58:10A-37.2

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF: 2003 **CHAPTER:** 148

NJSA: 58:10A-37.2 (Underground storage tank financing)

BILL NO: S1948 (Substituted for A3287/3024)

SPONSOR(S): McNamera and others

DATE INTRODUCED: October 7, 2002

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Environment and Solid Waste; Appropriations

SENATE Environment; Budget and Appropriations

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: June 12, 2003

SENATE: June 16, 2003

DATE OF APPROVAL: August 15, 2003

FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (Senate Committee Substitute (2R) enacted)

(Amendments during passage denoted by superscript numbers)

S1948

SPONSORS STATEMENT: (Begins on page 8 of original bill)

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes <u>3-6-03 (Environment)</u>

5-5-03 (Appropriations)

SENATE: Yes <u>12-12-02 (Environment)</u>

12-12-02 (Budget)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

A3287/3024 (ACS)

SPONSORS STATEMENT (A3287): (Begins on page 13 of original bill) Yes

SPONSORS STATEMENT (A3024): (Begins on page 8 of original bill) Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes <u>3-6-03 (Environment)</u>

5-5-03 (Appropriations)

Identical to Assembly Statements to S1948

SENATE: No

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE:	<u>Yes</u>
VETO MESSAGE:	No
GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING:	No
FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED: To check for circulating copies, contact New Jersey State Government Publications at the State Library (609) 292-6220 or mailto:refdesk@njstar	telib.org.
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P.L. 2003, CHAPTER 148, *approved August 15*, 2003 Senate Committee Substitute (*Second Reprint*) for Senate Bill No. 1948

1 **AN ACT** concerning underground storage tank financing, and amending and supplementing P.L.1997, c.235.

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4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey:

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- 7 1. Section 2 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.2) is amended to 8 read as follows:
 - 2. As used in this act:

"Applicant" means a person who files an application for financial assistance from the Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Remediation, Upgrade, and Closure Fund for payment of eligible project costs of a remediation due to a discharge of petroleum from a petroleum underground storage tank and for payment of eligible project costs of an upgrade or closure of a regulated tank;

"Authority" means the New Jersey Economic Development Authority established pursuant to P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-1 et seq.);

"Closure" means the proper closure or removal of a petroleum underground storage tank necessary to meet all regulatory requirements of federal, State, or local law;

21 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Environmental 22 Protection;

"Department" means the Department of Environmental Protection;

"Discharge" means the intentional or unintentional release by any means of petroleum from a petroleum underground storage tank into the environment;

"Eligible owner or operator" means (1) any owner or operator ¹, ¹ other than the owner or operator of a petroleum underground storage tank storing heating oil for onsite consumption in a residential building ¹, ¹ who owns or operates less than 10 petroleum underground storage tanks in New Jersey, who has a net worth of less than \$2,000,000 and who demonstrates to the satisfaction of the authority, the inability to qualify for and obtain a commercial loan for all or part of the eligible project costs, ¹or in the case of such an owner or operator of a facility located within an area designated as a Planning Area 1 (Metropolitan).

- Planning Area 2 (Suburban), or a designated center as designated
- 37 pursuant to the "State Planning Act," sections 1 through 12 of
- pursuant to the State Hamming Met, sections I through 12 of
- 38 P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.), who has a net worth of less

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹ Assembly AEN committee amendments adopted March 6, 2003.

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ Assembly AAP committee amendments adopted May 5, 2003.

1 than \$3,000,000 and who demonstrates to the satisfaction of the

authority, the inability to qualify for and obtain a commercial loan for

3 <u>all or part of the eligible project costs</u>, 1 (2) the owner or operator of

4 a petroleum underground storage tank storing heating oil for onsite

5 consumption in a residential building, [or] (3) a public entity who

owns or operates a petroleum underground storage tank in New

Jersey, or (4) an independent institution of higher education that owns

8 or operates a petroleum underground storage tank;

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9 "Eligible project costs" means the reasonable costs for equipment, 10 work or services required to effectuate a remediation, an upgrade, or 11 a closure which equipment, work or services are eligible for payment 12 from the Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Remediation, Upgrade, and Closure Fund. In the case of an upgrade or closure of 13 14 a regulated tank, eligible project costs shall be limited to the cost of 15 the minimal effective system necessary to meet all the regulatory requirements of federal and State law. The limitation of eligible 16 17 project costs to the minimal effective system shall not be construed to 18 deem ineligible those project costs expended to replace a regulated 19 tank rather than to improve the regulated tank. An owner or operator 20 may perform an upgrade or a closure beyond the minimal effective 21 system in which case the eligible project costs that may be awarded 22 from the fund as financial assistance shall be that amount that would 23 represent the cost of a minimal effective system. In the case of a 24 remediation of a petroleum underground storage tank used to store 25 heating oil for onsite consumption in a residential building, eligible 26 project costs shall include the cost to replace a leaking tank with an 27 above-ground or underground storage tank. In the case of a 28 remediation, eligible project costs shall not include the cost to 29 remediate a site to meet residential soil remediation standards if the 30 local zoning ordinances adopted pursuant to the "Municipal Land Use 31 Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.) does not allow for 32 residential use. Eligible project costs shall include the cost of a 33 preliminary assessment and site investigation, even if performed prior 34 to the award of financial assistance from the fund if the preliminary 35 assessment and site investigation were performed after the effective 36 date of P.L.1997, c.235 [. Eligible project costs shall not include the 37 costs of any remediation performed at a site where the petroleum 38 underground storage tank was removed prior to December 1, 1996]; 39 "Facility" means one or more operational or nonoperational

"Facility" means one or more operational or nonoperational petroleum underground storage tanks under single ownership at a common site;

"Financial assistance" means a grant or loan or a combination of both that may be awarded by the authority from the fund to an eligible owner or operator as provided in section 5 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.5);

46 <u>"Independent institution of higher education" means those</u>
 47 <u>institutions of higher education incorporated and located in this State.</u>

- 1 which, by virtue of law or character or license, are nonprofit
- 2 <u>educational institutions empowered to grant academic degrees and</u>
- 3 which provide a level of education which is equivalent to the education
- 4 provided by the State's public institutions of higher education as
- 5 attested by the receipt of and continuation of regional accreditation by
- 6 the Middle States Association of Colleges and Schools, and which are
- 7 <u>eligible to receive State aid under the provisions of the Constitution of</u>
- 8 the United States and the Constitution of the State of New Jersey.
- 9 "Independent institution of higher education" does not include any
- 10 <u>educational institution dedicated primarily to the preparation or</u>
- 11 <u>training of ministers, priests, rabbis, or other professional persons in</u>
- 12 <u>the field of religion;</u>

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- "Operator" means any person in control of, or having responsibility for, the daily operation of a facility;
 - "Owner" means any person who owns a facility;
 - "Person" means any individual, partnership, corporation, society, association, consortium, joint venture, commercial entity, or public entity, but does not include the State or any of its departments, agencies or authorities;
 - "Petroleum" means all hydrocarbons which are liquid at one atmosphere pressure (760 millimeters or 29.92 inches Hg) and temperatures between -20 F and 120 F (-29 C and 49 C), and all hydrocarbons which are discharged in a liquid state at or nearly at atmospheric pressure at temperatures in excess of 120 F (49 C) including, but not limited to, gasoline, kerosene, fuel oil, oil sludge, oil refuse, oil mixed with other wastes, crude oil, and purified hydrocarbons that have been refined, re-refined, or otherwise processed for the purpose of being burned as a fuel to produce heat or usable energy or which is suitable for use as a motor fuel or lubricant in the operation or maintenance of an engine;
 - "Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Remediation, Upgrade and Closure Fund" or "fund" means the fund established pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.3);
 - "Petroleum underground storage tank" means a tank of any size, including appurtenant pipes, lines, fixtures, and other related equipment, that normally and primarily stores petroleum, the volume of which, including the volume of the appurtenant pipes, lines, fixtures and other related equipment, is 10% or more below the ground. "Petroleum underground storage tank" does not include:
- 40 (1) Septic tanks installed or regulated pursuant to regulations 41 adopted by the department pursuant to "The Realty Improvement 42 Sewerage and Facilities Act (1954)," P.L.1954, c.199 (C.58:11-23 et 43 seq.) or the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 44 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.);
- 45 (2) Pipelines, including gathering lines, regulated under 49 U.S.C.
 46 s.60101 et seq., or intrastate pipelines regulated under State law;

- 1 (3) Surface impoundments, pits, ponds, or lagoons, operated in or 2 regulated pursuant to regulations adopted by the department pursuant 3 to the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et 4 seq.);
 - (4) Storm water or wastewater collection systems operated or regulated pursuant to regulations adopted by the department pursuant to the "Water Pollution Control Act";
 - (5) Liquid traps or associated gathering lines directly related to oil or gas production and gathering operations;
 - (6) Tanks situated in an underground area, including, but not limited to, basements, cellars, mines, drift shafts, or tunnels, if the storage tank is situated upon or above the surface of the floor, or storage tanks located below the surface of the ground which are equipped with secondary containment and are uncovered so as to allow visual inspection of the exterior of the tank; and
 - (7) Any pipes, lines, fixtures, or other equipment connected to any tank exempted from the provisions of this definition pursuant to paragraphs (1) through (6) above;

"Public entity" means any county, municipality, or public school district, but shall not include any authority created by those entities;

"Regulated tank" means a petroleum underground storage tank that is required to be upgraded pursuant to P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-21 et seq.) or 42 U.S.C. s.6991 et seq.;

"Remediation" means all necessary actions to investigate and clean up any known, suspected, or threatened discharge of petroleum, including, as necessary, the preliminary assessment, site investigation, remedial investigation, and remedial action, as those terms are defined in section 23 of P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-1);

"Upgrade" means the replacement of a regulated tank, the installation of secondary containment, monitoring systems, release detection systems, corrosion protection, spill prevention, or overfill prevention therefor, or any other necessary improvement to the regulated tank in order to meet the standards for regulated tanks adopted pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-25) and 42 U.S.C. s.6991 et seq.

36 (cf: P.L.1997, c.235, s.2)

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- ¹2. Section 4 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.4) is amended to read as follows:
- 4. a. Monies in the fund shall be allocated and used to provide financial assistance only to (1) eligible owners or operators of regulated tanks in this State in order to finance the eligible project costs of the upgrade or closure of those regulated tanks as may be required pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.6991 et seq. or P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-21 et seq.); and (2) eligible owners and operators of petroleum underground storage tanks in this State in order to finance

the eligible project costs of remediations that are necessary due to the discharge of petroleum from one or more of those petroleum underground storage tanks. Priority for the issuance of financial assistance from the fund, and the terms and conditions of that financial assistance, shall be based upon the criteria set forth in this section.

b. Upon a determination that an application for financial assistance meets all established criteria for the award of financial assistance from the fund, the authority shall approve the application. Prior to December 22, 1998, the authority may approve only those applications given priority pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection or pursuant to subsections c. and f. of this section, but the authority may receive, file, and deem complete any application for financial assistance it receives prior to that date.

Upon the authority's approval of an application for financial assistance, the authority shall award financial assistance to an applicant upon the availability of sufficient monies in the fund. When monies in the fund are not sufficient at any point in time to fully fund all applications for financial assistance that have been approved by the authority, the authority shall award financial assistance to approved applicants, notwithstanding the date of approval of the application, in the following order of priority:

- (1) Upgrades of regulated tanks required to be upgraded pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.6991 et seq., and including any necessary remediation at the site of the regulated tank, shall be given first priority;
- (2) Closure of any regulated tank required to be upgraded pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.6991 et seq., and including any necessary remediation at the site of the regulated tank, shall be given second priority;
- (3) Upgrades of regulated tanks required to be upgraded pursuant to P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-21 et seq.), but not pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.6991 et seq., and including any necessary remediation at the site of the regulated tank, shall be given third priority;
- (4) Any necessary remediations at the sites of petroleum underground storage tanks other than those given priority pursuant to paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of this subsection shall be given fourth priority;
- (5) Closure of any regulated tank required to be upgraded pursuant to P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-21 et seq.), but not pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.6991 et seq., shall be given last priority.
- c. Notwithstanding the priority for the award of financial assistance set forth in subsection b. of this section, whenever there has been a discharge, and the discharge poses [an imminent and significant] a threat to a drinking water source, to human health, or to a sensitive or significant ecological area, an approved application for the award of financial assistance for the remediation and upgrade or closure, if necessary, shall be given priority over all other applications

for financial assistance.

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- d. The priority ranking of applicants within any priority category enumerated in paragraphs (1), (2), (3), (4), and (5) of subsection b. and in subsection c. of this section shall be based upon the date an application for financial assistance is filed with the authority as determined pursuant to section 6 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.6).
- e. Whenever a facility consists of petroleum underground storage tanks from more than one priority category as enumerated in paragraphs (1) through (5) of subsection b. of this section, and subsection c. of this section, all the petroleum underground storage tanks at that facility shall be accorded the priority that would be accorded the highest priority petroleum underground storage tank at that facility.
- 14 f. Notwithstanding the priority rankings established in this section, one-tenth of the amount annually appropriated to the Petroleum 15 Underground Storage Tank Remediation, Upgrade and Closure Fund 16 17 shall be used to provide financial assistance to owners or operators of 18 petroleum underground storage tanks used to store heating oil for 19 onsite consumption in a residential building, in order to finance the 20 eligible project costs of remediations that are necessary due to the 21 discharge of heating oil from those petroleum underground storage 22 tanks. The authority shall provide financial assistance pursuant to this 23 subsection notwithstanding the owner or operator's ability to obtain 24 commercial loans for all or part of the financing. The priority ranking 25 of applicants for these funds shall be based upon the date an application for financial assistance is filed with the authority as 26 27 determined pursuant to section 6 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.6). 28 If the authority does not receive qualified applications for financial 29 assistance from owners and operators of petroleum underground 30 storage tanks used to store heating oil for onsite consumption that 31 meet the criteria set forth in this act and in any rules or regulations 32 issued pursuant thereto, sufficient to enable the award of financial 33 assistance an amount equal to one-tenth of the amount annually 34 appropriated to the fund in any one year as required pursuant to this 35 subsection, the authority may award that financial assistance in the order of priority as provided in this section. In addition to the monies 36 37 dedicated pursuant to this subsection, the authority may award 38 financial assistance to an owner or operator of a petroleum 39 underground storage tank used to store heating for onsite consumption 40 when the criteria enumerated in subsection c. of this section are met.¹ 41 (cf: P.L.1997, c.235, s.4)

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- ¹[2.] <u>3.</u>¹ Section 5 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.5) is amended to read as follows:
- 5. a. ¹(1)¹ The authority may award financial assistance from the fund to an eligible owner or operator in the form of a loan or a

1 conditional hardship grant as provided in this section. An award of

- 2 financial assistance, either as a loan or a grant, or a combination of
- 3 both, may, upon application therefor, be for 100% of the eligible
- 4 project costs. However, a loan that any applicant may receive from
- 5 the fund for an upgrade, remediation, or closure, or any combination
- 6 thereof, for any one facility, may not exceed [\$1,000,000]
- 7 \$2,000,000, except as provided below, and a grant that any applicant
- 8 may receive from the fund for any one facility, may not exceed
- 9 [\$250,000. The total amount of financial assistance awarded as grants
- 10 in any one year may not exceed one third of the total amount of
- 11 financial assistance awarded in that year except that this limitation
- 12 upon the award of grants shall not apply to financial assistance
- 13 awarded between January 1, 1999 and March 31, 2004] \$500,000. A
- 14 <u>loan that an applicant may receive from the fund for a remediation of</u>
- 15 <u>a discharge that poses</u> ¹ [an imminent and significant threat] <u>a</u> ¹ to a
- 16 <u>drinking water source may not exceed \$3,000,000</u>.
- 17 ¹(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1) of this
- 18 <u>subsection to the contrary, an eligible owner or operator of a facility</u>
- 19 located within an area designated as a Planning Area 1 (Metropolitan).
- 20 Planning Area 2 (Suburban), or a designated center as designated
- pursuant to the "State Planning Act," sections 1 through 12 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.), may receive a loan in an
- 23 amount not to exceed \$3,000,000 and a grant in an amount not to
- 24 exceed \$750,000 for each facility so located.¹
- b. A public entity applying for financial assistance from the fund
- 26 may only be awarded financial assistance in the form of an interest free
- 27 loan
- c. An applicant, other than a public entity, may apply for and
- 29 receive a conditional hardship grant ¹for the upgrade, closure or
- 30 <u>remediation</u>¹ as provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection, or a loan
- 31 for an upgrade [,] 1, closure or remediation as provided in paragraph
- 32 (2) of this subsection, provided that an applicant for a conditional
- 33 <u>hardship grant or a loan for an upgrade may be eligible for financial</u>
- 34 <u>assistance only</u>¹ for any underground storage tank with a capacity of
- 35 over 2,000 gallons used to store heating oil for onsite consumption in
- 36 <u>a nonresidential building that has received an extension</u> ¹of the
- 37 <u>deadline for compliance with the standards</u>¹ <u>pursuant to subsection b.</u>
- 38 of section 9 of P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-29) ¹[, the closure[,] or
- remediation as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection 1.

 Financial assistance awarded an applicant pursuant to this subsection
- 41 may consist entirely of a conditional hardship grant, a [loan for an
- 42 upgrade, or loan for an upgrade, a loan for a closure, or a loan for
- 43 a remediation, or any combination thereof, except that the total
- amount of the award of financial assistance shall be subject to the per
- 45 facility dollar limitation enumerated in subsection a. of this section.

- 1 Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection to the contrary,
- 2 no tax exempt, nonprofit organization, corporation, or association
- 3 shall be awarded a conditional hardship grant pursuant to paragraph
- 4 (1) of this subsection, provided that ¹an independent institution of
- 5 higher education, a 1 [tax exempt,] 1 nonprofit organization,
- 6 corporation, or association with not more than 100 paid individuals
- 7 that is qualified for exemption from federal taxation pursuant to
- 8 section 501 (c)(3) of the federal Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
- 9 $\frac{\text{s.501 (c)(3)}^1}{\text{or a duly incorporated volunteer fire, ambulance, first}}$
- 10 aid, emergency, or rescue company or squad, may be awarded a
- 11 conditional hardship grant pursuant to paragraph (1) of this
- 12 <u>subsection</u>.

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(1) A conditional hardship grant for eligible project costs of an upgrade, closure or remediation shall be awarded by the authority based upon a finding of eligibility and financial hardship and upon a finding that the applicant meets the criteria set forth in this act.

In order to be eligible for a conditional hardship grant for closure or upgrade, in the case of a regulated tank, the applicant shall have owned or operated the subject [petroleum underground storage] regulated tank as of [December 1, 1996] December 1, 2002 and continually thereafter or shall have inherited the property from a person who owned the [petroleum underground storage] regulated tank as of that date. In order to be eligible for a conditional hardship grant for remediation, in the case of a regulated tank, the applicant shall have owned or operated the subject regulated tank at the time of tank closure. No applicant shall be eligible for a conditional hardship

- tank closure. No applicant shall be eligible for a conditional hardship
 grant if the applicant has a taxable income of more than [\$100,000]
- 27 grant if the applicant has a taxable mediae of more than [\$100,000] 1 [\$250,000] \$200,000 1 or a net worth, exclusive of the applicant's
- 28 '[\$250,000] \$200,000' or a net worth, exclusive of the applicant's primary residence ¹and pension¹, of over [\$100,000] ¹[\$500,000]
- $30 \quad $200,000^{1}$.
- Notwithstanding the eligibility requirements for net worth and income, an independent institution of higher education, a ¹[tax exempt,] ¹ nonprofit organization, corporation, or association with not more than 100 paid individuals ¹that is qualified for exemption from
- 35 <u>federal taxation pursuant to section 501 (c)(3) of the federal Internal</u>
- 36 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. s.501 (c)(3)¹, or a duly incorporated
- 37 <u>volunteer fire, ambulance, first aid, emergency, or rescue company or</u>
- 38 squad shall be eligible for a conditional hardship grant for eligible
- project costs of a closure or remediation of a petroleum underground
- 40 storage tank.
- A finding of financial hardship by the authority shall be based upon a determination that an applicant cannot reasonably be expected to repay all or a portion of the eligible project costs if the financial assistance were to be awarded as a loan. The amount of an award of
- a conditional hardship grant shall be the amount of that portion of the

eligible project costs the authority determines the applicant cannot reasonably be expected to repay.

In making a finding of financial hardship for an application for the upgrade, closure, or remediation of a petroleum underground storage tank, where the petroleum underground storage tank is a part of the business property of the owner, the authority shall base its finding upon the cash flow of the applicant's business, whether or not any part of the applicant's business is related to the ownership or operation of that petroleum underground storage tank. In making a finding of financial hardship for an application for the upgrade or remediation of a petroleum underground storage tank, where the petroleum underground storage tank is not a part of the business property of the owner, the authority shall base its finding upon the applicant's taxable income in the year prior to the date of the application being submitted.

If the authority awards a conditional hardship grant in combination with a loan pursuant to this subsection, the authority shall release to the applicant the loan monies prior to the release of the conditional hardship grant monies.

Conditional hardship grants awarded to an applicant shall be subject to the lien provisions enumerated in section 16 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.16).

(2) A loan to an eligible owner or operator for the eligible project costs of an upgrade, closure, or remediation shall be awarded by the authority only upon a finding that the applicant other than a public entity is able to repay the amount of the loan.

In making a finding of an applicant's ability to repay a loan for the upgrade, closure, and remediation of a regulated tank, or for the remediation of a discharge from a petroleum underground storage tank, the authority shall base its finding, as applicable, upon the cash flow of the applicant's business, the applicant's taxable income and the applicant's personal and business assets, except that the authority may not consider the applicant's primary residence as collateral, except that the authority may consider the applicant's primary residence as collateral with the permission of the applicant or where the subject petroleum underground storage tank or regulated tank is located at the primary residence.

- d. The authority shall, where applicable, require an applicant applying for financial assistance from the fund to submit to the authority the financial statements of the applicant's business for three years prior to the date of the application, the most recent interim financial statement for the year of the application, the applicant's federal income tax returns, or other relevant documentation.
- e. Nothing in this section is intended to alter the priority or criteria for awarding financial assistance established pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.4).
 - f. An eligible owner or operator may only be awarded that amount

1 of financial assistance issued as a loan for which the applicant

- 2 demonstrates he could not qualify for and obtain as a commercial loan.
- 3 The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to an owner or
- 4 operator or petroleum underground storage tank used to store heating
- 5 oil for onsite consumption in a residential building . to an independent
- 6 <u>institution of higher education</u>, or to a duly incorporated volunteer
- 7 fire, ambulance, first aid, emergency, or rescue company or squad.
- 8 (cf: P.L.2001, c.22, s.1)

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¹[3.] <u>4.</u>¹ Section 6 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.6) is amended to read as follows:

6. An eligible owner or operator seeking financial assistance from the fund shall file an application on a form to be developed by the authority. The application form shall be submitted with the application fee. The application fee per facility for residential petroleum underground storage tanks shall be \$250. The authority may establish the application fee per facility for nonresidential petroleum underground storage tanks.

The authority shall adopt rules and regulations listing the filing requirements for a complete application for financial assistance. If a financial assistance application is determined to be incomplete by the authority, an applicant shall have 30 days from the date of receipt of written notification of incompleteness to file such additional information as may be required by the authority for a completed application. If an applicant fails to file the additional information within the 30 days, the filing date for that application shall be the date that such additional information is received by the authority. If the additional information is filed within the 30 days and is satisfactory to the authority, the filing date for that application shall be the initial date of application with the authority. Notwithstanding the above, if a completed application has been submitted and the applicant fails to submit the filing fee, then the filing date for the application shall not be established until the date on which the authority receives the application fee. A change in the filing date resulting from failure to submit a completed application or from failure to submit the application fee in a timely fashion for applications filed for financial assistance for a regulated tank to meet the upgrade or closure requirements pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.6991 et seq. or P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-21 et seq.) or for the remediation of a discharge from any such regulated tank shall not render the application ineligible for financial assistance as long as the initial date of application is prior to [January 1, 1999, or prior to August 31, 1999, as applicable] ²[June 30, 2004] June 30, 2005², or for a regulated tank that is not operational, 18 months from the date of discovery of the tank or 18 months from the effective date of P.L., c. (C.) (now in the

<u>Legislature as this bill</u>), whichever is later.

An applicant shall have 120 days from receipt of notice of approval of a financial assistance award to submit to the authority an executed contract for the upgrade, closure, or remediation, or all three, as the case may be, that is consistent with the terms and conditions of the financial assistance approval. Failure to submit an executed contract within the allotted time, without good cause, may result in an alteration of an applicant's priority ranking.

(cf: P.L.1999, c.89, s.2)

- ¹[4.] $5.^{1}$ Section 7 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.7) is amended to read as follows:
- 7. a. The authority shall award financial assistance to an owner or operator of a facility only if the facility is properly registered with the department pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-23), where applicable, and if all fees or penalties due and payable on the facility to the department pursuant to P.L.1986, c.102 have either been paid or the nature or the amount of the fee or penalty is being contested in accordance with law.
- b. The authority may deny an application for financial assistance, and any award of financial assistance may be recoverable by the authority, upon a finding that:
- (1) in the case of financial assistance awarded for a remediation, the discharge was proximately caused by the applicant's knowing conduct;
- (2) in the case of financial assistance awarded for a remediation, the discharge was proximately caused or exacerbated by knowing conduct by the applicant with regard to any lawful requirement applicable to petroleum underground storage tanks intended to prevent, or to facilitate the early detection of, the discharge;
- (3) the applicant failed to commence or complete a remediation, closure, or an upgrade for which an award of financial assistance was made within the time required by the department in accordance with the applicable rules and regulations, within the time prescribed in an administrative order, an administrative consent agreement, a memorandum of agreement, or a court order; or
- (4) the applicant provided false information or withheld information on a loan or grant application, or other relevant information required to be submitted to the authority, on any matter that would otherwise render the applicant ineligible for financial assistance from the fund, that would alter the priority of the applicant to receive financial assistance from the fund, that resulted in the applicant receiving a larger grant or loan award than the applicant would otherwise be eligible, or that resulted in payments from the fund in excess of the actual eligible project costs incurred by the applicant or the amount to which the applicant is legally eligible.
- Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require the

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authority to undertake an investigation or make any findings 2 concerning the conduct described in this subsection.

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3 c. An application for financial assistance from the fund for an 4 upgrade or closure of a regulated tank shall include all regulated tanks at the facility for which the applicant is seeking financial assistance. 5 Once financial assistance for an upgrade[,] or closure [or a 6 7 remediation] is awarded for a facility, no additional award of financial 8 assistance for upgrade or closure costs may be made for that facility. 9 However, if an applicant discovers while performing upgrade or 10 closure activities that a remediation is necessary at the site of a facility, and if financial assistance was previously awarded for that site only for 11 12 an upgrade or closure of a regulated tank, the applicant may amend his 13 application and apply for financial assistance for the required 14 remediation subject to the limitations enumerated in section 5 of [this act] P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.5). An application for financial 15 16 assistance for an upgrade or closure of a regulated tank shall be 17 conditioned upon the applicant agreeing to perform, at the time of the upgrade or closure, any remediation necessary as a result of a 18 19 discharge from the regulated tank and commencement of the 20 remediation within the time prescribed and in accordance with the 21 rules and regulations of the department.

22 d. Except as provided below, no financial assistance for upgrade 23 [or closure] shall be awarded for any regulated tank required to meet 24 the upgrade or closure requirements pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.6991 et 25 seq. or P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-21 et seq.), [or for the remediation 26 of a discharge from any such regulated tank except as provided in 27 subsection c. of this section,] unless the application is filed with the authority prior to January 1, 1999 and the application is complete and 28 29 the application fee is received by August 1, 1999. No financial 30 assistance for upgrade [or closure] shall be awarded for any 31 underground storage tank with a capacity of over 2,000 gallons used 32 to store heating oil for onsite consumption in a nonresidential building 33 required to be upgraded pursuant to P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-21 et 34 seq.) but not pursuant to 42 U.S.C.s.6991 et seq. [or for the 35 remediation of a discharge from any such regulated tank except as provided in subsection c. of this section], unless ¹the applicant has 36 37 received an extension of the deadline for compliance with the 38 standards pursuant to subsection b. of section 9 of P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-29), the application is filed with the authority prior to 39 ¹[August 31, 1999] ²[June 30, 2004¹] June 30, 2005 ² and the 40 application is complete and the application fee is received by ¹[March 41 31, 2000] ²[December 31, 2004¹] December 31, 2005². 42

No financial assistance for closure shall be awarded for any regulated tank required to meet the upgrade or closure requirements pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.6991 et seq. or P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-21 1 et seq.), or for the remediation of a discharge from any such regulated

- 2 tank except as provided in subsection c. of this section, unless the
- 3 application is filed with the authority prior to ² [June 30, 2004] June
- 4 30, 2005² and the application is complete and the application fee is
- 5 received by ² [December 31, 2004] December 31, 2005².
- 6 ¹[No financial assistance for upgrade or closure shall be awarded for
- 7 any underground storage tank with a capacity of over 2,000 gallons
- 8 <u>used to store heating oil for onsite consumption in a nonresidential</u>
- 9 <u>building required to be upgraded pursuant to P.L.1986, c.102</u>
- 10 (C.58:10A-21 et seq.) but not pursuant to 42 U.S.C.s.6991 et seq. or
- 11 <u>for the remediation of a discharge from any such regulated tank except</u>
- 12 <u>as provided in subsection c. of this section, unless the application is</u>
- 13 <u>filed with the authority prior to June 30, 2004 and the application is</u>
- complete and the application fee is received by December 31, 2004.]¹
- In the case of a regulated tank that is not operational, financial
- 16 assistance for the closure or the remediation of any discharge
- 17 therefrom may be awarded if the application is filed with the authority
- 18 no more than 18 months after the date of discovery of the existence of
- 19 the regulated tank, or 18 months from the effective date of P.L. ,c.
- 20 (C.) (now in the Legislature as this bill), whichever is later.
- e. The date of occurrence of a discharge shall not affect eligibility
- 22 for financial assistance from the fund. Except for a preliminary
- assessment or a site investigation performed after the effective date of
- 24 P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.1 et seq.), and except as provided in
- 25 subsections g. ¹[and h.] through j. ¹ of this section, no award of
- 26 financial assistance shall be made from the fund for the otherwise
- 27 eligible project costs of a remediation, closure, or an upgrade, or parts
- 28 thereof, completed prior to an award of financial assistance from the
- 29 fund.
- f. No financial assistance may be awarded from the fund for the
- 31 remediation of a discharge from a petroleum underground storage tank
- 32 if financial assistance from the Hazardous Discharge Site Remediation
- 33 Fund established pursuant to section 26 of P.L.1993, c.139
- 34 (C.58:10B-4) has previously been made for a remediation at that site
- as a result of a discharge from that petroleum underground storage
- 36 tank. No financial assistance may be awarded from the fund for the
- 37 remediation of a discharge from a petroleum underground storage tank
- 38 if the discharge began subsequent to the completion of an upgrade of
- 39 that petroleum underground storage tank, which upgrade was intended
- 40 to meet all applicable upgrade regulations of the department, no matter
- 41 when the upgrade was performed.
- 42 g. Notwithstanding any provision of P.L.1997, c.235
- 43 (C.58:10A-37.1 et seq.), where an eligible owner or operator has filed 44 an application for financial assistance from the fund, and there are
- either insufficient monies in the fund or the authority has not yet acted
- 46 upon the application or awarded the financial assistance, the eligible

owner or operator may expend its own funds for the upgrade, closure, remediation, and upon approval of the application, the authority shall award the financial assistance as a reimbursement of the monies expended for eligible project costs.

h. Notwithstanding any provision ¹ [to the contrary] ¹ of P.L.1997, 5 c.235 (C.58:10A-37.1 et seq.) ¹to the contrary ¹, if an applicant has 6 expended the applicant's own funds on a remediation ¹[prior to] after ¹ 7 8 filing an application for financial assistance from the fund for the 9 eligible project costs of the remediation, the authority, upon approval 10 of the application, may make a grant from the fund pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection c. of section 5 of P.L.1997, c.235 11 12 (C.58:10A-37.5) to reimburse the eligible owner or operator for the 13 eligible project costs of the remediation.

14 ¹i. Notwithstanding any provision of P.L.1997, c.235 15 (C.58:10A-37.1 et seq.) to the contrary, if an applicant that is an independent institution of higher education has expended the 16 17 applicant's own funds on a remediation prior to filing an application 18 for financial assistance from the fund for the eligible project costs of 19 the remediation, the authority, upon approval of the application, may 20 make a grant from the fund pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection c. of section 5 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.5) to reimburse the 21 22 applicant for expenditures for the eligible project costs of the 23 remediation made on or after December 1, 1996 in an amount not to 24 exceed \$500,000 for each independent institution of higher education. 25 j. Notwithstanding any provision of P.L.1997, c.235 26 (C.58:10A-37.1 et seq.) to the contrary, if an applicant has expended 27 the applicant's own funds for a remediation of a petroleum 28 underground storage tank used to store heating oil at the applicant's 29 primary residence prior to filing an application for financial assistance 30 from the fund for the eligible project costs of the remediation, the 31 authority, upon approval of the application, may make a grant from the 32 fund pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection c. of section 5 of 33 P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.5) to reimburse the applicant for the 34 eligible project costs of the remediation.¹

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(cf: P.L.2001, c.22, s.2)

¹[5.] <u>6.</u>¹ Section 24 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.23) is amended to read as follows:

39 24. Prior to July 1, 1997, or [within six months] upon completion 40 of the upgrade of an underground storage tank [being upgraded and 41 the site remediated] as required pursuant to P.L.1986, c.102 42 (C.58:10A-21 et seq.), [whichever is later,] the owner or operator of 43 that underground storage tank shall submit to the department evidence 44 of financial responsibility for taking corrective action and 45 compensating third parties as is required pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-25) or pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.6991 et 46

[2R] SCS for S1948

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seq. The department may require that evidence of financial 1 2 responsibility be submitted prior to the last disbursement of financial 3 assistance from the fund. After a regulated tank is upgraded, the New 4 Jersey Spill Compensation Fund, created pursuant to the "Spill Compensation and Control Act," P.L.1976, c.141 (C.58:10-23.11 et 5 seq.) shall no longer serve as the evidence of financial responsibility 6 7 for the regulated tank. 8 (cf: P.L.1997, c.235, s.24) 9 ¹[6.] <u>7.</u> (New Section) Within 12 months of the effective date 10 of this act, the Department of Environmental Protection shall conduct 11 a public education and information program to inform owners and 12 13 operators of petroleum underground storage tanks of the changes in 14 the eligibility criteria, changes in the grant and loan limits and changes 15 in the application deadlines adopted pursuant to this act. The public 16 education program shall, among other things, inform those owners or 17 operators of regulated tanks that have not closed or upgraded their 18 tanks, and any person whose application for financial assistance from the fund has been denied because of the failure to meet the previous 19 20 application deadline of the changes adopted pursuant to this act. 21 ¹[7.] 8.1 This act shall take effect immediately. 22 23 24 25 26

27 Revises criteria for financing underground storage tank closures, 28 upgrades and remediations.

SENATE, No. 1948

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

210th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED OCTOBER 7, 2002

Sponsored by:

Senator HENRY P. MCNAMARA

District 40 (Bergen, Essex and Passaic)

Senator JOSEPH SULIGA

District 22 (Middlesex, Somerset and Union)

Co-Sponsored by:

Senator Palaia

SYNOPSIS

Revises criteria for financing underground storage tank closures, upgrades and remediations.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 11/26/2002)

1 **AN ACT** concerning underground storage tank financing, and amending and supplementing P.L.1997, c.235.

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4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 7 1. Section 5 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-5) is amended to read 8 as follows:
- 9 5. a. The authority may award financial assistance from the fund to 10 an eligible owner or operator in the form of a loan or a conditional 11 hardship grant as provided in this section. An award of financial 12 assistance, either as a loan or a grant, or a combination of both, may, upon application therefor, be for 100% of the eligible project costs. 13 14 However, a loan that any applicant may receive from the fund for an 15 upgrade, remediation, or closure, or any combination thereof, for any one facility, may not exceed [\$1,000,000] \$2,000,000, except as 16 17 provided below, and a grant that any applicant may receive from the 18 fund for any one facility, may not exceed [\$250,000] \$500,000. A 19 loan that an applicant may receive from the fund for a remediation of 20 a discharge that poses an imminent and significant threat to a drinking 21 water source may not exceed \$3,000,000. The total amount of 22 financial assistance awarded as grants in any one year may not exceed 23 one third of the total amount of financial assistance awarded in that 24 year except that this limitation upon the award of grants shall not
 - March 31, 2004.

 b. A public entity applying for financial assistance from the fund may only be awarded financial assistance in the form of an interest free loan.

apply to financial assistance awarded between January 1, 1999 and

- 30 c. An applicant, other than a public entity, may apply for and 31 receive a conditional hardship grant as provided in paragraph (1) of 32 this subsection, or a loan for an upgrade, closure, or remediation as 33 provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection. Financial assistance 34 awarded an applicant pursuant to this subsection may consist entirely 35 of a conditional hardship grant, a loan for an upgrade, or loan for a closure, or a loan for a remediation, or any combination thereof, 36 37 except that the total amount of the award of financial assistance shall 38 be subject to the per facility dollar limitation enumerated in subsection 39 a. of this section. Notwithstanding any other provision of this 40 subsection to the contrary, no tax exempt, nonprofit organization, 41 corporation, or association shall be awarded a conditional hardship 42 grant pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection.
 - (1) A conditional hardship grant for eligible project costs of an

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

upgrade, closure or remediation shall be awarded by the authority
based upon a finding of eligibility and financial hardship and upon a
finding that the applicant meets the criteria set forth in this act.

[In order to be eligible for a conditional hardship grant, the applicant shall have owned or operated the subject petroleum underground storage tank as of December 1, 1996 and continually thereafter or shall have inherited the property from a person who owned the petroleum underground storage tank as of that date.] No applicant shall be eligible for a conditional hardship grant if the applicant has a taxable income of more than [\$100,000] \$250,000 or a net worth, exclusive of the applicant's primary residence, of over [\$100,000] <u>\$500,000</u>.

A finding of financial hardship by the authority shall be based upon a determination that an applicant cannot reasonably be expected to repay all or a portion of the eligible project costs if the financial assistance were to be awarded as a loan. The amount of an award of a conditional hardship grant shall be the amount of that portion of the eligible project costs the authority determines the applicant cannot reasonably be expected to repay.

In making a finding of financial hardship for an application for the upgrade, closure, or remediation of a petroleum underground storage tank, where the petroleum underground storage tank is a part of the business property of the owner, the authority shall base its finding upon the cash flow of the applicant's business, whether or not any part of the applicant's business is related to the ownership or operation of that petroleum underground storage tank. In making a finding of financial hardship for an application for the upgrade or remediation of a petroleum underground storage tank, where the petroleum underground storage tank is not a part of the business property of the owner, the authority shall base its finding upon the applicant's taxable income in the year prior to the date of the application being submitted.

If the authority awards a conditional hardship grant in combination with a loan pursuant to this subsection, the authority shall release to the applicant the loan monies prior to the release of the conditional hardship grant monies.

Conditional hardship grants awarded to an applicant shall be subject to the lien provisions enumerated in section 16 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.16).

(2) A loan to an eligible owner or operator for the eligible project costs of an upgrade, closure, or remediation shall be awarded by the authority only upon a finding that the applicant other than a public entity is able to repay the amount of the loan.

In making a finding of an applicant's ability to repay a loan for the upgrade, closure, and remediation of a regulated tank, or for the remediation of a discharge from a petroleum underground storage tank, the authority shall base its finding, as applicable, upon the cash

- 1 flow of the applicant's business, the applicant's taxable income and the
- 2 applicant's personal and business assets, except that the authority may
- 3 not consider the applicant's primary residence as collateral, except that
- 4 the authority may consider the applicant's primary residence as
- collateral with the permission of the applicant or where the subject 5
- 6 petroleum underground storage tank or regulated tank is located at the
- 7 primary residence.
- 8 d. The authority shall, where applicable, require an applicant 9 applying for financial assistance from the fund to submit to the 10 authority the financial statements of the applicant's business for three years prior to the date of the application, the most recent interim 11 financial statement for the year of the application, the applicant's
- 12 13 federal income tax returns, or other relevant documentation.
- 14 e. Nothing in this section is intended to alter the priority or criteria
- for awarding financial assistance established pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.4). 16
- 17 f. An eligible owner or operator may only be awarded that amount
- of financial assistance issued as a loan for which the applicant 18
- 19 demonstrates he could not qualify for and obtain as a commercial loan.
- 20 The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to an owner or
- 21 operator or petroleum underground storage tank used to store heating
- 22 oil for onsite consumption in a residential building.
- 23 (cf: P.L.2001, c.22, s.1)

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- 25 2. Section 6 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.6) is amended to 26 read as follows:
- 27 6. An eligible owner or operator seeking financial assistance from
- 28 the fund shall file an application on a form to be developed by the
- 29 authority. The application form shall be submitted with the application
- 30 The application fee per facility for residential petroleum
- 31 underground storage tanks shall be \$250. The authority may establish
- 32 the application fee per facility for nonresidential petroleum
- 33 underground storage tanks.
- 34 The authority shall adopt rules and regulations listing the filing
- requirements for a complete application for financial assistance. If a 35
- financial assistance application is determined to be incomplete by the 36
- authority, an applicant shall have 30 days from the date of receipt of 37
- 38 written notification of incompleteness to file such additional
- 39 information as may be required by the authority for a completed
- 40 application. If an applicant fails to file the additional information
- 41 within the 30 days, the filing date for that application shall be the date
- that such additional information is received by the authority. If the 42 43 additional information is filed within the 30 days and is satisfactory to
- 44 the authority, the filing date for that application shall be the initial date
- 45 of application with the authority. Notwithstanding the above, if a
- completed application has been submitted and the applicant fails to 46
- submit the filing fee, then the filing date for the application shall not 47

be established until the date on which the authority receives the

2 application fee. A change in the filing date resulting from failure to

3 submit a completed application or from failure to submit the

4 application fee in a timely fashion for applications filed for financial

5 assistance for a regulated tank to meet the upgrade or closure

6 requirements pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.6991 et seq. or P.L.1986, c.102

7 (C.58:10A-21 et seq.) or for the remediation of a discharge from any

8 such regulated tank shall not render the application ineligible for

9 financial assistance as long as the initial date of application is prior to

10 [January 1, 1999, or prior to August 31, 1999, as applicable] <u>June 30</u>,

11 2004, or for a regulated tank that is not operational, 18 months from

12 the date of discovery of the tank.

An applicant shall have 120 days from receipt of notice of approval of a financial assistance award to submit to the authority an executed contract for the upgrade, closure, or remediation, or all three, as the case may be, that is consistent with the terms and conditions of the financial assistance approval. Failure to submit an executed contract within the allotted time, without good cause, may result in an alteration of an applicant's priority ranking.

20 (cf: P.L.1999, c.89, s.2)

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- 3. Section 7 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.7) is amended to read as follows:
- 7. a. The authority shall award financial assistance to an owner or operator of a facility only if the facility is properly registered with the department pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-23), where applicable, and if all fees or penalties due and payable on the facility to the department pursuant to P.L.1986, c.102 have either been paid or the nature or the amount of the fee or penalty is being contested in accordance with law.
- b. The authority may deny an application for financial assistance, and any award of financial assistance may be recoverable by the authority, upon a finding that:
- (1) in the case of financial assistance awarded for a remediation, the discharge was proximately caused by the applicant's knowing conduct;
- (2) in the case of financial assistance awarded for a remediation, the discharge was proximately caused or exacerbated by knowing conduct by the applicant with regard to any lawful requirement applicable to petroleum underground storage tanks intended to prevent, or to facilitate the early detection of, the discharge;
- 42 (3) the applicant failed to commence or complete a remediation, 43 closure, or an upgrade for which an award of financial assistance was 44 made within the time required by the department in accordance with 45 the applicable rules and regulations, within the time prescribed in an 46 administrative order, an administrative consent agreement, a 47 memorandum of agreement, or a court order; or

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1 (4) the applicant provided false information or withheld information 2 on a loan or grant application, or other relevant information required 3 to be submitted to the authority, on any matter that would otherwise 4 render the applicant ineligible for financial assistance from the fund, that would alter the priority of the applicant to receive financial 5 6 assistance from the fund, that resulted in the applicant receiving a larger grant or loan award than the applicant would otherwise be 7 8 eligible, or that resulted in payments from the fund in excess of the 9 actual eligible project costs incurred by the applicant or the amount to 10 which the applicant is legally eligible.

Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require the authority to undertake an investigation or make any findings concerning the conduct described in this subsection.

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- 14 c. An application for financial assistance from the fund for an 15 upgrade or closure of a regulated tank shall include all regulated tanks at the facility for which the applicant is seeking financial assistance. 16 17 Once financial assistance for an upgrade[,] or closure [or a 18 remediation] is awarded for a facility, no additional award of financial 19 assistance for upgrade or closure costs may be made for that facility. 20 However, if an applicant discovers while performing upgrade or 21 closure activities that a remediation is necessary at the site of a facility, 22 and if financial assistance was previously awarded for that site only for 23 an upgrade or closure of a regulated tank, the applicant may amend his 24 application and apply for financial assistance for the required 25 remediation subject to the limitations enumerated in section 5 of [this act] P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.5). An application for financial 26 27 assistance for an upgrade or closure of a regulated tank shall be 28 conditioned upon the applicant agreeing to perform, at the time of the upgrade or closure, any remediation necessary as a result of a 29 30 discharge from the regulated tank and commencement of the 31 remediation within the time prescribed and in accordance with the 32 rules and regulations of the department.
- 33 d. Except as provided below, no financial assistance for upgrade 34 or closure shall be awarded for any regulated tank required to meet the upgrade or closure requirements pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.6991 et seq. 35 36 or P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-21 et seq.), or for the remediation of a 37 discharge from any such regulated tank except as provided in 38 subsection c. of this section, unless the application is filed with the 39 authority prior to [January 1, 1999] June 30, 2004 and the application 40 is complete and the application fee is received by [August 1, 1999] 41 <u>December 31, 2004</u>. No financial assistance for upgrade or closure 42 shall be awarded for any underground storage tank with a capacity of 43 over 2,000 gallons used to store heating oil for onsite consumption in 44 a nonresidential building required to be upgraded pursuant to 45 P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-21 et seq.) but not pursuant to 42 U.S.C.s.6991 et seq. or for the remediation of a discharge from any 46 47 such regulated tank except as provided in subsection c. of this section,

- 1 unless the application is filed with the authority prior to [August 31,
- 2 1999] June 30, 2004 and the application is complete and the
- application fee is received by [March 31, 2000] <u>December 31, 2004</u>.
- 4 In the case of a regulated tank that is not operational, financial
- 5 <u>assistance for the closure or the remediation of any discharge</u>
- 6 therefrom may be awarded if the application is filed with the authority
- 7 no more than 18 months after the date of discovery of the existence of
- 8 the regulated tank.
- 9 e. The date of occurrence of a discharge shall not affect eligibility
- 10 for financial assistance from the fund. Except for a preliminary
- 11 assessment or a site investigation performed after the effective date of
- 12 P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.1 et seq.), and except as provided in
- subsections g. and h. of this section, no award of financial assistance
- shall be made from the fund for the otherwise eligible project costs of
- 15 a remediation, closure, or an upgrade, or parts thereof, completed
- prior to an award of financial assistance from the fund.
- 17 f. No financial assistance may be awarded from the fund for the
- 18 remediation of a discharge from a petroleum underground storage tank
- 19 if financial assistance from the Hazardous Discharge Site Remediation
- 20 Fund established pursuant to section 26 of P.L.1993, c.139
- 21 (C.58:10B-4) has previously been made for a remediation at that site
- 22 as a result of a discharge from that petroleum underground storage
- 23 tank. [No financial assistance may be awarded from the fund for the
- 24 remediation of a discharge from a petroleum underground storage tank
- 25 if the discharge began subsequent to the completion of an upgrade of
- that petroleum underground storage tank, which upgrade was intended
- 27 to meet all applicable upgrade regulations of the department, no matter
- when the upgrade was performed.
- 29 g. Notwithstanding any provision of P.L.1997, c.235
- 30 (C.58:10A-37.1 et seq.), where an eligible owner or operator has filed
- 31 an application for financial assistance from the fund, and there are
- 32 either insufficient monies in the fund or the authority has not yet acted
- 33 upon the application or awarded the financial assistance, the eligible
- 34 owner or operator may expend its own funds for the upgrade, closure,
- 35 or remediation, and upon approval of the application, the authority
- 36 shall award the financial assistance as a reimbursement of the monies
- 37 expended for eligible project costs.
- 38 h. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary of P.L.1997,
- 39 c.235 (C.58:10A-37.1 et seq.), if an applicant has expended the
- 40 applicant's own funds on a remediation prior to filing an application
- 41 for financial assistance from the fund for the eligible project costs of
- 42 the remediation, the authority, upon approval of the application, may
- make a grant from the fund pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection c.
- 44 of section 5 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.5) to reimburse the
- 45 eligible owner or operator for the eligible project costs of the
- 46 remediation.
- 47 (cf: P.L.2001, c.22, s.2)

S1948 MCNAMARA, SULIGA

4. (New Section) Within 12 months of the effective date of this act, the Department of Environmental Protection shall conduct a public education and information program to inform owners and operators of petroleum underground storage tanks of the changes in the eligibility criteria, changes in the grant and loan limits and changes in the application deadlines adopted pursuant to this act. The public education program shall, among other things, inform those owners or operators of regulated tanks that have not closed or upgraded their tanks, and any person whose application for financial assistance from the fund has been denied because of the failure to meet the previous application deadline of the changes adopted pursuant to this act.

5. This act shall take effect immediately.

STATEMENT

This bill would revise the criteria for the awarding of grants and loans for the upgrade, closure and remediation of underground storage tanks. The bill would extend the application deadlines for regulated tanks to June 30, 2004. For those regulated tanks that are not operational, the bill would authorize the application for financial assistance for the closure and remediation of those tanks for 18 months after the date of discovery of the tank. The bill would increase the monetary limits for grants and loans. For grants, the bill would authorize a maximum per facility grant of \$500,000. Currently, a grant award may not exceed \$250,000. For loans, the bill would authorize a maximum per facility loan of \$2,000,000. However, in cases where a discharge poses an imminent and significant threat to a drinking water source, the bill would authorize a maximum per facility loan of \$3,000,000. Currently, a loan award may not exceed \$1,000,000.

The bill would increase the income and net worth limitations for grant eligibility to \$250,000 and \$500,000 respectively. Currently, an applicant for a grant must have an annual income or a net worth, excluding the primary residence of under \$100,000. The bill would remove the requirement that an applicant must have owned a regulated tank as of December 1, 1996, and continually thereafter to be eligible for a conditional hardship grant. The bill would authorize financial assistance from the fund for the remediation of a discharge even if the discharge began subsequent to the upgrade of the underground storage tank. Finally, the bill would require the Department of Environmental Protection to perform a public education and information program to inform owners and operators of underground storage tanks about the changes adopted pursuant to this bill.

ASSEMBLY ENVIRONMENT AND SOLID WASTE COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE, No. 1948

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MARCH 6, 2003

The Assembly Environment and Solid Waste Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 1948 (SCS).

Senate Bill No. 1948 (SCS), as amended, would revise the criteria for the awarding of grants and loans for the upgrade, closure and remediation of underground storage tanks. The bill would extend the application deadlines for financial assistance for closure and remediation for regulated tanks to June 30, 2004. Further, the substitute bill would extend the application deadline for financial assistance for the upgrade of those tanks regulated under State law only, that have received an extension of the deadline for compliance with the standards. For those regulated tanks that are not operational, the bill would authorize the application for financial assistance for the closure and remediation of those tanks for 18 months after the date of discovery of the tank, or 18 months from the effective date of the bill, whichever is later.

The bill would increase the monetary limits for grants and loans. For grants, the bill would authorize a maximum per facility grant of \$500,000. Currently, a grant award may not exceed \$250,000. For loans, the bill would authorize a maximum per facility loan of \$2,000,000. However, in cases where a discharge poses a threat to a drinking water source, the bill would authorize a maximum per facility loan of \$3,000,000. In addition, the bill would increase the monetary limits for grants and loans provided to an owner or operator of a facility located within an area designated as a Planning Area 1 (Metropolitan), Planning Area 2 (Suburban), or a designated center as designated pursuant to the "State Planning Act" to a loan in an amount not to exceed \$3,000,000 and a grant in an amount not to exceed \$750,000. Under current law, a loan award may not exceed \$1,000,000.

The bill, as amended, would increase the income and net worth

limitations for grant eligibility to \$200,000 and \$200,000, exclusive of primary residence and pension, respectively. Currently, an applicant for a grant must have an annual income and a net worth, excluding the primary residence of under \$100,000.

The bill would remove the requirement that an applicant must have owned a regulated tank as of December 1, 1996, and continually thereafter to be eligible for a conditional hardship grant. Instead, for regulated tanks, the applicant for financial assistance must have owned the tank as of December 1, 2002 and continually thereafter to qualify for a grant. For tanks that are not regulated, there is no date of ownership requirement to qualify for a grant.

The bill would also authorize grants for independent institutions of higher education, for tax-exempt nonprofit corporations with under 100 paid employees, and for duly incorporated volunteer fire, ambulance, first aid, emergency, or rescue companies or squads.

The bill would remove the cap on the total grant awards as a percentage of the total assistance awarded.

Further, the bill would authorize eligible project costs to include the replacement of a leaking home heating oil tank with an aboveground or underground storage tank.

The bill, as amended, would provide that a grant may be awarded to reimburse an eligible owner or operator for the eligible project costs of the remediation when an applicant has expended the applicant's own funds on a remediation after filing an application for financial assistance from the fund for the eligible project costs of the remediation. Current law provides for such reimbursement of costs expended prior to filing an application.

The bill, as amended, would authorize the authority, upon approval of the application, to make a grant to reimburse an applicant that is an independent institution of higher education that has expended it's own funds on a remediation prior to filing an application for financial assistance from the fund for expenditures for the eligible project costs of the remediation made on or after December 1, 1996 in an amount not to exceed \$500,000 for each institution.

The bill, as amended, would authorize the authority, upon approval of the application, to make a grant to reimburse an applicant that has expended the applicant's own funds on a remediation of a petroleum underground storage tank used to store heating oil for onsite consumption at the applicant's primary residence prior to filing an application for financial assistance from the fund.

The bill would require that upon completion of the upgrade of an underground storage tank, the owner or operator of the tank must submit evidence of financial assurance as required pursuant to State and federal law.

The bill would also authorize the Department of Environmental Protection to require that evidence of financial assurance be submitted prior to the last disbursement of financial assistance from the fund.

Finally, the bill would require the Department of Environmental

Protection to perform a public education and information program to inform owners and operators of underground storage tanks about the changes adopted pursuant to this legislation.

As amended and reported by the committee, this bill is identical to the Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill Nos. 3287 and 3024 as also reported by the committee.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:

Committee amendments to Senate Bill No. 1948 (SCS):

- (1) amend the definition of "eligible owner or operator" to expand the eligibility criteria by increasing the allowable net worth criteria for an owner or operator of a facility located within an area designated as a Planning Area 1 (Metropolitan), Planning Area 2 (Suburban), or a designated center as designated pursuant to the "State Planning Act";
- (2) increase the amount of the loan and grant that may be provided to an owner or operator of a facility located within an area designated as a Planning Area 1 (Metropolitan), Planning Area 2 (Suburban), or a designated center as designated pursuant to the "State Planning Act" to a loan in an amount not to exceed \$3,000,000 and a grant in an amount not to exceed \$750,000;
- (3) amend current law to provide that there shall be a priority for the award of financial assistance when a discharge poses a threat to a drinking water source, rather than an imminent and significant threat as in current law;
- (4) deletes the phrase "imminent and significant threat" to provide that in cases where a discharge poses a threat to a drinking water source, the bill would authorize a maximum per facility loan of \$3,000,000;
- (5) clarify in section 3 of the amended bill that applicants, other than a public entity, may apply for financial assistance for tanks regulated under State law only that received an extension of the deadline for compliance with the upgrade requirements, for upgrade, closure and any associated remediation;
- (6) clarify that the exemption provided to tax exempt, nonprofit organization applies to those nonprofit organizations, corporations, or associations with not more than 100 paid individuals, qualified for exemption from federal taxation pursuant to section 501 (c)(3) of the federal Internal Revenue Code;
- (7) amend the income and net worth limitations for grant eligibility from \$250,000 and \$500,000 (exclusive of the applicant's primary residence) respectively to \$200,000 and \$200,000 exclusive of the applicant's primary residence and pension;
- (8) clarify that tanks regulated under State law only that received an extension of the deadline for compliance with the upgrade requirement may apply for financial assistance for upgrades and any associated remediation as long as the application is filed with prior to June 30, 2004 and the application is complete and the application fee is received by December 31, 2004.

- (9) provide that the authority may make a grant to reimburse an eligible owner or operator for the eligible project costs of the remediation when an applicant has expended the applicant's own funds on a remediation after filing an application for financial assistance from the fund for the eligible project costs of the remediation;
- (10) add that the authority, upon approval of the application, may make a grant to reimburse an applicant that is an independent institution of higher education that has expended it's own funds on a remediation prior to filing an application for financial assistance from the fund for expenditures for the eligible project costs of the remediation made on or after December 1, 1996 in an amount not to exceed \$500,000 for each institution;
- (11) add that the authority, upon approval of the application, may make a grant to reimburse an applicant that has expended the applicant's own funds on a remediation of a petroleum underground storage tank used to store heating oil for onsite consumption at the applicant's primary residence prior to filing an application for financial assistance from the fund; and
 - (12) make technical and clarifying amendments to the substitute.

ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint]

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE, No. 1948

with Assembly committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 5, 2003

The Assembly Appropriations Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 1948, with committee amendments.

Senate Bill No. 1948 (SCS/1R), as amended, revises the criteria for the awarding of grants and loans for the upgrade, closure and remediation of underground storage tanks. The bill extends the application deadlines for financial assistance for closure and remediation for regulated tanks to June 30, 2005. Further, the bill extends the application deadline for financial assistance for the upgrade of those tanks regulated under State law only, that have received an extension of the deadline for compliance with the standards. For those regulated tanks that are not operational, the bill authorizes the application for financial assistance for the closure and remediation of those tanks for 18 months after the date of discovery of the tank, or 18 months from the effective date of the bill, whichever is later.

The bill increases the monetary limits for grants and loans. For grants, the bill authorizes a maximum per-facility grant of \$500,000. Currently, a grant award may not exceed \$250,000. For loans, the bill authorizes a maximum per facility loan of \$2,000,000. However, in cases where a discharge poses a threat to a drinking water source, the bill authorized a maximum per-facility loan of \$3,000,000. The bill amends current law to provide that there shall be a priority for the award of financial assistance when a discharge poses a threat to a drinking water source, rather than an "imminent and significant" threat, as in current law. The bill increases the monetary limits for grants and loans provided to an owner or operator of a facility located within an area designated as a Planning Area 1 (Metropolitan), Planning Area 2 (Suburban), or a designated center as designated pursuant to the "State Planning Act" to a loan in an amount not to exceed \$3,000,000 and a grant in an amount not to exceed \$750,000.

Under current law, a loan award may not exceed \$1,000,000.

The bill increases the income and net worth limitations for grant eligibility to \$200,000 and \$200,000, exclusive of primary residence and pension, respectively. Currently, an applicant for a grant must have an annual income and a net worth, excluding the primary residence, of under \$100,000.

The bill deletes the requirement that an applicant must have owned a regulated tank as of December 1, 1996, and continually thereafter to be eligible for a conditional hardship grant. Instead, for regulated tanks, the applicant for financial assistance must have owned the tank as of December 1, 2002 and continually thereafter to qualify for a grant. For tanks that are not regulated, there is no date of ownership requirement to qualify for a grant.

The bill authorizes grants for independent institutions of higher education, for tax-exempt nonprofit corporations with under 100 paid employees, and for duly incorporated volunteer fire, ambulance, first aid, emergency, or rescue companies or squads.

The bill deletes the cap on the total grant awards as a percentage of the total assistance awarded.

The bill authorizes eligible project costs to include the replacement of a leaking home heating oil tank with an above-ground or underground storage tank.

The bill provides that a grant may be awarded to reimburse an eligible owner or operator for the eligible project costs of the remediation when an applicant has expended the applicant's own funds on a remediation after filing an application for financial assistance from the fund for the eligible project costs of the remediation. Current law provides for such reimbursement of costs expended prior to filing an application.

The bill authorizes the authority, upon approval of the application, to make a grant to reimburse an applicant that is an independent institution of higher education that has expended its own funds on a remediation prior to filing an application for financial assistance from the fund for expenditures for the eligible project costs of the remediation made on or after December 1, 1996 in an amount not to exceed \$500,000 for each institution.

The bill authorizes the authority, upon approval of the application, to make a grant to reimburse an applicant that has expended the applicant's own funds on a remediation of a petroleum underground storage tank used to store heating oil for onsite consumption at the applicant's primary residence prior to filing an application for financial assistance from the fund.

The bill requires that upon completion of the upgrade of an underground storage tank, the owner or operator of the tank must submit evidence of financial assurance as required pursuant to State and federal law.

The bill authorizes the Department of Environmental Protection to require that evidence of financial assurance be submitted prior to the last disbursement of financial assistance from the fund.

Finally, the bill requires the Department of Environmental Protection to perform a public education and information program to inform owners and operators of underground storage tanks about the changes adopted pursuant to this legislation.

As amended and reported by the committee, this bill is identical to Assembly Bill No. 3287/3024 (ACS) as also amended and reported by the committee.

FISCAL IMPACT:

Article VIII, Section II, paragraph 6 of the New Jersey Constitution dedicates 4% of the revenue annually derived from the Corporation Business Tax to environmental purposes, and through calendar year 2008 the constitution requires a minimum of one-third of that amount to be appropriated for providing funding, including the provision of loans or grants, for the upgrade, replacement, or closure of underground storage tanks that store or were used to store hazardous substances, and for the costs of remediating any discharge from those tanks.

The New Jersey Economic Development Authority reviewed the underground storage tank financing fund and as of December 31, 2002, estimated funds available for future projects at \$83.7 million.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:

The amendments extend the application deadlines for financial assistance for closure and remediation for regulated tanks to June 30, 2005, instead of June 30, 2004, and extend the deadline for receipt of the application fee to December 31, 2005 instead of December 31, 2004.

SENATE ENVIRONMENT COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE, No. 1948

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 12, 2002

The Senate Environment Committee reports favorably a Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 1948.

The substitute bill would revise the criteria for the awarding of grants and loans for the upgrade, closure and remediation of underground storage tanks. The substitute bill would extend the application deadlines for financial assistance for closure and remediation for regulated tanks to June 30, 2004. For those regulated tanks that are not operational, the substitute bill would authorize the application for financial assistance for the closure and remediation of those tanks for 18 months after the date of discovery of the tank, or 18 months from the effective date of the substitute bill, whichever is later.

The substitute bill would increase the monetary limits for grants and loans. For grants, the substitute bill would authorize a maximum per facility grant of \$500,000. Currently, a grant award may not exceed \$250,000. For loans, the substitute bill would authorize a maximum per facility loan of \$2,000,000. However, in cases where a discharge poses an imminent and significant threat to a drinking water source, the substitute bill would authorize a maximum per facility loan of \$3,000,000. Under current law, a loan award may not exceed \$1,000,000.

The substitute bill would increase the income and net worth limitations for grant eligibility to \$250,000 and \$500,000 respectively. Currently, an applicant for a grant must have an annual income or a net worth, excluding the primary residence of under \$100,000.

The substitute bill would remove the requirement that an applicant must have owned a regulated tank as of December 1, 1996, and continually thereafter to be eligible for a conditional hardship grant. Instead, for regulated tanks, the applicant for financial assistance must have owned the tank as of December 1, 2002 and continually thereafter to qualify for a grant. For tanks that are not regulated, there is no date of ownership requirement to qualify for a grant.

The substitute bill would also authorize grants for independent institutions of higher education, for tax-exempt nonprofit corporations with under 100 paid employees, and for duly incorporated volunteer

fire, ambulance, first aid, emergency, or rescue companies or squads.

The substitute bill would remove the cap on the total grant awards as a percentage of the total assistance awarded.

Further, the substitute bill would authorize eligible project costs to include the replacement of a leaking home heating oil tank with an above-ground or underground storage tank.

The substitute bill would require that upon completion of the upgrade of an underground storage tank, the owner or operator of the tank must submit evidence of financial assurance as required pursuant to State and federal law.

The substitute bill would also authorize the Department of Environmental Protection to require that evidence of financial assurance be submitted prior to the last disbursement of financial assistance from the fund.

Finally, the substitute bill would require the Department of Environmental Protection to perform a public education and information program to inform owners and operators of underground storage tanks about the changes adopted pursuant to this legislation.

SENATE BUDGET AND APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE, No. 1948

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 12, 2002

The Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 1948 (SCS).

The substitute bill would revise the criteria for the awarding of grants and loans for the upgrade, closure and remediation of underground storage tanks. The substitute bill would extend the application deadlines for financial assistance for closure and remediation for regulated tanks to June 30, 2004. For those regulated tanks that are not operational, the substitute bill would authorize the application for financial assistance for the closure and remediation of those tanks for 18 months after the date of discovery of the tank, or 18 months from the effective date of the substitute bill, whichever is later.

The substitute bill would increase the monetary limits for grants and loans. For grants, the substitute bill would authorize a maximum per facility grant of \$500,000. Currently, a grant award may not exceed \$250,000. For loans, the substitute bill would authorize a maximum per facility loan of \$2,000,000. However, in cases where a discharge poses an imminent and significant threat to a drinking water source, the substitute bill would authorize a maximum per facility loan of \$3,000,000. Under current law, a loan award may not exceed \$1,000,000.

The substitute bill would increase the income and net worth limitations for grant eligibility to \$250,000 and \$500,000 respectively. Currently, an applicant for a grant must have an annual income or a net worth, excluding the primary residence, of under \$100,000.

The substitute bill would remove the requirement that an applicant must have owned a regulated tank as of December 1, 1996, and continually thereafter to be eligible for a conditional hardship grant. Instead, for regulated tanks, the applicant for financial assistance must have owned the tank as of December 1, 2002 and continually thereafter to qualify for a grant. For tanks that are not regulated, there is no date of ownership requirement to qualify for a grant.

The substitute bill would also authorize grants for independent institutions of higher education, for tax-exempt nonprofit corporations with under 100 paid employees, and for duly incorporated volunteer

fire, ambulance, first aid, emergency, or rescue companies or squads.

The substitute bill would remove the cap on the total grant awards as a percentage of the total assistance awarded.

Further, the substitute bill would authorize eligible project costs to include the replacement of a leaking home heating oil tank with an above-ground or underground storage tank.

The substitute bill would require that upon completion of the upgrade of an underground storage tank, the owner or operator of the tank must submit evidence of financial assurance as required pursuant to State and federal law.

The substitute bill would also authorize the Department of Environmental Protection to require that evidence of financial assurance be submitted prior to the last disbursement of financial assistance from the fund.

Finally, the substitute bill would require the Department of Environmental Protection to perform a public education and information program to inform owners and operators of underground storage tanks about the changes adopted pursuant to this legislation.

FISCAL IMPACT

This bill has not been certified as having a fiscal impact.

ASSEMBLY, No. 3287

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 210th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 4, 2003

Sponsored by: Assemblyman REED GUSCIORA District 15 (Mercer)

SYNOPSIS

Revises criteria for financing underground storage tank closures, upgrades and remediations.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



AN ACT concerning underground storage tank financing, and amending and supplementing P.L.1997, c.235.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. Section 2 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.2) is amended to 8 read as follows:
 - 2. As used in this act:

"Applicant" means a person who files an application for financial assistance from the Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Remediation, Upgrade, and Closure Fund for payment of eligible project costs of a remediation due to a discharge of petroleum from a petroleum underground storage tank and for payment of eligible project costs of an upgrade or closure of a regulated tank;

"Authority" means the New Jersey Economic Development Authority established pursuant to P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-1 et seq.);

"Closure" means the proper closure or removal of a petroleum underground storage tank necessary to meet all regulatory requirements of federal, State, or local law;

21 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Environmental 22 Protection;

"Department" means the Department of Environmental Protection;

"Discharge" means the intentional or unintentional release by any means of petroleum from a petroleum underground storage tank into the environment;

"Eligible owner or operator" means (1) any owner or operator other than the owner or operator of a petroleum underground storage tank storing heating oil for onsite consumption in a residential building who owns or operates less than 10 petroleum underground storage tanks in New Jersey, who has a net worth of less than \$2,000,000 and who demonstrates to the satisfaction of the authority, the inability to qualify for and obtain a commercial loan for all or part of the eligible project costs, (2) the owner or operator of a petroleum underground storage tank storing heating oil for onsite consumption in a residential building, [or] (3) a public entity who owns or operates a petroleum underground storage tank in New Jersey, or (4) an independent institution of higher education that owns or operates a petroleum underground storage tank;

"Eligible project costs" means the reasonable costs for equipment, work or services required to effectuate a remediation, an upgrade, or a closure which equipment, work or services are eligible for payment from the Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Remediation,

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Upgrade, and Closure Fund. In the case of an upgrade or closure of 1 2 a regulated tank, eligible project costs shall be limited to the cost of 3 the minimal effective system necessary to meet all the regulatory 4 requirements of federal and State law. The limitation of eligible project costs to the minimal effective system shall not be construed to 5 6 deem ineligible those project costs expended to replace a regulated tank rather than to improve the regulated tank. An owner or operator 7 8 may perform an upgrade or a closure beyond the minimal effective 9 system in which case the eligible project costs that may be awarded 10 from the fund as financial assistance shall be that amount that would represent the cost of a minimal effective system. In the case of a 11 12 remediation of a petroleum underground storage tank used to store 13 heating oil for onsite consumption in a residential building, eligible 14 project costs shall include the cost to replace a leaking tank with an 15 above-ground or underground storage tank. In the case of a 16 remediation, eligible project costs shall not include the cost to 17 remediate a site to meet residential soil remediation standards if the 18 local zoning ordinances adopted pursuant to the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.) does not allow for 19 20 residential use. Eligible project costs shall include the cost of a 21 preliminary assessment and site investigation, even if performed prior 22 to the award of financial assistance from the fund if the preliminary 23 assessment and site investigation were performed after the effective 24 date of P.L.1997, c.235[. Eligible project costs shall not include the 25 costs of any remediation performed at a site where the petroleum 26 underground storage tank was removed prior to December 1, 1996]; 27 "Facility" means one or more operational or nonoperational 28 petroleum underground storage tanks under single ownership at a 29 common site; 30

"Financial assistance" means a grant or loan or a combination of both that may be awarded by the authority from the fund to an eligible owner or operator as provided in section 5 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.5);

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"Independent institution of higher education" means those institutions of higher education incorporated and located in this State, which, by virtue of law or character or license, are nonprofit educational institutions empowered to grant academic degrees and which provide a level of education which is equivalent to the education provided by the State's public institutions of higher education as attested by the receipt of and continuation of regional accreditation by the Middle States Association of Colleges and Schools, and which are eligible to receive State aid under the provisions of the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of New Jersey. "Independent institution of higher education" does not include any educational institution dedicated primarily to the preparation or training of ministers, priests, rabbis, or other professional persons in

1 the field of religion;

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- "Operator" means any person in control of, or having responsibility
 for, the daily operation of a facility;
 - "Owner" means any person who owns a facility;
- "Person" means any individual, partnership, corporation, society,
 association, consortium, joint venture, commercial entity, or public
 entity, but does not include the State or any of its departments,
 agencies or authorities;
- 9 "Petroleum" means all hydrocarbons which are liquid at one 10 atmosphere pressure (760 millimeters or 29.92 inches Hg) and temperatures between -20 F and 120 F (-29 C and 49 C), and all 11 12 hydrocarbons which are discharged in a liquid state at or nearly at 13 atmospheric pressure at temperatures in excess of 120 F (49 C) 14 including, but not limited to, gasoline, kerosene, fuel oil, oil sludge, oil 15 refuse, oil mixed with other wastes, crude oil, and purified hydrocarbons that have been refined, re-refined, or otherwise 16 17 processed for the purpose of being burned as a fuel to produce heat or usable energy or which is suitable for use as a motor fuel or lubricant 18 19 in the operation or maintenance of an engine;
 - "Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Remediation, Upgrade and Closure Fund" or "fund" means the fund established pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.3);
 - "Petroleum underground storage tank" means a tank of any size, including appurtenant pipes, lines, fixtures, and other related equipment, that normally and primarily stores petroleum, the volume of which, including the volume of the appurtenant pipes, lines, fixtures and other related equipment, is 10% or more below the ground. "Petroleum underground storage tank" does not include:
- 29 (1) Septic tanks installed or regulated pursuant to regulations 30 adopted by the department pursuant to "The Realty Improvement 31 Sewerage and Facilities Act (1954)," P.L.1954, c.199 (C.58:11-23 et 32 seq.) or the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 33 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.);
- 34 (2) Pipelines, including gathering lines, regulated under 49 U.S.C. s.60101 et seq., or intrastate pipelines regulated under State law;
- 36 (3) Surface impoundments, pits, ponds, or lagoons, operated in or regulated pursuant to regulations adopted by the department pursuant to the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.);
- 40 (4) Storm water or wastewater collection systems operated or 41 regulated pursuant to regulations adopted by the department pursuant 42 to the "Water Pollution Control Act";
- 43 (5) Liquid traps or associated gathering lines directly related to oil 44 or gas production and gathering operations;
- 45 (6) Tanks situated in an underground area, including, but not 46 limited to, basements, cellars, mines, drift shafts, or tunnels, if the

storage tank is situated upon or above the surface of the floor, or storage tanks located below the surface of the ground which are equipped with secondary containment and are uncovered so as to allow visual inspection of the exterior of the tank; and

(7) Any pipes, lines, fixtures, or other equipment connected to any tank exempted from the provisions of this definition pursuant to paragraphs (1) through (6) above;

"Public entity" means any county, municipality, or public school district, but shall not include any authority created by those entities;

"Regulated tank" means a petroleum underground storage tank that is required to be upgraded pursuant to P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-21 et seq.) or 42 U.S.C. s.6991 et seq.;

"Remediation" means all necessary actions to investigate and clean up any known, suspected, or threatened discharge of petroleum, including, as necessary, the preliminary assessment, site investigation, remedial investigation, and remedial action, as those terms are defined in section 23 of P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-1);

"Upgrade" means the replacement of a regulated tank, the installation of secondary containment, monitoring systems, release detection systems, corrosion protection, spill prevention, or overfill prevention therefor, or any other necessary improvement to the regulated tank in order to meet the standards for regulated tanks adopted pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-25) and 42 U.S.C. s.6991 et seq.

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(cf: P.L.1997, c.235, s.2)

- 2. Section 5 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.5) is amended to read as follows:
- 29 5. a. The authority may award financial assistance from the fund to 30 an eligible owner or operator in the form of a loan or a conditional 31 hardship grant as provided in this section. An award of financial 32 assistance, either as a loan or a grant, or a combination of both, may, 33 upon application therefor, be for 100% of the eligible project costs. 34 However, a loan that any applicant may receive from the fund for an upgrade, remediation, or closure, or any combination thereof, for any 35 36 one facility, may not exceed [\$1,000,000] \$2,000,000, except as 37 provided below, and a grant that any applicant may receive from the 38 fund for any one facility, may not exceed [\$250,000. The total amount 39 of financial assistance awarded as grants in any one year may not 40 exceed one third of the total amount of financial assistance awarded in that year except that this limitation upon the award of grants shall 41 42 not apply to financial assistance awarded between January 1, 1999 and 43 March 31, 2004] \$500,000. A loan that an applicant may receive from 44 the fund for a remediation of a discharge that poses an imminent and

significant threat to a drinking water source may not exceed

b. A public entity applying for financial assistance from the fund
 may only be awarded financial assistance in the form of an interest free
 loan.

c. An applicant, other than a public entity, may apply for and receive a conditional hardship grant as provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection, or a loan for an upgrade [,] for any underground storage tank with a capacity of over 2,000 gallons used to store heating oil for onsite consumption in a nonresidential building that has received an extension pursuant to subsection b. of section 9 of <u>P.L.1986</u>, c.102 (C.58:10A-29), the closure[,] or remediation as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection. Financial assistance awarded an applicant pursuant to this subsection may consist entirely of a conditional hardship grant, a [loan for an upgrade, or] loan for a closure, or a loan for a remediation, or any combination thereof, except that the total amount of the award of financial assistance shall be subject to the per facility dollar limitation enumerated in subsection a. of this section. Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection to the contrary, no tax exempt, nonprofit organization, corporation, or association shall be awarded a conditional hardship grant pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection, provided that a tax exempt, nonprofit organization, corporation, or association with not more than 100 paid individuals, or a duly incorporated volunteer fire, ambulance, first aid, emergency, or rescue company or squad, may be awarded a conditional hardship grant pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection.

(1) A conditional hardship grant for eligible project costs of an upgrade, closure or remediation shall be awarded by the authority based upon a finding of eligibility and financial hardship and upon a finding that the applicant meets the criteria set forth in this act.

In order to be eligible for a conditional hardship grant for closure or upgrade, in the case of a regulated tank, the applicant shall have owned or operated the subject [petroleum underground storage] regulated tank as of [December 1, 1996] December 1, 2002 and continually thereafter or shall have inherited the property from a person who owned the [petroleum underground storage] regulated tank as of that date. In order to be eligible for a conditional hardship grant for remediation, in the case of a regulated tank, the applicant shall have owned or operated the subject regulated tank at the time of tank closure. No applicant shall be eligible for a conditional hardship grant if the applicant has a taxable income of more than [\$100,000] \$250,000 or a net worth, exclusive of the applicant's primary residence, of over [\$100,000] \$500,000.

Notwithstanding the eligibility requirements for net worth and income, an independent institution of higher education, a tax exempt, nonprofit organization, corporation, or association with not more than 100 paid individuals, or a duly incorporated volunteer fire, ambulance,

first aid, emergency, or rescue company or squad shall be eligible for
 a conditional hardship grant for eligible project costs of a closure or
 remediation of a petroleum underground storage tank.

A finding of financial hardship by the authority shall be based upon a determination that an applicant cannot reasonably be expected to repay all or a portion of the eligible project costs if the financial assistance were to be awarded as a loan. The amount of an award of a conditional hardship grant shall be the amount of that portion of the eligible project costs the authority determines the applicant cannot reasonably be expected to repay.

In making a finding of financial hardship for an application for the upgrade, closure, or remediation of a petroleum underground storage tank, where the petroleum underground storage tank is a part of the business property of the owner, the authority shall base its finding upon the cash flow of the applicant's business, whether or not any part of the applicant's business is related to the ownership or operation of that petroleum underground storage tank. In making a finding of financial hardship for an application for the upgrade or remediation of a petroleum underground storage tank, where the petroleum underground storage tank is not a part of the business property of the owner, the authority shall base its finding upon the applicant's taxable income in the year prior to the date of the application being submitted.

If the authority awards a conditional hardship grant in combination with a loan pursuant to this subsection, the authority shall release to the applicant the loan monies prior to the release of the conditional hardship grant monies.

Conditional hardship grants awarded to an applicant shall be subject to the lien provisions enumerated in section 16 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.16).

(2) A loan to an eligible owner or operator for the eligible project costs of an upgrade, closure, or remediation shall be awarded by the authority only upon a finding that the applicant other than a public entity is able to repay the amount of the loan.

In making a finding of an applicant's ability to repay a loan for the upgrade, closure, and remediation of a regulated tank, or for the remediation of a discharge from a petroleum underground storage tank, the authority shall base its finding, as applicable, upon the cash flow of the applicant's business, the applicant's taxable income and the applicant's personal and business assets, except that the authority may not consider the applicant's primary residence as collateral, except that the authority may consider the applicant's primary residence as collateral with the permission of the applicant or where the subject petroleum underground storage tank or regulated tank is located at the primary residence.

d. The authority shall, where applicable, require an applicant applying for financial assistance from the fund to submit to the

1 authority the financial statements of the applicant's business for three 2 years prior to the date of the application, the most recent interim 3 financial statement for the year of the application, the applicant's 4 federal income tax returns, or other relevant documentation.

- e. Nothing in this section is intended to alter the priority or criteria for awarding financial assistance established pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.4).
- 8 f. An eligible owner or operator may only be awarded that amount 9 of financial assistance issued as a loan for which the applicant 10 demonstrates he could not qualify for and obtain as a commercial loan. 11 The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to an owner or 12 operator or petroleum underground storage tank used to store heating oil for onsite consumption in a residential building, to an independent 13 14 institution of higher education, or to a duly incorporated volunteer 15 fire, ambulance, first aid, emergency, or rescue company or squad.

(cf: P.L.2001, c.22, s.1) 16

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- 3. Section 6 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.6) is amended to read as follows:
- 6. An eligible owner or operator seeking financial assistance from the fund shall file an application on a form to be developed by the authority. The application form shall be submitted with the application The application fee per facility for residential petroleum underground storage tanks shall be \$250. The authority may establish the application fee per facility for nonresidential petroleum underground storage tanks.

The authority shall adopt rules and regulations listing the filing requirements for a complete application for financial assistance. If a financial assistance application is determined to be incomplete by the authority, an applicant shall have 30 days from the date of receipt of written notification of incompleteness to file such additional information as may be required by the authority for a completed application. If an applicant fails to file the additional information within the 30 days, the filing date for that application shall be the date that such additional information is received by the authority. If the additional information is filed within the 30 days and is satisfactory to the authority, the filing date for that application shall be the initial date of application with the authority. Notwithstanding the above, if a completed application has been submitted and the applicant fails to submit the filing fee, then the filing date for the application shall not be established until the date on which the authority receives the application fee. A change in the filing date resulting from failure to submit a completed application or from failure to submit the 44 application fee in a timely fashion for applications filed for financial assistance for a regulated tank to meet the upgrade or closure requirements pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.6991 et seq. or P.L.1986, c.102 46

- 1 (C.58:10A-21 et seq.) or for the remediation of a discharge from any
- 2 such regulated tank shall not render the application ineligible for
- 3 financial assistance as long as the initial date of application is prior to
- 4 [January 1, 1999, or prior to August 31, 1999, as applicable] <u>June 30</u>,
- 5 2004, or for a regulated tank that is not operational, 18 months from
- 6 the date of discovery of the tank or 18 months from the effective date
- 7 of P.L., c. (C.) (now in the Legislature as this bill),
- 8 <u>whichever is later</u>.
- An applicant shall have 120 days from receipt of notice of approval of a financial assistance award to submit to the authority an executed contract for the upgrade, closure, or remediation, or all three, as the case may be, that is consistent with the terms and conditions of the financial assistance approval. Failure to submit an executed contract within the allotted time, without good cause, may result in an alteration of an applicant's priority ranking.

16 (cf: P.L.1999, c.89, s.2)

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- 4. Section 7 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.7) is amended to read as follows:
- 7. a. The authority shall award financial assistance to an owner or operator of a facility only if the facility is properly registered with the department pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-23), where applicable, and if all fees or penalties due and payable on the facility to the department pursuant to P.L.1986, c.102 have either been paid or the nature or the amount of the fee or penalty is being contested in accordance with law.
- b. The authority may deny an application for financial assistance, and any award of financial assistance may be recoverable by the authority, upon a finding that:
- (1) in the case of financial assistance awarded for a remediation, the discharge was proximately caused by the applicant's knowing conduct;
- (2) in the case of financial assistance awarded for a remediation, the discharge was proximately caused or exacerbated by knowing conduct by the applicant with regard to any lawful requirement applicable to petroleum underground storage tanks intended to prevent, or to facilitate the early detection of, the discharge;
- (3) the applicant failed to commence or complete a remediation, closure, or an upgrade for which an award of financial assistance was made within the time required by the department in accordance with the applicable rules and regulations, within the time prescribed in an administrative order, an administrative consent agreement, a memorandum of agreement, or a court order; or
- (4) the applicant provided false information or withheld information
 on a loan or grant application, or other relevant information required
 to be submitted to the authority, on any matter that would otherwise

1 render the applicant ineligible for financial assistance from the fund,

- 2 that would alter the priority of the applicant to receive financial
- 3 assistance from the fund, that resulted in the applicant receiving a
- 4 larger grant or loan award than the applicant would otherwise be
- 5 eligible, or that resulted in payments from the fund in excess of the
- 6 actual eligible project costs incurred by the applicant or the amount to
- 7 which the applicant is legally eligible.

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Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require the authority to undertake an investigation or make any findings concerning the conduct described in this subsection.

- c. An application for financial assistance from the fund for an upgrade or closure of a regulated tank shall include all regulated tanks at the facility for which the applicant is seeking financial assistance.
- 14 Once financial assistance for an upgrade[,] or closure [or a
- 15 remediation] is awarded for a facility, no additional award of financial
- assistance for upgrade or closure costs may be made for that facility.
- 17 However, if an applicant discovers while performing upgrade or
- 18 closure activities that a remediation is necessary at the site of a facility,
- 19 and if financial assistance was previously awarded for that site only for
- an upgrade or closure of a regulated tank, the applicant may amend his
- 21 application and apply for financial assistance for the required
- 22 remediation subject to the limitations enumerated in section 5 of [this
- 23 act] P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.5). An application for financial
- 24 assistance for an upgrade or closure of a regulated tank shall be
- 25 conditioned upon the applicant agreeing to perform, at the time of the
- 26 upgrade or closure, any remediation necessary as a result of a
- 27 discharge from the regulated tank and commencement of the
- 28 remediation within the time prescribed and in accordance with the
- 29 rules and regulations of the department.
 - d. Except as provided below, no financial assistance for upgrade [or closure] shall be awarded for any regulated tank required to meet the upgrade or closure requirements pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.6991 et seq. or P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-21 et seq.), [or for the remediation of a discharge from any such regulated tank except as provided in subsection c. of this section,] unless the application is filed with the authority prior to January 1, 1999 and the application is complete and the application fee is received by August 1, 1999. No financial assistance for upgrade [or closure] shall be awarded for any underground storage tank with a capacity of over 2,000 gallons used to store heating oil for onsite consumption in a nonresidential building required to be upgraded pursuant to P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-21 et seq.) but not pursuant to 42 U.S.C.s.6991 et seq. [or for the remediation of a discharge from any such regulated tank except as provided in subsection c. of this section], unless the application is filed

with the authority prior to August 31, 1999 and the application is

- 1 complete and the application fee is received by March 31, 2000.
- 2 No financial assistance for closure shall be awarded for any regulated
- 3 tank required to meet the upgrade or closure requirements pursuant to
- 4 42 U.S.C. s.6991 et seq. or P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-21 et seq.), or
- 5 for the remediation of a discharge from any such regulated tank except
- 6 as provided in subsection c. of this section, unless the application is
- filed with the authority prior to June 30, 2004 and the application is 7
- 8 complete and the application fee is received by December 31, 2004.
- 9 No financial assistance for upgrade or closure shall be awarded for any
- 10 underground storage tank with a capacity of over 2,000 gallons used
- 11 to store heating oil for onsite consumption in a nonresidential building
- 12 required to be upgraded pursuant to P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-21 et
- 13 seq.) but not pursuant to 42 U.S.C.s.6991 et seq. or for the
- 14 remediation of a discharge from any such regulated tank except as
- 15 provided in subsection c. of this section, unless the application is filed
- 16 with the authority prior to June 30, 2004 and the application is
- 17 complete and the application fee is received by December 31, 2004.
- 18 In the case of a regulated tank that is not operational, financial
- 19 assistance for the closure or the remediation of any discharge
- 20 therefrom may be awarded if the application is filed with the authority
- 21 no more than 18 months after the date of discovery of the existence of
- 22 the regulated tank, or 18 months from the effective date of P.L., c.
- 23) (now in the Legislature as this bill), whichever is later. e. The date of occurrence of a discharge shall not affect eligibility 24
- 25 for financial assistance from the fund. Except for a preliminary
- 26 assessment or a site investigation performed after the effective date of
- 27 P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.1 et seq.), and except as provided in
- 28 subsections g. and h. of this section, no award of financial assistance
- 29 shall be made from the fund for the otherwise eligible project costs of
- 30 a remediation, closure, or an upgrade, or parts thereof, completed
- 31 prior to an award of financial assistance from the fund.
- 32 f. No financial assistance may be awarded from the fund for the
- 33 remediation of a discharge from a petroleum underground storage tank
- 34 if financial assistance from the Hazardous Discharge Site Remediation
- Fund established pursuant to section 26 of P.L.1993, c.139 35 (C.58:10B-4) has previously been made for a remediation at that site 36
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- as a result of a discharge from that petroleum underground storage 38 tank. No financial assistance may be awarded from the fund for the
- 39 remediation of a discharge from a petroleum underground storage tank
- 40 if the discharge began subsequent to the completion of an upgrade of
- 41 that petroleum underground storage tank, which upgrade was intended
- 42 to meet all applicable upgrade regulations of the department, no matter
- 43 when the upgrade was performed.
- 44 Notwithstanding any provision of P.L.1997, c.235
- 45 (C.58:10A-37.1 et seq.), where an eligible owner or operator has filed
- 46 an application for financial assistance from the fund, and there are

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either insufficient monies in the fund or the authority has not yet acted upon the application or awarded the financial assistance, the eligible owner or operator may expend its own funds for the upgrade, closure, or remediation, and upon approval of the application, the authority shall award the financial assistance as a reimbursement of the monies expended for eligible project costs.

7 h. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary of P.L.1997, 8 c.235 (C.58:10A-37.1 et seq.), if an applicant has expended the 9 applicant's own funds on a remediation prior to filing an application 10 for financial assistance from the fund for the eligible project costs of 11 the remediation, the authority, upon approval of the application, may 12 make a grant from the fund pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection c. 13 of section 5 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.5) to reimburse the 14 eligible owner or operator for the eligible project costs of the 15 remediation.

16 (cf: P.L.2001, c.22, s.2)

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5. Section 24 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.23) is amended to read as follows:

20 24. Prior to July 1, 1997, or [within six months] upon completion 21 of the upgrade of an underground storage tank [being upgraded and 22 the site remediated] as required pursuant to P.L.1986, c.102 23 (C.58:10A-21 et seq.), [whichever is later,] the owner or operator of 24 that underground storage tank shall submit to the department evidence 25 of financial responsibility for taking corrective action and 26 compensating third parties as is required pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-25) or pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.6991 et 27 28 seq. The department may require that evidence of financial 29 responsibility be submitted prior to the last disbursement of financial 30 assistance from the fund. After a regulated tank is upgraded, the New 31 Jersey Spill Compensation Fund, created pursuant to the "Spill 32 Compensation and Control Act," P.L.1976, c.141 (C.58:10-23.11 et 33 seq.) shall no longer serve as the evidence of financial responsibility 34 for the regulated tank.

of the regulated tank.

35 (cf: P.L.1997, c.235, s.24)

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37 6. (New Section) Within 12 months of the effective date of this 38 act, the Department of Environmental Protection shall conduct a 39 public education and information program to inform owners and 40 operators of petroleum underground storage tanks of the changes in 41 the eligibility criteria, changes in the grant and loan limits and changes 42 in the application deadlines adopted pursuant to this act. The public 43 education program shall, among other things, inform those owners or 44 operators of regulated tanks that have not closed or upgraded their 45 tanks, and any person whose application for financial assistance from the fund has been denied because of the failure to meet the previous 46

1 application deadline of the changes adopted pursuant to this act. 2 7. This act shall take effect immediately. 3 4 5 **STATEMENT** 6 7 8 This bill would revise the criteria for the awarding of grants and 9 loans for the upgrade, closure and remediation of underground storage tanks. The bill would extend the application deadlines for financial 10 11 assistance for closure and remediation for regulated tanks to June 30, 12 2004. For those regulated tanks that are not operational, the bill 13 would authorize the application for financial assistance for the closure 14 and remediation of those tanks for 18 months after the date of 15 discovery of the tank, or 18 months from the effective date of the substitute bill, whichever is later. 16 17 The bill would increase the monetary limits for grants and loans. For grants, the substitute bill would authorize a maximum per facility 18 19 grant of \$500,000. Currently, a grant award may not exceed \$250,000. 20 For loans, the bill would authorize a maximum per facility loan of 21 \$2,000,000. However, in cases where a discharge poses an imminent 22 and significant threat to a drinking water source, the bill would 23 authorize a maximum per facility loan of \$3,000,000. Under current law, a loan award may not exceed \$1,000,000. 24 25 The bill would increase the income and net worth limitations for 26 27 28

grant eligibility to \$250,000 and \$500,000 respectively. Currently, an applicant for a grant must have an annual income or a net worth, excluding the primary residence of under \$100,000.

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The bill would remove the requirement that an applicant must have owned a regulated tank as of December 1, 1996, and continually thereafter to be eligible for a conditional hardship grant. Instead, for regulated tanks, the applicant for financial assistance must have owned the tank as of December 1, 2002 and continually thereafter to qualify for a grant. For tanks that are not regulated, there is no date of ownership requirement to qualify for a grant.

The bill would also authorize grants for independent institutions of higher education, for tax-exempt nonprofit corporations with under 100 paid employees, and for duly incorporated volunteer fire, ambulance, first aid, emergency, or rescue companies or squads.

The bill would remove the cap on the total grant awards as a percentage of the total assistance awarded.

Further, the bill would authorize eligible project costs to include the replacement of a leaking home heating oil tank with an above-ground or underground storage tank.

The bill would require that upon completion of the upgrade of an underground storage tank, the owner or operator of the tank must

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- submit evidence of financial assurance as required pursuant to State
 and federal law.
- 3 The bill would also authorize the Department of Environmental
- 4 Protection to require that evidence of financial assurance be submitted
- 5 prior to the last disbursement of financial assistance from the fund.
- 6 Finally, the bill would require the Department of Environmental
- 7 Protection to perform a public education and information program to
- 8 inform owners and operators of underground storage tanks about the
- 9 changes adopted pursuant to this legislation.

ASSEMBLY, No. 3024

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

210th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED NOVEMBER 25, 2002

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman DAVID C. RUSSO District 40 (Bergen, Essex and Passaic) Assemblyman KEVIN J. O'TOOLE District 40 (Bergen, Essex and Passaic) Assemblyman NEIL M. COHEN District 20 (Union)

SYNOPSIS

Revises criteria for financing underground storage tank closures, upgrades and remediations.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 2/4/2003)

1 **AN ACT** concerning underground storage tank financing, and amending and supplementing P.L.1997, c.235.

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4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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March 31, 2004.

- 7 1. Section 5 of P.L.1997, c.235 [(C.58:10A-5)] (C.58:10A-37.5) 8 is amended to read as follows:
- 9 5. a. The authority may award financial assistance from the fund to 10 an eligible owner or operator in the form of a loan or a conditional hardship grant as provided in this section. An award of financial 11 12 assistance, either as a loan or a grant, or a combination of both, may, upon application therefor, be for 100% of the eligible project costs. 13 14 However, a loan that any applicant may receive from the fund for an 15 upgrade, remediation, or closure, or any combination thereof, for any one facility, may not exceed [\$1,000,000] \$2,000,000, except as 16 17 provided below, and a grant that any applicant may receive from the 18 fund for any one facility, may not exceed [\$250,000] \$500,000. A 19 loan that an applicant may receive from the fund for a remediation of 20 a discharge that poses an imminent and significant threat to a drinking water source may not exceed \$3,000,000. The total amount of 21 22 financial assistance awarded as grants in any one year may not exceed 23 one third of the total amount of financial assistance awarded in that 24 year except that this limitation upon the award of grants shall not
 - b. A public entity applying for financial assistance from the fund may only be awarded financial assistance in the form of an interest free loan.

apply to financial assistance awarded between January 1, 1999 and

- c. An applicant, other than a public entity, may apply for and receive a conditional hardship grant as provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection, or a loan for an upgrade, closure, or remediation as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection. Financial assistance awarded an applicant pursuant to this subsection may consist entirely of a conditional hardship grant, a loan for an upgrade, or loan for a closure, or a loan for a remediation, or any combination thereof, except that the total amount of the award of financial assistance shall be subject to the per facility dollar limitation enumerated in subsection a. of this section. Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection to the contrary, no tax exempt, nonprofit organization, corporation, or association shall be awarded a conditional hardship grant pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection.
 - (1) A conditional hardship grant for eligible project costs of an

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

upgrade, closure or remediation shall be awarded by the authority
based upon a finding of eligibility and financial hardship and upon a
finding that the applicant meets the criteria set forth in this act.

[In order to be eligible for a conditional hardship grant, the applicant shall have owned or operated the subject petroleum underground storage tank as of December 1, 1996 and continually thereafter or shall have inherited the property from a person who owned the petroleum underground storage tank as of that date.] No applicant shall be eligible for a conditional hardship grant if the applicant has a taxable income of more than [\$100,000] \$250,000 or a net worth, exclusive of the applicant's primary residence, of over [\$100,000] <u>\$500,000</u>.

A finding of financial hardship by the authority shall be based upon a determination that an applicant cannot reasonably be expected to repay all or a portion of the eligible project costs if the financial assistance were to be awarded as a loan. The amount of an award of a conditional hardship grant shall be the amount of that portion of the eligible project costs the authority determines the applicant cannot reasonably be expected to repay.

In making a finding of financial hardship for an application for the upgrade, closure, or remediation of a petroleum underground storage tank, where the petroleum underground storage tank is a part of the business property of the owner, the authority shall base its finding upon the cash flow of the applicant's business, whether or not any part of the applicant's business is related to the ownership or operation of that petroleum underground storage tank. In making a finding of financial hardship for an application for the upgrade or remediation of a petroleum underground storage tank, where the petroleum underground storage tank is not a part of the business property of the owner, the authority shall base its finding upon the applicant's taxable income in the year prior to the date of the application being submitted.

If the authority awards a conditional hardship grant in combination with a loan pursuant to this subsection, the authority shall release to the applicant the loan monies prior to the release of the conditional hardship grant monies.

Conditional hardship grants awarded to an applicant shall be subject to the lien provisions enumerated in section 16 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.16).

(2) A loan to an eligible owner or operator for the eligible project costs of an upgrade, closure, or remediation shall be awarded by the authority only upon a finding that the applicant other than a public entity is able to repay the amount of the loan.

In making a finding of an applicant's ability to repay a loan for the upgrade, closure, and remediation of a regulated tank, or for the remediation of a discharge from a petroleum underground storage tank, the authority shall base its finding, as applicable, upon the cash

- 1 flow of the applicant's business, the applicant's taxable income and the
- 2 applicant's personal and business assets, except that the authority may
- 3 not consider the applicant's primary residence as collateral, except that
- 4 the authority may consider the applicant's primary residence as
- 5 collateral with the permission of the applicant or where the subject
- 6 petroleum underground storage tank or regulated tank is located at the
- 7 primary residence.
- d. The authority shall, where applicable, require an applicant applying for financial assistance from the fund to submit to the
- authority the financial statements of the applicant's business for three
- 11 years prior to the date of the application, the most recent interim
- 12 financial statement for the year of the application, the applicant's
- 13 federal income tax returns, or other relevant documentation.
 - e. Nothing in this section is intended to alter the priority or criteria
- 15 for awarding financial assistance established pursuant to section 4 of
- 16 P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.4).
- 17 f. An eligible owner or operator may only be awarded that amount
- 18 of financial assistance issued as a loan for which the applicant
- 19 demonstrates he could not qualify for and obtain as a commercial loan.
- 20 The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to an owner or
- 21 operator or petroleum underground storage tank used to store heating
- 22 oil for onsite consumption in a residential building.
- 23 (cf: P.L.2001, c.22, s.1)

- 25 2. Section 6 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.6) is amended to 26 read as follows:
- 27 6. An eligible owner or operator seeking financial assistance from
- 28 the fund shall file an application on a form to be developed by the
- 29 authority. The application form shall be submitted with the application
- 30 fee. The application fee per facility for residential petroleum
- 31 underground storage tanks shall be \$250. The authority may establish
- 32 the application fee per facility for nonresidential petroleum
- 33 underground storage tanks.
- The authority shall adopt rules and regulations listing the filing
- 35 requirements for a complete application for financial assistance. If a
- 36 financial assistance application is determined to be incomplete by the
- authority, an applicant shall have 30 days from the date of receipt of
- 38 written notification of incompleteness to file such additional
- 39 information as may be required by the authority for a completed
- 40 application. If an applicant fails to file the additional information
- 41 within the 30 days, the filing date for that application shall be the date
- 42 that such additional information is received by the authority. If the
- 43 additional information is filed within the 30 days and is satisfactory to
- the authority, the filing date for that application shall be the initial date of application with the authority. Notwithstanding the above, if a
- 46 completed application has been submitted and the applicant fails to

submit the filing fee, then the filing date for the application shall not be established until the date on which the authority receives the application fee. A change in the filing date resulting from failure to submit a completed application or from failure to submit the application fee in a timely fashion for applications filed for financial assistance for a regulated tank to meet the upgrade or closure requirements pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.6991 et seq. or P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-21 et seq.) or for the remediation of a discharge from any such regulated tank shall not render the application ineligible for financial assistance as long as the initial date of application is prior to [January 1, 1999, or prior to August 31, 1999, as applicable] June 30. 2004, or for a regulated tank that is not operational, 18 months from

An applicant shall have 120 days from receipt of notice of approval of a financial assistance award to submit to the authority an executed contract for the upgrade, closure, or remediation, or all three, as the case may be, that is consistent with the terms and conditions of the financial assistance approval. Failure to submit an executed contract within the allotted time, without good cause, may result in an alteration of an applicant's priority ranking.

21 (cf: P.L.1999, c.89, s.2)

the date of discovery of the tank.

- 3. Section 7 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.7) is amended to read as follows:
- 7. a. The authority shall award financial assistance to an owner or operator of a facility only if the facility is properly registered with the department pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-23), where applicable, and if all fees or penalties due and payable on the facility to the department pursuant to P.L.1986, c.102 have either been paid or the nature or the amount of the fee or penalty is being contested in accordance with law.
- b. The authority may deny an application for financial assistance, and any award of financial assistance may be recoverable by the authority, upon a finding that:
- (1) in the case of financial assistance awarded for a remediation, the discharge was proximately caused by the applicant's knowing conduct;
- (2) in the case of financial assistance awarded for a remediation, the discharge was proximately caused or exacerbated by knowing conduct by the applicant with regard to any lawful requirement applicable to petroleum underground storage tanks intended to prevent, or to facilitate the early detection of, the discharge;
- (3) the applicant failed to commence or complete a remediation, closure, or an upgrade for which an award of financial assistance was made within the time required by the department in accordance with the applicable rules and regulations, within the time prescribed in an

1 administrative order, an administrative consent agreement, a 2 memorandum of agreement, or a court order; or

3 (4) the applicant provided false information or withheld information 4 on a loan or grant application, or other relevant information required 5 to be submitted to the authority, on any matter that would otherwise 6 render the applicant ineligible for financial assistance from the fund, 7 that would alter the priority of the applicant to receive financial 8 assistance from the fund, that resulted in the applicant receiving a 9 larger grant or loan award than the applicant would otherwise be 10 eligible, or that resulted in payments from the fund in excess of the 11 actual eligible project costs incurred by the applicant or the amount to 12 which the applicant is legally eligible.

Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require the authority to undertake an investigation or make any findings concerning the conduct described in this subsection.

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- c. An application for financial assistance from the fund for an 16 17 upgrade or closure of a regulated tank shall include all regulated tanks 18 at the facility for which the applicant is seeking financial assistance. 19 Once financial assistance for an upgrade[,] or closure [or a 20 remediation] is awarded for a facility, no additional award of financial 21 assistance for upgrade or closure costs may be made for that facility. 22 However, if an applicant discovers while performing upgrade or 23 closure activities that a remediation is necessary at the site of a facility, 24 and if financial assistance was previously awarded for that site only for 25 an upgrade or closure of a regulated tank, the applicant may amend his 26 application and apply for financial assistance for the required 27 remediation subject to the limitations enumerated in section 5 of [this 28 act] P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.5). An application for financial 29 assistance for an upgrade or closure of a regulated tank shall be 30 conditioned upon the applicant agreeing to perform, at the time of the 31 upgrade or closure, any remediation necessary as a result of a 32 discharge from the regulated tank and commencement of the 33 remediation within the time prescribed and in accordance with the 34 rules and regulations of the department.
- 35 d. Except as provided below, no financial assistance for upgrade 36 or closure shall be awarded for any regulated tank required to meet the 37 upgrade or closure requirements pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.6991 et seq. 38 or P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-21 et seq.), or for the remediation of a 39 discharge from any such regulated tank except as provided in 40 subsection c. of this section, unless the application is filed with the authority prior to [January 1, 1999] June 30, 2004 and the application 41 42 is complete and the application fee is received by [August 1, 1999] <u>December 31, 2004</u>. No financial assistance for upgrade or closure 43 44 shall be awarded for any underground storage tank with a capacity of 45 over 2,000 gallons used to store heating oil for onsite consumption in a nonresidential building required to be upgraded pursuant to 46

- 1 P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-21 et seq.) but not pursuant to 42
- 2 U.S.C.s.6991 et seq. or for the remediation of a discharge from any
- 3 such regulated tank except as provided in subsection c. of this section,
- 4 unless the application is filed with the authority prior to [August 31,
- 5 1999] June 30, 2004 and the application is complete and the
- 6 application fee is received by [March 31, 2000] <u>December 31, 2004</u>.
- 7 <u>In the case of a regulated tank that is not operational, financial</u>
- 8 <u>assistance for the closure or the remediation of any discharge</u>
- 9 therefrom may be awarded if the application is filed with the authority
- 10 no more than 18 months after the date of discovery of the existence of
- 11 the regulated tank.

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- e. The date of occurrence of a discharge shall not affect eligibility
- 13 for financial assistance from the fund. Except for a preliminary
- 14 assessment or a site investigation performed after the effective date of
- 15 P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.1 et seq.), and except as provided in
- subsections g. and h. of this section, no award of financial assistance
- shall be made from the fund for the otherwise eligible project costs of
- 18 a remediation, closure, or an upgrade, or parts thereof, completed
 - prior to an award of financial assistance from the fund.
- 20 f. No financial assistance may be awarded from the fund for the
- 21 remediation of a discharge from a petroleum underground storage tank
- 22 if financial assistance from the Hazardous Discharge Site Remediation
- 23 Fund established pursuant to section 26 of P.L.1993, c.139
- 24 (C.58:10B-4) has previously been made for a remediation at that site
- as a result of a discharge from that petroleum underground storage
- 26 tank. [No financial assistance may be awarded from the fund for the
- 27 remediation of a discharge from a petroleum underground storage tank
- 28 if the discharge began subsequent to the completion of an upgrade of

that petroleum underground storage tank, which upgrade was intended

- 30 to meet all applicable upgrade regulations of the department, no matter
- 31 when the upgrade was performed].
- 32 g. Notwithstanding any provision of P.L.1997, c.235
- 33 (C.58:10A-37.1 et seq.), where an eligible owner or operator has filed
- 34 an application for financial assistance from the fund, and there are
- 35 either insufficient monies in the fund or the authority has not yet acted
- 36 upon the application or awarded the financial assistance, the eligible
- 37 owner or operator may expend its own funds for the upgrade, closure,
- 38 or remediation, and upon approval of the application, the authority
- 39 shall award the financial assistance as a reimbursement of the monies
- 40 expended for eligible project costs.
- 41 h. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary of P.L.1997,
- 42 c.235 (C.58:10A-37.1 et seq.), if an applicant has expended the
- applicant's own funds on a remediation prior to filing an application
 for financial assistance from the fund for the eligible project costs of
- 45 the remediation, the authority, upon approval of the application, may
- 46 make a grant from the fund pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection c.

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of section 5 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.5) to reimburse the eligible owner or operator for the eligible project costs of the remediation.

(cf: P.L.2001, c.22, s.2)

4. (New Section) Within 12 months of the effective date of this act, the Department of Environmental Protection shall conduct a public education and information program to inform owners and operators of petroleum underground storage tanks of the changes in the eligibility criteria, changes in the grant and loan limits and changes in the application deadlines adopted pursuant to this act. The public education program shall, among other things, inform those owners or operators of regulated tanks that have not closed or upgraded their tanks, and any person whose application for financial assistance from the fund has been denied because of the failure to meet the previous application deadline of the changes adopted pursuant to this act.

5. This act shall take effect immediately.

STATEMENT

This bill would revise the criteria for the awarding of grants and loans for the upgrade, closure and remediation of underground storage tanks. The bill would extend the application deadlines for regulated tanks to June 30, 2004. For those regulated tanks that are not operational, the bill would authorize the application for financial assistance for the closure and remediation of those tanks for 18 months after the date of discovery of the tank. The bill would increase the monetary limits for grants and loans. For grants, the bill would authorize a maximum per facility grant of \$500,000. Currently, a grant award may not exceed \$250,000. For loans, the bill would authorize a maximum per facility loan of \$2,000,000. However, in cases where a discharge poses an imminent and significant threat to a drinking water source, the bill would authorize a maximum per facility loan of \$3,000,000. Currently, a loan award may not exceed \$1,000,000.

\$3,000,000. Currently, a loan award may not exceed \$1,000,000. The bill would increase the income and net worth limitations for grant eligibility to \$250,000 and \$500,000 respectively. Currently, an applicant for a grant must have an annual income or a net worth, excluding the primary residence of under \$100,000. The bill would remove the requirement that an applicant must have owned a regulated tank as of December 1, 1996, and continually thereafter to be eligible for a conditional hardship grant. The bill would authorize financial assistance from the fund for the remediation of a discharge even if the discharge began subsequent to the upgrade of the underground storage tank. Finally, the bill would require the Department of Environmental

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- 1 Protection to perform a public education and information program to
- 2 inform owners and operators of underground storage tanks about the
- 3 changes adopted pursuant to this bill.

ASSEMBLY ENVIRONMENT AND SOLID WASTE COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, Nos. 3287 and 3024

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MARCH 6, 2003

The Assembly Environment and Solid Waste Committee reports favorably an Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill Nos. 3287 and 3024.

This Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill Nos. 3287 and 3024 would revise the criteria for the awarding of grants and loans for the upgrade, closure and remediation of underground storage tanks. The substitute bill would extend the application deadlines for financial assistance for closure and remediation for regulated tanks to June 30, 2004. Further, the substitute bill would extend the application deadline for financial assistance for the upgrade of those tanks regulated under State law only, that have received an extension of the deadline for compliance with the standards. For those regulated tanks that are not operational, the substitute bill would authorize the application for financial assistance for the closure and remediation of those tanks for 18 months after the date of discovery of the tank, or 18 months from the effective date of the substitute bill, whichever is later.

The substitute bill would increase the monetary limits for grants and loans. For grants, the substitute bill would authorize a maximum per facility grant of \$500,000. Currently, a grant award may not exceed \$250,000. For loans, the substitute bill would authorize a maximum per facility loan of \$2,000,000. However, in cases where a discharge poses a threat to a drinking water source, the substitute bill would authorize a maximum per facility loan of \$3,000,000. The substitute bill would also amend current law to provide that there shall be a priority for the award of financial assistance when a discharge poses a threat to a drinking water source, rather than an imminent and significant threat as in current law. In addition, the substitute bill would increase the monetary limits for grants and loans provided to an owner or operator of a facility located within an area designated as a Planning Area 1 (Metropolitan), Planning Area 2 (Suburban), or a designated center as designated pursuant to the "State Planning Act" to a loan in an amount not to exceed \$3,000,000 and a grant in an amount not to exceed \$750,000. Under current law, a loan award may

not exceed \$1,000,000.

The substitute bill would increase the income and net worth limitations for grant eligibility to \$200,000 and \$200,000, exclusive of primary residence and pension, respectively. Currently, an applicant for a grant must have an annual income and a net worth, excluding the primary residence of under \$100,000.

The substitute bill would remove the requirement that an applicant must have owned a regulated tank as of December 1, 1996, and continually thereafter to be eligible for a conditional hardship grant. Instead, for regulated tanks, the applicant for financial assistance must have owned the tank as of December 1, 2002 and continually thereafter to qualify for a grant. For tanks that are not regulated, there is no date of ownership requirement to qualify for a grant.

The substitute bill would also authorize grants for independent institutions of higher education, for tax-exempt nonprofit corporations with under 100 paid employees, and for duly incorporated volunteer fire, ambulance, first aid, emergency, or rescue companies or squads.

The substitute bill would remove the cap on the total grant awards as a percentage of the total assistance awarded.

Further, the substitute bill would authorize eligible project costs to include the replacement of a leaking home heating oil tank with an above-ground or underground storage tank.

The substitute bill would provide that a grant may be awarded to reimburse an eligible owner or operator for the eligible project costs of the remediation when an applicant has expended the applicant's own funds on a remediation after filing an application for financial assistance from the fund for the eligible project costs of the remediation. Current law provides for such reimbursement of costs expended prior to filing an application.

The substitute bill would authorize the authority, upon approval of the application, to make a grant to reimburse an applicant that is an independent institution of higher education that has expended it's own funds on a remediation prior to filing an application for financial assistance from the fund for expenditures for the eligible project costs of the remediation made on or after December 1, 1996 in an amount not to exceed \$500,000 for each institution.

The substitute bill would authorize the authority, upon approval of the application, to make a grant to reimburse an applicant that has expended the applicant's own funds on a remediation of a petroleum underground storage tank used to store heating oil for onsite consumption at the applicant's primary residence prior to filing an application for financial assistance from the fund.

The substitute bill would require that upon completion of the upgrade of an underground storage tank, the owner or operator of the tank must submit evidence of financial assurance as required pursuant to State and federal law.

The substitute bill would also authorize the Department of Environmental Protection to require that evidence of financial assurance be submitted prior to the last disbursement of financial assistance from the fund.

Finally, the substitute bill would require the Department of Environmental Protection to perform a public education and information program to inform owners and operators of underground storage tanks about the changes adopted pursuant to this legislation.

As reported by the committee, this Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill Nos. 3287 and 3024 is identical to Senate Bill No. 1948 (SCS) as amended and also reported by the committee.

ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY COMMITTE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, Nos. 3287 and 3024

with Assembly committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 5, 2003

The Assembly Appropriations Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 3287 and 3024 (ACS), with committee amendments.

Assembly Bill Nos. 3287 and 3024 (ACS), as amended, revises the criteria for the awarding of grants and loans for the upgrade, closure and remediation of underground storage tanks. The bill extends the application deadlines for financial assistance for closure and remediation for regulated tanks to June 30, 2005. Further, the bill extends the application deadline for financial assistance for the upgrade of those tanks regulated under State law only, that have received an extension of the deadline for compliance with the standards. For those regulated tanks that are not operational, the bill authorizes the application for financial assistance for the closure and remediation of those tanks for 18 months after the date of discovery of the tank, or 18 months from the effective date of the bill, whichever is later.

The bill increases the monetary limits for grants and loans. For grants, the bill authorizes a maximum per-facility grant of \$500,000. Currently, a grant award may not exceed \$250,000. For loans, the bill authorizes a maximum per facility loan of \$2,000,000. However, in cases where a discharge poses a threat to a drinking water source, the bill authorized a maximum per-facility loan of \$3,000,000. The bill amends current law to provide that there shall be a priority for the award of financial assistance when a discharge poses a threat to a drinking water source, rather than an "imminent and significant" threat, as in current law. The bill increases the monetary limits for grants and loans provided to an owner or operator of a facility located within an area designated as a Planning Area 1 (Metropolitan), Planning Area 2 (Suburban), or a designated center as designated pursuant to the "State Planning Act" to a loan in an amount not to exceed \$3,000,000 and a grant in an amount not to exceed \$750,000. Under current law, a loan award may not exceed \$1,000,000.

The bill increases the income and net worth limitations for grant

eligibility to \$200,000 and \$200,000, exclusive of primary residence and pension, respectively. Currently, an applicant for a grant must have an annual income and a net worth, excluding the primary residence, of under \$100,000.

The bill deletes the requirement that an applicant must have owned a regulated tank as of December 1, 1996, and continually thereafter to be eligible for a conditional hardship grant. Instead, for regulated tanks, the applicant for financial assistance must have owned the tank as of December 1, 2002 and continually thereafter to qualify for a grant. For tanks that are not regulated, there is no date of ownership requirement to qualify for a grant.

The bill authorizes grants for independent institutions of higher education, for tax-exempt nonprofit corporations with under 100 paid employees, and for duly incorporated volunteer fire, ambulance, first aid, emergency, or rescue companies or squads.

The bill deletes the cap on the total grant awards as a percentage of the total assistance awarded.

The bill authorizes eligible project costs to include the replacement of a leaking home heating oil tank with an above-ground or underground storage tank.

The bill provides that a grant may be awarded to reimburse an eligible owner or operator for the eligible project costs of the remediation when an applicant has expended the applicant's own funds on a remediation after filing an application for financial assistance from the fund for the eligible project costs of the remediation. Current law provides for such reimbursement of costs expended prior to filing an application.

The bill authorizes the authority, upon approval of the application, to make a grant to reimburse an applicant that is an independent institution of higher education that has expended its own funds on a remediation prior to filing an application for financial assistance from the fund for expenditures for the eligible project costs of the remediation made on or after December 1, 1996 in an amount not to exceed \$500,000 for each institution.

The bill authorizes the authority, upon approval of the application, to make a grant to reimburse an applicant that has expended the applicant's own funds on a remediation of a petroleum underground storage tank used to store heating oil for onsite consumption at the applicant's primary residence prior to filing an application for financial assistance from the fund.

The bill requires that upon completion of the upgrade of an underground storage tank, the owner or operator of the tank must submit evidence of financial assurance as required pursuant to State and federal law.

The bill authorizes the Department of Environmental Protection to require that evidence of financial assurance be submitted prior to the last disbursement of financial assistance from the fund.

Finally, the bill requires the Department of Environmental Protection to perform a public education and information program to inform owners and operators of underground storage tanks about the changes adopted pursuant to this legislation.

As amended and reported by the committee, this bill is identical to Senate Bill No. 1948 (SCS)(1R) as also amended and reported by the committee.

FISCAL IMPACT:

Article VIII, Section II, paragraph 6 of the New Jersey Constitution dedicates 4% of the revenue annually derived from the Corporation Business Tax to environmental purposes, and through calendar year 2008 the constitution requires a minimum of one-third of that amount to be appropriated for providing funding, including the provision of loans or grants, for the upgrade, replacement, or closure of underground storage tanks that store or were used to store hazardous substances, and for the costs of remediating any discharge from those tanks.

The New Jersey Economic Development Authority reviewed the underground storage tank financing fund and as of December 31, 2002, estimated funds available for future projects at \$83.7 million.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:

The amendments extend the application deadlines for financial assistance for closure and remediation for regulated tanks to June 30, 2005, instead of June 30, 2004, and extend the deadline for receipt of the application fee to December 31, 2005 instead of December 31, 2004.

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, Nos. 3287 and 3024

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 210th LEGISLATURE

ADOPTED MARCH 6, 2003

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman REED GUSCIORA
District 15 (Mercer)
Assemblyman DAVID C. RUSSO
District 40 (Bergen, Essex and Passaic)
Assemblyman KEVIN J. O'TOOLE
District 40 (Bergen, Essex and Passaic)
Assemblyman NEIL M. COHEN
District 20 (Union)

Co-Sponsored by:

Assemblymen Burzichelli, Conaway, Corodemus, Cryan, Greenwald, Gregg, Hackett, Assemblywoman Pou, Assemblyman Sarlo, Assemblywoman Watson Coleman, Assemblymen Conners, Fisher and Assemblywoman Heck

SYNOPSIS

Revises criteria for financing underground storage tank closures, upgrades and remediations.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Substitute as adopted by the Assembly Environment and Solid Waste Committee.

(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 6/13/2003)

1 AN ACT concerning underground storage tank financing, and 2 amending and supplementing P.L.1997, c.235.

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4 Be It Enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey:

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- 1. Section 2 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.2) is amended to read as follows:
 - 2. As used in this act:

"Applicant" means a person who files an application for financial assistance from the Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Remediation, Upgrade, and Closure Fund for payment of eligible project costs of a remediation due to a discharge of petroleum from a petroleum underground storage tank and for payment of eligible project costs of an upgrade or closure of a regulated tank;

"Authority" means the New Jersey Economic Development Authority established pursuant to P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-1 et seq.);

"Closure" means the proper closure or removal of a petroleum underground storage tank necessary to meet all regulatory requirements of federal, State, or local law;

"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Environmental Protection:

"Department" means the Department of Environmental Protection;

"Discharge" means the intentional or unintentional release by any means of petroleum from a petroleum underground storage tank into the environment;

"Eligible owner or operator" means (1) any owner or operator. other than the owner or operator of a petroleum underground storage tank storing heating oil for onsite consumption in a residential building who owns or operates less than 10 petroleum underground storage tanks in New Jersey, who has a net worth of less than \$2,000,000 and who demonstrates to the satisfaction of the authority, the inability to qualify for and obtain a commercial loan for all or part of the eligible project costs, or in the case of such an owner or operator of a facility located within an area designated as a Planning Area 1 (Metropolitan), Planning Area 2 (Suburban), or a designated center as designated pursuant to the "State Planning Act," sections 1 through 12 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.), who has a net worth of less than \$3,000,000 and who demonstrates to the satisfaction of the 40 authority, the inability to qualify for and obtain a commercial loan for all or part of the eligible project costs, (2) the owner or operator of a 42 petroleum underground storage tank storing heating oil for onsite consumption in a residential building, [or] (3) a public entity who

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

owns or operates a petroleum underground storage tank in New Jersey, or (4) an independent institution of higher education that owns or operates a petroleum underground storage tank;

4 "Eligible project costs" means the reasonable costs for equipment, 5 work or services required to effectuate a remediation, an upgrade, or 6 a closure which equipment, work or services are eligible for payment from the Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Remediation, 7 8 Upgrade, and Closure Fund. In the case of an upgrade or closure of 9 a regulated tank, eligible project costs shall be limited to the cost of 10 the minimal effective system necessary to meet all the regulatory 11 requirements of federal and State law. The limitation of eligible project costs to the minimal effective system shall not be construed to 12 13 deem ineligible those project costs expended to replace a regulated 14 tank rather than to improve the regulated tank. An owner or operator 15 may perform an upgrade or a closure beyond the minimal effective system in which case the eligible project costs that may be awarded 16 17 from the fund as financial assistance shall be that amount that would 18 represent the cost of a minimal effective system. In the case of a 19 remediation of a petroleum underground storage tank used to store 20 heating oil for onsite consumption in a residential building, eligible 21 project costs shall include the cost to replace a leaking tank with an 22 above-ground or underground storage tank. In the case of a 23 remediation, eligible project costs shall not include the cost to 24 remediate a site to meet residential soil remediation standards if the 25 local zoning ordinances adopted pursuant to the "Municipal Land Use 26 Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.) does not allow for 27 residential use. Eligible project costs shall include the cost of a 28 preliminary assessment and site investigation, even if performed prior 29 to the award of financial assistance from the fund if the preliminary 30 assessment and site investigation were performed after the effective date of P.L.1997, c.235[. Eligible project costs shall not include the 31 32 costs of any remediation performed at a site where the petroleum 33 underground storage tank was removed prior to December 1, 1996]; 34

"Facility" means one or more operational or nonoperational petroleum underground storage tanks under single ownership at a common site;

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"Financial assistance" means a grant or loan or a combination of both that may be awarded by the authority from the fund to an eligible owner or operator as provided in section 5 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.5);

"Independent institution of higher education" means those institutions of higher education incorporated and located in this State, which, by virtue of law or character or license, are nonprofit educational institutions empowered to grant academic degrees and which provide a level of education which is equivalent to the education provided by the State's public institutions of higher education as

- 1 attested by the receipt of and continuation of regional accreditation by
- 2 the Middle States Association of Colleges and Schools, and which are
- 3 <u>eligible to receive State aid under the provisions of the Constitution of</u>
- 4 the United States and the Constitution of the State of New Jersey.
- 5 "Independent institution of higher education" does not include any
- 6 educational institution dedicated primarily to the preparation or
- 7 <u>training of ministers, priests, rabbis, or other professional persons in</u>
- 8 the field of religion;

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- 9 "Operator" means any person in control of, or having responsibility 10 for, the daily operation of a facility;
- "Owner" means any person who owns a facility;

"Person" means any individual, partnership, corporation, society, association, consortium, joint venture, commercial entity, or public entity, but does not include the State or any of its departments, agencies or authorities;

"Petroleum" means all hydrocarbons which are liquid at one atmosphere pressure (760 millimeters or 29.92 inches Hg) and temperatures between -20 F and 120 F (-29 C and 49 C), and all hydrocarbons which are discharged in a liquid state at or nearly at atmospheric pressure at temperatures in excess of 120 F (49 C) including, but not limited to, gasoline, kerosene, fuel oil, oil sludge, oil refuse, oil mixed with other wastes, crude oil, and purified hydrocarbons that have been refined, re-refined, or otherwise processed for the purpose of being burned as a fuel to produce heat or usable energy or which is suitable for use as a motor fuel or lubricant in the operation or maintenance of an engine;

"Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Remediation, Upgrade and Closure Fund" or "fund" means the fund established pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.3);

"Petroleum underground storage tank" means a tank of any size, including appurtenant pipes, lines, fixtures, and other related equipment, that normally and primarily stores petroleum, the volume of which, including the volume of the appurtenant pipes, lines, fixtures and other related equipment, is 10% or more below the ground.

- 35 "Petroleum underground storage tank" does not include:
- 36 (1) Septic tanks installed or regulated pursuant to regulations 37 adopted by the department pursuant to "The Realty Improvement 38 Sewerage and Facilities Act (1954)," P.L.1954, c.199 (C.58:11-23 et 39 seq.) or the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 40 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.);
- 41 (2) Pipelines, including gathering lines, regulated under 49 U.S.C. 42 s.60101 et seq., or intrastate pipelines regulated under State law;
- 43 (3) Surface impoundments, pits, ponds, or lagoons, operated in or regulated pursuant to regulations adopted by the department pursuant to the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.);

- (4) Storm water or wastewater collection systems operated or 2 regulated pursuant to regulations adopted by the department pursuant 3 to the "Water Pollution Control Act";
 - (5) Liquid traps or associated gathering lines directly related to oil or gas production and gathering operations;
 - (6) Tanks situated in an underground area, including, but not limited to, basements, cellars, mines, drift shafts, or tunnels, if the storage tank is situated upon or above the surface of the floor, or storage tanks located below the surface of the ground which are equipped with secondary containment and are uncovered so as to allow visual inspection of the exterior of the tank; and
 - (7) Any pipes, lines, fixtures, or other equipment connected to any tank exempted from the provisions of this definition pursuant to paragraphs (1) through (6) above;

"Public entity" means any county, municipality, or public school district, but shall not include any authority created by those entities;

"Regulated tank" means a petroleum underground storage tank that is required to be upgraded pursuant to P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-21 et seq.) or 42 U.S.C. s.6991 et seq.;

"Remediation" means all necessary actions to investigate and clean up any known, suspected, or threatened discharge of petroleum, including, as necessary, the preliminary assessment, site investigation, remedial investigation, and remedial action, as those terms are defined in section 23 of P.L.1993, c.139 (C.58:10B-1);

"Upgrade" means the replacement of a regulated tank, the installation of secondary containment, monitoring systems, release detection systems, corrosion protection, spill prevention, or overfill prevention therefor, or any other necessary improvement to the regulated tank in order to meet the standards for regulated tanks adopted pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-25) and 42 U.S.C. s.6991 et seq.

(cf: P.L.1997, c.235, s.2) 32

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- 34 2. Section 4 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.4) is amended to 35 read as follows:
- 4. a. Monies in the fund shall be allocated and used to provide 36 37 financial assistance only to (1) eligible owners or operators of 38 regulated tanks in this State in order to finance the eligible project 39 costs of the upgrade or closure of those regulated tanks as may be 40 required pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.6991 et seq. or P.L.1986, c.102 41 (C.58:10A-21 et seq.); and (2) eligible owners and operators of 42 petroleum underground storage tanks in this State in order to finance 43 the eligible project costs of remediations that are necessary due to the 44 discharge of petroleum from one or more of those petroleum 45 underground storage tanks. Priority for the issuance of financial assistance from the fund, and the terms and conditions of that financial 46

1 assistance, shall be based upon the criteria set forth in this section.

b. Upon a determination that an application for financial assistance meets all established criteria for the award of financial assistance from the fund, the authority shall approve the application. Prior to December 22, 1998, the authority may approve only those applications given priority pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection or pursuant to subsections c. and f. of this section, but the authority may receive, file, and deem complete any application for financial assistance it receives prior to that date.

Upon the authority's approval of an application for financial assistance, the authority shall award financial assistance to an applicant upon the availability of sufficient monies in the fund. When monies in the fund are not sufficient at any point in time to fully fund all applications for financial assistance that have been approved by the authority, the authority shall award financial assistance to approved applicants, notwithstanding the date of approval of the application, in the following order of priority:

- (1) Upgrades of regulated tanks required to be upgraded pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.6991 et seq., and including any necessary remediation at the site of the regulated tank, shall be given first priority;
- (2) Closure of any regulated tank required to be upgraded pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.6991 et seq., and including any necessary remediation at the site of the regulated tank, shall be given second priority;
- (3) Upgrades of regulated tanks required to be upgraded pursuant to P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-21 et seq.), but not pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.6991 et seq., and including any necessary remediation at the site of the regulated tank, shall be given third priority;
- (4) Any necessary remediations at the sites of petroleum underground storage tanks other than those given priority pursuant to paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of this subsection shall be given fourth priority;
- (5) Closure of any regulated tank required to be upgraded pursuant to P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-21 et seq.), but not pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.6991 et seq., shall be given last priority.
- c. Notwithstanding the priority for the award of financial assistance set forth in subsection b. of this section, whenever there has been a discharge, and the discharge poses [an imminent and significant] a threat to a drinking water source, to human health, or to a sensitive or significant ecological area, an approved application for the award of financial assistance for the remediation and upgrade or closure, if necessary, shall be given priority over all other applications for financial assistance.
- d. The priority ranking of applicants within any priority category enumerated in paragraphs (1), (2), (3), (4), and (5) of subsection b. and in subsection c. of this section shall be based upon the date an

application for financial assistance is filed with the authority as determined pursuant to section 6 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.6).

- e. Whenever a facility consists of petroleum underground storage tanks from more than one priority category as enumerated in paragraphs (1) through (5) of subsection b. of this section, and subsection c. of this section, all the petroleum underground storage tanks at that facility shall be accorded the priority that would be accorded the highest priority petroleum underground storage tank at that facility.
- 10 f. Notwithstanding the priority rankings established in this section, 11 one-tenth of the amount annually appropriated to the Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Remediation, Upgrade and Closure Fund 12 shall be used to provide financial assistance to owners or operators of 13 14 petroleum underground storage tanks used to store heating oil for 15 onsite consumption in a residential building, in order to finance the eligible project costs of remediations that are necessary due to the 16 17 discharge of heating oil from those petroleum underground storage 18 tanks. The authority shall provide financial assistance pursuant to this 19 subsection notwithstanding the owner or operator's ability to obtain 20 commercial loans for all or part of the financing. The priority ranking 21 of applicants for these funds shall be based upon the date an 22 application for financial assistance is filed with the authority as 23 determined pursuant to section 6 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.6). 24 If the authority does not receive qualified applications for financial 25 assistance from owners and operators of petroleum underground 26 storage tanks used to store heating oil for onsite consumption that 27 meet the criteria set forth in this act and in any rules or regulations 28 issued pursuant thereto, sufficient to enable the award of financial 29 assistance an amount equal to one-tenth of the amount annually 30 appropriated to the fund in any one year as required pursuant to this 31 subsection, the authority may award that financial assistance in the 32 order of priority as provided in this section. In addition to the monies dedicated pursuant to this subsection, the authority may award 33 34 financial assistance to an owner or operator of a petroleum underground storage tank used to store heating for onsite consumption 35 when the criteria enumerated in subsection c. of this section are met. 36 37 (cf: P.L.1997, c.235, s.4)

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- 3. Section 5 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.5) is amended to read as follows:
- 5. a. (1) The authority may award financial assistance from the fund to an eligible owner or operator in the form of a loan or a conditional hardship grant as provided in this section. An award of financial assistance, either as a loan or a grant, or a combination of both, may, upon application therefor, be for 100% of the eligible project costs. However, a loan that any applicant may receive from

- 1 the fund for an upgrade, remediation, or closure, or any combination
- 2 thereof, for any one facility, may not exceed [\$1,000,000]
- 3 \$2,000,000, except as provided below, and a grant that any applicant
- 4 may receive from the fund for any one facility, may not exceed
- 5 [\$250,000. The total amount of financial assistance awarded as grants
- 6 in any one year may not exceed one third of the total amount of
- 7 financial assistance awarded in that year except that this limitation
- 8 upon the award of grants shall not apply to financial assistance
- 9 awarded between January 1, 1999 and March 31, 2004] \$500,000. A
- 10 loan that an applicant may receive from the fund for a remediation of
- 11 <u>a discharge that poses a threat to a drinking water source may not</u>
- 12 <u>exceed \$3,000,000</u>.
- 13 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1) of this
- subsection to the contrary, an eligible owner or operator of a facility
- 15 <u>located within an area designated as a Planning Area 1 (Metropolitan).</u>
- 16 Planning Area 2 (Suburban), or a designated center as designated
- 17 pursuant to the "State Planning Act," sections 1 through 12 of
- 18 P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.), may receive a loan in an
- 19 amount not to exceed \$3,000,000 and a grant in an amount not to
- 20 exceed \$750,000 for each facility so located.
- b. A public entity applying for financial assistance from the fund may only be awarded financial assistance in the form of an interest free
- 23 loan.
- c. An applicant, other than a public entity, may apply for and
- 25 receive a conditional hardship grant for the upgrade, closure or
- 26 <u>remediation</u> as provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection, or a loan
- 27 for an upgrade, closure or remediation as provided in paragraph (2)
- 28 of this subsection , provided that an applicant for a conditional
- 29 <u>hardship grant or a loan for an upgrade may be eligible for financial</u>
- 30 assistance only for any underground storage tank with a capacity of
- 31 over 2,000 gallons used to store heating oil for onsite consumption in
- 32 <u>a nonresidential building that has received an extension of the deadline</u>
- for compliance with the standards pursuant to subsection b. of section
- 34 <u>9 of P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-29)</u>. Financial assistance awarded an applicant pursuant to this subsection may consist entirely of a
- 36 conditional hardship grant, a loan for an upgrade, [or] <u>a</u> loan for a
- 20 Conditional nardship grant, a foun for an apgrade, Lorg a foun for a
- closure, or a loan for a remediation, or any combination thereof, except that the total amount of the award of financial assistance shall
- 39 be subject to the per facility dollar limitation enumerated in subsection
- 40 a. of this section. Notwithstanding any other provision of this
- 41 subsection to the contrary, no tax exempt, nonprofit organization,
- 42 corporation, or association shall be awarded a conditional hardship
- grant pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection, provided that an
- 44 <u>independent institution of higher education, a nonprofit organization,</u>
- 45 <u>corporation, or association with not more than 100 paid individuals</u>
- 46 that is qualified for exemption from federal taxation pursuant to

- 1 section 501 (c)(3) of the federal Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
- 2 s.501 (c)(3), or a duly incorporated volunteer fire, ambulance, first
- 3 aid, emergency, or rescue company or squad, may be awarded a
- 4 conditional hardship grant pursuant to paragraph (1) of this
- 5 subsection.

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(1) A conditional hardship grant for eligible project costs of an upgrade, closure or remediation shall be awarded by the authority based upon a finding of eligibility and financial hardship and upon a

9 finding that the applicant meets the criteria set forth in this act. 10

In order to be eligible for a conditional hardship grant <u>for closure</u> or upgrade, in the case of a regulated tank, the applicant shall have owned or operated the subject [petroleum underground storage] regulated tank as of [December 1, 1996] December 1, 2002 and continually thereafter or shall have inherited the property from a person who owned the [petroleum underground storage] regulated tank as of that date. <u>In order to be eligible for a conditional hardship</u> grant for remediation, in the case of a regulated tank, the applicant shall have owned or operated the subject regulated tank at the time of tank closure. No applicant shall be eligible for a conditional hardship grant if the applicant has a taxable income of more than [\$100,000] \$200,000 or a net worth, exclusive of the applicant's primary residence and pension, of over [\$100,000] \$200,000.

Notwithstanding the eligibility requirements for net worth and income, an independent institution of higher education, a nonprofit organization, corporation, or association with not more than 100 paid individuals that is qualified for exemption from federal taxation pursuant to section 501 (c)(3) of the federal Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. s.501 (c)(3), or a duly incorporated volunteer fire, ambulance, first aid, emergency, or rescue company or squad shall be eligible for a conditional hardship grant for eligible project costs of a closure or remediation of a petroleum underground storage tank.

A finding of financial hardship by the authority shall be based upon a determination that an applicant cannot reasonably be expected to repay all or a portion of the eligible project costs if the financial assistance were to be awarded as a loan. The amount of an award of a conditional hardship grant shall be the amount of that portion of the eligible project costs the authority determines the applicant cannot reasonably be expected to repay.

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In making a finding of financial hardship for an application for the upgrade, closure, or remediation of a petroleum underground storage tank, where the petroleum underground storage tank is a part of the business property of the owner, the authority shall base its finding upon the cash flow of the applicant's business, whether or not any part of the applicant's business is related to the ownership or operation of that petroleum underground storage tank. In making a finding of financial hardship for an application for the upgrade or remediation of a petroleum underground storage tank, where the petroleum underground storage tank is not a part of the business property of the owner, the authority shall base its finding upon the applicant's taxable income in the year prior to the date of the application being submitted.

If the authority awards a conditional hardship grant in combination with a loan pursuant to this subsection, the authority shall release to the applicant the loan monies prior to the release of the conditional hardship grant monies.

Conditional hardship grants awarded to an applicant shall be subject to the lien provisions enumerated in section 16 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.16).

(2) A loan to an eligible owner or operator for the eligible project costs of an upgrade, closure, or remediation shall be awarded by the authority only upon a finding that the applicant other than a public entity is able to repay the amount of the loan.

In making a finding of an applicant's ability to repay a loan for the upgrade, closure, and remediation of a regulated tank, or for the remediation of a discharge from a petroleum underground storage tank, the authority shall base its finding, as applicable, upon the cash flow of the applicant's business, the applicant's taxable income and the applicant's personal and business assets, except that the authority may not consider the applicant's primary residence as collateral, except that the authority may consider the applicant's primary residence as collateral with the permission of the applicant or where the subject petroleum underground storage tank or regulated tank is located at the primary residence.

- d. The authority shall, where applicable, require an applicant applying for financial assistance from the fund to submit to the authority the financial statements of the applicant's business for three years prior to the date of the application, the most recent interim financial statement for the year of the application, the applicant's federal income tax returns, or other relevant documentation.
- e. Nothing in this section is intended to alter the priority or criteria for awarding financial assistance established pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.4).
- f. An eligible owner or operator may only be awarded that amount of financial assistance issued as a loan for which the applicant demonstrates he could not qualify for and obtain as a commercial loan. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to an owner or operator or petroleum underground storage tank used to store heating oil for onsite consumption in a residential building , to an independent institution of higher education, or to a duly incorporated volunteer fire, ambulance, first aid, emergency, or rescue company or squad.
- 44 (cf: P.L.2001, c.22, s.1)

4. Section 6 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.6) is amended to read as follows:

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6. An eligible owner or operator seeking financial assistance from the fund shall file an application on a form to be developed by the authority. The application form shall be submitted with the application fee. The application fee per facility for residential petroleum underground storage tanks shall be \$250. The authority may establish the application fee per facility for nonresidential petroleum underground storage tanks.

10 The authority shall adopt rules and regulations listing the filing 11 requirements for a complete application for financial assistance. If a financial assistance application is determined to be incomplete by the 12 13 authority, an applicant shall have 30 days from the date of receipt of written notification of incompleteness to file such additional 14 15 information as may be required by the authority for a completed application. If an applicant fails to file the additional information 16 17 within the 30 days, the filing date for that application shall be the date 18 that such additional information is received by the authority. If the 19 additional information is filed within the 30 days and is satisfactory to 20 the authority, the filing date for that application shall be the initial date 21 of application with the authority. Notwithstanding the above, if a 22 completed application has been submitted and the applicant fails to 23 submit the filing fee, then the filing date for the application shall not 24 be established until the date on which the authority receives the 25 application fee. A change in the filing date resulting from failure to 26 submit a completed application or from failure to submit the 27 application fee in a timely fashion for applications filed for financial 28 assistance for a regulated tank to meet the upgrade or closure 29 requirements pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.6991 et seq. or P.L.1986, c.102 30 (C.58:10A-21 et seq.) or for the remediation of a discharge from any 31 such regulated tank shall not render the application ineligible for 32 financial assistance as long as the initial date of application is prior to [January 1, 1999, or prior to August 31, 1999, as applicable] June 30. 33 34 2004, or for a regulated tank that is not operational, 18 months from 35 the date of discovery of the tank or 18 months from the effective date 36 of P.L., c. (C.) (now in the Legislature as this bill), 37 whichever is later.

An applicant shall have 120 days from receipt of notice of approval of a financial assistance award to submit to the authority an executed contract for the upgrade, closure, or remediation, or all three, as the case may be, that is consistent with the terms and conditions of the financial assistance approval. Failure to submit an executed contract within the allotted time, without good cause, may result in an alteration of an applicant's priority ranking.

45 (cf: P.L.1999, c.89, s.2)

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- 5. Section 7 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.7) is amended to read as follows:
- 7. a. The authority shall award financial assistance to an owner or operator of a facility only if the facility is properly registered with the department pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-23), where applicable, and if all fees or penalties due and payable on the facility to the department pursuant to P.L.1986, c.102 have either been paid or the nature or the amount of the fee or penalty is being contested in accordance with law.
 - b. The authority may deny an application for financial assistance, and any award of financial assistance may be recoverable by the authority, upon a finding that:

- (1) in the case of financial assistance awarded for a remediation, the discharge was proximately caused by the applicant's knowing conduct;
- (2) in the case of financial assistance awarded for a remediation, the discharge was proximately caused or exacerbated by knowing conduct by the applicant with regard to any lawful requirement applicable to petroleum underground storage tanks intended to prevent, or to facilitate the early detection of, the discharge;
- (3) the applicant failed to commence or complete a remediation, closure, or an upgrade for which an award of financial assistance was made within the time required by the department in accordance with the applicable rules and regulations, within the time prescribed in an administrative order, an administrative consent agreement, a memorandum of agreement, or a court order; or
- (4) the applicant provided false information or withheld information on a loan or grant application, or other relevant information required to be submitted to the authority, on any matter that would otherwise render the applicant ineligible for financial assistance from the fund, that would alter the priority of the applicant to receive financial assistance from the fund, that resulted in the applicant receiving a larger grant or loan award than the applicant would otherwise be eligible, or that resulted in payments from the fund in excess of the actual eligible project costs incurred by the applicant or the amount to which the applicant is legally eligible.

Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require the authority to undertake an investigation or make any findings concerning the conduct described in this subsection.

- c. An application for financial assistance from the fund for an upgrade or closure of a regulated tank shall include all regulated tanks at the facility for which the applicant is seeking financial assistance.

 Once financial assistance for an upgrade[,] or closure [or a remediation] is awarded for a facility, no additional award of financial
- 45 assistance for upgrade or closure costs may be made for that facility.
- 46 However, if an applicant discovers while performing upgrade or

1 closure activities that a remediation is necessary at the site of a facility,

2 and if financial assistance was previously awarded for that site only for

3 an upgrade or closure of a regulated tank, the applicant may amend his

application and apply for financial assistance for the required

5 remediation subject to the limitations enumerated in section 5 of [this

6 act] P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.5). An application for financial

7 assistance for an upgrade or closure of a regulated tank shall be

8 conditioned upon the applicant agreeing to perform, at the time of the

upgrade or closure, any remediation necessary as a result of a discharge from the regulated tank and commencement of the

remediation within the time prescribed and in accordance with the

12 rules and regulations of the department.

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13 d. Except as provided below, no financial assistance for upgrade 14 [or closure] shall be awarded for any regulated tank required to meet 15 the upgrade or closure requirements pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.6991 et 16 seq. or P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-21 et seq.), [or for the remediation 17 of a discharge from any such regulated tank except as provided in 18 subsection c. of this section,] unless the application is filed with the 19 authority prior to January 1, 1999 and the application is complete and 20 the application fee is received by August 1, 1999. No financial 21 assistance for upgrade [or closure] shall be awarded for any underground storage tank with a capacity of over 2,000 gallons used 22 23 to store heating oil for onsite consumption in a nonresidential building 24 required to be upgraded pursuant to P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-21 et 25 seq.) but not pursuant to 42 U.S.C.s.6991 et seq. [or for the 26 remediation of a discharge from any such regulated tank except as provided in subsection c. of this section], unless the applicant has 27 28 received an extension of the deadline for compliance with the 29 standards pursuant to subsection b. of section 9 of P.L.1986, c.102 30 (C.58:10A-29), the application is filed with the authority prior to 31 [August 31, 1999] June 30, 2004 and the application is complete and 32 the application fee is received by [March 31, 2000] December 31, 33 2004.

No financial assistance for closure shall be awarded for any regulated tank required to meet the upgrade or closure requirements pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.6991 et seq. or P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-21 et seq.), or for the remediation of a discharge from any such regulated tank except as provided in subsection c. of this section, unless the application is filed with the authority prior to June 30, 2004 and the application is complete and the application fee is received by December 31, 2004.

In the case of a regulated tank that is not operational, financial assistance for the closure or the remediation of any discharge therefrom may be awarded if the application is filed with the authority no more than 18 months after the date of discovery of the existence of

- the regulated tank, or 18 months from the effective date of P.L., c. (C.) (now in the Legislature as this bill), whichever is later.
- e. The date of occurrence of a discharge shall not affect eligibility for financial assistance from the fund. Except for a preliminary assessment or a site investigation performed after the effective date of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.1 et seq.), and except as provided in subsections g. [and h.] through j. of this section, no award of financial assistance shall be made from the fund for the otherwise eligible project costs of a remediation, closure, or an upgrade, or parts thereof,

completed prior to an award of financial assistance from the fund.

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- 11 f. No financial assistance may be awarded from the fund for the 12 remediation of a discharge from a petroleum underground storage tank 13 if financial assistance from the Hazardous Discharge Site Remediation 14 Fund established pursuant to section 26 of P.L.1993, c.139 15 (C.58:10B-4) has previously been made for a remediation at that site as a result of a discharge from that petroleum underground storage 16 17 tank. No financial assistance may be awarded from the fund for the 18 remediation of a discharge from a petroleum underground storage tank 19 if the discharge began subsequent to the completion of an upgrade of 20 that petroleum underground storage tank, which upgrade was intended 21 to meet all applicable upgrade regulations of the department, no matter 22 when the upgrade was performed.
 - g. Notwithstanding any provision of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.1 et seq.), where an eligible owner or operator has filed an application for financial assistance from the fund, and there are either insufficient monies in the fund or the authority has not yet acted upon the application or awarded the financial assistance, the eligible owner or operator may expend its own funds for the upgrade, closure, or remediation, and upon approval of the application, the authority shall award the financial assistance as a reimbursement of the monies expended for eligible project costs.
 - h. Notwithstanding any provision [to the contrary] of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.1 et seq.) to the contrary, if an applicant has expended the applicant's own funds on a remediation [prior to] after filing an application for financial assistance from the fund for the eligible project costs of the remediation, the authority, upon approval of the application, may make a grant from the fund pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection c. of section 5 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.5) to reimburse the eligible owner or operator for the eligible project costs of the remediation.
- eligible project costs of the remediation.

 i. Notwithstanding any provision of P.L.1997, c.235

 (C.58:10A-37.1 et seq.) to the contrary, if an applicant that is an independent institution of higher education has expended the applicant's own funds on a remediation prior to filing an application for financial assistance from the fund for the eligible project costs of the remediation, the authority, upon approval of the application, may

1 make a grant from the fund pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection c. 2 of section 5 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.5) to reimburse the applicant for expenditures for the eligible project costs of the 3 4 remediation made on or after December 1, 1996 in an amount not to exceed \$500,000 for each independent institution of higher education. 5 6 j. Notwithstanding any provision of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.1 et seq.) to the contrary, if an applicant has expended 7 8 the applicant's own funds for a remediation of a petroleum 9 underground storage tank used to store heating oil at the applicant's 10 primary residence prior to filing an application for financial assistance 11 from the fund for the eligible project costs of the remediation, the 12 authority, upon approval of the application, may make a grant from the 13 fund pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection c. of section 5 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.5) to reimburse the applicant for the 14 15 eligible project costs of the remediation. (cf: P.L.2001, c.22, s.2) 16 18 6. Section 24 of P.L.1997, c.235 (C.58:10A-37.23) is amended to 19

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read as follows:

20 24. Prior to July 1, 1997, or [within six months] upon completion 21 of the upgrade of an underground storage tank [being upgraded and 22 the site remediated] as required pursuant to P.L.1986, c.102 23 (C.58:10A-21 et seq.), [whichever is later,] the owner or operator of 24 that underground storage tank shall submit to the department evidence 25 of financial responsibility for taking corrective action and compensating third parties as is required pursuant to section 5 of 26 27 P.L.1986, c.102 (C.58:10A-25) or pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.6991 et 28 seq. The department may require that evidence of financial responsibility be submitted prior to the last disbursement of financial 29 30 assistance from the fund. After a regulated tank is upgraded, the New 31 Jersey Spill Compensation Fund, created pursuant to the "Spill 32 Compensation and Control Act," P.L.1976, c.141 (C.58:10-23.11 et 33 seq.) shall no longer serve as the evidence of financial responsibility 34 for the regulated tank.

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(cf: P.L.1997, c.235, s.24)

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37 7. (New section) Within 12 months of the effective date of this 38 act, the Department of Environmental Protection shall conduct a 39 public education and information program to inform owners and 40 operators of petroleum underground storage tanks of the changes in 41 the eligibility criteria, changes in the grant and loan limits and changes 42 in the application deadlines adopted pursuant to this act. The public 43 education program shall, among other things, inform those owners or 44 operators of regulated tanks that have not closed or upgraded their 45 tanks, and any person whose application for financial assistance from the fund has been denied because of the failure to meet the previous 46

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1 application deadline of the changes adopted pursuant to this act.

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8. This act shall take effect immediately.