39:3-40

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF: 2002 **CHAPTER**: 28

NJSA: 39:3-40 (Jail time for repeat offenders who drive when license revoked)

BILL NO: A1727 (Substituted for S1270)

SPONSOR(S): Cryan and Barnes

DATE INTRODUCED: February 4, 2002

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Law and Public Safety

SENATE: Law and Public Safety

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: March 14, 2002

SENATE: March 16, 2002

DATE OF APPROVAL: June 24, 2002

FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (1st reprint enacted)

(Amendments during passage denoted by superscript numbers)

A1727

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 5 of original bill) Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes

SENATE: Yes

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

S1270

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 5 of original bill)

Yes

Bill and Sponsors Statement identical to A1727)

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: No

SENATE: Yes

Identical to Assembly Statement for A1727

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

VETO MESSAGE: No

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING: Yes

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

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REPORTS:	No
HEARINGS:	No
NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:	No

P.L. 2002, CHAPTER 28, approved June 24, 2002 Assembly, No. 1727 (First Reprint)

1 **AN ACT** concerning penalties for unauthorized operation of a motor vehicle under certain circumstances and amending R.S.39:3-40.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. R.S.39:3-40 is amended to read as follows:
- 39:3-40. No person to whom a driver's license has been refused or whose driver's license or reciprocity privilege has been suspended or revoked, or who has been prohibited from obtaining a driver's license, shall personally operate a motor vehicle during the period of refusal, suspension, revocation, or prohibition.
 - No person whose motor vehicle registration has been revoked shall operate or permit the operation of such motor vehicle during the period of such revocation.
 - Except as provided in ¹[subsection] subsections ¹ i. ¹and j. ¹ of this section, a person violating this section shall be subject to the following penalties:
- a. Upon conviction for a first offense, a fine of \$500.00 and, if that offense involves the operation of a motor vehicle during a period when the violator's driver's license is suspended for a violation of R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a), revocation of the violator's motor vehicle registration privilege in accordance with the provisions of sections 2 through 6 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1 through C.39:3-40.5);
 - b. Upon conviction for a second offense, a fine of \$750.00, imprisonment in the county jail for [not more than] ¹not more than ¹ five days and, if the second offense involves the operation of a motor vehicle during a period when the violator's driver's license is suspended and that second offense occurs within five years of a conviction for that same offense, revocation of the violator's motor vehicle registration privilege in accordance with the provisions of sections 2 through 6 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1 through C.39:3-40.5);
- c. Upon conviction for a third offense [or subsequent offense]

 1 or subsequent offense, a fine of \$1,000.00, imprisonment in the county jail for 10 days. The term of imprisonment for each subsequent offense shall be 10 days longer than the term of imprisonment imposed for the previous offense. The third or a subsequent offense involves the operation of a motor vehicle during a period when the violator's driver's license is suspended and

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹ Assembly ALP committee amendments adopted February 21, 2002.

- 1 [that] the third or subsequent offense occurs within five years of a
- 2 conviction for the same offense, revocation of the violator's motor
- 3 vehicle registration privilege shall be revoked in accordance with the
- 4 provisions of sections 2 through 6 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1
- 5 through C.39:3-40.5);

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- d. Upon conviction, the court shall impose or extend a period of
 suspension not to exceed six months;
- e. Upon conviction, the court shall impose a period of imprisonment for not less than 45 days or more than 180 days, if while operating a vehicle in violation of this section a person is involved in an accident resulting in bodily injury to another person;
- f. (1) Notwithstanding subsections a. through e., any person violating this section while under suspension issued pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1972, c.197 (C.39:6B-2), upon conviction, shall be fined \$500.00, shall have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for an additional period of not less than one year nor more than two years, and may be imprisoned in the county jail for not more than 90 days.
 - (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections a. through e. of this section and paragraph (1) of this subsection, any person violating this section under suspension issued pursuant to R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a) or P.L.1982, c.85 (C.39:5-30a et seq.), shall be fined \$500, shall have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for an additional period of not less than one year or more than two years, and shall be imprisoned in the county jail for not less than 10 days or more than 90 days.
 - (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections a. through e. of this section and paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection, a person shall have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for an additional period of not less than one year or more than two years, which period shall commence upon the completion of any prison sentence imposed upon that person, shall be fined \$500 and shall be imprisoned for a period of 60 to 90 days for a first offense, imprisoned for a period of 120 to 150 days for a second offense, and imprisoned for 180 days for a third or subsequent offense, for operating a motor vehicle while in violation of paragraph (2) of this subsection while:
 - (a) on any school property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board, or within 1,000 feet of such school property;
- 40 (b) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 if 41 the municipality, by ordinance or resolution, has designated the school 42 crossing as such; or
 - (c) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 knowing that juveniles are present if the municipality has not designated the school crossing as such by ordinance or resolution.
- A map or true copy of a map depicting the location and boundaries

of the area on or within 1,000 feet of any property used for school 1

- 2 purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary
- 3 school or school board produced pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1987,
- 4 c.101 (C.2C:35-7) may be used in a prosecution under subparagraph
- 5 (a) of this paragraph.
- It shall not be relevant to the imposition of sentence pursuant to 6 7 subparagraph (a) or (b) of this paragraph that the defendant was
- 8 unaware that the prohibited conduct took place while on or within
- 9 1,000 feet of any school property or while driving through a school
- 10 crossing. Nor shall it be relevant to the imposition of sentence that no
- 11 juveniles were present on the school property or crossing zone at the
- 12 time of the offense or that the school was not in session;
- 13 g. In addition to the other applicable penalties provided under this
- 14 section, a person violating this section whose license has been
- 15 suspended pursuant to section 6 of P.L.1983, c.65 (C.17:29A-35) or
- the regulations adopted thereunder, shall be fined \$3,000. The court 16
- 17 shall waive the fine upon proof that the person has paid the total
- surcharge imposed pursuant to section 6 of P.L.1983, c.65 18
- 19 (C.17:29A-35)or the regulations adopted thereunder.
- 20 Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S.39:5-41, the fine imposed
- 21 pursuant to this subsection shall be collected by the Division of Motor
- 22 Vehicles pursuant to section 6 of P.L.1983, c.65 (C.17:29A-35), and
- 23 distributed as provided in that section, and the court shall file a copy of the judgment of conviction with the director and with the Clerk of 24
- the Superior Court who shall enter the following information upon the 25
- 26 record of docketed judgments: the name of the person as judgment
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- debtor; the Division of Motor Vehicles as judgment creditor; the 28 amount of the fine; and the date of the order. These entries shall have
- 29 the same force and effect as any civil judgment docketed in the
- 30 Superior Court;
- 31 h. A person who owns or leases a motor vehicle and permits
- 32 another to operate the motor vehicle commits a violation and is subject
- 33 to suspension of his license to operate a motor vehicle and to
- 34 revocation of registration pursuant to sections 2 through 6 of
- 35 P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1 through C.39:3-40.5) if the person:
- (1) Knows that the operator's license to operate a motor vehicle 36
- 37 has been suspended for a violation of R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of
- 38 P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a); or
- 39 (2) Knows that the operator's license to operate a motor vehicle is
- 40 suspended and that the operator has been convicted, within the past
- 41 five years, of operating a vehicle while the person's license was
- suspended or revoked; 42
- 43 If the violator's driver's license to operate a motor vehicle has
- 44 been suspended pursuant to section 9 of P.L.1985, c.14
- 45 (C.39:4-139.10), the violator shall be subject to a maximum fine of
- 46 \$100 upon proof that the violator has satisfied the parking ticket or

A1727 [1R] 4

1	tickets that were the subject of the Order of Suspension.
2	¹ j. If a person is convicted for a second or subsequent violation of
3	this section and the second or subsequent offense involves a motor
4	vehicle moving violation, the term of imprisonment for the second or
5	subsequent offense shall be 10 days longer than the term of
6	imprisonment imposed for the previous offense.
7	For the purposes of this subsection, a "motor vehicle moving
8	violation" means any violation of the motor vehicle laws of this State
9	for which motor vehicle points are assessed by the Director of the
10	Division of Motor Vehicles pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1982, c.43
11	(C.39:5-30.5). ¹
12	(cf: P.L.2001, c.213, s.1)
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14	2. This act shall take effect immediately.
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19	Increases jail time for repeat offenders who drive while licenses
20	revoked.

ASSEMBLY, No. 1727

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 210th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 4, 2002

Sponsored by: Assemblyman JOSEPH CRYAN District 20 (Union) Assemblyman PETER J. BARNES, JR. District 18 (Middlesex)

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblyman Fisher

SYNOPSIS

Increases jail time for repeat offenders who drive while licenses revoked.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT



1 **AN ACT** concerning penalties for unauthorized operation of a motor vehicle under certain circumstances and amending R.S.39:3-40.

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4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. R.S.39:3-40 is amended to read as follows:
- 39:3-40. No person to whom a driver's license has been refused or whose driver's license or reciprocity privilege has been suspended or revoked, or who has been prohibited from obtaining a driver's license, shall personally operate a motor vehicle during the period of refusal, suspension, revocation, or prohibition.
 - No person whose motor vehicle registration has been revoked shall operate or permit the operation of such motor vehicle during the period of such revocation.
 - Except as provided in subsection i. of this section, a person violating this section shall be subject to the following penalties:
- a. Upon conviction for a first offense, a fine of \$500.00 and, if that offense involves the operation of a motor vehicle during a period when the violator's driver's license is suspended for a violation of R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a), revocation of the violator's motor vehicle registration privilege in accordance with the provisions of sections 2 through 6 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1 through C.39:3-40.5);
 - b. Upon conviction for a second offense, a fine of \$750.00, imprisonment in the county jail for [not more than] five days and, if the second offense involves the operation of a motor vehicle during a period when the violator's driver's license is suspended and that second offense occurs within five years of a conviction for that same offense, revocation of the violator's motor vehicle registration privilege in accordance with the provisions of sections 2 through 6 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1 through C.39:3-40.5);
- 33 Upon conviction for a third offense [or subsequent offense], 34 a fine of \$1,000.00, imprisonment in the county jail for 10 days. The 35 term of imprisonment for each subsequent offense shall be 10 days 36 longer than the term of imprisonment imposed for the previous 37 offense. [and, if] If the third or a subsequent offense involves the operation of a motor vehicle during a period when the violator's 38 39 driver's license is suspended and [that] the third or subsequent 40 offense occurs within five years of a conviction for the same offense, revocation of the violator's motor vehicle registration privilege shall 41 42 be revoked in accordance with the provisions of sections 2 through 6 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1 through C.39:3-40.5); 43
 - EXPLANATION Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

d. Upon conviction, the court shall impose or extend a period of suspension not to exceed six months;

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- e. Upon conviction, the court shall impose a period of imprisonment for not less than 45 days or more than 180 days, if while operating a vehicle in violation of this section a person is involved in an accident resulting in bodily injury to another person;
- f. (1) Notwithstanding subsections a. through e., any person violating this section while under suspension issued pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1972, c.197 (C.39:6B-2), upon conviction, shall be fined \$500.00, shall have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for an additional period of not less than one year nor more than two years, and may be imprisoned in the county jail for not more than 90 days.
- 14 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections a. through e. of 15 this section and paragraph (1) of this subsection, any person violating this section under suspension issued pursuant to R.S.39:4-50, section 16 17 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a) or P.L.1982, c.85 (C.39:5-30a et seq.), shall be fined \$500, shall have his license to operate a motor 18 19 vehicle suspended for an additional period of not less than one year or 20 more than two years, and shall be imprisoned in the county jail for not 21 less than 10 days or more than 90 days.
 - (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections a. through e. of this section and paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection, a person shall have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for an additional period of not less than one year or more than two years, which period shall commence upon the completion of any prison sentence imposed upon that person, shall be fined \$500 and shall be imprisoned for a period of 60 to 90 days for a first offense, imprisoned for a period of 120 to 150 days for a second offense, and imprisoned for 180 days for a third or subsequent offense, for operating a motor vehicle while in violation of paragraph (2) of this subsection while:
 - (a) on any school property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board, or within 1,000 feet of such school property;
 - (b) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 if the municipality, by ordinance or resolution, has designated the school crossing as such; or
 - (c) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 knowing that juveniles are present if the municipality has not designated the school crossing as such by ordinance or resolution.

A map or true copy of a map depicting the location and boundaries of the area on or within 1,000 feet of any property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board produced pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1987, c.101 (C.2C:35-7) may be used in a prosecution under subparagraph (a) of this paragraph.

A1727 CRYAN, BARNES

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It shall not be relevant to the imposition of sentence pursuant to subparagraph (a) or (b) of this paragraph that the defendant was unaware that the prohibited conduct took place while on or within 1,000 feet of any school property or while driving through a school crossing. Nor shall it be relevant to the imposition of sentence that no juveniles were present on the school property or crossing zone at the time of the offense or that the school was not in session;

- 8 g. In addition to the other applicable penalties provided under this 9 section, a person violating this section whose license has been suspended pursuant to section 6 of P.L.1983, c.65 (C.17:29A-35) or 10 11 the regulations adopted thereunder, shall be fined \$3,000. The court 12 shall waive the fine upon proof that the person has paid the total 13 surcharge imposed pursuant to section 6 of P.L.1983, c.65 14 (C.17:29A-35) or the regulations adopted thereunder. 15 Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S.39:5-41, the fine imposed pursuant to this subsection shall be collected by the Division of Motor 16 17 Vehicles pursuant to section 6 of P.L.1983, c.65 (C.17:29A-35), and 18 distributed as provided in that section, and the court shall file a copy 19 of the judgment of conviction with the director and with the Clerk of 20 the Superior Court who shall enter the following information upon the 21 record of docketed judgments: the name of the person as judgment 22 debtor; the Division of Motor Vehicles as judgment creditor; the 23 amount of the fine; and the date of the order. These entries shall have the same force and effect as any civil judgment docketed in the 24 25 Superior Court;
 - h. A person who owns or leases a motor vehicle and permits another to operate the motor vehicle commits a violation and is subject to suspension of his license to operate a motor vehicle and to revocation of registration pursuant to sections 2 through 6 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1 through C.39:3-40.5) if the person:
- 31 (1) Knows that the operator's license to operate a motor vehicle 32 has been suspended for a violation of R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of 33 P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a); or
 - (2) Knows that the operator's license to operate a motor vehicle is suspended and that the operator has been convicted, within the past five years, of operating a vehicle while the person's license was suspended or revoked;
- i. If the violator's driver's license to operate a motor vehicle has been suspended pursuant to section 9 of P.L.1985, c.14 (C.39:4-139.10), the violator shall be subject to a maximum fine of \$100 upon proof that the violator has satisfied the parking ticket or tickets that were the subject of the Order of Suspension.
- 43 (cf: P.L.2001, c.213, s.1)

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2. This act shall take effect immediately.

A1727 CRYAN, BARNES

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1	STATEMENT
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3	This bill is intended to reduce the alarming number of persons who
4	continue to drive on the streets and highways of this State after their
5	licenses have been suspended or revoked. It provides progressive jail
6	sentences for repeat offenders.
7	Under current law, a person convicted for a third or subsequent
8	offense of driving while his license is revoked is subject to a fine of
9	\$1,000 and a 10 day term of imprisonment. This bill would require
10	that the term of imprisonment be increased progressively by 10 days
11	for each subsequent offense.
12	The bill also stiffens the penalty for a second offense of driving with
13	a revoked license. A conviction for this offense presently carries a jail
14	sentence of up to five days. This bill would require all second
15	offenders to serve a full five-day jail term.

ASSEMBLY LAW AND PUBLIC SAFETY COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 1727

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: FEBRUARY 21, 2002

The Assembly Law and Public Safety Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly Bill No. 1727.

As amended and reported by the committee, the bill provides for progressive jail sentences for persons who continue to drive on the streets and highways of this State after their licenses have been suspended or revoked under certain circumstances.

The amended bill specifically provides that persons convicted for a second or subsequent offense of driving while their license is suspended or revoked, and that second or subsequent offense involves a motor vehicle moving violation, shall be imprisoned for 10 days longer than the term of imprisonment imposed for the previous offense. The bill defines a "motor vehicle moving violation" as any violation of the motor vehicle laws of this State for which motor vehicle points are assessed by the Director of Motor Vehicles.

Under current law, a person convicted for a first offense of driving while his license is revoked is subject to a fine of \$500; for a second offense, a fine of \$750 and a term of imprisonment of not more than five days; and for a third or subsequent offense, a fine of \$1,000 and a 10-day term of imprisonment.

As introduced, the bill would have required persons who committed a second offense of driving with a revoked license to serve a full five-day jail term, rather than a term of not more than five days and would have provided for the progressively increased term of imprisonment for fourth or subsequent offenses. At the sponsor's request, the committee amended the bill to delete the provision requiring five-days jail time for a second offense and to require the increased term of imprisonment for second and subsequent offenses, but only if that second or subsequent offense involved a moving motor vehicle violation. As amended, repeat offenders would not be subject to the increased term of imprisonment if the repeat offense involved a non-moving violation, such as a parking offense.

According to the sponsor, this bill is intended to reduce the alarming number of persons who continue to drive on the streets and highways of this State after their licenses have been suspended or revoked.

SENATE LAW AND PUBLIC SAFETY AND VETERANS' AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint] **ASSEMBLY, No. 1727**

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 9, 2002

The Senate Law and Public Safety and Veterans' Affairs Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 1727 (1R).

As amended and reported by the committee, the bill provides for progressive jail sentences for persons who continue to drive on the streets and highways of this State after their licenses have been suspended or revoked under certain circumstances.

The amended bill specifically provides that persons convicted for a second or subsequent offense of driving while their license is suspended or revoked, and that second or subsequent offense involves a motor vehicle moving violation, shall be imprisoned for 10 days longer than the term of imprisonment imposed for the previous offense. The bill defines a "motor vehicle moving violation" as any violation of the motor vehicle laws of this State for which motor vehicle points are assessed by the Director of Motor Vehicles.

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As introduced, the bill would have required persons who committed a second offense of driving with a revoked license to serve a full five-day jail term, rather than a term of not more than five days and would have provided for the progressively increased term of imprisonment for fourth or subsequent offenses. At the sponsor's request, the committee amended the bill to delete the provision requiring five-days jail time for a second offense and to require the increased term of imprisonment for second and subsequent offenses, but only if that second or subsequent offense involved a moving motor vehicle violation. As amended, repeat offenders would not be subject to the increased term of imprisonment if the repeat offense involved a non-moving violation, such as a parking offense.

According to the sponsor, this bill is intended to reduce the alarming number of persons who continue to drive on the streets and

highways of this State after their licenses have been suspended or revoked.

This bill is identical to Senate Bill No. 1270, which also was released by the committee on this same date.

SENATE, No. 1270

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

210th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MARCH 7, 2002

Sponsored by: Senator PETER A. INVERSO District 14 (Mercer and Middlesex)

SYNOPSIS

Increases jail time for repeat offenders who drive while licenses revoked.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



1 **AN ACT** concerning penalties for unauthorized operation of a motor vehicle under certain circumstances and amending R.S.39:3-40.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. R.S.39:3-40 is amended to read as follows:
- 39:3-40. No person to whom a driver's license has been refused or whose driver's license or reciprocity privilege has been suspended or revoked, or who has been prohibited from obtaining a driver's license, shall personally operate a motor vehicle during the period of refusal, suspension, revocation, or prohibition.
 - No person whose motor vehicle registration has been revoked shall operate or permit the operation of such motor vehicle during the period of such revocation.
 - Except as provided in subsection i. of this section, a person violating this section shall be subject to the following penalties:
- a. Upon conviction for a first offense, a fine of \$500.00 and, if that offense involves the operation of a motor vehicle during a period when the violator's driver's license is suspended for a violation of R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a), revocation of the violator's motor vehicle registration privilege in accordance with the provisions of sections 2 through 6 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1 through C.39:3-40.5);
 - b. Upon conviction for a second offense, a fine of \$750.00, imprisonment in the county jail for [not more than] five days and, if the second offense involves the operation of a motor vehicle during a period when the violator's driver's license is suspended and that second offense occurs within five years of a conviction for that same offense, revocation of the violator's motor vehicle registration privilege in accordance with the provisions of sections 2 through 6 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1 through C.39:3-40.5);
- 33 Upon conviction for a third offense [or subsequent offense], 34 a fine of \$1,000.00, imprisonment in the county jail for 10 days. The 35 term of imprisonment for each subsequent offense shall be 10 days 36 longer than the term of imprisonment imposed for the previous 37 offense. [and, if] If the third or a subsequent offense involves the operation of a motor vehicle during a period when the violator's 38 39 driver's license is suspended and [that] the third or subsequent 40 offense occurs within five years of a conviction for the same offense, revocation of the violator's motor vehicle registration privilege shall 41 42 be revoked in accordance with the provisions of sections 2 through 6 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1 through C.39:3-40.5); 43

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

d. Upon conviction, the court shall impose or extend a period of suspension not to exceed six months;

- e. Upon conviction, the court shall impose a period of imprisonment for not less than 45 days or more than 180 days, if while operating a vehicle in violation of this section a person is involved in an accident resulting in bodily injury to another person;
- f. (1) Notwithstanding subsections a. through e., any person violating this section while under suspension issued pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1972, c.197 (C.39:6B-2), upon conviction, shall be fined \$500.00, shall have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for an additional period of not less than one year nor more than two years, and may be imprisoned in the county jail for not more than 90 days.
 - (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections a. through e. of this section and paragraph (1) of this subsection, any person violating this section under suspension issued pursuant to R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a) or P.L.1982, c.85 (C.39:5-30a et seq.), shall be fined \$500, shall have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for an additional period of not less than one year or more than two years, and shall be imprisoned in the county jail for not less than 10 days or more than 90 days.
 - (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections a. through e. of this section and paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection, a person shall have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for an additional period of not less than one year or more than two years, which period shall commence upon the completion of any prison sentence imposed upon that person, shall be fined \$500 and shall be imprisoned for a period of 60 to 90 days for a first offense, imprisoned for a period of 120 to 150 days for a second offense, and imprisoned for 180 days for a third or subsequent offense, for operating a motor vehicle while in violation of paragraph (2) of this subsection while:
 - (a) on any school property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board, or within 1,000 feet of such school property;
 - (b) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 if the municipality, by ordinance or resolution, has designated the school crossing as such; or
 - (c) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 knowing that juveniles are present if the municipality has not designated the school crossing as such by ordinance or resolution.

A map or true copy of a map depicting the location and boundaries of the area on or within 1,000 feet of any property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board produced pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1987, c.101 (C.2C:35-7) may be used in a prosecution under subparagraph (a) of this paragraph.

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It shall not be relevant to the imposition of sentence pursuant to subparagraph (a) or (b) of this paragraph that the defendant was unaware that the prohibited conduct took place while on or within 1,000 feet of any school property or while driving through a school crossing. Nor shall it be relevant to the imposition of sentence that no juveniles were present on the school property or crossing zone at the time of the offense or that the school was not in session;

- 8 g. In addition to the other applicable penalties provided under this 9 section, a person violating this section whose license has been suspended pursuant to section 6 of P.L.1983, c.65 (C.17:29A-35) or 10 11 the regulations adopted thereunder, shall be fined \$3,000. The court 12 shall waive the fine upon proof that the person has paid the total 13 surcharge imposed pursuant to section 6 of P.L.1983, c.65 14 (C.17:29A-35) or the regulations adopted thereunder. 15 Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S.39:5-41, the fine imposed pursuant to this subsection shall be collected by the Division of Motor 16 17 Vehicles pursuant to section 6 of P.L.1983, c.65 (C.17:29A-35), and 18 distributed as provided in that section, and the court shall file a copy 19 of the judgment of conviction with the director and with the Clerk of 20 the Superior Court who shall enter the following information upon the 21 record of docketed judgments: the name of the person as judgment 22 debtor; the Division of Motor Vehicles as judgment creditor; the 23 amount of the fine; and the date of the order. These entries shall have the same force and effect as any civil judgment docketed in the 24 25 Superior Court;
- h. A person who owns or leases a motor vehicle and permits another to operate the motor vehicle commits a violation and is subject to suspension of his license to operate a motor vehicle and to revocation of registration pursuant to sections 2 through 6 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1 through C.39:3-40.5) if the person:
 - (1) Knows that the operator's license to operate a motor vehicle has been suspended for a violation of R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a); or
- 34 (2) Knows that the operator's license to operate a motor vehicle is 35 suspended and that the operator has been convicted, within the past 36 five years, of operating a vehicle while the person's license was 37 suspended or revoked;
- i. If the violator's driver's license to operate a motor vehicle has been suspended pursuant to section 9 of P.L.1985, c.14 (C.39:4-139.10), the violator shall be subject to a maximum fine of \$100 upon proof that the violator has satisfied the parking ticket or tickets that were the subject of the Order of Suspension.
- 43 (cf: P.L.2001, c.213, s.1)

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S1270 INVERSO

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1	2. This act shall take effect immediately.
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4	STATEMENT
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6	This bill is intended to reduce the alarming number of persons who
7	continue to drive on the streets and highways of this State after their
8	licenses have been suspended or revoked. It provides progressive jai
9	sentences for repeat offenders.
10	Under current law, a person convicted for a third or subsequent
11	offense of driving while his license is revoked is subject to a fine of
12	\$1,000 and a 10 day term of imprisonment. This bill would require
13	that the term of imprisonment be increased progressively by 10 days
14	for each subsequent offense.
15	The bill also stiffens the penalty for a second offense of driving with
16	a revoked license. A conviction for this offense presently carries a jai
17	sentence of up to five days. This bill would require all second
18	offenders to serve a full five-day jail term.

SENATE LAW AND PUBLIC SAFETY AND VETERANS' AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 1270

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 9, 2002

The Senate Law and Public Safety and Veterans' Affairs Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 1270.

As amended and reported by the committee, the bill provides for progressive jail sentences for persons who continue to drive on the streets and highways of this State after their licenses have been suspended or revoked under certain circumstances.

The amended bill specifically provides that persons convicted for a second or subsequent offense of driving while their license is suspended or revoked, and that second or subsequent offense involves a motor vehicle moving violation, shall be imprisoned for 10 days longer than the term of imprisonment imposed for the previous offense. The bill defines a "motor vehicle moving violation" as any violation of the motor vehicle laws of this State for which motor vehicle points are assessed by the Director of Motor Vehicles.

Under current law, a person convicted for a first offense of driving while his license is revoked is subject to a fine of \$500; for a second offense, a fine of \$750 and a term of imprisonment of not more than five days; and for a third or subsequent offense, a fine of \$1,000 and a 10-day term of imprisonment.

As introduced, the bill would have required persons who committed a second offense of driving with a revoked license to serve a full five-day jail term, rather than a term of not more than five days, and would have provided for the progressively increased term of imprisonment for fourth or subsequent offenses. At the sponsor's request, the committee amended the bill to delete the provision requiring five-days jail time for a second offense and to require the increased term of imprisonment for second and subsequent offenses, but only if that second or subsequent offense involved a moving motor vehicle violation. As amended, repeat offenders would not be subject to the increased term of imprisonment if the repeat offense involved a non-moving violation, such as a parking offense. The committee also made a technical amendment to correct a grammatical error.

According to the sponsor, this bill is intended to reduce the alarming number of persons who continue to drive on the streets and highways of this State after their licenses have been suspended or revoked.

As amended and released by the committee, this bill is identical to Assembly Bill No. 1727 (1R), which also was released on the committee on this date. Although the amendments for Senate Bill No. 1270 also make technical corrections for grammatical errors, these bills shall be deemed identical for purposes of subsection b. of Senate Rule 17:3. It is the committee's understanding that, pursuant to R.S.1:3-1, the Legislative Counsel will propose to correct the grammatical error in Assembly Bill No. 1727 (1R) through a corrective memorandum for concurrence in by the Attorney General.



Previous Screen

Governor McGreevey Signs Legislation Increasing Jail Time for Persons Driving With a Revoked License

(TRENTON)— Governor James E. McGreevey signed into law today legislation that will increase jail time for repeat offenders who drive while their licenses are revoked.

Assembly Bill 1727 requires persons convicted of asecond or subsequent offense of driving with a revoked or suspended license, whose offense involves a moving motor vehicle violation, to serve a term of imprisonment that is 10 days longer than the term of imprisonment imposed for their previous offense.

"By increasing the amount of time repeat offenders will spend in jail, we are effectively deterring persons from getting behind the wheel after their driving privileges have been suspended or revoked," said McGreevey. "This new law sends a strong, clear message to persons who drive without a valid license that—whether their license was revoked because of drinking and driving or other traffic violations—their behavior will not be tolerated."

Under current law, there is no distinction between moving violations and technical violations. Recognizing that moving violations pose greater risk to the public than technical violations, the new law clearly defines moving violations and assignsstiffer penalties to suspended or revoked drivers who commit moving violations. Specifically, the bill defines a moving violation as any violation in which the Department of Motor Vehicles assesses points to an individual's license.

"I would like to commend Assemblymen Cryan and Barnes as well as Senators Inverso and Allen for sponsoring legislation that serves to protect innocent children and families from the reckless and irresponsible behavior of people who drive with a suspended or revoked license," said McGreevey.

The Assembly bill was sponsored by Asssemblymen Joseph Cryan (D-Union) and Peter Barnes (D-Middlesex). Senate Bill 1270, sponsored by Senators Peter Inverso (R-Mercer, Middlesex), and Diane Allen (R-Burlington/Camden), was substituted by this bill. The law will go into effect immediately.