54:32B-2

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF: 2002 **CHAPTER**: 45

NJSA: 54:32B-2 ("Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act"—sales and use tax)

BILL NO: A2513 (Substituted for S1620)

SPONSOR(S): Carabello

DATE INTRODUCED: June 6, 2003

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Budget

SENATE -----

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: No

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: June 20, 2002

SENATE: June 24, 2002

DATE OF APPROVAL: July 30, 2003

FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (Original version of bill enacted)

A2513

SPONSORS STATEMENT: (Begins on page 13 of original bill) Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: <u>ASSEMBLY</u>: <u>Yes</u>

SENATE: No

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

S1620

SPONSORS STATEMENT: (Begins on page 11 of original bill) Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: No

SENATE: Yes

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS: No

<u>LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE</u>: <u>Yes</u>

VETO MESSAGE: No

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING: No

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

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P.L. 2002, CHAPTER 45, *approved July 30*, 2002 Assembly, No. 2513

1 AN ACT implementing the sourcing rules of the federal "Mobile 2 Telecommunications Sourcing Act" for purposes of the sales and 3 use tax, amending P.L.1966, c.30.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 8 1. Section 2 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-2) is amended to read 9 as follows:
 - 2. Unless the context in which they occur requires otherwise, the following terms when used in this act shall mean:
 - (a) Person. Person includes an individual, partnership, society, association, joint stock company, corporation, public corporation or public authority, estate, receiver, trustee, assignee, referee, and any other person acting in a fiduciary or representative capacity, whether appointed by a court or otherwise, and any combination of the foregoing.
 - (b) Purchase at retail. A purchase by any person at a retail sale.
 - (c) Purchaser. A person who purchases property or who receives services.
 - (d) Receipt. The amount of the sales price of any property and the charge for any service taxable under this act, valued in money, whether received in money or otherwise, including any amount for which credit is allowed by the vendor to the purchaser, without any deduction for expenses or early payment discounts, but excluding any credit for property of the same kind that is not tangible personal property purchased for lease accepted in part payment and intended for resale, excluding the cost of transportation where such cost is separately stated in the written contract, if any, and on the bill rendered to the purchaser, and excluding the amount of the sales price for which food stamps have been properly tendered in full or part payment pursuant to the federal Food Stamp Act of 1977, Pub.L.95-113 (7 U.S.C. s.2011 et seq.).
 - (e) Retail sale. (1) A sale of tangible personal property to any person for any purpose, other than (A) for resale either as such or as converted into or as a component part of a product produced for sale by the purchaser, including the conversion of natural gas into another intermediate or end product, other than electricity or thermal energy, produced for sale by the purchaser, or (B) for use by that person in performing the services subject to tax under subsection (b) of section 3 where the property so sold becomes a physical component part of

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- the property upon which the services are performed or where the property so sold is later actually transferred to the purchaser of the service in conjunction with the performance of the service subject to tax.
 - (2) For the purposes of this act, the term retail sales includes: Sales of tangible personal property to all contractors, subcontractors or repairmen of materials and supplies for use by them in erecting structures for others, or building on, or otherwise improving, altering, or repairing real property of others.
 - (3) For the purposes of this act, the term retail sale includes the purchase of tangible personal property for lease.
 - (4) The term retail sales does not include:

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- (A) Professional, insurance, or personal service transactions which involve the transfer of tangible personal property as an inconsequential element, for which no separate charges are made.
- (B) The transfer of tangible personal property to a corporation, solely in consideration for the issuance of its stock, pursuant to a merger or consolidation effected under the laws of New Jersey or any other jurisdiction.
- 20 (C) The distribution of property by a corporation to its 21 stockholders as a liquidating dividend.
- 22 (D) The distribution of property by a partnership to its partners in whole or partial liquidation.
 - (E) The transfer of property to a corporation upon its organization in consideration for the issuance of its stock.
 - (F) The contribution of property to a partnership in consideration for a partnership interest therein.
 - (G) The sale of tangible personal property where the purpose of the vendee is to hold the thing transferred as security for the performance of an obligation of the vendor.
 - (f) Sale, selling or purchase. Any transfer of title or possession or both, exchange or barter, rental, lease or license to use or consume, conditional or otherwise, in any manner or by any means whatsoever for a consideration, or any agreement therefor, including the rendering of any service, taxable under this act, for a consideration or any agreement therefor.
- 37 (g) Tangible personal property. Corporeal personal property of any nature including energy.
- 39 (h) Use. The exercise of any right or power over tangible personal 40 property by the purchaser thereof and includes, but is not limited to, 41 the receiving, storage or any keeping or retention for any length of time, withdrawal from storage, any distribution, any installation, any 42 43 affixation to real or personal property, or any consumption of such 44 property. Use also includes the exercise of any right or power over 45 intrastate or interstate telecommunications, mobile telecommunications 46 services, and prepaid telephone calling arrangements.

- 1 includes the exercise of any right or power over utility service.
 - (i) Vendor. (1) The term "vendor" includes:

- (A) A person making sales of tangible personal property or services, the receipts from which are taxed by this act;
- (B) A person maintaining a place of business in the State and making sales, whether at such place of business or elsewhere, to persons within the State of tangible personal property or services, the use of which is taxed by this act;
- (C) A person who solicits business either by employees, independent contractors, agents or other representatives or by distribution of catalogs or other advertising matter and by reason thereof makes sales to persons within the State of tangible personal property or services, the use of which is taxed by this act;
- (D) Any other person making sales to persons within the State of tangible personal property or services, the use of which is taxed by this act, who may be authorized by the director to collect the tax imposed by this act;
- (E) The State of New Jersey, any of its agencies, instrumentalities, public authorities, public corporations (including a public corporation created pursuant to agreement or compact with another state) or political subdivisions when such entity sells services or property of a kind ordinarily sold by private persons;
- (F) A person who purchases tangible personal property for lease, whether in this State or elsewhere. For the purposes of Title 54 of the Revised Statutes, the presence of leased tangible personal property in this State is deemed to be a place of business in this State; and
- (G) A person who sells, stores, delivers or transports energy to users or customers in this State whether by mains, lines or pipes located within this State or by any other means of delivery.
- (2) In addition, when in the opinion of the director it is necessary for the efficient administration of this act to treat any salesman, representative, peddler or canvasser as the agent of the vendor, distributor, supervisor or employer under whom he operates or from whom he obtains tangible personal property sold by him or for whom he solicits business, the director may, in his discretion, treat such agent as the vendor jointly responsible with his principal, distributor, supervisor or employer for the collection and payment over of the tax.
- (j) Hotel. A building or portion of it which is regularly used and kept open as such for the lodging of guests. The term "hotel" includes an apartment hotel, a motel, boarding house or club, whether or not meals are served.
- 42 (k) Occupancy. The use or possession or the right to the use or 43 possession, of any room in a hotel.
- 44 (1) Occupant. A person who, for a consideration, uses, possesses, 45 or has the right to use or possess, any room in a hotel under any lease, 46 concession, permit, right of access, license to use or other agreement,

1 or otherwise.

- (m) Permanent resident. Any occupant of any room or rooms in a hotel for at least 90 consecutive days shall be considered a permanent resident with regard to the period of such occupancy.
- 5 (n) Room. Any room or rooms of any kind in any part or portion 6 of a hotel, which is available for or let out for any purpose other than 7 a place of assembly.
 - (o) Admission charge. The amount paid for admission, including any service charge and any charge for entertainment or amusement or for the use of facilities therefor.
 - (p) Amusement charge. Any admission charge, dues or charge of roof garden, cabaret or other similar place.
 - (q) Charge of a roof garden, cabaret or other similar place. Any charge made for admission, refreshment, service, or merchandise at a roof garden, cabaret or other similar place.
 - (r) Dramatic or musical arts admission charge. Any admission charge paid for admission to a theater, opera house, concert hall or other hall or place of assembly for a live, dramatic, choreographic or musical performance.
 - (s) Lessor. Any person who is the owner, licensee, or lessee of any premises or tangible personal property which he leases, subleases, or grants a license to use to other persons.
 - (t) Place of amusement. Any place where any facilities for entertainment, amusement, or sports are provided.
 - (u) Casual sale. Casual sale means an isolated or occasional sale of an item of tangible personal property by a person who is not regularly engaged in the business of making sales at retail where such property was obtained by the person making the sale, through purchase or otherwise, for his own use in this State.
 - (v) Motor vehicle. Motor vehicle shall include all vehicles propelled otherwise than by muscular power (excepting such vehicles as run only upon rails or tracks), trailers, semitrailers, housetrailers, or any other type of vehicle drawn by a motor-driven vehicle, and motorcycles, designed for operation on the public highways.
- (w) "Persons required to collect tax" or "persons required to collect any tax imposed by this act" shall include: every vendor of tangible personal property or services; every recipient of amusement charges; every operator of a hotel; every lessor; and every vendor of telecommunications. Said terms shall also include any officer or employee of a corporation or of a dissolved corporation who as such officer or employee is under a duty to act for such corporation in complying with any requirement of this act and any member of a partnership. Provided, however, the vendor of tangible personal property to all contractors, subcontractors or repairmen, consisting of materials and supplies for use by them in erecting structures for others, or building on, or otherwise improving, altering or repairing real

property of others, shall not be deemed a person required to collect tax, and the tax imposed by any section of this act shall be paid directly to the director by such contractors, subcontractors or repairmen.

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- (x) "Customer" shall include: every purchaser of tangible personal property or services; every patron paying or liable for the payment of any amusement charge; and every occupant of a room or rooms in a hotel.
- 9 (y) "Property and services the use of which is subject to tax" shall 10 include: (1) all property sold to a person within the State, whether or 11 not the sale is made within the State, the use of which property is 12 subject to tax under section 6 or will become subject to tax when such 13 property is received by or comes into the possession or control of such 14 person within the State; (2) all services rendered to a person within the 15 State, whether or not such services are performed within the State, upon tangible personal property the use of which is subject to tax 16 17 under section 6 or will become subject to tax when such property is distributed within the State or is received by or comes into possession 18 19 or control of such person within the State; (3) intrastate or interstate 20 telecommunications, other than mobile telecommunications services, 21 charged to a service address in this State; (4) (Deleted by amendment, 22 P.L.1995, c.184); (5) energy sold, exchanged or delivered in this State for use in this State; (6) utility service sold, exchanged or delivered in 23 24 this State for use in this State; [and] (7) direct mail advertising 25 processing services in connection with advertising or promotional 26 material distributed in this State; and (8) intrastate and interstate mobile telecommunications services provided to a customer with a 27 28 place of primary use in this State.
 - (z) Director. Director means the Director of the Division of Taxation of the State Department of the Treasury, or any officer, employee or agency of the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury duly authorized by the director (directly, or indirectly by one or more redelegations of authority) to perform the functions mentioned or described in this act.
 - (aa) "Lease" means the possession or control of tangible personal property by an agreement, not transferring sole title, as may be evidenced by a contract, contracts, or by implication from other circumstances including course of dealing or usage of trade or course of performance, for a period of more than 28 days.
 - (bb) "The amount of the sales price" of tangible personal property purchased for lease means, at the election of the lessor, either (1) the amount of the lessor's purchase price or (2) the amount of the total of the lease payments attributable to the lease of such property. Tangible personal property purchased for lease is subject to the provisions of subsection (a) of section 3 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-3).
 - (cc) "Telecommunications" means the act or privilege of

- 1 originating or receiving messages or information through the use of
- 2 any kind of one-way or two-way communication; including but not
- 3 limited to voice, video, facsimile, teletypewriter, computer, [cellular
- 4 mobile or portable telephone, specialized mobile or portable pager or
- 5 paging service, <u>Imobile telecommunications service</u> or any other type
- 6 of communication; using electronic or electromagnetic methods, and
- 7 all services and equipment provided in connection therewith or by
- 8 means thereof. "Telecommunications" shall not include:

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- (1) one-way radio or television broadcasting transmissions available universally to the general public without a fee;
- (2) purchases of telecommunications by a telecommunications provider for use as a component part of telecommunications provided to an ultimate retail consumer who (A) originates or terminates the taxable end-to-end communications or (B) pays charges exempt from taxation pursuant to paragraph (5) of this subsection;
- (3) services provided by a person, or by that person's wholly owned subsidiary, not engaged in the business of rendering or offering telecommunications services to the public, for private and exclusive use within its organization, provided however, that "telecommunications" shall include the sale of telecommunications services attributable to the excess unused telecommunications capacity of that person to another;
- 23 (4) charges in the nature of subscription fees paid by subscribers 24 for cable television service;
 - (5) charges subject to the local calling rate paid by inserting coins into a coin operated telecommunications device available to the public; and
 - (6) purchases of telecommunications using a prepaid telephone arrangement.
 - (dd) "Interstate telecommunication" means any telecommunication that originates or terminates inside this State, including international telecommunication. In the case of mobile telecommunications service, "interstate telecommunication" means any mobile telecommunications service that originates in one state and terminates in another state, territory, or foreign country that is provided to a customer with a
- (ee) "Intrastate telecommunication" means any telecommunication that originates and terminates within this State. In the case of mobile telecommunications service, "intrastate telecommunication" means any mobile telecommunications service that originates and terminates within the same state that is provided to a customer with a place of primary use in this State.
- 43 (ff) "Natural gas" means any gaseous fuel distributed through a 44 pipeline system.
- 45 (gg) "Energy" means natural gas or electricity.

place of primary use in this State.

46 (hh) "Utility service" means the transportation or transmission of

natural gas or electricity by means of mains, wires, lines or pipes, to users or customers.

- (ii) "Self-generation unit" means a facility located on the user's property, or on property purchased or leased from the user by the person owning the self-generation unit and such property is contiguous to the user's property, which generates electricity to be used only by that user on the user's property and is not transported to the user over wires that cross a property line or public thoroughfare unless the property line or public thoroughfare merely bifurcates the user's or self-generation unit owner's otherwise contiguous property.
- (jj) "Co-generation facility" means a facility the primary purpose of which is the sequential production of electricity and steam or other forms of useful energy which are used for industrial or commercial heating or cooling purposes and which is designated by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, or its successor, as a "qualifying facility" pursuant to the provisions of the "Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978," Pub.L.95-617.
- (kk) "Non-utility" means a company engaged in the sale, exchange or transfer of natural gas that was not subject to the provisions of P.L.1940, c.5 (C.54:30A-49 et seq.) prior to December 31, 1997.
- (ll) "Pre-paid telephone calling arrangement "means the right to [exclusively] purchase exclusively telecommunications services, that must be paid for in advance, that enables the origination of calls using an access number or authorization code, whether manually or electronically dialed; provided, that the remaining amount of units of service that have been pre-paid shall be known by the service provider on a continuous basis.
- (mm) "Mobile telecommunications service" means commercial mobile radio service, as defined in section 20.3 of title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations as in effect on June 1, 1999.
- (nn) "Place of primary use" means the street address representative of where the customer's use of the mobile telecommunications service primarily occurs, which shall be the residential street address or the primary business street address of the customer and within the licensed service area of the home service provider. For the purposes of determining the primary place of use, the terms used shall have the meanings provided pursuant to the federal "Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act," 4 U.S.C. s.124 (Pub.L.106-252). (cf: P.L.1999, c.248, s.1)

2. Section 3 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-3) is amended to read as follows:

- 3. There is imposed and there shall be paid a tax of 6% upon:
- 44 (a) The receipts from every retail sale of tangible personal 45 property, except as otherwise provided in this act. If the lessor of 46 tangible personal property purchased for lease elects to pay tax on the

amount of the sales price as provided in paragraph (2) of subsection (bb) of section 2 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-2), any and each subsequent lease or rental is a retail sale, and a subsequent sale of such property is a retail sale.

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- (b) The receipts from every sale, except for resale, of the following services:
- (1) Producing, fabricating, processing, printing or imprinting tangible personal property, performed for a person who directly or indirectly furnishes the tangible personal property, not purchased by him for resale, upon which such services are performed.
- 11 (2) Installing tangible personal property, or maintaining, servicing, 12 repairing tangible personal property not held for sale in the regular 13 course of business, whether or not the services are performed directly 14 or by means of coin-operated equipment or by any other means, and 15 whether or not any tangible personal property is transferred in conjunction therewith, except (i) such services rendered by an 16 17 individual who is engaged directly by a private homeowner or lessee in or about his residence and who is not in a regular trade or business 18 19 offering his services to the public, (ii) such services rendered with 20 respect to personal property exempt from taxation hereunder pursuant 21 to section 13 of P.L.1980, c.105 (C.54:32B-8.1), (iii) (Deleted by 22 amendment, P.L.1990, c.40), (iv) any receipts from laundering, dry 23 cleaning, tailoring, weaving, pressing, shoe repairing and shoeshining and (v) services rendered in installing property which, when installed, 24 25 will constitute an addition or capital improvement to real property, 26 property or land.
 - (3) Storing all tangible personal property not held for sale in the regular course of business and the rental of safe deposit boxes or similar space.
 - (4) Maintaining, servicing or repairing real property, other than a residential heating system unit serving not more than three families living independently of each other and doing their cooking on the premises, whether the services are performed in or outside of a building, as distinguished from adding to or improving such real property by a capital improvement, but excluding services rendered by an individual who is not in a regular trade or business offering his services to the public, and excluding garbage removal and sewer services performed on a regular contractual basis for a term not less than 30 days.
- 40 (5) Direct-mail advertising processing services, except for 41 direct-mail advertising processing services in connection with 42 distribution of advertising or promotional material to out-of-State 43 recipients.
- 44 (6) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1995, c.184).
- 45 (7) Utility service provided to persons in this State, any right or 46 power over which is exercised in this State.

Wages, salaries and other compensation paid by an employer to an employee for performing as an employee the services described in this subsection are not receipts subject to the taxes imposed under this subsection (b).

Services otherwise taxable under paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection (b) are not subject to the taxes imposed under this subsection, where the tangible personal property upon which the services were performed is delivered to the purchaser outside this State for use outside this State.

- (c) Receipts from the sale of food and drink in or by restaurants, taverns, vending machines or other establishments in this State, or by caterers, including in the amount of such receipts any cover, minimum, entertainment or other charge made to patrons or customers:
- (1) In all instances where the sale is for consumption on the premises where sold;
- (2) In those instances where the vendor or any person whose services are arranged for by the vendor, after the delivery of the food or drink by or on behalf of the vendor for consumption off the premises of the vendor, serves or assists in serving, cooks, heats or provides other services with respect to the food or drink, except for meals especially prepared for and delivered to homebound elderly, age 60 or older, and to disabled persons, or meals prepared and served at a group-sitting at a location outside of the home to otherwise homebound elderly persons, age 60 or older, and otherwise homebound disabled persons, as all or part of any food service project funded in whole or in part by government or as part of a private, nonprofit food service project available to all such elderly or disabled persons residing within an area of service designated by the private nonprofit organization;
- (3) In those instances where the sale is for consumption off the premises of the vendor, and consists of a meal, or food prepared and ready to be eaten, of a kind obtainable in restaurants as the main course of a meal, including a sandwich, except where food other than sandwiches is sold in an unheated state and is of a type commonly sold in the same form and condition in food stores other than those which are principally engaged in selling prepared foods; and
- (4) Sales of food and beverages sold through coin-operated vending machines, at the wholesale price of such sale, which shall be defined as 70% of the retail vending machine selling price, except sales of milk, which shall not be taxed. Nothing herein contained shall affect other sales through coin-operated vending machines taxable pursuant to subsection (a) above or the exemption thereto provided by section 21 of P.L.1980, c.105 (C.54:32B-8.9).
- The tax imposed by this subsection (c) shall not apply to food or drink which is sold to an airline for consumption while in flight.
 - (d) The rent for every occupancy of a room or rooms in a hotel in

this State, except that the tax shall not be imposed upon (1) a permanent resident, or (2) where the rent is not more than at the rate of \$2.00 per day.

- 4 (e) (1) Any admission charge, where such admission charge is in 5 excess of \$0.75 to or for the use of any place of amusement in the State, including charges for admission to race tracks, baseball, 6 7 football, basketball or exhibitions, dramatic or musical arts 8 performances, motion picture theaters, except charges for admission 9 to boxing, wrestling, kick boxing or combative sports exhibitions, 10 events, performances or contests which charges are taxed under any 11 other law of this State or under section 20 of P.L.1985, c.83 12 (C.5:2A-20), and, except charges to a patron for admission to, or use 13 of, facilities for sporting activities in which such patron is to be a 14 participant, such as bowling alleys and swimming pools. For any 15 person having the permanent use or possession of a box or seat or lease or a license, other than a season ticket, for the use of a box or 16 17 seat at a place of amusement, the tax shall be upon the amount for 18 which a similar box or seat is sold for each performance or exhibition 19 at which the box or seat is used or reserved by the holder, licensee or 20 lessee, and shall be paid by the holder, licensee or lessee.
 - (2) The amount paid as charge of a roof garden, cabaret or other similar place in this State, to the extent that a tax upon such charges has not been paid pursuant to subsection (c) hereof.
 - (f) (1) The receipts from every sale, except for resale, of intrastate or interstate telecommunications (other than mobile telecommunications services) charged to an address in this State, regardless of where the services are billed or paid.
 - (2) The receipts from every sale, except for resale, of intrastate or interstate mobile telecommunications services billed by or for a customer's home service provider and provided to a customer with a place of primary use in this State. The provisions and definitions of the federal "Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act," 4 U.S.C. ss. 116-126 (Pub.L. 106-252), are applicable herein.
 - (g) The receipts from every sale, except for resale, of prepaid telephone calling arrangements and the recharge of prepaid telephone calling arrangements. If the sale or recharge of a prepaid telephone calling arrangement does not take place at the vendor's place of business, the sale or recharge shall be conclusively determined to take place at the customer's shipping address, or if there is no item shipped, at the customer's billing address or the location associated with the customer's mobile telephone number.
- 42 (cf: P.L.1999, c.248, s.2)

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- 3. Section 6 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-6) is amended to read as follows:
 - 6. Unless property or services have already been or will be subject

1 to the sales tax under this act, there is hereby imposed on and there 2 shall be paid by every person a use tax for the use within this State of 3 6%, except as otherwise exempted under this act, (A) of any tangible 4 personal property purchased at retail, including energy, provided 5 however, that electricity consumed by the generating facility that produced it shall not be subject to tax, (B) of any tangible personal 6 7 property manufactured, processed or assembled by the user, if items 8 of the same kind of tangible personal property are offered for sale by 9 him in the regular course of business, or if items of the same kind of 10 tangible personal property are not offered for sale by him in the regular 11 course of business and are used as such or incorporated into a 12 structure, building or real property, (C) of any tangible personal 13 property, however acquired, where not acquired for purposes of 14 resale, upon which any taxable services described in paragraphs (1) 15 and (2) of subsection (b) of section 3 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-3) been performed, interstate 16 have (D) of or 17 telecommunications and mobile telecommunications described in 18 subsection (f) of section 3 of P.L.1966, c.30, (E) (Deleted by 19 amendment, P.L.1995, c.184), (F) of utility service provided to 20 persons in this State for use in this State, provided however, that 21 utility service used by the facility that provides the service shall not be 22 subject to tax, (G) of direct-mail advertising processing services 23 described in paragraph (5) of subsection (b) of section 3 of P.L.1966, 24 c.30 (C.54:32B-3) and (H) of prepaid telephone calling arrangements 25 and the recharge of prepaid telephone calling arrangements. For 26 purposes of clause (A) of this section, the tax shall be at the applicable 27 rate, as set forth hereinabove, of the consideration given or contracted 28 to be given for such property or for the use of such property, but 29 excluding any credit for property of the same kind accepted in part 30 payment and intended for resale, plus the cost of transportation, 31 except where such cost is separately stated in the written contract, if 32 any, and on the bill rendered to the purchaser, provided however, that 33 there shall be no exclusion for the cost of the utility service. For the 34 purposes of clause (B) of this section, the tax shall be at the applicable 35 rate, as set forth hereinabove, of the price at which items of the same 36 kind of tangible personal property are offered for sale by the user, or 37 if items of the same kind of tangible personal property are not offered 38 for sale by the user in the regular course of business and are used as 39 such or incorporated into a structure, building or real property the tax 40 shall be at the applicable rate, as set forth hereinabove, of the 41 consideration given or contracted to be given for the tangible personal 42 property manufactured, processed or assembled by the user into the 43 tangible personal property the use of which is subject to use tax 44 pursuant to this section, and the mere storage, keeping, retention or 45 withdrawal from storage of tangible personal property by the person 46 who manufactured, processed or assembled such property shall not be

deemed a taxable use by him. For purposes of clause (C) of this 1 2 section, the tax shall be at the applicable rate, as set forth hereinabove, 3 of the consideration given or contracted to be given for the service, 4 including the consideration for any tangible personal property 5 transferred in conjunction with the performance of the service, plus the cost of transportation, except where such cost is separately stated in 6 7 the written contract, if any, and on the bill rendered to the purchaser. 8 For the purposes of clause (D) of this section, the tax shall be at the 9 applicable rate on the charge made by the telecommunications service 10 provider. For purposes of clause (F) of this section, the tax shall be 11 at the applicable rate on the charge made by the utility service provider. For purposes of clause (G) of this section, the tax shall be 12 at the applicable rate on that proportion of the amount of all 13 14 processing costs charged by a direct-mail advertising processing 15 service provider that is attributable to the advertising or promotional material distributed in this State. For the purposes of clause (H) of 16 17 this section, the tax shall be at the applicable rate on the consideration 18 given or contracted to be given for the prepaid telephone calling 19 arrangement or the recharge of the prepaid telephone calling 20 arrangement.

21 (cf: P.L.1999, c.248, s.3)

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4. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to customer bills issued after August 1, 2002.

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STATEMENT

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This bill implements the requirements of the federal "Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act," 4 U.S.C.ss.116 et seq. (Pub.L.106-252), for purposes of the New Jersey sales and use tax.

Many state sales tax laws that apply to the sale of telecommunications services were, like New Jersey's, written to conform to the Supreme Court's decision in <u>Goldberg</u> v. <u>Sweet</u>, 488 U.S. 252 (1989). That Commerce Clause case concerned the rules that could permissibly be used to decide which state will tax the charges for telecommunications initiated in one state to a party in another state. Compliance with the decision requires identifying the location from which a call is placed and to which it is made.

This can be almost impossible in the case of the "flat rate fee" charges that have become common in the cell phone industry. The problem led government and the telecommunications industry to cooperate in formulating the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act, which requires a different uniform method for sourcing mobile telecommunications services for sales tax purposes. The new method assumes that all wireless calls are made at the service subscribers'

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1	residential or business street address, whichever is the "place of				
2	primary use," and allows taxing jurisdictions to tax all the calls				
3	charged to that place of primary (even if the wireless call was not				
4	placed at, or made to, that place of primary use).				
5	The federal act forbids the State taxation of mobile				
6	telecommunications after August 1, 2002, under any other system.				
7	The federal act also provides standards by which the primary place of				
8	use will be determined and protections to mobile telecommunications				
9	service providers who follow its provisions.				
10	The new procedure under the bill applies to customer bills issued				
11	after August 1, 2002, as required by federal law.				
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16	Implements the federal "Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act"				
17	for purposes of the sales and use tax.				

ASSEMBLY, No. 2513

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

210th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JUNE 6, 2002

Sponsored by: Assemblyman WILFREDO CARABALLO

District 29 (Essex and Union)

Co-Sponsored by:

Senators Kyrillos and Bryant

SYNOPSIS

Implements the federal "Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act" for purposes of the sales and use tax.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 6/25/2002)

AN ACT implementing the sourcing rules of the federal "Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act" for purposes of the sales and use tax, amending P.L.1966, c.30.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 8 1. Section 2 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-2) is amended to read 9 as follows:
 - 2. Unless the context in which they occur requires otherwise, the following terms when used in this act shall mean:
 - (a) Person. Person includes an individual, partnership, society, association, joint stock company, corporation, public corporation or public authority, estate, receiver, trustee, assignee, referee, and any other person acting in a fiduciary or representative capacity, whether appointed by a court or otherwise, and any combination of the foregoing.
 - (b) Purchase at retail. A purchase by any person at a retail sale.
 - (c) Purchaser. A person who purchases property or who receives services.
 - (d) Receipt. The amount of the sales price of any property and the charge for any service taxable under this act, valued in money, whether received in money or otherwise, including any amount for which credit is allowed by the vendor to the purchaser, without any deduction for expenses or early payment discounts, but excluding any credit for property of the same kind that is not tangible personal property purchased for lease accepted in part payment and intended for resale, excluding the cost of transportation where such cost is separately stated in the written contract, if any, and on the bill rendered to the purchaser, and excluding the amount of the sales price for which food stamps have been properly tendered in full or part payment pursuant to the federal Food Stamp Act of 1977, Pub.L.95-113 (7 U.S.C. s.2011 et seq.).
 - (e) Retail sale. (1) A sale of tangible personal property to any person for any purpose, other than (A) for resale either as such or as converted into or as a component part of a product produced for sale by the purchaser, including the conversion of natural gas into another intermediate or end product, other than electricity or thermal energy, produced for sale by the purchaser, or (B) for use by that person in performing the services subject to tax under subsection (b) of section 3 where the property so sold becomes a physical component part of the property upon which the services are performed or where the property so sold is later actually transferred to the purchaser of the

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

service in conjunction with the performance of the service subject to tax.

- 3 (2) For the purposes of this act, the term retail sales includes: Sales
 4 of tangible personal property to all contractors, subcontractors or
 5 repairmen of materials and supplies for use by them in erecting
 6 structures for others, or building on, or otherwise improving, altering,
 7 or repairing real property of others.
 - (3) For the purposes of this act, the term retail sale includes the purchase of tangible personal property for lease.
 - (4) The term retail sales does not include:

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- (A) Professional, insurance, or personal service transactions which involve the transfer of tangible personal property as an inconsequential element, for which no separate charges are made.
- (B) The transfer of tangible personal property to a corporation, solely in consideration for the issuance of its stock, pursuant to a merger or consolidation effected under the laws of New Jersey or any other jurisdiction.
- 18 (C) The distribution of property by a corporation to its 19 stockholders as a liquidating dividend.
 - (D) The distribution of property by a partnership to its partners in whole or partial liquidation.
 - (E) The transfer of property to a corporation upon its organization in consideration for the issuance of its stock.
 - (F) The contribution of property to a partnership in consideration for a partnership interest therein.
 - (G) The sale of tangible personal property where the purpose of the vendee is to hold the thing transferred as security for the performance of an obligation of the vendor.
 - (f) Sale, selling or purchase. Any transfer of title or possession or both, exchange or barter, rental, lease or license to use or consume, conditional or otherwise, in any manner or by any means whatsoever for a consideration, or any agreement therefor, including the rendering of any service, taxable under this act, for a consideration or any agreement therefor.
- (g) Tangible personal property. Corporeal personal property ofany nature including energy.
- 37 (h) Use. The exercise of any right or power over tangible personal 38 property by the purchaser thereof and includes, but is not limited to, 39 the receiving, storage or any keeping or retention for any length of 40 time, withdrawal from storage, any distribution, any installation, any 41 affixation to real or personal property, or any consumption of such 42 property. Use also includes the exercise of any right or power over 43 intrastate or interstate telecommunications, mobile telecommunications 44 services, and prepaid telephone calling arrangements. Use also 45 includes the exercise of any right or power over utility service.
- 46 (i) Vendor. (1) The term "vendor" includes:

- 1 (A) A person making sales of tangible personal property or 2 services, the receipts from which are taxed by this act;
- 3 (B) A person maintaining a place of business in the State and making sales, whether at such place of business or elsewhere, to persons within the State of tangible personal property or services, the use of which is taxed by this act;

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- A person who solicits business either by employees, independent contractors, agents or other representatives or by distribution of catalogs or other advertising matter and by reason thereof makes sales to persons within the State of tangible personal property or services, the use of which is taxed by this act;
- (D) Any other person making sales to persons within the State of tangible personal property or services, the use of which is taxed by this act, who may be authorized by the director to collect the tax imposed by this act;
- (E) The State of New Jersey, any of its agencies, instrumentalities, public authorities, public corporations (including a public corporation created pursuant to agreement or compact with another state) or political subdivisions when such entity sells services or property of a kind ordinarily sold by private persons;
- (F) A person who purchases tangible personal property for lease, whether in this State or elsewhere. For the purposes of Title 54 of the Revised Statutes, the presence of leased tangible personal property in this State is deemed to be a place of business in this State; and
- (G) A person who sells, stores, delivers or transports energy to users or customers in this State whether by mains, lines or pipes located within this State or by any other means of delivery.
- 28 (2) In addition, when in the opinion of the director it is necessary 29 for the efficient administration of this act to treat any salesman, representative, peddler or canvasser as the agent of the vendor, 30 31 distributor, supervisor or employer under whom he operates or from 32 whom he obtains tangible personal property sold by him or for whom 33 he solicits business, the director may, in his discretion, treat such agent 34 as the vendor jointly responsible with his principal, distributor, supervisor or employer for the collection and payment over of the tax. 35
 - (j) Hotel. A building or portion of it which is regularly used and kept open as such for the lodging of guests. The term "hotel" includes an apartment hotel, a motel, boarding house or club, whether or not meals are served.
- 40 (k) Occupancy. The use or possession or the right to the use or 41 possession, of any room in a hotel.
- 42 (l) Occupant. A person who, for a consideration, uses, possesses, 43 or has the right to use or possess, any room in a hotel under any lease, 44 concession, permit, right of access, license to use or other agreement, 45 or otherwise.
- 46 (m) Permanent resident. Any occupant of any room or rooms in

- a hotel for at least 90 consecutive days shall be considered a permanent resident with regard to the period of such occupancy.
- 3 (n) Room. Any room or rooms of any kind in any part or portion 4 of a hotel, which is available for or let out for any purpose other than 5 a place of assembly.
- 6 (o) Admission charge. The amount paid for admission, including 7 any service charge and any charge for entertainment or amusement or 8 for the use of facilities therefor.
 - (p) Amusement charge. Any admission charge, dues or charge of roof garden, cabaret or other similar place.

- (q) Charge of a roof garden, cabaret or other similar place. Any charge made for admission, refreshment, service, or merchandise at a roof garden, cabaret or other similar place.
- (r) Dramatic or musical arts admission charge. Any admission charge paid for admission to a theater, opera house, concert hall or other hall or place of assembly for a live, dramatic, choreographic or musical performance.
- (s) Lessor. Any person who is the owner, licensee, or lessee of any premises or tangible personal property which he leases, subleases, or grants a license to use to other persons.
- (t) Place of amusement. Any place where any facilities for entertainment, amusement, or sports are provided.
- (u) Casual sale. Casual sale means an isolated or occasional sale of an item of tangible personal property by a person who is not regularly engaged in the business of making sales at retail where such property was obtained by the person making the sale, through purchase or otherwise, for his own use in this State.
- (v) Motor vehicle. Motor vehicle shall include all vehicles propelled otherwise than by muscular power (excepting such vehicles as run only upon rails or tracks), trailers, semitrailers, housetrailers, or any other type of vehicle drawn by a motor-driven vehicle, and motorcycles, designed for operation on the public highways.
- (w) "Persons required to collect tax" or "persons required to collect any tax imposed by this act" shall include: every vendor of tangible personal property or services; every recipient of amusement charges; every operator of a hotel; every lessor; and every vendor of telecommunications. Said terms shall also include any officer or employee of a corporation or of a dissolved corporation who as such officer or employee is under a duty to act for such corporation in complying with any requirement of this act and any member of a partnership. Provided, however, the vendor of tangible personal property to all contractors, subcontractors or repairmen, consisting of materials and supplies for use by them in erecting structures for others, or building on, or otherwise improving, altering or repairing real property of others, shall not be deemed a person required to collect tax, and the tax imposed by any section of this act shall be paid

1 directly to the director by such contractors, subcontractors or 2 repairmen.

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- (x) "Customer" shall include: every purchaser of tangible personal property or services; every patron paying or liable for the payment of any amusement charge; and every occupant of a room or rooms in a hotel.
- 7 (y) "Property and services the use of which is subject to tax" shall 8 include: (1) all property sold to a person within the State, whether or 9 not the sale is made within the State, the use of which property is 10 subject to tax under section 6 or will become subject to tax when such 11 property is received by or comes into the possession or control of such 12 person within the State; (2) all services rendered to a person within the 13 State, whether or not such services are performed within the State, 14 upon tangible personal property the use of which is subject to tax 15 under section 6 or will become subject to tax when such property is distributed within the State or is received by or comes into possession 16 17 or control of such person within the State; (3) intrastate or interstate telecommunications, other than mobile telecommunications services, 18 19 charged to a service address in this State; (4) (Deleted by amendment, 20 P.L.1995, c.184); (5) energy sold, exchanged or delivered in this State 21 for use in this State; (6) utility service sold, exchanged or delivered in 22 this State for use in this State; [and] (7) direct mail advertising 23 processing services in connection with advertising or promotional 24 material distributed in this State; and (8) intrastate and interstate 25 mobile telecommunications services provided to a customer with a 26 place of primary use in this State.
 - (z) Director. Director means the Director of the Division of Taxation of the State Department of the Treasury, or any officer, employee or agency of the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury duly authorized by the director (directly, or indirectly by one or more redelegations of authority) to perform the functions mentioned or described in this act.
 - (aa) "Lease" means the possession or control of tangible personal property by an agreement, not transferring sole title, as may be evidenced by a contract, contracts, or by implication from other circumstances including course of dealing or usage of trade or course of performance, for a period of more than 28 days.
 - (bb) "The amount of the sales price" of tangible personal property purchased for lease means, at the election of the lessor, either (1) the amount of the lessor's purchase price or (2) the amount of the total of the lease payments attributable to the lease of such property. Tangible personal property purchased for lease is subject to the provisions of subsection (a) of section 3 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-3).
- 44 (cc) "Telecommunications" means the act or privilege of 45 originating or receiving messages or information through the use of 46 any kind of one-way or two-way communication; including but not

- limited to voice, video, facsimile, teletypewriter, computer, [cellular 1
- 2 mobile or portable telephone, specialized mobile or portable pager or
- 3 paging service, mobile telecommunications service or any other type
- 4 of communication; using electronic or electromagnetic methods, and
- 5 all services and equipment provided in connection therewith or by
- means thereof. "Telecommunications" shall not include: 6

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- 7 one-way radio or television broadcasting transmissions 8 available universally to the general public without a fee;
- 9 (2) purchases of telecommunications by a telecommunications 10 provider for use as a component part of telecommunications provided to an ultimate retail consumer who (A) originates or terminates the taxable end-to-end communications or (B) pays charges exempt from taxation pursuant to paragraph (5) of this subsection;
- 14 (3) services provided by a person, or by that person's wholly 15 owned subsidiary, not engaged in the business of rendering or offering telecommunications services to the public, for private and exclusive 16 17 within its organization, provided however, use 18 "telecommunications" shall include the sale of telecommunications 19 services attributable to the excess unused telecommunications capacity 20 of that person to another;
 - (4) charges in the nature of subscription fees paid by subscribers for cable television service;
- 23 (5) charges subject to the local calling rate paid by inserting coins 24 into a coin operated telecommunications device available to the public; 25 and
- 26 (6) purchases of telecommunications using a prepaid telephone 27 arrangement.
 - (dd) "Interstate telecommunication" means any telecommunication that originates or terminates inside this State, including international telecommunication. In the case of mobile telecommunications service, "interstate telecommunication" means any mobile telecommunications
- 32 service that originates in one state and terminates in another state,
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- territory, or foreign country that is provided to a customer with a 34 place of primary use in this State.
- 35 (ee) "Intrastate telecommunication" means any telecommunication 36 that originates and terminates within this State. In the case of mobile 37 telecommunications service, "intrastate telecommunication" means any mobile telecommunications service that originates and terminates 38 39 within the same state that is provided to a customer with a place of 40 primary use in this State.
- 41 (ff) "Natural gas" means any gaseous fuel distributed through a 42 pipeline system.
- 43 (gg) "Energy" means natural gas or electricity.
- 44 (hh) "Utility service" means the transportation or transmission of 45 natural gas or electricity by means of mains, wires, lines or pipes, to
- users or customers. 46

- 1 (ii) "Self-generation unit" means a facility located on the user's 2 property, or on property purchased or leased from the user by the 3 person owning the self-generation unit and such property is contiguous 4 to the user's property, which generates electricity to be used only by that user on the user's property and is not transported to the user over 5 6 wires that cross a property line or public thoroughfare unless the property line or public thoroughfare merely bifurcates the user's or 7 8 self-generation unit owner's otherwise contiguous property.
- 9 (jj) "Co-generation facility" means a facility the primary purpose 10 of which is the sequential production of electricity and steam or other 11 forms of useful energy which are used for industrial or commercial 12 heating or cooling purposes and which is designated by the Federal 13 Energy Regulatory Commission, or its successor, as a "qualifying 14 facility" pursuant to the provisions of the "Public Utility Regulatory 15 Policies Act of 1978," Pub.L.95-617.
 - (kk) "Non-utility" means a company engaged in the sale, exchange or transfer of natural gas that was not subject to the provisions of P.L.1940, c.5 (C.54:30A-49 et seq.) prior to December 31, 1997.
 - (ll) "Pre-paid telephone calling arrangement "means the right to [exclusively] purchase exclusively telecommunications services, that must be paid for in advance, that enables the origination of calls using an access number or authorization code, whether manually or electronically dialed; provided, that the remaining amount of units of service that have been pre-paid shall be known by the service provider on a continuous basis.
 - (mm) "Mobile telecommunications service" means commercial mobile radio service, as defined in section 20.3 of title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations as in effect on June 1, 1999.
- 29 (nn) "Place of primary use" means the street address representative of where the customer's use of the mobile telecommunications service 30 31 primarily occurs, which shall be the residential street address or the 32 primary business street address of the customer and within the licensed 33 service area of the home service provider. For the purposes of 34 determining the primary place of use, the terms used shall have the meanings provided pursuant to the federal "Mobile 35 Telecommunications Sourcing Act," 4 U.S.C. s.124 (Pub.L.106-252). 36 37 (cf: P.L.1999, c.248, s.1)

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- 39 2. Section 3 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-3) is amended to read 40 as follows:
 - 3. There is imposed and there shall be paid a tax of 6% upon:
- 42 (a) The receipts from every retail sale of tangible personal 43 property, except as otherwise provided in this act. If the lessor of 44 tangible personal property purchased for lease elects to pay tax on the 45 amount of the sales price as provided in paragraph (2) of subsection 46 (bb) of section 2 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-2), any and each

subsequent lease or rental is a retail sale, and a subsequent sale of such
property is a retail sale.

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- (b) The receipts from every sale, except for resale, of the following services:
- (1) Producing, fabricating, processing, printing or imprinting tangible personal property, performed for a person who directly or indirectly furnishes the tangible personal property, not purchased by him for resale, upon which such services are performed.
- 9 (2) Installing tangible personal property, or maintaining, servicing, 10 repairing tangible personal property not held for sale in the regular 11 course of business, whether or not the services are performed directly 12 or by means of coin-operated equipment or by any other means, and 13 whether or not any tangible personal property is transferred in conjunction therewith, except (i) such services rendered by an 14 15 individual who is engaged directly by a private homeowner or lessee in or about his residence and who is not in a regular trade or business 16 17 offering his services to the public, (ii) such services rendered with 18 respect to personal property exempt from taxation hereunder pursuant 19 to section 13 of P.L.1980, c.105 (C.54:32B-8.1), (iii) (Deleted by 20 amendment, P.L.1990, c.40), (iv) any receipts from laundering, dry 21 cleaning, tailoring, weaving, pressing, shoe repairing and shoeshining 22 and (v) services rendered in installing property which, when installed, 23 will constitute an addition or capital improvement to real property, 24 property or land.
 - (3) Storing all tangible personal property not held for sale in the regular course of business and the rental of safe deposit boxes or similar space.
 - (4) Maintaining, servicing or repairing real property, other than a residential heating system unit serving not more than three families living independently of each other and doing their cooking on the premises, whether the services are performed in or outside of a building, as distinguished from adding to or improving such real property by a capital improvement, but excluding services rendered by an individual who is not in a regular trade or business offering his services to the public, and excluding garbage removal and sewer services performed on a regular contractual basis for a term not less than 30 days.
 - (5) Direct-mail advertising processing services, except for direct-mail advertising processing services in connection with distribution of advertising or promotional material to out-of-State recipients.
 - (6) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1995, c.184).
- 43 (7) Utility service provided to persons in this State, any right or 44 power over which is exercised in this State.

Wages, salaries and other compensation paid by an employer to an employee for performing as an employee the services described in this 3 subsection are not receipts subject to the taxes imposed under this 4 subsection (b).

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Services otherwise taxable under paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection (b) are not subject to the taxes imposed under this subsection, where the tangible personal property upon which the services were performed is delivered to the purchaser outside this State for use outside this State.

- (c) Receipts from the sale of food and drink in or by restaurants, taverns, vending machines or other establishments in this State, or by caterers, including in the amount of such receipts any cover, minimum, entertainment or other charge made to patrons or customers:
- (1) In all instances where the sale is for consumption on the premises where sold;
- (2) In those instances where the vendor or any person whose services are arranged for by the vendor, after the delivery of the food or drink by or on behalf of the vendor for consumption off the premises of the vendor, serves or assists in serving, cooks, heats or provides other services with respect to the food or drink, except for meals especially prepared for and delivered to homebound elderly, age 60 or older, and to disabled persons, or meals prepared and served at a group-sitting at a location outside of the home to otherwise homebound elderly persons, age 60 or older, and otherwise homebound disabled persons, as all or part of any food service project funded in whole or in part by government or as part of a private, nonprofit food service project available to all such elderly or disabled persons residing within an area of service designated by the private nonprofit organization;
- (3) In those instances where the sale is for consumption off the premises of the vendor, and consists of a meal, or food prepared and ready to be eaten, of a kind obtainable in restaurants as the main course of a meal, including a sandwich, except where food other than sandwiches is sold in an unheated state and is of a type commonly sold in the same form and condition in food stores other than those which are principally engaged in selling prepared foods; and
- Sales of food and beverages sold through coin-operated vending machines, at the wholesale price of such sale, which shall be defined as 70% of the retail vending machine selling price, except sales of milk, which shall not be taxed. Nothing herein contained shall affect other sales through coin-operated vending machines taxable pursuant to subsection (a) above or the exemption thereto provided by section 21 of P.L.1980, c.105 (C.54:32B-8.9).
- The tax imposed by this subsection (c) shall not apply to food or drink which is sold to an airline for consumption while in flight.
- (d) The rent for every occupancy of a room or rooms in a hotel in

this State, except that the tax shall not be imposed upon (1) a permanent resident, or (2) where the rent is not more than at the rate of \$2.00 per day.

- 4 (e) (1) Any admission charge, where such admission charge is in 5 excess of \$0.75 to or for the use of any place of amusement in the 6 State, including charges for admission to race tracks, baseball, football, basketball or exhibitions, dramatic or musical arts 7 8 performances, motion picture theaters, except charges for admission 9 to boxing, wrestling, kick boxing or combative sports exhibitions, 10 events, performances or contests which charges are taxed under any other law of this State or under section 20 of P.L.1985, c.83 11 12 (C.5:2A-20), and, except charges to a patron for admission to, or use 13 of, facilities for sporting activities in which such patron is to be a 14 participant, such as bowling alleys and swimming pools. For any 15 person having the permanent use or possession of a box or seat or lease or a license, other than a season ticket, for the use of a box or 16 17 seat at a place of amusement, the tax shall be upon the amount for 18 which a similar box or seat is sold for each performance or exhibition 19 at which the box or seat is used or reserved by the holder, licensee or 20 lessee, and shall be paid by the holder, licensee or lessee.
 - (2) The amount paid as charge of a roof garden, cabaret or other similar place in this State, to the extent that a tax upon such charges has not been paid pursuant to subsection (c) hereof.
 - (f) (1) The receipts from every sale, except for resale, of intrastate or interstate telecommunications (other than mobile telecommunications services) charged to an address in this State, regardless of where the services are billed or paid.
 - (2) The receipts from every sale, except for resale, of intrastate or interstate mobile telecommunications services billed by or for a customer's home service provider and provided to a customer with a place of primary use in this State. The provisions and definitions of the federal "Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act," 4 U.S.C. ss. 116-126 (Pub.L. 106-252), are applicable herein.
 - (g) The receipts from every sale, except for resale, of prepaid telephone calling arrangements and the recharge of prepaid telephone calling arrangements. If the sale or recharge of a prepaid telephone calling arrangement does not take place at the vendor's place of business, the sale or recharge shall be conclusively determined to take place at the customer's shipping address, or if there is no item shipped, at the customer's billing address or the location associated with the customer's mobile telephone number.

42 (cf: P.L.1999, c.248, s.2) 43

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3. Section 6 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-6) is amended to read as follows:

6. Unless property or services have already been or will be subject

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1 to the sales tax under this act, there is hereby imposed on and there 2 shall be paid by every person a use tax for the use within this State of 3 6%, except as otherwise exempted under this act, (A) of any tangible 4 personal property purchased at retail, including energy, provided 5 however, that electricity consumed by the generating facility that 6 produced it shall not be subject to tax, (B) of any tangible personal 7 property manufactured, processed or assembled by the user, if items 8 of the same kind of tangible personal property are offered for sale by 9 him in the regular course of business, or if items of the same kind of 10 tangible personal property are not offered for sale by him in the regular course of business and are used as such or incorporated into a 11 12 structure, building or real property, (C) of any tangible personal 13 property, however acquired, where not acquired for purposes of 14 resale, upon which any taxable services described in paragraphs (1) 15 and (2) of subsection (b) of section 3 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-3) performed, 16 have been (D) of interstate or 17 telecommunications and mobile telecommunications described in 18 subsection (f) of section 3 of P.L.1966, c.30, (E) (Deleted by 19 amendment, P.L.1995, c.184), (F) of utility service provided to 20 persons in this State for use in this State, provided however, that 21 utility service used by the facility that provides the service shall not be 22 subject to tax, (G) of direct-mail advertising processing services 23 described in paragraph (5) of subsection (b) of section 3 of P.L.1966, 24 c.30 (C.54:32B-3) and (H) of prepaid telephone calling arrangements 25 and the recharge of prepaid telephone calling arrangements. For 26 purposes of clause (A) of this section, the tax shall be at the applicable 27 rate, as set forth hereinabove, of the consideration given or contracted 28 to be given for such property or for the use of such property, but 29 excluding any credit for property of the same kind accepted in part 30 payment and intended for resale, plus the cost of transportation, 31 except where such cost is separately stated in the written contract, if 32 any, and on the bill rendered to the purchaser, provided however, that 33 there shall be no exclusion for the cost of the utility service. For the 34 purposes of clause (B) of this section, the tax shall be at the applicable rate, as set forth hereinabove, of the price at which items of the same 35 36 kind of tangible personal property are offered for sale by the user, or 37 if items of the same kind of tangible personal property are not offered 38 for sale by the user in the regular course of business and are used as 39 such or incorporated into a structure, building or real property the tax 40 shall be at the applicable rate, as set forth hereinabove, of the 41 consideration given or contracted to be given for the tangible personal 42 property manufactured, processed or assembled by the user into the 43 tangible personal property the use of which is subject to use tax 44 pursuant to this section, and the mere storage, keeping, retention or 45 withdrawal from storage of tangible personal property by the person who manufactured, processed or assembled such property shall not be 46

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deemed a taxable use by him. For purposes of clause (C) of this section, the tax shall be at the applicable rate, as set forth hereinabove, of the consideration given or contracted to be given for the service, including the consideration for any tangible personal property transferred in conjunction with the performance of the service, plus the cost of transportation, except where such cost is separately stated in the written contract, if any, and on the bill rendered to the purchaser. For the purposes of clause (D) of this section, the tax shall be at the applicable rate on the charge made by the telecommunications service provider. For purposes of clause (F) of this section, the tax shall be at the applicable rate on the charge made by the utility service provider. For purposes of clause (G) of this section, the tax shall be at the applicable rate on that proportion of the amount of all processing costs charged by a direct-mail advertising processing service provider that is attributable to the advertising or promotional material distributed in this State. For the purposes of clause (H) of this section, the tax shall be at the applicable rate on the consideration given or contracted to be given for the prepaid telephone calling arrangement or the recharge of the prepaid telephone calling arrangement. (cf: P.L.1999, c.248, s.3)

4. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to customer bills issued after August 1, 2002.

STATEMENT

This bill implements the requirements of the federal "Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act," 4 U.S.C.ss.116 et seq. (Pub.L.106-252), for purposes of the New Jersey sales and use tax.

Many state sales tax laws that apply to the sale of telecommunications services were, like New Jersey's, written to conform to the Supreme Court's decision in Goldberg v. Sweet, 488 U.S. 252 (1989). That Commerce Clause case concerned the rules that could permissibly be used to decide which state will tax the charges for telecommunications initiated in one state to a party in another state. Compliance with the decision requires identifying the location from which a call is placed and to which it is made.

This can be almost impossible in the case of the "flat rate fee" charges that have become common in the cell phone industry. The problem led government and the telecommunications industry to cooperate in formulating the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act, which requires a different uniform method for sourcing mobile telecommunications services for sales tax purposes. The new method assumes that all wireless calls are made at the service subscribers'

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- 1 residential or business street address, whichever is the "place of
- 2 primary use," and allows taxing jurisdictions to tax all the calls
- 3 charged to that place of primary (even if the wireless call was not
- 4 placed at, or made to, that place of primary use).
- 5 The federal act forbids the State taxation of mobile
- 6 telecommunications after August 1, 2002, under any other system.
- 7 The federal act also provides standards by which the primary place of
- 8 use will be determined and protections to mobile telecommunications
- 9 service providers who follow its provisions.
- The new procedure under the bill applies to customer bills issued
- 11 after August 1, 2002, as required by federal law.

ASSEMBLY BUDGET COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 2513

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 17, 2002

The Assembly Budget Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 2513.

Assembly Bill No. 2513 implements the requirements of the federal "Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act," 4 U.S.C.ss.116 et seq. (Pub.L.106-252), for purposes of the New Jersey sales and use tax.

Many state sales tax laws that apply to the sale of telecommunications services were, like New Jersey's, written to conform to the Supreme Court's decision in <u>Goldberg v. Sweet</u>, 488 U.S.252 (1989). That Commerce Clause case concerned the rules that could permissibly be used to decide which state will tax the charges for telecommunications initiated in one state to a party in another state. Compliance with the decision requires identifying the location from which a call is placed and to which it is made.

This can be almost impossible in the case of the "flat rate fee" charges that have become common in the cell phone industry. The problem led government and the telecommunications industry to cooperate in formulating the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act, which requires a different uniform method for sourcing mobile telecommunications services for sales tax purposes. The new method assumes that all wireless calls are made at the service subscribers' residential or business street address, whichever is the "place of primary use," and allows taxing jurisdictions to tax all the calls charged to that place of primary (even if the wireless call was not placed at, or made to, that place of primary use).

The federal act forbids the State taxation of mobile telecommunications after August 1, 2002, under any other system. The federal act also provides standards by which the primary place of use will be determined and protections to mobile telecommunications service providers who follow its provisions.

The new procedure under the bill applies to customer bills issued after August 1, 2002, as required by federal law.

FISCAL IMPACT:

While the Executive branch has not supplied a formal analysis, staff of the Division of Taxation has indicated that the shift from the old tax base to the new tax base will encompass roughly equivalent total charges and will therefore be approximately revenue-neutral, and that there will be some administrative expenses to administering the change in tax bases.

SENATE, No. 1620

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

210th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JUNE 6, 2002

Sponsored by:

Senator JOSEPH M. KYRILLOS, JR. District 13 (Middlesex and Monmouth)

Senator WAYNE R. BRYANT

District 5 (Camden and Gloucester)

SYNOPSIS

Implements the federal "Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act" for purposes of the sales and use tax.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



AN ACT implementing the sourcing rules of the federal "Mobile 1 2 Telecommunications Sourcing Act" for purposes of the sales and 3 use tax, amending P.L.1966, c.30.

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5 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 6 of New Jersey:

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- 8 1. Section 2 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-2) is amended to read as 9 follows:
 - 2. Unless the context in which they occur requires otherwise, the following terms when used in this act shall mean:
 - (a) Person. Person includes an individual, partnership, society, association, joint stock company, corporation, public corporation or public authority, estate, receiver, trustee, assignee, referee, and any other person acting in a fiduciary or representative capacity, whether appointed by a court or otherwise, and any combination of the foregoing.
 - (b) Purchase at retail. A purchase by any person at a retail sale.
 - (c) Purchaser. A person who purchases property or who receives services.
 - (d) Receipt. The amount of the sales price of any property and the charge for any service taxable under this act, valued in money, whether received in money or otherwise, including any amount for which credit is allowed by the vendor to the purchaser, without any deduction for expenses or early payment discounts, but excluding any credit for property of the same kind that is not tangible personal property purchased for lease accepted in part payment and intended for resale, excluding the cost of transportation where such cost is separately stated in the written contract, if any, and on the bill rendered to the purchaser, and excluding the amount of the sales price for which food stamps have been properly tendered in full or part payment pursuant to the federal Food Stamp Act of 1977, Pub.L.95-113 (7 U.S.C. s.2011 et seq.).
- (e) Retail sale. (1) A sale of tangible personal property to any person for any purpose, other than (A) for resale either as such or as converted into or as a component part of a product produced for sale by the purchaser, including the conversion of natural gas into another intermediate or end product, other than electricity or thermal energy, produced for sale by the purchaser, or (B) for use by that person in performing the services subject to tax under subsection (b) of section 3 where the property so sold becomes a physical component part of 42 the property upon which the services are performed or where the property so sold is later actually transferred to the purchaser of the

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

service in conjunction with the performance of the service subject to tax.

- 3 (2) For the purposes of this act, the term retail sales includes: Sales
 4 of tangible personal property to all contractors, subcontractors or
 5 repairmen of materials and supplies for use by them in erecting
 6 structures for others, or building on, or otherwise improving, altering,
 7 or repairing real property of others.
- 8 (3) For the purposes of this act, the term retail sale includes the purchase of tangible personal property for lease.
 - (4) The term retail sales does not include:

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- (A) Professional, insurance, or personal service transactions which involve the transfer of tangible personal property as an inconsequential element, for which no separate charges are made.
- (B) The transfer of tangible personal property to a corporation, solely in consideration for the issuance of its stock, pursuant to a merger or consolidation effected under the laws of New Jersey or any other jurisdiction.
- (C) The distribution of property by a corporation to its stockholders as a liquidating dividend.
 - (D) The distribution of property by a partnership to its partners in whole or partial liquidation.
- (E) The transfer of property to a corporation upon its organization in consideration for the issuance of its stock.
- (F) The contribution of property to a partnership in consideration for a partnership interest therein.
- (G) The sale of tangible personal property where the purpose of the vendee is to hold the thing transferred as security for the performance of an obligation of the vendor.
- (f) Sale, selling or purchase. Any transfer of title or possession or both, exchange or barter, rental, lease or license to use or consume, conditional or otherwise, in any manner or by any means whatsoever for a consideration, or any agreement therefor, including the rendering of any service, taxable under this act, for a consideration or any agreement therefor.
- (g) Tangible personal property. Corporeal personal property ofany nature including energy.
- 37 (h) Use. The exercise of any right or power over tangible personal 38 property by the purchaser thereof and includes, but is not limited to, 39 the receiving, storage or any keeping or retention for any length of 40 time, withdrawal from storage, any distribution, any installation, any 41 affixation to real or personal property, or any consumption of such 42 property. Use also includes the exercise of any right or power over 43 intrastate or interstate telecommunications and prepaid telephone 44 calling arrangements. Use also includes the exercise of any right or 45 power over utility service.

(i) Vendor. (1) The term "vendor" includes:

- 2 (A) A person making sales of tangible personal property or 3 services, the receipts from which are taxed by this act;
 - (B) A person maintaining a place of business in the State and making sales, whether at such place of business or elsewhere, to persons within the State of tangible personal property or services, the use of which is taxed by this act;
 - (C) A person who solicits business either by employees, independent contractors, agents or other representatives or by distribution of catalogs or other advertising matter and by reason thereof makes sales to persons within the State of tangible personal property or services, the use of which is taxed by this act;
 - (D) Any other person making sales to persons within the State of tangible personal property or services, the use of which is taxed by this act, who may be authorized by the director to collect the tax imposed by this act;
 - (E) The State of New Jersey, any of its agencies, instrumentalities, public authorities, public corporations (including a public corporation created pursuant to agreement or compact with another state) or political subdivisions when such entity sells services or property of a kind ordinarily sold by private persons;
 - (F) A person who purchases tangible personal property for lease, whether in this State or elsewhere. For the purposes of Title 54 of the Revised Statutes, the presence of leased tangible personal property in this State is deemed to be a place of business in this State; and
 - (G) A person who sells, stores, delivers or transports energy to users or customers in this State whether by mains, lines or pipes located within this State or by any other means of delivery.
 - (2) In addition, when in the opinion of the director it is necessary for the efficient administration of this act to treat any salesman, representative, peddler or canvasser as the agent of the vendor, distributor, supervisor or employer under whom he operates or from whom he obtains tangible personal property sold by him or for whom he solicits business, the director may, in his discretion, treat such agent as the vendor jointly responsible with his principal, distributor, supervisor or employer for the collection and payment over of the tax.
 - (j) Hotel. A building or portion of it which is regularly used and kept open as such for the lodging of guests. The term "hotel" includes an apartment hotel, a motel, boarding house or club, whether or not meals are served.
- 41 (k) Occupancy. The use or possession or the right to the use or 42 possession, of any room in a hotel.
- 43 (1) Occupant. A person who, for a consideration, uses, possesses, 44 or has the right to use or possess, any room in a hotel under any lease, 45 concession, permit, right of access, license to use or other agreement, 46 or otherwise.

- 1 (m) Permanent resident. Any occupant of any room or rooms in 2 a hotel for at least 90 consecutive days shall be considered a 3 permanent resident with regard to the period of such occupancy.
 - (n) Room. Any room or rooms of any kind in any part or portion of a hotel, which is available for or let out for any purpose other than a place of assembly.

- 7 (o) Admission charge. The amount paid for admission, including 8 any service charge and any charge for entertainment or amusement or 9 for the use of facilities therefor.
 - (p) Amusement charge. Any admission charge, dues or charge of roof garden, cabaret or other similar place.
 - (q) Charge of a roof garden, cabaret or other similar place. Any charge made for admission, refreshment, service, or merchandise at a roof garden, cabaret or other similar place.
 - (r) Dramatic or musical arts admission charge. Any admission charge paid for admission to a theater, opera house, concert hall or other hall or place of assembly for a live, dramatic, choreographic or musical performance.
 - (s) Lessor. Any person who is the owner, licensee, or lessee of any premises or tangible personal property which he leases, subleases, or grants a license to use to other persons.
 - (t) Place of amusement. Any place where any facilities for entertainment, amusement, or sports are provided.
 - (u) Casual sale. Casual sale means an isolated or occasional sale of an item of tangible personal property by a person who is not regularly engaged in the business of making sales at retail where such property was obtained by the person making the sale, through purchase or otherwise, for his own use in this State.
 - (v) Motor vehicle. Motor vehicle shall include all vehicles propelled otherwise than by muscular power (excepting such vehicles as run only upon rails or tracks), trailers, semitrailers, housetrailers, or any other type of vehicle drawn by a motor-driven vehicle, and motorcycles, designed for operation on the public highways.
 - (w) "Persons required to collect tax" or "persons required to collect any tax imposed by this act" shall include: every vendor of tangible personal property or services; every recipient of amusement charges; every operator of a hotel; every lessor; and every vendor of telecommunications. Said terms shall also include any officer or employee of a corporation or of a dissolved corporation who as such officer or employee is under a duty to act for such corporation in complying with any requirement of this act and any member of a partnership. Provided, however, the vendor of tangible personal property to all contractors, subcontractors or repairmen, consisting of materials and supplies for use by them in erecting structures for others, or building on, or otherwise improving, altering or repairing real property of others, shall not be deemed a person required to collect

- tax, and the tax imposed by any section of this act shall be paid directly to the director by such contractors, subcontractors or repairmen.
- 4 (x) "Customer" shall include: every purchaser of tangible personal 5 property or services; every patron paying or liable for the payment of 6 any amusement charge; and every occupant of a room or rooms in a 7 hotel.
- 8 (y) "Property and services the use of which is subject to tax" shall 9 include: (1) all property sold to a person within the State, whether or 10 not the sale is made within the State, the use of which property is 11 subject to tax under section 6 or will become subject to tax when such 12 property is received by or comes into the possession or control of such 13 person within the State; (2) all services rendered to a person within the 14 State, whether or not such services are performed within the State, 15 upon tangible personal property the use of which is subject to tax under section 6 or will become subject to tax when such property is 16 17 distributed within the State or is received by or comes into possession 18 or control of such person within the State; (3) intrastate or interstate 19 telecommunications charged to a service address in this State; (4) 20 (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1995, c.184); (5) energy sold, exchanged 21 or delivered in this State for use in this State; (6) utility service sold, 22 exchanged or delivered in this State for use in this State; [and] (7) 23 direct mail advertising processing services in connection with 24 advertising or promotional material distributed in this State; and (8) 25 mobile telecommunications services provided to a customer with a 26 place of primary use in this State.
 - (z) Director. Director means the Director of the Division of Taxation of the State Department of the Treasury, or any officer, employee or agency of the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury duly authorized by the director (directly, or indirectly by one or more redelegations of authority) to perform the functions mentioned or described in this act.

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- (aa) "Lease" means the possession or control of tangible personal property by an agreement, not transferring sole title, as may be evidenced by a contract, contracts, or by implication from other circumstances including course of dealing or usage of trade or course of performance, for a period of more than 28 days.
- (bb) "The amount of the sales price" of tangible personal property purchased for lease means, at the election of the lessor, either (1) the amount of the lessor's purchase price or (2) the amount of the total of the lease payments attributable to the lease of such property. Tangible personal property purchased for lease is subject to the provisions of subsection (a) of section 3 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-3).
- 44 (cc) "Telecommunications" means the act or privilege of originating 45 or receiving messages or information through the use of any kind of 46 one-way or two-way communication; including but not limited to

- 1 voice, video, facsimile, teletypewriter, computer, [cellular mobile or
- 2 portable telephone, specialized mobile or portable pager or paging
- 3 service, Imobile telecommunications service or any other type of
- 4 communication; using electronic or electromagnetic methods, and all
- 5 services and equipment provided in connection therewith or by means
- 6 thereof. "Telecommunications" shall not include:

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- 7 (1) one-way radio or television broadcasting transmissions 8 available universally to the general public without a fee;
 - (2) purchases of telecommunications by a telecommunications provider for use as a component part of telecommunications provided to an ultimate retail consumer who (A) originates or terminates the taxable end-to-end communications or (B) pays charges exempt from taxation pursuant to paragraph (5) of this subsection;
- 14 (3) services provided by a person, or by that person's wholly 15 owned subsidiary, not engaged in the business of rendering or offering telecommunications services to the public, for private and exclusive 16 17 within its organization, provided however, use 18 "telecommunications" shall include the sale of telecommunications 19 services attributable to the excess unused telecommunications capacity 20 of that person to another;
 - (4) charges in the nature of subscription fees paid by subscribers for cable television service;
 - (5) charges subject to the local calling rate paid by inserting coins into a coin operated telecommunications device available to the public; and
 - (6) purchases of telecommunications using a prepaid telephone arrangement.
 - (dd) "Interstate telecommunication" means any telecommunication that originates or terminates inside this State, including international telecommunication, that is not mobile telecommunications service.
 - (ee) "Intrastate telecommunication" means any telecommunication that originates and terminates within this State <u>that is not mobile</u> telecommunications service.
- 34 (ff) "Natural gas" means any gaseous fuel distributed through a 35 pipeline system.
 - (gg) "Energy" means natural gas or electricity.
- 37 (hh) "Utility service" means the transportation or transmission of 38 natural gas or electricity by means of mains, wires, lines or pipes, to 39 users or customers.
- 40 (ii) "Self-generation unit" means a facility located on the user's 41 property, or on property purchased or leased from the user by the 42 person owning the self-generation unit and such property is contiguous 43 to the user's property, which generates electricity to be used only by 44 that user on the user's property and is not transported to the user over 45 wires that cross a property line or public thoroughfare unless the 46 property line or public thoroughfare merely bifurcates the user's or

1 self-generation unit owner's otherwise contiguous property.

- 2 (jj) "Co-generation facility" means a facility the primary purpose 3 of which is the sequential production of electricity and steam or other 4 forms of useful energy which are used for industrial or commercial 5 heating or cooling purposes and which is designated by the Federal 6 Energy Regulatory Commission, or its successor, as a "qualifying 7 facility" pursuant to the provisions of the "Public Utility Regulatory 8 Policies Act of 1978," Pub.L.95-617.
 - (kk) "Non-utility" means a company engaged in the sale, exchange or transfer of natural gas that was not subject to the provisions of P.L.1940, c.5 (C.54:30A-49 et seq.) prior to December 31, 1997.
- (ll) "Pre-paid telephone calling arrangement "means the right to exclusively purchase telecommunications services, that must be paid for in advance, that enables the origination of calls using an access number or authorization code, whether manually or electronically dialed; provided, that the remaining amount of units of service that have been pre-paid shall be known by the service provider on a continuous basis.
 - (mm) "Mobile telecommunications service" means commercial mobile radio service, as defined in section 20.3 of title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations as in effect on June 1, 1999.
 - (nn) "Place of primary use" means the street address representative of where the customer's use of the mobile telecommunications service primarily occurs, which shall be the residential street address or the primary business street address of the customer and within the licensed service area of the home service provider. For the purposes of determining the primary place of use, the terms used shall have the meanings provided pursuant to the federal "Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act," 4 U.S.C. s.124 (Pub.L.106-252). (cf: P.L.1999, c.248, s.1)

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- 2. Section 3 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-3) is amended to read as follows:
 - 3. There is imposed and there shall be paid a tax of 6% upon:
- (a) The receipts from every retail sale of tangible personal property, except as otherwise provided in this act. If the lessor of tangible personal property purchased for lease elects to pay tax on the amount of the sales price as provided in paragraph (2) of subsection (bb) of section 2 of P.L.1966, c.30 (C.54:32B-2), any and each subsequent lease or rental is a retail sale, and a subsequent sale of such property is a retail sale.
- 42 (b) The receipts from every sale, except for resale, of the following 43 services:
- 44 (1) Producing, fabricating, processing, printing or imprinting 45 tangible personal property, performed for a person who directly or 46 indirectly furnishes the tangible personal property, not purchased by

1 him for resale, upon which such services are performed.

- 2 (2) Installing tangible personal property, or maintaining, servicing, 3 repairing tangible personal property not held for sale in the regular 4 course of business, whether or not the services are performed directly or by means of coin-operated equipment or by any other means, and 5 6 whether or not any tangible personal property is transferred in 7 conjunction therewith, except (i) such services rendered by an 8 individual who is engaged directly by a private homeowner or lessee 9 in or about his residence and who is not in a regular trade or business 10 offering his services to the public, (ii) such services rendered with 11 respect to personal property exempt from taxation hereunder pursuant 12 to section 13 of P.L.1980, c.105 (C.54:32B-8.1), (iii) (Deleted by 13 amendment, P.L.1990, c.40), (iv) any receipts from laundering, dry 14 cleaning, tailoring, weaving, pressing, shoe repairing and shoeshining 15 and (v) services rendered in installing property which, when installed, will constitute an addition or capital improvement to real property, 16 17 property or land.
 - (3) Storing all tangible personal property not held for sale in the regular course of business and the rental of safe deposit boxes or similar space.

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- (4) Maintaining, servicing or repairing real property, other than a residential heating system unit serving not more than three families living independently of each other and doing their cooking on the premises, whether the services are performed in or outside of a building, as distinguished from adding to or improving such real property by a capital improvement, but excluding services rendered by an individual who is not in a regular trade or business offering his services to the public, and excluding garbage removal and sewer services performed on a regular contractual basis for a term not less than 30 days.
- 31 (5) Direct-mail advertising processing services, except for 32 direct-mail advertising processing services in connection with 33 distribution of advertising or promotional material to out-of-State 34 recipients.
 - (6) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1995, c.184).
 - (7) Utility service provided to persons in this State, any right or power over which is exercised in this State.
 - Wages, salaries and other compensation paid by an employer to an employee for performing as an employee the services described in this subsection are not receipts subject to the taxes imposed under this subsection (b).
- Services otherwise taxable under paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection (b) are not subject to the taxes imposed under this subsection, where the tangible personal property upon which the services were performed is delivered to the purchaser outside this State for use outside this State.

- (c) Receipts from the sale of food and drink in or by restaurants, taverns, vending machines or other establishments in this State, or by caterers, including in the amount of such receipts any cover, minimum, entertainment or other charge made to patrons or customers:
- (1) In all instances where the sale is for consumption on the premises where sold;
- (2) In those instances where the vendor or any person whose services are arranged for by the vendor, after the delivery of the food or drink by or on behalf of the vendor for consumption off the premises of the vendor, serves or assists in serving, cooks, heats or provides other services with respect to the food or drink, except for meals especially prepared for and delivered to homebound elderly, age 60 or older, and to disabled persons, or meals prepared and served at a group-sitting at a location outside of the home to otherwise homebound elderly persons, age 60 or older, and otherwise homebound disabled persons, as all or part of any food service project funded in whole or in part by government or as part of a private, nonprofit food service project available to all such elderly or disabled persons residing within an area of service designated by the private nonprofit organization;
- (3) In those instances where the sale is for consumption off the premises of the vendor, and consists of a meal, or food prepared and ready to be eaten, of a kind obtainable in restaurants as the main course of a meal, including a sandwich, except where food other than sandwiches is sold in an unheated state and is of a type commonly sold in the same form and condition in food stores other than those which are principally engaged in selling prepared foods; and
- (4) Sales of food and beverages sold through coin-operated vending machines, at the wholesale price of such sale, which shall be defined as 70% of the retail vending machine selling price, except sales of milk, which shall not be taxed. Nothing herein contained shall affect other sales through coin-operated vending machines taxable pursuant to subsection (a) above or the exemption thereto provided by section 21 of P.L.1980, c.105 (C.54:32B-8.9).

The tax imposed by this subsection (c) shall not apply to food or drink which is sold to an airline for consumption while in flight.

- (d) The rent for every occupancy of a room or rooms in a hotel in this State, except that the tax shall not be imposed upon (1) a permanent resident, or (2) where the rent is not more than at the rate of \$2.00 per day.
- 41 (e) (1) Any admission charge, where such admission charge is in 42 excess of \$0.75 to or for the use of any place of amusement in the 43 State, including charges for admission to race tracks, baseball, 44 football, basketball or exhibitions, dramatic or musical arts 45 performances, motion picture theaters, except charges for admission 46 to boxing, wrestling, kick boxing or combative sports exhibitions,

S1620 KYRILLOS, BRYANT

- events, performances or contests which charges are taxed under any other law of this State or under section 20 of P.L.1985, c.83 (C.5:2A-20), and, except charges to a patron for admission to, or use of, facilities for sporting activities in which such patron is to be a participant, such as bowling alleys and swimming pools. For any person having the permanent use or possession of a box or seat or lease or a license, other than a season ticket, for the use of a box or seat at a place of amusement, the tax shall be upon the amount for which a similar box or seat is sold for each performance or exhibition at which the box or seat is used or reserved by the holder, licensee or
 - (2) The amount paid as charge of a roof garden, cabaret or other similar place in this State, to the extent that a tax upon such charges has not been paid pursuant to subsection (c) hereof.

lessee, and shall be paid by the holder, licensee or lessee.

- (f) (1) The receipts from every sale, except for resale, of intrastate or interstate telecommunications charged to an address in this State, regardless of where the services are billed or paid.
- (2) The charges for mobile telecommunications services billed by or for the customer's home service provider and provided to a customer with a place of primary use in this State.
- (g) The receipts from every sale, except for resale, of prepaid telephone calling arrangements and the recharge of prepaid telephone calling arrangements. If the sale or recharge of a prepaid telephone calling arrangement does not take place at the vendor's place of business, the sale or recharge shall be conclusively determined to take place at the customer's shipping address, or if there is no item shipped, at the customer's billing address or the location associated with the customer's mobile telephone number.

29 (cf: P.L.1999, c.248, s.2)

3. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to customer bills issued after August 1, 2002.

STATEMENT

This bill implements the requirements of the federal "Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act," 4 U.S.C. ss.116 et seq. (Pub.L.106-252), for purposes of the New Jersey sales and use tax.

(Pub.L.106-252), for purposes of the New Jersey sales and use tax.

Many state sales tax laws that apply to the sale of telecommunications services were, like New Jersey's, written to conform to the Supreme Court's decision in Goldberg v. Sweet, 488 U.S. 252 (1989). That Commerce Clause case concerned the rules that could permissibly be used to decide which state will tax the charges for telecommunications initiated in one state to a party in another state. Compliance with the decision requires identifying the location from

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1 which a call is placed and to which it is made.

- This can be almost impossible in the case of the "flat rate fee"
- 3 charges that have become common in the cell phone industry. The
- 4 problem led government and the telecommunications industry to
- 5 cooperate in formulating the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing
- 6 Act, which requires a different uniform method for sourcing mobile
- 7 telecommunications services for sales tax purposes. The new method
- 8 assumes that all wireless calls are made at the service subscribers'
- 9 residential or business street address, whichever is the "place of
- 10 primary use," and allows taxing jurisdictions to tax all the calls
- 11 charged to that place of primary (even if the wireless call was not
- 12 placed at, or made to, that place of primary use).
- The federal act forbids the State taxation of mobile
- 14 telecommunications after August 1, 2002, under any other system.
- 15 The federal act also provides standards by which the primary place of
- 16 use will be determined and protections to mobile telecommunications
- 17 service providers who follow its provisions.
- The new procedure under the bill applies to customer bills issued
- 19 after August 1, 2002, as required by federal law.

SENATE BUDGET AND APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 1620

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 17, 2002

The Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 1620.

This bill implements the requirements of the federal "Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act," 4 U.S.C.ss.116 et seq. (Pub.L.106-252), for purposes of the New Jersey sales and use tax.

As in other states, New Jersey's sales tax on the sale of telecommunications services is designed to conform to the United States Supreme Court's decision in Goldberg v. Sweet, 488 U.S.252 (1989). That Commerce Clause case concerned the rules that could be used to decide which state will tax the charges for telecommunications initiated in one state to a party in another state. Compliance with the decision has required identification of the location from which a call is placed and that to which it is made.

This can be almost impossible in the case of the "flat rate fee" charges that have become common in the cell phone industry. The problem led the federal government and the telecommunications industry to cooperate in formulating the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act, enacted in 2000, which requires a different uniform method for sourcing mobile telecommunications services for sales tax purposes. The new method assigns all wireless calls, for taxable situs purposes, to the service subscribers' residential or business street address, whichever is the "place of primary use" ("PPU"), and allows taxing jurisdictions to tax all wireless calls charged to that address, even if the call was not placed at or made to that address.

The federal law bars state taxation of mobile telecommunications after August 1, 2002 under any other jurisdictional regime. It also provides standards by which the primary place of use will be determined and protections to mobile telecommunications service providers who follow its provisions.

The new procedure under the bill applies to customer bills issued after August 1, 2002, in accordance with the federal law.

The provisions of this bill, as amended, are identical to those of Assembly Bill No. 2513, now pending before the Legislature.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

Committee amendments to this bill are technical in nature.

FISCAL IMPACT

Adoption of the jurisdictional regime for which this bill provides is not expected either to increase or to decrease from current levels State revenue from the taxation of mobile telecommunications services under the sales tax. Failure to adopt the regime by August 1, 2002, however, would jeopardize the State's ability to collect that revenue, estimated at \$120 million per year. The Division of Taxation has informally indicated that implementation of the change in tax bases will entail some administrative costs.

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE SENATE, No. 1620 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 210th LEGISLATURE

DATED: JULY 17, 2002

SUMMARY

Synopsis: Implements the federal "Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act"

for purposes of the sales and use tax.

Type of Impact: Prevents sales and use tax revenue loss.

Agencies Affected: Department of the Treasury, Division of Taxation.

Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
State Cost	Minimal	No Impact	No Impact
State Revenue		Minimal- See Comments Below	

- ! The bill changes the system of taxing mobile telecommunications (e.g., cell phone calls) under the sales and use tax from one imposing the tax based on the location of the call to one based on the "home address" of the customer. This shift in tax imposition is anticipated to be roughly revenue-neutral.
- ! This new system is required under federal law. After August 1, 2002, mobile telecommunications are only taxable under the new national method, and without the change revenue loss could be substantial.

BILL DESCRIPTION

Senate Bill No. 1620 of 2002 implements the requirements of the federal "Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act," 4 U.S.C. ss.116 et seq. (Pub.L.106-252), for purposes of the New Jersey sales and use tax.

Currently, the New Jersey sales and use tax employs a system for determining which telephone calls are subject to State taxation that is based on identifying the location from which a call is placed and to which it is made. This can be extremely difficult to determine, particularly in the case of the flat rate usage charges that are common in the cell phone industry. The problem led government and the telecommunications industry to cooperate in formulating the



Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act, which requires a different uniform method for sourcing mobile telecommunications services for sales tax purposes. The new method assumes that all wireless calls are made at the service subscriber's residential or business street address, whichever is the "place of primary use," and allows taxing jurisdictions to tax all the mobile calls charged to that place of primary use (even if the call was not placed at, or made to, that place of primary use).

The federal act forbids the State taxation of mobile telecommunications after August 1, 2002, under any other system. The federal act also provides standards by which the primary place of use will be determined and protections to mobile telecommunications service providers who follow its provisions.

The new procedure under the bill applies to customer bills issued after August 1, 2002, as required by federal law.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

While the Executive branch has not supplied a formal analysis, staff of the Division of Taxation has indicated that the shift from the old tax base to the new tax base will encompass roughly equivalent total charges and will therefore be approximately revenue-neutral, and that there will be some administrative expenses to administering the change in tax bases.

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) concurs with the conclusion that the change in tax bases will be approximately revenue neutral. This new system is required under federal law. After August 1, 2002, mobile telecommunications are only taxable under the new national method, and without the change *revenue loss could be substantial*.

Section: Revenue Finance and Appropriations

Analyst: Philip Liloia

Lead Counsel

Approved: Alan R. Kooney

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67.