19:9-2 et al

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECK

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LAWS OF: 1999 CHAPTER: 232

NJSA: 19:9-2 et al (Polling places—voting procedures)

BILL NO: S1123 (Substituted for A2168)

SPONSOR(S): Kavanaugh and Rice

DATE INTRODUCED: May 28, 1998

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: State Government

SENATE: State Government, Banking & Financial Institutions

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: May 24, 1999

SENATE: May 24, 1999

DATE OF APPROVAL: October 7, 1999

FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL: Assembly Committee Substitute (1R) for S1123 (Amendments during passage denoted by superscript numbers)

S1123

SPONSORS STATEMENT: (Begins on page 20 of original bill) **Yes COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY**:

Yes

SENATE: Yes

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS: Yes

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

A2168

SPONSORS STATEMENT: (Begins on page 20 of original bill) Yes

Bill and Sponsors statement identical to S1123

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes

Identical to Assembly Statement for S1123

SENATE: No

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

VETO MESSAGE: No

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING: Yes

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

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3, 3	No
REPORTS:	
	No
HEARINGS:	
	No
NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:	

Title 19.
Chapter 53C (New)
Provisional Ballots.
§§7-26 - C.19:53C-1
to C.19:53C-20
§§32,33 C.19:31-16.1 and
19:31-16.2
§34 - T&E and note
to 19:31-16

P.L. 1999, CHAPTER 232, approved October 7, 1999 Assembly Committee Substitute (First Reprint) for Senate, No.1123

1 AN ACT concerning voting by certain voters, revising various parts of 2 the statutory law and supplementing Title 19 of the Revised 3 Statutes.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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1. R.S.19:9-2 is amended to read as follows:

9 19:9-2. The [Secretary of State] Director of the Division of 10 Elections shall prepare and distribute on or before April 1 in each year prior to the primary election for the general election and the general 11 election [the following] such information [and election supplies: 12 pamphlets of the election laws and instructions; precinct returns; 13 14 electors of President and Vice-President; United States Senator; member of the House of Representatives; Governor; State Senator; 15 General Assembly and county officers; public questions submitted to 16 17 the voters of the entire State; self-addressed envelopes, plain and stamped, to each district; returns for the county board of canvassers 18 19 for the above officers; primary return sheets as may be needed relative to election procedures for the ensuing year. 20

The county board of elections shall prepare and distribute on or before April 1 of each year, registration and voting instructions printed in at least 14-point type for conspicuous display at each polling place at any election.

All other books, ballots, envelopes and other blank forms which the county clerk is required to furnish under any other section of this Title, stationery and supplies for the primary election for the general election, the primary election for delegates and alternates to national conventions and the general election, shall be furnished, prepared and distributed by the clerks of the various counties; except that all books,

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

 $\overline{\text{Matter enclosed in }\overline{\text{superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:}}$

¹ Senate floor amendments adopted May 24, 1999.

1 blank forms, stationery and supplies, articles and equipment which may

2 be deemed necessary to be furnished, used or issued by the county

3 board or superintendent shall be furnished, used or issued, prepared

and distributed by such county board or superintendent, as the case

5 may be.

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6 The county board [in counties having a superintendent of 7 elections shall furnish and deliver to the county clerk, the municipal 8 clerks and the district boards in municipalities having more than one 9 election district [,]: a map or description of the district lines of their 10 respective election districts, together with the street and house 11 numbers where possible in such election districts [. In counties not having a superintendent of elections the municipal clerks shall furnish 12 and deliver such map or description of district lines to the county 13 14 clerk, the county board and the district board in municipalities having more than one election district and a list or map of all of the polling 15 16 places within the county to assist any voter in identifying the correct 17 location of the polling place at which the voter should vote if that 18 voter erroneously reports to the municipal clerk or the wrong polling 19 place.

Nothing in subtitle 2 of the Title, Municipalities and Counties (**[**section**]** R.S.40:16-1 et seq.), shall in anywise be construed to affect, restrict, or abridge the powers conferred on the county clerks, county boards or superintendents by this Title.

(cf: P.L.1991, c.429, s.8)

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2. R.S.19:12-7 is amended to read as follows:

19:12-7. a. The county board in each county shall cause to be published in a newspaper or newspapers which, singly or in combination, are of general circulation throughout the county, a notice containing the information specified in subsection b. hereof, except for such of the contents as may be omitted pursuant to subsection c. or d. hereof. Such notice shall be published once during the 30 days next preceding the day fixed for the closing of the registration books for the primary election, once during the calendar week next preceding the week in which the primary election is held, once during the 30 days next preceding the day fixed for the closing of the registration books for the general election, and once during the calendar week next preceding the week in which the general election is held.

- b. Such notice shall set forth:
- (1) For the primary election:
- (a) That a primary election for making nominations for the general election, for the selection of members of the county committees of each political party, and in each presidential year for the selection of delegates and alternates to national conventions of political parties, will be held on the day and between the hours and at the places provided for by or pursuant to this Title.

- (b) The place or places at which and hours during which a person may register [;], the procedure for the transfer of registration, and the date on which the books are closed for registration or transfer of registration.
- (c) The several State, county, municipal and party offices or positions to be filled, or for which nominations are to be made, at such primary election.
- (d) The existence of registration and voting aids, including: (i) the availability of registration and voting instructions at places of registration as provided under R.S.19:31-6; and (ii), if available, the accessibility of voter information to the deaf by means of a telecommunications device.
- (e) The availability of assistance to a person unable to vote due to blindness, disability or inability to read or write.
- (f) In the case of the notice published during the calendar week next preceding the week in which the primary election is held, that a voter who, prior to the election, shall have moved within the same county without (i) filing, on or before the 29th day preceding the election, a notice of change of residence with the commissioner of registration of the county or the municipal clerk of the municipality in which the voter resides on the day of the election, (ii) returning the confirmation notice sent to the voter by the commissioner of registration of the county, if such a notice has been sent to the voter, or (iii) otherwise notifying the commissioner of registration of the voter's change of address within the county shall be permitted to correct the voter's registration and to vote in the primary election by provisional ballot at the polling place of the district in which the voter resides on the day of the election. The notice shall further provide that the voter may contact the county commissioner of registration or municipal clerk to determine the proper polling place location for the voter.
 - (2) For the general election:
- (a) That a general election will be held on the day and between the hours and at the places provided for by or pursuant to this Title.
- (b) The place or places at which and hours during which a person may register [;], the procedure for transfer of registration, and the date on which the books are closed for registration or transfer of registration.
- (c) The several State, county and municipal offices to be filled and, except as provided in **[**section**]** R.S.19:14-33 of this Title as to publication of notice of any Statewide proposition directed by the Legislature to be submitted to the people, the State, county and municipal public questions to be voted upon at such general election.
- (d) The existence of registration and voting aids, including: (i) the availability of registration and voting instructions at places of registration as provided under R.S.19:31-6; and (ii) the accessibility

of voter information to the deaf by means of a telecommunications device.

- 3 (e) The availability of assistance to a person unable to vote due to 4 blindness, disability or inability to read or write.
- 5 (f) In the case of the notice published during the calendar week next preceding the week in which the general election is held, that a 6 7 voter who, prior to the election, shall have moved within the same 8 county without (i) filing, on or before the 29th day preceding the 9 election, a notice of change of residence with the commissioner of 10 registration of the county or the municipal clerk of the municipality in 11 which the voter resides on the day of the election, (ii) returning the confirmation notice sent to the voter by the commissioner of 12 13 registration of the county, if such a notice has been sent to the voter, 14 or (iii) otherwise notifying the commissioner of registration of the 15 voter's change of address within the county shall be permitted to correct the voter's registration and to vote in the general election by 16 17 provisional ballot at the polling place of the district in which the voter resides on the day of the election. The notice shall further provide that 18 19 the voter may contact the county commissioner of registration or 20 municipal clerk to determine the proper polling place location for the
 - (3) For a school election:

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voter.

- (a) The day, time and place thereof,
- (b) The offices, if any, to be filled at the election,
- 25 (c) The substance of any public question to be submitted to the voters thereat,
- 27 (d) That a voter who, prior to the election, shall have moved 28 within the same county without (i) filing, on or before the 29th day 29 preceding the election, a notice of change of residence with the 30 commissioner of registration of the county or the municipal clerk of 31 the municipality in which the voter resides on the day of the election, 32 (ii) returning the confirmation notice sent to the voter by the 33 commissioner of registration of the county, if such a notice has been 34 sent to the voter, or (iii) otherwise notifying the commissioner of 35 registration of the voter's change of address within the county shall be permitted to correct the voter's registration and to vote in the school 36 37 election by provisional ballot at the polling place of the district in which the voter resides on the day of the election, 38
 - (e) That if the voter has any questions as to where to vote on the day of the election, the voter may contact the county commissioner of registration or municipal clerk to determine the proper polling place location for the voter; and
- 43 (f) Such other information as may be required by law.
- c. If such publication is made in more than one newspaper, it shall not be necessary to duplicate in the notice published in each such newspaper all the information required under this section, so long as:

- (1) The municipal officers or party positions to be filled, or nominations made, or municipal public questions to be voted upon by the voters of any municipality, shall be set forth in at least one newspaper having general circulation in such municipality;
- (2) All offices to be filled, or nominations made therefor, or public questions to be voted upon, by the voters of the entire State or of the entire county shall be set forth in a newspaper or newspapers which, singly or in combination, have general circulation throughout the county;
- (3) Information relating to nominations and elections in each Legislative District comprised in whole or part in the county, shall be published in at least a newspaper or newspapers which singly or in combination, have general circulation in every municipality of the county which is comprised in such legislative district.
- d. Such part or parts of the original notices as published which pertain to day of registration or primary election which has occurred shall be eliminated from such notice in succeeding insertions.
- e. [Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this section, in a school election the county board shall give notice of each election not less than 10 days prior to the date fixed for the election, by posting at least seven copies of the notice, one on each schoolhouse in the district and the others at such public places therein as the board shall direct and causing a copy thereof to be published at least once, in at least one newspaper published in each municipality in the district and, if no newspaper is published in any such municipality or such a newspaper will not be published in time to publish the notice in accordance with this section, then, as to the municipality, in at least one newspaper published in the county or State and circulating in the municipality. [Deleted by amendment, P.L., c. (now pending before the Legislature as this bill).)
- f. The cost of publishing the notices required by this section shall be paid by the respective counties, [or for school elections, by the respective school district] unless otherwise provided for by law.

34 (cf: P.L.1995, c.278, s.16)

3. R.S.19:31-11 is amended to read as follows:

19:31-11. a. In all counties within the State, change of residence notices shall be made by a written request, signed by the registrant, forwarded to the commissioner by mail, and actually received by the commissioner, or by calling in person at the office of the commissioner or the municipal clerk. The commissioner shall provide change of residence notices in card form for the use of any registered voter moving to another address within the same election district or to another election district within the same county. Copies of these notices shall also be available at the office of the municipal clerk in each municipality. Each municipal clerk shall transmit daily to the

1 commissioner all the filled out change of residence notices that may be 2 in the municipal clerk's office at the time. These notices shall be 3 printed upon cards, shall contain a blank form showing where the 4 applicant last resided and the address and exact location to which the 5 applicant has moved and shall have a line for the applicant's signature, printed name and date of birth. Upon receipt of such change of 6 7 residence notice the commissioner shall cause the signature to be 8 compared with the registration forms of the applicant and, if such 9 signature appears to be of and by one and the same legal voter, the 10 commissioner shall cause the entry of the change of residence to be 11 made on those registration forms and the registrant shall thereupon be 12 qualified to vote in the election district to which the registrant shall 13 have so moved. If the commissioner is not satisfied as to the signature 14 on the request for a change of residence, a confirmation notice as 15 prescribed by subsection d. of R.S.19:31-15 shall be sent by mail with 16 postage prepaid to the registrant at the new address.

The application for change of residence shall be filed with the commissioner or municipal clerk, as the case may be, on or before the twenty-ninth day preceding any election. [All applications for change of residence postmarked on or before the twenty-ninth day preceding any election shall be deemed timely.]

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22 b. In any county any voter who, prior to an election, shall move 23 within the same county after the time above prescribed for filing an 24 application for change of residence without having made application 25 for change of residence, or who has not returned a confirmation notice 26 sent to the voter by the commissioner of registration of the county, if 27 such a notice has been sent to the voter, or who has not moved since 28 the previous election but whose registration information is missing or 29 otherwise deficient, or has otherwise failed to notify the commissioner of registration of the voter's change of address within the county, shall 30 31 be permitted to vote in that election in the district to which the voter 32 has moved, upon Isigning an affidavit, which shall set forth (1) the 33 date upon which the voter moved, (2) the address from which the 34 voter moved, and (3) the address to which the voter moved, and 35 submitting that affidavit, completed and signed, to the municipal clerk 36 of the municipality in which the voter resides, and such affidavit] 37 making a written affirmation regarding the change of address at the 38 polling place of the district in which the voter resides on the day of the 39 election. No identifying document shall be required from the voter for 40 this affirmation. A district board member shall provide the voter with 41 a provisional ballot, and an envelope with an affirmation statement that 42 conforms with the requirements for such documents contained in 43 subsection b. of section 7 of P.L. , c. (now pending before the 44 Legislature as this bill). The voter shall complete the provisional 45 ballot and affirmation statement, place the ballot in the envelope, seal and return it to the district board member. The board member shall 46

- 1 review the information in the affirmation statement for completeneess
- 2 <u>before forwarding it for inspection, tabulation and notation by the</u>
- 3 county board of elections, as provided for by sections 7 through 26 of
- 4 P.L., c. (C.)(now pending before the Legislature as this bill).
- 5 The affirmation statement shall constitute a transfer to the [said]
- 6 <u>registrant's</u> new residence for any subsequent election. [The municipal
- 7 clerk shall, immediately following the election, transmit each such
- 8 affidavit so submitted to the commissioner of registration for the
- 9 county in which the district is located, and the commissioner shall
- 10 correct the voter's address in the registry list of the county. The
- 11 county clerk shall furnish to the municipal clerks form affidavits for
- 12 this purpose and the municipal clerks shall turn over all signed
- 13 affidavits to the commissioner; provided, however However, if the
- 14 voter has moved from one residence to another within the same
- 15 election district at any time, the voter shall be permitted to vote in
- such election district at any election in the same manner as other
- 17 <u>voters at the polling place</u> upon written affirmation by the registrant
- 18 to the [municipal clerk] district board member of the registrant's
- 19 change of address.
- 20 c. A voter who moves from an election district in one county to
- 21 an election district in another county <u>prior to the close of registration</u>
- 22 <u>preceding an election</u> shall register in the new county of residence, in
- 23 accordance with the provisions of R.S.19:31-6, in order to be
- 24 permitted to vote.
- 25 (cf: P.L.1994, c.182, s.11)

- 4. Section 3 of P.L.1940, c.197 (C.19:48-3.2) is amended to read as follows:
- 29 3. No ballots shall be prepared or used at any election in any
- 30 election district [designated by the superintendent of elections] under
- 31 the provisions of this act other than such ballots as are required for use
- 32 in voting machines [and], emergency ballots for use if a voting
- 33 machine fails to operate, as provided in **[**this amendatory and
- supplementary act, P.L.1992, c.3 (C.19:53B-1 et al.), and provisional
- 35 <u>ballots for use by certain voters who no longer reside at the place from</u>
- 36 which they are registered, as provided in P.L. c., (C.)(now
- 37 pending before the Legislature as this bill).
- 38 (cf: P.L.1992, c.3, s.4)

- 5. Section 11 of P.L.1944, c.7 (C.19:48-3.13) is amended to read as follows:
- 42 11. No ballots other than ballots required for use in voting
- machines [and], emergency ballots for use if a voting machine fails to
- operate and provisional ballots for use by certain voters who no longer
- 45 reside at the place from which they are registered, as provided in

1 P.L., c., (C.)(now pending before the Legislature as this

2 <u>bill</u>), shall be prepared or used at any election in any election district

3 In any such county for which voting machines are available, and

which has been designated by the superintendent of elections of the

5 county if any there be or by the commissioner of registration of the

6 county if a county of the second class, having any superintendent of

7 elections, under the provisions of this act, as an election district in

8 which voting machines shall be used].

(cf: P.L.1992, c.3, s.5)

6. R.S.19:52-1 is amended to read as follows:

19:52-1. The district boards of each election district shall meet at the polling place three-quarters of an hour before the time set for opening of the polls at each election and shall proceed to arrange the furniture, stationery and voting machine or machines for the conduct of the election. The district boards shall then and there have the voting machine, ballots and stationery required to be delivered to them for such election by the officials charged by law with that duty. If not previously done, they shall insert in their proper place on the voting machine the ballots containing the names of offices to be filled at such election and the names of candidates nominated therefor.

The keys to the voting machine shall be delivered to the district election officers in any manner that the county board of elections or the superintendent of elections or the municipal clerk, as the case may be, having custody of voting machines, may determine, at least three-quarters of an hour before the time set for opening the polls, in a sealed envelope, on which shall be written or printed the number and location of the voting machine, the number of the seal with which it is sealed, the number of the green seal with which the emergency ballot box is sealed, and the number registered on the protective counter or device, as reported by the custodian.

The envelope containing the keys shall not be opened until at least two members of the board who are not members of the same political party shall be present at the polling place and shall have examined the envelope to see that it has not been opened. Before opening the envelope all election officers present shall examine the number on the seal on the machine and the number registered on the protective counter, and shall ascertain if they are the same as the numbers written on the envelope; and if they are not the same, the machine must not be opened until such county board of elections or such superintendent of elections or such municipal clerk, as the case may be, after due notice of such discrepancy, shall have caused such machine to be re-examined and properly arranged by any person or persons employed or appointed pursuant to R.S.19:48-6. If the numbers on the voting machine seal and the protective counter are found to agree with the numbers on the envelope, the district election officers shall proceed to

open the doors concealing the counters, and each district election officer shall carefully examine every counter and ascertain whether or not it registers zero (000), and the same shall be subject to the inspection of official watchers.

In addition, each district election officer shall carefully examine the emergency ballot box to ascertain whether or not it is properly sealed with a numbered green seal and examine the number to ascertain if it is the same as the number written on the voting machine key envelope. If the numbers are not the same, the county board of elections, the superintendent of elections, or the municipal clerk, as the case may be, shall be notified of the discrepancy.

The machine shall remain locked against voting until the polls are formally opened and shall not be operated except by voters in voting. If any counter is found not to register zero (000) the district board shall immediately notify such county board of elections or such superintendent of elections or such municipal clerk, as the case may be, who shall, if practicable, cause such counter to be adjusted at zero (000) by any person or persons employed or appointed pursuant to R.S.19:48-6. If it shall be impracticable for such person or persons to arrive in time to so adjust such counter before the time set for opening the polls, the district election officers shall immediately make a written statement of the designating letter and number of such counter, together with the number registered thereon, and shall sign and post same upon the wall of the polling room, where it shall remain throughout election day, and in filling out the statement of canvass, they shall subtract such number from the number registered thereon at the close of the polls.

Each district election officer shall carefully examine the provisional ballot bag to ascertain that it is properly sealed with a numbered security seal and whether it has been subjected to tampering. If the elections officer discovers evidence of tampering, the county board of elections, the superintendent of elections, or the municipal clerk, as the case may be, shall be so notified immediately.

34 (cf: P.L.1996, c.120, s.7)

7. (New section) a. (1) The county clerk or the municipal clerk, in the case of a municipal election, shall arrange for the preparation of a provisional ballot packet for each election district. It shall include the appropriate number of provisional ballots, the appropriate number of envelopes with an affirmation statement and one provisional ballot inventory form affixed to the provisional ballot bag. The clerk shall arrange for the preparation of and placement in each provisional ballot bag of a provisional ballot packet and an envelope containing a numbered seal. The envelope shall contain, on its face, the instructions for the use of the seal, the number and the election district location of the provisional ballot bag, and the identification numbers

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of the seal placed in the envelope. Each provisional ballot bag shall be sealed with a numbered security seal before being forwarded to the appropriate election district.

- (2) Each provisional ballot bag and the inventory of the contents of each such bag shall be delivered to the designated polling place no later than the opening of the polls on the day of an election.
- b. The county clerk or the municipal clerk, in the case of a 7 8 municipal election, shall arrange for the preparation of the envelope 9 and affirmation statement that is to accompany each provisional ballot. 10 The envelope shall be of sufficient size to accommodate the 11 provisional ballot, and the affirmation statement shall be affixed 12 thereto in a manner that enables it to be detached once completed and 13 verified by the county commissioner of registration. The statement 14 shall require the voter to provide the voter's name, and to indicate whether the voter is registered to vote in a county but has moved 15 within that county since registering to vote; or is registered to vote in 16 17 the election district in which that polling place is located but the 18 voter's registration information is missing or otherwise deficient. The 19 statement shall further require the voter to provide the voter's most 20 recent prior voter registration address and address on the day of the 21 election and date of birth. The statement shall include the statement: 22 "I swear or affirm, that the foregoing statements made by me are true 23 and correct and that I understand that any fraudulent voting may 24 subject me to a fine of up to \$1,000, imprisonment up to five years or 25 both, pursuant to R.S.19:34-11." It shall be followed immediately by 26 spaces for the voter's signature and printed name, and in the case of a 27 name change, the voter's printed old and new name and a signature for 28 each name, the date the statement was completed, political party 29 affiliation, if used in a primary election, and the name of the person 30 providing assistance to the voter, if applicable. Each statement shall 31 also note the number of the election district, or ward, and name of the 32 municipality at which the statement will be used.
- 33 c. For the primary for the general election, the provisional ballots 34 shall be printed in ink on paper of a color that matches the color of the 35 voting authority, which shall indicate the party primary of the voter. The provisional ballots shall be uniform in size, quality and type and 36 37 of a thickness that the printing thereon cannot be distinguished from 38 the back of the paper, and without any mark, device or figure on the 39 front or back other than as provided in P.L. , c. (C. 40 pending before the Legislature as this bill). Each such ballot shall 41 include near the top thereof and in large type the designation PROVISIONAL BALLOT. In all other respects, the provisional 42 ballots shall conform generally to the other ballots to be used in the 43 44 election district for the primary election.

The clerk of the county or municipality shall arrange for the 46 preparation of each provisional ballot package with an appropriate

number of provisional ballots for each political party and a
 corresponding number of envelopes with affirmation statements.
 Additional provisional ballots and envelopes shall be available for
 delivery to that election district on the day of the election, if necessary.

d. For the general election the provisional ballots shall be printed in ink. The provisional ballots shall be uniform in size, quality and type and of a thickness that the printing thereon cannot be distinguished from the back of the paper, and without any mark, device or figure on the front or back other than as provided in this act. Each such ballot shall include near the top thereof and in large type the designation PROVISIONAL BALLOT. In all other respects, the provisional ballots shall conform generally to the other ballots to be used in the election district for the general election.

The clerk of the county or municipality shall arrange for the preparation of each provisional ballot package with an appropriate number of provisional ballots and a corresponding number of envelopes with affirmation statements. Additional provisional ballots and envelopes shall be available for delivery to that election district on the day of the election, if necessary.

e. For a school election the provisional ballots shall be printed in ink. The provisional ballots shall be uniform in size, quality and type and of a thickness that the printing thereon cannot be distinguished from the back of the paper, and without any mark, device or figure on the front or back other than as provided in this act. Each such ballot shall include near the top thereof and in large type the designation PROVISIONAL BALLOT. In all other respects, the provisional ballots shall conform generally to the other ballots to be used in the election district for the school election.

The clerk of the county shall arrange for the preparation of each provisional ballot package with an appropriate number of provisional ballots and a corresponding number of envelopes with affirmation statements. Additional provisional ballots and envelopes shall be available for delivery to that election district on the day of the election, if necessary.

8. (New section) a. The district board shall not permit other provisional ballots to be used at an election except those provisional ballots provided for by P.L., c. (C.)(now pending before the Legislature as this bill). It shall confine the distribution and use of the provisional ballots to the polling place and election district in the manner herein directed, and shall not distribute provisional ballots outside the polling place or election district.

b. The board shall not store provisional ballots or envelopes with affirmation statements in a polling booth or in any other area designated for voters to mark the provisional ballot and complete the affirmation statement.

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- c. The board shall cause each booth or voting area in a polling place to be kept provided with sufficient pens or lead pencils to enable the voters to mark their provisional ballots and complete the affirmation statement.
- d. The county board of elections shall arrange for the preparation of complete written instructions regarding the procedures for the use of the provisional ballot bags for each district board member. The board members shall be orally instructed on the procedures for the use of provisional ballots and affirmation statements at the training classes held for the board members.
- 9. (New section) Whenever a voter enters a polling place to vote on the day of an election and the circumstance of that voter matches the circumstance of a voter described in subsection b. of R.S.19:31-11, the district board shall query the voter and follow the appropriate procedure herein described.
- a. If, at any time, the voter has moved from one residence to another in the same election district, the board shall permit the voter to vote at that polling place in the same manner as other voters at the polling place upon written affirmation by the voter to the district board.
- b. If the voter has moved within a municipality but currently resides in an election district different from that listed for the voter by the commissioner of registration, the district board shall direct the voter to the appropriate election district and polling place for the voter and inform that person that: (1) the person must go to that polling place to vote; and (2) the person will be permitted to vote thereat by provisional ballot after completing an affirmation statement.
- c. If the voter has moved within the county but currently resides in a municipality different from that listed for the voter by the commissioner of registration, the district board shall determine the appropriate election district and polling place for the voter and inform that person that: (1) the person must go to that polling place to vote; and (2) the person will be permitted to vote thereat by provisional ballot after completing an affirmation statement.
- d. If, on or before the 29th day prior to the day of the election, the voter has moved into the county from another county or state and has not registered to vote in that county, the board shall inform the voter that he is not eligible to vote in that county at that election.
- e. If, after the 29th day prior to the day of an election, the voter has moved into the county from another county in this State, the board shall inform the voter that: (1) the voter is not eligible to vote in the county where he resides currently at that election; and (2) the voter may be eligible to vote in the election district where the voter resided prior to moving to the voter's current residence.
- 45 f. If the voter's registration information has been marked by the 46 county commissioner of registration to indicate a problem therewith, or if the voter's sample ballot has been returned as undeliverable to the 47

county or municipal clerk, as the case may be, but the voter states that the voter has not moved prior to the day of an election, but instead continues to reside at the same address the voter resided at when voting previously, the voter shall be permitted to vote in such election district in the same manner as other voters at the polling place upon written affirmation to the district board of that election district.

g. If the voter's registration information is missing, the voter shall be permitted to vote by provisional ballot after completing the affirmation statement attached to the envelope provided with the provisional ballot.

10. (New section) The district board shall designate an area within the polling place, which may be a voting booth, for the voter to mark the provisional ballot and affirmation statement. No provisional ballot and envelope with an affirmation statement shall be handed to a voter until the area designated for voters to mark the provisional ballot and affirmation statement is ready. If a voting booth is not used, the voter shall be provided with a security screen at the same time that the provisional ballot and envelope with affirmation statement is provided.

A district board member shall instruct the voter how to complete the affirmation statement and place the voted provisional ballot into the envelope.

If for any reason provisional ballots and envelopes with affirmation statements are not ready or available for distribution at any polling place, the district board member in charge shall notify the appropriate authority that additional ballots and affirmation statements are required.

11. (New section) Every voter to whom a provisional ballot and envelope with an affirmation statement is given shall retire into the designated voting area. Not more than one voter shall be permitted to enter or be in the same booth or voting area at one time, unless the voter is entitled to assistance, as provided for by law.

Any person or voter who violates the provisions of this section is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.

 12. (New section) Prior to voting the provisional ballot or immediately thereafter, the voter shall complete the affirmation statement attached to the provisional ballot envelope. The statement shall conform with the requirements for such a statement contained in paragraph b. of section 7 of P.L. , c. (now pending before the Legislature as this bill).

At no time when in possession of the provisional ballot with 45 attached affirmation statement shall the voter detach the statement 46 from the ballot envelope.

- 13. (New section) To vote for a candidate whose name is printed in any column, or to vote in favor of or against any public question printed on the provisional ballot, the voter shall:
- a. Mark a cross x, plus + or check \checkmark in the square provided for the name of each candidate in any column for whom the voter chooses to vote, or for a public question, make the same marking in the square provided for either the word "Yes" or "No" of each public question, if the ballot requires such designation to be considered valid;
- b. Punch out completely the hole adjacent to the name of each candidate in any column for whom the voter chooses to vote, or for a public question, punch out completely the hole adjacent to either the word "Yes" or "No" of each public question, if the ballot requires such an action to be considered valid;
- c. Complete the connecting line adjacent to the name of each candidate in any column for whom the voter chooses to vote, or for a public question, complete the connecting line adjacent to either the word "Yes" or "No" of each public question, if the ballot requires such designation to be considered valid; or
- d. Fill in the designated space adjacent to the name of the candidate for whom the voter chooses to vote, or for a public question, fill in the designated space adjacent to either the word "Yes" or "No" of each public question, if the ballot requires such a designation to be considered valid.

14. (New section) Nothing in P.L. , c. (C.)(now pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall prevent any voter from writing or pasting within the proper title of office in the column designated personal choice, the name or names of any person or persons for whom the voter desires to vote whose name or names are not printed upon the provisional ballot for the same office. The writing shall be in ink or lead pencil, as may be required.

15. (New section) If any voter to whom a provisional ballot and envelope with an affirmation statement has been handed spoils or renders any of the same unfit for use, the voter shall return the ballot and the envelope with affirmation statement to a district board member. The voter shall be furnished with another provisional ballot and envelope with affirmation statement. No more than two provisional ballots and envelopes with affirmation statements shall be furnished to a voter, except at the discretion of the board members.

The district board shall preserve each spoiled provisional ballot and envelope with an affirmation statement and shall write "SPOILED" across the envelope and initial the same. Immediately thereafter, the "SPOILED" envelope shall be sealed and placed in the provisional ballot bag.

16. (New section) a. After voting the provisional ballot and completing the affirmation statement, and before leaving the polling booth or the designated voting area, as the case may be, the voter shall place the voted provisional ballot in the envelope. The voter shall seal the envelope and shall retain custody of the envelope until a member of the board is ready to accept the envelope.

b. The voter shall hand the sealed envelope to the member of the district board. The member shall keep the sealed envelope in full view of the voter, the other district board members and all other persons present until it is placed in the provisional ballot bag. The voter may also take hold of the envelope, with that member of the board, until the envelope is placed in the provisional ballot bag. The security of the provisional ballot bag and its contents while any election occurs shall be the responsibility of the members of the district board.

17. (New section) Immediately following the closing of the polls on the day of an election, the members of the district board shall inventory the provisional ballots. All invalid provisional ballots placed in envelopes and marked "SPOILED" shall be counted and the number of those envelopes shall be recorded on the provisional ballot inventory form provided with the provisional ballot bag. provisional ballots that have been voted, not used or found to be missing shall next be recorded on the provisional ballot inventory form. Upon the completion of the inventory of all provisional ballots, and if the members of the district board agree on that inventory, the provisional ballot inventory form shall be signed by those members. Any member not in agreement shall give the reason therefor on the form and so certify with the member's signature. All envelopes marked "SPOILED", and all voted and not voted provisional ballots, shall be placed in the provisional ballot bag and sealed with the numbered seal taken from the envelope provided with that bag.

18. (New section) Immediately following the sealing of the provisional ballot bag at a polling place on the day of any election, a member of the district board shall transport the ballot bag and all other election materials to a location designated by the commissioner of registration.

19. (New section) When the office of the commissioner of registration receives a provisional ballot bag that has been found to be in good order, the commissioner thereof shall first break the seal and open the bag. In any county where the superintendent of elections is the commissioner of registration, the county board of elections may sort the provisional ballots if so agreed to in advance by both the superintendent and the board. Envelopes marked "SPOILED" shall be set aside and remain unopened. The name, signature and other

information contained on the form as supplied by a voter shall be compared with the name, signature and other information that the commissioner of registration has on file, in electronic or other form, for that voter. No affirmation statement shall be separated from a provisional ballot envelope until all affirmation statements have been reviewed by the commissioner of registration. After a comparison of the voter's address is completed by the commissioner of registration and prior to separating the affirmation statement from the envelope and counting the ballot, the letter "p" shall be placed adjacent to the voter's name on the signature copy register or computer listing, as the case may be, together with the name of the municipality in which the voter voted the provisional ballot. If two provisional ballots from the same voter are received, both such ballots shall not be counted, the affirmation statements shall not be separated from the envelopes, and the ballots shall be put aside for further investigation.

Whenever the address supplied by the voter on the affirmation statement does not match the address for such a person contained in the files of the commissioner of registration, but it is clear that the circumstance of a voter matches the circumstance of a voter described in subsection b. of R.S.19:31-11, the updated information on the affirmation statement shall be recorded and shall constitute a transfer by the voter to a new address for any subsequent election.

After the examination of the affirmation statement by the commissioner of registration, the county board of elections shall determine if a provisional ballot voter is legally entitled to have voted and if a provisional ballot conforms to the requirements established by law.

The members of the county board shall then proceed to count and canvass the votes cast on each provisional ballot. Immediately after the canvass is complete, the county board of elections shall certify the results of the canvass to the county clerk or municipal clerk or other appropriate officials, as the case may be, showing the results of the canvass by municipality.

The outside front of each envelope that contains a voided provisional ballot shall have the word "VOID" written next to the circled number.

Unless provided otherwise by this section, all provisional ballot materials shall be processed by the county board of elections in accordance with the procedures established for absentee ballots pursuant to section 31 of P.L.1953, c.211 (C.19:57-31).

- 20. (New section) In canvassing the provisional ballots, the county board shall count the votes as follows:
- a. If proper marks are made in the squares provided for the names of any candidates in any column and the total number voted for, for each office, does not exceed the number of candidates to be elected to

each office, a vote shall be counted for each candidate so marked.

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- b. If proper marks are made in the squares provided for any names of any candidates in any column, a vote shall be counted for each candidate so marked; but if the county board canvassing the provisional ballots or the judge of the Superior Court or other judge or officer conducting a recount thereof, shall be satisfied that the placing of the marks to the left or right of the names was intended to identify or distinguish the provisional ballot, then that ballot shall not be counted and shall be declared null and void.
- c. If no marks are made in the squares provided for the names of any candidates in any column, but are made to the right of the names, a vote shall not be counted for the candidates so marked, but shall be counted for the other candidates as are properly marked; but if the county board canvassing the provisional ballot or the judge of the Superior Court or other judge or officer conducting a recount thereof shall be satisfied that the placing of the marks to the right of the names was intended to identify or distinguish the provisional ballot, then that ballot shall be declared null and void.
- d. Where the name of any person is written in the column designated personal choice, and the proper mark or designation appears in the space provided for the name, it shall be counted as a vote for that person.
- e. In the case of any public question printed on the provisional ballot where a proper mark or designation is made in the space provided for the word "Yes," it shall be counted as a vote in favor of that public question. If a proper mark or designation is made in the space provided for the word "No," it shall be counted as a vote against same. If no mark or designation is made in the space provided for either the word "Yes" or "No," it shall not be counted as a vote either in favor of or against the public question. If a mark or designation is made in each of the spaces provided for both the words "Yes" and "No," it shall not be counted either as a vote in favor of or against the public question nor shall it invalidate the provisional ballot.
- f. If a voter marks or designates more names than there are persons to be elected to an office, or writes the name of any person in the column designated personal choice, whose name is printed upon the provisional ballot as a candidate under the same title of office, or the choice of the voter cannot be determined, that provisional ballot shall not be counted for that office, but shall be counted for those other offices as are properly marked.
- g. If the mark made for any candidate or public question is substantially a cross x, plus + or check ✓ and is substantially within the square, it shall be counted for the candidate or for or against the 44 public question, as the case may be. No vote shall be counted for any candidate in any column or for or against any public question unless 46 the mark or designation made is substantially a cross x, plus + or

check ✓ or other required designation and is substantially within the
 space.

21. (New section) In counting the provisional ballots, the board shall deem void all provisional ballots which are wholly blank, or on which more names have been marked or designated for every office than there are persons to be elected to the office, and on which both "Yes" and "No" have been marked or designated upon every public question.

No provisional ballot which shall have, either on its face or back, any mark, sign, erasure, designation or device whatsoever, other than that which is permitted by P.L. , c. (C.)(now pending before the Legislature as this bill), by which the provisional ballot shall be distinguished from another provisional ballot shall be declared void unless the county board canvassing those provisional ballots or the judge of the Superior Court or other judge or officer conducting the recount thereof shall be satisfied that the placing of the mark, sign, erasure, designation or device upon the provisional ballot was not intended to identify or distinguish that ballot.

No provisional ballot shall be declared invalid by reason of the fact that the mark made with ink or the mark made with lead pencil appears other than black.

No provisional ballot cast for any candidate shall be invalid by reason of the fact that the name of that candidate may be misprinted, or the ¹[Christian] given ¹ name or the initials of the candidate may be omitted.

No provisional ballot cast for any candidate shall be invalid by reason of the use of any label permitted by P.L., c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill) on which the title of office may be printed or the name of the candidate may be misprinted or part of the ¹[Christian] given ¹ name or surname or the initials of the candidate may be omitted, or because the voter in writing the name of the candidate may misspell the name or omit part of the ¹[Christian] given ¹ name or surname or the initials of the candidate.

No provisional ballot shall be declared "REJECTED" or invalid by reason of having a cross x, plus + or check \checkmark appearing in a square provided for a blank space or a space wherein no name is printed.

22. (New section) In every case in which a provisional ballot shall be declared invalid, the ballot, which shall be enclosed in a envelope, shall not be canvassed or counted, but shall be marked "REJECTED" on the outside thereof.

Provisional ballots which shall be declared invalid with respect to a part of the candidates to be voted for or public questions to be voted upon shall be canvassed, estimated and numbered with respect to the part which is not invalid and preserved by the county board for a 1 period of not less than six months.

23. (New section) If, for any reason, a provisional ballot voter votes a ballot other than the ballot for the district in which the voter is qualified to vote, the votes for those offices and questions for which the voter would be otherwise qualified to vote shall be counted. All other votes shall be void.

 24. (New section) The decision of a majority of the county board on any question concerning a provisional ballot matter shall be deemed the decision of the board and final. If any member of the board dissents from any decision and wishes to make the dissension known to avoid any of the consequences which may result from that decision, the member may record the dissent in the signature copy register, if it is available, or in a note signed and dated. If the dissent is in the form of a note, it shall be appended to or recorded on the signature copy register afterwards by the superintendent of elections or the commissioner of registration, as shall be appropriate.

25. (New section) a. The clerk of the board shall, upon the tally sheets provided for that purpose, make a list of the names of all persons for whom one or more votes shall have been given, designating the office which that person shall be voted for, and of any public questions voted upon; and as each provisional ballot shall be read, the clerk shall write the figure "1" opposite the name of each person whose name is contained thereon, as designated for any office, or in the proper column designating the vote upon the public question. Provisional ballots may be counted by electronic ballot scanning equipment under the direction of the county board of elections.

 b. When all the votes which were cast have been read, examined and numbered, as directed, the board shall tally the votes given for each person for any office to be filled at the election or any public question and note the same upon the tally sheets. The tally sheets shall be signed by all the members of the county board and the results thereof shall be certified.

26. (New section) Upon the receipt of a certified tally sheet from the county board, the county clerk shall add the votes contained thereon to the total vote for all candidates and in favor of or against all public questions cast at the polling place from which the tally sheet originated. The clerk shall report to the municipal clerks the results of the tally sheets by municipality, ward and election district.

- 27. R.S.19:7-1 is amended to read as follows:
- 19:7-1. <u>a.</u> The chairman of the county committee of any political party that has duly nominated any candidate for public office to be

1 voted for at an election by all the voters within the county or any 2 political division thereof greater than a single municipality, or where

3 the election is within and for a single municipality only, or any

4 subdivision thereof, then the chairman of the municipal committee of

5 the political party making such nomination within and for such single

municipality, or subdivision thereof, may appoint two challengers for 6

7 each election district in [his] the chairman's county or municipality, as

8 the case may be.

> b. The chairman of the county committee of each political party may also: (1) appoint two challengers to serve and exercise the powers of challengers, in each election district in the county at any primary election; and (2) appoint additional challengers for any election equal in number to the number of municipalities in the county and such challengers may exercise their powers, as provided for in R.S.19:7-5, at the polling place of any election district in the county during the time an election occurs therein.

(cf: R.S.19:7-1)

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¹28. R.S.19:7-3 is amended to read as follows:

19:7-3. The appointment of or application for challengers shall be filed with the county board not later than the second Tuesday preceding any election. No person shall be appointed a challenger under this Title who is not a registered voter in the county in which the district is located in which such person is appointed to serve, and no appointed challenger shall serve in any district other than that to which appointed except for challengers appointed by the chairman of a county committee, pursuant to paragraph 2 of subsection b. of R.S.19:7-1.¹

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(cf: P.L.1956, c.66, s.2)

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¹[28.] <u>29.</u> R.S.19:7-4 is amended to read as follows:

19:7-4. The county board shall thereupon issue, under the hands of its members, to the persons named in such appointment papers, or application, permits for them to act as challengers for their respective parties or candidates or for or against a public question at the election district or election districts specified, as the case may be. Such permits shall be filed by the persons named therein with the district board or district boards named therein, as evidence of their authority to be present in the polling place, and they may be issued and revoked and others issued in their stead at any time up to and including the day of election. When a permit shall be revoked, the permit in the place thereof shall be issued upon the nomination of the same person or officer upon whose nomination the original permit was issued.

¹A challenger appointed pursuant to paragraph 2 of subsection b. of R.S.19:7-1 shall be issued a county-wide permit that is to be presented to any district board within the county as evidence of the challenger's authority to be present at the polling place during an election. Upon leaving the polling place, such a challenger must reclaim the permit from the district board to gain entry to any other polling place in the county during the election.

5 (cf: P.L.1956, c.66, s.3)

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¹[29.] <u>30.</u> Section 1 of P.L.1960, c.82 (C.19:7-6.1) is amended to read as follows:

1. Unless express permission be given by the district board, not more than [1] one challenger appointed for a party, candidate, or on a public question, shall be present at any one time in any polling place while serving and exercising the powers of a challenger and during the hours when the polls are open for voting. If the district board shall in any case give permission for more than [1] one challenger so appointed to be present at any one time in any polling place, it shall on the same grounds and on request permit a like number to be present on behalf of any opposing party, or on behalf of any other candidate for the same office, or on the other side of any public question.

The provisions of this section shall not apply to any challengers appointed by the chairman of a county committee, pursuant to paragraph 2 of subsection b. of R.S.19:7-1 ¹ [as amended], except that no more than one such challenger shall be present at any time in a polling place while serving and exercising his or her power as a challenger during the hours when the polling place is open for voting ¹. (cf: P.L.1960, c.82, s.1)

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¹[30.] <u>31.</u> R.S.19:31-16 is amended to read as follows:

19:31-16. a. The health officer or other officer in charge of 28 29 records of death in each municipality shall file with the commissioner 30 of registration for the county in which the municipality is located once 31 each month, during the first five days thereof, the age, date of death, 32 and the names and addresses of all persons 18 years of age or older 33 who have died within such municipality during the previous month. 34 [Upon] Within 30 days after the receipt of such list the commissioner 35 shall make and complete such investigation as is necessary to establish 36 to his satisfaction that such deceased person is registered as a voter in 37 the county. If such fact is so established, the commissioner shall cause 38 the registration and record of voting forms of the deceased registrant 39 to be transferred to the death file <u>as soon as possible</u>. If the deceased 40 person was not so registered in the county, but the **[**list filed with the 41 commissioner indicates that the person maintained a residence in [one or more other counties] another county of this State, the 42 43 [commissioner] officer in charge of records of death in the 44 municipality in which the decedent died shall forward a copy of the 45 notice of death to the officer in charge of records of death in the municipality in which the decedent resided. That officer having received the notice shall notify the commissioner [in that other] of the county [or those other counties of having received official notice] in which that municipality is located of the death of the person[, and any]. Any commissioner [of such other county] who receives such notification shall undertake the procedures prescribed herein with respect to the registration in that county of the decedent.

b. The State registrar of vital statistics shall file with the commissioner of registration of each county no later than May 1 of each year an alphabetized list of the name, address, and date of birth, if available, of each resident of the county 18 years of age or older who died during the previous year. Within 30 days after the receipt of the list the commissioner shall undertake and complete such investigation as is necessary to establish that each person on the list is not registered as a voter in the county. The commissioner shall cause the registration and record of voting forms of any deceased registrant found on the list to be transferred to the death file as soon as possible. (cf. P.L.1994, c.182, s.14)

¹[31.] 32.¹ (New section) a. Any State, county or municipal officer in charge of the records of death for the State, or a county or municipality thereof, who knowingly and willfully neglects, fails or refuses to prepare for or to file with the commissioner of registration of each county information regarding any resident of the county 18 years of age or older who died during the previous year, pursuant to R.S.19:31-16 as amended, or who died during the 40-year period prior to the enactment of P.L. , c. (now pending before the Legislature as this bill), or who knowingly and willfully prepares or files such information about any resident of the county 18 years of age or older who died that is false, erroneous or incomplete, is guilty of a crime of the third degree.

b. Any election official who knowingly and willfully neglects, fails or refuses to accept any information from a State, county or municipal officer in charge of the records of death for the State, or a county or municipality thereof, regarding any resident of the county 18 years of age or older who died during the previous year, as provided for by R.S.19:31-16 as amended, or who died during the 40-year period prior to the enactment of P.L. , c. (now pending before the Legislature as this bill), or who knowingly and willfully neglects, fails, or refuses to conduct the investigation and transfer of the registration and records of any deceased registrant to the death file pursuant to R.S.19:31-16 as amended, is guilty of a crime of the third degree.

As used in this subsection, "election official" shall include, but not be limited to, any superintendent or deputy superintendent of elections, commissioner of registration, or member or employee of a county board of elections.

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¹[32.] 33. (New section) a. Notwithstanding any law, rule or 1 2 regulation to the contrary, the State registrar of vital statistics shall provided to the chairman of the county committee of a political party, 3 4 or the designee thereof, upon the request of the chairman or the 5 chairman's designee, a copy of the alphabetized list of the name, address and date of birth, if available, of each resident of the county 6 7 18 years of age or older who died during the previous year, as 8 provided for by R.S.19:31-16 as amended, and a copy of the 9 alphabetized list of the name, address, and date of birth, if available, 10 of each resident of the county 18 years of age or older who died 11 during the 40-year period prior to the enactment of P.L. , c. 12 pending before the Legislature as this bill), as provided for by that act. b. The chairman of the county committee of a political party shall 13 14 have the authority to inquire whether the commissioner of registration 15 of the county in which the chairman resides is conducting or has 16 conducted the investigations and transfers of the registration and 17 records of deceased registrants, in compliance with R.S.19:31-16 as 18 amended. In the event that the chairman finds the commissioner of registration is not complying, in the chairman's opinion, with 19 20 R.S.19:31-16 as amended, the chairman shall report this finding to the 21 Attorney General for further investigation or action, if deemed 22 necessary.

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¹[33.] 34.¹ (New section) Within nine months following the enactment of P.L. , c. (now pending before the Legislature as this bill), the State registrar of vital statistics shall file with the commissioner of registration of each county for the purpose of R.S.19:31-16 as amended an alphabetized list of the name and address of each resident of the county 18 years of age or older who died during the previous 40 years.

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¹[34.] <u>35.</u> This act shall take effect immediately.

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Establishes voting procedure at polls for certain persons qualified to vote but no longer resident where registered; increases number of challengers; requires certain information be provided to commissioners of registration; establishes penalty for failure to provide.

SENATE, No. 1123

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

208th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MAY 28, 1998

Sponsored by: Senator WALTER J. KAVANAUGH District 16 (Morris and Somerset)

SYNOPSIS

Establishes voting procedure at polling place for certain persons qualified to vote but no longer resident at place from which they are registered.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



AN ACT concerning voting by certain voters who no longer reside at the place from which they are registered, revising various parts of the statutory law and supplementing Title 19 of the Revised Statutes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 7 of New Jersey:

1. R.S.19:9-2 is amended to read as follows:

19:9-2. The Secretary of State shall prepare and distribute on or before April 1 in each year prior to the primary election for the general election and the general election [the following] such information and election supplies: pamphlets of the election laws and instructions; precinct returns; electors of President and Vice-President; United States Senator; member of the House of Representatives; Governor; State Senator; General Assembly and county officers; public questions submitted to the voters of the entire State; self-addressed envelopes, plain and stamped, to each district; returns for the county board of canvassers for the above officers; primary return sheets as may be needed relative to election procedures for the ensuing year.

The county board of elections shall prepare and distribute on or before April 1 of each year, registration and voting instructions printed in at least 14-point type for conspicuous display at each polling place at any election.

All other books, ballots, envelopes and other blank forms which the county clerk is required to furnish under any other section of this Title, stationery and supplies for the primary election for the general election, the primary election for delegates and alternates to national conventions and the general election, shall be furnished, prepared and distributed by the clerks of the various counties; except that all books, blank forms, stationery and supplies, articles and equipment which may be deemed necessary to be furnished, used or issued by the county board or superintendent shall be furnished, used or issued, prepared and distributed by such county board or superintendent, as the case may be.

The county board [in counties having a superintendent of elections] shall furnish and deliver to the county clerk, the municipal clerks and the district boards in municipalities having more than one election district [,]: a map or description of the district lines of their respective election districts, together with the street and house numbers where possible in such election districts; and a list or map of all of the polling places within the county to assist any voter in identifying the correct

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- 1 <u>location of the polling place at which the voter should vote if that</u>
- 2 voter erroneously reports to the municipal clerk or the wrong polling
- 3 place. [In counties not having a superintendent of elections the
- 4 municipal clerks shall furnish and deliver such map or description of
- 5 district lines to the county clerk, the county board and the district
- 6 board in municipalities having more than one election district.]
- Nothing in subtitle 2 of the Title, Municipalities and Counties
- 8 (section 40:16-1 et seq.), shall in anywise be construed to affect,
- 9 restrict, or abridge the powers conferred on the county clerks, county
- 10 boards or superintendents by this Title.
- 11 (cf: P.L.1991, c.429, s.8)

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- 2. R.S.19:12-7 is amended to read as follows:
- 14 19:12-7. a. The county board in each county shall cause to be
- 15 published in a newspaper or newspapers which, singly or in
- 16 combination, are of general circulation throughout the county, a notice
- 17 containing the information specified in subsection b. hereof, except for
- such of the contents as may be omitted pursuant to subsection c. or d.
- 19 hereof. Such notice shall be published once during the 30 days next
- 20 preceding the day fixed for the closing of the registration books for the
- 21 primary election, once during the calendar week next preceding the
- 22 week in which the primary election is held, once during the 30 days
- 23 next preceding the day fixed for the closing of the registration books
- 24 for the general election, and once during the calendar week next
- 25 preceding the week in which the general election is held.
 - b. Such notice shall set forth:
 - (1) For the primary election:
 - (a) That a primary election for making nominations for the general
- 29 election, for the selection of members of the county committees of
- 30 each political party, and in each presidential year for the selection of
- 31 delegates and alternates to national conventions of political parties,
- 32 will be held on the day and between the hours and at the places
- 33 provided for by or pursuant to this Title.
- 34 (b) The place or places at which and hours during which a person
- 35 may register; the procedure for the transfer of registration, and the
- 36 date on which the books are closed for registration or transfer of
- 37 registration.
- 38 (c) The several State, county, municipal and party offices or
- 39 positions to be filled, or for which nominations are to be made, at such
- 40 primary election.
- 41 (d) The existence of registration and voting aids, including: (i) the
- 42 availability of registration and voting instructions at places of
- 43 registration as provided under R.S.19:31-6; and (ii), if available, the
- 44 accessibility of voter information to the deaf by means of a
- 45 telecommunications device.
 - (e) The availability of assistance to a person unable to vote due to

1 blindness, disability or inability to read or write.

- 2 (f) In the case of the notice published during the calendar week 3 next preceding the week in which the primary election is held, that a 4 voter who, prior to the election, shall have moved within the same 5 county without (i) filing, on or before the 29th day preceding the 6 election, a notice of change of residence with the commissioner of 7 registration of the county or the municipal clerk of the municipality in 8 which the voter resides on the day of the election, (ii) returning the 9 confirmation notice sent to the voter by the commissioner of 10 registration of the county, if such a notice has been sent to the voter, 11 or (iii) otherwise notifying the commissioner of registration of the 12 voter's change of address within the county shall be permitted to 13 correct the voter's registration and to vote in the primary election by 14 provisional ballot at the polling place of the district in which the voter 15 resides on the day of the election. The notice shall further provide that the voter may contact the county commissioner of registration or 16 17 muncipal clerk to determine the proper polling place location for the 18 voter.
 - (2) For the general election:

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- (a) That a general election will be held on the day and between the hours and at the places provided for by or pursuant to this Title.
- (b) The place or places at which and hours during which a person may register; the procedure for transfer of registration, and the date on which the books are closed for registration or transfer of registration.
- (c) The several State, county and municipal offices to be filled and, except as provided in section 19:14-33 of this Title as to publication of notice of any Statewide proposition directed by the Legislature to be submitted to the people, the State, county and municipal public questions to be voted upon at such general election.
- (d) The existence of registration and voting aids, including: (i) the availability of registration and voting instructions at places of registration as provided under R.S.19:31-6; and (ii) the accessibility of voter information to the deaf by means of a telecommunications device.
- (e) The availability of assistance to a person unable to vote due to blindness, disability or inability to read or write.
- 37 (f) In the case of the notice published during the calendar week 38 next preceding the week in which the general election is held, that a 39 voter who, prior to the election, shall have moved within the same 40 county without (i) filing, on or before the 29th day preceding the 41 election, a notice of change of residence with the commissioner of 42 registration of the county or the municipal clerk of the municipality in 43 which the voter resides on the day of the election, (ii) returning the 44 confirmation notice sent to the voter by the commissioner of 45 registration of the county, if such a notice has been sent to the voter, or (iii) otherwise notifying the commissioner of registration of the 46

- 1 voter's change of address within the county shall be permitted to
- 2 correct the voter's registration and to vote in the general election by
- 3 provisional ballot at the polling place of the district in which the voter
- 4 resides on the day of the election. The notice shall further provide that
- 5 the voter may contact the county commissioner of registration or
- 6 muncipal clerk to determine the proper polling place location for the
- 7 <u>voter.</u>

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- 8 (3) For a school election:
 - (a) The day, time and place thereof,
- 10 (b) The offices, if any, to be filled at the election,
 - (c) The substance of any public question to be submitted to the voters thereat,
- 13 (d) That a voter who, prior to the election, shall have moved within 14 the same county without (i) filing, on or before the 29th day preceding 15 the election, a notice of change of residence with the commissioner of registration of the county or the municipal clerk of the municipality in 16 which the voter resides on the day of the election, (ii) returning the 17 confirmation notice sent to the voter by the commissioner of 18 19 registration of the county, if such a notice has been sent to the voter, 20 or (iii) otherwise notifying the commissioner of registration of the 21 voter's change of address within the county shall be permitted to 22 correct the voter's registration and to vote in the school election by 23 provisional ballot at the polling place of the district in which the voter resides on the day of the election, 24
 - (e) That if the voter has any questions as to where to vote on the day of the election, the voter may contact the county commissioner of registration or muncipal clerk to determine the proper polling place location for the voter. and
 - (f) Such other information as may be required by law.
 - c. If such publication is made in more than one newspaper, it shall not be necessary to duplicate in the notice published in each such newspaper all the information required under this section, so long as:
 - (1) The municipal officers or party positions to be filled, or nominations made, or municipal public questions to be voted upon by the voters of any municipality, shall be set forth in at least one newspaper having general circulation in such municipality;
 - (2) All offices to be filled, or nominations made therefor, or public questions to be voted upon, by the voters of the entire State or of the entire county shall be set forth in a newspaper or newspapers which, singly or in combination, have general circulation throughout the county;
- 42 (3) Information relating to nominations and elections in each 43 Legislative District comprised in whole or part in the county, shall be 44 published in at least a newspaper or newspapers which singly or in 45 combination, have general circulation in every municipality of the 46 county which is comprised in such legislative district.

- d. Such part or parts of the original notices as published which pertain to day of registration or primary election which has occurred shall be eliminated from such notice in succeeding insertions.
- 4 e. [Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this section, in a 5 school election the county board shall give notice of each election not 6 less than 10 days prior to the date fixed for the election, by posting at 7 least seven copies of the notice, one on each schoolhouse in the 8 district and the others at such public places therein as the board shall 9 direct and causing a copy thereof to be published at least once, in at 10 least one newspaper published in each municipality in the district and, 11 if no newspaper is published in any such municipality or such a 12 newspaper will not be published in time to publish the notice in 13 accordance with this section, then, as to the municipality, in at least 14 one newspaper published in the county or State and circulating in the 15 municipality. (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c. .)
 - f. The cost of publishing the notices required by this section shall be paid by the respective counties, [or for school elections, by the respective school district] unless otherwise provided for by law.

19 (cf: P.L.1995, c.278, s.16)

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3. R.S.19:31-11 is amended to read as follows:

19:31-11. a. In all counties within the State, change of residence notices shall be made by a written request, signed by the registrant, forwarded to the commissioner by mail, and actually received by the commissioner, or by calling in person at the office of the commissioner or the municipal clerk. The commissioner shall provide change of residence notices in card form for the use of any registered voter moving to another address within the same election district or to another election district within the same county. Copies of these notices shall also be available at the office of the municipal clerk in each municipality. Each municipal clerk shall transmit daily to the commissioner all the filled out change of residence notices that may be in the municipal clerk's office at the time. These notices shall be printed upon cards, shall contain a blank form showing where the applicant last resided and the address and exact location to which the applicant has moved and shall have a line for the applicant's signature. Upon receipt of such change of residence notice the commissioner shall cause the signature to be compared with the registration forms of the applicant and, if such signature appears to be of and by one and the same legal voter, the commissioner shall cause the entry of the change of residence to be made on those registration forms and the registrant shall thereupon be qualified to vote in the election district to which the registrant shall have so moved. If the commissioner is not satisfied as to the signature on the request for a change of residence, a confirmation notice as prescribed by subsection d. of R.S.19:31-15 shall be sent by mail with postage prepaid to the registrant at the new

1 address.

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The application for change of residence shall be filed with the commissioner or municipal clerk, as the case may be, on or before the twenty-ninth day preceding any election. [All applications for change of residence postmarked on or before the twenty-ninth day preceding any election shall be deemed timely.]

b. In any county any voter who, prior to an election, shall move 7 8 within the same county after the time above prescribed for filing an 9 application for change of residence without having made application 10 for change of residence, or who has not returned a confirmation notice 11 sent to the voter by the commissioner of registration of the county, if 12 such a notice has been sent to the voter, or who has not moved since 13 the previous election but whose registration information is missing or 14 otherwise deficient, or has otherwise failed to notify the commissioner 15 of registration of the voter's change of address within the county, shall 16 be permitted to vote in that election in the district to which the voter has moved, upon Isigning an affidavit, which shall set forth (1) the 17 18 date upon which the voter moved, (2) the address from which the 19 voter moved, and (3) the address to which the voter moved, and 20 submitting that affidavit, completed and signed, to the municipal clerk 21 of the municipality in which the voter resides, and such affidavit] 22 making a written affirmation regarding the change of address at the 23 polling place of the district in which the voter resides on the day of the 24 election. No identifying document shall be required from the voter for 25 this affirmation. A voter may, however, be subject to a challenge, as 26 provided for by R.S.19:15-18 et seq. A district board member for that 27 polling place shall then provide the voter with a provisional ballot and 28 an envelope which shall have attached thereto a detachable affirmation statement that requires the voter to provide the voter's name, address 29 30 on the day of the election, most recent prior voter registration address, 31 date of birth and signature. The voter shall complete the provisional 32 ballot and affirmation statement, place the ballot in the envelope and 33 return it to the district board member in charge of the polling place for 34 forwarding for inspection, tabulation and notation by the county board 35 of elections, as provided for by sections 7 through 27 of P.L. , c. 36 (C.)(now pending before the Legislature as this bill). The 37 affirmation statement shall constitute a transfer to the [said] 38 registrant's new residence for any subsequent election. [The municipal 39 clerk shall, immediately following the election, transmit each such 40 affidavit so submitted to the commissioner of registration for the county in which the district is located, and the commissioner shall 41 42 correct the voter's address in the registry list of the county. The 43 county clerk shall furnish to the municipal clerks form affidavits for 44 this purpose and the municipal clerks shall turn over all signed 45 affidavits to the commissioner; provided, however However, if the voter has moved from one residence to another within the same 46

S1123 KAVANAUGH

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- election district at any time, the voter shall be permitted to vote in such election district at any election in the same manner as other voters at the polling place upon written affirmation by the registrant to the [municipal clerk] district board member in charge of the polling place of the registrant's change of address.
- c. A voter who moves from an election district in one county to an election district in another county prior to the close of registration preceding an election shall register in the new county of residence, in accordance with the provisions of R.S.19:31-6, in order to be permitted to vote.
- 11 (cf: P.L.1994, c.182, s.11)

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- 4. Section 3 of P.L.1940, c.197 (C.19:48-3.2) is amended to read as follows:
- 15 3. No ballots shall be prepared or used at any election in any 16 election district [designated by the superintendent of elections] under 17 the provisions of this act other than such ballots as are required for use in voting machines [and], emergency ballots for use if a voting 18 19 machine fails to operate, as provided in [this amendatory and 20 supplementary act, P.L.1992, c.3 (C.19:53B-1 et al.), and provisional 21 ballots for use by certain voters who no longer reside at the place from 22 which they are registered, as provided in P.L. c., (C.)(now
- 23 pending before the Legislature as this bill).
- 24 (cf: P.L.1992, c.3, s.4)

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- 26 5. Section 11 of P.L.1944, c.7 (C.19:48-3.13) is amended to read 27 as follows:
- 11. No ballots other than ballots required for use in voting machines [and], emergency ballots for use if a voting machine fails to
- 30 operate and provisional ballots for use by certain voters who no longer
- 31 reside at the place from which they are registered, as provided in P.L.,
- 32 <u>c.</u>, (C.)(now pending before the Legislature as this bill), shall
- be prepared or used at any election in any election district [in any such
- 34 county for which voting machines are available, and which has been
- designated by the superintendent of elections of the county if any there
- 36 be or by the commissioner of registration of the county if a county of
- 37 the second class, having any superintendent of elections, under the
- 38 provisions of this act, as an election district in which voting machines
- shall be used.
- 40 (cf: P.L.1992, c.3, s.5)

- 6. R.S.19:52-1 is amended to read as follows:
- 43 19:52-1. The district boards of each election district shall meet at
- 44 the polling place three-quarters of an hour before the time set for
- opening of the polls at each election and shall proceed to arrange the
- 46 furniture, stationery and voting machine or machines for the conduct

1 of the election. The district boards shall then and there have the 2 voting machine, ballots and stationery required to be delivered to them 3 for such election by the officials charged by law with that duty. If not 4 previously done, they shall insert in their proper place on the voting machine the ballots containing the names of offices to be filled at such 5 6 election and the names of candidates nominated therefor.

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The keys to the voting machine shall be delivered to the district 8 election officers in any manner that the county board of elections or the superintendent of elections or the municipal clerk, as the case may be, having custody of voting machines, may determine, at least three-quarters of an hour before the time set for opening the polls, in 12 a sealed envelope, on which shall be written or printed the number and location of the voting machine, the number of the seal with which it is sealed, the number of the green seal with which the emergency ballot box is sealed, and the number registered on the protective counter or device, as reported by the custodian.

The envelope containing the keys shall not be opened until at least two members of the board who are not members of the same political party shall be present at the polling place and shall have examined the envelope to see that it has not been opened. Before opening the envelope all election officers present shall examine the number on the seal on the machine and the number registered on the protective counter, and shall ascertain if they are the same as the numbers written on the envelope; and if they are not the same, the machine must not be opened until such county board of elections or such superintendent of elections or such municipal clerk, as the case may be, after due notice of such discrepancy, shall have caused such machine to be re-examined and properly arranged by any person or persons employed or appointed pursuant to R.S.19:48-6. If the numbers on the voting machine seal and the protective counter are found to agree with the numbers on the envelope, the district election officers shall proceed to open the doors concealing the counters, and each district election officer shall carefully examine every counter and ascertain whether or not it registers zero (000), and the same shall be subject to the inspection of official watchers.

In addition, each district election officer shall carefully examine the emergency ballot box to ascertain whether or not it is properly sealed with a numbered green seal and examine the number to ascertain if it is the same as the number written on the voting machine key envelope. If the numbers are not the same, the county board of elections, the superintendent of elections, or the municipal clerk, as the case may be, shall be notified of the discrepancy.

The machine shall remain locked against voting until the polls are formally opened and shall not be operated except by voters in voting. If any counter is found not to register zero (000) the district board shall immediately notify such county board of elections or such 1 superintendent of elections or such municipal clerk, as the case may

- 2 be, who shall, if practicable, cause such counter to be adjusted at zero
- 3 (000) by any person or persons employed or appointed pursuant to
- 4 R.S.19:48-6. If it shall be impracticable for such person or persons to
- 5 arrive in time to so adjust such counter before the time set for opening
- 6 the polls, the district election officers shall immediately make a written
- 7 statement of the designating letter and number of such counter,
- 8 together with the number registered thereon, and shall sign and post
- 9 same upon the wall of the polling room, where it shall remain
- 10 throughout election day, and in filling out the statement of canvass,
- they shall subtract such number from the number registered thereon at
- the close of the polls.
- Each district election officer shall also carefully examine the
- 14 provisional ballot bag to ascertain that it is properly sealed with a
- 15 <u>numbered security seal and whether it has been subjected to tampering.</u>
- 16 If the elections officer discovers evidence of tampering, the county
- 17 board of elections, the superintendent of elections, or the municipal
- 18 <u>clerk, as the case may be, shall be so notified.</u>
- 19 (cf: P.L.1996, c.120, s.7)

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- 7. (New section) a. (1) The county clerk or the municipal clerk, in the case of a municipal election, shall prepare a provisional ballot packet for each election district. It shall include the appropriate number of provisional ballots, the appropriate number of envelopes with detachable affirmation statement and one provisional ballot inventory form affixed to the provisional ballot bag. The clerk shall prepare and place in each provisional ballot bag a provisional ballot packet and an envelope containing a numbered seal. The envelope shall contain, on its face, the instructions for the use of the seal, the number and the election district location of the provisional ballot bag, and the identification numbers of the seal placed in the envelope. Each provisional ballot bag shall be sealed with a numbered security seal before being forwarded to the appropriate election district.
- (2) The commissioner of registration or the municipal clerk, in the case of a municipal election, shall be responsible for making certain that each provisional ballot bag and the inventory of the contents of each such bag are delivered to the designated polling place no later than the opening of the polls on the day of an election.
- b. The county clerk or the municipal clerk, in the case of a municipal election, shall prepare the envelope and affirmation statement that is to accompany each provisional ballot. The envelope shall be of sufficient size to accommodate the provisional ballot, and the affirmation statement shall be affixed thereto in a manner that enables it to be detached once completed and verified by the county commissioner of registration. The statement shall require the voter to provide the voter's name, and to indicate whether the voter is

- 1 registered to vote in a county but has moved within that county since
- 2 registering to vote; or is registered to vote in the election district in
- 3 which that polling place is located but the voter's registration
- 4 information is missing or otherwise deficient. The statement shall
- further require the voter to provide the voter's most recent prior voter 5
- 6 registration address and address on the day of the election and date of
- 7 birth. The statement shall include spaces for the voter's signature, date
- 8 the statement was completed and name of the person providing
- 9 assistance to the voter, if applicable. Each statement shall also note
- 10 the number of the election district, or ward, and name of the
- 11 municipality at which the statement will be used.
- 12 c. For the primary for the general election, the provisional ballots
- 13 shall be printed in black ink on paper of a color that matches the color
- 14 of the voting authority, which shall indicate the party primary of the
- 15 voter. The provisional ballots shall be uniform in size, quality and type
- and of a thickness that the printing thereon cannot be distinguished 16
- from the back of the paper, and without any mark, device or figure on 17
- 18 the front or back other than as provided in P.L. , c. (C.
- 19 pending before the Legislature as this bill). Each such ballot shall
- 20 include near the top thereof and in large type the designation
- 21 PROVISIONAL BALLOT. In all other respects, the provisional
- 22 ballots shall conform generally to the other ballots to be used in the
- 23 election district for the primary election.
- 24 The clerk of the county or municipality having custody of the
- 25 provisional ballots shall prepare each provisional ballot package with 26 an appropriate number of provisional ballots for each political party
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- and a corresponding number of envelopes with detachable affirmation
- 28 statements. Additional provisional ballots and envelopes shall be
- 29 available for delivery to that election district on the day of the election,
- 30 if necessary.
- 31 d. For the general election the provisional ballots shall be printed
- 32 in ink. The provisional ballots shall be uniform in size, quality and type and of a thickness that the printing thereon cannot be
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- 34 distinguished from the back of the paper, and without any mark,
- device or figure on the front or back other than as provided in this act. 35 36 Each such ballot shall include near the top thereof and in large type the
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- designation PROVISIONAL BALLOT. In all other respects, the
- 38 provisional ballots shall conform generally to the other ballots to be
- 39 used in the election district for the general election.
- 40 The clerk of the county or municipality having custody of the
- 41 provisional ballots shall prepare each provisional ballot package with
- 42 an appropriate number of provisional ballots and a corresponding
- 43 number of envelopes with detachable affirmation statements.
- 44 Additional provisional ballots and envelopes shall be available for 45 delivery to that election district on the day of the election, if necessary.
- 46 e. For a school election the provisional ballots shall be printed in

- 1 ink. The provisional ballots shall be uniform in size, quality and type
- 2 and of a thickness that the printing thereon cannot be distinguished
- 3 from the back of the paper, and without any mark, device or figure on
- 4 the front or back other than as provided in this act. Each such ballot
- 5 shall include near the top thereof and in large type the designation
- 6 PROVISIONAL BALLOT. In all other respects, the provisional
- 7 ballots shall conform generally to the other ballots to be used in the
- 8 election district for the school election.
 - The clerk of the county shall prepare each provisional ballot package with an appropriate number of provisional ballots and a corresponding number of envelopes with detachable affirmation statements. Additional provisional ballots and envelopes shall be available for delivery to that election district on the day of the election, if necessary.

- 8. (New section) a. The district board shall not permit other provisional ballots to be used at an election except those provisional ballots provided for by P.L., c. (C.)(now pending before the Legislature as this bill). It shall confine the distribution and use of the provisional ballots to the polling place and election district in the manner herein directed, and shall not distribute provisional ballots outside the polling place or election district.
- b. The board shall not store provisional ballots or envelopes with detachable affirmation statements in a polling booth or in any other area designated for voters to mark the provisional ballot and complete the affirmation statement.
- c. The board shall cause each booth or voting area in a polling place to be kept provided with sufficient pens or lead pencils to enable the voters to mark their provisional ballots and complete the affirmation statement.
- d. The county board of elections shall prepare complete written instructions regarding the procedures for the use of the provisional ballot bags for each district board member. The board members shall be orally instructed on the procedures for the use of provisional ballots and affirmation statements at the training classes held for the board members.

- 9. (New section) Whenever a voter enters a polling place to vote on the day of an election and the circumstance of that voter matches the circumstance of a voter described in subsection b. of R.S.19:31-11, the district board shall query the voter and follow the appropriate procedure herein described.
- a. If, at any time, the voter has moved from one residence to another in the same election district, the board shall permit the voter to vote at that polling place in the same manner as other voters at the polling place upon written affirmation by the voter to the district

1 board.

- b. If the voter has moved within a municipality but currently resides in an election district different from that listed for the voter by the commissioner of registration, the district board shall determine the appropriate election district and polling place for the voter and inform that person that: (1) the person must go to that polling place to vote; and (2) the person will be permitted to vote thereat by provisional ballot after completing an affirmation statement.
- c. If the voter has moved within the county but currently resides in a municipality different from that listed for the voter by the commissioner of registration, the district board shall determine the appropriate election district and polling place for the voter and inform that person that: (1) the person must go to that polling place to vote; and (2) the person will be permitted to vote thereat by provisional ballot after completing an affirmation statement.
- d. If, more than 30 days prior to the day of the election, the voter has moved into the county from another county or state and has not registered to vote in that county, the board shall inform the voter that he is not eligible to vote in that county at that election.
- e. If, less than 30 days prior to the day of an election, the voter has moved into the county from another county in this State, the board shall inform the voter that: (1) the voter is not eligible to vote in the county where he resides currently at that election; and (2) the voter may be eligible to vote in the election district where the voter resided prior to moving to the voter's current residence.
- f. If the voter's registration information has been marked by the county board to indicate a problem therewith, or if the voter's sample ballot has been returned as undeliverable to the county or municipal clerk, as the case may be, but the voter states that the voter has not moved prior to the day of an election, but instead continues to reside at the same address the voter resided at when voting previously, the voter shall be permitted to vote in such election district in the same manner as other voters at the polling place upon written affirmation to the district board of that election district.
- g. If the voter's registration information is missing, the voter shall be permitted to vote by provisonal ballot after completing the detachable affirmation statement attached to the envelope provided with the provisional ballot.

10. (New section) The district board shall designate an area within the polling place, which may be a voting booth, for the voter to mark the provisional ballot and affirmation statement. No provisional ballot and envelope with detachable affirmation statement shall be handed to a voter until the area designated for voters to mark the provisional ballot and affirmation statement is ready. If a voting booth is not used, the voter shall be provided with a security screen at the same

time that the provisional ballot and envelope with affirmation statement is provided.

A district board member shall instruct the voter how to complete the affirmation statement and place the voted provisional ballot into the envelope.

If for any reason provisional ballots and envelopes with detachable affirmation statements are not ready or available for distribution at any polling place, the district board member in charge shall notify the appropriate authority that additional ballots and affirmation statements are required.

11. (New section) Every voter to whom a provisional ballot and envelope with detachable affirmation statement is given shall retire into the designated voting area. Not more than one voter shall be permitted to enter or be in the same booth or voting area at one time, unless the voter is entitled to assistance, as provided for by law.

Any person or voter who violates the provisions of this section is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.

12. (New section) Prior to voting the provisional ballot or immediately thereafter, the voter shall complete the affirmation statement attached to the provisional ballot envelope. The voter shall provide the voter's name and indicate whether the voter is registered to vote in a county but has moved within that county since registering to vote; or is registered to vote in the election district in which that polling place is located but the voter's registration information is missing or otherwise deficient. The voter shall provide the voter's most recent prior voter registration address and address on the day of the election and date of birth. The voter shall sign the statement and indicate the date the statement was completed and name of the person providing assistance to the voter, if applicable.

At no time when in possession of the provisional ballot with attached affirmation statement shall the voter detach the statement from the ballot envelope.

- 13. (New section) To vote for a candidate whose name is printed in any column, or to vote in favor of or against any public question printed on the provisional ballot, the voter shall:
- a. Mark a cross x, plus + or check \checkmark in the square provided for the name of each candidate in any column for whom the voter chooses to vote, or for a public question, make the same marking in the square provided for either the word "Yes" or "No" of each public question, if the ballot requires such designation to be considered valid;
- b. Punch out completely the hole adjacent to the name of each candidate in any column for whom the voter chooses to vote, or for a public question, punch out completely the hole adjacent to either the

word "Yes" or "No" of each public question, if the ballot requires such an action to be considered valid; or

c. Complete the connecting line adjacent to the name of each candidate in any column for whom the voter chooses to vote, or for a public question, complete the connecting line adjacent to either the word "Yes" or "No" of each public question, if the ballot requires such designation to be considered valid.

14. (New section) Nothing in P.L. , c. (C.)(now pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall prevent any voter from writing or pasting within the proper title of office in the column designated personal choice, the name or names of any person or persons for whom the voter desires to vote whose name or names are not printed upon the provisional ballot for the same office. The writing shall be in ink or lead pencil, as may be required.

15. (New section) If any voter to whom a provisional ballot and envelope with detachable affirmation statement has been handed spoils or renders any of the same unfit for use, the voter shall return the ballot and the envelope with affirmation statement to a district board member. The voter shall be furnished with another provisional ballot and envelope with affirmation statement. No more than two provisional ballots and envelopes with affirmation statements shall be furnished to a voter, except at the discretion of the board members.

The district board shall preserve each spoiled provisional ballot and envelope with detachable affirmation statement and shall write "SPOILED" across the envelope and initial the same. Immediately thereafter, the "SPOILED" envelope shall be sealed and placed in the provisional ballot bag.

- 16. (New section) a. After voting the provisional ballot and completing the detachable affirmation statement, and before leaving the polling booth or the designated voting area, as the case may be, the voter shall place the voted provisional ballot in the envelope. The voter shall seal the envelope and shall retain custody of the envelope until the member of the board having charge of the polling place at that time is ready to accept the envelope.
- b. The voter shall hand the sealed envelope to the appropriate member of the district board. The member shall keep the sealed envelope in full view of the voter, the other district board members and all other persons present until it is placed in the provisional ballot bag. The voter may also take hold of the envelope, with that member of the board, until the envelope is placed in the provisional ballot bag.

17. (New section) The right to challenge a voter who uses a provisional ballot shall exist until the voted provisional ballot is

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deposited in the provisional ballot bag. If the right of a person to vote is challenged, the same procedures shall be used as set forth in R.S.19:15-18 et seq. for challenging the right of a person to vote.

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18. (New section) Immediately following the closing of the polls on the day of an election, the members of the district board shall inventory the provisional ballots. All invalid provisional ballots placed in envelopes and marked "SPOILED" shall be counted and the number of those envelopes shall be recorded on the provisional ballot inventory form provided with the provisional ballot bag. provisional ballots that have been voted, not used or found to be missing shall next be recorded on the provisional ballot inventory form. Upon the completion of the inventory of all provisional ballots, and if the members of the district board agree on that inventory, the provisional ballot inventory form shall be signed by those members. Any member not in agreement shall give the reason therefor on the form and so certify with the member's signature. All envelopes marked "SPOILED", and all voted and not voted provisional ballots, shall be placed in the provisional ballot bag and sealed with the numbered seal taken from the envelope provided with that bag.

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19. (New section) Immediately following the sealing of the provisional ballot bag at a polling place on the day of any election, a member of the district board shall transport the ballot bag and all other election materials to a location designated by the commissioner of registration. The commissioner of registration, or the designee thereof, receiving the ballot bag shall provide the member of the district board with a receipt indicating that the bag has been received.

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(New section) When the office of the commissioner of 20. registration receives a provisional ballot bag that has been found to be in good order, the commissioner or designee thereof shall first break the seal and open the bag. Envelopes marked "SPOILED" shall be set aside and remain unopened. The outside front of each envelope containing a voted provisional ballot shall be numbered in consecutive order beginning with the number one. This number shall be circled. The name, signature and other information contained on the form as supplied by a voter shall be compared with the name, signature and other information that the board has on file, in electronic or other form, for that voter. No affirmation statement shall be separated from a provisional ballot envelope until all affirmation statements have been reviewed by the commissioner of registration. After a comparison of the voter's address is completed by the board and prior to separating the affirmation statement from the envelope and counting the ballot, the letter "p" shall be placed adjacent to the voter's name on the signature copy register or computer listing, as the case may be,

together with the name of the municipality in which the voter voted the provisional ballot. If two provisional ballots from the same voter are received, both such ballots shall not be counted, the affirmation statements shall not be separated from the envelopes, and the ballots shall be put aside for further investigation.

Whenever the address supplied by the voter on the affirmation statement does not match the address for such a person contained in the files of the commissioner of registration, but it is clear that the circumstance of a voter matches the circumstance of a voter described in subsection b. of R.S.19:31-11, the updated information on the affirmation statement shall be recorded and shall constitute a transfer by the voter to a new address for any subsequent election.

After the examination of the provisional ballots by the commissioner of registration, the county board of elections shall determine that a provisional ballot voter is legally entitled to have voted and that a provisional ballot conforms to the requirements established by law.

When the county board of elections determines that the voter is qualified, the voted ballot shall be removed from the envelope and a member of the county board shall audibly and publicly read the ballot. The board shall record the votes on the tally sheets, as provided. The board shall also record the number of void ballots on the tally sheets, as provided.

The outside front of each envelope that contains a voided provisional ballot shall have the word "VOID" written next to the circled number.

Unless provided otherwise by this section, all provisional ballot materials shall be processed by the county board of elections in accordance with the procedures established for absentee ballots pursuant to section 31 of P.L.1953, c.211 (C.19:57-31).

- 21. (New section) In canvassing the provisional ballots, the county board shall count the votes as follows:
- a. If proper marks are made in the squares provided for the names of any candidates in any column and the total number voted for, for each office, does not exceed the number of candidates to be elected to each office, a vote shall be counted for each candidate so marked.
- b. If proper marks are made in the squares provided for any names of any candidates in any column, a vote shall be counted for each candidate so marked; but if the county board canvassing the provisional ballots or the judge of the Superior Court or other judge or officer conducting a recount thereof, shall be satisfied that the placing of the marks to the left or right of the names was intended to identify or distinguish the provisional ballot, then that ballot shall not be counted and shall be declared null and void.
 - c. If no marks are made in the squares provided for the names of

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- 1 any candidates in any column, but are made to the right of the names,
- 2 a vote shall not be counted for the candidates so marked, but shall be
- 3 counted for the other candidates as are properly marked; but if the
- 4 county board canvassing the provisional ballot or the judge of the
- 5 Superior Court or other judge or officer conducting a recount thereof
- 6 shall be satisfied that the placing of the marks to the right of the names
- 7 was intended to identify or distinguish the provisional ballot, then that
- 8 ballot shall be declared null and void.

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- d. Where the name of any person is written in the column designated personal choice, and the proper mark or designation appears in the space provided for the name, it shall be counted as a vote for that person.
- 13 e. In the case of any public question printed on the provisional 14 ballot where a proper mark or designation is made in the space 15 provided for the word "Yes," it shall be counted as a vote in favor of that public question. If a proper mark or designation is made in the 16 space provided for the word "No," it shall be counted as a vote against 17 18 same. If no mark or designation is made in the space provided for either the word "Yes" or "No," it shall not be counted as a vote either 19 20 in favor of or against the public question. If a mark or designation is 21 made in each of the spaces provided for both the words "Yes" and 22 "No," it shall not be counted either as a vote in favor of or against the 23 public question nor shall it invalidate the provisional ballot.
 - f. If a voter marks or designates more names than there are persons to be elected to an office, or writes the name of any person in the column designated personal choice, whose name is printed upon the provisional ballot as a candidate under the same title of office, or the choice of the voter cannot be determined, that provisional ballot shall not be counted for that office, but shall be counted for those other offices as are properly marked.
 - g. If the mark made for any candidate or public question is substantially a cross x, plus + or check \checkmark and is substantially within the square, it shall be counted for the candidate or for or against the public question, as the case may be. No vote shall be counted for any candidate in any column or for or against any public question unless the mark or designation made is substantially a cross x, plus + or check \checkmark or other required designation and is substantially within the space.

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- 22. (New section) In counting the provisional ballots, the board shall deem void all provisional ballots which are wholly blank, or on which more names have been marked or designated for every office than there are persons to be elected to the office, and on which both "Yes" and "No" have been marked or designated upon every public question.
- No provisional ballot which shall have, either on its face or back,

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- any mark, sign, erasure, designation or device whatsoever, other than
- 2 that which is permitted by P.L. , c. (C.)(now pending before
- 3 the Legislature as this bill), by which the provisional ballot shall be
- 4 distinguished from another provisional ballot shall be declared void
- 5 unless the county board canvassing those provisional ballots or the
- 6 judge of the Superior Court or other judge or officer conducting the
- 7 recount thereof shall be satisfied that the placing of the mark, sign,
- 8 erasure, designation or device upon the provisional ballot was not
- 9 intended to identify or distinguish that ballot.

No provisional ballot shall be declared invalid by reason of the fact that the mark made with ink or the mark made with lead pencil appears other than black.

No provisional ballot cast for any candidate shall be invalid by reason of the fact that the name of that candidate may be misprinted, or the Christian name or the initials of the candidate may be omitted.

No provisional ballot cast for any candidate shall be invalid by reason of the use of any label permitted by P.L. , c. (C.)(now pending before the Legislature as this bill) on which the title of office may be printed or the name of the candidate may be misprinted or part of the Christian name or surname or the initials of the candidate may be omitted, or because the voter in writing the name of the candidate may misspell the name or omit part of the Christian name or surname or the initials of the candidate.

No provisional ballot shall be declared void or invalid by reason of having a cross x, plus + or check \checkmark appearing in a square provided for a blank space or a space wherein no name is printed.

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23. (New section) In every case in which a provisional ballot shall be declared invalid, the ballot, which shall be enclosed in a envelope, shall not be canvassed or counted, but shall be marked "VOID" on the outside thereof.

Provisional ballots which shall be declared invalid with respect to a part of the candidates to be voted for or public questions to be voted upon shall be canvassed, estimated and numbered with respect to the part which is not invalid and preserved by the county board for a period of not less than six months.

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24. (New section) If, for any reason, a provisional ballot voter votes a ballot other than the ballot for the district in which the voter is qualified to vote, the votes for those offices and questions for which the voter would be otherwise qualified to vote shall be counted. All other votes shall be void.

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44 25. (New section) The decision of a majority of the county board 45 on any question concerning a provisional ballot matter shall be deemed 46 the decision of the board and final. If any member of the board

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1 dissents from any decision and wishes to make the dissension known 2 to avoid any of the consequences which may result from that decision, 3 the member may record the dissent in the signature copy register, if it 4 is available, or in a note signed and dated. If the dissent is in the form of a note, it shall be appended to or recorded on the signature copy 5 6 register afterwards by the superintendent of elections or the 7 commissioner of registration, as shall be appropriate. 8 9 26. (New section) a. The clerk of the board shall, upon the tally 10 sheets provided for that purpose, make a list of the names of all persons for whom one or more votes shall have been given, 11 12 designating the office which that person shall be voted for, and of any 13 public questions voted upon; and as each provisional ballot shall be 14 read, the clerk shall write the figure "1" opposite the name of each 15 person whose name is contained thereon, as designated for any office, or in the proper column designating the vote upon the public question. 16 b. When all the votes which were cast have been read, examined 17 and numbered, as directed, the board shall tally the votes given for 18 19 each person for any office to be filled at the election or any public 20 question and note the same upon the tally sheets. The tally sheets shall 21 be signed by all the members of the county board and the results 22 thereof shall be certified. One of the tally sheets shall be placed in the orange provisional ballot bag and it shall be sealed with a numbered 23 24 security seal. The other tally sheet shall be filed with the county clerk 25 at the same time the statements of results are delivered. 26 27 27. (New section) Upon the receipt of a certified tally sheet from 28 the county board, the county clerk shall add the votes contained 29 thereon to the total vote for all candidates and in favor of or against 30 all public questions cast at the polling place from which the tally sheet originated. The clerk shall report to the municipal clerks the results 31 32 of the tally sheets by municipality, ward and election district. 33 34 28. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be applicable to 35 any election occurring after the 30th day following the enactment of this act. 36 37 38 39 **STATEMENT** 40 41 The purpose of this bill is to establish a voting procedure to enable certain persons to vote in any election if they are qualified to vote but 42 43 no longer reside at the place in which they are registered. 44 Specifically, this bill permits a voter who has moved outside of the 45 election district where he is registered to vote, but not outside of the

county where registered, and who has not re-registered, to vote by

provisional ballot at the polling place of the district in which the voter resides on the day of the election after making a written affirmation of the change of address at that polling place.

The bill would abolish the current law which requires that such a voter must first obtain a transfer from the municipal clerk of the voter's new residence before being permitted to vote at the polling place for the voter's new residence.

The bill also provides that:

- 1) The provisional ballot be provided with an envelope which has attached to it an affirmation statement on which the voter must provide his name, signature, date of birth, current address and most recent prior voter registration address and that the form would constitute a transfer to the new voting address for all future elections;
- 2) The provisional ballot be a secret ballot and the voter be accorded privacy for the completion thereof at the polling place;
- 3) Once completed, the provisional ballot be kept at the polling place until the close thereof, at which time it be forwarded to the county board of elections and counted after verification by the county commissioner of registration of the voter's name, signature, address and other information;
- 4) Each polling place be provided with a map or list of all polling places within the county to assist any voter in identifying the correct location of the polling place at which the voter should vote if that voter erroneously reports to the wrong polling place; and
- 5) The challenge procedure provided for in current law for use at the polling place shall be utilized for all provisional ballot voters who appear at a polling place.

In addition, the bill eliminates the provision in current law that requires the county boards to post at least seven notices of a school election at least 10 days prior to the day of the election and to cause copies of the notice to be published at least once prior to the election in one newspaper circulating in the county or State and circulating in each municipality in the district.

The bill is based, in part, on the consent order issued in October 1996 in the United States District Court for New Jersey in the case of Democratic Party of New Jersey v. Hooks (Civil Action No. 96-4675) and followed for the general elections held in the State in 1996 and 1997. The procedure contained in the bill for providing and tabulating the provisional ballots is similar to the procedure provided in current

40 State law for the use of absentee and emergency ballots.

ASSEMBLY STATE GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR **SENATE**, **No. 1123**

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MARCH 11, 1999

The Assembly State Government Committee reports favorably an Assembly Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 1123.

The purpose of this committee substitute is to establish a voting procedure to enable certain persons to vote in any election if they are qualified to vote but no longer reside at the place in which they are registered. The substitute also increases the number of challengers who can serve at an election and requires that certain information on deaths of registered voters be provided to commissioners of registration.

Specifically, this substitute permits a voter who has moved outside of the election district where he is registered to vote, but not outside of the county where registered, and who has not transferred his or her registration, to vote by provisional ballot at the polling place of the district in which the voter resides on the day of the election after making a written affirmation of the change of address at that polling place.

The substitute abolishes the current law which requires that such a voter must first obtain a transfer from the municipal clerk of the voter's new residence before being permitted to vote at the polling place for the voter's new residence.

The substitute also provides that:

- 1) The provisional ballot be provided with an envelope which has attached to it an affirmation statement on which the voter must provide his or her name, signature, date of birth, current address and most recent prior voter registration address and the form would constitute a transfer to the new voting address for all future elections;
- 2) The provisional ballot be a secret ballot and the voter be accorded privacy for the completion thereof at the polling place;
- 3) Once completed, the provisional ballot be kept at the polling place until the close thereof, at which time it will be forwarded to a designated location and counted, after verification by the county commissioner of registration of the voter's name, signature, address and other information;
- 4) Each polling place be provided with a map or list of all polling places within the county to assist any voter in identifying the correct

location of the polling place at which the voter should vote if that voter erroneously reports to the wrong polling place;

- 5) The chairman of the county committee of each political party may appoint additional challengers for any election equal in number to the number of municipalities in the county and these challengers are to be permitted to exercise their powers at any election district in the county during an election;
- 6) The State registrar of vital statistics file with the commissioner of registration no later than May 1 of each year an alphabetized list of the name, address and date of birth, if available, of each resident of the county 18 years of age or older who died during the previous year and the commissioner, after an investigation, transfer any deceased registrant found on the list to the death file as soon as possible;
- 7) The State registrar of vital statistics, no later than nine months following the enactment of this substitute, file with the commissioner of registration of each county an alphabetized list of the name, address and date of birth, if available, of each resident of the county 18 years of age or older who died during the previous 40 years;
- 8) The knowing or willful neglect, failure or refusal of a State, county or municipal officer in charge of the records of death for the State, a county or municipality, or of an election official, to file information relative to or process the records of any resident of a county 18 years of age or older who died during the previous year or who died during the 40-year period prior to the enactment of this substitute is established as a crime of the third degree; and
- 9) The State registrar of vital statistics provide the chairman of the county committee of a political party, or a designee thereof, upon request a copy of the alphabetized lists of all residents of the county 18 years of age or older who died during the previous year and during the 40-year period prior to the enactment of this substitute. A chairman is authorized to inquire whether the commissioner of registration of the county in which the chairman resides is conducting the investigation and transfers of the registration and records of deceased registrant required by law and if not, the chairman is required to report this finding to the Attorney General for further action, if deemed necessary.

In addition, the substitute eliminates the provision in current law that requires the county boards to post at least seven notices of a school election at least 10 days prior to the day of the election and to cause copies of the notice to be published at least once prior to the election in one newspaper circulating in the county or State and circulating in each municipality in the district.

The substitute is based, in part, on the consent order issued in October 1996 in the United States District Court for New Jersey in the case of <u>Democratic Party of New Jersey</u> v. <u>Hooks</u> (Civil Action No. 96-4675) and followed for the general elections held in the State in 1996 and 1997. The procedure contained in the substitute for providing and tabulating the provisional ballots is similar to the

procedure provided in current State law for the use of absentee and emergency ballots.

This committee substitute is identical to ACS for Assembly Bill No. 2168, which was also reported by this committee on this date.

SENATE STATE GOVERNMENT, BANKING AND FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 1123

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 25, 1998

The Senate State Government, Banking and Financial Institutions Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate, No. 1123.

This bill establishes a voting procedure to enable persons to vote in any election if they are qualified to vote but no longer reside at the place in which they are registered. Specifically, the bill permits a voter who has moved outside of the election district where he or she is registered to vote, but not outside of the county where registered, and who has not re-registered, to vote by provisional ballot at the polling place of the district in which the voter resides on the day of the election after making a written affirmation of the change of address at that polling place. The bill would abolish the current law which requires that such a voter must first obtain a transfer from the municipal clerk of the voter's new residence before being permitted to vote at the polling place for the voter's new residence.

The bill also provides that:

- 1) the provisional ballot be provided with an envelope which has attached to it an affirmation statement on which the voter must provide his or her name, signature, date of birth, current address and most recent prior voter registration address and that the form would constitutes a transfer to the new voting address for all future elections;
- 2) the provisional ballot be a secret ballot and the voter be accorded privacy for the completion thereof at the polling place;
- 3) once completed, the provisional ballot be kept at the polling place until the close thereof, at which time it will be forwarded to the county board of elections and counted after verification by the county commissioner of registration of the voter's name, signature, address and other information;
- 4) each polling place will be provided with a map or list of all polling places within the county to assist any voter in identifying the correct location of the polling place at which the voter should vote if that voter erroneously reports to the wrong polling place; and
 - 5) the challenge procedure provided for in current law is also to be

used at the polling place to challenge any provisional ballot voter.

In addition, the bill eliminates the provision in current law that requires the county boards to post at least seven notices of a school election at least 10 days prior to the day of the election and to cause copies of the notice to be published at least once prior to the election in one newspaper circulating in the county or State and circulating in each municipality in the district.

The bill is based, in part, on the consent order issued in October 1996 in the United States District Court for New Jersey in the case of Democratic Party of New Jersey v. Hooks (Civil Action No. 96-4675) and followed for the general elections held in the State in 1996 and 1997. The procedure contained in the bill for providing and tabulating the provisional ballots is similar to the procedure provided in current State law for the use of absentee and emergency ballots.

The committee amended the bill to:

- 1) restore a provision deleted in the bill that is in current law which provides that all applications for change of residence postmarked on or before the twenty-ninth preceding any election shall be deemed timely;
- 2) affirm that members of the district board of elections and any duly authorized challenger, respectively, shall be permitted to challenge a voter who uses a provisional ballot;
- 3) remove the limit on the challenger's right to challenge a voted provisional ballot after it is deposited in the provisional ballot bag because current law (R.S.19:15-18 et seq.) already prescribes such challenge procedures; and
- 4) delete an incorrect reference to the color of the provisional ballot bag.

This bill will take effect immediately and will be applicable to any election occurring after the 30th day following its enactment.

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR **SENATE, No. 1123**

with Senate Floor Amendments (Proposed By Senator KAVANAUGH)

ADOPTED: MAY 24, 1999

These Senate amendments provide that: 1) the term "Christian name" be replaced by the term "given name;" 2) no more than one of the additional challengers who may be appointed by the chairman of a county committee, pursuant to new paragraph 2 of subsection b. of R.S.19:7-1, can be present at any time in a polling place while exercising his or her power as a challenger during the hours when the polling place is open for voting; and 3) such a challenger will be issued a county-wide permit as evidence of the challenger's authority to be present at a polling place during an election. Upon leaving the polling place, the challenger must reclaim the permit to gain entry to any other polling place in the county during the election.

ASSEMBLY, No. 2168

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

208th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JUNE 11, 1998

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman JOEL WEINGARTEN
District 21 (Essex and Union)
ASSEMBLYMAN KEVIN J. O'TOOLE
District 21 (Essex and Union)

SYNOPSIS

Establishes voting procedure at polling place for certain persons qualified to vote but no longer resident at place from which they are registered.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 3/12/1999)

AN ACT concerning voting by certain voters who no longer reside at the place from which they are registered, revising various parts of the statutory law and supplementing Title 19 of the Revised Statutes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. R.S.19:9-2 is amended to read as follows:

19:9-2. The Secretary of State shall prepare and distribute on or before April 1 in each year prior to the primary election for the general election and the general election [the following] such information and election supplies: pamphlets of the election laws and instructions; precinct returns; electors of President and Vice-President; United States Senator; member of the House of Representatives; Governor; State Senator; General Assembly and county officers; public questions submitted to the voters of the entire State; self-addressed envelopes, plain and stamped, to each district; returns for the county board of canvassers for the above officers; primary return sheets as may be needed relative to election procedures for the ensuing year.

The county board of elections shall prepare and distribute on or before April 1 of each year, registration and voting instructions printed in at least 14-point type for conspicuous display at each polling place at any election.

All other books, ballots, envelopes and other blank forms which the county clerk is required to furnish under any other section of this Title, stationery and supplies for the primary election for the general election, the primary election for delegates and alternates to national conventions and the general election, shall be furnished, prepared and distributed by the clerks of the various counties; except that all books, blank forms, stationery and supplies, articles and equipment which may be deemed necessary to be furnished, used or issued by the county board or superintendent shall be furnished, used or issued, prepared and distributed by such county board or superintendent, as the case may be.

The county board [in counties having a superintendent of elections] shall furnish and deliver to the county clerk, the municipal clerks and the district boards in municipalities having more than one election district [,]: a map or description of the district lines of their respective election districts, together with the street and house numbers where possible in such election districts; and a list or map of all of the polling places within the county to assist any voter in identifying the correct

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- 1 <u>location of the polling place at which the voter should vote if that</u>
- 2 voter erroneously reports to the municipal clerk or the wrong polling
- 3 place. [In counties not having a superintendent of elections the
- 4 municipal clerks shall furnish and deliver such map or description of
- 5 district lines to the county clerk, the county board and the district
- 6 board in municipalities having more than one election district.]
- Nothing in subtitle 2 of the Title, Municipalities and Counties
- 8 (section 40:16-1 et seq.), shall in anywise be construed to affect,
- 9 restrict, or abridge the powers conferred on the county clerks, county
- 10 boards or superintendents by this Title.
- 11 (cf: P.L.1991, c.429, s.8)

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- 2. R.S.19:12-7 is amended to read as follows:
- 19:12-7. a. The county board in each county shall cause to be
- 15 published in a newspaper or newspapers which, singly or in
- 16 combination, are of general circulation throughout the county, a notice
- 17 containing the information specified in subsection b. hereof, except for
- such of the contents as may be omitted pursuant to subsection c. or d.
- 19 hereof. Such notice shall be published once during the 30 days next
- 20 preceding the day fixed for the closing of the registration books for the
- 21 primary election, once during the calendar week next preceding the
- 22 week in which the primary election is held, once during the 30 days
- 23 next preceding the day fixed for the closing of the registration books
- 24 for the general election, and once during the calendar week next
- 25 preceding the week in which the general election is held.
 - b. Such notice shall set forth:
 - (1) For the primary election:
 - (a) That a primary election for making nominations for the general election, for the selection of members of the county committees of
- election, for the selection of members of the county committees of ach political party, and in each presidential year for the selection of
- 31 delegates and alternates to national conventions of political parties,
- 32 will be held on the day and between the hours and at the places
- 33 provided for by or pursuant to this Title.
- 34 (b) The place or places at which and hours during which a person
- 35 may register; the procedure for the transfer of registration, and the
- 36 date on which the books are closed for registration or transfer of
- 37 registration.
- 38 (c) The several State, county, municipal and party offices or
- 39 positions to be filled, or for which nominations are to be made, at such
- 40 primary election.
- 41 (d) The existence of registration and voting aids, including: (i) the
- 42 availability of registration and voting instructions at places of
- 43 registration as provided under R.S.19:31-6; and (ii), if available, the
- 44 accessibility of voter information to the deaf by means of a
- 45 telecommunications device.
- 46 (e) The availability of assistance to a person unable to vote due to

1 blindness, disability or inability to read or write.

- 2 (f) In the case of the notice published during the calendar week 3 next preceding the week in which the primary election is held, that a 4 voter who, prior to the election, shall have moved within the same 5 county without (i) filing, on or before the 29th day preceding the 6 election, a notice of change of residence with the commissioner of 7 registration of the county or the municipal clerk of the municipality in 8 which the voter resides on the day of the election, (ii) returning the 9 confirmation notice sent to the voter by the commissioner of 10 registration of the county, if such a notice has been sent to the voter, 11 or (iii) otherwise notifying the commissioner of registration of the 12 voter's change of address within the county shall be permitted to 13 correct the voter's registration and to vote in the primary election by 14 provisional ballot at the polling place of the district in which the voter 15 resides on the day of the election. The notice shall further provide that the voter may contact the county commissioner of registration or 16 17 muncipal clerk to determine the proper polling place location for the 18 voter.
 - (2) For the general election:

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- (a) That a general election will be held on the day and between the hours and at the places provided for by or pursuant to this Title.
- (b) The place or places at which and hours during which a person may register; the procedure for transfer of registration, and the date on which the books are closed for registration or transfer of registration.
- (c) The several State, county and municipal offices to be filled and, except as provided in section 19:14-33 of this Title as to publication of notice of any Statewide proposition directed by the Legislature to be submitted to the people, the State, county and municipal public questions to be voted upon at such general election.
- (d) The existence of registration and voting aids, including: (i) the availability of registration and voting instructions at places of registration as provided under R.S.19:31-6; and (ii) the accessibility of voter information to the deaf by means of a telecommunications device.
- 35 (e) The availability of assistance to a person unable to vote due to 36 blindness, disability or inability to read or write.
- 37 (f) In the case of the notice published during the calendar week 38 next preceding the week in which the general election is held, that a 39 voter who, prior to the election, shall have moved within the same 40 county without (i) filing, on or before the 29th day preceding the 41 election, a notice of change of residence with the commissioner of 42 registration of the county or the municipal clerk of the municipality in 43 which the voter resides on the day of the election, (ii) returning the 44 confirmation notice sent to the voter by the commissioner of 45 registration of the county, if such a notice has been sent to the voter, or (iii) otherwise notifying the commissioner of registration of the 46

- 1 voter's change of address within the county shall be permitted to
- 2 correct the voter's registration and to vote in the general election by
- 3 provisional ballot at the polling place of the district in which the voter
- 4 resides on the day of the election. The notice shall further provide that
- 5 the voter may contact the county commissioner of registration or
- 6 muncipal clerk to determine the proper polling place location for the
- 7 <u>voter.</u>

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- (3) For a school election:
- (a) The day, time and place thereof,
- 10 (b) The offices, if any, to be filled at the election,
 - (c) The substance of any public question to be submitted to the voters thereat,
- 13 (d) That a voter who, prior to the election, shall have moved within 14 the same county without (i) filing, on or before the 29th day preceding 15 the election, a notice of change of residence with the commissioner of registration of the county or the municipal clerk of the municipality in 16 which the voter resides on the day of the election, (ii) returning the 17 confirmation notice sent to the voter by the commissioner of 18 19 registration of the county, if such a notice has been sent to the voter, 20 or (iii) otherwise notifying the commissioner of registration of the 21 voter's change of address within the county shall be permitted to 22 correct the voter's registration and to vote in the school election by 23 provisional ballot at the polling place of the district in which the voter resides on the day of the election, 24
 - (e) That if the voter has any questions as to where to vote on the day of the election, the voter may contact the county commissioner of registration or muncipal clerk to determine the proper polling place location for the voter. and
 - (f) Such other information as may be required by law.
 - c. If such publication is made in more than one newspaper, it shall not be necessary to duplicate in the notice published in each such newspaper all the information required under this section, so long as:
 - (1) The municipal officers or party positions to be filled, or nominations made, or municipal public questions to be voted upon by the voters of any municipality, shall be set forth in at least one newspaper having general circulation in such municipality;
 - (2) All offices to be filled, or nominations made therefor, or public questions to be voted upon, by the voters of the entire State or of the entire county shall be set forth in a newspaper or newspapers which, singly or in combination, have general circulation throughout the county;
- 42 (3) Information relating to nominations and elections in each
 43 Legislative District comprised in whole or part in the county, shall be
 44 published in at least a newspaper or newspapers which singly or in
 45 combination, have general circulation in every municipality of the
 46 county which is comprised in such legislative district.

- d. Such part or parts of the original notices as published which pertain to day of registration or primary election which has occurred shall be eliminated from such notice in succeeding insertions.
- 4 e. [Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this section, in a 5 school election the county board shall give notice of each election not 6 less than 10 days prior to the date fixed for the election, by posting at 7 least seven copies of the notice, one on each schoolhouse in the 8 district and the others at such public places therein as the board shall 9 direct and causing a copy thereof to be published at least once, in at 10 least one newspaper published in each municipality in the district and, 11 if no newspaper is published in any such municipality or such a 12 newspaper will not be published in time to publish the notice in 13 accordance with this section, then, as to the municipality, in at least 14 one newspaper published in the county or State and circulating in the 15 municipality. (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c. .)
 - f. The cost of publishing the notices required by this section shall be paid by the respective counties, [or for school elections, by the respective school district] unless otherwise provided for by law.

19 (cf: P.L.1995, c.278, s.16)

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3. R.S.19:31-11 is amended to read as follows:

19:31-11. a. In all counties within the State, change of residence notices shall be made by a written request, signed by the registrant, forwarded to the commissioner by mail, and actually received by the commissioner, or by calling in person at the office of the commissioner or the municipal clerk. The commissioner shall provide change of residence notices in card form for the use of any registered voter moving to another address within the same election district or to another election district within the same county. Copies of these notices shall also be available at the office of the municipal clerk in each municipality. Each municipal clerk shall transmit daily to the commissioner all the filled out change of residence notices that may be in the municipal clerk's office at the time. These notices shall be printed upon cards, shall contain a blank form showing where the applicant last resided and the address and exact location to which the applicant has moved and shall have a line for the applicant's signature. Upon receipt of such change of residence notice the commissioner shall cause the signature to be compared with the registration forms of the applicant and, if such signature appears to be of and by one and the same legal voter, the commissioner shall cause the entry of the change of residence to be made on those registration forms and the registrant shall thereupon be qualified to vote in the election district to which the registrant shall have so moved. If the commissioner is not satisfied as to the signature on the request for a change of residence, a confirmation notice as prescribed by subsection d. of R.S.19:31-15

shall be sent by mail with postage prepaid to the registrant at the new address.

The application for change of residence shall be filed with the commissioner or municipal clerk, as the case may be, on or before the twenty-ninth day preceding any election. [All applications for change of residence postmarked on or before the twenty-ninth day preceding any election shall be deemed timely.]

8 b. In any county any voter who, prior to an election, shall move 9 within the same county after the time above prescribed for filing an 10 application for change of residence without having made application 11 for change of residence, or who has not returned a confirmation notice 12 sent to the voter by the commissioner of registration of the county. if 13 such a notice has been sent to the voter, or who has not moved since 14 the previous election but whose registration information is missing or 15 otherwise deficient, or has otherwise failed to notify the commissioner 16 of registration of the voter's change of address within the county, shall 17 be permitted to vote in that election in the district to which the voter 18 has moved, upon Isigning an affidavit, which shall set forth (1) the 19 date upon which the voter moved, (2) the address from which the 20 voter moved, and (3) the address to which the voter moved, and 21 submitting that affidavit, completed and signed, to the municipal clerk 22 of the municipality in which the voter resides, and such affidavit] 23 making a written affirmation regarding the change of address at the 24 polling place of the district in which the voter resides on the day of the 25 election. No identifying document shall be required from the voter for 26 this affirmation. A voter may, however, be subject to a challenge, as 27 provided for by R.S.19:15-18 et seq. A district board member for that 28 polling place shall then provide the voter with a provisional ballot and 29 an envelope which shall have attached thereto a detachable affirmation 30 statement that requires the voter to provide the voter's name, address 31 on the day of the election, most recent prior voter registration address, 32 date of birth and signature. The voter shall complete the provisional 33 ballot and affirmation statement, place the ballot in the envelope and 34 return it to the district board member in charge of the polling place for 35 forwarding for inspection, tabulation and notation by the county board 36 of elections, as provided for by sections 7 through 27 of P.L. , c. 37)(now pending before the Legislature as this bill). The 38 affirmation statement shall constitute a transfer to the [said] 39 <u>registrant's</u> new residence for any subsequent election. **[**The municipal 40 clerk shall, immediately following the election, transmit each such affidavit so submitted to the commissioner of registration for the 41 42 county in which the district is located, and the commissioner shall 43 correct the voter's address in the registry list of the county. The 44 county clerk shall furnish to the municipal clerks form affidavits for 45 this purpose and the municipal clerks shall turn over all signed affidavits to the commissioner; provided, however However, if the 46

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- 1 voter has moved from one residence to another within the same
- 2 election district at any time, the voter shall be permitted to vote in
- 3 such election district at any election in the same manner as other
- 4 <u>voters at the polling place</u> upon written affirmation by the registrant
- 5 to the [municipal clerk] district board member in charge of the polling
- 6 place of the registrant's change of address.
- 7 c. A voter who moves from an election district in one county to an
- 8 election district in another county prior to the close of registration
- 9 preceding an election shall register in the new county of residence, in
- 10 accordance with the provisions of R.S.19:31-6, in order to be
- 11 permitted to vote.
- 12 (cf: P.L.1994, c.182, s.11)

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- 4. Section 3 of P.L.1940, c.197 (C.19:48-3.2) is amended to read as follows:
- 16 3. No ballots shall be prepared or used at any election in any
- 17 election district [designated by the superintendent of elections] under
- 18 the provisions of this act other than such ballots as are required for use
- 19 in voting machines [and], emergency ballots for use if a voting
- 20 machine fails to operate, as provided in [this amendatory and
- 21 supplementary act, P.L.1992, c.3 (C.19:53B-1 et al.), and provisional
- 22 <u>ballots for use by certain voters who no longer reside at the place from</u>
- 23 which they are registered, as provided in P.L. c., (C.)(now
- 24 <u>pending before the Legislature as this bill)</u>.
- 25 (cf: P.L.1992, c.3, s.4)

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- 5. Section 11 of P.L.1944, c.7 (C.19:48-3.13) is amended to read as follows:
- 29 11. No ballots other than ballots required for use in voting
- 30 machines [and], emergency ballots for use if a voting machine fails to
- 31 operate and provisional ballots for use by certain voters who no longer
- 32 <u>reside at the place from which they are registered, as provided in P.L.,</u>
- 33 c., (C.)(now pending before the Legislature as this bill), shall
- be prepared or used at any election in any election district [in any such
- 35 county for which voting machines are available, and which has been
- designated by the superintendent of elections of the county if any there
- 37 be or by the commissioner of registration of the county if a county of
- 38 the second class, having any superintendent of elections, under the
- 39 provisions of this act, as an election district in which voting machines
- 40 shall be used].
- 41 (cf: P.L.1992, c.3, s.5)

- 6. R.S.19:52-1 is amended to read as follows:
- 44 19:52-1. The district boards of each election district shall meet at
- 45 the polling place three-quarters of an hour before the time set for
- opening of the polls at each election and shall proceed to arrange the

- 1 furniture, stationery and voting machine or machines for the conduct
- 2 of the election. The district boards shall then and there have the
- 3 voting machine, ballots and stationery required to be delivered to them
- 4 for such election by the officials charged by law with that duty. If not
- previously done, they shall insert in their proper place on the voting 5
- 6 machine the ballots containing the names of offices to be filled at such
- 7 election and the names of candidates nominated therefor.

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8 The keys to the voting machine shall be delivered to the district 9 election officers in any manner that the county board of elections or 10 the superintendent of elections or the municipal clerk, as the case may 11 be, having custody of voting machines, may determine, at least 12 three-quarters of an hour before the time set for opening the polls, in 13 a sealed envelope, on which shall be written or printed the number and 14 location of the voting machine, the number of the seal with which it is 15 sealed, the number of the green seal with which the emergency ballot box is sealed, and the number registered on the protective counter or 16 device, as reported by the custodian. 17

The envelope containing the keys shall not be opened until at least two members of the board who are not members of the same political party shall be present at the polling place and shall have examined the envelope to see that it has not been opened. Before opening the envelope all election officers present shall examine the number on the seal on the machine and the number registered on the protective counter, and shall ascertain if they are the same as the numbers written on the envelope; and if they are not the same, the machine must not be opened until such county board of elections or such superintendent of elections or such municipal clerk, as the case may be, after due notice of such discrepancy, shall have caused such machine to be re-examined and properly arranged by any person or persons employed or appointed pursuant to R.S.19:48-6. If the numbers on the voting machine seal and the protective counter are found to agree with the numbers on the envelope, the district election officers shall proceed to open the doors concealing the counters, and each district election officer shall carefully examine every counter and ascertain whether or not it registers zero (000), and the same shall be subject to the inspection of official watchers.

In addition, each district election officer shall carefully examine the emergency ballot box to ascertain whether or not it is properly sealed with a numbered green seal and examine the number to ascertain if it is the same as the number written on the voting machine key envelope. If the numbers are not the same, the county board of elections, the superintendent of elections, or the municipal clerk, as the case may be, shall be notified of the discrepancy.

44 The machine shall remain locked against voting until the polls are formally opened and shall not be operated except by voters in voting. If any counter is found not to register zero (000) the district board 46

shall immediately notify such county board of elections or such superintendent of elections or such municipal clerk, as the case may be, who shall, if practicable, cause such counter to be adjusted at zero (000) by any person or persons employed or appointed pursuant to R.S.19:48-6. If it shall be impracticable for such person or persons to arrive in time to so adjust such counter before the time set for opening the polls, the district election officers shall immediately make a written statement of the designating letter and number of such counter, together with the number registered thereon, and shall sign and post same upon the wall of the polling room, where it shall remain throughout election day, and in filling out the statement of canvass, they shall subtract such number from the number registered thereon at

Each district election officer shall also carefully examine the provisional ballot bag to ascertain that it is properly sealed with a numbered security seal and whether it has been subjected to tampering. If the elections officer discovers evidence of tampering, the county board of elections, the superintendent of elections, or the municipal clerk, as the case may be, shall be so notified.

20 (cf: P.L.1996, c.120, s.7)

the close of the polls.

- 7. (New section) a. (1) The county clerk or the municipal clerk, in the case of a municipal election, shall prepare a provisional ballot packet for each election district. It shall include the appropriate number of provisional ballots, the appropriate number of envelopes with detachable affirmation statement and one provisional ballot inventory form affixed to the provisional ballot bag. The clerk shall prepare and place in each provisional ballot bag a provisional ballot packet and an envelope containing a numbered seal. The envelope shall contain, on its face, the instructions for the use of the seal, the number and the election district location of the provisional ballot bag, and the identification numbers of the seal placed in the envelope. Each provisional ballot bag shall be sealed with a numbered security seal before being forwarded to the appropriate election district.
- (2) The commissioner of registration or the municipal clerk, in the case of a municipal election, shall be responsible for making certain that each provisional ballot bag and the inventory of the contents of each such bag are delivered to the designated polling place no later than the opening of the polls on the day of an election.
- b. The county clerk or the municipal clerk, in the case of a municipal election, shall prepare the envelope and affirmation statement that is to accompany each provisional ballot. The envelope shall be of sufficient size to accommodate the provisional ballot, and the affirmation statement shall be affixed thereto in a manner that enables it to be detached once completed and verified by the county commissioner of registration. The statement shall require the voter to

- 1 provide the voter's name, and to indicate whether the voter is
- 2 registered to vote in a county but has moved within that county since
- 3 registering to vote; or is registered to vote in the election district in
- 4 which that polling place is located but the voter's registration
- 5 information is missing or otherwise deficient. The statement shall
- 6 further require the voter to provide the voter's most recent prior voter
- 7 registration address and address on the day of the election and date of
- birth. The statement shall include spaces for the voter's signature, date
 the statement was completed and name of the person providing
- 10 assistance to the voter, if applicable. Each statement shall also note
- 11 the number of the election district, or ward, and name of the
- municipality at which the statement will be used.

election district for the primary election.

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- 13 c. For the primary for the general election, the provisional ballots 14 shall be printed in black ink on paper of a color that matches the color 15 of the voting authority, which shall indicate the party primary of the voter. The provisional ballots shall be uniform in size, quality and type 16 and of a thickness that the printing thereon cannot be distinguished 17 18 from the back of the paper, and without any mark, device or figure on 19 the front or back other than as provided in P.L., c. (C. 20 pending before the Legislature as this bill). Each such ballot shall 21 include near the top thereof and in large type the designation 22 PROVISIONAL BALLOT. In all other respects, the provisional ballots shall conform generally to the other ballots to be used in the
 - The clerk of the county or municipality having custody of the provisional ballots shall prepare each provisional ballot package with an appropriate number of provisional ballots for each political party and a corresponding number of envelopes with detachable affirmation statements. Additional provisional ballots and envelopes shall be available for delivery to that election district on the day of the election, if necessary.
- d. For the general election the provisional ballots shall be printed 32 33 in ink. The provisional ballots shall be uniform in size, quality and 34 type and of a thickness that the printing thereon cannot be distinguished from the back of the paper, and without any mark, 35 device or figure on the front or back other than as provided in this act. 36 37 Each such ballot shall include near the top thereof and in large type the 38 designation PROVISIONAL BALLOT. In all other respects, the 39 provisional ballots shall conform generally to the other ballots to be 40 used in the election district for the general election.
- The clerk of the county or municipality having custody of the provisional ballots shall prepare each provisional ballot package with an appropriate number of provisional ballots and a corresponding number of envelopes with detachable affirmation statements. Additional provisional ballots and envelopes shall be available for delivery to that election district on the day of the election, if necessary.

1 e. For a school election the provisional ballots shall be printed in 2 ink. The provisional ballots shall be uniform in size, quality and type and of a thickness that the printing thereon cannot be distinguished 3 4 from the back of the paper, and without any mark, device or figure on the front or back other than as provided in this act. Each such ballot 5 6 shall include near the top thereof and in large type the designation PROVISIONAL BALLOT. In all other respects, the provisional 7 8 ballots shall conform generally to the other ballots to be used in the 9 election district for the school election.

The clerk of the county shall prepare each provisional ballot package with an appropriate number of provisional ballots and a corresponding number of envelopes with detachable affirmation statements. Additional provisional ballots and envelopes shall be available for delivery to that election district on the day of the election, if necessary.

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- 8. (New section) a. The district board shall not permit other provisional ballots to be used at an election except those provisional ballots provided for by P.L., c. (C.)(now pending before the Legislature as this bill). It shall confine the distribution and use of the provisional ballots to the polling place and election district in the manner herein directed, and shall not distribute provisional ballots outside the polling place or election district.
- b. The board shall not store provisional ballots or envelopes with detachable affirmation statements in a polling booth or in any other area designated for voters to mark the provisional ballot and complete the affirmation statement.
- c. The board shall cause each booth or voting area in a polling place to be kept provided with sufficient pens or lead pencils to enable the voters to mark their provisional ballots and complete the affirmation statement.
- d. The county board of elections shall prepare complete written instructions regarding the procedures for the use of the provisional ballot bags for each district board member. The board members shall be orally instructed on the procedures for the use of provisional ballots and affirmation statements at the training classes held for the board members.

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- 9. (New section) Whenever a voter enters a polling place to vote on the day of an election and the circumstance of that voter matches the circumstance of a voter described in subsection b. of R.S.19:31-11, the district board shall query the voter and follow the appropriate procedure herein described.
- 44 a. If, at any time, the voter has moved from one residence to another in the same election district, the board shall permit the voter to vote at that polling place in the same manner as other voters at the 46

polling place upon written affirmation by the voter to the district board.

- b. If the voter has moved within a municipality but currently resides in an election district different from that listed for the voter by the commissioner of registration, the district board shall determine the appropriate election district and polling place for the voter and inform that person that: (1) the person must go to that polling place to vote; and (2) the person will be permitted to vote thereat by provisional ballot after completing an affirmation statement.
- c. If the voter has moved within the county but currently resides in a municipality different from that listed for the voter by the commissioner of registration, the district board shall determine the appropriate election district and polling place for the voter and inform that person that: (1) the person must go to that polling place to vote; and (2) the person will be permitted to vote thereat by provisional ballot after completing an affirmation statement.
- d. If, more than 30 days prior to the day of the election, the voter has moved into the county from another county or state and has not registered to vote in that county, the board shall inform the voter that he is not eligible to vote in that county at that election.
- e. If, less than 30 days prior to the day of an election, the voter has moved into the county from another county in this State, the board shall inform the voter that: (1) the voter is not eligible to vote in the county where he resides currently at that election; and (2) the voter may be eligible to vote in the election district where the voter resided prior to moving to the voter's current residence.
- f. If the voter's registration information has been marked by the county board to indicate a problem therewith, or if the voter's sample ballot has been returned as undeliverable to the county or municipal clerk, as the case may be, but the voter states that the voter has not moved prior to the day of an election, but instead continues to reside at the same address the voter resided at when voting previously, the voter shall be permitted to vote in such election district in the same manner as other voters at the polling place upon written affirmation to the district board of that election district.
- g. If the voter's registration information is missing, the voter shall be permitted to vote by provisonal ballot after completing the detachable affirmation statement attached to the envelope provided with the provisional ballot.

10. (New section) The district board shall designate an area within the polling place, which may be a voting booth, for the voter to mark the provisional ballot and affirmation statement. No provisional ballot and envelope with detachable affirmation statement shall be handed to a voter until the area designated for voters to mark the provisional ballot and affirmation statement is ready. If a voting booth is not

used, the voter shall be provided with a security screen at the same 2 time that the provisional ballot and envelope with affirmation 3 statement is provided.

4 A district board member shall instruct the voter how to complete the affirmation statement and place the voted provisional ballot into the envelope.

If for any reason provisional ballots and envelopes with detachable affirmation statements are not ready or available for distribution at any polling place, the district board member in charge shall notify the appropriate authority that additional ballots and affirmation statements are required.

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> 11. (New section) Every voter to whom a provisional ballot and envelope with detachable affirmation statement is given shall retire into the designated voting area. Not more than one voter shall be permitted to enter or be in the same booth or voting area at one time, unless the voter is entitled to assistance, as provided for by law.

> Any person or voter who violates the provisions of this section is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.

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(New section) Prior to voting the provisional ballot or immediately thereafter, the voter shall complete the affirmation statement attached to the provisional ballot envelope. The voter shall provide the voter's name and indicate whether the voter is registered to vote in a county but has moved within that county since registering to vote; or is registered to vote in the election district in which that polling place is located but the voter's registration information is missing or otherwise deficient. The voter shall provide the voter's most recent prior voter registration address and address on the day of the election and date of birth. The voter shall sign the statement and indicate the date the statement was completed and name of the person providing assistance to the voter, if applicable.

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At no time when in possession of the provisional ballot with attached affirmation statement shall the voter detach the statement from the ballot envelope.

37 13. (New section) To vote for a candidate whose name is printed 38 in any column, or to vote in favor of or against any public question

- 39 printed on the provisional ballot, the voter shall:
 - a. Mark a cross x, plus + or check \checkmark in the square provided for the name of each candidate in any column for whom the voter chooses to vote, or for a public question, make the same marking in the square provided for either the word "Yes" or "No" of each public question, if the ballot requires such designation to be considered valid;
 - b. Punch out completely the hole adjacent to the name of each candidate in any column for whom the voter chooses to vote, or for a

public question, punch out completely the hole adjacent to either the
word "Yes" or "No" of each public question, if the ballot requires such
an action to be considered valid; or

c. Complete the connecting line adjacent to the name of each candidate in any column for whom the voter chooses to vote, or for a public question, complete the connecting line adjacent to either the word "Yes" or "No" of each public question, if the ballot requires such designation to be considered valid.

14. (New section) Nothing in P.L. , c. (C.)(now pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall prevent any voter from writing or pasting within the proper title of office in the column designated personal choice, the name or names of any person or persons for whom the voter desires to vote whose name or names are not printed upon the provisional ballot for the same office. The writing shall be in ink or lead pencil, as may be required.

15. (New section) If any voter to whom a provisional ballot and envelope with detachable affirmation statement has been handed spoils or renders any of the same unfit for use, the voter shall return the ballot and the envelope with affirmation statement to a district board member. The voter shall be furnished with another provisional ballot and envelope with affirmation statement. No more than two provisional ballots and envelopes with affirmation statements shall be furnished to a voter, except at the discretion of the board members.

The district board shall preserve each spoiled provisional ballot and envelope with detachable affirmation statement and shall write "SPOILED" across the envelope and initial the same. Immediately thereafter, the "SPOILED" envelope shall be sealed and placed in the provisional ballot bag.

- 16. (New section) a. After voting the provisional ballot and completing the detachable affirmation statement, and before leaving the polling booth or the designated voting area, as the case may be, the voter shall place the voted provisional ballot in the envelope. The voter shall seal the envelope and shall retain custody of the envelope until the member of the board having charge of the polling place at that time is ready to accept the envelope.
- b. The voter shall hand the sealed envelope to the appropriate member of the district board. The member shall keep the sealed envelope in full view of the voter, the other district board members and all other persons present until it is placed in the provisional ballot bag. The voter may also take hold of the envelope, with that member of the board, until the envelope is placed in the provisional ballot bag.

17. (New section) The right to challenge a voter who uses a

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provisional ballot shall exist until the voted provisional ballot is deposited in the provisional ballot bag. If the right of a person to vote is challenged, the same procedures shall be used as set forth in R.S.19:15-18 et seq. for challenging the right of a person to vote.

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6 18. (New section) Immediately following the closing of the polls 7 on the day of an election, the members of the district board shall 8 inventory the provisional ballots. All invalid provisional ballots placed 9 in envelopes and marked "SPOILED" shall be counted and the number 10 of those envelopes shall be recorded on the provisional ballot inventory form provided with the provisional ballot bag. 11 12 provisional ballots that have been voted, not used or found to be 13 missing shall next be recorded on the provisional ballot inventory 14 form. Upon the completion of the inventory of all provisional ballots, 15 and if the members of the district board agree on that inventory, the provisional ballot inventory form shall be signed by those members. 16 Any member not in agreement shall give the reason therefor on the 17 form and so certify with the member's signature. All envelopes 18 19 marked "SPOILED", and all voted and not voted provisional ballots, 20 shall be placed in the provisional ballot bag and sealed with the 21 numbered seal taken from the envelope provided with that bag.

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19. (New section) Immediately following the sealing of the provisional ballot bag at a polling place on the day of any election, a member of the district board shall transport the ballot bag and all other election materials to a location designated by the commissioner of registration. The commissioner of registration, or the designee thereof, receiving the ballot bag shall provide the member of the district board with a receipt indicating that the bag has been received.

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(New section) When the office of the commissioner of registration receives a provisional ballot bag that has been found to be in good order, the commissioner or designee thereof shall first break the seal and open the bag. Envelopes marked "SPOILED" shall be set aside and remain unopened. The outside front of each envelope containing a voted provisional ballot shall be numbered in consecutive order beginning with the number one. This number shall be circled. The name, signature and other information contained on the form as supplied by a voter shall be compared with the name, signature and other information that the board has on file, in electronic or other form, for that voter. No affirmation statement shall be separated from a provisional ballot envelope until all affirmation statements have been reviewed by the commissioner of registration. After a comparison of the voter's address is completed by the board and prior to separating the affirmation statement from the envelope and counting the ballot, the letter "p" shall be placed adjacent to the voter's name on the

- 1 signature copy register or computer listing, as the case may be,
- 2 together with the name of the municipality in which the voter voted
- 3 the provisional ballot. If two provisional ballots from the same voter
- 4 are received, both such ballots shall not be counted, the affirmation
- 5 statements shall not be separated from the envelopes, and the ballots
- 6 shall be put aside for further investigation.

Whenever the address supplied by the voter on the affirmation statement does not match the address for such a person contained in the files of the commissioner of registration, but it is clear that the circumstance of a voter matches the circumstance of a voter described in subsection b. of R.S.19:31-11, the updated information on the affirmation statement shall be recorded and shall constitute a transfer by the voter to a new address for any subsequent election.

After the examination of the provisional ballots by the commissioner of registration, the county board of elections shall determine that a provisional ballot voter is legally entitled to have voted and that a provisional ballot conforms to the requirements established by law.

When the county board of elections determines that the voter is qualified, the voted ballot shall be removed from the envelope and a member of the county board shall audibly and publicly read the ballot. The board shall record the votes on the tally sheets, as provided. The board shall also record the number of void ballots on the tally sheets, as provided.

The outside front of each envelope that contains a voided provisional ballot shall have the word "VOID" written next to the circled number.

Unless provided otherwise by this section, all provisional ballot materials shall be processed by the county board of elections in accordance with the procedures established for absentee ballots pursuant to section 31 of P.L.1953, c.211 (C.19:57-31).

- 21. (New section) In canvassing the provisional ballots, the county board shall count the votes as follows:
- a. If proper marks are made in the squares provided for the names of any candidates in any column and the total number voted for, for each office, does not exceed the number of candidates to be elected to each office, a vote shall be counted for each candidate so marked.
- b. If proper marks are made in the squares provided for any names of any candidates in any column, a vote shall be counted for each candidate so marked; but if the county board canvassing the provisional ballots or the judge of the Superior Court or other judge or officer conducting a recount thereof, shall be satisfied that the placing of the marks to the left or right of the names was intended to identify or distinguish the provisional ballot, then that ballot shall not be counted and shall be declared null and void.

- c. If no marks are made in the squares provided for the names of any candidates in any column, but are made to the right of the names, a vote shall not be counted for the candidates so marked, but shall be counted for the other candidates as are properly marked; but if the county board canvassing the provisional ballot or the judge of the Superior Court or other judge or officer conducting a recount thereof shall be satisfied that the placing of the marks to the right of the names was intended to identify or distinguish the provisional ballot, then that ballot shall be declared null and void.
 - d. Where the name of any person is written in the column designated personal choice, and the proper mark or designation appears in the space provided for the name, it shall be counted as a vote for that person.
 - e. In the case of any public question printed on the provisional ballot where a proper mark or designation is made in the space provided for the word "Yes," it shall be counted as a vote in favor of that public question. If a proper mark or designation is made in the space provided for the word "No," it shall be counted as a vote against same. If no mark or designation is made in the space provided for either the word "Yes" or "No," it shall not be counted as a vote either in favor of or against the public question. If a mark or designation is made in each of the spaces provided for both the words "Yes" and "No," it shall not be counted either as a vote in favor of or against the public question nor shall it invalidate the provisional ballot.
 - f. If a voter marks or designates more names than there are persons to be elected to an office, or writes the name of any person in the column designated personal choice, whose name is printed upon the provisional ballot as a candidate under the same title of office, or the choice of the voter cannot be determined, that provisional ballot shall not be counted for that office, but shall be counted for those other offices as are properly marked.
 - g. If the mark made for any candidate or public question is substantially a cross x, plus + or check \checkmark and is substantially within the square, it shall be counted for the candidate or for or against the public question, as the case may be. No vote shall be counted for any candidate in any column or for or against any public question unless the mark or designation made is substantially a cross x, plus + or check \checkmark or other required designation and is substantially within the space.

22. (New section) In counting the provisional ballots, the board shall deem void all provisional ballots which are wholly blank, or on which more names have been marked or designated for every office than there are persons to be elected to the office, and on which both "Yes" and "No" have been marked or designated upon every public question.

No provisional ballot which shall have, either on its face or back, any mark, sign, erasure, designation or device whatsoever, other than that which is permitted by P.L. , c. (C.)(now pending before the Legislature as this bill), by which the provisional ballot shall be distinguished from another provisional ballot shall be declared void unless the county board canvassing those provisional ballots or the judge of the Superior Court or other judge or officer conducting the recount thereof shall be satisfied that the placing of the mark, sign, erasure, designation or device upon the provisional ballot was not intended to identify or distinguish that ballot.

No provisional ballot shall be declared invalid by reason of the fact that the mark made with ink or the mark made with lead pencil appears other than black.

No provisional ballot cast for any candidate shall be invalid by reason of the fact that the name of that candidate may be misprinted, or the Christian name or the initials of the candidate may be omitted.

No provisional ballot cast for any candidate shall be invalid by reason of the use of any label permitted by P.L. , c. (C.)(now pending before the Legislature as this bill) on which the title of office may be printed or the name of the candidate may be misprinted or part of the Christian name or surname or the initials of the candidate may be omitted, or because the voter in writing the name of the candidate may misspell the name or omit part of the Christian name or surname or the initials of the candidate.

No provisional ballot shall be declared void or invalid by reason of having a cross x, plus + or check \checkmark appearing in a square provided for a blank space or a space wherein no name is printed.

23. (New section) In every case in which a provisional ballot shall be declared invalid, the ballot, which shall be enclosed in a envelope, shall not be canvassed or counted, but shall be marked "VOID" on the outside thereof.

Provisional ballots which shall be declared invalid with respect to a part of the candidates to be voted for or public questions to be voted upon shall be canvassed, estimated and numbered with respect to the part which is not invalid and preserved by the county board for a period of not less than six months.

24. (New section) If, for any reason, a provisional ballot voter votes a ballot other than the ballot for the district in which the voter is qualified to vote, the votes for those offices and questions for which the voter would be otherwise qualified to vote shall be counted. All other votes shall be void.

25. (New section) The decision of a majority of the county board on any question concerning a provisional ballot matter shall be deemed

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the decision of the board and final. If any member of the board 1 2 dissents from any decision and wishes to make the dissension known 3 to avoid any of the consequences which may result from that decision, 4 the member may record the dissent in the signature copy register, if it is available, or in a note signed and dated. If the dissent is in the form 5 6 of a note, it shall be appended to or recorded on the signature copy register afterwards by the superintendent of elections or the 7 8 commissioner of registration, as shall be appropriate. 9 10 26. (New section) a. The clerk of the board shall, upon the tally sheets provided for that purpose, make a list of the names of all 11 12 persons for whom one or more votes shall have been given, 13 designating the office which that person shall be voted for, and of any 14 public questions voted upon; and as each provisional ballot shall be 15 read, the clerk shall write the figure "1" opposite the name of each person whose name is contained thereon, as designated for any office, 16 or in the proper column designating the vote upon the public question. 17 b. When all the votes which were cast have been read, examined 18 19 and numbered, as directed, the board shall tally the votes given for 20 each person for any office to be filled at the election or any public 21 question and note the same upon the tally sheets. The tally sheets shall 22 be signed by all the members of the county board and the results thereof shall be certified. One of the tally sheets shall be placed in the 23 24 orange provisional ballot bag and it shall be sealed with a numbered security seal. The other tally sheet shall be filed with the county clerk 25 at the same time the statements of results are delivered. 26 27 28 27. (New section) Upon the receipt of a certified tally sheet from 29 the county board, the county clerk shall add the votes contained thereon to the total vote for all candidates and in favor of or against 30 31 all public questions cast at the polling place from which the tally sheet 32 originated. The clerk shall report to the municipal clerks the results 33 of the tally sheets by municipality, ward and election district. 34 35 28. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be applicable to any election occurring after the 30th day following the enactment of 36 this act. 37 38 39 40 **STATEMENT** 41 42 The purpose of this bill is to establish a voting procedure to enable 43 certain persons to vote in any election if they are qualified to vote but 44 no longer reside at the place in which they are registered. 45 Specifically, this bill permits a voter who has moved outside of the

election district where he is registered to vote, but not outside of the

county where registered, and who has not re-registered, to vote by provisional ballot at the polling place of the district in which the voter resides on the day of the election after making a written affirmation of the change of address at that polling place.

The bill would abolish the current law which requires that such a voter must first obtain a transfer from the municipal clerk of the voter's new residence before being permitted to vote at the polling place for the voter's new residence.

The bill also provides that:

- 1) The provisional ballot be provided with an envelope which has attached to it an affirmation statement on which the voter must provide his name, signature, date of birth, current address and most recent prior voter registration address and that the form would constitute a transfer to the new voting address for all future elections;
- 2) The provisional ballot be a secret ballot and the voter be accorded privacy for the completion thereof at the polling place;
- 3) Once completed, the provisional ballot be kept at the polling place until the close thereof, at which time it be forwarded to the county board of elections and counted after verification by the county commissioner of registration of the voter's name, signature, address and other information;
- 4) Each polling place be provided with a map or list of all polling places within the county to assist any voter in identifying the correct location of the polling place at which the voter should vote if that voter erroneously reports to the wrong polling place; and
- 5) The challenge procedure provided for in current law for use at the polling place shall be utilized for all provisional ballot voters who appear at a polling place.

In addition, the bill eliminates the provision in current law that requires the county boards to post at least seven notices of a school election at least 10 days prior to the day of the election and to cause copies of the notice to be published at least once prior to the election in one newspaper circulating in the county or State and circulating in each municipality in the district.

The bill is based, in part, on the consent order issued in October 1996 in the United States District Court for New Jersey in the case of Democratic Party of New Jersey v. Hooks (Civil Action No. 96-4675) and followed for the general elections held in the State in 1996 and 1997. The procedure contained in the bill for providing and tabulating the provisional ballots is similar to the procedure provided in current State law for the use of absentee and emergency ballots.

ASSEMBLY STATE GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, No. 2168

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MARCH 11, 1999

The Assembly State Government Committee reports favorably an Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill No. 2168.

The purpose of this committee substitute is to establish a voting procedure to enable certain persons to vote in any election if they are qualified to vote but no longer reside at the place in which they are registered. The substitute also increases the number of challengers who can serve at an election and requires that certain information on deaths of registered voters be provided to commissioners of registration.

Specifically, this substitute permits a voter who has moved outside of the election district where he is registered to vote, but not outside of the county where registered, and who has not transferred his or her registration, to vote by provisional ballot at the polling place of the district in which the voter resides on the day of the election after making a written affirmation of the change of address at that polling place.

The substitute abolishes the current law which requires that such a voter must first obtain a transfer from the municipal clerk of the voter's new residence before being permitted to vote at the polling place for the voter's new residence.

The substitute also provides that:

- 1) The provisional ballot be provided with an envelope which has attached to it an affirmation statement on which the voter must provide his or her name, signature, date of birth, current address and most recent prior voter registration address and the form would constitute a transfer to the new voting address for all future elections;
- 2) The provisional ballot be a secret ballot and the voter be accorded privacy for the completion thereof at the polling place;
- 3) Once completed, the provisional ballot be kept at the polling place until the close thereof, at which time it will be forwarded to a designated location and counted, after verification by the county commissioner of registration of the voter's name, signature, address and other information;
- 4) Each polling place be provided with a map or list of all polling places within the county to assist any voter in identifying the correct

location of the polling place at which the voter should vote if that voter erroneously reports to the wrong polling place;

- 5) The chairman of the county committee of each political party may appoint additional challengers for any election equal in number to the number of municipalities in the county and these challengers are to be permitted to exercise their powers at any election district in the county during an election;
- 6) The State registrar of vital statistics file with the commissioner of registration no later than May 1 of each year an alphabetized list of the name, address and date of birth, if available, of each resident of the county 18 years of age or older who died during the previous year and the commissioner, after an investigation, transfer any deceased registrant found on the list to the death file as soon as possible;
- 7) The State registrar of vital statistics, no later than nine months following the enactment of this substitute, file with the commissioner of registration of each county an alphabetized list of the name, address and date of birth, if available, of each resident of the county 18 years of age or older who died during the previous 40 years;
- 8) The knowing or willful neglect, failure or refusal of a State, county or municipal officer in charge of the records of death for the State, a county or municipality, or of an election official, to file information relative to or process the records of any resident of a county 18 years of age or older who died during the previous year or who died during the 40-year period prior to the enactment of this substitute is established as a crime of the third degree; and
- 9) The State registrar of vital statistics provide the chairman of the county committee of a political party, or a designee thereof, upon request a copy of the alphabetized lists of all residents of the county 18 years of age or older who died during the previous year and during the 40-year period prior to the enactment of this substitute. A chairman is authorized to inquire whether the commissioner of registration of the county in which the chairman resides is conducting the investigation and transfers of the registration and records of deceased registrant required by law and if not, the chairman is required to report this finding to the Attorney General for further action, if deemed necessary.

In addition, the substitute eliminates the provision in current law that requires the county boards to post at least seven notices of a school election at least 10 days prior to the day of the election and to cause copies of the notice to be published at least once prior to the election in one newspaper circulating in the county or State and circulating in each municipality in the district.

The substitute is based, in part, on the consent order issued in October 1996 in the United States District Court for New Jersey in the case of <u>Democratic Party of New Jersey</u> v. <u>Hooks</u> (Civil Action No. 96-4675) and followed for the general elections held in the State in 1996 and 1997. The procedure contained in the substitute for providing and tabulating the provisional ballots is similar to the

procedure provided in current State law for the use of absentee and emergency ballots.

This committee substitute is identical to ACS for Senate Bill No. 1123 (1R), which was also reported by this committee on this date.

PO BOX 004 TRENTON, NJ 08625

Office of the Governor NEWS RELEASE

CONTACT: Gene Herman 609-777-2600

RELEASE: October 7, 1999

Gov. Christie Whitman today signed the following piece of legislation:

ACS for S-1123, sponsored by Senators Walter J. Kavanaugh (R-Morris/Somerset) and Ronald L. Rice (D-Essex) and Assembly Members Joel M. Weingarten (R-Essex/Union) and Kevin J. O'Toole (R-Essex/Union) establishes a voting procedure at polling places for certain persons qualified to vote but no longer residing at the place where they are registered. This bill provides that voters who have moved outside their election district, but not outside the county where they are registered, can vote by provisional ballot at the polling place of the district in which they reside after making a written affirmation at that polling place regarding their change of address. The bill also modifies provisions of election law concerning countywide challengers and requires state, county and municipal officials to update voting records.