40A:2-51.3

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF: 2002 **CHAPTER**: 42

NJSA: 40A:2-51.3 (Local government units-issue refunding bonds)

BILL NO: S577 (Substituted for A1745)

SPONSOR(S): Codey and Burzichelli

DATE INTRODUCED: Pre-filed

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Housing and Local Government

SENATE: Community and Urban Affairs

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: June 13, 2002

SENATE: June 24, 2002

DATE OF APPROVAL: July 12, 2002

FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (2nd reprint enacted)

(Amendments during passage denoted by superscript numbers)

S577

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 16 of original bill) Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: <u>ASSEMBLY</u>: <u>Yes</u>

SENATE: Yes

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: Yes

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: Yes

A1745

SPONSORS STATEMENT: (Begins on page 16 of original bill)

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes

Identical to Senate Statement to S577

SENATE No

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

VETO MESSAGE: No

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING: No

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

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REPORTS:	No
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P.L. 2002, CHAPTER 42, approved July 12, 2002 Senate, No. 577 (Second Reprint)

AN ACT authorizing the issuance of refunding bonds to refund certain actuarial liabilities of local governments and boards of education, supplementing chapter 2 of Title 40A of the New Jersey Statutes and amending various parts of the statutory law.

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6 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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9 1. (New section) Notwithstanding the provisions of N.J.S.40A:2-10 51 to the contrary, a county or municipality may incur indebtedness, borrow money, authorize and issue negotiable refunding bonds, in any 11 amount determined to be necessary by the county or the municipality 12 and approved by the Local Finance Board to effect the refunding for 13 14 the purpose of retiring the present value of the unfunded accrued 15 liability for early retirement incentive benefits granted pursuant to 16 P.L.1991, c.229, P.L.1991, c.230, P.L.1993, c.138, P.L.1993, c.181, ¹[and] ¹ P.L.1993, c.99, ¹and P.L.1999, c.59, ¹ in addition to the other 17 purposes for which it may do the same under N.J.S.40A:2-51. The 18 system actuary shall calculate the present value of the unfunded 19 liability due and owing by the municipality or county on a date certain 20 21 upon the request of the county or municipality. For purposes of this 22 section, "county" means any county of any class and all boards or 23 commissions organized under such county, including but not limited 24 to welfare boards, boards of social services, park commissions and

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- 2. Section 2 of P.L.1969, c.130 (C.18A:24-61.2) is amended to read as follows:
- 29 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law or any debt 30 limitation or requirement for down payment or for referendum or other action by legal voters, refunding bonds may be authorized and issued 31 32 for the purpose of paying, funding or refunding: any refunded 33 bonds; the cost of retiring the present value of the unfunded accrued 34 liability due and owing by a board of education, as calculated by the system actuary for a date certain upon the request of a board of 35 education, for early retirement incentive benefits granted by the board 36 of education pursuant to P.L.1991, c.231 and P.L.1993, c.163; and 37 38 [paying] the cost or expense of issuing refunding bonds including 39 printing, advertising, accounting, financial, legal or other expense in

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

mosquito control authorities.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹ Senate SCU committee amendments adopted February 25, 2002.

² Assembly floor amendments adopted May 20, 2002.

1 connection therewith. Obligations to be paid, funded or refunded with 2 respect to which an ordinance authorizing the issuance of refunding 3 bonds has been adopted pursuant to this act and not otherwise 4 deductible shall be excluded in calculating the net school debt of a 5 municipality or a district. Refunding bonds shall be authorized (a) in the case of any county or municipality by refunding bond ordinance 6 7 enacted in the manner or mode of procedure provided for adoption of 8 a refunding bond ordinance pursuant to the Local Bond Law, 9 constituting chapter 2 of Title 40A, Municipalities and Counties, of 10 the New Jersey Statutes, and (b) in the case of a Type II school 11 district by an ordinance (herein called the "refunding bond ordinance") 12 adopted by the board of education of such school district as provided 13 in this chapter.

14 (cf: P.L.1978, c.75, s.2)

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3. Section 8 of P.L.1948, c.198 (C.40:11A-8) is amended to read as follows:

18 8. Every authority shall have power to issue its bonds from time to 19 time in its discretion for any of its corporate purposes, including: the 20 paying or retiring of any bonds previously issued by it; paying the cost 21 of retiring the present value of the unfunded accrued liability due and 22 owing by an authority, as calculated by the system actuary for a date 23 certain upon the request of an authority, for early retirement incentive 24 benefits granted by the authority pursuant to P.L.1991, c.230 and 25 P.L.1993, c.181; and the payment of any expense incurred or 26 expected to be incurred and payable by it. Said authority may issue 27 such types of bonds as it may determine, including (without limiting 28 the generality of the foregoing) bonds on which the principal and 29 interest are payable (a) exclusively from the income and revenues of 30 the parking project financed with the proceeds of such bonds; (b) 31 exclusively from the income and revenues of certain designated 32 parking projects whether or not they are financed in whole or in part 33 with the proceeds of such bonds; or (c) from its revenues generally. 34 Any such bonds may be additionally secured by a pledge of any grant 35 or contributions from the Federal Government, State or county, or 36 municipality, or a pledge of any income or revenues of the authority, 37 or a mortgage of any parking project, projects or other property of 38 the authority. This act shall be complete authority for the issuance of 39 bonds by an authority, and the provisions of any other law shall not 40 apply to the issuance of such bonds. Whenever and for so long as any 41 authority has issued and has outstanding bonds pursuant to this act, it shall be the mandatory duty of the authority to fix, charge and collect 42 43 rents, rates and other charges in accordance with clause (f) of 44 paragraph (4) of section 6 of this act.

45 (cf: P.L.1958, c.22, s.4)

- 1 4. Section 3 of P.L.1946, c.138 (C.40:14A-3) is amended to read 2
- 3 3. As used in this act, unless a different meaning clearly appears 4 from the context:
- (1) "Municipality" shall mean any city of any class, any borough, village, town, township, or any other municipality other than a county or a school district, and except when used in section 4 or 21 of this 8 act, any agency thereof or any two or more thereof acting jointly or any joint meeting or other agency of any two or more thereof;
 - (2) "County" shall mean any county of any class;

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- (3) "Governing body" shall mean, in the case of a county, the board of chosen freeholders, or in the case of those counties organized pursuant to the provisions of the "Optional County Charter Law" P.L.1972, c.154 (C.40:41A-1 et seq.), the board of chosen freeholders and the county executive, the county supervisor or the county manager, as appropriate, and, in the case of a municipality, the 16 commission, council, board or body, by whatever name it may be known, having charge of the finances of the municipality;
 - (4) "Person" shall mean any person, association, corporation, nation, State or any agency or subdivision thereof, other than a county or municipality of the State or a sewerage authority;
 - (5) "Sewerage or water reclamation authority" shall mean a public body created pursuant to section 4 of this act;
 - (6) Subject to the exceptions provided in section 4 of this act, "district" shall mean the area within the territorial boundaries of the county, or of the municipality or municipalities, which created or joined in the creation of a sewerage authority;
 - (7) "Local unit" shall mean the county, or any municipality, which created or joined in the creation of a sewerage authority;
 - (8) "Sewerage system" shall mean the plants, structures, on-site waste-water systems, and other real and personal property acquired, constructed, maintained or operated or to be acquired, constructed, maintained or operated by a sewerage authority for the purposes of the sewerage authority, including sewers, conduits, pipe lines, mains, pumping and ventilating stations, sewage treatment or disposal systems, plants and works, connections, and outfalls, compensating reservoirs, and other plants, structures, boats, conveyances, and other real and personal property, and rights therein, and appurtenances necessary or useful and convenient for the collection, treatment, purification or disposal in a sanitary manner of any sewage, liquid or solid wastes, night soil or industrial wastes;
- 42 (9) "Cost" shall mean, in addition to the usual connotations 43 thereof, the cost of acquisition or construction of all or any part of a 44 sewerage system and of all or any property, rights, easements, 45 privileges, agreements and franchises deemed by the sewerage 46 authority to be necessary or useful and convenient therefor or in

- 1 connection therewith and the cost of retiring the present value of the
- 2 unfunded accrued liability due and owing by a sewerage authority, as
- 3 calculated by the system actuary for a date certain upon the request of
- 4 a sewerage authority, for early retirement incentive benefits granted by
- 5 the sewerage authority pursuant to P.L.1991, c.230 and P.L.1993,
- c.181, including interest or discount on bonds, cost of issuance of 6
- 7 bonds, engineering and inspection costs and legal expenses, costs of
- 8 financial, professional and other estimates and advice, organization,
- 9 administrative, operating and other expenses of the sewerage
- 10 authority prior to and during such acquisition or construction, and all
- 11 such other expenses as may be necessary or incident to the financing,
- 12 acquisition, construction and completion of said sewerage system or
- 13 part thereof and the placing of the same in operation, and also such
- 14 provision or reserves for working capital, operating, maintenance or
- 15 replacement expenses or for payment or security of principal of or
- interest on bonds during or after such acquisition or construction as 16
- 17 the sewerage authority may determine, and also reimbursements to the
- 18 sewerage authority or any county, municipality or other person of any
- 19 moneys theretofore expended for the purposes of the sewerage
- 20 authority or to any county or municipality of any moneys theretofore
- 21 expended for in connection with sanitation facilities;
- 22 (10) "Real property" shall mean lands both within and without the 23 State, and improvements thereof or thereon, or any rights or interests
- 24 therein;

- 25 (11) "Construct" and "construction" shall connote and include acts 26 of construction, reconstruction, replacement, extension, improvement
- 27 and betterment of a sewerage system;
- 28 (12) "Industrial wastes" shall mean liquid or other wastes resulting 29 from any processes of industry, manufacture, trade or business or
- 30 from the development of any natural resource;
- 31 (13) "Sewage" shall mean the water-carried wastes created in and
- carried, or to be carried, away from, or to be processed by on-site 33 wastewater systems, residences, hotels, apartments, schools, hospitals,
- industrial establishments, or any other public or private building, 34
- 35 together with such surface or ground water and industrial wastes as
- may be present; 36
- 37 (14) "On-site wastewater system" means any of several works,
- 38 facilities, septic tanks or other devices, used to collect, treat, reclaim,
- 39 or dispose of wastewater or sewage on or adjacent to the property on
- 40 which the wastewater or sewage is produced, or to convey such
- 41 wastewater or sewage from said property to such facilities as the
- 42 authority may establish for its disposal;
- 43 (15) "Pollution" means the condition of water resulting from the
- 44 introduction therein of substances of a kind and in quantities rendering
- 45 it detrimental or immediately or potentially dangerous to the public
- 46 health, or unfit for public or commercial use;

- 1 (16) "Ordinance" means a written act of the governing body of a 2 municipality adopted and otherwise approved and published in the manner or mode of procedure prescribed for ordinances tending to 3 4 obligate such municipality pecuniarily;
- 5 (17) "Resolution" means a written act of the governing body of a local unit adopted and otherwise approved in the manner or mode of 6 procedure prescribed for resolutions tending to obligate such local unit pecuniarily;
- 9 (18) "Bonds" shall mean bonds or other obligations issued pursuant 10 to this act; and
- 11 (19) "Compensating reservoir" shall mean the structures, facilities 12 and appurtenances for the impounding, transportation and release of 13 water for the replenishment in periods of drought or at other necessary 14 times of all or a part of waters in or bordering the State diverted into 15 a sewer, sewage treatment or sewage disposal system operated by the 16 sewerage authority.
- (cf: P.L.2001, c.123, s.1) 17

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- 19 5. Section 3 of P.L.1957, c.183 (C.40:14B-3) is amended to read 20 as follows:
- 21 3. As used in this act, unless a different meaning clearly appears 22 from the context:
- 23 (1) "Municipality" shall mean any city of any class, any borough, 24 village, town, township, or any other municipality other than a county 25 or a school district, and except when used in section 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 13, 42 or 45 of this act, any agency thereof or any two or more thereof 26 27 acting jointly or any joint meeting or other agency of any two or more 28 thereof;
 - (2) "County" shall mean any county of any class;
- 30 (3) "Governing body" shall mean, in the case of a county, the board 31 of chosen freeholders, or in the case of those counties organized 32 pursuant to the provisions of the "Optional County Charter Law" P.L.1972, c.154; (C.40:41A-1 et seq.), the board of chosen 33 34 freeholders and the county executive, the county supervisor or the 35 county manager, as appropriate, and, in the case of a municipality, the commission, council, board or body, by whatever name it may be 36 37 known, having charge of the finances of the municipality;
 - (4) "Person" shall mean any person, association, corporation, nation, state or any agency or subdivision thereof, other than a county or municipality of the State or a municipal authority;
 - (5) "Municipal or water reclamation authority" shall mean a public body created or organized pursuant to section 4, 5 or 6 of this act and shall include a municipal utilities authority created by one or more municipalities and a county utilities authority created by a county;
- 45 (6) Subject to the exceptions provided in section 10, 11 or 12 of this act, "district" shall mean the area within the territorial boundaries 46 47 of the county, or of the municipality or municipalities, which created

or joined in or caused the creation or organization of a municipal authority;

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- (7) "Local unit" shall mean the county, or any municipality, which created or joined in or caused the creation or organization of a municipal authority;
- (8) "Water system" shall mean the plants, structures and other real 6 and personal property acquired, constructed or operated or to be 7 8 acquired, constructed or operated by a municipal authority or by any 9 person to whom a municipal authority has extended credit for this 10 purpose for the purposes of the municipal authority, including 11 reservoirs, basins, dams, canals, aqueducts, standpipes, conduits, pipelines, mains, pumping stations, water distribution systems, 12 compensating reservoirs, waterworks or sources of water supply, 13 14 wells, purification or filtration plants or other plants and works, connections, rights of flowage or division, and other plants, structures, 15 16 boats, conveyances, and other real and personal property, and rights 17 therein, and appurtenances necessary or useful and convenient for the 18 accumulation, supply redistribution of water;
 - (9) "Sewerage system" shall mean the plants, structures, on-site wastewater systems and other real and personal property acquired, constructed or operated or to be acquired, constructed, maintained or operated by a municipal authority or by any person to whom a municipal authority has extended credit for this purpose for the purposes of the municipal authority, including sewers, conduits, pipelines, mains, pumping and ventilating stations, sewage treatment or disposal systems, plants and works, connections, outfalls, compensating reservoirs, and other plants, structures, boats, conveyances, and other real and personal property, and rights therein, and appurtenances necessary or useful and convenient for the collection, treatment, purification or disposal in a sanitary manner of any sewage, liquid or solid wastes, night soil or industrial wastes;
- 32 (10) "Utility system" shall mean a water system, solid waste 33 system, sewerage system, or a hydroelectric system or any 34 combination of such systems, acquired, constructed or operated or to 35 be acquired, constructed or operated by a municipal authority or by 36 any person to whom a municipal authority has extended credit for this 37 purpose;
- 38 (11) "Cost" shall mean, in addition to the usual connotations 39 thereof, the cost of acquisition or construction of all or any part of a 40 utility system and of all or any property, rights, easements, privileges, 41 agreements and franchises deemed by the municipal authority to be 42 necessary or useful and convenient therefor or in connection therewith 43 and the cost of retiring the present value of the unfunded accrued 44 liability due and owing by a municipal authority, as calculated by the 45 system actuary for a date certain upon the request of a municipal 46 authority, for early retirement incentive benefits granted by the

- 1 municipal authority pursuant to P.L.1991, c.230 and P.L.1993, c.181,
- 2 including interest or discount on bonds, cost of issuance of bonds,
- 3 engineering and inspection costs and legal expenses, cost of financial,
- 4 professional and other estimates and advice, organization,
- 5 administrative, operating and other expenses of the municipal
- 6 authority prior to and during such acquisition or construction, and all
- 7 such other expenses as may be necessary or incident to the financing,
- 8 acquisition, construction and completion of said utility system or part
- 9 thereof and the placing of the same in operation, and also such
- 10 provision or reserves for working capital, operating, maintenance or
- 11 replacement expenses or for payment or security of principal of or
- 12 interest on bonds during or after such acquisition or construction as
- 13 the municipal authority may determine, and also reimbursements to the
- 14 municipal authority or any county, municipality or other person of any
- 15 moneys theretofore expended for the purposes of the municipal
- authority or to any county or municipality of any moneys theretofore
- 17 expended for or in connection with water supply, solid waste, water
- 18 distribution, sanitation or hydroelectric facilities;

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- 19 (12) "Real property" shall mean lands both within or without the 20 State, and improvements thereof or thereon, or any rights or interests 21 therein;
 - (13) "Construct" and "construction" shall connote and include acts of construction, reconstruction, replacement, extension, improvement and betterment of a utility system;
 - (14) "Industrial wastes" shall mean liquid or other wastes resulting from any processes of industry, manufacture, trade or business or from the development of any natural resource, and shall include any chemical wastes or hazardous wastes;
 - (15) "Sewage" shall mean the water-carried wastes created in and carried, or to be carried, away from, or to be processed by on-site wastewater systems, residences, hotels, apartments, schools, hospitals, industrial establishments, or any other public or private building, together with such surface or ground water and industrial wastes and leacheate as may be present;
 - (16) "On-site wastewater system" means any of several facilities, septic tanks or other devices, used to collect, treat, reclaim, or dispose of wastewater or sewage on or adjacent to the property on which the wastewater or sewage is produced, or to convey such wastewater or sewage from said property to such facilities as the authority may establish for its disposal;
- 41 (17) "Pollution" means the condition of water resulting from the 42 introduction therein of substances of a kind and in quantities rendering 43 it detrimental or immediately or potentially dangerous to the public 44 health, or unfit for public or commercial use;
- 45 (18) "Bonds" shall mean bonds or other obligations issued pursuant 46 to this act;

- 1 (19) "Service charges" shall mean water service charges, solid 2 waste service charges, sewer service charges, hydroelectric service 3 charges or any combination of such charges, as said terms are defined 4 in section 21 or 22 of this act or in section 7 of this amendatory and 5 supplementary act;
- (20) "Compensating reservoir" shall mean the structures, facilities 6 and appurtenances for the impounding, transportation and release of 8 water for the replenishment in periods of drought or at other necessary times of all or a part of waters in or bordering the State diverted into a utility system operated by a municipal authority;

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- (21) "Sewage or water reclamation authority" shall mean a public body created pursuant to the Sewerage Authorities Law P.L.1946, c.138 (C.40:14A-1 et.seq.) or the acts amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto;
- 15 (22) "County sewer authority" shall mean a sanitary sewer district authority created pursuant to the act entitled "An act relating to the 16 17 establishment of sewerage districts in first- and second-class counties, the creation of Sanitary Sewer District Authorities by the establishing 18 of such districts, prescribing the powers and duties of any such 19 20 authority and of other public bodies in connection with the 21 construction of sewers and sewage disposal facilities in any such 22 district, and providing the ways and means for paying the costs of 23 construction and operation thereof," approved April 23, 1946 (P.L.1946, c.123), or the acts amendatory thereof or supplemental 24 25 thereto;
 - (23) "Chemical waste" shall mean a material normally generated by or used in chemical, petrochemical, plastic, pharmaceutical, biochemical or microbiological manufacturing processes or petroleum refining processes, which has been selected for waste disposal and which is known to hydrolize, ionize or decompose, which is soluble, burns or oxidizes, or which may react with any of the waste materials which are introduced into the landfill, or which is buoyant on water, or which has a viscosity less than that of water or which produces a foul odor. Chemical waste may be either hazardous or nonhazardous;
 - "Effluent" shall mean liquids which are treated in and discharged by sewage treatment plants;
- 37 (25) "Hazardous wastes" shall mean any waste or combination of 38 waste which poses a present or potential threat to human health, living 39 organisms or the environment. "Hazardous waste" shall include, but 40 not be limited to, waste material that is toxic, corrosive, irritating, 41 sensitizing, radioactive, biologically infectious, explosive or 42 flammable;
- 43 (26) "Leachate" shall mean a liquid that has been in contact with 44 solid waste and contains dissolved or suspended materials from that 45 solid waste;
- 46 (27) "Recycling" shall mean the separation, collection, processing

or recovery of metals, glass, paper, solid waste and other materials for reuse or for energy production and shall include resource recovery;

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- (28) "Sludge" shall mean any solid, semisolid, or liquid waste generated from a municipal, industrial or other sewage treatment plant, water supply treatment plant, or air pollution control facility, or any other such waste having similar characteristics and effects; "sludge" shall not include effluent;
- 8 (29) "Solid waste" shall mean garbage, refuse, and other discarded 9 materials resulting from industrial, commercial and agricultural 10 operations, and from domestic and community activities, and shall 11 include all other waste materials including sludge, chemical waste, 12 hazardous wastes and liquids, except for liquids which are treated in 13 public sewage treatment plants and except for solid animal and 14 vegetable wastes collected by swine producers licensed by the State 15 Department of Agriculture to collect, prepare and feed such wastes to swine on their own farms; 16
- 17 (30) "Solid waste system" shall mean and include the plants, 18 structures and other real and personal property acquired, constructed 19 or operated or to be acquired, constructed or operated by an authority 20 or by any person to whom a municipal authority has extended credit 21 for this purpose pursuant to the provisions of this act, including 22 transfer stations, incinerators, recycling facilities, including facilities 23 for the generation, transmission and distribution of energy derived 24 from the processing of solid waste, sanitary landfill facilities or other 25 property or plants for the collection, recycling or disposal of solid 26 waste and all vehicles, equipment and other real and personal property 27 and rights thereon and appurtenances necessary or useful and 28 convenient for the collection, recycling, or disposal of solid waste in 29 a sanitary manner;
 - (31) "Hydroelectric system" shall mean the plants, structures and other real and personal property acquired, constructed or operated or to be acquired, constructed or operated by an authority pursuant to the provisions of this act, including all that which is necessary or useful and convenient for the generation, transmission and sale of hydroelectric power at wholesale;
- 36 (32) "Hydroelectric power" shall mean the production of electric current by the energy of moving water;
- 38 (33) "Sale of hydroelectric power at wholesale" shall mean any sale 39 of hydroelectric power to any person for purposes of resale of such 40 power.
- 41 (cf: P.L.2001, c.123, s.3)

43 6. Section 2 of P.L.1960, c.183 (C.40:37A-45) is amended to read 44 as follows:

2. As used in this act, unless a different meaning clearly appears from the context:

1 (a) "Authority" shall mean a public body created pursuant to this 2 act;

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- (b) "Bond resolution" shall have the meaning ascribed thereto in section 17 of P.L.1960, c.183 (C.40:37A-60);
- (c) "Bonds" shall mean bonds, notes or other obligations issued pursuant to this act;
- (d) "Construct" and "construction" shall connote and include acts of clearance, demolition, construction, development or redevelopment, reconstruction, replacement, extension, improvement and betterment;
- 10 (e) "Cost" shall mean, in addition to the usual connotations thereof, 11 the cost of planning, acquisition or construction of all or any part of 12 any public facility or facilities of an authority and of all or any 13 property, rights, easements, privileges, agreements and franchises 14 deemed by the authority to be necessary or useful and convenient 15 therefor or in connection therewith and the cost of retiring the present value of the unfunded accrued liability due and owing by the authority, 16 17 as calculated by the system actuary for a date certain upon the request 18 of the authority, for early retirement incentive benefits granted by the 19 authority pursuant to P.L.1991, c.230 and P.L.1993, c.181, including 20 interest or discount on bonds, cost of issuance of bonds, architectural, 21 engineering and inspection costs and legal expenses, cost of financial, 22 professional and other estimates and advice, organization, 23 administrative, operating and other expenses of the authority prior to 24 and during such acquisition or construction, and all such other 25 expenses as may be necessary or incident to the financing, acquisition, 26 construction and completion of such public facility or facilities or part 27 thereof and the placing of the same fully in operation or the disposition 28 of the same, and also such provision or reserves for working capital, 29 operating, maintenance or replacement expenses or for payment or 30 security of principal of or interest on bonds during or after such 31 acquisition or construction as the authority may determine, and also 32 reimbursements to the authority or any governmental unit or person of 33 any moneys theretofore expended for the purposes of the authority;
 - (f) The term "county" shall mean any county of any class of the State and shall include, without limitation, the terms "the county" and "beneficiary county" defined in this act, and the term "the county" shall mean the county which created an authority pursuant to this act;
 - (g) "Development project" shall mean any lands, structures, or property or facilities acquired or constructed or to be acquired or constructed by an authority for the purposes of the authority described in subsection (e) of section 11 of P.L.1960, c.183 (C.40:37A-54);
 - (h) "Facility charges" shall have the meaning ascribed to said term in section 14 of P.L.1960, c.183 (C.40:37A-57);
 - (i) "Facility revenues" shall have the meaning ascribed to said term in subsection (e) of section 20 of P.L.1960, c.183 (C.40:37A-63);
 - (j) "Governing body" shall mean, in the case of a county, the board

- 1 of chosen freeholders, or in the case of a county operating under
- 2 article 3 or 5 of the "Optional County Charter Law" (P.L.1972, c.154;
- 3 C.40:41A-1 et seq.) as defined thereunder, and, in the case of a
- 4 municipality, the commission, council, board or body, by whatever
- 5 name it may be known, having charge of the finances of the
- 6 municipality;

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- 7 (k) "Governmental unit" shall mean the United States of America 8 or the State or any county or municipality or any subdivision, 9 department, agency, or instrumentality heretofore or hereafter created,
- 10 designated or established by or for the United States of America or the
- 11 State or any county or municipality;
- 12 (1) "Local bond law" shall mean chapter 2 of Title 40A, 13 Municipalities and Counties, of the New Jersey Statutes (N.J.S.) as
- 14 amended and supplemented;
 - (m) "Municipality" shall mean any city, borough, village, town, or township of the State but not a county or a school district;
 - (n) "Person" shall mean any person, partnership, association, corporation or entity other than a nation, state, county or municipality or any subdivision, department, agency or instrumentality thereof;
 - (o) "Project" shall have the meaning ascribed to said term in section 17 of P.L.1960, c.183 (C.40:37A-60);
 - (p) "Public facility" shall mean any lands, structures, franchises, equipment, or other property or facilities acquired, constructed, owned, financed, or leased by the authority or any other governmental unit or person to accomplish any of the purposes of an authority authorized by section 11 of P.L.1960, c.183 (C.40:37A-54);
 - (q) "Real property" shall mean lands within or without the State, above or below water, and improvements thereof or thereon, or any riparian or other rights or interests therein;
 - (r) "Garbage and solid waste disposal system" shall mean the plants, structures and other real and personal property acquired, constructed or operated or to be acquired, constructed or operated by a county improvement authority, including incinerators, sanitary landfill facilities or other plants for the treatment and disposal of garbage, solid waste and refuse matter and all other real and personal property and rights therein and appurtenances necessary or useful and convenient for the collection and treatment or disposal in a sanitary manner of garbage, solid waste and refuse matter (but not including sewage);
- 40 (s) "Garbage, solid waste or refuse matter" shall mean garbage, 41 refuse and other discarded materials resulting from industrial, 42 commercial and agricultural operations, and from domestic and 43 community activities, and shall include all other waste materials 44 including sludge, chemical waste, hazardous wastes and liquids, except 45 for liquids which are treated in public sewage treatment plants and 46 except for solid animal and vegetable wastes collected by swine

producers licensed by the State Department of Agriculture to collect,
 prepare and feed such wastes to swine on their own farms;

- 3 (t) "Blighted, deteriorated or deteriorating area" may include an 4 area determined heretofore by the municipality to be blighted in 5 accordance with the provisions of P.L.1949, c.187, repealed by P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40:55-21.1 et seq.) and, in addition, areas which are 6 7 determined by the municipality, pursuant to the same procedures as 8 provided in said law, to be blighted, deteriorated or deteriorating 9 because of structures or improvements which are dilapidated or 10 characterized by disrepair, lack of ventilation or light or sanitary 11 facilities, faulty arrangement, location, or design, or other unhealthful 12 or unsafe conditions;
- 13 (u) "Redevelopment" may include planning, replanning, 14 conservation, rehabilitation, clearance, development 15 redevelopment; and the construction and rehabilitation and provision for construction and rehabilitation of residential, commercial, 16 17 industrial, public or other structures and the grant or dedication or 18 rededication of spaces as may be appropriate or necessary in the 19 interest of the general welfare for streets, parks, playgrounds, or other 20 public purposes including recreational and other facilities incidental or 21 appurtenant thereto, in accordance with a redevelopment plan 22 approved by the governing body of a municipality;

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- (v) "Redevelopment plan" shall mean a plan as it exists from time to time for the redevelopment of all or any part of a redevelopment area, which plan shall be sufficiently complete to indicate such land acquisition, demolition and removal of structures, redevelopment, improvements, conservation or rehabilitation as may be proposed to be carried out in the area of the project, zoning and planning changes, if any, land uses, maximum densities, building requirements, the plan's relationship to definite local objectives respecting appropriate land uses, improved traffic, public transportation, public utilities, recreational and community facilities, and other public improvements and provision for relocation of any residents and occupants to be displaced in a manner which has been or is likely to be approved by the Department of Community Affairs pursuant to the "Relocation Assistance Law of 1967," P.L.1967, c.79 (C.52:31B-1 et seq.) and the "Relocation Assistance Act," P.L.1971, c.362 (C.20:4-1 et seq.) and rules and regulations pursuant thereto;
- 38 39 (w) "Redevelopment project" shall mean any undertakings and 40 activities for the elimination, and for the prevention of the 41 development or spread, of blighted, deteriorated, or deteriorating 42 areas and may involve any work or undertaking pursuant to a 43 redevelopment plan; such undertaking may include: (1) acquisition of 44 real property and demolition, removal or rehabilitation of buildings and 45 improvements thereon; (2) carrying out plans for a program of 46 voluntary repair and rehabilitation of buildings or other improvements;

- and (3) installation, construction or reconstruction of streets, utilities, parks, playgrounds or other improvements necessary for carrying out the objectives of the redevelopment project;
 - (x) "Redeveloper" shall mean any person or governmental unit that shall enter into or propose to enter into a contract with an authority for the redevelopment of an area or any part thereof under the provisions of this act;
- 8 (y) "Redevelopment area" shall mean an area of a municipality 9 which the governing body thereof finds is a blighted area or an area in 10 need of rehabilitation whose redevelopment is necessary to effectuate 11 the public purposes declared in this act. A redevelopment area may 12 include lands, buildings, or improvements which of themselves are not 13 detrimental to the public health, safety or welfare, but whose inclusion 14 is found necessary, with or without change in their condition, for the 15 effective redevelopment of the area of which they are a part;
 - (z) "Sludge" shall mean any solid, semisolid, or liquid waste generated from a municipal, industrial or other sewage treatment plant, water supply treatment plant, or air pollution control facility, or any other such waste having similar characteristics and effects, but shall not include effluent; and
- 21 (aa) "Beneficiary county" shall mean any county that has not created an authority pursuant to this act.

23 (cf: P.L.1994, c.76, s.1)

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- 25 7. Section 30 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-30) is amended to 26 read as follows:
- 27 30. a. A redevelopment entity shall have the power and is hereby 28 authorized to issue, from time to time, its bonds, bond anticipation 29 notes and other notes and obligations in such principal amounts as in its opinion shall be necessary to provide sufficient funds for achieving 30 31 any of its corporate purposes, including, but not limited to: the 32 making of mortgage loans, the payment, funding or refunding of the 33 principal of, or interest or redemption premiums on, any bonds, bond anticipation notes and other notes and obligations issued by it whether 34 35 or not such have become due; the establishment or increase of reserves 36 to secure or to pay such bonds, bond anticipation notes and other 37 notes and obligations or interest thereon; and all costs or expenses 38 incident to and necessary or convenient to carry out its corporate 39 purposes and powers, including but not limited to the payment of the 40 cost of retiring the present value of the unfunded accrued liability due 41 and owing by a redevelopment agency or housing authority, as 42 calculated by the system actuary for a date certain upon the request of 43 a redevelopment agency or housing authority, for early retirement 44 incentive benefits granted by the redevelopment agency or housing 45 authority pursuant to P.L.1991, c.230 and P.L.1993, c.181.
 - b. A redevelopment entity may issue such bonds, bond anticipation

1 notes or other notes or obligations as it may determine, including 2 bonds, bond anticipation notes or other notes or obligations as to 3 which the principal and interest are payable: (1) exclusively from the 4 income and revenues of the redevelopment entity resulting from 5 projects financed with the proceeds of such bonds, bond anticipation notes or other notes or obligations; (2) exclusively from the income 6 7 and revenues of the redevelopment entity resulting from certain 8 projects, whether or not such projects were financed in whole or in 9 part from the proceeds of such bonds, bond anticipation notes or other 10 notes or obligations; or, (3) from its revenues generally. Any bonds, 11 bond anticipation notes or other notes or obligations may be 12 additionally secured by a pledge of any grant, subsidy or contribution 13 from the United States of America or an agency or instrumentality 14 thereof or the State or any agency, instrumentality or political 15 subdivision thereof, or any person, firm or corporation or a pledge of any income or revenues, funds or moneys of the redevelopment entity 16 17 from any source whatsoever.

c. Whether or not the bonds, bond anticipation notes and other notes and obligations issued pursuant to this act are of such form and character as to be negotiable instruments under the terms of Title 12A, Commercial Transactions, New Jersey Statutes, such bonds, bond anticipation notes and other notes and obligations and any coupon thereof are hereby made negotiable instruments within the meaning of and for all the purposes of Title 12A, subject only to the provisions of the bonds and notes for registration.

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26 d. Bonds, bond anticipation notes and other notes and obligations 27 of a redevelopment entity issued under the provisions of this act shall 28 not be in any way a debt or liability of the State or of any political 29 subdivision thereof other than the redevelopment entity and shall not 30 create or constitute any indebtedness, liability or obligation of the 31 State or of any political subdivision, nor be or constitute a pledge of 32 the faith and credit of the State or of any political subdivision; but all 33 such bonds, bond anticipation notes and other notes and obligations, 34 unless funded or refunded by bonds, bond anticipation notes or other 35 notes or obligations of the redevelopment entity shall be payable from 36 revenues or funds pledged or available for their payment as authorized 37 in this act. Each bond, bond anticipation note or other note or 38 obligation shall contain on its face a statement to the effect that the 39 redevelopment entity is obligated to pay the principal thereof or the 40 interest thereon only from the revenues or funds of the redevelopment 41 entity and that neither the State nor any political subdivision thereof 42 is obligated to pay such principal or interest, and that neither the faith 43 and credit nor the taxing power of the State or any political 44 subdivision thereof is pledged to the payment of the principal of or the 45 interest on such bonds, bond anticipation notes or other notes or 46 obligations.

e. All expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions of this act shall be payable solely from revenues or funds provided or to be provided under the provisions of this act, and nothing in this act shall be construed to authorize a redevelopment entity to incur indebtedness or liability on behalf of or payable by this State or any political subdivision thereof.

7 (cf: P.L.2001, c.310, s.43)

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²8. Section 11 of P.L.1960, c.183 (C.40:37A-54) is amended to read as follows:

11 11. The purposes of every authority shall be (a) provision within 12 the county or any beneficiary county of public facilities for use by the 13 State, the county or any beneficiary county, or any municipality in any 14 such county, or any two or more or any subdivisions, departments, 15 agencies or instrumentalities of any of the foregoing for any of their 16 respective governmental purposes, (b) provision within the county or 17 any beneficiary county of public facilities for use as convention halls, 18 or the rehabilitation, improvement or enlargement of any convention 19 hall, including appropriate and desirable appurtenances located within 20 the convention hall or near, adjacent to or over it within boundaries 21 determined at the discretion of the authority, including but not limited 22 to office facilities, commercial facilities, community service facilities, 23 parking facilities, hotel facilities and other facilities for the 24 accommodation and entertainment of tourists and visitors, (c) 25 provision within the county or any beneficiary county of structures, 26 franchises, equipment and facilities for operation of public 27 transportation or for terminal purposes, including development and 28 improvement of port terminal structures, facilities and equipment for 29 public use in counties in, along or through which a navigable river 30 flows, (d) provision within the county or any beneficiary county of 31 structures or other facilities used or operated by the authority or any 32 governmental unit in connection with, or relative to development and 33 improvement of, aviation for military or civilian purposes, including 34 research in connection therewith, and including structures or other 35 facilities for the accommodation of passengers, (e) provision within the 36 county or any beneficiary county of a public facility for a combination 37 of governmental and nongovernmental uses; provided that not more 38 than 50% of the usable space in any such facility shall be made 39 available for nongovernmental use under a lease or other agreement by 40 or with the authority, (f) acquisition of any real property within the 41 county or any beneficiary county, with or without the improvements 42 thereof or thereon or personal property appurtenant or incidental 43 thereto, from the United States of America or any department, agency 44 or instrumentality heretofore or hereafter created, designated or 45 established by or for it, and the clearance, development or 46 redevelopment, improvement, use or disposition of the acquired lands

and premises in accordance with the provisions and for the purposes 1 2 stated in this act, including the construction, reconstruction, 3 demolition, rehabilitation, conversion, repair or alteration of 4 improvements on or to said lands and premises, and structures and 5 facilities incidental to the foregoing as may be necessary, convenient or desirable, (g) acquisition, construction, maintenance and operation 6 7 of garbage and solid waste disposal systems for the purpose of 8 collecting and disposing of garbage, solid waste or refuse matter, 9 whether owned or operated by any person, the authority or any other 10 governmental unit, within or without the county or any beneficiary 11 county, (h) the improvement, furtherance and promotion of the tourist 12 industries and recreational attractiveness of the county or any beneficiary county through the planning, acquisition, construction, 13 14 improvement, maintenance and operation of facilities for the recreation 15 and entertainment of the public, which facilities may include, without 16 being limited to, a center for the performing and visual arts, (i) 17 provision of loans and other financial assistance and technical assistance for the construction, reconstruction, demolition, 18 19 rehabilitation, conversion, repair or alteration of buildings or facilities designed to provide decent, safe and sanitary dwelling units for 20 21 persons of low and moderate income in need of housing, including the 22 acquisition of land, equipment or other real or personal properties 23 which the authority determines to be necessary, convenient or 24 desirable appurtenances, all in accordance with the provisions of this 25 act, as amended and supplemented, (j) planning, initiating and carrying 26 out redevelopment projects for the elimination, and for the prevention 27 of the development or spread of blighted, deteriorated or deteriorating 28 areas and the disposition, for uses in accordance with the objectives of 29 the redevelopment project, of any property or part thereof acquired in 30 the area of such project, (k) any combination or combinations of the 31 foregoing or following, and (1) subject to the prior approval of the 32 Local Finance Board, the planning, design, acquisition, construction, 33 improvement, renovation, installation, maintenance and operation of 34 facilities or any other type of real or personal property within the 35 county for a corporation or other person organized for any one or 36 more of the purposes described in subsection a. of N.J.S.15A:2-1 37 except those facilities or any other type of real or personal property 38 which can be financed pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1972, c.29 39 (C.26:2I-1 et seq.) as amended. A county improvement authority shall 40 also have as its purpose the pooling of loans for any local 41 governmental units within the county or any beneficiary county that 42 are refunding bonds in order to achieve more favorable interest rates 43 and terms for those local governmental units.² 44 (cf: P.L.1994, c.110, s.1)

²9. Section 12 of P.L.1960, c.183 (C.40:37A-55) is amended to

read as follows:

- 12. Every authority shall be a public body politic and corporate constituting a political subdivision of the State established as an instrumentality exercising public and essential governmental functions to provide for the public convenience, benefit and welfare and shall have perpetual succession and, for the effectuation of its purposes, have the following additional powers:
- 8 (a) To adopt and have a common seal and to alter the same at 9 pleasure;
 - (b) To sue and be sued;
 - (c) To acquire, hold, use and dispose of its facility charges and other revenues and other moneys;
 - (d) To acquire, rent, hold, use and dispose of other personal property for the purposes of the authority;
 - (e) Subject to the provisions of section 26 of this act, to acquire by purchase, gift, condemnation or otherwise, or lease as lessee, real property and easements or interests therein necessary or useful and convenient for the purposes of the authority, whether subject to mortgages, deeds of trust or other liens or otherwise, and to hold and to use the same, and to dispose of property so acquired no longer necessary for the purposes of the authority; provided that the authority may dispose of such property at any time to any governmental unit or person if the authority shall receive a leasehold interest in the property for such term as the authority deems appropriate to fulfill its purposes;
 - (f) Subject to the provisions of section 13 of this act, to lease to any governmental unit or person, all or any part of any public facility for such consideration and for such period or periods of time and upon such other terms and conditions as it may fix and agree upon;
 - (g) To enter into agreements to lease, as lessee, public facilities for such term and under such conditions as the authority may deem necessary and desirable to fulfill its purposes, and to agree, pursuant thereto, to be unconditionally obligated to make payments for the term of the lease, without set-off or counterclaim, whether or not the public facility is completed, operating or operable, and notwithstanding the destruction of, damage to, or suspension, interruption, interference, reduction or curtailment of the availability or output of the public facility to which the agreement applies;
- (h) To extend credit or make loans to any governmental unit or person for the planning, design, acquisition, construction, equipping and furnishing of a public facility, upon the terms and conditions that the loans be secured by loan and security agreements, mortgages, leases and other instruments, the payments on which shall be sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on any bonds issued for the purpose by the authority, and upon such other terms and conditions as the authority shall deem reasonable;

- (i) Subject to the provisions of section 13 of this act, to make agreements of any kind with any governmental unit or person for the use or operation of all or any part of any public facility for such consideration and for such period or periods of time and upon such other terms and conditions as it may fix and agree upon;
- (j) To borrow money and issue negotiable bonds or notes or other obligations and provide for and secure the payment of any bonds and the rights of the holders thereof, and to purchase, hold and dispose of any bonds;
- (k) To apply for and to accept gifts or grants of real or personal property, money, material, labor or supplies for the purposes of the authority from any governmental unit or person, and to make and perform agreements and contracts and to do any and all things necessary or useful and convenient in connection with the procuring, acceptance or disposition of such gifts or grants;
- (l) To determine the location, type and character of any public facility and all other matters in connection with all or any part of any public facility which it is authorized to own, construct, establish, effectuate or control;
- (m) To make and enforce bylaws or rules and regulations for the management and regulation of its business and affairs and for the use, maintenance and operation of any public facility, and to amend the same;
- (n) To do and perform any acts and things authorized by this act under, through or by means of its own officers, agents and employees, or by contract with any governmental unit or person;
 - (o) To acquire, purchase, construct, lease, operate, maintain and undertake any project and to fix and collect facility charges for the use thereof;
- (p) To mortgage, pledge or assign or otherwise encumber all or any portion of its revenues and other income, real and personal property, projects and facilities for the purpose of securing its bonds, notes and other obligations or otherwise in furtherance of the purpose of this act;
- (q) To extend credit or make loans to redevelopers for the planning, designing, acquiring, constructing, reconstructing, improving, equipping and furnishing any redevelopment project or redevelopment work;
- (r) To conduct examinations and investigations, hear testimony and take proof, under oath at public or private hearings of any material matter, require the attendance of witnesses and the production of books and papers and issue commissions for the examination of witnesses who are out of the State, unable to attend, or excused from attendance;
- 45 (s) To authorize a committee designated by it consisting of one or 46 more members, or counsel, or any officer or employee to conduct any

such investigation or examination, in which case such committee, counsel, officer or employee shall have power to administer oaths, take affidavits and issue subpensa or commissions; and

- (t) To enter into any and all agreements or contracts, execute any and all instruments, and do and perform any and all acts or things necessary, convenient or desirable for the purposes of the authority or to carry out any power expressly given in this act subject to P.L.1971, c. 198, "Local Public Contracts Law" (C. 40A:11-1 et seq.);
- 9 (u) To pool loans for any local governmental units within the
 10 county or any beneficiary county that are refunding bonds and do and
 11 perform any and all acts or things necessary, convenient or desirable
 12 for the purpose of the authority to achieve more favorable interest
 13 rates and terms for those local governmental units².
- 14 (cf: P.L.1982, c.113, s.8)

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- ²10. Section 5 of P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-5) is amended to read as follows:
 - 5. The authority shall have the following powers:
- a. To adopt bylaws for the regulation of its affairs and the conduct of its business;
 - b. To adopt and have a seal and to alter the same at pleasure;
- c. To sue and be sued;
- 23 To acquire in the name of the authority by purchase or 24 otherwise, on such terms and conditions and such manner as it may 25 deem proper, or by the exercise of the power of eminent domain in the manner provided by the "Eminent Domain Act of 1971," P.L.1971, 26 27 c.361 (C.20:3-1 et seq.), any lands or interests therein or other 28 property which it may determine is reasonably necessary for any 29 project or school facilities project; provided, however, that the 30 authority in connection with any project shall not take by exercise of 31 the power of eminent domain any real property except upon consent 32 thereto given by resolution of the governing body of the municipality 33 in which such real property is located; and provided further that the 34 authority shall be limited in its exercise of the power of eminent 35 domain in connection with any project to municipalities receiving State 36 aid under the provisions of P.L.1978, c.14 (C.52:27D-178 et seq.), or 37 to municipalities which had a population, according to the latest federal decennial census, in excess of 10,000; 38
- e. To enter into contracts with a person upon such terms and conditions as the authority shall determine to be reasonable, including, but not limited to, reimbursement for the planning, designing, financing, construction, reconstruction, improvement, equipping, furnishing, operation and maintenance of the project or the school facilities project and to pay or compromise any claims arising therefrom;
- 46 f. To establish and maintain reserve and insurance funds with

1 respect to the financing of the project or the school facilities project;

- g. To sell, convey or lease to any person all or any portion of a project or school facilities project, for such consideration and upon such terms as the authority may determine to be reasonable;
- h. To mortgage, pledge or assign or otherwise encumber all or any portion of a project, school facilities project or revenues, whenever it shall find such action to be in furtherance of the purposes of this act and P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-1 et al.);
- 9 i. To grant options to purchase or renew a lease for any of its 10 projects or school facilities projects on such terms as the authority may 11 determine to be reasonable;
- 12 j. To contract for and to accept any gifts or grants or loans of 13 funds or property or financial or other aid in any form from the United 14 States of America or any agency or instrumentality thereof, or from 15 the State or any agency, instrumentality or political subdivision thereof, or from any other source and to comply, subject to the 16 17 provisions of P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-1 et seq.), section 6 of P.L.2001, c.401 (C.34:1B-4.1) and P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-1 et 18 19 al.), with the terms and conditions thereof;
- 20 k. In connection with any application for assistance under P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-1 et seq.), section 6 of P.L.2001, c.401 (C.34:1B-4.1) or P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-1 et al.) or commitments therefor to require and collect such fees and charges as the authority
- therefor, to require and collect such fees and charges as the authority shall determine to be reasonable;
- 25 l. To adopt, amend and repeal regulations to carry out the 26 provisions of P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-1 et seq.), section 6 of 27 P.L.2001, c.401 (C.34:1B-4.1) and P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-1 et 28 al.);
- m. To acquire, purchase, manage and operate, hold and dispose of real and personal property or interests therein, take assignments of rentals and leases and make and enter into all contracts, leases, agreements and arrangements necessary or incidental to the performance of its duties;
- n. To purchase, acquire and take assignments of notes, mortgages
 and other forms of security and evidences of indebtedness;
- o. To purchase, acquire, attach, seize, accept or take title to any project or school facilities project by conveyance or by foreclosure, and sell, lease, manage or operate any project or school facilities project for a use specified in this act and P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-1 et al.);
- p. To borrow money and to issue bonds of the authority and to provide for the rights of the holders thereof, as provided in P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-1 et seq.), section 6 of P.L.2001, c.401 (C.34:1B-4.1) and P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-1 et al.);
- q. To extend credit or make loans to any person for the planning, designing, acquiring, constructing, reconstructing, improving,

- 1 equipping and furnishing of a project or school facilities project, which
- 2 credits or loans may be secured by loan and security agreements,
- 3 mortgages, leases and any other instruments, upon such terms and
- 4 conditions as the authority shall deem reasonable, including provision
- 5 for the establishment and maintenance of reserve and insurance funds,
- 6 and to require the inclusion in any mortgage, lease, contract, loan and
- 7 security agreement or other instrument, such provisions for the
- 8 construction, use, operation and maintenance and financing of a
- 9 project or school facilities project as the authority may deem necessary
- 10 or desirable;
- 11 r. To guarantee up to 90% of the amount of a loan to a person, if
- 12 the proceeds of the loan are to be applied to the purchase and
- 13 installation, in a building devoted to industrial or commercial
- 14 purposes, or in an office building, of an energy improvement system;
- s. To employ consulting engineers, architects, attorneys, real estate
- 16 counselors, appraisers, and such other consultants and employees as
- 17 may be required in the judgment of the authority to carry out the
- 18 purposes of P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-1 et seq.), section 6 of P.L.2001,
- 19 c.401 (C.34:1B-4.1) and P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-1 et al.), and to
- 20 fix and pay their compensation from funds available to the authority
- 21 therefor, all without regard to the provisions of Title 11A of the New
- 22 Jersey Statutes;
- t. To do and perform any acts and things authorized by P.L.1974,
- 24 c.80 (C.34:1B-1 et seq.), section 6 of P.L.2001, c.401 (C.34:1B-4.1)
- and P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-1 et al.) under, through or by means of
- 26 its own officers, agents and employees, or by contract with any
- 27 person;
- u. To procure insurance against any losses in connection with its
- 29 property, operations or assets in such amounts and from such insurers
- 30 as it deems desirable;
- v. To do any and all things necessary or convenient to carry out its
- 32 purposes and exercise the powers given and granted in P.L.1974, c.80
- 33 (C.34:1B-1 et seq.), section 6 of P.L.2001, c.401 (C.34:1B-4.1) and
- 34 P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-1 et al.);
- w. To construct, reconstruct, rehabilitate, improve, alter, equip,
- 36 maintain or repair or provide for the construction, reconstruction,
- 37 improvement, alteration, equipping or maintenance or repair of any
- 38 development property and lot, award and enter into construction
- contracts, purchase orders and other contracts with respect thereto, 40 upon such terms and conditions as the authority shall determine to be
- 41 reasonable, including, but not limited to, reimbursement for the
- 42 planning, designing, financing, construction, reconstruction,
- 43 improvement, equipping, furnishing, operation and maintenance of any
- 44 such development property and the settlement of any claims arising
- 45 therefrom and the establishment and maintenance of reserve funds with
- 46 respect to the financing of such development property; x. When

- authorized by the governing body of a municipality exercising jurisdiction over an urban growth zone, to construct, cause to be constructed or to provide financial assistance to projects in an urban growth zone which shall be exempt from the terms and requirements of the land use ordinances and regulations, including, but not limited to, the master plan and zoning ordinances, of such municipality;
 - y. To enter into business employment incentive agreements as provided in the "Business Employment Incentive Program Act," P.L.1996, c.26 (C.34:1B-124 et al.);

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- 10 z. To undertake school facilities projects and to enter into agreements or contracts, execute instruments, and do and perform all 11 12 acts or things necessary, convenient or desirable for the purposes of 13 the authority to carry out any power expressly provided pursuant to 14 P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-1 et seq.) and P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-1 et al.), including, but not limited to, entering into contracts with the 15 State Treasurer, the Commissioner of Education, districts and any 16 17 other entity which may be required in order to carry out the provisions of P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-1 et al.); 18
 - aa. To enter into leases, rentals or other disposition of a real property interest in and of any school facilities project to or from any local unit pursuant to P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-1 et al.);
 - bb. To make and contract to make loans or leases and to make grants to local units to finance the cost of school facilities projects and to acquire and contract to acquire bonds, notes or other obligations issued or to be issued by local units to evidence the loans or leases, all in accordance with the provisions of P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-1 et al.);
- 28 cc. Subject to any agreement with holders of its bonds issued to 29 finance a project or school facilities project, obtain as security or to provide liquidity for payment of all or any part of the principal of and 30 31 interest and premium on the bonds of the authority or for the purchase 32 upon tender or otherwise of the bonds, lines of credit, letters of credit, 33 reimbursement agreements, interest rate exchange agreements, 34 currency exchange agreements, interest rate floors or caps, options, puts or calls to hedge payment, currency, rate, spread or similar 35 exposure or similar agreements, float agreements, forward agreements, 36 37 insurance contract, surety bond, commitment to purchase or sell 38 bonds, purchase or sale agreement, or commitments or other contracts 39 or agreements, and other security agreements or instruments in any 40 amounts and upon any terms as the authority may determine and pay 41 any fees and expenses required in connection therewith;
 - dd. To charge to and collect from local units, the State and any other person, any fees and charges in connection with the authority's actions undertaken with respect to school facilities projects, including, but not limited to, fees and charges for the authority's administrative, organization, insurance, operating and other expenses incident to the

1 financing, construction and placing into service and maintenance of 2 school facilities projects; and

3 ee. To make loans to refinance solid waste facility bonds through 4 the issuance of bonds or other obligations and the execution of any 5 agreements with counties or public authorities to effect the refunding or rescheduling of solid waste facility bonds, or otherwise provide for 6 7 the payment of all or a portion of any series of solid waste facility 8 bonds. Any county or public authority refunding or rescheduling its 9 solid waste facility bonds pursuant to this subsection shall provide for 10 the payment of not less than fifty percent of the aggregate debt service 11 for the refunded or rescheduled debt of the particular county or public 12 authority for the duration of the loan; except that, whenever the solid waste facility bonds to be refinanced were issued by a public authority 13 14 and the county solid waste facility was utilized as a regional county 15 solid waste facility, as designated in the respective adopted district solid waste management plans of the participating counties as 16 17 approved by the department prior to November 10, 1997, and the 18 utilization of the facility was established pursuant to tonnage 19 obligations set forth in their respective interdistrict agreements, the 20 public authority refunding or rescheduling its solid waste facility bonds 21 pursuant to this subsection shall provide for the payment of a 22 percentage of the aggregate debt service for the refunded or 23 rescheduled debt of the public authority not to exceed the percentage 24 of the specified tonnage obligation of the host county for the duration 25 of the loan. Whenever the solid waste facility bonds are the obligation of a public authority, the relevant county shall execute a deficiency 26 27 agreement with the authority, which shall provide that the county 28 pledges to cover any shortfall and to pay deficiencies in scheduled 29 repayment obligations of the public authority. All costs associated 30 with the issuance of bonds pursuant to this subsection may be paid by 31 the authority from the proceeds of these bonds. Any county or public 32 authority is hereby authorized to enter into any agreement with the 33 authority necessary, desirable or convenient to effectuate the 34 provisions of this subsection.

The authority shall not issue bonds or other obligations to effect the refunding or rescheduling of solid waste facility bonds after December 31, 2002. The authority may refund its own bonds issued for the purposes herein at any time.

ff. To pool loans for any local governmental units that are refunding bonds and do and perform any and all acts or things necessary, convenient or desirable for the purpose of the authority to achieve more favorable interest rates and terms for those local governmental units.²

44 (cf: P.L.2001, c.401, s.3)

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²[8.] 11.² This act shall take effect immediately.

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3	Permits local government units to issue refunding bonds to retire
4	unfunded accrued liability resulting from early retirement benefits.

SENATE, No. 577

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

210th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2002 SESSION

Sponsored by: Senator RICHARD J. CODEY District 27 (Essex)

Co-Sponsored by: Senator Sweeney

SYNOPSIS

Permits local government units to issue refunding bonds to retire unfunded accrued liability resulting from early retirement benefits.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 1/25/2002)

AN ACT authorizing the issuance of refunding bonds to refund certain actuarial liabilities of local governments and boards of education, supplementing chapter 2 of Title 40A of the New Jersey Statutes and amending various parts of the statutory law.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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9 1. (New section) Notwithstanding the provisions of N.J.S.40A:2-10 51 to the contrary, a county or municipality may incur indebtedness, 11 borrow money, authorize and issue negotiable refunding bonds, in any 12 amount determined to be necessary by the county or the municipality 13 and approved by the Local Finance Board to effect the refunding for 14 the purpose of retiring the present value of the unfunded accrued liability for early retirement incentive benefits granted pursuant to 15 16 P.L.1991, c.229, P.L.1991, c.230, P.L.1993, c.138, P.L.1993, c.181, 17 and P.L.1993, c.99, in addition to the other purposes for which it may 18 do the same under N.J.S.40A:2-51. The system actuary shall calculate 19 the present value of the unfunded liability due and owing by the 20 municipality or county on a date certain upon the request of the county or municipality. For purposes of this section, "county" means any 21 county of any class and all boards or commissions organized under 22 23 such county, including but not limited to welfare boards, boards of

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2. Section 2 of P.L.1969, c.130 (C.18A:24-61.2) is amended to read as follows:

social services, park commissions and mosquito control authorities.

27 28 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law or any debt 29 limitation or requirement for down payment or for referendum or other 30 action by legal voters, refunding bonds may be authorized and issued for the purpose of paying, funding or refunding: any refunded 31 32 bonds; the cost of retiring the present value of the unfunded accrued 33 liability due and owing by a board of education, as calculated by the 34 system actuary for a date certain upon the request of a board of 35 education, for early retirement incentive benefits granted by the board 36 of education pursuant to P.L.1991, c.231 and P.L.1993, c.163; and 37 [paying] the cost or expense of issuing refunding bonds including 38 printing, advertising, accounting, financial, legal or other expense in 39 connection therewith. Obligations to be paid, funded or refunded with 40 respect to which an ordinance authorizing the issuance of refunding bonds has been adopted pursuant to this act and not otherwise 41 42 deductible shall be excluded in calculating the net school debt of a 43 municipality or a district. Refunding bonds shall be authorized (a) in

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

1 the case of any county or municipality by refunding bond ordinance

- 2 enacted in the manner or mode of procedure provided for adoption of
- 3 a refunding bond ordinance pursuant to the Local Bond Law,
- 4 constituting chapter 2 of Title 40A, Municipalities and Counties, of
- 5 the New Jersey Statutes, and (b) in the case of a Type II school
- 6 district by an ordinance (herein called the "refunding bond ordinance")
- 7 adopted by the board of education of such school district as provided
- 8 in this chapter.
- 9 (cf: P.L.1978, c.75, s.2)

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- 3. Section 8 of P.L.1948, c.198 (C.40:11A-8) is amended to read as follows:
- as follows:
 8. Every authority shall have power to issue its bonds from time to
 time in its discretion for any of its corporate purposes, including: the
 paying or retiring of any bonds previously issued by it: paying the cost
- of retiring the present value of the unfunded accrued liability due and
- owing by an authority, as calculated by the system actuary for a date
- 18 certain upon the request of an authority, for early retirement incentive
- benefits granted by the authority pursuant to P.L.1991, c.230 and
- 20 P.L.1993, c.181; and the payment of any expense incurred or
- 21 expected to be incurred and payable by it. Said authority may issue
- such types of bonds as it may determine, including (without limiting
- 23 the generality of the foregoing) bonds on which the principal and
- 24 interest are payable (a) exclusively from the income and revenues of
- 25 the parking project financed with the proceeds of such bonds; (b)
- 26 exclusively from the income and revenues of certain designated
- 27 parking projects whether or not they are financed in whole or in part
- with the proceeds of such bonds; or (c) from its revenues generally.
- 29 Any such bonds may be additionally secured by a pledge of any grant
- 30 or contributions from the Federal Government, State or county, or
- 31 municipality, or a pledge of any income or revenues of the authority,
- 32 or a mortgage of any parking project, projects or other property of
- 33 the authority. This act shall be complete authority for the issuance of
- 34 bonds by an authority, and the provisions of any other law shall not
- 35 apply to the issuance of such bonds. Whenever and for so long as any
- authority has issued and has outstanding bonds pursuant to this act,
- 37 it shall be the mandatory duty of the authority to fix, charge and
- 38 collect rents, rates and other charges in accordance with clause (f) of
- 39 paragraph (4) of section 6 of this act.

(cf: P.L.1958, c.22, s.4)

- 40 41
- 42 4. Section 3 of P.L.1946, c.138 (C.40:14A-3) is amended to read 43 as follows:
- 3. As used in this act, unless a different meaning clearly appears from the context:
- 46 (1) "Municipality" shall mean any city of any class, any borough,

- village, town, township, or any other municipality other than a county or a school district, and except when used in section 4 or 21 of this act, any agency thereof or any two or more thereof acting jointly or any joint meeting or other agency of any two or more thereof;
 - (2) "County" shall mean any county of any class;

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- 6 (3) "Governing body" shall mean, in the case of a county, the 7 board of chosen freeholders, or in the case of those counties organized 8 pursuant to the provisions of the "Optional County Charter Law" 9 (P.L.1972, c.154; C. 40:41A-1 et seq.), the board of chosen 10 freeholders and the county executive, the county supervisor or the 11 county manager, as appropriate, and, in the case of a municipality, the 12 commission, council, board or body, by whatever name it may be 13 known, having charge of the finances of the municipality;
 - (4) "Person" shall mean any person, association, corporation, nation, State or any agency or subdivision thereof, other than a county or municipality of the State or a sewerage authority;
 - (5) "Sewerage authority" shall mean a public body created pursuant to section 4 of this act;
 - (6) Subject to the exceptions provided in section 4 of this act, "district" shall mean the area within the territorial boundaries of the county, or of the municipality or municipalities, which created or joined in the creation of a sewerage authority;
 - (7) "Local unit" shall mean the county, or any municipality, which created or joined in the creation of a sewerage authority;
 - (8) "Sewerage system" shall mean the plants, structures, on-site waste-water systems, and other real and personal property acquired, constructed, maintained or operated or to be acquired, constructed, maintained or operated by a sewerage authority for the purposes of the sewerage authority, including sewers, conduits, pipe lines, mains, pumping and ventilating stations, sewage treatment or disposal systems, plants and works, connections, and outfalls, compensating reservoirs, and other plants, structures, boats, conveyances, and other real and personal property, and rights therein, and appurtenances necessary or useful and convenient for the collection, treatment, purification or disposal in a sanitary manner of any sewage, liquid or solid wastes, night soil or industrial wastes;
- 37 (9) "Cost" shall mean, in addition to the usual connotations 38 thereof, the cost of acquisition or construction of all or any part of a 39 sewerage system and of all or any property, rights, easements, 40 privileges, agreements and franchises deemed by the sewerage 41 authority to be necessary or useful and convenient therefor or in 42 connection therewith and the cost of retiring the present value of the 43 unfunded accrued liability due and owing by a sewerage authority, as 44 calculated by the system actuary for a date certain upon the request of 45 a sewerage authority, for early retirement incentive benefits granted by the sewerage authority pursuant to P.L.1991, c.230 and P.L.1993, 46

- 1 c.181, including interest or discount on bonds, cost of issuance of
- 2 bonds, engineering and inspection costs and legal expenses, costs of
- 3 financial, professional and other estimates and advice, organization,
- 4 administrative, operating and other expenses of the sewerage
- authority prior to and during such acquisition or construction, and all 5
- 6 such other expenses as may be necessary or incident to the financing,
- 7 acquisition, construction and completion of said sewerage system or
- 8 part thereof and the placing of the same in operation, and also such
- 9 provision or reserves for working capital, operating, maintenance or
- replacement expenses or for payment or security of principal of or 10
- 11 interest on bonds during or after such acquisition or construction as
- 12 the sewerage authority may determine, and also reimbursements to the
- 13 sewerage authority or any county, municipality or other person of any
- 14 moneys theretofore expended for the purposes of the sewerage
- 15 authority or to any county or municipality of any moneys theretofore
- expended for in connection with sanitation facilities; 16
- 17 (10) "Real property" shall mean lands both within and without the State, and improvements thereof or thereon, or any rights or interests 18
- 19 therein;

- (11) "Construct" and "construction" shall connote and include 20 21 acts of construction, reconstruction, replacement, extension,
- 22 improvement and betterment of a sewerage system;
- 23 (12) "Industrial wastes" shall mean liquid or other wastes resulting 24 from any processes of industry, manufacture, trade or business or 25 from the development of any natural resource;
- 26 (13) "Sewage" shall mean the water-carried wastes created in and
- carried, or to be carried, away from, or to be processed by on-site 28 residences, hotels, apartments, schools, wastewater systems,
- 29 hospitals, industrial establishments, or any other public or private
- 30 building, together with such surface or ground water and industrial
- 31 wastes as may be present;
- 32 (14) "On-site wastewater system" means any of several works,
- 33 facilities, septic tanks or other devices, used to collect, treat, reclaim,
- 34 or dispose of wastewater or sewage on or adjacent to the property on
- which the wastewater or sewage is produced, or to convey such 35
- 36 wastewater or sewage from said property to such facilities as the
- 37 authority may establish for its disposal;
- 38 (15) "Pollution" means the condition of water resulting from the
- 39 introduction therein of substances of a kind and in quantities rendering
- 40 it detrimental or immediately or potentially dangerous to the public
- 41 health, or unfit for public or commercial use;
- 42 (16) "Ordinance" means a written act of the governing body of a
- 43 municipality adopted and otherwise approved and published in the
- 44 manner or mode of procedure prescribed for ordinances tending to
- 45 obligate such municipality pecuniarily;

- 1 (17) "Resolution" means a written act of the governing body of a 2 local unit adopted and otherwise approved in the manner or mode of 3 procedure prescribed for resolutions tending to obligate such local unit 4 pecuniarily;
- 5 (18) "Bonds" shall mean bonds or other obligations issued 6 pursuant to this act; and
- 7 (19) "Compensating reservoir" shall mean the structures, facilities 8 and appurtenances for the impounding, transportation and release of 9 water for the replenishment in periods of drought or at other necessary 10 times of all or a part of waters in or bordering the State diverted into 11 a sewer, sewage treatment or sewage disposal system operated by the 12 sewerage authority.
- 13 (cf: P.L.1980, c.77, s.1)

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- 5. Section 3 of P.L.1957, c.183 (C.40:14B-3) is amended to read as follows:
- 3. As used in this act, unless a different meaning clearly appears from the context:
 - (1) "Municipality" shall mean any city of any class, any borough, village, town, township, or any other municipality other than a county or a school district, and except when used in section 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 13, 42 or 45 of this act, any agency thereof or any two or more thereof acting jointly or any joint meeting or other agency of any two or more thereof;
- 25 (2) "County" shall mean any county of any class;
- 26 (3) "Governing body" shall mean, in the case of a county, the 27 board of chosen freeholders, or in the case of those counties organized pursuant to the provisions of the "Optional County Charter Law" 28 29 (P.L.1972, c.154; C.40:41A-1 et seq.), the board of chosen 30 freeholders and the county executive, the county supervisor or the 31 county manager, as appropriate, and, in the case of a municipality, the 32 commission, council, board or body, by whatever name it may be 33 known, having charge of the finances of the municipality;
 - (4) "Person" shall mean any person, association, corporation, nation, state or any agency or subdivision thereof, other than a county or municipality of the State or a municipal authority;
 - (5) "Municipal authority" shall mean a public body created or organized pursuant to section 4, 5 or 6 of this act and shall include a municipal utilities authority created by one or more municipalities and a county utilities authority created by a county;
- 41 (6) Subject to the exceptions provided in section 10, 11 or 12 of 42 this act, "district" shall mean the area within the territorial boundaries 43 of the county, or of the municipality or municipalities, which created 44 or joined in or caused the creation or organization of a municipal 45 authority;

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- (7) "Local unit" shall mean the county, or any municipality, which created or joined in or caused the creation or organization of a municipal authority;
- 4 (8) "Water system" shall mean the plants, structures and other real and personal property acquired, constructed or operated or to be 5 6 acquired, constructed or operated by a municipal authority or by any person to whom a municipal authority has extended credit for this 7 8 purpose for the purposes of the municipal authority, including 9 reservoirs, basins, dams, canals, aqueducts, standpipes, conduits, 10 pipelines, mains, pumping stations, water distribution systems, compensating reservoirs, waterworks or sources of water supply, 11 12 wells, purification or filtration plants or other plants and works, 13 connections, rights of flowage or division, and other plants, 14 structures, boats, conveyances, and other real and personal property, 15 and rights therein, and appurtenances necessary or useful and convenient for the accumulation, supply or distribution of water; 16
 - (9) "Sewerage system" shall mean the plants, structures, on-site wastewater systems and other real and personal property acquired, constructed or operated or to be acquired, constructed, maintained or operated by a municipal authority or by any person to whom a municipal authority has extended credit for this purpose for the purposes of the municipal authority, including sewers, conduits, pipelines, mains, pumping and ventilating stations, sewage treatment or disposal systems, plants and works, connections, outfalls, compensating reservoirs, and other plants, structures, boats, conveyances, and other real and personal property, and rights therein, and appurtenances necessary or useful and convenient for the collection, treatment, purification or disposal in a sanitary manner of any sewage, liquid or solid wastes, night soil or industrial wastes;
 - (10) "Utility system" shall mean a water system, solid waste system, sewerage system, or a hydroelectric system or any combination of such systems, acquired, constructed or operated or to be acquired, constructed or operated by a municipal authority or by any person to whom a municipal authority has extended credit for this purpose;
- 36 (11) "Cost" shall mean, in addition to the usual connotations 37 thereof, the cost of acquisition or construction of all or any part of a 38 utility system and of all or any property, rights, easements, privileges, 39 agreements and franchises deemed by the municipal authority to be 40 necessary or useful and convenient therefor or in connection therewith 41 and the cost of retiring the present value of the unfunded accrued 42 liability due and owing by a municipal authority, as calculated by the 43 system actuary for a date certain upon the request of a municipal 44 authority, for early retirement incentive benefits granted by the 45 municipal authority pursuant to P.L.1991, c.230 and P.L.1993, c.181, including interest or discount on bonds, cost of issuance of bonds,
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- 1 engineering and inspection costs and legal expenses, cost of financial,
- 2 professional and other estimates and advice, organization,
- administrative, operating and other expenses of the municipal 3
- 4 authority prior to and during such acquisition or construction, and all
- such other expenses as may be necessary or incident to the financing, 5
- 6 acquisition, construction and completion of said utility system or part
- thereof and the placing of the same in operation, and also such 7
- 8 provision or reserves for working capital, operating, maintenance or
- 9 replacement expenses or for payment or security of principal of or
- 10 interest on bonds during or after such acquisition or construction as
- the municipal authority may determine, and also reimbursements to the 11
- 12 municipal authority or any county, municipality or other person of any
- 13 moneys theretofore expended for the purposes of the municipal
- 14 authority or to any county or municipality of any moneys theretofore
- 15 expended for or in connection with water supply, solid waste, water
- distribution, sanitation or hydroelectric facilities; 16
 - (12) "Real property" shall mean lands both within or without the State, and improvements thereof or thereon, or any rights or interests
- 19 therein;

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- (13) "Construct" and "construction" shall connote and include 20 21 acts of construction, reconstruction, replacement, extension,
- 22 improvement and betterment of a utility system;
- 23 (14) "Industrial wastes" shall mean liquid or other wastes resulting
- from any processes of industry, manufacture, trade or business or 24
- 25 from the development of any natural resource, and shall include any
- 26 chemical wastes or hazardous wastes;
- 27 (15) "Sewage" shall mean the water-carried wastes created in and
- 28 carried, or to be carried, away from, or to be processed by on-site
- 29 wastewater systems, residences, hotels, apartments, schools,
- 30 hospitals, industrial establishments, or any other public or private
- 31 building, together with such surface or ground water and industrial
- 32 wastes and leacheate as may be present;
- (16) "On-site wastewater system" means any of several facilities, 33
- 34 septic tanks or other devices, used to collect, treat, reclaim, or dispose
- of wastewater or sewage on or adjacent to the property on which the 35
- 36 wastewater or sewage is produced, or to convey such wastewater or
- 37 sewage from said property to such facilities as the authority may
- 38 establish for its disposal;

- 39 (17) "Pollution" means the condition of water resulting from the
- 40 introduction therein of substances of a kind and in quantities rendering
- 41 it detrimental or immediately or potentially dangerous to the public
- health, or unfit for public or commercial use; 42
- (18) "Bonds" shall mean bonds or other obligations issued 43 44 pursuant to this act;
- 45 (19) "Service charges" shall mean water service charges, solid waste service charges, sewer service charges, hydroelectric service

- charges or any combination of such charges, as said terms are defined in section 21 or 22 of this act or in section 7 of this amendatory and supplementary act;
- 4 (20) "Compensating reservoir" shall mean the structures, facilities 5 and appurtenances for the impounding, transportation and release of 6 water for the replenishment in periods of drought or at other necessary 7 times of all or a part of waters in or bordering the State diverted into 8 a utility system operated by a municipal authority;
 - (21) "Sewage authority" shall mean a public body created pursuant to the Sewerage Authorities Law (P.L.1946, c. 138) or the acts amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto;

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- 12 (22) "County sewer authority" shall mean a sanitary sewer district authority created pursuant to the act entitled "An act relating to the 13 14 establishment of sewerage districts in first- and second-class counties, 15 the creation of Sanitary Sewer District Authorities by the establishing of such districts, prescribing the powers and duties of any such 16 17 authority and of other public bodies in connection with the construction of sewers and sewage disposal facilities in any such 18 19 district, and providing the ways and means for paying the costs of 20 construction and operation thereof," approved April 23, 1946 21 (P.L.1946, c.123), or the acts amendatory thereof or supplemental 22 thereto:
- 23 (23) "Chemical waste" shall mean a material normally generated by or used in chemical, petrochemical, plastic, pharmaceutical, 24 25 biochemical or microbiological manufacturing processes or petroleum 26 refining processes, which has been selected for waste disposal and 27 which is known to hydrolize, ionize or decompose, which is soluble, 28 burns or oxidizes, or which may react with any of the waste materials 29 which are introduced into the landfill, or which is buoyant on water, 30 or which has a viscosity less than that of water or which produces a 31 foul odor. Chemical waste may be either hazardous or nonhazardous;
 - (24) "Effluent" shall mean liquids which are treated in and discharged by sewage treatment plants;
- 34 (25) "Hazardous wastes" shall mean any waste or combination of 35 waste which poses a present or potential threat to human health, 36 living organisms or the environment. "Hazardous waste" shall 37 include, but not be limited to, waste material that is toxic, corrosive, 38 irritating, sensitizing, radioactive, biologically infectious, explosive or 39 flammable;
- 40 (26) "Leachate" shall mean a liquid that has been in contact with 41 solid waste and contains dissolved or suspended materials from that 42 solid waste;
- 43 (27) "Recycling" shall mean the separation, collection, processing 44 or recovery of metals, glass, paper, solid waste and other materials for 45 reuse or for energy production and shall include resource recovery;

- 1 (28) "Sludge" shall mean any solid, semisolid, or liquid waste 2 generated from a municipal, industrial or other sewage treatment plant, 3 water supply treatment plant, or air pollution control facility, or any 4 other such waste having similar characteristics and effects; "sludge" 5 shall not include effluent;
- 6 (29) "Solid waste" shall mean garbage, refuse, and other discarded 7 materials resulting from industrial, commercial and agricultural 8 operations, and from domestic and community activities, and shall 9 include all other waste materials including sludge, chemical waste, hazardous wastes and liquids, except for liquids which are treated in 10 public sewage treatment plants and except for solid animal and 11 12 vegetable wastes collected by swine producers licensed by the State 13 Department of Agriculture to collect, prepare and feed such wastes to 14 swine on their own farms;
- 15 (30) "Solid waste system" shall mean and include the plants, structures and other real and personal property acquired, constructed 16 17 or operated or to be acquired, constructed or operated by an authority or by any person to whom a municipal authority has extended credit 18 19 for this purpose pursuant to the provisions of this act, including 20 transfer stations, incinerators, recycling facilities, including facilities 21 for the generation, transmission and distribution of energy derived 22 from the processing of solid waste, sanitary landfill facilities or other 23 property or plants for the collection, recycling or disposal of solid waste and all vehicles, equipment and other real and personal property 24 25 and rights thereon and appurtenances necessary or useful and 26 convenient for the collection, recycling, or disposal of solid waste in 27 a sanitary manner;
 - (31) "Hydroelectric system" shall mean the plants, structures and other real and personal property acquired, constructed or operated or to be acquired, constructed or operated by an authority pursuant to the provisions of this act, including all that which is necessary or useful and convenient for the generation, transmission and sale of hydroelectric power at wholesale;
- 34 (32) "Hydroelectric power" shall mean the production of electric 35 current by the energy of moving water;
- 36 (33) "Sale of hydroelectric power at wholesale" shall mean any 37 sale of hydroelectric power to any person for purposes of resale of 38 such power.
- 39 (cf: P.L.1984, c.178, s.1)

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- 41 6. Section 2 of P.L.1960, c.183 (C.40:37A-45) is amended to read 42 as follows:
- 2. As used in this act, unless a different meaning clearly appears from the context:
- 45 (a) "Authority" shall mean a public body created pursuant to this 46 act;

(b) "Bond resolution" shall have the meaning ascribed thereto in section 17 of P.L.1960, c.183 (C.40:37A-60);

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- (c) "Bonds" shall mean bonds, notes or other obligations issued pursuant to this act;
- (d) "Construct" and "construction" shall connote and include acts of clearance, demolition, construction, development or redevelopment, reconstruction, replacement, extension, improvement and betterment;
- 8 (e) "Cost" shall mean, in addition to the usual connotations thereof, 9 the cost of planning, acquisition or construction of all or any part of 10 any public facility or facilities of an authority and of all or any property, rights, easements, privileges, agreements and franchises 11 12 deemed by the authority to be necessary or useful and convenient 13 therefor or in connection therewith and the cost of retiring the present 14 value of the unfunded accrued liability due and owing by the authority, 15 as calculated by the system actuary for a date certain upon the request of the authority, for early retirement incentive benefits granted by the 16 17 authority pursuant to P.L.1991, c.230 and P.L.1993, c.181, including 18 interest or discount on bonds, cost of issuance of bonds, architectural, 19 engineering and inspection costs and legal expenses, cost of financial, 20 professional and other estimates and advice, organization, 21 administrative, operating and other expenses of the authority prior to 22 and during such acquisition or construction, and all such other 23 expenses as may be necessary or incident to the financing, acquisition, 24 construction and completion of such public facility or facilities or part 25 thereof and the placing of the same fully in operation or the disposition 26 of the same, and also such provision or reserves for working capital, 27 operating, maintenance or replacement expenses or for payment or 28 security of principal of or interest on bonds during or after such 29 acquisition or construction as the authority may determine, and also 30 reimbursements to the authority or any governmental unit or person of 31 any moneys theretofore expended for the purposes of the authority;
 - (f) The term "county" shall mean any county of any class of the State and shall include, without limitation, the terms "the county" and "beneficiary county" defined in this act, and the term "the county" shall mean the county which created an authority pursuant to this act;
 - (g) "Development project" shall mean any lands, structures, or property or facilities acquired or constructed or to be acquired or constructed by an authority for the purposes of the authority described in subsection (e) of section 11 of P.L.1960, c.183 (C.40:37A-54);
- 40 (h) "Facility charges" shall have the meaning ascribed to said term 41 in section 14 of P.L.1960, c.183 (C.40:37A-57);
- 42 (i) "Facility revenues" shall have the meaning ascribed to said term 43 in subsection (e) of section 20 of P.L.1960, c.183 (C.40:37A-63);
- 44 (j) "Governing body" shall mean, in the case of a county, the board 45 of chosen freeholders, or in the case of a county operating under 46 article 3 or 5 of the "Optional County Charter Law" (P.L.1972, c.154;

- 1 C.40:41A-1 et seq.) as defined thereunder, and, in the case of a
- 2 municipality, the commission, council, board or body, by whatever
- 3 name it may be known, having charge of the finances of the
- 4 municipality;

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- 5 (k) "Governmental unit" shall mean the United States of America
- 6 or the State or any county or municipality or any subdivision,
- 7 department, agency, or instrumentality heretofore or hereafter created,
- 8 designated or established by or for the United States of America or the
- 9 State or any county or municipality;
- 10 (l) "Local bond law" shall mean chapter 2 of Title 40A, 11 Municipalities and Counties, of the New Jersey Statutes (N.J.S.) as 12 amended and supplemented;
 - (m) "Municipality" shall mean any city, borough, village, town, or township of the State but not a county or a school district;
 - (n) "Person" shall mean any person, partnership, association, corporation or entity other than a nation, state, county or municipality or any subdivision, department, agency or instrumentality thereof;
 - (o) "Project" shall have the meaning ascribed to said term in section 17 of P.L.1960, c.183 (C.40:37A-60);
 - (p) "Public facility" shall mean any lands, structures, franchises, equipment, or other property or facilities acquired, constructed, owned, financed, or leased by the authority or any other governmental unit or person to accomplish any of the purposes of an authority authorized by section 11 of P.L.1960, c.183 (C.40:37A-54);
 - (q) "Real property" shall mean lands within or without the State, above or below water, and improvements thereof or thereon, or any riparian or other rights or interests therein;
 - (r) "Garbage and solid waste disposal system" shall mean the plants, structures and other real and personal property acquired, constructed or operated or to be acquired, constructed or operated by a county improvement authority, including incinerators, sanitary landfill facilities or other plants for the treatment and disposal of garbage, solid waste and refuse matter and all other real and personal property and rights therein and appurtenances necessary or useful and convenient for the collection and treatment or disposal in a sanitary manner of garbage, solid waste and refuse matter (but not including sewage);
- 38 (s) "Garbage, solid waste or refuse matter" shall mean garbage, 39 refuse and other discarded materials resulting from industrial, 40 commercial and agricultural operations, and from domestic and 41 community activities, and shall include all other waste materials 42 including sludge, chemical waste, hazardous wastes and liquids, except 43 for liquids which are treated in public sewage treatment plants and 44 except for solid animal and vegetable wastes collected by swine 45 producers licensed by the State Department of Agriculture to collect, prepare and feed such wastes to swine on their own farms; 46

1 (t) "Blighted, deteriorated or deteriorating area" may include an 2 area determined heretofore by the municipality to be blighted in 3 accordance with the provisions of P.L.1949, c.187, repealed by 4 P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40:55-21.1 et seq.) and, in addition, areas which are determined by the municipality, pursuant to the same procedures as 5 6 provided in said law, to be blighted, deteriorated or deteriorating because of structures or improvements which are dilapidated or 7 8 characterized by disrepair, lack of ventilation or light or sanitary 9 facilities, faulty arrangement, location, or design, or other unhealthful 10 or unsafe conditions;

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- (u) "Redevelopment" may include planning, replanning, conservation, rehabilitation, clearance, development and redevelopment; and the construction and rehabilitation and provision for construction and rehabilitation of residential, commercial, industrial, public or other structures and the grant or dedication or rededication of spaces as may be appropriate or necessary in the interest of the general welfare for streets, parks, playgrounds, or other public purposes including recreational and other facilities incidental or appurtenant thereto, in accordance with a redevelopment plan approved by the governing body of a municipality;
- (v) "Redevelopment plan" shall mean a plan as it exists from time to time for the redevelopment of all or any part of a redevelopment area, which plan shall be sufficiently complete to indicate such land acquisition, demolition and removal of structures, redevelopment, improvements, conservation or rehabilitation as may be proposed to be carried out in the area of the project, zoning and planning changes, if any, land uses, maximum densities, building requirements, the plan's relationship to definite local objectives respecting appropriate land uses, improved traffic, public transportation, public utilities, recreational and community facilities, and other public improvements and provision for relocation of any residents and occupants to be displaced in a manner which has been or is likely to be approved by the Department of Community Affairs pursuant to the "Relocation Assistance Law of 1967," P.L.1967, c.79 (C.52:31B-1 et seq.) and the "Relocation Assistance Act," P.L.1971, c.362 (C.20:4-1 et seq.) and rules and regulations pursuant thereto;
- 37 (w) "Redevelopment project" shall mean any undertakings and 38 activities for the elimination, and for the prevention of the 39 development or spread, of blighted, deteriorated, or deteriorating 40 areas and may involve any work or undertaking pursuant to a 41 redevelopment plan; such undertaking may include: (1) acquisition of 42 real property and demolition, removal or rehabilitation of buildings and 43 improvements thereon; (2) carrying out plans for a program of 44 voluntary repair and rehabilitation of buildings or other improvements; 45 and (3) installation, construction or reconstruction of streets, utilities, 46 parks, playgrounds or other improvements necessary for carrying out

1 the objectives of the redevelopment project;

- (x) "Redeveloper" shall mean any person or governmental unit that shall enter into or propose to enter into a contract with an authority for the redevelopment of an area or any part thereof under the provisions of this act;
- (y) "Redevelopment area" shall mean an area of a municipality which the governing body thereof finds is a blighted area or an area in need of rehabilitation whose redevelopment is necessary to effectuate the public purposes declared in this act. A redevelopment area may include lands, buildings, or improvements which of themselves are not detrimental to the public health, safety or welfare, but whose inclusion is found necessary, with or without change in their condition, for the effective redevelopment of the area of which they are a part;
- (z) "Sludge" shall mean any solid, semisolid, or liquid waste generated from a municipal, industrial or other sewage treatment plant, water supply treatment plant, or air pollution control facility, or any other such waste having similar characteristics and effects, but shall not include effluent; and
- 19 (aa) "Beneficiary county" shall mean any county that has not 20 created an authority pursuant to this act.

21 (cf: P.L.1994, c.76, s.1)

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- 7. Section 30 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-30) is amended to read as follows:
- 25 30. a. A redevelopment agency or housing authority shall have the 26 power and is hereby authorized to issue, from time to time, its bonds, 27 bond anticipation notes and other notes and obligations in such 28 principal amounts as in its opinion shall be necessary to provide 29 sufficient funds for achieving any of its corporate purposes, including,
- but not limited to: the making of mortgage loans, the payment, 30 31 funding or refunding of the principal of, or interest or redemption
- 32 premiums on, any bonds, bond anticipation notes and other notes and
- 33 obligations issued by it whether or not such have become due; the
- 34 establishment or increase of reserves to secure or to pay such bonds,
- bond anticipation notes and other notes and obligations or interest 35 36 thereon; and all costs or expenses incident to and necessary or
- 37 convenient to carry out its corporate purposes and powers, including
- 38 but not limited to the payment of the cost of retiring the present value
- 39 of the unfunded accrued liability due and owing by a redevelopment
- 40 agency or housing authority, as calculated by the system actuary for
- a date certain upon the request of a redevelopment agency or housing 42 authority, for early retirement incentive benefits granted by the
- 43 redevelopment agency or housing authority pursuant to P.L.1991, 44 c.230 and P.L.1993, c.181.
- 45 b. A redevelopment agency or housing authority may issue such 46 bonds, bond anticipation notes or other notes or obligations as it may

1 determine, including bonds, bond anticipation notes or other notes or 2 obligations as to which the principal and interest are payable: (1) 3 exclusively from the income and revenues of the redevelopment agency 4 or housing authority resulting from projects financed with the proceeds of such bonds, bond anticipation notes or other notes or 5 6 obligations; (2) exclusively from the income and revenues of the 7 redevelopment agency or housing authority resulting from certain 8 projects, whether or not such projects were financed in whole or in 9 part from the proceeds of such bonds, bond anticipation notes or other 10 notes or obligations; or, (3) from its revenues generally. Any bonds, bond anticipation notes or other notes or obligations may be 11 12 additionally secured by a pledge of any grant, subsidy or contribution 13 from the United States of America or an agency or instrumentality 14 thereof or the State or any agency, instrumentality or political 15 subdivision thereof, or any person, firm or corporation or a pledge of any income or revenues, funds or moneys of the redevelopment agency 16 17 or housing authority from any source whatsoever. 18

c. Whether or not the bonds, bond anticipation notes and other notes and obligations issued pursuant to this act are of such form and character as to be negotiable instruments under the terms of Title 12A, Commercial Transactions, New Jersey Statutes, such bonds, bond anticipation notes and other notes and obligations and any coupon thereof are hereby made negotiable instruments within the meaning of and for all the purposes of Title 12A, subject only to the provisions of the bonds and notes for registration.

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26 d. Bonds, bond anticipation notes and other notes and obligations 27 of a redevelopment agency or housing authority issued under the 28 provisions of this act shall not be in any way a debt or liability of the 29 State or of any political subdivision thereof other than the 30 redevelopment agency or housing authority and shall not create or 31 constitute any indebtedness, liability or obligation of the State or of 32 any political subdivision, nor be or constitute a pledge of the faith and 33 credit of the State or of any political subdivision; but all such bonds, 34 bond anticipation notes and other notes and obligations, unless funded 35 or refunded by bonds, bond anticipation notes or other notes or obligations of the redevelopment agency or housing authority shall be 36 37 payable from revenues or funds pledged or available for their payment 38 as authorized in this act. Each bond, bond anticipation note or other 39 note or obligation shall contain on its face a statement to the effect 40 that the redevelopment agency or housing authority is obligated to pay 41 the principal thereof or the interest thereon only from the revenues or 42 funds of the redevelopment agency or housing authority, and that 43 neither the State nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated to 44 pay such principal or interest, and that neither the faith and credit nor 45 the taxing power of the State or any political subdivision thereof is pledged to the payment of the principal of or the interest on such 46

1 bonds, bond anticipation notes or other notes or obligations.

e. All expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions of this act shall be payable solely from revenues or funds provided or to be provided under the provisions of this act, and nothing in this act shall be construed to authorize a redevelopment agency or housing authority to incur indebtedness or liability on behalf of or payable by this State or any political subdivision thereof.

(cf: P.L.1992, c.79, s.30)

8. This act shall take effect immediately.

STATEMENT

This bill would allow units of local governments to issue refunding bonds to retire the unfunded accrued liability of the local unit due to the State's various pension systems created through the granting of early retirement benefits to employees of the local unit.

At present, hundreds of local units have individual unfunded liabilities within the State administered pension systems. These unfunded liabilities, which were created when eligible employees of a local unit accepted the early retirement benefits offered by the local unit pursuant to a series of laws adopted and effective in 1991 and 1993, must be paid off by the local unit over a period of thirty-three years, although some local units have opted to fund the liability over shorter periods of time. In calendar year 2000, these units will make payments in excess of \$66 million on these debts. The present value of these debts is believed to exceed \$600 million.

The unfunded liability of a local unit accrues interest at 8.75%, the actuarially established rate of return for the State's various pension systems. This bill would allow a local unit to issue refunding bonds to fund the present value of the accrued liability, effectively financing an existing debt at a lower rate of interest. This bill would offer this option to counties, municipalities, boards of education and local boards, authorities and commissions that have unfunded liabilities due to early retirement benefits granted under the 1991 and 1993 laws.

This bill is permissive. It would not require local units to refund their unfunded liability related to early retirement. It would not authorize local units to borrow in excess of amounts needed to pay off the existing unfunded liability, including the transactional costs associated with the borowing. It would not create the authority to issue bonds to any local unit which is not presently authorized to do so. Under this legislation, the decision to issue such bonds would remain with the local unit currently authorized to issue bonds. The adoption procedure and issuance mechanism would be the same procedure that exists under current law for the issuance of refunding

S577 CODEY

- 1 bonds by the local unit.
- This bill would supplement the "Local Bond Law," N.J.S.40A:2-1
- 3 et seq., to authorize counties and municipalities to issue refunding
- 4 bonds for the purpose of funding an unfunded accrued liability.
- 5 Similarly, the bill amends the school bond law, the "Parking Authority
- 6 Law," P.L.1948, c.198 (C.40:11A-1 et seq.), the "sewerage authorities
- 7 law," P.L.1946, c.138 (C.40:14A-1 et seq.), the "municipal and county
- 8 utilities authorities law," P.L.1957, c.183 (C.40:14B-1 et seq.), the
- 9 "county improvement authorities law," P.L.1960, c.183 (C.40:37A-44
- 10 et seq.), and the "Local Redevelopment and Housing Law," P.L.1992,
- 11 c.79 (C.40A:12A-1 et seq.) to permit local units with independent
- 12 bonding authority to issue refunding bonds for the purpose of funding
- 13 the present value of their existing unfunded liability associated with
- 14 early retirement benefits.

ASSEMBLY HOUSING AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint] **SENATE, No. 577**

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 9, 2002

The Assembly Housing and Local Government Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 577 (1R).

This bill would allow units of local governments to issue refunding bonds to retire the unfunded accrued liability of the local unit due to the State's various pension systems created through the granting of early retirement benefits to employees of the local unit. The bill would also allow units of local governments to utilize refunding bonds when they offer early retirement incentive programs for employees affected by consolidation agreements.

At present, hundreds of local units have individual unfunded liabilities within the State administered pension systems. These unfunded liabilities, which were created when eligible employees of a local unit accepted the early retirement benefits offered by the local unit pursuant to a series of laws adopted and effective during the 1990's, must be paid off by the local unit over a period of thirty-three years, although some local units have opted to fund the liability over shorter periods of time. In calendar year 2000, these units will make payments in excess of \$66 million on these debts. The present value of these debts is believed to exceed \$600 million.

The unfunded liability of a local unit accrues interest at 8.75%, the actuarially established rate of return for the State's various pension systems. This bill would allow a local unit to issue refunding bonds to fund the present value of the accrued liability, effectively financing an existing debt at a lower rate of interest. This bill would offer this option to counties, municipalities, boards of education and local boards, authorities and commissions that have unfunded liabilities due to early retirement benefits granted under the 1991 and 1993 laws.

This bill is permissive. It would not require local units to refund their unfunded liability related to early retirement. It would not authorize local units to borrow in excess of amounts needed to pay off the existing unfunded liability, including the transactional costs associated with the borrowing. It would not create the authority to issue bonds to any local unit which is not presently authorized to do

so. Under this legislation, the decision to issue such bonds would remain with the local unit currently authorized to issue bonds. The adoption procedure and issuance mechanism would be the same procedure that exists under current law for the issuance of refunding bonds by the local unit.

This bill would supplement the "Local Bond Law," N.J.S.40A:2-1 et seq., to authorize counties and municipalities to issue refunding bonds for the purpose of funding an unfunded accrued liability. Similarly, the bill amends the school bond law, the "Parking Authority Law," P.L.1948, c.198 (C.40:11A-1 et seq.), the "sewerage authorities law," P.L.1946, c.138 (C.40:14A-1 et seq.), the "municipal and county utilities authorities law," P.L.1957, c.183 (C.40:14B-1 et seq.), the "county improvement authorities law," P.L.1960, c.183 (C.40:37A-44 et seq.), and the "Local Redevelopment and Housing Law," P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-1 et seq.) to permit local units with independent bonding authority to issue refunding bonds for the purpose of funding the present value of their existing unfunded liability associated with early retirement benefits.

SENATE COMMUNITY AND URBAN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 577

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: FEBRUARY 25, 2002

The Senate Community and Urban Affairs Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 577.

As amended by the committee, this bill would allow units of local governments to issue refunding bonds to retire the unfunded accrued liability of the local unit due to the State's various pension systems created through the granting of early retirement benefits to employees of the local unit.

At present, hundreds of local units have individual unfunded liabilities within the State administered pension systems. These unfunded liabilities, which were created when eligible employees of a local unit accepted the early retirement benefits offered by the local unit pursuant to a series of laws adopted and effective during the 1990's, must be paid off by the local unit over a period of thirty-three years, although some local units have opted to fund the liability over shorter periods of time. In calendar year 2000, these units will make payments in excess of \$66 million on these debts. The present value of these debts is believed to exceed \$600 million.

The unfunded liability of a local unit accrues interest at 8.75%, the actuarially established rate of return for the State's various pension systems. This bill would allow a local unit to issue refunding bonds to fund the present value of the accrued liability, effectively financing an existing debt at a lower rate of interest. This bill would offer this option to counties, municipalities, boards of education and local boards, authorities and commissions that have unfunded liabilities due to early retirement benefits granted under the 1991 and 1993 laws.

This bill is permissive. It would not require local units to refund their unfunded liability related to early retirement. It would not authorize local units to borrow in excess of amounts needed to pay off the existing unfunded liability, including the transactional costs associated with the borrowing. It would not create the authority to issue bonds to any local unit which is not presently authorized to do so. Under this legislation, the decision to issue such bonds would remain with the local unit currently authorized to issue bonds. The adoption procedure and issuance mechanism would be the same procedure that exists under current law for the issuance of refunding

bonds by the local unit.

This bill would supplement the "Local Bond Law," N.J.S.40A:2-1 et seq., to authorize counties and municipalities to issue refunding bonds for the purpose of funding an unfunded accrued liability. Similarly, the bill amends the school bond law, the "Parking Authority Law," P.L.1948, c.198 (C.40:11A-1 et seq.), the "sewerage authorities law," P.L.1946, c.138 (C.40:14A-1 et seq.), the "municipal and county utilities authorities law," P.L.1957, c.183 (C.40:14B-1 et seq.), the "county improvement authorities law," P.L.1960, c.183 (C.40:37A-44 et seq.), and the "Local Redevelopment and Housing Law," P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-1 et seq.) to permit local units with independent bonding authority to issue refunding bonds for the purpose of funding the present value of their existing unfunded liability associated with early retirement benefits.

The committee amended the bill to add a reference to a provision of law that authorized local units to offer early retirement incentive programs for employees affected by consolidation agreements thereby allowing such local units to utilize refunding bonds.

This bill was prefiled for introduction in the 2002 session pending technical review. As reported, the bill includes the changes required by technical review, which has been performed.

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint] **SENATE, No. 577**

with Assembly Floor Amendments (Proposed By Assemblyman BURZICHELLI)

ADOPTED: MAY 20, 2002

This floor amendment would permit county improvement authorities and the Economic Development Authority to pool early retirement benefit refunding bonds from local units in order to obtain better interest rates and terms.

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE

[First Reprint]

SENATE, No. 577 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 210th LEGISLATURE

DATED: MARCH 11, 2002

SUMMARY

Synopsis: Permits local government units to issue refunding bonds to retire

unfunded accrued liability resulting from early retirement incentive

benefits.

Type of Impact: Reduction in expenditures for local government units.

Agencies Affected: Counties, municipalities, boards of education, local boards, authorities

and commissions.

Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
Local Reduction	In	determinate -See Comments Below	7

- ! Presently, hundreds of local units have individual unfunded liabilities within the State administered pension systems for the cost of early retirement incentive programs. In CY 2000, these units made payments in excess of \$66 million on these debts. The present value of these debts is believed to be \$600 million.
- ! Local units under this bill may pay private market bondholders rather than the State administered retirement systems to retire the existing unfunded accrued liability resulting from the granting of early retirement incentive benefits to their employees. Thus, local units will have the capacity to finance existing debt at a lower rate of interest. Because this bill is permissive, the potential cost reduction for local units is indeterminable.

BILL DESCRIPTION

Senate Bill No. 577 (1R) of 2002 would allow units of local governments to issue refunding bonds to retire the unfunded accrued liability resulting from the granting of early retirement incentive benefits to employees of their local units under the State's various pension systems. In essence, the bill would permit local units to "refinance" certain of their existing pension liabilities.

This bill would supplement the "Local Bond Law," N.J.S.40A:2-1 et seq., to authorize counties and municipalities to issue refunding bonds for the purpose of funding an unfunded accrued liability. Similarly, the bill amends the school bond law, the "Parking Authority Law," P.L.1948, c.198 (C.40:11A-1 et seq.), the "sewerage authorities law," P.L.1946, c.138 (C.40:14A-1 et seq.), the "municipal and county utilities authorities law," P.L.1957, c.183



(C.40:14B-1 et seq.), the "county improvement authorities law," P.L.1960, c.183 (C.40:37A-44 et seq.), and the "Local Redevelopment and Housing Law," P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-1 et seq.) to permit local units with independent bonding authority to issue refunding bonds for the purpose of funding the present value of their existing unfunded liability associated with early retirement incentive benefits.

The unfunded liability of a local unit accrues interest at 8.75 percent, the actuarially established rate of return for the State's various pension systems. This bill would allow a local unit to issue refunding bonds to fund the present value of the accrued liability, effectively financing an existing debt at a lower rate of interest. This bill would offer this option to counties, municipalities, boards of education and local boards, authorities and commissions that have unfunded liabilities due to early retirement incentive benefits granted under the 1991 and 1993 laws, and under P.L.1999, c.59.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

None received.

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

At present, according to the Division of Pensions and Benefits, hundreds of local units have individual unfunded liabilities within the State administered pension systems. These unfunded liabilities were created when eligible employees of a local unit accepted the early retirement incentive benefits offered by the local unit pursuant to a series of laws adopted and effective in 1991 and 1993, and pursuant to P.L.1999, c59. These unfunded liabilities must be paid off by the local unit over a period of thirty-three years, although some local units have opted to fund the liability over shorter periods of time. In CY 2000, these units made payments in excess of \$66 million on these debts. As of June 30, 1999, the present value of these debts were believed to exceed \$594 million.

Under this bill, local units will be able to lower the cost of their future liabilities by issuing refunding bonds. That lower cost is the result of the difference between the cost to the local units of issuing and paying debt service on the refunding bonds authorized by this bill and the payments they now make to the State administered pension systems. In short, the local units, under this bill, may pay private market bondholders to pay off the existing unfunded liability rather than the State administered retirement system for the benefits granted employees under the early retirement incentive benefit programs. Thus, local units will have the capacity to finance existing debt at a lower rate of interest. Since this bill is permissive, the potential cost reduction for local units is indeterminable.

Section: State Government

Analyst: Aggie Szilagyi

Section Chief

Approved: Alan R. Kooney

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67.

ASSEMBLY, No. 1745

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

210th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 4, 2002

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman JOHN J. BURZICHELLI District 3 (Salem, Cumberland and Gloucester) Assemblyman ALBIO SIRES District 33 (Hudson)

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblyman Sarlo

SYNOPSIS

Permits local government units to issue refunding bonds to retire unfunded accrued liability resulting from early retirement benefits.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 5/10/2002)

AN ACT authorizing the issuance of refunding bonds to refund certain actuarial liabilities of local governments and boards of education, supplementing chapter 2 of Title 40A of the New Jersey Statutes and amending various parts of the statutory law.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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9 1. (New section) Notwithstanding the provisions of N.J.S.40A:2-10 51 to the contrary, a county or municipality may incur indebtedness, 11 borrow money, authorize and issue negotiable refunding bonds, in any 12 amount determined to be necessary by the county or the municipality 13 and approved by the Local Finance Board to effect the refunding for 14 the purpose of retiring the present value of the unfunded accrued liability for early retirement incentive benefits granted pursuant to 15 16 P.L.1991, c.229, P.L.1991, c.230, P.L.1993, c.138, P.L.1993, c.181, 17 and P.L.1993, c.99, in addition to the other purposes for which it may 18 do the same under N.J.S.40A:2-51. The system actuary shall calculate 19 the present value of the unfunded liability due and owing by the 20 municipality or county on a date certain upon the request of the county or municipality. For purposes of this section, "county" means any 21 22 county of any class and all boards or commissions organized under 23 such county, including but not limited to welfare boards, boards of

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2. Section 2 of P.L.1969, c.130 (C.18A:24-61.2) is amended to read as follows:

social services, park commissions and mosquito control authorities.

27 28 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law or any debt 29 limitation or requirement for down payment or for referendum or other 30 action by legal voters, refunding bonds may be authorized and issued for the purpose of paying, funding or refunding: any refunded 31 32 bonds; the cost of retiring the present value of the unfunded accrued 33 liability due and owing by a board of education, as calculated by the 34 system actuary for a date certain upon the request of a board of 35 education, for early retirement incentive benefits granted by the board 36 of education pursuant to P.L.1991, c.231 and P.L.1993, c.163; and 37 [paying] the cost or expense of issuing refunding bonds including 38 printing, advertising, accounting, financial, legal or other expense in 39 connection therewith. Obligations to be paid, funded or refunded with 40 respect to which an ordinance authorizing the issuance of refunding bonds has been adopted pursuant to this act and not otherwise 41 42 deductible shall be excluded in calculating the net school debt of a 43 municipality or a district. Refunding bonds shall be authorized (a) in

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

A1745 BURZICHELLI, SIRES

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1 the case of any county or municipality by refunding bond ordinance

- 2 enacted in the manner or mode of procedure provided for adoption of
- 3 a refunding bond ordinance pursuant to the Local Bond Law,
- 4 constituting chapter 2 of Title 40A, Municipalities and Counties, of
- 5 the New Jersey Statutes, and (b) in the case of a Type II school
- 6 district by an ordinance (herein called the "refunding bond ordinance")
- 7 adopted by the board of education of such school district as provided
- 8 in this chapter.
- 9 (cf: P.L.1978, c.75, s.2)

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- 3. Section 8 of P.L.1948, c.198 (C.40:11A-8) is amended to read as follows:
- as follows:8. Every authority shall have power to issue its bonds from time to

time in its discretion for any of its corporate purposes, including: the

- paying or retiring of any bonds previously issued by it: paying the cost
- of retiring the present value of the unfunded accrued liability due and
- 17 owing by an authority, as calculated by the system actuary for a date
- 18 certain upon the request of an authority, for early retirement incentive
- 19 benefits granted by the authority pursuant to P.L.1991, c.230 and
- 20 P.L.1993, c.181; and the payment of any expense incurred or
- 21 expected to be incurred and payable by it. Said authority may issue
- 22 such types of bonds as it may determine, including (without limiting
- 23 the generality of the foregoing) bonds on which the principal and
- 24 interest are payable (a) exclusively from the income and revenues of
- 25 the parking project financed with the proceeds of such bonds; (b)
- 26 exclusively from the income and revenues of certain designated
- 27 parking projects whether or not they are financed in whole or in part
- 28 with the proceeds of such bonds; or (c) from its revenues generally.
- 29 Any such bonds may be additionally secured by a pledge of any grant
- 30 or contributions from the Federal Government, State or county, or
- 31 municipality, or a pledge of any income or revenues of the authority,
- 32 or a mortgage of any parking project, projects or other property of
- 33 the authority. This act shall be complete authority for the issuance of
- 34 bonds by an authority, and the provisions of any other law shall not
- 35 apply to the issuance of such bonds. Whenever and for so long as any
- authority has issued and has outstanding bonds pursuant to this act,
- 37 it shall be the mandatory duty of the authority to fix, charge and
- 38 collect rents, rates and other charges in accordance with clause (f) of
- 39 paragraph (4) of section 6 of this act.
- 40 (cf: P.L.1958, c.22, s.4)

- 42 4. Section 3 of P.L.1946, c.138 (C.40:14A-3) is amended to read 43 as follows:
- 44 3. As used in this act, unless a different meaning clearly appears 45 from the context:
- 46 (1) "Municipality" shall mean any city of any class, any borough,

- village, town, township, or any other municipality other than a county or a school district, and except when used in section 4 or 21 of this act, any agency thereof or any two or more thereof acting jointly or any joint meeting or other agency of any two or more thereof;
 - (2) "County" shall mean any county of any class;

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- (3) "Governing body" shall mean, in the case of a county, the board 6 of chosen freeholders, or in the case of those counties organized 7 8 pursuant to the provisions of the "Optional County Charter Law" 9 P.L.1972, c.154 (C.40:41A-1 et seq.), the board of chosen freeholders 10 and the county executive, the county supervisor or the county manager, as appropriate, and, in the case of a municipality, the 11 12 commission, council, board or body, by whatever name it may be 13 known, having charge of the finances of the municipality;
 - (4) "Person" shall mean any person, association, corporation, nation, State or any agency or subdivision thereof, other than a county or municipality of the State or a sewerage authority;
 - (5) "Sewerage or water reclamation authority" shall mean a public body created pursuant to section 4 of this act;
 - (6) Subject to the exceptions provided in section 4 of this act, "district" shall mean the area within the territorial boundaries of the county, or of the municipality or municipalities, which created or joined in the creation of a sewerage authority;
 - (7) "Local unit" shall mean the county, or any municipality, which created or joined in the creation of a sewerage authority;
 - (8) "Sewerage system" shall mean the plants, structures, on-site waste-water systems, and other real and personal property acquired, constructed, maintained or operated or to be acquired, constructed, maintained or operated by a sewerage authority for the purposes of the sewerage authority, including sewers, conduits, pipe lines, mains, pumping and ventilating stations, sewage treatment or disposal systems, plants and works, connections, and outfalls, compensating reservoirs, and other plants, structures, boats, conveyances, and other real and personal property, and rights therein, and appurtenances necessary or useful and convenient for the collection, treatment, purification or disposal in a sanitary manner of any sewage, liquid or solid wastes, night soil or industrial wastes;
- 37 (9) "Cost" shall mean, in addition to the usual connotations 38 thereof, the cost of acquisition or construction of all or any part of a 39 sewerage system and of all or any property, rights, easements, 40 privileges, agreements and franchises deemed by the sewerage 41 authority to be necessary or useful and convenient therefor or in 42 connection therewith and the cost of retiring the present value of the 43 unfunded accrued liability due and owing by a sewerage authority, as 44 calculated by the system actuary for a date certain upon the request of 45 a sewerage authority, for early retirement incentive benefits granted by the sewerage authority pursuant to P.L.1991, c.230 and P.L.1993, 46

- 1 <u>c.181</u>, including interest or discount on bonds, cost of issuance of
- 2 bonds, engineering and inspection costs and legal expenses, costs of
- 3 financial, professional and other estimates and advice, organization,
- 4 administrative, operating and other expenses of the sewerage authority
- 5 prior to and during such acquisition or construction, and all such other
- 6 expenses as may be necessary or incident to the financing, acquisition,
- 7 construction and completion of said sewerage system or part thereof
- 8 and the placing of the same in operation, and also such provision or
- 9 reserves for working capital, operating, maintenance or replacement
- 10 expenses or for payment or security of principal of or interest on
- bonds during or after such acquisition or construction as the sewerage
- 12 authority may determine, and also reimbursements to the sewerage
- 13 authority or any county, municipality or other person of any moneys
- 14 theretofore expended for the purposes of the sewerage authority or to
- 15 any county or municipality of any moneys theretofore expended for in
- 16 connection with sanitation facilities;

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- (10) "Real property" shall mean lands both within and without the State, and improvements thereof or thereon, or any rights or interests therein;
- 20 (11) "Construct" and "construction" shall connote and include acts 21 of construction, reconstruction, replacement, extension, improvement 22 and betterment of a sewerage system;
 - (12) "Industrial wastes" shall mean liquid or other wastes resulting from any processes of industry, manufacture, trade or business or from the development of any natural resource;
 - (13) "Sewage" shall mean the water-carried wastes created in and carried, or to be carried, away from, or to be processed by on-site wastewater systems, residences, hotels, apartments, schools, hospitals, industrial establishments, or any other public or private building, together with such surface or ground water and industrial wastes as may be present;
- 32 (14) "On-site wastewater system" means any of several works, 33 facilities, septic tanks or other devices, used to collect, treat, reclaim, 34 or dispose of wastewater or sewage on or adjacent to the property on 35 which the wastewater or sewage is produced, or to convey such 36 wastewater or sewage from said property to such facilities as the 37 authority may establish for its disposal;
 - (15) "Pollution" means the condition of water resulting from the introduction therein of substances of a kind and in quantities rendering it detrimental or immediately or potentially dangerous to the public health, or unfit for public or commercial use;
- 42 (16) "Ordinance" means a written act of the governing body of a 43 municipality adopted and otherwise approved and published in the 44 manner or mode of procedure prescribed for ordinances tending to 45 obligate such municipality pecuniarily;
- 46 (17) "Resolution" means a written act of the governing body of a

- local unit adopted and otherwise approved in the manner or mode of
 procedure prescribed for resolutions tending to obligate such local unit
 pecuniarily;
- 4 (18) "Bonds" shall mean bonds or other obligations issued pursuant 5 to this act; and
- 6 (19) "Compensating reservoir" shall mean the structures, facilities
 7 and appurtenances for the impounding, transportation and release of
 8 water for the replenishment in periods of drought or at other necessary
 9 times of all or a part of waters in or bordering the State diverted into
 10 a sewer, sewage treatment or sewage disposal system operated by the
 11 sewerage authority.
- 12 (cf: P.L.2001, c.123, s.1)

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- 5. Section 3 of P.L.1957, c.183 (C.40:14B-3) is amended to read as follows:
- 16 3. As used in this act, unless a different meaning clearly appears from the context:
 - (1) "Municipality" shall mean any city of any class, any borough, village, town, township, or any other municipality other than a county or a school district, and except when used in section 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 13, 42 or 45 of this act, any agency thereof or any two or more thereof acting jointly or any joint meeting or other agency of any two or more thereof;
 - (2) "County" shall mean any county of any class;
- (3) "Governing body" shall mean, in the case of a county, the board 25 26 of chosen freeholders, or in the case of those counties organized 27 pursuant to the provisions of the "Optional County Charter Law" P.L.1972, c.154 (C.40:41A-1 et seq.), the board of chosen freeholders 28 29 and the county executive, the county supervisor or the county manager, as appropriate, and, in the case of a municipality, the 30 31 commission, council, board or body, by whatever name it may be 32 known, having charge of the finances of the municipality;
 - (4) "Person" shall mean any person, association, corporation, nation, state or any agency or subdivision thereof, other than a county or municipality of the State or a municipal authority;
- 36 (5) "Municipal or water reclamation authority" shall mean a public 37 body created or organized pursuant to section 4, 5 or 6 of this act and 38 shall include a municipal utilities authority created by one or more 39 municipalities and a county utilities authority created by a county;
- 40 (6) Subject to the exceptions provided in section 10, 11 or 12 of 41 this act, "district" shall mean the area within the territorial boundaries 42 of the county, or of the municipality or municipalities, which created 43 or joined in or caused the creation or organization of a municipal 44 authority;
- 45 (7) "Local unit" shall mean the county, or any municipality, which 46 created or joined in or caused the creation or organization of a

1 municipal authority;

- (8) "Water system" shall mean the plants, structures and other real and personal property acquired, constructed or operated or to be acquired, constructed or operated by a municipal authority or by any person to whom a municipal authority has extended credit for this purpose for the purposes of the municipal authority, including reservoirs, basins, dams, canals, aqueducts, standpipes, conduits, pipelines, mains, pumping stations, water distribution systems, compensating reservoirs, waterworks or sources of water supply, wells, purification or filtration plants or other plants and works, connections, rights of flowage or division, and other plants, structures, boats, conveyances, and other real and personal property, and rights therein, and appurtenances necessary or useful and convenient for the accumulation, supply or distribution of water;
 - (9) "Sewerage system" shall mean the plants, structures, on-site wastewater systems and other real and personal property acquired, constructed or operated or to be acquired, constructed, maintained or operated by a municipal authority or by any person to whom a municipal authority has extended credit for this purpose for the purposes of the municipal authority, including sewers, conduits, pipelines, mains, pumping and ventilating stations, sewage treatment or disposal systems, plants and works, connections, outfalls, compensating reservoirs, and other plants, structures, boats, conveyances, and other real and personal property, and rights therein, and appurtenances necessary or useful and convenient for the collection, treatment, purification or disposal in a sanitary manner of any sewage, liquid or solid wastes, night soil or industrial wastes;
 - (10) "Utility system" shall mean a water system, solid waste system, sewerage system, or a hydroelectric system or any combination of such systems, acquired, constructed or operated or to be acquired, constructed or operated by a municipal authority or by any person to whom a municipal authority has extended credit for this purpose;
 - (11) "Cost" shall mean, in addition to the usual connotations thereof, the cost of acquisition or construction of all or any part of a utility system and of all or any property, rights, easements, privileges, agreements and franchises deemed by the municipal authority to be necessary or useful and convenient therefor or in connection therewith and the cost of retiring the present value of the unfunded accrued liability due and owing by a municipal authority, as calculated by the system actuary for a date certain upon the request of a municipal authority, for early retirement incentive benefits granted by the municipal authority pursuant to P.L.1991, c.230 and P.L.1993, c.181, including interest or discount on bonds, cost of issuance of bonds, engineering and inspection costs and legal expenses, cost of financial, professional and other estimates and advice, organization, administrative, operating and other expenses of the municipal authority

- 1 prior to and during such acquisition or construction, and all such other
- 2 expenses as may be necessary or incident to the financing, acquisition,
- 3 construction and completion of said utility system or part thereof and
- 4 the placing of the same in operation, and also such provision or
- 5 reserves for working capital, operating, maintenance or replacement
- 6 expenses or for payment or security of principal of or interest on
- 7 bonds during or after such acquisition or construction as the municipal
- 8 authority may determine, and also reimbursements to the municipal
- 9 authority or any county, municipality or other person of any moneys
- 10 theretofore expended for the purposes of the municipal authority or to
- any county or municipality of any moneys theretofore expended for or
- 12 in connection with water supply, solid waste, water distribution,
- 13 sanitation or hydroelectric facilities;
 - (12) "Real property" shall mean lands both within or without the State, and improvements thereof or thereon, or any rights or interests
- 16 therein;

- 17 (13) "Construct" and "construction" shall connote and include acts 18 of construction, reconstruction, replacement, extension, improvement
- 19 and betterment of a utility system;
- 20 (14) "Industrial wastes" shall mean liquid or other wastes resulting
- 21 from any processes of industry, manufacture, trade or business or from
- 22 the development of any natural resource, and shall include any
- 23 chemical wastes or hazardous wastes;
- 24 (15) "Sewage" shall mean the water-carried wastes created in and
- 25 carried, or to be carried, away from, or to be processed by on-site
- 26 wastewater systems, residences, hotels, apartments, schools, hospitals,
- 27 industrial establishments, or any other public or private building,
- 28 together with such surface or ground water and industrial wastes and
- 29 leacheate as may be present;
- 30 (16) "On-site wastewater system" means any of several facilities,
- 31 septic tanks or other devices, used to collect, treat, reclaim, or dispose
- 32 of wastewater or sewage on or adjacent to the property on which the
- 33 wastewater or sewage is produced, or to convey such wastewater or
- 34 sewerage from said property to such facilities as the authority may
- 35 establish for its disposal;
- 36 (17) "Pollution" means the condition of water resulting from the
- 37 introduction therein of substances of a kind and in quantities rendering
- 38 it detrimental or immediately or potentially dangerous to the public
- 39 health, or unfit for public or commercial use;
- 40 (18) "Bonds" shall mean bonds or other obligations issued pursuant
- 41 to this act;
- 42 (19) "Service charges" shall mean water service charges, solid
- 43 waste service charges, sewer service charges, hydroelectric service
- 44 charges or any combination of such charges, as said terms are defined
- 45 in section 21 or 22 of this act or in section 7 of this amendatory and
- 46 supplementary act;

- 1 (20) "Compensating reservoir" shall mean the structures, facilities 2 and appurtenances for the impounding, transportation and release of 3 water for the replenishment in periods of drought or at other necessary 4 times of all or a part of waters in or bordering the State diverted into 5 a utility system operated by a municipal authority;
- 6 (21) "Sewerage or water reclamation authority" shall mean a public 7 body created pursuant to the Sewerage Authorities Law, P.L.1946, 8 c.138 (C.40:14A-1 et seq.) or the acts amendatory thereof or 9 supplemental thereto;
- 10 (22) "County sewer authority" shall mean a sanitary sewer district 11 authority created pursuant to the act entitled "An act relating to the 12 establishment of sewerage districts in first- and second-class counties, 13 the creation of Sanitary Sewer District Authorities by the establishing of such districts, prescribing the powers and duties of any such 14 15 authority and of other public bodies in connection with the construction of sewers and sewage disposal facilities in any such 16 17 district, and providing the ways and means for paying the costs of construction and operation thereof," approved April 23, 1946 18 19 (P.L.1946, c. 123), or the acts amendatory thereof or supplemental 20 thereto;
 - (23) "Chemical waste" shall mean a material normally generated by or used in chemical, petrochemical, plastic, pharmaceutical, biochemical or microbiological manufacturing processes or petroleum refining processes, which has been selected for waste disposal and which is known to hydrolize, ionize or decompose, which is soluble, burns or oxidizes, or which may react with any of the waste materials which are introduced into the landfill, or which is buoyant on water, or which has a viscosity less than that of water or which produces a foul odor. Chemical waste may be either hazardous or nonhazardous;

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- (24) "Effluent" shall mean liquids which are treated in and discharged by sewage treatment plants;
- 32 (25) "Hazardous wastes" shall mean any waste or combination of 33 waste which poses a present or potential threat to human health, living 34 organisms or the environment. "Hazardous waste" shall include, but 35 not be limited to, waste material that is toxic, corrosive, irritating, 36 sensitizing, radioactive, biologically infectious, explosive or 37 flammable;
- 38 (26) "Leachate" shall mean a liquid that has been in contact with 39 solid waste and contains dissolved or suspended materials from that 40 solid waste;
- 41 (27) "Recycling" shall mean the separation, collection, processing 42 or recovery of metals, glass, paper, solid waste and other materials for 43 reuse or for energy production and shall include resource recovery;
- 44 (28) "Sludge" shall mean any solid, semisolid, or liquid waste 45 generated from a municipal, industrial or other sewage treatment plant, 46 water supply treatment plant, or air pollution control facility, or any

other such waste having similar characteristics and effects; "sludge" shall not include effluent;

3 (29) "Solid waste" shall mean garbage, refuse, and other discarded 4 materials resulting from industrial, commercial and agricultural operations, and from domestic and community activities, and shall 5 6 include all other waste materials including sludge, chemical waste, 7 hazardous wastes and liquids, except for liquids which are treated in 8 public sewage treatment plants and except for solid animal and 9 vegetable wastes collected by swine producers licensed by the State 10 Department of Agriculture to collect, prepare and feed such wastes to 11 swine on their own farms;

(30) "Solid waste system" shall mean and include the plants, structures and other real and personal property acquired, constructed or operated or to be acquired, constructed or operated by an authority or by any person to whom a municipal authority has extended credit for this purpose pursuant to the provisions of this act, including transfer stations, incinerators, recycling facilities, including facilities for the generation, transmission and distribution of energy derived from the processing of solid waste, sanitary landfill facilities or other property or plants for the collection, recycling or disposal of solid waste and all vehicles, equipment and other real and personal property and rights thereon and appurtenances necessary or useful and convenient for the collection, recycling, or disposal of solid waste in a sanitary manner;

- (31) "Hydroelectric system" shall mean the plants, structures and other real and personal property acquired, constructed or operated or to be acquired, constructed or operated by an authority pursuant to the provisions of this act, including all that which is necessary or useful and convenient for the generation, transmission and sale of hydroelectric power at wholesale;
- 31 (32) "Hydroelectric power" shall mean the production of electric 32 current by the energy of moving water;
- (33) "Sale of hydroelectric power at wholesale" shall mean any sale
 of hydroelectric power to any person for purposes of resale of such
 power.
- 36 (cf: P.L.2001, c.123, s.3)

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38 6. Section 2 of P.L.1960, c.183 (C.40:37A-45) is amended to read as follows:

- 40 2. As used in this act, unless a different meaning clearly appears 41 from the context:
- 42 (a) "Authority" shall mean a public body created pursuant to this 43 act;
- 44 (b) "Bond resolution" shall have the meaning ascribed thereto in 45 section 17 of P.L.1960, c.183 (C.40:37A-60);
- 46 (c) "Bonds" shall mean bonds, notes or other obligations issued

pursuant to this act;

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- (d) "Construct" and "construction" shall connote and include acts of clearance, demolition, construction, development or redevelopment, reconstruction, replacement, extension, improvement and betterment;
 (e) "Cost" shall mean, in addition to the usual connotations thereof, the cost of planning, acquisition or construction of all or any part of
- 5 6 7 any public facility or facilities of an authority and of all or any 8 property, rights, easements, privileges, agreements and franchises 9 deemed by the authority to be necessary or useful and convenient 10 therefor or in connection therewith and the cost of retiring the present 11 value of the unfunded accrued liability due and owing by the authority. 12 as calculated by the system actuary for a date certain upon the request 13 of the authority, for early retirement incentive benefits granted by the 14 authority pursuant to P.L.1991, c.230 and P.L.1993, c.181, including 15 interest or discount on bonds, cost of issuance of bonds, architectural, engineering and inspection costs and legal expenses, cost of financial, 16 17 professional and other estimates and advice, organization, administrative, operating and other expenses of the authority prior to 18 19 and during such acquisition or construction, and all such other 20 expenses as may be necessary or incident to the financing, acquisition, 21 construction and completion of such public facility or facilities or part 22 thereof and the placing of the same fully in operation or the disposition 23 of the same, and also such provision or reserves for working capital, 24 operating, maintenance or replacement expenses or for payment or 25 security of principal of or interest on bonds during or after such 26 acquisition or construction as the authority may determine, and also 27 reimbursements to the authority or any governmental unit or person of 28 any moneys theretofore expended for the purposes of the authority;
 - (f) The term "county" shall mean any county of any class of the State and shall include, without limitation, the terms "the county" and "beneficiary county" defined in this act, and the term "the county" shall mean the county which created an authority pursuant to this act;
 - (g) "Development project" shall mean any lands, structures, or property or facilities acquired or constructed or to be acquired or constructed by an authority for the purposes of the authority described in subsection (e) of section 11 of P.L.1960, c.183 (C.40:37A-54);
 - (h) "Facility charges" shall have the meaning ascribed to said term in section 14 of P.L.1960, c.183 (C.40:37A-57);
 - (i) "Facility revenues" shall have the meaning ascribed to said term in subsection (e) of section 20 of P.L.1960, c.183 (C.40:37A-63);
- 41 (j) "Governing body" shall mean, in the case of a county, the board 42 of chosen freeholders, or in the case of a county operating under 43 article 3 or 5 of the "Optional County Charter Law" (P.L.1972, c.154; 44 C.40:41A-1 et seq.) as defined thereunder, and, in the case of a 45 municipality, the commission, council, board or body, by whatever 46 name it may be known, having charge of the finances of the

1 municipality;

- 2 (k) "Governmental unit" shall mean the United States of America 3 or the State or any county or municipality or any subdivision, 4 department, agency, or instrumentality heretofore or hereafter created, 5 designated or established by or for the United States of America or the 6 State or any county or municipality;
 - (1) "Local bond law" shall mean chapter 2 of Title 40A, Municipalities and Counties, of the New Jersey Statutes (N.J.S.) as amended and supplemented;
- 10 (m) "Municipality" shall mean any city, borough, village, town, or 11 township of the State but not a county or a school district;
 - (n) "Person" shall mean any person, partnership, association, corporation or entity other than a nation, state, county or municipality or any subdivision, department, agency or instrumentality thereof;
 - (o) "Project" shall have the meaning ascribed to said term in section 17 of P.L.1960, c.183 (C.40:37A-60);
 - (p) "Public facility" shall mean any lands, structures, franchises, equipment, or other property or facilities acquired, constructed, owned, financed, or leased by the authority or any other governmental unit or person to accomplish any of the purposes of an authority authorized by section 11 of P.L.1960, c.183 (C.40:37A-54);
 - (q) "Real property" shall mean lands within or without the State, above or below water, and improvements thereof or thereon, or any riparian or other rights or interests therein;
 - (r) "Garbage and solid waste disposal system" shall mean the plants, structures and other real and personal property acquired, constructed or operated or to be acquired, constructed or operated by a county improvement authority, including incinerators, sanitary landfill facilities or other plants for the treatment and disposal of garbage, solid waste and refuse matter and all other real and personal property and rights therein and appurtenances necessary or useful and convenient for the collection and treatment or disposal in a sanitary manner of garbage, solid waste and refuse matter (but not including sewage);
 - (s) "Garbage, solid waste or refuse matter" shall mean garbage, refuse and other discarded materials resulting from industrial, commercial and agricultural operations, and from domestic and community activities, and shall include all other waste materials including sludge, chemical waste, hazardous wastes and liquids, except for liquids which are treated in public sewage treatment plants and except for solid animal and vegetable wastes collected by swine producers licensed by the State Department of Agriculture to collect, prepare and feed such wastes to swine on their own farms;
- 44 (t) "Blighted, deteriorated or deteriorating area" may include an 45 area determined heretofore by the municipality to be blighted in 46 accordance with the provisions of P.L.1949, c.187, repealed by

- 1 P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40:55-21.1 et seq.) and, in addition, areas which are
- 2 determined by the municipality, pursuant to the same procedures as
- 3 provided in said law, to be blighted, deteriorated or deteriorating
- 4 because of structures or improvements which are dilapidated or
- 5 characterized by disrepair, lack of ventilation or light or sanitary
- 6 facilities, faulty arrangement, location, or design, or other unhealthful
- 7 or unsafe conditions;
- 8 (u) "Redevelopment" may include planning, replanning,
- 9 conservation, rehabilitation, clearance, development and
- 10 redevelopment; and the construction and rehabilitation and provision
- 11 for construction and rehabilitation of residential, commercial,
- 12 industrial, public or other structures and the grant or dedication or
- 13 rededication of spaces as may be appropriate or necessary in the
- 14 interest of the general welfare for streets, parks, playgrounds, or other
- 15 public purposes including recreational and other facilities incidental or
- 16 appurtenant thereto, in accordance with a redevelopment plan
- approved by the governing body of a municipality;
- (v) "Redevelopment plan" shall mean a plan as it exists from time
- 19 to time for the redevelopment of all or any part of a redevelopment
- area, which plan shall be sufficiently complete to indicate such land
- 21 acquisition, demolition and removal of structures, redevelopment,
- 22 improvements, conservation or rehabilitation as may be proposed to
- 23 be carried out in the area of the project, zoning and planning changes,
- 24 if any, land uses, maximum densities, building requirements, the plan's
- 25 relationship to definite local objectives respecting appropriate land
- 26 uses, improved traffic, public transportation, public utilities,
- recreational and community facilities, and other public improvements and provision for relocation of any residents and occupants to be
- displaced in a manner which has been or is likely to be approved by the
- 30 Department of Community Affairs pursuant to the "Relocation
- 31 Assistance Law of 1967," P.L.1967, c.79 (C.52:31B-1 et seq.) and the
- 32 "Relocation Assistance Act," P.L.1971, c.362 (C.20:4-1 et seq.) and
- 33 rules and regulations pursuant thereto;
- 34 (w) "Redevelopment project" shall mean any undertakings and
- 35 activities for the elimination, and for the prevention of the
- 36 development or spread, of blighted, deteriorated, or deteriorating
- 37 areas and may involve any work or undertaking pursuant to a
- 38 redevelopment plan; such undertaking may include: (1) acquisition of
- 39 real property and demolition, removal or rehabilitation of buildings and
- 40 improvements thereon; (2) carrying out plans for a program of
- 41 voluntary repair and rehabilitation of buildings or other improvements;
- 42 and (3) installation, construction or reconstruction of streets, utilities,
- parks, playgrounds or other improvements necessary for carrying out
- 44 the objectives of the redevelopment project;
- 45 (x) "Redeveloper" shall mean any person or governmental unit that
- shall enter into or propose to enter into a contract with an authority

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1 for the redevelopment of an area or any part thereof under the 2 provisions of this act;

- 3 (y) "Redevelopment area" shall mean an area of a municipality 4 which the governing body thereof finds is a blighted area or an area in need of rehabilitation whose redevelopment is necessary to effectuate 5 6 the public purposes declared in this act. A redevelopment area may 7 include lands, buildings, or improvements which of themselves are not 8 detrimental to the public health, safety or welfare, but whose inclusion 9 is found necessary, with or without change in their condition, for the 10 effective redevelopment of the area of which they are a part;
 - (z) "Sludge" shall mean any solid, semisolid, or liquid waste generated from a municipal, industrial or other sewage treatment plant, water supply treatment plant, or air pollution control facility, or any other such waste having similar characteristics and effects, but shall not include effluent; and
- 16 (aa) "Beneficiary county" shall mean any county that has not created an authority pursuant to this act.

(cf: P.L.1994, c.76, s.1)

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- 7. Section 30 of P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-30) is amended to read as follows:
- 22 30. a. A redevelopment entity shall have the power and is hereby 23 authorized to issue, from time to time, its bonds, bond anticipation notes and other notes and obligations in such principal amounts as in 24 25 its opinion shall be necessary to provide sufficient funds for achieving 26 any of its corporate purposes, including, but not limited to: the 27 making of mortgage loans, the payment, funding or refunding of the 28 principal of, or interest or redemption premiums on, any bonds, bond 29 anticipation notes and other notes and obligations issued by it whether 30 or not such have become due; the establishment or increase of reserves 31 to secure or to pay such bonds, bond anticipation notes and other 32 notes and obligations or interest thereon; and all costs or expenses 33 incident to and necessary or convenient to carry out its corporate 34 purposes and powers, including but not limited to the payment of the 35 cost of retiring the present value of the unfunded accrued liability due and owing by a redevelopment entity, as calculated by the system 36 37 actuary for a date certain upon the request of a redevelopment entity, 38 for early retirement incentive benefits granted by the redevelopment 39 entity pursuant to P.L.1991, c.230 and P.L.1993, c.181.
- b. A redevelopment entity may issue such bonds, bond anticipation notes or other notes or obligations as it may determine, including bonds, bond anticipation notes or other notes or obligations as to which the principal and interest are payable: (1) exclusively from the income and revenues of the redevelopment entity resulting from projects financed with the proceeds of such bonds, bond anticipation notes or other notes or obligations; (2) exclusively from the income

- 1 and revenues of the redevelopment entity resulting from certain 2 projects, whether or not such projects were financed in whole or in 3 part from the proceeds of such bonds, bond anticipation notes or other 4 notes or obligations; or, (3) from its revenues generally. Any bonds, 5 bond anticipation notes or other notes or obligations may be 6 additionally secured by a pledge of any grant, subsidy or contribution from the United States of America or an agency or instrumentality 7 8 thereof or the State or any agency, instrumentality or political 9 subdivision thereof, or any person, firm or corporation or a pledge of 10 any income or revenues, funds or moneys of the redevelopment entity
 - c. Whether or not the bonds, bond anticipation notes and other notes and obligations issued pursuant to this act are of such form and character as to be negotiable instruments under the terms of Title 12A, Commercial Transactions, New Jersey Statutes, such bonds, bond anticipation notes and other notes and obligations and any coupon thereof are hereby made negotiable instruments within the meaning of and for all the purposes of Title 12A, subject only to the provisions of the bonds and notes for registration.
- 20 Bonds, bond anticipation notes and other notes and obligations 21 of a redevelopment entity issued under the provisions of this act shall 22 not be in any way a debt or liability of the State or of any political 23 subdivision thereof other than the redevelopment entity and shall not create or constitute any indebtedness, liability or obligation of the 24 25 State or of any political subdivision, nor be or constitute a pledge of 26 the faith and credit of the State or of any political subdivision; but all 27 such bonds, bond anticipation notes and other notes and obligations, 28 unless funded or refunded by bonds, bond anticipation notes or other 29 notes or obligations of the redevelopment entity shall be payable from 30 revenues or funds pledged or available for their payment as authorized 31 in this act. Each bond, bond anticipation note or other note or 32 obligation shall contain on its face a statement to the effect that the 33 redevelopment entity is obligated to pay the principal thereof or the 34 interest thereon only from the revenues or funds of the redevelopment entity, and that neither the State nor any political subdivision thereof 35 36 is obligated to pay such principal or interest, and that neither the faith 37 and credit nor the taxing power of the State or any political 38 subdivision thereof is pledged to the payment of the principal of or the 39 interest on such bonds, bond anticipation notes or other notes or 40 obligations.
- e. All expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions of this act shall be payable solely from revenues or funds provided or to be provided under the provisions of this act, and nothing in this act shall be construed to authorize a redevelopment entity to incur indebtedness or liability on behalf of or payable by this State or any political subdivision thereof.
- 47 (cf: P.L.2001, c.310, s.43)

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18 19 from any source whatsoever.

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8. This act shall take effect immediately.

STATEMENT

This bill would allow units of local governments to issue refunding bonds to retire the unfunded accrued liability of the local unit due to the State's various pension systems created through the granting of early retirement benefits to employees of the local unit.

At present, hundreds of local units have individual unfunded liabilities within the State administered pension systems. These unfunded liabilities, which were created when eligible employees of a local unit accepted the early retirement benefits offered by the local unit pursuant to a series of laws adopted and effective in 1991 and 1993, must be paid off by the local unit over a period of thirty-three years, although some local units have opted to fund the liability over shorter periods of time. The present value of these debts is believed to exceed \$600 million.

The unfunded liability of a local unit accrues interest at 8.75%, the actuarially established rate of return for the State's various pension systems. This bill would allow a local unit to issue refunding bonds to fund the present value of the accrued liability, effectively financing an existing debt at a lower rate of interest. This bill would offer this option to counties, municipalities, boards of education and local boards, authorities and commissions that have unfunded liabilities due to early retirement benefits granted under the 1991 and 1993 laws.

This bill is permissive. It would not require local units to refund their unfunded liability related to early retirement. It would not authorize local units to borrow in excess of amounts needed to pay off the existing unfunded liability, including the transactional costs associated with the borrowing. It would not create the authority to issue bonds to any local unit which is not presently authorized to do so. Under this legislation, the decision to issue such bonds would remain with the local unit currently authorized to issue bonds. The adoption procedure and issuance mechanism would be the same procedure that exists under current law for the issuance of refunding bonds by the local unit.

This bill would supplement the "Local Bond Law," N.J.S.40A:2-1 et seq., to authorize counties and municipalities to issue refunding bonds for the purpose of funding an unfunded accrued liability. Similarly, the bill amends the school bond law, the "Parking Authority Law," P.L.1948, c.198 (C.40:11A-1 et seq.), the "sewerage authorities law," P.L.1946, c.138 (C.40:14A-1 et seq.), the "municipal and county utilities authorities law," P.L.1957, c.183 (C.40:14B-1 et seq.), the "county improvement authorities law," P.L.1960, c.183 (C.40:37A-44 et seq.), and the "Local Redevelopment and Housing Law," P.L.1992,

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- 1 c.79 (C.40A:12A-1 et seq.) to permit local units with independent
- 2 bonding authority to issue refunding bonds for the purpose of funding
- 3 the present value of their existing unfunded liability associated with
- 4 early retirement benefits.

ASSEMBLY HOUSING AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 1745

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 9, 2002

The Assembly Housing and Local Government Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly Bill No. 1745.

This bill as amended would allow units of local governments to issue refunding bonds to retire the unfunded accrued liability of the local unit due to the State's various pension systems created through the granting of early retirement benefits to employees of the local unit.

At present, hundreds of local units have individual unfunded liabilities within the State administered pension systems. These unfunded liabilities, which were created when eligible employees of a local unit accepted the early retirement benefits offered by the local unit pursuant to a series of laws adopted and effective in 1991 and 1993, must be paid off by the local unit over a period of thirty-three years, although some local units have opted to fund the liability over shorter periods of time. The present value of these debts is believed to exceed \$600 million.

The unfunded liability of a local unit accrues interest at 8.75%, the actuarially established rate of return for the State's various pension systems. This bill would allow a local unit to issue refunding bonds to fund the present value of the accrued liability, effectively financing an existing debt at a lower rate of interest. As amended, this bill would offer this option to counties, municipalities, boards of education and local boards, authorities and commissions that have unfunded liabilities due to early retirement benefits granted under the 1991, 1993 and 1999 laws.

This bill is permissive. It would not require local units to refund their unfunded liability related to early retirement. It would not authorize local units to borrow in excess of amounts needed to pay off the existing unfunded liability, including the transactional costs associated with the borrowing. It would not create the authority to issue bonds to any local unit which is not presently authorized to do so. Under this legislation, the decision to issue such bonds would remain with the local unit currently authorized to issue bonds. The adoption procedure and issuance mechanism would be the same

procedure that exists under current law for the issuance of refunding bonds by the local unit.

This bill would supplement the "Local Bond Law," N.J.S.40A:2-1 et seq., to authorize counties and municipalities to issue refunding bonds for the purpose of funding an unfunded accrued liability. Similarly, the bill amends the school bond law, the "Parking Authority Law," P.L.1948, c.198 (C.40:11A-1 et seq.), the "sewerage authorities law," P.L.1946, c.138 (C.40:14A-1 et seq.), the "municipal and county utilities authorities law," P.L.1957, c.183 (C.40:14B-1 et seq.), the "county improvement authorities law," P.L.1960, c.183 (C.40:37A-44 et seq.), and the "Local Redevelopment and Housing Law," P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-1 et seq.) to permit local units with independent bonding authority to issue refunding bonds for the purpose of funding the present value of their existing unfunded liability associated with early retirement benefits.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:

The committee amended the bill to add a reference to a provision of law that authorized local units to offer early retirement incentive programs for employees affected by consolidation agreements thereby allowing such local units to utilize refunding bonds.

As amended this bill is identical to S577 (1R).