# 39:3-84 <br> LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECK <br> Compiled by the NJ State Law Library 



FINAL TEXT OF BILL: $1^{\text {st }}$ Reprint
(Amendments during passage denoted by superscript numbers
A3540
SPONSORS STATEMENT: (Begins on page 18 of original bill) Yes
COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes
SENATE: No
FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS: No
LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No
S2179
SPONSORS STATEMENT: (Begins on page 18 of original bill) Yes
COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: No
SENATE: Yes 12-6-99
Identical to Assembly Transportation Statement for A3540
Yes 12-13-99
FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS:
No
LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE:
No
VETO MESSAGE:
No

## FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

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## REPORTS:

See 31 NJR 2892 (c) 31 NJR 2256 (a)

## HEARINGS:

## NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:

"Law puts teeth in truck ban," 1-14-2000, The Times, p. A14.
"Whitman signs truck fine bill," 1-14-2000, Trentonian, p. 12.

# P.L. 1999, CHAPTER 348, approved January 13, 2000 <br> Assembly, No. 3540 (First Reprint) 



EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.
Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:
${ }^{1}$ Assembly ATR committee amendments adopted December 2, 1999.

11 members as follows:
a. Two members of the Senate to be appointed by the President of the Senate, who shall not be of the same political party.
b. Two members of the General Assembly to be appointed by the Speaker of the General Assembly, who shall not be of the same political party.
c. One member to be appointed by the President of the Senate and one member appointed by the Speaker of the General Assembly, both of whom shall be, or have been, involved in local law enforcement matters and have expertise in highway traffic safety.
d. One member appointed by the Governor from among the officers and employees of the Executive Branch who shall serve as chairman of the commission.
e. The Attorney General, the Commissioner of Transportation, the Superintendent of the State Police, or their designees, who shall serve ex officio.
f. A representative of the New Jersey Motor Truck Association.

Members who are legislators appointed by the President of the Senate or the Speaker of the General Assembly shall serve only as long as they hold the legislative seat they held at the time of their appointment.

Vacancies in the membership of the commission shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments were made. Members shall serve without compensation, but the commission may, within the limits of funds appropriated or otherwise made available for these purposes, reimburse its members for expenses necessarily incurred in the discharge of their official duties. $\mathbf{]}^{\mathbf{1}}$
${ }^{1}$ [3. (New section) The commission shall organize as soon as may be practicable after the appointment of a majority of its membership and shall select a secretary, who need not be a member of the commission.

The commission shall meet at the call of the chairman.
The commission shall be entitled to call to its assistance and avail itself of the services of the employees of any State department, board, bureau, commission or agency, as it may require and as may be available for its purposes, and to employ stenographic and clerical assistance and incur traveling and other miscellaneous expenses as may be necessary in order to perform its duties, within the limits of funds appropriated or otherwise made available to it for its purposes. $\mathbf{]}^{\mathbf{1}}$
${ }^{1}$ [4. (New section) It shall be the duty of the commission to study the enforcement of the State's trucking laws and implementing regulations. Of particular concern to this study shall be the appropriate role of the local police in the enforcement of the recently adopted regulations of the commissioner banning "102-inch wide
standard trucks" on certain roadways and any other commercial motor vehicle which the commissioner may by law be authorized to ban on roadways outside of the National Network. The commission shall consider the proper cooperative relationship between the State Police and local police in the enforcement of these regulations, with due regard for the uniform enforcement of the State's trucking laws, the free flow of goods and services on the State's highways, the safety of both police and trucks when the latter are stopped on highways for suspected violations, and any other matter relevant to the proper enforcement of the State's trucking laws in a manner which is reasonable and not arbitrary or capricious. The commission may consider the appropriate supervisory role of the State Police in any enforcement efforts, the use of voluntary agreements between the State Police and local police, and the creation of a joint State-local task force or forces to facilitate enforcement. If a greater role for the local police is not deemed appropriate, the commission may give consideration to the matter of the expansion of the resources available to the State Police to properly enforce the State's trucking laws.] ${ }^{1}$
${ }^{1}$ [5. (New section) The commission may meet and hold public hearings at such place or places as it shall designate during the sessions or recesses of the Legislature and shall issue a final report of its findings and recommendations, if any, which shall include draft legislation, if the commission recommends that legislation is necessary, to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the General Assembly, and the members of the Senate Transportation Committee and the Assembly Transportation Committee, or their successor committees, as soon as is practicable, but not later than six months following the organization of the commission. The commission shall dissolve six months following the organization of the commission. ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$
${ }^{1}$ [6.] 2. ${ }^{1}$ R.S.39:3-84 is amended to read as follows:
39:3-84. a. The following constitute the maximum dimensional limits for width, height and length for any vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents or any part or portion thereof, found or operated on any public road, street or highway or any public or quasi-public property in this State. Violations shall be enforced pursuant to subsection i. of section 5 of P.L.1950, c. 142 (C.39:3-84.3).

The dimensional limitations set forth in this subsection are exclusive of safety and energy conservation devices necessary for safe and efficient operation of a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, except that no device excluded herein shall have by its design or use the capability to carry, transport or otherwise be utilized for cargo.

Any rules and regulations authorized to be promulgated pursuant to this subsection shall be consistent with any rules and regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Transportation of the United States of America, and shall be in accordance with the provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c. 410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.). In addition to the other requirements of this subsection and notwithstanding any other provision of this Title, no vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents or any part or portion thereof, except as otherwise provided by this subsection shall be operated in this State, unless by special permit authorized by subsection d. of this section with a dimension, the allowance of which would disqualify the State of New Jersey or any department, agency or governmental subdivision thereof for the purpose of receiving federal highway funds.

As used herein and pursuant to R.S.39:1-1, the term "vehicle" includes, but is not limited to, commercial motor vehicles, trucks, truck tractors, tractors, road tractors, recreation vehicles, or omnibuses. As used herein and pursuant to R.S.39:1-1, the term "combination of vehicles" includes, but is not limited to, vehicles as heretofore designated, when those vehicles are the drawing or power unit of a combination of vehicles and motor-drawn vehicles, such as, but not limited to, trailers, semi-trailers, or other vehicles. As used herein, the term "recycling vehicle" means a commercial motor vehicle used for the collection or transportation of recyclable material; or any truck, trailer or other vehicle approved by the New Jersey Office of Recycling for use by persons engaging in the business of recycling or otherwise providing recycling services in this State; and "recyclable material" means those materials which would otherwise become solid waste, and which may be collected, separated or processed and returned to the economic mainstream in the form of raw materials or products.
(1) The maximum outside width of any vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents of any part or portion thereof, except as otherwise provided by this subsection, shall be no more than 102 inches; except that the Commissioner of Transportation, after consultation with the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles and the Superintendent of State Police, may promulgate rules and regulations for those public roads, streets or highways or public or quasi-public property in this State, where it is determined that the interests of public safety and welfare require the maximum outside width be no more than 96 inches.
(2) The maximum height of any vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents of any part or portion thereof, except as otherwise provided by this subsection, shall not exceed 13 feet, 6 inches.
(3) The maximum overall length of any vehicle, as set forth in this
subsection, including load or contents or any part or portion thereof, except as otherwise provided by this subsection, shall not exceed 40 feet, except that the overall length of a vehicle, including load or contents or any part or portion thereof, otherwise subject to the provisions of this paragraph shall not exceed 50 feet when transporting poles, pilings, structural units or other articles which cannot be dismembered, dismantled or divided. When a vehicle, subject to this paragraph, is the drawing or power unit of a combination of vehicles, as set forth in this subsection, the overall length of the combination of vehicles, including load or contents or any part or portion thereof, shall not exceed 62 feet. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to omnibuses or to vehicles which are not designed, built or otherwise capable of carrying cargo or loads.
(4) The maximum overall length of a motor-drawn vehicle, as set forth in this subsection, including load or contents or any part or portion thereof, except as otherwise provided by this subsection, shall not exceed 53 feet when operated as part of a combination of vehicles consisting of one motor-drawn vehicle and a drawing or power unit vehicle not designed, built or otherwise capable of carrying cargo or loads, except that a motor-drawn vehicle, the overall length of which is greater than 48 feet and not more than 53 feet, shall be constructed so that the distance between the kingpin of the motor-drawn vehicle and the centerline of its rear axle or rear axle group does not exceed 41 feet; the motor-drawn vehicle shall be equipped with a rear-end protection device of substantial construction consisting of a continuous lateral beam extending to within four inches of the lateral extremities of the motor-drawn vehicle and located not more than 22 inches from the surface as measured with the vehicle empty and on a level surface; the kingpin of the trailer shall not be set back further than 3.5 feet from the front of the semitrailer; the rear overhang, measured from the center of the rear tandem axles to the rear of the semitrailer shall not exceed $35 \%$ of the semitrailer's wheelbase; the width of the semitrailer and the distance between the outside edges of the trailer tires shall be 102 inches; and the vehicle shall be equipped with such reflectorization, including but not limited to side-marker reflectorization strips located between the rear axle and the rear of the motor-drawn vehicle, as shall be prescribed by the Division of Motor Vehicles, and as is consistent with any applicable federal standards concerning reflectorization. The overall length of a motor-drawn vehicle otherwise subject to the provisions of this paragraph shall not exceed 63 feet when transporting poles, pilings, structural units or other articles that cannot be dismembered, dismantled or divided. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to any vehicle or combination of vehicles designed, built and utilized solely to transport other motor vehicles. The Commissioner of Transportation, after consultation with the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles and
the Superintendent of State Police, shall promulgate rules and regulations specifying those portions or parts of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways, Federal-aid Primary System Highways and public roads, streets, highways, toll roads, freeways or parkways in this State where the combination of vehicles as described in this paragraph may lawfully operate. The commissioner shall promulgate rules and regulations within 120 days after the effective date of this amendatory act to identify a network of roads with reasonable access for motor-drawn vehicles greater than 48 feet in length but not more than 53 feet in length. The commissioner shall, in establishing this network, consider all portions of the network for 48 foot long and 102 inch wide motor-drawn vehicles and specify those routes or portions thereof where motor-drawn vehicles greater than 48 feet in length but not more than 53 feet in length shall be excluded from lawful operation for reasons of safety.
(5) No combination of vehicles, including load or contents, consisting of more than two motor-drawn vehicles, as set forth in this subsection, and any other vehicle, shall be found or operated on any public road, street or highway or any public or quasi-public property in this State.
(6) The maximum overall length of a motor-drawn vehicle, as set forth in this section, including load or contents or any part or portion thereof, except as otherwise provided by this subsection, when operated as part of a combination of vehicles consisting of two motor-drawn vehicles and a drawing or power unit vehicle which is not designed, built or otherwise capable of carrying cargo or loads, shall not exceed 28 feet for each motor-drawn vehicle in the combination of vehicles. The provision of this paragraph shall not apply to any vehicle or combination of vehicles designed, built and utilized solely to transport other motor vehicles. The Commissioner of Transportation, after consultation with the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles and the Superintendent of State Police, shall promulgate rules and regulations specifying those portions or parts of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways, Federal-aid Primary System Highways and public roads, streets, highways, toll roads, freeways or parkways in this State where combinations of vehicles as described in this paragraph may lawfully operate.
(7) The maximum length and outside width of an omnibus found or operated in this State shall be established by rules and regulations promulgated by the Commissioner of Transportation, after consultation with the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles and the Superintendent of State Police. Unless otherwise specified in the aforesaid rules and regulations, the maximum outside width shall be 102 inches; any other dimension established for width in the aforesaid rules and regulations shall be based upon a determination that operation of an omnibus with a width of less than 102 inches, but no
less than 96 inches is required in the interest of public safety on those public roads, streets, highways, toll roads, freeways, parkways or the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways in this State specified in the aforesaid rules and regulations, or that operation of an omnibus with a width greater than 102 inches is not unsafe on those public roads, streets, highways, toll roads, freeways, parkways or the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways in this State specified in the aforesaid rules and regulations.
(8) The maximum width and length of farm tractors and traction equipment and farm machinery and implements shall be established by rules and regulations promulgated by the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The operation of the aforesaid vehicles shall be subject to the provisions of R.S.39:3-24 and they shall not be operated on any highway which is part of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways or on any highway which has been designated a freeway or parkway as provided by law.
(9) The maximum outside width of the cargo or load of a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including farm trucks, loaded with hay or straw shall not exceed $1051 / 2$ inches, but the maximum outside width of the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including farm trucks, shall otherwise comply with the provisions of paragraph (1) of this subsection. The Commissioner of Transportation, after consultation with the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles and the Superintendent of State Police, may promulgate rules and regulations establishing a maximum outside width of 102 inches for the aforesaid cargo or load when operating on those highways where a greater width is prohibited by operation of law.
(10) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (4) and (6) of this subsection pertaining to length, the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles may adopt rules and regulations specifying maximum length dimensions for any vehicle or combination of vehicles designed, built and utilized solely to transport other motor vehicles.
(11) The provisions of this subsection pertaining to length shall not apply to a vehicle or combination of vehicles or special mobile equipment operated by a public utility, as defined in R.S.48:2-13, when that vehicle or combination of vehicles or special mobile equipment is used by the public utility in the construction, reconstruction, repair or maintenance of its property or facilities.
(12) The provisions of this subsection pertaining to width shall not apply to a recycling vehicle when that vehicle is used for the collection of recyclable material on a street or highway other than a highway which is designated part of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways in this State or as a freeway or parkway as provided by law. The maximum outside width of any recycling vehicle so used, including load or contents of any part or portion thereof, shall be no more than 96 inches, except that the width may be up to 105
inches whenever that vehicle is operating at 15 miles per hour or less, and access steps are deployed and recyclable materials are actually being collected.
b. No vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, found or operated on any public road, street or highway or any public or quasi-public property in this State shall exceed the weight limitations set forth in this Title. Violations shall be enforced pursuant to subsection j . of section 5 of P.L.1950, c. 142 (C.39:3-84.3).

Where enforcement of a weight limit provision of this Title requires a measurement of length between axle centers, the distance between axle centers shall be measured to the nearest whole foot or whole inch, whichever is applicable, and when the measurement includes a fractional part of a foot equaling six inches or more or a fractional part of an inch equaling one-half inch or more, the next larger whole foot or whole inch, whichever is applicable, shall be utilized. The term "tandem axle" as used in this act is defined as a combination of consecutive axles, consisting of only two axles, where the distance between axle centers is 40 inches or more but no more than 96 inches.

In addition to the other requirements of this section and notwithstanding any other provision of this Title, no vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, shall be operated in this State, unless by special permit authorized by this Title, with a gross weight, single or multiple axle weight, or gross weight of two or more consecutive axles, the allowance of which would disqualify the State of New Jersey or any department, agency or governmental subdivision thereof for the purpose of receiving federal highway funds.
(1) The gross weight imposed on the highway or other surface by the wheels of any one axle of a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, shall not exceed 22,400 pounds.

For the purpose of this Title the combined gross weight imposed on the highway or other surface by all the wheels of any one axle of a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, shall be deemed to mean the total gross weight of all wheels whose axle centers are spaced less than 40 inches apart.
(2) The gross weight imposed on the highway or other surface by all the wheels of all consecutive axles of a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, shall not exceed 34,000 pounds where the distance between consecutive axle centers is 40 inches or more, but no more than 96 inches apart.
(3) The combined gross weight imposed on the highway or other surface by all the wheels of consecutive axles of a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, shall not exceed 22,400 pounds for each single axle where the distance between consecutive axle centers is more than 96 inches; except that on any highway in this State which is part of, or designated as part of, the

National Interstate System, as provided at 23 U.S.C.s.103(e), this single axle limitation shall not apply and in those instances the provisions of this Title as set forth at R.S.39:3-84b.(5) shall apply.
(4) The maximum total gross weight imposed on the highway or other surface by a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, shall not exceed 80,000 pounds.
(5) On any highway in this State which is part of, or designated as part of, the National Interstate System, as provided at 23 U.S.C.s.103(e), the total gross weight, in pounds, imposed on the highway or other surface by any group of two or more consecutive axles of a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, shall not exceed that listed in the following Table of Maximum Gross Weights, for the respective distance, in feet, between the axle centers of the first and last axles of the group of two or more consecutive axles under consideration; except that in addition to the weights specified in that Table, two consecutive sets of tandem axles may carry a gross weight of 34,000 pounds each if the overall distance between the first and last axles of the consecutive sets of tandem axles is 36 feet or more. The gross weight of each set of tandem axles shall not exceed 34,000 pounds and the combined gross weight of the two consecutive sets of tandem axles shall not exceed 68,000 pounds.

In all cases the combined gross weight for a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, or the maximum gross weight for any axle or combination of axles of the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, shall not exceed that which is permitted pursuant to this paragraph or R.S.39:3-84b.(2); R.S.39:3-84b.(3); or R.S.39:3-84b.(4) of this act, whichever is the lesser allowable gross weight.

## TABLE OF MAXIMUM GROSS WEIGHTS

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Distance in feet
between axle
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and last axles
of any group
of two or more
    consecutive axles
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    c. The dimensional and weight restrictions set forth herein shall not
apply to a combination of vehicles which includes a disabled vehicle or
a combination of vehicles being removed from a highway in this State,
provided that such oversize or overweight vehicle combination may
not travel on the public highways more than five miles from the point
where such disablement occurred. If the disablement occurred on a
limited access highway, the distance to the nearest exit of such
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highway shall be added to the five-mile limitation.
d. The Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles may promulgate rules and regulations, including the establishment of fees, for the issuance, at his discretion and if good cause appears, of a special written permit authorizing the applicant:
(1) To operate or move a vehicle or combination of vehicles or special mobile equipment, transporting one piece loads that cannot be dismembered, dismantled or divided in order to comply with the weight limitations set forth in this act. The special written permit issued by the director shall be in the possession of the driver or operator of the vehicle or combination of vehicles or special mobile equipment for which said permit was issued; and
(2) To operate or move a vehicle or combination of vehicles or specialized mobile equipment, transporting a load or cargo that cannot be dismembered, dismantled or divided in order to comply with the dimensional limitations set forth in this act. The special written permit shall be in the possession of the driver or operator of the vehicle or combination of vehicles or special mobile equipment for which the permit was issued; and
(3) Under emergency conditions, to operate or move a type of vehicle or combination of vehicles or special mobile equipment of a size or weight, including load or contents, which exceeds the maximum size or weight limitations specified in this act.
e. If the Commissioner of Transportation has, by regulations adopted pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c. 410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), designated certain routes within the State for use by a combination of vehicles with a prescribed maximum width or length or consisting of a drawing vehicle and two motor drawn vehicles with a prescribed maximum length, no such combination of vehicles shall be found or operated on any other public road, street or highway or any other public or quasi-public property in this State, unless otherwise permitted by such regulations.
(cf: P.L.1999, c.29, s. 1 )
${ }^{1}$ [7.] 3. ${ }^{1}$ Section 5 of P.L.1950, c. 142 (C.39:3-84.3) is amended to read as follows:
5. a. Officers shall have authority as set forth in paragraphs (1) through (3) of this subsection to require the driver, operator, owner, lessee or bailee of any vehicle or combination of vehicles found on any public road, street, or highway or any public or quasi-public property in this State to facilitate and permit the measurement or weighing of the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, for the purpose of determining whether the size or weight of the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, is in excess of that permitted in this Title:
(1) Officers of the Division of State Police shall have the exclusive authority to conduct random roadside examinations for the purpose of
determining whether size or weight is in excess of that permitted in this Title, and officers of the Division of State Police shall have the authority, with or without probable cause to believe that the size or weight is in excess of that permitted, to require the driver, operator, owner, lessee or bailee, to stop, drive or otherwise move to a location for measurement or weighing and submit the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, to measurement or weighing;
(2) Police or peace officers or inspectors appointed by any municipality or county shall have the authority to require the driver, operator, owner, lessee or bailee to stop, drive or otherwise move to a location for measurement or weighing and submit the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, to measurement or weighing, only if the officer has probable cause to believe that the size or weight of the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, is in excess of that permitted by this Title; and
(3) The Division of State Police and the director shall have the exclusive authority to establish and operate locations for the measurement and weighing of vehicles, including load and contents, and all measuring and weighing devices or scales employed at such locations shall be approved and certified by the State Superintendent of Weights and Measures or the State Superintendent's agent. Copies of documents displaying the State Superintendent's seal or certification shall be prima facie evidence of the reliability and accuracy of the measuring or weighing devices or scales utilized.
b. Whenever the officer, upon measuring or weighing a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, determines that the size or weight is in excess of the limits permitted in this Title, the officer or inspector shall require the driver, operator, owner, lessee or bailee to stop the vehicle or combination of vehicles in a suitable place and remain in that place until a portion of the load or contents of the vehicle or combination of vehicles is removed by the driver, operator, owner, lessee, bailee or duly appointed agent thereof, as may be necessary to conform or reduce the size or weight of the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, to those limits as permitted under this act, or permitted by the certificate of registration for the vehicle or combination of vehicles, whichever may be lower. All materials so unloaded or removed shall be cared for by the driver, owner, operator, lessee or bailee of the vehicle or combination of vehicles, or duly appointed agent thereof, at the risk, responsibility and liability of the driver, owner, operator, lessee, bailee or duly appointed agent thereof.
c. No vehicle or combination of vehicles shall be deemed to be in violation of the weight limitation provision of this act, when, upon examination by the officer, the dispatch papers for the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, show it is proceeding from its last preceding freight pickup point within the State of New Jersey by a reasonably expeditious route to the nearest
available scales or to the first available scales in the general direction towards which the vehicle or combination of vehicles has been dispatched, or is returning from such scales after weighing-in to the last preceding pickup point.
d. When the officer determines that a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, is in violation of the weight limitations of this Title as provided at paragraph (1) of subsection $b$. of R.S.39:3-84; paragraph (2) of subsection b. of R.S.39:3-84; paragraph (3) of subsection b. of R.S.39:3-84; or paragraph (5) of subsection b. of R.S.39:3-84 relative to maximum gross axle weights, but is within the permissible maximum gross vehicle weight of this Title as provided at paragraph (4) of subsection b. of R.S.39:3-84 or paragraph (5) of subsection b. of R.S.39:3-84, whichever is applicable, the driver, operator, owner, lessee, bailee or duly appointed agent thereof shall be permitted, before proceeding, to redistribute the weight of the vehicle or combination of vehicles or the load or contents of the vehicle or combination of vehicles so that no axle or combination of consecutive axles are in excess of the limits set by this act, in which event there is no violation.
e. When the officer determines that a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, is in violation of the height, width or length limits of this Title as provided at subsection a. of R.S.39:3-84, the driver, operator, owner, lessee or bailee of the vehicle or combination of vehicles or duly appointed agent thereof shall be permitted, before proceeding, to adjust, reduce or conform the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, so that the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, are not in excess of the height, width, or length limits set by this act, in which event there is no violation.
f. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, found or operated on any highway in this State which is part of or designated as part of the National Interstate System, as provided at 23 U.S.C. s. 103(e). No arrest shall be made or summons issued for a violation of the weight limitations provided in this act at subsection b. of R.S.39:3-84 where the excess weight is no more than $5 \%$ of the weight permitted, provided the gross weight of the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, does not exceed the maximum gross weight of 80,000 pounds as set forth at paragraph (4) of subsection b. of R.S.39:3-84.
g. Any person who presents to the officer, or has in his possession, or who prepares false dispatch papers, that is to say, dispatch papers which do not correspond to the cargo carried, shall be subject to a fine not to exceed [\$100.00] \$300.
h. Any driver of a vehicle or combination of vehicles who fails or refuses to stop and submit the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, to measurement or weighing, as provided
in this Title, or otherwise fails to comply with the provisions of this section, shall be subject to a fine not exceeding $\$ 200.00$.
i. The owner, lessee, bailee or any one of the aforesaid of any vehicle or combination of vehicles found or operated on any public road, street or highway or on any public or quasi-public property in this State in violation of the height, width or length limits as set forth in subsection a. of R.S.39:3-84 shall be fined not less than $\$ 150.00$ nor more than $\$ 500.00$.
j. The owner, lessee, bailee or any one of the aforesaid of any vehicle or combination of vehicles found or operated on any public road, street or highway or on any public or quasi-public property in this State, with a gross weight of the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, in excess of the weight limitations as provided at subsection b. of R.S.39:3-84 or section 3 of P.L.1950, c. 142 (C.39:3-84.1) shall be fined an amount equal to $\$ 0.02$ per pound for each pound of the total excess weight; provided the total excess weight is 10,000 pounds or less, or shall be fined an amount equal to $\$ 0.03$ per pound for each pound of the total excess weight; provided the total excess weight is more than 10,000 pounds, but in no event shall the fine be less than $\$ 50.00$. However, in the case of any vehicle or combination of vehicles carrying a sealed ocean container, either the shipper, the consignee or both, shall be liable for a violation of the weight limitations as provided at subsection b. of R.S.39:3-84 relative to maximum gross axle weights.
k. Whenever a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, is found to be in violation of any two or more of the weight limitations as provided at subsection b. of R.S.39:3-84 or section 3 of P.L.1950, c. 142 (C.39:3-84.1), the fine levied shall be only for the violation involving the greater or greatest excess weight.

1. The driver, owner, lessee, ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$ [or ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$ bailee or any one of the foregoing of any combination of vehicles found or operated on any public road, street or highway or on any public or quasi-public property in the State in violation of the regulations of the Commissioner of Transportation regarding designated routes for such combinations as provided in subsection e. of R.S. 39:3-84 shall be fined ${ }^{1}$ not more than ${ }^{1} \$ 400$ for the first offense, ${ }^{1}$ and shall be subject to a fine of ${ }^{\mathbf{1}} \$ 700$ for the second offense and ${ }^{1}$ a fine of ${ }^{\mathbf{1}} \$ 1,000$ for each subsequent offense. The officer may direct that a combination of vehicles so found or operated proceed by the most direct route to a permitted route or return to a permitted route by making use of the route already traversed. (cf: P.L.1994, c.60, s.33)
${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$ [8.] 4. ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$ This act shall take effect immediately ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$ [and sections 1 through 5 shall expire six months following the organization of the "Truck Law Enforcement Study Commission."] . ${ }^{1}$

## A3540 [1R]

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3 Provides for penalties for trucks operating on routes not permitted by 4 regulation.

# ASSEMBLY, No. 3540 <br> STATE OF NEW JERSEY 208th LEGISLATURE 

## INTRODUCED NOVEMBER 15, 1999

Sponsored by:
Assemblyman LEONARD LANCE
District 23 (Warren, Hunterdon and Mercer)

Co-Sponsored by:
Assemblyman Weingarten

## SYNOPSIS

Establishes "Truck Law Enforcement Study Commission" and provides for penalties for trucks operating on routes where not permitted by regulation.

## CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.

(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 12/3/1999)

## A3540 LANCE

AN ACT concerning commercial motor vehicles, creating a commission to study and make recommendations concerning the enforcement of the laws relating to trucks and amending various parts of the statutory law.

Be It Enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. (New section) The Legislature finds and declares:
a. On July 16, 1999 the Commissioner of Transportation, at the direction of Governor Whitman, adopted emergency regulations designating certain highways in the State where certain large trucks are permitted to operate and other roadways where vehicles such as "102-inch wide standard trucks" and double tandem trailers are not so permitted, which regulations became permanent in September 1999.
b. There has been much debate on the question of the enforcement of the regulations of the Commissioner of Transportation from which two issues have come to the fore: The creation of clearly defined penalties for violating the regulations and the proper role of the police forces of this State in enforcing these regulations.
c. It is necessary and appropriate to provide a schedule of fines for violation of the regulations of the commissioner and to create a study commission on truck law enforcement to deal with the issue of the role of both the local police and State Police in enforcing the State's trucking laws.
d. It is appropriate that the commission, in its study of the truck enforcement issue, consider how the local police forces of the State can assist the State Police in the enforcement of the State's trucking laws and implementing regulations.
2. (New section) There is created a commission to be known as the "Truck Law Enforcement Study Commission" to study and make recommendations concerning the enforcement of the State's trucking laws and implementing regulations. The commission shall consist of 11 members as follows:
a. Two members of the Senate to be appointed by the President of the Senate, who shall not be of the same political party.
b. Two members of the General Assembly to be appointed by the Speaker of the General Assembly, who shall not be of the same political party.
c. One member to be appointed by the President of the Senate and one member appointed by the Speaker of the General Assembly, both of whom shall be, or have been, involved in local law enforcement

[^0] enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

## A3540 LANCE

matters and have expertise in highway traffic safety.
d. One member appointed by the Governor from among the officers and employees of the Executive Branch who shall serve as chairman of the commission.
e. The Attorney General, the Commissioner of Transportation, the Superintendent of the State Police, or their designees, who shall serve ex officio.
f. A representative of the New Jersey Motor Truck Association.

Members who are legislators appointed by the President of the Senate or the Speaker of the General Assembly shall serve only as long as they hold the legislative seat they held at the time of their appointment.

Vacancies in the membership of the commission shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments were made. Members shall serve without compensation, but the commission may, within the limits of funds appropriated or otherwise made available for these purposes, reimburse its members for expenses necessarily incurred in the discharge of their official duties.
3. (New section) The commission shall organize as soon as may be practicable after the appointment of a majority of its membership and shall select a secretary, who need not be a member of the commission.

The commission shall meet at the call of the chairman.
The commission shall be entitled to call to its assistance and avail itself of the services of the employees of any State department, board, bureau, commission or agency, as it may require and as may be available for its purposes, and to employ stenographic and clerical assistance and incur traveling and other miscellaneous expenses as may be necessary in order to perform its duties, within the limits of funds appropriated or otherwise made available to it for its purposes.
4. (New section) It shall be the duty of the commission to study the enforcement of the State's trucking laws and implementing regulations. Of particular concern to this study shall be the appropriate role of the local police in the enforcement of the recently adopted regulations of the commissioner banning "102-inch wide standard trucks" on certain roadways and any other commercial motor vehicle which the commissioner may by law be authorized to ban on roadways outside of the National Network. The commission shall consider the proper cooperative relationship between the State Police and local police in the enforcement of these regulations, with due regard for the uniform enforcement of the State's trucking laws, the free flow of goods and services on the State's highways, the safety of both police and trucks when the latter are stopped on highways for suspected violations, and any other matter relevant to the proper enforcement of the State's trucking laws in a manner which is

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reasonable and not arbitrary or capricious. The commission may consider the appropriate supervisory role of the State Police in any enforcement efforts, the use of voluntary agreements between the State Police and local police, and the creation of a joint State-local task force or forces to facilitate enforcement. If a greater role for the local police is not deemed appropriate, the commission may give consideration to the matter of the expansion of the resources available to the State Police to properly enforce the State's trucking laws.
5. (New section) The commission may meet and hold public hearings at such place or places as it shall designate during the sessions or recesses of the Legislature and shall issue a final report of its findings and recommendations, if any, which shall include draft legislation, if the commission recommends that legislation is necessary, to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the General Assembly, and the members of the Senate Transportation Committee and the Assembly Transportation Committee, or their successor committees, as soon as is practicable, but not later than six months following the organization of the commission. The commission shall dissolve six months following the organization of the commission.
6. R.S. 39:3-84 is amended to read as follows:

39:3-84. a. The following constitute the maximum dimensional limits for width, height and length for any vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents or any part or portion thereof, found or operated on any public road, street or highway or any public or quasi-public property in this State. Violations shall be enforced pursuant to subsection $i$. of section 5 of P.L.1950, c. 142 (C.39:3-84.3).

The dimensional limitations set forth in this subsection are exclusive of safety and energy conservation devices necessary for safe and efficient operation of a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, except that no device excluded herein shall have by its design or use the capability to carry, transport or otherwise be utilized for cargo.

Any rules and regulations authorized to be promulgated pursuant to this subsection shall be consistent with any rules and regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Transportation of the United States of America, and shall be in accordance with the provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c. 410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.). In addition to the other requirements of this subsection and notwithstanding any other provision of this Title, no vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents or any part or portion thereof, except as otherwise provided by this subsection shall be operated in this State, unless by special permit authorized by

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subsection d. of this section with a dimension, the allowance of which would disqualify the State of New Jersey or any department, agency or governmental subdivision thereof for the purpose of receiving federal highway funds.

As used herein and pursuant to R.S.39:1-1, the term "vehicle" includes, but is not limited to, commercial motor vehicles, trucks, truck tractors, tractors, road tractors, recreation vehicles, or omnibuses. As used herein and pursuant to R.S.39:1-1, the term "combination of vehicles" includes, but is not limited to, vehicles as heretofore designated, when those vehicles are the drawing or power unit of a combination of vehicles and motor-drawn vehicles, such as, but not limited to, trailers, semi-trailers, or other vehicles. As used herein, the term "recycling vehicle" means a commercial motor vehicle used for the collection or transportation of recyclable material; or any truck, trailer or other vehicle approved by the New Jersey Office of Recycling for use by persons engaging in the business of recycling or otherwise providing recycling services in this State; and "recyclable material" means those materials which would otherwise become solid waste, and which may be collected, separated or processed and returned to the economic mainstream in the form of raw materials or products.
(1) The maximum outside width of any vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents of any part or portion thereof, except as otherwise provided by this subsection, shall be no more than 102 inches; except that the Commissioner of Transportation, after consultation with the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles and the Superintendent of State Police, may promulgate rules and regulations for those public roads, streets or highways or public or quasi-public property in this State, where it is determined that the interests of public safety and welfare require the maximum outside width be no more than 96 inches.
(2) The maximum height of any vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents of any part or portion thereof, except as otherwise provided by this subsection, shall not exceed 13 feet, 6 inches.
(3) The maximum overall length of any vehicle, as set forth in this subsection, including load or contents or any part or portion thereof, except as otherwise provided by this subsection, shall not exceed 40 feet, except that the overall length of a vehicle, including load or contents or any part or portion thereof, otherwise subject to the provisions of this paragraph shall not exceed 50 feet when transporting poles, pilings, structural units or other articles which cannot be dismembered, dismantled or divided. When a vehicle, subject to this paragraph, is the drawing or power unit of a combination of vehicles, as set forth in this subsection, the overall length of the combination of vehicles, including load or contents or any part or portion thereof,

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shall not exceed 62 feet. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to omnibuses or to vehicles which are not designed, built or otherwise capable of carrying cargo or loads.
(4) The maximum overall length of a motor-drawn vehicle, as set forth in this subsection, including load or contents or any part or portion thereof, except as otherwise provided by this subsection, shall not exceed 53 feet when operated as part of a combination of vehicles consisting of one motor-drawn vehicle and a drawing or power unit vehicle not designed, built or otherwise capable of carrying cargo or loads, except that a motor-drawn vehicle, the overall length of which is greater than 48 feet and not more than 53 feet, shall be constructed so that the distance between the kingpin of the motor-drawn vehicle and the centerline of its rear axle or rear axle group does not exceed 41 feet; the motor-drawn vehicle shall be equipped with a rear-end protection device of substantial construction consisting of a continuous lateral beam extending to within four inches of the lateral extremities of the motor-drawn vehicle and located not more than 22 inches from the surface as measured with the vehicle empty and on a level surface; the kingpin of the trailer shall not be set back further than 3.5 feet from the front of the semitrailer; the rear overhang, measured from the center of the rear tandem axles to the rear of the semitrailer shall not exceed $35 \%$ of the semitrailer's wheelbase; the width of the semitrailer and the distance between the outside edges of the trailer tires shall be 102 inches; and the vehicle shall be equipped with such reflectorization, including but not limited to side-marker reflectorization strips located between the rear axle and the rear of the motor-drawn vehicle, as shall be prescribed by the Division of Motor Vehicles, and as is consistent with any applicable federal standards concerning reflectorization. The overall length of a motor-drawn vehicle otherwise subject to the provisions of this paragraph shall not exceed 63 feet when transporting poles, pilings, structural units or other articles that cannot be dismembered, dismantled or divided. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to any vehicle or combination of vehicles designed, built and utilized solely to transport other motor vehicles. The Commissioner of Transportation, after consultation with the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles and the Superintendent of State Police, shall promulgate rules and regulations specifying those portions or parts of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways, Federal-aid Primary System Highways and public roads, streets, highways, toll roads, freeways or parkways in this State where the combination of vehicles as described in this paragraph may lawfully operate. The commissioner shall promulgate rules and regulations within 120 days after the effective date of this amendatory act to identify a network of roads with reasonable access for motor-drawn vehicles greater than 48 feet in length but not more than 53 feet in length. The commissioner shall, in

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establishing this network, consider all portions of the network for 48 foot long and 102 inch wide motor-drawn vehicles and specify those routes or portions thereof where motor-drawn vehicles greater than 48 feet in length but not more than 53 feet in length shall be excluded from lawful operation for reasons of safety.
(5) No combination of vehicles, including load or contents, consisting of more than two motor-drawn vehicles, as set forth in this subsection, and any other vehicle, shall be found or operated on any public road, street or highway or any public or quasi-public property in this State.
(6) The maximum overall length of a motor-drawn vehicle, as set forth in this section, including load or contents or any part or portion thereof, except as otherwise provided by this subsection, when operated as part of a combination of vehicles consisting of two motor-drawn vehicles and a drawing or power unit vehicle which is not designed, built or otherwise capable of carrying cargo or loads, shall not exceed 28 feet for each motor-drawn vehicle in the combination of vehicles. The provision of this paragraph shall not apply to any vehicle or combination of vehicles designed, built and utilized solely to transport other motor vehicles. The Commissioner of Transportation, after consultation with the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles and the Superintendent of State Police, shall promulgate rules and regulations specifying those portions or parts of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways, Federal-aid Primary System Highways and public roads, streets, highways, toll roads, freeways or parkways in this State where combinations of vehicles as described in this paragraph may lawfully operate.
(7) The maximum length and outside width of an omnibus found or operated in this State shall be established by rules and regulations promulgated by the Commissioner of Transportation, after consultation with the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles and the Superintendent of State Police. Unless otherwise specified in the aforesaid rules and regulations, the maximum outside width shall be 102 inches; any other dimension established for width in the aforesaid rules and regulations shall be based upon a determination that operation of an omnibus with a width of less than 102 inches, but no less than 96 inches is required in the interest of public safety on those public roads, streets, highways, toll roads, freeways, parkways or the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways in this State specified in the aforesaid rules and regulations, or that operation of an omnibus with a width greater than 102 inches is not unsafe on those public roads, streets, highways, toll roads, freeways, parkways or the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways in this State specified in the aforesaid rules and regulations.
(8) The maximum width and length of farm tractors and traction equipment and farm machinery and implements shall be established by

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rules and regulations promulgated by the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The operation of the aforesaid vehicles shall be subject to the provisions of R.S.39:3-24 and they shall not be operated on any highway which is part of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways or on any highway which has been designated a freeway or parkway as provided by law.
(9) The maximum outside width of the cargo or load of a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including farm trucks, loaded with hay or straw shall not exceed $1051 / 2$ inches, but the maximum outside width of the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including farm trucks, shall otherwise comply with the provisions of paragraph (1) of this subsection. The Commissioner of Transportation, after consultation with the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles and the Superintendent of State Police, may promulgate rules and regulations establishing a maximum outside width of 102 inches for the aforesaid cargo or load when operating on those highways where a greater width is prohibited by operation of law.
(10) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (4) and (6) of this subsection pertaining to length, the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles may adopt rules and regulations specifying maximum length dimensions for any vehicle or combination of vehicles designed, built and utilized solely to transport other motor vehicles.
(11) The provisions of this subsection pertaining to length shall not apply to a vehicle or combination of vehicles or special mobile equipment operated by a public utility, as defined in R.S.48:2-13, when that vehicle or combination of vehicles or special mobile equipment is used by the public utility in the construction, reconstruction, repair or maintenance of its property or facilities.
(12) The provisions of this subsection pertaining to width shall not apply to a recycling vehicle when that vehicle is used for the collection of recyclable material on a street or highway other than a highway which is designated part of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways in this State or as a freeway or parkway as provided by law. The maximum outside width of any recycling vehicle so used, including load or contents of any part or portion thereof, shall be no more than 96 inches, except that the width may be up to 105 inches whenever that vehicle is operating at 15 miles per hour or less, and access steps are deployed and recyclable materials are actually being collected.
b. No vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, found or operated on any public road, street or highway or any public or quasi-public property in this State shall exceed the weight limitations set forth in this Title. Violations shall be enforced pursuant to subsection j . of section 5 of P.L.1950, c. 142 (C.39:3-84.3).

Where enforcement of a weight limit provision of this Title requires

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a measurement of length between axle centers, the distance between axle centers shall be measured to the nearest whole foot or whole inch, whichever is applicable, and when the measurement includes a fractional part of a foot equaling six inches or more or a fractional part of an inch equaling one-half inch or more, the next larger whole foot or whole inch, whichever is applicable, shall be utilized. The term "tandem axle" as used in this act is defined as a combination of consecutive axles, consisting of only two axles, where the distance between axle centers is 40 inches or more but no more than 96 inches.

In addition to the other requirements of this section and notwithstanding any other provision of this Title, no vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, shall be operated in this State, unless by special permit authorized by this Title, with a gross weight, single or multiple axle weight, or gross weight of two or more consecutive axles, the allowance of which would disqualify the State of New Jersey or any department, agency or governmental subdivision thereof for the purpose of receiving federal highway funds.
(1) The gross weight imposed on the highway or other surface by the wheels of any one axle of a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, shall not exceed 22,400 pounds.

For the purpose of this Title the combined gross weight imposed on the highway or other surface by all the wheels of any one axle of a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, shall be deemed to mean the total gross weight of all wheels whose axle centers are spaced less than 40 inches apart.
(2) The gross weight imposed on the highway or other surface by all the wheels of all consecutive axles of a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, shall not exceed 34,000 pounds where the distance between consecutive axle centers is 40 inches or more, but no more than 96 inches apart.
(3) The combined gross weight imposed on the highway or other surface by all the wheels of consecutive axles of a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, shall not exceed 22,400 pounds for each single axle where the distance between consecutive axle centers is more than 96 inches; except that on any highway in this State which is part of, or designated as part of, the National Interstate System, as provided at 23 U.S.C.s.103(e), this single axle limitation shall not apply and in those instances the provisions of this Title as set forth at R.S.39:3-84b.(5) shall apply.
(4) The maximum total gross weight imposed on the highway or other surface by a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, shall not exceed 80,000 pounds.
(5) On any highway in this State which is part of, or designated as part of, the National Interstate System, as provided at 23 U.S.C.s.103(e), the total gross weight, in pounds, imposed on the highway or other surface by any group of two or more consecutive

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axles of a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, shall not exceed that listed in the following Table of Maximum Gross Weights, for the respective distance, in feet, between the axle centers of the first and last axles of the group of two or more consecutive axles under consideration; except that in addition to the weights specified in that Table, two consecutive sets of tandem axles may carry a gross weight of 34,000 pounds each if the overall distance between the first and last axles of the consecutive sets of tandem axles is 36 feet or more. The gross weight of each set of tandem axles shall not exceed 34,000 pounds and the combined gross weight of the two consecutive sets of tandem axles shall not exceed 68,000 pounds.

In all cases the combined gross weight for a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, or the maximum gross weight for any axle or combination of axles of the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, shall not exceed that which is permitted pursuant to this paragraph or R.S.39:3-84b.(2); R.S.39:3-84b.(3); or R.S.39:3-84b.(4) of this act, whichever is the lesser allowable gross weight.

## TABLE OF MAXIMUM GROSS WEIGHTS

Distance in feet
between axle
centers of first
and last axles
of any group
of two or more
consecutive axles

| 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
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c. The dimensional and weight restrictions set forth herein shall
not apply to a combination of vehicles which includes a disabled
vehicle or a combination of vehicles being removed from a highway in
this State, provided that such oversize or overweight vehicle
combination may not travel on the public highways more than five
miles from the point where such disablement occurred. If the
disablement occurred on a limited access highway, the distance to the
nearest exit of such highway shall be added to the five-mile limitation.
d. The Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles may
promulgate rules and regulations, including the establishment of fees,

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\section*{A3540 LANCE}
for the issuance, at his discretion and if good cause appears, of a special written permit authorizing the applicant:
(1) To operate or move a vehicle or combination of vehicles or special mobile equipment, transporting one piece loads that cannot be dismembered, dismantled or divided in order to comply with the weight limitations set forth in this act. The special written permit issued by the director shall be in the possession of the driver or operator of the vehicle or combination of vehicles or special mobile equipment for which said permit was issued; and
(2) To operate or move a vehicle or combination of vehicles or specialized mobile equipment, transporting a load or cargo that cannot be dismembered, dismantled or divided in order to comply with the dimensional limitations set forth in this act. The special written permit shall be in the possession of the driver or operator of the vehicle or combination of vehicles or special mobile equipment for which the permit was issued; and
(3) Under emergency conditions, to operate or move a type of vehicle or combination of vehicles or special mobile equipment of a size or weight, including load or contents, which exceeds the maximum size or weight limitations specified in this act.
e. If the Commissioner of Transportation has, by regulations adopted pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L. \(1968 . c .410\) (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), designated certain routes within the State for use by a combination of vehicles with a prescribed maximum width or length or consisting of a drawing vehicle and two motor drawn vehicles with a prescribed maximum length, no such combination of vehicles shall be found or operated on any other public road, street or highway or any other public or quasi-public property in this State, unless otherwise permitted by such regulations. (cf: P.L. 1999, c.29, s. 1 )
7. Section 5 of P.L.1950, c. 142 (C.39:3-84.3) is amended to read as follows
5. a. Officers shall have authority as set forth in paragraphs (1) through (3) of this subsection to require the driver, operator, owner, lessee or bailee of any vehicle or combination of vehicles found on any public road, street, or highway or any public or quasi-public property in this State to facilitate and permit the measurement or weighing of the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, for the purpose of determining whether the size or weight of the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, is in excess of that permitted in this Title:
(1) Officers of the Division of State Police shall have the exclusive authority to conduct random roadside examinations for the purpose of determining whether size or weight is in excess of that permitted in this Title, and officers of the Division of State Police shall have the

\section*{A3540 LANCE}
authority, with or without probable cause to believe that the size or weight is in excess of that permitted, to require the driver, operator, owner, lessee or bailee, to stop, drive or otherwise move to a location for measurement or weighing and submit the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, to measurement or weighing;
(2) Police or peace officers or inspectors appointed by any municipality or county shall have the authority to require the driver, operator, owner, lessee or bailee to stop, drive or otherwise move to a location for measurement or weighing and submit the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, to measurement or weighing, only if the officer has probable cause to believe that the size or weight of the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, is in excess of that permitted by this Title; and
(3) The Division of State Police and the director shall have the exclusive authority to establish and operate locations for the measurement and weighing of vehicles, including load and contents, and all measuring and weighing devices or scales employed at such locations shall be approved and certified by the State Superintendent of Weights and Measures or the State Superintendent's agent. Copies of documents displaying the State Superintendent's seal or certification shall be prima facie evidence of the reliability and accuracy of the measuring or weighing devices or scales utilized.
b. Whenever the officer, upon measuring or weighing a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, determines that the size or weight is in excess of the limits permitted in this Title, the officer or inspector shall require the driver, operator, owner, lessee or bailee to stop the vehicle or combination of vehicles in a suitable place and remain in that place until a portion of the load or contents of the vehicle or combination of vehicles is removed by the driver, operator, owner, lessee, bailee or duly appointed agent thereof, as may be necessary to conform or reduce the size or weight of the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, to those limits as permitted under this act, or permitted by the certificate of registration for the vehicle or combination of vehicles, whichever may be lower. All materials so unloaded or removed shall be cared for by the driver, owner, operator, lessee or bailee of the vehicle or combination of vehicles, or duly appointed agent thereof, at the risk, responsibility and liability of the driver, owner, operator, lessee, bailee or duly appointed agent thereof.
c. No vehicle or combination of vehicles shall be deemed to be in violation of the weight limitation provision of this act, when, upon examination by the officer, the dispatch papers for the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, show it is proceeding from its last preceding freight pickup point within the State of New Jersey by a reasonably expeditious route to the nearest available scales or to the first available scales in the general direction

\section*{A3540 LANCE}
towards which the vehicle or combination of vehicles has been dispatched, or is returning from such scales after weighing-in to the last preceding pickup point.
d. When the officer determines that a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, is in violation of the weight limitations of this Title as provided at paragraph (1) of subsection b. of R.S.39:3-84; paragraph (2) of subsection b. of R.S.39:3-84; paragraph (3) of subsection b. of R.S.39:3-84; or paragraph (5) of subsection b. of R.S.39:3-84 relative to maximum gross axle weights, but is within the permissible maximum gross vehicle weight of this Title as provided at paragraph (4) of subsection b. of R.S.39:3-84 or paragraph (5) of subsection b. of R.S.39:3-84, whichever is applicable, the driver, operator, owner, lessee, bailee or duly appointed agent thereof shall be permitted, before proceeding, to redistribute the weight of the vehicle or combination of vehicles or the load or contents of the vehicle or combination of vehicles so that no axle or combination of consecutive axles are in excess of the limits set by this act, in which event there is no violation.
e. When the officer determines that a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, is in violation of the height, width or length limits of this Title as provided at subsection a. of R.S.39:3-84, the driver, operator, owner, lessee or bailee of the vehicle or combination of vehicles or duly appointed agent thereof shall be permitted, before proceeding, to adjust, reduce or conform the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, so that the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, are not in excess of the height, width, or length limits set by this act, in which event there is no violation.
f. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, found or operated on any highway in this State which is part of or designated as part of the National Interstate System, as provided at 23 U.S.C. s. 103(e). No arrest shall be made or summons issued for a violation of the weight limitations provided in this act at subsection b. of R.S.39:3-84 where the excess weight is no more than \(5 \%\) of the weight permitted, provided the gross weight of the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, does not exceed the maximum gross weight of 80,000 pounds as set forth at paragraph (4) of subsection b. of R.S.39:3-84.
g. Any person who presents to the officer, or has in his possession, or who prepares false dispatch papers, that is to say, dispatch papers which do not correspond to the cargo carried, shall be subject to a fine not to exceed [\$100.00] \$300.
h. Any driver of a vehicle or combination of vehicles who fails or refuses to stop and submit the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, to measurement or weighing, as provided

\section*{A3540 LANCE}
in this Title, or otherwise fails to comply with the provisions of this section, shall be subject to a fine not exceeding \(\$ 200.00\).
i. The owner, lessee, bailee or any one of the aforesaid of any vehicle or combination of vehicles found or operated on any public road, street or highway or on any public or quasi-public property in this State in violation of the height, width or length limits as set forth in subsection a. of R.S.39:3-84 shall be fined not less than \(\$ 150.00\) nor more than \(\$ 500.00\).
j. The owner, lessee, bailee or any one of the aforesaid of any vehicle or combination of vehicles found or operated on any public road, street or highway or on any public or quasi-public property in this State, with a gross weight of the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, in excess of the weight limitations as provided at subsection b. of R.S.39:3-84 or section 3 of P.L.1950, c. 142 (C.39:3-84.1) shall be fined an amount equal to \(\$ 0.02\) per pound for each pound of the total excess weight; provided the total excess weight is 10,000 pounds or less, or shall be fined an amount equal to \(\$ 0.03\) per pound for each pound of the total excess weight; provided the total excess weight is more than 10,000 pounds, but in no event shall the fine be less than \(\$ 50.00\). However, in the case of any vehicle or combination of vehicles carrying a sealed ocean container, either the shipper, the consignee or both, shall be liable for a violation of the weight limitations as provided at subsection b. of R.S.39:3-84 relative to maximum gross axle weights.
k. Whenever a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, is found to be in violation of any two or more of the weight limitations as provided at subsection b. of R.S.39:3-84 or section 3 of P.L.1950, c. 142 (C.39:3-84.1), the fine levied shall be only for the violation involving the greater or greatest excess weight.
1. The driver, owner, lessee, or bailee or any one of the foregoing of any combination of vehicles found or operated on any public road. street or highway or on any public or quasi-public property in the State in violation of the regulations of the Commissioner of Transportation regarding designated routes for such combinations as provided in subsection e. of R.S. 39:3-84 shall be fined \(\$ 400\) for the first offense, \(\$ 700\) for the second offense and \(\$ 1,000\) for each subsequent offense. The officer may direct that a combination of vehicles so found or operated proceed by the most direct route to a permitted route or return to a permitted route by making use of the route already traversed.
(cf: P.L.1994,c.60,s.33)
8. This act shall take effect immediately and sections 1 through 5 shall expire six months following the organization of the "Truck Law Enforcement Study Commission."

\section*{A3540 LANCE}

\section*{STATEMENT}

This bill would create an 11-member "Truck Law Enforcement Study Commission" to study and make recommendations concerning the cooperation of local police in the enforcement of the State's trucking laws and implementing regulations.

The commission is being formed to deal with the role of the local and State Police in the area of truck enforcement in aftermath of the Commissioner of Transportation's recently adopted regulations designating certain highways in the State as roadways outside of the National Network where certain large trucks are not permitted.

The membership of the commission is to consist of two members of the Senate appointed by the President thereof, who are not to be members of the same political party; two members of the General Assembly appointed by the Speaker thereof, who are not to be members of the same political party; two persons to be appointed by the President of the Senate and Speaker of the General Assembly respectively who are, or have been, active in local law enforcement and have expertise in highway traffic safety; the Attorney General, the Commissioner of Transportation, and the Superintendent of the State Police, ex officio, or their designees; an officer or employee of the Executive Branch appointed by the Governor who shall serve as chairman of the commission; and a representative of the New Jersey Motor Truck Association.

Within six months of its organization, the commission would submit a final report of its findings and recommendations, including any drafts of legislation, if so recommended, to the Governor and the Legislature.

The bill additionally amends existing law to provide that if the Commissioner of Transportation has by regulation designated certain routes within the State for use by tractor-trailers with a prescribed maximum width or length or tandem tractor-trailers with a prescribed length, no such tractor-trailers shall be permitted on any other road, street or highway or any other public or quasi-public property in the State, unless otherwise permitted by such regulations. Any driver, owner, lessee or bailee of such a tractor-trailer operating in a nonpermitted area would be fined \(\$ 400\) for the first offense, \(\$ 700\) for the second offense and \(\$ 1,000\) for each subsequent offense. By including the driver, in addition to the owner, lessee or bailee, as subject to the fine, the bill provides police officers with the discretion to cite the driver for a violation if the officer believes that the particular circumstances of the incident warrant it, although past experience indicates that in similar situations truck drivers are very seldom cited, since the responsibility for a violation is usually determined to lie with the owner, lessee or bailee. In addition, the officer may direct that a combination of vehicles so found or operated proceed by the most

\section*{A3540 LANCE}

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direct route to a permitted route or return to a permitted route by making use of the route already traversed. Current practice requires the driver to proceed over the route already traversed even though it may be safer for the driver to proceed more directly to a permitted route. The bill also increases the fine for false dispatch papers from \(\$ 100\) to \(\$ 300\).

This bill would thus serve to clarify that a separate offense and penalty exists for tractor-trailers which violate the recently adopted regulations (N.J.A.C. 16:32) which designate certain routes in the State where only certain classes of commercial motor vehicles are permitted to operate and provides, through the creation of a study commission, for a consideration of the role of local police in the enforcement of the State's trucking laws.

\author{
STATEMENT TO
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\author{
ASSEMBLY, No. 3540
}
with committee amendments

\section*{STATE OF NEW JERSEY}

\author{
DATED: DECEMBER 2, 1999
}

\begin{abstract}
The Assembly Transportation Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 3540 with committee amendments.

As amended, the bill changes existing law to provide that if the Commissioner of Transportation has by regulation designated certain routes within the State for use by tractor-trailers with a prescribed maximum width or length or tandem tractor-trailers with a prescribed length, no such tractor-trailers shall be permitted on any other road, street or highway or any other public or quasi-public property in the State, unless otherwise permitted by such regulations. Any driver, owner, lessee or bailee of such a tractor-trailer operating in a nonpermitted area would be fined not more than \(\$ 400\) for the first offense, and be subject to a fine of \(\$ 700\) for the second offense and a fine of \(\$ 1,000\) for each subsequent offense. By including the driver, in addition to the owner, lessee or bailee, as subject to the fine, the bill provides police officers with the discretion to cite the driver for a violation if the officer believes that the particular circumstances of the incident warrant it, although past experience indicates that in similar situations truck drivers are very seldom cited, since the responsibility for a violation is usually determined to lie with the owner, lessee or bailee. In addition, the officer may direct that a combination of vehicles so found or operated proceed by the most direct route to a permitted route or return to a permitted route by making use of the route already traversed. Current practice requires the driver to proceed over the route already traversed even though it may be safer for the driver to proceed more directly to a permitted route. The bill also increases the fine for false dispatch papers from \(\$ 100\) to \(\$ 300\).

This bill would thus serve to clarify that a separate offense and penalty exists for tractor-trailers which violate the recently adopted regulations (N.J.A.C.16:32) which designate certain routes in the State where only certain classes of commercial motor vehicles are permitted to operate.

The committee amendments change the fine structure to provide the judge with the authority to use discretion in imposing a fine for the first offense. The amendments permit the judge to impose a fine up to \(\$ 400\) for the first offense. The second and subsequent offenses are not
\end{abstract}
affected by these amendments and the fines for the offenses remain set at \(\$ 700\) and \(\$ 1000\) respectively. The amendments also remove the Truck Law Enforcement Study Commission. The committee also adopted technical amendments.

\section*{SENATE, No. 2179}

\section*{STATE OF NEW JERSEY 208th LEGISLATURE}

\section*{INTRODUCED SEPTEMBER 30, 1999}

\author{
Sponsored by: \\ Senator WILLIAM E. SCHLUTER \\ District 23 (Warren, Hunterdon and Mercer) \\ Senator ANDREW R. CIESLA \\ District 10 (Monmouth and Ocean) \\ Co-Sponsored by: \\ Senators Kavanaugh, Littell and Turner
}

\section*{SYNOPSIS}

Establishes "Truck Law Enforcement Study Commission" and provides for penalties for trucks operating on routes where not permitted by regulation.

\section*{CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT}

As introduced.

\section*{S2179 SCHLUTER, CIESLA}

AN ACT concerning commercial motor vehicles, creating a commission to study and make recommendations concerning the enforcement of the laws relating to trucks and amending various parts of the statutory law.

Be It Enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:
1. (New section) The Legislature finds and declares:
a. On July 16, 1999 the Commissioner of Transportation, at the direction of Governor Whitman, adopted emergency regulations designating certain highways in the State where certain large trucks are permitted to operate and other roadways where vehicles such as "102-inch wide standard trucks" and double tandem trailers are not so permitted, which regulations became permanent in September 1999.
b. There has been much debate on the question of the enforcement of the regulations of the Commissioner of Transportation from which two issues have come to the fore: The creation of clearly defined penalties for violating the regulations and the proper role of the police forces of this State in enforcing these regulations.
c. It is necessary and appropriate to provide a schedule of fines for violation of the regulations of the commissioner and to create a study commission on truck law enforcement to deal with the issue of the role of both the local police and State Police in enforcing the State's trucking laws.
d. It is appropriate that the commission, in its study of the truck enforcement issue, consider how the local police forces of the State can assist the State Police in the enforcement of the State's trucking laws and implementing regulations.
2. (New section) There is created a commission to be known as the "Truck Law Enforcement Study Commission" to study and make recommendations concerning the enforcement of the State's trucking laws and implementing regulations. The commission shall consist of 11 members as follows:
a. Two members of the Senate to be appointed by the President of the Senate, who shall not be of the same political party.
b. Two members of the General Assembly to be appointed by the Speaker of the General Assembly, who shall not be of the same political party.
c. One member to be appointed by the President of the Senate and one member appointed by the Speaker of the General Assembly, both of whom shall be, or have been, involved in local law enforcement

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

\section*{S2179 SCHLUTER, CIESLA}
matters and have expertise in highway traffic safety.
d. One member appointed by the Governor from among the officers and employees of the Executive Branch who shall serve as chairman of the commission.
e. The Attorney General, the Commissioner of Transportation, the Superintendent of the State Police, or their designees, who shall serve ex officio.
f. A representative of the New Jersey Motor Truck Association.

Members who are legislators appointed by the President of the Senate or the Speaker of the General Assembly shall serve only as long as they hold the legislative seat they held at the time of their appointment.

Vacancies in the membership of the commission shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments were made. Members shall serve without compensation, but the commission may, within the limits of funds appropriated or otherwise made available for these purposes, reimburse its members for expenses necessarily incurred in the discharge of their official duties.
3. (New section) The commission shall organize as soon as may be practicable after the appointment of a majority of its membership and shall select a secretary, who need not be a member of the commission.

The commission shall meet at the call of the chairman.
The commission shall be entitled to call to its assistance and avail itself of the services of the employees of any State department, board, bureau, commission or agency, as it may require and as may be available for its purposes, and to employ stenographic and clerical assistance and incur traveling and other miscellaneous expenses as may be necessary in order to perform its duties, within the limits of funds appropriated or otherwise made available to it for its purposes.
4. (New section) It shall be the duty of the commission to study the enforcement of the State's trucking laws and implementing regulations. Of particular concern to this study shall be the appropriate role of the local police in the enforcement of the recently adopted regulations of the commissioner banning "102-inch wide standard trucks" on certain roadways and any other commercial motor vehicle which the commissioner may by law be authorized to ban on roadways outside of the National Network. The commission shall consider the proper cooperative relationship between the State Police and local police in the enforcement of these regulations, with due regard for the uniform enforcement of the State's trucking laws, the free flow of goods and services on the State's highways, the safety of both police and trucks when the latter are stopped on highways for suspected violations, and any other matter relevant to the proper enforcement of the State's trucking laws in a manner which is

\section*{S2179 SCHLUTER, CIESLA}
reasonable and not arbitrary or capricious. The commission may consider the appropriate supervisory role of the State Police in any enforcement efforts, the use of voluntary agreements between the State Police and local police, and the creation of a joint State-local task force or forces to facilitate enforcement. If a greater role for the local police is not deemed appropriate, the commission may give consideration to the matter of the expansion of the resources available to the State Police to properly enforce the State's trucking laws.
5. (New section) The commission may meet and hold public hearings at such place or places as it shall designate during the sessions or recesses of the Legislature and shall issue a final report of its findings and recommendations, if any, which shall include draft legislation, if the commission recommends that legislation is necessary, to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the General Assembly, and the members of the Senate Transportation Committee and the Assembly Transportation Committee, or their successor committees, as soon as is practicable, but not later than six months following the organization of the commission. The commission shall dissolve six months following the organization of the commission.
6. R.S. 39:3-84 is amended to read as follows:

39:3-84. a. The following constitute the maximum dimensional limits for width, height and length for any vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents or any part or portion thereof, found or operated on any public road, street or highway or any public or quasi-public property in this State. Violations shall be enforced pursuant to subsection i. of section 5 of P.L.1950, c. 142 (C.39:3-84.3).

The dimensional limitations set forth in this subsection are exclusive of safety and energy conservation devices necessary for safe and efficient operation of a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, except that no device excluded herein shall have by its design or use the capability to carry, transport or otherwise be utilized for cargo.

Any rules and regulations authorized to be promulgated pursuant to this subsection shall be consistent with any rules and regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Transportation of the United States of America, and shall be in accordance with the provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c. 410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.). In addition to the other requirements of this subsection and notwithstanding any other provision of this Title, no vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents or any part or portion thereof, except as otherwise provided by this subsection shall be operated in this State, unless by special permit authorized by

\section*{S2179 SCHLUTER, CIESLA}
subsection d. of this section with a dimension, the allowance of which would disqualify the State of New Jersey or any department, agency or governmental subdivision thereof for the purpose of receiving federal highway funds.

As used herein and pursuant to R.S.39:1-1, the term "vehicle" includes, but is not limited to, commercial motor vehicles, trucks, truck tractors, tractors, road tractors, recreation vehicles, or omnibuses. As used herein and pursuant to R.S.39:1-1, the term "combination of vehicles" includes, but is not limited to, vehicles as heretofore designated, when those vehicles are the drawing or power unit of a combination of vehicles and motor-drawn vehicles, such as, but not limited to, trailers, semi-trailers, or other vehicles. As used herein, the term "recycling vehicle" means a commercial motor vehicle used for the collection or transportation of recyclable material; or any truck, trailer or other vehicle approved by the New Jersey Office of Recycling for use by persons engaging in the business of recycling or otherwise providing recycling services in this State; and "recyclable material" means those materials which would otherwise become solid waste, and which may be collected, separated or processed and returned to the economic mainstream in the form of raw materials or products.
(1) The maximum outside width of any vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents of any part or portion thereof, except as otherwise provided by this subsection, shall be no more than 102 inches; except that the Commissioner of Transportation, after consultation with the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles and the Superintendent of State Police, may promulgate rules and regulations for those public roads, streets or highways or public or quasi-public property in this State, where it is determined that the interests of public safety and welfare require the maximum outside width be no more than 96 inches.
(2) The maximum height of any vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents of any part or portion thereof, except as otherwise provided by this subsection, shall not exceed 13 feet, 6 inches.
(3) The maximum overall length of any vehicle, as set forth in this subsection, including load or contents or any part or portion thereof, except as otherwise provided by this subsection, shall not exceed 40 feet, except that the overall length of a vehicle, including load or contents or any part or portion thereof, otherwise subject to the provisions of this paragraph shall not exceed 50 feet when transporting poles, pilings, structural units or other articles which cannot be dismembered, dismantled or divided. When a vehicle, subject to this paragraph, is the drawing or power unit of a combination of vehicles, as set forth in this subsection, the overall length of the combination of vehicles, including load or contents or any part or portion thereof,
shall not exceed 62 feet. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to omnibuses or to vehicles which are not designed, built or otherwise capable of carrying cargo or loads.
(4) The maximum overall length of a motor-drawn vehicle, as set forth in this subsection, including load or contents or any part or portion thereof, except as otherwise provided by this subsection, shall not exceed 53 feet when operated as part of a combination of vehicles consisting of one motor-drawn vehicle and a drawing or power unit vehicle not designed, built or otherwise capable of carrying cargo or loads, except that a motor-drawn vehicle, the overall length of which is greater than 48 feet and not more than 53 feet, shall be constructed so that the distance between the kingpin of the motor-drawn vehicle and the centerline of its rear axle or rear axle group does not exceed 41 feet; the motor-drawn vehicle shall be equipped with a rear-end protection device of substantial construction consisting of a continuous lateral beam extending to within four inches of the lateral extremities of the motor-drawn vehicle and located not more than 22 inches from the surface as measured with the vehicle empty and on a level surface; the kingpin of the trailer shall not be set back further than 3.5 feet from the front of the semitrailer; the rear overhang, measured from the center of the rear tandem axles to the rear of the semitrailer shall not exceed \(35 \%\) of the semitrailer's wheelbase; the width of the semitrailer and the distance between the outside edges of the trailer tires shall be 102 inches; and the vehicle shall be equipped with such reflectorization, including but not limited to side-marker reflectorization strips located between the rear axle and the rear of the motor-drawn vehicle, as shall be prescribed by the Division of Motor Vehicles, and as is consistent with any applicable federal standards concerning reflectorization. The overall length of a motor-drawn vehicle otherwise subject to the provisions of this paragraph shall not exceed 63 feet when transporting poles, pilings, structural units or other articles that cannot be dismembered, dismantled or divided. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to any vehicle or combination of vehicles designed, built and utilized solely to transport other motor vehicles. The Commissioner of Transportation, after consultation with the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles and the Superintendent of State Police, shall promulgate rules and regulations specifying those portions or parts of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways, Federal-aid Primary System Highways and public roads, streets, highways, toll roads, freeways or parkways in this State where the combination of vehicles as described in this paragraph may lawfully operate. The commissioner shall promulgate rules and regulations within 120 days after the effective date of this amendatory act to identify a network of roads with reasonable access for motor-drawn vehicles greater than 48 feet in length but not more than 53 feet in length. The commissioner shall, in
establishing this network, consider all portions of the network for 48 foot long and 102 inch wide motor-drawn vehicles and specify those routes or portions thereof where motor-drawn vehicles greater than 48 feet in length but not more than 53 feet in length shall be excluded from lawful operation for reasons of safety.
(5) No combination of vehicles, including load or contents, consisting of more than two motor-drawn vehicles, as set forth in this subsection, and any other vehicle, shall be found or operated on any public road, street or highway or any public or quasi-public property in this State.
(6) The maximum overall length of a motor-drawn vehicle, as set forth in this section, including load or contents or any part or portion thereof, except as otherwise provided by this subsection, when operated as part of a combination of vehicles consisting of two motor-drawn vehicles and a drawing or power unit vehicle which is not designed, built or otherwise capable of carrying cargo or loads, shall not exceed 28 feet for each motor-drawn vehicle in the combination of vehicles. The provision of this paragraph shall not apply to any vehicle or combination of vehicles designed, built and utilized solely to transport other motor vehicles. The Commissioner of Transportation, after consultation with the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles and the Superintendent of State Police, shall promulgate rules and regulations specifying those portions or parts of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways, Federal-aid Primary System Highways and public roads, streets, highways, toll roads, freeways or parkways in this State where combinations of vehicles as described in this paragraph may lawfully operate.
(7) The maximum length and outside width of an omnibus found or operated in this State shall be established by rules and regulations promulgated by the Commissioner of Transportation, after consultation with the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles and the Superintendent of State Police. Unless otherwise specified in the aforesaid rules and regulations, the maximum outside width shall be 102 inches; any other dimension established for width in the aforesaid rules and regulations shall be based upon a determination that operation of an omnibus with a width of less than 102 inches, but no less than 96 inches is required in the interest of public safety on those public roads, streets, highways, toll roads, freeways, parkways or the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways in this State specified in the aforesaid rules and regulations, or that operation of an omnibus with a width greater than 102 inches is not unsafe on those public roads, streets, highways, toll roads, freeways, parkways or the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways in this State specified in the aforesaid rules and regulations.
(8) The maximum width and length of farm tractors and traction equipment and farm machinery and implements shall be established by
rules and regulations promulgated by the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The operation of the aforesaid vehicles shall be subject to the provisions of R.S.39:3-24 and they shall not be operated on any highway which is part of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways or on any highway which has been designated a freeway or parkway as provided by law.
(9) The maximum outside width of the cargo or load of a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including farm trucks, loaded with hay or straw shall not exceed \(1051 / 2\) inches, but the maximum outside width of the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including farm trucks, shall otherwise comply with the provisions of paragraph (1) of this subsection. The Commissioner of Transportation, after consultation with the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles and the Superintendent of State Police, may promulgate rules and regulations establishing a maximum outside width of 102 inches for the aforesaid cargo or load when operating on those highways where a greater width is prohibited by operation of law.
(10) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (4) and (6) of this subsection pertaining to length, the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles may adopt rules and regulations specifying maximum length dimensions for any vehicle or combination of vehicles designed, built and utilized solely to transport other motor vehicles.
(11) The provisions of this subsection pertaining to length shall not apply to a vehicle or combination of vehicles or special mobile equipment operated by a public utility, as defined in R.S.48:2-13, when that vehicle or combination of vehicles or special mobile equipment is used by the public utility in the construction, reconstruction, repair or maintenance of its property or facilities.
(12) The provisions of this subsection pertaining to width shall not apply to a recycling vehicle when that vehicle is used for the collection of recyclable material on a street or highway other than a highway which is designated part of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways in this State or as a freeway or parkway as provided by law. The maximum outside width of any recycling vehicle so used, including load or contents of any part or portion thereof, shall be no more than 96 inches, except that the width may be up to 105 inches whenever that vehicle is operating at 15 miles per hour or less, and access steps are deployed and recyclable materials are actually being collected.
b. No vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, found or operated on any public road, street or highway or any public or quasi-public property in this State shall exceed the weight limitations set forth in this Title. Violations shall be enforced pursuant to subsection j . of section 5 of P.L.1950, c. 142 (C.39:3-84.3).

Where enforcement of a weight limit provision of this Title requires
a measurement of length between axle centers, the distance between axle centers shall be measured to the nearest whole foot or whole inch, whichever is applicable, and when the measurement includes a fractional part of a foot equaling six inches or more or a fractional part of an inch equaling one-half inch or more, the next larger whole foot or whole inch, whichever is applicable, shall be utilized. The term "tandem axle" as used in this act is defined as a combination of consecutive axles, consisting of only two axles, where the distance between axle centers is 40 inches or more but no more than 96 inches.

In addition to the other requirements of this section and notwithstanding any other provision of this Title, no vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, shall be operated in this State, unless by special permit authorized by this Title, with a gross weight, single or multiple axle weight, or gross weight of two or more consecutive axles, the allowance of which would disqualify the State of New Jersey or any department, agency or governmental subdivision thereof for the purpose of receiving federal highway funds.
(1) The gross weight imposed on the highway or other surface by the wheels of any one axle of a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, shall not exceed 22,400 pounds.

For the purpose of this Title the combined gross weight imposed on the highway or other surface by all the wheels of any one axle of a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, shall be deemed to mean the total gross weight of all wheels whose axle centers are spaced less than 40 inches apart.
(2) The gross weight imposed on the highway or other surface by all the wheels of all consecutive axles of a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, shall not exceed 34,000 pounds where the distance between consecutive axle centers is 40 inches or more, but no more than 96 inches apart.
(3) The combined gross weight imposed on the highway or other surface by all the wheels of consecutive axles of a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, shall not exceed 22,400 pounds for each single axle where the distance between consecutive axle centers is more than 96 inches; except that on any highway in this State which is part of, or designated as part of, the National Interstate System, as provided at 23 U.S.C.s.103(e), this single axle limitation shall not apply and in those instances the provisions of this Title as set forth at R.S.39:3-84b.(5) shall apply.
(4) The maximum total gross weight imposed on the highway or other surface by a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, shall not exceed 80,000 pounds.
(5) On any highway in this State which is part of, or designated as part of, the National Interstate System, as provided at 23 U.S.C.s.103(e), the total gross weight, in pounds, imposed on the highway or other surface by any group of two or more consecutive

\section*{S2179 SCHLUTER, CIESLA}
axles of a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, shall not exceed that listed in the following Table of Maximum Gross Weights, for the respective distance, in feet, between the axle centers of the first and last axles of the group of two or more consecutive axles under consideration; except that in addition to the weights specified in that Table, two consecutive sets of tandem axles may carry a gross weight of 34,000 pounds each if the overall distance between the first and last axles of the consecutive sets of tandem axles is 36 feet or more. The gross weight of each set of tandem axles shall not exceed 34,000 pounds and the combined gross weight of the two consecutive sets of tandem axles shall not exceed 68,000 pounds.

In all cases the combined gross weight for a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, or the maximum gross weight for any axle or combination of axles of the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, shall not exceed that which is permitted pursuant to this paragraph or R.S.39:3-84b.(2); R.S.39:3-84b.(3); or R.S.39:3-84b.(4) of this act, whichever is the lesser allowable gross weight.

\section*{TABLE OF MAXIMUM GROSS WEIGHTS}

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between axle
centers of first
and last axles
of any group
of two or more
consecutive axles
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## S2179 SCHLUTER, CIESLA

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    c. The dimensional and weight restrictions set forth herein shall
not apply to a combination of vehicles which includes a disabled
vehicle or a combination of vehicles being removed from a highway in
this State, provided that such oversize or overweight vehicle
combination may not travel on the public highways more than five
miles from the point where such disablement occurred. If the
disablement occurred on a limited access highway, the distance to the
nearest exit of such highway shall be added to the five-mile limitation.
    d. The Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles may
promulgate rules and regulations, including the establishment of fees,
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for the issuance, at his discretion and if good cause appears, of a special written permit authorizing the applicant:
(1) To operate or move a vehicle or combination of vehicles or special mobile equipment, transporting one piece loads that cannot be dismembered, dismantled or divided in order to comply with the weight limitations set forth in this act. The special written permit issued by the director shall be in the possession of the driver or operator of the vehicle or combination of vehicles or special mobile equipment for which said permit was issued; and
(2) To operate or move a vehicle or combination of vehicles or specialized mobile equipment, transporting a load or cargo that cannot be dismembered, dismantled or divided in order to comply with the dimensional limitations set forth in this act. The special written permit shall be in the possession of the driver or operator of the vehicle or combination of vehicles or special mobile equipment for which the permit was issued; and
(3) Under emergency conditions, to operate or move a type of vehicle or combination of vehicles or special mobile equipment of a size or weight, including load or contents, which exceeds the maximum size or weight limitations specified in this act.
e. If the Commissioner of Transportation has, by regulations adopted pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L. $1968, \mathrm{c} .410$ (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), designated certain routes within the State for use by a combination of vehicles with a prescribed maximum width or length or consisting of a drawing vehicle and two motor drawn vehicles with a prescribed maximum length, no such combination of vehicles shall be found or operated on any other public road, street or highway or any other public or quasi-public property in this State, unless otherwise permitted by such regulations. (cf: P.L. 1999, c.29, s. 1 )
7. Section 5 of P.L.1950, c. 142 (C.39:3-84.3) is amended to read as follows:
5. a. Officers shall have authority as set forth in paragraphs (1) through (3) of this subsection to require the driver, operator, owner, lessee or bailee of any vehicle or combination of vehicles found on any public road, street, or highway or any public or quasi-public property in this State to facilitate and permit the measurement or weighing of the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, for the purpose of determining whether the size or weight of the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, is in excess of that permitted in this Title:
(1) Officers of the Division of State Police shall have the exclusive authority to conduct random roadside examinations for the purpose of determining whether size or weight is in excess of that permitted in this Title, and officers of the Division of State Police shall have the
authority, with or without probable cause to believe that the size or weight is in excess of that permitted, to require the driver, operator, owner, lessee or bailee, to stop, drive or otherwise move to a location for measurement or weighing and submit the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, to measurement or weighing;
(2) Police or peace officers or inspectors appointed by any municipality or county shall have the authority to require the driver, operator, owner, lessee or bailee to stop, drive or otherwise move to a location for measurement or weighing and submit the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, to measurement or weighing, only if the officer has probable cause to believe that the size or weight of the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, is in excess of that permitted by this Title; and
(3) The Division of State Police and the director shall have the exclusive authority to establish and operate locations for the measurement and weighing of vehicles, including load and contents, and all measuring and weighing devices or scales employed at such locations shall be approved and certified by the State Superintendent of Weights and Measures or the State Superintendent's agent. Copies of documents displaying the State Superintendent's seal or certification shall be prima facie evidence of the reliability and accuracy of the measuring or weighing devices or scales utilized. b Whenever the officer, upon measuring or weighing a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, determines that the size or weight is in excess of the limits permitted in this Title, the officer or inspector shall require the driver, operator, owner, lessee or bailee to stop the vehicle or combination of vehicles in a suitable place and remain in that place until a portion of the load or contents of the vehicle or combination of vehicles is removed by the driver, operator, owner, lessee, bailee or duly appointed agent thereof, as may be necessary to conform or reduce the size or weight of the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, to those limits as permitted under this act, or permitted by the certificate of registration for the vehicle or combination of vehicles, whichever may be lower. All materials so unloaded or removed shall be cared for by the driver, owner, operator, lessee or bailee of the vehicle or combination of vehicles, or duly appointed agent thereof, at the risk, responsibility and liability of the driver, owner, operator, lessee, bailee or duly appointed agent thereof.
c. No vehicle or combination of vehicles shall be deemed to be in violation of the weight limitation provision of this act, when, upon examination by the officer, the dispatch papers for the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, show it is proceeding from its last preceding freight pickup point within the State of New Jersey by a reasonably expeditious route to the nearest available scales or to the first available scales in the general direction
towards which the vehicle or combination of vehicles has been dispatched, or is returning from such scales after weighing-in to the last preceding pickup point.
d. When the officer determines that a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, is in violation of the weight limitations of this Title as provided at paragraph (1) of subsection $b$. of R.S.39:3-84; paragraph (2) of subsection b. of R.S.39:3-84; paragraph (3) of subsection b. of R.S.39:3-84; or paragraph (5) of subsection b. of R.S.39:3-84 relative to maximum gross axle weights, but is within the permissible maximum gross vehicle weight of this Title as provided at paragraph (4) of subsection b. of R.S.39:3-84 or paragraph (5) of subsection b. of R.S.39:3-84, whichever is applicable, the driver, operator, owner, lessee, bailee or duly appointed agent thereof shall be permitted, before proceeding, to redistribute the weight of the vehicle or combination of vehicles or the load or contents of the vehicle or combination of vehicles so that no axle or combination of consecutive axles are in excess of the limits set by this act, in which event there is no violation.
e. When the officer determines that a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, is in violation of the height, width or length limits of this Title as provided at subsection a. of R.S.39:3-84, the driver, operator, owner, lessee or bailee of the vehicle or combination of vehicles or duly appointed agent thereof shall be permitted, before proceeding, to adjust, reduce or conform the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, so that the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, are not in excess of the height, width, or length limits set by this act, in which event there is no violation.
f. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, found or operated on any highway in this State which is part of or designated as part of the National Interstate System, as provided at 23 U.S.C. s. 103(e). No arrest shall be made or summons issued for a violation of the weight limitations provided in this act at subsection b. of R.S.39:3-84 where the excess weight is no more than $5 \%$ of the weight permitted, provided the gross weight of the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, does not exceed the maximum gross weight of 80,000 pounds as set forth at paragraph (4) of subsection b. of R.S.39:3-84.
g. Any person who presents to the officer, or has in his possession, or who prepares false dispatch papers, that is to say, dispatch papers which do not correspond to the cargo carried, shall be subject to a fine not to exceed [\$100.00] \$300.
h. Any driver of a vehicle or combination of vehicles who fails or refuses to stop and submit the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, to measurement or weighing, as provided
in this Title, or otherwise fails to comply with the provisions of this section, shall be subject to a fine not exceeding $\$ 200.00$.
i. The owner, lessee, bailee or any one of the aforesaid of any vehicle or combination of vehicles found or operated on any public road, street or highway or on any public or quasi-public property in this State in violation of the height, width or length limits as set forth in subsection a. of R.S.39:3-84 shall be fined not less than $\$ 150.00$ nor more than $\$ 500.00$.
j. The owner, lessee, bailee or any one of the aforesaid of any vehicle or combination of vehicles found or operated on any public road, street or highway or on any public or quasi-public property in this State, with a gross weight of the vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, in excess of the weight limitations as provided at subsection b. of R.S.39:3-84 or section 3 of P.L.1950, c. 142 (C.39:3-84.1) shall be fined an amount equal to $\$ 0.02$ per pound for each pound of the total excess weight; provided the total excess weight is 10,000 pounds or less, or shall be fined an amount equal to $\$ 0.03$ per pound for each pound of the total excess weight; provided the total excess weight is more than 10,000 pounds, but in no event shall the fine be less than $\$ 50.00$. However, in the case of any vehicle or combination of vehicles carrying a sealed ocean container, either the shipper, the consignee or both, shall be liable for a violation of the weight limitations as provided at subsection b. of R.S.39:3-84 relative to maximum gross axle weights.
k. Whenever a vehicle or combination of vehicles, including load or contents, is found to be in violation of any two or more of the weight limitations as provided at subsection b. of R.S.39:3-84 or section 3 of P.L.1950, c. 142 (C.39:3-84.1), the fine levied shall be only for the violation involving the greater or greatest excess weight.

1. The driver, owner, lessee, or bailee or any one of the foregoing of any combination of vehicles found or operated on any public road. street or highway or on any public or quasi-public property in the State in violation of the regulations of the Commissioner of Transportation regarding designated routes for such combinations as provided in subsection e. of R.S. 39:3-84 shall be fined $\$ 400$ for the first offense, $\$ 700$ for the second offense and $\$ 1,000$ for each subsequent offense. The officer may direct that a combination of vehicles so found or operated proceed by the most direct route to a permitted route or return to a permitted route by making use of the route already traversed.
(cf: P.L.1994,c.60,s.33)
2. This act shall take effect immediately and sections 1 through 5 shall expire six months following the organization of the "Truck Law Enforcement Study Commission."

## S2179 SCHLUTER, CIESLA

## STATEMENT

This bill would create an 11-member "Truck Law Enforcement Study Commission" to study and make recommendations concerning the cooperation of local police in the enforcement of the State's trucking laws and implementing regulations.

The commission is being formed to deal with the role of the local and State Police in the area of truck enforcement in aftermath of the Commissioner of Transportation's recently adopted regulations designating certain highways in the State as roadways outside of the National Network where certain large trucks are not permitted.

The membership of the commission is to consist of two members of the Senate appointed by the President thereof, who are not to be members of the same political party; two members of the General Assembly appointed by the Speaker thereof, who are not to be members of the same political party; two persons to be appointed by the President of the Senate and Speaker of the General Assembly respectively who are, or have been, active in local law enforcement and have expertise in highway traffic safety; the Attorney General, the Commissioner of Transportation, and the Superintendent of the State Police, ex officio, or their designees; an officer or employee of the Executive Branch appointed by the Governor who shall serve as chairman of the commission; and a representative of the New Jersey Motor Truck Association.

Within six months of its organization, the commission would submit a final report of its findings and recommendations, including any drafts of legislation, if so recommended, to the Governor and the Legislature.

The bill additionally amends existing law to provide that if the Commissioner of Transportation has by regulation designated certain routes within the State for use by tractor-trailers with a prescribed maximum width or length or tandem tractor-trailers with a prescribed length, no such tractor-trailers shall be permitted on any other road, street or highway or any other public or quasi-public property in the State, unless otherwise permitted by such regulations. Any driver, owner, lessee or bailee of such a tractor-trailer operating in a nonpermitted area would be fined $\$ 400$ for the first offense, $\$ 700$ for the second offense and $\$ 1,000$ for each subsequent offense. By including the driver, in addition to the owner, lessee or bailee, as subject to the fine, the bill provides police officers with the discretion to cite the driver for a violation if the officer believes that the particular circumstances of the incident warrant it, although past experience indicates that in similar situations truck drivers are very seldom cited, since the responsibility for a violation is usually determined to lie with the owner, lessee or bailee. In addition, the officer may direct that a combination of vehicles so found or operated proceed by the most

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direct route to a permitted route or return to a permitted route by making use of the route already traversed. Current practice requires the driver to proceed over the route already traversed even though it may be safer for the driver to proceed more directly to a permitted route. The bill also increases the fine for false dispatch papers from $\$ 100$ to $\$ 300$.

This bill would thus serve to clarify that a separate offense and penalty exists for tractor-trailers which violate the recently adopted regulations (N.J.A.C. 16:32) which designate certain routes in the State where only certain classes of commercial motor vehicles are permitted to operate and provides, through the creation of a study commission, for a consideration of the role of local police in the enforcement of the State's trucking laws.

## STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 2179
with committee amendments

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

## DATED: DECEMBER 6, 1999

The Senate Transportation Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 2179.

As amended, the bill changes existing law to provide that if the Commissioner of Transportation has by regulation designated certain routes within the State for use by tractor-trailers with a prescribed maximum width or length or tandem tractor-trailers with a prescribed length, no such tractor-trailers shall be permitted on any other road, street or highway or any other public or quasi-public property in the State, unless otherwise permitted by such regulations. Any driver, owner, lessee or bailee of such a tractor-trailer operating in a nonpermitted area would be fined not more than $\$ 400$ for the first offense, and be subject to a fine of $\$ 700$ for the second offense and a fine of $\$ 1,000$ for each subsequent offense. By including the driver, in addition to the owner, lessee or bailee, as subject to the fine, the bill provides police officers with the discretion to cite the driver for a violation if the officer believes that the particular circumstances of the incident warrant it, although past experience indicates that in similar situations truck drivers are very seldom cited, since the responsibility for a violation is usually determined to lie with the owner, lessee or bailee. In addition, the officer may direct that a combination of vehicles so found or operated proceed by the most direct route to a permitted route or return to a permitted route by making use of the route already traversed. Current practice requires the driver to proceed over the route already traversed even though it may be safer for the driver to proceed more directly to a permitted route. The bill also increases the fine for false dispatch papers from $\$ 100$ to $\$ 300$.

This bill would thus serve to clarify that a separate offense and penalty exists for tractor-trailers which violate the recently adopted regulations (N.J.A.C. 16:32) which designate certain routes in the State where only certain classes of commercial motor vehicles are permitted to operate.

The committee amendments change the fine structure to provide the judge with the authority to use discretion in imposing a fine for the first offense. The amendments permit the judge to impose a fine up to
$\$ 400$ for the first offense. The second and subsequent offenses are not affected by these amendments and the fines for the offenses remain set at $\$ 700$ and $\$ 1000$ respectively. The amendments also remove the Truck Law Enforcement Study Commission. The committee also adopted technical amendments.

As amended and reported by the committee, the bill is identical to A-3540 (1R).

## STATEMENT TO

## [First Reprint] SENATE, No. 2179 <br> STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 13, 1999


#### Abstract

The Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 2179 (1R).

This bill changes existing law to provide that if the Commissioner of Transportation has by regulation designated certain routes within the State for use by tractor-trailers with a prescribed maximum width or length or tandem tractor-trailers with a prescribed length, then no such tractor-trailers shall be permitted on any other road, street or highway or any other public or quasi-public property in the State, unless otherwise permitted by such regulations.

The bill provides that a driver, owner, lessee or bailee of such a trailer operating in a non-permitted area would be subject to a fine of not more than $\$ 400$ for the first offense, $\$ 700$ for the second offense, and $\$ 1,000$ for each subsequent offense. By including the driver, in addition to the owner, lessee or bailee, as subject to the fine, the bill provides police officers with the discretion to cite the driver for a violation if the officer believes that the particular circumstances of the incident warrant it, although past experience indicates that in similar situations truck drivers are very seldom cited, since the responsibility for a violation is usually determined to lie with the owner, lessee or bailee. The officer may direct that a combination of vehicles so found or operated proceed by the most direct route to a permitted route or return to a permitted route by making use of the route already traversed. Current practice requires the driver to proceed over the route already traversed even though it may be safer for the driver to proceed more directly to a permitted route.

The bill also increases the fine for false dispatch papers from \$100 to $\$ 300$.

This bill would serve to clarify that a separate offense and penalty exists for tractor-trailers that violate the recently adopted regulations (N.J.A.C.16:32) designating certain routes in the State where only certain classes of commercial motor vehicles are permitted to operate.


## FISCAL IMPACT

The fines for which this bill provides are new, so that there is no experience on which to base an estimate of the amount of revenue that
those fines will generate. The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) believes, however, that the amount of such revenue will not be large.

As with other fines levied under Title 39 (Motor Vehicles and Traffic Regulation), the disposition of revenue from fines levied under this legislation will depend upon which law enforcement agency it is whose representative cites the vehicle operator, owner or other person charged with committing the offense. If the citation is made by a member of the State Police, the entire amount of the fine is paid to the State. If the citation is made by a member of a local police force, onehalf of the fine is paid to the State and the other half is disposed to the local jurisdiction in which the offense occurred.

## GOVERNOR SIGNS LEGISLATION ESTABLISHING PENALTIES FOR INTERSTATE TRUCKERS ON LOCAL ROADS

Gov. Christie Whitman today signed legislation, which establishes penalties for interstate truckers who operate their vehicles on routes not permitted under New Jersey regulations that were called for by the Governor last summer.
"Our regulations are designed to protect the public by ensuring that interstate truck traffic remains on the system best suited for interstate travel. There is no reason that a large interstate truck that is not making a pickup or delivery in New Jersey should travel a small highway not designed for that purpose," the Governor said.
"The legislation provides for fines that are the toughest in the nation for these offenses and it sends the message that we are prepared to punish those who violate our regulations and affect the quality of life in our communities by illegally traveling on neighborhood roads and streets," she said.

Gov. Whitman called for the regulations to prohibit large interstate trucks from using state and county roadways as through routes or short cuts between National Network Highways. Under the regulations, large interstate trucks that are not making deliveries or pickups in New Jersey are directed to use highways that are a part of the National Network.

The National Network is a system of highways specifically identified as appropriate for use by large interstate trucks. The National Network is primarily comprised of interstate highways.

While interstate trucks are prohibited from using roads that are not a part of the National Network, nothing in the regulations prohibits trucks that are making deliveries on non-network highways from using those roads for delivery or other commercial purposes.

Under the legislation, violators of the regulations will be subject to a fine of up to $\$ 400$ for a first offense; up to $\$ 700$ for a second offense and up to $\$ 1,000$ fine for all subsequent offenses.

The legislation, A-3540, was sponsored by Assembly Member Leonard Lance (R-Warren/Hunterdon /Mercer) and Senators William E. Schluter (R-Warren/Hunterdon/Mercer) and Andrew R. Ciesla (RMonmouth/Ocean).


[^0]:    EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not

