23:2B-14

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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No

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LAWS OF:	2003	CHAPTER:	8		
NJSA:	23:2B-14 (Shellfish—increases penalties for violations)				
BILL NO:	A1882	(Substituted fo	r S1361)		
SPONSOR(S): Van Drew and Fisher					
DATE INTRODUCED: February 21, 2002					
COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Agriculture and Natural Resources					
SENATE: Environment					
AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes					
DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: March 25, 2002					
SENATE: December 16, 2002					
DATE OF APPROVAL: January 27, 2003					
FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:					
FINAL TEXT OF BILL (2nd reprint enacted) (Amendments during passage denoted by superscript numbers)					
A1882 <u>SPONSORS STATEMENT</u> : (Begins on page 6 of original bill) <u>Yes</u>					
		·		- /	<u>Yes</u>
	COMMITTEE	STATEMENT:		SEMBLY:	Yes
			<u>SEN/</u>	<u>\TE</u> :	<u>Yes</u>
FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS:					Yes
	LEGISLATIVE	FISCAL ESTIM	ATE:		No
S1361 <u>SPONSORS STATEMENT</u> : (Begins on page 6 of original bill) <u>Yes</u>					
	COMMITTEE	STATEMENT:	AS	SSEMBLY:	No
			<mark>SEN/</mark> Identi		Yes oly Statement for A1882
	FLOOR AMEN	IDMENT STATE	MENTS:		No
	LEGISLATIVE	FISCAL ESTIM	ATE:		No
VETO MESSAGE: No					No
					Ne

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING:

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

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HEARINGS:

No

No

NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:

Yes

"Tougher fines in store for illegal clammers," 1-30-2003 AsburyPark Press, p.A3 "Warning issued on consuming 13 fish species," 1-30-2003 Home News, p.A3

P.L. 2003, CHAPTER 8, *approved January 27, 2003* Assembly, No. 1882 (*Second Reprint*)

AN ACT concerning penalties for violations of certain laws pertaining 1 to ¹[the harvest of]¹ shellfish ¹<u>and marine fisheries</u>¹, amending 2 P.L.1979, c.199, and amending and supplementing P.L.1979, c.321 3 4 (C.58:24-1 et seq.). 5 6 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 7 of New Jersey: 8 9 1. Section 73 of P.L.1979, c.199 (C.23:2B-14) is amended to read 10 as follows: 11 73. For purposes of this section, the "act" means and includes all the new sections and amended sections contained herein, all the 12 13 remaining sections of Title 50 of the Revised Statutes, sections 23:3-41, 23:3-46, 23:3-47, 23:3-48, 23:3-51, 23:3-52, 23:5-9, 14 23:5-16, [23:5-35,] 23:9-114, 23:9-115 and 23:9-120 of Title 23 of 15 the Revised Statutes, [sections 1, 2, 3 and 7 of P.L.1938, c.318 16 (C.23:5-5.1 through 23:5-5.3 and 23:5-5.7), P.L.1952, c.216 17 18 (C.23:5-5.1a), and sections 1, 2, and 3 of P.L.1941, c.211 19 (C.23:5-24.1 to 23:5-24.3). 20 The commissioner may utilize any or all of the following remedies 21 for any violation of this act: 22 a. (1) [Any] <u>A</u> person who violates the provisions of this act or of any rule, regulation, license or permit [promulgated] adopted or 23 24 issued pursuant to this act shall be liable to a penalty of not less than 25 [\$100.00] <u>\$300</u> or more than [\$3,000.00] <u>\$3,000</u> for the first offense and not less than [\$200.00] <u>\$500</u> or more than [\$5,000.00] <u>\$5,000</u> 26 27 for any subsequent offense, unless the commissioner has established an alternate penalty for a specific offense pursuant to [subsection a. (2) 28 29 of this section] paragraph (2) of this subsection. 30 (2) The Commissioner of Environmental Protection, with the 31 approval of the Marine Fisheries Council, may, by regulation, establish 32 a penalty schedule for any specific violation of this act or of any rule 33 or regulation [promulgated] adopted pursuant to this act. No such 34 penalty may be less than [\$10.00] <u>\$30</u> or more than [\$100.00 on] 35 <u>\$100 for</u> the first offense or less than [\$20.00] <u>\$50</u> or more than 36 [\$200.00 on] <u>\$200 for</u> any subsequent offense. Any penalty provided for by this act or by the fee schedule [promulgated] adopted by the 37 38 commissioner shall be collected in a civil action by a summary

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹ Assembly AAN committee amendments adopted February 28, 2002.

² Assembly floor amendments adopted March 14, 2002.

proceeding [under "the penalty enforcement law" (N.J.S.2A:58-1 et 1 2 seq.)] pursuant to the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, 3 c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.). The Superior Court or any municipal 4 court shall have jurisdiction to enforce [said penalty enforcement law.] the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999." If the violation is of 5 6 a continuing nature, each day during which it continues shall constitute 7 an additional, separate and distinct offense. b. [Any] $^{2}(1)^{2}$ <u>A</u> person who violates the provisions of this act or 8 any rule or regulation or any license or permit [promulgated] adopted 9 10 or issued pursuant to this act shall be liable to the revocation or 11 suspension of any license [which he holds] or permit held by the violator pursuant to this act for such period of time as the court may 12 13 choose , except when the rule or regulation violated includes a 14 mandatory revocation or suspension schedule in which case that 15 schedule shall determine the period of time of the revocation or 16 suspension . $(2)^2$ In the case of a person who ¹[violates the provisions of 17 <u>R.S.50:2-11 or in the case of a person who</u>]¹ knowingly violates the 18 provisions of ¹R.S.50:2-11, ¹ R.S.50:3-13, R.S.50:4-2 or R.S.50:4-3, 19 or any rule or regulation or any license or permit adopted or issued 20 pursuant ²[to this act] thereto ²/₂ the violator shall be subject to a 21 mandatory revocation or suspension of the license or permit or 22 23 privilege for the taking of oysters, clams or other shellfish held by the violator, or in the case of a violator without the necessary license or 24 25 permit the loss of the privilege to take oysters, clams or other shellfish, 26 for a period of three years for a first offense, five years for a second offense, and 10 years for the third and any subsequent offense. For 27 purposes of this ¹[section] ²[subsection¹] paragraph², a knowing 28 violator shall include, but need not be limited to: $(a)^2 a$ person who 29 30 is the holder of a commercial shellfish license or permit; $^{2}(b)$ a person 31 who is the holder of a recreational shellfish license or permit who is in 32 possession of more than the daily recreational shellfish limit; (c) a 33 person without any shellfish license or permit who is in possession of more than the daily recreational shellfish limit; $(d)^2$ a person who is the 34 holder of a recreational shellfish license or permit who is engaging in 35 shellfish activities with the holder of a commercial shellfish license or 36 permit; or $(e)^2$ a person without the necessary shellfish license or 37 38 permit who is engaging in shellfish activities with the holder of a 39 commercial shellfish license or permit. 40 c. If [any] a person violates any of the provisions of this act, or 41 any rule or regulation or any license or permit [promulgated] adopted 42 or issued pursuant to [the provisions of] this act, the department may

43 institute a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction for
44 injunctive relief to prohibit and prevent [such] the violation or
45 violations and the [said] court may proceed in the action in a summary

1 manner.

The department is hereby authorized and empowered to compromise and settle any claim for a penalty under this section in such amount in the discretion of the department as may appear appropriate and equitable under all of the circumstances.

6 d. In addition to the penalties prescribed by this section, a person 7 [violating] who violates the provisions of R.S.50:2-11, R.S.50:3-13, 8 R.S.50:4-2 or R.S.50:4-3, or any rule or regulation or any license or 9 permit adopted or issued pursuant thereto, shall be subject to the 10 forfeiture of any vessel, vehicle, or equipment used in the commission of the violation. A designated [enforcement] conservation officer of 11 12 the Department of Environmental Protection, [the marine police] a 13 member of the State Police, or any other law enforcement officer may 14 seize and secure any vessel, vehicle, or equipment used in the 15 commission of such a violation. Upon the seizure of the vessel, 16 vehicle, or equipment, the [enforcement] conservation officer, 17 member of the [marine police] State Police, or other law enforcement 18 officer shall immediately thereafter institute a civil action to determine 19 if the forfeiture is warranted in the court in which the penalty action 20 was filed pursuant to this section, which court shall have jurisdiction to adjudicate the forfeiture action. The owner or any person having 21 22 a security interest in the vessel, vehicle, or equipment may secure [a] 23 its release [of the same] by depositing with the clerk of the court in 24 which the action is pending a bond with good and sufficient sureties 25 in an amount to be fixed by the court, conditioned upon the return of 26 the vessel, vehicle, or equipment to the Department of Environmental 27 Protection upon demand after completion of the court proceeding. The court may proceed in a summary manner and may direct the 28 29 confiscation of the vessel, vehicle, or equipment by the department for 30 its use or for disposal by sale or public auction. Moneys collected by 31 the department through the sale or public auction of the vessel, 32 vehicle, or equipment shall be used by the Division of Fish [, Game] 33 and Wildlife for the enforcement of the provisions of this act.

- 34 (cf: P.L.1991, c.91, s.279)
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36 2. Section 4 of P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-4) is amended to read as
37 follows:

4. For the purposes of [sections 1 through 10 of this act] P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-1 et seq.), the distribution, sale, offering for sale, or having in possession with intent to distribute or sell, any oysters, clams or other shellfish shall be prima facie evidence that such shellfish were intended for use as food.

- 43 (cf: P.L.1979, c.321, s.4)
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45 3. Section 6 of P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-6) is amended to read as

1 follows: 2 6. The department may make such specific orders regarding the 3 growing and handling of ovsters, clams or other shellfish and the 4 disposal of polluting matter which may affect the purity of oysters. 5 clams or other shellfish, as it may deem necessary to enforce the provisions of [this act] P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-1 et seq.). 6 7 (cf: P.L.1979, c.321, s.6) 8 9 4. Section 9 of P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-9) is amended to read as 10 follows: 11 9. [Any] <u>A person who violates any of the provisions of [sections</u> 12 1 through 8 of this act] P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-1 et seq.) or any 13 rule, regulation, order or permit [promulgated] adopted or issued pursuant [to this act] thereto is guilty of a petty disorderly persons 14 15 offense and [any such] a person convicted of a subsequent offense is 16 guilty of a disorderly persons offense. 17 (cf: P.L.1979, c.321, s.9) 18 19 5. Section 10 of P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-10) is amended to read 20 as follows: 21 10. Any vessel, vehicle, or equipment used in violation of 22 [sections 1 through 8 of this act] <u>P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-1 et seq.)</u> or any rule, regulation, order or permit issued or [promulgated] 23 24 adopted pursuant [to said sections] thereto may be confiscated and 25 forfeited. The department may seize and secure any [such] vessel, vehicle, or equipment and shall immediately thereafter give notice 26 27 thereof to a court located in the county where the seizure is made 28 which shall, at an appointed time and place, summarily hear and 29 determine whether [such] the vessel, vehicle , or equipment was unlawfully used and if it does so determine, it may direct the 30 31 confiscation and forfeiture of [such] the vessel, vehicle, or equipment 32 to the use of the department. The Commissioner of Environmental Protection may dispose of any [such] confiscated and forfeited vessel, 33 34 vehicle, or equipment at [his] the commissioner's discretion. Nothing 35 contained in [sections 1 through 8 of this act] P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-1 et seq.) shall be construed to limit the powers and 36 37 responsibilities of the Department of Health and Senior Services 38 pursuant to any provisions of Title 24 of the Revised Statutes. 39 (cf: P.L.1979, c.321, s.10) 40 41 6. (New section) a. In addition to the penalties prescribed in sections 9 and 10 of P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-9 and 58:24-10), a 42

42 sections 9 and 10 of 1.2.1979, c.321 (C.38.24-9 and 38.24-10), a 43 person who knowingly violates any of the provisions of P.L.1979,

44 c.321 (C.58:24-1 et seq.), or any rule, regulation, order or permit
45 adopted or issued pursuant thereto, shall be subject to the mandatory

revocation or suspension of any license or permit or privilege required 1 2 by the Department of Environmental Protection for the taking of 3 oysters, clams or other shellfish, or in the case of a violator without 4 the necessary license or permit the loss of the privilege to take oysters, clams or other shellfish, for a period of three years for a first offense, 5 five years for a second offense, and 10 years for the third offense and 6 7 any subsequent offense. 8 b. For purposes of this section, a knowing violator shall include, but need not be limited to (1) a person who is the holder of a 9 commercial shellfish license or permit, $(2)^{2}$ a person who is the holder 10 11 of a recreational shellfish license or permit who is in possession of more than the daily recreational shellfish limit, (3) a person without 12 any shellfish license or permit who is in possession of more than the 13 <u>daily recreational shellfish limit, $(4)^2$ a person who is the holder of a</u> 14 recreational shellfish license or permit who is engaging in shellfish 15 activities with the holder of a commercial shellfish license or permit, 16 or ${}^{2}[(3)] (5)^{2}$ a person without the necessary shellfish license or 17 permit who is engaging in shellfish activities with the holder of a 18 commercial shellfish license or permit. 19 20 7. This act shall take effect on the first day of the third month 21 following enactment.

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28 fisheries laws.

Increases penalties for violations of certain shellfish harvest and marine 27

ASSEMBLY, No. 1882 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 210th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 21, 2002

Sponsored by: Assemblyman JEFF VAN DREW District 1 (Cape May, Atlantic and Cumberland) Assemblyman DOUGLAS H. FISHER District 3 (Salem, Cumberland and Gloucester)

SYNOPSIS

Increases penalties for violations of certain shellfish harvest laws.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT As introduced.



2

AN ACT concerning penalties for violations of certain laws pertaining 1 2 to the harvest of shellfish, amending P.L.1979, c.199, and amending 3 and supplementing P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-1 et seq.). 4 5 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 6 of New Jersey: 7 8 1. Section 73 of P.L.1979, c.199 (C.23:2B-14) is amended to read 9 as follows: 10 73. For purposes of this section, the "act" means and includes all 11 the new sections and amended sections contained herein, all the 12 remaining sections of Title 50 of the Revised Statutes, sections 23:3-41, 23:3-46, 23:3-47, 23:3-48, 23:3-51, 23:3-52, 23:5-9, 13 14 23:5-16, [23:5-35,] 23:9-114, 23:9-115 and 23:9-120 of Title 23 of the Revised Statutes, [sections 1, 2, 3 and 7 of P.L.1938, c.318 15 (C.23:5-5.1 through 23:5-5.3 and 23:5-5.7), P.L.1952, c.216 16 (C.23:5-5.1a),] and sections 1, 2, and 3 of P.L.1941, c.211 17 18 (C.23:5-24.1 to 23:5-24.3). The commissioner may utilize any or all of the following remedies 19 20 for any violation of this act: 21 a. (1) [Any] <u>A</u> person who violates the provisions of this act or 22 of any rule, regulation, license or permit [promulgated] adopted or 23 issued pursuant to this act shall be liable to a penalty of not less than 24 [\$100.00] <u>\$300</u> or more than [\$3,000.00] <u>\$3,000</u> for the first offense and not less than [\$200.00] <u>\$500</u> or more than [\$5,000.00] <u>\$5,000</u> 25 26 for any subsequent offense, unless the commissioner has established an 27 alternate penalty for a specific offense pursuant to [subsection a. (2)] of this section] paragraph (2) of this subsection. 28 29 (2) The Commissioner of Environmental Protection, with the 30 approval of the Marine Fisheries Council, may, by regulation, establish 31 a penalty schedule for any specific violation of this act or of any rule 32 or regulation [promulgated] adopted pursuant to this act. No such 33 penalty may be less than [\$10.00] <u>\$30</u> or more than [\$100.00 on] 34 <u>\$100 for</u> the first offense or less than [\$20.00] <u>\$50</u> or more than [\$200.00 on] <u>\$200 for</u> any subsequent offense. Any penalty provided 35 for by this act or by the fee schedule [promulgated] adopted by the 36 commissioner shall be collected in a civil action by a summary 37 38 proceeding [under "the penalty enforcement law" (N.J.S.2A:58-1 et 39 seq.)] pursuant to the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, 40 c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.). The Superior Court or any municipal 41 court shall have jurisdiction to enforce [said penalty enforcement] 42 law.] the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999." If the violation is of

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Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

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1 a continuing nature, each day during which it continues shall constitute 2 an additional, separate and distinct offense. 3 b. [Any] <u>A</u> person who violates the provisions of this act or any 4 rule or regulation or any license or permit [promulgated] adopted or 5 issued pursuant to this act shall be liable to the revocation or suspension of any license [which he holds] or permit held by the 6 7 violator pursuant to this act for such period of time as the court may 8 choose , except when the rule or regulation violated includes a 9 mandatory revocation or suspension schedule in which case that 10 schedule shall determine the period of time of the revocation or 11 suspension. 12 In the case of a person who violates the provisions of R.S.50:2-11 13 or in the case of a person who knowingly violates the provisions of 14 R.S.50:3-13, R.S.50:4-2 or R.S.50:4-3, or any rule or regulation or 15 any license or permit adopted or issued pursuant to this act, the 16 violator shall be subject to a mandatory revocation or suspension of 17 the license or permit or privilege for the taking of oysters, clams or 18 other shellfish held by the violator, or in the case of a violator without 19 the necessary license or permit the loss of the privilege to take oysters, 20 clams or other shellfish, for a period of three years for a first offense, 21 five years for a second offense, and 10 years for the third and any 22 subsequent offense. For purposes of this section, a knowing violator 23 shall include, but need not be limited to: a person who is the holder 24 of a commercial shellfish license or permit; a person who is the holder 25 of a recreational shellfish license or permit who is engaging in shellfish 26 activities with the holder of a commercial shellfish license or permit; 27 or a person without the necessary shellfish license or permit who is 28 engaging in shellfish activities with the holder of a commercial shellfish 29 license or permit. 30 c. If [any] <u>a</u> person violates any of the provisions of this act, or 31 any rule or regulation or any license or permit [promulgated] adopted 32 or issued pursuant to [the provisions of] this act, the department may 33 institute a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction for 34 injunctive relief to prohibit and prevent [such] the violation or 35 violations and the [said] court may proceed in the action in a summary 36 manner. 37 The department is hereby authorized and empowered to 38 compromise and settle any claim for a penalty under this section in 39 such amount in the discretion of the department as may appear 40 appropriate and equitable under all of the circumstances. 41 d. In addition to the penalties prescribed by this section, a person 42 [violating] who violates the provisions of R.S.50:2-11, R.S.50:3-13, 43 R.S.50:4-2 or R.S.50:4-3, or any rule or regulation or any license or 44 permit adopted or issued pursuant thereto, shall be subject to the

45 forfeiture of any vessel<u>, vehicle</u>, or equipment used in the commission

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of the violation. A designated [enforcement] conservation officer of 1 2 the Department of Environmental Protection, [the marine police] <u>a</u> 3 member of the State Police, or any other law enforcement officer may seize and secure any vessel, vehicle, or equipment used in the 4 5 commission of such a violation. Upon the seizure of the vessel, vehicle, or equipment, the [enforcement] conservation officer, 6 7 member of the [marine police] State Police, or other law enforcement officer shall immediately thereafter institute a civil action to determine 8 9 if the forfeiture is warranted in the court in which the penalty action was filed pursuant to this section, which court shall have jurisdiction 10 11 to adjudicate the forfeiture action. The owner or any person having a security interest in the vessel, vehicle, or equipment may secure [a] 12 its release [of the same] by depositing with the clerk of the court in 13 which the action is pending a bond with good and sufficient sureties 14 15 in an amount to be fixed by the court, conditioned upon the return of the vessel, vehicle, or equipment to the Department of Environmental 16 17 Protection upon demand after completion of the court proceeding. 18 The court may proceed in a summary manner and may direct the 19 confiscation of the vessel, vehicle, or equipment by the department for 20 its use or for disposal by sale or public auction. Moneys collected by 21 the department through the sale or public auction of the vessel, 22 vehicle, or equipment shall be used by the Division of Fish [, Game] 23 and Wildlife for the enforcement of the provisions of this act. 24 (cf: P.L.1991, c.91, s.279) 25 26 2. Section 4 of P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-4) is amended to read as 27 follows: 28 4. For the purposes of [sections 1 through 10 of this act] 29 P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-1 et seq.), the distribution, sale, offering for 30 sale, or having in possession with intent to distribute or sell, any 31 oysters, clams or other shellfish shall be prima facie evidence that such 32 shellfish were intended for use as food. 33 (cf: P.L.1979, c.321, s.4) 34 35 3. Section 6 of P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-6) is amended to read as follows: 36 37 6. The department may make such specific orders regarding the 38 growing and handling of oysters, clams or other shellfish and the 39 disposal of polluting matter which may affect the purity of oysters. 40 clams or other shellfish, as it may deem necessary to enforce the 41 provisions of [this act] P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-1 et seq.). 42 (cf: P.L.1979, c.321, s.6) 43 44 4. Section 9 of P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-9) is amended to read as

45 follows:

1 9. [Any] <u>A</u> person who violates any of the provisions of [sections 1 through 8 of this act] P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-1 et seq.) or any 2 3 rule, regulation, order or permit [promulgated] adopted or issued 4 pursuant [to this act] thereto is guilty of a petty disorderly persons 5 offense and [any such] a person convicted of a subsequent offense is 6 guilty of a disorderly persons offense. 7 (cf: P.L.1979, c.321, s.9) 8 9 5. Section 10 of P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-10) is amended to read 10 as follows: 10. Any vessel, vehicle , or equipment used in violation of 11 [sections 1 through 8 of this act] <u>P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-1 et seq.)</u> 12 13 or any rule, regulation, order or permit issued or [promulgated] 14 <u>adopted</u> pursuant [to said sections] <u>thereto</u> may be confiscated and 15 forfeited. The department may seize and secure any [such] vessel, vehicle, or equipment and shall immediately thereafter give notice 16 17 thereof to a court located in the county where the seizure is made 18 which shall, at an appointed time and place, summarily hear and 19 determine whether [such] the vessel, vehicle , or equipment was 20 unlawfully used and if it does so determine, it may direct the 21 confiscation and forfeiture of [such] the vessel, vehicle, or equipment 22 to the use of the department. The Commissioner of Environmental Protection may dispose of any [such] confiscated and forfeited vessel, 23 vehicle, or equipment at [his] the commissioner's discretion. Nothing 24 25 contained in [sections 1 through 8 of this act] P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-1 et seq.) shall be construed to limit the powers and 26 27 responsibilities of the Department of Health and Senior Services pursuant to any provisions of Title 24 of the Revised Statutes. 28 29 (cf: P.L.1979, c.321, s.10)

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31 6. (New section) a. In addition to the penalties prescribed in 32 sections 9 and 10 of P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-9 and 58:24-10), a 33 person who knowingly violates any of the provisions of P.L.1979, 34 c.321 (C.58:24-1 et seq.), or any rule, regulation, order or permit 35 adopted or issued pursuant thereto, shall be subject to the mandatory 36 revocation or suspension of any license or permit or privilege required 37 by the Department of Environmental Protection for the taking of 38 oysters, clams or other shellfish, or in the case of a violator without 39 the necessary license or permit the loss of the privilege to take oysters, 40 clams or other shellfish, for a period of three years for a first offense, 41 five years for a second offense, and 10 years for the third offense and 42 any subsequent offense.

43 b. For purposes of this section, a knowing violator shall include, 44 but need not be limited to (1) a person who is the holder of a 45 commercial shellfish license or permit, (2) a person who is the holder

A1882 VAN DREW, FISHER

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1 of a recreational shellfish license or permit who is engaging in shellfish 2 activities with the holder of a commercial shellfish license or permit, or (3) a person without the necessary shellfish license or permit who 3 is engaging in shellfish activities with the holder of a commercial 4 shellfish license or permit. 5 6 7 7. This act shall take effect on the first day of the third month 8 following enactment. 9 10 11 **STATEMENT** 12 13 This bill amends current law to increase penalties associated with 14 certain illegal shellfish harvest activities, including but not limited to, 15 clamming at night, clamming in condemned water, and invasion of leased shellfish grounds. 16 17 The bill increases the minimum monetary penalty assessed for certain violations from not less than \$100 for the first offense and not 18 19 less than \$200 for any subsequent offense to not less than \$300 for the 20 first offense and not less than \$500 for any subsequent offense. The 21 bill also increases the minimum monetary penalty assessed for certain 22 violations pursuant to a penalty schedule established by the 23 Commissioner of Environmental Protection, with the approval of the Marine Fisheries Council, from not less than \$10 for the first offense 24 25 and not less than \$20 for any subsequent offense to not less than \$30 26 for the first offense and not less than \$50 for any subsequent offense. 27 In the case of knowing violators, the bill provides for license 28 revocation or suspension, or the loss of the privilege to take oysters, 29 clams or other shellfish in the case of a violator without a license, for 30 three years for a first offense, five years for a second offense, and 10 31 years for a third and any subsequent offense. In addition, the bill 32 provides for the confiscation of vessels, vehicles, and equipment when certain shellfish harvest violations occur. The bill also contains 33 34 technical amendments, including amendments to delete references to repealed statutes and to reflect the recent name change of the Division 35 of Fish and Wildlife. 36

ASSEMBLY AGRICULTURE AND NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 1882

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: FEBRUARY 28, 2002

The Assembly Agriculture and Natural Resources Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly Bill No. 1882.

This bill amends current law to increase penalties associated with certain illegal shellfish harvest activities and marine fisheries violations, including but not limited to, clamming at night, clamming in condemned water, and invasion of leased shellfish grounds.

The bill increases the minimum monetary penalty assessed for certain violations from not less than \$100 for the first offense and not less than \$200 for any subsequent offense to not less than \$300 for the first offense and not less than \$500 for any subsequent offense. The bill also increases the minimum monetary penalty assessed for certain violations pursuant to a penalty schedule established by the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, with the approval of the Marine Fisheries Council, from not less than \$10 for the first offense and not less than \$20 for any subsequent offense to not less than \$30 for the first offense and not less than \$50 for any subsequent offense.

In the case of knowing violators, the bill provides for license revocation or suspension, or the loss of the privilege to take oysters, clams or other shellfish in the case of a violator without a license, for three years for a first offense, five years for a second offense, and 10 years for a third and any subsequent offense. In addition, the bill provides for the confiscation of vessels, vehicles, and equipment when certain shellfish harvest violations occur. The bill also contains technical amendments, including amendments to delete references to repealed statutes and to reflect the recent name change of the Division of Fish and Wildlife.

The committee amended the bill to (1) change the title to reflect the fact that the bill also raises the minimum fines for marine fisheries violations, (2) provide that, for violations of R.S.50:2-11 (time of day and Sunday restrictions on the taking of shellfish), mandatory license revocation or suspension would apply to a "knowing violator" rather than to any violator, and (3) make a technical amendment.

STATEMENT TO

[Second Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 1882

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: NOVEMBER 18, 2002

The Senate Environment Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 1882 (2R).

Assembly Bill No. 1882 (2R) amends current law to increase penalties associated with certain illegal shellfish harvest activities and marine fisheries violations, including but not limited to, clamming at night, clamming in condemned water, and invasion of leased shellfish grounds.

The bill increases the minimum monetary penalty assessed for certain violations from not less than \$100 for the first offense and not less than \$200 for any subsequent offense to not less than \$300 for the first offense and not less than \$500 for any subsequent offense. The bill also increases the minimum monetary penalty assessed for certain violations pursuant to a penalty schedule established by the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, with the approval of the Marine Fisheries Council, from not less than \$10 for the first offense and not less than \$20 for any subsequent offense to not less than \$30 for the first offense and not less than \$50 for any subsequent offense.

In the case of so-called "knowing violators" of certain shellfish harvest laws, the bill provides for mandatory revocation or suspension of shellfish licenses, permits, and privileges for three years for a first offense, five years for a second offense, and 10 years for a third and any subsequent offense. In addition, the bill provides for the confiscation of vessels, vehicles, and equipment when certain shellfish harvest violations occur. The bill also contains technical amendments, including amendments to delete references to repealed statutes and to reflect the recent name change of the Division of Fish and Wildlife.

Assembly Bill No. 1882 (2R) is identical to Senate Bill No. 1361.

SENATE, No. 1361 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 210th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MARCH 21, 2002

Sponsored by: Senator JAMES S. CAFIERO District 1 (Cape May, Atlantic and Cumberland)

SYNOPSIS

Increases penalties for violations of certain shellfish harvest and marine fisheries laws.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



AN ACT concerning penalties for violations of certain laws pertaining 1 2 to shellfish and marine fisheries, amending P.L.1979, c.199, and 3 amending and supplementing P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-1 et seq.). 4 5 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 6 of New Jersey: 7 8 1. Section 73 of P.L.1979, c.199 (C.23:2B-14) is amended to read 9 as follows: 10 73. For purposes of this section, the "act" means and includes all 11 the new sections and amended sections contained herein, all the 12 remaining sections of Title 50 of the Revised Statutes, sections 13 23:3-41, 23:3-46, 23:3-47, 23:3-48, 23:3-51, 23:3-52, 23:5-9, 14 23:5-16, [23:5-35,] 23:9-114, 23:9-115 and 23:9-120 of Title 23 of the Revised Statutes, [sections 1, 2, 3 and 7 of P.L.1938, c.318 15 (C.23:5-5.1 through 23:5-5.3 and 23:5-5.7), P.L.1952, c.216 16 (C.23:5-5.1a),] and sections 1, 2, and 3 of P.L.1941, c.211 17 18 (C.23:5-24.1 to 23:5-24.3). The commissioner may utilize any or all of the following remedies 19 20 for any violation of this act: a. (1) [Any] <u>A</u> person who violates the provisions of this act or 21 22 of any rule, regulation, license or permit [promulgated] adopted or 23 issued pursuant to this act shall be liable to a penalty of not less than 24 [\$100.00] <u>\$300</u> or more than [\$3,000.00] <u>\$3,000</u> for the first offense and not less than [\$200.00] <u>\$500</u> or more than [\$5,000.00] <u>\$5,000</u> 25 26 for any subsequent offense, unless the commissioner has established an 27 alternate penalty for a specific offense pursuant to [subsection a. (2)] of this section] paragraph (2) of this subsection. 28 29 (2) The Commissioner of Environmental Protection, with the 30 approval of the Marine Fisheries Council, may, by regulation, establish 31 a penalty schedule for any specific violation of this act or of any rule 32 or regulation [promulgated] adopted pursuant to this act. No such 33 penalty may be less than [\$10.00] <u>\$30</u> or more than [\$100.00 on] <u>\$100 for</u> the first offense or less than [\$20.00] <u>\$50</u> or more than 34 [\$200.00 on] <u>\$200 for</u> any subsequent offense. Any penalty provided 35 for by this act or by the fee schedule [promulgated] adopted by the 36 commissioner shall be collected in a civil action by a summary 37 38 proceeding [under "the penalty enforcement law" (N.J.S.2A:58-1 et 39 seq.)] pursuant to the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, 40 c.274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.). The Superior Court or any municipal 41 court shall have jurisdiction to enforce [said penalty enforcement] 42 law.] the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999." If the violation is of

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in **bold-faced brackets** [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

1 a continuing nature, each day during which it continues shall constitute 2 an additional, separate and distinct offense. 3 b. [Any] (1) A person who violates the provisions of this act or 4 any rule or regulation or any license or permit [promulgated] adopted 5 or issued pursuant to this act shall be liable to the revocation or suspension of any license [which he holds] or permit held by the 6 7 violator pursuant to this act for such period of time as the court may 8 choose , except when the rule or regulation violated includes a 9 mandatory revocation or suspension schedule in which case that 10 schedule shall determine the period of time of the revocation or 11 suspension. 12 (2) In the case of a person who knowingly violates the provisions 13 of R.S.50:2-11, R.S.50:3-13, R.S.50:4-2 or R.S.50:4-3, or any rule or 14 regulation or any license or permit adopted or issued pursuant thereto, 15 the violator shall be subject to a mandatory revocation or suspension 16 of the license or permit or privilege for the taking of oysters, clams or 17 other shellfish held by the violator, or in the case of a violator without 18 the necessary license or permit the loss of the privilege to take oysters, 19 clams or other shellfish, for a period of three years for a first offense, 20 five years for a second offense, and 10 years for the third and any 21 subsequent offense. For purposes of this paragraph, a knowing 22 violator shall include, but need not be limited to: (a) a person who is 23 the holder of a commercial shellfish license or permit; (b) a person 24 who is the holder of a recreational shellfish license or permit who is in 25 possession of more than the daily recreational shellfish limit; (c) a 26 person without any shellfish license or permit who is in possession of 27 more than the daily recreational shellfish limit; (d) a person who is the 28 holder of a recreational shellfish license or permit who is engaging in 29 shellfish activities with the holder of a commercial shellfish license or 30 permit; or (e) a person without the necessary shellfish license or permit 31 who is engaging in shellfish activities with the holder of a commercial 32 shellfish license or permit. 33 c. If [any] <u>a</u> person violates any of the provisions of this act, or 34 any rule or regulation or any license or permit [promulgated] adopted or issued pursuant to [the provisions of] this act, the department may 35 36 institute a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction for 37 injunctive relief to prohibit and prevent [such] the violation or 38 violations and the [said] court may proceed in the action in a summary 39 manner. The department is hereby authorized and empowered to 40 41 compromise and settle any claim for a penalty under this section in 42 such amount in the discretion of the department as may appear 43 appropriate and equitable under all of the circumstances. 44 d. In addition to the penalties prescribed by this section, a person

45 [violating] <u>who violates</u> the provisions of <u>R.S.50:2-11</u>, <u>R.S.50:3-13</u>,

1 R.S.50:4-2 or R.S.50:4-3, or any rule or regulation or any license or 2 permit adopted or issued pursuant thereto, shall be subject to the forfeiture of any vessel. vehicle, or equipment used in the commission 3 4 of the violation. A designated [enforcement] conservation officer of 5 the Department of Environmental Protection, [the marine police] a member of the State Police, or any other law enforcement officer may 6 7 seize and secure any vessel, vehicle, or equipment used in the 8 commission of such a violation. Upon the seizure of the vessel, 9 vehicle, or equipment, the [enforcement] conservation officer, member of the [marine police] State Police, or other law enforcement 10 officer shall immediately thereafter institute a civil action to determine 11 12 if the forfeiture is warranted in the court in which the penalty action 13 was filed pursuant to this section, which court shall have jurisdiction 14 to adjudicate the forfeiture action. The owner or any person having 15 a security interest in the vessel, vehicle, or equipment may secure [a] its release [of the same] by depositing with the clerk of the court in 16 17 which the action is pending a bond with good and sufficient sureties 18 in an amount to be fixed by the court, conditioned upon the return of 19 the vessel, vehicle, or equipment to the Department of Environmental 20 Protection upon demand after completion of the court proceeding. 21 The court may proceed in a summary manner and may direct the confiscation of the vessel<u>, vehicle</u>, or equipment by the department for 22 23 its use or for disposal by sale or public auction. Moneys collected by 24 the department through the sale or public auction of the vessel, 25 vehicle, or equipment shall be used by the Division of Fish [, Game] 26 and Wildlife for the enforcement of the provisions of this act. 27 (cf: P.L.1991, c.91, s.279)

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29 2. Section 4 of P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-4) is amended to read as30 follows:

4. For the purposes of [sections 1 through 10 of this act]
P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-1 et seq.), the distribution, sale, offering for
sale, or having in possession with intent to distribute or sell, any
oysters, clams or other shellfish shall be prima facie evidence that such
shellfish were intended for use as food.

- 36 (cf: P.L.1979, c.321, s.4)
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38 3. Section 6 of P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-6) is amended to read as
39 follows:

6. The department may make such specific orders regarding the
growing and handling of <u>oysters</u>, <u>clams or other</u> shellfish and the
disposal of polluting matter which may affect the purity of <u>oysters</u>,
<u>clams or other</u> shellfish, as it may deem necessary to enforce the
provisions of [this act] P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-1 et seq.).

45 (cf: P.L.1979, c.321, s.6)

1 4. Section 9 of P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-9) is amended to read as 2 follows: 9. [Any] <u>A</u> person who violates any of the provisions of [sections 3 4 1 through 8 of this act] P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-1 et seq.) or any 5 rule, regulation, order or permit [promulgated] adopted or issued pursuant [to this act] thereto is guilty of a petty disorderly persons 6 7 offense and [any such] a person convicted of a subsequent offense is 8 guilty of a disorderly persons offense. 9 (cf: P.L.1979, c.321, s.9) 10 5. Section 10 of P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-10) is amended to read 11 12 as follows: 13 10. Any vessel, vehicle , or equipment used in violation of 14 [sections 1 through 8 of this act] P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-1 et seq.) 15 or any rule, regulation, order or permit issued or [promulgated] 16 adopted pursuant [to said sections] thereto may be confiscated and 17 forfeited. The department may seize and secure any [such] vessel, vehicle, or equipment and shall immediately thereafter give notice 18 19 thereof to a court located in the county where the seizure is made 20 which shall, at an appointed time and place, summarily hear and 21 determine whether [such] the vessel, vehicle , or equipment was 22 unlawfully used and if it does so determine, it may direct the 23 confiscation and forfeiture of [such] the vessel, vehicle, or equipment 24 to the use of the department. The Commissioner of Environmental Protection may dispose of any [such] confiscated and forfeited vessel, 25 vehicle, or equipment at [his] the commissioner's discretion. Nothing 26 27 contained in [sections 1 through 8 of this act] P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-1 et seq.) shall be construed to limit the powers and 28 29 responsibilities of the Department of Health and Senior Services 30 pursuant to any provisions of Title 24 of the Revised Statutes. 31 (cf: P.L.1979, c.321, s.10)

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33 6. (New section) a. In addition to the penalties prescribed in 34 sections 9 and 10 of P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-9 and 58:24-10), a 35 person who knowingly violates any of the provisions of P.L.1979, c.321 (C.58:24-1 et seq.), or any rule, regulation, order or permit 36 37 adopted or issued pursuant thereto, shall be subject to the mandatory 38 revocation or suspension of any license or permit or privilege required 39 by the Department of Environmental Protection for the taking of oysters, clams or other shellfish, or in the case of a violator without 40 41 the necessary license or permit the loss of the privilege to take oysters, 42 clams or other shellfish, for a period of three years for a first offense, 43 five years for a second offense, and 10 years for the third offense and 44 any subsequent offense.

45 b. For purposes of this section, a knowing violator shall include,

1 but need not be limited to (1) a person who is the holder of a 2 commercial shellfish license or permit, (2) a person who is the holder 3 of a recreational shellfish license or permit who is in possession of 4 more than the daily recreational shellfish limit, (3) a person without any shellfish license or permit who is in possession of more than the 5 6 daily recreational shellfish limit, (4) a person who is the holder of a 7 recreational shellfish license or permit who is engaging in shellfish 8 activities with the holder of a commercial shellfish license or permit, 9 or (5) a person without the necessary shellfish license or permit who is engaging in shellfish activities with the holder of a commercial 10 11 shellfish license or permit. 12 13 7. This act shall take effect on the first day of the third month 14 following enactment. 15 16 17 **STATEMENT** 18 This bill amends current law to increase penalties associated with 19 certain illegal shellfish harvest activities and marine fisheries 20 21 violations, including but not limited to, clamming at night, clamming 22 in condemned water, and invasion of leased shellfish grounds. 23 The bill increases the minimum monetary penalty assessed for certain violations from not less than \$100 for the first offense and not 24 25 less than \$200 for any subsequent offense to not less than \$300 for the 26 first offense and not less than \$500 for any subsequent offense. The 27 bill also increases the minimum monetary penalty assessed for certain violations pursuant to a penalty schedule established by the 28 29 Commissioner of Environmental Protection, with the approval of the Marine Fisheries Council, from not less than \$10 for the first offense 30 31 and not less than \$20 for any subsequent offense to not less than \$30 32 for the first offense and not less than \$50 for any subsequent offense. In the case of "knowing violators" of certain shellfish harvest laws, 33 34 the bill provides for mandatory revocation or suspension of shellfish licenses, permits, and privileges for three years for a first offense, five 35 years for a second offense, and 10 years for a third and any subsequent 36 offense. In addition, the bill provides for the confiscation of vessels, 37 38 vehicles, and equipment when certain shellfish harvest violations 39 The bill also contains technical amendments, including occur. 40 amendments to delete references to repealed statutes and to reflect the 41 recent name change of the Division of Fish and Wildlife.

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 1361

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: NOVEMBER 18, 2002

The Senate Environment Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 1361.

Senate Bill No. 1361 amends current law to increase penalties associated with certain illegal shellfish harvest activities and marine fisheries violations, including but not limited to, clamming at night, clamming in condemned water, and invasion of leased shellfish grounds.

The bill increases the minimum monetary penalty assessed for certain violations from not less than \$100 for the first offense and not less than \$200 for any subsequent offense to not less than \$300 for the first offense and not less than \$500 for any subsequent offense. The bill also increases the minimum monetary penalty assessed for certain violations pursuant to a penalty schedule established by the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, with the approval of the Marine Fisheries Council, from not less than \$10 for the first offense and not less than \$20 for any subsequent offense to not less than \$30 for the first offense and not less than \$50 for any subsequent offense.

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Senate Bill No. 1361 is identical to Assembly Bill No. 1882 (2R).