39:4-50

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF: 2003 **CHAPTER:** 315

NJSA: 39:4-50 ("Michael's law"—mandatory jail for 3rd or subsequent drunk driving)

BILL NO: A3342 (Substituted for S2378)

SPONSOR(S): Asselta and others

DATE INTRODUCED: February 13, 2003

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Law and Public Safety

SENATE: Law and Public Safety and Veterans Affairs

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: January 12, 2004

SENATE: December 15, 2003

DATE OF APPROVAL: January 20, 2004

FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL Assembly Committee Substitute (1R) enacted

(Amendments during passage denoted by asterisks)

A3342

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 53 of original bill) Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: <u>ASSEMBLY</u>: <u>Yes</u>

SENATE: Yes

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

S2378

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 53 of original bill)

Yes

Bill and Sponsors Statement identical to A3342

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: No

SENATE: Yes

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

VETO MESSAGE: No

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING: Yes

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

To check for circulating copies, contact New Jersey State Government Publications at the State Library (609) 278-2640 ext. 103 or mailto:refdesk@njstatelib.org.

REPORTS: No

HEARINGS: No

NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:

"Governor signs bill mandating prison for third DWI," 1-21-2004 The Press, p.C1

Yes

"Drunk driving law tough on repeaters," 1-21-2004 Courier Post, p.1B

P.L. 2003, CHAPTER 315, approved January 20, 2004 Assembly Committee Substitute (First Reprint) for Assembly, No. 3342

1 AN ACT concerning driving while under the influence, amending and 2 supplementing R.S.39:4-50 and R.S.39:4-51.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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7 ¹[(C.)]¹ shall be known and 1. (New section) P.L. , c. may be cited as "Michael's Law."

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2. R.S.39:4-50 is amended to read as follows:

39:4-50. (a) Except as provided in subsection (g) of this section, a person who operates a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug, or operates a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood or permits another person who is under the influence of intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug to operate a motor vehicle owned by him or in his custody or control or permits another to operate a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood shall be subject:

- (1) For the first offense, to a fine of not less than \$250.00 nor more than \$400.00 and a period of detainment of not less than 12 hours nor more than 48 hours spent during two consecutive days of not less than six hours each day and served as prescribed by the program requirements of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers established under subsection (f) of this section and, in the discretion of the court, a term of imprisonment of not more than 30 days and shall forthwith forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of not less than six months nor more than one year. For a first offense, a person also shall be subject to the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.).
- 33 (2) For a second violation, a person shall be subject to a fine of 34 not less than \$500.00 nor more than \$1,000.00, and shall be ordered 35 by the court to perform community service for a period of 30 days, 36 which shall be of such form and on such terms as the court shall deem 37 appropriate under the circumstances, and shall be sentenced to

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹ Senate SLP committee amendments adopted November 24, 2003.

1 imprisonment for a term of not less than 48 consecutive hours, which

- 2 shall not be suspended or served on probation, nor more than 90 days,
- 3 and shall forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways
- 4 of this State for a period of two years upon conviction, and, after the
- 5 expiration of said period, he may make application to the ¹[Director
- of the Division of Motor Vehicles administrator for a license to
- 7 operate a motor vehicle, which application may be granted at the
- 8 discretion of the ¹[director] <u>administrator</u>¹, consistent with subsection
- 9 (b) of this section. For a second violation, a person also shall be
- 10 required to install an ignition interlock device under the provisions of
- 11 P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.) or shall have his registration
- 12 certificate and registration plates revoked for two years under the
- 13 provisions of section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1).
- 14 (3) For a third or subsequent violation, a person shall be subject 15 to a fine of \$1,000.00, and shall be sentenced to ¹[90 days]¹ 16 imprisonment [for a term of not less than 180 days, except that the
- 17 court may lower such term for each day, not exceeding 90 days, 18 served performing community service in such form and on such terms
- served performing community service in such form and on such terms as the court shall deem appropriate under the circumstances 1 for a
- 20 term of not less than 180 days¹ in a county jail or workhouse ¹[and
- 21 ordered by the court to participate], except that the court may lower
- 22 <u>such term for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served participating</u>¹
- 23 <u>in a ¹[90-day]</u> drug or alcohol inpatient rehabilitation program
- 24 approved by the ¹[court] Intoxicated Driver Resource Center ¹and
- shall thereafter forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the
- highways of this State for 10 years. For a third or subsequent violation, a person also shall be required to install an ignition interlock
- 28 device under the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.)
- 29 or shall have his registration certificate and registration plates revoked
- 30 for 10 years under the provisions of section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286
- 31 (C.39:3-40.1).

As used in this section, the phrase "narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug" includes an inhalant or other substance

- containing a chemical capable of releasing any toxic vapors or fumes
- for the purpose of inducing a condition of intoxication, such as any
- 36 glue, cement or any other substance containing one or more of the
- following chemical compounds: acetone and acetate, amyl nitrite or
- amyl nitrate or their isomers, benzene, butyl alcohol, butyl nitrite,
- 39 butyl nitrate or their isomers, ethyl acetate, ethyl alcohol, ethyl nitrite
- 40 or ethyl nitrate, ethylene dichloride, isobutyl alcohol or isopropyl
- 41 alcohol, methyl alcohol, methyl ethyl ketone, nitrous oxide, n-propyl
- 42 alcohol, pentachlorophenol, petroleum ether, propyl ¹[nitrate] <u>nitrite</u>¹
- 43 or propyl nitrate or their isomers, toluene, toluol or xylene or any
- 44 other chemical substance capable of causing a condition of
- 45 intoxication, inebriation, excitement, stupefaction or the dulling of the

brain or nervous system as a result of the inhalation of the fumes or
vapors of such chemical substance.

Whenever an operator of a motor vehicle has been involved in an accident resulting in death, bodily injury or property damage, a police officer shall consider that fact along with all other facts and circumstances in determining whether there are reasonable grounds to believe that person was operating a motor vehicle in violation of this section.

A conviction of a violation of a law of a substantially similar nature in another jurisdiction, regardless of whether that jurisdiction is a signatory to the Interstate Driver License Compact pursuant to P.L.1966, c.73 (C.39:5D-1 et seq.), shall constitute a prior conviction under this subsection unless the defendant can demonstrate by clear and convincing evidence that the conviction in the other jurisdiction was based exclusively upon a violation of a proscribed blood alcohol concentration of less than 0.10%.

If the driving privilege of any person is under revocation or suspension for a violation of any provision of this Title or Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes at the time of any conviction for a violation of this section, the revocation or suspension period imposed shall commence as of the date of termination of the existing revocation or suspension period. In the case of any person who at the time of the imposition of sentence is less than 17 years of age, the forfeiture, suspension or revocation of the driving privilege imposed by the court under this section shall commence immediately, run through the offender's seventeenth birthday and continue from that date for the period set by the court pursuant to paragraphs (1) through (3) of this subsection. A court that imposes a term of imprisonment for a first or second offense under this section may sentence the person so convicted to the county jail, to the workhouse of the county wherein the offense was committed, to an inpatient rehabilitation program or to an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center or other facility approved by the chief of the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit in the Department of Health and Senior Services[; provided that for]. For a third or subsequent offense a person shall not serve a term of imprisonment at an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center as provided in subsection (f).

A person who has been convicted of a previous violation of this section need not be charged as a second or subsequent offender in the complaint made against him in order to render him liable to the punishment imposed by this section on a second or subsequent offender, but if the second offense occurs more than 10 years after the first offense, the court shall treat the second conviction as a first offense for sentencing purposes and if a third offense occurs more than 10 years after the second offense, the court shall treat the third conviction as a second offense for sentencing purposes.

(b) A person convicted under this section must satisfy the

1 screening, evaluation, referral, program and fee requirements of the 2 Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse's Intoxicated Driving Program 3 Unit, and of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers and a program 4 of alcohol and drug education and highway safety, as prescribed by the ¹[Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles] <u>administrator</u>¹. The 5 sentencing court shall inform the person convicted that failure to 6 7 satisfy such requirements shall result in a mandatory two-day term of 8 imprisonment in a county jail and a driver license revocation or 9 suspension and continuation of revocation or suspension until such 10 requirements are satisfied, unless stayed by court order in accordance with the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of New Jersey, or 11 R.S.39:5-22. Upon sentencing, the court shall forward to the Division 12 13 of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse's Intoxicated Driving Program Unit a copy of a person's conviction record. A fee of \$100.00 shall be 14 15 payable to the Alcohol Education, Rehabilitation and Enforcement 16 Fund established pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1983, c.531 17 (C.26:2B-32) to support the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit.

18 (c) Upon conviction of a violation of this section, the court shall 19 collect forthwith the New Jersey driver's license or licenses of the person so convicted and forward such license or licenses to the 20 ¹[Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles] <u>administrator</u>¹. The 21 court shall inform the person convicted that if he is convicted of 22 23 personally operating a motor vehicle during the period of license 24 suspension imposed pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, he shall, 25 upon conviction, be subject to the penalties established in R.S.39:3-40. 26 The person convicted shall be informed orally and in writing. A 27 person shall be required to acknowledge receipt of that written notice 28 in writing. Failure to receive a written notice or failure to acknowledge 29 in writing the receipt of a written notice shall not be a defense to a subsequent charge of a violation of R.S.39:3-40. In the event that a 30 31 person convicted under this section is the holder of any out-of-State driver's license, the court shall not collect the license but shall notify 32 forthwith the ¹[director] administrator ¹, who shall, in turn, notify 33 appropriate officials in the licensing jurisdiction. The court shall, 34 35 however, revoke the nonresident's driving privilege to operate a motor 36 vehicle in this State, in accordance with this section. Upon conviction of a violation of this section, the court shall notify the person 37 38 convicted, orally and in writing, of the penalties for a second, third or 39 subsequent violation of this section. A person shall be required to 40 acknowledge receipt of that written notice in writing. Failure to receive a written notice or failure to acknowledge in writing the 41 42 receipt of a written notice shall not be a defense to a subsequent charge of a violation of this section. 43 44

(d) The ¹[Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles] <u>administrator</u> shall promulgate rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.)

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1 in order to establish a program of alcohol education and highway 2 safety, as prescribed by this act.

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- (e) Any person accused of a violation of this section who is liable to punishment imposed by this section as a second or subsequent offender shall be entitled to the same rights of discovery as allowed defendants pursuant to the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of New Jersey.
- 8 (f) The counties, in cooperation with the Division of Alcoholism 9 and Drug Abuse and the ¹[Division of Motor Vehicles] commission¹, 10 but subject to the approval of the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse, shall designate and establish on a county or regional basis 11 Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers. These centers shall have the 12 capability of serving as community treatment referral centers and as 13 14 court monitors of a person's compliance with the ordered treatment, 15 service alternative or community service. All centers established 16 pursuant to this subsection shall be administered by a counselor 17 certified by the Alcohol and Drug Counselor Certification Board of 18 New Jersey or other professional with a minimum of five years' experience in the treatment of alcoholism. All centers shall be required 19 20 to develop individualized treatment plans for all persons attending the 21 centers; provided that the duration of any ordered treatment or referral 22 shall not exceed one year. It shall be the center's responsibility to 23 establish networks with the community alcohol and drug education, 24 treatment and rehabilitation resources and to receive monthly reports 25 from the referral agencies regarding a person's participation and compliance with the program. Nothing in this subsection shall bar 26 27 these centers from developing their own education and treatment 28 programs; provided that they are approved by the Division of 29 Alcoholism and Drug Abuse.

Upon a person's failure to report to the initial screening or any subsequent ordered referral, the Intoxicated Driver Resource Center shall promptly notify the sentencing court of the person's failure to comply.

Required detention periods at the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers shall be determined according to the individual treatment classification assigned by the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit. Upon attendance at an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center, a person shall be required to pay a per diem fee of \$75.00 for the first offender program or a per diem fee of \$100.00 for the second offender program, as appropriate. Any increases in the per diem fees after the first full year shall be determined pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services in consultation with the Governor's Council on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.).

The centers shall conduct a program of alcohol and drug education

and highway safety, as prescribed by the ¹[Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles] administrator¹.

The Commissioner of Health and Senior Services shall adopt rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), in order to effectuate the purposes of this subsection.

(g) When a violation of this section occurs while:

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- (1) on any school property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board, or within 1,000 feet of such school property;
- (2) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 if the municipality, by ordinance or resolution, has designated the school crossing as such; or
- 14 (3) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 15 knowing that juveniles are present if the municipality has not designated the school crossing as such by ordinance or resolution, the 16 17 convicted person shall: for a first offense, be fined not less than \$500 18 or more than \$800, be imprisoned for not more than 60 days and have 19 his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of not 20 less than one year or more than two years; for a second offense, be 21 fined not less than \$1,000 or more than \$2,000, perform community 22 service for a period of 60 days, be imprisoned for not less than 96 23 consecutive hours, which shall not be suspended or served on 24 probation, nor more than 180 days, except that the court may lower 25 such term for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served performing 26 community service in such form and on such terms as the court shall 27 deem appropriate under the circumstances and have his license to 28 operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of not less than four 29 years; and, for a third offense, be fined \$2,000, imprisoned for 180 days ¹in a county jail or workhouse, except that the court may lower 30 31 such term for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served participating in 32 a drug or alcohol inpatient rehabilitation program approved by the 33 <u>Intoxicated Driver Resource Center</u>, and have his license to operate 34 a motor vehicle suspended for a period of 20 years; the period of 35 license suspension shall commence upon the completion of any prison 36 sentence imposed upon that person.

A map or true copy of a map depicting the location and boundaries of the area on or within 1,000 feet of any property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board produced pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1987, c.101 (C.2C:35-7) may be used in a prosecution under paragraph (1) of this subsection.

It shall not be relevant to the imposition of sentence pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection that the defendant was unaware that the prohibited conduct took place while on or within 1,000 feet of any school property or while driving through a school crossing.

Nor shall it be relevant to the imposition of sentence that no juveniles 2 were present on the school property or crossing zone at the time of the 3 offense or that the school was not in session.

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- (h) A court also may order a person convicted pursuant to subsection a. of this section, to participate in a supervised visitation program as either a condition of probation or a form of community service, giving preference to those who were under the age of 21 at the time of the offense. Prior to ordering a person to participate in such a program, the court may consult with any person who may provide useful information on the defendant's physical, emotional and mental suitability for the visit to ensure that it will not cause any injury to the defendant. The court also may order that the defendant participate in a counseling session under the supervision of the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit prior to participating in the supervised visitation program. The supervised visitation program shall be at one or more of the following facilities which have agreed to participate in the program under the supervision of the facility's personnel and the probation department:
- (1) a trauma center, critical care center or acute care hospital having basic emergency services, which receives victims of motor vehicle accidents for the purpose of observing appropriate victims of drunk drivers and victims who are, themselves, drunk drivers;
- (2) a facility which cares for advanced alcoholics or drug abusers, to observe persons in the advanced stages of alcoholism or drug abuse; or
- (3) if approved by a county medical examiner, the office of the county medical examiner or a public morgue to observe appropriate victims of vehicle accidents involving drunk drivers.

As used in this section, "appropriate victim" means a victim whose condition is determined by the facility's supervisory personnel and the probation officer to be appropriate for demonstrating the results of accidents involving drunk drivers without being unnecessarily gruesome or traumatic to the defendant.

If at any time before or during a visitation the facility's supervisory personnel and the probation officer determine that the visitation may be or is traumatic or otherwise inappropriate for that defendant, the visitation shall be terminated without prejudice to the defendant. The program may include a personal conference after the visitation, which may include the sentencing judge or the judge who coordinates the program for the court, the defendant, defendant's counsel, and, if available, the defendant's parents to discuss the visitation and its effect on the defendant's future conduct. If a personal conference is not practicable because of the defendant's absence from the jurisdiction, conflicting time schedules, or any other reason, the court shall require the defendant to submit a written report concerning the visitation experience and its impact on the defendant. The county, a court, any

1 facility visited pursuant to the program, any agents, employees, or 2 independent contractors of the court, county, or facility visited 3 pursuant to the program, and any person supervising a defendant 4 during the visitation, are not liable for any civil damages resulting from injury to the defendant, or for civil damages associated with the 5 visitation which are caused by the defendant, except for willful or 6 grossly negligent acts intended to, or reasonably expected to result in, 7

The Supreme Court may adopt court rules or directives to effectuate the purposes of this subsection.

(i) In addition to any other fine, fee, or other charge imposed pursuant to law, the court shall assess a person convicted of a violation of the provisions of this section a surcharge of \$100, of which amount \$50 shall be payable to the municipality in which the conviction was obtained and \$50 shall be payable to the Treasurer of the State of New Jersey for deposit into the General Fund.

(cf: P.L.2002, c.34, s.17)

that injury or damage.

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3. R.S.39:4-51 is amended to read as follows:

A person who has been convicted of [violating] a first or second violation of section 39:4-50 of this Title, and in pursuance thereof has been imprisoned in a county jail or workhouse in the county in which the offense was committed, shall not, after commitment, be released therefrom until the term of imprisonment imposed has been served. A person imprisoned in the county jail or workhouse may in the discretion of the court, be released on a work release program.

No warden or other officer having custody of the county jail or workhouse shall release therefrom a person so committed, unless the person has been released by the court on a work release program, until the sentence has been served. A person sentenced to an inpatient rehabilitation program may upon petition by the treating agency be released, by the court, to an outpatient rehabilitation program for the duration of the original sentence.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to interfere in any way with the operation of a writ of habeas corpus, a proceeding in lieu of the prerogative writs, or an appeal.

The ¹[director] <u>administrator</u> shall adopt such rules and regulations to effectuate the provisions of this section as he shall deem necessary.

(cf: P.L.1977, c.29, s.5)

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4. This act shall take effect immediately.

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46 "Michael's Law;" imposes mandatory jail time and rehabilitation for

47 third or subsequent drunk driving offenses.

ASSEMBLY, No. 3342

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 210th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 13, 2003

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman NICHOLAS ASSELTA
District 1 (Cape May, Atlantic and Cumberland)
Assemblyman JEFF VAN DREW
District 1 (Cape May, Atlantic and Cumberland)

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblyman Ahearn

SYNOPSIS

"Michael's Law;" criminalizes third or subsequent drunk driving offenses.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 3/4/2003)

AN ACT concerning driving while under the influence, supplementing
Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes and amending various sections
of the statutory law.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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1. (New section) This act shall be known and may be cited as "Michael's Law."

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11 2. (New section) a. A person who operates a motor vehicle while 12 under the influence of intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or 13 habit-producing drug, or operates a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol 14 concentration of 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol in the 15 defendant's blood or permits another person who is under the influence 16 of intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug 17 to operate a motor vehicle owned by him or in his custody or control or permits another to operate a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol 18 concentration of 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol in the 19 defendant's blood shall for a third or subsequent violation be guilty of 20 a crime of the fourth degree and, notwithstanding the provisions of 21 22 subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:43-2, shall forfeit his right to operate a 23 motor vehicle over the highways of this State for 10 years. In 24 addition, the person shall be sentenced to imprisonment for a term of 25 not less than 180 days, except that the court may lower such term for 26 each day, not exceeding 90 days, of participation in a rehabilitation

If such third or subsequent violation occurs while:

program for drug and alcohol dependent persons.

- (1) on any school property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board, or within 1,000 feet of such school property;
- (2) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 if the municipality, by ordinance or resolution, has designated the school crossing as such; or
- (3) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 knowing that juveniles are present and if the municipality has not designated the school crossing as such by ordinance or resolution, the convicted person shall be guilty of a crime of the third degree and, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:43-2, shall forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for 20 years.
- If the driving privilege of any person is under revocation or suspension for a violation of any provision of this Title or Title 39 of

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

1 the Revised Statutes at the time of any conviction for a violation of 2 this section, the revocation or suspension period imposed shall 3 commence as of the date of termination of the existing revocation or 4 suspension period. In the case of any person who at the time of the imposition of sentence is less than 17 years of age, the forfeiture, 5 6 suspension or revocation of the driving privilege imposed by the court 7 under this section shall commence immediately, run through the 8 offender's seventeenth birthday and continue from that date for the 9 period set by the court. A court that imposes a term of imprisonment 10 under this section may sentence the person so convicted to the county 11 jail, to the workhouse of the county wherein the offense was 12 committed, to an inpatient rehabilitation program or other facility 13 approved by the chief of the Intoxicated Driving Program of the 14 Division of Addiction Services in the Department of Health and Senior 15 Services.

b. Pursuant to the requirements set forth in R.S.39:4-50, a person 16 convicted under this section shall satisfy the screening, evaluation, 17 18 referral, program and fee requirements of the Division of Addiction 19 Services' Intoxicated Driving Program, and of the Intoxicated Driver 20 Resource Centers and a program of alcohol education and highway 21 safety, as prescribed by the Director of the Division of Motor 22 Vehicles. The sentencing court shall inform the person convicted that 23 failure to satisfy such requirements shall result in a mandatory two-day 24 term of imprisonment in a county jail and a driver license revocation 25 or suspension and continuation of revocation or suspension until such 26 requirements are satisfied, unless stayed by court order in accordance 27 with Rule 7:8-2 of the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of 28 New Jersey, or R.S.39:5-22. Upon sentencing, the court shall forward 29 to the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit a copy of a person's 30 conviction record. A fee of \$100 shall be payable to the Alcohol 31 Education, Rehabilitation and Enforcement Fund established pursuant 32 to section 3 of P.L.1983, c.531 (C.26:2B-32) to support the 33 Intoxicated Driving Program.

c. Upon conviction of a violation of this section, the court shall collect forthwith the New Jersey driver's license or licenses of the person so convicted and forward such license or licenses to the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The court shall inform the person convicted that if he is convicted of personally operating a motor vehicle during the period of license suspension imposed pursuant to subsection a. of this section, he shall, upon conviction, be subject to the penalties established in R.S.39:3-40. The person convicted shall be informed orally and in writing. A person shall be required to acknowledge receipt of that written notice in writing. Failure to receive a written notice or failure to acknowledge in writing the receipt of a written notice shall not be a defense to a subsequent charge of a violation of R.S.39:3-40. In the event that a person

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- 1 convicted under this section is the holder of any out of State driver's
- 2 license, the court shall not collect the license but shall notify forthwith
- 3 the director, who shall, in turn, notify appropriate officials in the
- 4 licensing jurisdiction. The court shall, however, revoke the
- 5 nonresident's driving privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this State,
- 6 in accordance with this section.

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- 3. N.J.S.2C:11-5 is amended to read as follows:
- 9 2C:11-5. Death by auto or vessel. a. Criminal homicide 10 constitutes vehicular homicide when it is caused by driving a vehicle 11 or vessel recklessly.
- b. Except as provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection, vehicular
 homicide is a crime of the second degree.
- 14 (1) If the defendant was operating the auto or vessel while under 15 the influence of any intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug, or with a blood alcohol concentration at or 16 above the prohibited level as prescribed in R.S.39:4-50 and section 2 17 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this 18 19 bill), or if the defendant was operating the auto or vessel while his 20 driver's license or reciprocity privilege was suspended or revoked for 21 any violation of R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now 22 pending before the Legislature as this bill), as applicable, section 2 of 23 P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a), by the Director of the Division of 24 Motor Vehicles pursuant to P.L.1982, c.85 (C.39:5-30a et seq.), or by 25 the court for a violation of R.S.39:4-96, the defendant shall be 26 sentenced to a term of imprisonment by the court. The term of 27 imprisonment shall include the imposition of a minimum term. The minimum term shall be fixed at, or between, one-third and one-half of 28 29 the sentence imposed by the court or three years, whichever is greater,
- 31 (2) The court shall not impose a mandatory sentence pursuant to 32 paragraph (1) of this subsection unless the grounds therefor have been established at a hearing. At the hearing, which may occur at the time 33 34 of sentencing, the prosecutor shall establish by a preponderance of the 35 evidence that the defendant was operating the auto or vessel while 36 under the influence of any intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic 37 or habit-producing drug, or with a blood alcohol concentration at or 38 above the level prescribed in R.S.39:4-50 and section 2 of P.L. , 39 (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill), as 40 applicable, or that the defendant was operating the auto or vessel 41 while his driver's license or reciprocity privilege was suspended or 42 revoked for any violation of R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L., c. 43) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill), section 2 of 44 P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a), by the Director of the Division of 45 Motor Vehicles pursuant to P.L.1982, c.85 (C.39:5-30a et seq.), or by the court for a violation of R.S.39:4-96. In making its findings, the 46

during which the defendant shall be ineligible for parole.

- 1 court shall take judicial notice of any evidence, testimony or 2 information adduced at the trial, plea hearing, or other court 3 proceedings and shall also consider the presentence report and any 4 other relevant information.
 - (3) Vehicular homicide is a crime of the first degree if the defendant was operating the auto or vessel while in violation of R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a) while:

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- 8 (a) on any school property used for school purposes which is 9 owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school 10 board, or within 1,000 feet of such school property;
 - (b) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 if the municipality, by ordinance or resolution, has designated the school crossing as such; or
 - (c) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 knowing that juveniles are present if the municipality has not designated the school crossing as such by ordinance or resolution.

A map or true copy of a map depicting the location and boundaries of the area on or within 1,000 feet of any property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board produced pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1997, c.101 (C.2C:35-7) may be used in a prosecution under subparagraph (a) of this paragraph.

- It shall be no defense to a prosecution for a violation of subparagraph (a) or (b) of this paragraph that the defendant was unaware that the prohibited conduct took place while on or within 1,000 feet of any school property or while driving through a school crossing. Nor shall it be a defense to a prosecution under subparagraph (a) or (b) of this paragraph that no juveniles were present on the school property or crossing zone at the time of the offense or that the school was not in session.
- (4) If the defendant was operating the auto or vessel in violation of R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a), the defendant's license to operate a motor vehicle shall be suspended for a period of between five years and life, which period shall commence upon completion of any prison sentence imposed upon that person.
- c. For good cause shown, the court may, in accepting a plea of guilty under this section, order that such plea not be evidential in any civil proceeding.
- d. Nothing herein shall be deemed to preclude, if the evidence so warrants, an indictment and conviction for aggravated manslaughter under the provisions of subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:11-4.
- As used in this section, "auto or vessel" means all means of conveyance propelled otherwise than by muscular power.
- e. Any person who violates paragraph (3) of subsection b. of this section shall forfeit the auto or vessel used in the commission of the offense, unless the defendant can establish at a hearing, which may

1 occur at the time of sentencing, by a preponderance of the evidence

- 2 that such forfeiture would constitute a serious hardship to the family
- of the defendant that outweighs the need to deter such conduct by the 3
- 4 defendant and others. In making its findings, the court shall take
- judicial notice of any evidence, testimony or information adduced at 5
- 6 the trial, plea hearing, or other court proceedings and shall also
- 7 consider the presentence report and any other relevant information.
- 8 Forfeiture pursuant to this subsection shall be in addition to, and not
- 9 in lieu of, civil forfeiture pursuant to chapter 64 of this title.
- 10 (cf: P.L.1999, c.185, s.1.)

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- 12 4. Section 2 of P.L.1979, c.396 (C.2C:43-3.1) is amended to read 13
 - as follows:
- 2. a. (1) In addition to any disposition made pursuant to the 15 provisions of N.J.S.2C:43-2, any person convicted of a crime of
- violence, theft of an automobile pursuant to N.J.S.2C:20-2, eluding a 16
- 17 law enforcement officer pursuant to subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:29-2 or
- 18 unlawful taking of a motor vehicle pursuant to subsection b., c. or d.
- 19 of N.J.S.2C:20-10 shall be assessed at least \$100.00, but not to exceed
- 20 \$10,000.00 for each such crime for which he was convicted which
- 21 resulted in the injury or death of another person. In imposing this
- 22 assessment, the court shall consider factors such as the severity of the
- 23 crime, the defendant's criminal record, defendant's ability to pay and
- the economic impact of the assessment on the defendant's dependents. 24
- 25 (2) (a) In addition to any other disposition made pursuant to the
- 26 provisions of N.J.S.2C:43-2 or any other statute imposing sentences
- 27 for crimes, any person convicted of any disorderly persons offense, any
- petty disorderly persons offense, or any crime not resulting in the 28
- 29 injury or death of any other person shall be assessed \$50.00 for each
- 30 such offense or crime for which he was convicted.
- 31 (b) In addition to any other disposition made pursuant to the
- 32 provisions of section 24 of P.L.1982, c.77 (C.2A:4A-43) or any other
- 33 statute indicating the dispositions that can be ordered for adjudications
- 34 of delinquency, any juvenile adjudicated delinquent, according to the
- definition of "delinquency" established in section 4 of P.L.1982, c.77 35 (C.2A:4A-23), shall be assessed at least \$30.00 for each such 36
- 37 adjudication, but not to exceed the amount which could be assessed 38 pursuant to paragraph (1) or paragraph (2) (a) of subsection a. of this
- 39 section if the offense was committed by an adult.
- 40 (c) In addition to any other assessment imposed pursuant to the
- 41 provisions of R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now
- 42 pending before the Legislature as this bill), the provisions of section
- 43 12 of P.L.1990, c.103 (C.39:3-10.20) relating to a violation of section
- 44 5 of P.L.1990, c.103 (C.39:3-10.13), the provisions of section 19 of
- 45 P.L.1954, c.236 (C.12:7-34.19) or the provisions of section 3 of
- P.L.1952, c.157 (C.12:7-46), any person convicted of operating a 46

1 motor vehicle, commercial motor vehicle or vessel while under the 2 influence of liquor or drugs shall be assessed \$50.00.

- 3 (d) In addition to any term or condition that may be included in an agreement for supervisory treatment pursuant to N.J.S.2C:43-13 or imposed as a term or condition of conditional discharge pursuant to N.J.S.2C:36A-1, a participant in either program shall be required to pay an assessment of \$50.00.
- 8 (3) All assessments provided for in this section shall be collected 9 as provided in section 3 of P.L.1979, c.396 (C.2C:46-4) and the court shall so order at the time of sentencing. When a defendant who is 10 11 sentenced to incarceration in a State correctional facility has not, at the time of sentencing, paid an assessment for the crime for which he 12 13 is being sentenced or an assessment imposed for a previous crime, the 14 court shall specifically order the Department of Corrections to collect 15 the assessment during the period of incarceration and to deduct the assessment from any income the inmate receives as a result of labor 16 17 performed at the institution or on any work release program or from 18 any personal account established in the institution for the benefit of the 19 inmate. All moneys collected, whether in part or in full payment of 20 any assessment imposed pursuant to this section, shall be forwarded 21 monthly by the parties responsible for collection, together with a 22 monthly accounting on forms prescribed by the Victims of Crime 23 Compensation Board pursuant to section 19 of P.L.1991, c.329 24 (C.52:4B-8.1), to the Victims of Crime Compensation Board.
- 25 (4) The Victims of Crime Compensation Board shall forward 26 monthly all moneys received from assessments collected pursuant to 27 this section to the State Treasury for deposit as follows:
- 28 (a) Of moneys collected on assessments imposed pursuant to 29 paragraph a. (1):
- 30 (i) the first \$72.00 collected for deposit in the Victims of Crime 31 Compensation Board Account,
- (ii) the next \$3.00 collected for deposit in the Criminal Dispositionand Revenue Collection Fund,
- (iii) the next \$25.00 collected for deposit in the Victim Witness
 Advocacy Fund, and
- 36 (iv) moneys collected in excess of \$100.00 for deposit in the 37 Victims of Crime Compensation Board Account;
- 38 (b) Of moneys collected on assessments imposed pursuant to paragraph a. (2) (a), (c) or (d):
- 40 (i) the first \$39.00 collected for deposit in the Victims of Crime 41 Compensation Board Account,
- 42 (ii) the next \$3.00 collected for deposit in the Criminal Disposition 43 and Revenue Collection Fund, and
- 44 (iii) the next \$8.00 collected for deposit in the Victim and Witness 45 Advocacy Fund;
- 46 (c) Of moneys collected on assessments imposed pursuant to

- 1 paragraph a. (2) (b):
- 2 (i) the first \$17.00 for deposit in the Victims of Crime
- 3 Compensation Board Account, and
- 4 (ii) the next \$3.00 collected for deposit in the Criminal Disposition
- 5 and Revenue Collection Fund, and
- 6 (iii) the next \$10.00 for deposit in the Victim and Witness 7 Advocacy Fund, and
- 8 (iv) moneys collected in excess of \$30.00 for deposit in the Victims 9 of Crime Compensation Board Account.
- 10 (5) The Victims of Crime Compensation Board shall provide the
- 11 Attorney General with a monthly accounting of moneys received,
- 12 deposited and identified as receivable, on forms prescribed pursuant
- 13 to section 19 of P.L.1991, c.329 (C.52:4B-8.1).
- 14 (6) (a) The Victims of Crime Compensation Board Account shall
- be a separate, nonlapsing, revolving account that shall be administered
- 16 by the Victims of Crime Compensation Board. All moneys deposited
- 17 in that Account shall be used in satisfying claims pursuant to the
- provisions of the "Criminal Injuries Compensation Act of 1971,"
- 19 P.L.1971, c.317 (C.52:4B-1 et seq.) and for related administrative
- 20 costs.
- 21 (b) The Criminal Disposition and Revenue Collection Fund shall be
- 22 a separate, nonlapsing, revolving account that shall be administered by
- 23 the Victims of Crime Compensation Board. All moneys deposited in
- that Fund shall be used as provided in section 19 of P.L.1991, c.329
- 25 (C.52:4B-8.1).
- 26 (c) The Victim and Witness Advocacy Fund shall be a separate,
- 27 nonlapsing, revolving fund and shall be administered by the Division
- 28 of Criminal Justice, Department of Law and Public Safety and all
- 29 moneys deposited in that Fund pursuant to this section shall be used
- 30 for the benefit of victims and witnesses of crime as provided in section
- 31 20 of P.L.1991, c.329 (C.52:4B-43.1) and for related administrative
- 32 costs.
- 33 b. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1991, c.329).
- 34 c. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1991, c.329).
- 35 d. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1991, c.329).
- 36 (cf: P.L.1995, c.135, s.1)

- 38 5. Section 6 of P.L.1983, c.65 (C.17:29A-35) is amended to read as follows:
- 40 6. a. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1997, c.151.)
- b. There is created a New Jersey Merit Rating Plan which shall
- 42 apply to all drivers and shall include, but not be limited to, the
- 43 following provisions
- 44 (1) (a) Plan surcharges shall be levied, beginning on or after January
- 45 1, 1984, by the New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission (hereafter the
- 46 "commission") established by section 4 of P.L.2003, c.13 (C.39:2A-4)

- 1 on any driver who, in the preceding 36-month period, has accumulated
- 2 six or more motor vehicle points, as provided in Title 39 of the
- 3 Revised Statutes; except that the allowance for a reduction of points
- 4 in Title 39 of the Revised Statutes shall not apply for the purpose of
- determining surcharges under this paragraph. The accumulation of 5
- 6 points shall be calculated as of the date the point violation is posted to
- 7 the driver history record and shall be levied pursuant to rules
- promulgated by the commission. Surcharges assessed pursuant to this 9 paragraph shall be \$100.00 for six points, and \$25.00 for each
- 10 additional point. No offense shall be selected for billing which
- 11 occurred prior to February 10, 1983. No offense shall be considered
- 12 for billing in more than three annual assessments

- (b) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1984, c.1.)
- 14 (2) Plan surcharges shall be levied for convictions (a) under
- 15 R.S.39:4-50 for violations occurring on or after February 10, 1983,
- and under section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the 16
- 17 <u>Legislature as this bill</u>) and (b) under section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512
- 18 (C.39:4-50.4a), or for offenses committed in other jurisdictions of a
- 19 substantially similar nature to those under R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of
- 20 P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill).
- 21 or section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a), for violations
- 22 occurring on or after January 26, 1984. Except as hereinafter
- 23 provided, surcharges under this paragraph shall be levied annually for
- 24 a three-year period, and shall be \$1,000.00 per year for each of the
- 25 first two convictions, for a total surcharge of \$3,000 for each
- 26 conviction, and \$1,500.00 per year for the third conviction occurring
- 27 within a three-year period, for a total surcharge of \$4,500 for the third
- conviction. If a driver is convicted under [both] either R.S.39:4-50 or 28 section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as 29
- this bill) and section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a) for offenses 30
- 31 arising out of the same incident, the driver shall be assessed only one
- 32 surcharge for the two offenses.
- 33 If, upon written notification from the commission or its designee,
- 34 mailed to the last address of record with the commission, a driver fails
- 35 to pay a surcharge levied under this subsection, the driving privilege
- 36 of the driver shall be suspended forthwith until the minimum payment
- 37 requirement as set forth by rule by the commission is paid to the
- 38 commission; except that the commission may authorize payment of the
- 39 surcharge on an installment basis over a period not to exceed 12
- 40 months for assessments under \$2,300 or 24 months for assessments of
- 41 \$2,300 or more. If a driver fails to pay the surcharge or any
- 42 installments on the surcharge, the total surcharge shall become due
- 43 immediately, except as otherwise prescribed by rule of the commission.
- 44 The commission may authorize any person to pay the surcharge 45 levied under this section by use of a credit card, debit card or other
- electronic payment device, and the administrator is authorized to 46

A3342 ASSELTA, VAN DREW

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1 require the person to pay all costs incurred by the commission in 2 connection with the acceptance of the credit card, debit card or other 3 electronic payment device. If a surcharge or related administrative fee 4 is paid by credit or debit cards or any other electronic payment device and the amount is subsequently reversed by the credit card company 5 6 or bank, the driving privilege of the surcharged driver shall be suspended and the driver shall be subject to the fee imposed for 7 8 dishonored checks pursuant to section 31 of P.L.1994, c.60 9 (C.39:5-36.1).

10 In addition to any other remedy provided by law, the commission 11 is authorized to utilize the provisions of the SOIL (Set off of 12 Individual Liability) program established pursuant to P.L.1981, c.239 13 (C.54A:9-8.1 et seq.) to collect any surcharge levied under this section 14 that is unpaid on or after the effective date of this act. As an additional 15 remedy, the commission may issue a certificate to the Clerk of the Superior Court stating that the person identified in the certificate is 16 indebted under this surcharge law in such amount as shall be stated in 17 18 the certificate. The certificate shall reference the statute under which 19 the indebtedness arises. Thereupon the clerk to whom such certificate 20 shall have been issued shall immediately enter upon the record of 21 docketed judgments the name of such person as debtor; the State as 22 creditor; the address of such person, if shown in the certificate; the 23 amount of the debt so certified; a reference to the statute under which the surcharge is assessed, and the date of making such entries. The 24 25 docketing of the entries shall have the same force and effect as a civil 26 judgment docketed in the Superior Court, and the commission shall 27 have all the remedies and may take all of the proceedings for the 28 collection thereof which may be had or taken upon the recovery of a 29 judgment in an action, but without prejudice to any right of appeal. 30 Upon entry by the clerk of the certificate in the record of docketed judgments in accordance with this provision, interest in the amount 31 32 specified by the court rules for post-judgment interest shall accrue 33 from the date of the docketing of the certificate, however payment of 34 the interest may be waived by the commission or its designee. In the 35 event that the surcharge remains unpaid following the issuance of the 36 certificate of debt and the commission takes any further collection 37 action including referral of the matter to the Attorney General or his 38 designee, the fee imposed, in lieu of the actual cost of collection, may 39 be 20 percent of surcharges of \$1,000 or more. The administrator or 40 his designee may establish a sliding scale, not to exceed a maximum 41 amount of \$200, for surcharge principal amounts of less than \$1,000 42 at the time the certificate of debt is forwarded to the Superior Court 43 for filing. The commission shall provide written notification to a 44 driver of the proposed filing of the certificate of debt at least 10 days 45 prior to the proposed filing; such notice shall be mailed to the driver's last address of record with the commission. If a certificate of debt is 46

satisfied following a credit card payment, debit card payment or payment by other electronic payment device and that payment is reversed, a new certificate of debt shall be filed against the surcharged

4 driver unless the original is reinstated.

If the administrator or his designee approves a special payment plan for repayment of the certificate of debt, and the driver is complying with the approved plan, the plan may be continued for any new surcharge not part of the certificate of debt.

9 All moneys collectible under this subsection b. shall be billed and 10 collected by the commission except as provided in P.L.1997, c.280 11 (C.2B:19-10 et al.) for the collection of unpaid surcharges. 12 Commencing on September 1, 1996, or such earlier time as the 13 Commissioner of Banking and Insurance shall certify to the State 14 Treasurer that amounts on deposit in the New Jersey Automobile 15 Insurance Guaranty Fund are sufficient to satisfy the current and anticipated financial obligations of the New Jersey Automobile Full 16 17 Insurance Underwriting Association, all plan surcharges collected by 18 the commission under this subsection b. shall be remitted to the 19 Division of Motor Vehicles Surcharge Fund for transfer to the Market 20 Transition Facility Revenue Fund, as provided in section 12 of 21 P.L.1994, c.57 (C.34:1B-21.12), for the purposes of section 4 of 22 P.L.1994, c.57 (C.34:1B-21.4) until such a time as all the Market 23 Transition Facility bonds, notes and obligations and all Motor Vehicle 24 Commission bonds, notes and obligations issued pursuant to that 25 section 4 of P.L.1994, c.57 (C.34:1B-21.4) and the costs thereof are 26 discharged and no longer outstanding. From the date of certification 27 by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance that the moneys 28 collectible under this subsection are no longer needed to fund the 29 association or at such a time as all Market Transition Facility bonds, 30 notes and obligations issued pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1994, c.57 31 (C.34:1B-21.4) and the costs thereof are discharged and no longer 32 outstanding moneys collectible under this subsection shall, subject to 33 appropriation, be remitted to the New Jersey Property-Liability 34 Insurance Guaranty Association created pursuant to section 6 of 35 P.L.1974, c.17 (C.17:30A-6) to be used for payment of any loans 36 made by that association to the New Jersey Automobile Insurance 37 Guaranty Fund pursuant to paragraph (10) of subsection a. of section 38 8 of P.L.1974, c.17 (C.17:30A-8); provided that all such payments 39 shall be subject to and dependent upon appropriation by the State 40

Legislature.

(3) In addition to any other authority provided in P.L.1983, c.65 (C.17:29A-33 et al.), the commissioner, after consultation with the commission, is specifically authorized (a) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.64), (b) to impose, in accordance with paragraph (1)(a) of this subsection, surcharges for motor vehicle violations or convictions for which motor vehicle points are not assessed under Title 39 of the

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- 1 Revised Statutes, or (c) to reduce the number of points for which
- 2 surcharges may be assessed below the level provided in paragraph
- 3 (1)(a) of this subsection, except that the dollar amount of all
- 4 surcharges levied under the New Jersey Merit Rating Plan shall be
- 5 uniform on a Statewide basis for each filer, without regard to
- 6 classification or territory. Surcharges adopted by the commissioner on
- 7 or after January 1, 1984 for motor vehicle violations or convictions for
- 8 which motor vehicle points are not assessable under Title 39 of the
- 9 Revised Statutes shall not be retroactively applied but shall take effect
- on the date of the New Jersey Register in which notice of adoption
- 11 appears or the effective date set forth in that notice, whichever is later.
- 12 c. No motor vehicle violation surcharges shall be levied on an

automobile insurance policy issued or renewed on or after January 1,

- 14 1984, except in accordance with the New Jersey Merit Rating Plan,
- and all surcharges levied thereunder shall be assessed, collected and
- 16 distributed in accordance with subsection b. of this section.
- d. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1990, c.8.)
- 18 e. The Commissioner of Banking and Insurance and the
- 19 commission as may be appropriate, shall adopt any rules and
- 20 regulations necessary or appropriate to effectuate the purposes of this
- 21 section
- 22 (cf: P.L.2003, c.13, s.31)

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- 24 6. Section 25 of P.L.1990, c.8 (C.17:33B-13) is amended to read 25 as follows:
- 25. As used in sections 25 through 33 of [this 1990 amendatory and supplementary act] P.L.1990, c.8 (C.17:33B-1 et al.):
- 28 "Automobile" means an automobile as defined in section 2 of
- 29 P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-2).
- 30 "Automobile insurance" means insurance for an automobile
- 31 including coverage for bodily injury liability and property damage
- 32 liability, comprehensive and collision coverages, uninsured and
- 33 underinsured motorist coverage, personal injury protection coverage,
- 34 additional personal injury protection coverage and any other
- 35 automobile insurance required by law.
- 36 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Insurance.
- 37 "Declination" means:
 - a. Refusal by an insurance agent to submit an application on behalf of an applicant to any of the insurers represented by the agent;
- b. Refusal by an insurer to issue an automobile insurance policy to an eligible person upon receipt of an application for automobile
- 42 insurance;

- c. The offer of automobile insurance coverage with less favorable
- 44 terms or conditions than those requested by an eligible person; or
- d. The refusal by an insurer or agent to provide, upon the request
- of an eligible person, an application form or other means of making an

1 application or request for automobile insurance coverage.

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"Automobile insurance eligibility points" means points calculated under the schedule promulgated by the commissioner pursuant to section 26 of this act.

"Eligible person" means a person who is an owner or registrant of an automobile registered in this State or who holds a valid New Jersey driver's license to operate an automobile, but does not include any person:

- 9 Who, during the three-year period immediately preceding 10 application for, or renewal of, an automobile insurance policy has been convicted pursuant to R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of P.L., c. 11)(now pending before the Legislature as this bill), or section 2 12 13 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a), or for an offense of a substantially 14 similar nature committed in another jurisdiction; has been convicted of 15 a crime of the first, second or third degree resulting from the use of a motor vehicle; or has been convicted of theft of a motor vehicle; 16
 - b. Whose driver's license to operate an automobile is under suspension or revocation;
 - c. Who has been convicted, within the five-year period immediately preceding application for or renewal of a policy of automobile insurance, of fraud or intent to defraud involving an insurance claim or an application for insurance; or who has been successfully denied, within the immediately preceding five years, payment by an insurer of a claim in excess of \$1,000 under an automobile insurance policy, if there was evidence of fraud or intent to defraud involving the automobile insurance claim or application;
 - d. Whose policy of automobile insurance has been canceled because of nonpayment of premium or financed premium within the immediately preceding two-year period, unless the premium due on a policy for which application has been made is paid in full before issuance or renewal of the policy;
- 32 e. Who fails to obtain or maintain membership or qualification for membership in a club, group, or organization, if membership is a 33 34 uniform requirement of the insurer as a condition of providing insurance, and if the dues or charges, if any, or other conditions for 35 membership or qualifications for membership are applied uniformly 36 37 throughout this State, are not expressed as a percentage of the 38 insurance premium, and do not vary with respect to the rating 39 classification of the member or potential member except for the 40 purpose of offering a membership fee to family units. Membership 41 fees, if applicable, may vary in accordance with the amount or type of 42 coverage if the purchase of additional coverage, either as to type or 43 amount, is not a condition for reduction of dues or fees;
- f. Whose driving record for the three year period immediately preceding application for or renewal of a policy of automobile insurance has an accumulation of automobile insurance eligibility

- 1 points as determined under the schedule promulgated by the
- 2 commissioner pursuant to section 26 of [this act] P.L.1990, c.8
- $3 \quad (C.17:33B-14)$; or
- g. Who possesses such other risk factors as determined to be relevant by rule or regulation of the commissioner.
- 6 "Insurance agent" or "agent" means an insurance agent as defined
- 7 by subsection f. of section 2 of P.L.1987, c.293 (C.17:22A-2) and
- 8 shall also include an insurance broker as defined by subsection g. of
- 9 section 2 of P.L.1987, c.293 (C.17:22A-2) who has a brokerage
- 10 relationship with an insurer.
- 11 "Insurer" means any insurer authorized or admitted to write
- 12 automobile insurance in this State, but does not include the New
- 13 Jersey Automobile Full Insurance Underwriting Association created
- 14 pursuant to sections 13 through 34 of P.L.1983, c.65 (C.17:30E-1 et
- 15 seq.) or any residual market mechanism implemented pursuant to
- 16 section 1 of P.L.1970, c.215 (C.17:29D-1).
- 17 (cf: P.L.1990, c.8, s.25)

- 7. Section 2 of P.L.1991, c.452 (C.27:5F-37) is amended to read as follows:
- 2. To qualify for certification as an instructor of the motorcycle
- 22 safety education course established pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1991,
- 23 c.452 (C.27:5F-36), a person shall:
- a. be the holder of a motorcycle operator's license or endorsement
- 25 issued by any state;
- b. have at least two years of motorcycle riding experience;
- c. have no record of a suspension or revocation of his driver's
- license or motorcycle license or endorsement during the past two vears;
- d. have no convictions for violating the provisions of R.S.39:4-50
- 31 or section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the
- 32 <u>Legislature as this bill</u>) during the past five years;
- e. have accumulated no more than four points assessed against his
- 34 driver's license or motorcycle license or endorsement by the director
- 35 for motor vehicle offenses during the past two years;
- f. be the holder of a current Motorcycle Safety Foundation
- 37 certification as a motorcycle instructor; and
- g. meet such other requirements as the Director of the Office of
- 39 Highway Traffic Safety may deem appropriate and necessary.
- 40 Any person who meets the requirements set forth in this section
- 41 may apply to the Director of the Office of Highway Traffic Safety to
- 42 be certified as a motorcycle safety education instructor. The
- 43 application shall be in writing and contain such information as the
- 44 director shall require. No certification fee shall be charged by the
- 45 director. A certification so issued shall be valid during such period as
- 46 the instructor meets the requirements of subsections a. through g. of

- 1 this section.
- 2 A person who holds a valid instructor's license issued pursuant to
- 3 section 5 of P.L.1951, c.216 (C.39:12-5) may apply to the Director of
- 4 the Division of Motor Vehicles for a motorcycle safety education
- 5 instructor endorsement as provided for in section 5 of P.L.1951, c.216
- 6 (C.39:12-5).
- 7 (cf: P.L.1991, c.452, s.2)

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- 9 8. Section 11 of P.L.1971, c.317 (C.52:4B-11) is amended to read as follows:
- 11 11. The board may order the payment of compensation in

accordance with the provisions of this act for personal injury or death

- which resulted from:
- a. an attempt to prevent the commission of crime or to arrest a
- 15 suspected criminal or in aiding or attempting to aid a police officer so
- 16 to do, or
- b. the commission or attempt to commit any of the following
- 18 offenses:
- 19 (1) aggravated assault;
- 20 (2) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1995, c.135).
- 21 (3) threats to do bodily harm;
- 22 (4) lewd, indecent, or obscene acts;
- 23 (5) indecent acts with children;
- 24 (6) kidnapping;
- 25 (7) murder;
- 26 (8) manslaughter;
- 27 (9) aggravated sexual assault, sexual assault, aggravated criminal
- 28 sexual contact, criminal sexual contact;
- 29 (10) any other crime involving violence including domestic
- 30 violence as defined by section 3 of P.L.1981, c.426 (C.2C:25-3) or
- 31 section 3 of P.L.1991, c.261 (C.2C:25-19);
- 32 (11) burglary;
- 33 (12) tampering with a cosmetic, drug or food product; or
- c. the commission of a violation of R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of
- 35 P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this
- 36 <u>bill</u>), section 5 of P.L.1990, c.103 (C.39:3-10.13), section 19 of
- 37 P.L.1954, c.236 (C.12:7-34.19) or section 3 of P.L.1952, c.157
- 38 (C.12:7-46); or
- d. theft of an automobile pursuant to N.J.S.2C:20-2, eluding a law
- 40 enforcement officer pursuant to subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:29-2 or
- 41 unlawful taking of a motor vehicle pursuant to subsection b., c. or d.
- 42 of N.J.S.2C:20-10 where injuries to the victim occur in the course of
- 43 operating an automobile in furtherance of the offense.
- 44 (cf: P.L.1995, c.135, s.4)

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9. R.S.39:3-10 is amended to read as follows:

39:3-10. No person shall drive a motor vehicle on a public highway in this State unless the person is under supervision while participating in a behind-the-wheel driving course pursuant to section 6 of P.L.1977, c.25 (C.39:3-13.2a) or is in possession of a validated permit, or a provisional or basic driver's license issued to him in accordance with this article.

7 No person under 18 years of age shall be issued a basic license to 8 drive motor vehicles, nor shall a person be issued a validated permit, 9 including a validated examination permit, until he has passed a 10 satisfactory examination and other requirements as to his ability as an 11 operator. The examination shall include a test of the applicant's vision, 12 his ability to understand traffic control devices, his knowledge of safe 13 driving practices and of the effects that ingestion of alcohol or drugs 14 has on a person's ability to operate a motor vehicle, his knowledge of 15 such portions of the mechanism of motor vehicles as is necessary to insure the safe operation of a vehicle of the kind or kinds indicated by 16 17 the applicant and of the laws and ordinary usages of the road. No 18 person shall sit for an examination for any permit without exhibiting 19 photo identification deemed acceptable by the commission, unless that 20 person is a high school student participating in a course of driving 21 education approved by the State Department of Education and conducted in a public, parochial or private school of this State, 22 23 pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1950, c.127 (C.39:3-13.1). 24 commission may waive the written law knowledge examination for any 25 person 18 years of age or older possessing a valid driver's license 26 issued by any other state, the District of Columbia or the United States 27 Territories of American Samoa, Guam, Puerto Rico or the Virgin 28 Islands. The commission shall be required to provide that person with 29 a booklet that highlights those motor vehicle laws unique to New 30 Jersey. A road test shall be required for a provisional license and 31 serve as a demonstration of the applicant's ability to operate a vehicle 32 of the class designated. No person shall sit for a road test unless that 33 person exhibits photo identification deemed acceptable by the 34 commission. A high school student who has completed a course of 35 behind-the-wheel automobile driving education approved by the State 36 Department of Education and conducted in a public, parochial or 37 private school of this State, who has been issued a special learner's 38 permit pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1950, c.127 (C.39:3-13.1) prior to 39 January 1, 2003, shall not be required to exhibit photo identification 40 in order to sit for a road test. The commission may waive the road 41 test for any person 18 years of age or older possessing a valid driver's 42 license issued by any other state, the District of Columbia or the 43 United States Territories of American Samoa, Guam, Puerto Rico or 44 the Virgin Islands. The road test shall be given on public streets, 45 where practicable and feasible, but may be preceded by an off-street screening process to assess basic skills. The commission shall approve 46

1 locations for the road test which pose no more than a minimal risk of

2 injury to the applicant, the examiner and other motorists. No new

3 locations for the road test shall be approved unless the test can be

4 given on public streets.

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The commission shall issue a basic driver's license to operate a 5 6 motor vehicle other than a motorcycle to a person over 18 years of age 7 who previously has not been licensed to drive a motor vehicle in this 8 State or another jurisdiction only if that person has: (1) operated a 9 passenger automobile in compliance with the requirements of this title 10 for not less than one year, not including any period of suspension or 11 postponement, from the date of issuance of a provisional license pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1950, c.127 (C.39:3-13.4); (2) not been 12 13 assessed more than two motor vehicle points; (3) not been convicted 14 in the previous year for a violation of R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of P.L., 15 c. (C,) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill); section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a), P.L.1992, c.189 (C.39:4-50.14), 16 17 R.S.39:4-129, N.J.S.2C:11-5, subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:12-1, or any 18 other motor vehicle-related violation the commission determines to be 19 significant and applicable pursuant to regulation; and (4) passed an 20 examination of his ability to operate a motor vehicle pursuant to this 21

The commission shall expand the driver's license examination by 20%. The additional questions to be added shall consist solely of questions developed in conjunction with the State Department of Health and Senior Services concerning the use of alcohol or drugs as related to highway safety. The commission shall develop in conjunction with the State Department of Health and Senior Services supplements to the driver's manual which shall include information necessary to answer any question on the driver's license examination concerning alcohol or drugs as related to highway safety.

Up to 20 questions may be added to the examination on subjects to be determined by the commission that are of particular relevance to youthful drivers, after consultation with the Director of the Office of Highway Traffic Safety.

The commission shall expand the driver's license examination to include a question asking whether the applicant is aware of the provisions of the "Uniform Anatomical Gift Act," P.L.1969, c.161 (C.26:6-57 et seq.) and the procedure for indicating on the driver's license the intention to make a donation of body organs or tissues pursuant to P.L.1978, c.181 (C.39:3-12.2).

Any person applying for a driver's license to operate a motor vehicle or motorized bicycle in this State shall surrender to the commission any current driver's license issued to him by another state or jurisdiction upon his receipt of a driver's license for this State. The commission shall refuse to issue a driver's license if the applicant fails to comply with this provision. An applicant for a permit or license

- 1 who is less than 18 years of age, and who holds a permit or license for
- 2 a passenger automobile issued by another state or country that is valid
- 3 or has expired within a time period designated by the commission,
- 4 shall be subject to the permit and license requirements and penalties
- 5 applicable to State permit and license applicants who are of the same
- 6 age; except that if the other state or country has permit or license
- 7 standards substantially similar to those of this State, the credentials of
- 8 the other state or country shall be acceptable.
- 9 The commission shall create classified licensing of drivers covering 10 the following classifications:
- 11 a. Motorcycles, except that for the purposes of this section,
- 12 motorcycle shall not include any three-wheeled motor vehicle equipped
- 13 with a single cab with glazing enclosing the occupant, seats similar to
- 14 those of a passenger vehicle or truck, seat belts and automotive
- 15 steering.

- b. Omnibuses as classified by R.S.39:3-10.1 and school buses classified under N.J.S.18A:39-1 et seq.
 - c. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1999, c.28).
- d. All motor vehicles not included in classifications a. and b. A
- 20 license issued pursuant to this classification d. shall be referred to as
- 21 the "basic driver's license."
- Every applicant for a license under classification b. shall be a holder
- 23 of a basic driver's license. Any issuance of a license under
- 24 classification b. shall be by endorsement on the basic driver's license.
- A driver's license for motorcycles may be issued separately, but if
- 26 issued to the holder of a basic driver's license, it shall be by
- 27 endorsement on the basic driver's license.
- The commission, upon payment of the lawful fee and after it or a
- 29 person authorized by it has examined the applicant and is satisfied of
- 30 the applicant's ability as an operator, may, in its discretion, issue a
- 31 license to the applicant to drive a motor vehicle. The license shall
- 32 authorize him to drive any registered vehicle, of the kind or kinds
- indicated, and shall expire, except as otherwise provided, on the last
- 34 day of the 48th calendar month following the calendar month in which
- 35 such license was issued.
- The commission may, at its discretion and for good cause shown,
- 37 issue licenses which shall expire on a date fixed by it. If the
- 38 commission issues a license to a person who has demonstrated
- authorization to be present in the United States for a period of timeshorter than the standard period of the license, the commission shall
- 41 fix the expiration date of the license at a date based on the period in
- 42 which the person is authorized to be present in the United States under
- 43 federal immigration laws. The commission may renew such a license
- only if it is demonstrated that the person's continued presence in the
- 45 United States is authorized under federal law. The fee for licenses
- 46 with expiration dates fixed by the commission shall be fixed by the

- 1 commission in amounts proportionately less or greater than the fee
- 2 herein established.
- 3 The required fee for a license for the 48-month period shall be as
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- 5 Motorcycle license or endorsement: \$18.
- Omnibus or school bus endorsement: \$18. 6
- Basic driver's license: \$18. 7
- 8 The commission shall waive the payment of fees for issuance of
- 9 omnibus endorsements whenever an applicant establishes to the
- 10 commission's satisfaction that said applicant will use the omnibus
- endorsement exclusively for operating omnibuses owned by a 11
- nonprofit organization duly incorporated under Title 15 or 16 of the 12
- 13 Revised Statutes or Title 15A of the New Jersey Statutes.

14 The commission shall issue licenses for the following license period

- 15 on and after the first day of the calendar month immediately preceding
- the commencement of such period, such licenses to be effective 16
- 17 immediately.

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All applications for renewals of licenses shall be made in a manner

- prescribed by the commission and in accordance with procedures 19
- 20 established by it.
- 21 The commission in its discretion may refuse to grant a permit or
- 22 license to drive motor vehicles to a person who is, in its estimation,
- 23 not a proper person to be granted such a permit or license, but no
- defect of the applicant shall debar him from receiving a permit or 24
- 25 license unless it can be shown by tests approved by the commission
- 26 that the defect incapacitates him from safely operating a motor vehicle.
- 27 In addition to requiring an applicant for a driver's license to submit
- 28 satisfactory proof of identity and age, the commission also shall
- 29 require the applicant to provide, as a condition for obtaining a permit
- 30 and license, satisfactory proof that the applicant's presence in the
- 31 United States is authorized under federal law.
- 32 If the commission has reasonable cause to suspect that any
- 33 document presented by an applicant as proof of identity, age or legal
- 34 residency is altered, false or otherwise invalid, the commission shall
- refuse to grant the permit or license until such time as the document 35
- may be verified by the issuing agency to the commission's satisfaction. 36
- A person violating this section shall be subject to a fine not 37
- 38 exceeding \$500 or imprisonment in the county jail for not more than
- 39 60 days, but if that person has never been licensed to drive in this
- 40 State or any other jurisdiction, he shall be subject to a fine of not less
- 41 than \$200 and, in addition, the court shall issue an order to the
- commission requiring the commission to refuse to issue a license to 42
- operate a motor vehicle to the person for a period of not less than 180 43
- days. The penalties provided for by this paragraph shall not be 45 applicable in cases where failure to have actual possession of the
- operator's license is due to an administrative or technical error by the 46

1 commission.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to alter or extend the expiration of any license issued prior to the date this amendatory and supplementary act becomes operative.

5 (cf: P.L.2003, c.13, s.37)

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- 7 10. Section 12 of P.L.1990, c.103 (C.39:3-10.20) is amended to 8 read as follows:
- 9 12. a. In addition to any other penalty provided by law, a court 10 shall suspend for not less than one year nor more than three years the 11 commercial motor vehicle driving privilege of a person for a first 12 violation of:
- 13 (1) R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill) if the motor vehicle was a commercial motor vehicle or section 5 of [this act] P.L.1990, c.103 (C.39:3-10.13).
- 17 (2) R.S.39:4-129 if the motor vehicle was a commercial motor vehicle operated by the person.
- 19 (3) Using a commercial motor vehicle in the commission of any 20 "crime" as defined in subsection a., c., or d. of N.J.S.2C:1-4.
- 21 (4) Refusal to submit to a chemical test under section 2 of P.L.1966, c.142 (C.39:4-50.2) or section 16 of [this act] P.L.1990, c.103 (C.39:3-10.24) if the motor vehicle was a commercial motor vehicle.
 - (5) Paragraph (1) of subsection b. of section 10 of this act
 - b. If a first violation of any of the violations specified in subsection a. of this section takes place while transporting hazardous material or takes place in a vehicle displaying a hazardous material placard, the court shall suspend the commercial motor vehicle driving privilege of the person for three years.
 - c. Subject to the provisions of subsection d. of this section, the court shall revoke for life the commercial motor vehicle driving privilege of a person for a second or subsequent violation of any of the offenses specified in subsection a. or any combination of those offenses arising from two or more separate incidents.
- d. The director may issue rules and regulations establishing guidelines, including conditions under which a revocation of commercial motor vehicle driving privilege for life under subsection c. may be reduced to a period of not less than 10 years.
- e. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a court shall revoke for life the commercial motor vehicle driving privilege of a person who uses a commercial motor vehicle in the commission of a crime involving the manufacture, distribution, or dispensing of a controlled substance or controlled substance analog, or possession with intent to manufacture, distribute, or dispense a controlled substance or controlled substance analog. A revocation

under this subsection shall not be subject to reduction in accordance
with subsection d. of this section.

- 3 f. A court shall suspend the commercial motor vehicle driving 4 privilege of a person for a period of not less than 60 days if the person is convicted of a serious traffic violation and that conviction 5 constitutes the second serious traffic violation committed in a 6 commercial motor vehicle in this or any other state arising from 7 8 separate incidents occurring within a three year period. A court shall 9 suspend the commercial motor vehicle driving privilege for 120 days 10 if the conviction constitutes the third or subsequent serious traffic 11 violation committed in a commercial motor vehicle in this or any other state arising from separate incidents occurring within a three year 12 13 period.
- 14 g. After suspending, revoking, or cancelling a commercial motor 15 vehicle driving privilege, a court shall make a report to the director within three days in such form as the director may require. The 16 director shall notify the Commercial Driver License Information 17 18 System of the suspension, revocation, or cancellation. In the case of 19 non-residents, the director also shall notify the licensing authority of 20 the state which issued the commercial driver license or the state where 21 the person is domiciled. The director shall provide these notices 22 within 10 days after the suspension, revocation, cancellation, or 23 disqualification.
 - h. The director shall in accordance with this section suspend a commercial motor vehicle driving privilege of a person holding, or required to hold, a commercial driver license issued by this State if the person is convicted in another state or foreign jurisdiction of an offense of a substantially similar nature to the offenses specified in subsection a., e., or f. of this section. For purposes of this section, a violation such as driving while intoxicated, driving under the influence, or driving while ability is impaired shall be considered substantially similar offenses. For purposes of this section, a violation committed in another state but substantially similar to those enumerated in subsection a. of this section committed in this State shall be included.
- i. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a conviction under this section, or section 5 or 16 of this act, shall not merge with a conviction for a violation of R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill), or section 2 of P.L.1966, c.142 (C.39:4-50.2).

40 (cf: P.L.1990, c.103, s.12)

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11. Section 16 of P.L.1990, c.103 (C.39:3-10.24) is amended to read as follows:

16. a. A person who operates a commercial motor vehicle on a public road, street, or highway, or quasi-public area in this State, shall be deemed to have given his consent to the taking of samples of his

- 1 breath for the purposes of making chemical tests to determine alcohol
- 2 concentration; provided, however, that the taking of samples shall be
- 3 made in accordance with the provisions of this act and at the request
- 4 of a police officer who has reasonable grounds to believe that the
- 5 person has been operating a commercial motor vehicle with an alcohol
- 6 concentration of 0.04% or more.
- b. A record of the taking of such a sample, disclosing the date and time thereof, as well as the result of a chemical test, shall be made and a copy thereof, upon request, shall be furnished or made available to
- 10 the person so tested.

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- c. In addition to the samples taken and tests made at the direction of a police officer hereunder, the person tested shall be permitted to have such samples taken and chemical tests of his breath, urine, or blood made by a person or physician of his own selection.
- d. The police officer shall inform the person tested of his rights under subsections b. and c. of this section.
- e. No chemical test, as provided in this section, or specimen necessary thereto, may be made or taken forcibly and against physical resistance thereto by the defendant. The police officer shall, however, inform the person arrested of the consequences of refusing to submit to such test including the penalties under section 12 of [this act] P.L.1990, c.103 (C.39:3-10.20). A standard statement, prepared by
- the director, shall be read by the police officer to the person.
- f. The court shall revoke for six months the right to operate any motor vehicle of any person who, after being arrested for a violation
- 26 of section 5 of [this act] P.L.1990, c.103 (C.39:3-10.13), shall refuse
- 27 to submit to the chemical test provided for in this section when
- 28 requested to do so, unless the refusal was in connection with a
- 29 subsequent offense under this section, section 5 of [this act]
- 30 P.L.1990, c.103 (C.39:3-10.13), R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of P.L.
- 31 c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill), or
- 32 section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a), in which case the
- 33 revocation period shall be for two years. In addition, a court shall
- 34 impose the penalties provided in section 12 of [this act] P.L.1990.
- 35 <u>c.103 (C.39:3-10.20)</u>.
- The court shall determine by a preponderance of the evidence
- whether the arresting officer had probable cause to believe that the person had been operating or was in actual physical control of a
- 39 commercial motor vehicle on the public highways or quasi-public areas
- 40 of this State with an alcohol concentration at 0.04% or more, whether
- 41 the person was placed under arrest, whether he refused to submit to
- 42 the test upon request of the officer, and if these elements of the
- 43 violation are not established, no conviction shall issue. In addition to
- 44 any other requirements provided by law, a person whose driving
- 45 privilege is revoked for refusing to submit to a chemical test shall
- 46 satisfy the requirements of a program of alcohol education or

1 rehabilitation pursuant to the provisions of R.S.39:4-50. The

- 2 revocation shall be independent of any revocation imposed by virtue
- 3 of a conviction under the provisions of R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of
- 4 P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill)
- 5 or section 12 of this act.
- 6 In addition to imposing a revocation under this subsection, a court shall impose a fine of not less than \$250 or more than \$500. 7
- 8 (cf: P.L.1990, c.103, s.16)

- 12. R.S.39:3-13 is amended to read as follows:
- 11 39:3-13. The director may, in his discretion, issue to a person over 17 years of age an examination permit, under the hand and seal of the 12 13 director, allowing such person, for the purpose of fitting himself to 14 become a licensed driver, to operate a designated class of motor 15 vehicles other than passenger automobiles and motorcycles of persons
- licensed to operate motorcycles only for a specified period of not more 16
- 17 than 90 days, while in the company and under the supervision of a
- 18 driver licensed to operate such designated class of motor vehicles.
- 19 The director, in his discretion, may issue for a specified period of
- 20 not less than one year a passenger automobile or motorcycle-only
- 21 examination permit to a person over 17 years of age regardless of 22 whether a person has completed a course of behind-the-wheel
- 23 automobile driving education pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1950, c.127
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- (C.39:3-13.1). An examination permit applicant who is under 18 years
- 25 of age shall obtain the signature of a parent or guardian for submission
- 26 to the division on a form prescribed by the director. The director shall
- 27 postpone for six months the driving privileges of any person who
- 28 submits a fraudulent signature for a parent or guardian.
- 29 For six months immediately following the validation of an 30 examination permit, and until the holder passes the road test, the
- holder who is less than 21 years of age shall operate the passenger 31
- 32 automobile or motorcycle only when accompanied by, and under the
- 33 supervision of, a New Jersey licensed driver who is at least 21 years
- 34 of age and has been licensed to drive a passenger automobile or
- motorcycle, as the case may be, for not less than three years. The 35
- 36 holder of an examination permit who is at least 21 years of age shall
- 37 operate the passenger automobile or motorcycle for the first three
- 38 months under such supervision and until the holder passes the road
- 39 test. The supervising driver of the passenger automobile shall sit in the
- 40 front seat of the vehicle. Whenever operating a vehicle while in
- 41 possession of an examination permit, the holder of the permit shall
- 42 operate the passenger automobile with only one additional passenger
- 43 in the vehicle excluding persons with whom the holder resides, except
- 44 that this passenger restriction shall not apply when either the permit
- 45 holder or one other passenger is at least 21 years of age. Further, the
- holder of the permit who is less than 21 years of age shall not drive 46

1 during the hours between 12:01 a.m. and 5 a.m.; provided, however,

- 2 that this condition may be waived for an emergency which, in the
- 3 judgment of local police, is of sufficient severity and magnitude to
- 4 substantially endanger the health, safety, welfare or property of a
- person, or for any bona fide employment or religion-related activity if 5
- 6 the employer or appropriate religious authority provides written
- 7 verification of such activity in a manner provided for by the director.
- 8 The holder of the examination permit shall not use any interactive
- 9 wireless communication device, except in an emergency, while
- 10 operating a moving passenger automobile on a public road or highway.
- 11 "Use" shall include, but not be limited to, talking or listening on any
- 12 interactive wireless communication device or operating its keys,
- 13 buttons or other controls. The passenger automobile permit holder
- 14 shall ensure that all occupants of the vehicle are secured in a properly
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adjusted and fastened seat belt or child restraint system. When notified by a court of competent jurisdiction that an 16 17 examination permit holder has been convicted of a violation which 18 causes the permit holder to accumulate more than two motor vehicle 19 points or has been convicted of a violation of R.S.39:4-50; section 2 20 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this 21 bill); section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a); P.L.1992, c.189 22 (C.39:4-50.14); R.S.39:4-129; N.J.S.2C:11-5; subsection c. of 23 N.J.S.2C:12-1 or any other motor vehicle-related law the director 24 deems significant and applicable pursuant to regulation, in addition to 25 any other penalty that may be imposed, the director shall, without the 26 exercise of discretion or a hearing, suspend the examination permit 27 holder's examination permit for 90 days. The director shall restore the 28 permit following the term of the permit suspension if the permit holder 29 satisfactorily completes a remedial training course of not less than four 30 hours which may be given by the division, a drivers' school licensed by

any Statewide safety organization approved by the director. The

the director pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1951, c.216 (C.39:12-2) or

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- 33 course shall be subject to oversight by the division according to its
- 34 guidelines. The permit holder shall also remit a course fee prior to the
- commencement of the course. The director also shall postpone 35
- 36 without the exercise of discretion or a hearing the issuance of a basic
- 37 license for 90 days if the director is notified by a court of competent
- 38 jurisdiction that the examination permit holder, after completion of the
- 39 remedial training course, has been convicted of any motor vehicle
- 40 violation which results in the imposition of any motor vehicle points
- or has been convicted of a violation of R.S.39:4-50; section 2 of 42 P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill;
- 43 section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a); P.L.1992, c.182
- 44 (C.39:4-50.14); R.S.39:4-129; N.J.S.2C:11-5, subsection c. of
- 45 N.J.S.2C:12-1 or any other motor vehicle-related law the director
- 46 deems significant and applicable pursuant to regulation. When the

1 director is notified by a court of competent jurisdiction that an

- 2 examination permit holder has been convicted of any alcohol or
- 3 drug-related offense unrelated to the operation of a motor vehicle and
- 4 is not otherwise subject to any other suspension penalty therefor, the
- 5 director shall, without the exercise of discretion or a hearing, suspend
- 6 the examination permit for six months.

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An examination permit for a motorcycle or a commercial motor vehicle issued to a handicapped person, as determined by the Division of Motor Vehicles after consultation with the Department of Education, shall be valid for nine months or until the completion of the road test portion of his license examination, whichever period is shorter.

13 Each permit shall be sufficient license for the person to operate 14 such designated class of motor vehicles in this State during the period 15 specified, while in the company of and under the control of a driver licensed by this State to operate such designated class of motor 16 vehicles, or, in the case of a commercial driver license permit, while in 17 the company of and under the control of a holder of a valid 18 19 commercial driver license for the appropriate license class and with the 20 appropriate endorsements issued by this or any other state. Such 21 person, as well as the licensed driver, except for a motor vehicle 22 examiner administering a driving skills test, shall be held accountable 23 for all violations of this subtitle committed by such person while in the 24 presence of the licensed driver. In addition to requiring an applicant 25 for an examination permit to submit satisfactory proof of identity and 26 age, the director also shall require the applicant to provide, as a 27 condition for obtaining the permit, satisfactory proof that the 28 applicant's presence in the United States is authorized under federal 29 law. If the director has reasonable cause to suspect that any document 30 presented by an applicant as proof of identity, age or legal residency 31 is altered, false or otherwise invalid, the director shall refuse to grant 32 the permit until such time as the document may be verified by the 33 issuing agency to the director's satisfaction.

The holder of an examination permit shall be required to take a road test in order to obtain a provisional license. No road test for any person who has been issued an examination permit to operate a passenger vehicle shall be given unless the person has met the requirements of this section. No road test for a provisional license shall be given unless the applicant has first secured an examination permit and no such road test shall be scheduled for an applicant who has secured an examination permit for a passenger vehicle or a motorcycle for which an endorsement is not required until at least six months for an applicant under 21 years of age or three months for an applicant 21 years of age or older shall have elapsed following the validation of the examination permit for practice driving or, in the case of an examination permit for other vehicles, until 20 days have

- 1 elapsed. In the case of an omnibus endorsement or school bus, no
- 2 road test shall be scheduled until at least 10 days shall have elapsed.
- 3 Every applicant for an examination permit to qualify for an omnibus
- 4 endorsement or an articulated vehicle endorsement shall be a holder of
- 5 a valid basic driver's license.
- 6 The required fees for special learners' permits and examination permits shall be as follows: 7
- 8 Basic driver's license.....up to \$10
- 9 Motorcycle license or endorsement.....\$ 5
- 10 Omnibus or school bus endorsement.....\$25
- Articulated vehicle endorsement......\$15 11

The director shall waive the payment of fees for issuance of examination permits for omnibus endorsements whenever the applicant establishes to the director's satisfaction that said applicant will use the omnibus endorsement exclusively for operating omnibuses owned by a nonprofit organization duly incorporated under Title 15 or 16 of the Revised Statutes or Title 15A of the New Jersey Statutes.

The specified period for which a permit is issued may be extended for not more than an additional 60 days, without payment of added fee, upon application made by the holder thereof, where the holder has applied to take the examination for a driver's license prior to the expiration of the original period for which the permit was issued and the director was unable to schedule an examination during said period. (cf: P.L.2001, c.420, s.6.)

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- 13. Section 6 of P.L.1977, c.25 (C.39:3-13.2a) is amended to read as follows:
- 27 28 6. a. Any person to whom a special learner's permit has been 29 issued pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1950, c.127 (C.39:3-13.1), upon 30 successful completion of a State approved written examination, eye
- examination and an approved minimum six-hour behind-the-wheel 31 32 driving course, shall be entitled to retain the special learner's permit in
- 33 his own possession. The special learner's permit shall be validated by
- 34 the division for the purpose of driving a motor vehicle on a public
- highway in this State after the holder has successfully met the 35
- necessary examination requirements, and upon the successful 36
- completion of a behind-the-wheel driving course. Such person may 38 operate a motor vehicle of the class for which a basic driver's license
- 39 is required except during the hours between 11:01 p.m. and 5:00 a.m.
- 40 while in the company and under the supervision, from the front
- 41 passenger seat, of a licensed motor vehicle driver of this State who is
- over 21 years of age and has been licensed to drive a passenger 42
- 43 automobile for at least three years. Such special permit shall be valid
- 44 until such person's seventeenth birthday or until he qualifies for a
- 45 provisional license. Except during an instructional period of a
- behind-the-wheel driving course, the holder of a special permit shall 46

1 operate a passenger automobile with only the following passengers:

- 2 (1) the supervising passenger; (2) persons who share the permit
- 3 holder's residence; and (3) one additional passenger who does not
- 4 reside with the permit holder. The holder of the special learner's
- permit shall not use any interactive wireless communication device, 5
- 6 except in an emergency, while operating a moving passenger
- 7 automobile on a public road or highway. "Use" shall include, but not
- 8 be limited to, talking or listening on any interactive wireless
- 9 communication device or operating its keys, buttons or other controls.
- 10 All occupants of the automobile shall be secured in a properly adjusted
- 11 and fastened seat belt or child restraint system.
- 12 b. When notified by a court of competent jurisdiction that a special 13 learner's permit holder has been convicted of a violation which causes
- 14 the permit holder to accumulate more than two motor vehicle points
- 15 or has been convicted of a violation of R.S.39:4-50; section 2 of
- , c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill); 16
- 17 section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a); P.L.1992, c.189
- 18 (C.39:4-50.14); R.S.39:4-129; N.J.S.2C:11-5; subsection c. of
- 19 N.J.S.2C:12-1 or any other motor vehicle-related law the director
- 20 determines to be significant and applicable pursuant to regulation, and
- 21 in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, the director
- 22 shall, without the exercise of discretion or a hearing, suspend the
- 23 holder's special learner's permit for 90 days. The director shall restore
- 24 the permit following the term of the permit suspension if the permit
- 25 holder, regardless of age, satisfactorily completes a remedial training
- 26 course of not less than four hours which may be given by the division,
- 27 a drivers' school licensed by the director pursuant to section 2 of
- 28 P.L.1951, c.216 (C.39:12-2) or any statewide safety organization
- 29 approved by the director. The course shall be administered pursuant
- 30 to rules and regulations promulgated by the director and subject to
- 31 oversight by the division. The authority of the director to suspend,
- 32 revoke or deny issuance of an initial or renewal license to operate a 33
- drivers' school or an instructor's license, and to assess fines, pursuant 34 to P.L.1951, c.216 (C.39:12-1 et seq.) shall apply to any violations
- 35 related to the administration of a remedial training course. The permit
- 36 holder shall also remit a course fee prior to the commencement of the

course. If, after completion of the remedial training course, the

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- 38 director is notified by a court of competent jurisdiction that the special
- 39 learner's permit holder has been convicted of any motor vehicle
- 40 violation which results in the imposition of any motor vehicle points
- 41 or has been convicted of a violation of R.S.39:4-50; section 2 of
- 42 P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this
- 43 bill): section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a); P.L.1992, c.189
- (C.39:4-50.14); R.S.39:4-129; N.J.S.2C:11-5; subsection c. of 45 N.J.S.2C:12-1 or any other motor vehicle-related law the director
- 46 deems significant and applicable pursuant to regulation, the director,

1 without the exercise of discretion or a hearing, shall also postpone the

- 2 issuance of a basic license for 90 days. When the director is notified
- 3 by a court of competent jurisdiction that a special learner's permit
- 4 holder has been convicted of any alcohol or drug-related offense
- 5 unrelated to the operation of a motor vehicle and he is not otherwise
- 6 subject to any other suspension penalty therefor, the director shall,
- 7 without the exercise of discretion or a hearing, suspend the special
- 8 learner's permit for six months.
- 9 (cf: P.L.2001, c.420, s.7)

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- 14. Section 4 of P.L.1950, c.127 (C.39:3-13.4) is amended to read as follows:
- 4. The holder of a special learner's permit shall be entitled to a provisional driver's license (1) upon attaining the age of 17 years, (2) upon the satisfactory completion of an approved behind-the-wheel automobile driving education course as indicated upon the face of the special permit over the signature of the principal of the school or the person operating the drivers' school in which the course was conducted,(3) upon the completion of six months' driving experience with a validated special learner's permit in compliance with the provisions of section 6 of P.L.1977, c.25 (C.39:3-13.2a) and (4) upon passing the road test pursuant to R.S.39:3-10.

23 The holder of a provisional license shall be permitted to operate the 24 passenger automobile with only one additional passenger in the vehicle 25 besides persons with whom the holder resides, except that this 26 passenger restriction shall not apply when either the holder of the 27 provisional license or one other passenger is at least 21 years of age. 28 Further, the holder of the provisional license who is under 21 years of 29 age shall not drive during the hours between 12:01 a.m. and 5 a.m.; 30 provided however, that this condition may be waived for an emergency 31 which, in the judgment of local police, is of sufficient severity and 32 magnitude to substantially endanger the health, safety, welfare or property of a person or for any bona fide employment or 33 34 religion-related activity if the employer or appropriate religious 35 authority provides written verification of such activity in a manner 36 provided for by the director. The holder of the provisional license 37 shall not use any interactive wireless communication device, except in 38 an emergency, while operating a moving passenger automobile on a 39 public road or highway. "Use" shall include, but not be limited to, 40 talking or listening on any interactive wireless communication device or operating its keys, buttons or other controls. In addition, the holder 41 42 of the provisional license shall ensure that all occupants of the vehicle 43 are secured in a properly adjusted and fastened seat belt or child 44 restraint system. In addition to any other penalties provided under 45 law, the holder of a provisional license who accumulates more than 46 two motor vehicle points or is convicted of a violation of R.S.39:4-50;

1 section 2 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature 2 as this bill); section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a); P.L.1992, 3 c.189 (C.39:4-50.14); R.S.39:4-129; N.J.S.2C:11-5; subsection c. of 4 N.J.S.2C:12-1 or any other motor vehicle law the director deems to be 5 significant and applicable pursuant to regulation shall, for the first 6 violation, be required to satisfactorily complete a remedial training 7 course of not less than four hours which may be given by the division, 8 a drivers' school licensed by the director pursuant to section 2 of 9 P.L.1951, c.216 (C.39:12-2) or any Statewide safety organization 10 approved by the director. The course shall be administered pursuant 11 to rules and regulations promulgated by the director and subject to oversight by the division. The authority of the director to suspend, 12 13 revoke or deny issuance of an initial or renewal license to operate a 14 drivers' school or an instructor's license, and to assess fines, pursuant 15 to P.L.1951, c.216 (C.39:12-1 et seq.) shall apply to any violations related to the administration of a remedial training course. The permit 16 17 holder shall also remit a course fee prior to the commencement of the 18 course. When notified by a court of competent jurisdiction that a 19 provisional license holder has been convicted of a second or 20 subsequent violation, in addition to any other penalties provided under 21 law, the director shall, without the exercise of discretion or a hearing, 22 suspend the provisional license for three months and shall postpone 23 eligibility for a basic license for an equivalent period. In addition, 24 when the director is notified by a court of competent jurisdiction that 25 a provisional license holder has been convicted of any alcohol or 26 drug-related offense unrelated to the operation of a motor vehicle, and 27 he is not otherwise subject to any other suspension penalty therefor, the director shall, without the exercise of discretion or a hearing, 28 29 suspend the provisional license for six months.

A provisional license may be sent by mail and shall be clearly identifiable and distinguishable in appearance from a basic license by any name, mark, color or device deemed appropriate by the director. (cf: P.L.2001, c.420, s.8)

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- 35 15. Section 3 of P.L.1959, c.56 (C.39:3-33.5) is amended to read 36 as follows:
- 37 3. Except as provided for courtesy marks in section 2 of P.L.2000, 38 c.15 (C.39:3-33.5a), no particular identifying mark or special 39 organization license plate issued pursuant to P.L.1987, c.374 40 (C.39:3-27.35) may be issued to any applicant who:
- 41 (a) for the 10-year period next preceding the date of application for 42 a particular identifying mark or special organization license plate has 43 been convicted of a violation of [either section] R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this 44 bill), [or section] R.S.39:4-96 [of this Title;], or section 2 of 45 P.L.1966, c.142 (C.39:4-50.2) or has been convicted of a violation of

1 a law of a substantially similar nature in another jurisdiction; or

- (b) has been convicted of a violation of N.J.S.2C:11-5; or
- 3 (c) for the two-year period next preceding his application for a 4 particular identifying mark or a special organization license plate has 5 had his driving privileges in this State or in another jurisdiction
- 6 revoked or suspended for any reason whatsoever.

7 (cf: P.L.2000, c.15, s.1)

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- 16. R.S.39:3-40 is amended to read as follows:
- 39:3-40. No person to whom a driver's license has been refused or whose driver's license or reciprocity privilege has been suspended or revoked, or who has been prohibited from obtaining a driver's license, shall personally operate a motor vehicle during the period of refusal, suspension, revocation, or prohibition.
 - No person whose motor vehicle registration has been revoked shall operate or permit the operation of such motor vehicle during the period of such revocation.
- Except as provided in subsections i. and j. of this section, a person violating this section shall be subject to the following penalties:
- a. Upon conviction for a first offense, a fine of \$500.00 and, if that offense involves the operation of a motor vehicle during a period when the violator's driver's license is suspended for a violation of
- 23 R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the
- 24 Legislature as this bill or section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a),
- 25 revocation of the violator's motor vehicle registration privilege in
- accordance with the provisions of sections 2 through 6 of P.L.1995,
- 27 c.286 (C.39:3-40.1 through C.39:3-40.5);
- b. Upon conviction for a second offense, a fine of \$750.00,
- 29 imprisonment in the county jail for not more than five days and, if the
- 30 second offense involves the operation of a motor vehicle during a
- 31 period when the violator's driver's license is suspended and that second
- 32 offense occurs within five years of a conviction for that same offense,
- 33 revocation of the violator's motor vehicle registration privilege in
- accordance with the provisions of sections 2 through 6 of P.L.1995,
- 35 c.286 (C.39:3-40.1 through C.39:3-40.5);
- 36 c. Upon conviction for a third offense or subsequent offense, a fine
- of \$1,000.00, imprisonment in the county jail for 10 days. If the third
- 38 or a subsequent offense involves the operation of a motor vehicle

during a period when the violator's driver's license is suspended and

- 40 the third or subsequent offense occurs within five years of a conviction
- 41 for the same offense, revocation of the violator's motor vehicle
- 42 registration privilege shall be revoked in accordance with the
- 43 provisions of sections 2 through 6 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1
- 44 through C.39:3-40.5);

- d. Upon conviction, the court shall impose or extend a period of
- suspension not to exceed six months;

- e. Upon conviction, the court shall impose a period of imprisonment for not less than 45 days or more than 180 days, if while operating a vehicle in violation of this section a person is involved in an accident resulting in bodily injury to another person;
- f. (1) Notwithstanding subsections a. through e., any person violating this section while under suspension issued pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1972, c.197 (C.39:6B-2), upon conviction, shall be fined \$500.00, shall have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for an additional period of not less than one year nor more than two years, and may be imprisoned in the county jail for not more than 90 days.
 - (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections a. through e. of this section and paragraph (1) of this subsection, any person violating this section under suspension issued pursuant to R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill, section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a) or P.L.1982, c.85 (C.39:5-30a et seq.), shall be fined \$500, shall have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for an additional period of not less than one year or more than two years, and shall be imprisoned in the county jail for not less than 10 days or more than 90 days.
 - (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections a. through e. of this section and paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection, a person shall have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for an additional period of not less than one year or more than two years, which period shall commence upon the completion of any prison sentence imposed upon that person, shall be fined \$500 and shall be imprisoned for a period of 60 to 90 days for a first offense, imprisoned for a period of 120 to 150 days for a second offense, and imprisoned for 180 days for a third or subsequent offense, for operating a motor vehicle while in violation of paragraph (2) of this subsection while:
 - (a) on any school property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board, or within 1,000 feet of such school property;
 - (b) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 if the municipality, by ordinance or resolution, has designated the school crossing as such; or
- 37 (c) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 38 knowing that juveniles are present if the municipality has not 39 designated the school crossing as such by ordinance or resolution.

A map or true copy of a map depicting the location and boundaries of the area on or within 1,000 feet of any property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board produced pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1987, c.101 (C.2C:35-7) may be used in a prosecution under subparagraph (a) of this paragraph.

It shall not be relevant to the imposition of sentence pursuant to

- 1 subparagraph (a) or (b) of this paragraph that the defendant was
- 2 unaware that the prohibited conduct took place while on or within
- 3 1,000 feet of any school property or while driving through a school
- 4 crossing. Nor shall it be relevant to the imposition of sentence that no
- 5 juveniles were present on the school property or crossing zone at the
- 6 time of the offense or that the school was not in session;
- 7 g. In addition to the other applicable penalties provided under this
- 8 section, a person violating this section whose license has been
- 9 suspended pursuant to section 6 of P.L.1983, c.65 (C.17:29A-35) or
- 10 the regulations adopted thereunder, shall be fined \$3,000. The court
- shall waive the fine upon proof that the person has paid the total
- 12 surcharge imposed pursuant to section 6 of P.L.1983, c.65
- 13 (C.17:29A-35) or the regulations adopted thereunder.
- 14 Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S.39:5-41, the fine imposed
- pursuant to this subsection shall be collected by the Division of Motor
- 16 Vehicles pursuant to section 6 of P.L.1983, c.65 (C.17:29A-35), and
- distributed as provided in that section, and the court shall file a copy
- 18 of the judgment of conviction with the director and with the Clerk of
- 19 the Superior Court who shall enter the following information upon the
- 20 record of docketed judgments: the name of the person as judgment
- 21 debtor; the Division of Motor Vehicles as judgment creditor; the
- amount of the fine; and the date of the order. These entries shall have
- 23 the same force and effect as any civil judgment docketed in the
- 24 Superior Court;
- 25 h. A person who owns or leases a motor vehicle and permits
- another to operate the motor vehicle commits a violation and is subject
- 27 to suspension of his license to operate a motor vehicle and to
- 28 revocation of registration pursuant to sections 2 through 6 of
- 29 P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1 through C.39:3-40.5) if the person:
- 30 (1) Knows that the operator's license to operate a motor vehicle
- has been suspended for a violation of R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of P.L. ,
- 32 <u>c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill</u> or section
- 33 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a); or
- 34 (2) Knows that the operator's license to operate a motor vehicle is
- 35 suspended and that the operator has been convicted, within the past
- 36 five years, of operating a vehicle while the person's license was
- 37 suspended or revoked;
- i. If the violator's driver's license to operate a motor vehicle has
- 39 been suspended pursuant to section 9 of P.L.1985, c.14
- 40 (C.39:4-139.10), the violator shall be subject to a maximum fine of
- 41 \$100 upon proof that the violator has satisfied the parking ticket or
- 42 tickets that were the subject of the Order of Suspension;
- i. If a person is convicted for a second or subsequent violation of
- 44 this section and the second or subsequent offense involves a motor
- 45 vehicle moving violation, the term of imprisonment for the second or
- 46 subsequent offense shall be 10 days longer than the term of

1 imprisonment imposed for the previous offense.

2 For the purposes of this subsection, a "motor vehicle moving

- 3 violation" means any violation of the motor vehicle laws of this State
- 4 for which motor vehicle points are assessed by the Director of the
- 5 Division of Motor Vehicles pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1982, c.43
- 6 (C.39:5-30.5).
- 7 (cf: P.L.2002, c.28, c.1)

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- 9 17. Section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 2. a. Any motor vehicle registration certificate and registration plates shall be revoked if a person is convicted of violating the provisions of:
- 14 (1) subsection a. of R.S.39:3-40 for operating a motor vehicle 15 during a period when that violator's driver's license has been 16 suspended for a violation of R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L., c. 17 (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill);
- 18 (2) subsection b. or c. of R.S.39:3-40 for operating a motor vehicle 19 during a period when that violator's driver's license has been 20 suspended within a five-year period; or
- 21 (3) R.S.39:4-50 for a second [or subsequent] offense <u>or section</u>
 22 <u>2 of P.L., c. (C.)</u> (now pending before the Legislature as this
 23 <u>bill</u>), if such revocation is ordered by the court as authorized under
 24 [that section] those sections.
- This revocation of registration certificate and registration plates 25 shall apply to all passenger automobiles and motorcycles owned or 26 27 leased by the violator and registered under the provisions of R.S.39:3-4 and all noncommercial trucks owned or leased by the 28 29 violator and registered under the provisions of section 2 of P.L.1968, 30 (C.39:3-8.1), including those passenger automobiles, 31 motorcycles and noncommercial trucks registered or leased jointly in 32 the name of the violator and the other owner of record.
- 33 b. At the time of conviction, the court shall notify each violator 34 that the person's passenger automobile, motorcycle, 35 noncommercial truck registrations are revoked. Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S.39:5-35, the violator shall surrender the registration 36 certificate and registration plates of all passenger automobiles, 37 motorcycles, and noncommercial truck registrations subject to 38 39 revocation under the provisions of this section within 48 hours of the 40 court's notice. The surrender shall be at a place and in a manner prescribed by the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles pursuant 41 42 to rule and regulation. The court also shall notify the violator that a 43 failure to surrender that vehicle registration certificate and registration 44 plates shall result in the impoundment of the vehicle in accordance 45 with the provisions of section 4 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.3) and

the seizure of said registration certificate and registration plates. The

A3342 ASSELTA, VAN DREW

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revocation authorized under the provisions of this subsection shall remain in effect for the period during which the violator's license to operate a motor vehicle is suspended and shall be enforced so as to prohibit the violator from registering or leasing any other vehicle, however acquired, during that period.

6 c. If the violator subject to the penalties set forth in subsections a. and b. of this section for conviction of violating the provisions of 7 8 R.S.39:3-40 was operating a motor vehicle owned or leased by 9 another person and that other owner or lessee permitted that operation 10 with knowledge that the violator's driver's license was suspended, the 11 court shall suspend the person's license to operate a motor vehicle and 12 revoke the registration certificate and registration plates for that vehicle for a period of not more than six months. Notwithstanding the 13 14 provisions of R.S.39:3-35, the owner or lessee shall surrender the 15 registration certificate and registration plates of that vehicle within 48 hours of the court's notice of revocation. The surrender shall be at a 16 place and in a manner prescribed by the Director of the Division of 17 18 Motor Vehicles pursuant to rule and regulation. The court also shall 19 notify the owner or lessee that a failure to surrender the revoked 20 registration certificate and registration plates shall result in the 21 impoundment of the vehicle in accordance with the provisions of 22 section 4 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.3) and the seizure of said 23 registration certificate and registration plates. Nothing in this 24 subsection shall be construed to limit the court from finding that 25 owner or lessee guilty of violating R.S.39:3-39 or any other such 26 statute concerning the operation of a motor vehicle by an unlicensed 27 driver.

28 (cf: P.L.2000, c.83, s.2)

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30 18. Section 1 of P.L.1938, c.360 (C.39:4-9.1) is amended to read as follows:

1. Whenever another State shall have enacted a law providing for 32 reciprocal exchange thereof, the director, upon receiving a certificate 33 34 of conviction of a nonresident operator or chauffeur of a violation of 35 the provisions of [sections] R.S. 39:4-50, section 2 of P.L. 36 (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill), R.S. 39:4-96, R.S.39:4-98 [and] or R.S.39:4-129 [of the Revised Statutes], or of 37 notice of the forfeiture of any bond or collateral given for such 38 39 violation, shall transmit forthwith, a certified copy of such record to the motor vehicle administrator of the State wherein the person 40 named in such record shall reside. 41

42 (cf: P.L.1951, c.23, s.10)

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- 44 19. Section 1 of P.L.1981, c.97 (C.39:4-14.3g) is amended to read 45 as follows:
 - 1. It is unlawful for any person to operate a motorized bicycle

1 while under the influence of intoxicating liquor, or a narcotic,

- 2 hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug. Any person who violates the
- 3 provisions of this act shall be subject to the same penalties as
- 4 provided in R.S.39:4-50 and section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now
- pending before the Legislature as this bill) for conviction of operating 5
- 6 a motor vehicle while under the influence of any such substance. In
- 7 any prosecution for a violation of this act, the [presumptions,]
- 8 consent and procedures set forth in P.L.1951, c.23, s.30 (C.39:4-50.1)
- 9 [and], sections 2 through 5 of P.L.1966, c.142[, ss.2-5] (C.39:4-50.2)
- 10 to 39:4-50.5) and section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a) shall be
- 11 applicable.
- 12 (cf: P.L.1981, c.97, s.1)

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- 20. R.S.39:4-50 is amended to read as follows:
- 15 39:4-50. (a) Except as provided in subsection (g) of this section,
- a person who operates a motor vehicle while under the influence of 16
- 17 intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug,
- 18 or operates a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of
- 19 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood or
- 20 permits another person who is under the influence of intoxicating
- 21 liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug to operate a
- 22 motor vehicle owned by him or in his custody or control or permits
- 23 another to operate a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration
- 24 of 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood shall
- 25 be subject:

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- 26 (1) For the first offense, to a fine of not less than \$250.00 nor
- 27 more than \$400.00 and a period of detainment of not less than 12
- hours nor more than 48 hours spent during two consecutive days of 29 not less than six hours each day and served as prescribed by the
- 30 program requirements of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers
- 31 established under subsection (f) of this section and, in the discretion
- 32 of the court, a term of imprisonment of not more than 30 days and
- 33 shall forthwith forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the
- 34 highways of this State for a period of not less than six months nor
- more than one year. For a first offense, a person also shall be subject 35
- to the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.). 36
- 37 (2) For a second violation, a person shall be subject to a fine of not
- 38 less than \$500.00 nor more than \$1,000.00, and shall be ordered by
- 39 the court to perform community service for a period of 30 days, which
- 40 shall be of such form and on such terms as the court shall deem
- 42 imprisonment for a term of not less than 48 consecutive hours, which

appropriate under the circumstances, and shall be sentenced to

- 43 shall not be suspended or served on probation, nor more than 90 days,
- 44 and shall forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways
- 45 of this State for a period of two years upon conviction, and, after the
- expiration of said period, he may make application to the Director of 46

1 the Division of Motor Vehicles for a license to operate a motor

- 2 vehicle, which application may be granted at the discretion of the
- 3 director, consistent with subsection (b) of this section. For a second
- 4 violation, a person also shall be required to install an ignition interlock
- 5 device under the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.)
- 6 or shall have his registration certificate and registration plates revoked
- 7 for two years under the provisions of section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286
- 8 (C.39:3-40.1).

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9 [(3) For a third or subsequent violation, a person shall be subject 10 to a fine of \$1,000.00, and shall be sentenced to imprisonment for a term of not less than 180 days, except that the court may lower such 11 term for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served performing 12 13 community service in such form and on such terms as the court shall 14 deem appropriate under the circumstances and shall thereafter forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for 15 16 10 years.] For a third or subsequent violation, a person shall be subject to the penalties set forth in section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now 17 18 pending before the Legislature as this bill and also shall be required to 19 install an ignition interlock device under the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.) or shall have his registration certificate and 20 21 registration plates revoked for 10 years under the provisions of section

2 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1).

- 23 As used in this section, the phrase "narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug" includes an inhalant or other substance 24 25 containing a chemical capable of releasing any toxic vapors or fumes 26 for the purpose of inducing a condition of intoxication, such as any 27 glue, cement or any other substance containing one or more of the 28 following chemical compounds: acetone and acetate, amyl nitrite or 29 amyl nitrate or their isomers, benzene, butyl alcohol, butyl nitrite, 30 butyl nitrate or their isomers, ethyl acetate, ethyl alcohol, ethyl nitrite 31 or ethyl nitrate, ethylene dichloride, isobutyl alcohol or isopropyl 32 alcohol, methyl alcohol, methyl ethyl ketone, nitrous oxide, n-propyl 33 alcohol, pentachlorophenol, petroleum ether, propyl nitrate or propyl 34 nitrate or their isomers, toluene, toluol or xylene or any other chemical 35 substance capable of causing a condition of intoxication, inebriation, 36 excitement, stupefaction or the dulling of the brain or nervous system 37 as a result of the inhalation of the fumes or vapors of such chemical 38 substance.
 - Whenever an operator of a motor vehicle has been involved in an accident resulting in death, bodily injury or property damage, a police officer shall consider that fact along with all other facts and circumstances in determining whether there are reasonable grounds to believe that person was operating a motor vehicle in violation of this section.
- A conviction of a violation of a law of a substantially similar nature in another jurisdiction, regardless of whether that jurisdiction is a

signatory to the Interstate Driver License Compact pursuant to P.L.1966, c.73 (C.39:5D-1 et seq.), shall constitute a prior conviction under this subsection unless the defendant can demonstrate by clear and convincing evidence that the conviction in the other jurisdiction was based exclusively upon a violation of a proscribed blood alcohol concentration of less than 0.10%.

If the driving privilege of any person is under revocation or suspension for a violation of any provision of this Title or Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes at the time of any conviction for a violation of this section, the revocation or suspension period imposed shall commence as of the date of termination of the existing revocation or suspension period. In the case of any person who at the time of the imposition of sentence is less than 17 years of age, the forfeiture, suspension or revocation of the driving privilege imposed by the court under this section shall commence immediately, run through the offender's seventeenth birthday and continue from that date for the period set by the court pursuant to paragraphs (1) [through (3)] or (2) of this subsection. A court that imposes a term of imprisonment under this section may sentence the person so convicted to the county jail, to the workhouse of the county wherein the offense was committed, to an inpatient rehabilitation program or to an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center or other facility approved by the chief of the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit in the Department of Health and Senior Services; provided that for a third or subsequent offense a person shall not serve a term of imprisonment at an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center as provided in subsection (f).

A person who has been convicted of a previous violation of this section need not be charged as a second or subsequent offender in the complaint made against him in order to render him liable to the punishment imposed by this section on a second or subsequent offender, but if the second offense occurs more than 10 years after the first offense, the court shall treat the second conviction as a first offense for sentencing purposes [and if a third offense occurs more than 10 years after the second offense, the court shall treat the third conviction as a second offense for sentencing purposes].

(b) A person convicted under this section must satisfy the screening, evaluation, referral, program and fee requirements of the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse's Intoxicated Driving Program Unit, and of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers and a program of alcohol and drug education and highway safety, as prescribed by the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The sentencing court shall inform the person convicted that failure to satisfy such requirements shall result in a mandatory two-day term of imprisonment in a county jail and a driver license revocation or suspension and continuation of revocation or suspension until such requirements are satisfied, unless stayed by court order in accordance with the Rules Governing the

- 1 Courts of the State of New Jersey, or R.S.39:5-22. Upon sentencing,
- 2 the court shall forward to the Division of Alcoholism and Drug
- 3 Abuse's Intoxicated Driving Program Unit a copy of a person's
- 4 conviction record. A fee of \$100.00 shall be payable to the Alcohol
- 5 Education, Rehabilitation and Enforcement Fund established pursuant
- 6 to section 3 of P.L.1983, c.531 (C.26:2B-32) to support the
- 7 Intoxicated Driving Program Unit.

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- 8 (c) Upon conviction of a violation of this section, the court shall 9 collect forthwith the New Jersey driver's license or licenses of the 10 person so convicted and forward such license or licenses to the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The court shall inform the 11 person convicted that if he is convicted of personally operating a 12 13 motor vehicle during the period of license suspension imposed 14 pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, he shall, upon conviction, be 15 subject to the penalties established in R.S.39:3-40. The person convicted shall be informed orally and in writing. A person shall be 16 17 required to acknowledge receipt of that written notice in writing. 18 Failure to receive a written notice or failure to acknowledge in writing 19 the receipt of a written notice shall not be a defense to a subsequent 20 charge of a violation of R.S.39:3-40. In the event that a person 21 convicted under this section is the holder of any out-of-State driver's 22 license, the court shall not collect the license but shall notify forthwith 23 the director, who shall, in turn, notify appropriate officials in the 24 licensing jurisdiction. The court shall, however, revoke the 25 nonresident's driving privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this State, 26 in accordance with this section. Upon conviction of a violation of this 27 section, the court shall notify the person convicted, orally and in 28 writing, of the penalties for a second, third or subsequent violation of 29 this section. A person shall be required to acknowledge receipt of that 30 written notice in writing. Failure to receive a written notice or failure to acknowledge in writing the receipt of a written notice shall not be 31 32 a defense to a subsequent charge of a violation of this section.
 - (d) The Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles shall promulgate rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) in order to establish a program of alcohol education and highway safety, as prescribed by this act.
 - (e) Any person accused of a violation of this section who is liable to punishment imposed by this section as a second [or subsequent] offender shall be entitled to the same rights of discovery as allowed defendants pursuant to the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of New Jersey.
- 43 (f) The counties, in cooperation with the Division of Alcoholism 44 and Drug Abuse and the Division of Motor Vehicles, but subject to the 45 approval of the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse, shall 46 designate and establish on a county or regional basis Intoxicated

- 1 Driver Resource Centers. These centers shall have the capability of
- 2 serving as community treatment referral centers and as court monitors
- of a person's compliance with the ordered treatment, service 3
- 4 alternative or community service. All centers established pursuant to
- this subsection shall be administered by a counselor certified by the 5
- 6 Alcohol and Drug Counselor Certification Board of New Jersey or
- 7 other professional with a minimum of five years' experience in the 8 treatment of alcoholism. All centers shall be required to develop
- 9 individualized treatment plans for all persons attending the centers;
- 10 provided that the duration of any ordered treatment or referral shall
- 11 not exceed one year. It shall be the center's responsibility to establish
- 12 networks with the community alcohol and drug education, treatment
- 13 and rehabilitation resources and to receive monthly reports from the
- 14 referral agencies regarding a person's participation and compliance
- 15 with the program. Nothing in this subsection shall bar these centers from developing their own education and treatment programs; 16
- 17 provided that they are approved by the Division of Alcoholism and
- 18 Drug Abuse.
- 19 Upon a person's failure to report to the initial screening or any 20 subsequent ordered referral, the Intoxicated Driver Resource Center
- 21 shall promptly notify the sentencing court of the person's failure to 22 comply.
- 23 Required detention periods at the Intoxicated Driver Resource
- 24 Centers shall be determined according to the individual treatment
- 25 classification assigned by the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit. Upon
- 26 attendance at an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center, a person shall be
- 27 required to pay a per diem fee of \$75.00 for the first offender program
- or a per diem fee of \$100.00 for the second offender program, as 28
- 29 appropriate. Any increases in the per diem fees after the first full year
- 30 shall be determined pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services in consultation with the 31
- 32 Governor's Council on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse pursuant to the
- "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et 33
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- 35 The centers shall conduct a program of alcohol and drug education
- 36 and highway safety, as prescribed by the Director of the Division of
- 37 Motor Vehicles.
- 38 The Commissioner of Health and Senior Services shall adopt rules
- 39 and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act,"
- 40 P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), in order to effectuate the
- purposes of this subsection. 41
- 42 (g) When a violation of this section occurs while:
- 43 (1) on any school property used for school purposes which is
- 44 owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school
- 45 board, or within 1,000 feet of such school property;
- (2) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 if 46

the municipality, by ordinance or resolution, has designated the school
 crossing as such; or

(3) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 knowing that juveniles are present if the municipality has not designated the school crossing as such by ordinance or resolution, the convicted person shall: for a first offense, be fined not less than \$500 or more than \$800, be imprisoned for not more than 60 days and have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of not less than one year or more than two years; for a second offense, be fined not less than \$1,000 or more than \$2,000, perform community service for a period of 60 days, be imprisoned for not less than 96 consecutive hours, which shall not be suspended or served on probation, nor more than 180 days, except that the court may lower such term for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served performing community service in such form and on such terms as the court shall deem appropriate under the circumstances and have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of not less than four years; and, for a third offense, be fined \$2,000, imprisoned for 180 days and have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of 20 years; the period of license suspension shall commence upon the completion of any prison sentence imposed upon that person.

A map or true copy of a map depicting the location and boundaries of the area on or within 1,000 feet of any property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board produced pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1987, c.101 (C.2C:35-7) may be used in a prosecution under paragraph (1) of this subsection.

It shall not be relevant to the imposition of sentence pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection that the defendant was unaware that the prohibited conduct took place while on or within 1,000 feet of any school property or while driving through a school crossing. Nor shall it be relevant to the imposition of sentence that no juveniles were present on the school property or crossing zone at the time of the offense or that the school was not in session.

(h) A court also may order a person convicted pursuant to subsection a. of this section, to participate in a supervised visitation program as either a condition of probation or a form of community service, giving preference to those who were under the age of 21 at the time of the offense. Prior to ordering a person to participate in such a program, the court may consult with any person who may provide useful information on the defendant's physical, emotional and mental suitability for the visit to ensure that it will not cause any injury to the defendant. The court also may order that the defendant participate in a counseling session under the supervision of the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit prior to participating in the supervised visitation program. The supervised visitation program shall

be at one or more of the following facilities which have agreed to
 participate in the program under the supervision of the facility's
 personnel and the probation department:

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- (1) a trauma center, critical care center or acute care hospital having basic emergency services, which receives victims of motor vehicle accidents for the purpose of observing appropriate victims of drunk drivers and victims who are, themselves, drunk drivers;
- 8 (2) a facility which cares for advanced alcoholics or drug abusers, 9 to observe persons in the advanced stages of alcoholism or drug abuse; 10 or
 - (3) if approved by a county medical examiner, the office of the county medical examiner or a public morgue to observe appropriate victims of vehicle accidents involving drunk drivers.

As used in this section, "appropriate victim" means a victim whose condition is determined by the facility's supervisory personnel and the probation officer to be appropriate for demonstrating the results of accidents involving drunk drivers without being unnecessarily gruesome or traumatic to the defendant.

If at any time before or during a visitation the facility's supervisory personnel and the probation officer determine that the visitation may be or is traumatic or otherwise inappropriate for that defendant, the visitation shall be terminated without prejudice to the defendant. The program may include a personal conference after the visitation, which may include the sentencing judge or the judge who coordinates the program for the court, the defendant, defendant's counsel, and, if available, the defendant's parents to discuss the visitation and its effect on the defendant's future conduct. If a personal conference is not practicable because of the defendant's absence from the jurisdiction, conflicting time schedules, or any other reason, the court shall require the defendant to submit a written report concerning the visitation experience and its impact on the defendant. The county, a court, any facility visited pursuant to the program, any agents, employees, or independent contractors of the court, county, or facility visited pursuant to the program, and any person supervising a defendant during the visitation, are not liable for any civil damages resulting from injury to the defendant, or for civil damages associated with the visitation which are caused by the defendant, except for willful or grossly negligent acts intended to, or reasonably expected to result in, that injury or damage.

The Supreme Court may adopt court rules or directives to effectuate the purposes of this subsection.

(i) In addition to any other fine, fee, or other charge imposed pursuant to law, the court shall assess a person convicted of a violation of the provisions of this section a surcharge of \$100, of which amount \$50 shall be payable to the municipality in which the conviction was obtained and \$50 shall be payable to the Treasurer of

1 the State of New Jersey for deposit into the General Fund.

2 (cf: P.L.2002, c.34, s.17)

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- 4 21. Section 2 of P.L.1966, c.142 (C.39:4-50.2) is amended to read 5 as follows:
- 6 2. (a) Any person who operates a motor vehicle on any public road, street or highway or quasi-public area in this State shall be 7 8 deemed to have given his consent to the taking of samples of his 9 breath for the purpose of making chemical tests to determine the 10 content of alcohol in his blood; provided, however, that the taking of 11 samples is made in accordance with the provisions of this act and at 12 the request of a police officer who has reasonable grounds to believe 13 that such person has been operating a motor vehicle in violation of the provisions of R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now 14
 - (b) A record of the taking of any such sample, disclosing the date and time thereof, as well as the result of any chemical test, shall be made and a copy thereof, upon his request, shall be furnished or made available to the person so tested.

pending before the Legislature as this bill).

- (c) In addition to the samples taken and tests made at the direction of a police officer hereunder, the person tested shall be permitted to have such samples taken and chemical tests of his breath, urine or blood made by a person or physician of his own selection.
- (d) The police officer shall inform the person tested of his rights under subsections (b) and (c) of this section.
- (e) No chemical test, as provided in this section, or specimen necessary thereto, may be made or taken forcibly and against physical resistance thereto by the defendant. The police officer shall, however, inform the person arrested of the consequences of refusing to submit to such test in accordance with section 2 of [this amendatory and supplementary act] P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a). A standard statement, prepared by the director, shall be read by the police officer to the person under arrest.
- 34 (cf: P.L.1981, c.512, s.1)

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- 36 22. Section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a) is amended to read as follows:
- 2. a. Except as provided in subsection b. of this section, the 38 39 municipal court shall revoke the right to operate a motor vehicle of 40 any operator who, after being arrested for a violation of R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the 41 42 <u>Legislature as this bill</u>), shall refuse to submit to a test provided for in 43 section 2 of P.L.1966, c.142 (C.39:4-50.2) when requested to do so, 44 for six months unless the refusal was in connection with a second 45 offense under this section, in which case the revocation period shall be

for two years or unless the refusal was in connection with [a third or

- subsequent] an offense under [this] section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) 1
- 2 (now pending before the Legislature as this bill) in which case the
- 3 revocation shall be for ten years. A conviction or administrative
- 4 determination of a violation of a law of a substantially similar nature
- 5 in another jurisdiction, regardless of whether that jurisdiction is a
- signatory to the Interstate Driver License Compact pursuant to 6
- 7 P.L.1966, c.73 (C.39:5D-1 et seq.), shall constitute a prior conviction
- 8 under this section.
- 9 The municipal court shall determine by a preponderance of the 10 evidence whether the arresting officer had probable cause to believe
- 11 that the person had been driving or was in actual physical control of
- 12 a motor vehicle on the public highways or quasi-public areas of this
- 13 State while the person was under the influence of intoxicating liquor
- 14 or a narcotic, hallucinogenic, or habit-producing drug or marijuana;
- 15 whether the person was placed under arrest, if appropriate, and
- whether he refused to submit to the test upon request of the officer; 16
- and if these elements of the violation are not established, no conviction 17
- 18 shall issue. In addition to any other requirements provided by law, a
- 19 person whose operator's license is revoked for refusing to submit to a
- 20 test shall be referred to an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center
- 21 established by subsection (f.) of R.S.39:4-50 and shall satisfy the same
- 22 requirements of the center for refusal to submit to a test as provided
- 23 for in section 2 of P.L.1966, c.142 (C.39:4-50.2) in connection with
- 24 a first[,] or second[, third or subsequent] offense under this section
- or an offense under section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending 25
- before the Legislature as this bill that must be satisfied by a person 26
- 27 convicted of a commensurate violation of this section, or be subject to

the same penalties as such a person for failure to do so. The

- 29 revocation shall be independent of any revocation imposed by virtue
- 30
- of a conviction under the provisions of R.S.39:4-50.
- 31 In addition to issuing a revocation, except as provided in subsection
- 32 b. of this section, the municipal court shall fine a person convicted
- 33 under this section, a fine of not less than \$250.00 nor more than
- 34 \$500.00.

- 35 b. The fine imposed upon the convicted person shall be not less
- 36 than \$500 or more than \$1,000 and the period of license suspension
- 37 shall be one year for a first offense, four years for a second offense and
- 38 20 years for a third or subsequent offense, which period shall
- 39 commence upon the completion of any prison sentence imposed upon
- 40 that person when a violation of this section occurs while:
- 41 (1) on any school property used for school purposes which is
- 42 owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school
- 43 board, or within 1,000 feet of such school property;
- 44 (2) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 if
- 45 the municipality, by ordinance or resolution, has designated the school
- 46 crossing as such; or

1 (3) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 2 knowing that juveniles are present if the municipality has not 3 designated the school crossing as such by ordinance or resolution.

A map or true copy of a map depicting the location and boundaries of the area on or within 1,000 feet of any property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board produced pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1997, c.101 (C.2C:35-7) may be used in a prosecution under paragraph (1) of this subsection.

It shall not be relevant to the imposition of sentence pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection that the defendant was unaware that the prohibited conduct took place while on or within 1,000 feet of any school property or while driving through a school crossing. Nor shall it be relevant to the imposition of sentence that no juveniles were present on the school property or crossing zone at the time of the offense or that the school was not in session.

17 (cf: P.L.1999, c.185, s.5)

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- 19 23. Section 1 of P.L.1984, c.4 (C.39:4-50.8) is amended to read as 20 follows:
- 21 1. Upon a conviction of a violation of R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of 22 P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill) 23 or section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a), the court shall collect 24 from the defendant a surcharge of \$100.00 in addition to and 25 independently of any fine imposed on that defendant. The court shall 26 forward the surcharge to the Director of the Division of Motor 27 Vehicles who shall deposit \$95.00 of the surcharge into a "Drunk Driving Enforcement Fund" (hereinafter referred to as the "fund"). 28 29 This fund shall be used to establish a Statewide drunk driving 30 enforcement program to be supervised by the director. The remaining 31 \$5.00 of each surcharge shall be deposited by the director into a

separate fund for administrative expenses. 32 33 A municipality shall be entitled to periodic grants from the "Drunk" 34 Driving Enforcement Fund" in amounts representing its proportionate contribution to the fund. A municipality shall be deemed to have 35 36 contributed to the fund the portion of the surcharge allocated to the 37 fund, collected pursuant to this section if the violation of R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before 38 39 the Legislature as this bill) or section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 40 (C.39:4-50.4a) occurred within the municipality and the arrest 41 resulting in conviction was made by the member of a municipal police 42 force. The grants from the fund shall be used by the municipality to 43 increase enforcement of R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of P.L. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill) by

- 44
- 45 subsidizing additional law enforcement patrols and through other
- measures approved by the director. The Division of State Police, 46

- 1 interstate law enforcement agencies and county law enforcement
- 2 agencies shall be entitled to periodic grants from the fund in amounts
- 3 representing their proportionate contribution to the fund. The
- 4 Division of State Police or county or interstate law enforcement
- 5 agency shall be in deemed to have contributed to the fund the portion
- 6 of the surcharge allocated to the fund collected pursuant to this
- section if the arrest resulting in a conviction was made by a member of
 the Division of State Police or county or interstate law enforcement
- 9 agency. The grants from the fund shall be used by the Division of
- 10 State Police or county or interstate law enforcement agency to
- 11 in annual and annual of D. C. 20.4 50 and continu 2 of D. L.
- 11 increase enforcement of R.S.39:4-50 and section 2 of P.L. , c.
- 12 (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill) by
- 13 subsidizing additional law enforcement patrols and through other
- measures approved by the director.
- The surcharge described herein shall not be considered a fine,
- penalty or forfeiture to be distributed pursuant to R.S.39:5-41.
- The director shall promulgate rules and regulations in order to effectuate the purposes of this section.
- 19 (cf: P.L.1994, c.184, s.3)

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- 21 24. Section 1 of P.L.1992, c.189 (C.39:4-50.14) is amended to 22 read as follows:
- 22 Tead as follows.
- 1. Any person under the legal age to purchase alcoholic beverages
- 24 who operates a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of
- 25 0.01% or more, but less than 0.10%, by weight of alcohol in his blood,
- shall forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of
- this State or shall be prohibited from obtaining a license to operate a motor vehicle in this State for a period of not less than 30 or more
- 29 than 90 days beginning on the date he becomes eligible to obtain a
- 30 license or on the day of conviction, whichever is later, and shall
- 31 perform community service for a period of not less than 15 or more
- 32 than 30 days.
- In addition, the person shall satisfy the program and fee
- 34 requirements of an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center or participate
- in a program of alcohol education and highway safety as prescribed by
- 36 the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles.
- The penalties provided under the provisions of this section shall be
- 38 in addition to the penalties which the court may impose under
- 39 N.J.S.2C:33-15, R.S.33:1-81, R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L.
- 40 <u>c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill)</u> or any
- 41 other law.
- 42 (cf: P.L.1992, c.189, s.1)

- 44 25. R.S.39:5-22 is amended to read as follows:
- 45 39:5-22. Where a license has been revoked for a violation of
- 46 [section] R.S. 39:4-50 [of this Title] or section 2 of P.L. , c.

1 (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill), and an 2 appeal has been taken from the judgment, the appeal shall not operate

3 to restore the license during the pendency of the appeal, however, the

4 license may be restored either by the trial court or the appellate court

5 pending disposition of the appeal.

6 (cf: P.L.1965, c.237, s.1)

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26. R.S.39:5-30 is amended to read as follows:

9 39:5-30. a. Every registration certificate, every license certificate, 10 every privilege to drive motor vehicles, including commercial motor 11 vehicles as defined in P.L.1990, c.103 (C.39:3-10.9 et al., every 12 endorsement, class of license, and commercial driver license, may be 13 suspended or revoked, and any person may be prohibited from 14 obtaining a driver's license or a registration certificate, or disqualified 15 from obtaining any class of or endorsement on a commercial driver license, and the reciprocity privilege of any nonresident may be 16 suspended or revoked by the director for a violation of any of the 17 18 provisions of this Title or on any other reasonable grounds, after due 19 notice in writing of such proposed suspension, revocation, 20 disqualification or prohibition and the ground thereof.

He may also summon witnesses to appear before him at his office or at any other place he designates, to give testimony in a hearing which he holds looking toward a revocation of a license or registration certificate issued by or under his authority. The summons shall be served at least five days before the return date, either by registered mail or personal service. A person who fails to obey the summons shall be subject to a penalty not exceeding \$100.00, to be recovered with costs in an action at law, prosecuted by the Attorney General, and in addition the vehicle registration or driver's license, or both, as the case may be, shall forthwith be revoked. The fee for witnesses required to attend before the director shall be \$1.00 for each day's attendance and \$0.03 for every mile of travel by the nearest generally traveled route in going to and from the place where the attendance of the witness is required. These fees shall be paid when the witness is excused from further attendance, and the disbursements made from payment of the fees shall be audited and paid in the manner provided for expenses of the department. The actual conduct of said hearing may be delegated by the director to such departmental employees as he may designate, in which case the said employees shall recommend to the director in writing whether the said licenses or certificates shall or shall not be suspended or revoked.

- b. Whenever a matter is presented to the director involving an alleged violation of
- 44 (1) R.S.39:4-98, where an excess of 20 miles per hour over the 45 authorized speed limit is alleged, and which has resulted in the death 46 of another;

1 (2) R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending 2 before the Legislature as this bill), and which has resulted in the death 3 of another;

- (3) R.S.39:4-96, and which has resulted in the death of another; or
- (4) R.S.39:4-129, wherein the death of another has occurred, and the director has not determined to immediately issue a preliminary suspension pursuant to subsection e. of this section, the director shall issue a notice of proposed final suspension or revocation of any license certificate or any nonresident reciprocity privilege to operate any motor vehicle or motorized bicycle held by the individual charged or temporary order prohibiting the individual from obtaining any license to operate any motor vehicle or motorized bicycle in this State.

In the notice, the director shall provide the individual charged with an opportunity for a plenary hearing to contest the proposed final suspension, revocation or other final agency action. Unless the division receives, no later than the 10th day from the date the notice was mailed, a written request for hearing, the proposed final agency action shall take effect on the date specified in the notice.

Upon receipt of a timely request for a plenary hearing, a preliminary hearing shall be held by an administrative law judge within 15 days of the receipt of the request. The preliminary hearing shall be for the purpose of determining whether, pending a plenary hearing on the proposed final agency action, a preliminary suspension shall be immediately issued by the judge. Adjournment of such hearing upon motion by the individual charged shall be given only for good cause shown.

At the preliminary hearing, the parties shall proceed on the papers submitted to the judge, including the summons, the police reports and the charged individual's prior driving record submitted by the division, and any brief affidavits permitted by the judge from persons who shall be witnesses at the plenary hearing, and the parties may present oral argument. Based on the papers, on any oral argument, on the individual's prior driving record, and on the circumstances of the alleged violation presented in the papers, the judge shall determine whether the individual was properly charged with a violation of the law and a death occurred; and, if so, whether in the interest of public safety, a preliminary suspension shall be immediately ordered pending the plenary hearing on the proposed suspension or revocation. The administrative law judge shall transmit his findings to the director.

A plenary hearing shall be held no later than the 45th day following the preliminary hearing. Adjournment of the hearing shall be given only for good cause shown. If the hearing is otherwise postponed or delayed solely at the instance of the individual charged, the administrative law judge shall immediately issue a preliminary suspension of any license certificate or any nonresident reciprocity privilege held by the individual charged, or if any such preliminary

- 1 suspension or order is in effect, he shall continue such suspension or
- 2 order. Such preliminary suspension or temporary order shall remain
- 3 in effect pending a final agency decision on the matter. If the hearing
- 4 is otherwise postponed or delayed at the instance of anyone other than
- the individual charged, the judge shall immediately issue an order 5
- 6 restoring the individual's license certificate or any nonresident
- 7 reciprocity privilege pending final agency decision in the matter. The
- 8 period of any preliminary suspension imposed under this section shall
- 9 be deducted from any suspension imposed by the final agency decision
- 10 in the matter.

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final agency action.

- c. Whenever any other matter is presented to the director involving an alleged violation of this title, wherein the death of another occurred and for which he determines immediate action is warranted, he may proceed in the manner prescribed in subsection b. above.
- 15 d. Whenever a fatal accident occurs in this State, an investigation of the incident, whether performed by the State Police or by local 16 police, shall be completed and forwarded to the director within 17 72 hours of the time of the accident. 18
- 19 e. Whenever a matter is presented to the director involving an 20 alleged violation of
 - (1) R.S.39:4-98, where an excess of 20 miles per hour over the authorized speed limit is alleged, and which has resulted in the death or serious bodily injury of another;
- 24 (2) R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending 25 before the Legislature as this bill), which has resulted in the death or 26 serious bodily injury of another;
- 27 (3) R.S.39:4-96 or R.S.39:4-97, which has resulted in the death or 28 serious bodily injury of another; or
- 29 (4) R.S.39:4-129, wherein the death or serious bodily injury of another has occurred, the director for good cause may, without hearing, immediately issue a preliminary suspension of any license certificate or any nonresident reciprocity privilege to operate any motor vehicle or motorized bicycle held by an individual charged or temporary order prohibiting the individual from obtaining any license to operate any motor vehicle or motorized bicycle in this State. For purposes of this subsection, "serious bodily injury" means bodily injury which creates a substantial risk of death or which causes serious, permanent disfigurement, or protracted loss or impairment of the function of any bodily member or organ. Along with the notice of preliminary suspension, the director shall issue a notice of proposed final suspension, revocation or other final agency action, and shall 42 afford the individual the right to a preliminary hearing to contest the 43 preliminary suspension and a plenary hearing to contest the proposed
- 45 The preliminary suspension shall remain in effect pending a final agency decision on the proposed final agency action, unless a request 46

for a preliminary hearing is received by the division no later than the
10th day from the date on which the notice was mailed. The proposed
final agency action shall take effect on the date specified in the notice
unless a request for a plenary hearing is received by the division no
later than the 10th day from the date on which the notice was mailed.

Upon timely request by the individual, a preliminary hearing shall be held by an administrative law judge, no later than the 15th day from the date on which the division receives the request. The preliminary hearing shall be for the purpose of determining whether, pending a final agency decision on the matter, the preliminary suspension issued by the director shall remain in effect. Adjournment of the hearing shall be given only for good cause shown. If the preliminary hearing is otherwise postponed or delayed solely at the instance of someone other than the individual charged, the judge shall immediately order that the individual's license certificate or any nonresident reciprocity privilege be restored pending the rescheduled preliminary hearing.

At the preliminary hearing, the parties shall proceed on the papers submitted to the judge, including the summons, the police reports and the charged individual's prior driving record submitted by the division, and any brief affidavits permitted by the judge from persons who shall be witnesses at the final hearing, and the parties may present oral arguments. Based on the papers, on any oral argument, on the individual's prior driving record, and on the circumstances of the alleged violation presented in the papers, the judge shall immediately determine whether the individual was properly charged with a violation of the law and a death occurred; and, if so, whether in the interest of public safety, the preliminary suspension shall be continued pending the final agency decision on the matter. The administrative law judge shall transmit his findings to the director.

Any plenary hearing to contest the proposed final agency action shall conform to the requirements for a plenary hearing contained in subsection b. of this section.

f. In addition to any other final agency action, the director shall require any person whose privileges to operate a motor vehicle or motorized bicycle are suspended or who has been prohibited from obtaining a license, pursuant to this section, to be reexamined to determine the person's ability to operate a motor vehicle or motorized bicycle, prior to regaining or obtaining any driving privileges in this State.

Any determination resulting from any preliminary or plenary hearing held pursuant to subsection b., c., or e. of this section shall not be admissible at any criminal or quasi-criminal proceedings on the alleged violation or violations.

44 (cf: P.L.1990, c.103, s.33)

27. Section 14 of P.L.1985, c.520 (C.39:6A-4.5) is amended to

1 read as follows:

- 14. a. Any person who, at the time of an automobile accident resulting in injuries to that person, is required but fails to maintain medical expense benefits coverage mandated by section 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4) or section 4 of P.L.1998, c.21 (C.39:6A-3.1) shall have no cause of action for recovery of economic or noneconomic loss sustained as a result of an accident while operating an uninsured automobile.
- b. Any person who is convicted of, or pleads guilty to, operating a motor vehicle in violation of R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of P.L., c.

 (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill), section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a), or a similar statute from any other jurisdiction, in connection with an accident, shall have no cause of action for recovery of economic or noneconomic loss sustained as a result of the accident.
- 16 c. Any person acting with specific intent of causing injury to 17 himself or others in the operation or use of an automobile shall have 18 no cause of action for recovery of economic or noneconomic loss 19 sustained as a result of an accident arising from such conduct.

20 (cf: P.L.1998, c.21, s.8)

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- 22 28. Section 6 of P.L.1995, c.142 (C.2A:15-5.14) is amended to 23 read as follows:
- 6. a. Before entering judgment for an award of punitive damages, the trial judge shall ascertain that the award is reasonable in its amount and justified in the circumstances of the case, in light of the purpose to punish the defendant and to deter that defendant from repeating such conduct. If necessary to satisfy the requirements of this section, the judge may reduce the amount of or eliminate the award of punitive damages.
 - b. No defendant shall be liable for punitive damages in any action in an amount in excess of five times the liability of that defendant for compensatory damages or \$350,000, whichever is greater.
- c. The provisions of subsection b. of this section shall not apply to causes of action brought pursuant to P.L.1993, c.137 (C.2A:53A-21 et seq.), P.L.1945, c.169 (C.10:5-1 et seq.), P.L.1989, c.303 (C.26:5C-5 et seq.) or P.L.1992, c.109 (C.2A:61B-1), or in cases in which a defendant has been convicted pursuant to R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill) or section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a).
- 41 (cf: P.L.1995, c.142, s.6)

- 43 29. Section 18 of P.L.1971, c.317 (C.52:4B-18) is amended to 44 read as follows:
- 18. No order for the payment of compensation shall be made under section 10 of P.L.1971, c.317 (C.52:4B-10) unless the application has

- 1 been made within two years after the date of the personal injury or
- 2 death or after that date upon determination by the board that good
- 3 cause exists for the delayed filing, and the personal injury or death was
- 4 the result of an offense listed in section 11 of P.L.1971, c.317
- 5 (C.52:4B-11) which had been reported to the police or other
- 6 appropriate law enforcement agency within three months after its
- 7 occurrence or reasonable discovery. The board will make its 8 determination regarding the application within six months of
- 8 determination regarding the application within six months of 9 acknowledgment by the board of receipt of the completed application
- and any and all necessary supplemental information.
- In determining the amount of an award, the board shall determine
- whether, because of his conduct, the victim of such crime contributed
- 13 to the infliction of his injury, and the board shall reduce the amount of
- 14 the award or reject the application altogether, in accordance with such
- 15 determination; provided, however, that the board shall not consider
- any conduct of the victim contributory toward his injury, if the record
- indicates such conduct occurred during efforts by the victim to prevent
- a crime or apprehend a person who had committed a crime in his
- 19 presence or had in fact committed a crime.
- The board may deny or reduce an award where the victim has not
- 21 paid in full any payments owed on assessments imposed pursuant to
- section 2 of P.L.1979, c.396 (C.2C:43-3.1) or restitution ordered
- 23 following conviction for a crime.
- No compensation shall be awarded if:
- a. Compensation to the victim proves to be substantial unjust
- 26 enrichment to the offender or if the victim did not cooperate with the
- 27 reasonable requests of law enforcement authorities unless the victim
- demonstrates a compelling health or safety reason for not cooperating;
- 29 o
- 30 b. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1990, c.64.)
- 31 c. The victim was guilty of a violation of subtitle 10 or 12 of Title
- 32 2A or subtitle 2 of Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes, which caused
- or contributed to his injuries; or
- d. The victim was injured as a result of the operation of a motor
- 35 vehicle, except as provided in subsection c. or d. of section 11 of
- 36 P.L.1971, c.317 (C.52:4B-11), boat or airplane unless the same was
- 37 used as a weapon in a deliberate attempt to run the victim down; or
- e. The victim suffered personal injury or death while an occupant
- 39 of a motor vehicle or vessel where the victim knew or reasonably
- 40 should have known that the driver was operating the vehicle or vessel
- in violation of R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill), section 5 of P.L.1990,
- 43 c.103 (C.39:3-10.13), section 19 of P.L.1954, c.236 (C.12:7-34.19),
- 44 section 3 of P.L.1952, c.157 (C.12:7-46), subparagraph (b) of
- 45 paragraph (2) of subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:20-2, subsection b. of
- 46 N.J.S.2C:29-2 or subsection b., c. or d. of N.J.S.2C:20-10; or

A3342 ASSELTA, VAN DREW

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1 f. The victim has been convicted of a crime and is still incarcerated; 2 or 3 g. The victim sustained the injury during the period of incarceration 4 immediately following conviction for a crime. Except as provided herein, no compensation shall be awarded under 5 6 this act in an amount in excess of \$25,000.00, and all payments shall be made in a lump sum, except that in the case of death or protracted 7 8 disability the award may provide for periodic payments to compensate 9 for loss of earnings or support. Five years after the entry of an initial 10 determination order, a claim for compensation expires and no further 11 order is to be entered with regard to the claim except for requests for payment of specific out-of-pocket expenses received by the Victims of 12 13 Crime Compensation Board prior to the expiration of the five-year 14 period except in those cases determined by the board to be 15 catastrophic in nature. No award made pursuant to this act shall be subject to execution or attachment other than for expenses resulting 16 from the injury which is the basis of the claim. 17 18 Compensation may be awarded in an amount not exceeding the 19 actual cost of a rehabilitative service of the type enumerated in section 20 2 of P.L.1999, c.166 (C.52:4B-18.2). 21 The award may provide for periodic payments in the case of 22 protracted care or rehabilitative assistance. 23 (cf: P.L.1999, c.166, s.1) 24 25 30. Section 1 of P.L.1989, c.325 (C.59:5-6) is amended to read as 26 follows: 27 1. a. Neither a public entity nor a public employee is liable for any 28 injury suffered by a motor vehicle driver upon his voluntary release 29 from police custody after reasonable precautions have been taken so 30 that the driver is released in a position of relative safety and refuge 31 following his arrest on a charge of operating a motor vehicle while 32 under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, pursuant to R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before 33 34 the Legislature as this bill). b. Neither a public entity nor a public employee is liable for any 35 injury suffered by a motor vehicle occupant upon his voluntary release 36 37 from police detention after reasonable precautions have been taken so 38 that the occupant is released in a position of relative safety and refuge 39 following the arrest of a motor vehicle driver on a charge of operating 40 a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or 41 drugs, pursuant to R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) 42 (now pending before the Legislature as this bill). 43 (cf: P.L.1989, c.325, s.1)

45 31. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be applicable to 46 offenses committed on or after the effective date.

STATEMENT

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This bill would establish criminal penalties for third and subsequent offenses of driving while intoxicated (DWI). Currently, DWI is a traffic offense under Title 39 of the Revised Statutes (the State motor vehicle code). First and second DWI offenses would remain traffic offenses under this bill.

Under the provisions of the bill, a person who had committed a third or subsequent DWI offense would be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree. A crime of the fourth degree is punishable by a fine of up to \$10,000, imprisonment of up to 18 months, or both. The bill requires that the person be sentenced to 180 days imprisonment, except that the court may lower the term of imprisonment for up to 90 days for each day the offender participates in a rehabilitation program for drug and alcohol dependent persons. The person's driver's license also would be suspended for 10 years, which is the period of suspension required under current law.

The bill also provides for an enhanced penalty if the third or subsequent violation occurs in a school zone or in or near a school crosswalk. In such instances, the person would be guilty of a crime of the third degree. A crime of the third degree is punishable by a fine of up to \$15,000, imprisonment for three to five years, or both. The person's driver's license also would be suspended for 20 years.

Where appropriate, the bill also would add the criminal code compilation number assigned to the offense created under this bill to statutory references for the current drunk driving statute (R.S.39:4-50).

It is the sponsor's intention that this act be known as "Michael's Law," in memory of Michael Albano, a 19-year old from Vineland who was killed by a drunk driver in December 2001. The offender had four previous drunk driving convictions. By treating third and subsequent drunk driving offenses as crimes, it is the sponsor's hope that judicial and administrative agencies will be provided with the tools to motivate these offenders to seek treatment for the underlying alcohol or drug problem that causes them to reoffend. The threat of 18 months imprisonment could afford the court the opportunity to seriously address rehabilitation needs by providing an incentive for the offender to participate in treatment for drug and alcohol dependency.

ASSEMBLY LAW AND PUBLIC SAFETY COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, No. 3342

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MARCH 10, 2003

The Assembly Law and Public Safety committee reports favorably an Assembly committee substitute for Assembly Bill No. 3342.

This Assembly committee substitute for Assembly Bill No. 3342 requires persons convicted of a third or subsequent drunk driving offense to be sentenced to a mandatory 90-day term of imprisonment in a county jail or workhouse and ordered by the court to participate in a 90-day alcohol inpatient rehabilitation program.

Under current law, persons convicted of a third or subsequent offense of drunk driving are subject to 180 days imprisonment, except that the court may reduce this term by up to 90 days for each day served performing community service. Furthermore, these offenders may not be required to serve their term of imprisonment in the county jail or workhouse, but may serve such imprisonment in an inpatient rehabilitation program. Under the bill, at least 90 days would have to be served in jail without exception.

The substitute also makes drunk drivers who are required to serve a mandatory 90-day term of imprisonment ineligible to participate in a work release program. Under a work release program, qualified prisoners may be employed outside the jail, but when not working, they must be confined to the jail.

It is the committee's intention that this act be known as "Michael's Law," in memory of Michael Albano, a 19-year old from Vineland who was killed by a drunk driver in December 2001. The offender had four previous drunk driving convictions.

SENATE LAW AND PUBLIC SAFETY AND VETERANS' AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, No. 3342

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: NOVEMBER 24, 2003

The Senate Law and Public Safety and Veterans' Affairs Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly Bill No. 3342 ACS.

As amended and released by the committee, the Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill No. 3342 requires persons convicted of a third or subsequent drunk driving offense to be sentenced to a mandatory 180-day term of imprisonment in a county jail or workhouse, but provides that the court may reduce the term of inprisonment for each day, up to a total of 90 days, that the person participates in an alcohol inpatient rehabilitation program approved by the Intoxicated Driver Resource Center (IDRC).

Under current law, persons convicted of a third or subsequent offense of drunk driving are subject to 180 days imprisonment, except that the court may reduce this term by up to 90 days for each day served performing community service. Furthermore, these offenders may not be required to serve their term of imprisonment in the county jail or workhouse, but may serve such imprisonment in an inpatient rehabilitation program. Under the substitute, at least 90 days would have to be served in jail without exception.

The substitute also makes drunk drivers who are required to serve the mandatory term of imprisonment ineligible to participate in a work release program. Under a work release program, qualified prisoners may be employed outside the jail, but when not working, they must be confined to the jail.

As received by the committee, the substitute required persons convicted of a third or subsequent drunk driving offense to be sentenced to a mandatory 90-day term of imprisonment in a county jail or workhouse and to participate in a 90-day alcohol inpatient rehabilitation program.

It is the committee's intention that this act be known as "Michael's Law," in memory of Michael Albano, a 19-year old from Vineland who

was killed by a drunk driver in December 2001. The offender had four previous drunk driving convictions.

As amended and reported by the committee, this substitute is identical to the Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 2378, which also was reported by the committee on this date.

SENATE, No. 2378

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

210th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MARCH 10, 2003

Sponsored by:

Senator THOMAS H. KEAN, JR.

District 21 (Essex, Morris, Somerset and Union)

Senator JAMES S. CAFIERO

District 1 (Cape May, Atlantic and Cumberland)

SYNOPSIS

"Michael's Law;" criminalizes third or subsequent drunk driving offenses.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 11/25/2003)

AN ACT concerning driving while under the influence, supplementing
Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes and amending various sections
of the statutory law.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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8 1. (New section) This act shall be known and may be cited as 9 "Michael's Law."

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11 2. (New section) a. A person who operates a motor vehicle while 12 under the influence of intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or 13 habit-producing drug, or operates a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol 14 concentration of 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol in the 15 defendant's blood or permits another person who is under the influence 16 of intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug 17 to operate a motor vehicle owned by him or in his custody or control or permits another to operate a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol 18 concentration of 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol in the 19 defendant's blood shall for a third or subsequent violation be guilty of 20 a crime of the fourth degree and, notwithstanding the provisions of 21 22 subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:43-2, shall forfeit his right to operate a 23 motor vehicle over the highways of this State for 10 years. In 24 addition, the person shall be sentenced to imprisonment for a term of 25 not less than 180 days, except that the court may lower such term for 26 each day, not exceeding 90 days, of participation in a rehabilitation

If such third or subsequent violation occurs while:

program for drug and alcohol dependent persons.

- (1) on any school property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board, or within 1,000 feet of such school property;
- (2) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 if the municipality, by ordinance or resolution, has designated the school crossing as such; or
- (3) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 knowing that juveniles are present and if the municipality has not designated the school crossing as such by ordinance or resolution, the convicted person shall be guilty of a crime of the third degree and, notwithstanding the provisions of subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:43-2, shall forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for 20 years.
- If the driving privilege of any person is under revocation or suspension for a violation of any provision of this Title or Title 39 of

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

1 the Revised Statutes at the time of any conviction for a violation of 2 this section, the revocation or suspension period imposed shall 3 commence as of the date of termination of the existing revocation or 4 suspension period. In the case of any person who at the time of the 5 imposition of sentence is less than 17 years of age, the forfeiture, 6 suspension or revocation of the driving privilege imposed by the court 7 under this section shall commence immediately, run through the 8 offender's seventeenth birthday and continue from that date for the 9 period set by the court. A court that imposes a term of imprisonment 10 under this section may sentence the person so convicted to the county 11 jail, to the workhouse of the county wherein the offense was 12 committed, to an inpatient rehabilitation program or other facility 13 approved by the chief of the Intoxicated Driving Program of the 14 Division of Addiction Services in the Department of Health and Senior 15 Services.

b. Pursuant to the requirements set forth in R.S.39:4-50, a person 16 convicted under this section shall satisfy the screening, evaluation, 17 18 referral, program and fee requirements of the Division of Addiction 19 Services' Intoxicated Driving Program, and of the Intoxicated Driver 20 Resource Centers and a program of alcohol education and highway 21 safety, as prescribed by the Director of the Division of Motor 22 Vehicles. The sentencing court shall inform the person convicted that 23 failure to satisfy such requirements shall result in a mandatory two-day 24 term of imprisonment in a county jail and a driver license revocation 25 or suspension and continuation of revocation or suspension until such 26 requirements are satisfied, unless stayed by court order in accordance 27 with Rule 7:8-2 of the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of 28 New Jersey, or R.S.39:5-22. Upon sentencing, the court shall forward 29 to the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit a copy of a person's 30 conviction record. A fee of \$100 shall be payable to the Alcohol 31 Education, Rehabilitation and Enforcement Fund established pursuant 32 to section 3 of P.L.1983, c.531 (C.26:2B-32) to support the 33 Intoxicated Driving Program.

c. Upon conviction of a violation of this section, the court shall collect forthwith the New Jersey driver's license or licenses of the person so convicted and forward such license or licenses to the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The court shall inform the person convicted that if he is convicted of personally operating a motor vehicle during the period of license suspension imposed pursuant to subsection a. of this section, he shall, upon conviction, be subject to the penalties established in R.S.39:3-40. The person convicted shall be informed orally and in writing. A person shall be required to acknowledge receipt of that written notice in writing. Failure to receive a written notice or failure to acknowledge in writing the receipt of a written notice shall not be a defense to a subsequent charge of a violation of R.S.39:3-40. In the event that a person

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1 convicted under this section is the holder of any out of State driver's

- 2 license, the court shall not collect the license but shall notify forthwith
- 3 the director, who shall, in turn, notify appropriate officials in the
- 4 licensing jurisdiction. The court shall, however, revoke the
- 5 nonresident's driving privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this State,
- 6 in accordance with this section.

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- 3. N.J.S.2C:11-5 is amended to read as follows:
- 9 2C:11-5. Death by auto or vessel. a. Criminal homicide 10 constitutes vehicular homicide when it is caused by driving a vehicle 11 or vessel recklessly.
- b. Except as provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection, vehicular
 homicide is a crime of the second degree.
- 14 (1) If the defendant was operating the auto or vessel while under 15 the influence of any intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug, or with a blood alcohol concentration at or 16 above the prohibited level as prescribed in R.S.39:4-50 and section 2 17 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this 18 19 bill), or if the defendant was operating the auto or vessel while his 20 driver's license or reciprocity privilege was suspended or revoked for 21 any violation of R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L., c. (C. 22 (now pending before the Legislature as this bill), as applicable, section 23 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a), by the Director of the Division 24 of Motor Vehicles pursuant to P.L.1982, c.85 (C.39:5-30a et seq.), or 25 by the court for a violation of R.S.39:4-96, the defendant shall be 26 sentenced to a term of imprisonment by the court. The term of 27 imprisonment shall include the imposition of a minimum term. The minimum term shall be fixed at, or between, one-third and one-half of 28

the sentence imposed by the court or three years, whichever is greater,

during which the defendant shall be ineligible for parole.

31 (2) The court shall not impose a mandatory sentence pursuant to 32 paragraph (1) of this subsection unless the grounds therefor have been established at a hearing. At the hearing, which may occur at the time 33 34 of sentencing, the prosecutor shall establish by a preponderance of the evidence that the defendant was operating the auto or vessel while 35 36 under the influence of any intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic 37 or habit-producing drug, or with a blood alcohol concentration at or 38 above the level prescribed in R.S.39:4-50 and section 2 of P.L. , 39) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill), as 40 applicable, or that the defendant was operating the auto or vessel 41 while his driver's license or reciprocity privilege was suspended or 42 revoked for any violation of R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L., c. 43) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill), section 44 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a), by the Director of the Division 45 of Motor Vehicles pursuant to P.L.1982, c.85 (C.39:5-30a et seq.), or by the court for a violation of R.S.39:4-96. In making its findings, the 46

- 1 court shall take judicial notice of any evidence, testimony or 2 information adduced at the trial, plea hearing, or other court 3 proceedings and shall also consider the presentence report and any 4 other relevant information.
 - (3) Vehicular homicide is a crime of the first degree if the defendant was operating the auto or vessel while in violation of R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a) while:

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- 8 (a) on any school property used for school purposes which is 9 owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school 10 board, or within 1,000 feet of such school property;
 - (b) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 if the municipality, by ordinance or resolution, has designated the school crossing as such; or
 - (c) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 knowing that juveniles are present if the municipality has not designated the school crossing as such by ordinance or resolution.

A map or true copy of a map depicting the location and boundaries of the area on or within 1,000 feet of any property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board produced pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1997, c.101 (C.2C:35-7) may be used in a prosecution under subparagraph (a) of this paragraph.

- It shall be no defense to a prosecution for a violation of subparagraph (a) or (b) of this paragraph that the defendant was unaware that the prohibited conduct took place while on or within 1,000 feet of any school property or while driving through a school crossing. Nor shall it be a defense to a prosecution under subparagraph (a) or (b) of this paragraph that no juveniles were present on the school property or crossing zone at the time of the offense or that the school was not in session.
- 31 (4) If the defendant was operating the auto or vessel in violation 32 of R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a), the 33 defendant's license to operate a motor vehicle shall be suspended for 34 a period of between five years and life, which period shall commence 35 upon completion of any prison sentence imposed upon that person.
 - c. For good cause shown, the court may, in accepting a plea of guilty under this section, order that such plea not be evidential in any civil proceeding.
 - d. Nothing herein shall be deemed to preclude, if the evidence so warrants, an indictment and conviction for aggravated manslaughter under the provisions of subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:11-4.
- As used in this section, "auto or vessel" means all means of conveyance propelled otherwise than by muscular power.
- e. Any person who violates paragraph (3) of subsection b. of this section shall forfeit the auto or vessel used in the commission of the offense, unless the defendant can establish at a hearing, which may

1 occur at the time of sentencing, by a preponderance of the evidence

- 2 that such forfeiture would constitute a serious hardship to the family
- of the defendant that outweighs the need to deter such conduct by the 3
- 4 defendant and others. In making its findings, the court shall take
- 5 judicial notice of any evidence, testimony or information adduced at
- 6 the trial, plea hearing, or other court proceedings and shall also
- 7 consider the presentence report and any other relevant information.
- 8 Forfeiture pursuant to this subsection shall be in addition to, and not
- 9 in lieu of, civil forfeiture pursuant to chapter 64 of this title.
- 10 (cf: P.L.1999, c.185, s.1.)

11

- 12 4. Section 2 of P.L.1979, c.396 (C.2C:43-3.1) is amended to read 13
 - as follows: 2. a. (1) In addition to any disposition made pursuant to the
- 15 provisions of N.J.S.2C:43-2, any person convicted of a crime of
- violence, theft of an automobile pursuant to N.J.S.2C:20-2, eluding a 16
- 17 law enforcement officer pursuant to subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:29-2 or
- 18 unlawful taking of a motor vehicle pursuant to subsection b., c. or d.
- 19 of N.J.S.2C:20-10 shall be assessed at least \$100.00, but not to exceed
- 20 \$10,000.00 for each such crime for which he was convicted which
- 21 resulted in the injury or death of another person. In imposing this
- 22 assessment, the court shall consider factors such as the severity of the
- 23 crime, the defendant's criminal record, defendant's ability to pay and
- 24 the economic impact of the assessment on the defendant's dependents.
- 25 (2) (a) In addition to any other disposition made pursuant to the
- 26 provisions of N.J.S.2C:43-2 or any other statute imposing sentences 27
- for crimes, any person convicted of any disorderly persons offense, any
- petty disorderly persons offense, or any crime not resulting in the 28
- 29 injury or death of any other person shall be assessed \$50.00 for each
- 30 such offense or crime for which he was convicted.
- 31 (b) In addition to any other disposition made pursuant to the
- 32 provisions of section 24 of P.L.1982, c.77 (C.2A:4A-43) or any other 33
- statute indicating the dispositions that can be ordered for adjudications
- 34 of delinquency, any juvenile adjudicated delinquent, according to the
- definition of "delinquency" established in section 4 of P.L.1982, c.77 35
- (C.2A:4A-23), shall be assessed at least \$30.00 for each such 36
- 37 adjudication, but not to exceed the amount which could be assessed
- 38 pursuant to paragraph (1) or paragraph (2) (a) of subsection a. of this
- 39 section if the offense was committed by an adult.
- 40 (c) In addition to any other assessment imposed pursuant to the
- provisions of R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of P.L., c. (C. 41
- 42 pending before the Legislature as this bill), the provisions of section
- 43 12 of P.L.1990, c.103 (C.39:3-10.20) relating to a violation of section
- 44 5 of P.L.1990, c.103 (C.39:3-10.13), the provisions of section 19 of 45 P.L.1954, c.236 (C.12:7-34.19) or the provisions of section 3 of
- P.L.1952, c.157 (C.12:7-46), any person convicted of operating a 46

1 motor vehicle, commercial motor vehicle or vessel while under the 2 influence of liquor or drugs shall be assessed \$50.00.

- 3 (d) In addition to any term or condition that may be included in an agreement for supervisory treatment pursuant to N.J.S.2C:43-13 or imposed as a term or condition of conditional discharge pursuant to N.J.S.2C:36A-1, a participant in either program shall be required to pay an assessment of \$50.00.
- 8 (3) All assessments provided for in this section shall be collected 9 as provided in section 3 of P.L.1979, c.396 (C.2C:46-4) and the court shall so order at the time of sentencing. When a defendant who is 10 11 sentenced to incarceration in a State correctional facility has not, at the time of sentencing, paid an assessment for the crime for which he 12 13 is being sentenced or an assessment imposed for a previous crime, the 14 court shall specifically order the Department of Corrections to collect 15 the assessment during the period of incarceration and to deduct the assessment from any income the inmate receives as a result of labor 16 17 performed at the institution or on any work release program or from 18 any personal account established in the institution for the benefit of the 19 inmate. All moneys collected, whether in part or in full payment of 20 any assessment imposed pursuant to this section, shall be forwarded 21 monthly by the parties responsible for collection, together with a 22 monthly accounting on forms prescribed by the Victims of Crime 23 Compensation Board pursuant to section 19 of P.L.1991, c.329 24 (C.52:4B-8.1), to the Victims of Crime Compensation Board.
- 25 (4) The Victims of Crime Compensation Board shall forward 26 monthly all moneys received from assessments collected pursuant to 27 this section to the State Treasury for deposit as follows:
- 28 (a) Of moneys collected on assessments imposed pursuant to 29 paragraph a. (1):
- (i) the first \$72.00 collected for deposit in the Victims of CrimeCompensation Board Account,
- (ii) the next \$3.00 collected for deposit in the Criminal Dispositionand Revenue Collection Fund,
- (iii) the next \$25.00 collected for deposit in the Victim Witness
 Advocacy Fund, and
- 36 (iv) moneys collected in excess of \$100.00 for deposit in the 37 Victims of Crime Compensation Board Account;
- 38 (b) Of moneys collected on assessments imposed pursuant to paragraph a. (2) (a), (c) or (d):
- (i) the first \$39.00 collected for deposit in the Victims of CrimeCompensation Board Account,
- 42 (ii) the next \$3.00 collected for deposit in the Criminal Disposition 43 and Revenue Collection Fund, and
- (iii) the next \$8.00 collected for deposit in the Victim and WitnessAdvocacy Fund;

- 1 (c) Of moneys collected on assessments imposed pursuant to 2 paragraph a. (2) (b):
- 3 (i) the first \$17.00 for deposit in the Victims of Crime 4 Compensation Board Account, and
- (ii) the next \$3.00 collected for deposit in the Criminal Disposition
 and Revenue Collection Fund, and
- 7 (iii) the next \$10.00 for deposit in the Victim and Witness 8 Advocacy Fund, and
- 9 (iv) moneys collected in excess of \$30.00 for deposit in the Victims 10 of Crime Compensation Board Account.
- 11 (5) The Victims of Crime Compensation Board shall provide the 12 Attorney General with a monthly accounting of moneys received, 13 deposited and identified as receivable, on forms prescribed pursuant 14 to section 19 of P.L.1991, c.329 (C.52:4B-8.1).
- 15 (6) (a) The Victims of Crime Compensation Board Account shall 16 be a separate, nonlapsing, revolving account that shall be administered 17 by the Victims of Crime Compensation Board. All moneys deposited 18 in that Account shall be used in satisfying claims pursuant to the 19 provisions of the "Criminal Injuries Compensation Act of 1971," 20 P.L.1971, c.317 (C.52:4B-1 et seq.) and for related administrative
- costs.
 (b) The Criminal Disposition and Revenue Collection Fund shall be
 a separate, nonlapsing, revolving account that shall be administered by
 the Victims of Crime Compensation Board. All moneys deposited in
 that Fund shall be used as provided in section 19 of P.L.1991, c.329
- (C.52:4B-8.1).
 (c) The Victim and Witness Advocacy Fund shall be a separate,
- nonlapsing, revolving fund and shall be administered by the Division of Criminal Justice, Department of Law and Public Safety and all moneys deposited in that Fund pursuant to this section shall be used for the benefit of victims and witnesses of crime as provided in section
- 32 20 of P.L.1991, c.329 (C.52:4B-43.1) and for related administrative costs.
 - b. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1991, c.329).
 - c. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1991, c.329).
- 36 d. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1991, c.329).
- 37 (cf: P.L.1995, c.135, s.1)

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- 39 5. Section 6 of P.L.1983, c.65 (C.17:29A-35) is amended to read 40 as follows:
- 41 6. a. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1997, c.151.)
- b. There is created a New Jersey Merit Rating Plan which shall
- 43 apply to all drivers and shall include, but not be limited to, the
- 44 following provisions
- 45 (1) (a) Plan surcharges shall be levied, beginning on or after
- 46 January 1, 1984, by the New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission

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- 1 (hereafter the "commission") established by section 4 of P.L.2003,
- 2 c.13 (C.39:2A-4) on any driver who, in the preceding 36-month
- 3 period, has accumulated six or more motor vehicle points, as provided
- 4 in Title 39 of the Revised Statutes; except that the allowance for a
- 5 reduction of points in Title 39 of the Revised Statutes shall not apply
- 6 for the purpose of determining surcharges under this paragraph. The
- 7 accumulation of points shall be calculated as of the date the point
- 8 violation is posted to the driver history record and shall be levied
- 9 pursuant to rules promulgated by the commission. Surcharges
- 10 assessed pursuant to this paragraph shall be \$100.00 for six points, and
- 11 \$25.00 for each additional point. No offense shall be selected for
- billing which occurred prior to February 10, 1983. No offense shall be
- 13 considered for billing in more than three annual assessments
- (b) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1984, c.1.)
- 15 (2) Plan surcharges shall be levied for convictions (a) under
- 16 R.S.39:4-50 for violations occurring on or after February 10, 1983,
- 17 and under section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before
- the Legislature as this bill) and (b) under section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512
- 19 (C.39:4-50.4a), or for offenses committed in other jurisdictions of a
- 20 substantially similar nature to those under R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of
- 21 P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this
- 22 <u>bill)</u>, or section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a), for violations
- 23 occurring on or after January 26, 1984. Except as hereinafter
- 24 provided, surcharges under this paragraph shall be levied annually for
- a three-year period, and shall be \$1,000.00 per year for each of the
- 26 first two convictions, for a total surcharge of \$3,000 for each
- 27 conviction, and \$1,500.00 per year for the third conviction occurring
- 28 within a three-year period, for a total surcharge of \$4,500 for the third
- 29 conviction. If a driver is convicted under [both] either R.S.39:4-50 or
- 30 section 2 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now pending before the
- 31 <u>Legislature as this bill</u>) and section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512
- 32 (C.39:4-50.4a) for offenses arising out of the same incident, the driver
- shall be assessed only one surcharge for the two offenses.
- 34 If, upon written notification from the commission or its designee,
- 35 mailed to the last address of record with the commission, a driver fails
- 36 to pay a surcharge levied under this subsection, the driving privilege
- 37 of the driver shall be suspended forthwith until the minimum payment
- requirement as set forth by rule by the commission is paid to the commission; except that the commission may authorize payment of the
- 40 surcharge on an installment basis over a period not to exceed
- 41 12 months for assessments under \$2,300 or 24 months for assessments
- 42 of \$2,300 or more. If a driver fails to pay the surcharge or any
- 43 installments on the surcharge, the total surcharge shall become due
- immediately, except as otherwise prescribed by rule of the commission.
- The commission may authorize any person to pay the surcharge
- 46 levied under this section by use of a credit card, debit card or other

1 electronic payment device, and the administrator is authorized to 2 require the person to pay all costs incurred by the commission in 3 connection with the acceptance of the credit card, debit card or other 4 electronic payment device. If a surcharge or related administrative fee is paid by credit or debit cards or any other electronic payment device 5 6 and the amount is subsequently reversed by the credit card company 7 or bank, the driving privilege of the surcharged driver shall be 8 suspended and the driver shall be subject to the fee imposed for 9 dishonored checks pursuant to section 31 of P.L.1994, c.60 10 (C.39:5-36.1).

11 In addition to any other remedy provided by law, the commission 12 is authorized to utilize the provisions of the SOIL (Set off of 13 Individual Liability) program established pursuant to P.L.1981, c.239 14 (C.54A:9-8.1 et seq.) to collect any surcharge levied under this section 15 that is unpaid on or after the effective date of this act. As an additional remedy, the commission may issue a certificate to the Clerk of the 16 17 Superior Court stating that the person identified in the certificate is indebted under this surcharge law in such amount as shall be stated in 18 19 the certificate. The certificate shall reference the statute under which 20 the indebtedness arises. Thereupon the clerk to whom such certificate 21 shall have been issued shall immediately enter upon the record of 22 docketed judgments the name of such person as debtor; the State as 23 creditor; the address of such person, if shown in the certificate; the 24 amount of the debt so certified; a reference to the statute under which 25 the surcharge is assessed, and the date of making such entries. The 26 docketing of the entries shall have the same force and effect as a civil 27 judgment docketed in the Superior Court, and the commission shall 28 have all the remedies and may take all of the proceedings for the 29 collection thereof which may be had or taken upon the recovery of a 30 judgment in an action, but without prejudice to any right of appeal. 31 Upon entry by the clerk of the certificate in the record of docketed judgments in accordance with this provision, interest in the amount 32 33 specified by the court rules for post-judgment interest shall accrue 34 from the date of the docketing of the certificate, however payment of 35 the interest may be waived by the commission or its designee. In the 36 event that the surcharge remains unpaid following the issuance of the 37 certificate of debt and the commission takes any further collection 38 action including referral of the matter to the Attorney General or his 39 designee, the fee imposed, in lieu of the actual cost of collection, may 40 be 20 percent of surcharges of \$1,000 or more. The administrator or 41 his designee may establish a sliding scale, not to exceed a maximum 42 amount of \$200, for surcharge principal amounts of less than \$1,000 43 at the time the certificate of debt is forwarded to the Superior Court 44 for filing. The commission shall provide written notification to a 45 driver of the proposed filing of the certificate of debt at least 10 days prior to the proposed filing; such notice shall be mailed to the driver's 46

- 1 last address of record with the commission. If a certificate of debt is
- 2 satisfied following a credit card payment, debit card payment or
- 3 payment by other electronic payment device and that payment is
- 4 reversed, a new certificate of debt shall be filed against the surcharged
- driver unless the original is reinstated. 5
- 6 If the administrator or his designee approves a special payment plan
- 7 for repayment of the certificate of debt, and the driver is complying
- 8 with the approved plan, the plan may be continued for any new
- 9 surcharge not part of the certificate of debt.
- 10 All moneys collectible under this subsection b. shall be billed and
- 11 collected by the commission except as provided in P.L.1997, c.280
- 12 (C.2B:19-10 et al.) for the collection of unpaid surcharges.
- 13 Commencing on September 1, 1996, or such earlier time as the
- 14 Commissioner of Banking and Insurance shall certify to the State
- 15 Treasurer that amounts on deposit in the New Jersey Automobile Insurance Guaranty Fund are sufficient to satisfy the current and 16
- anticipated financial obligations of the New Jersey Automobile Full
- 17
- 18 Insurance Underwriting Association, all plan surcharges collected by 19 the commission under this subsection b. shall be remitted to the
- 20 Division of Motor Vehicles Surcharge Fund for transfer to the Market
- 21 Transition Facility Revenue Fund, as provided in section 12 of
- 22 P.L.1994, c.57 (C.34:1B-21.12), for the purposes of section 4 of
- 23 P.L.1994, c.57 (C.34:1B-21.4) until such a time as all the Market
- 24 Transition Facility bonds, notes and obligations and all Motor Vehicle
- 25 Commission bonds, notes and obligations issued pursuant to that
- 26 section 4 of P.L.1994, c.57 (C.34:1B-21.4) and the costs thereof are
- 27 discharged and no longer outstanding. From the date of certification
- 28 by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance that the moneys
- 29 collectible under this subsection are no longer needed to fund the
- 30 association or at such a time as all Market Transition Facility bonds,
- 31 notes and obligations issued pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1994, c.57
- 32 (C.34:1B-21.4) and the costs thereof are discharged and no longer
- 33 outstanding moneys collectible under this subsection shall, subject to
- 34 appropriation, be remitted to the New Jersey Property-Liability
- 35 Insurance Guaranty Association created pursuant to section 6 of
- 36 P.L.1974, c.17 (C.17:30A-6) to be used for payment of any loans
- 37 made by that association to the New Jersey Automobile Insurance
- 38 Guaranty Fund pursuant to paragraph (10) of subsection a. of section
- 39 8 of P.L.1974, c.17 (C.17:30A-8); provided that all such payments
- 40 shall be subject to and dependent upon appropriation by the State
- 41 Legislature.
- 42 (3) In addition to any other authority provided in P.L.1983, c.65
- 43 (C.17:29A-33 et al.), the commissioner, after consultation with the
- 44 commission, is specifically authorized (a) (Deleted by amendment,
- 45 P.L.1994, c.64), (b) to impose, in accordance with paragraph (1)(a) of
- 46 this subsection, surcharges for motor vehicle violations or convictions

- 1 for which motor vehicle points are not assessed under Title 39 of the
- 2 Revised Statutes, or (c) to reduce the number of points for which
- 3 surcharges may be assessed below the level provided in paragraph
- 4 (1)(a) of this subsection, except that the dollar amount of all
- 5 surcharges levied under the New Jersey Merit Rating Plan shall be
- 6 uniform on a Statewide basis for each filer, without regard to
- 7 classification or territory. Surcharges adopted by the commissioner on
- 8 or after January 1, 1984 for motor vehicle violations or convictions for
- 9 which motor vehicle points are not assessable under Title 39 of the
- 10 Revised Statutes shall not be retroactively applied but shall take effect
- on the date of the New Jersey Register in which notice of adoption
- of the date of the New Jersey Register in which hotice of adoption
- 12 appears or the effective date set forth in that notice, whichever is later.
- 13 c. No motor vehicle violation surcharges shall be levied on an
- 14 automobile insurance policy issued or renewed on or after January 1,
- 15 1984, except in accordance with the New Jersey Merit Rating Plan,
- and all surcharges levied thereunder shall be assessed, collected and
- 17 distributed in accordance with subsection b. of this section.
 - d. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1990, c.8.)
- 19 e. The Commissioner of Banking and Insurance and the
- 20 commission as may be appropriate, shall adopt any rules and
- 21 regulations necessary or appropriate to effectuate the purposes of this
- 22 section.
- 23 (cf: P.L.2003, c.13, s.31)

- 25 6. Section 25 of P.L.1990, c.8 (C.17:33B-13) is amended to read 26 as follows:
- 25. As used in sections 25 through 33 of [this 1990 amendatory and supplementary act] P.L.1990, c.8 (C.17:33B-1 et al.):
- "Automobile" means an automobile as defined in section 2 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-2).
- 31 "Automobile insurance" means insurance for an automobile
- 32 including coverage for bodily injury liability and property damage
- 33 liability, comprehensive and collision coverages, uninsured and
- 34 underinsured motorist coverage, personal injury protection coverage,
- 35 additional personal injury protection coverage and any other
- automobile insurance required by law.
- 37 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Insurance.
- 38 "Declination" means:
- a. Refusal by an insurance agent to submit an application on behalf of an applicant to any of the insurers represented by the agent;
- b. Refusal by an insurer to issue an automobile insurance policy to
- 42 an eligible person upon receipt of an application for automobile
- 43 insurance;
- c. The offer of automobile insurance coverage with less favorable
- 45 terms or conditions than those requested by an eligible person; or

d. The refusal by an insurer or agent to provide, upon the request 2 of an eligible person, an application form or other means of making an 3 application or request for automobile insurance coverage.

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"Automobile insurance eligibility points" means points calculated under the schedule promulgated by the commissioner pursuant to section 26 of this act.

"Eligible person" means a person who is an owner or registrant of an automobile registered in this State or who holds a valid New Jersey driver's license to operate an automobile, but does not include any person:

- 11 a. Who, during the three-year period immediately preceding application for, or renewal of, an automobile insurance policy has been 12 13 convicted pursuant to R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of P.L., c. (C.)(now pending before the Legislature as this bill), or section 14 15 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a), or for an offense of a substantially similar nature committed in another jurisdiction; has been 16 convicted of a crime of the first, second or third degree resulting from 17 the use of a motor vehicle; or has been convicted of theft of a motor 18 19 vehicle;
 - b. Whose driver's license to operate an automobile is under suspension or revocation;
 - c. Who has been convicted, within the five-year period immediately preceding application for or renewal of a policy of automobile insurance, of fraud or intent to defraud involving an insurance claim or an application for insurance; or who has been successfully denied, within the immediately preceding five years, payment by an insurer of a claim in excess of \$1,000 under an automobile insurance policy, if there was evidence of fraud or intent to defraud involving the automobile insurance claim or application;
 - Whose policy of automobile insurance has been canceled because of nonpayment of premium or financed premium within the immediately preceding two-year period, unless the premium due on a policy for which application has been made is paid in full before issuance or renewal of the policy;
- e. Who fails to obtain or maintain membership or qualification for membership in a club, group, or organization, if membership is a uniform requirement of the insurer as a condition of providing insurance, and if the dues or charges, if any, or other conditions for membership or qualifications for membership are applied uniformly throughout this State, are not expressed as a percentage of the insurance premium, and do not vary with respect to the rating 42 classification of the member or potential member except for the purpose of offering a membership fee to family units. Membership 44 fees, if applicable, may vary in accordance with the amount or type of 45 coverage if the purchase of additional coverage, either as to type or amount, is not a condition for reduction of dues or fees; 46

- 1 f. Whose driving record for the three year period immediately
- 2 preceding application for or renewal of a policy of automobile
- 3 insurance has an accumulation of automobile insurance eligibility
- 4 points as determined under the schedule promulgated by the
- 5 commissioner pursuant to section 26 of [this act] P.L.1990, c.8
- 6 (C.17:33B-14); or
- g. Who possesses such other risk factors as determined to be relevant by rule or regulation of the commissioner.
- 9 "Insurance agent" or "agent" means an insurance agent as defined
- 10 by subsection f. of section 2 of P.L.1987, c.293 (C.17:22A-2) and
- shall also include an insurance broker as defined by subsection g. of
- 12 section 2 of P.L.1987, c.293 (C.17:22A-2) who has a brokerage
- 13 relationship with an insurer.
- 14 "Insurer" means any insurer authorized or admitted to write
- 15 automobile insurance in this State, but does not include the New
- 16 Jersey Automobile Full Insurance Underwriting Association created
- 17 pursuant to sections 13 through 34 of P.L.1983, c.65 (C.17:30E-1 et
- 18 seq.) or any residual market mechanism implemented pursuant to
- 19 section 1 of P.L.1970, c.215 (C.17:29D-1).
- 20 (cf: P.L.1990, c.8, s.25)

- 22 7. Section 2 of P.L.1991, c.452 (C.27:5F-37) is amended to read 23 as follows:
- 24 2. To qualify for certification as an instructor of the motorcycle
- 25 safety education course established pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1991,
- 26 c.452 (C.27:5F-36), a person shall:
- a. be the holder of a motorcycle operator's license or endorsement
- 28 issued by any state;
- b. have at least two years of motorcycle riding experience;
- 30 c. have no record of a suspension or revocation of his driver's
- 31 license or motorcycle license or endorsement during the past two
- 32 years;
- d. have no convictions for violating the provisions of R.S.39:4-50
- 34 or section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the
- 35 <u>Legislature as this bill</u>) during the past five years;
- e. have accumulated no more than four points assessed against his
- 37 driver's license or motorcycle license or endorsement by the director
- 38 for motor vehicle offenses during the past two years;
- f. be the holder of a current Motorcycle Safety Foundation
- 40 certification as a motorcycle instructor; and
- g. meet such other requirements as the Director of the Office of
- 42 Highway Traffic Safety may deem appropriate and necessary.
- Any person who meets the requirements set forth in this section
- 44 may apply to the Director of the Office of Highway Traffic Safety to
- 45 be certified as a motorcycle safety education instructor. The
- 46 application shall be in writing and contain such information as the

- 1 director shall require. No certification fee shall be charged by the
- 2 director. A certification so issued shall be valid during such period as
- 3 the instructor meets the requirements of subsections a. through g. of
- 4 this section.
- 5 A person who holds a valid instructor's license issued pursuant to
- 6 section 5 of P.L.1951, c.216 (C.39:12-5) may apply to the Director of
- 7 the Division of Motor Vehicles for a motorcycle safety education
- 8 instructor endorsement as provided for in section 5 of P.L.1951, c.216
- 9 (C.39:12-5).
- 10 (cf: P.L.1991, c.452, s.2)

- 8. Section 11 of P.L.1971, c.317 (C.52:4B-11) is amended to read as follows:
- 14 11. The board may order the payment of compensation in
- 15 accordance with the provisions of this act for personal injury or death
- which resulted from:
- a. an attempt to prevent the commission of crime or to arrest a
- 18 suspected criminal or in aiding or attempting to aid a police officer so
- 19 to do, or
- b. the commission or attempt to commit any of the following
- 21 offenses:
- 22 (1) aggravated assault;
- 23 (2) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1995, c.135).
- 24 (3) threats to do bodily harm;
- 25 (4) lewd, indecent, or obscene acts;
- 26 (5) indecent acts with children;
- 27 (6) kidnapping;
- 28 (7) murder;
- 29 (8) manslaughter;
- 30 (9) aggravated sexual assault, sexual assault, aggravated criminal
- 31 sexual contact, criminal sexual contact;
- 32 (10) any other crime involving violence including domestic
- 33 violence as defined by section 3 of P.L.1981, c.426 (C.2C:25-3) or
- 34 section 3 of P.L.1991, c.261 (C.2C:25-19);
- 35 (11) burglary;
- 36 (12) tampering with a cosmetic, drug or food product; or
- c. the commission of a violation of R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of
- 38 P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this
- 39 <u>bill</u>), section 5 of P.L.1990, c.103 (C.39:3-10.13), section 19 of
- 40 P.L.1954, c.236 (C.12:7-34.19) or section 3 of P.L.1952, c.157
- 41 (C.12:7-46); or
- d. theft of an automobile pursuant to N.J.S.2C:20-2, eluding a law
- 43 enforcement officer pursuant to subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:29-2 or
- 44 unlawful taking of a motor vehicle pursuant to subsection b., c. or d.
- of N.J.S.2C:20-10 where injuries to the victim occur in the course of
- 46 operating an automobile in furtherance of the offense.

1 (cf: P.L.1995, c.135, s.4)

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9. R.S.39:3-10 is amended to read as follows:

39:3-10. No person shall drive a motor vehicle on a public highway in this State unless the person is under supervision while participating in a behind-the-wheel driving course pursuant to section 6 of P.L.1977, c.25 (C.39:3-13.2a) or is in possession of a validated permit, or a provisional or basic driver's license issued to him in accordance with this article.

9 No person under 18 years of age shall be issued a basic license to 10 drive motor vehicles, nor shall a person be issued a validated permit, 11 including a validated examination permit, until he has passed a 12 satisfactory examination and other requirements as to his ability as an 13 operator. The examination shall include a test of the applicant's vision, 14 his ability to understand traffic control devices, his knowledge of safe 15 driving practices and of the effects that ingestion of alcohol or drugs 16 has on a person's ability to operate a motor vehicle, his knowledge of 17 such portions of the mechanism of motor vehicles as is necessary to 18 insure the safe operation of a vehicle of the kind or kinds indicated by 19 the applicant and of the laws and ordinary usages of the road. No 20 person shall sit for an examination for any permit without exhibiting 21 photo identification deemed acceptable by the commission, unless that 22 person is a high school student participating in a course of driving 23 education approved by the State Department of Education and 24 conducted in a public, parochial or private school of this State, 25 pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1950, c.127 (C.39:3-13.1). 26 commission may waive the written law knowledge examination for any 27 person 18 years of age or older possessing a valid driver's license issued by any other state, the District of Columbia or the United States 28 29 Territories of American Samoa, Guam, Puerto Rico or the Virgin 30 Islands. The commission shall be required to provide that person with 31 a booklet that highlights those motor vehicle laws unique to New 32 Jersey. A road test shall be required for a provisional license and 33 serve as a demonstration of the applicant's ability to operate a vehicle 34 of the class designated. No person shall sit for a road test unless that 35 person exhibits photo identification deemed acceptable by the 36 commission. A high school student who has completed a course of 37 behind-the-wheel automobile driving education approved by the State 38 Department of Education and conducted in a public, parochial or 39 private school of this State, who has been issued a special learner's 40 permit pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1950, c.127 (C.39:3-13.1) prior to 41 January 1, 2003, shall not be required to exhibit photo identification 42 in order to sit for a road test. The commission may waive the road 43 test for any person 18 years of age or older possessing a valid driver's 44 license issued by any other state, the District of Columbia or the 45 United States Territories of American Samoa, Guam, Puerto Rico or 46 the Virgin Islands. The road test shall be given on public streets,

- 1 where practicable and feasible, but may be preceded by an off-street
- 2 screening process to assess basic skills. The commission shall approve
- 3 locations for the road test which pose no more than a minimal risk of
- 4 injury to the applicant, the examiner and other motorists. No new
- 5 locations for the road test shall be approved unless the test can be
- 6 given on public streets.
- 7 The commission shall issue a basic driver's license to operate a
- 8 motor vehicle other than a motorcycle to a person over 18 years of age
- 9 who previously has not been licensed to drive a motor vehicle in this
- 10 State or another jurisdiction only if that person has: (1) operated a
- 11 passenger automobile in compliance with the requirements of this title
- 12 for not less than one year, not including any period of suspension or
- 13 postponement, from the date of issuance of a provisional license
- 14 pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1950, c.127 (C.39:3-13.4); (2) not been
- assessed more than two motor vehicle points; (3) not been convicted
- in the previous year for a violation of R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of P.L. ,
- 17 c. (C,) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill):
- 18 section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a), P.L.1992, c.189 19 (C.39:4-50.14), R.S.39:4-129, N.J.S.2C:11-5, subsection c. of
- 20 N.J.S.2C:12-1, or any other motor vehicle-related violation the
- 21 commission determines to be significant and applicable pursuant to
- regulation; and (4) passed an examination of his ability to operate a
- 23 motor vehicle pursuant to this section.
- The commission shall expand the driver's license examination by
- 25 20%. The additional questions to be added shall consist solely of
- 26 questions developed in conjunction with the State Department of
- 27 Health and Senior Services concerning the use of alcohol or drugs as
- 28 related to highway safety. The commission shall develop in
- 29 conjunction with the State Department of Health and Senior Services
- 30 supplements to the driver's manual which shall include information
- 31 necessary to answer any question on the driver's license examination
- 32 concerning alcohol or drugs as related to highway safety.
- Up to 20 questions may be added to the examination on subjects to
- 34 be determined by the commission that are of particular relevance to
- 35 youthful drivers, after consultation with the Director of the Office of
- 36 Highway Traffic Safety.
- The commission shall expand the driver's license examination to
- 38 include a question asking whether the applicant is aware of the
- 39 provisions of the "Uniform Anatomical Gift Act," P.L.1969, c.161
- 40 (C.26:6-57 et seq.) and the procedure for indicating on the driver's
- 41 license the intention to make a donation of body organs or tissues
- 42 pursuant to P.L.1978, c.181 (C.39:3-12.2).
- Any person applying for a driver's license to operate a motor
- 44 vehicle or motorized bicycle in this State shall surrender to the
- 45 commission any current driver's license issued to him by another state
- or jurisdiction upon his receipt of a driver's license for this State. The

- 1 commission shall refuse to issue a driver's license if the applicant fails
- 2 to comply with this provision. An applicant for a permit or license
- 3 who is less than 18 years of age, and who holds a permit or license for
- 4 a passenger automobile issued by another state or country that is valid
- 5 or has expired within a time period designated by the commission,
- 6 shall be subject to the permit and license requirements and penalties
- 7 applicable to State permit and license applicants who are of the same
- 8 age; except that if the other state or country has permit or license
- 9 standards substantially similar to those of this State, the credentials of
- 10 the other state or country shall be acceptable.
- The commission shall create classified licensing of drivers covering the following classifications:
- a. Motorcycles, except that for the purposes of this section,
- 14 motorcycle shall not include any three-wheeled motor vehicle equipped
- with a single cab with glazing enclosing the occupant, seats similar to
- 16 those of a passenger vehicle or truck, seat belts and automotive
- 17 steering.
- b. Omnibuses as classified by R.S.39:3-10.1 and school buses
- 19 classified under N.J.S.18A:39-1 et seq.
- c. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1999, c.28).
- d. All motor vehicles not included in classifications a. and b. A
- 22 license issued pursuant to this classification d. shall be referred to as
- 23 the "basic driver's license."
- Every applicant for a license under classification b. shall be a holder
- 25 of a basic driver's license. Any issuance of a license under
- 26 classification b. shall be by endorsement on the basic driver's license.
- A driver's license for motorcycles may be issued separately, but if
- 28 issued to the holder of a basic driver's license, it shall be by
- 29 endorsement on the basic driver's license.
- The commission, upon payment of the lawful fee and after it or a
- 31 person authorized by it has examined the applicant and is satisfied of
- 32 the applicant's ability as an operator, may, in its discretion, issue a
- 33 license to the applicant to drive a motor vehicle. The license shall
- 34 authorize him to drive any registered vehicle, of the kind or kinds
- indicated, and shall expire, except as otherwise provided, on the last
- 36 day of the 48th calendar month following the calendar month in which
- 37 such license was issued.
- The commission may, at its discretion and for good cause shown,
- 39 issue licenses which shall expire on a date fixed by it. If the
- 40 commission issues a license to a person who has demonstrated
- 41 authorization to be present in the United States for a period of time
- 42 shorter than the standard period of the license, the commission shall
- 43 fix the expiration date of the license at a date based on the period in
- 44 which the person is authorized to be present in the United States under
- 45 federal immigration laws. The commission may renew such a license
- only if it is demonstrated that the person's continued presence in the

- 1 United States is authorized under federal law. The fee for licenses
- 2 with expiration dates fixed by the commission shall be fixed by the
- 3 commission in amounts proportionately less or greater than the fee
- 4 herein established.

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- The required fee for a license for the 48-month period shall be as 5 6 follows:
- 7 Motorcycle license or endorsement: \$18.
- 8 Omnibus or school bus endorsement: \$18.
- 9 Basic driver's license: \$18.
- 10 The commission shall waive the payment of fees for issuance of omnibus endorsements whenever an applicant establishes to the 11 12 commission's satisfaction that said applicant will use the omnibus 13 endorsement exclusively for operating omnibuses owned by a 14 nonprofit organization duly incorporated under Title 15 or 16 of the 15 Revised Statutes or Title 15A of the New Jersey Statutes.
- The commission shall issue licenses for the following license period 16 on and after the first day of the calendar month immediately preceding the commencement of such period, such licenses to be effective immediately.
 - All applications for renewals of licenses shall be made in a manner prescribed by the commission and in accordance with procedures established by it.
 - The commission in its discretion may refuse to grant a permit or license to drive motor vehicles to a person who is, in its estimation, not a proper person to be granted such a permit or license, but no defect of the applicant shall debar him from receiving a permit or license unless it can be shown by tests approved by the commission that the defect incapacitates him from safely operating a motor vehicle.
 - In addition to requiring an applicant for a driver's license to submit satisfactory proof of identity and age, the commission also shall require the applicant to provide, as a condition for obtaining a permit and license, satisfactory proof that the applicant's presence in the United States is authorized under federal law.
 - If the commission has reasonable cause to suspect that any document presented by an applicant as proof of identity, age or legal residency is altered, false or otherwise invalid, the commission shall refuse to grant the permit or license until such time as the document may be verified by the issuing agency to the commission's satisfaction.
- 39 A person violating this section shall be subject to a fine not 40 exceeding \$500 or imprisonment in the county jail for not more than 60 days, but if that person has never been licensed to drive in this 41 42 State or any other jurisdiction, he shall be subject to a fine of not less 43 than \$200 and, in addition, the court shall issue an order to the 44 commission requiring the commission to refuse to issue a license to 45 operate a motor vehicle to the person for a period of not less than 180 days. The penalties provided for by this paragraph shall not be 46

- 1 applicable in cases where failure to have actual possession of the
- 2 operator's license is due to an administrative or technical error by the
- 3 commission.
- 4 Nothing in this section shall be construed to alter or extend the 5 expiration of any license issued prior to the date this amendatory and
- 6 supplementary act becomes operative.
- 7 (cf: P.L.2003, c.13, s.37)

- 9 10. Section 12 of P.L.1990, c.103 (C.39:3-10.20) is amended to 10 read as follows:
- 11 12. a. In addition to any other penalty provided by law, a court
- shall suspend for not less than one year nor more than three years the
- 13 commercial motor vehicle driving privilege of a person for a first
- 14 violation of:
- 15 (1) R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now
- pending before the Legislature as this bill) if the motor vehicle was a
- 17 commercial motor vehicle or section 5 of [this act] P.L.1990, c.103
- 18 (C.39:3-10.13).
- 19 (2) R.S.39:4-129 if the motor vehicle was a commercial motor vehicle operated by the person.
- 21 (3) Using a commercial motor vehicle in the commission of any 22 "crime" as defined in subsection a., c., or d. of N.J.S.2C:1-4.
- 23 (4) Refusal to submit to a chemical test under section 2 of
- 24 P.L.1966, c.142 (C.39:4-50.2) or section 16 of [this act] P.L.1990.
- 25 <u>c.103 (C.39:3-10.24)</u> if the motor vehicle was a commercial motor
- 26 vehicle.

- (5) Paragraph (1) of subsection b. of section 10 of this act
- b. If a first violation of any of the violations specified in subsection
- 29 a. of this section takes place while transporting hazardous material or
- 30 takes place in a vehicle displaying a hazardous material placard, the
- 31 court shall suspend the commercial motor vehicle driving privilege of
- 32 the person for three years.
- c. Subject to the provisions of subsection d. of this section, the
- 34 court shall revoke for life the commercial motor vehicle driving
- 35 privilege of a person for a second or subsequent violation of any of the
- 36 offenses specified in subsection a. or any combination of those
- 37 offenses arising from two or more separate incidents.
- d. The director may issue rules and regulations establishing
- 39 guidelines, including conditions under which a revocation of
- 40 commercial motor vehicle driving privilege for life under subsection c.
- 41 may be reduced to a period of not less than 10 years.
- 42 e. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a
- 43 court shall revoke for life the commercial motor vehicle driving
- 44 privilege of a person who uses a commercial motor vehicle in the
- 45 commission of a crime involving the manufacture, distribution, or
- 46 dispensing of a controlled substance or controlled substance analog,

or possession with intent to manufacture, distribute, or dispense a controlled substance or controlled substance analog. A revocation under this subsection shall not be subject to reduction in accordance with subsection d. of this section.

- f. A court shall suspend the commercial motor vehicle driving privilege of a person for a period of not less than 60 days if the person is convicted of a serious traffic violation and that conviction constitutes the second serious traffic violation committed in a commercial motor vehicle in this or any other state arising from separate incidents occurring within a three year period. A court shall suspend the commercial motor vehicle driving privilege for 120 days if the conviction constitutes the third or subsequent serious traffic violation committed in a commercial motor vehicle in this or any other state arising from separate incidents occurring within a three year period.
- g. After suspending, revoking, or cancelling a commercial motor vehicle driving privilege, a court shall make a report to the director within three days in such form as the director may require. The director shall notify the Commercial Driver License Information System of the suspension, revocation, or cancellation. In the case of non-residents, the director also shall notify the licensing authority of the state which issued the commercial driver license or the state where the person is domiciled. The director shall provide these notices within 10 days after the suspension, revocation, cancellation, or disqualification.
- h. The director shall in accordance with this section suspend a commercial motor vehicle driving privilege of a person holding, or required to hold, a commercial driver license issued by this State if the person is convicted in another state or foreign jurisdiction of an offense of a substantially similar nature to the offenses specified in subsection a., e., or f. of this section. For purposes of this section, a violation such as driving while intoxicated, driving under the influence, or driving while ability is impaired shall be considered substantially similar offenses. For purposes of this section, a violation committed in another state but substantially similar to those enumerated in subsection a. of this section committed in this State shall be included.
- i. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a conviction under this section, or section 5 or 16 of this act, shall not merge with a conviction for a violation of R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill), or section 2 of P.L.1966, c.142 (C.39:4-50.2).

42 (cf: P.L.1990, c.103, s.12)

11. Section 16 of P.L.1990, c.103 (C.39:3-10.24) is amended to read as follows:

16. a. A person who operates a commercial motor vehicle on a

- public road, street, or highway, or quasi-public area in this State, shall
- 2 be deemed to have given his consent to the taking of samples of his
- 3 breath for the purposes of making chemical tests to determine alcohol
- 4 concentration; provided, however, that the taking of samples shall be
- 5 made in accordance with the provisions of this act and at the request
- 6 of a police officer who has reasonable grounds to believe that the
- 7 person has been operating a commercial motor vehicle with an alcohol
- 8 concentration of 0.04% or more.

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- 9 b. A record of the taking of such a sample, disclosing the date and 10 time thereof, as well as the result of a chemical test, shall be made and 11 a copy thereof, upon request, shall be furnished or made available to 12 the person so tested.
 - c. In addition to the samples taken and tests made at the direction of a police officer hereunder, the person tested shall be permitted to have such samples taken and chemical tests of his breath, urine, or blood made by a person or physician of his own selection.
- 17 d. The police officer shall inform the person tested of his rights 18 under subsections b. and c. of this section.
 - e. No chemical test, as provided in this section, or specimen necessary thereto, may be made or taken forcibly and against physical resistance thereto by the defendant. The police officer shall, however, inform the person arrested of the consequences of refusing to submit to such test including the penalties under section 12 of [this act] P.L.1990, c.103 (C.39:3-10.20). A standard statement, prepared by

the director, shall be read by the police officer to the person.

- f. The court shall revoke for six months the right to operate any motor vehicle of any person who, after being arrested for a violation of section 5 of [this act] P.L.1990, c.103 (C.39:3-10.13), shall refuse to submit to the chemical test provided for in this section when requested to do so, unless the refusal was in connection with a subsequent offense under this section, section 5 of [this act]
- P.L.1990, c.103 (C.39:3-10.13), R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of P.L. 32

c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill), or

- section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a), in which case the 34
- 35 revocation period shall be for two years. In addition, a court shall
- impose the penalties provided in section 12 of [this act] P.L.1990. 36
- 37 c.103 (C.39:3-10.20).
- 38 The court shall determine by a preponderance of the evidence 39 whether the arresting officer had probable cause to believe that the 40 person had been operating or was in actual physical control of a 41 commercial motor vehicle on the public highways or quasi-public areas 42 of this State with an alcohol concentration at 0.04% or more, whether 43 the person was placed under arrest, whether he refused to submit to 44 the test upon request of the officer, and if these elements of the violation are not established, no conviction shall issue. In addition to 45 any other requirements provided by law, a person whose driving 46

1 privilege is revoked for refusing to submit to a chemical test shall

2 satisfy the requirements of a program of alcohol education or

3 rehabilitation pursuant to the provisions of R.S.39:4-50. The

4 revocation shall be independent of any revocation imposed by virtue

5 of a conviction under the provisions of R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of

6 P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this

7 <u>bill</u>) or section 12 of this act.

In addition to imposing a revocation under this subsection, a court shall impose a fine of not less than \$250 or more than \$500.

10 (cf: P.L.1990, c.103, s.16)

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12. R.S.39:3-13 is amended to read as follows:

39:3-13. The director may, in his discretion, issue to a person over 17 years of age an examination permit, under the hand and seal of the director, allowing such person, for the purpose of fitting himself to become a licensed driver, to operate a designated class of motor vehicles other than passenger automobiles and motorcycles of persons licensed to operate motorcycles only for a specified period of not more than 90 days, while in the company and under the supervision of a driver licensed to operate such designated class of motor vehicles.

The director, in his discretion, may issue for a specified period of not less than one year a passenger automobile or motorcycle-only examination permit to a person over 17 years of age regardless of whether a person has completed a course of behind-the-wheel automobile driving education pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1950, c.127 (C.39:3-13.1). An examination permit applicant who is under 18 years of age shall obtain the signature of a parent or guardian for submission to the division on a form prescribed by the director. The director shall postpone for six months the driving privileges of any person who submits a fraudulent signature for a parent or guardian.

31 For six months immediately following the validation of an 32 examination permit, and until the holder passes the road test, the holder who is less than 21 years of age shall operate the passenger 33 34 automobile or motorcycle only when accompanied by, and under the supervision of, a New Jersey licensed driver who is at least 21 years 35 of age and has been licensed to drive a passenger automobile or 36 37 motorcycle, as the case may be, for not less than three years. The 38 holder of an examination permit who is at least 21 years of age shall 39 operate the passenger automobile or motorcycle for the first three 40 months under such supervision and until the holder passes the road test. The supervising driver of the passenger automobile shall sit in the 41 42 front seat of the vehicle. Whenever operating a vehicle while in 43 possession of an examination permit, the holder of the permit shall 44 operate the passenger automobile with only one additional passenger 45 in the vehicle excluding persons with whom the holder resides, except that this passenger restriction shall not apply when either the permit 46

1 holder or one other passenger is at least 21 years of age. Further, the 2 holder of the permit who is less than 21 years of age shall not drive 3 during the hours between 12:01 a.m. and 5 a.m.; provided, however, 4 that this condition may be waived for an emergency which, in the 5 judgment of local police, is of sufficient severity and magnitude to 6 substantially endanger the health, safety, welfare or property of a person, or for any bona fide employment or religion-related activity if 7 8 the employer or appropriate religious authority provides written 9 verification of such activity in a manner provided for by the director. 10 The holder of the examination permit shall not use any interactive 11 wireless communication device, except in an emergency, while operating a moving passenger automobile on a public road or highway. 12 13 "Use" shall include, but not be limited to, talking or listening on any 14 interactive wireless communication device or operating its keys, 15 buttons or other controls. The passenger automobile permit holder 16 shall ensure that all occupants of the vehicle are secured in a properly 17 adjusted and fastened seat belt or child restraint system. 18 When notified by a court of competent jurisdiction that an 19 examination permit holder has been convicted of a violation which 20 causes the permit holder to accumulate more than two motor vehicle 21 points or has been convicted of a violation of R.S.39:4-50; section 2 22 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this 23 bill); section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a); P.L.1992, c.189 24 (C.39:4-50.14); R.S.39:4-129; N.J.S.2C:11-5; subsection c. of 25 N.J.S.2C:12-1 or any other motor vehicle-related law the director 26 deems significant and applicable pursuant to regulation, in addition to 27 any other penalty that may be imposed, the director shall, without the 28 exercise of discretion or a hearing, suspend the examination permit 29 holder's examination permit for 90 days. The director shall restore the 30 permit following the term of the permit suspension if the permit holder 31 satisfactorily completes a remedial training course of not less than four 32 hours which may be given by the division, a drivers' school licensed by 33 the director pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1951, c.216 (C.39:12-2) or 34 any Statewide safety organization approved by the director. The 35 course shall be subject to oversight by the division according to its 36 guidelines. The permit holder shall also remit a course fee prior to the 37 commencement of the course. The director also shall postpone 38 without the exercise of discretion or a hearing the issuance of a basic 39 license for 90 days if the director is notified by a court of competent 40 jurisdiction that the examination permit holder, after completion of the 41 remedial training course, has been convicted of any motor vehicle

44 P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this
45 <u>bill;</u> section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a); P.L.1992, c.182
46 (C.39:4-50.14); R.S.39:4-129; N.J.S.2C:11-5, subsection c. of

violation which results in the imposition of any motor vehicle points

or has been convicted of a violation of R.S.39:4-50; section 2 of

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- 1 N.J.S.2C:12-1 or any other motor vehicle-related law the director
- 2 deems significant and applicable pursuant to regulation. When the
- 3 director is notified by a court of competent jurisdiction that an
- 4 examination permit holder has been convicted of any alcohol or
- 5 drug-related offense unrelated to the operation of a motor vehicle and
- 6 is not otherwise subject to any other suspension penalty therefor, the
- 7 director shall, without the exercise of discretion or a hearing, suspend
- 8 the examination permit for six months.

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An examination permit for a motorcycle or a commercial motor vehicle issued to a handicapped person, as determined by the Division of Motor Vehicles after consultation with the Department of Education, shall be valid for nine months or until the completion of the road test portion of his license examination, whichever period is shorter.

15 Each permit shall be sufficient license for the person to operate such designated class of motor vehicles in this State during the period 16 specified, while in the company of and under the control of a driver 17 18 licensed by this State to operate such designated class of motor 19 vehicles, or, in the case of a commercial driver license permit, while in 20 the company of and under the control of a holder of a valid 21 commercial driver license for the appropriate license class and with the 22 appropriate endorsements issued by this or any other state. Such 23 person, as well as the licensed driver, except for a motor vehicle examiner administering a driving skills test, shall be held accountable 24 25 for all violations of this subtitle committed by such person while in the 26 presence of the licensed driver. In addition to requiring an applicant 27 for an examination permit to submit satisfactory proof of identity and 28 age, the director also shall require the applicant to provide, as a 29 condition for obtaining the permit, satisfactory proof that the 30 applicant's presence in the United States is authorized under federal 31 law. If the director has reasonable cause to suspect that any document 32 presented by an applicant as proof of identity, age or legal residency 33 is altered, false or otherwise invalid, the director shall refuse to grant 34 the permit until such time as the document may be verified by the 35 issuing agency to the director's satisfaction.

The holder of an examination permit shall be required to take a road test in order to obtain a provisional license. No road test for any person who has been issued an examination permit to operate a passenger vehicle shall be given unless the person has met the requirements of this section. No road test for a provisional license shall be given unless the applicant has first secured an examination permit and no such road test shall be scheduled for an applicant who has secured an examination permit for a passenger vehicle or a motorcycle for which an endorsement is not required until at least six months for an applicant under 21 years of age or three months for an applicant 21 years of age or older shall have elapsed following the

- 1 validation of the examination permit for practice driving or, in the case
- 2 of an examination permit for other vehicles, until 20 days have
- 3 elapsed. In the case of an omnibus endorsement or school bus, no
- 4 road test shall be scheduled until at least 10 days shall have elapsed.
- 5 Every applicant for an examination permit to qualify for an omnibus
- 6 endorsement or an articulated vehicle endorsement shall be a holder of
- 7 a valid basic driver's license.

8 The required fees for special learners' permits and examination

- 9 permits shall be as follows:
- 10 Basic driver's license.....up to \$10
- 11 Motorcycle license or endorsement......\$ 5
- 12 Omnibus or school bus endorsement.....\$25
- 13 Articulated vehicle endorsement......\$15

The director shall waive the payment of fees for issuance of examination permits for omnibus endorsements whenever the applicant establishes to the director's satisfaction that said applicant will use the omnibus endorsement exclusively for operating omnibuses owned by a nonprofit organization duly incorporated under Title 15 or 16 of the

19 Revised Statutes or Title 15A of the New Jersey Statutes.

The specified period for which a permit is issued may be extended for not more than an additional 60 days, without payment of added fee, upon application made by the holder thereof, where the holder has applied to take the examination for a driver's license prior to the expiration of the original period for which the permit was issued and the director was unable to schedule an examination during said period. (cf: P.L.2001, c.420, s.6.)

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- 13. Section 6 of P.L.1977, c.25 (C.39:3-13.2a) is amended to read as follows:
- as follows:
 6. a. Any person to whom a special learner's permit has been
- 31 issued pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1950, c.127 (C.39:3-13.1), upon
- 32 successful completion of a State approved written examination, eye
- 33 examination and an approved minimum six-hour behind-the-wheel
- driving course, shall be entitled to retain the special learner's permit in
- 35 his own possession. The special learner's permit shall be validated by
- 36 the division for the purpose of driving a motor vehicle on a public
- highway in this State after the holder has successfully met the
- 38 necessary examination requirements, and upon the successful
- 39 completion of a behind-the-wheel driving course. Such person may
- 40 operate a motor vehicle of the class for which a basic driver's license
- 41 is required except during the hours between 11:01 p.m. and 5:00 a.m.
- 42 while in the company and under the supervision, from the front
- 43 passenger seat, of a licensed motor vehicle driver of this State who is
- 44 over 21 years of age and has been licensed to drive a passenger
- 45 automobile for at least three years. Such special permit shall be valid
- 46 until such person's seventeenth birthday or until he qualifies for a

1 provisional license. Except during an instructional period of a 2 behind-the-wheel driving course, the holder of a special permit shall 3 operate a passenger automobile with only the following passengers: 4 (1) the supervising passenger; (2) persons who share the permit 5 holder's residence; and (3) one additional passenger who does not 6 reside with the permit holder. The holder of the special learner's 7 permit shall not use any interactive wireless communication device, 8 except in an emergency, while operating a moving passenger 9 automobile on a public road or highway. "Use" shall include, but not 10 be limited to, talking or listening on any interactive wireless 11 communication device or operating its keys, buttons or other controls. 12 All occupants of the automobile shall be secured in a properly adjusted and fastened seat belt or child restraint system. 13 14 b. When notified by a court of competent jurisdiction that a special 15 learner's permit holder has been convicted of a violation which causes 16 the permit holder to accumulate more than two motor vehicle points or has been convicted of a violation of R.S.39:4-50; section 2 of 17 P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this 18 19 <u>bill)</u>; section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a); P.L.1992, c.189 20 (C.39:4-50.14); R.S.39:4-129; N.J.S.2C:11-5; subsection c. of 21 N.J.S.2C:12-1 or any other motor vehicle-related law the director 22 determines to be significant and applicable pursuant to regulation, and 23 in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, the director 24 shall, without the exercise of discretion or a hearing, suspend the 25 holder's special learner's permit for 90 days. The director shall restore 26 the permit following the term of the permit suspension if the permit 27 holder, regardless of age, satisfactorily completes a remedial training 28 course of not less than four hours which may be given by the division, 29 a drivers' school licensed by the director pursuant to section 2 of 30 P.L.1951, c.216 (C.39:12-2) or any statewide safety organization 31 approved by the director. The course shall be administered pursuant 32 to rules and regulations promulgated by the director and subject to oversight by the division. The authority of the director to suspend, 33 34 revoke or deny issuance of an initial or renewal license to operate a 35 drivers' school or an instructor's license, and to assess fines, pursuant 36 to P.L.1951, c.216 (C.39:12-1 et seq.) shall apply to any violations 37 related to the administration of a remedial training course. The permit 38 holder shall also remit a course fee prior to the commencement of the 39 course. If, after completion of the remedial training course, the 40 director is notified by a court of competent jurisdiction that the special 41 learner's permit holder has been convicted of any motor vehicle 42 violation which results in the imposition of any motor vehicle points 43 or has been convicted of a violation of R.S.39:4-50; section 2 of

P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this

<u>bill)</u>; section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a); P.L.1992, c.189 (C.39:4-50.14); R.S.39:4-129; N.J.S.2C:11-5; subsection c. of

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- 1 N.J.S.2C:12-1 or any other motor vehicle-related law the director
- 2 deems significant and applicable pursuant to regulation, the director,
- 3 without the exercise of discretion or a hearing, shall also postpone the
- 4 issuance of a basic license for 90 days. When the director is notified
- 5 by a court of competent jurisdiction that a special learner's permit
- 6 holder has been convicted of any alcohol or drug-related offense
- 7 unrelated to the operation of a motor vehicle and he is not otherwise 8 subject to any other suspension penalty therefor, the director shall,
- 8 subject to any other suspension penalty therefor, the director shall,
- 9 without the exercise of discretion or a hearing, suspend the special
- 10 learner's permit for six months.
- 11 (cf: P.L.2001, c.420, s.7)

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- 14. Section 4 of P.L.1950, c.127 (C.39:3-13.4) is amended to read as follows:
- 4. The holder of a special learner's permit shall be entitled to a provisional driver's license (1) upon attaining the age of 17 years, (2) upon the satisfactory completion of an approved behind-the-wheel automobile driving education course as indicated upon the face of the special permit over the signature of the principal of the school or the person operating the drivers' school in which the course was conducted,(3) upon the completion of six months' driving experience with a validated special learner's permit in compliance with the provisions of section 6 of P.L.1977, c.25 (C.39:3-13.2a) and (4) upon passing the road test pursuant to R.S.39:3-10.

25 The holder of a provisional license shall be permitted to operate the 26 passenger automobile with only one additional passenger in the vehicle 27 besides persons with whom the holder resides, except that this 28 passenger restriction shall not apply when either the holder of the 29 provisional license or one other passenger is at least 21 years of age. 30 Further, the holder of the provisional license who is under 21 years of 31 age shall not drive during the hours between 12:01 a.m. and 5 a.m.; 32 provided however, that this condition may be waived for an emergency 33 which, in the judgment of local police, is of sufficient severity and 34 magnitude to substantially endanger the health, safety, welfare or property of a person or for any bona fide employment or 35 36 religion-related activity if the employer or appropriate religious 37 authority provides written verification of such activity in a manner 38 provided for by the director. The holder of the provisional license 39 shall not use any interactive wireless communication device, except in an emergency, while operating a moving passenger automobile on a 40 41 public road or highway. "Use" shall include, but not be limited to, 42 talking or listening on any interactive wireless communication device 43 or operating its keys, buttons or other controls. In addition, the holder 44 of the provisional license shall ensure that all occupants of the vehicle 45 are secured in a properly adjusted and fastened seat belt or child restraint system. In addition to any other penalties provided under 46

1 law, the holder of a provisional license who accumulates more than 2 two motor vehicle points or is convicted of a violation of R.S.39:4-50; 3 section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the 4 Legislature as this bill); section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a); P.L.1992, c.189 (C.39:4-50.14); R.S.39:4-129; 5 N.J.S.2C:11-5; 6 subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:12-1 or any other motor vehicle law the 7 director deems to be significant and applicable pursuant to regulation 8 shall, for the first violation, be required to satisfactorily complete a 9 remedial training course of not less than four hours which may be 10 given by the division, a drivers' school licensed by the director 11 pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1951, c.216 (C.39:12-2) or any Statewide safety organization approved by the director. The course shall be 12 13 administered pursuant to rules and regulations promulgated by the 14 director and subject to oversight by the division. The authority of the 15 director to suspend, revoke or deny issuance of an initial or renewal license to operate a drivers' school or an instructor's license, and to 16 17 assess fines, pursuant to P.L.1951, c.216 (C.39:12-1 et seq.) shall 18 apply to any violations related to the administration of a remedial 19 training course. The permit holder shall also remit a course fee prior 20 to the commencement of the course. When notified by a court of 21 competent jurisdiction that a provisional license holder has been 22 convicted of a second or subsequent violation, in addition to any other 23 penalties provided under law, the director shall, without the exercise 24 of discretion or a hearing, suspend the provisional license for three 25 months and shall postpone eligibility for a basic license for an 26 equivalent period. In addition, when the director is notified by a court 27 of competent jurisdiction that a provisional license holder has been 28 convicted of any alcohol or drug-related offense unrelated to the 29 operation of a motor vehicle, and he is not otherwise subject to any 30 other suspension penalty therefor, the director shall, without the 31 exercise of discretion or a hearing, suspend the provisional license for 32 six months. 33

A provisional license may be sent by mail and shall be clearly identifiable and distinguishable in appearance from a basic license by any name, mark, color or device deemed appropriate by the director. (cf: P.L.2001, c.420, s.8)

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- 15. Section 3 of P.L.1959, c.56 (C.39:3-33.5) is amended to read as follows:
- 3. Except as provided for courtesy marks in section 2 of P.L.2000, c.15 (C.39:3-33.5a), no particular identifying mark or special organization license plate issued pursuant to P.L.1987, c.374
- 43 (C.39:3-27.35) may be issued to any applicant who:
- 44 (a) for the 10-year period next preceding the date of application for 45 a particular identifying mark or special organization license plate has 46 been convicted of a violation of [either section] <u>R.S.</u>39:4-50, section

- 1 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as
- 2 this bill), [or section] R.S.39:4-96 [of this Title;], or section 2 of
- 3 P.L.1966, c.142 (C.39:4-50.2) or has been convicted of a violation of
- 4 a law of a substantially similar nature in another jurisdiction; or
 - (b) has been convicted of a violation of N.J.S.2C:11-5; or
- 6 (c) for the two-year period next preceding his application for a 7 particular identifying mark or a special organization license plate has
- 8 had his driving privileges in this State or in another jurisdiction
- 9 revoked or suspended for any reason whatsoever.
- 10 (cf: P.L.2000, c.15, s.1)

- 16. R.S.39:3-40 is amended to read as follows:
- 13 39:3-40. No person to whom a driver's license has been refused or
- 14 whose driver's license or reciprocity privilege has been suspended or
- 15 revoked, or who has been prohibited from obtaining a driver's license,
- shall personally operate a motor vehicle during the period of refusal,
- 17 suspension, revocation, or prohibition.
- No person whose motor vehicle registration has been revoked shall
- 19 operate or permit the operation of such motor vehicle during the
- 20 period of such revocation.
- 21 Except as provided in subsections i. and j. of this section, a person
- 22 violating this section shall be subject to the following penalties:
- a. Upon conviction for a first offense, a fine of \$500.00 and, if that
- 24 offense involves the operation of a motor vehicle during a period when
- 25 the violator's driver's license is suspended for a violation of
- 26 R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before
- 27 the Legislature as this bill or section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512
- 28 (C.39:4-50.4a), revocation of the violator's motor vehicle registration
- 29 privilege in accordance with the provisions of sections 2 through 6 of
- 30 P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1 through C.39:3-40.5);
- 31 b. Upon conviction for a second offense, a fine of \$750.00,
- 32 imprisonment in the county jail for not more than five days and, if the
- 33 second offense involves the operation of a motor vehicle during a
- 34 period when the violator's driver's license is suspended and that second
- 35 offense occurs within five years of a conviction for that same offense,
- 36 revocation of the violator's motor vehicle registration privilege in
- accordance with the provisions of sections 2 through 6 of P.L.1995,
- 38 c.286 (C.39:3-40.1 through C.39:3-40.5);
- c. Upon conviction for a third offense or subsequent offense, a fine
- 40 of \$1,000.00, imprisonment in the county jail for 10 days. If the third
- 41 or a subsequent offense involves the operation of a motor vehicle
- during a period when the violator's driver's license is suspended and
- the third or subsequent offense occurs within five years of a conviction for the same offense, revocation of the violator's motor vehicle
- 45 registration privilege shall be revoked in accordance with the
- 46 provisions of sections 2 through 6 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1

1 through C.39:3-40.5);

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- d. Upon conviction, the court shall impose or extend a period of suspension not to exceed six months;
- e. Upon conviction, the court shall impose a period of imprisonment for not less than 45 days or more than 180 days, if while operating a vehicle in violation of this section a person is involved in an accident resulting in bodily injury to another person;
- f. (1) Notwithstanding subsections a. through e., any person violating this section while under suspension issued pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1972, c.197 (C.39:6B-2), upon conviction, shall be fined \$500.00, shall have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for an additional period of not less than one year nor more than two years, and may be imprisoned in the county jail for not more than 90 days.
- 15 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections a. through e. of this section and paragraph (1) of this subsection, any person violating 16 this section under suspension issued pursuant to R.S.39:4-50, section 17 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as 18 19 this bill, section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a) or P.L.1982, c.85 20 (C.39:5-30a et seq.), shall be fined \$500, shall have his license to 21 operate a motor vehicle suspended for an additional period of not less 22 than one year or more than two years, and shall be imprisoned in the 23 county jail for not less than 10 days or more than 90 days.
 - (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections a. through e. of this section and paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection, a person shall have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for an additional period of not less than one year or more than two years, which period shall commence upon the completion of any prison sentence imposed upon that person, shall be fined \$500 and shall be imprisoned for a period of 60 to 90 days for a first offense, imprisoned for a period of 120 to 150 days for a second offense, and imprisoned for 180 days for a third or subsequent offense, for operating a motor vehicle while in violation of paragraph (2) of this subsection while:
 - (a) on any school property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board, or within 1,000 feet of such school property;
 - (b) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 if the municipality, by ordinance or resolution, has designated the school crossing as such; or
 - (c) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 knowing that juveniles are present if the municipality has not designated the school crossing as such by ordinance or resolution.
- A map or true copy of a map depicting the location and boundaries of the area on or within 1,000 feet of any property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board produced pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1987,

1 c.101 (C.2C:35-7) may be used in a prosecution under subparagraph 2 (a) of this paragraph.

It shall not be relevant to the imposition of sentence pursuant to subparagraph (a) or (b) of this paragraph that the defendant was unaware that the prohibited conduct took place while on or within 1,000 feet of any school property or while driving through a school crossing. Nor shall it be relevant to the imposition of sentence that no juveniles were present on the school property or crossing zone at the time of the offense or that the school was not in session;

- 10 g. In addition to the other applicable penalties provided under this 11 section, a person violating this section whose license has been suspended pursuant to section 6 of P.L.1983, c.65 (C.17:29A-35) or 12 13 the regulations adopted thereunder, shall be fined \$3,000. The court 14 shall waive the fine upon proof that the person has paid the total 15 surcharge imposed pursuant to section 6 of P.L.1983, c.65 regulations 16 (C.17:29A-35) or the adopted thereunder. Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S.39:5-41, the fine imposed 17 18 pursuant to this subsection shall be collected by the Division of Motor 19 Vehicles pursuant to section 6 of P.L.1983, c.65 (C.17:29A-35), and 20 distributed as provided in that section, and the court shall file a copy 21 of the judgment of conviction with the director and with the Clerk of 22 the Superior Court who shall enter the following information upon the 23 record of docketed judgments: the name of the person as judgment 24 debtor; the Division of Motor Vehicles as judgment creditor; the 25 amount of the fine; and the date of the order. These entries shall have 26 the same force and effect as any civil judgment docketed in the 27 Superior Court;
 - h. A person who owns or leases a motor vehicle and permits another to operate the motor vehicle commits a violation and is subject to suspension of his license to operate a motor vehicle and to revocation of registration pursuant to sections 2 through 6 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1 through C.39:3-40.5) if the person:

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- (1) Knows that the operator's license to operate a motor vehicle has been suspended for a violation of R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill or section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a); or
- (2) Knows that the operator's license to operate a motor vehicle is suspended and that the operator has been convicted, within the past five years, of operating a vehicle while the person's license was suspended or revoked;
- i. If the violator's driver's license to operate a motor vehicle has been suspended pursuant to section 9 of P.L.1985, c.14 (C.39:4-139.10), the violator shall be subject to a maximum fine of \$100 upon proof that the violator has satisfied the parking ticket or tickets that were the subject of the Order of Suspension;
- j. If a person is convicted for a second or subsequent violation of

- 1 this section and the second or subsequent offense involves a motor
- 2 vehicle moving violation, the term of imprisonment for the second or
- 3 subsequent offense shall be 10 days longer than the term of
- 4 imprisonment imposed for the previous offense.
- 5 For the purposes of this subsection, a "motor vehicle moving
- 6 violation" means any violation of the motor vehicle laws of this State
- 7 for which motor vehicle points are assessed by the Director of the
- 8 Division of Motor Vehicles pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1982, c.43
- 9 (C.39:5-30.5).
- 10 (cf: P.L.2002, c.28, c.1)

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- 12 17. Section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 2. a. Any motor vehicle registration certificate and registration plates shall be revoked if a person is convicted of violating the provisions of:
- 17 (1) subsection a. of R.S.39:3-40 for operating a motor vehicle 18 during a period when that violator's driver's license has been 19 suspended for a violation of R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L. , c.
- 20 (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill);
- 21 (2) subsection b. or c. of R.S.39:3-40 for operating a motor vehicle 22 during a period when that violator's driver's license has been 23 suspended within a five-year period; or
 - (3) R.S.39:4-50 for a second [or subsequent] offense <u>or section</u> 2 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as <u>this bill</u>), if such revocation is ordered by the court as authorized under [that section] <u>those sections</u>.
- This revocation of registration certificate and registration plates shall apply to all passenger automobiles and motorcycles owned or leased by the violator and registered under the provisions of R.S.39:3-4 and all noncommercial trucks owned or leased by the violator and registered under the provisions of section 2 of P.L.1968,
- 33 c.439 (C.39:3-8.1), including those passenger automobiles,
- 34 motorcycles and noncommercial trucks registered or leased jointly in
- 35 the name of the violator and the other owner of record.
- b. At the time of conviction, the court shall notify each violator that the person's passenger automobile, motorcycle, and
- 38 noncommercial truck registrations are revoked. Notwithstanding the
- 39 provisions of R.S.39:5-35, the violator shall surrender the registration
- 40 certificate and registration plates of all passenger automobiles,
- 41 motorcycles, and noncommercial truck registrations subject to
- 42 revocation under the provisions of this section within 48 hours of the
- 43 court's notice. The surrender shall be at a place and in a manner
- 44 prescribed by the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles pursuant
- 45 to rule and regulation. The court also shall notify the violator that a
- 46 failure to surrender that vehicle registration certificate and registration

plates shall result in the impoundment of the vehicle in accordance with the provisions of section 4 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.3) and the seizure of said registration certificate and registration plates. The revocation authorized under the provisions of this subsection shall remain in effect for the period during which the violator's license to operate a motor vehicle is suspended and shall be enforced so as to prohibit the violator from registering or leasing any other vehicle,

however acquired, during that period. c. If the violator subject to the penalties set forth in subsections a. and b. of this section for conviction of violating the provisions of R.S.39:3-40 was operating a motor vehicle owned or leased by another person and that other owner or lessee permitted that operation with knowledge that the violator's driver's license was suspended, the court shall suspend the person's license to operate a motor vehicle and revoke the registration certificate and registration plates for that vehicle for a period of not more than six months. Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S.39:3-35, the owner or lessee shall surrender the registration certificate and registration plates of that vehicle within 48 hours of the court's notice of revocation. The surrender shall be at a place and in a manner prescribed by the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles pursuant to rule and regulation. The court also shall notify the owner or lessee that a failure to surrender the revoked registration certificate and registration plates shall result in the impoundment of the vehicle in accordance with the provisions of section 4 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.3) and the seizure of said registration certificate and registration plates. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to limit the court from finding that owner or lessee guilty of violating R.S.39:3-39 or any other such statute concerning the operation of a motor vehicle by an unlicensed

31 (cf: P.L.2000, c.83, s.2)

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33 18. Section 1 of P.L.1938, c.360 (C.39:4-9.1) is amended to read as follows:

1. Whenever another State shall have enacted a law providing for reciprocal exchange thereof, the director, upon receiving a certificate of conviction of a nonresident operator or chauffeur of a violation of the provisions of [sections] R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of P.L., c.

(C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill),

R.S.39:4-96, R.S.39:4-98, [and] or R.S.39:4-129, [of the Revised]

- 40 <u>R.S.</u>39:4-96, <u>R.S.</u>39:4-98 [and] <u>or R.S.</u>39:4-129 [of the Revised
- 41 Statutes], or of notice of the forfeiture of any bond or collateral given
- 42 for such violation, shall transmit forthwith, a certified copy of such
- 43 record to the motor vehicle administrator of the State wherein the
- 44 person named in such record shall reside.
- 45 (cf: P.L.1951, c.23, s.10)

- 1 19. Section 1 of P.L.1981, c.97 (C.39:4-14.3g) is amended to read 2
- 3 1. It is unlawful for any person to operate a motorized bicycle 4 while under the influence of intoxicating liquor, or a narcotic,
- hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug. Any person who violates the 5
- 6 provisions of this act shall be subject to the same penalties as
- 7 provided in R.S.39:4-50 and section 2 of P.L., c. (C.
- 8 (now pending before the Legislature as this bill) for conviction of
- 9 operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of any such
- 10 substance. In any prosecution for a violation of this act, the
- [presumptions,] consent and procedures set forth in P.L.1951, c.23, 11
- 12 s.30 (C.39:4-50.1) [and], sections 2 through 5 of P.L.1966, c.142[,
- ss.2-5] (C.39:4-50.2 to 39:4-50.5) and section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 13
- 14 (C.39:4-50.4a) shall be applicable.
- (cf: P.L.1981, c.97, s.1) 15

- 20. R.S.39:4-50 is amended to read as follows:
- 18 39:4-50. (a) Except as provided in subsection (g) of this section,
- 19 a person who operates a motor vehicle while under the influence of
- 20 intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug,
- 21 or operates a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of
- 22 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood or
- 23 permits another person who is under the influence of intoxicating
- 24 liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug to operate a
- 25 motor vehicle owned by him or in his custody or control or permits
- 26 another to operate a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration
- 27 of 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood shall
- 28 be subject:

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- 29 (1) For the first offense, to a fine of not less than \$250.00 nor
- 30 more than \$400.00 and a period of detainment of not less than
- 12 hours nor more than 48 hours spent during two consecutive days 31
- 32 of not less than six hours each day and served as prescribed by the

program requirements of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers

- established under subsection (f) of this section and, in the discretion 34
- of the court, a term of imprisonment of not more than 30 days and 35
- 36 shall forthwith forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the
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- highways of this State for a period of not less than six months nor 38 more than one year. For a first offense, a person also shall be subject
- 39 to the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.).
- 40 (2) For a second violation, a person shall be subject to a fine of not
- 41 less than \$500.00 nor more than \$1,000.00, and shall be ordered by
- 42 the court to perform community service for a period of 30 days, which
- 43 shall be of such form and on such terms as the court shall deem
- 44 appropriate under the circumstances, and shall be sentenced to
- 45 imprisonment for a term of not less than 48 consecutive hours, which
- shall not be suspended or served on probation, nor more than 90 days, 46

1 and shall forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways

- 2 of this State for a period of two years upon conviction, and, after the
- 3 expiration of said period, he may make application to the Director of
- 4 the Division of Motor Vehicles for a license to operate a motor
- 5 vehicle, which application may be granted at the discretion of the
- 6 director, consistent with subsection (b) of this section. For a second
- 7 violation, a person also shall be required to install an ignition interlock
- 8 device under the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.)
- 9 or shall have his registration certificate and registration plates revoked
- 10 for two years under the provisions of section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286
- 11 (C.39:3-40.1).

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12 [(3) For a third or subsequent violation, a person shall be subject 13 to a fine of \$1,000.00, and shall be sentenced to imprisonment for a 14 term of not less than 180 days, except that the court may lower such 15 term for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served performing community service in such form and on such terms as the court shall 16 17 deem appropriate under the circumstances and shall thereafter forfeit 18 his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for 19 10 years.] For a third or subsequent violation, a person shall be subject to the penalties set forth in section 2 of P.L., c. (C. 20 21 (now pending before the Legislature as this bill and also shall be 22 required to install an ignition interlock device under the provisions of 23 P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.) or shall have his registration 24 certificate and registration plates revoked for 10 years under the

provisions of section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1).

26 As used in this section, the phrase "narcotic, hallucinogenic or 27 habit-producing drug" includes an inhalant or other substance 28 containing a chemical capable of releasing any toxic vapors or fumes 29 for the purpose of inducing a condition of intoxication, such as any 30 glue, cement or any other substance containing one or more of the 31 following chemical compounds: acetone and acetate, amyl nitrite or 32 amyl nitrate or their isomers, benzene, butyl alcohol, butyl nitrite, 33 butyl nitrate or their isomers, ethyl acetate, ethyl alcohol, ethyl nitrite 34 or ethyl nitrate, ethylene dichloride, isobutyl alcohol or isopropyl 35 alcohol, methyl alcohol, methyl ethyl ketone, nitrous oxide, n-propyl 36 alcohol, pentachlorophenol, petroleum ether, propyl nitrate or propyl 37 nitrate or their isomers, toluene, toluol or xylene or any other chemical substance capable of causing a condition of intoxication, inebriation, 38 39 excitement, stupefaction or the dulling of the brain or nervous system 40 as a result of the inhalation of the fumes or vapors of such chemical 41 substance.

Whenever an operator of a motor vehicle has been involved in an accident resulting in death, bodily injury or property damage, a police officer shall consider that fact along with all other facts and circumstances in determining whether there are reasonable grounds to believe that person was operating a motor vehicle in violation of this

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2 A conviction of a violation of a law of a substantially similar nature 3 in another jurisdiction, regardless of whether that jurisdiction is a 4 signatory to the Interstate Driver License Compact pursuant to P.L.1966, c.73 (C.39:5D-1 et seq.), shall constitute a prior conviction 5 6 under this subsection unless the defendant can demonstrate by clear 7 and convincing evidence that the conviction in the other jurisdiction 8 was based exclusively upon a violation of a proscribed blood alcohol 9 concentration of less than 0.10%.

10 If the driving privilege of any person is under revocation or 11 suspension for a violation of any provision of this Title or Title 2C of 12 the New Jersey Statutes at the time of any conviction for a violation 13 of this section, the revocation or suspension period imposed shall 14 commence as of the date of termination of the existing revocation or 15 suspension period. In the case of any person who at the time of the imposition of sentence is less than 17 years of age, the forfeiture, 16 17 suspension or revocation of the driving privilege imposed by the court 18 under this section shall commence immediately, run through the 19 offender's seventeenth birthday and continue from that date for the 20 period set by the court pursuant to paragraphs (1) [through (3)] or (2) 21 of this subsection. A court that imposes a term of imprisonment under 22 this section may sentence the person so convicted to the county jail, 23 to the workhouse of the county wherein the offense was committed, 24 to an inpatient rehabilitation program or to an Intoxicated Driver 25 Resource Center or other facility approved by the chief of the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit in the Department of Health and 26 27 Senior Services; provided that for a third or subsequent offense a person shall not serve a term of imprisonment at an Intoxicated Driver 28 29 Resource Center as provided in subsection (f).

A person who has been convicted of a previous violation of this section need not be charged as a second or subsequent offender in the complaint made against him in order to render him liable to the punishment imposed by this section on a second or subsequent offender, but if the second offense occurs more than 10 years after the first offense, the court shall treat the second conviction as a first offense for sentencing purposes [and if a third offense occurs more than 10 years after the second offense, the court shall treat the third conviction as a second offense for sentencing purposes].

(b) A person convicted under this section must satisfy the screening, evaluation, referral, program and fee requirements of the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse's Intoxicated Driving Program Unit, and of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers and a program of alcohol and drug education and highway safety, as prescribed by the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The sentencing court shall inform the person convicted that failure to satisfy such requirements shall result in a mandatory two-day term of imprisonment in a county

- 1 jail and a driver license revocation or suspension and continuation of
- 2 revocation or suspension until such requirements are satisfied, unless
- 3 stayed by court order in accordance with the Rules Governing the
- 4 Courts of the State of New Jersey, or R.S.39:5-22. Upon sentencing,
- 5 the court shall forward to the Division of Alcoholism and Drug
- 6 Abuse's Intoxicated Driving Program Unit a copy of a person's
- 7 conviction record. A fee of \$100.00 shall be payable to the Alcohol
- 8 Education, Rehabilitation and Enforcement Fund established pursuant
- 9 to section 3 of P.L.1983, c.531 (C.26:2B-32) to support the
- 10 Intoxicated Driving Program Unit.

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- 11 (c) Upon conviction of a violation of this section, the court shall collect forthwith the New Jersey driver's license or licenses of the 12 13 person so convicted and forward such license or licenses to the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The court shall inform the 14 15 person convicted that if he is convicted of personally operating a motor vehicle during the period of license suspension imposed 16 17 pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, he shall, upon conviction, be 18 subject to the penalties established in R.S.39:3-40. The person 19 convicted shall be informed orally and in writing. A person shall be 20 required to acknowledge receipt of that written notice in writing. 21 Failure to receive a written notice or failure to acknowledge in writing 22 the receipt of a written notice shall not be a defense to a subsequent 23 charge of a violation of R.S.39:3-40. In the event that a person 24 convicted under this section is the holder of any out-of-State driver's 25 license, the court shall not collect the license but shall notify forthwith 26 the director, who shall, in turn, notify appropriate officials in the 27 The court shall, however, revoke the licensing jurisdiction. 28 nonresident's driving privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this State, 29 in accordance with this section. Upon conviction of a violation of this 30 section, the court shall notify the person convicted, orally and in 31 writing, of the penalties for a second, third or subsequent violation of 32 this section. A person shall be required to acknowledge receipt of that 33 written notice in writing. Failure to receive a written notice or failure 34 to acknowledge in writing the receipt of a written notice shall not be 35 a defense to a subsequent charge of a violation of this section.
 - (d) The Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles shall promulgate rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) in order to establish a program of alcohol education and highway safety, as prescribed by this act.
- 41 (e) Any person accused of a violation of this section who is liable 42 to punishment imposed by this section as a second [or subsequent] 43 offender shall be entitled to the same rights of discovery as allowed 44 defendants pursuant to the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of 45 New Jersey.
 - (f) The counties, in cooperation with the Division of Alcoholism

- 1 and Drug Abuse and the Division of Motor Vehicles, but subject to the
- 2 approval of the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse, shall
- designate and establish on a county or regional basis Intoxicated 3
- 4 Driver Resource Centers. These centers shall have the capability of
- serving as community treatment referral centers and as court monitors 5
- 6 of a person's compliance with the ordered treatment, service
- 7 alternative or community service. All centers established pursuant to
- 8 this subsection shall be administered by a counselor certified by the
- 9 Alcohol and Drug Counselor Certification Board of New Jersey or
- 10 other professional with a minimum of five years' experience in the
- treatment of alcoholism. All centers shall be required to develop 11
- 12 individualized treatment plans for all persons attending the centers;
- 13 provided that the duration of any ordered treatment or referral shall
- 14 not exceed one year. It shall be the center's responsibility to establish
- 15 networks with the community alcohol and drug education, treatment
- 16 and rehabilitation resources and to receive monthly reports from the
- 17 referral agencies regarding a person's participation and compliance
- 18 with the program. Nothing in this subsection shall bar these centers
- 19 from developing their own education and treatment programs;
- 20 provided that they are approved by the Division of Alcoholism and
- 21 Drug Abuse.
- 22 Upon a person's failure to report to the initial screening or any
- 23 subsequent ordered referral, the Intoxicated Driver Resource Center
- 24 shall promptly notify the sentencing court of the person's failure to
- 25 comply.

- 26 Required detention periods at the Intoxicated Driver Resource
- 27 Centers shall be determined according to the individual treatment
- classification assigned by the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit. Upon 29 attendance at an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center, a person shall be
- 30 required to pay a per diem fee of \$75.00 for the first offender program
- 31 or a per diem fee of \$100.00 for the second offender program, as
- 32 appropriate. Any increases in the per diem fees after the first full year
- 33 shall be determined pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the
- 34 Commissioner of Health and Senior Services in consultation with the
- Governor's Council on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse pursuant to the 35
- "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et 36
- 37
- 38 The centers shall conduct a program of alcohol and drug education
- 39 and highway safety, as prescribed by the Director of the Division of
- 40 Motor Vehicles.
- The Commissioner of Health and Senior Services shall adopt rules 41
- 42 and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act,"
- 43 P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), in order to effectuate the
- 44 purposes of this subsection.
- 45 (g) When a violation of this section occurs while:
- 46 (1) on any school property used for school purposes which is

owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board, or within 1,000 feet of such school property;

- (2) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 if the municipality, by ordinance or resolution, has designated the school crossing as such; or
- (3) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 knowing that juveniles are present if the municipality has not designated the school crossing as such by ordinance or resolution, the convicted person shall: for a first offense, be fined not less than \$500 or more than \$800, be imprisoned for not more than 60 days and have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of not less than one year or more than two years; for a second offense, be fined not less than \$1,000 or more than \$2,000, perform community service for a period of 60 days, be imprisoned for not less than 96 consecutive hours, which shall not be suspended or served on probation, nor more than 180 days, except that the court may lower such term for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served performing community service in such form and on such terms as the court shall deem appropriate under the circumstances and have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of not less than four years; and, for a third offense, be fined \$2,000, imprisoned for 180 days and have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of 20 years; the period of license suspension shall commence upon the completion of any prison sentence imposed upon that person.

A map or true copy of a map depicting the location and boundaries of the area on or within 1,000 feet of any property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board produced pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1987, c.101 (C.2C:35-7) may be used in a prosecution under paragraph (1) of this subsection.

It shall not be relevant to the imposition of sentence pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection that the defendant was unaware that the prohibited conduct took place while on or within 1,000 feet of any school property or while driving through a school crossing. Nor shall it be relevant to the imposition of sentence that no juveniles were present on the school property or crossing zone at the time of the offense or that the school was not in session.

(h) A court also may order a person convicted pursuant to subsection a. of this section, to participate in a supervised visitation program as either a condition of probation or a form of community service, giving preference to those who were under the age of 21 at the time of the offense. Prior to ordering a person to participate in such a program, the court may consult with any person who may provide useful information on the defendant's physical, emotional and mental suitability for the visit to ensure that it will not cause any injury to the defendant. The court also may order that the defendant

participate in a counseling session under the supervision of the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit prior to participating in the supervised visitation program. The supervised visitation program shall be at one or more of the following facilities which have agreed to participate in the program under the supervision of the facility's personnel and the probation department:

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- (1) a trauma center, critical care center or acute care hospital having basic emergency services, which receives victims of motor vehicle accidents for the purpose of observing appropriate victims of drunk drivers and victims who are, themselves, drunk drivers;
- (2) a facility which cares for advanced alcoholics or drug abusers, to observe persons in the advanced stages of alcoholism or drug abuse; or
 - (3) if approved by a county medical examiner, the office of the county medical examiner or a public morgue to observe appropriate victims of vehicle accidents involving drunk drivers.

As used in this section, "appropriate victim" means a victim whose condition is determined by the facility's supervisory personnel and the probation officer to be appropriate for demonstrating the results of accidents involving drunk drivers without being unnecessarily gruesome or traumatic to the defendant.

If at any time before or during a visitation the facility's supervisory personnel and the probation officer determine that the visitation may be or is traumatic or otherwise inappropriate for that defendant, the visitation shall be terminated without prejudice to the defendant. The program may include a personal conference after the visitation, which may include the sentencing judge or the judge who coordinates the program for the court, the defendant, defendant's counsel, and, if available, the defendant's parents to discuss the visitation and its effect on the defendant's future conduct. If a personal conference is not practicable because of the defendant's absence from the jurisdiction, conflicting time schedules, or any other reason, the court shall require the defendant to submit a written report concerning the visitation experience and its impact on the defendant. The county, a court, any facility visited pursuant to the program, any agents, employees, or independent contractors of the court, county, or facility visited pursuant to the program, and any person supervising a defendant during the visitation, are not liable for any civil damages resulting from injury to the defendant, or for civil damages associated with the visitation which are caused by the defendant, except for willful or grossly negligent acts intended to, or reasonably expected to result in, that injury or damage.

The Supreme Court may adopt court rules or directives to effectuate the purposes of this subsection.

(i) In addition to any other fine, fee, or other charge imposed pursuant to law, the court shall assess a person convicted of a

- 1 violation of the provisions of this section a surcharge of \$100, of
- 2 which amount \$50 shall be payable to the municipality in which the
- 3 conviction was obtained and \$50 shall be payable to the Treasurer of
- 4 the State of New Jersey for deposit into the General Fund.
- 5 (cf: P.L.2002, c.34, s.17)

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- 7 21. Section 2 of P.L.1966, c.142 (C.39:4-50.2) is amended to read 8 as follows:
 - as follows:

 2. (a) Any person who operates a motor vehicle on any public
- 10 road, street or highway or quasi-public area in this State shall be
- deemed to have given his consent to the taking of samples of his
- 12 breath for the purpose of making chemical tests to determine the
- 13 content of alcohol in his blood; provided, however, that the taking of
- samples is made in accordance with the provisions of this act and at
- 15 the request of a police officer who has reasonable grounds to believe
- 16 that such person has been operating a motor vehicle in violation of the
- provisions of R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L., c. (C.)
- 18 (now pending before the Legislature as this bill).
 - (b) A record of the taking of any such sample, disclosing the date and time thereof, as well as the result of any chemical test, shall be made and a copy thereof, upon his request, shall be furnished or made available to the person so tested.
 - (c) In addition to the samples taken and tests made at the direction of a police officer hereunder, the person tested shall be permitted to have such samples taken and chemical tests of his breath, urine or blood made by a person or physician of his own selection.
- 27 (d) The police officer shall inform the person tested of his rights 28 under subsections (b) and (c) of this section.
- 29 (e) No chemical test, as provided in this section, or specimen 30 necessary thereto, may be made or taken forcibly and against physical
- 31 resistance thereto by the defendant. The police officer shall, however,
- inform the person arrested of the consequences of refusing to submit
- 33 to such test in accordance with section 2 of [this amendatory and
- 34 supplementary act] P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a). A standard
- 35 statement, prepared by the director, shall be read by the police officer
- 36 to the person under arrest.

(cf: P.L.1981, c.512, s.1)

- 39 22. Section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a) is amended to 40 read as follows:
- 2. a. Except as provided in subsection b. of this section, the
- 42 municipal court shall revoke the right to operate a motor vehicle of
- any operator who, after being arrested for a violation of R.S.39:4-50
- 44 or section 2 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now pending before the
- 45 <u>Legislature as this bill</u>), shall refuse to submit to a test provided for in
- 46 section 2 of P.L.1966, c.142 (C.39:4-50.2) when requested to do so,

- 1 for six months unless the refusal was in connection with a second
- 2 offense under this section, in which case the revocation period shall be
- 3 for two years or unless the refusal was in connection with [a third or
- 4 subsequent] an offense under [this] section 2 of P.L.
- 5 (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill) in which
- 6 case the revocation shall be for ten years. A conviction or
- 7 administrative determination of a violation of a law of a substantially 8
- similar nature in another jurisdiction, regardless of whether that 9
- jurisdiction is a signatory to the Interstate Driver License Compact
- 10 pursuant to P.L.1966, c.73 (C.39:5D-1 et seq.), shall constitute a prior
- 11 conviction under this section.

12 The municipal court shall determine by a preponderance of the 13 evidence whether the arresting officer had probable cause to believe

14 that the person had been driving or was in actual physical control of

a motor vehicle on the public highways or quasi-public areas of this 15

16 State while the person was under the influence of intoxicating liquor 17

- or a narcotic, hallucinogenic, or habit-producing drug or marijuana; 18 whether the person was placed under arrest, if appropriate, and
- 19 whether he refused to submit to the test upon request of the officer;
- 20 and if these elements of the violation are not established, no conviction
- 21 shall issue. In addition to any other requirements provided by law, a
- 22 person whose operator's license is revoked for refusing to submit to a
- 23 test shall be referred to an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center
- 24 established by subsection (f.) of R.S.39:4-50 and shall satisfy the same
- 25 requirements of the center for refusal to submit to a test as provided
- for in section 2 of P.L.1966, c.142 (C.39:4-50.2) in connection with 26
- 27 a first[,] or second[, third or subsequent] offense under this section
- 28 or an offense under section 2 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now pending
- 29 before the Legislature as this bill that must be satisfied by a person
- 30 convicted of a commensurate violation of this section, or be subject to
- 31 the same penalties as such a person for failure to do so. The
- 32 revocation shall be independent of any revocation imposed by virtue
- 33 of a conviction under the provisions of R.S.39:4-50.
- 34 In addition to issuing a revocation, except as provided in subsection
- 35 b. of this section, the municipal court shall fine a person convicted
- 36 under this section, a fine of not less than \$250.00 nor more than
- 37 \$500.00.
- 38 b. The fine imposed upon the convicted person shall be not less
- 39 than \$500 or more than \$1,000 and the period of license suspension
- 40 shall be one year for a first offense, four years for a second offense and
- 41 20 years for a third or subsequent offense, which period shall
- 42 commence upon the completion of any prison sentence imposed upon
- 43 that person when a violation of this section occurs while:
- 44 (1) on any school property used for school purposes which is
- 45 owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school
- board, or within 1,000 feet of such school property; 46

- 1 (2) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 if 2 the municipality, by ordinance or resolution, has designated the school 3 crossing as such; or
- 4 (3) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 knowing that juveniles are present if the municipality has not designated the school crossing as such by ordinance or resolution.

A map or true copy of a map depicting the location and boundaries of the area on or within 1,000 feet of any property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board produced pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1997, c.101 (C.2C:35-7) may be used in a prosecution under paragraph (1) of this subsection.

It shall not be relevant to the imposition of sentence pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection that the defendant was unaware that the prohibited conduct took place while on or within 1,000 feet of any school property or while driving through a school crossing. Nor shall it be relevant to the imposition of sentence that no juveniles were present on the school property or crossing zone at the time of the offense or that the school was not in session.

20 (cf: P.L.1999, c.185, s.5)

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- 22 23. Section 1 of P.L.1984, c.4 (C.39:4-50.8) is amended to read as follows:
- 1. Upon a conviction of a violation of R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of 24 25 P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this 26 bill) or section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a), the court shall 27 collect from the defendant a surcharge of \$100.00 in addition to and independently of any fine imposed on that defendant. The court shall 28 29 forward the surcharge to the Director of the Division of Motor 30 Vehicles who shall deposit \$95.00 of the surcharge into a "Drunk Driving Enforcement Fund" (hereinafter referred to as the "fund"). 31 32 This fund shall be used to establish a Statewide drunk driving 33 enforcement program to be supervised by the director. The remaining 34 \$5.00 of each surcharge shall be deposited by the director into a

separate fund for administrative expenses.

A municipality shall be entitled to periodic grants from the "Drunk 36 37 Driving Enforcement Fund" in amounts representing its proportionate 38 contribution to the fund. A municipality shall be deemed to have 39 contributed to the fund the portion of the surcharge allocated to the 40 fund, collected pursuant to this section if the violation of 41 R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill) or section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 42 43 (C.39:4-50.4a) occurred within the municipality and the arrest 44 resulting in conviction was made by the member of a municipal police 45 force. The grants from the fund shall be used by the municipality to increase enforcement of R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of P.L., c. 46

- 1) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill) by 2 subsidizing additional law enforcement patrols and through other measures approved by the director. The Division of State Police, 3 4 interstate law enforcement agencies and county law enforcement agencies shall be entitled to periodic grants from the fund in amounts 5 6 representing their proportionate contribution to the fund. Division of State Police or county or interstate law enforcement 7 8 agency shall be in deemed to have contributed to the fund the portion 9 of the surcharge allocated to the fund collected pursuant to this 10 section if the arrest resulting in a conviction was made by a member of 11 the Division of State Police or county or interstate law enforcement agency. The grants from the fund shall be used by the Division of 12 13 State Police or county or interstate law enforcement agency to increase enforcement of R.S.39:4-50 and section 2 of P.L., c. 14 15 (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill) by subsidizing additional law enforcement patrols and through other 16 17 measures approved by the director. 18 The surcharge described herein shall not be considered a fine, 19 penalty or forfeiture to be distributed pursuant to R.S.39:5-41. 20 The director shall promulgate rules and regulations in order to 21 effectuate the purposes of this section. 22 (cf: P.L.1994, c.184, s.3) 23 24. Section 1 of P.L.1992, c.189 (C.39:4-50.14) is amended to 24 25 read as follows: 26 1. Any person under the legal age to purchase alcoholic beverages 27 who operates a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of 0.01% or more, but less than 0.10%, by weight of alcohol in his blood, 28 29 shall forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of 30 this State or shall be prohibited from obtaining a license to operate a motor vehicle in this State for a period of not less than 30 or more 31 32 than 90 days beginning on the date he becomes eligible to obtain a license or on the day of conviction, whichever is later, and shall 33 34 perform community service for a period of not less than 15 or more 35 than 30 days. 36 In addition, the person shall satisfy the program and fee
 - In addition, the person shall satisfy the program and fee requirements of an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center or participate in a program of alcohol education and highway safety as prescribed by the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles.
- The penalties provided under the provisions of this section shall be in addition to the penalties which the court may impose under N.J.S.2C:33-15, R.S.33:1-81, R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L. .

 43 c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill) or any other law.
- 45 (cf: P.L.1992, c.189, s.1)

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1 25. R.S.39:5-22 is amended to read as follows:

39:5-22. Where a license has been revoked for a violation of

3 [section] R.S. 39:4-50 [of this Title] or section 2 of P.L., c.

(C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill), and an

appeal has been taken from the judgment, the appeal shall not operate

6 to restore the license during the pendency of the appeal, however, the

7 license may be restored either by the trial court or the appellate court

8 pending disposition of the appeal.

9 (cf: P.L.1965, c.237, s.1)

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26. R.S.39:5-30 is amended to read as follows:

39:5-30. a. Every registration certificate, every license certificate, every privilege to drive motor vehicles, including commercial motor vehicles as defined in P.L.1990, c.103 (C.39:3-10.9 et al., every endorsement, class of license, and commercial driver license, may be suspended or revoked, and any person may be prohibited from obtaining a driver's license or a registration certificate, or disqualified from obtaining any class of or endorsement on a commercial driver license, and the reciprocity privilege of any nonresident may be suspended or revoked by the director for a violation of any of the provisions of this Title or on any other reasonable grounds, after due notice in writing of such proposed suspension, revocation, disqualification or prohibition and the ground thereof.

24 He may also summon witnesses to appear before him at his office or at any other place he designates, to give testimony in a hearing 25 which he holds looking toward a revocation of a license or registration 26 27 certificate issued by or under his authority. The summons shall be 28 served at least five days before the return date, either by registered 29 mail or personal service. A person who fails to obey the summons shall 30 be subject to a penalty not exceeding \$100.00, to be recovered with 31 costs in an action at law, prosecuted by the Attorney General, and in 32 addition the vehicle registration or driver's license, or both, as the case 33 may be, shall forthwith be revoked. The fee for witnesses required to 34 attend before the director shall be \$1.00 for each day's attendance and 35 \$0.03 for every mile of travel by the nearest generally traveled route in going to and from the place where the attendance of the witness is 36 37 required. These fees shall be paid when the witness is excused from 38 further attendance, and the disbursements made from payment of the 39 fees shall be audited and paid in the manner provided for expenses of 40 the department. The actual conduct of said hearing may be delegated 41 by the director to such departmental employees as he may designate, 42 in which case the said employees shall recommend to the director in 43 writing whether the said licenses or certificates shall or shall not be 44 suspended or revoked.

b. Whenever a matter is presented to the director involving an alleged violation of

- 1 (1) R.S.39:4-98, where an excess of 20 miles per hour over the authorized speed limit is alleged, and which has resulted in the death of another;
- 4 (2) R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill), and which has resulted in the death of another;

- (3) R.S.39:4-96, and which has resulted in the death of another; or
- (4) R.S.39:4-129, wherein the death of another has occurred, and the director has not determined to immediately issue a preliminary suspension pursuant to subsection e. of this section, the director shall issue a notice of proposed final suspension or revocation of any license certificate or any nonresident reciprocity privilege to operate any motor vehicle or motorized bicycle held by the individual charged or temporary order prohibiting the individual from obtaining any license to operate any motor vehicle or motorized bicycle in this State.

In the notice, the director shall provide the individual charged with an opportunity for a plenary hearing to contest the proposed final suspension, revocation or other final agency action. Unless the division receives, no later than the 10th day from the date the notice was mailed, a written request for hearing, the proposed final agency action shall take effect on the date specified in the notice.

Upon receipt of a timely request for a plenary hearing, a preliminary hearing shall be held by an administrative law judge within 15 days of the receipt of the request. The preliminary hearing shall be for the purpose of determining whether, pending a plenary hearing on the proposed final agency action, a preliminary suspension shall be immediately issued by the judge. Adjournment of such hearing upon motion by the individual charged shall be given only for good cause shown.

At the preliminary hearing, the parties shall proceed on the papers submitted to the judge, including the summons, the police reports and the charged individual's prior driving record submitted by the division, and any brief affidavits permitted by the judge from persons who shall be witnesses at the plenary hearing, and the parties may present oral argument. Based on the papers, on any oral argument, on the individual's prior driving record, and on the circumstances of the alleged violation presented in the papers, the judge shall determine whether the individual was properly charged with a violation of the law and a death occurred; and, if so, whether in the interest of public safety, a preliminary suspension shall be immediately ordered pending the plenary hearing on the proposed suspension or revocation. The administrative law judge shall transmit his findings to the director.

A plenary hearing shall be held no later than the 45th day following the preliminary hearing. Adjournment of the hearing shall be given only for good cause shown. If the hearing is otherwise postponed or delayed solely at the instance of the individual charged, the

- 1 administrative law judge shall immediately issue a preliminary
- 2 suspension of any license certificate or any nonresident reciprocity
- 3 privilege held by the individual charged, or if any such preliminary
- 4 suspension or order is in effect, he shall continue such suspension or
- order. Such preliminary suspension or temporary order shall remain 5
- 6 in effect pending a final agency decision on the matter. If the hearing
- 7 is otherwise postponed or delayed at the instance of anyone other than
- 8 the individual charged, the judge shall immediately issue an order
- 9 restoring the individual's license certificate or any nonresident
- 10 reciprocity privilege pending final agency decision in the matter. The
- 11 period of any preliminary suspension imposed under this section shall
- 12 be deducted from any suspension imposed by the final agency decision
- 13 in the matter.

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- c. Whenever any other matter is presented to the director involving an alleged violation of this title, wherein the death of another occurred and for which he determines immediate action is warranted, he may proceed in the manner prescribed in subsection b. above.
- d. Whenever a fatal accident occurs in this State, an investigation of the incident, whether performed by the State Police or by local police, shall be completed and forwarded to the director within 72 hours of the time of the accident.
- 22 e. Whenever a matter is presented to the director involving an 23 alleged violation of
 - (1) R.S.39:4-98, where an excess of 20 miles per hour over the authorized speed limit is alleged, and which has resulted in the death or serious bodily injury of another;
 - (2) R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L., c. (C. pending before the Legislature as this bill), which has resulted in the death or serious bodily injury of another;
 - (3) R.S.39:4-96 or R.S.39:4-97, which has resulted in the death or serious bodily injury of another; or
- 32 (4) R.S.39:4-129, wherein the death or serious bodily injury of another has occurred, the director for good cause may, without 33 34 hearing, immediately issue a preliminary suspension of any license certificate or any nonresident reciprocity privilege to operate any 35 36 motor vehicle or motorized bicycle held by an individual charged or 37 temporary order prohibiting the individual from obtaining any license 38 to operate any motor vehicle or motorized bicycle in this State. For 39 purposes of this subsection, "serious bodily injury" means bodily injury 40 which creates a substantial risk of death or which causes serious, permanent disfigurement, or protracted loss or impairment of the 41 42 function of any bodily member or organ. Along with the notice of 43 preliminary suspension, the director shall issue a notice of proposed 44 final suspension, revocation or other final agency action, and shall
- 45 afford the individual the right to a preliminary hearing to contest the
- preliminary suspension and a plenary hearing to contest the proposed 46

1 final agency action.

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The preliminary suspension shall remain in effect pending a final agency decision on the proposed final agency action, unless a request for a preliminary hearing is received by the division no later than the 10th day from the date on which the notice was mailed. The proposed final agency action shall take effect on the date specified in the notice unless a request for a plenary hearing is received by the division no later than the 10th day from the date on which the notice was mailed.

9 Upon timely request by the individual, a preliminary hearing shall 10 be held by an administrative law judge, no later than the 15th day from 11 the date on which the division receives the request. The preliminary 12 hearing shall be for the purpose of determining whether, pending a 13 final agency decision on the matter, the preliminary suspension issued 14 by the director shall remain in effect. Adjournment of the hearing shall 15 be given only for good cause shown. If the preliminary hearing is otherwise postponed or delayed solely at the instance of someone 16 other than the individual charged, the judge shall immediately order 17 18 that the individual's license certificate or any nonresident reciprocity 19 privilege be restored pending the rescheduled preliminary hearing.

At the preliminary hearing, the parties shall proceed on the papers submitted to the judge, including the summons, the police reports and the charged individual's prior driving record submitted by the division, and any brief affidavits permitted by the judge from persons who shall be witnesses at the final hearing, and the parties may present oral arguments. Based on the papers, on any oral argument, on the individual's prior driving record, and on the circumstances of the alleged violation presented in the papers, the judge shall immediately determine whether the individual was properly charged with a violation of the law and a death occurred; and, if so, whether in the interest of public safety, the preliminary suspension shall be continued pending the final agency decision on the matter. The administrative law judge shall transmit his findings to the director.

Any plenary hearing to contest the proposed final agency action shall conform to the requirements for a plenary hearing contained in subsection b. of this section.

f. In addition to any other final agency action, the director shall require any person whose privileges to operate a motor vehicle or motorized bicycle are suspended or who has been prohibited from obtaining a license, pursuant to this section, to be reexamined to determine the person's ability to operate a motor vehicle or motorized bicycle, prior to regaining or obtaining any driving privileges in this State.

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Any determination resulting from any preliminary or plenary hearing held pursuant to subsection b., c., or e. of this section shall not be admissible at any criminal or quasi-criminal proceedings on the alleged violation or violations.

S2378 T. KEAN, CAFIERO

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- 1 (cf: P.L.1990, c.103, s.33)
- 2 27. Section 14 of P.L.1985, c.520 (C.39:6A-4.5) is amended to read as follows:
- 4 14. a. Any person who, at the time of an automobile accident
- 5 resulting in injuries to that person, is required but fails to maintain
- 6 medical expense benefits coverage mandated by section 4 of P.L.1972,
- 7 c.70 (C.39:6A-4) or section 4 of P.L.1998, c.21 (C.39:6A-3.1) shall
- 8 have no cause of action for recovery of economic or noneconomic loss
- 9 sustained as a result of an accident while operating an uninsured
- 10 automobile.
- b. Any person who is convicted of, or pleads guilty to, operating
- a motor vehicle in violation of R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of P.L., c.
- 13 (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill), section
- 14 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a), or a similar statute from any
- 15 other jurisdiction, in connection with an accident, shall have no cause
- 16 of action for recovery of economic or noneconomic loss sustained as
- 17 a result of the accident.
- 18 c. Any person acting with specific intent of causing injury to
- 19 himself or others in the operation or use of an automobile shall have
- 20 no cause of action for recovery of economic or noneconomic loss
- 21 sustained as a result of an accident arising from such conduct.
- 22 (cf: P.L.1998, c.21, s.8)

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- 28. Section 6 of P.L.1995, c.142 (C.2A:15-5.14) is amended to read as follows:
- 6. a. Before entering judgment for an award of punitive damages,
- 27 the trial judge shall ascertain that the award is reasonable in its amount
- and justified in the circumstances of the case, in light of the purpose
- 29 to punish the defendant and to deter that defendant from repeating
- 30 such conduct. If necessary to satisfy the requirements of this section,
- 31 the judge may reduce the amount of or eliminate the award of punitive
- 32 damages.
- b. No defendant shall be liable for punitive damages in any action
- 34 in an amount in excess of five times the liability of that defendant for
- 35 compensatory damages or \$350,000, whichever is greater.
- 36 c. The provisions of subsection b. of this section shall not apply to
- causes of action brought pursuant to P.L.1993, c.137 (C.2A:53A-21
- 38 et seq.), P.L.1945, c.169 (C.10:5-1 et seq.), P.L.1989, c.303
- 39 (C.26:5C-5 et seq.) or P.L.1992, c.109 (C.2A:61B-1), or in cases in 40 which a defendant has been convicted pursuant to R.S.39:4-50.
- 41 section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature
- 42 <u>as this bill)</u> or section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a).
- 43 (cf: P.L.1995, c.142, s.6)

- 45 29. Section 18 of P.L.1971, c.317 (C.52:4B-18) is amended to
- 46 read as follows:

1 18. No order for the payment of compensation shall be made under 2 section 10 of P.L.1971, c.317 (C.52:4B-10) unless the application has 3 been made within two years after the date of the personal injury or 4 death or after that date upon determination by the board that good cause exists for the delayed filing, and the personal injury or death was 5 6 the result of an offense listed in section 11 of P.L.1971, c.317 7 (C.52:4B-11) which had been reported to the police or other 8 appropriate law enforcement agency within three months after its 9 occurrence or reasonable discovery. The board will make its 10 determination regarding the application within six months of 11 acknowledgment by the board of receipt of the completed application

and any and all necessary supplemental information.

In determining the amount of an award, the board shall determine whether, because of his conduct, the victim of such crime contributed to the infliction of his injury, and the board shall reduce the amount of the award or reject the application altogether, in accordance with such determination; provided, however, that the board shall not consider any conduct of the victim contributory toward his injury, if the record indicates such conduct occurred during efforts by the victim to prevent a crime or apprehend a person who had committed a crime in his presence or had in fact committed a crime.

The board may deny or reduce an award where the victim has not paid in full any payments owed on assessments imposed pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1979, c.396 (C.2C:43-3.1) or restitution ordered following conviction for a crime.

No compensation shall be awarded if:

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- a. Compensation to the victim proves to be substantial unjust enrichment to the offender or if the victim did not cooperate with the reasonable requests of law enforcement authorities unless the victim demonstrates a compelling health or safety reason for not cooperating; or
- 32 b. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1990, c.64.)
- c. The victim was guilty of a violation of subtitle 10 or 12 of Title
 2A or subtitle 2 of Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes, which caused
 or contributed to his injuries; or
- d. The victim was injured as a result of the operation of a motor vehicle, except as provided in subsection c. or d. of section 11 of P.L.1971, c.317 (C.52:4B-11), boat or airplane unless the same was used as a weapon in a deliberate attempt to run the victim down; or
- e. The victim suffered personal injury or death while an occupant of a motor vehicle or vessel where the victim knew or reasonably should have known that the driver was operating the vehicle or vessel in violation of R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill), section 5 of P.L.1990, c.103 (C.39:3-10.13), section 19 of P.L.1954, c.236 (C.12:7-34.19),
- 46 section 3 of P.L.1952, c.157 (C.12:7-46), subparagraph (b) of

1 paragraph (2) of subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:20-2, subsection b. of 2 N.J.S.2C:29-2 or subsection b., c. or d. of N.J.S.2C:20-10; or

- 3 f. The victim has been convicted of a crime and is still incarcerated; 4 or
- 5 g. The victim sustained the injury during the period of incarceration 6 immediately following conviction for a crime.

Except as provided herein, no compensation shall be awarded under 7 8 this act in an amount in excess of \$25,000.00, and all payments shall 9 be made in a lump sum, except that in the case of death or protracted 10 disability the award may provide for periodic payments to compensate 11 for loss of earnings or support. Five years after the entry of an initial determination order, a claim for compensation expires and no further 12 13 order is to be entered with regard to the claim except for requests for 14 payment of specific out-of-pocket expenses received by the Victims of 15 Crime Compensation Board prior to the expiration of the five-year period except in those cases determined by the board to be

16 17 catastrophic in nature. No award made pursuant to this act shall be 18 subject to execution or attachment other than for expenses resulting 19 from the injury which is the basis of the claim.

20 Compensation may be awarded in an amount not exceeding the 21 actual cost of a rehabilitative service of the type enumerated in section 22 2 of P.L.1999, c.166 (C.52:4B-18.2).

The award may provide for periodic payments in the case of protracted care or rehabilitative assistance.

25 (cf: P.L.1999, c.166, s.1)

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- 27 30. Section 1 of P.L.1989, c.325 (C.59:5-6) is amended to read as 28 follows:
 - 1. a. Neither a public entity nor a public employee is liable for any injury suffered by a motor vehicle driver upon his voluntary release from police custody after reasonable precautions have been taken so that the driver is released in a position of relative safety and refuge following his arrest on a charge of operating a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, pursuant to R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill).
- b. Neither a public entity nor a public employee is liable for any 37 38 injury suffered by a motor vehicle occupant upon his voluntary release 39 from police detention after reasonable precautions have been taken so 40 that the occupant is released in a position of relative safety and refuge following the arrest of a motor vehicle driver on a charge of operating 41 42 a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, pursuant to R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L. , c. (C.
- 43
- 44 (now pending before the Legislature as this bill).
- 45 (cf: P.L.1989, c.325, s.1)

31. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be applicable to offenses committed on or after the effective date.

STATEMENT

This bill would establish criminal penalties for third and subsequent offenses of driving while intoxicated (DWI). Currently, DWI is a traffic offense under Title 39 of the Revised Statutes (the State motor vehicle code). First and second DWI offenses would remain traffic offenses under this bill.

Under the provisions of the bill, a person who had committed a third or subsequent DWI offense would be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree. A crime of the fourth degree is punishable by a fine of up to \$10,000, imprisonment of up to 18 months, or both. The bill requires that the person be sentenced to 180 days imprisonment, except that the court may lower the term of imprisonment for up to 90 days for each day the offender participates in a rehabilitation program for drug and alcohol dependent persons. The person's driver's license also would be suspended for 10 years, which is the period of suspension required under current law.

The bill also provides for an enhanced penalty if the third or subsequent violation occurs in a school zone or in or near a school crosswalk. In such instances, the person would be guilty of a crime of the third degree. A crime of the third degree is punishable by a fine of up to \$15,000, imprisonment for three to five years, or both. The person's driver's license also would be suspended for 20 years.

Where appropriate, the bill also would add the criminal code compilation number assigned to the offense created under this bill to statutory references for the current drunk driving statute (R.S.39:4-50).

It is the sponsor's intention that this act be known as "Michael's Law," in memory of Michael Albano, a 19-year old from Vineland who was killed by a drunk driver in December 2001. The offender had four previous drunk driving convictions. By treating third and subsequent drunk driving offenses as crimes, it is the sponsor's hope that judicial and administrative agencies will be provided with the tools to motivate these offenders to seek treatment for the underlying alcohol or drug problem that causes them to reoffend. The threat of 18 months imprisonment could afford the court the opportunity to seriously address rehabilitation needs by providing an incentive for the offender to participate in treatment for drug and alcohol dependency.

SENATE LAW AND PUBLIC SAFETY AND VETERANS' AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE, No. 2378

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: NOVEMBER 24, 2003

The Senate Law and Public Safety and Veterans' Affairs Committee reports favorably a Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 2378.

This committee substitute requires persons convicted of a third or subsequent drunk driving offense to be sentenced to a mandatory 180-day term of imprisonment in a county jail or workhouse, but provides that the court may reduce the term of imprisonment for each day, up to a total of 90 days, that the person participates in an alcohol inpatient rehabilitation program approved by the Intoxicated Driver Resource Center (IDRC).

Under current law, persons convicted of a third or subsequent offense of drunk driving are subject to 180 days imprisonment, except that the court may reduce this term by up to 90 days for each day served performing community service. Furthermore, these offenders may not be required to serve their term of imprisonment in the county jail or workhouse, but may serve such imprisonment in an inpatient rehabilitation program. Under the substitute, at least 90 days would have to be served in jail without exception.

The substitute also makes drunk drivers who are required to serve the mandatory term of imprisonment ineligible to participate in a work release program. Under a work release program, qualified prisoners may be employed outside the jail, but when not working, they must be confined to the jail.

It is the committee's intention that this act be known as "Michael's Law," in memory of Michael Albano, a 19-year old from Vineland who was killed by a drunk driver in December 2001. The offender had four previous drunk driving convictions.

As reported by the committee, this committee substitute is identical to the Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill No. 3342, as amended and reported by the committee on this same date.



Governor Signs "Michael's Law" to Crack Down on DWI's

Building a Better New Jersey: Making Roads Safer

(VINELAND)—Governor James E. McGreevey signed legislation today that enhances penalties for third and subsequent offenses of driving while intoxicated (DWI). Known as Michael's Law, the measure will make New Jersey roads safer and continues the Governor's effort to "Build a Better New Jersey."

The bill was named after Michael Albano, a 19-year old from Vineland who was killed by a drunk driver in December 2001. The offender had four previous drunk driving convictions.

"This law is dedicated to Michael Albano and his family," said McGreevey. "I want to praise them for their personal courage and tireless advocacy in getting this law passed."

"Statistics show multiple DWI offenders are one of the most difficult groups to stop from drunk driving," said McGreevey. "Michael's Law will keep third-time DWI offenders off the streets, even if they won't keep themselves off the streets. It will guarantee they spend time in jail."

The bill signed today requires a person who commits a third or subsequent DWI offense to serve a 180-day prison term in a county jail or workhouse. The court could reduce the 180-day term for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served in a drug or alcohol inpatient rehabilitation program. The program must be approved by the Intoxicated Driver Resource Center, which is established in each county, in conjunction with the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse and the Motor Vehicle Commission.

The Governor was joined by legislative sponsors, as well as members of the Albano family.

"This is a proud moment for Michael Albano's parents, Nelson and Debbie, whose focus and vision brought this tough, new drunken driving law to fruition," said Assemblyman Jeff Van Drew (D-Cape May). "They took the tragedy of losing their son to a drunken driver and turned it around so that lives can be saved in future generations. This law is really a celebration of Michael's life."

"Today is a proud and momentous day for our family," said Nelson Albano, father of Michael Albano. "This dedication and signing of Michael's Law is a great honor and tribute to our son Michael. Nothing could replace the void in our life, but knowing that his death was not in vain has given us some peace."

According to the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration and MADD, about one-third of all drivers arrested or convicted of DWI are repeat offenders and those offenders are 40 percent more likely to be involved in a fatal accident than drivers without prior DWI's.

"Today marks the moment when the Albano family can close a bittersweet chapter in their lives," said Senator Nicholas Asselta (R-Cape May). "They have worked so hard on this legislation to protect innocent lives. They have managed to see through the sadness of losing their young son in order to increase safety for all New Jersey citizens. Although there is nothing we can do to lessen their grief, I hope the signing of this bill into law can aid the family in easing some of their pain."

Earlier today, the Governor signed Senate Bill 338 which bans the use of hand-held wireless phones in moving vehicles and Assembly Bill 682 which lowers the blood alcohol content from 0.10 to 0.08. The Governor will have a ceremonial bill signing for both bills later today.



State of New Jersev Governor's Office

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