### 2C:39-1

#### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECK

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**LAWS OF: 1999 CHAPTER: 233** 

NJSA: 2C:39-1 (Trigger locks)

BILL NO: A2826 (Substituted for S1686)

SPONSOR(S): Holzapfel

**DATE INTRODUCED**: January 25, 1999

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Law & Public Safety

**SENATE:** Law & Public Safety

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

**DATE OF PASSAGE:** ASSEMBLY: June 24, 1999

**SENATE:** September 30, 1999

**DATE OF APPROVAL:** October 12, 1999

FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL: Assembly Committee Substitute

(Amendments during passage denoted by superscript numbers)

A2826

**SPONSORS STATEMENT**: (Begins on page 9 of original bill)

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: <u>ASSEMBLY</u>: <u>Yes</u>

**SENATE**: Yes

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

S1686

**SPONSORS STATEMENT**: (Begins on page 9 of original bill)

Yes

Bill and Sponsor Statement Identical to A2826

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: No.

**SENATE**: Yes

Identical to Senate Statement for A2826

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

VETO MESSAGE: No

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING: Yes

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### P.L.1999, CHAPTER 233, approved October 12, 1999

## Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly, No. 2826

AN ACT concerning the sale of handguns, supplementing chapter 58 of Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes, amending N.J.S.2C:39-1, N.J.S.2C:39-3, N.J.S.2C:39-9, N.J.S.2C:39-10 and N.J.S.2C:58-2,

4 and making an appropriation.

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**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. N.J.S.2C:39-1 is amended to read as follows:
- 2C:39-1. Definitions. The following definitions apply to this chapter and to chapter 58:
- 12 a. "Antique firearm" means any [firearm] rifle or shotgun and 13 "antique cannon" means a destructive device defined in paragraph (3) of subsection c. of this section, if the [firearm] rifle, shotgun or 14 15 destructive device, as the case may be, is incapable of being fired or 16 discharged, or which does not fire fixed ammunition, regardless of date of manufacture, or was manufactured before 1898 for which 17 18 cartridge ammunition is not commercially available, and is possessed 19 as a curiosity or ornament or for its historical significance or value.
  - b. "Deface" means to remove, deface, cover, alter or destroy the name of the maker, model designation, manufacturer's serial number or any other distinguishing identification mark or number on any firearm.
- c. "Destructive device" means any device, instrument or object 24 25 designed to explode or produce uncontrolled combustion, including 26 (1) any explosive or incendiary bomb, mine or grenade; (2) any rocket 27 having a propellant charge of more than four ounces or any missile having an explosive or incendiary charge of more than one-quarter of 28 29 an ounce; (3) any weapon capable of firing a projectile of a caliber 30 greater than 60 caliber, except a shotgun or shotgun ammunition 31 generally recognized as suitable for sporting purposes; (4) any 32 Molotov cocktail or other device consisting of a breakable container 33 containing flammable liquid and having a wick or similar device capable of being ignited. The term does not include any device 34 35 manufactured for the purpose of illumination, distress signaling, line-throwing, safety or similar purposes. 36
- d. "Dispose of" means to give, give away, lease, loan, keep for sale, offer, offer for sale, sell, transfer, or otherwise transfer possession.

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

- 1 e. "Explosive" means any chemical compound or mixture that is 2 commonly used or is possessed for the purpose of producing an 3 explosion and which contains any oxidizing and combustible materials 4 or other ingredients in such proportions, quantities or packing that an 5 ignition by fire, by friction, by concussion or by detonation of any part 6 of the compound or mixture may cause such a sudden generation of 7 highly heated gases that the resultant gaseous pressures are capable of 8 producing destructive effects on contiguous objects. The term shall 9 not include small arms ammunition, or explosives in the form 10 prescribed by the official United States Pharmacopoeia.
- 11 f. "Firearm" means any handgun, rifle, shotgun, machine gun, 12 automatic or semi-automatic rifle, or any gun, device or instrument in 13 the nature of a weapon from which may be fired or ejected any solid 14 projectable ball, slug, pellet, missile or bullet, or any gas, vapor or 15 other noxious thing, by means of a cartridge or shell or by the action of an explosive or the igniting of flammable or explosive substances. 16 17 It shall also include, without limitation, any firearm which is in the 18 nature of an air gun, spring gun or pistol or other weapon of a similar 19 nature in which the propelling force is a spring, elastic band, carbon 20 dioxide, compressed or other gas or vapor, air or compressed air, or 21 is ignited by compressed air, and ejecting a bullet or missile smaller 22 than three-eighths of an inch in diameter, with sufficient force to injure 23 a person.
  - g. "Firearm silencer" means any instrument, attachment, weapon or appliance for causing the firing of any gun, revolver, pistol or other firearm to be silent, or intended to lessen or muffle the noise of the firing of any gun, revolver, pistol or other firearm.

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- h. "Gravity knife" means any knife which has a blade which is released from the handle or sheath thereof by the force of gravity or the application of centrifugal force.
- i. "Machine gun" means any firearm, mechanism or instrument not requiring that the trigger be pressed for each shot and having a reservoir, belt or other means of storing and carrying ammunition which can be loaded into the firearm, mechanism or instrument and fired therefrom.
- j. "Manufacturer" means any person who receives or obtains raw materials or parts and processes them into firearms or finished parts of firearms, except a person who exclusively processes grips, stocks and other nonmetal parts of firearms. The term does not include a person who repairs existing firearms or receives new and used raw materials or parts solely for the repair of existing firearms.
- 42 k. "Handgun" means any pistol, revolver or other firearm 43 originally designed or manufactured to be fired by the use of a single 44 hand.
- 1. "Retail dealer" means any person including a gunsmith, except a manufacturer or a wholesale dealer, who sells, transfers or assigns

for a fee or profit any firearm or parts of firearms or ammunition which he has purchased or obtained with the intention, or for the purpose, of reselling or reassigning to persons who are reasonably understood to be the ultimate consumers, and includes any person who is engaged in the business of repairing firearms or who sells any firearm to satisfy a debt secured by the pledge of a firearm.

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- m. "Rifle" means any firearm designed to be fired from the shoulder and using the energy of the explosive in a fixed metallic cartridge to fire a single projectile through a rifled bore for each single pull of the trigger.
- n. "Shotgun" means any firearm designed to be fired from the shoulder and using the energy of the explosive in a fixed shotgun shell to fire through a smooth bore either a number of ball shots or a single projectile for each pull of the trigger, or any firearm designed to be fired from the shoulder which does not fire fixed ammunition.
- o. "Sawed-off shotgun" means any shotgun having a barrel or barrels of less than 18 inches in length measured from the breech to the muzzle, or a rifle having a barrel or barrels of less than 16 inches in length measured from the breech to the muzzle, or any firearm made from a rifle or a shotgun, whether by alteration, or otherwise, if such firearm as modified has an overall length of less than 26 inches.
- p. "Switchblade knife" means any knife or similar device which has a blade which opens automatically by hand pressure applied to a button, spring or other device in the handle of the knife.
  - q. "Superintendent" means the Superintendent of the State Police.
- r. "Weapon" means anything readily capable of lethal use or of 26 27 inflicting serious bodily injury. The term includes, but is not limited 28 to, all (1) firearms, even though not loaded or lacking a clip or other 29 component to render them immediately operable; (2) components 30 which can be readily assembled into a weapon; (3) gravity knives, switchblade knives, daggers, dirks, stilettos, or other dangerous 31 32 knives, billies, blackjacks, bludgeons, metal knuckles, sandclubs, 33 slingshots, cesti or similar leather bands studded with metal filings or 34 razor blades imbedded in wood; and (4) stun guns; and any weapon or 35 other device which projects, releases, or emits tear gas or any other 36 substance intended to produce temporary physical discomfort or 37 permanent injury through being vaporized or otherwise dispensed in the air. 38
  - s. "Wholesale dealer" means any person, except a manufacturer, who sells, transfers, or assigns firearms, or parts of firearms, to persons who are reasonably understood not to be the ultimate consumers, and includes persons who receive finished parts of firearms and assemble them into completed or partially completed firearms, in furtherance of such purpose, except that it shall not include those persons dealing exclusively in grips, stocks and other nonmetal parts of firearms.

- t. "Stun gun" means any weapon or other device which emits an
- 2 electrical charge or current intended to temporarily or permanently
- 3 disable a person.
- 4 u. "Ballistic knife" means any weapon or other device capable of
- 5 lethal use and which can propel a knife blade.
- 6 v. "Imitation firearm" means an object or device reasonably
- 7 capable of being mistaken for a firearm.
- 8 w. "Assault firearm" means:
- 9 (1) The following firearms:
- 10 Algimec AGM1 type
- Any shotgun with a revolving cylinder such as the "Street
- 12 Sweeper" or "Striker 12"
- 13 Armalite AR-180 type
- 14 Australian Automatic Arms SAR
- 15 Avtomat Kalashnikov type semi-automatic firearms
- Beretta AR-70 and BM59 semi-automatic firearms
- 17 Bushmaster Assault Rifle
- 18 Calico M-900 Assault carbine and M-900
- 19 CETME G3
- 20 Chartered Industries of Singapore SR-88 type
- 21 Colt AR-15 and CAR-15 series
- 22 Daewoo K-1, K-2, Max 1 and Max 2, AR 100 types
- 23 Demro TAC-1 carbine type
- Encom MP-9 and MP-45 carbine types
- FAMAS MAS223 types
- FN-FAL, FN-LAR, or FN-FNC type semi-automatic firearms
- Franchi SPAS 12 and LAW 12 shotguns
- 28 G3SA type
- Galil type Heckler and Koch HK91, HK93, HK94, MP5, PSG-1
- Intratec TEC 9 and 22 semi-automatic firearms
- 31 M1 carbine type
- 32 M14S type
- MAC 10, MAC 11, MAC 11-9mm carbine type firearms
- 34 PJK M-68 carbine type
- 35 Plainfield Machine Company Carbine
- Ruger K-Mini-14/5F and Mini-14/5RF
- 37 SIG AMT, SIG 550SP, SIG 551SP, SIG PE-57 types
- 38 SKS with detachable magazine type
- 39 Spectre Auto carbine type
- 40 Springfield Armory BM59 and SAR-48 type
- 41 Sterling MK-6, MK-7 and SAR types
- 42 Steyr A.U.G. semi-automatic firearms
- 43 USAS 12 semi-automatic type shotgun
- 44 Uzi type semi-automatic firearms
- 45 Valmet M62, M71S, M76, or M78 type semi-automatic firearms
- Weaver Arm Nighthawk.

- 1 (2) Any firearm manufactured under any designation which is 2 substantially identical to any of the firearms listed above.
- 3 (3) A semi-automatic shotgun with either a magazine capacity 4 exceeding six rounds, a pistol grip, or a folding stock.
- 5 (4) A semi-automatic rifle with a fixed magazine capacity 6 exceeding 15 rounds.
- 7 (5) A part or combination of parts designed or intended to convert 8 a firearm into an assault firearm, or any combination of parts from 9 which an assault firearm may be readily assembled if those parts are in 10 the possession or under the control of the same person.
  - x. "Semi-automatic" means a firearm which fires a single projectile for each single pull of the trigger and is self-reloading or automatically chambers a round, cartridge, or bullet.
  - y. "Large capacity ammunition magazine" means a box, drum, tube or other container which is capable of holding more than 15 rounds of ammunition to be fed continuously and directly therefrom into a semi-automatic firearm.
  - z. "Pistol grip" means a well-defined handle, similar to that found on a handgun, that protrudes conspicuously beneath the action of the weapon, and which permits the shotgun to be held and fired with one hand
  - aa. "Antique handgun" means a handgun manufactured before 1898, or a replica thereof, which is recognized as being historical in nature or of historical significance and either (1) utilizes a match, friction, flint, or percussion ignition, or which utilizes a pin-fire cartridge in which the pin is part of the cartridge or (2) does not fire fixed ammunition or for which cartridge ammunition is not commercially available.
  - bb. "Trigger lock" means a commercially available device approved by the Superintendent of State Police which is operated with a key or combination lock that prevents a firearm from being discharged while the device is attached to the firearm. It may include, but need not be limited to, devices that obstruct the barrel or cylinder of the firearm, as well as devices that immobilize the trigger.

35 (cf: P.L.1990, c.32, s.1)

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- 2. N.J.S.2C:39-3 is amended to read as follows:
- 38 2C:39-3. Prohibited Weapons and Devices.
- a. Destructive devices. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any destructive device is guilty of a crime of the third degree.
- b. Sawed-off shotguns. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any sawed-off shotgun is guilty of a crime of the third degree.
- c. Silencers. Any person who knowingly has in his possession anyfirearm silencer is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.

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- d. Defaced firearms. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any firearm which has been defaced, except an antique firearm or an antique handgun, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- e. Certain weapons. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any gravity knife, switchblade knife, dagger, dirk, stiletto, billy, blackjack, metal knuckle, sandclub, slingshot, cestus or similar leather band studded with metal filings or razor blades imbedded in wood, ballistic knife, without any explainable lawful purpose, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- 11 f. Dum-dum or body armor penetrating bullets. (1) Any person, 12 other than a law enforcement officer or persons engaged in activities 13 pursuant to subsection f. of N.J.S.2C:39-6, who knowingly has in his 14 possession any hollow nose or dum-dum bullet, or (2) any person, 15 other than a collector of firearms or ammunition as curios or relics as defined in Title 18, United States Code, section 921 (a) (13) and has 16 17 in his possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License issued 18 by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms, who knowingly has 19 in his possession any body armor breaching or penetrating ammunition, 20 which means: (a) ammunition primarily designed for use in a handgun, 21 and (b) which is comprised of a bullet whose core or jacket, if the 22 jacket is thicker than .025 of an inch, is made of tungsten carbide, or 23 hard bronze, or other material which is harder than a rating of 72 or greater on the Rockwell B. Hardness Scale, and (c) is therefore 24 25 capable of breaching or penetrating body armor, is guilty of a crime of 26 the fourth degree. For purposes of this section, a collector may 27 possess not more than three examples of each distinctive variation of 28 the ammunition described above. A distinctive variation includes a 29 different head stamp, composition, design, or color.
- 30 g. Exceptions. (1) Nothing in subsection a., b., c., d., e., f., j. or 31 k. of this section shall apply to any member of the Armed Forces of the 32 United States or the National Guard, or except as otherwise provided, 33 to any law enforcement officer while actually on duty or traveling to 34 or from an authorized place of duty, provided that his possession of 35 the prohibited weapon or device has been duly authorized under the applicable laws, regulations or military or law enforcement orders. 36 37 Nothing in subsection h. of this section shall apply to any law 38 enforcement officer who is exempted from the provisions of that 39 subsection by the Attorney General. Nothing in this section shall apply 40 to the possession of any weapon or device by a law enforcement 41 officer who has confiscated, seized or otherwise taken possession of said weapon or device as evidence of the commission of a crime or 42 43 because he believed it to be possessed illegally by the person from 44 whom it was taken, provided that said law enforcement officer 45 promptly notifies his superiors of his possession of such prohibited 46 weapon or device.

- (2) Nothing in subsection f. (1) shall be construed to prevent a person from keeping such ammunition at his dwelling, premises or other land owned or possessed by him, or from carrying such ammunition from the place of purchase to said dwelling or land, nor shall subsection f. (1) be construed to prevent any licensed retail or wholesale firearms dealer from possessing such ammunition at its licensed premises, provided that the seller of any such ammunition shall maintain a record of the name, age and place of residence of any purchaser who is not a licensed dealer, together with the date of sale and quantity of ammunition sold.
- (3) Nothing in paragraph (2) of subsection f. or in subsection j. shall be construed to prevent any licensed retail or wholesale firearms dealer from possessing that ammunition or large capacity ammunition magazine at its licensed premises for sale or disposition to another licensed dealer, the Armed Forces of the United States or the National Guard, or to a law enforcement agency, provided that the seller maintains a record of any sale or disposition to a law enforcement agency. The record shall include the name of the purchasing agency, together with written authorization of the chief of police or highest ranking official of the agency, the name and rank of the purchasing law enforcement officer, if applicable, and the date, time and amount of ammunition sold or otherwise disposed. A copy of this record shall be forwarded by the seller to the Superintendent of the Division of State Police within 48 hours of the sale or disposition.
  - (4) Nothing in subsection a. of this section shall be construed to apply to antique cannons as exempted in subsection d. of N.J.S.2C:39-6.
  - h. Stun guns. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any stun gun is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
  - i. Nothing in subsection e. of this section shall be construed to prevent any guard in the employ of a private security company, who is licensed to carry a firearm, from the possession of a nightstick when in the actual performance of his official duties, provided that he has satisfactorily completed a training course approved by the Police Training Commission in the use of a nightstick.
  - j. Any person who knowingly has in his possession a large capacity ammunition magazine is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree unless the person has registered an assault firearm pursuant to section 11 of P.L.1990, c.32 (C.2C:58-12) and the magazine is maintained and used in connection with participation in competitive shooting matches sanctioned by the Director of Civilian Marksmanship of the United States Department of the Army.
- 43 k. Handcuffs. Any person who knowingly has in his possession 44 handcuffs as defined in P.L.1991, c.437 (C.2C:39-9.2), under 45 circumstances not manifestly appropriate for such lawful uses as 46 handcuffs may have, is guilty of a disorderly persons offense. A law

1 enforcement officer shall confiscate handcuffs possessed in violation 2

(cf: P.L.1991, c.437, s.1) 3

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- 3. N.J.S.2C:39-9 is amended to read as follows:
- 2C:39-9. Manufacture, Transport, Disposition and Defacement of 6 7 Weapons and Dangerous Instruments and Appliances. a. Machine 8 guns. Any person who manufactures, causes to be manufactured, 9 transports, ships, sells or disposes of any machine gun without being 10 registered or licensed to do so as provided in chapter 58 is guilty of a 11 crime of the third degree.
  - b. Sawed-off shotguns. Any person who manufactures, causes to be manufactured, transports, ships, sells or disposes of any sawed-off shotgun is guilty of a crime of the third degree.
  - c. Firearm silencers. Any person who manufactures, causes to be manufactured, transports, ships, sells or disposes of any firearm silencer is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- 18 Weapons. Any person who manufactures, causes to be 19 manufactured, transports, ships, sells or disposes of any weapon, 20 including gravity knives, switchblade knives, ballistic knives, daggers, 21 dirks, stilettos, billies, blackjacks, metal knuckles, sandclubs, 22 slingshots, cesti or similar leather bands studded with metal filings, or 23 in the case of firearms if he is not licensed or registered to do so as 24 provided in chapter 58, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree. Any 25 person who manufactures, causes to be manufactured, transports, 26 ships, sells or disposes of any weapon or other device which projects, 27 releases or emits tear gas or other substances intended to produce 28 temporary physical discomfort or permanent injury through being 29 vaporized or otherwise dispensed in the air, which is intended to be 30 used for any purpose other than for authorized military or law 31 enforcement purposes by duly authorized military or law enforcement 32 personnel or the device is for the purpose of personal self-defense, is 33 pocket-sized and contains not more than three-quarters of an ounce of chemical substance not ordinarily capable of lethal use or of inflicting 34 35 serious bodily injury, or other than to be used by any person permitted to possess such weapon or device under the provisions of subsection 36 37 d. of N.J.S.2C:39-5, which is intended for use by financial and other 38 business institutions as part of an integrated security system, placed at 39 fixed locations, for the protection of money and property, by the duly 40 authorized personnel of those institutions, is guilty of a crime of the 41 fourth degree.
- e. Defaced firearms. Any person who defaces any firearm is guilty of a crime of the third degree. Any person who knowingly buys, 44 receives, disposes of or conceals a defaced firearm, except an antique firearm or an antique handgun, is guilty of a crime of the fourth 46 degree.

- 1 f. (1) Any person who manufactures, causes to be manufactured, 2 transports, ships, sells, or disposes of any bullet, which is primarily 3 designed for use in a handgun, and which is comprised of a bullet 4 whose core or jacket, if the jacket is thicker than .025 of an inch, is 5 made of tungsten carbide, or hard bronze, or other material which is harder than a rating of 72 or greater on the Rockwell B. Hardness 6 7 Scale, and is therefore capable of breaching or penetrating body armor 8 and which is intended to be used for any purpose other than for 9 authorized military or law enforcement purposes by duly authorized 10 military or law enforcement personnel, is guilty of a crime of the 11 fourth degree.
- 12 (2) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prevent a 13 licensed collector of ammunition as defined in paragraph (2) of 14 subsection f. of N.J.S.2C:39-3 from transporting the bullets defined in 15 paragraph (1) of this subsection from (a) any licensed retail or wholesale firearms dealer's place of business to the collector's 16 17 dwelling, premises, or other land owned or possessed by him, or (b) 18 to or from the collector's dwelling, premises or other land owned or 19 possessed by him to any gun show for the purposes of display, sale, 20 trade, or transfer between collectors, or (c) to or from the collector's 21 dwelling, premises or other land owned or possessed by him to any 22 rifle or pistol club organized in accordance with the rules prescribed 23 by the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice; provided 24 that the club has filed a copy of its charter with the superintendent of 25 the State Police and annually submits a list of its members to the superintendent, and provided further that the ammunition being 26 27 transported shall be carried not loaded in any firearm and contained in 28 a closed and fastened case, gun box, or locked in the trunk of the 29 automobile in which it is being transported, and the course of travel 30 shall include only such deviations as are reasonably necessary under 31 the circumstances.
  - g. Assault firearms. Any person who manufactures, causes to be manufactured, transports, ships, sells or disposes of an assault firearm without being registered or licensed to do so pursuant to N.J.S.2C:58-1 et seq. is guilty of a crime of the third degree.
  - h. Large capacity ammunition magazines. Any person who manufactures, causes to be manufactured, transports, ships, sells or disposes of a large capacity ammunition magazine which is intended to be used for any purpose other than for authorized military or law enforcement purposes by duly authorized military or law enforcement personnel is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.

42 (cf: P.L.1990, c.32, s.3)

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4. N.J.S.2C:39-10 is amended to read as follows:

45 2C:39-10. Violation of the Regulatory Provisions Relating to 46 Firearms; False Representation in Applications.

- 1 a. [Any] (1) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2) of 2 this subsection, any person who knowingly violates the regulatory 3 provisions relating to manufacturing or wholesaling of firearms 4 (section 2C:58-1), retailing of firearms (section 2C:58-2), permits to 5 purchase certain firearms (section 2C:58-3), permits to carry certain 6 firearms (section 2C:58-4), licenses to procure machine guns or assault firearms (section 2C:58-5), or incendiary or tracer ammunition 7 8 (section 2C:58-10), except acts which are punishable under section
- 10 (2) A licensed dealer who knowingly violates the provisions of 11 subparagraph (d) of paragraph (5) of subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:58-2 12 is a disorderly person.

2C:39-5 or section 2C:39-9, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.

- b. Any person who knowingly violates the regulatory provisions relating to notifying the authorities of possessing certain items of explosives (section 2C:58-7), or of certain wounds (section 2C:58-8) is a disorderly person.
- c. Any person who gives or causes to be given any false information, or signs a fictitious name or address, in applying for a firearms purchaser identification card, a permit to purchase a handgun, a permit to carry a handgun, a permit to possess a machine gun, a permit to possess an assault firearm, or in completing the certificate or any other instrument required by law in purchasing or otherwise acquiring delivery of any rifle, shotgun, handgun, machine gun, or assault firearm or any other firearm, is guilty of a crime of the third degree.
- d. Any person who gives or causes to be given any false information in registering an assault firearm pursuant to section 11 of P.L.1990, c.32 (C.2C:58-12) or in certifying that an assault firearm was rendered inoperable pursuant to section 12 of P.L.1990, c.32 (C.2C:58-13) commits a crime of the fourth degree.
- e. Any person who knowingly sells, gives, transfers, assigns or otherwise disposes of a firearm to a person who is under the age of 18 years, except as permitted in section 14 of P.L.1979, c.179 (C.2C:58-6.1), is guilty of a crime of the third degree. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the sentence imposed for a conviction under this subsection shall include a mandatory minimum three-year term of imprisonment, during which the defendant shall be ineligible for parole.

39 (cf: P.L.1993, c.49, s.1)

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5. N.J.S.2C:58-2 is amended to read as follows:

2C:58-2 a. Licensing of retail dealers and their employees. No retail dealer of firearms nor any employee of a retail dealer shall sell or expose for sale, or possess with the intent of selling, any firearm unless licensed to do so as hereinafter provided. The superintendent shall prescribe standards and qualifications for retail dealers of firearms and their employees for the protection of the public safety,
health and welfare.

Applications shall be made in the form prescribed by the superintendent, accompanied by a fee of \$50.00 payable to the superintendent, and shall be made to a judge of the Superior Court in the county where the applicant maintains his place of business. The judge shall grant a license to an applicant if he finds that the applicant meets the standards and qualifications established by the superintendent and that the applicant can be permitted to engage in business as a retail dealer of firearms or employee thereof without any danger to the public safety, health and welfare. Each license shall be valid for a period of 3 years from the date of issuance, and shall authorize the holder to sell firearms at retail in a specified municipality.

In addition, every retail dealer shall pay a fee of \$5.00 for each employee actively engaged in the sale or purchase of firearms. The superintendent shall issue a license for each employee for whom said fee has been paid, which license shall be valid for so long as the employee remains in the employ of said retail dealer.

No license shall be granted to any retail dealer under the age of 21 years or to any employee of a retail dealer under the age of 18 or to any person who could not qualify to obtain a permit to purchase a handgun or a firearms purchaser identification card, or to any corporation, partnership or other business organization in which the actual or equitable controlling interest is held or possessed by such an ineligible person.

All licenses shall be granted subject to the following conditions, for breach of any of which the license shall be subject to revocation on the application of any law enforcement officer and after notice and hearing by the issuing court:

- (1) The business shall be carried on only in the building or buildings designated in the license, provided that repairs may be made by the dealer or his employees outside of such premises.
- (2) The license or a copy certified by the issuing authority shall be displayed at all times in a conspicuous place on the business premises where it can be easily read.
- (3) No firearm or imitation thereof shall be placed in any window or in any other part of the premises where it can be readily seen from the outside.
- (4) No rifle or shotgun, except antique rifles or shotguns, shall be delivered to any person unless such person possesses and exhibits a valid firearms purchaser identification card and furnishes the seller, on the form prescribed by the superintendent, a certification signed by him setting forth his name, permanent address, firearms purchaser identification card number and such other information as the superintendent may by rule or regulation require. The certification

shall be retained by the dealer and shall be made available for inspection by any law enforcement officer at any reasonable time.

(5) No handgun shall be delivered to any person unless:

- 4 (a) Such person possesses and exhibits a valid permit to purchase 5 a firearm and at least 7 days have elapsed since the date of application 6 for the permit;
  - (b) The person is personally known to the seller or presents evidence of his identity; [and]
    - (c) The handgun is unloaded and securely wrapped; and
    - (d) The handgun is accompanied by a trigger lock or a locked case, gun box, container or other secure facility; provided, however, this provision shall not apply to antique handguns. The exemption afforded under this subparagraph for antique handguns shall be narrowly construed, limited solely to the requirements set forth herein and shall not be deemed to afford or authorize any other exemption from the regulatory provisions governing firearms set forth in chapter 39 and chapter 58 of Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes.
    - (6) The dealer shall keep a true record of every handgun sold, given or otherwise delivered or disposed of, in accordance with the provisions of subsections b. through e. of this section and the record shall note that a trigger lock, locked case, gun box, container or other secure facility was delivered along with the handgun.
    - b. Records. Every person engaged in the retail business of selling, leasing or otherwise transferring a handgun, as a retail dealer or otherwise, shall keep a register in which shall be entered the time of the sale, lease or other transfer, the date thereof, the name, age, date of birth, complexion, occupation, residence and a physical description including distinguishing physical characteristics, if any, of the purchaser, lessee or transferee, the name and permanent home address of the person making the sale, lease or transfer, the place of the transaction, and the make, model, manufacturer's number, caliber and other marks of identification on such handgun and such other information as the superintendent shall deem necessary for the proper enforcement of this chapter. The register shall be retained by the dealer and shall be made available at all reasonable hours for inspection by any law enforcement officer.
    - c. Forms of register. The superintendent shall prepare the form of the register as described in subsection b. of this section and furnish the same in triplicate to each person licensed to be engaged in the business of selling, leasing or otherwise transferring firearms.
- d. Signatures in register. The purchaser, lessee or transferee of any handgun shall sign, and the dealer shall require him to sign his name to the register, in triplicate, and the person making the sale, lease or transfer shall affix his name, in triplicate, as a witness to the signature. The signatures shall constitute a representation of the accuracy of the information contained in the register.

### ACS for A2826

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1 e. Copies of register entries; delivery to chief of police or county 2 clerk. Within 5 days of the date of the sale, assignment or transfer, the 3 dealer shall deliver or mail by certified mail, return receipt requested, 4 legible copies of the register forms to the office of the chief of police 5 of the municipality in which the purchaser resides, or to the office of the captain of the precinct of the municipality in which the purchaser 6 7 resides, and to the superintendent. If hand delivered a receipt shall be given to the dealer therefor. 8 9 Where a sale, assignment or transfer is made to a purchaser who 10 resides in a municipality having no chief of police, the dealer shall, 11 within 5 days of the transaction, mail a duplicate copy of the register sheet to the clerk of the county within which the purchaser resides. 12 13 (cf: P.L.1979, c.179, s.10) 14 15 6. (New section) The Superintendent of State Police, in 16 consultation with the Attorney General, shall promulgate guidelines to 17 effectuate the purposes of P.L., c. . 18 19 7. There is appropriated to the Department of Law and Public Safety from the General Fund \$90,000 to allocate proportionately to 20 21 the offices of the county prosecutor of each county to be used 22 exclusively for the purposes of providing trigger locks free of charge 23 to firearm owners other than retail licensed firearm dealers. 24 25 8. This act shall take effect on the first day of the third month 26 following enactment. 27 28 29 30 31 Prohibits licensed dealers from transferring handguns to purchasers 32 unless accompanied by trigger lock, locked case, gun box, container

or other secure facility; appropriates \$90,000.

# ASSEMBLY, No. 2826

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### A2826 HOLZAPFEL

### 208th LEGISLATURE

**INTRODUCED JANUARY 25, 1999** 

**Sponsored by:** 

Assemblyman JAMES W. HOLZAPFEL District 10 (Monmouth and Ocean)

**Co-Sponsored by:** 

Assemblyman DeCroce, Assemblywoman Heck, Assemblymen LeFevre, T.Smith, Thompson and Assemblywoman Wright

### **SYNOPSIS**

Prohibits licensed dealers from transferring handguns to purchasers unless handgun is accompanied by trigger locking device.

### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 6/18/1999)

1 **AN ACT** concerning the sale of certain firearms and amending N.J.S.2C:39-1, N.J.S.2C:39-10 and N.J.S.2C:58-2.

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4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. N.J.S.2C:39-1 is amended to read as follows:
- 8 2C:39-1. Definitions. The following definitions apply to this 9 chapter and to chapter 58:
- 10 a. "Antique firearm" means any firearm and "antique cannon" 11 means a destructive device defined in paragraph (3) of subsection c. of this section, if the firearm or destructive device, as the case may be, 12 13 is incapable of being fired or discharged, or which does not fire fixed 14 ammunition, regardless of date of manufacture, or was manufactured 15 before 1898 for which cartridge ammunition is not commercially available, and is possessed as a curiosity or ornament or for its 16 17 historical significance or value.
  - b. "Deface" means to remove, deface, cover, alter or destroy the name of the maker, model designation, manufacturer's serial number or any other distinguishing identification mark or number on any firearm.
- c. "Destructive device" means any device, instrument or object 22 23 designed to explode or produce uncontrolled combustion, including 24 (1) any explosive or incendiary bomb, mine or grenade; (2) any rocket 25 having a propellant charge of more than four ounces or any missile 26 having an explosive or incendiary charge of more than one-quarter of 27 an ounce; (3) any weapon capable of firing a projectile of a caliber 28 greater than 60 caliber, except a shotgun or shotgun ammunition 29 generally recognized as suitable for sporting purposes; (4) any 30 Molotov cocktail or other device consisting of a breakable container 31 containing flammable liquid and having a wick or similar device 32 capable of being ignited. The term does not include any device 33 manufactured for the purpose of illumination, distress signaling, 34 line-throwing, safety or similar purposes.
  - d. "Dispose of" means to give, give away, lease, loan, keep for sale, offer, offer for sale, sell, transfer, or otherwise transfer possession.
- e. "Explosive" means any chemical compound or mixture that is commonly used or is possessed for the purpose of producing an explosion and which contains any oxidizing and combustible materials or other ingredients in such proportions, quantities or packing that an ignition by fire, by friction, by concussion or by detonation of any part of the compound or mixture may cause such a sudden generation of

- highly heated gases that the resultant gaseous pressures are capable of
   producing destructive effects on contiguous objects. The term shall
   not include small arms ammunition, or explosives in the form
   prescribed by the official United States Pharmacopoeia.
- "Firearm" means any handgun, rifle, shotgun, machine gun, 5 6 automatic or semi-automatic rifle, or any gun, device or instrument in the nature of a weapon from which may be fired or ejected any solid 7 8 projectable ball, slug, pellet, missile or bullet, or any gas, vapor or 9 other noxious thing, by means of a cartridge or shell or by the action of an explosive or the igniting of flammable or explosive substances. 10 11 It shall also include, without limitation, any firearm which is in the 12 nature of an air gun, spring gun or pistol or other weapon of a similar 13 nature in which the propelling force is a spring, elastic band, carbon 14 dioxide, compressed or other gas or vapor, air or compressed air, or 15 is ignited by compressed air, and ejecting a bullet or missile smaller than three-eighths of an inch in diameter, with sufficient force to injure 16 17 a person.
  - g. "Firearm silencer" means any instrument, attachment, weapon or appliance for causing the firing of any gun, revolver, pistol or other firearm to be silent, or intended to lessen or muffle the noise of the firing of any gun, revolver, pistol or other firearm.

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- h. "Gravity knife" means any knife which has a blade which is released from the handle or sheath thereof by the force of gravity or the application of centrifugal force.
- i. "Machine gun" means any firearm, mechanism or instrument not requiring that the trigger be pressed for each shot and having a reservoir, belt or other means of storing and carrying ammunition which can be loaded into the firearm, mechanism or instrument and fired therefrom.
- j. "Manufacturer" means any person who receives or obtains raw materials or parts and processes them into firearms or finished parts of firearms, except a person who exclusively processes grips, stocks and other nonmetal parts of firearms. The term does not include a person who repairs existing firearms or receives new and used raw materials or parts solely for the repair of existing firearms.
- k. "Handgun" means any pistol, revolver or other firearm originally designed or manufactured to be fired by the use of a single hand.
- 1. "Retail dealer" means any person including a gunsmith, except a manufacturer or a wholesale dealer, who sells, transfers or assigns for a fee or profit any firearm or parts of firearms or ammunition which he has purchased or obtained with the intention, or for the purpose, of reselling or reassigning to persons who are reasonably understood to be the ultimate consumers, and includes any person who is engaged in

- the business of repairing firearms or who sells any firearm to satisfy a
  debt secured by the pledge of a firearm.
- m. "Rifle" means any firearm designed to be fired from the shoulder and using the energy of the explosive in a fixed metallic cartridge to fire a single projectile through a rifled bore for each single pull of the trigger.

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- n. "Shotgun" means any firearm designed to be fired from the shoulder and using the energy of the explosive in a fixed shotgun shell to fire through a smooth bore either a number of ball shots or a single projectile for each pull of the trigger, or any firearm designed to be fired from the shoulder which does not fire fixed ammunition.
- o. "Sawed-off shotgun" means any shotgun having a barrel or barrels of less than 18 inches in length measured from the breech to the muzzle, or a rifle having a barrel or barrels of less than 16 inches in length measured from the breech to the muzzle, or any firearm made from a rifle or a shotgun, whether by alteration, or otherwise, if such firearm as modified has an overall length of less than 26 inches.
  - p. "Switchblade knife" means any knife or similar device which has a blade which opens automatically by hand pressure applied to a button, spring or other device in the handle of the knife.
    - q. "Superintendent" means the Superintendent of the State Police.
- 22 r. "Weapon" means anything readily capable of lethal use or of 23 inflicting serious bodily injury. The term includes, but is not limited to, all (1) firearms, even though not loaded or lacking a clip or other 24 25 component to render them immediately operable; (2) components 26 which can be readily assembled into a weapon; (3) gravity knives, 27 switchblade knives, daggers, dirks, stilettos, or other dangerous 28 knives, billies, blackjacks, bludgeons, metal knuckles, sandclubs, 29 slingshots, cesti or similar leather bands studded with metal filings or 30 razor blades imbedded in wood; and (4) stun guns; and any weapon or 31 other device which projects, releases, or emits tear gas or any other 32 substance intended to produce temporary physical discomfort or 33 permanent injury through being vaporized or otherwise dispensed in 34 the air.
- 35 s. "Wholesale dealer" means any person, except a manufacturer, who sells, transfers, or assigns firearms, or parts of firearms, to 36 37 persons who are reasonably understood not to be the ultimate 38 consumers, and includes persons who receive finished parts of firearms 39 and assemble them into completed or partially completed firearms, in 40 furtherance of such purpose, except that it shall not include those persons dealing exclusively in grips, stocks and other nonmetal parts 41 42 of firearms.
- t. "Stun gun" means any weapon or other device which emits an

- 1 electrical charge or current intended to temporarily or permanently
- 2 disable a person.
- 3 u. "Ballistic knife" means any weapon or other device capable of
- 4 lethal use and which can propel a knife blade.
- 5 v. "Imitation firearm" means an object or device reasonably capable
- 6 of being mistaken for a firearm.
- 7 w. "Assault firearm" means:
- 8 (1) The following firearms:
- 9 Algimec AGM1 type
- Any shotgun with a revolving cylinder such as the "Street Sweeper"
- 11 or "Striker 12"
- 12 Armalite AR-180 type
- 13 Australian Automatic Arms SAR
- 14 Avtomat Kalashnikov type semi-automatic firearms
- Beretta AR-70 and BM59 semi-automatic firearms
- 16 Bushmaster Assault Rifle
- 17 Calico M-900 Assault carbine and M-900
- 18 CETME G3
- 19 Chartered Industries of Singapore SR-88 type
- 20 Colt AR-15 and CAR-15 series
- 21 Daewoo K-1, K-2, Max 1 and Max 2, AR 100 types
- 22 Demro TAC-1 carbine type
- Encom MP-9 and MP-45 carbine types
- FAMAS MAS223 types
- 25 FN-FAL, FN-LAR, or FN-FNC type semi-automatic firearms
- Franchi SPAS 12 and LAW 12 shotguns
- 27 G3SA type
- Galil type Heckler and Koch HK91, HK93, HK94, MP5, PSG-1
- 29 Intratec TEC 9 and 22 semi-automatic firearms
- 30 M1 carbine type
- 31 M14S type
- MAC 10, MAC 11, MAC 11-9mm carbine type firearms
- 33 PJK M-68 carbine type
- 34 Plainfield Machine Company Carbine
- Ruger K-Mini-14/5F and Mini-14/5RF
- 36 SIG AMT, SIG 550SP, SIG 551SP, SIG PE-57 types
- 37 SKS with detachable magazine type
- 38 Spectre Auto carbine type
- 39 Springfield Armory BM59 and SAR-48 type
- 40 Sterling MK-6, MK-7 and SAR types
- 41 Steyr A.U.G. semi-automatic firearms
- 42 USAS 12 semi-automatic type shotgun
- 43 Uzi type semi-automatic firearms

- 1 Valmet M62, M71S, M76, or M78 type semi-automatic firearms
- 2 Weaver Arm Nighthawk.
- 3 (2) Any firearm manufactured under any designation which is 4 substantially identical to any of the firearms listed above.
- (3) A semi-automatic shotgun with either a magazine capacity 5 6 exceeding six rounds, a pistol grip, or a folding stock.
- A semi-automatic rifle with a fixed magazine capacity 8 exceeding 15 rounds.
  - (5) A part or combination of parts designed or intended to convert a firearm into an assault firearm, or any combination of parts from which an assault firearm may be readily assembled if those parts are in the possession or under the control of the same person.
- 13 x. "Semi-automatic" means a firearm which fires a single projectile 14 for each single pull of the trigger and is self-reloading or automatically 15 chambers a round, cartridge, or bullet.
  - y. "Large capacity ammunition magazine" means a box, drum, tube or other container which is capable of holding more than 15 rounds of ammunition to be fed continuously and directly therefrom into a semi-automatic firearm.
- 20 z. "Pistol grip" means a well-defined handle, similar to that found 21 on a handgun, that protrudes conspicuously beneath the action of the 22 weapon, and which permits the shotgun to be held and fired with one 23 hand.
  - aa. "Trigger locking device" means a device that, if installed on a firearm and secured by means of a key or mechanically, electronically or electromechanically operated combination lock, prevents the firearm from being discharged without first deactivating or removing the device by means of a key or mechanically, electronically or electromechanically operated combination lock.

30 (cf: P.L.1990, c.32, s.1)

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- 2. N.J.S.2C:39-10 is amended to read as follows:
- 2C:39-10. Violation of the Regulatory Provisions Relating to 33 34 Firearms; False Representation in Applications.
- 35 a. [Any] (1) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, Any person who knowingly violates the regulatory 36
- 37 provisions relating to manufacturing or wholesaling of firearms 38
- (section 2C:58-1), retailing of firearms (section 2C:58-2), permits to 39 purchase certain firearms (section 2C:58-3), permits to carry certain
- 40 firearms (section 2C:58-4), licenses to procure machine guns or assault
- 41 firearms (section 2C:58-5), or incendiary or tracer ammunition
- 42 (section 2C:58-10), except acts which are punishable under section
- 43 2C:39-5 or section 2C:39-9, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.

- 1 (2) A licensed dealer who knowingly violates the provisions of 2 subparagraph (d) of paragraph (5) of subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:58-2 3 is a disorderly person.
- b. Any person who knowingly violates the regulatory provisions relating to notifying the authorities of possessing certain items of explosives (section 2C:58-7), or of certain wounds (section 2C:58-8) is a disorderly person.
- 8 Any person who gives or causes to be given any false 9 information, or signs a fictitious name or address, in applying for a 10 firearms purchaser identification card, a permit to purchase a handgun, 11 a permit to carry a handgun, a permit to possess a machine gun, a 12 permit to possess an assault firearm, or in completing the certificate or 13 any other instrument required by law in purchasing or otherwise 14 acquiring delivery of any rifle, shotgun, handgun, machine gun, or 15 assault firearm or any other firearm, is guilty of a crime of the third degree. 16
- d. Any person who gives or causes to be given any false information in registering an assault firearm pursuant to section 11 of P.L.1990, c.32 (C.2C:58-12) or in certifying that an assault firearm was rendered inoperable pursuant to section 12 of P.L.1990, c.32 (C.2C:58-13) commits a crime of the fourth degree.
- 22 e. Any person who knowingly sells, gives, transfers, assigns or 23 otherwise disposes of a firearm to a person who is under the age of 18 years, except as permitted in section 14 of P.L.1979, c.179 24 25 (C.2C:58-6.1), is guilty of a crime of the third degree. 26 Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the 27 sentence imposed for a conviction under this subsection shall include 28 a mandatory minimum three-year term of imprisonment, during which 29 the defendant shall be ineligible for parole.

30 (cf: P.L.1993, c.49, s.1)

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- 3. N.J.S.2C:58-2 is amended to read as follows:
- 2C:58-2 a. Licensing of retail dealers and their employees. No retail dealer of firearms nor any employee of a retail dealer shall sell or expose for sale, or possess with the intent of selling, any firearm unless licensed to do so as hereinafter provided. The superintendent shall prescribe standards and qualifications for retail dealers of firearms and their employees for the protection of the public safety, health and welfare.
- Applications shall be made in the form prescribed by the superintendent, accompanied by a fee of \$50.00 payable to the superintendent, and shall be made to a judge of the Superior Court in the county where the applicant maintains his place of business. The

- 1 judge shall grant a license to an applicant if he finds that the applicant
- 2 meets the standards and qualifications established by the
- 3 superintendent and that the applicant can be permitted to engage in
- 4 business as a retail dealer of firearms or employee thereof without any
- 5 danger to the public safety, health and welfare. Each license shall be
- 6 valid for a period of 3 years from the date of issuance, and shall
- 7 authorize the holder to sell firearms at retail in a specified
- 8 municipality.

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- In addition, every retail dealer shall pay a fee of \$5.00 for each employee actively engaged in the sale or purchase of firearms. The superintendent shall issue a license for each employee for whom said fee has been paid, which license shall be valid for so long as the employee remains in the employ of said retail dealer.
- No license shall be granted to any retail dealer under the age of 21 years or to any employee of a retail dealer under the age of 18 or to any person who could not qualify to obtain a permit to purchase a handgun or a firearms purchaser identification card, or to any corporation, partnership or other business organization in which the actual or equitable controlling interest is held or possessed by such an ineligible person.
- All licenses shall be granted subject to the following conditions, for breach of any of which the license shall be subject to revocation on the application of any law enforcement officer and after notice and hearing by the issuing court:
- (1) The business shall be carried on only in the building or buildings designated in the license, provided that repairs may be made by the dealer or his employees outside of such premises.
- (2) The license or a copy certified by the issuing authority shall be displayed at all times in a conspicuous place on the business premises where it can be easily read.
- (3) No firearm or imitation thereof shall be placed in any window or in any other part of the premises where it can be readily seen from the outside.
- 34 (4) No rifle or shotgun, except antique rifles or shotguns, shall be delivered to any person unless such person possesses and exhibits a 35 valid firearms purchaser identification card and furnishes the seller, on 36 the form prescribed by the superintendent, a certification signed by him 37 38 setting forth his name, permanent address, firearms purchaser 39 identification card number and such other information as the 40 superintendent may by rule or regulation require. The certification 41 shall be retained by the dealer and shall be made available for inspection by any law enforcement officer at any reasonable time. 42
  - (5) No handgun shall be delivered to any person unless:

- 1 (a) Such person possesses and exhibits a valid permit to purchase 2 a firearm and at least 7 days have elapsed since the date of application 3 for the permit;
- 4 (b) The person is personally known to the seller or presents 5 evidence of his identity; [and]
  - (c) The handgun is unloaded and securely wrapped; and

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- (d) The handgun is accompanied by a trigger locking device.
- (6) The dealer shall keep a true record of every handgun sold, given or otherwise delivered or disposed of, in accordance with the provisions of subsections b. through e. of this section and the record shall note that a trigger locking device was delivered along with the handgun.
- 13 b. Records. Every person engaged in the retail business of selling, 14 leasing or otherwise transferring a handgun, as a retail dealer or 15 otherwise, shall keep a register in which shall be entered the time of the sale, lease or other transfer, the date thereof, the name, age, date 16 of birth, complexion, occupation, residence and a physical description 17 18 including distinguishing physical characteristics, if any, of the 19 purchaser, lessee or transferee, the name and permanent home address 20 of the person making the sale, lease or transfer, the place of the 21 transaction, and the make, model, manufacturer's number, caliber and 22 other marks of identification on such handgun and such other 23 information as the superintendent shall deem necessary for the proper 24 enforcement of this chapter. The register shall be retained by the 25 dealer and shall be made available at all reasonable hours for inspection by any law enforcement officer. 26
  - c. Forms of register. The superintendent shall prepare the form of the register as described in subsection b. of this section and furnish the same in triplicate to each person licensed to be engaged in the business of selling, leasing or otherwise transferring firearms.
- d. Signatures in register. The purchaser, lessee or transferee of any handgun shall sign, and the dealer shall require him to sign his name to the register, in triplicate, and the person making the sale, lease or transfer shall affix his name, in triplicate, as a witness to the signature. The signatures shall constitute a representation of the accuracy of the information contained in the register.
- e. Copies of register entries; delivery to chief of police or county clerk. Within 5 days of the date of the sale, assignment or transfer, the dealer shall deliver or mail by certified mail, return receipt requested, legible copies of the register forms to the office of the chief of police of the municipality in which the purchaser resides, or to the office of the captain of the precinct of the municipality in which the purchaser resides, and to the superintendent. If hand delivered a receipt shall be

### A2826 HOLZAPFEL

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1	given to the dealer therefor.
2	Where a sale, assignment or transfer is made to a purchaser who
3	resides in a municipality having no chief of police, the dealer shall,
4	within 5 days of the transaction, mail a duplicate copy of the register
5	sheet to the clerk of the county within which the purchaser resides.
6	(cf: P.L.1979, c.179, s.10)
7	
8	4. This act shall take effect on the first day of the third month after
9	enactment.
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12	STATEMENT
13	
14	This bill amends N.J.S.2C:58-2 to specify that licensed retail
15	firearms dealers may not deliver handguns to their purchasers unless
16	the handgun is accompanied by a trigger locking device. The bill
17	defines a trigger locking device as a device that, if installed on a
18	firearm and secured by means of a key or a mechanically,
19	electronically, or electromechanically operated combination lock,

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electronically, or electromechanically operated combination lock. A violation of the bill's provisions would be a disorderly persons offense. A disorderly persons offense is punishable by a term of imprisonment for up to six months, a fine of up to \$1,000, or both.

prevents the firearm from being discharged without first deactivating

or removing the device by means of a key or mechanically,

### ASSEMBLY LAW AND PUBLIC SAFETY COMMITTEE

### STATEMENT TO

# ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, No. 2826

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

**DATED: JUNE 21, 1999** 

The Assembly Law and Public Safety Committee reports favorably an Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill No. 2826.

The committee substitute for Assembly Bill No. 2826 amends N.J.S.2C:58-2 to specify that licensed retail firearms dealers may not deliver a handgun to a purchaser unless the handgun is accompanied by a trigger lock or a locked case, gunbox, container or other secure facility.

The substitute defines a trigger lock as a commercially available device approved by the Superintendent of State Police which is operated with a key or combination lock that prevents a firearm from being discharged while the device is attached to the firearm. Trigger locks may include, but need not be limited to, devices that obstruct the barrel or cylinder of the firearm, as well as devices that immobilize the trigger. Under the substitute, the dealer is required to note on the record of sale that a trigger lock, locked case, gunbox container or other facility was delivered with the handgun.

The substitute exempts antique handguns from its provisions, but specifies that this exemption is to be narrowly construed and shall not be deemed to exempt antique handguns from the regulatory provisions governing firearms set forth in chapter 39 and chapter 58 of Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes. The substitute defines "antique handgun" as a handgun manufactured before 1898, or a replica thereof, which is recognized as being historical in nature or of historical significance and either (1) utilizes a match, friction, flint, or percussion ignition, or which utilizes a pin-fire cartridge in which the pin is part of the cartridge or (2) does not fire fixed ammunition or for which cartridge ammunition is not commercially available.

A violation of the substitute's provisions pertaining to the requirement of a trigger lock, locked case or gun box is a disorderly persons offense. A disorderly persons offense is punishable by a term of imprisonment for up to six months, a fine of up to \$1,000, or both.

The substitute requires the Superintendent of State Police, in consultation with the Attorney General, to promulgate guidelines to effectuate its purposes.

Finally, the substitute appropriates \$90,000 to the Department of Law and Public Safety to be allocated proportionately among the offices of the county prosecutor of each county to be used for the purposes of providing trigger locks free of charge to firearm owners.

### SENATE LAW AND PUBLIC SAFETY COMMITTEE

### STATEMENT TO

# ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, No. 2826

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: SEPTEMBER 23, 1999

The Senate Law and Public Safety Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 2826 (ACS).

The Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill No. 2826 amends N.J.S.2C:58-2 to specify that licensed retail firearms dealers may not deliver a handgun to a purchaser unless the handgun is accompanied by a trigger lock or a locked case, gunbox, container or other secure facility.

The substitute defines a trigger lock as a commercially available device approved by the Superintendent of State Police which is operated with a key or combination lock that prevents a firearm from being discharged while the device is attached to the firearm. Trigger locks may include, but need not be limited to, devices that obstruct the barrel or cylinder of the firearm, as well as devices that immobilize the trigger. Under the substitute, the dealer is required to note on the record of sale that a trigger lock, locked case, gunbox container or other facility was delivered with the handgun.

The substitute exempts antique handguns from its provisions, but specifies that this exemption is to be narrowly construed and shall not be deemed to exempt antique handguns from the regulatory provisions governing firearms set forth in chapter 39 and chapter 58 of Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes. The substitute defines "antique handgun" as a handgun manufactured before 1898, or a replica thereof, which is recognized as being historical in nature or of historical significance and either (1) utilizes a match, friction, flint, or percussion ignition, or which utilizes a pin-fire cartridge in which the pin is part of the cartridge or (2) does not fire fixed ammunition or for which cartridge ammunition is not commercially available.

A violation of the substitute's provisions pertaining to the requirement of a trigger lock, locked case or gun box is a disorderly persons offense. A disorderly persons offense is punishable by a term of imprisonment for up to six months, a fine of up to \$1,000, or both.

The substitute requires the Superintendent of State Police, in consultation with the Attorney General, to promulgate guidelines to effectuate its purposes.

Finally, the substitute appropriates \$90,000 to the Department of

Law and Public Safety to be allocated proportionately among the offices of the county prosecutor of each county to be used for the purposes of providing trigger locks free of charge to firearm owners.

This substitute is identical to the Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No 1686, which was also released by the committee on this date.

## SENATE, No. 1686

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

## 208th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 18, 1999

Sponsored by: Senator ANDREW R. CIESLA District 10 (Monmouth and Ocean)

### **SYNOPSIS**

Prohibits licensed dealers from transferring handguns to purchasers unless handgun is accompanied by trigger locking device.

### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.



1 **AN ACT** concerning the sale of certain firearms and amending N.J.S.2C:39-1, N.J.S.2C:39-10 and N.J.S.2C:58-2.

3

4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 7 1. N.J.S.2C:39-1 is amended to read as follows:
- 8 2C:39-1. Definitions. The following definitions apply to this 9 chapter and to chapter 58:
- 10 a. "Antique firearm" means any firearm and "antique cannon" means a destructive device defined in paragraph (3) of subsection c. 11 of this section, if the firearm or destructive device, as the case may be, 12 13 is incapable of being fired or discharged, or which does not fire fixed 14 ammunition, regardless of date of manufacture, or was manufactured 15 before 1898 for which cartridge ammunition is not commercially available, and is possessed as a curiosity or ornament or for its 16 17 historical significance or value.
  - b. "Deface" means to remove, deface, cover, alter or destroy the name of the maker, model designation, manufacturer's serial number or any other distinguishing identification mark or number on any firearm.
- c. "Destructive device" means any device, instrument or object 22 23 designed to explode or produce uncontrolled combustion, including 24 (1) any explosive or incendiary bomb, mine or grenade; (2) any rocket 25 having a propellant charge of more than four ounces or any missile 26 having an explosive or incendiary charge of more than one-quarter of 27 an ounce; (3) any weapon capable of firing a projectile of a caliber 28 greater than 60 caliber, except a shotgun or shotgun ammunition 29 generally recognized as suitable for sporting purposes; (4) any 30 Molotov cocktail or other device consisting of a breakable container 31 containing flammable liquid and having a wick or similar device 32 capable of being ignited. The term does not include any device 33 manufactured for the purpose of illumination, distress signaling, 34 line-throwing, safety or similar purposes.
  - d. "Dispose of" means to give, give away, lease, loan, keep for sale, offer, offer for sale, sell, transfer, or otherwise transfer possession.
- e. "Explosive" means any chemical compound or mixture that is commonly used or is possessed for the purpose of producing an explosion and which contains any oxidizing and combustible materials or other ingredients in such proportions, quantities or packing that an ignition by fire, by friction, by concussion or by detonation of any part of the compound or mixture may cause such a sudden generation of

- highly heated gases that the resultant gaseous pressures are capable of
   producing destructive effects on contiguous objects. The term shall
   not include small arms ammunition, or explosives in the form
   prescribed by the official United States Pharmacopoeia.
- 5 "Firearm" means any handgun, rifle, shotgun, machine gun, 6 automatic or semi-automatic rifle, or any gun, device or instrument in the nature of a weapon from which may be fired or ejected any solid 7 8 projectable ball, slug, pellet, missile or bullet, or any gas, vapor or 9 other noxious thing, by means of a cartridge or shell or by the action 10 of an explosive or the igniting of flammable or explosive substances. It shall also include, without limitation, any firearm which is in the 11 12 nature of an air gun, spring gun or pistol or other weapon of a similar 13 nature in which the propelling force is a spring, elastic band, carbon 14 dioxide, compressed or other gas or vapor, air or compressed air, or 15 is ignited by compressed air, and ejecting a bullet or missile smaller than three-eighths of an inch in diameter, with sufficient force to injure 16 17 a person.
  - g. "Firearm silencer" means any instrument, attachment, weapon or appliance for causing the firing of any gun, revolver, pistol or other firearm to be silent, or intended to lessen or muffle the noise of the firing of any gun, revolver, pistol or other firearm.

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- h. "Gravity knife" means any knife which has a blade which is released from the handle or sheath thereof by the force of gravity or the application of centrifugal force.
- i. "Machine gun" means any firearm, mechanism or instrument not requiring that the trigger be pressed for each shot and having a reservoir, belt or other means of storing and carrying ammunition which can be loaded into the firearm, mechanism or instrument and fired therefrom.
- j. "Manufacturer" means any person who receives or obtains raw materials or parts and processes them into firearms or finished parts of firearms, except a person who exclusively processes grips, stocks and other nonmetal parts of firearms. The term does not include a person who repairs existing firearms or receives new and used raw materials or parts solely for the repair of existing firearms.
- k. "Handgun" means any pistol, revolver or other firearm originally designed or manufactured to be fired by the use of a single hand.
- 38 1. "Retail dealer" means any person including a gunsmith, except a 39 manufacturer or a wholesale dealer, who sells, transfers or assigns for 40 a fee or profit any firearm or parts of firearms or ammunition which he 41 has purchased or obtained with the intention, or for the purpose, of 42 reselling or reassigning to persons who are reasonably understood to 43 be the ultimate consumers, and includes any person who is engaged in 44 the business of repairing firearms or who sells any firearm to satisfy a 45 debt secured by the pledge of a firearm.
- 46 m. "Rifle" means any firearm designed to be fired from the

shoulder and using the energy of the explosive in a fixed metallic cartridge to fire a single projectile through a rifled bore for each single pull of the trigger.

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- n. "Shotgun" means any firearm designed to be fired from the shoulder and using the energy of the explosive in a fixed shotgun shell to fire through a smooth bore either a number of ball shots or a single projectile for each pull of the trigger, or any firearm designed to be fired from the shoulder which does not fire fixed ammunition.
- o. "Sawed-off shotgun" means any shotgun having a barrel or barrels of less than 18 inches in length measured from the breech to the muzzle, or a rifle having a barrel or barrels of less than 16 inches in length measured from the breech to the muzzle, or any firearm made from a rifle or a shotgun, whether by alteration, or otherwise, if such firearm as modified has an overall length of less than 26 inches.
  - p. "Switchblade knife" means any knife or similar device which has a blade which opens automatically by hand pressure applied to a button, spring or other device in the handle of the knife.
    - q. "Superintendent" means the Superintendent of the State Police.
- r. "Weapon" means anything readily capable of lethal use or of 19 20 inflicting serious bodily injury. The term includes, but is not limited 21 to, all (1) firearms, even though not loaded or lacking a clip or other 22 component to render them immediately operable; (2) components 23 which can be readily assembled into a weapon; (3) gravity knives, 24 switchblade knives, daggers, dirks, stilettos, or other dangerous 25 knives, billies, blackjacks, bludgeons, metal knuckles, sandclubs, 26 slingshots, cesti or similar leather bands studded with metal filings or 27 razor blades imbedded in wood; and (4) stun guns; and any weapon or 28 other device which projects, releases, or emits tear gas or any other 29 substance intended to produce temporary physical discomfort or 30 permanent injury through being vaporized or otherwise dispensed in 31 the air.
- 32 s. "Wholesale dealer" means any person, except a manufacturer, who sells, transfers, or assigns firearms, or parts of firearms, to 33 34 persons who are reasonably understood not to be the ultimate consumers, and includes persons who receive finished parts of firearms 35 36 and assemble them into completed or partially completed firearms, in 37 furtherance of such purpose, except that it shall not include those 38 persons dealing exclusively in grips, stocks and other nonmetal parts 39 of firearms.
- t. "Stun gun" means any weapon or other device which emits an electrical charge or current intended to temporarily or permanently disable a person.
- u. "Ballistic knife" means any weapon or other device capable oflethal use and which can propel a knife blade.
- v. "Imitation firearm" means an object or device reasonably capable of being mistaken for a firearm.

- w. "Assault firearm" means:
- 2 (1) The following firearms:
- 3 Algimec AGM1 type
- 4 Any shotgun with a revolving cylinder such as the "Street Sweeper"
- 5 or "Striker 12"
- 6 Armalite AR-180 type
- 7 Australian Automatic Arms SAR
- 8 Avtomat Kalashnikov type semi-automatic firearms
- 9 Beretta AR-70 and BM59 semi-automatic firearms
- 10 Bushmaster Assault Rifle
- 11 Calico M-900 Assault carbine and M-900
- 12 CETME G3
- 13 Chartered Industries of Singapore SR-88 type
- 14 Colt AR-15 and CAR-15 series
- 15 Daewoo K-1, K-2, Max 1 and Max 2, AR 100 types
- 16 Demro TAC-1 carbine type
- Encom MP-9 and MP-45 carbine types
- FAMAS MAS223 types
- 19 FN-FAL, FN-LAR, or FN-FNC type semi-automatic firearms
- Franchi SPAS 12 and LAW 12 shotguns
- 21 G3SA type
- Galil type Heckler and Koch HK91, HK93, HK94, MP5, PSG-1
- 23 Intratec TEC 9 and 22 semi-automatic firearms
- M1 carbine type
- 25 M14S type
- 26 MAC 10, MAC 11, MAC 11-9mm carbine type firearms
- 27 PJK M-68 carbine type
- 28 Plainfield Machine Company Carbine
- 29 Ruger K-Mini-14/5F and Mini-14/5RF
- 30 SIG AMT, SIG 550SP, SIG 551SP, SIG PE-57 types
- 31 SKS with detachable magazine type
- 32 Spectre Auto carbine type
- 33 Springfield Armory BM59 and SAR-48 type
- 34 Sterling MK-6, MK-7 and SAR types
- 35 Steyr A.U.G. semi-automatic firearms
- 36 USAS 12 semi-automatic type shotgun
- 37 Uzi type semi-automatic firearms
- Valmet M62, M71S, M76, or M78 type semi-automatic firearms
- Weaver Arm Nighthawk.
- 40 (2) Any firearm manufactured under any designation which is
- 41 substantially identical to any of the firearms listed above.
- 42 (3) A semi-automatic shotgun with either a magazine capacity
- 43 exceeding six rounds, a pistol grip, or a folding stock.
- 44 (4) A semi-automatic rifle with a fixed magazine capacity
- 45 exceeding 15 rounds.
- 46 (5) A part or combination of parts designed or intended to convert

- 1 a firearm into an assault firearm, or any combination of parts from 2 which an assault firearm may be readily assembled if those parts are in
- 3 the possession or under the control of the same person.
- 4 x. "Semi-automatic" means a firearm which fires a single projectile 5 for each single pull of the trigger and is self-reloading or automatically 6 chambers a round, cartridge, or bullet.
- 7 y. "Large capacity ammunition magazine" means a box, drum, tube 8 or other container which is capable of holding more than 15 rounds of 9 ammunition to be fed continuously and directly therefrom into a semi-automatic firearm. 10
- z. "Pistol grip" means a well-defined handle, similar to that found 12 on a handgun, that protrudes conspicuously beneath the action of the weapon, and which permits the shotgun to be held and fired with one hand.
- 15 aa. "Trigger locking device" means a device that, if installed on a firearm and secured by means of a key or mechanically, electronically 16 or electromechanically operated combination lock, prevents the 17 firearm from being discharged without first deactivating or removing 18 19 the device by means of a key or mechanically, electronically or 20 electromechanically operated combination lock.
- 21 (cf: P.L.1990, c.32, s.1)

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- 2. N.J.S.2C:39-10 is amended to read as follows:
- 24 2C:39-10. Violation of the Regulatory Provisions Relating to 25 Firearms; False Representation in Applications.
- 26 a. [Any] (1) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2) of this 27 subsection, Any person who knowingly violates the regulatory 28 provisions relating to manufacturing or wholesaling of firearms 29 (section 2C:58-1), retailing of firearms (section 2C:58-2), permits to 30 purchase certain firearms (section 2C:58-3), permits to carry certain
- 31 firearms (section 2C:58-4), licenses to procure machine guns or assault
- 32 firearms (section 2C:58-5), or incendiary or tracer ammunition
- 33 (section 2C:58-10), except acts which are punishable under section 34 2C:39-5 or section 2C:39-9, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- 35 (2) A licensed dealer who knowingly violates the provisions of 36 subparagraph (d) of paragraph (5) of subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:58-2 37 is a disorderly person.
  - b. Any person who knowingly violates the regulatory provisions relating to notifying the authorities of possessing certain items of explosives (section 2C:58-7), or of certain wounds (section 2C:58-8) is a disorderly person.
- 42 Any person who gives or causes to be given any false 43 information, or signs a fictitious name or address, in applying for a 44 firearms purchaser identification card, a permit to purchase a handgun, 45 a permit to carry a handgun, a permit to possess a machine gun, a permit to possess an assault firearm, or in completing the certificate or 46

- 1 any other instrument required by law in purchasing or otherwise 2 acquiring delivery of any rifle, shotgun, handgun, machine gun, or 3 assault firearm or any other firearm, is guilty of a crime of the third 4 degree.
- Any person who gives or causes to be given any false 5 d. 6 information in registering an assault firearm pursuant to section 11 of 7 P.L.1990, c.32 (C.2C:58-12) or in certifying that an assault firearm 8 was rendered inoperable pursuant to section 12 of P.L.1990, c.32 9 (C.2C:58-13) commits a crime of the fourth degree.
- 10 e. Any person who knowingly sells, gives, transfers, assigns or 11 otherwise disposes of a firearm to a person who is under the age of 18 years, except as permitted in section 14 of P.L.1979, c.179 12 13 (C.2C:58-6.1), is guilty of a crime of the third degree. 14 Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the 15 sentence imposed for a conviction under this subsection shall include a mandatory minimum three-year term of imprisonment, during which 16 the defendant shall be ineligible for parole. 17

18 (cf: P.L.1993, c.49, s.1)

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- 3. N.J.S.2C:58-2 is amended to read as follows:
- 2C:58-2 a. Licensing of retail dealers and their employees. No retail dealer of firearms nor any employee of a retail dealer shall sell or expose for sale, or possess with the intent of selling, any firearm unless licensed to do so as hereinafter provided. The superintendent shall prescribe standards and qualifications for retail dealers of firearms and their employees for the protection of the public safety, health and welfare.
- 28 Applications shall be made in the form prescribed by the superintendent, accompanied by a fee of \$50.00 payable to the superintendent, and shall be made to a judge of the Superior Court in 30 the county where the applicant maintains his place of business. The judge shall grant a license to an applicant if he finds that the applicant meets the standards and qualifications established by the superintendent and that the applicant can be permitted to engage in business as a retail dealer of firearms or employee thereof without any danger to the public safety, health and welfare. Each license shall be valid for a period of 3 years from the date of issuance, and shall authorize the holder to sell firearms at retail in a specified municipality.
- 40 In addition, every retail dealer shall pay a fee of \$5.00 for each 41 employee actively engaged in the sale or purchase of firearms. The superintendent shall issue a license for each employee for whom said 42 43 fee has been paid, which license shall be valid for so long as the 44 employee remains in the employ of said retail dealer.
- 45 No license shall be granted to any retail dealer under the age of 21 years or to any employee of a retail dealer under the age of 18 or 46

- 1 to any person who could not qualify to obtain a permit to purchase a
- 2 handgun or a firearms purchaser identification card, or to any
- 3 corporation, partnership or other business organization in which the
- 4 actual or equitable controlling interest is held or possessed by such an
- 5 ineligible person.

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- All licenses shall be granted subject to the following conditions, for breach of any of which the license shall be subject to revocation on the application of any law enforcement officer and after notice and hearing by the issuing court:
  - (1) The business shall be carried on only in the building or buildings designated in the license, provided that repairs may be made by the dealer or his employees outside of such premises.
  - (2) The license or a copy certified by the issuing authority shall be displayed at all times in a conspicuous place on the business premises where it can be easily read.
  - (3) No firearm or imitation thereof shall be placed in any window or in any other part of the premises where it can be readily seen from the outside.
  - (4) No rifle or shotgun, except antique rifles or shotguns, shall be delivered to any person unless such person possesses and exhibits a valid firearms purchaser identification card and furnishes the seller, on the form prescribed by the superintendent, a certification signed by him setting forth his name, permanent address, firearms purchaser identification card number and such other information as the superintendent may by rule or regulation require. The certification shall be retained by the dealer and shall be made available for inspection by any law enforcement officer at any reasonable time.
    - (5) No handgun shall be delivered to any person unless:
  - (a) Such person possesses and exhibits a valid permit to purchase a firearm and at least 7 days have elapsed since the date of application for the permit;
- 32 (b) The person is personally known to the seller or presents 33 evidence of his identity; [and]
  - (c) The handgun is unloaded and securely wrapped; and
  - (d) The handgun is accompanied by a trigger locking device.
- 36 (6) The dealer shall keep a true record of every handgun sold, 37 given or otherwise delivered or disposed of, in accordance with the 38 provisions of subsections b. through e. of this section and the record 39 shall note that a trigger locking device was delivered along with the 40 handgun.
- b. Records. Every person engaged in the retail business of selling, leasing or otherwise transferring a handgun, as a retail dealer or otherwise, shall keep a register in which shall be entered the time of the sale, lease or other transfer, the date thereof, the name, age, date of birth, complexion, occupation, residence and a physical description including distinguishing physical characteristics, if any, of the

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- purchaser, lessee or transferee, the name and permanent home address of the person making the sale, lease or transfer, the place of the transaction, and the make, model, manufacturer's number, caliber and other marks of identification on such handgun and such other information as the superintendent shall deem necessary for the proper enforcement of this chapter. The register shall be retained by the dealer and shall be made available at all reasonable hours for inspection by any law enforcement officer.
  - c. Forms of register. The superintendent shall prepare the form of the register as described in subsection b. of this section and furnish the same in triplicate to each person licensed to be engaged in the business of selling, leasing or otherwise transferring firearms.
  - d. Signatures in register. The purchaser, lessee or transferee of any handgun shall sign, and the dealer shall require him to sign his name to the register, in triplicate, and the person making the sale, lease or transfer shall affix his name, in triplicate, as a witness to the signature. The signatures shall constitute a representation of the accuracy of the information contained in the register.
  - e. Copies of register entries; delivery to chief of police or county clerk. Within 5 days of the date of the sale, assignment or transfer, the dealer shall deliver or mail by certified mail, return receipt requested, legible copies of the register forms to the office of the chief of police of the municipality in which the purchaser resides, or to the office of the captain of the precinct of the municipality in which the purchaser resides, and to the superintendent. If hand delivered a receipt shall be given to the dealer therefor.

Where a sale, assignment or transfer is made to a purchaser who resides in a municipality having no chief of police, the dealer shall, within 5 days of the transaction, mail a duplicate copy of the register sheet to the clerk of the county within which the purchaser resides.

31 (cf: P.L.1979, c.179, s.10)

4. This act shall take effect on the first day of the third month after enactment.

### **STATEMENT**

This bill amends N.J.S.2C:58-2 to specify that licensed retail firearms dealers may not deliver handguns to their purchasers unless the handgun is accompanied by a trigger locking device. The bill defines a trigger locking device as a device that, if installed on a firearm and secured by means of a key or a mechanically, electronically, or electromechanically operated combination lock, prevents the firearm from being discharged without first deactivating or removing the device by means of a key or mechanically,

### S1686 CIESLA

- 1 electronically, or electromechanically operated combination lock.
- A violation of the bill's provisions would be a disorderly persons
- 3 offense. A disorderly persons offense is punishable by a term of
- 4 imprisonment for up to six months, a fine of up to \$1,000, or both.

### SENATE LAW AND PUBLIC SAFETY COMMITTEE

### STATEMENT TO

# SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE, No. 1686

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: SEPTEMBER 23, 1999

The Senate Law and Public Safety Committee reports favorably a Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 1686.

The Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 1686 amends N.J.S.2C:58-2 to specify that licensed retail firearms dealers may not deliver a handgun to a purchaser unless the handgun is accompanied by a trigger lock or a locked case, gunbox, container or other secure facility.

The substitute defines a trigger lock as a commercially available device approved by the Superintendent of State Police which is operated with a key or combination lock that prevents a firearm from being discharged while the device is attached to the firearm. Trigger locks may include, but need not be limited to, devices that obstruct the barrel or cylinder of the firearm, as well as devices that immobilize the trigger. Under the substitute, the dealer is required to note on the record of sale that a trigger lock, locked case, gunbox container or other facility was delivered with the handgun.

The substitute exempts antique handguns from its provisions, but specifies that this exemption is to be narrowly construed and shall not be deemed to exempt antique handguns from the regulatory provisions governing firearms set forth in chapter 39 and chapter 58 of Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes. The substitute defines "antique handgun" as a handgun manufactured before 1898, or a replica thereof, which is recognized as being historical in nature or of historical significance and either (1) utilizes a match, friction, flint, or percussion ignition, or which utilizes a pin-fire cartridge in which the pin is part of the cartridge or (2) does not fire fixed ammunition or for which cartridge ammunition is not commercially available.

A violation of the substitute's provisions pertaining to the requirement of a trigger lock, locked case or gun box is a disorderly persons offense. A disorderly persons offense is punishable by a term of imprisonment for up to six months, a fine of up to \$1,000, or both.

The substitute requires the Superintendent of State Police, in consultation with the Attorney General, to promulgate guidelines to effectuate its purposes.

Finally, the substitute appropriates \$90,000 to the Department of Law and Public Safety to be allocated proportionately among the offices of the county prosecutor of each county to be used for the purposes of providing trigger locks free of charge to firearm owners.

This substitute is identical to the Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill No 2826, which was also released by the committee on this date.

PO BOX 004 TRENTON, NJ 08625

## Office of the Governor NEWS RELEASE

CONTACT: Gene Herman 609-777-2600

RELEASE: October 12, 1999

#### Governor Whitman Signs Handgun Trigger Lock Bill

Governor Christie Whitman signed into law the Handgun Trigger Lock Bill, mandating that every handgun sold in New Jersey by a licensed dealer be equipped with a trigger lock. The bill signed today is another of the Governor's efforts to make New Jerseyans safer and more secure in their homes and communities.

"Trigger locks are designed to prevent the accidental discharge of a loaded handgun," said Gov. Whitman. "By adding this safety device to handguns, responsible gun owners can help ensure that their guns are not used by irresponsible parties - especially by children whose curiosity often exceeds their judgement, with tragic results."

"By making it more difficult for youngsters or others to misuse a handgun, this measure will save lives. But it's only one step in preventing future tragedy. I hope that responsible gun owners throughout our state will take the steps necessary to keep their firearms safely away from children," the Governor said.

A-2826, sponsored by Assembly Members James W. Holzapfel (R-Monmouth/Ocean), Paul R. Kramer (R-Mercer/Middlesex), Neil M. Cohen (D-Union), Marion Crecco (R-Essex/Passaic), Thomas S. Smith (R-Monmouth), Guy F.Talarico (R-Bergen), Peter J. Barnes, Jr. (D- Middlesex), Alfred E. Steele (D-Passaic), Nia H. Gill (D-Essex) and Senator Andrew R. Ciesla (R-Monmouth/Ocean) and John J. Matheussen (R-Camden/Gloucester), prohibits licensed dealers from transferring handguns to purchasers unless the handgun is accompanied by a trigger locking device.

The bill says that every handgun sold in New Jersey needs to be equipped with a trigger lock. A trigger lock is defined as a commercially available device, approved by the Superintendent of State Police, which is operated with a key or combination lock and prevents a firearm from being discharged (while the device is attached to the firearm).

This bill amends New Jersey's firearm laws to provide that licensed retail firearms dealers may not deliver handguns to their purchasers unless the handgun is accompanied by a trigger lock, lock box or other locking case, container or facility. Alternatives to trigger locks are also permitted because trigger locks can't be used on certain target and other specialized handguns.

A knowing violation of the bill's provisions would constitute a disorderly persons offense, which is punishable by a term of imprisonment of up to six months, a fine of up to \$1,000, or both.

The bill's requirements do not apply to antique handguns because they are often not operable and trigger locks are often unavailable for such weapons. However, the term "antique handgun" is defined in the bill, and limited to those handguns manufactured before 1898, or replicas, that are historical in nature or are of historical significance.

This legislation also includes \$90,000 that will fund a program to make trigger locks available through the county prosecutors' offices. The bill also authorizes the Superintendant of the State Police, in consultation with the Attorney General, to develop guidelines to carry out the legislation.

Gov. Whitman also urged gun owners to exercise common sense in keeping their guns away from children - as owners also need to take personal responsibility for the safety and security of their firearms.

According to the Governor, this measure is just the latest step that the Whitman administration has taken to protect New Jersey's children: "We've established gun-free school zones and a zero tolerance for weapons policy in our schools. And just last month, I announced our comprehensive V-Free Youth Initiative, which is designed to protect New Jersey's kids from violence vandalism and victimization," she said.

"Working together, and through measures like this, we can help protect New Jersey's children from accidental injury or death from handguns."