municipalities and counties in the preservation area would revise their respective master plans and development regulations to conform with the regional master plan, and thereby reflect the more stringent standards in their respective master plans and development regulations. In this way, the standards authorized by sections 31 through 35 of the bill, as amended, create a tie between the State and regional preservation approaches in the bill.

* * *

The bill, as amended, essentially directs the DEP to develop and enforce two chronologically sequential environmental permitting programs and standards in the preservation area of the Highlands. Both permitting programs and standards would apply to permits for major Highlands development.

As used in the bill, as amended, "major Highlands development," except as otherwise exempted under section 29 of the bill, as amended, means: (1) any non-residential development in the preservation area; (2) any residential development in the preservation area that requires an environmental land use or water permit or that results in the ultimate disturbance of one acre or more of land or a cumulative increase in impervious surface by one-quarter acre or more; (3) any activity in the preservation area that is not a development but results in the ultimate disturbance of one-quarter acre or more of forested area or that results in a cumulative increase in impervious surface by one-quarter acre or more on a lot; or (4) any capital or other project of a State entity or local government unit in the preservation area that requires an environmental land use or water permit or that results in the ultimate disturbance of one acre or more of land or a cumulative increase in impervious surface by one-quarter acre or more. As amended, the definition of "major Highlands development" does not include an agricultural or horticultural development or agricultural or horticultural use in the preservation area. The bill, as amended, defines an environmental land use or water permit to include a permit, approval, or other authorization issued pursuant to the "Freshwater Wetlands Protection Act," the "Water Supply Management Act," the "Water Pollution Control Act," "The Realty Improvement Sewerage and Facilities Act (1954)," the "Water Quality Planning Act," the "Safe Drinking Water Act," or the "Flood Hazard Area Control Act."

The first DEP permitting program would take effect upon enactment of the bill, and would be in effect for the first nine months following enactment of the bill, after which the second DEP permitting program would go into effect. While the first permitting program would be in effect, any person proposing a major Highlands development in the preservation area would be required to receive a Highlands Preservation Area approval. This new approval would consist of the appropriate aspects of the regulatory requirements of existing environmental land use and water permits, as well as the additional, self-executing, statutorily established standards established in the bill as amended. No rules or regulations would be required to implement these standards. These new requirements would require that:

- 1) a 300-foot buffer, in which major Highlands development would be prohibited, be established adjacent to all Highlands open waters (which includes streams, wetlands, and other bodies of surface water);
- 2) the quality of all Highlands open waters be maintained and not degraded;
- 3) the review of a water diversion permit be triggered by a diversion of more than 50,000 gallon per day (the current threshold for the rest of the State is more than 100,000 gallons);
- 4) any new or increased diversion for all nonpotable purposes that is more than 50% consumptive would be required to demonstrate an equivalent reduction in water demand within the same subdrainage area through means such as groundwater recharge of stormwater or reuse, the existing unused allocation or allocations used for all nonpotable purposes may be revoked where measures to the maximum extent practicable are not implemented to reduce demand, and all new or increased diversions would be required to implement water conservation measures to the maximum extent practicable;
 - 5) a zero net fill requirement be met for flood hazard areas;
- 6) the antidegradation and other provisions applicable to category one waters be applied to Highlands open waters;
- 7) more than three percent of the land area of a site as impervious surface defined as "any structure, surface, or improvement that reduces or prevents absorption of stormwater into land, and includes porous paving, paver blocks, gravel, crushed stone, decks, patios, elevated structures, and other similar structures, surfaces, or improvements" would be prohibited on existing lots;
- 8) development, excluding linear development, would be prohibited on steep slopes with a grade of 20% or greater; and
- 9) upland forest areas would not be disturbed, with certain exceptions.

The second and permanent DEP permitting program for the preservation area, the Highlands permitting review program, would be adopted as immediately effective rules and regulations within nine months after enactment of the bill as amended. These rules and regulations would be adopted without following the usual notice and comment provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," would be in effect for not more than one year, and would thereafter be adopted pursuant to the normal notice and comment provisions of the

"Administrative Procedure Act." These rules and regulations would establish a Highlands permitting review program, the structure and requirements for which would essentially track the requirements for the statutorily established Highlands Preservation Area approval, with the addition of a septic system density standard established at a level to prevent the degradation of water quality, or to require the restoration of water quality, and to protect ecological uses.

The bill, as amended, would authorize the DEP to issue general permits under the Highlands permitting review program, and would authorize the DEP to charge an application fee. The bill, as amended, also sets forth detailed and environmentally protective guidelines that DEP must follow when reviewing and issuing a Highlands permitting review approval. The bill, as amended, also includes a penalty section which allows the DEP to impose civil administrative penalties for certain violations of the bill or DEP rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto. A person who violates certain provisions of the bill or the DEP rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto could also be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

In addition, the bill, as amended, requires the DEP to limit or prohibit the construction of new public water systems or the extension of existing public water systems to serve development in the preservation area, except in the case of a demonstrated need to protect public health and safety, and except to serve development in the preservation area that is exempt under the provisions of the bill. The bill, as amended, would revoke designated sewer service areas within the preservation area for which wastewater collection systems have not been installed on the date of enactment, and any associated treatment works approvals in the impacted areas would expire on the date of enactment, except that any designated sewer service area would not be revoked and any associated treatment works approvals would not expire if necessary to serve development in the preservation area that is exempt under the provisions of the bill.

V

There are a number of exemptions provided in section 29 of the bill, as amended. The exemptions provide that the requirements and other provisions of the bill after it is enacted into law, the regional master plan, any rules or regulations adopted by the DEP pursuant to the bill, or any amendments to a master plan, development regulations, or other regulations adopted by a local government unit to specifically conform them with the regional master plan, cannot be applied to the following:

- 1) the construction of a single family dwelling, for an individual's own use or the use of an immediate family member, on a lot owned by the individual on the date of enactment;
 - (2) the construction of a single family dwelling on a lot in existence

on the date of enactment, provided that the construction does not result in the ultimate disturbance of one acre or more of land or a cumulative increase by one-quarter acre or more in impervious surface (defined as "any structure, surface, or improvement that reduces or prevents absorption of stormwater into land, and includes porous paving, paver blocks, gravel, crushed stone, decks, patios, elevated structures, and other similar structures, surfaces, or improvements");

- (3) a major Highlands development that received on or before March 29, 2004:
 - (a) one of the following "Municipal Land Use Law" approvals:
 - (i) preliminary or final site plan approval;
 - (ii) final municipal building or construction permit;
- (iii) minor subdivision approval where no subsequent site plan approval is required;
- (iv) final subdivision approval where no subsequent site plan approval is required; or
- (v) preliminary subdivision approval where no subsequent site plan approval is required; and
- (b) at least one of the following permits from the DEP, if applicable to the proposed major Highlands development:
- (i) a permit or certification pursuant to the "Water Supply Management Act," P.L.1981, c.262 (C.58:1A-1 et seq.);
- (ii) a water extension permit or other approval or authorization pursuant to the "Safe Drinking Water Act," P.L.1977, c.224 (C.58:12A-1 et seq.);
- (iii) a certification, approval, or authorization for a septic system or other certification or approval or authorization issued pursuant to the "The Realty Improvement Sewerage and Facilities Act (1954)," P.L.1954, c.199 (C.58:11-23 et seq.); or
- (iv) a treatment works approval pursuant to the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.); or
- (c) one of the following permits from the DEP, if applicable to the proposed major Highlands development, and if the proposed major Highlands development does not require one of the DEP water permits listed in subparagraphs (i) through (iv) of subparagraph (b) above:
- (i) a permit or other approval or authorization issued pursuant to the "Freshwater Wetlands Protection Act," P.L.1987, c.156 (C.13:9B-1 et seq.); or
- (ii) a permit or other approval or authorization issued pursuant to the "Flood Hazard Area Control Act," P.L.1962, c.19 (C.58:16A-50 et seq.).

This exemption only applies to the land area and the scope of the major Highlands development addressed by the qualifying approvals provided, before those qualifying approvals expire, if construction beyond site preparation begins within three years after the date of enactment;

4) the reconstruction of any building or structure for any reason within 125% of the footprint of the lawfully existing impervious

surfaces on the site, provided that the reconstruction does not increase the lawfully existing impervious surface by one-quarter acre or more. This exemption shall not apply to the reconstruction of any agricultural or horticultural building or structure for a non-agricultural or nonhorticultural use;

- 5) any improvement to a single family dwelling in existence on the date of enactment of the bill as amended, including but not limited to an addition, garage, shed, driveway, porch, deck, patio, swimming pool, or septic system;
- 6) any improvement, for non-residential purposes, to a place of worship owned by a nonprofit entity, society or association, or association organized primarily for religious purposes, or a public or private school, or a hospital, in existence on the date of enactment of the bill, including but not limited to new structures, an addition to an existing building or structure, a site improvement, or a sanitary facility;
- 7) an activity conducted in accordance with an approved woodland management plan as provided by current law or the normal harvesting of forest products in accordance with a forest management plan approved by the State Forester;
- (8) the construction or extension of trails with non-impervious surfaces on publicly owned lands or on privately owned lands where a conservation or recreational use easement has been established;
- (9) the routine maintenance and operations, rehabilitation, preservation, reconstruction, or repair of transportation systems by a State entity or local government unit, provided that the activity is consistent with the goals and purposes of the bill and does not result in the construction of any new through-capacity travel lanes;
- (10) the construction of transportation safety projects and bicycle and pedestrian facilities by a State entity or local government unit, provided that the activity does not result in the construction of any new through-capacity travel lanes;
- (11) the routine maintenance and operations, rehabilitation, preservation, reconstruction, repair, or upgrade of public utility lines, rights of way, or systems, by a public utility, provided that the activity is consistent with the goals and purposes of the bill;
- (12) the reactivation of rail lines and rail beds existing on the date of enactment;
- (13) the construction of a public infrastructure project approved by public referendum prior to January 1, 2005 or a capital project approved by public referendum prior to January 1, 2005;
- (14) the mining, quarrying, or production of ready mix concrete, bituminous concrete, or Class B recycling materials occurring or which are permitted to occur on any mine, mine site, or construction materials facility existing on the date of enactment;
- (15) the remediation of any contaminated site pursuant to P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-1 et seq.); and
- (16) any lands of a federal military installation existing on the date of enactment of this act that lie within the Highlands Region.

Although the bill, as amended, would provide these exemptions, it also provides that the exemptions to the provisions of the law established by the enactment of the bill and the exemptions from the various regulatory requirements created under the bill, as amended, do not exempt the activities and types of development listed above from other applicable State or local laws, rules, regulations, development regulations, or ordinances. Furthermore, the bill, as amended, provides that none of its provisions alter the funding allocation formulas established pursuant to the "Garden State Preservation Trust Act," P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-1 et seq.).

The bill, as amended, also excludes "agricultural or horticultural development" and "agricultural or horticultural use" from the definition of major Highlands development and therefore those uses and activities would not be subject to the Highlands approval and permit review program established in the bill as amended. Instead, agricultural or horticultural development in the preservation area that would increase agricultural impervious cover would be subject to review by the local soil conservation district. If an agricultural or horticultural development would increase agricultural impervious cover (either individually or cumulatively) by three percent or more of the total land area of the farm management unit, the owner or operator would be required to submit a farm conservation plan to the local soil conservation district. If the agricultural or horticultural development would increase agricultural impervious cover by more than nine percent, a more detailed resource management systems plan would be required to be submitted to the local soil conservation district and to the DEP. The Department of Agriculture, in consultation with the DEP, would be required to adopt rules and regulations establishing scientific standards to guide the preparation and implementation of the farm conservation plans and resource management systems plans prepared by farmers pursuant to the bill, as amended.

VI

The bill, as amended, also contains provisions providing protection for the equity in land of landowners or farmers who decide to sell their property, or in the case of farmers a development easement, to the State, the State Agriculture Development Committee in the case of farmland, or a local government unit or a non-profit organization. In such cases, the bill, as amended, would provide for a special appraisal process commencing on the date of enactment or July 1, 2004, whichever is later, and through June 30, 2009. This appraisal system is modeled after the system currently provided for in the law for the Green Acres and farmland preservation programs. As amended, the first appraisal would be based on the land use zoning of the lands, and any State environmental laws or DEP rules and regulations that may affect the value of the lands, subject to the appraisal and in effect at

the time of proposed acquisition, and the second appraisal would be based on the land use zoning of the lands, and any State environmental laws or DEP rules and regulations that may affect the value of the lands, subject to the appraisal and in effect on January 1, 2004. Only landowners who have owned the subject land continuously from the date of enactment of the bill until the date of the proposed acquisition, with certain exceptions, would be eligible for the special appraisal system. In addition, any landowner would be required to choose between the appraisal system established in this bill, as amended, or the two other existing statutory appraisal systems.

The bill, as amended, provides that the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council would make recommendations to the DEP concerning prioritizing the acquisition of land in the preservation area for conservation purposes, especially lands that have declined substantially in value due to the implementation of the bill, and for any major Highlands development that would have qualified for an exemption under the grandfather provision but for the lack of a necessary State permit, and for which an application for such a permit had been submitted to the DEP and deemed to be complete for review on or before March 29, 2004. The council would make similar recommendations concerning farmland preservation to the State Agriculture Development Committee for lands that have declined substantially in value due to the implementation of the bill. However, the provisions of the bill, as amended, would not change the formulas or procedures currently used to prioritize properties for preservation under the Green Acres and farmland preservation programs. Current law requires the DEP to adopt guidelines for evaluation and priority ranking of land acquisition under the Green Acres program. Under the bill as amended, these guidelines would be required to be designed to provide, to the maximum extent practicable and feasible, for the equitable spending of moneys among the geographic areas of the State. In addition, the bill, as amended, requires that the amount of money spent by the State for State Green Acres acquisitions and State purchases of farmland and farmland easements in the fiscal years 2005-2009 in the counties of Atlantic, Burlington, Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester, Monmouth, Ocean and Salem would be at least as much as the average annual amount spent in those nine counties for State fiscal years 2000-2004.

Finally, the bill, as amended, contains a number of provisions amending current law to provide for the independent commissions and authorities in and near the Highland Region to coordinate planning with the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, and giving the DEP the necessary authority to implement the provisions of the bill.

The bill, as amended, contains no provision concerning the State's right of first refusal for lands being sold or conveyed in the Highlands Region, no provision negating preliminary and final "Municipal Land Use Law" approvals of major development that were inconsistent with

the Highlands regional master plan, and no provisions concerning prohibitions against local government units, public utilities, or public water utilities from selling lands in the Highlands Region that may protect the water supply.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

Committee amendments to the bill:

- 1) Change the definition of "major development" to "major Highlands development" and revise the scope of the definition (Section 3);
- 2) Add definitions of "agricultural or horticultural development," "agricultural impervious cover," "agricultural or horticultural use," "construction beyond site preparation," "development," "farm conservation plan," "farm management unit," "immediate family member," "Office of Smart Growth," "public utility," "resource management systems plan," "soil conservation district," "State entity,""State Soil Conservation Committee," and "temporary coverings" (Section 3);
- 3) Add definitions of "construction materials facility," "mine," and "mine site," which definitions are related to an exemption for mining and quarrying provided in section 28 of the bill (Section 3);
- 4) Clarify the definitions of "Highlands open waters" and "waters of the Highlands" (Section 3);
- 5) Add definitions of "capital improvement," "facility expansion," "impact fee," "individual unit of development," "service area" and "service unit," which are related to the transfer of development rights program to be established by the council (Section 3);
- 6) Make changes to the qualification and residency requirements of the 15 council members, and provide that no action may be taken by the council except upon the affirmative vote of a majority of the total authorized membership of the council (Section 5);
- 7) Authorize the council to: hire attorneys, develop model land use ordinances and other development regulations for planning area municipalities concerning water conservation, establish a Highlands Region road signage program, promote water conservation in and outside of the Highlands Region, promote brownfield remediation and redevelopment, and work with the State Agriculture and Development Committee and the Garden State Preservation Trust to establish incentives under the farmland preservation program that would be provided in exchange for a landowner agreeing to permanently restrict the amount of impervious surface and agricultural impervious cover on farmland (Section 6);
- 8) Include a metes and bounds description of the boundaries of the preservation area (Section 7);
- 9) Specify that any road, railroad, or railroad right of way that constitutes part of the preservation area boundary would be considered outside the preservation area, and any stream, river or brook that

constitutes part of the preservation area boundary would be considered to lie within the preservation area (Section 7);

- 10) Specify that town and regional centers designated pursuant to the State Plan would not be included in the preservation area (Section 7);
- 11) Prohibit council adoption of the regional master plan unless the regional master plan includes recommended receiving zones for transfer of development rights or an analysis is provided of why a receiving zone was not recommended (Section 8);
- 12) Require the regional master plan to be submitted to the State Planning Commission for endorsement, and limit the commission's review to the planning area only (Section 8);
- 13) Provide for council and DEP consultation with the Department of Transportation wherever appropriate;
- 14) Limit redevelopment to brownfield sites or to sites with at least 70% impervious surface (Section 9);
- 15) Direct council to ensure the regional master plan recognizes and does not compromise the provisions of the "Right to Farm Act" (Section 9);
- 16) Expand the goals of the regional master plan in the preservation area and the planning area (Section 10);
- 17) Specify the resource assessment is only for advisory purposes in the planning area (Section 10);
- 18) Expand the required components of the regional master plan to include a transportation and a smart growth component (Section 11):
- 19) Provide certain requirements and provisions for the transfer of development rights program to be established by the council (Section 13):
- 20) Empower the council to revoke conformance approval for a preservation area municipality if the local government takes action inconsistent with regional master plan (Section 14);
- 21) Delete section 16 of the bill as introduced, which concerned vested rights under the "Municipal Land Use Law;"
- 22) Provide preservation area municipalities with additional time to revise ordinances to conform to regional plan (Sections 14 and 18);
- 23) Provide for cause of actions contesting local government development decisions in the preservation area (Section 17);
- 24) Provide reasonable expenses incurred by municipalities and counties for conforming with the regional master plan would be payable from grants and other financial aid (Section 18);
- 25) Delete section 20 of the bill as introduced, and revise the property tax stabilization provisions to address decline in taxes paid for vacant land and other issues (Section 19);
- 26) Create a "Highlands Protection Fund," and dedicate a portion of the realty transfer fee revenue annually for certain State aid purposes in the Highlands Region (Sections 20, 60 and 61);
 - 27) Provide that the council, rather than the Attorney General,

would provide legal representation to local governments in the preservation area whose development decisions are challenged in court (Section 21);

- 28) Revise section 24 of the bill as introduced, which concerns the Council on Affordable Housing and adjustments to fair share obligations in consideration of the regional master plan (Section 24);
- 29) Delete section 26 of the bill as introduced, which concerned the State's right of first refusal to purchase property from the bill;
- 30) Delete section 27 of the bill as introduced, which concerned the sale of water supply protection lands in the Highlands Region by any State or local public entity or public utility;
- 31) Provide exemptions for certain activities and types of development to the provisions of the bill after it is enacted into law, the regional master plan, any rules or regulations adopted by the DEP pursuant to the bill, or any amendments to a master plan (Section 29);
- 32) Specify that the provisions of the bill would not affect the funding allocations in the "Garden State Preservation Trust Act" (Section 29);
- 33) Add a new section concerning agricultural or horticultural development in the preservation area (Section 30);
- 34) Provide for specifics connected to administration of the Highlands Preservation Area approval, including exempting the establishment of the fee schedule from the provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act" (Section 31);
- 35) Require demonstration of equivalent reductions in water demand and implementation of water conservation connected with new or increased water allocations for nonpotable purposes, and authorize revocation of unused allocations (Section 31 and 33);
- 36) Add language to provide that the provisions of sections 40 and 41 in the bill as introduced, concerning public water systems and designated sewer service areas, would not apply to development in the preservation area that is exempt pursuant to section 29 of the bill (Sections 40 and 41);
- 37) Add language to provide that moneys for State open space acquisition be spent equitably among the geographic areas of the State (Section 52);
- 38) Provide a special appraisal process for open space and farmland preservation (Sections 52 and 53);
- 39) Require that the amount of money spent by the State for State Green Acres acquisitions and State purchases of farmland and farmland easements in the fiscal years 2005-2009 in the counties of Atlantic, Burlington, Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester, Monmouth, Ocean and Salem would be at least as much as the average annual amount spent in those counties for State fiscal years 2000-2004 (Sections 52 and 53);
- 40) Exempt any municipality or county or portion thereof located within the Highlands preservation area from the State Development and Redevelopment Plan endorsement process (Sections 66 and 68);

- 41) Provide that the State Planning Commission can not deny plan endorsement to a municipality or portion thereof located in the planning area on the basis of the municipality not having designated a voluntary receiving area as may identified by the council (Section 68);
- 42) Change the amount of watershed aid to municipalities who host lands on which there is a moratorium from \$35 per acre to \$47 per acre (Section 81);
- 43) Delete sections 27, 60, and 81 of the bill as introduced, which concerned the sale of water supply lands; and
 - 44) Make technical and clarifying changes to the bill.

Minority Statement by Assemblymen Chatzidakis and Rooney

While the Minority appreciates the worthiness of preserving the Highlands Region, there are still a number of outstanding issues that must be addressed in this legislation in order to achieve that goal.

First, the bill contains no funding source for the acquisition of lands in the Highlands Region. Without an identified funding source for acquisition, there is the concern that the land will be preserved through statutory and regulatory action instead of fairly compensating property owners. Second, the bill provides financial assistance to municipalities in the planning area of the Highlands Region that choose to accept growth, while in contrast, the mandatory growth regions in the Pinelands Area have received no such assistance, and such equity concerns should be considered at this time. Third, there is a concern that certain pieces of property important in this Highlands conservation effort will not be preserved. Fourth, the Legislature should provide for more thoughtful and thorough deliberations on this important legislation, in order to ensure that all concerns are addressed.

Therefore, we cannot fully support this bill at this time and respectfully abstain.

ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, No. 2635

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 7, 2004

The Assembly Appropriations Committee reports favorably an Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill No. 2635.

This Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill No. 2635, to be known as the "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act," establishes a comprehensive, long-term approach to the protection and preservation of the drinking water and natural resources of the New Jersey Highlands Region. The Highland Region is the source of the drinking water of more than half of the residents of New Jersey and offers unique hiking, bird watching, fishing, and other naturalist and recreational activities.

The approach set forth in the substitute essentially consists of four major parts. First, the substitute defines the New Jersey Highlands Region and divides it into a preservation area, in which development will be strictly regulated, and a planning area, in which development will be monitored but not as strictly controlled. Second, the substitute establishes the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, which is charged with preparing and implementing a regional master plan for the Highlands Region. The substitute requires municipalities and counties in the preservation area to conform their master plans to the regional master plan. Third, the substitute requires upon its date of enactment that most major Highlands development in the preservation area receive from the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) a Highlands Preservation Area approval, which will consist of the related aspects of existing environmental land use and water permits and additional statutorily prescribed environmentally protective land use and water protection requirements. This system will be in effect for nine months. Fourth, the substitute requires the DEP to adopt, within nine months, immediately effective rules and regulations establishing a permanent Highlands permitting review program, incorporating the provisions of the Highlands Preservation Area approval program, and setting strict standards for reviewing major Highlands development in the preservation area.

The substitute exempts some activities and types of development in the preservation area from complying with the provisions of the regional master plan, the Highlands Preservation Area approval, and the permanent Highlands permitting review program. The substitute includes landowner equity provisions and a provision to provide State aid to offset decreases in property tax revenues in municipalities with land located in the preservation area, makes changes to statutorily provided watershed aid, establishes a "Highlands Protection Fund," and requires the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council to establish and implement a transfer of development rights program.

The substitute is different from Assembly Bill No. 2635 (1R) as follows:

- (1) Establishes the "Pinelands Property Tax Assistance Fund" to which will be allocated \$1.8 million annually from the "Highlands Protection Fund" for five years. Moneys in the fund will be distributed to municipalities in the pinelands area in the same percentage of the total that the municipality received from the "Pinelands Municipal Tax Stabilization Fund" pursuant to P.L.1983, c.551;
- (2) Reduces the dedication to the "Highlands Protection Fund" for the first 10 years from \$20 million annually to \$12 million annually;
- (3) Changes the exemption for the construction of a single family home for the individual's own use on a lot owned by the individual on the date of enactment to also allow the construction of a single family home for an individual's own use on a lot for which the individual had a contract of sale on or before May 17, 2004;
- (4) Adds a new exemption for a major Highlands development located within an area designated as Planning Area 1 (Metropolitan), or Planning Area 2 (Suburban), as designated pursuant to the "State Planning Act" as of March 29, 2004, that on or before March 29, 2004 has been the subject of a settlement agreement and stipulation of dismissal filed in the Superior Court, or a builder's remedy issued by the Superior Court, to satisfy the constitutional requirement to provide for the fulfillment of the fair share obligation of the municipality in which the development is located. This exemption will expire if construction beyond site preparation does not commence within three years after receiving all final approvals required pursuant to the "Municipal Land Use Law";
- (5) Provides that the exemption for the routine maintenance and operations, rehabilitation, preservation, reconstruction, or repair of transportation systems by a State entity or local government unit also applies to infrastructure systems;
- (6) Requires that the amount of money spent by the State for State Green Acres acquisitions and State purchases of farmland and farmland easements in the fiscal years 2005-2009 in each county in the State, rather than in the nine southern counties only, will be at least as much as the average annual amount spent in each county for State fiscal years 2002-2004 provided there are sufficient and appropriate lands available to be so acquired by the State;
- (7) Omits subsection k. of section 6 concerning the establishment of a nonprofit by the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council;

- (8) Makes certain changes to the transfer of development rights sections related to eligibility for priority status for State capital or infrastructure programs;
- (9) Makes changes to the transfer of development rights sections to provide that the council shall not adopt the regional master plan unless it recommends receiving zones in the planning area, rather than in each municipality in the planning area;
- (10) Specifies that the plan's transportation component and smart growth component are only for advisory purposes in the planning area;
- (11) Authorizes the Office of Smart Growth to establish a pilot transfer of development rights program;
- (12) Omits language in section 68 regarding the State Planning Commission's authority to deny plan endorsement;
- (13) Provides that nothing in the substitute shall be construed to repeal, reduce, or otherwise modify the obligation of counties, municipalities, and other municipal and public agencies of the State to pay property taxes on lands used for the purpose and for the protection of a public water supply, without regard to any buildings or other improvements thereon, pursuant to R.S.54:4-3.3;
- (14) Revises the definition of "mine site" and the exemption for mining; and
- (15) Makes changes to the preservation area boundary in Mahwah, Hopatcong, and Sparta.

As reported by the committee, this substitute is identical to Senate Bill No. 1 (1R).

FISCAL IMPACT:

The substitute dedicates \$12 million annually for the first 10 years and \$5 million annually thereafter from the realty transfer fee to the 'Highlands Protection Fund" established pursuant to the substitute.

The substitute allocates \$1.8 million annually for five years from the "Highlands Protection Fund" to the "Pinelands Municipal Tax Stabilization Fund" established pursuant to the substitute.

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE

[First Reprint]

ASSEMBLY, No. 2635 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

DATED: JUNE 14, 2004

SUMMARY

Synopsis: The "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act"; creates

Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council; and dedicates a portion of realty transfer fee revenue annually for certain State aid

purposes in Highlands Region.

Type of Impact: Expenditure increase from the General Fund.

Agencies Affected: Departments of Environmental Protection, Agriculture, Community

Affairs, Transportation, and Treasury; State Planning Commission;

and affected municipalities and counties.

Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	Year 1	<u>Year 2</u>	Year 3
State Cost - Undedicated		\$3,000,000 to \$4,000,000 annually	
State Cost - Dedicated		\$20,000,000 annually	
Local Cost		Indeterminate	

- ! The bill establishes a comprehensive, long-term approach to the protection and preservation of the drinking water and natural resources of the New Jersey Highlands Region. This area comprises nearly 800,000 acres in northern New Jersey, covering 88 municipalities.
- ! The Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council is established to develop a regional master plan, help manage the regulatory provisions of the bill, create a transfer of development rights (TDR) program, and provide financial assistance when needed.
- ! The bill annually dedicates \$20 million for 10 years and \$5 million thereafter from realty transfer fees to compensate towns adversely affected by decreased property values, to restore watershed moratorium offset aid, and to support local grants awarded by the Council. Other financial incentives are provided to landowners, municipalities, and Pinelands communities.
- ! The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) estimates that an annual State appropriation of \$3 million to \$4 million may be required to support the Council's operating budget. More funds may also be needed for startup, regional master plan, and TDR development costs.



BILL DESCRIPTION

Assembly Bill No. 2635 (1R) of 2004, the "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act," establishes a comprehensive, long-term approach to the protection and preservation of the drinking water and natural resources of the New Jersey Highlands Region. The bill defines the Highlands Region and divides it into a preservation area, where development would be strictly regulated, and a planning area where development would not be as strictly controlled.

The bill establishes the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, an independent agency "in, but not of" the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP). Its major responsibilities would include preparing and implementing a regional master plan for the Highlands Region, exercising review authority over any local application for development within the preservation area, and reviewing publicly-funded capital projects. Pursuant to Council review and approval, municipalities and counties in the preservation area would be required to amend their master plans to conform with the regional master plan. The cost of making these revisions would be reimbursable by the State through the Council.

For the first nine months following enactment, the bill requires that most major development in the preservation area receive from the DEP a Highlands Preservation Area approval, a permit consisting of existing and new environmentally protective land use and water protection requirements. After that time period, the bill requires the DEP to adopt rules and regulations establishing a permanent Highlands permitting review and permit program.

The bill requires the Council to establish a transfer of development rights (TDR) program and to recommend growth receiving zones in the regional master plan prior to adoption. The Council is authorized to use the existing State TDR Bank or to establish such a bank specifically for the Highlands Region. Financial incentives are available to certain municipalities in or outside the planning area that permit voluntary receiving zones within their boundaries. These incentives include planning grants up to \$250,000, reimbursement of costs to amend municipal development regulations, authorization to impose impact fees, entitlement to free legal representation, and eligibility for any other appropriate assistance or incentives.

The bill establishes a funding mechanism under which a municipality in the preservation area could receive State aid to compensate for any decrease in the aggregate amount of property tax revenue that is directly attributable to the bill's implementation. Specifically, a newly created Highlands Municipal Property Tax Stabilization Board, along with county tax boards, would annually calculate and certify the amount to which each affected municipality is entitled. The certified sum would then be paid by the State Treasurer to each qualified municipality.

These State payments would be supplied from the Highlands Municipal Property Tax Stabilization Fund, which will be financed by the Highlands Protection Fund. Both special accounts are created by the bill. The bill capitalizes the Highlands Protection Fund by dedicating to it \$20 million per year from State realty transfer fee revenues for the first 10 years following enactment, with \$5 million annually dedicated thereafter. The bill also directs the Highlands Protection Fund to annually allocate money for a revised watershed moratorium offset aid program and for local grants awarded through the Council.

The bill contains landowner equity provisions designed to compensate landowners within the preservation area who decide to sell land or development rights to the State's Green Acres or farmland preservation programs. The bill provides that such lands could receive fair market compensation by using a two-part appraisal system modeled after the system used by these two programs. A hold harmless provision is also included to ensure that southern New Jersey counties continue to receive equitable funding from these programs.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

None received

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) estimates that the annual dedication of realty transfer fund monies for the purposes described therein will result in a proportional decrease in available balances in the General Fund. Notwithstanding this fact, the cost of implementing the bill will require State funding on an annual basis to support the basic operations of the Council, staff, offices and support services. Although staff size and needs are uncertain, the OLS estimates regular operating costs could approach \$3 million to \$4 million annually.

This projection is based on comparing the Council budget with the budgets of two other public entities that have missions similar to the proposed Council, the Pinelands Commission and the New Jersey (Hackensack) Meadowlands Commission. Both agency budgets are at approximately \$3 million. The Council budget may be even higher due to the bill's requirement that it provide legal representation to any Highlands town having legal actions filed against it as a result of this act or certain other State laws. The Council's administrative expense could also be higher because the bill calls for it to develop a transfer of development rights (TDR) program. This last responsibility could incur especially significant expenses because it would require the Council to conduct real estate analyses and other related duties during the process of identifying so-called "sending and receiving" zones. Affected municipalities may also incur costs during this exercise. Financial assistance may be available to offset such costs from the State TDR Bank, which currently has a balance of approximately \$20 million.

With respect to general implementation costs, the OLS does not have sufficient information to provide an estimate at this time. Such costs could include one-time capital and other start-up expenses for leases or rent, furniture, vehicles, etc. In addition, significant one-time costs may be incurred in the development of the regional master plan. On the plus side, the Council could eventually supplement its budget through application review fees, compensation for other regulatory duties performed on behalf of the State, or contributions from non-state funding sources such as the federal government, nonprofit organizations, and private industry.

The requirement that municipalities and counties in the Highlands preservation area adopt and submit revisions to their master plans and development regulations in order to conform to the regional master plan will incur certain costs. Cost estimates will vary widely depending on the degree of difference between the local and regional plans. However, under the bill, these costs would be recouped through planning grants supported from the realty transfer fee dedication. It is unclear, however, whether all such costs will ultimately be covered by these grants, or whether there will be sufficient funding to meet all reimbursement claims from communities in both the preservation and planning areas.

The bill's potential fiscal impact on property tax values is addressed by the proposed Highlands Municipal Property Tax Stabilization Fund, which is established to compensate municipalities that experience decreased property tax collections as a result of the bill. Local fiscal impacts may also be mitigated by the allocation of Highlands Protection Fund money to restore watershed moratorium offset aid, which was discontinued in FY 2003. For comparison purposes, the State provided a total of \$16,067,000 in watershed moratorium offset aid to six municipalities from FY 1997 to FY 2002.

With respect to the bill's fiscal impact on State agencies, the DEP is directed to establish upon enactment a Highlands Preservation Area approval process that would be required of all major development applicants. This approval would consist mostly of existing permits plus some new regulatory requirements included in the bill. It would provide immediate review of development applications until a permanent Highlands permitting review program is established nine months later.

The bill allows the DEP to establish fees to meet all administrative costs of the new permitting program. For existing and future permit review functions under the bill, the DEP is allowed to charge appropriate fees to cover most or all of its administrative costs. Assuming that some additional staff may have to be hired to handle increased, first-year work levels under the new program, administrative costs may exceed review fee revenues for several years. State funding liability should eventually decrease, however, as the program stabilizes.

With respect to the potential costs incurred by the Department of Community Affairs and other affected State agencies, the OLS does not have sufficient data to formulate an estimate.

Section: Environment, Agriculture, Energy and Natural Resources

Analyst: Richard M. Handelman

Senior Fiscal Analyst

Approved: David J. Rosen

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67.

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

ASSEMBLY, No. 2635 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 211th LEGISLATURE

DATED: JUNE 29, 2004

SUMMARY

Synopsis: The "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act"; creates

Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council; and dedicates a portion of realty transfer fee revenue annually for certain State aid

purposes in the Highlands Region and the pinelands area.

Type of Impact: Expenditure increase from the General Fund.

Agencies Affected: Departments of Environmental Protection, Agriculture, Community

Affairs, Transportation, and Treasury; State Planning Commission;

and affected municipalities and counties.

Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
State Cost - Undedicated		\$3,000,000 to \$4,000,000 annually	
State Cost - Dedicated		\$12,000,000 annually	
Local Cost		Indeterminate	

- ! The bill establishes a comprehensive, long-term approach to the protection and preservation of the drinking water and natural resources of the New Jersey Highlands Region. This area comprises nearly 800,000 acres in northern New Jersey, covering 88 municipalities.
- ! The Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council is established to develop a regional master plan, help manage the regulatory provisions of the bill, create a transfer of development rights (TDR) program, and provide financial assistance when needed.
- ! The bill annually dedicates \$12 million for 10 years and \$5 million thereafter from realty transfer fees to (1) compensate towns adversely affected by decreased property values; (2) support watershed moratorium offset aid; (3) award local grants; and (4) make five annual allocations of \$1.8 million to Pinelands communities to offset property tax increases. Other financial incentives are also provided to landowners and municipalities.



! The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) estimates that an annual State appropriation of \$3 million to \$4 million may be required to support the Council's operating budget. More funds may also be needed for startup costs, development of the regional master plan, and TDR development expenses.

BILL DESCRIPTION

Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill No. 2635 of 2004, the "Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act," establishes a comprehensive, long-term approach to the protection and preservation of the drinking water and natural resources of the New Jersey Highlands Region. The bill defines the Highlands Region and divides it into a preservation area, where development would be strictly regulated, and a planning area where development would not be as strictly controlled.

The bill establishes the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council, an independent agency "in, but not of" the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP). Its major responsibilities would include preparing and implementing a regional master plan for the Highlands Region, exercising review authority over any local application for development within the preservation area, and reviewing publicly-funded capital projects. Pursuant to Council review and approval, municipalities and counties in the preservation area would be required to amend their master plans to conform with the regional master plan. The cost of making these revisions would be reimbursable by the State through the Council.

For the first nine months following enactment, the bill requires that most major development in the preservation area receive from the DEP a Highlands Preservation Area approval, a permit consisting of existing and new environmentally protective land use and water protection requirements. After that time period, the bill requires the DEP to adopt rules and regulations establishing a permanent Highlands permitting review and permit program.

The bill requires the Council to establish a transfer of development rights (TDR) program, which would include recommendations regarding receiving zones in the planning area, prior to the adoption of the regional master plan. The Council is authorized to use the existing State TDR Bank or to establish such a bank specifically for the Highlands Region. The bill provides financial incentives to municipalities in or outside the planning area that permit voluntary receiving zones within their boundaries. These incentives include planning grants up to \$250,000, reimbursement of costs to amend municipal development regulations, authorization to impose impact fees, and eligibility for State financial assistance. The bill also directs the State Office of Smart Growth to establish a pilot TDR program.

The bill establishes a funding mechanism under which a municipality in the preservation area could receive State aid to compensate for any decrease in the aggregate amount of property tax revenue that is directly attributable to the bill's implementation. Specifically, a newly created Highlands Municipal Property Tax Stabilization Board, along with county tax boards, would annually calculate and certify the amount to which each municipality is entitled. The certified sum would then be paid by the State Treasurer to each qualified municipality.

These particular State payments would be derived from the Highlands Municipal Property Tax Stabilization Fund, an account financed by the Highlands Protection Fund. The bill capitalizes the Highlands Protection Fund by dedicating to it \$12 million per year from State realty transfer fee revenues for the first 10 years following enactment, with \$5 million annually dedicated thereafter. The bill also directs the Highlands Protection Fund to annually allocate money for a revised watershed moratorium offset aid program, for any local grants awarded by the Council, and for Pinelands municipalities through a newly created Pinelands Property Tax Assistance Fund. Under the bill, this fund would receive \$1.8 million annually for five years to

help offset property tax increases in qualified Pinelands region communities.

Last, the bill contains landowner equity provisions designed to compensate landowners within the preservation area who decide to sell land or development rights to the State's Green Acres or farmland preservation programs. The bill provides that such lands could receive fair market compensation by using a two-part appraisal system modeled after the system used by these two programs. A hold harmless provision is also included to ensure that all counties receive equitable funding from these programs from fiscal years 2005-2009.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

None received

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) estimates that the annual dedication of realty transfer fund monies for the purposes described therein will result in a proportional decrease in available balances in the General Fund. Notwithstanding this fact, the cost of implementing the bill will require State funding on an annual basis to support the basic operations of the Council, staff, offices and support services. Although staff size and needs are uncertain, the OLS estimates regular operating costs could approach \$3 million to \$4 million annually.

This projection is based on comparing the Council budget with the budgets of two other public entities that have missions similar to the proposed Council: the Pinelands Commission and the New Jersey (Hackensack) Meadowlands Commission. Both agencies receive approximately \$3 million annually for operational expenses. The Council budget may prove to be even higher due to the bill's requirement that it provide legal representation to any Highlands town having legal actions filed against it as a result of the act, and its role in developing a transfer of development rights (TDR) program. This last responsibility could incur significant expenses because it would require the Council to conduct real estate analyses and other related duties during the process of identifying so-called "sending and receiving" zones. Affected municipalities may also incur costs during this exercise. Financial assistance to offset some or all of such costs may be available from the State TDR Bank, which currently has a balance of approximately \$20 million, or from grants awarded by the Council.

With respect to the Council's one-time implementation costs, the OLS does not have sufficient information to provide a cost estimate at this time. Such costs could include capital and other start-up expenses for leases or rent, furniture, vehicles, etc. In addition, significant one-time costs may be incurred in the development of the regional master plan. On the plus side, the Council could eventually supplement its budget through application review fees, compensation for other regulatory duties performed on behalf of the State, or contributions from non-state funding sources such as the federal government, nonprofit organizations, or private donations.

The requirement that municipalities and counties in the Highlands preservation area adopt and submit revisions to their master plans and development regulations in order to conform to the regional master plan will incur certain costs. Cost estimates will vary widely depending on the degree of difference between the local and regional plans. However, under the bill, these costs would be recouped through planning grants supported by the realty transfer fee dedication. It is unclear, however, whether all such costs will ultimately be covered by these grants, or whether there will be sufficient funding to meet all reimbursement claims from communities in both the preservation and planning areas.

The bill's potential fiscal impact on property tax values is addressed by the proposed Highlands Municipal Property Tax Stabilization Fund, which is established to compensate municipalities that experience decreased property tax collections as a result of the bill. Local fiscal impacts may also be mitigated by the bill's restoration (albeit revised) of the Watershed Moratorium Offset Aid program, which was discontinued in FY 2003. For comparison purposes, the State provided over \$16 million for this program from FY 1997 to FY 2002.

The Highlands Protection Fund will also provide property tax relief to certain Pinelands communities by allocating \$1.8 million annually for five years to the proposed Pinelands Property Tax Assistance Fund. For comparison purposes, the State has intermittently provided over \$9 million in property tax-related aid in the Pinelands area from FY 1985 through FY 2002.

With respect to the bill's fiscal impact on State agencies, the DEP is directed to establish upon enactment a Highlands Preservation Area approval process that would be required of all major development applicants. This approval would consist mostly of existing permits plus some new regulatory requirements included in the bill. It would provide immediate review of development applications until a permanent Highlands permitting review program is established nine months later.

The bill allows the DEP to establish fees to meet all administrative costs of the new permitting program. For existing and future permit review functions under the bill, the DEP is allowed to charge appropriate fees to cover most or all of its administrative costs. Assuming that some additional staff may have to be hired to handle increased, first-year work levels under the new program, administrative costs may exceed review fee revenues for several years. State funding liability should eventually decrease, however, as the program stabilizes.

As to the potential costs incurred by the Department of Community Affairs (DCA) and other affected State agencies, the OLS does not have enough data to formulate an estimate of such expenses at this time.

Section: Environment, Agriculture, Energy and Natural Resources

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Approved: David J. Rosen

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67.



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Office of the Governor

News Releases

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Governor McGreevey Enacts Historic Highlands Legislation, Protects Drinking Water for 5.4 Million New Jersey Residents

Highlands Act Continues New Jersey's Legacy of Environmental Protection

(WANAQUE) — Governor James E. McGreevey today signed historic legislation that preserves nearly 400,000 acres of environmentally sensitive land in New Jersey's Highlands region and protects the source of clean drinking water for 5.4 million New Jersey residents.

"The Highlands region has long been one of the missing jewels in this country's and our state's preservation efforts," McGreevey said. "No longer. By signing the Highlands Act today, we are keeping our commitment to New Jersey families and ensuring clean drinking water for our children. Today is the crowning moment in our efforts to protect the environment. Today is a wonderful day for New Jersey, a wonderful day for our environment and our children, and a wonderful day for the future of this great state."

The Governor signed the landmark Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act during a noon news conference at the Wanaque Reservoir Dam in Wanaque. He was joined by: former governors Brendan T. Byrne and James J. Florio; the bill's sponsors Sen. Bob Smith, Sen. Robert J. Martin, and Assemblyman John F. McKeon; Passaic County Freeholder and Highlands Task Force Member Lois Cuccinello; Lebanon Township Mayor and Highlands Task Force Member Eileen Swan, and 13-year-old Catherine Cacciola of Girl Scout Troop 404 in Paramus.

The event was also attended by numerous local officials, area scouting groups and various other environmental advocates.

The Highlands Act is the toughest of its kind in the nation and carries on the legacy of environmental protection that is the hallmark of New Jersey, from preserving the Pinelands, to protecting wetlands to saving open space.

"This is one of the most significant pieces of environmental legislation ever passed," said Byrne. "It makes giant steps to preserve open spaces in a critical area of New Jersey".

Florio echoed Byrne.

"The Highlands Act represents the most significant advancement of natural resource protection in New Jersey since passage of the Pinelands Act 25 years ago," said Florio, Chairman of the New Jersey Pinelands Commission. "Like the Pinelands law, this measure will ensure clean, abundant water and protect the ecology of a unique and vulnerable natural area. I commend Governor McGreevey for taking a tough stand to ensure the passage of this landmark legislation. This is truly a legacy accomplishment for the Governor."

Smith, co-sponsor of the Act, said he has long recognized the need to protect the Highlands.

"For some, the fight to protect the New Jersey Highlands has gone on for decades," said Smith, Chairman of the Senate Environment Committee. "For others, it has only felt like it took that long, despite objections by opponents that it was 'rushed through the legislative process.' In any event, through careful deliberation and measured response, we've come up with a bill that will be celebrated in New Jersey as one of the biggest environmental accomplishments in decades."

McKeon agreed.

"It is rewarding to witness the enthusiasm of New Jerseyans in protecting this important forested region and preserving its vital natural resources," said McKeon. "This landmark legislation is our chance to preserve New Jersey's greatest source of drinking water for future generations. I am proud that we have not let this once-in-a-lifetime opportunity pass us by."

Sixty-four percent of New Jersey residents, about 5.4 million people, receive their water from the Highlands. Those residents live in 292 municipalities, in 16 counties. And they include 900,000 people in urban areas such as Newark and Jersey City.

The New Jersey Highlands is a 1,000 square mile area in the Northwest part of the State, stretching from Phillipsburg in the Southwest to Ringwood in the Northeast. It lies within portions of seven counties (Hunterdon, Somerset, Sussex, Warren, Morris, Passaic and Bergen) and 87 municipalities.

Between 1995 and 2000, sprawl consumed 25,000 acres of forests and farmland in the Highlands. Population growth is increasing in the Highlands at a rate nearly 50 percent faster than the statewide rate.

The Highlands Water Protection and Planning Act designates a preservation area of 400,000 acres where development will be significantly curtailed. The Act heightens environmental standards to protect this area, which includes the region's most

environmentally sensitive land, and establishes the Highlands Water Protection and Planning Council. The Council will work with local officials to prepare a master plan for the entire Highlands region, including both the preservation and planning areas, within the next 18 months.

Information about the Highlands Act and answers to frequently asked questions is available at http://www.nj.gov/dep/highlands/, a new website unveiled by the Department of Environmental Protection today.

Under Governor McGreevey, New Jersey has protected more than 580 miles of waterways, saved 66,429 acres of open space and preserved more than 40,000 acres of farmland.

State of New Jersey Governor's Office

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