2C:12-1 LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECK

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LAWS OF:	1999	CHAPTER:	381			
NJSA:	2C:12-1 (Assault—bus drivers—crime)					
BILL NO:	A630	(Substituted for	or S1462)			
SPONSOR(S): Roberts and	Blee				
DATE INTRODUCED: January 13, 1998						
COMMITTEE	: ASS	EMBLY: Judic	iary			
	SENA	TE: Judicia	ry			
AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes						
DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: January 10, 2000						
		SENATE:	July 1, 1999			
DATE OF APPROVAL: January 14, 2000						
FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:						
FINAL TEXT OF BILL: 1 st Reprint (Amendments during passage denoted by superscript numbers)						
A630 <u>SPONSORS STATEMENT</u> : (Begins on page 5 of original bill) <u>Yes</u>						
				<u>Yes</u>		
	COMMITTEE	STATEMENT:	ASSEMBLY:	Yes		
			SENATE:	Yes		
FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS:				No		
	LEGISLATIVE	FISCAL ESTIM	IATE:	No		
S1462 <u>SPONSORS STATEMENT</u> : (Begins on page 5 of original bill) <u>Yes</u>						
	COMMITTEE	STATEMENT:	ASSEMBLY:	No		
			<u>SENATE</u> : Identical to Senate Commi	Yes ttee Statement for A630		
	FLOOR AME	NDMENT STATE	EMENTS:	No		

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE:

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING:

VETO MESSAGE:

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:

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	No
REPORTS:	
	No
HEARINGS:	
	No

P.L. 1999, CHAPTER 381, approved January 14, 2000 Assembly, No. 630 (First Reprint)

1 AN ACT concerning assault and amending N.J.S.2C:12-1. 2 3 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 4 of New Jersey: 5 1. N.J.S.2C:12-1 is amended to read as follows: 6 7 2C:12-1. Assault. a. Simple assault. A person is guilty of assault 8 if he: 9 (1) Attempts to cause or purposely, knowingly or recklessly causes 10 bodily injury to another; or (2) Negligently causes bodily injury to another with a deadly 11 12 weapon; or 13 (3) Attempts by physical menace to put another in fear of imminent 14 serious bodily injury. 15 Simple assault is a disorderly persons offense unless committed in a fight or scuffle entered into by mutual consent, in which case it is a 16 petty disorderly persons offense. 17 b. Aggravated assault. A person is guilty of aggravated assault if 18 19 he: (1) Attempts to cause serious bodily injury to another, or causes 20 21 such injury purposely or knowingly or under circumstances 22 manifesting extreme indifference to the value of human life recklessly 23 causes such injury; or 24 (2) Attempts to cause or purposely or knowingly causes bodily injury to another with a deadly weapon; or 25 (3) Recklessly causes bodily injury to another with a deadly 26 27 weapon; or 28 Knowingly under circumstances manifesting extreme (4) 29 indifference to the value of human life points a firearm, as defined in 30 section 2C:39-1f., at or in the direction of another, whether or not the actor believes it to be loaded; or 31 (5) Commits a simple assault as defined in subsection a. (1), (2) or 32 33 (3) of this section upon: (a) Any law enforcement officer acting in the performance of his 34 35 duties while in uniform or exhibiting evidence of his authority; or (b) Any paid or volunteer fireman acting in the performance of his 36 37 duties while in uniform or otherwise clearly identifiable as being engaged in the performance of the duties of a fireman; or 38 39 (c) Any person engaged in emergency first-aid or medical services 40 acting in the performance of his duties while in uniform or otherwise

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in **bold-faced brackets** [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹ Senate SJU committee amendments adopted June 24, 1999.

1 clearly identifiable as being engaged in the performance of emergency 2 first-aid or medical services; or 3 (d) Any school board member [or], school administrator, teacher, 4 school bus driver or other employee of a school board while clearly 5 identifiable as being engaged in the performance of his duties or because of his status as a member or employee of a school board¹ or 6 7 any school bus driver employed by an operator under contract to a 8 school board while clearly identifiable as being engaged in the 9 performance of his duties or because of his status as a school bus <u>driver</u>¹; or 10 11 (e) Any employee of the Division of Youth and Family Services 12 while clearly identifiable as being engaged in the performance of his duties or because of his status as an employee of the division; or 13 14 (f) Any justice of the Supreme Court, judge of the Superior Court, 15 judge of the Tax Court or municipal judge while clearly identifiable as being engaged in the performance of judicial duties or because of his 16 17 status as a member of the judiciary; or 18 (g) Any operator of a motorbus or the operator's supervisor or any employee of a rail passenger service while clearly identifiable as being 19 20 engaged in the performance of his duties or because of his status as an 21 operator of a motorbus or as the operator's supervisor or as an 22 employee of a rail passenger service; or 23 (6) Causes bodily injury to another person while fleeing or 24 attempting to elude a law enforcement officer in violation of 25 subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:29-2 or while operating a motor vehicle in violation of subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:20-10. Notwithstanding any 26 27 other provision of law to the contrary, a person shall be strictly liable 28 for a violation of this subsection upon proof of a violation of 29 subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:29-2 or while operating a motor vehicle in violation of subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:20-10 which resulted in bodily 30 31 injury to another person; or 32 (7) Attempts to cause significant bodily injury to another or causes 33 significant bodily injury purposely or knowingly or, under 34 circumstances manifesting extreme indifference to the value of human 35 life recklessly causes such significant bodily injury; ¹[or]¹ 36 (8) Causes bodily injury by knowingly or purposely starting a fire or causing an explosion in violation of N.J.S.2C:17-1 which results in 37 38 bodily injury to any emergency services personnel involved in fire

39 suppression activities, rendering emergency medical services resulting 40 from the fire or explosion or rescue operations, or rendering any 41 necessary assistance at the scene of the fire or explosion, including any 42 bodily injury sustained while responding to the scene of a reported fire 43 or explosion. For purposes of this subsection, "emergency services 44 personnel" shall include, but not be limited to, any paid or volunteer 45 fireman, any person engaged in emergency first-aid or medical services 46 and any law enforcement officer. Notwithstanding any other provision

1 of law to the contrary, a person shall be strictly liable for a violation 2 of this paragraph upon proof of a violation of N.J.S.2C:17-1 which resulted in bodily injury to any emergency services personnel¹[.]: 3 4 (9) Knowingly, under circumstances manifesting extreme 5 indifference to the value of human life, points or displays a firearm, as defined in subsection f. of N.J.S.2C:39-1, at or in the direction of a 6 7 law enforcement officer; or 8 (10) Knowingly points, displays or uses an imitation firearm, as 9 defined in subsection f. of N.J.S.2C:39-1, at or in the direction of a 10 law enforcement officer with the purpose to intimidate, threaten or attempt to put the officer in fear of bodily injury or for any unlawful 11 12 purpose.¹ Aggravated assault under subsections b. (1) and b. (6) is a crime of 13 the second degree; under subsections b. (2) 1 [and] 1 b. (7) 1 , b. (9) and 14 <u>b. $(10)^1$ </u> is a crime of the third degree; under subsections b. (3) and b. 15 (4) is a crime of the fourth degree; and under subsection b. (5) is a 16 17 crime of the third degree if the victim suffers bodily injury, otherwise it is a crime of the fourth degree. Aggravated assault under subsection 18 19 b.(8) is a crime of the third degree if the victim suffers bodily injury; 20 if the victim suffers significant bodily injury or serious bodily injury it 21 is a crime of the second degree. 22 c. A person is guilty of assault by auto or vessel when the person 23 drives a vehicle or vessel recklessly and causes either serious bodily injury or bodily injury to another. Assault by auto or vessel is a crime 24 25 of the fourth degree if serious bodily injury results and is a disorderly 26 persons offense if bodily injury results. 27 As used in this section, "vessel" means a means of conveyance for 28 travel on water and propelled otherwise than by muscular power. 29 d. A person who is employed by a facility as defined in section 2 of P.L.1977, c.239 (C.52:27G-2) who commits a simple assault as 30 31 defined in paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection a. of this section upon an 32 institutionalized elderly person as defined in section 2 of P.L.1977, 33 c.239 (C.52:27G-2) is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree. 34 e. A person who commits a simple assault as defined in subsection 35 a. of this section is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree if the person 36 acted with a purpose to intimidate an individual or group of individuals 37 because of race, color, religion, gender, handicap, sexual orientation, 38 or ethnicity. 39 (cf: P.L.1999, c.77, s.1) 40 41 2. This act shall take effect immediately. 42 43 44 45 Upgrades simple assault against school bus drivers, motorbus 46 operators, the operator's supervisor or any rail passenger service 47 employees.

ASSEMBLY, No. 630 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 208th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 1998 SESSION

Sponsored by: Assemblyman JOSEPH J. ROBERTS, JR. District 5 (Camden and Gloucester) Assemblyman FRANCIS J. BLEE District 2 (Atlantic)

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblymen Luongo, LeFevre, Geist, Assemblywoman Friscia and Assemblyman Wisniewski

SYNOPSIS

Upgrades simple assault against school bus drivers, motorbus operators, the operator's supervisor or any rail passenger service employees.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 10/6/1998)

2

AN ACT concerning assault and amending N.J.S.2C:12-1. 1 2 3 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 4 of New Jersey: 5 1. N.J.S.2C:12-1 is amended to read as follows: 6 2C:12-1. Assault. a. Simple assault. A person is guilty of assault 7 8 if he: 9 (1) Attempts to cause or purposely, knowingly or recklessly causes 10 bodily injury to another; or 11 (2) Negligently causes bodily injury to another with a deadly 12 weapon; or (3) Attempts by physical menace to put another in fear of imminent 13 14 serious bodily injury. 15 Simple assault is a disorderly persons offense unless committed in a fight or scuffle entered into by mutual consent, in which case it is a 16 17 petty disorderly persons offense. 18 b. Aggravated assault. A person is guilty of aggravated assault if 19 he: 20 (1) Attempts to cause serious bodily injury to another, or causes such injury purposely or knowingly or under circumstances 21 manifesting extreme indifference to the value of human life recklessly 22 23 causes such injury; or 24 (2) Attempts to cause or purposely or knowingly causes bodily 25 injury to another with a deadly weapon; or 26 (3) Recklessly causes bodily injury to another with a deadly 27 weapon; or 28 (4) Knowingly under circumstances manifesting extreme 29 indifference to the value of human life points a firearm, as defined in 30 section 2C:39-1f., at or in the direction of another, whether or not the actor believes it to be loaded; or 31 32 (5) Commits a simple assault as defined in subsection a. (1), (2) or 33 (3) of this section upon: (a) Any law enforcement officer acting in the performance of his 34 duties while in uniform or exhibiting evidence of his authority; or 35 36 (b) Any paid or volunteer fireman acting in the performance of his 37 duties while in uniform or otherwise clearly identifiable as being engaged in the performance of the duties of a fireman; or 38 39 (c) Any person engaged in emergency first-aid or medical services 40 acting in the performance of his duties while in uniform or otherwise 41 clearly identifiable as being engaged in the performance of emergency 42 first-aid or medical services; or 43 (d) Any school board member [or], school administrator, teacher, EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

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1 school bus driver or other employee of a school board while clearly 2 identifiable as being engaged in the performance of his duties or 3 because of his status as a member or employee of a school board; or 4 (e) Any employee of the Division of Youth and Family Services 5 while clearly identifiable as being engaged in the performance of his 6 duties or because of his status as an employee of the division; or 7 (f) Any justice of the Supreme Court, judge of the Superior Court, 8 judge of the Tax Court or municipal judge while clearly identifiable as 9 being engaged in the performance of judicial duties or because of his 10 status as a member of the judiciary; or 11 (g) Any operator of a motorbus or the operator's supervisor or any 12 employee of a rail passenger service while clearly identifiable as being 13 engaged in the performance of his duties or because of his status as an 14 operator of a motorbus or as the operator's supervisor or as an 15 employee of a rail passenger service; or 16 Causes bodily injury to another person while fleeing or (6) attempting to elude a law enforcement officer in violation of 17 subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:29-2 or while operating a motor vehicle in 18 19 violation of subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:20-10. Notwithstanding any 20 other provision of law to the contrary, a person shall be strictly liable 21 for a violation of this subsection upon proof of a violation of 22 subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:29-2 or while operating a motor vehicle in violation of subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:20-10 which resulted in bodily 23 24 injury to another person; or 25 (7) Attempts to cause significant bodily injury to another or causes 26 significant bodily injury purposely or knowingly or, under 27 circumstances manifesting extreme indifference to the value of human 28 life recklessly causes such significant bodily injury : or 29 (8) Causes bodily injury by knowingly or purposely starting a fire 30 or causing an explosion in violation of N.J.S.2C:17-1 which results in 31 bodily injury to any emergency services personnel involved in fire 32 suppression activities, rendering emergency medical services resulting 33 from the fire or explosion or rescue operations, or rendering any 34 necessary assistance at the scene of the fire or explosion, including any 35 bodily injury sustained while responding to the scene of a reported fire or explosion. For purposes of this subsection, "emergency services 36 37 personnel" shall include, but not be limited to, any paid or volunteer 38 fireman, any person engaged in emergency first-aid or medical services 39 and any law enforcement officer. Notwithstanding any other provision 40 of law to the contrary, a person shall be strictly liable for a violation 41 of this paragraph upon proof of a violation of N.J.S.2C:17-1 which is 42 resulted in bodily injury to any emergency services personnel. 43 Aggravated assault under subsections b. (1) and b. (6) is a crime of 44 the second degree; under subsections b. (2) and b. (7) is a crime of the 45 third degree; under subsections b. (3) and b. (4) is a crime of the fourth degree; and under subsection b. (5) is a crime of the third 46

degree if the victim suffers bodily injury, otherwise it is a crime of the

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2 fourth degree. Aggravated assault under subsection b.(8) is a crime of 3 the third degree if the victim suffers bodily injury; if the victim suffers 4 significant bodily injury or serious bodily injury it is a crime of the 5 second degree. 6 c. A person is guilty of assault by auto or vessel when the person 7 drives a vehicle or vessel recklessly and causes either serious bodily 8 injury or bodily injury to another. Assault by auto or vessel is a crime 9 of the fourth degree if serious bodily injury results and is a disorderly persons offense if bodily injury results. 10 As used in this section, "vessel" means a means of conveyance for 11 12 travel on water and propelled otherwise than by muscular power. 13 d. A person who is employed by a facility as defined in section 2 14 of P.L.1977, c.239 (C.52:27G-2) who commits a simple assault as 15 defined in paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection a. of this section upon an institutionalized elderly person as defined in section 2 of P.L.1977, 16 c.239 (C.52:27G-2) is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree. 17 18 e. A person who commits a simple assault as defined in subsection 19 a. of this section is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree if the person 20 acted with a purpose to intimidate an individual or group of individuals 21 because of race, color, religion, gender, handicap, sexual orientation, 22 or ethnicity. 23 (cf: P.L.1997, c.119, s.1) 24 25 2. This act shall take effect immediately. 26 27 28 **STATEMENT** 29 30 This bill would upgrade the crime of simple assault to aggravated 31 assault if the victim was a school bus driver, any motorbus operator 32 or his supervisor, or any employee of a rail passenger service. 33 Specifically, this bill would amend subparagraph (d) of paragraph 5 of 34 subsection b. of N.J.S.A.2C:12-1, the assault statute, to upgrade a simple assault against a school bus driver while clearly identifiable as 35 being engaged in the performance of his duties or because of his 36 37 status, to aggravated assault. 38 This bill would also add a new subparagraph (g) to paragraph 5 of 39 subsection b. of 2C:12-1 to upgrade a simple assault against any 40 motorbus operator or his supervisor or any employee of a rail

passenger service, while clearly identifiable as being engaged in the
performance of their duties or because of their status, to aggravated
assault.
Aggravated assault is a crime of the third degree if the victim

44 Aggravated assault is a crime of the third degree if the victim
45 suffers bodily injury; otherwise it is a crime of the fourth degree. A
46 crime of the third degree is punishable by a maximum term of

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- imprisonment of three to five years, a maximum fine of \$15,000 or 1
- 2 both. A crime of the fourth degree is punishable by a maximum term
- 3 of imprisonment not to exceed 18 months, a maximum fine of \$10,000
- 4 or both.

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 630

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MARCH 25, 1999

The Assembly Judiciary Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 630.

This bill would upgrade the crime of simple assault to aggravated assault if the victim was a school bus driver, any motorbus operator or his supervisor, or any employee of a rail passenger service.

Specifically, this bill would amend subparagraph (d) of paragraph (5) of subsection b. of N.J.S.A.2C:12-1, the assault statute, to upgrade a simple assault against a school bus driver while clearly identifiable as being engaged in the performance of his duties or because of his status, to aggravated assault. This bill would also add a new subparagraph (g) to paragraph (5) of subsection b. of 2C:12-1 to upgrade a simple assault against any motorbus operator or his supervisor or any employee of a rail passenger service, while clearly identifiable as being engaged in the performance of their duties or because of their status, to aggravated assault.

Aggravated assault under paragraph (5) of subsection b. of N.J.S.A.2C:12-1 is a crime of the third degree if the victim suffers bodily injury; otherwise it is a crime of the fourth degree. A crime of the third degree is punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of three to five years, a maximum fine of \$15,000 or both. A crime of the fourth degree is punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment not to exceed 18 months, a maximum fine of \$10,000 or both.

This bill was prefiled for introduction in the 1998 session pending technical review. As reported, the bill includes the changes required by technical review which has been performed.

SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 630

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 24, 1999

The Senate Judiciary Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 630 with committee amendments.

This bill would upgrade the offense of simple assault to aggravated assault if the victim was a school bus driver, any motorbus operator or his supervisor, or any employee of a rail passenger service. Specifically, the bill would amend subsection b. (5) of N.J.S.A.2C:12-1, the assault statute, to upgrade a simple assault against a school bus driver, while clearly identifiable as being engaged in the performance of his duties or because of his status, to aggravated assault. The bill would also add new language to 2C:12-1 to upgrade a simple assault against any motorbus operator or his supervisor or any employee of a rail passenger service, while clearly identifiable as being engaged in the performance against any motorbus operator or his supervisor or any employee of a rail passenger service, while clearly identifiable as being engaged in the performance of their duties or because of their status, to aggravated assault.

Aggravated assault under N.J.S.A. 2C:12-1b. (5) is a crime of third degree if the victim suffers bodily injury; otherwise it is a crime of the fourth degree. A crime of the third degree is punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of three to five years, a maximum fine of \$15,000 or both. A crime of the fourth degree is punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment not to exceed 18 months, a maximum fine of \$10,000 or both.

The amendments adopted by the committee clarified that the bill applies to both school bus drivers employed directly by school boards and to school bus drivers employed by private operators under contract to school boards to provide bus service. The committee also made technical amendments to update the bill in conformity with a recent enactment.

SENATE, No. 1462 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 208th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED OCTOBER 22, 1998

Sponsored by: Senator WAYNE R. BRYANT District 5 (Camden and Gloucester)

SYNOPSIS

Upgrades simple assault against school bus drivers, motorbus operators, the operator's supervisor or any rail passenger service employees.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



2

AN ACT concerning assault and amending N.J.S.2C:12-1. 1 2 3 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 4 of New Jersey: 5 1. N.J.S.2C:12-1 is amended to read as follows: 6 2C:12-1. Assault. a. Simple assault. A person is guilty of assault 7 8 if he: 9 (1) Attempts to cause or purposely, knowingly or recklessly causes 10 bodily injury to another; or 11 (2) Negligently causes bodily injury to another with a deadly 12 weapon; or (3) Attempts by physical menace to put another in fear of imminent 13 14 serious bodily injury. Simple assault is a disorderly persons offense unless committed in 15 16 a fight or scuffle entered into by mutual consent, in which case it is a 17 petty disorderly persons offense. 18 b. Aggravated assault. A person is guilty of aggravated assault if 19 he: 20 (1) Attempts to cause serious bodily injury to another, or causes such injury purposely or knowingly or under circumstances 21 manifesting extreme indifference to the value of human life recklessly 22 23 causes such injury; or 24 (2) Attempts to cause or purposely or knowingly causes bodily 25 injury to another with a deadly weapon; or 26 (3) Recklessly causes bodily injury to another with a deadly 27 weapon; or 28 (4) Knowingly under circumstances manifesting extreme 29 indifference to the value of human life points a firearm, as defined in 30 section 2C:39-1f., at or in the direction of another, whether or not the 31 actor believes it to be loaded; or 32 (5) Commits a simple assault as defined in subsection a. (1), (2) or 33 (3) of this section upon: 34 (a) Any law enforcement officer acting in the performance of his 35 duties while in uniform or exhibiting evidence of his authority; or 36 (b) Any paid or volunteer fireman acting in the performance of his 37 duties while in uniform or otherwise clearly identifiable as being engaged in the performance of the duties of a fireman; or 38 39 (c) Any person engaged in emergency first-aid or medical services 40 acting in the performance of his duties while in uniform or otherwise clearly identifiable as being engaged in the performance of emergency 41 42 first-aid or medical services; or 43 (d) Any school board member [or], school administrator, teacher, EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

1 school bus driver or other employee of a school board while clearly 2 identifiable as being engaged in the performance of his duties or 3 because of his status as a member or employee of a school board; or 4 (e) Any employee of the Division of Youth and Family Services 5 while clearly identifiable as being engaged in the performance of his 6 duties or because of his status as an employee of the division; or 7 (f) Any justice of the Supreme Court, judge of the Superior Court, 8 judge of the Tax Court or municipal judge while clearly identifiable as 9 being engaged in the performance of judicial duties or because of his 10 status as a member of the judiciary; or

11 (g) Any operator of a motorbus or the operator's supervisor or any 12 employee of a rail passenger service while clearly identifiable as being 13 engaged in the performance of his duties or because of his status as an 14 operator of a motorbus or as the operator's supervisor or as an 15 employee of a rail passenger service; or

16 (6) Causes bodily injury to another person while fleeing or 17 attempting to elude a law enforcement officer in violation of subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:29-2 or while operating a motor vehicle in 18 19 violation of subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:20-10. Notwithstanding any 20 other provision of law to the contrary, a person shall be strictly liable 21 for a violation of this subsection upon proof of a violation of 22 subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:29-2 or while operating a motor vehicle in 23 violation of subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:20-10 which resulted in bodily 24 injury to another person; or

25 (7) Attempts to cause significant bodily injury to another or causes 26 significant bodily injury purposely or knowingly or, under 27 circumstances manifesting extreme indifference to the value of human 28 life recklessly causes such significant bodily injury ; or

29 (8) Causes bodily injury by knowingly or purposely starting a fire 30 or causing an explosion in violation of N.J.S.2C:17-1 which results in 31 bodily injury to any emergency services personnel involved in fire 32 suppression activities, rendering emergency medical services resulting 33 from the fire or explosion or rescue operations, or rendering any 34 necessary assistance at the scene of the fire or explosion, including any bodily injury sustained while responding to the scene of a reported fire 35 or explosion. For purposes of this subsection, "emergency services 36 37 personnel" shall include, but not be limited to, any paid or volunteer 38 fireman, any person engaged in emergency first-aid or medical services 39 and any law enforcement officer. Notwithstanding any other provision 40 of law to the contrary, a person shall be strictly liable for a violation 41 of this paragraph upon proof of a violation of N.J.S.2C:17-1 which 42 resulted in bodily injury to any emergency services personnel.

43 Aggravated assault under subsections b. (1) and b. (6) is a crime of 44 the second degree; under subsections b. (2) and b. (7) is a crime of the 45 third degree; under subsections b. (3) and b. (4) is a crime of the fourth degree; and under subsection b. (5) is a crime of the third 46

1 degree if the victim suffers bodily injury, otherwise it is a crime of the 2 fourth degree. Aggravated assault under subsection b.(8) is a crime of 3 the third degree if the victim suffers bodily injury; if the victim suffers 4 significant bodily injury or serious bodily injury it is a crime of the second degree. 5 6 c. A person is guilty of assault by auto or vessel when the person 7 drives a vehicle or vessel recklessly and causes either serious bodily 8 injury or bodily injury to another. Assault by auto or vessel is a crime 9 of the fourth degree if serious bodily injury results and is a disorderly persons offense if bodily injury results. 10 As used in this section, "vessel" means a means of conveyance for 11 12 travel on water and propelled otherwise than by muscular power. 13 d. A person who is employed by a facility as defined in section 2 14 of P.L.1977, c.239 (C.52:27G-2) who commits a simple assault as 15 defined in paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection a. of this section upon an institutionalized elderly person as defined in section 2 of P.L.1977, 16 17 c.239 (C.52:27G-2) is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree. e. A person who commits a simple assault as defined in subsection 18 19 a. of this section is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree if the person 20 acted with a purpose to intimidate an individual or group of individuals 21 because of race, color, religion, gender, handicap, sexual orientation, 22 or ethnicity. 23 (cf: P.L.1997, c.119, s.1) 24 25 2. This act shall take effect immediately. 26 27 28 **STATEMENT** 29 30 This bill would upgrade the crime of simple assault to aggravated 31 assault if the victim was a school bus driver, any motorbus operator 32 or his supervisor, or any employee of a rail passenger service. 33 Specifically, this bill would amend subparagraph (d) of paragraph 5 of 34 subsection b. of N.J.S.A.2C:12-1, the assault statute, to upgrade a simple assault against a school bus driver while clearly identifiable as 35 being engaged in the performance of his duties or because of his 36 status, to aggravated assault. 37 38 This bill would also add a new subparagraph (g) to paragraph 5 of 39 subsection b. of 2C:12-1 to upgrade a simple assault against any 40 motorbus operator or his supervisor or any employee of a rail 41 passenger service, while clearly identifiable as being engaged in the performance of their duties or because of their status, to aggravated 42 43 assault. 44 Aggravated assault is a crime of the third degree if the victim 45 suffers bodily injury; otherwise it is a crime of the fourth degree. A

46 crime of the third degree is punishable by a maximum term of

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- 1 imprisonment of three to five years, a maximum fine of \$15,000 or
- 2 both. A crime of the fourth degree is punishable by a maximum term
- 3 of imprisonment not to exceed 18 months, a maximum fine of \$10,000
- 4 or both.

SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 1462

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 24, 1999

The Senate Judiciary Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 1462.

This bill would upgrade the offense of simple assault to aggravated assault if the victim was a school bus driver, any motorbus operator or his supervisor, or any employee of a rail passenger service. Specifically, the bill would amend subsection b. (5) of N.J.S.A.2C:12-1, the assault statute, to upgrade a simple assault against a school bus driver, while clearly identifiable as being engaged in the performance of his duties or because of his status, to aggravated assault. The bill would also add new language to 2C:12-1 to upgrade a simple assault against any motorbus operator or his supervisor or any employee of a rail passenger service, while clearly identifiable as being engaged in the performance against any motorbus operator or his supervisor or any employee of a rail passenger service, while clearly identifiable as being engaged in the performance of their duties or because of their status, to aggravated assault.

Aggravated assault under N.J.S.A.2C:12-1b.(5) is a crime of third degree if the victim suffers bodily injury; otherwise it is a crime of the fourth degree. A crime of the third degree is punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of three to five years, a maximum fine of \$15,000 or both. A crime of the fourth degree is punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment not to exceed 18 months, a maximum fine of \$10,000 or both.

The amendments adopted by the committee clarified that the bill applies to both school bus drivers employed directly by school boards and to school bus drivers employed by private operators under contract to school boards to provide bus service. The committee also made technical amendments to update the bill in conformity with a recent enactment.