### 17B:27D-1

#### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

Compiled by the NJ State Law Library

**LAWS OF: 2003 CHAPTER: 193** 

NJSA: 17B:27D-1 (Mandated Health Benefits Advisory Commission)

BILL NO: S2275 (Substituted for A3137)

**SPONSOR(S):** Bennett and others

**DATE INTRODUCED:** January 27, 2003

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: ----

SENATE: Health, Human Services and Senior Citizens

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: No

**DATE OF PASSAGE:** ASSEMBLY: June 23, 2003

**SENATE:** June 16, 2003

**DATE OF APPROVAL:** November 21, 2003

FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (Senate Committee Substitute enacted)

S2275

**SPONSORS STATEMENT**: (Begins on page 7 of original bill)

Yes

**COMMITTEE STATEMENT:** ASSEMBLY: No

SENATE: Yes

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

A3137

**SPONSORS STATEMENT**: (Begins on page 7 of original bill)

Yes

Bill and Sponsors Statement identical to S2275

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes

Identical to Senate

Statement to S2275

SENATE: No

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

VETO MESSAGE: No

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:		
To check for circulating copies, contact New Jersey State Government		
Publications at the State Library (609) 278-2640 ext. 103 or		
mailto:refdesk@njstatelib.org.		
REPORTS:	No	
HEARINGS:	No	

No

No

**GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING:** 

**NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:** 

Title 17B.
Chapter 27D (New)
Mandated Health
Benefits Advisory
Commission
§§1-9 C.17B:27D-1
to 17B:27D-9

# P.L. 2003, CHAPTER 193, *approved November 21*, *2003*Senate Committee Substitute for Senate, No. 2275

l	AN ACT establishing the Mandated Health Benefits Advisory
2	Commission and supplementing Title 17B of the New Jersey
3	Statutes.

4 5

**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

6 7 8

12

13 14

1516

17

- 1. The Legislature finds and declares that:
- 9 a. Health benefits coverage, while providing important protection 10 for individuals, is costly for individuals and businesses that insure their 11 employees;
  - b. Mandated health benefits have social, financial and medical implications for patients, providers and health benefits plans; and
  - c. It is, therefore, in the public interest to conduct a review of proposed mandated health benefits by an expert body to provide the Legislature with adequate and independent documentation defining the social and financial impact and medical efficacy of the proposed mandate.

18 19 20

27

28

29

3031

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

### 2. As used in this act:

"Carrier" means an insurance company, health service corporation, hospital service corporation, medical service corporation or health maintenance organization authorized to issue health benefits plans in this State.

"Commission" means the Mandated Health Benefits AdvisoryCommission established pursuant to this act.

"Health benefits plan" means a benefits plan which pays or provides hospital and medical expense benefits for covered services, and is delivered or issued for delivery in this State by or through a carrier. For the purposes of this act, health benefits plan shall not include the following plans, policies or contracts: accident only, credit, disability, long-term care, coverage arising out of a workers' compensation or similar law, automobile medical payment insurance, personal injury protection insurance issued pursuant to P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-1 et seq.) or hospital confinement indemnity coverage.

"Mandated health benefit" or "mandate" means: a benefit or coverage that is required by law to be provided by a carrier and includes: coverage for specific health care services, treatments or practices; or direct reimbursement to specific health care providers.

2

1

3. There is established the Mandated Health Benefits Advisory Commission to study the social, financial and medical impact of proposed mandated health benefits.

5

30

31

32

33

34

35

3637

38

39

40

41

42

43

44

4

4. The commission shall consist of 17 voting members as follows: 7 8 the Commissioners of Health and Senior Services, Human Services and 9 Banking and Insurance or their designees, who shall serve ex officio; 10 three public members appointed by the President of the Senate, who 11 shall include a representative of a commercial health insurance 12 company, a physician licensed in this State who is a member of the 13 Medical Society of New Jersey, and a representative of the New Jersey 14 Business and Industry Association, no more than two of whom shall 15 be from the same political party; three public members appointed by the Speaker of the General Assembly, who shall include a 16 17 representative of a health service corporation, a physician licensed in this State, and a representative of organized labor, no more than two 18 19 of whom shall be from the same political party; and eight public 20 members appointed by the Governor, who shall include a medical 21 educator from the University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey 22 whose major field of expertise is the study and evaluation of the cost 23 of health care and health insurance, a representative of the New Jersey Association of Health Plans, a representative of the New Jersey 24 Hospital Association, a representative of the New Jersey State Nurses 25 26 Association, a representative of the New Jersey Dental Association, a 27 representative of a consumer advocacy organization and two 28 representatives of the general public who are knowledgeable about 29 health benefits plans.

The President of the Senate may appoint two members of the Senate, no more than one of whom shall be from the same political party, to serve as nonvoting members of the commission. The Speaker of the General Assembly may appoint two members of the General Assembly, no more than one of whom shall be from the same political party, to serve as nonvoting members of the commission. The legislative members shall serve during their legislative term of office.

Of the voting members first appointed, four shall serve for a term of two years, four for a term of three years and three for a term of four years.

Voting members appointed thereafter shall serve four-year terms, and any vacancy shall be filled by appointment for the unexpired term only. A member is eligible for reappointment. Vacancies in the membership of the commission shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments were made.

5. a. The commission shall organize and hold its first meeting within 90 days after the appointment of its members and shall elect a chairman and a vice chairman from among its members. The commission may appoint a secretary, who need not be a member of the commission.

- b. The members of the commission shall serve without compensation but may be allowed their actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties within the limits of funds appropriated or otherwise made available to the commission for this purpose.
- c. The Department of Banking and Insurance, in consultation with the Department of Health and Senior Services, shall assist the commission in the performance of its duties.
- d. The commission shall be entitled to call upon the services of any State, county or municipal department, board, commission or agency as it may require and as may be available to it for these purposes, and to incur such traveling and other miscellaneous expenses as it may deem necessary for the proper execution of its duties and as may be within the limit of funds appropriated or otherwise made available to it for these purposes.
- e. The commission shall meet regularly, and at a minimum of four times per year. Special meetings may be called by the chairman of the commission.

6. It shall be the duty of the commission to review any bill introduced in either House of the Legislature that would require a carrier to provide a mandated health benefit, as provided in this section.

a. Whenever a bill containing a mandated health benefit is introduced in the Legislature, the chairman of the standing reference committee to which the bill has been referred in the House in which it was introduced shall, upon introduction of the bill, request the commission to prepare a written report that assesses the social and financial effects and the medical efficacy of the proposed mandated health benefit.

If the bill is subsequently amended, a prime sponsor or the presiding officer of the House in which the bill is pending may request the commission to amend or revise its report to reflect the changes made by the amendment.

b. (1) For the period ending December 31, 2003, the commission shall complete its review of a bill within 90 days after the date the review is requested, and provide its comments and recommendations in writing to the prime sponsor, committee chairman and presiding officer of the House in which the bill is pending. The commission may request an extension prior to the 90th day, in which case the presiding officer of the House in which the bill is pending may grant an

extension of up to 45 days for the commission to complete its review.

- (2) Beginning January 1, 2004, the commission shall complete its review of a bill within 60 days after the date the review is requested, and provide its comments and recommendations in writing to the prime sponsor, committee chairman and presiding officer of the House in which the bill is pending. The commission may request an extension prior to the 60th day, in which case the presiding officer of the House in which the bill is pending may grant an extension of up to 45 days for the commission to complete its review.
- c. The House or standing reference committee, as applicable, shall not consider or vote upon the bill until either: (1) the commission completes its review and provides its comments and recommendations in writing to the prime sponsor, committee chairman and presiding officer of the House in which the bill is pending, or (2) the 90th or 60th day, as applicable, after the date the review is requested, if no extension was granted, or the designated day for the end of the extension period, whichever is later.
- d. (1) If the presiding officer of the House in which the bill is pending determines that the bill is an urgent matter, the presiding officer shall so notify in writing the commission and the chairman of the standing reference committee to which the bill was referred, and the House or committee may consider and vote upon the bill as soon as practicable.
- (2) If the chairman of the standing reference committee to which the bill is referred, in consultation with the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, determines that the bill is of such an urgent nature that it would seriously impair the public health to wait for the commission to issue its report, the chairman shall so notify in writing the presiding officer of the House in which the bill is pending, and the commission, of that determination, and the standing reference committee, with the agreement of the presiding officer of the House, may consider and vote upon the bill as soon as practicable.

- 7. The review of a bill containing a proposed mandated health benefit by the commission shall include the following:
- a. The social impact of mandating the health benefit, which shall include:
- (1) the extent to which the proposed mandated health benefit and the services it would provide are needed by, available to and utilized by the population of New Jersey;
- (2) the extent to which insurance coverage for the proposed mandated health benefit already exists or, if no coverage exists, the extent to which the lack of coverage results in inadequate health care or financial hardship for the affected population of New Jersey;
- (3) the demand for the proposed mandated health benefit from the public and the source and extent of opposition to mandating the health

1 benefit;

2

3

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19 20

21

24

25

26 27

28

29

30 31

32

33

34

37

38

- (4) relevant findings bearing on the social impact of the lack of the proposed mandated health benefit; and
- 4 (5) such other information with respect to the social impact as the 5 commission deems appropriate.
- b. The financial impact of mandating the health benefit, which shall 6 7 include:
- 8 (1) the extent to which the proposed mandated health benefit would increase or decrease the cost for treatment or service;
  - (2) the extent to which similar mandated health benefits in other states have affected charges, costs and payments for services;
  - (3) the extent to which the proposed mandated health benefit would increase the appropriate use of the treatment or service;
  - (4) the impact of the proposed mandated health benefit on total costs to carriers and on administrative costs;
  - (5) the impact of the proposed mandated health benefit on total costs to purchasers and benefit costs;
  - (6) the impact of the proposed mandated health benefit on the total cost of health care within New Jersey; and
  - (7) such other information with respect to the financial impact as the commission deems appropriate.
- 22 c. The medical efficacy of mandating the health benefit, which 23 shall include:
  - (1) if the proposed health benefit mandates coverage of a particular treatment or therapy, the recommendation of a clinical study or review article in a major peer-reviewed professional journal;
  - (2) if the proposed benefit mandates coverage of the services provided by an additional class of practitioners, the results of at least one professionally accepted, controlled trial comparing the medical results achieved by the additional class of practitioners and the practitioners already covered by benefits;
    - (3) the results of other research;
  - (4) the impact of the proposed benefit on the general availability of health benefits coverage in New Jersey; and
- 35 (5) such other information with respect to the medical efficacy as the commission deems appropriate. 36
  - d. The effects of balancing the social, economic and medical efficacy considerations, which shall include, but not be limited to:
  - (1) the extent to which the need for coverage outweighs the costs of mandating the health benefit; and
- 41 (2) the extent to which the problem of coverage may be solved by mandating the availability of the coverage as an option under a health 42 benefits plan. 43
- e. An analysis of information collected from various sources, 44 45 including, but not limited to:
- 46 (1) a State data collection system;

- 1 (2) the Departments of Health and Senior Services and Banking 2 and Insurance; 3 (3) health planning organizations; 4 (4) proponents and opponents of the proposed health benefit mandate, who shall be encouraged to provide appropriate 5 documentation supporting their positions. The commission shall 6 examine such documentation to determine whether: 7 8 (a) the documentation is complete: 9 (b) the assumptions upon which the research is based are valid; 10 (c) the research cited in the documentation meets professional 11 standards; 12 (d) all relevant research respecting the proposed benefit has been 13 cited in the documentation; 14 (e) the conclusions and interpretations in the documentation are 15 consistent with the data submitted; and (5) such other data sources as the commission deems appropriate. 16 17 In analyzing information from the various sources, the commission shall give substantial weight to the documentation provided by the 18 proponents and opponents of the mandate to the extent that such 19 documentation is made available to them. 20 21 22 8. In the course of studying and evaluating proposed mandated 23 health benefits, the commission shall: 24 a. develop criteria for a system and program of data collection, for 25 use by the Departments of Health and Senior Services and Banking and Insurance, to assess the impact of mandated health benefits, 26 27 including the cost to employers and carriers, impact of treatment, cost 28 savings in the health care system, number of providers and other data 29
  - as may be appropriate; and
  - b. review and comment to any State department, board, bureau, commission or agency, with respect to any order or regulations proposed or implemented thereby that affect mandated health benefits.
  - 9. The commission shall report to the Governor and Legislature three years from the effective date of this act on its activities. The report shall include a summary of the bills reviewed by the commission and the commission's findings, and any recommendations the commission may have regarding the review process required pursuant to this act.

10. This act shall take effect immediately.

43 44

30

31

32

33 34

35

36

37 38

39 40 41

42

45 Establishes the Mandated Health Benefits Advisory Commission.

## SENATE, No. 2275

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

### 210th LEGISLATURE

**INTRODUCED JANUARY 27, 2003** 

Sponsored by:

Senator JOHN O. BENNETT

District 12 (Mercer and Monmouth)

**Senator RICHARD J. CODEY** 

District 27 (Essex)

**Co-Sponsored by:** 

Senators Adler, Palaia, Bucco and Inverso

### **SYNOPSIS**

Establishes the Mandated Health Benefits Advisory Commission.

### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 5/16/2003)

### S2275 BENNETT, CODEY

2

1 AN ACT establishing the Mandated Health Benefits Advisory
2 Commission and supplementing Title 17B of the New Jersey
3 Statutes.

4 5

**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

6 7 8

12

13

14

15

16 17

- 1. The Legislature finds and declares that:
- a. Health benefits coverage, while providing important protection for individuals, is costly for individuals and businesses that insure their employees;
  - b. Mandated health benefits have social, financial and medical implications for patients, providers and health benefits plans; and
  - c. It is, therefore, in the public interest to require the review of proposed mandated health benefits by an expert body to provide the Legislature with adequate and independent documentation defining the social and financial impact and medical efficacy of the proposed mandate.

18 19 20

2122

23

24

2728

29

- 2. As used in this act:
- "Carrier" means an insurance company, health service corporation, hospital service corporation, medical service corporation or health maintenance organization authorized to issue health benefits plans in this State.
- "Commission" means the Mandated Health Benefits AdvisoryCommission established pursuant to this act.
  - "Health benefits plan" means a benefits plan which pays or provides hospital and medical expense benefits for covered services, and is delivered or issued for delivery in this State by or through a carrier.
- For the purposes of this act, health benefits plan shall not include the following plans, policies or contracts: accident only, credit, disability,
- 32 long-term care, coverage arising out of a workers' compensation or
- 33 similar law, automobile medical payment insurance, personal injury
- protection insurance issued pursuant to P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-1 et seq.) or hospital confinement indemnity coverage.
  - "Mandated health benefit" or "mandate" means: a benefit or coverage that is required by law to be offered or provided by a carrier, as the case may be, and includes: coverage for specific health care services, treatments or practices; direct reimbursement to specific health care providers; or the offering of specific health care services,

41 treatments or practices.

42 43

44

45

46

40

36

37

3839

3. There is established the Mandated Health Benefits Advisory Commission to study the social, financial and medical impact of proposed mandated health benefits. The commission shall review the issues concerning mandated health benefits as set forth in this act.

1 4. The commission shall consist of 13 members as follows: the 2 Commissioners of Health and Senior Services and Banking and 3 Insurance or their designees, who shall serve ex officio; three public 4 members appointed by the President of the Senate, who shall include 5 a representative of a commercial health insurance company, a 6 physician licensed in this State who is a member of the New Jersey Medical Society, and a representative of the New Jersey Business and 7 8 Industry Association, no more than two of whom shall be from the 9 same political party; three public members appointed by the Speaker 10 of the General Assembly, who shall include a representative of a health 11 service corporation, a physician licensed in this State, and a 12 representative of organized labor, no more than two of whom shall be 13 from the same political party; and five public members appointed by the Governor, who shall include a medical educator from the 14 15 University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey whose major field of expertise is the study and evaluation of the cost of health care and 16 17 health insurance, a representative of the New Jersey Association of 18 Health Plans, a representative of the New Jersey Hospital Association, 19 a representative of the New Jersey Dental Association, and a 20 representative of the general public who is knowledgeable about health 21 benefits plans.

Of the members first appointed, four shall serve for a term of two years, four for a term of three years and three for a term of four years.

Members appointed thereafter shall serve four-year terms and any vacancy shall be filled by appointment for the unexpired term only. A member is eligible for reappointment. Vacancies in the membership of the commission shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments were made.

282930

31

32

33

34

35

36

3738

39

22

23

24

25

26

- 5. a. The commission shall organize and hold its first meeting within 90 days after the appointment of its members and shall elect a chairman and a vice chairman from among its members. The commission may appoint a secretary, who need not be a member of the commission.
- b. The members of the commission shall serve without compensation but may be allowed their actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties within the limits of funds appropriated or otherwise made available to the commission for this purpose.
- c. The Department of Banking and Insurance shall assist the commission in the performance of its duties.
- d. The commission shall be entitled to call upon the services of any State, county or municipal department, board, commission or agency as it may require and as may be available to it for these purposes, and to incur such traveling and other miscellaneous expenses as it may deem necessary for the proper execution of its duties and as may be

within the limit of funds appropriated or otherwise made available to it for these purposes.

e. The commission shall meet regularly, and at a minimum of four times per year. Special meetings may be called by the chairman of the commission.

- 6. It shall be the duty of the commission to review any bill introduced in either House of the Legislature that would require a carrier to offer or provide a mandated health benefit, as provided in this section.
- a. Whenever a bill containing a mandated health benefit is introduced in the Legislature, the chairman of the standing reference committee to which the bill or resolution has been referred in the House in which it was introduced shall request the commission to prepare a written report that assesses the social and financial effects and the medical efficacy of the proposed mandated health benefit.
- b. No later than the 120th day after the request for review is received, the commission shall complete its review and provide the written report to the chairman of the standing reference committee to which the bill has been referred. If the commission requests an extension prior to the 120th day after the date of the request for review, the chairman of the standing reference committee to which the bill had been referred may grant an extension for the commission to complete its review of the bill. The standing reference committee shall not consider or vote upon the bill until: the commission completes its review and provides its written report to the members of the committee; the 121st day after the date the request for that review was received; or the designated day in the case of an extension.
- c. If the chairman of the standing reference committee to which the bill has been referred determines that a bill proposing a mandated health benefit is of such an urgent nature that it would seriously impair the public health to wait for the commission to issue its report, then it may consider and vote to release the bill.
- d. If the presiding officer of the House in which the bill was introduced, or his designee, determines that the bill is of such an urgent nature that it would seriously impair the public health to wait for the commission to issue its report, the presiding officer shall so notify in writing the chairman of the standing reference committee to which the bill has been referred and the commission of that determination, and the standing reference committee and House, as appropriate, may consider and vote upon the bill.
- e. The commission, at the request of a sponsor of the bill or any member of that standing reference committee, may amend or revise its report with respect to any bill that is amended by either House after having been reported by the standing reference committee to which it was referred in the House in which it was introduced.

- f. If a report has been issued by the commission on a proposed mandated benefit within the previous three years, the chairman of the standing reference committee shall not be required to request a new report on the same proposed mandated benefit pursuant to this section.
- g. In the case in which there are several mandated health benefit bills to be reviewed by the commission, the presiding officer of the House in which the bill was introduced, or his designee, shall consult with the commission to determine the order of priority for review of the mandated health benefit bills.

9 10 11

12 13

14

15

16 17

18 19

20

21

22

2324

25

26

27

28

29

30

33

34

35

3637

38

39

40

1

2

3 4

5

7

- 7. The review of a bill containing a proposed mandated health benefit by the commission required pursuant to this act shall include, at a minimum and to the extent that information is practicable and available, the following:
- a. The social impact of mandating the health benefit, which shall include:
- (1) the extent to which the proposed mandated health benefit and the services it would provide are needed by, available to and utilized by the population of New Jersey;
- (2) the extent to which insurance coverage for the proposed mandated health benefit already exists or, if no coverage exists, the extent to which the lack of coverage results in inadequate health care or financial hardship for the affected population of New Jersey;
- (3) the demand for the proposed mandated health benefit from the public and the source and extent of opposition to mandating the health benefit;
- (4) relevant findings bearing on the social impact of the lack of the proposed mandated health benefit; and
- (5) such other information with respect to the social impact as the commission deems appropriate.
- b. The financial impact of mandating the health benefit, which shall include:
  - (1) the extent to which the proposed mandated health benefit would increase or decrease the cost for treatment or service;
  - (2) the extent to which similar mandated health benefits in other states have affected charges, costs and payments for services;
  - (3) the extent to which the proposed mandated health benefit would increase the appropriate use of the treatment or service;
  - (4) the impact of the proposed mandated health benefit on total costs to carriers and on administrative costs;
- 41 (5) the impact of the proposed mandated health benefit on total 42 costs to purchasers and on benefit costs;
- 43 (6) the impact of the proposed mandated health benefit on the total 44 cost of health care within New Jersey; and
- 45 (7) such other information with respect to the financial impact as 46 the commission deems appropriate.

- 1 c. The medical efficacy of mandating the health benefit, which shall 2 include:
- 3 (1) if the proposed health benefit mandates coverage of a 4 particular treatment or therapy, the recommendation of a clinical study 5 or review article in a major peer-reviewed professional journal;
- 6 (2) if the proposed benefit mandates coverage of the services 7 provided by an additional class of practitioners, the results of at least 8 one professionally accepted, controlled trial comparing the medical 9 results achieved by the additional class of practitioners and the 10 practitioners already covered by benefits;
  - (3) the results of other research;

11

14

15

25

33

34

39

- (4) the impact of the proposed benefit on the general availability of
   health benefits coverage in New Jersey; and
  - (5) such other information with respect to the medical efficacy as the commission deems appropriate.
- d. The effects of balancing the social, economic and medical efficacy considerations, which shall include, but not be limited to:
- 18 (1) the extent to which the need for coverage outweighs the costs 19 of mandating the health benefit; and
- 20 (2) the extent to which the problem of coverage may be solved by mandating the availability of the coverage as an option under a health benefits plan.
- e. An analysis of information collected from various sources, including, but not limited to:
  - (1) a State data collection system;
- 26 (2) the Departments of Health and Senior Services and Banking 27 and Insurance;
- 28 (3) health planning organizations;
- 29 (4) proponents and opponents of the proposed health benefit 30 mandate, who shall be encouraged to provide appropriate 31 documentation supporting their positions. The commission shall 32 examine such documentation to determine whether:
  - (a) the documentation is complete;
  - (b) the assumptions upon which the research is based are valid;
- 35 (c) the research cited in the documentation meets professional 36 standards;
- (d) all relevant research respecting the proposed benefit has beencited in the documentation;
  - (e) the conclusions and interpretations in the documentation are consistent with the data submitted; and
- 41 (5) such other data sources as the commission deems appropriate.
- In analyzing information from the various sources, the commission shall give substantial weight to the documentation provided by the
- +3 shall give substantial weight to the documentation provided by the
- 44 proponents and opponents of the mandate to the extent that such
- 45 documentation is made available to them.

### S2275 BENNETT, CODEY

- 8. In the course of studying and evaluating proposed mandated health benefits, the commission shall:
- a. Develop criteria for a system and program of data collection, for use by the Departments of Health and Senior Services and Banking and Insurance, to assess the impact of mandated health benefits, including the cost to employers and carriers, impact of treatment, cost savings in the health care system, number of providers and other data as may be appropriate; and
- b. Review and comment to any State department, board, bureau, commission or agency, with respect to any order or regulations proposed or implemented thereby that affect mandated health benefits.

9. This act shall take effect immediately.

#### **STATEMENT**

This bill establishes a 13-member Mandated Health Benefits Advisory Commission to review any bill introduced in either House of the Legislature requiring a health insurance carrier to provide or offer a health benefit or coverage for certain benefits. The commission would study the social, financial and medical impact of proposed mandated health benefits. Mandated health benefits are defined in the bill as benefits or coverage that are required by law to be offered or provided by a carrier, as the case may be, and include: coverage for specific health care services, treatments or practices; direct reimbursement to specific health care providers; or the offering of specific health care services, treatments or practices.

The commission would be comprised of: the Commissioners of Health and Senior Services and Banking and Insurance or their designees, who shall serve ex officio; three public members appointed by the President of the Senate, who shall include a representative of a commercial health insurance company, a physician licensed in this State who is a member of the New Jersey Medical Society, and a representative of the New Jersey Business and Industry Association, no more than two of whom shall be from the same political party; three public members appointed by the Speaker of the General Assembly, who shall include a representative of a health service corporation, a physician licensed in this State, and a representative of organized labor, no more than two of whom shall be from the same political party; and five public members appointed by the Governor, who shall include a medical educator from the University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey whose major field of expertise is the study and evaluation of the cost of health care and health insurance, a representative of the New Jersey Association of Health Plans, a representative of the New Jersey Hospital Association, a 1 representative of the New Jersey Dental Association, and a

- 2 representative of the general public who is knowledgeable about health
- 3 benefits plans. The bill provides that the Department of Banking and
- 4 Insurance shall provide assistance to the commission in carrying out
- 5 its duties.
- 6 This bill provides that whenever a bill containing a mandated health
- 7 benefit is introduced, the chairman of the standing reference committee
- 8 to which the bill has been referred shall request that the commission
- 9 prepare a written report that assesses the social and financial impacts 10 and the medical efficacy of the proposed mandate. Not later than the
- and the medical efficacy of the proposed mandate. Not later than the
   120th day after the request for review is received, the commission
- shall issue its written report to the chairman of the standing reference
- committee to which the bill was referred. If necessary, the chairman
- of the standing reference committee may grant an extension for the
- 15 commission to complete its review.
- The bill further provides that no mandated health benefits bill shall
- 17 be reported by the standing reference committee to which it has been
- 18 referred unless it is accompanied by the written report of the
- 19 commission. However, if the chairman of the standing reference
- 20 committee or the presiding officer of the House in which the bill was
- 21 introduced, or his designee, determines that the bill is an urgent
- 22 matter, he may so notify the commission, and the standing reference
- 23 committee or House may consider and vote upon the bill as soon as
- 24 practicable.
- In the course of studying and evaluating mandated health benefits,
- 26 the commission shall have the responsibility to develop criteria for a
- 27 system and program of data collection for use by the Departments of
- 28 Health and Senior Services and Banking and Insurance. Both
- 29 departments would utilize these data to assess the impact of mandated
- 30 health benefits, which would include an analysis of the cost to
- 31 employers and insurers, the impact of treatment and the cost savings
- 32 to the health care system. The commission would also review and
- provide comments with respect to any regulations that would affect
- 34 mandated health benefits.

### SENATE HEALTH, HUMAN SERVICES AND SENIOR CITIZENS COMMITTEE

### STATEMENT TO

# SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE, No. 2275

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 19, 2003

The Senate Health, Human Services and Senior Citizens Committee reports favorably a Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 2275.

This substitute establishes a Mandated Health Benefits Advisory Commission to study the social, financial and medical impact of proposed mandated health benefits.

Mandated health benefits are defined in the substitute as benefits or coverage that are required by law to be provided by a carrier and includes: coverage for specific health care services, treatments or practices; or direct reimbursement to specific health care providers.

The commission would be comprised of the following 17 voting members: the Commissioners of Health and Senior Services, Human Services and Banking and Insurance or their designees, who shall serve ex officio; three public members appointed by the President of the Senate, who shall include a representative of a commercial health insurance company, a physician licensed in this State who is a member of the Medical Society of New Jersey, and a representative of the New Jersey Business and Industry Association, no more than two of whom shall be from the same political party; three public members appointed by the Speaker of the General Assembly, who shall include a representative of a health service corporation, a physician licensed in this State, and a representative of organized labor, no more than two of whom shall be from the same political party; and eight public members appointed by the Governor, who shall include a medical educator from the University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey whose major field of expertise is the study and evaluation of the cost of health care and health insurance, a representative of the New Jersey Association of Health Plans, a representative of the New Jersey Hospital Association, a representative of the New Jersey State Nurses Association, a representative of the New Jersey Dental Association, a representative of a consumer advocacy organization and two representatives of the general public who are knowledgeable about health benefits plans.

The substitute also provides that the President of the Senate and Speaker of the General Assembly may each appoint two members of their respective House, no more than one of whom, in each case, shall be from the same political party, to serve as nonvoting members of the commission.

The substitute provides that the Department of Banking and Insurance, in consultation with the Department of Health and Senior Services, shall provide assistance to the commission in carrying out its duties.

This substitute provides that whenever a bill containing a mandated health benefit is introduced in the Legislature, the chairman of the standing reference committee to which the bill has been referred in the House in which it was introduced shall request the commission to prepare a written report that assesses the social and financial effects and the medical efficacy of the proposed mandated health benefit.

The commission shall conduct a review of the pending legislation that assesses the social and financial effects and the medical efficacy, as appropriate, of the proposed mandated health benefit. The substitute specifies criteria that the commission shall consider in its review and provides that the commission shall complete its review of a bill, and provide its comments and recommendations in writing to the prime sponsor, committee chairman and presiding officer of the House in which the bill is pending. The substitute specifies that for the period ending December 31, 2002, the commission would have 90 days after the review is requested to complete its review. Beginning January 1, 2004, the commission would be required to complete its review in 60 days. The commission, however, may request an extension prior to the 90th or 60th day, as applicable, in which case the presiding officer of the House in which the bill is pending may grant an extension of up to 45 days for the commission to complete its review.

The substitute provides that the House or standing reference committee, as applicable, shall not consider or vote upon the bill until either: (1) the commission completes its review and provides its comments and recommendations in writing to the prime sponsor, committee chairman and presiding officer of the House in which the bill is pending, or (2) the 90th or 60th day, as applicable, after the date the review is requested, if no extension was granted, or the designated day for the end of the extension period, whichever is later.

The House or standing reference committee, however, may consider and vote on the bill prior to receipt of the commission's report or the end of the review period described above, if: (1) the presiding officer of the House in which the bill is pending determines that the bill is an urgent matter and so notifies the commission and applicable committee chairman, or (2) the chairman of the standing reference committee to which the bill is referred, in consultation with the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, determines that the bill is of such an urgent nature that it would seriously impair the public health to wait for the commission to issue its report, and so notifies

the presiding officer of the House and the commission.

Also, in the course of studying and evaluating mandated health benefits, the commission shall have the responsibility to develop criteria for a system and program of data collection for use by the Departments of Health and Senior Services and Banking and Insurance. Both departments would utilize these data to assess the impact of mandated health benefits, which would include an analysis of the cost to employers and insurers, the impact of treatment and the cost savings to the health care system. The commission is also directed to review and provide comments with respect to any regulations that would affect mandated health benefits.

Finally, the substitute requires the commission to report to the Governor and Legislature in three years on its activities. The report shall include a summary of the bills reviewed by the commission and the commission's findings, and any recommendations the commission may have regarding the review process required pursuant to the substitute.

## ASSEMBLY, No. 3137

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY 210th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED DECEMBER 16, 2002

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman JOSEPH J. ROBERTS, JR.
District 5 (Camden and Gloucester)
Assemblywoman LORETTA WEINBERG
District 37 (Bergen)
Assemblywoman CHARLOTTE VANDERVALK
District 39 (Bergen)

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblyman Eagler

### **SYNOPSIS**

Establishes the Mandated Health Benefits Advisory Commission.

### CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 1/24/2003)

### A3137 ROBERTS, WEINBERG

2

1 AN ACT establishing the Mandated Health Benefits Advisory
2 Commission and supplementing Title 17B of the New Jersey
3 Statutes.

4

5 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

7

12

13

14

15

16 17

- 1. The Legislature finds and declares that:
- a. Health benefits coverage, while providing important protection for individuals, is costly for individuals and businesses which insure their employees;
  - b. Mandated health benefits have social, financial and medical implications for patients, providers and health benefits plans; and
  - c. It is, therefore, in the public interest to require the review of proposed mandated health benefits by an expert body to provide the Legislature with adequate and independent documentation defining the social and financial impact and medical efficacy of the proposed mandate.

18 19 20

2122

23

24

25

26

27

2829

- 2. As used in this act:
- "Carrier" means an insurance company, health service corporation, hospital service corporation, medical service corporation or health maintenance organization authorized to issue health benefits plans in this State.
- "Commission" means the Mandated Health Benefits Advisory Commission established pursuant to this act.
- "Health benefits plan" means a benefits plan which pays or provides hospital and medical expense benefits for covered services, and is delivered or issued for delivery in this State by or through a carrier.
- For the purposes of this act, health benefits plan shall not include the following plans, policies or contracts: accident only, credit, disability,
- long-term care, CHAMPUS supplement coverage, coverage arising
- 33 out of a workers' compensation or similar law, automobile medical
- 34 payment insurance, personal injury protection insurance issued
- pursuant to P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-1 et seq.) or hospital confinement indemnity coverage.
  - "Mandated health benefit" or "mandate" means: a benefit or coverage that is required by law to be offered or provided by a carrier, as the case may be, and includes: coverage for specific health care services, treatments or practices; direct reimbursement to specific health care providers; or the offering of specific health care services, treatments or practices.

42 43

37

38 39

40

41

3. There is established the Mandated Health Benefits Advisory
Commission to study the social, financial, and medical impact of
proposed mandated health benefits. The commission shall review the

issues concerning mandated health benefits as set forth in this act.

1 2

3 4. The commission shall consist of 13 members as follows: the 4 Commissioners of Health and Senior Services and Banking and Insurance or their designees, who shall serve ex officio; three public 5 members appointed by the President of the Senate, who shall include 6 7 a representative of a commercial health insurance company, a 8 physician licensed in this State who is a member of the New Jersey 9 Medical Society, and a representative of the New Jersey Business and 10 Industry Association, no more than two of whom shall be from the 11 same political party; three public members appointed by the Speaker 12 of the General Assembly, who shall include a representative of a health 13 service corporation, a physician licensed in this State, and a 14 representative of organized labor, no more than two of whom shall be 15 from the same political party; and five public members appointed by the Governor, who shall include a medical educator from the 16 University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey whose major field 17 18 of expertise is the study and evaluation of the cost of health care and 19 health insurance, a representative of the New Jersey Association of 20 Health Plans, a representative of the New Jersey Hospital Association, 21 a representative of the New Jersey Dental Association, and a 22 representative of the general public who is knowledgeable about health 23 benefits plans.

Of the members first appointed, four shall serve for a term of two years, four for a term of three years and three for a term of four years.

Members appointed thereafter shall serve four-year terms and any vacancy shall be filled by appointment for the unexpired term only. A member is eligible for reappointment. Vacancies in the membership of the commission shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments were made.

3132

33

34

3536

3738

39

40

41

42

43

24

25

26

27

28

29

- 5. a. The commission shall organize and hold its first meeting within 90 days after the appointment of its members and shall elect a chairman and a vice chairman from among its members. The commission may appoint a secretary, who need not be a member of the commission.
- b. The members of the commission shall serve without compensation but may be allowed their actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties within the limits of funds appropriated or otherwise made available to the commission for this purpose.
  - c. The Department of Banking and Insurance shall assist the commission in the performance of its duties.
- d. The commission shall be entitled to call upon the services of any
  State, county or municipal department, board, commission or agency
  as it may require and as may be available to it for these purposes, and

to incur such traveling and other miscellaneous expenses as it may deem necessary for the proper execution of its duties and as may be within the limit of funds appropriated or otherwise made available to it for these purposes.

e. The commission shall meet regularly, and at a minimum of four times per year. Special meetings may be called by the chairman of the commission.

- 6. It shall be the duty of the commission to review any bill introduced in either House of the Legislature which would require a carrier to offer or provide a mandated health benefit, as provided in this section.
- a. Whenever a bill containing a mandated health benefit is introduced in the Legislature, the chairman of the standing reference committee to which the bill or resolution has been referred in the House in which it was introduced shall request the commission to prepare a written report that assesses the social and financial effects and the medical efficacy of the proposed mandated health benefit.
- b. No later than the 120th day after the request for review is received, the commission shall complete its review and provide the written report to the chairman of the standing reference committee to which the bill has been referred. If the commission requests an extension prior to the 120th day after the date of the request for review, the chairman of the standing reference committee to which the bill had been referred may grant an extension for the commission to complete its review of the bill. The standing reference committee shall not consider or vote upon the bill until: the commission completes its review and provides its written report to the members of the committee; the 121st day after the date the request for that review was received; or the designated day in the case of an extension.
- c. If the chairman of the standing reference committee to which the bill has been referred determines that a bill proposing a mandated health benefit is of such an urgent nature that it would seriously impair the public health to wait for the commission to issue its report, then it may consider and vote to release the bill.
- d. If the presiding officer of the House in which the bill was introduced, or his designee, determines that the bill is of such an urgent nature that it would seriously impair the public health to wait for the commission to issue its report, the presiding officer shall so notify in writing the chairman of the standing reference committee to which the bill has been referred and the commission of that determination, and the standing reference committee and House, as appropriate, may consider and vote upon the bill.
- e. The commission, at the request of a sponsor of the bill or any member of that standing reference committee, may amend or revise its report with respect to any bill which is amended by either House after

1 having been reported by the standing reference committee to which it 2 was referred in the House in which it was introduced.

- f. If a report has been issued by the commission on a proposed mandated benefit within the previous three years, the chairman of the standing reference committee shall not be required to request a new report on the same proposed mandated benefit pursuant to this section.
- g. In the case in which there are several mandated health benefits bills to be reviewed by the commission, the presiding officer of the House in which the bill was introduced, or his designee, shall consult with the commission to determine the order of priority for review of the mandated health benefits bills.

11 12 13

14

15

16

19

20

21 22

23 24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31 32

35

36 37

38

39

40

41 42

43

45

3 4

5 6

7

8

9

- 7. The review of a bill containing a proposed mandated health benefits by the commission required pursuant to this act shall include, at a minimum and to the extent that information is practicable and available, the following:
- a. The social impact of mandating the health benefit, which shall 17 18 include:
  - (1) the extent to which the proposed mandated health benefit and the services it would provide are needed by, available to and utilized by the population of New Jersey;
  - (2) the extent to which insurance coverage for the proposed mandated health benefit already exists or, if no coverage exists, the extent to which the lack of coverage results in inadequate health care or financial hardship for the affected population of New Jersey;
  - (3) the demand for the proposed mandated health benefit from the public and the source and extent of opposition to mandating the health benefit;
  - (4) relevant findings bearing on the social impact of the lack of the proposed mandated health benefit; and
  - (5) such other information with respect to the social impact as the commission deems appropriate.
- 33 b. The financial impact of mandating the health benefit, which shall include: 34
  - (1) the extent to which the proposed mandated health benefit would increase or decrease the cost for treatment or service;
    - (2) the extent to which similar mandated health benefits in other states have affected charges, costs and payments for services;
    - (3) the extent to which the proposed mandated health benefit would increase the appropriate use of the treatment or service;
  - (4) the impact of the proposed mandated health benefit on total costs to carriers and on administrative costs;
- (5) the impact of the proposed mandated health benefit on total 44 costs to purchasers and on benefit costs;
- (6) the impact of the proposed mandated health benefit on the total cost of health care within New Jersey; and 46

- 1 (7) such other information with respect to the financial impact as 2 the commission deems appropriate.
- c. The medical efficacy of mandating the health benefit which shall
  include:
  - (1) if the proposed mandated health benefit mandates coverage of a particular treatment or therapy, the recommendation of a clinical study or review article in a major peer-reviewed professional journal;
- 8 (2) if the proposed benefit mandates coverage of the services 9 provided by an additional class of practitioners, the results of at least 10 one professionally accepted, controlled trial comparing the medical 11 results achieved by the additional class of practitioners and the 12 practitioners already covered by benefits;
  - (3) the results of other research;

5

7

13

14

15

18 19

20

21

27

28 29

35

- (4) the impact of the proposed coverage on the general availability of health benefits coverage in New Jersey; and
- 16 (5) such other information with respect to the medical efficacy as 17 the commission deems appropriate.
  - d. The effects of balancing the social, economic and medical efficacy considerations, which shall include, but not be limited to:
  - (1) the extent to which the need for coverage outweighs the costs of mandating the health benefit; and
- 22 (2) the extent to which the problem of coverage may be solved by 23 mandating the availability of the coverage as an option under a health 24 benefits plan.
- e. An analysis of information collected from various sources, including, but not limited to:
  - (1) a State data collection system;
  - (2) the Departments of Health and Senior Services and Banking and Insurance;
- 30 (3) health planning organizations;
- 31 (4) proponents and opponents of the proposed health benefits 32 mandate who shall be encouraged to provide appropriate 33 documentation supporting their positions. The commission shall 34 examine such documentation to determine whether:
  - (a) the documentation is complete;
  - (b) the assumptions upon which the research is based are valid;
- 37 (c) the research cited in the documentation meets professional 38 standards;
- (d) all relevant research respecting the proposed mandated benefithas been cited in the documentation;
- 41 (e) the conclusions and interpretations in the documentation are 42 consistent with the data submitted; and
- 43 (5) such other data sources as the commission deems appropriate.
- In analyzing information from the various sources, the commission
- 45 shall give substantial weight to the documentation provided by the
- 46 proponents and opponents of the mandate to the extent that such

### A3137 ROBERTS, WEINBERG

1 documentation is made available to them.

- 8. In the course of studying and evaluating proposed mandated health benefits, the commission shall:
- a. Develop criteria for a system and program of data collection, for use by the Departments of Health and Senior Services and Banking and Insurance, to assess the impact of mandated health benefits, including the cost to employers and carriers, impact of treatment, cost savings in the health care system, number of providers and other data as may be appropriate; and
- b. Review and comment to any State department, board, bureau, commission or agency, with respect to any order or regulations proposed or implemented thereby which affect mandated health benefits.

9. This act shall take effect immediately.

#### **STATEMENT**

This bill establishes a 13-member Mandated Health Benefits Advisory Commission to review any bill introduced in either House of the Legislature requiring a health insurance carrier to provide or offer a health benefit or coverage for certain benefits. The commission would study the social, financial and medical impact of proposed mandated health benefits. Mandated health benefits are defined in the bill as benefits or coverage which are required by law to be offered or provided by a carrier, as the case may be, and include: coverage for specific health care services, treatments or practices; direct reimbursement to specific health care providers; or the offering of specific health care services, treatments or practices.

The commission would be comprised of: the Commissioners of Health and Senior Services and Banking and Insurance or their designees, who shall serve ex officio; three public members appointed by the President of the Senate, who shall include a representative of a commercial health insurance company, a physician licensed in this State who is a member of the New Jersey Medical Society, and a representative of the New Jersey Business and Industry Association, no more than two of whom shall be from the same political party; three public members appointed by the Speaker of the General Assembly, who shall include a representative of a health service corporation, a physician licensed in this State, and a representative of organized labor, no more than two of whom shall be from the same political party; and five public members appointed by the Governor, who shall include a medical educator from the University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey whose major field of expertise is the

1 study and evaluation of the cost of health care and health insurance, a

- 2 representative of the New Jersey Association of Health Plans, a
- 3 representative of the New Jersey Hospital Association, a
- 4 representative of the New Jersey Dental Association, and a
- 5 representative of the general public who is knowledgeable about health
- 6 benefits plans. The bill provides that the Department of Banking and
- 7 Insurance shall provide assistance to the commission in carrying out
- 8 its duties.

19

20

21

22

23

2425

26

27

28

29

30

3132

3334

35

36

37

9 This bill provides that whenever a bill containing a mandated health 10 benefit is introduced, the chairman of the standing reference committee 11 to which the bill has been referred shall request that the commission prepare a written report that assesses the social and financial effects 12 13 and the medical efficacy of the proposed mandate. Not later than the 14 120th day after the request for review is received, the commission 15 shall issue its written report to the chairman of the standing reference committee to which the bill was referred. If necessary, the chairman 16 of the standing reference committee may grant an extension for the 17 18 commission to complete its review.

The bill further provides that no mandated health benefits bill shall be reported by the standing reference committee to which it has been referred unless it is accompanied by the written report of the commission. However, if the chairman of the standing reference committee or the presiding officer of the House in which the bill was introduced, or his designee, determines that the bill is an urgent matter, he may so notify the commission, and the standing reference committee or House may consider and vote upon the bill as soon as practicable.

In the course of studying and evaluating mandated health benefits, the commission shall have the responsibility to develop criteria for a system and program of data collection for use by the Departments of Health and Senior Services and Banking and Insurance. Both departments would utilize this data to assess the impact of mandated health benefits, which would include an analysis of the cost to employers and insurers, the impact of treatment and the cost savings to the health care system. The commission would also review and provide comments with respect to any regulations which would affect mandated health benefits.

### ASSEMBLY HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE

### STATEMENT TO

# ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, No. 3137

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

**DATED: JUNE 16, 2003** 

The Assembly Health and Human Services Committee reports favorably an Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill No. 3137.

This committee substitute establishes a Mandated Health Benefits Advisory Commission to study the social, financial and medical impact of proposed mandated health benefits.

Mandated health benefits are defined in the substitute as benefits or coverage that are required by law to be provided by a carrier and include: coverage for specific health care services, treatments or practices; or direct reimbursement to specific health care providers.

The commission would be comprised of the following 17 voting members: the Commissioners of Health and Senior Services, Human Services and Banking and Insurance or their designees, as ex officio members; three public members appointed by the President of the Senate, to include a representative of a commercial health insurance company, a physician licensed in this State who is a member of the Medical Society of New Jersey, and a representative of the New Jersey Business and Industry Association, no more than two of whom may be from the same political party; three public members appointed by the Speaker of the General Assembly, to include a representative of a health service corporation, a physician licensed in this State, and a representative of organized labor, no more than two of whom may be from the same political party; and eight public members appointed by the Governor, to include a medical educator from the University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey whose major field of expertise is the study and evaluation of the cost of health care and health insurance, a representative of the New Jersey Association of Health Plans, a representative of the New Jersey Hospital Association, a representative of the New Jersey State Nurses Association, a representative of the New Jersey Dental Association, a representative of a consumer advocacy organization and two representatives of the general public who are knowledgeable about health benefits plans.

The substitute also provides that the President of the Senate and Speaker of the General Assembly may each appoint two members of their respective House, no more than one of whom, in each case, may be from the same political party, to serve as nonvoting members of the commission.

The substitute directs the Department of Banking and Insurance, in consultation with the Department of Health and Senior Services, to provide assistance to the commission in carrying out its duties.

This substitute provides that whenever a bill containing a mandated health benefit is introduced in the Legislature, the chairman of the standing reference committee to which the bill has been referred in the House in which it was introduced is to request the commission to prepare a written report that assesses the social and financial effects and the medical efficacy of the proposed mandated health benefit.

The commission is to conduct a review of the pending legislation that assesses the social and financial effects and the medical efficacy, as appropriate, of the proposed mandated health benefit. The substitute specifies criteria that the commission is to consider in its review and requires the commission to complete its review of a bill, and provide its comments and recommendations in writing to the prime sponsor, committee chairman and presiding officer of the House in which the bill is pending. The substitute specifies that for the period ending December 31, 2003, the commission would have 90 days after the review is requested to complete its review. Beginning January 1, 2004, the commission would be required to complete its review in 60 days. The commission may, however, request an extension prior to the 90th or 60th day, as applicable, in which case the presiding officer of the House in which the bill is pending may grant an extension of up to 45 days for the commission to complete its review.

The substitute provides that the House or standing reference committee, as applicable, is not to consider or vote upon the bill until either: (1) the commission completes its review and provides its comments and recommendations in writing to the prime sponsor, committee chairman and presiding officer of the House in which the bill is pending; or (2) the 90th or 60th day, as applicable, after the date the review is requested, if no extension was granted, or the designated day for the end of the extension period, whichever is later.

The House or standing reference committee may, however, consider and vote on the bill prior to receipt of the commission's report or the end of the review period described above, if: (1) the presiding officer of the House in which the bill is pending determines that the bill is an urgent matter and so notifies the commission and applicable committee chairman; or (2) the chairman of the standing reference committee to which the bill is referred, in consultation with the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, determines that the bill is of such an urgent nature that it would seriously impair the public health to wait for the commission to issue its report, and so notifies the presiding officer of the House and the commission.

Also, in the course of studying and evaluating mandated health benefits, the commission will have the responsibility to develop criteria for a system and program of data collection for use by the Departments of Health and Senior Services and Banking and Insurance. Both departments would utilize these data to assess the impact of mandated health benefits, which would include an analysis of the cost to employers and insurers, the impact of treatment and the cost savings to the health care system. The commission is also directed to review and provide comments with respect to any regulations that would affect mandated health benefits.

Finally, the substitute requires the commission to report to the Governor and Legislature in three years on its activities. The report is to include a summary of the bills reviewed by the commission and the commission's findings, and any recommendations the commission may have regarding the review process required pursuant to the substitute.

This substitute is identical to the Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 2275 (Bennett/Codey), which is currently pending before the Senate.