# 45:1-3.3 **LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECK** Compiled by the NJ State Law Library

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LAWS OF:	1999	CHAPTER:	403		
NJSA:	45:1-3.3	(Profes	sional licenses—revocation)		
BILL NO:	S1807	(Substituted for	r A3576)		
SPONSOR(S): Cardinale					
DATE INTRO	DUCED: May	<sup>,</sup> 6, 1999			
COMMITTEE	: ASSE	EMBLY:			
	SENAT	TE: Comme	rce		
AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes					
DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: January 10, 2000					
		SENATE:	December 6, 1999		
DATE OF APPROVAL: January 18, 2000					
FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:					
FINAL TEXT OF BILL: 2 <sup>nd</sup> Reprint (Amendments during passage denoted by superscript number)					
S1807 <u>SPONSORS STATEMENT</u> : (Begins on page 11 of original bill) <u>Yes</u>					
		TATEMENT: (Be	gins on page 11 of original bill)	Yes	
			gins on page 11 of original bill) <b>ASSEMBLY</b> :	<u>Yes</u> No	
	SPONSORS S				
	SPONSORS S		ASSEMBLY: <u>SENATE</u> :	No	
	SPONSORS S COMMITTEE S FLOOR AMEN	STATEMENT:	ASSEMBLY: <u>SENATE</u> : <u>MENTS</u> :	No <u>Yes</u>	
A38	SPONSORS S COMMITTEE S FLOOR AMEN LEGISLATIVE	STATEMENT:	ASSEMBLY: <u>SENATE</u> : <u>MENTS</u> :	No <u>Yes</u> <u>Yes</u> No <u>Yes</u>	
A38	SPONSORS S COMMITTEE S FLOOR AMEN LEGISLATIVE	STATEMENT: IDMENT STATE FISCAL ESTIMA	ASSEMBLY: SENATE: MENTS: ATE: ogins on page 11 of original bill)	No <u>Yes</u> <u>Yes</u> No <u>Yes</u> at identical to S1807	
A38	SPONSORS S COMMITTEE S FLOOR AMEN LEGISLATIVE 576 SPONSORS S	STATEMENT: IDMENT STATE FISCAL ESTIMA	ASSEMBLY: SENATE: MENTS: ATE: egins on page 11 of original bill) Bill and Sponsors Statemen ASSEMBLY:	No <u>Yes</u> <u>Yes</u> No <u>Yes</u> at identical to S1807	
A3	SPONSORS S COMMITTEE S FLOOR AMEN LEGISLATIVE 576 SPONSORS S COMMITTEE S	STATEMENT: IDMENT STATE FISCAL ESTIMA	ASSEMBLY: SENATE: MENTS: ATE: egins on page 11 of original bill) Bill and Sponsors Statement <u>ASSEMBLY</u> : Identical to Senate Statement SENATE:	No Yes Yes No t identical to S1807	
A3	SPONSORS S COMMITTEE S FLOOR AMEN LEGISLATIVE S76 SPONSORS S COMMITTEE S	STATEMENT: IDMENT STATE FISCAL ESTIMA TATEMENT: (Be STATEMENT:	ASSEMBLY: SENATE: MENTS: ATE: egins on page 11 of original bill) Bill and Sponsors Statemen <u>ASSEMBLY</u> : Identical to Senate Stateme SENATE: MENTS:	No Yes Yes No Yes at identical to S1807 Yes ant for S1807 No	
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#### FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

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REPORTS:	No
	No
HEARINGS:	No
NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:	

§4-C.45:1-3.3
§§5-7 C.45:1-7.1
to 45:1-7.3
§8 - C.45:1-15.1
§12 - Repealer

#### P.L. 1999, CHAPTER 403, approved January 18, 2000 Senate, No. 1807 (Second Reprint)

1 AN ACT concerning professional and occupational licensing boards 2 and revising parts of the statutory law. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. Section 2 of P.L.1978, c.73 (C.45:1-15) is amended to read as 8 follows: 9 2. The provisions of this act shall apply to the following boards and 10 all professions or occupations regulated by [or], through [such] or with the advice of those boards: the New Jersey State Board of 11 12 Accountancy, the New Jersey State Board of Architects, the New 13 Jersey State Board of Cosmetology and Hairstyling, the Board of 14 Examiners of Electrical Contractors, the New Jersey State Board of 15 Dentistry, the State Board of Mortuary Science of New Jersey, the State Board of Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors, the State 16 17 Board of Marriage and Family Therapy Examiners, the State Board of Medical Examiners, the New Jersey Board of Nursing, the New Jersey 18 State Board of Optometrists, the State Board of Examiners of 19 20 Ophthalmic Dispensers and Ophthalmic Technicians, the Board of 21 Pharmacy, the State Board of Professional Planners, the State Board of Psychological Examiners, the State Board of Examiners of Master 22 23 Plumbers, the State Board of Shorthand Reporting, the State Board of 24 Veterinary Medical Examiners, the Acupuncture Examining Board, the 25 State Board of Chiropractic Examiners, the State Board of Respiratory 26 Care, the State Real Estate Appraiser Board, [and] the State Board of Social Work Examiners <sup>1</sup>, the State Board of Physical Therapy<sup>1</sup>, 27 the Professional Counselor Examiners Committee, the New Jersey 28 Cemetery Board, the Orthotics and Prosthetics Board of Examiners, 29 the Occupational Therapy Advisory Council, the Electrologists 30 31 Advisory Committee, the Alcohol and Drug Counselor Committee, the 32 Fire Alarm, Burglar Alarm, and Locksmith Advisory Committee, the 33 Home Inspection Advisory Committee, the Massage, Bodywork and 34 Somatic Therapy Examining Committee, and the Audiology and 35 Speech-Language Pathology Advisory Committee. 36 (cf: P.L.1995, c.366, s.23)

**EXPLANATION** - Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

<sup>1</sup> Senate SCM committee amendments adopted May 6, 1999.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Senate floor amendments adopted November 15, 1999.

2. Section 8 of P.L. 1978, c. 73 (C.45:1-21) is amended to read as
 follows:
 8. A board may refuse to admit a person to an examination or may
 refuse to issue or may suspend or revoke any certificate, registration
 or license issued by the board upon proof that the applicant or holder
 of such certificate, registration or license.
 a. Has obtained a certificate, registration, license or authorization

to sit for an examination, as the case may be, through fraud, deception,
or misrepresentation;

b. Has engaged in the use or employment of dishonesty, fraud,deception, misrepresentation, false promise or false pretense;

c. Has engaged in gross negligence, gross malpractice or gross
incompetence <u>which damaged or endangered the life, health, welfare,</u>
<u>safety or property of any person;</u>

d. Has engaged in repeated acts of negligence, malpractice orincompetence;

e. Has engaged in professional or occupational misconduct as maybe determined by the board;

f. Has been convicted of <u>, or engaged in acts constituting</u>, any
crime <u>or offense</u> involving moral turpitude or [any crime] relating
adversely to the activity regulated by the board. For the purpose of
this subsection <u>a judgment of conviction or</u> a plea of guilty, non vult,
nolo contendere or any other such disposition of alleged criminal
activity shall be deemed a conviction;

g. Has had his authority to engage in the activity regulated by the
board revoked or suspended by any other state, agency or authority
for reasons consistent with this section;

h. Has violated or failed to comply with the provisions of any actor regulation administered by the board;

i. Is incapable, for medical or any other good cause, of discharging
the functions of a licensee in a manner consistent with the public's
health, safety and welfare;

j. Has repeatedly failed to submit completed applications, or parts
of, or documentation submitted in conjunction with, such applications,
required to be filed with the Department of Environmental Protection;
k. Has violated any provision of P.L.1983, c.320 (C.17:33A-1 et

37 seq.) or any insurance fraud prevention law or act of another
38 jurisdiction or has been adjudicated, in civil or administrative
39 proceedings, of a violation of P.L.1983, c.320 (C.17:33A-1 et seq.) or
40 has been subject to a final order, entered in civil or administrative
41 proceedings, that imposed civil penalties under that act against the
42 applicant or holder:

43 <u>1. Is presently engaged in drug or alcohol use that is likely to impair</u>

44 the ability to practice the profession or occupation with reasonable

45 skill and safety. For purposes of this subsection, the term "presently"

46 means at this time or any time within the previous 365 days;

47 <u>m. Has prescribed or dispensed controlled dangerous substances</u>

1 indiscriminately or without good cause, or where the applicant or

2 holder knew or should have known that the substances were to be

3 <u>used for unauthorized consumption or distribution;</u>

- 4 <u>n. Has permitted an unlicensed person or entity to perform an act</u>
- 5 for which a license or certificate of registration or certification is
- 6 required by the board, or aided and abetted an unlicensed person or
- 7 <u>entity in performing such an act:</u>
- 8 <u>o. Advertised fraudulently in any manner</u>.

9 For purposes of this act:

"Completed application" means the submission of all of the
information designated on the checklist, adopted pursuant to section
1 of P.L.1991, c.421 (C.13:1D-101), for the class or category of
permit for which application is made.

14 "Permit" has the same meaning as defined in section 1 of P.L.1991,

- 15 c.421 (C.13:1D-101).
- 16 (cf: P.L.1997, c.151, s.10)
- 17

3. Section 9 of P.L.1978, c.73 (C.45:1-22) is amended to read asfollows:

9. In addition or as an alternative, as the case may be, to revoking,
suspending or refusing to renew any license, registration or certificate
issued by it, a board may, after affording an opportunity to be heard:
a. Issue a letter of warning, reprimand, or censure with regard to
any act, conduct or practice which in the judgment of the board upon
consideration of all relevant facts and circumstances does not warrant
the initiation of formal action;

b. Assess civil penalties in accordance with this act;

c. Order that any person violating any provision of an act or
regulation administered by such board to cease and desist from future
violations thereof or to take such affirmative corrective action as may
be necessary with regard to any act or practice found unlawful by the
board;

d. Order any person found to have violated any provision of an act or regulation administered by such board to restore to any person aggrieved by an unlawful act or practice, any moneys or property, real or personal, acquired by means of such act or practice; provided, however, no board shall order restoration in a dollar amount greater than those moneys received by a licensee or his agent or any other person violating the act or regulation administered by the board;

e. Order any person, as a condition for continued, reinstated or
renewed licensure, to secure medical or such other professional
treatment as may be necessary to properly discharge licensee
functions.

A board may, upon a duly verified application of the Attorney
General [alleging] that either provides proof of a conviction of a court
of competent jurisdiction for a crime or offense involving moral
turpitude or relating adversely to the regulated profession or

occupation, or alleges an act or practice violating any provision of an 1 2 act or regulation administered by such board, enter a temporary order 3 suspending or limiting any license issued by the board pending plenary 4 hearing on an administrative complaint; provided, however, no such 5 temporary order shall be entered unless the application made to the board palpably demonstrates a clear and imminent danger to the public 6 7 health, safety and welfare and notice of such application is given to the 8 licensee affected by such order. 9 In any administrative proceeding commenced on a complaint 10 alleging a violation of an act or regulation administered by a board, 11 such board may issue subpenas to compel the attendance of witnesses 12 or the production of books, records, or documents at the hearing on 13 the complaint. 14 (cf: P.L.1978, c.73, s.9) 15 16 4. (New section) The Director of the Division of Consumer Affairs 17 may by rule establish, prescribe, or modify administrative fees charged by boards in accordance with the "Administrative Procedure Act," 18 P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.). For purposes of this section, 19 20 "administrative fees" are charges assessed to licensees, registrants or 21 holders of certificates, as the case may be, for board functions that are 22 not unique to a particular board but are uniform throughout all boards. 23 Administrative fees include, but are not limited to, fees for a duplicate 24 or replacement license, certification or registration, late renewal fee, 25 license reinstatement fee, and the fee for processing change of address. 26 27 5. (New section) a. Notwithstanding any other act or regulation 28 to the contrary, the provisions of this section and sections 6 and 7 of 29 P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) shall apply to every holder of a professional or occupational license or certificate 30 31 of registration or certification issued or renewed by a board specified in section 2 of P.L. 1978, c.73 (P.L. 45:1-15), who seeks renewal of 32 33 that license or certificate. 34 b. Every holder of a professional or occupational license or 35 certificate of registration or certification, issued or renewed by a board specified in section 2 of P.L.1978, c.73 (C.45:1-15), who seeks 36 37 renewal shall submit a renewal application and pay a renewal fee prior to the date of expiration of the license or certificate of registration or 38 39 certification. If the holder does not renew the license or certificate 40 prior to its expiration date, the holder may renew it within 30 days of 41 its expiration date by submitting a renewal application and paying a 42 renewal fee and a late fee. Any professional or occupational license or certificate of registration or certification not renewed within 30 43 44 days of its expiration date shall be suspended without a hearing. 45 c. Any individual who continues to practice with an expired license 46 or certificate of registration or certification after 30 days following its

47 expiration date shall be deemed to be engaged in unlicensed practice

1 of the regulated profession or occupation, even if no notice of 2 suspension has been provided to the individual. 3 d. A professional or occupational license or certificate of 4 registration or certification suspended pursuant to this section may be 5 reinstated within five years following its date of expiration upon submission of a renewal application and payment of an additional 6 7 reinstatement fee. An applicant seeking reinstatement of a license or 8 certificate suspended pursuant to this section more than five years past 9 its expiration date shall successfully complete the examination required 10 for initial licensure, registration or certification and submit a renewal 11 application and payment of an additional reinstatement fee. <sup>2</sup>e. A board specified in section 2 of P.L. 1978, c. 73 (C. 45:1-15) 12 shall send a notice of renewal to each of its holders of a professional 13 14 or occupational license or certificate of registration or certification, as 15 applicable, at least 60 days prior to the expiration of the license or certificate. If the notice to renew is not sent at least 60 days prior to 16 17 the expiration date, no monetary penalties or fines shall apply to the holder for failure to renew.<sup>2</sup> 18 19 6. (New section) A board may reinstate the professional or 20 21 occupational license or certificate of registration or certification of an 22 applicant whose license or certificate has been suspended pursuant to 23 section 5 of P.L., c. )(now before the Legislature as this (C. bill), provided that the applicant otherwise qualifies for licensure, 24 registration or certification and submits the following upon application 25 26 for reinstatement: 27 a. Payment of all past delinquent renewal fees; 28 b. Payment of a reinstatement fee; 29 c. An affidavit of employment listing each job held during the period of suspended license, registration or certification which 30 includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of each 31 32 employer; and 33 d. If applicable, satisfactory proof that the applicant has maintained 34 proficiency by completing the continuing education hours or credits required for the renewal of an active license or certificate of 35 registration or certification. 36 37 38 7. (New section) a. Renewal applications for all professional or 39 occupational licenses or certificates of registration or certification shall 40 provide the applicant with the option of either active or inactive 41 renewal. A renewal applicant electing to renew as inactive shall not 42 engage in professional or occupational practice within the State. 43 b. An applicant who selects the inactive renewal option shall 44 remain on inactive status for the entire renewal period unless, upon 45 application to the board, the board permits the inactive applicant to 46 return to active status provided such applicant presents satisfactory 47 proof that he has maintained proficiency by completing the continuing

1 education hours or credits required for the renewal of an active 2 license, registration or certification, if applicable. 3 4 8. (New section) Consistent with their enabling acts, P.L.1978, 5 c.73 (C.45:1-14 et seq.) and the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), the boards and others set forth 6 in section 2 of P.L.1978, c.73 (C.45:1-15) are authorized to adopt 7 8 rules and regulations to serve the public health, safety and welfare. 9 10 9. Section 12 of P.L.1978, c.73 (C.45:1-25) is amended to read as 11 follows: 12. Any person [violating] who engages in any conduct in 12 violation of any provision of an act or regulation administered by a 13 14 board shall, in addition to any other sanctions provided herein, be liable to a civil penalty of not more than [\$2,500.00] <u>\$10,000</u> for the 15 first [offense] violation and not more than [\$5,000.00] <u>\$20,000</u> for 16 17 the second and each subsequent [offense] violation. For the purpose 18 of construing this section, each [transaction or statutory] act in 19 violation of any provision of an act or regulation administered by a 20 board shall constitute a separate [offense; provided, however, a second or subsequent offense shall not be deemed to exist unless 21 22 violation and shall be deemed a second or subsequent violation under 23 the following circumstances: 24 (1) an administrative or court order has been entered in a prior, 25 separate and independent proceeding: 26 (2) the person is found within a single proceeding to have 27 committed more than one violation of any provision of an act or 28 regulation administered by a board; or 29 (3) the person is found within a single proceeding to have committed separate violations of any provision of more than one act 30 31 or regulation administered by a board. 32 b. In lieu of an administrative proceeding or an action in the 33 Superior Court, the Attorney General may bring an action in the name 34 of any board for the collection or enforcement of civil penalties for the 35 violation of any provision of an act or regulation administered by such board. Such action may be brought in summary manner pursuant to 36 37 "the penalty enforcement law" (N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq.) and the rules of 38 court governing actions for the collection of civil penalties in the 39 municipal court where the offense occurred. Process in such action 40 may be by summons or warrant and in the event that the defendant in 41 such action fails to answer such action, the court shall, upon finding 42 an unlawful act or practice to have been committed by the defendant, 43 issue a warrant for the defendant's arrest in order to bring such person

44 before the court to satisfy the civil penalties imposed. In any action

45 commenced pursuant to this section, the court may order restored to46 any person in interest any moneys or property acquired by means of an

1 unlawful act or practice. 2 c. Any action alleging the unlicensed practice of a profession or 3 occupation shall be brought pursuant to this section or, where 4 injunctive relief is sought, by an action commenced in the Superior 5 Court. In any action brought pursuant to this act, a board or the court may order the payment of costs for the use of the State, including, but 6 7 not limited to, costs of investigation, expert witness fees and costs, 8 attorney fees and costs, and transcript costs. 9 (cf: P.L.1991, c.91, s.449) 10 11 10. Section 17 of P.L.1973, c.19 (C.45:9A-17) is amended to read 12 as follows: 17. The Director of the Division of Consumer Affairs shall have the 13 14 power [upon] <u>after</u> notice and opportunity for a hearing to revoke, 15 suspend, or refuse to renew any license, temporary license or certificate of endorsement issued pursuant to this act [for the 16 17 following reasons: a. Being convicted of an offense involving moral turpitude. The 18 19 record of such conviction, or certified copy thereof from the clerk of 20 the court where such conviction occurred or by the judge of such 21 court, shall be sufficient evidence to warrant revocation or suspension. 22 b. By securing a license or certificate under this act through fraud 23 or deceit. c. For unethical conduct, ignorance, neglect, incompetence or 24 25 inefficiency in the conduct of his practice. Incompetence shall include 26 but not be limited to the improper or unnecessary fitting of a hearing 27 aid. For the purposes of this act unethical conduct shall mean: 28 (1) The obtaining of any fee or the making of any sale by fraud or 29 misrepresentation. (2) Employing directly or indirectly any suspended or unlicensed 30 31 person to perform any work covered by this act. 32 (3) Using or causing or promoting the use of any advertising 33 matter, promotional literature, testimonial, guarantee, warranty, label, 34 brand, insignia or any other representation, however disseminated or 35 published, which, is misleading, deceiving, improbable or untruthful. 36 (4) Advertising a particular model, type or kind of hearing aid for 37 sale when purchasers or prospective purchasers responding to the 38 advertisement cannot purchase or are dissuaded from purchasing the 39 advertised model, type or kind where it is established that the purpose 40 of the advertisement is to obtain prospects for the sale of a different 41 model, type or kind than that advertised. 42 (5) Representing that the services or advice of a person licensed to 43 practice medicine will be used or made available in the selection, 44 fitting, adjustment, maintenance or repair of hearing aids when that is 45 not true, or using the word "doctor," "clinic," or like words, 46 abbreviations or symbols which tend to connote the medical profession 47 when such use is not accurate.

1 (6) Habitual intemperance.

2 (7) Gross immorality.

3 (8) Permitting another to use his license or certificate.

4 (9) To imitate or simulate the trademarks, trade names, brands or 5 labels of competitors, with the capacity and tendency or effect of

6 misleading or deceiving purchasers or prospective purchasers; or

7 (10) To use any trade name, corporate name, trademark, or other 8 trade designation, which has the capacity and tendency or effect of 9 misleading or deceiving purchasers or prospective purchasers as to the 10 name, nature, or origin of any product of the industry, or of any 11 material used therein, or which is false, deceptive, or misleading in any 12 other material respect.

(11) To directly or indirectly give, or offer to give, or permit or cause to be given money or anything of value to any person who advises another in a professional capacity as an inducement to influence him or have him influence others to purchase or contract to purchase products sold or offered for sale by a hearing aid dispenser, or to influence persons to refrain from dealing in the products of competitors.

d. For practicing while knowingly suffering with a contagious orinfectious disease.

22 e. For the use of a false name or alias in his practice.

f. For violating any of the provisions of this act or rules or
regulations promulgated hereunder] as provided by section 8 of
P.L.1978, c.73 (C.45:1-21).

26 (cf: P.L.1973, c.19, s.17)

27

28 11. R.S.45:14-12 is amended to read as follows:

29 45:14-12. The board may refuse an application for examination or may suspend or revoke the certificate of a registered pharmacist or 30 31 a registered assistant pharmacist for any of the following causes: 32 When the application or registration is shown to have been obtained 33 by misrepresentation or fraudulent means or when the applicant or 34 registrant is guilty of chronic or persistent inebriety, or has been 35 adjudged guilty of violating any State or Federal law or any law of the District of Columbia or of any territory of the United States relating 36 37 to the practice of pharmacy, or relating to the dispensing of drugs, or 38 has been convicted of a crime involving moral turpitude, or has 39 impersonated an applicant for registration before the board or has been convicted of knowingly, intentionally or fraudulently adulterating or 40 41 causing to be adulterated drugs, chemicals or medicinal preparations 42 or has sold or caused to be sold adulterated drugs, chemicals or 43 medicinal preparations knowing, or having reason to know, that same 44 were adulterated, or has procured or attempted to procure registration 45 for another by misrepresentation or fraudulent means, and the board 46 shall refuse an application for examination or suspend or revoke the 47 certificate of a registered pharmacist or a registered assistant

pharmacist when the applicant or registrant is shown to be addicted 1 2 to the use of narcotic drugs, or has been convicted of violating any law 3 of this or any other state or of the United States relating to narcotic 4 drugs or has been adjudicated an incompetent, or is shown to have any 5 abnormal physical or mental condition which threatens the safety of persons to whom said applicant or registrant might sell or dispense 6 7 prescriptions, drugs, chemicals, medicinal preparations or devices or 8 for whom he might manufacture, prepare or package, or supervise the 9 manufacturing, preparation or packaging of prescriptions, drugs, 10 chemicals, medicinal preparations or devices.] In addition to the 11 provisions of section 8 of P.L.1978, c.73 (C.45:1-21), the board may 12 refuse an application for examination or may suspend or revoke the certificate of a registered pharmacist or a registered assistant 13 14 pharmacist upon proof satisfactory to the board that such registered 15 pharmacist or such registered assistant pharmacist is guilty of grossly 16 unprofessional conduct and the following acts are hereby declared to 17 constitute grossly unprofessional conduct for the purpose of this act: 18 a. Paying rebates or entering into an agreement for payment of 19 rebates to any physician, dentist or other person for the recommending 20 of the services of any person.

b. The providing or causing to be provided to a physician, dentist,
veterinarian or other persons authorized to prescribe, prescription
blanks or forms bearing the pharmacist's or pharmacy's name, address
or other means of identification.

c. (Deleted by amendment.)

d. The claiming of professional superiority in the compounding or
filling of prescriptions or in any manner implying professional
superiority which may reduce public confidence in the ability,
character or integrity of other pharmacists.

e. Fostering the interest of one group of patients at the expense of
another which compromises the quality or extent of professional
services or facilities made available.

33 f. The distribution of premiums or rebates of any kind whatever in 34 connection with the sale of drugs and medications provided, however, 35 that trading stamps and similar devices shall not be considered to be 36 rebates for the purposes of this chapter and provided further that discounts, premiums and rebates may be provided in connection with 37 38 the sale of drugs and medications to any person who is 62 years of 39 age or older. Before a certificate shall be refused, suspended or 40 revoked, the accused person shall be furnished with a copy of the 41 complaint and given a hearing before the board. Any person whose 42 certificate is so suspended or revoked shall be deemed an unregistered 43 person during the period of such suspension or revocation, and as such 44 shall be subject to the penalties prescribed in this chapter, but such 45 person may, at the discretion of the board, have his certificate 46 reinstated at any time without an examination, upon application to the 47 board. Any person to whom a certificate shall be denied by the board

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1 or whose certificate shall be suspended or revoked by the board shall 2 have the right to review such action by appeal to the Appellate Division of the Superior Court in lieu of prerogative writ. 3 4 g. Advertising of prescription drug prices in a manner inconsistent 5 with rules and regulations promulgated by the Director of the Division of Consumer Affairs; provided, however, no such advertising of any 6 drug or substance shall be authorized unless the Commissioner of 7 Health and Senior Services shall have determined that such 8 advertising is not harmful to public health, safety and welfare. 9 10 (cf: P.L.1977, c.240, s.2) 11 12 12. The following sections of law are repealed: 13 Section 1 of P.L.1975, c.382 (C.45:1-13); 14 section 21 of P.L.1983, c.420 (C.45:3B-21); 15 R.S.45:5-8; R.S.45:6-7; 16 17 R.S.45:6-22; 18 section 12 of P.L.1979, c.46 (C.45:6-59); 19 R.S.45:9-16; section 13 of P.L.1947, c.262 (C.45:11-35); 20 21 R.S.45:12-11; 22 section 30 of P.L.1966, c.313 (C.45:14-12.2); 23 R.S.45:14-35; and 24 section 24 of P.L.1966, c.282 (C.45:14B-24). 25 26 13. This act shall take effect immediately. 27 28 29 30 31 Provides for uniform rules for revocation of professional and 32 occupational licenses.

# SENATE, No. 1807 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 208th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MAY 6, 1999

Sponsored by: Senator GERALD CARDINALE District 39 (Bergen)

#### SYNOPSIS

Provides for uniform rules for revocation of professional and occupational licenses.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



AN ACT concerning professional and occupational licensing boards
 and revising parts of the statutory law.

3

**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
of New Jersey:

6

1. Section 2 of P.L.1978, c.73 (C.45:1-15) is amended to read asfollows:

9 2. The provisions of this act shall apply to the following boards and 10 all professions or occupations regulated by [or], through [such] or 11 with the advice of those boards: the New Jersey State Board of 12 Accountancy, the New Jersey State Board of Architects, the New 13 Jersey State Board of Cosmetology and Hairstyling, the Board of 14 Examiners of Electrical Contractors, the New Jersey State Board of Dentistry, the State Board of Mortuary Science of New Jersey, the 15 16 State Board of Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors, the State 17 Board of Marriage and Family Therapy Examiners, the State Board of 18 Medical Examiners, the New Jersey Board of Nursing, the New Jersey 19 State Board of Optometrists, the State Board of Examiners of 20 Ophthalmic Dispensers and Ophthalmic Technicians, the Board of 21 Pharmacy, the State Board of Professional Planners, the State Board 22 of Psychological Examiners, the State Board of Examiners of Master Plumbers, the State Board of Shorthand Reporting, the State Board of 23 Veterinary Medical Examiners, the Acupuncture Examining Board, the 24 25 State Board of Chiropractic Examiners, the State Board of Respiratory 26 Care, the State Real Estate Appraiser Board, [and] the State Board 27 of Social Work Examiners , the Professional Counselor Examiners 28 Committee, the New Jersey Cemetery Board, the Orthotics and 29 Prosthetics Board of Examiners, the Occupational Therapy Advisory 30 Council, the Electrologists Advisory Committee, the Alcohol and Drug 31 Counselor Committee, the Fire Alarm, Burglar Alarm, and Locksmith 32 Advisory Committee, the Home Inspection Advisory Committee, the 33 Massage, Bodywork and Somatic Therapy Examining Committee, and the Audiology and Speech-Language Pathology Advisory Committee. 34 35 (cf: P.L.1995, c.366, s.23) 36 37 2. Section 8 of P.L. 1978, c. 73 (C.45:1-21) is amended to read as 38 follows: 39 8. A board may refuse to admit a person to an examination or may 40 refuse to issue or may suspend or revoke any certificate, registration

41 or license issued by the board upon proof that the applicant or holder

42 of such certificate, registration or license.

**EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.** 

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

1 a. Has obtained a certificate, registration, license or authorization 2 to sit for an examination, as the case may be, through fraud, deception, 3 or misrepresentation; 4 b. Has engaged in the use or employment of dishonesty, fraud, 5 deception, misrepresentation, false promise or false pretense; 6 c. Has engaged in gross negligence, gross malpractice or gross 7 incompetence which damaged or endangered the life, health, welfare, 8 safety or property of any person; 9 d. Has engaged in repeated acts of negligence, malpractice or 10 incompetence; 11 e. Has engaged in professional or occupational misconduct as may 12 be determined by the board; 13 f. Has been convicted of , or engaged in acts constituting, any crime or offense involving moral turpitude or [any crime] relating 14 15 adversely to the activity regulated by the board. For the purpose of 16 this subsection <u>a judgment of conviction or</u> a plea of guilty, non vult, nolo contendere or any other such disposition of alleged criminal 17 activity shall be deemed a conviction; 18 19 g. Has had his authority to engage in the activity regulated by the 20 board revoked or suspended by any other state, agency or authority 21 for reasons consistent with this section; 22 h. Has violated or failed to comply with the provisions of any act 23 or regulation administered by the board; 24 i. Is incapable, for medical or any other good cause, of discharging 25 the functions of a licensee in a manner consistent with the public's 26 health, safety and welfare; 27 j. Has repeatedly failed to submit completed applications, or parts 28 of, or documentation submitted in conjunction with, such applications, 29 required to be filed with the Department of Environmental Protection; 30 k. Has violated any provision of P.L.1983, c.320 (C.17:33A-1 et 31 seq.) or any insurance fraud prevention law or act of another 32 jurisdiction or has been adjudicated, in civil or administrative 33 proceedings, of a violation of P.L. 1983, c. 320 (C. 17:33A-1 et seq.) 34 or has been subject to a final order, entered in civil or administrative 35 proceedings, that imposed civil penalties under that act against the 36 applicant or holder; 1. Is presently engaged in drug or alcohol use that is likely to impair 37 the ability to practice the profession or occupation with reasonable 38 39 skill and safety. For purposes of this subsection, the term "presently" 40 means at this time or any time within the previous 365 days; 41 m. Has prescribed or dispensed controlled dangerous substances indiscriminately or without good cause, or where the applicant or 42 43 holder knew or should have known that the substances were to be 44 used for unauthorized consumption or distribution; 45 n. Has permitted an unlicensed person or entity to perform an act

46 for which a license or certificate of registration or certification is

1 required by the board, or aided and abetted an unlicensed person or 2 entity in performing such an act; 3 o. Advertised fraudulently in any manner. 4 For purposes of this act: 5 "Completed application" means the submission of all of the information designated on the checklist, adopted pursuant to section 6 1 of P.L.1991, c.421 (C.13:1D-101), for the class or category of 7 8 permit for which application is made. 9 "Permit" has the same meaning as defined in section 1 of P.L.1991, 10 c.421 (C.13:1D-101). 11 (cf: P.L.1997, c.151, s.10) 12 13 3. Section 9 of P.L. 1978, c. 73 (C. 45:1-22) is amended to read 14 as follows: 15 9. In addition or as an alternative, as the case may be, to revoking, suspending or refusing to renew any license, registration or certificate 16 17 issued by it, a board may, after affording an opportunity to be heard: a. Issue a letter of warning, reprimand, or censure with regard to 18 any act, conduct or practice which in the judgment of the board upon 19 consideration of all relevant facts and circumstances does not warrant 20 21 the initiation of formal action; 22 b. Assess civil penalties in accordance with this act; 23 c. Order that any person violating any provision of an act or regulation administered by such board to cease and desist from future 24 25 violations thereof or to take such affirmative corrective action as may 26 be necessary with regard to any act or practice found unlawful by the 27 board; 28 d. Order any person found to have violated any provision of an act 29 or regulation administered by such board to restore to any person aggrieved by an unlawful act or practice, any moneys or property, real 30 or personal, acquired by means of such act or practice; provided, 31 32 however, no board shall order restoration in a dollar amount greater than those moneys received by a licensee or his agent or any other 33 34 person violating the act or regulation administered by the board; 35 e. Order any person, as a condition for continued, reinstated or renewed licensure, to secure medical or such other professional 36 treatment as may be necessary to properly discharge licensee 37 38 functions. 39 A board may, upon a duly verified application of the Attorney General [alleging] that either provides proof of a conviction of a court 40 41 of competent jurisdiction for a crime or offense involving moral turpitude or relating adversely to the regulated profession or 42 43 occupation, or alleges an act or practice violating any provision of an 44 act or regulation administered by such board, enter a temporary order 45 suspending or limiting any license issued by the board pending plenary hearing on an administrative complaint; provided, however, no such 46

1 temporary order shall be entered unless the application made to the

2 board palpably demonstrates a clear and imminent danger to the public

3 health, safety and welfare and notice of such application is given to the

4 licensee affected by such order.

5 In any administrative proceeding commenced on a complaint 6 alleging a violation of an act or regulation administered by a board, 7 such board may issue subpenas to compel the attendance of witnesses 8 or the production of books, records, or documents at the hearing on 9 the complaint.

10 (cf: P.L.1978, c.73, s.9)

11

12 4. (New section) The Director of the Division of Consumer Affairs 13 may by rule establish, prescribe, or modify administrative fees charged by boards in accordance with the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L. 14 15 1968, c. 410 (C. 52:14B-1 et seq.). For purposes of this section, "administrative fees" are charges assessed to licensees, registrants or 16 holders of certificates, as the case may be, for board functions that are 17 18 not unique to a particular board but are uniform throughout all boards. 19 Administrative fees include, but are not limited to, fees for a duplicate 20 or replacement license, certification or registration, late renewal fee, 21 license reinstatement fee, and the fee for processing change of address. 22

5. (New section) a. Notwithstanding any other act or regulation to the contrary, the provisions of this section and sections 6 and 7 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) shall apply to every holder of a professional or occupational license or certificate of registration or certification issued or renewed by a board specified in section 2 of P.L. 1978, c.73 (P.L. 45:1-15), who seeks renewal of that license or certificate.

30 b. Every holder of a professional or occupational license or 31 certificate of registration or certification, issued or renewed by a board 32 specified in section 2 of P.L. 1978, c. 73 (C. 45:1-15), who seeks 33 renewal shall submit a renewal application and pay a renewal fee prior 34 to the date of expiration of the license or certificate of registration or certification. If the holder does not renew the license or certificate 35 prior to its expiration date, the holder may renew it within 30 days of 36 37 its expiration date by submitting a renewal application and paying a 38 renewal fee and a late fee. Any professional or occupational license 39 or certificate of registration or certification not renewed within 30 40 days of its expiration date shall be suspended without a hearing.

c. Any individual who continues to practice with an expired license
or certificate of registration or certification after 30 days following its
expiration date shall be deemed to be engaged in unlicensed practice
of the regulated profession or occupation, even if no notice of
suspension has been provided to the individual.

46 d. A professional or occupational license or certificate of

1 registration or certification suspended pursuant to this section may be 2 reinstated within five years following its date of expiration upon 3 submission of a renewal application and payment of an additional 4 reinstatement fee. An applicant seeking reinstatement of a license or certificate suspended pursuant to this section more than five years past 5 6 its expiration date shall successfully complete the examination required for initial licensure, registration or certification and submit a renewal 7 8 application and payment of an additional reinstatement fee. 9 10 6. (New section) A board may reinstate the professional or 11 occupational license or certificate of registration or certification of an 12 applicant whose license or certificate has been suspended pursuant to 13 section 5 of P.L., c. (C. )(now before the Legislature as this 14 bill), provided that the applicant otherwise qualifies for licensure, 15 registration or certification and submits the following upon application for reinstatement: 16 17 a. Payment of all past delinquent renewal fees; 18 b. Payment of a reinstatement fee; 19 c. An affidavit of employment listing each job held during the 20 period of suspended license, registration or certification which 21 includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of each 22 employer; and 23 d. If applicable, satisfactory proof that the applicant has maintained proficiency by completing the continuing education hours or credits 24 25 required for the renewal of an active license or certificate of 26 registration or certification. 27 28 7. (New section) a. Renewal applications for all professional or 29 occupational licenses or certificates of registration or certification shall provide the applicant with the option of either active or inactive 30 31 renewal. A renewal applicant electing to renew as inactive shall not 32 engage in professional or occupational practice within the State. 33 b. An applicant who selects the inactive renewal option shall 34 remain on inactive status for the entire renewal period unless, upon application to the board, the board permits the inactive applicant to 35 return to active status provided such applicant presents satisfactory 36 37 proof that he has maintained proficiency by completing the continuing 38 education hours or credits required for the renewal of an active 39 license, registration or certification, if applicable. 40 41 8. (New section) Consistent with their enabling acts, P.L.1978, c. 73 (C.45:1-14 et seq.) and the "Administrative Procedure Act," 42 43 P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), the boards and others set forth 44 in section 2 of P.L.1978, c.73 (C.45:1-15) are authorized to adopt

45 rules and regulations to serve the public health, safety and welfare.

9. Section 12 of P.L. 1978, c. 73 (C. 45:1-25) is amended to read 1 2 as follows: 3 12. Any person [violating] who engages in any conduct in 4 violation of any provision of an act or regulation administered by a 5 board shall, in addition to any other sanctions provided herein, be liable to a civil penalty of not more than [\$2,500.00] <u>\$10,000</u> for the 6 7 first [offense] violation and not more than [\$5,000.00] <u>\$20,000</u> for the second and each subsequent [offense] violation. For the purpose 8 9 of construing this section, each [transaction or statutory] act in 10 violation of any provision of an act or regulation administered by a 11 board shall constitute a separate [offense; provided, however, a 12 second or subsequent offense shall not be deemed to exist unless 13 violation and shall be deemed a second or subsequent violation under 14 the following circumstances: 15 (1) an administrative or court order has been entered in a prior, separate and independent proceeding; 16 (2) the person is found within a single proceeding to have 17 18 committed more than one violation of any provision of an act or 19 regulation administered by a board; or 20 (3) the person is found within a single proceeding to have committed separate violations of any provision of more than one act 21 22 or regulation administered by a board. 23 b. In lieu of an administrative proceeding or an action in the 24 Superior Court, the Attorney General may bring an action in the name 25 of any board for the collection or enforcement of civil penalties for the 26 violation of any provision of an act or regulation administered by such 27 board. Such action may be brought in summary manner pursuant to "the penalty enforcement law" (N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq.) and the rules of 28 29 court governing actions for the collection of civil penalties in the 30 municipal court where the offense occurred. Process in such action 31 may be by summons or warrant and in the event that the defendant in 32 such action fails to answer such action, the court shall, upon finding 33 an unlawful act or practice to have been committed by the defendant, 34 issue a warrant for the defendant's arrest in order to bring such person 35 before the court to satisfy the civil penalties imposed. In any action 36 commenced pursuant to this section, the court may order restored to 37 any person in interest any moneys or property acquired by means of an 38 unlawful act or practice. 39 c. Any action alleging the unlicensed practice of a profession or 40 occupation shall be brought pursuant to this section or, where 41 injunctive relief is sought, by an action commenced in the Superior 42 Court. In any action brought pursuant to this act, a board or the court 43 may order the payment of costs for the use of the State, including, but 44 not limited to, costs of investigation, expert witness fees and costs, 45 attorney fees and costs, and transcript costs.

46 (cf: P.L.1991, c.91, s.449)

1 10. Section 17 of P.L.1973, c.19 (C.45:9A-17) is amended to read 2 as follows: 3 17. The Director of the Division of Consumer Affairs shall have the 4 power [upon] after notice and opportunity for a hearing to revoke, 5 suspend, or refuse to renew any license, temporary license or certificate of endorsement issued pursuant to this act [for the 6 7 following reasons: 8 a. Being convicted of an offense involving moral turpitude. The 9 record of such conviction, or certified copy thereof from the clerk of 10 the court where such conviction occurred or by the judge of such court, shall be sufficient evidence to warrant revocation or suspension. 11 12 b. By securing a license or certificate under this act through fraud 13 or deceit. 14 c. For unethical conduct, ignorance, neglect, incompetence or inefficiency in the conduct of his practice. Incompetence shall include 15 but not be limited to the improper or unnecessary fitting of a hearing 16 17 aid. For the purposes of this act unethical conduct shall mean: 18 (1) The obtaining of any fee or the making of any sale by fraud or 19 misrepresentation. 20 (2) Employing directly or indirectly any suspended or unlicensed 21 person to perform any work covered by this act. 22 (3) Using or causing or promoting the use of any advertising 23 matter, promotional literature, testimonial, guarantee, warranty, label, brand, insignia or any other representation, however disseminated or 24 25 published, which, is misleading, deceiving, improbable or untruthful. 26 (4) Advertising a particular model, type or kind of hearing aid for 27 sale when purchasers or prospective purchasers responding to the advertisement cannot purchase or are dissuaded from purchasing the 28 29 advertised model, type or kind where it is established that the purpose 30 of the advertisement is to obtain prospects for the sale of a different 31 model, type or kind than that advertised. 32 (5) Representing that the services or advice of a person licensed to 33 practice medicine will be used or made available in the selection, 34 fitting, adjustment, maintenance or repair of hearing aids when that is not true, or using the word "doctor," "clinic," or like words, 35 abbreviations or symbols which tend to connote the medical profession 36 37 when such use is not accurate. (6) Habitual intemperance. 38 39 (7) Gross immorality. 40 (8) Permitting another to use his license or certificate.

41 (9) To imitate or simulate the trademarks, trade names, brands or
42 labels of competitors, with the capacity and tendency or effect of
43 misleading or deceiving purchasers or prospective purchasers; or

44 (10) To use any trade name, corporate name, trademark, or other
45 trade designation, which has the capacity and tendency or effect of
46 misleading or deceiving purchasers or prospective purchasers as to the

1 name, nature, or origin of any product of the industry, or of any 2 material used therein, or which is false, deceptive, or misleading in any 3 other material respect. 4 (11) To directly or indirectly give, or offer to give, or permit or 5 cause to be given money or anything of value to any person who 6 advises another in a professional capacity as an inducement to 7 influence him or have him influence others to purchase or contract to 8 purchase products sold or offered for sale by a hearing aid dispenser, 9 or to influence persons to refrain from dealing in the products of 10 competitors. 11 d. For practicing while knowingly suffering with a contagious or 12 infectious disease. 13 e. For the use of a false name or alias in his practice. 14 f. For violating any of the provisions of this act or rules or regulations promulgated hereunder] as provided by section 8 of P.L. 15 1978, c. 73 (C.45:1-21). 16 (cf: P.L.1973, c.19, s.17) 17 18 11. R.S. 45:14-12 is amended to read as follows: 19 20 45:14-12. **[**The board may refuse an application for examination 21 or may suspend or revoke the certificate of a registered pharmacist or 22 a registered assistant pharmacist for any of the following causes: 23 When the application or registration is shown to have been obtained by misrepresentation or fraudulent means or when the applicant or 24 25 registrant is guilty of chronic or persistent inebriety, or has been 26 adjudged guilty of violating any State or Federal law or any law of the 27 District of Columbia or of any territory of the United States relating to the practice of pharmacy, or relating to the dispensing of drugs, or 28 29 has been convicted of a crime involving moral turpitude, or has 30 impersonated an applicant for registration before the board or has been 31 convicted of knowingly, intentionally or fraudulently adulterating or 32 causing to be adulterated drugs, chemicals or medicinal preparations 33 or has sold or caused to be sold adulterated drugs, chemicals or 34 medicinal preparations knowing, or having reason to know, that same were adulterated, or has procured or attempted to procure registration 35 36 for another by misrepresentation or fraudulent means, and the board 37 shall refuse an application for examination or suspend or revoke the certificate of a registered pharmacist or a registered assistant 38 39 pharmacist when the applicant or registrant is shown to be addicted 40 to the use of narcotic drugs, or has been convicted of violating any law of this or any other state or of the United States relating to narcotic 41 42 drugs or has been adjudicated an incompetent, or is shown to have any 43 abnormal physical or mental condition which threatens the safety of 44 persons to whom said applicant or registrant might sell or dispense 45 prescriptions, drugs, chemicals, medicinal preparations or devices or for whom he might manufacture, prepare or package, or supervise the 46

1 manufacturing, preparation or packaging of prescriptions, drugs, 2 chemicals, medicinal preparations or devices. In addition to the 3 provisions of section 8 of P.L. 1978, c. 73 (C. 45:1-21), the board may 4 refuse an application for examination or may suspend or revoke the 5 certificate of a registered pharmacist or a registered assistant 6 pharmacist upon proof satisfactory to the board that such registered 7 pharmacist or such registered assistant pharmacist is guilty of grossly 8 unprofessional conduct and the following acts are hereby declared to 9 constitute grossly unprofessional conduct for the purpose of this act: 10 a. Paying rebates or entering into an agreement for payment of 11 rebates to any physician, dentist or other person for the recommending 12 of the services of any person.

b. The providing or causing to be provided to a physician, dentist,
veterinarian or other persons authorized to prescribe, prescription
blanks or forms bearing the pharmacist's or pharmacy's name, address
or other means of identification.

17 c. (Deleted by amendment.)

d. The claiming of professional superiority in the compounding or
filling of prescriptions or in any manner implying professional
superiority which may reduce public confidence in the ability,
character or integrity of other pharmacists.

e. Fostering the interest of one group of patients at the expense of
another which compromises the quality or extent of professional
services or facilities made available.

25 f. The distribution of premiums or rebates of any kind whatever in connection with the sale of drugs and medications provided, however, 26 that trading stamps and similar devices shall not be considered to be 27 28 rebates for the purposes of this chapter and provided further that 29 discounts, premiums and rebates may be provided in connection with the sale of drugs and medications to any person who is 62 years of 30 age or older. Before a certificate shall be refused, suspended or 31 32 revoked, the accused person shall be furnished with a copy of the 33 complaint and given a hearing before the board. Any person whose 34 certificate is so suspended or revoked shall be deemed an unregistered 35 person during the period of such suspension or revocation, and as such shall be subject to the penalties prescribed in this chapter, but such 36 person may, at the discretion of the board, have his certificate 37 38 reinstated at any time without an examination, upon application to the 39 board. Any person to whom a certificate shall be denied by the board 40 or whose certificate shall be suspended or revoked by the board shall 41 have the right to review such action by appeal to the Appellate 42 Division of the Superior Court in lieu of prerogative writ.

g. Advertising of prescription drug prices in a manner inconsistent
with rules and regulations promulgated by the Director of the Division
of Consumer Affairs; provided, however, no such advertising of any
drug or substance shall be authorized unless the Commissioner of

#### S1807 CARDINALE

1	Health and Senior Services shall have determined that such
2	advertising is not harmful to public health, safety and welfare.
3	(cf: P.L.1977, c.240, s.2)
4	
5	12. The following sections of law are repealed:
6	Section 1 of P.L.1975, c.382 (C.45:1-13);
7	section 21 of P.L.1983, c.420 (C.45:3B-21);
8	R.S. 45:5-8;
9	R.S. 45:6-7;
10	R.S. 45:6-22;
11	section 12 of P.L.1979, c.46 (C.45:6-59);
12	R.S. 45:9-16;
13	section 13 of P.L.1947, c.262 (C.45:11-35);
14	R.S. 45:12-11;
15	section 30 of P.L.1966, c.313 (C.45:14-12.2);
16	R.S. 45:14-35; and
17	section 24 of P.L.1966, c.282 (C.45:14B-24).
18	
19	13. This act shall take effect immediately.
20	
21	
22	STATEMENT
23	
24	In 1978, the Legislature enacted P.L.1978, c.73 (C.45:1-14 et seq.),
25	known as the "uniform enforcement act," to provide uniform
26	enforcement and sanctions in regard to the various professions and
27	occupations licensed pursuant to Title 45 of the Revised Statutes. The
28	purpose of that act was to establish consistent standards for licensee
29	conduct. One provision of that act declared that all inconsistent acts
30	were superseded and repealed. A year later, the Legislature enacted
31	P.L.1979, c.432, which specifically repealed most of the sections of
32	Title 45 that had been generally repealed by the uniform enforcement
33	act. However, a few sections which seem to have been affected by the
34 25	general repealer were nevertheless left in place. Each of these sections
35	establishes grounds for revocation of the license to practice a
36 27	particular health care profession.
37	The continuation of these license revocation provisions creates
38 39	uncertainty in the law on this subject. Conflicting arguments can be
39 40	made that the grounds for the revocation of a professional license are those in section $\theta$ of the uniform enforcement set in the applicable
40 41	those in section 8 of the uniform enforcement act, in the applicable unrepealed section, or in both. While the effect of this uncertainty in
41	the law is reduced by the similarity in grounds for revocation in the
42 43	uniform enforcement act and most of the individual provisions, it still
43 44	should be corrected.
44	Should be confected.

1 This bill repeals those unrepealed sections and amends section 8 of 2 the uniform enforcement act to include provisions which are currently 3 not in that section but which are in the sections being repealed. 4 In addition, some of the statutes establishing the various 5 professional and occupational boards do not specifically grant those boards the authority to make regulations. This bill cures that defect. 6 The bill also provides for a uniform procedure for the renewal of 7 professional and occupational licenses and certificates of registration 8 9 and certification and revises the penalties for violation of the 10 professional and occupational licensure laws. 11 Many of the changes to the law provided by this bill are 12 recommended by the New Jersey Law Revision Commission pursuant to its report entitled "Report and Recommendations Relating to Title 13

14 45 -- Professions and Occupations."

## SENATE COMMERCE COMMITTEE

### STATEMENT TO

### **SENATE, No. 1807**

with committee amendments

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

#### DATED: MAY 6, 1999

The Senate Commerce Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 1807.

In 1978, the Legislature enacted P.L.1978, c.73 (C.45:1-14 et seq.), known as the "uniform enforcement act," to provide uniform enforcement and sanctions in regard to the various professions and occupations licensed pursuant to Title 45 of the Revised Statutes. The purpose of that act was to establish consistent standards for licensee conduct. One provision of that act declared that all inconsistent acts were superseded and repealed. A year later, the Legislature enacted P.L.1979, c.432, which specifically repealed most of the sections of Title 45 that had been generally repealed by the uniform enforcement act. However, a few sections which seem to have been affected by the general repealer were nevertheless left in place. Each of these sections establishes grounds for revocation of the license to practice a particular health care profession.

The continuation of these license revocation provisions creates uncertainty in the law on this subject. Conflicting arguments can be made that the grounds for the revocation of a professional license are those in section 8 of the uniform enforcement act, in the applicable unrepealed section, or in both. While the effect of this uncertainty in the law is reduced by the similarity in grounds for revocation in the uniform enforcement act and most of the individual provisions, it still should be corrected.

This bill repeals those unrepealed sections and amends section 8 of the uniform enforcement act to include provisions which are currently not in that section but which are in the sections being repealed.

In addition, some of the statutes establishing the various professional and occupational boards do not specifically grant those boards the authority to make regulations. This bill cures that defect.

The grounds for refusal to admit to examination or denial, suspension or revocation of a certificate, registration or license pursuant to the uniform enforcement act are modified and expanded as follows: the grounds of gross negligence, gross malpractice or gross incompetence are modified by adding "which damaged or endangered the life, health, welfare, safety or property of any person;" the grounds of having been convicted of a crime of moral turpitude or relating adversely to a board regulated activity is expanded to include being convicted of, or engaging in acts constituting, a crime or offense involving moral turpitude or relating adversely to a board regulated activity; grounds in regard to the "New Jersey Insurance Fraud Prevention Act" are expanded to include violations of that act pursuant to civil or administrative proceedings; and grounds which currently exist, such as impairment because of the use of drugs or alcohol, the dispensing of controlled dangerous substances indiscriminately, permitting an unlicensed person to perform an act for which a license or certificate of registration or certification is required and advertising fraudulently in any manner or added or specified.

The bill provides that a regulatory board may enter a temporary order suspending or limiting any license issued by the board pending a hearing on an administrative complaint, if a duly verified application of the Attorney General provides proof of a conviction of a court of competent jurisdiction for a crime or offense involving moral turpitude or relating adversely to the regulated profession or occupation.

The Director of the Division of Consumer Affairs is given the authority to establish the administrative fees charged by the regulatory boards.

The bill establishes uniform renewal procedures for professional and occupational licenses (certification, registration) by boards located in the Division of Consumer Affairs. If a licensee does not renew his license prior to its expiration date, the holder may renew it within 30 days of its expiration date by submitting a renewal application and paying a renewal fee and late fee. Any license not renewed within 30 days of its expiration shall be suspended without a hearing and any licensee who continues to practice with an expired license shall be engaged in an unlicensed practice. A license suspended pursuant to this provision may be reinstated within five years following its date of expiration upon submission of a renewal application and payment of an additional reinstatement fee. An applicant seeking reinstatement after five years must submit an application, successfully complete an examination and pay an additional reinstatement fee. In addition, renewal applications shall provide the applicant with the option of either active or inactive renewal. An applicant electing to renew as inactive shall not engage in his profession or occupation, but may apply to the board for active status if the applicant presents satisfactory proof that he maintained proficiency by completing the continuing education hours or credits required for renewal.

The bill authorizes the professional and occupational boards to adopt rules and regulations to serve the public health, safety and welfare.

The bill increases the penalty provisions of the uniform enforcement act. A first violation is subject to a penalty of not more than \$10,000 (currently \$2,500) and a second or subsequent violation is subject to a penalty of not more than \$20,000 (currently \$5,000). In an action alleging the unlicensed practice of a profession or occupation, a board or the court may order the payment of costs for use of the State and those costs may include costs of investigation, expert witness fees and costs, attorney fees and costs and transcript costs.

Some of the changes to the law provided by this bill are recommended by the New Jersey Law Revision Commission pursuant to its report entitled "Report and Recommendations Relating to Title 45 -- Professions and Occupations."

## STATEMENT TO

# [First Reprint] **SENATE, No. 1807**

with Senate Floor Amendments (Proposed By Senator CARDINALE)

ADOPTED: NOVEMBER 15, 1999

This amendment requires a professional or occupational licensing board to send a license renewal notice to a holder at least 60 days prior to expiration of the license, and if the board fails to do so, the holder would not be subject to any monetary penalty or fine for failure to renew.

# ASSEMBLY, No. 3576 **STATE OF NEW JERSEY** 208th LEGISLATURE

**INTRODUCED DECEMBER 2, 1999** 

Sponsored by: Assemblyman RICHARD H. BAGGER District 22 (Middlesex, Morris, Somerset and Union)

#### SYNOPSIS

Provides for uniform rules for revocation of professional and occupational licenses.

# CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



1 AN ACT concerning professional and occupational licensing boards 2 and revising parts of the statutory law. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. Section 2 of P.L.1978, c.73 (C.45:1-15) is amended to read as 8 follows: 9 2. The provisions of this act shall apply to the following boards and all professions or occupations regulated by [or], through [such] or 10 with the advice of those boards: the New Jersey State Board of 11 12 Accountancy, the New Jersey State Board of Architects, the New 13 Jersey State Board of Cosmetology and Hairstyling, the Board of 14 Examiners of Electrical Contractors, the New Jersey State Board of Dentistry, the State Board of Mortuary Science of New Jersey, the 15 State Board of Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors, the State 16 17 Board of Marriage and Family Therapy Examiners, the State Board of 18 Medical Examiners, the New Jersey Board of Nursing, the New Jersey 19 State Board of Optometrists, the State Board of Examiners of 20 Ophthalmic Dispensers and Ophthalmic Technicians, the Board of 21 Pharmacy, the State Board of Professional Planners, the State Board 22 of Psychological Examiners, the State Board of Examiners of Master 23 Plumbers, the State Board of Shorthand Reporting, the State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners, the Acupuncture Examining Board, the 24 25 State Board of Chiropractic Examiners, the State Board of Respiratory 26 Care, the State Real Estate Appraiser Board, [and] the State Board 27 of Social Work Examiners, the State Board of Physical Therapy, the Professional Counselor Examiners Committee, the New Jersey 28 29 Cemetery Board, the Orthotics and Prosthetics Board of Examiners, 30 the Occupational Therapy Advisory Council, the Electrologists 31 Advisory Committee, the Alcohol and Drug Counselor Committee, the 32 Fire Alarm, Burglar Alarm, and Locksmith Advisory Committee, the 33 Home Inspection Advisory Committee, the Massage, Bodywork and 34 Somatic Therapy Examining Committee, and the Audiology and 35 Speech-Language Pathology Advisory Committee. (cf: P.L.1995, c.366, s.23) 36 37 38 2. Section 8 of P.L.1978, c.73 (C.45:1-21) is amended to read as 39 follows: 40 8. A board may refuse to admit a person to an examination or may 41 refuse to issue or may suspend or revoke any certificate, registration 42 or license issued by the board upon proof that the applicant or holder

43 of such certificate, registration or license.

**EXPLANATION** - Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

1 a. Has obtained a certificate, registration, license or authorization 2 to sit for an examination, as the case may be, through fraud, deception, 3 or misrepresentation; 4 b. Has engaged in the use or employment of dishonesty, fraud, 5 deception, misrepresentation, false promise or false pretense; 6 c. Has engaged in gross negligence, gross malpractice or gross 7 incompetence which damaged or endangered the life, health, welfare, 8 safety or property of any person; 9 d. Has engaged in repeated acts of negligence, malpractice or 10 incompetence; 11 e. Has engaged in professional or occupational misconduct as may 12 be determined by the board; 13 f. Has been convicted of , or engaged in acts constituting, any crime or offense involving moral turpitude or [any crime] relating 14 15 adversely to the activity regulated by the board. For the purpose of 16 this subsection <u>a judgment of conviction or</u> a plea of guilty, non vult, nolo contendere or any other such disposition of alleged criminal 17 activity shall be deemed a conviction; 18 19 g. Has had his authority to engage in the activity regulated by the 20 board revoked or suspended by any other state, agency or authority 21 for reasons consistent with this section; 22 h. Has violated or failed to comply with the provisions of any act 23 or regulation administered by the board; 24 i. Is incapable, for medical or any other good cause, of discharging 25 the functions of a licensee in a manner consistent with the public's health, safety and welfare; 26 27 j. Has repeatedly failed to submit completed applications, or parts 28 of, or documentation submitted in conjunction with, such applications, 29 required to be filed with the Department of Environmental Protection; 30 k. Has violated any provision of P.L.1983, c.320 (C.17:33A-1 et 31 seq.) or any insurance fraud prevention law or act of another 32 jurisdiction or has been adjudicated, in civil or administrative 33 proceedings, of a violation of P.L.1983, c.320 (C.17:33A-1 et seq.) or 34 has been subject to a final order, entered in civil or administrative 35 proceedings, that imposed civil penalties under that act against the 36 applicant or holder; 1. Is presently engaged in drug or alcohol use that is likely to impair 37 38 the ability to practice the profession or occupation with reasonable 39 skill and safety. For purposes of this subsection, the term "presently" 40 means at this time or any time within the previous 365 days; 41 m. Has prescribed or dispensed controlled dangerous substances indiscriminately or without good cause, or where the applicant or 42 43 holder knew or should have known that the substances were to be 44 used for unauthorized consumption or distribution; 45 n. Has permitted an unlicensed person or entity to perform an act for which a license or certificate of registration or certification is 46

1 required by the board, or aided and abetted an unlicensed person or 2 entity in performing such an act; 3 o. Advertised fraudulently in any manner. 4 For purposes of this act: 5 "Completed application" means the submission of all of the information designated on the checklist, adopted pursuant to section 6 1 of P.L.1991, c.421 (C.13:1D-101), for the class or category of 7 8 permit for which application is made. 9 "Permit" has the same meaning as defined in section 1 of P.L.1991, 10 c.421 (C.13:1D-101). 11 (cf: P.L.1997, c.151, s.10) 12 13 3. Section 9 of P.L.1978, c.73 (C.45:1-22) is amended to read as 14 follows: 15 9. In addition or as an alternative, as the case may be, to revoking, suspending or refusing to renew any license, registration or certificate 16 17 issued by it, a board may, after affording an opportunity to be heard: a. Issue a letter of warning, reprimand, or censure with regard to 18 any act, conduct or practice which in the judgment of the board upon 19 consideration of all relevant facts and circumstances does not warrant 20 21 the initiation of formal action; 22 b. Assess civil penalties in accordance with this act; 23 c. Order that any person violating any provision of an act or regulation administered by such board to cease and desist from future 24 25 violations thereof or to take such affirmative corrective action as may 26 be necessary with regard to any act or practice found unlawful by the 27 board; 28 d. Order any person found to have violated any provision of an act 29 or regulation administered by such board to restore to any person aggrieved by an unlawful act or practice, any moneys or property, real 30 or personal, acquired by means of such act or practice; provided, 31 32 however, no board shall order restoration in a dollar amount greater than those moneys received by a licensee or his agent or any other 33 34 person violating the act or regulation administered by the board; 35 e. Order any person, as a condition for continued, reinstated or renewed licensure, to secure medical or such other professional 36 treatment as may be necessary to properly discharge licensee 37 38 functions. 39 A board may, upon a duly verified application of the Attorney General [alleging] that either provides proof of a conviction of a court 40 41 of competent jurisdiction for a crime or offense involving moral turpitude or relating adversely to the regulated profession or 42 43 occupation, or alleges an act or practice violating any provision of an 44 act or regulation administered by such board, enter a temporary order 45 suspending or limiting any license issued by the board pending plenary hearing on an administrative complaint; provided, however, no such 46

1 temporary order shall be entered unless the application made to the

2 board palpably demonstrates a clear and imminent danger to the public

3 health, safety and welfare and notice of such application is given to the

4 licensee affected by such order.

5 In any administrative proceeding commenced on a complaint 6 alleging a violation of an act or regulation administered by a board, 7 such board may issue subpenas to compel the attendance of witnesses 8 or the production of books, records, or documents at the hearing on 9 the complaint.

10 (cf: P.L.1978, c.73, s.9)

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12 4. (New section) The Director of the Division of Consumer Affairs 13 may by rule establish, prescribe, or modify administrative fees charged by boards in accordance with the "Administrative Procedure Act," 14 15 P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.). For purposes of this section, "administrative fees" are charges assessed to licensees, registrants or 16 holders of certificates, as the case may be, for board functions that are 17 18 not unique to a particular board but are uniform throughout all boards. 19 Administrative fees include, but are not limited to, fees for a duplicate 20 or replacement license, certification or registration, late renewal fee, 21 license reinstatement fee, and the fee for processing change of address. 22

5. (New section) a. Notwithstanding any other act or regulation to the contrary, the provisions of this section and sections 6 and 7 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) shall apply to every holder of a professional or occupational license or certificate of registration or certification issued or renewed by a board specified in section 2 of P.L.1978, c.73 (P.L. 45:1-15), who seeks renewal of that license or certificate.

30 b. Every holder of a professional or occupational license or 31 certificate of registration or certification, issued or renewed by a board 32 specified in section 2 of P.L.1978, c.73 (C.45:1-15), who seeks 33 renewal shall submit a renewal application and pay a renewal fee prior 34 to the date of expiration of the license or certificate of registration or certification. If the holder does not renew the license or certificate 35 prior to its expiration date, the holder may renew it within 30 days of 36 37 its expiration date by submitting a renewal application and paying a 38 renewal fee and a late fee. Any professional or occupational license 39 or certificate of registration or certification not renewed within 30 40 days of its expiration date shall be suspended without a hearing.

c. Any individual who continues to practice with an expired license
or certificate of registration or certification after 30 days following its
expiration date shall be deemed to be engaged in unlicensed practice
of the regulated profession or occupation, even if no notice of
suspension has been provided to the individual.

46 d. A professional or occupational license or certificate of

1 registration or certification suspended pursuant to this section may be 2 reinstated within five years following its date of expiration upon 3 submission of a renewal application and payment of an additional 4 reinstatement fee. An applicant seeking reinstatement of a license or certificate suspended pursuant to this section more than five years past 5 6 its expiration date shall successfully complete the examination required 7 for initial licensure, registration or certification and submit a renewal 8 application and payment of an additional reinstatement fee. 9 e. A board specified in section 2 of P.L. 1978, c. 73 (C. 45:1-15) 10 shall send a notice of renewal to each of its holders of a professional 11 or occupational license or certificate of registration or certification, as 12 applicable, at least 60 days prior to the expiration of the license or

13 certificate. If the notice to renew is not sent at least 60 days prior to 14 the expiration date, no monetary penalties or fines shall apply to the 15 holder for failure to renew.

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17 6. (New section) A board may reinstate the professional or 18 occupational license or certificate of registration or certification of an 19 applicant whose license or certificate has been suspended pursuant to 20 section 5 of P.L., c. (C. )(now before the Legislature as this 21 bill), provided that the applicant otherwise qualifies for licensure, 22 registration or certification and submits the following upon application 23 for reinstatement:

a. Payment of all past delinquent renewal fees; 24

25 b. Payment of a reinstatement fee;

26 c. An affidavit of employment listing each job held during the 27 period of suspended license, registration or certification which includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of each 28 29 employer; and

30 d. If applicable, satisfactory proof that the applicant has maintained 31 proficiency by completing the continuing education hours or credits 32 required for the renewal of an active license or certificate of registration or certification. 33

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35 7. (New section) a. Renewal applications for all professional or occupational licenses or certificates of registration or certification shall 36 provide the applicant with the option of either active or inactive 37 38 renewal. A renewal applicant electing to renew as inactive shall not 39 engage in professional or occupational practice within the State.

40 b. An applicant who selects the inactive renewal option shall 41 remain on inactive status for the entire renewal period unless, upon 42 application to the board, the board permits the inactive applicant to 43 return to active status provided such applicant presents satisfactory 44 proof that he has maintained proficiency by completing the continuing 45 education hours or credits required for the renewal of an active license, registration or certification, if applicable. 46

1 8. (New section) Consistent with their enabling acts, P.L.1978, 2 c.73 (C.45:1-14 et seq.) and the "Administrative Procedure Act," 3 P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), the boards and others set forth in section 2 of P.L.1978, c.73 (C.45:1-15) are authorized to adopt 4 5 rules and regulations to serve the public health, safety and welfare. 6 7 9. Section 12 of P.L.1978, c.73 (C.45:1-25) is amended to read as 8 follows: 9 12. Any person [violating] who engages in any conduct in 10 violation of any provision of an act or regulation administered by a 11 board shall, in addition to any other sanctions provided herein, be 12 liable to a civil penalty of not more than [\$2,500.00] <u>\$10,000</u> for the first [offense] violation and not more than [\$5,000.00] <u>\$20,000</u> for 13 the second and each subsequent [offense] violation. For the purpose 14 of construing this section, each [transaction or statutory] act in 15 16 violation of any provision of an act or regulation administered by a 17 board shall constitute a separate [offense; provided, however, a 18 second or subsequent offense shall not be deemed to exist unless 19 violation and shall be deemed a second or subsequent violation under 20 the following circumstances: 21 (1) an administrative or court order has been entered in a prior, 22 separate and independent proceeding: 23 (2) the person is found within a single proceeding to have 24 committed more than one violation of any provision of an act or 25 regulation administered by a board; or 26 (3) the person is found within a single proceeding to have 27 committed separate violations of any provision of more than one act or regulation administered by a board. 28 29 b. In lieu of an administrative proceeding or an action in the Superior Court, the Attorney General may bring an action in the name 30 31 of any board for the collection or enforcement of civil penalties for the 32 violation of any provision of an act or regulation administered by such 33 board. Such action may be brought in summary manner pursuant to 34 "the penalty enforcement law" (N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq.) and the rules of 35 court governing actions for the collection of civil penalties in the 36 municipal court where the offense occurred. Process in such action 37 may be by summons or warrant and in the event that the defendant in 38 such action fails to answer such action, the court shall, upon finding 39 an unlawful act or practice to have been committed by the defendant, 40 issue a warrant for the defendant's arrest in order to bring such person 41 before the court to satisfy the civil penalties imposed. In any action 42 commenced pursuant to this section, the court may order restored to 43 any person in interest any moneys or property acquired by means of an 44 unlawful act or practice.

45 <u>c.</u> Any action alleging the unlicensed practice of a profession or 46 occupation shall be brought pursuant to this section or, where

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1 injunctive relief is sought, by an action commenced in the Superior 2 Court. In any action brought pursuant to this act, a board or the court 3 may order the payment of costs for the use of the State, including, but 4 not limited to, costs of investigation, expert witness fees and costs, 5 attorney fees and costs, and transcript costs. 6 (cf: P.L.1991, c.91, s.449) 7 8 10. Section 17 of P.L.1973, c.19 (C.45:9A-17) is amended to read 9 as follows: 10 17. The Director of the Division of Consumer Affairs shall have the power [upon] after notice and opportunity for a hearing to revoke, 11 suspend, or refuse to renew any license, temporary license or 12 13 certificate of endorsement issued pursuant to this act [for the 14 following reasons: 15 a. Being convicted of an offense involving moral turpitude. The record of such conviction, or certified copy thereof from the clerk of 16 17 the court where such conviction occurred or by the judge of such 18 court, shall be sufficient evidence to warrant revocation or suspension. b. By securing a license or certificate under this act through fraud 19 20 or deceit. c. For unethical conduct, ignorance, neglect, incompetence or 21 22 inefficiency in the conduct of his practice. Incompetence shall include 23 but not be limited to the improper or unnecessary fitting of a hearing 24 aid. For the purposes of this act unethical conduct shall mean: 25 (1) The obtaining of any fee or the making of any sale by fraud or 26 misrepresentation. 27 (2) Employing directly or indirectly any suspended or unlicensed person to perform any work covered by this act. 28 29 (3) Using or causing or promoting the use of any advertising 30 matter, promotional literature, testimonial, guarantee, warranty, label, 31 brand, insignia or any other representation, however disseminated or 32 published, which, is misleading, deceiving, improbable or untruthful. 33 (4) Advertising a particular model, type or kind of hearing aid for 34 sale when purchasers or prospective purchasers responding to the 35 advertisement cannot purchase or are dissuaded from purchasing the advertised model, type or kind where it is established that the purpose 36 37 of the advertisement is to obtain prospects for the sale of a different model, type or kind than that advertised. 38 39 (5) Representing that the services or advice of a person licensed to 40 practice medicine will be used or made available in the selection, fitting, adjustment, maintenance or repair of hearing aids when that is 41 42 not true, or using the word "doctor," "clinic," or like words, abbreviations or symbols which tend to connote the medical profession 43 44 when such use is not accurate.

45 (6) Habitual intemperance.

46 (7) Gross immorality.

1 (8) Permitting another to use his license or certificate. 2 (9) To imitate or simulate the trademarks, trade names, brands or 3 labels of competitors, with the capacity and tendency or effect of 4 misleading or deceiving purchasers or prospective purchasers; or 5 (10) To use any trade name, corporate name, trademark, or other 6 trade designation, which has the capacity and tendency or effect of 7 misleading or deceiving purchasers or prospective purchasers as to the 8 name, nature, or origin of any product of the industry, or of any 9 material used therein, or which is false, deceptive, or misleading in any 10 other material respect. 11 (11) To directly or indirectly give, or offer to give, or permit or 12 cause to be given money or anything of value to any person who 13 advises another in a professional capacity as an inducement to 14 influence him or have him influence others to purchase or contract to 15 purchase products sold or offered for sale by a hearing aid dispenser, or to influence persons to refrain from dealing in the products of 16 17 competitors. 18 d. For practicing while knowingly suffering with a contagious or 19 infectious disease. 20 e. For the use of a false name or alias in his practice. 21 f. For violating any of the provisions of this act or rules or 22 regulations promulgated hereunder] as provided by section 8 of 23 P.L.1978, c.73 (C.45:1-21). 24 (cf: P.L.1973, c.19, s.17) 25 26 11. R.S.45:14-12 is amended to read as follows: 27 45:14-12. The board may refuse an application for examination 28 or may suspend or revoke the certificate of a registered pharmacist or 29 a registered assistant pharmacist for any of the following causes: 30 When the application or registration is shown to have been obtained 31 by misrepresentation or fraudulent means or when the applicant or 32 registrant is guilty of chronic or persistent inebriety, or has been 33 adjudged guilty of violating any State or Federal law or any law of the 34 District of Columbia or of any territory of the United States relating to the practice of pharmacy, or relating to the dispensing of drugs, or 35 has been convicted of a crime involving moral turpitude, or has 36 37 impersonated an applicant for registration before the board or has been 38 convicted of knowingly, intentionally or fraudulently adulterating or 39 causing to be adulterated drugs, chemicals or medicinal preparations 40 or has sold or caused to be sold adulterated drugs, chemicals or medicinal preparations knowing, or having reason to know, that same 41 42 were adulterated, or has procured or attempted to procure registration 43 for another by misrepresentation or fraudulent means, and the board 44 shall refuse an application for examination or suspend or revoke the 45 certificate of a registered pharmacist or a registered assistant pharmacist when the applicant or registrant is shown to be addicted 46

1 to the use of narcotic drugs, or has been convicted of violating any law 2 of this or any other state or of the United States relating to narcotic 3 drugs or has been adjudicated an incompetent, or is shown to have any 4 abnormal physical or mental condition which threatens the safety of persons to whom said applicant or registrant might sell or dispense 5 6 prescriptions, drugs, chemicals, medicinal preparations or devices or 7 for whom he might manufacture, prepare or package, or supervise the 8 manufacturing, preparation or packaging of prescriptions, drugs, 9 chemicals, medicinal preparations or devices.] In addition to the provisions of section 8 of P.L.1978, c.73 (C.45:1-21), the board may 10 refuse an application for examination or may suspend or revoke the 11 certificate of a registered pharmacist or a registered assistant 12 13 pharmacist upon proof satisfactory to the board that such registered 14 pharmacist or such registered assistant pharmacist is guilty of grossly 15 unprofessional conduct and the following acts are hereby declared to 16 constitute grossly unprofessional conduct for the purpose of this act: a. Paying rebates or entering into an agreement for payment of 17 rebates to any physician, dentist or other person for the recommending 18

19 of the services of any person.

b. The providing or causing to be provided to a physician, dentist,
veterinarian or other persons authorized to prescribe, prescription
blanks or forms bearing the pharmacist's or pharmacy's name, address
or other means of identification.

c. (Deleted by amendment.)

d. The claiming of professional superiority in the compounding or
filling of prescriptions or in any manner implying professional
superiority which may reduce public confidence in the ability,
character or integrity of other pharmacists.

e. Fostering the interest of one group of patients at the expense of
another which compromises the quality or extent of professional
services or facilities made available.

32 f. The distribution of premiums or rebates of any kind whatever in 33 connection with the sale of drugs and medications provided, however, 34 that trading stamps and similar devices shall not be considered to be 35 rebates for the purposes of this chapter and provided further that discounts, premiums and rebates may be provided in connection with 36 the sale of drugs and medications to any person who is 62 years of 37 38 age or older. Before a certificate shall be refused, suspended or 39 revoked, the accused person shall be furnished with a copy of the 40 complaint and given a hearing before the board. Any person whose 41 certificate is so suspended or revoked shall be deemed an unregistered 42 person during the period of such suspension or revocation, and as such 43 shall be subject to the penalties prescribed in this chapter, but such 44 person may, at the discretion of the board, have his certificate 45 reinstated at any time without an examination, upon application to the board. Any person to whom a certificate shall be denied by the board 46

1 or whose certificate shall be suspended or revoked by the board shall 2 have the right to review such action by appeal to the Appellate 3 Division of the Superior Court in lieu of prerogative writ. 4 g. Advertising of prescription drug prices in a manner inconsistent 5 with rules and regulations promulgated by the Director of the Division 6 of Consumer Affairs; provided, however, no such advertising of any 7 drug or substance shall be authorized unless the Commissioner of 8 Health and Senior Services shall have determined that such 9 advertising is not harmful to public health, safety and welfare. (cf: P.L.1977, c.240, s.2) 10 11 12 12. The following sections of law are repealed: 13 Section 1 of P.L.1975, c.382 (C.45:1-13); 14 section 21 of P.L.1983, c.420 (C.45:3B-21); 15 R.S.45:5-8; 16 R.S.45:6-7; 17 R.S.45:6-22; 18 section 12 of P.L.1979, c.46 (C.45:6-59); 19 R.S.45:9-16; 20 section 13 of P.L.1947, c.262 (C.45:11-35); 21 R.S.45:12-11; 22 section 30 of P.L.1966, c.313 (C.45:14-12.2); 23 R.S.45:14-35; and section 24 of P.L.1966, c.282 (C.45:14B-24). 24 25 26 13. This act shall take effect immediately. 27 28 29 **STATEMENT** 30 31 In 1978, the Legislature enacted P.L.1978, c.73 (C.45:1-14 et seq.), 32 known as the "uniform enforcement act," to provide uniform enforcement and sanctions in regard to the various professions and 33 34 occupations licensed pursuant to Title 45 of the Revised Statutes. The purpose of that act was to establish consistent standards for licensee 35 conduct. One provision of that act declared that all inconsistent acts 36 were superseded and repealed. A year later, the Legislature enacted 37 P.L.1979, c.432, which specifically repealed most of the sections of 38 39 Title 45 that had been generally repealed by the uniform enforcement 40 act. However, a few sections which seem to have been affected by the 41 general repealer were nevertheless left in place. Each of these sections establishes grounds for revocation of the license to practice a 42 particular health care profession. 43 44 The continuation of these license revocation provisions creates 45 uncertainty in the law on this subject. Conflicting arguments can be

46 made that the grounds for the revocation of a professional license are

those in section 8 of the uniform enforcement act, in the applicable unrepealed section, or in both. While the effect of this uncertainty in the law is reduced by the similarity in grounds for revocation in the uniform enforcement act and most of the individual provisions, it still should be corrected.

This bill repeals those unrepealed sections and amends section 8 of
the uniform enforcement act to include provisions which are currently
not in that section but which are in the sections being repealed.

9 In addition, some of the statutes establishing the various 10 professional and occupational boards do not specifically grant those boards the authority to make regulations. This bill cures that defect. 11 The grounds for refusal to admit to examination or denial, 12 13 suspension or revocation of a certificate, registration or license 14 pursuant to the uniform enforcement act are modified and expanded 15 as follows: the grounds of gross negligence, gross malpractice or gross incompetence are modified by adding "which damaged or 16 17 endangered the life, health, welfare, safety or property of any person;" the grounds of having been convicted of a crime of moral turpitude or 18 19 relating adversely to a board regulated activity is expanded to include 20 being convicted of, or engaging in acts constituting, a crime or offense 21 involving moral turpitude or relating adversely to a board regulated 22 activity; grounds in regard to the "New Jersey Insurance Fraud 23 Prevention Act" are expanded to include violations of that act pursuant to civil or administrative proceedings; and grounds which currently 24 25 exist, such as impairment because of the use of drugs or alcohol, the 26 dispensing of controlled dangerous substances indiscriminately, 27 permitting an unlicensed person to perform an act for which a license 28 or certificate of registration or certification is required and advertising 29 fraudulently in any manner are added or specified.

The bill provides that a regulatory board may enter a temporary order suspending or limiting any license issued by the board pending a hearing on an administrative complaint, if a duly verified application of the Attorney General provides proof of a conviction of a court of competent jurisdiction for a crime or offense involving moral turpitude or relating adversely to the regulated profession or occupation.

The Director of the Division of Consumer Affairs is given the
authority to establish the administrative fees charged by the regulatory
boards.

39 The bill establishes uniform renewal procedures for professional and 40 occupational licenses (certification, registration) by boards located in 41 the Division of Consumer Affairs. If a licensee does not renew his license prior to its expiration date, the holder may renew it within 30 42 43 days of its expiration date by submitting a renewal application and 44 paying a renewal fee and late fee. Any license not renewed within 30 45 days of its expiration shall be suspended without a hearing and any licensee who continues to practice with an expired license shall be 46

engaged in an unlicensed practice. A license suspended pursuant to 1 2 this provision may be reinstated within five years following its date of 3 expiration upon submission of a renewal application and payment of 4 an additional reinstatement fee. An applicant seeking reinstatement after five years must submit an application, successfully complete an 5 examination and pay an additional reinstatement fee. In addition, 6 renewal applications shall provide the applicant with the option of 7 8 either active or inactive renewal. An applicant electing to renew as 9 inactive shall not engage in his profession or occupation, but may 10 apply to the board for active status if the applicant presents satisfactory proof that he maintained proficiency by completing the 11 12 continuing education hours or credits required for renewal.

13 The bill authorizes the professional and occupational boards to 14 adopt rules and regulations to serve the public health, safety and 15 welfare.

16 The bill increases the penalty provisions of the uniform enforcement 17 act. A first violation is subject to a penalty of not more than \$10,000 18 (currently \$2,500) and a second or subsequent violation is subject to 19 a penalty of not more than \$20,000 (currently \$5,000). In an action 20 alleging the unlicensed practice of a profession or occupation, a board 21 or the court may order the payment of costs for use of the State and 22 those costs may include costs of investigation, expert witness fees and 23 costs, attorney fees and costs and transcript costs. Some of the changes to the law provided by this bill are 24

recommended by the New Jersey Law Revision Commission pursuant
to its report entitled "Report and Recommendations Relating to Title
45 -- Professions and Occupations."

# ASSEMBLY CONSUMER AFFAIRS AND REGULATED PROFESSIONS COMMITTEE

## STATEMENT TO

# ASSEMBLY, No. 3576

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

#### DATED: DECEMBER 6, 1999

The Assembly Consumer Affairs and Regulated Professions Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 3576.

In 1978, the Legislature enacted P.L.1978, c.73 (C.45:1-14 et seq.), known as the "uniform enforcement act," to provide uniform enforcement and sanctions in regard to the various professions and occupations licensed pursuant to Title 45 of the Revised Statutes. The purpose of that act was to establish consistent standards for licensee conduct. One provision of that act declared that all inconsistent acts were superseded and repealed. A year later, the Legislature enacted P.L.1979, c.432, which specifically repealed most of the sections of Title 45 that had been generally repealed by the uniform enforcement act. However, a few sections which seem to have been affected by the general repealer were nevertheless left in place. Each of these sections establishes grounds for revocation of the license to practice a particular health care profession.

The continuation of these license revocation provisions creates uncertainty in the law on this subject. Conflicting arguments can be made that the grounds for the revocation of a professional license are those in section 8 of the uniform enforcement act, in the applicable unrepealed section, or in both. While the effect of this uncertainty in the law is reduced by the similarity in grounds for revocation in the uniform enforcement act and most of the individual provisions, it still should be corrected.

This bill repeals those unrepealed sections and amends section 8 of the uniform enforcement act to include provisions which are currently not in that section but which are in the sections being repealed.

In addition, some of the statutes establishing the various professional and occupational boards do not specifically grant those boards the authority to make regulations. This bill cures that defect.

The grounds for refusal to admit to examination or denial, suspension or revocation of a certificate, registration or license pursuant to the uniform enforcement act are modified and expanded as follows: the grounds of gross negligence, gross malpractice or gross incompetence are modified by adding "which damaged or endangered the life, health, welfare, safety or property of any person;" the grounds of having been convicted of a crime of moral turpitude or relating adversely to a board regulated activity is expanded to include being convicted of, or engaging in acts constituting, a crime or offense involving moral turpitude or relating adversely to a board regulated activity; grounds in regard to the "New Jersey Insurance Fraud Prevention Act" are expanded to include violations of that act pursuant to civil or administrative proceedings; and grounds which currently exist, such as impairment because of the use of drugs or alcohol, the dispensing of controlled dangerous substances indiscriminately, permitting an unlicensed person to perform an act for which a license or certificate of registration or certification is required and advertising fraudulently in any manner are added or specified.

The bill provides that a regulatory board may enter a temporary order suspending or limiting any license issued by the board pending a hearing on an administrative complaint, if a duly verified application of the Attorney General provides proof of a conviction of a court of competent jurisdiction for a crime or offense involving moral turpitude or relating adversely to the regulated profession or occupation.

The Director of the Division of Consumer Affairs is given the authority to establish the administrative fees charged by the regulatory boards.

The bill establishes uniform renewal procedures for professional and occupational licenses (certification, registration) by boards located in the Division of Consumer Affairs. If a licensee does not renew his license prior to its expiration date, the holder may renew it within 30 days of its expiration date by submitting a renewal application and paying a renewal fee and late fee. Any license not renewed within 30 days of its expiration shall be suspended without a hearing and any licensee who continues to practice with an expired license shall be engaged in an unlicensed practice. A license suspended pursuant to this provision may be reinstated within five years following its date of expiration upon submission of a renewal application and payment of an additional reinstatement fee. The bill also requires a professional or occupational licensing board to send a license renewal notice to a holder at least 60 days prior to expiration of the license, and if the board fails to do so, the holder would not be subject to any monetary penalty or fine for failure to renew. An applicant seeking reinstatement after five years must submit an application, successfully complete an examination and pay an additional reinstatement fee. In addition, renewal applications shall provide the applicant with the option of either active or inactive renewal. An applicant electing to renew as inactive shall not engage in his profession or occupation, but may apply to the board for active status if the applicant presents satisfactory proof that he maintained proficiency by completing the continuing education hours or credits required for renewal.

The bill authorizes the professional and occupational boards to adopt rules and regulations to serve the public health, safety and welfare. The bill increases the penalty provisions of the uniform enforcement act. A first violation is subject to a penalty of not more than \$10,000 (currently \$2,500) and a second or subsequent violation is subject to a penalty of not more than \$20,000 (currently \$5,000). In an action alleging the unlicensed practice of a profession or occupation, a board or the court may order the payment of costs for use of the State and those costs may include costs of investigation, expert witness fees and costs, attorney fees and costs and transcript costs.

Some of the changes to the law provided by this bill are recommended by the New Jersey Law Revision Commission pursuant to its report entitled "Report and Recommendations Relating to Title 45 -- Professions and Occupations."