30:4-123.54

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECK

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LAWS	DF: 1999	CHAPTER:	304	
NJSA:	30:4-123.54	30:4-123.54 (Parole hearings – victim may submit videotape)		
BILL NO	D : A2144			
SPONSOR(S): Holzapfel and Crecco				
DATE INTRODUCED: June 1, 1998				
COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Law and Public Safety				
	SEN	ATE: Law an	d Public Safety	
AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: No				
DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: October 29, 1998				
		SENATE:	December 6, 1999	
DATE OF APPROVAL: December 29, 1999				
FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:				
FINAL TEXT OF BILL: Original (Amendments during passage denoted by superscript numbers				
SPONSORS STATEMENT: (Begins on page 6 of original bill) Yes				Yes
(COMMITTEE STAT	EMENT:	ASSEMBLY:	Yes
		le	SENATE: dentical to Assembly Con	Yes nmittee Statement for A2144
F	FLOOR AMENDME	NT STATEMENTS	3 :	No
I	LEGISLATIVE FISC	AL ESTIMATE:		No
١	VETO MESSAGE:			No
<u>(</u>	GOVERNOR'S PRE	SS RELEASE ON	SIGNING:	Yes
FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED: To check for circulating copies, contact New Jersey State Government Publications at the State Library (609278-2640 ext. 103 or refdeskp@njstatelib.org				
F	REPORTS:			No
	HEARINGS:			No
		CLES:		Yes
	"Victim can testify by video at parole review," 12-30-99, <u>The Record</u> (Hackensack), p. A3.			

"New law allows crime victims relatives...parole hearings," 12-30-99, The Press (of Atlantic City), p. A1

"Bill permits victims' video," 12-30-99, <u>Home News Tribune</u> (East Brunswick), p. A3

"Video statements signed into law," 12-30-99, Courier News, p. A3.

P.L. 1999, CHAPTER 304, *approved December 29, 1999* Assembly, No. 2144

1 AN ACT concerning the participation of victims of crime in parole 2 hearings and amending P.L.1979, c.441. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. Section 10 of P.L.1979, c.441 (C.30:4-123.54) is amended to 8 read as follows: 9 10. a. At least 120 days but not more than 180 days prior to the 10 parole eligibility date of each adult inmate, a report concerning the 11 inmate shall be filed with the appropriate board panel, by the staff members designated by the superintendent or other chief executive 12 officer of the institution in which the inmate is held. 13 14 b. (1) The report filed pursuant to subsection a. shall contain preincarceration records of the inmate, including any history of civil 15 commitment, any disposition which arose out of any charges 16 17 suspended pursuant to N.J.S.2C:4-6 including records of the 18 disposition of those charges and any acquittals by reason of insanity pursuant to N.J.S.2C:4-1, state the conduct of the inmate during the 19 current period of confinement, include a complete report on the 20 21 inmate's social and physical condition, include an investigation by the 22 Bureau of Parole of the inmate's parole plans, and present information 23 bearing upon the likelihood that the inmate will commit a crime under 24 the laws of this State if released on parole. The report shall also 25 include a complete psychological evaluation of the inmate in any case in which the inmate was convicted of a first or second degree crime 26 involving [violent] violence and: 27 28 (a) the inmate has a prior acquittal by reason of insanity pursuant 29 to N.J.S.2C:4-1 or had charges suspended pursuant to N.J.S.2C:4-6; 30 or 31 (b) the inmate has a prior conviction for murder pursuant to 32 N.J.S.2C:11-3, aggravated sexual assault or sexual assault pursuant to 33 N.J.S.2C:14-2, kidnapping pursuant to N.J.S.2C:13-1, endangering the 34 welfare of a child which would constitute a crime of the second degree pursuant to N.J.S.2C:24-4, or stalking which would constitute a crime 35 of the third degree pursuant to P.L.1992, c.209 (C.2C:12-10); or 36 37 (c) the inmate has a prior diagnosis of psychosis. The inmate shall disclose any information concerning any history of 38 39 civil commitment. 40 The preincarceration records of the inmate contained in the report 41 shall include any psychological reports prepared in connection with

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in **bold-faced brackets** [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

1 any court proceedings. 2 (2) At the time of sentencing, the prosecutor shall notify any victim 3 injured as a result of a crime of the first or second degree or the 4 nearest relative of a murder victim of the opportunity to present a 5 written or videotaped statement for the parole report to be considered at the parole hearing or to testify to the parole board concerning his 6 harm at the time of the parole hearing. Each victim or relative shall be 7 8 responsible for notifying the board of his intention to submit such a 9 statement and to provide an appropriate mailing address.

10 The report may include a written or videotaped statement 11 concerning the continuing nature and extent of any physical harm or 12 psychological or emotional harm or trauma suffered by the victim, the 13 extent of any loss of earnings or ability to work suffered by the victim 14 and the continuing effect of the crime upon the victim's family. At the 15 time public notice is given that an inmate is being considered for parole pursuant to this section, the board shall also notify any victim 16 17 or nearest relative who has previously contacted the board of the 18 availability to provide a <u>written or videotaped</u> statement for inclusion 19 in the parole report or to present testimony at the parole hearing.

The board shall notify such person at his last known mailing address.

c. A copy of the report filed pursuant to subsection a. of this
section, excepting those documents which have been classified as
confidential pursuant to rules and regulations of the board or the
Department of Corrections, shall be served on the inmate at the time
it is filed with the board panel. The inmate may file with the board
panel a written statement regarding the report, but shall do so within
105 days prior to the primary parole eligibility date.

29 d. Upon receipt of the public notice pursuant to section 1 of 30 P.L.1979, c.441 (C.30:4-123.45), a county prosecutor may request 31 from the parole board a copy of the report on any adult inmate 32 prepared pursuant to subsection a. of this section, which shall be 33 expeditiously forwarded to the county prosecutor by the parole board by mail, courier, or other means of delivery. Upon receipt of the 34 35 report, the prosecutor has 10 working days to review the report and 36 notify the parole board of the prosecutor's comments, if any, or notify 37 the parole board of the prosecutor's intent to provide comments. If 38 the county prosecutor does not provide comments or notify the parole 39 board of the prosecutor's intent to provide comments within the 10 40 working days, the parole board may presume that the prosecutor does 41 not wish to provide comments and may proceed with the parole 42 consideration. Any comments provided by a county prosecutor shall 43 be delivered to the parole board by the same method by which the 44 county prosecutor received the report. The confidentiality of the 45 contents in a report which are classified as confidential shall be 46 maintained and shall not be disclosed to any person who is not authorized to receive or review a copy of the report containing the
 confidential information.

3 e. Any provision of this section to the contrary notwithstanding,

4 the board shall by rule or regulation modify the scope of the required

5 reports and time periods for rendering such reports with reference to

- 6 county penal institutions.
- 7 (cf: P.L.1997, c.217, s.1)
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9 2. Section 11 of P.L.1979, c.441 (C.30:4-123.55) is amended to 10 read as follows:

11 11. a. Prior to the parole eligibility date of each adult inmate, a 12 designated hearing officer shall review the reports required by section 13 10 of P.L.1979, c.441 (C.30:4-123.54), and shall determine whether 14 there is a basis for denial of parole in the preparole report, any risk 15 assessment prepared in accordance with the provisions of subsection 16 e. of section 8 of P.L.1979, c.441 (C.30:4-123.52), or the inmate's 17 statement, or an indication, reduced to writing, that additional 18 information providing a basis for denial of parole would be developed 19 or produced at a hearing. If the hearing officer determines that there 20 is no basis in the preparole report, the risk assessment, or the inmate's 21 statement for denial of parole and that there is no additional relevant 22 information to be developed or produced at a hearing, he shall at least 23 60 days prior to the inmate's parole eligibility date recommend in 24 writing to the assigned member of the board panel that parole release 25 be granted.

26 b. If the assigned member of the board panel or in the case of an 27 inmate sentenced to a county penal institution, the assigned member 28 concurs in the hearing officer's recommendation, he shall certify parole 29 release pursuant to section 15 of P.L.1979, c.441 (C.30:4-123.59) as 30 soon as practicable after the eligibility date and so notify the inmate 31 and the board. In the case of an inmate sentenced to a county penal 32 institution the board shall certify parole release or deny parole as 33 provided by this section, except with regard to time periods for notice 34 and parole processing which are authorized by or otherwise adopted pursuant to subsection g. of section 7 of P.L.1979, c.441 35 (C.30:4-123.51). If the designated hearing officer does not 36 37 recommend release on parole or if the assigned member does not 38 concur in a recommendation of the designated hearing officer in favor 39 of release, then the parole release of an inmate in a county penal 40 institution shall be treated under the provisions of law otherwise 41 applicable to an adult inmate. In the case of an inmate sentenced to a 42 county penal institution, the performance of public service for the 43 remainder of the term of the sentence shall be a required condition of 44 parole, where appropriate.

45 c. If the hearing officer or the assigned member determines that46 there is a basis for denial of parole, or that a hearing is otherwise

1 necessary, the hearing officer or assigned member shall notify the 2 appropriate board panel and the inmate in writing of his determination, 3 and of a date for a parole consideration hearing. The board panel shall 4 notify the victim of the crime, if the crime for which the inmate is 5 incarcerated was a crime of the first or second degree, or the victim's 6 nearest relative if the crime was murder, as appropriate, who was 7 previously contacted by the board and who has indicated his intention 8 to the board to testify at the hearing, of the opportunity to testify or 9 submit written or videotaped statements at the hearing. Said hearing 10 shall be conducted by the appropriate board panel at least 30 days 11 prior to the eligibility date. At the hearing, which shall be informal, 12 the board panel shall receive as evidence any relevant and reliable 13 documents or videotaped or in person testimony, including that of the 14 victim of the crime or the members of the family of a murder victim if 15 the victim or a family member so desires. If a victim of a crime or the relative of a murder victim chooses not to testify personally at the 16 17 hearing, the victim or relative may elect to present testimony to a 18 senior hearing officer designated by the board panel. The senior 19 hearing officer shall notify the victim of the right to have this 20 testimony videotaped. The senior hearing officer shall prepare a report [or a], transcript <u>or videotape, if applicable</u>, of the testimony 21 22 for presentation to the board panel at the hearing. All such evidence 23 not classified as confidential pursuant to rules and regulations of the 24 board or the Department of Corrections shall be disclosed to the 25 inmate and the inmate shall be permitted to rebut such evidence and to present evidence on his own behalf. The decision of the board panel 26 27 shall be based solely on the evidence presented at the hearing.

28 d. At the conclusion of the parole consideration hearing, the board 29 panel shall either (1) certify the parole release of the inmate pursuant to section 15 of this act as soon as practicable after the eligibility date 30 31 and so notify the inmate and the board, or (2) deny parole and file with 32 the board within 30 days of the hearing a statement setting forth the 33 decision, the particular reasons therefor, except information classified 34 as confidential pursuant to rules and regulations of the board or the 35 Department of Corrections, a copy of which statement shall be served 36 upon the inmate together with notice of his right to appeal to the 37 board.

e. Upon request by the hearing officer or the inmate, the time
limitations contained in section 10 of P.L.1979, c.441 (C.30:4-123.54)
and this section may be waived by the appropriate board panel for
good cause.

f. Notwithstanding the provision of any other law to the contrary,
if an inmate incarcerated for murder is recommended for parole by the
assigned board member or the appropriate board panel, parole shall
not be certified until a majority of the full parole board, after
conducting a hearing, concurs in that recommendation. The board

shall notify the victim's family of that hearing and family members shall 1 2 be afforded the opportunity to testify in person or to submit written or 3 videotaped statements. The provisions of this subsection shall not 4 apply to an inmate who has his parole revoked and is returned to 5 custody pursuant to the provisions of section 19 of P.L.1979, c.441 6 (C.30:4-123.63). 7 (cf: P.L.1997, c.217, s.3) 8 9 3. This act shall take effect immediately. 10 11 **STATEMENT** 12 13 14 This bill would permit victims of serious crimes or the nearest 15 relative of a murder victim to submit videotaped statements for inclusion in parole reports considered at parole hearings. The bill also 16 17 would permit victims or relatives who choose not to testify in person 18 at a parole hearing to have testimony that they present to a senior 19 hearing officer videotaped for presentation at the hearing. 20 Current law permits victims of first or second-degree crimes, or the 21 nearest relative of a murder victim, to submit a written statement for 22 inclusion in an inmate's parole report. The statement may describe the 23 nature and extent of the physical or emotional harm and loss of earnings caused by the inmate's crime and the effect of the crime on 24 the victim's family. The board panel considers the contents of the 25 26 report at the parole hearing. 27 These victims also may testify in person at the parole hearing under 28 current law. Testimony provided at the hearing is confidential. 29 Victims who prefer not to attend the hearing for fear of encountering the inmate are offered the option of presenting testimony to a senior 30 31 hearing officer. The officer is required to prepare a report or 32 transcript of this testimony for presentation at the hearing. 33 34 35 36 37 Permits victims to submit videotaped statements for use in parole 38 hearings.

ASSEMBLY, No. 2144 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 208th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JUNE 1, 1998

Sponsored by: Assemblyman JAMES W. HOLZAPFEL District 10 (Monmouth and Ocean) Assemblywoman MARION CRECCO District 34 (Essex and Passaic)

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblymen Azzolina, Corodemus, Talarico and Assemblywoman Watson Coleman

SYNOPSIS

Permits victims to submit videotaped statements for use in parole hearings.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 10/30/1998)

AN ACT concerning the participation of victims of crime in parole
 hearings and amending P.L.1979, c.441.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
of New Jersey:

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3

7 1. Section 10 of P.L.1979, c.441 (C.30:4-123.54) is amended to8 read as follows:

9 10. a. At least 120 days but not more than 180 days prior to the 10 parole eligibility date of each adult inmate, a report concerning the 11 inmate shall be filed with the appropriate board panel, by the staff 12 members designated by the superintendent or other chief executive 13 officer of the institution in which the inmate is held.

14 b. (1) The report filed pursuant to subsection a. shall contain 15 preincarceration records of the inmate, including any history of civil commitment, any disposition which arose out of any charges 16 17 suspended pursuant to N.J.S.2C:4-6 including records of the 18 disposition of those charges and any acquittals by reason of insanity pursuant to N.J.S.2C:4-1, state the conduct of the inmate during the 19 20 current period of confinement, include a complete report on the 21 inmate's social and physical condition, include an investigation by the 22 Bureau of Parole of the inmate's parole plans, and present information 23 bearing upon the likelihood that the inmate will commit a crime under 24 the laws of this State if released on parole. The report shall also 25 include a complete psychological evaluation of the inmate in any case in which the inmate was convicted of a first or second degree crime 26 27 involving [violent] violence and:

(a) the inmate has a prior acquittal by reason of insanity pursuant
to N.J.S.2C:4-1 or had charges suspended pursuant to N.J.S.2C:4-6;
or

(b) the inmate has a prior conviction for murder pursuant to
N.J.S.2C:11-3, aggravated sexual assault or sexual assault pursuant to
N.J.S.2C:14-2, kidnapping pursuant to N.J.S.2C:13-1, endangering the
welfare of a child which would constitute a crime of the second degree
pursuant to N.J.S.2C:24-4, or stalking which would constitute a crime
of the third degree pursuant to P.L.1992, c.209 (C.2C:12-10); or

37 (c) the inmate has a prior diagnosis of psychosis.

The inmate shall disclose any information concerning any history ofcivil commitment.

40 The preincarceration records of the inmate contained in the report 41 shall include any psychological reports prepared in connection with

42 any court proceedings.

43 (2) At the time of sentencing, the prosecutor shall notify any victim

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in **bold-faced brackets** [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

injured as a result of a crime of the first or second degree or the
nearest relative of a murder victim of the opportunity to present a
written or videotaped statement for the parole report to be considered
at the parole hearing or to testify to the parole board concerning his
harm at the time of the parole hearing. Each victim or relative shall be
responsible for notifying the board of his intention to submit such a
statement and to provide an appropriate mailing address.

8 The report may include a written or videotaped statement 9 concerning the continuing nature and extent of any physical harm or 10 psychological or emotional harm or trauma suffered by the victim, the extent of any loss of earnings or ability to work suffered by the victim 11 12 and the continuing effect of the crime upon the victim's family. At the 13 time public notice is given that an inmate is being considered for 14 parole pursuant to this section, the board shall also notify any victim 15 or nearest relative who has previously contacted the board of the availability to provide a <u>written or videotaped</u> statement for inclusion 16 17 in the parole report or to present testimony at the parole hearing.

18 The board shall notify such person at his last known mailing19 address.

c. A copy of the report filed pursuant to subsection a. of this
section, excepting those documents which have been classified as
confidential pursuant to rules and regulations of the board or the
Department of Corrections, shall be served on the inmate at the time
it is filed with the board panel. The inmate may file with the board
panel a written statement regarding the report, but shall do so within
105 days prior to the primary parole eligibility date.

27 Upon receipt of the public notice pursuant to section 1 of d. 28 P.L.1979, c.441 (C.30:4-123.45), a county prosecutor may request 29 from the parole board a copy of the report on any adult inmate 30 prepared pursuant to subsection a. of this section, which shall be 31 expeditiously forwarded to the county prosecutor by the parole board 32 by mail, courier, or other means of delivery. Upon receipt of the 33 report, the prosecutor has 10 working days to review the report and 34 notify the parole board of the prosecutor's comments, if any, or notify the parole board of the prosecutor's intent to provide comments. If 35 36 the county prosecutor does not provide comments or notify the parole 37 board of the prosecutor's intent to provide comments within the 10 38 working days, the parole board may presume that the prosecutor does 39 not wish to provide comments and may proceed with the parole 40 consideration. Any comments provided by a county prosecutor shall 41 be delivered to the parole board by the same method by which the 42 county prosecutor received the report. The confidentiality of the 43 contents in a report which are classified as confidential shall be 44 maintained and shall not be disclosed to any person who is not 45 authorized to receive or review a copy of the report containing the confidential information. 46

1 e. Any provision of this section to the contrary notwithstanding, 2 the board shall by rule or regulation modify the scope of the required 3 reports and time periods for rendering such reports with reference to 4 county penal institutions. (cf: P.L.1997, c.217, s.1) 5 6 7 2. Section 11 of P.L.1979, c.441 (C.30:4-123.55) is amended to 8 read as follows: 9 11. a. Prior to the parole eligibility date of each adult inmate, a 10 designated hearing officer shall review the reports required by section 11 10 of P.L.1979, c.441 (C.30:4-123.54), and shall determine whether 12 there is a basis for denial of parole in the preparole report, any risk 13 assessment prepared in accordance with the provisions of subsection 14 e. of section 8 of P.L.1979, c.441 (C.30:4-123.52), or the inmate's 15 statement, or an indication, reduced to writing, that additional information providing a basis for denial of parole would be developed 16 or produced at a hearing. If the hearing officer determines that there 17 18 is no basis in the preparole report, the risk assessment, or the inmate's 19 statement for denial of parole and that there is no additional relevant 20 information to be developed or produced at a hearing, he shall at least 21 60 days prior to the inmate's parole eligibility date recommend in 22 writing to the assigned member of the board panel that parole release 23 be granted. 24 b. If the assigned member of the board panel or in the case of an 25 inmate sentenced to a county penal institution, the assigned member 26 concurs in the hearing officer's recommendation, he shall certify parole 27 release pursuant to section 15 of P.L.1979, c.441 (C.30:4-123.59) as 28 soon as practicable after the eligibility date and so notify the inmate

29 and the board. In the case of an inmate sentenced to a county penal institution the board shall certify parole release or deny parole as 30 31 provided by this section, except with regard to time periods for notice 32 and parole processing which are authorized by or otherwise adopted pursuant to subsection g. of section 7 of P.L.1979, c.441 33 34 (C.30:4-123.51). If the designated hearing officer does not recommend release on parole or if the assigned member does not 35 36 concur in a recommendation of the designated hearing officer in favor 37 of release, then the parole release of an inmate in a county penal 38 institution shall be treated under the provisions of law otherwise 39 applicable to an adult inmate. In the case of an inmate sentenced to a 40 county penal institution, the performance of public service for the 41 remainder of the term of the sentence shall be a required condition of 42 parole, where appropriate.

c. If the hearing officer or the assigned member determines that
there is a basis for denial of parole, or that a hearing is otherwise
necessary, the hearing officer or assigned member shall notify the
appropriate board panel and the inmate in writing of his determination,

1 and of a date for a parole consideration hearing. The board panel shall 2 notify the victim of the crime, if the crime for which the inmate is 3 incarcerated was a crime of the first or second degree, or the victim's 4 nearest relative if the crime was murder, as appropriate, who was previously contacted by the board and who has indicated his intention 5 6 to the board to testify at the hearing, of the opportunity to testify or submit written or videotaped statements at the hearing. Said hearing 7 8 shall be conducted by the appropriate board panel at least 30 days 9 prior to the eligibility date. At the hearing, which shall be informal, 10 the board panel shall receive as evidence any relevant and reliable 11 documents or videotaped or in person testimony, including that of the 12 victim of the crime or the members of the family of a murder victim if 13 the victim or a family member so desires. If a victim of a crime or the 14 relative of a murder victim chooses not to testify personally at the 15 hearing, the victim or relative may elect to present testimony to a senior hearing officer designated by the board panel. The senior 16 17 hearing officer shall notify the victim of the right to have this 18 testimony videotaped. The senior hearing officer shall prepare a 19 report [or a], transcript <u>or videotape</u>, if <u>applicable</u>, of the testimony 20 for presentation to the board panel at the hearing. All such evidence 21 not classified as confidential pursuant to rules and regulations of the 22 board or the Department of Corrections shall be disclosed to the 23 inmate and the inmate shall be permitted to rebut such evidence and to 24 present evidence on his own behalf. The decision of the board panel 25 shall be based solely on the evidence presented at the hearing.

d. At the conclusion of the parole consideration hearing, the board 26 27 panel shall either (1) certify the parole release of the inmate pursuant 28 to section 15 of this act as soon as practicable after the eligibility date 29 and so notify the inmate and the board, or (2) deny parole and file with 30 the board within 30 days of the hearing a statement setting forth the 31 decision, the particular reasons therefor, except information classified 32 as confidential pursuant to rules and regulations of the board or the 33 Department of Corrections, a copy of which statement shall be served 34 upon the inmate together with notice of his right to appeal to the 35 board.

e. Upon request by the hearing officer or the inmate, the time
limitations contained in section 10 of P.L.1979, c.441 (C.30:4-123.54)
and this section may be waived by the appropriate board panel for
good cause.

f. Notwithstanding the provision of any other law to the contrary, if an inmate incarcerated for murder is recommended for parole by the assigned board member or the appropriate board panel, parole shall not be certified until a majority of the full parole board, after conducting a hearing, concurs in that recommendation. The board shall notify the victim's family of that hearing and family members shall be afforded the opportunity to testify in person or to submit written or

A2144 HOLZAPFEL, CRECCO

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1 videotaped statements. The provisions of this subsection shall not 2 apply to an inmate who has his parole revoked and is returned to 3 custody pursuant to the provisions of section 19 of P.L.1979, c.441 4 (C.30:4-123.63). (cf: P.L.1997, c.217, s.3) 5 6 7 3. This act shall take effect immediately. 8 9 10 **STATEMENT** 11 This bill would permit victims of serious crimes or the nearest 12 relative of a murder victim to submit videotaped statements for 13 14 inclusion in parole reports considered at parole hearings. The bill also 15 would permit victims or relatives who choose not to testify in person at a parole hearing to have testimony that they present to a senior 16 hearing officer videotaped for presentation at the hearing. 17 Current law permits victims of first or second-degree crimes, or the 18 19 nearest relative of a murder victim, to submit a written statement for inclusion in an inmate's parole report. The statement may describe the 20 21 nature and extent of the physical or emotional harm and loss of 22 earnings caused by the inmate's crime and the effect of the crime on the victim's family. The board panel considers the contents of the 23 report at the parole hearing. 24 25 These victims also may testify in person at the parole hearing under 26 current law. Testimony provided at the hearing is confidential. 27 Victims who prefer not to attend the hearing for fear of encountering 28 the inmate are offered the option of presenting testimony to a senior 29 hearing officer. The officer is required to prepare a report or

30 transcript of this testimony for presentation at the hearing.

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 2144

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: SEPTEMBER 14, 1998

The Assembly Law and Public Safety Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 2144.

Assembly Bill No. 2144 permits victims of first or second-degree crimes or the nearest relative of a murder victim to submit videotaped statements for inclusion in parole reports considered at parole hearings. The bill also permits victims or relatives who choose not to testify in person at a parole hearing to have testimony that they present to a senior hearing officer videotaped for presentation at the hearing.

Section 10 of P.L.1979, c.441 (C.30:4-123.54) currently permits these victims or relatives to submit a written statement for inclusion in an inmate's parole report. This statement may describe the nature and extent of the physical or emotional harm and loss of earnings or ability to work suffered by the victim due to the inmate's crime and the continuing effect of the crime on the victim's family.

Section 11 of P.L.1979, c.441 (C.30:4-123.55) provides these victims and relatives with the option of presenting testimony to a senior hearing officer rather than testifying in person at a parole hearing. The officer is required to prepare a report or transcript of this testimony for presentation at the hearing.

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 2144

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JANUARY 25, 1999

The Senate Law and Public Safety Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 2144.

Assembly Bill No. 2144 permits victims of first or second-degree crimes or the nearest relative of a murder victim to submit videotaped statements for inclusion in parole reports considered at parole hearings. The bill also permits victims or relatives who choose not to testify in person at a parole hearing to have testimony that they present to a senior hearing officer videotaped for presentation at the hearing.

Section 10 of P.L.1979, c.441 (C.30:4-123.54) currently permits these victims or relatives to submit a written statement for inclusion in an inmate's parole report. This statement may describe the nature and extent of the physical or emotional harm and loss of earnings or ability to work suffered by the victim due to the inmate's crime and the continuing effect of the crime on the victim's family.

Section 11 of P.L.1979, c.441 (C.30:4-123.55) provides these victims and relatives with the option of presenting testimony to a senior hearing officer rather than testifying in person at a parole hearing. The officer is required to prepare a report or transcript of this testimony for presentation at the hearing.

PO BOX 004 TRENTON, NJ 08625

Office of the Governor **NEWS RELEASE**

CONTACT: Steffanie Bell 609-777-2600 Rae Hutton (Office of Senate President) (609) 292-5199

RELEASE: December 29, 1999

Acting Governor Donald DiFrancesco Signs Bill Permitting Victims to Give Videotaped Statements at Parole Hearings

Acting Governor Donald DiFrancesco today signed legislation at the Ocean County Prosecutor's Office that will allow victims of serious crimes to give videotaped statements for airing at parole hearings.

"This new law will provide victims and families with an additional tool by which to demonstrate to the Parole Board Panel the impact that a crime has had on them personally or on the victim's family," said Acting Governor Donald DiFrancesco. "As we all know, there are some emotions, thoughts and ideas that are best conveyed through the spoken medium, and now victims and their families will truly be able to have their voices heard."

Under previous law, victims of first and second degree crimes and family members of murder victims were able to give a statement to the Parole Board regarding how the crime has impacted their lives. While the law did not specifically permit videotaped statements, the Parole Board has allowed such actions in the past.

Meanwhile the bill does not impact on the rights of defendants, who can still dispute the victim's statement at the hearing.

The legislation, **A-2144**, was sponsored by Assembly Members James W. Holzapfel (R-Monmouth/Ocean) and Marion Crecco (R-Essex/Passaic).