39:4-50

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF: 2003 CHAPTER: 314

NJSA: 39:4-50 (Reduces blood alcohol level for which guilty of drunk driving)

BILL NO: A682 (Substituted for S492/921)

SPONSOR(S): Weinberg and Ahearn

DATE INTRODUCED: Pre-filed

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Law and Public Safety

SENATE: Law and Public Safety and Veterans Affairs

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: January 12, 2004

SENATE: January 12, 2004

DATE OF APPROVAL: January 20, 2004

FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (2nd reprint enacted)

(Amendments during passage denoted by asterisks)

A682

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 5 of original bill) Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: <u>ASSEMBLY</u>: <u>Yes</u>

SENATE: Yes

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

S492/921

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT (S492): (Begins on page 7 of original bill) Yes

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT (S921): (Begins on page 9 of original bill) Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: No

SENATE: Yes

Identical to Senate Statement for A682

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

VETO MESSAGE: No

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING: Yes

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

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REPORTS:	No
HEARINGS:	No
NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:	No

P.L. 2003, CHAPTER 314, approved January 20, 2004 Assembly, No. 682 (Second Reprint)

AN ACT concerning drunk driving ¹[and], ¹ amending R.S.39:4-50 1 2 ¹and P.L.1992, c.189, and supplementing Title 39 of the Revised Statutes¹. 3 4 5 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 6 of New Jersey: 7 8 ¹1. (New section) This act shall be known and may be cited as "Florence's Law." 1 9 10 ¹[1.]2.¹ R.S.39:4-50 is amended to read as follows: 11 12 39:4-50. (a) Except as provided in subsection (g) of this section, 13 a person who operates a motor vehicle while under the influence of 14 intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug, 15 or operates a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of [0.10%] 0.08% or more by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood 16 17 or permits another person who is under the influence of intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug to operate a 18 motor vehicle owned by him or in his custody or control or permits 19 20 another to operate a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of [0.10%] 0.08% or more by weight of alcohol in the defendant's 21 22 blood shall be subject: 23 (1) For the first offense [,]: (i) if the person's blood alcohol concentration is ²0.08% or higher 24 but² less than 0.10%, ²or the person operates a motor vehicle while 25 under the influence of intoxicating liquor, or the person permits 26 27 another person who is under the influence of intoxicating liquor to 28 operate a motor vehicle owned by him or in his custody or control or 29 permits another person with a blood alcohol concentration of 0.08% or higher but less than 0.10% to operate a motor vehicle, 2 to a fine of 30

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

not less than \$250 nor more than \$400 and a period of detainment of

not less than 12 hours nor more than 48 hours spent during two

consecutive days of not less than six hours each day and served as

prescribed by the program requirements of the Intoxicated Driver

Resource Centers established under subsection (f) of this section and,

in the discretion of the court, a term of imprisonment of not more than

30 days and shall forthwith forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

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Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹ Assembly ALP committee amendments adopted December 11, 2003.

² Senate SLP committee amendments adopted January 8, 2004.

over the highways of this State for a period of three months;

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2 (ii) if the person's blood alcohol concentration is 0.10% or higher, ²[but less than 0.16%] ² or the person operates a motor vehicle while 3 under the influence of narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing 4 drug, ¹ ²or the person permits another person who is under the 5 influence of narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug to 6 7 operate a motor vehicle owned by him or in his custody or control, or 8 permits another person with a blood alcohol concentration of 0.10% or more to operate a motor vehicle,² to a fine of not less than 9 2 [\$250.00] $$300^{2}$ nor more than 2 [\$400.00] $$500^{2}$ and a period of 10 detainment of not less than 12 hours nor more than 48 hours spent 11 12 during two consecutive days of not less than six hours each day and 13 served as prescribed by the program requirements of the Intoxicated 14 Driver Resource Centers established under subsection (f) of this 15 section and, in the discretion of the court, a term of imprisonment of not more than 30 days and shall forthwith forfeit his right to operate 16 17 a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of not less than ²[six] seven² months nor more than one year¹[.]; 18

- (iii) ²[if the person's blood alcohol concentration is 0.16% or higher, to a fine of not less than \$400 nor more than \$600 and a period of detainment of not less than 12 hours nor more than 48 hours spent during two consecutive days of not less than six hours each day and served as prescribed by the program requirements of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers established under subsection (f) of this section and, in the discretion of the court, a term of imprisonment of not more than 30 days and shall forthwith forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of not less than nine months nor more than one year;
- 29 (iv)¹]² For a first offense, a person also shall be subject to the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.).
- (2) For a second violation, a person shall be subject to a fine of not 31 32 less than \$500.00 nor more than \$1,000.00, and shall be ordered by 33 the court to perform community service for a period of 30 days, which 34 shall be of such form and on such terms as the court shall deem 35 appropriate under the circumstances, and shall be sentenced to imprisonment for a term of not less than 48 consecutive hours, which 36 37 shall not be suspended or served on probation, nor more than 90 days, 38 and shall forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways 39 of this State for a period of two years upon conviction, and, after the expiration of said period, he may make application to the ¹[Director 40 of the Division of Motor Vehicles] ²Chief² Administrator of the New 41 42 <u>Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission</u>¹ for a license to operate a motor vehicle, which application may be granted at the discretion of the 43 ²[director] <u>chief administrator</u>², consistent with subsection (b) of this 44 45 section. For a second violation, a person also shall be required to install an ignition interlock device under the provisions of P.L.1999,

1 c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.) or shall have his registration certificate and 2 registration plates revoked for two years under the provisions of 3 section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1).

4 (3) For a third or subsequent violation, a person shall be subject to a fine of \$1,000.00, and shall be sentenced to imprisonment for a term 5 6 of not less than 180 days, except that the court may lower such term 7 for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served performing community 8 service in such form and on such terms as the court shall deem 9 appropriate under the circumstances and shall thereafter forfeit his 10 right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for 10 11 years. For a third or subsequent violation, a person also shall be 12 required to install an ignition interlock device under the provisions of 13 P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.) or shall have his registration 14 certificate and registration plates revoked for 10 years under the 15 provisions of section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1).

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As used in this section, the phrase "narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug" includes an inhalant or other substance containing a chemical capable of releasing any toxic vapors or fumes for the purpose of inducing a condition of intoxication, such as any glue, cement or any other substance containing one or more of the following chemical compounds: acetone and acetate, amyl nitrite or amyl nitrate or their isomers, benzene, butyl alcohol, butyl nitrite, butyl nitrate or their isomers, ethyl acetate, ethyl alcohol, ethyl nitrite or ethyl nitrate, ethylene dichloride, isobutyl alcohol or isopropyl alcohol, methyl alcohol, methyl ethyl ketone, nitrous oxide, n-propyl alcohol, pentachlorophenol, petroleum ether, propyl ¹[nitrate] nitrite¹ or propyl nitrate or their isomers, toluene, toluol or xylene or any other chemical substance capable of causing a condition of intoxication, inebriation, excitement, stupefaction or the dulling of the brain or nervous system as a result of the inhalation of the fumes or vapors of such chemical substance.

Whenever an operator of a motor vehicle has been involved in an accident resulting in death, bodily injury or property damage, a police officer shall consider that fact along with all other facts and circumstances in determining whether there are reasonable grounds to believe that person was operating a motor vehicle in violation of this section.

A conviction of a violation of a law of a substantially similar nature in another jurisdiction, regardless of whether that jurisdiction is a signatory to the Interstate Driver License Compact pursuant to P.L.1966, c.73 (C.39:5D-1 et seq.), shall constitute a prior conviction under this subsection unless the defendant can demonstrate by clear and convincing evidence that the conviction in the other jurisdiction was based exclusively upon a violation of a proscribed blood alcohol concentration of less than ${}^{1}[0.10\%] 0.08\%$.

46 If the driving privilege of any person is under revocation or

1 suspension for a violation of any provision of this Title or Title 2C of 2 the New Jersey Statutes at the time of any conviction for a violation 3 of this section, the revocation or suspension period imposed shall 4 commence as of the date of termination of the existing revocation or suspension period. In the case of any person who at the time of the 5 imposition of sentence is less than 17 years of age, the forfeiture, 6 7 suspension or revocation of the driving privilege imposed by the court 8 under this section shall commence immediately, run through the 9 offender's seventeenth birthday and continue from that date for the 10 period set by the court pursuant to paragraphs (1) through (3) of this 11 subsection. A court that imposes a term of imprisonment under this 12 section may sentence the person so convicted to the county jail, to the 13 workhouse of the county wherein the offense was committed, to an 14 inpatient rehabilitation program or to an Intoxicated Driver Resource 15 Center or other facility approved by the chief of the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit in the Department of Health and Senior 16 17 Services; provided that for a third or subsequent offense a person shall not serve a term of imprisonment at an Intoxicated Driver Resource 18 19 Center as provided in subsection (f). 20

A person who has been convicted of a previous violation of this section need not be charged as a second or subsequent offender in the complaint made against him in order to render him liable to the punishment imposed by this section on a second or subsequent offender, but if the second offense occurs more than 10 years after the first offense, the court shall treat the second conviction as a first offense for sentencing purposes and if a third offense occurs more than 10 years after the second offense, the court shall treat the third conviction as a second offense for sentencing purposes.

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29 A person convicted under this section must satisfy the 30 screening, evaluation, referral, program and fee requirements of the 31 Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse's Intoxicated Driving Program 32 Unit, and of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers and a program 33 of alcohol and drug education and highway safety, as prescribed by the 34 ¹[Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles] ²[administrator ¹] chief administrator². The sentencing court shall inform the person 35 convicted that failure to satisfy such requirements shall result in a 36 mandatory two-day term of imprisonment in a county jail and a driver 37 38 license revocation or suspension and continuation of revocation or 39 suspension until such requirements are satisfied, unless stayed by court 40 order in accordance with the Rules Governing the Courts of the State 41 of New Jersey, or R.S.39:5-22. Upon sentencing, the court shall 42 forward to the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse's Intoxicated 43 Driving Program Unit a copy of a person's conviction record. A fee 44 of \$100.00 shall be payable to the Alcohol Education, Rehabilitation 45 and Enforcement Fund established pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1983, 46 c.531 (C.26:2B-32) to support the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit.

1 (c) Upon conviction of a violation of this section, the court shall collect forthwith the New Jersey driver's license or licenses of the 2 person so convicted and forward such license or licenses to the 3 ¹[Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles] ² [administrator] chief 4 administrator². The court shall inform the person convicted that if he 5 is convicted of personally operating a motor vehicle during the period 6 7 of license suspension imposed pursuant to subsection (a) of this 8 section, he shall, upon conviction, be subject to the penalties 9 established in R.S.39:3-40. The person convicted shall be informed 10 orally and in writing. A person shall be required to acknowledge receipt of that written notice in writing. Failure to receive a written 11 12 notice or failure to acknowledge in writing the receipt of a written 13 notice shall not be a defense to a subsequent charge of a violation of 14 R.S.39:3-40. In the event that a person convicted under this section 15 is the holder of any out-of-State driver's license, the court shall not collect the license but shall notify forthwith the ¹[director] 16 ²[administrator¹] chief administrator, who shall, in turn, notify 17 appropriate officials in the licensing jurisdiction. The court shall, 18 19 however, revoke the nonresident's driving privilege to operate a motor 20 vehicle in this State, in accordance with this section. Upon conviction 21 of a violation of this section, the court shall notify the person 22 convicted, orally and in writing, of the penalties for a second, third or 23 subsequent violation of this section. A person shall be required to 24 acknowledge receipt of that written notice in writing. Failure to 25 receive a written notice or failure to acknowledge in writing the 26 receipt of a written notice shall not be a defense to a subsequent 27 charge of a violation of this section.

- 28 (d) The ¹[Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles]
 29 ²[administrator¹]chief administrator² shall promulgate rules and
 30 regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968,
 31 c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) in order to establish a program of alcohol
 32 education and highway safety, as prescribed by this act.
- 33 (e) Any person accused of a violation of this section who is liable 34 to punishment imposed by this section as a second or subsequent 35 offender shall be entitled to the same rights of discovery as allowed 36 defendants pursuant to the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of 37 New Jersey.
- 38 (f) The counties, in cooperation with the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse and the ¹[Division of Motor Vehicles] commission¹, 39 40 but subject to the approval of the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse, shall designate and establish on a county or regional basis 41 42 Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers. These centers shall have the 43 capability of serving as community treatment referral centers and as 44 court monitors of a person's compliance with the ordered treatment, 45 service alternative or community service. All centers established pursuant to this subsection shall be administered by a counselor 46

- 1 certified by the Alcohol and Drug Counselor Certification Board of
- 2 New Jersey or other professional with a minimum of five years'
- 3 experience in the treatment of alcoholism. All centers shall be required
- 4 to develop individualized treatment plans for all persons attending the
- 5 centers; provided that the duration of any ordered treatment or referral
- 6 shall not exceed one year. It shall be the center's responsibility to
- 7 establish networks with the community alcohol and drug education,
- 8 treatment and rehabilitation resources and to receive monthly reports
- 9 from the referral agencies regarding a person's participation and
- 10 compliance with the program. Nothing in this subsection shall bar
- 11 these centers from developing their own education and treatment
- 12 programs; provided that they are approved by the Division of
- 13 Alcoholism and Drug Abuse.
- 14 Upon a person's failure to report to the initial screening or any
- 15 subsequent ordered referral, the Intoxicated Driver Resource Center
- shall promptly notify the sentencing court of the person's failure to
- 17 comply.
- Required detention periods at the Intoxicated Driver Resource
- 19 Centers shall be determined according to the individual treatment
- 20 classification assigned by the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit. Upon
- 21 attendance at an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center, a person shall be
- required to pay a per diem fee of \$75.00 for the first offender program
- 23 or a per diem fee of \$100.00 for the second offender program, as
- 24 appropriate. Any increases in the per diem fees after the first full year
- 25 shall be determined pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the
- 26 Commissioner of Health and Senior Services in consultation with the
- 27 Governor's Council on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse pursuant to the
- 28 "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et
- 29 seq.).

- The centers shall conduct a program of alcohol and drug education
- and highway safety, as prescribed by the ¹[Director of the Division of
- 32 Motor Vehicles] ²[administrator¹] chief administrator².
- The Commissioner of Health and Senior Services shall adopt rules
- 34 and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act,"
- 35 P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), in order to effectuate the
- 36 purposes of this subsection.
 - (g) When a violation of this section occurs while:
- 38 (1) on any school property used for school purposes which is
- 39 owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school
- 40 board, or within 1,000 feet of such school property;
- 41 (2) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 if
- 42 the municipality, by ordinance or resolution, has designated the school
- 43 crossing as such; or
- 44 (3) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1
- 45 knowing that juveniles are present if the municipality has not
- designated the school crossing as such by ordinance or resolution, the

convicted person shall: for a first offense, be fined not less than \$500 or more than \$800, be imprisoned for not more than 60 days and have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of not less than one year or more than two years; for a second offense, be fined not less than \$1,000 or more than \$2,000, perform community service for a period of 60 days, be imprisoned for not less than 96 consecutive hours, which shall not be suspended or served on probation, nor more than 180 days, except that the court may lower such term for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served performing community service in such form and on such terms as the court shall deem appropriate under the circumstances and have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of not less than four years; and, for a third offense, be fined \$2,000, imprisoned for 180 days and have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of 20 years; the period of license suspension shall commence upon the completion of any prison sentence imposed upon that person.

A map or true copy of a map depicting the location and boundaries of the area on or within 1,000 feet of any property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board produced pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1987, c.101 (C.2C:35-7) may be used in a prosecution under paragraph (1) of this subsection.

It shall not be relevant to the imposition of sentence pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection that the defendant was unaware that the prohibited conduct took place while on or within 1,000 feet of any school property or while driving through a school crossing. Nor shall it be relevant to the imposition of sentence that no juveniles were present on the school property or crossing zone at the time of the offense or that the school was not in session.

- (h) A court also may order a person convicted pursuant to subsection a. of this section, to participate in a supervised visitation program as either a condition of probation or a form of community service, giving preference to those who were under the age of 21 at the time of the offense. Prior to ordering a person to participate in such a program, the court may consult with any person who may provide useful information on the defendant's physical, emotional and mental suitability for the visit to ensure that it will not cause any injury to the defendant. The court also may order that the defendant participate in a counseling session under the supervision of the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit prior to participating in the supervised visitation program. The supervised visitation program shall be at one or more of the following facilities which have agreed to participate in the program under the supervision of the facility's personnel and the probation department:
- 45 (1) a trauma center, critical care center or acute care hospital 46 having basic emergency services, which receives victims of motor

vehicle accidents for the purpose of observing appropriate victims of drunk drivers and victims who are, themselves, drunk drivers;

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- (2) a facility which cares for advanced alcoholics or drug abusers, to observe persons in the advanced stages of alcoholism or drug abuse; or
- (3) if approved by a county medical examiner, the office of the county medical examiner or a public morgue to observe appropriate victims of vehicle accidents involving drunk drivers.

As used in this section,"appropriate victim" means a victim whose condition is determined by the facility's supervisory personnel and the probation officer to be appropriate for demonstrating the results of accidents involving drunk drivers without being unnecessarily gruesome or traumatic to the defendant.

If at any time before or during a visitation the facility's supervisory personnel and the probation officer determine that the visitation may be or is traumatic or otherwise inappropriate for that defendant, the visitation shall be terminated without prejudice to the defendant. The program may include a personal conference after the visitation, which may include the sentencing judge or the judge who coordinates the program for the court, the defendant, defendant's counsel, and, if available, the defendant's parents to discuss the visitation and its effect on the defendant's future conduct. If a personal conference is not practicable because of the defendant's absence from the jurisdiction, conflicting time schedules, or any other reason, the court shall require the defendant to submit a written report concerning the visitation experience and its impact on the defendant. The county, a court, any facility visited pursuant to the program, any agents, employees, or independent contractors of the court, county, or facility visited pursuant to the program, and any person supervising a defendant during the visitation, are not liable for any civil damages resulting from injury to the defendant, or for civil damages associated with the visitation which are caused by the defendant, except for willful or grossly negligent acts intended to, or reasonably expected to result in, that injury or damage.

The Supreme Court may adopt court rules or directives to effectuate the purposes of this subsection.

(i) In addition to any other fine, fee, or other charge imposed pursuant to law, the court shall assess a person convicted of a violation of the provisions of this section a surcharge of \$100, of which amount \$50 shall be payable to the municipality in which the conviction was obtained and \$50 shall be payable to the Treasurer of the State of New Jersey for deposit into the General Fund.

43 (cf: P.L.2002, c.34, s.17)

A682 [2R]

1 ¹3. Section 1 of P.L.1992, c.189 (C.39:4-50.14) is amended to read 2 as follows: 3 1. Any person under the legal age to purchase alcoholic beverages 4 who operates a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of 0.01% or more, but less than [0.10%] 0.08%, by weight of alcohol in 5 his blood, shall forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the 6 7 highways of this State or shall be prohibited from obtaining a license 8 to operate a motor vehicle in this State for a period of not less than 30 9 or more than 90 days beginning on the date he becomes eligible to 10 obtain a license or on the day of conviction, whichever is later, and shall perform community service for a period of not less than 15 or 11 more than 30 days. 12 13 In addition, the person shall satisfy the program and fee 14 requirements of an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center or participate in a program of alcohol education and highway safety as prescribed by 15 the ²[Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles] <u>chief</u> 16 administrator². 17 The penalties provided under the provisions of this section shall be 18 in addition to the penalties which the court may impose under 19 20 N.J.S.2C:33-15, R.S.33:1-81, R.S.39:4-50 or any other law.¹ 21 (cf: P.L.1992, c.189, s.1) 22 ¹[2.] <u>4.</u> This act shall take effect immediately. 23 24 25 26 27 28 Reduces blood alcohol level at which a person is considered to be

29 guilty of drunk driving from 0.10% to 0.08%.

ASSEMBLY, No. 682

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 210th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2002 SESSION

Sponsored by:

Assemblywoman LORETTA WEINBERG District 37 (Bergen) Assemblyman MATT AHEARN District 38 (Bergen)

Co-Sponsored by:

Assemblywomen Previte, Greenstein, Assemblymen Barnes, Guear, Russo, Johnson and Diegnan

SYNOPSIS

Reduces blood alcohol level at which a person is considered to be guilty of drunk driving from 0.10% to 0.08%.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 12/12/2003)

1 AN ACT concerning drunk driving and amending R.S.39:4-50.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. R.S.39:4-50 is amended to read as follows:
- 39:4-50. (a) A person who operates a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug, or operates a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of [0.10%]0.08% or more by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood or permits another person who is under the influence of intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug to operate a motor vehicle owned by him or in his custody or control or permits another to operate a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of [0.10%]0.08% or more by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood, shall be subject:
 - (1) For the first offense, to a fine of not less than \$250.00 nor more than \$400.00 and a period of detainment of not less than 12 hours nor more than 48 hours spent during two consecutive days of not less than six hours each day and served as prescribed by the program requirements of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers established under subsection (f) of this section and, in the discretion of the court, a term of imprisonment of not more than 30 days and shall forthwith forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of not less than six months nor more than one year.
 - (2) For a second violation, a person shall be subject to a fine of not less than \$500.00 nor more than \$1,000.00, and shall be ordered by the court to perform community service for a period of 30 days, which shall be of such form and on such terms as the court shall deem appropriate under the circumstances, and shall be sentenced to imprisonment for a term of not less than 48 consecutive hours, which shall not be suspended or served on probation, nor more than 90 days, and shall forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of two years upon conviction, and, after the expiration of said period, he may make application to the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles for a license to operate a motor vehicle, which application may be granted at the discretion of the director, consistent with subsection (b) of this section.
 - (3) For a third or subsequent violation, a person shall be subject to a fine of \$1,000.00, and shall be sentenced to imprisonment for a term of not less than 180 days, except that the court may lower such term for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served performing community

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

service in such form and on such terms as the court shall deem appropriate under the circumstances and shall thereafter forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for 10 years.

If the driving privilege of any person is under revocation or suspension for a violation of any provision of this Title or Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes at the time of any conviction for a violation of this section, the revocation or suspension period imposed shall commence as of the date of termination of the existing revocation or suspension period. In the case of any person who at the time of the imposition of sentence is less than 17 years of age, the forfeiture, suspension or revocation of the driving privilege imposed by the court under this section shall commence immediately, run through the offender's seventeenth birthday and continue from that date for the period set by the court pursuant to paragraphs (1) through (3) of this subsection. A court that imposes a term of imprisonment under this section may sentence the person so convicted to the county jail, to the workhouse of the county wherein the offense was committed, to an inpatient rehabilitation program or to an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center or other facility approved by the Director of the Division of Alcoholism in the Department of Health; provided that for a third or subsequent offense a person shall not serve a term of imprisonment at an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center as provided in subsection (f).

A person who has been convicted of a previous violation of this section need not be charged as a second or subsequent offender in the complaint made against him in order to render him liable to the punishment imposed by this section on a second or subsequent offender, but if the second offense occurs more than 10 years after the first offense, the court shall treat the second conviction as a first offense for sentencing purposes and if a third offense occurs more than 10 years after the second offense, the court shall treat the third conviction as a second offense for sentencing purposes.

(b) A person convicted under this section must satisfy the screening, evaluation, referral, program and fee requirements of the Division of Alcoholism's Intoxicated Driving Programs Unit, and of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers and a program of alcohol education and highway safety, as prescribed by the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The sentencing court shall inform the person convicted that failure to satisfy such requirements shall result in a mandatory two day term of imprisonment in a county jail and a driver license revocation or suspension and continuation of revocation or suspension until such requirements are satisfied, unless stayed by court order in accordance with Rule 7:8-2 of the N.J. Court Rules, 1969, or R.S.39:5-22. Upon sentencing, the court shall forward to the Bureau of Alcohol Countermeasures within the Intoxicated Driving Programs Unit a copy of a person's conviction record. A fee of \$80.00

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shall be payable to the Alcohol Education, Rehabilitation and Enforcement Fund established pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1983, c.531 (C.26:2B-32) to support the Intoxicated Driving Programs Unit.

- 4 (c) Upon conviction of a violation of this section, the court shall 5 collect forthwith the New Jersey driver's license or licenses of the 6 person so convicted and forward such license or licenses to the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The court shall inform the 7 8 person convicted that if he is convicted of personally operating a 9 motor vehicle during the period of license suspension imposed 10 pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, he shall, upon conviction, be 11 subject to the penalties established in R.S.39:3-40. The person convicted shall be informed orally and in writing. A person shall be 12 13 required to acknowledge receipt of that written notice in writing. 14 Failure to receive a written notice or failure to acknowledge in writing 15 the receipt of a written notice shall not be a defense to a subsequent charge of a violation of R.S.39:3-40. In the event that a person 16 17 convicted under this section is the holder of any out-of-State driver's 18 license, the court shall not collect the license but shall notify forthwith 19 the director, who shall, in turn, notify appropriate officials in the 20 licensing jurisdiction. The court shall, however, revoke the 21 nonresident's driving privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this State, 22 in accordance with this section. Upon conviction of a violation of this 23 section, the court shall notify the person convicted, orally and in 24 writing, of the penalties for a second, third or subsequent violation of 25 this section. A person shall be required to acknowledge receipt of that 26 written notice in writing. Failure to receive a written notice or failure 27 to acknowledge in writing the receipt of a written notice shall not be 28 a defense to a subsequent charge of a violation of this section.
 - (d) The Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles shall promulgate rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) in order to establish a program of alcohol education and highway safety, as prescribed by this act.
 - (e) Any person accused of a violation of this section who is liable to punishment imposed by this section as a second or subsequent offender shall be entitled to the same rights of discovery as allowed defendants pursuant to the Rules Governing Criminal Practice, as set forth in the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of New Jersey.
 - (f) The counties, in cooperation with the Division of Alcoholism and the Division of Motor Vehicles, but subject to the approval of the Division of Alcoholism, shall designate and establish on a county or regional basis Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers. These centers shall have the capability of serving as community treatment referral centers and as court monitors of a person's compliance with the ordered treatment, service alternative or community service. All centers established pursuant to this subsection shall be administered by

A682 WEINBERG, AHEARN

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1	a certified alcoholism counselor or other professional with a minimum
2	of five years' experience in treatment of alcoholism. All centers shall
3	be required to develop individualized treatment plans for all persons
4	attending the centers; provided that the duration of any ordered
5	treatment or referral shall not exceed one year. It shall be the center's
6	responsibility to establish networks with the community alcohol
7	education, treatment and rehabilitation resources and to receive
8	monthly reports from the referral agencies regarding a person's
9	participation and compliance with the program. Nothing in this
0	subsection shall bar these centers from developing their own education
1	and treatment programs; provided that they are approved by the
2	Division of Alcoholism.
3	Upon a person's failure to report to the initial screening or any
4	subsequent ordered referral, the Intoxicated Driver Resource Center
5	shall promptly notify the sentencing court of the person's failure to
6	comply.
7	Required detention periods at the Intoxicated Driver Resource
8	Centers shall be determined according to the individual treatment
9	classification assigned by the Bureau of Alcohol Countermeasures.
0	Upon attendance at an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center, a person
1	shall be assessed a per diem fee of \$50.00 for the first offender
2	program or a per diem fee of \$75.00 for the second offender program,
3	as appropriate.
4	The centers shall conduct a program of alcohol education and
5	highway safety, as prescribed by the Director of the Division of Motor
6	Vehicles.
7	The Director of the Division of Alcoholism shall adopt rules and
8	regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968,
9	c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), in order to effectuate the purposes of this
0	subsection.
1	(cf: P.L.1993, c.296, s.6)
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3	2. This act shall take effect immediately.
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6	STATEMENT
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8	Currently, a person who drives with a blood alcohol level of 0.10%
9	or greater is considered guilty of drunk driving. This bill would
0	reduce the level of blood alcohol content that determines drunken
1	driving to 0.08%.
8 9 0	or greater is considered guilty of drunk driving. This bill we reduce the level of blood alcohol content that determines dru

[Corrected Copy]

ASSEMBLY LAW AND PUBLIC SAFETY COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 682

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 11, 2003

The Assembly Law and Public Safety Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly Bill No. 682.

Currently, a person who drives with a blood alcohol concentration (BAC) of 0.10% or higher is considered guilty of drunk driving. This bill would reduce the BAC that constitutes drunk driving to 0.08%. The federal government requires each state to establish driving with a BAC of 0.08% or higher as a crime. Any state that fails to pass such a law will lose a percentage of its federal highway funding.

The committee amended the bill to impose penalties for a first offense of drunk driving based on the BAC of the offender. Under the bill as amended, an offender whose BAC is less than 0.10% would be fined not less than \$250 or more than \$400 and his license would be suspended for three months. If the person's BAC is 0.10% or higher, but less than 0.16%, the fine imposed would be \$250 to \$400 and the license suspension would be for not less than six months nor more than one year. If the person's BAC is 0.16% or higher, the fine would be between \$400 and \$600 and the license suspension would be for nine months to one year.

The bill also was amended to bring the law imposing penalties on underage persons who operate motor vehicles after consuming alcohol into conformity with the new 0.08% standard.

At the sponsor's request, the law will be known as "Florence's Law" in honor of the late Florence Nass- the mother of a son killed by a drunken driver, the founder of EndDwi and the constituent who originally requested that the bill be introduced.

The committee also made technical amendments.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:

- (1) An amendment to insert a new section naming the law "Florence's Law."
- (2) An amendment to impose penalties based on the BAC of the offender.

- (3) An amendment to insert a new section which changes 0.10% to 0.08% in section 1 of P.L. 1992, c.189 (C.39:4-50.14). The purpose of this amendment is to bring the law concerning the penalties for underage persons who consume alcohol and operate motor vehicles into conformity with the new 0.08% BAC standard.
- (4) A technical amendment to bring the language of R.S.39:4-50 into conformity with section 17 of P.L.2002, c.34.
- (5) A technical amendment to correct a misspelling and update references to the New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission.

SENATE LAW AND PUBLIC SAFETY AND VETERANS' AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 682

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JANUARY 8, 2004

The Senate Law and Public Safety and Veterans' Affairs Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly Bill No. 682 (1R).

Currently, a person who drives with a blood alcohol concentration (BAC) of 0.10% or higher is considered guilty of drunk driving. This bill would reduce the BAC that constitutes drunk driving to 0.08%. The federal government has statutorily mandated that each state establish driving with a BAC of 0.08% or higher as its *per se* drunk driving offense. Any state that fails to pass such a law will lose a percentage of its federal highway funding.

As amended and released by the committee, the bill revises certain penalties for a first offense of drunk driving.

Under the bill's provisions, if the offender's BAC is 0.08% or higher but less than 0.10%, or if the offender operates a motor vehicle under the influence of intoxicating liquor, or if the offender permits another person under the influence of intoxicating liquor or with a BAC of 0.08% to 0.10% to operate a motor vehicle, the fine imposed would be \$250 to \$400 and the license suspension would be for three months.

If the offender's BAC is 0.10% or higher, or if the offender operates a motor vehicle while under the influence of narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug, or the offender permits another person who is under the influence of narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug to operate a motor vehicle, or permits another person with a BAC of 0.10% or higher to operate a motor vehicle, the fine imposed would be \$300 to \$500 and the license suspension would be for not less than seven months or more than one year.

The bill also brings the law imposing penalties on underage persons who operate motor vehicles after consuming alcohol into conformity with the new 0.08% standard.

At the sponsor's request, the law will be known as "Florence's

Law" in honor of the late Florence Nass- the mother of a son killed by a drunken driver, the founder of EndDwi and the constituent who originally requested that the bill be introduced.

As amended and released by the committee, this bill is identical to the Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill Nos. 492 and 921, which also was released by the committee on this same date.

SENATE, No. 492

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

210th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2002 SESSION

Sponsored by:

Senator JOSEPH F. VITALE

District 19 (Middlesex)

Senator RICHARD J. CODEY

District 27 (Essex)

Co-Sponsored by:

Senators Adler, Furnari, Buono, Bennett and Lesniak

SYNOPSIS

Reduces blood alcohol level at which a person is considered to be guilty of drunk driving from 0.10% to 0.08%

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 3/11/2003)

1 AN ACT concerning drunk driving and amending R.S.39:4-50.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. R.S.39:4-50 is amended to read as follows:
- 39:4-50. (a) Except as provided in subsection (g) of this section, a person who operates a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug, or operates a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of [0.10%] 0.08% or more by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood or permits another person who is under the influence of intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug to operate a motor vehicle owned by him or in his custody or control or permits another to operate a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of [0.10%] 0.08% or more by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood, shall be subject:
 - (1) For the first offense, to a fine of not less than \$250.00 nor more than \$400.00 and a period of detainment of not less than 12 hours nor more than 48 hours spent during two consecutive days of not less than six hours each day and served as prescribed by the program requirements of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers established under subsection (f) of this section and, in the discretion of the court, a term of imprisonment of not more than 30 days and shall forthwith forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of not less than six months nor more than one year.
 - (2) For a second violation, a person shall be subject to a fine of not less than \$500.00 nor more than \$1,000.00, and shall be ordered by the court to perform community service for a period of 30 days, which shall be of such form and on such terms as the court shall deem appropriate under the circumstances, and shall be sentenced to imprisonment for a term of not less than 48 consecutive hours, which shall not be suspended or served on probation, nor more than 90 days, and shall forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of two years upon conviction, and, after the expiration of said period, he may make application to the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles for a license to operate a motor vehicle, which application may be granted at the discretion of the director, consistent with subsection (b) of this section.
 - (3) For a third or subsequent violation, a person shall be subject to a fine of \$1,000.00, and shall be sentenced to imprisonment for a term of not less than 180 days, except that the court may lower such term

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served performing community service in such form and on such terms as the court shall deem appropriate under the circumstances and shall thereafter forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for 10 years.

Whenever an operator of a motor vehicle has been involved in an accident resulting in death, bodily injury or property damage, a police officer shall consider that fact along with all other facts and circumstances in determining whether there are reasonable grounds to believe that person was operating a motor vehicle in violation of this section.

A conviction of a violation of a law of a substantially similar nature in another jurisdiction, regardless of whether that jurisdiction is a signatory to the Interstate Driver License Compact pursuant to P.L.1966, c.73 (C.39:5D-1 et seq.), shall constitute a prior conviction under this subsection unless the defendant can demonstrate by clear and convincing evidence that the conviction in the other jurisdiction was based exclusively upon a violation of a proscribed blood alcohol concentration of less than .10%.

If the driving privilege of any person is under revocation or suspension for a violation of any provision of this Title or Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes at the time of any conviction for a violation of this section, the revocation or suspension period imposed shall commence as of the date of termination of the existing revocation or suspension period. In the case of any person who at the time of the imposition of sentence is less than 17 years of age, the forfeiture, suspension or revocation of the driving privilege imposed by the court under this section shall commence immediately, run through the offender's seventeenth birthday and continue from that date for the period set by the court pursuant to paragraphs (1) through (3) of this subsection. A court that imposes a term of imprisonment under this section may sentence the person so convicted to the county jail, to the workhouse of the county wherein the offense was committed, to an inpatient rehabilitation program or to an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center or other facility approved by the chief of the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit in the Department of Health and Senior Services; provided that for a third or subsequent offense a person shall not serve a term of imprisonment at an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center as provided in subsection (f).

A person who has been convicted of a previous violation of this section need not be charged as a second or subsequent offender in the complaint made against him in order to render him liable to the punishment imposed by this section on a second or subsequent offender, but if the second offense occurs more than 10 years after the first offense, the court shall treat the second conviction as a first offense for sentencing purposes and if a third offense occurs more than

1 10 years after the second offense, the court shall treat the third 2 conviction as a second offense for sentencing purposes.

3 (b) A person convicted under this section must satisfy the 4 screening, evaluation, referral, program and fee requirements of the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse's Intoxicated Driving Program 5 6 Unit, and of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers and a program of alcohol and drug education and highway safety, as prescribed by the 7 8 Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The sentencing court shall 9 inform the person convicted that failure to satisfy such requirements 10 shall result in a mandatory two-day term of imprisonment in a county 11 jail and a driver license revocation or suspension and continuation of 12 revocation or suspension until such requirements are satisfied, unless 13 stayed by court order in accordance with the Rules Governing the 14 Courts of the State of New Jersey, or R.S.39:5-22. Upon sentencing, 15 the court shall forward to the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse's Intoxicated Driving Program Unit a copy of a person's 16 17 conviction record. A fee of \$100.00 shall be payable to the Alcohol 18 Education, Rehabilitation and Enforcement Fund established pursuant 19 to section 3 of P.L.1983, c.531 (C.26:2B-32) to support the 20 Intoxicated Driving Program Unit.

- 21 (c) Upon conviction of a violation of this section, the court shall 22 collect forthwith the New Jersey driver's license or licenses of the 23 person so convicted and forward such license or licenses to the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The court shall inform the 24 25 person convicted that if he is convicted of personally operating a 26 motor vehicle during the period of license suspension imposed 27 pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, he shall, upon conviction, be 28 subject to the penalties established in R.S.39:3-40. The person 29 convicted shall be informed orally and in writing. A person shall be 30 required to acknowledge receipt of that written notice in writing. 31 Failure to receive a written notice or failure to acknowledge in writing 32 the receipt of a written notice shall not be a defense to a subsequent charge of a violation of R.S.39:3-40. In the event that a person 33 34 convicted under this section is the holder of any out-of-State driver's 35 license, the court shall not collect the license but shall notify forthwith 36 the director, who shall, in turn, notify appropriate officials in the The court shall, however, revoke the 37 licensing jurisdiction. 38 nonresident's driving privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this State, 39 in accordance with this section. Upon conviction of a violation of this 40 section, the court shall notify the person convicted, orally and in 41 writing, of the penalties for a second, third or subsequent violation of 42 this section. A person shall be required to acknowledge receipt of that 43 written notice in writing. Failure to receive a written notice or failure 44 to acknowledge in writing the receipt of a written notice shall not be 45 a defense to a subsequent charge of a violation of this section.
- 46 (d) The Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles shall

- promulgate rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) in order to establish a program of alcohol education and highway safety, as
- 4 prescribed by this act.

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- (e) Any person accused of a violation of this section who is liable to punishment imposed by this section as a second or subsequent offender shall be entitled to the same rights of discovery as allowed defendants pursuant to the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of New Jersey.
- 10 (f) The counties, in cooperation with the Division of Alcoholism 11 and Drug Abuse and the Division of Motor Vehicles, but subject to the 12 approval of the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse, shall 13 designate and establish on a county or regional basis Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers. These centers shall have the capability of 14 15 serving as community treatment referral centers and as court monitors of a person's compliance with the ordered treatment, service 16 alternative or community service. All centers established pursuant to 17 18 this subsection shall be administered by a counselor certified by the 19 Alcohol and Drug Counselor Certification Board of New Jersey or 20 other professional with a minimum of five years' experience in the 21 treatment of alcoholism. All centers shall be required to develop 22 individualized treatment plans for all persons attending the centers; 23 provided that the duration of any ordered treatment or referral shall 24 not exceed one year. It shall be the center's responsibility to establish 25 networks with the community alcohol and drug education, treatment 26 and rehabilitation resources and to receive monthly reports from the 27 referral agencies regarding a person's participation and compliance 28 with the program. Nothing in this subsection shall bar these centers 29 from developing their own education and treatment programs; 30 provided that they are approved by the Division of Alcoholism and 31 Drug Abuse.

Upon a person's failure to report to the initial screening or any subsequent ordered referral, the Intoxicated Driver Resource Center shall promptly notify the sentencing court of the person's failure to comply.

36 Required detention periods at the Intoxicated Driver Resource 37 Centers shall be determined according to the individual treatment 38 classification assigned by the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit. Upon 39 attendance at an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center, a person shall be 40 required to pay a per diem fee of \$75.00 for the first offender program 41 or a per diem fee of \$100.00 for the second offender program, as 42 appropriate. Any increases in the per diem fees after the first full year 43 shall be determined pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the 44 Commissioner of Health and Senior Services in consultation with the 45 Governor's Council on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse pursuant to the

- 1 "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.).
- The centers shall conduct a program of alcohol and drug education and highway safety, as prescribed by the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles.
- The Commissioner of Health and Senior Services shall adopt rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), in order to effectuate the purposes of this subsection.
 - (g) When a violation of this section occurs while:

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- (1) on any school property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board, or within 1,000 feet of such school property;
- (2) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 if the municipality, by ordinance or resolution, has designated the school crossing as such; or
- 17 (3) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 knowing that juveniles are present if the municipality has not 18 19 designated the school crossing as such by ordinance or resolution, the 20 convicted person shall: for a first offense, be fined not less than \$500 21 or more than \$800, be imprisoned for not more than 60 days and have 22 his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of not 23 less than one year or more than two years; for a second offense, be fined not less than \$1,000 or more than \$2,000, perform community 24 25 service for a period of 60 days, be imprisoned for not less than 96 26 consecutive hours, which shall not be suspended or served on 27 probation, nor more than 180 days, except that the court may lower 28 such term for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served performing 29 community service in such form and on such terms as the court shall 30 deem appropriate under the circumstances and have his license to 31 operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of not less than four 32 years; and, for a third offense, be fined \$2,000, imprisoned for 180 33 days and have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for a 34 period of 20 years; the period of license suspension shall commence 35 upon the completion of any prison sentence imposed upon that person.

A map or true copy of a map depicting the location and boundaries of the area on or within 1,000 feet of any property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board produced pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1987, c.101 (C.2C:35-7) may be used in a prosecution under paragraph (1) of this subsection.

It shall not be relevant to the imposition of sentence pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection that the defendant was unaware that the prohibited conduct took place while on or within 1,000 feet of any school property or while driving through a school crossing.

Nor shall it be relevant to the imposition of sentence that no juveniles

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1	were present on the school property or crossing zone at the time of the
2	offense or that the school was not in session.
3	(h) In addition to any penalty or condition imposed by law or
4	regulation, a person who is subject to the provisions of this section
5	shall also be subject to the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417
6	(C.39:4-50.16 et al.).
7	(cf: P.L.1999, c.417, s.7)
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9	2. This act shall take effect immediately.
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12	STATEMENT
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14	Currently, a person who drives with a blood alcohol level of 0.10%
15	or greater is considered guilty of drunk driving. This bill would
16	reduce the level of blood alcohol content that determines drunken
17	driving to 0.08%.

SENATE, No. 921

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

210th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 11, 2002

Sponsored by: Senator JOSEPH CONIGLIO District 38 (Bergen)

SYNOPSIS

Reduces blood alcohol concentration level for drunk driving conviction to 0.08% and provides enhanced penalties for certain drunk driving offenses.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



1 **AN ACT** concerning driving under the influence and amending 2 R.S.39:4-50.

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4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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41 42 1. R.S.39:4-50 is amended to read as follows:

8 39:4-50. (a) Except as provided in subsection (g) of this section, 9 a person who operates a motor vehicle while under the influence of 10 intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug, 11 or operates a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of [0.10%] 0.08% or more by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood 12 13 or permits another person who is under the influence of intoxicating 14 liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug to operate a 15 motor vehicle owned by him or in his custody or control or permits 16 another to operate a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration 17 of [0.10%] 0.08% or more by weight of alcohol in the defendant's 18 blood shall be subject:

- (1) For the first offense, if the person's blood alcohol concentration is less than 0.15%, to a fine of not less than \$250.00 nor more than \$400.00 and [a period of detainment of not less than 12 hours nor more than 48 hours spent during two consecutive days of not less than six hours each day and served as prescribed by the program requirements of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers established under subsection (f) of this section and], in the discretion of the court, a term of imprisonment of not more than 30 days and shall forthwith forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of not less than six months nor more than one year. If the person's blood alcohol concentration is 0.15% or more, the person shall be fined \$500 and sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 30 days or more than 60 days, and shall forfeit the right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of one year. For a first offense, a person also shall be subject to the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.), and shall be detained for not less than 12 hours or more than 48 hours during two consecutive days of not less than six hours each day served as prescribed by the program requirements of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers established under subsection (f) of this section.
- (2) For a second violation [a], if the person's blood alcohol concentration is less than 0.15%, the person shall be subject to a fine of not less than \$500.00 nor more than \$1,000.00, [and shall be ordered by the court to perform community service for a period of 30

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

1 days, which shall be of such form and on such terms as the court shall 2 deem appropriate under the circumstances,] and shall be sentenced to 3 imprisonment for a term of not less than 48 consecutive hours, which 4 shall not be suspended or served on probation, nor more than 90 days, 5 and shall forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways 6 of this State for a period of two years upon conviction [, and, after]. 7 If the person's blood alcohol concentration is 0.15% or more, the 8 person shall be fined \$1,500 and sentenced to a term of imprisonment 9 of not less than 60 and not more than 120 days, of which 60 days shall 10 not be suspended or served on probation, and shall forfeit the right to 11 operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of 12 five years. After the expiration of [said] the period of suspension, [he] the person may make application to the Director of the Division 13 14 of Motor Vehicles for a license to operate a motor vehicle, which 15 application may be granted at the discretion of the director, consistent 16 with subsection (b) of this section. For a second violation, a person 17 shall be ordered by the court to perform community service for a 18 period of 30 days, which shall be of such form and on such terms as 19 the court shall deem appropriate under the circumstances, and also 20 shall be required to install an ignition interlock device under the 21 provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.) or shall have his 22 registration certificate and registration plates revoked for two years 23 under the provisions of section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1). 24 (3) For a third or subsequent violation [a], if the person's blood 25

alcohol content is less than 0.15%, the person shall be subject to a fine of \$1,000.00, and shall be sentenced to imprisonment for a term of not less than 180 days, except that the court may lower such term for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served performing community service in such form and on such terms as the court shall deem appropriate under the circumstances and shall thereafter forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for 10 years. If the person's blood alcohol concentration is 0.15% or more, the person shall be fined \$2,000 and sentenced to a term of imprisonment of 180 days, which the court shall not lower as provided in this paragraph for performance of community service, and shall forfeit the right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of 15 years. For a third or subsequent violation, a person also shall be required to install an ignition interlock device under the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.) or shall have his registration certificate and registration plates revoked for 10 years under the provisions of section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1).

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45 46 As used in this section, the phrase "narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug" includes an inhalant or other substance containing a chemical capable of releasing any toxic vapors or fumes for the purpose of inducing a condition of intoxication, such as any glue, cement or any other substance containing one or more of the

- 1 following chemical compounds: acetone and acetate, amyl nitrite or
- 2 amyl nitrate or their isomers, benzene, butyl alcohol, butyl nitrite,
- 3 butyl nitrate or their isomers, ethyl acetate, ethyl alcohol, ethyl nitrite
- 4 or ethyl nitrate, ethylene dichloride, isobutyl alcohol or isopropyl
- 5 alcohol, methyl alcohol, methyl ethyl ketone, nitrous oxide, n-propyl
- 6 alcohol, pentachlorophenol, petroleum ether, propyl [nitrate] nitrite or
- 7 propyl nitrate or their isomers, toluene, toluol or xylene or any other
- 8 chemical substance capable of causing a condition of intoxication,
- 9 inebriation, excitement, stupefaction or the dulling of the brain or

10 nervous system as a result of the inhalation of the fumes or vapors of

11 such chemical substance.

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Whenever an operator of a motor vehicle has been involved in an accident resulting in death, bodily injury or property damage, a police officer shall consider that fact along with all other facts and circumstances in determining whether there are reasonable grounds to believe that person was operating a motor vehicle in violation of this section.

A conviction of a violation of a law of a substantially similar nature in another jurisdiction, regardless of whether that jurisdiction is a signatory to the Interstate Driver License Compact pursuant to P.L.1966, c.73 (C.39:5D-1 et seq.), shall constitute a prior conviction under this subsection unless the defendant can demonstrate by clear and convincing evidence that the conviction in the other jurisdiction was based exclusively upon a violation of a proscribed blood alcohol concentration of less than 0.10%.

If the driving privilege of any person is under revocation or 26 suspension for a violation of any provision of this Title or Title 2C of 27 28 the New Jersey Statutes at the time of any conviction for a violation 29 of this section, the revocation or suspension period imposed shall commence as of the date of termination of the existing revocation or 30 31 suspension period. In the case of any person who at the time of the 32 imposition of sentence is less than 17 years of age, the forfeiture, 33 suspension or revocation of the driving privilege imposed by the court 34 under this section shall commence immediately, run through the 35 offender's seventeenth birthday and continue from that date for the period set by the court pursuant to paragraphs (1) through (3) of this 36 37 subsection. A court that imposes a term of imprisonment under this 38 section may sentence the person so convicted to the county jail, to the 39 workhouse of the county wherein the offense was committed, to an 40 inpatient rehabilitation program or to an Intoxicated Driver Resource 41 Center or other facility approved by the chief of the Intoxicated 42 Driving Program Unit in the Department of Health and Senior 43 Services; provided that for a third or subsequent offense a person shall 44 not serve a term of imprisonment at an Intoxicated Driver Resource 45 Center as provided in subsection (f).

1 A person who has been convicted of a previous violation of this 2 section need not be charged as a second or subsequent offender in the 3 complaint made against him in order to render him liable to the 4 punishment imposed by this section on a second or subsequent offender, but if the second offense occurs more than 10 years after the 5 6 first offense, the court shall treat the second conviction as a first 7 offense for sentencing purposes and if a third offense occurs more than 8 10 years after the second offense, the court shall treat the third 9 conviction as a second offense for sentencing purposes.

- 10 A person convicted under this section must satisfy the 11 screening, evaluation, referral, program and fee requirements of the 12 Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse's Intoxicated Driving Program 13 Unit, and of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers and a program 14 of alcohol and drug education and highway safety, as prescribed by the 15 Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The sentencing court shall inform the person convicted that failure to satisfy such requirements 16 17 shall result in a mandatory two-day term of imprisonment in a county 18 jail and a driver license revocation or suspension and continuation of 19 revocation or suspension until such requirements are satisfied, unless 20 stayed by court order in accordance with the Rules Governing the 21 Courts of the State of New Jersey, or R.S.39:5-22. Upon sentencing, 22 the court shall forward to the Division of Alcoholism and Drug 23 Abuse's Intoxicated Driving Program Unit a copy of a person's 24 conviction record. A fee of \$100.00 shall be payable to the Alcohol 25 Education, Rehabilitation and Enforcement Fund established pursuant 26 to section 3 of P.L.1983, c.531 (C.26:2B-32) to support the 27 Intoxicated Driving Program Unit.
- 28 (c) Upon conviction of a violation of this section, the court shall 29 collect forthwith the New Jersey driver's license or licenses of the 30 person so convicted and forward such license or licenses to the 31 Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The court shall inform the 32 person convicted that if he is convicted of personally operating a 33 motor vehicle during the period of license suspension imposed 34 pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, he shall, upon conviction, be subject to the penalties established in R.S.39:3-40. The person 35 36 convicted shall be informed orally and in writing. A person shall be 37 required to acknowledge receipt of that written notice in writing. 38 Failure to receive a written notice or failure to acknowledge in writing 39 the receipt of a written notice shall not be a defense to a subsequent 40 charge of a violation of R.S.39:3-40. In the event that a person 41 convicted under this section is the holder of any out-of-State driver's 42 license, the court shall not collect the license but shall notify forthwith 43 the director, who shall, in turn, notify appropriate officials in the 44 licensing jurisdiction. The court shall, however, revoke the 45 nonresident's driving privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this State, in accordance with this section. Upon conviction of a violation of this 46

section, the court shall notify the person convicted, orally and in writing, of the penalties for a second, third or subsequent violation of this section. A person shall be required to acknowledge receipt of that written notice in writing. Failure to receive a written notice or failure to acknowledge in writing the receipt of a written notice shall not be a defense to a subsequent charge of a violation of this section.

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- (d) The Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles shall promulgate rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) in order to establish a program of alcohol education and highway safety, as prescribed by this act.
- (e) Any person accused of a violation of this section who is liable to punishment imposed by this section as a second or subsequent offender shall be entitled to the same rights of discovery as allowed defendants pursuant to the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of New Jersey.
- 17 (f) The counties, in cooperation with the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse and the Division of Motor Vehicles, but subject to the 18 19 approval of the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse, shall 20 designate and establish on a county or regional basis Intoxicated 21 Driver Resource Centers. These centers shall have the capability of 22 serving as community treatment referral centers and as court monitors 23 of a person's compliance with the ordered treatment, service 24 alternative or community service. All centers established pursuant to 25 this subsection shall be administered by a counselor certified by the 26 Alcohol and Drug Counselor Certification Board of New Jersey or 27 other professional with a minimum of five years' experience in the 28 treatment of alcoholism. All centers shall be required to develop 29 individualized treatment plans for all persons attending the centers; 30 provided that the duration of any ordered treatment or referral shall 31 not exceed one year. It shall be the center's responsibility to establish 32 networks with the community alcohol and drug education, treatment 33 and rehabilitation resources and to receive monthly reports from the 34 referral agencies regarding a person's participation and compliance with the program. Nothing in this subsection shall bar these centers 35 36 from developing their own education and treatment programs; 37 provided that they are approved by the Division of Alcoholism and 38 Drug Abuse.
 - Upon a person's failure to report to the initial screening or any subsequent ordered referral, the Intoxicated Driver Resource Center shall promptly notify the sentencing court of the person's failure to comply.
- Required detention periods at the Intoxicated Driver Resource
 Centers shall be determined according to the individual treatment
 classification assigned by the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit. Upon
 attendance at an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center, a person shall be

- 1 required to pay a per diem fee of \$75.00 for the first offender program
- 2 or a per diem fee of \$100.00 for the second offender program, as
- 3 appropriate. Any increases in the per diem fees after the first full year
- 4 shall be determined pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the
- 5 Commissioner of Health and Senior Services in consultation with the
- 6 Governor's Council on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse pursuant to the
- 7 "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et
- 8 seq.).

- 9 The centers shall conduct a program of alcohol and drug education 10 and highway safety, as prescribed by the Director of the Division of
- 11 Motor Vehicles.
- The Commissioner of Health and Senior Services shall adopt rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act,"
- 14 P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), in order to effectuate the
- 15 purposes of this subsection.
 - (g) When a violation of this section occurs while:
- 17 (1) on any school property used for school purposes which is 18 owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school
- 19 board, or within 1,000 feet of such school property;
- 20 (2) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 if
- the municipality, by ordinance or resolution, has designated the school crossing as such; or
- 23 (3) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1
- 24 knowing that juveniles are present if the municipality has not
- 25 designated the school crossing as such by ordinance or resolution, the
- 26 convicted person shall: for a first offense, be fined not less than \$500
- or more than \$800, be imprisoned for not more than 60 days and have
- 28 his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of not
- 29 less than one year or more than two years; for a second offense, be
- 30 fined not less than \$1,000 or more than \$2,000, perform community
- 31 service for a period of 60 days, be imprisoned for not less than 96
- 32 consecutive hours, which shall not be suspended or served on
- probation, nor more than 180 days, except that the court may lower
- 34 such term for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served performing
- 35 community service in such form and on such terms as the court shall
- 36 deem appropriate under the circumstances and have his license to
- operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of not less than four
- 38 years; and, for a third offense, be fined \$2,000, imprisoned for
- 39 180 days and have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for
- 40 a period of 20 years; the period of license suspension shall commence
- 41 upon the completion of any prison sentence imposed upon that person.
- 42 A map or true copy of a map depicting the location and boundaries
- 43 of the area on or within 1,000 feet of any property used for school
- purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board produced pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1987,
- 46 c.101 (C.2C:35-7) may be used in a prosecution under paragraph (1)

1 of this subsection.

It shall not be relevant to the imposition of sentence pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection that the defendant was unaware that the prohibited conduct took place while on or within 1,000 feet of any school property or while driving through a school crossing. Nor shall it be relevant to the imposition of sentence that no juveniles were present on the school property or crossing zone at the time of the offense or that the school was not in session.

- (h) A court also may order a person convicted pursuant to subsection a. of this section, to participate in a supervised visitation program as either a condition of probation or a form of community service, giving preference to those who were under the age of 21 at the time of the offense. Prior to ordering a person to participate in such a program, the court may consult with any person who may provide useful information on the defendant's physical, emotional and mental suitability for the visit to ensure that it will not cause any injury to the defendant. The court also may order that the defendant participate in a counseling session under the supervision of the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit prior to participating in the supervised visitation program. The supervised visitation program shall be at one or more of the following facilities which have agreed to participate in the program under the supervision of the facility's personnel and the probation department:
- (1) a trauma center, critical care center or acute care hospital having basic emergency services, which receives victims of motor vehicle accidents for the purpose of observing appropriate victims of drunk drivers and victims who are, themselves, drunk drivers;
- (2) a facility which cares for advanced alcoholics or drug abusers, to observe persons in the advanced stages of alcoholism or drug abuse; or
- (3) if approved by a county medical examiner, the office of the county medical examiner or a public morgue to observe appropriate victims of vehicle accidents involving drunk drivers.

As used in this section, "appropriate victim" means a victim whose condition is determined by the facility's supervisory personnel and the probation officer to be appropriate for demonstrating the results of accidents involving drunk drivers without being unnecessarily gruesome or traumatic to the defendant.

If at any time before or during a visitation the facility's supervisory personnel and the probation officer determine that the visitation may be or is traumatic or otherwise inappropriate for that defendant, the visitation shall be terminated without prejudice to the defendant. The program may include a personal conference after the visitation, which may include the sentencing judge or the judge who coordinates the program for the court, the defendant, defendant's counsel, and, if available, the defendant's parents to discuss the visitation and its effect

1 on the defendant's future conduct. If a personal conference is not 2 practicable because of the defendant's absence from the jurisdiction, 3 conflicting time schedules, or any other reason, the court shall require 4 the defendant to submit a written report concerning the visitation experience and its impact on the defendant. The county, a court, any 5 6 facility visited pursuant to the program, any agents, employees, or 7 independent contractors of the court, county, or facility visited 8 pursuant to the program, and any person supervising a defendant 9 during the visitation, are not liable for any civil damages resulting from injury to the defendant, or for civil damages associated with the 10 11 visitation which are caused by the defendant, except for willful or 12 grossly negligent acts intended to, or reasonably expected to result in, 13 that injury or damage. 14 The Supreme Court may adopt court rules or directives to 15 effectuate the purposes of this subsection. (cf: P.L.2001, c.12, s.1) 16 17 2. This act shall take effect immediately. 18 19 20

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This bill would reduce the level of blood alcohol concentration (BAC) at which a person is considered to be legally intoxicated under the State's drunk driving law (R.S.39:4-50) to 0.08%. The legal level of intoxication under current law is 0.10%.

STATEMENT

A new federal law penalizes states which have a drunk driving BAC threshold greater than 0.08%. The United States Department of Transportation will withhold from states that fail to comply with this requirement two percent of federal aid highway program funds in FY2004, four percent in FY2005, six percent in FY2006 and eight percent in FY2007. Withheld funds will be restored to states that comply by the end of FY2007.

The bill also provides for more severe penalties under R.S.39:4-50 if the offender's blood alcohol concentration (BAC) is 0.15% or more.

For a first violation, an offender is currently subject to a fine of \$250 to \$400 and a period of detainment of 12 to 48 hours at an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center and, in the discretion of the court, a term of imprisonment of up to 30 days. In addition, the offender's driver's license is suspended for six months to one year. Under this bill, if a first offender's BAC is 0.15% or more, he would be subject to a fine of \$500 and a term of imprisonment of 30 to 60 days. The offender also would lose his driver's license for one year.

Currently, for a second violation, an offender is subject to a fine of \$500 to \$1,000, and must be ordered by the court to perform community service for a period of 30 days. The offender also is

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- 1 sentenced to imprisonment for a term of not less than 48 consecutive
- 2 hours, which cannot be suspended or served on probation, or more
- 3 than 90 days. In addition, his driver's license is suspended for two
- 4 years. Under this bill, if the BAC of a second offender is 0.15% or
- 5 more, in addition to the community service requirement, he would be
- 6 subject to a fine of \$1,500 and a term of imprisonment of 60 to
- 7 120 days, of which 60 days cannot be suspended or served on
- 8 probation. Also, his driver's license would be suspended for five years.
- 9 For a third or subsequent violation, an offender currently is subject
- to a fine of \$1,000 and imprisonment for not less than 180 days, which
- may be reduced for each day of community service performed but not
- 12 exceeding 90 days. In addition, the offender's driver's license is
- suspended for 10 years. Under this bill, if the BAC of a third offender is 0.15% or more, he would be subject to a fine of \$2,000 and a term
- of imprisonment of 180 days, which the court could not reduce. The
- offender's driver's license would be suspended for 15 years.
- An offender whose BAC is 0.15% or greater would continue to be
- 18 subject to all other applicable penalties, such as fulfilling the
- 19 requirements of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Center and
- 20 installation of an ignition interlock device.
- 21 The Senate Task Force on Alcohol Related Motor Vehicle
- 22 Accidents and Fatalities stated in its 1998 report that there is a
- 23 dramatic increase in crash and fatality rates for drivers with a BAC of
- 24 0.15% or more.

SENATE LAW AND PUBLIC SAFETY AND VETERANS' AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE, Nos. 492 and 921

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JANUARY 8, 2004

The Senate Law and Public Safety and Veterans' Affairs Committee reports favorably a Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill Nos. 492 and 921.

Currently, a person who drives with a blood alcohol concentration (BAC) of 0.10% or higher is considered guilty of drunk driving. This substitute would reduce the BAC that constitutes drunk driving to 0.08%. The federal government has statutorily mandated that each state establish driving with a BAC of 0.08% or higher as its *per se* drunk driving offense. Any state that fails to pass such a law will lose a percentage of its federal highway funding.

The committee substitute revises certain penalties for a first offense of drunk driving.

Under the committee substitute, if the offender's BAC is 0.08% or higher but less than 0.10%, or if the offender operates a motor vehicle under the influence of intoxicating liquor, or if the offender permits another person under the influence of intoxicating liquor or with a BAC of 0.08% to 0.10% to operate a motor vehicle, the fine imposed would be \$250 to \$400 and the license suspension would be for three months.

If the offender's BAC is 0.10% or higher, or if the offender operates a motor vehicle while under the influence of narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug, or the offender permits another person who is under the influence of narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug to operate a motor vehicle, or permits another person with a BAC of 0.10% or higher to operate a motor vehicle, the fine imposed would be \$300 to \$500 and the license suspension would be for not less than seven months or more than one year.

The committee substitute also brings the law imposing penalties on underage persons who operate motor vehicles after consuming alcohol into conformity with the new 0.08% standard.

At the Assembly sponsor's request, the law will be known as "Florence's Law" in honor of the late Florence Nass- the mother of a son killed by a drunken driver, the founder of EndDwi and the

constituent who originally requested that the bill be introduced.

Finally, the committee substitute corrects a misspelling and updates references to the New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission.

This committee substitute is identical to Assembly Bill No. 682 (1R), as amended and released by the committee on this same date.



Governor Signs Law Lowering DWI Blood Alcohol Content

Build A Better New Jersey: Making Roads Safer

(RIDGEFIELD)—Governor James E. McGreevey signed legislation today that will reduce the blood alcohol content (BAC) at which a person is considered to be guilty of drunk driving from 0.10 to 0.08 percent. The announcement underscores with the Governor's State of the State message to "Build a Better New Jersey" by making New Jersey roads safer.

The bill was named after the late Florence Nass, whose son was killed by a drunken driver and was a strong advocate for this measure.

"This law simply makes sense," said McGreevey. "Florence's Law is simply about being responsible. It is a worthy way to honor a great New Jersey activist. Lowering the blood alcohol limit will protect lives and prevent injuries. It will also bring back \$7.2 million in Federal highway funding that the Federal government was going to withhold."

The bill also creates a graduated penalty structure for first offenders. Those who have a BAC of .08 or higher but less than .10 will receive a fine of \$250 to \$400 and up to a three month license suspension. Those with a BAC of .10 or higher will receive a fine of \$300 to \$500 and a license suspension of at least seven months. The same graduated penalty applies to people who let intoxicated persons get behind the wheel.

"It might have taken us 10 years to adopt a stricter standard for charging impaired drivers, but it will surely pay off in lives saved," said Assembly Majority Conference Leader Loretta Weinberg (D-Bergen), who first introduced the .08 legislation in 1993. "Enactment of the lower standard comes at the right time as the National Highway Safety Administration reports drunken driving deaths are again on the rise in New Jersey after several years of decline."

"Inebriated drivers statistically cause the largest numbers of fatal car accidents each year," said Senator Joseph F. Vitale, (D-Middlesex). "By lowering the drunk driving limit to 0.08 percent blood alcohol content we will save lives. And no argument against the new limit can stand up to that fact."

Lowering the BAC will also allow New Jersey to be eligible for critically needed federal transportation funding. States that did not adopt the National .08 BAC law by October 1, 2003, had 2 percent of certain Federal highway construction funds withheld. States that adopt the standard will have their funds reimbursed.

"With the Governor's signature, this law restores the \$7.2 million in withheld federal

highway construction aid to the State," said Senate President Richard J. Codey, (D-Essex). "With the Transportation Trust Fund nearly depleted, continuing to receive federal transportation grants becomes more and more essential to maintaining our heavily trafficked highway infrastructure."

"With this law, we stand to save hundreds of lives that would otherwise be tragically lost," said Senator Joseph Coniglio, (D-Bergen). "At the same time, we have saved the State millions of dollars in transportation funding costs by complying with a federal mandate so we may continue receiving federal highway grants."

According to research conducted by the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, virtually all drinkers are significantly impaired at .08 BAC. Studies show some states that enacted a .08 BAC law have reduced the number of fatal crashes by 12 percent.

"In part, .08 is the level at which virtually everyone looses their critical driving skills," said Frank Winters, State Chairman of MADD New Jersey. "Many of our New Jersey residents will have a future that they would not have had without it."

Earlier today, he Governor signed Senate Bill 338 which bans the use of hand-held wireless phones in moving vehicles and "Michael's Law" which requires a person who commits a third or subsequent DWI offense to serve a 180-day prison term in a county jail or workhouse.



State of New Jersey Governor's Office

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