LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF: 1998

CHAPTER:137

NJSA: 52:27D-133.1

"Swimming pools -- electrical inspections"

BILL NO: S213 (Substituted for A832 -- 1st Reprint)

SPONSOR(S):Sacco

DATE INTRODUCED: Pre-filed

COMMITTEE:

ASSEMBLY: Local Government

SENATE: Community and Urban Affairs

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

DATE OF PASSAGE:

ASSEMBLY: October 29, 1998 **SENATE:** February 26, 1998

DATE OF APPROVAL: December 11, 1998

THE FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL: 1st Reprint

(Amendments during passage denoted by superscript numbers)

S213

SPONSORS STATEMENT: Yes (Begins on page 3 of original bill)

COMMITTEE STATEMENT:

ASSEMBLY: Yes
SENATE: Yes

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No.

SPONSORS STATEMENT: Yes (Begins on page 3 of original bill)

COMMITTEE STATEMENT:

ASSEMBLY: Yes **SENATE:** No

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

VETO MESSAGE: No

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING: Yes

THE FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

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REPORTS: No

HEARINGS: No

NEWSPAPER ARTICLES: No

[First Reprint] SENATE, No. 213

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 208th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 1998 SESSION

Sponsored by: Senator NICHOLAS J. SACCO District 32 (Bergen and Hudson)

Co-Sponsored by:

Assemblyman Impreveduto and Assemblywoman Quigley

SYNOPSIS

Requires electrical inspections of swimming pools open for members, residents or the public.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As reported by the Senate Community and Urban Affairs Committee on February 10, 1998, with amendments.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 10/30/1998)

AN ACT concerning certain swimming pools and supplementing 1 2 P.L.1975, c.217 (C.52:27D-119 et seq.).

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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1. As used in this act:

"Bonding and grounding certificate" means a document issued by a ¹ [certified] recognized ¹ electrical testing agency that verifies the electrical continuity ¹ and integrity ¹ of the bonding and grounding system of a swimming pool.

"Swimming pool" means a swimming pool, hot tub, or spa located on any property other than one or two family residential property and includes but is not limited to swimming pools open for the use of members, residents or the public.

"Electrical certificate of ¹[approval] compliance ¹" means a document issued by the enforcing agency that verifies that all wiring located in or about the pool pump house or similar structure and associated electrical equipment is in compliance with the ¹ [National Electrical Code electrical subcode of the State Uniform Construction Code¹.

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- 2. a. A swimming pool shall not be opened for use or occupied in whole or in part by any person until a valid bonding and grounding certificate and electrical certificate of ¹[approval] compliance ¹ are issued. The bonding and grounding certificate shall be evidence of ¹ [a bonding system that connects all the metal non-electric parts of the swimming pool, including any metal fence within five feet of the water line, measured in a direct line continuity and integrity of the bonding system meeting the requirements of the electrical subcode of the State <u>Uniform Construction Code</u>¹. The electrical certificate of ¹[approval] compliance¹ shall not be issued unless a valid bonding and grounding certificate has been issued.
- b. The bonding and grounding certificate shall be valid for a period of five years from the date of issuance. The electrical certificate of ¹[approval] compliance ¹ shall be renewed annually upon completion of a satisfactory inspection by the enforcing agency, which may charge a fee for each inspection. A swimming pool that is operated on a seasonal basis shall not be opened for the season until a new electrical certificate of ¹[approval] compliance ¹ has been issued.
- c. If the inspection reveals any defective electrical condition on the 41

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

Senate SCU committee amendments adopted February 10, 1998.

S213 [1R] SACCO

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1	pool premises that condition shall be repaired by an electrical
2	contractor licensed in the State of New Jersey prior to issuance of the
3	electrical certificate of ¹ [approval] compliance ¹ .

d. The bonding and grounding certificate and the electrical certificate of ¹[approval] compliance ¹ shall be posted in or about the pool pump house or structure that encloses the pool wiring.

8 3. This act shall take effect on the 60th day after enactment.

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SENATE, No. 213

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

208th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 1998 SESSION

Sponsored by: Senator NICHOLAS J. SACCO District 32 (Bergen and Hudson)

SYNOPSIS

Requires electrical inspections of swimming pools open for members, residents or the public.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



AN ACT concerning certain swimming pools and supplementing P.L.1975, c.217 (C.52:27D-119 et seq.).

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

 1. As used in this act:

"Bonding and grounding certificate" means a document issued by a certified electrical testing agency that verifies the electrical continuity of the bonding and grounding system of a swimming pool.

"Swimming pool" means a swimming pool, hot tub, or spa located on any property other than one or two family residential property and includes but is not limited to swimming pools open for the use of members, residents or the public.

"Electrical certificate of approval" means a document issued by the enforcing agency that verifies that all wiring located in or about the pool pump house or similar structure and associated electrical equipment is in compliance with the National Electrical Code.

- 2. a. A swimming pool shall not be opened for use or occupied in whole or in part by any person until a valid bonding and grounding certificate and electrical certificate of approval are issued. The bonding and grounding certificate shall be evidence of a bonding system that connects all the metal non-electric parts of the swimming pool, including any metal fence within five feet of the water line, measured in a direct line. The electrical certificate of approval shall not be issued unless a valid bonding and grounding certificate has been issued.
- b. The bonding and grounding certificate shall be valid for a period of five years from the date of issuance. The electrical certificate of approval shall be renewed annually upon completion of a satisfactory inspection by the enforcing agency, which may charge a fee for each inspection. A swimming pool that is operated on a seasonal basis shall not be opened for the season until a new electrical certificate of approval has been issued.
- c. If the inspection reveals any defective electrical condition on the pool premises that condition shall be repaired by an electrical contractor licensed in the State of New Jersey prior to issuance of the electrical certificate of approval.
- d. The bonding and grounding certificate and the electrical certificate of approval shall be posted in or about the pool pump house or structure that encloses the pool wiring.

3. This act shall take effect on the 60th day after enactment.

STATEMENT

This bill would establish a basic level of electrical standards for It would supplement the "State Uniform swimming pools. Construction Code Act," P.L.1975, c.217 (C.52:27D-119 et seq.), to require the issuance of two documents, a bonding and grounding certificate and an electrical certificate of approval, before a pool could be opened for use or occupied by any person. The bill's provisions would apply to pools, hot tubs and spas located on any property other than one or two family residential property.

The bonding and grounding certificate would verify the electrical continuity of the bonding and grounding system of the pool. It would be issued by a certified electrical testing agency and would be valid for five years from the date of issuance.

The electrical certificate of approval would verify that all wiring located in or about the pool pump and associated electrical equipment complies with the National Electrical Code. It would be issued annually by the construction code enforcing agency upon completion of a satisfactory inspection and payment of a fee that would cover the enforcing agency's administrative costs. The bill provides that any defective electrical condition on the pool premises revealed by the inspection must be repaired by a licensed electrical contractor before the enforcing agency may issue the electrical certificate of approval.

The bill would take effect 60 days after enactment.

The bill is designed to improve the life safety conditions of workers and the public at large. It is intended to prevent electrocutions associated with swimming pool use such as occurred at an apartment complex in North Brunswick in the summer of 1994 when a lifeguard touched a pump with faulty wiring. During the summer of 1995, the Department of Health issued a Health Alert Bulletin which contained a warning to the employees and owners of public swimming pools concerning the potential life safety dangers of electrical systems associated with pools.

ASSEMBLY LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND HOUSING COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint] **SENATE, No. 213**

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: AUGUST 14, 1998

The Assembly Local Government and Housing Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 213 (1R).

This bill supplements the "State Uniform Construction Code Act," P.L.1975, c.217 (C.52:27D-119 et seq.) to establish a basic level of electrical standards for swimming pools, which must be certified as having been met annually. The bill would require the issuance of two documents, a bonding and grounding certificate and an electrical certificate of compliance, before a pool could be opened for use or occupied by any person. The bill's provisions would apply to pools, hot tubs and spas located on any property other than one or two family residential property.

The bonding and grounding certificate would verify the electrical continuity and integrity of the bonding and grounding system of the pool. It would be issued by a recognized electrical testing agency and would be valid for five years from the date of issuance.

The electrical certificate of compliance would verify that all wiring located in or about the pool pump and associated electrical equipment complies with the electrical subcode of the State Uniform Construction Code. It would be issued annually by the construction code enforcing agency upon completion of a satisfactory inspection and payment of a fee that would cover the enforcing agency's administrative costs. The bill would provide that any defective electrical condition on the pool premises revealed by the inspection must be repaired by a licensed electrical contractor before the enforcing agency may issue the electrical certificate of compliance.

The bill is designed to improve the life safety conditions of workers and the public at large. It is intended to prevent electrocutions associated with swimming pool use such as occurred at an apartment complex in North Brunswick in the summer of 1994 when a lifeguard touched a pump with faulty wiring.

This bill is identical to Assembly Bill No. 832, which the committee amended and released today.

SENATE COMMUNITY AND URBAN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 213

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: FEBRUARY10, 1998

The Senate Community and Urban Affairs Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 213 with committee amendments.

As amended by the committee, the bill would establish a basic level of electrical standards for swimming pools. It would supplement the "State Uniform Construction Code Act," P.L.1975, c.217 (C.52:27D-119 et seq.), to require the issuance of two documents, a bonding and grounding certificate and an electrical certificate of compliance, before a pool could be opened for use or occupied by any person. The bill's provisions would apply to pools, hot tubs and spas located on any property other than one or two family residential property.

The bonding and grounding certificate would verify the electrical continuity and integrity of the bonding and grounding system of the pool. It would be issued by a recognized electrical testing agency and would be valid for five years from the date of issuance.

The electrical certificate of compliance would verify that all wiring located in or about the pool pump and associated electrical equipment complies with the electrical subcode the State Uniform Construction Code. It would be issued annually by the construction code enforcing agency upon completion of a satisfactory inspection and payment of a fee that would cover the enforcing agency's administrative costs. The bill would provide that any defective electrical condition on the pool premises revealed by the inspection must be repaired by a licensed electrical contractor before the enforcing agency may issue the electrical certificate of compliance.

The bill would take effect 60 days after enactment.

The bill is designed to improve the life safety conditions of workers and the public at large. It is intended to prevent electrocutions associated with swimming pool use such as occurred at an apartment complex in North Brunswick in the summer of 1994 when a lifeguard touched a pump with faulty wiring. During the summer of 1995, the Department of Health issued a Health Alert Bulletin which contained a warning to the employees and owners of public swimming pools concerning the potential life safety dangers of electrical systems associated with pools.

The bill was amended at the request of the Department of Community Affairs in order to incorporate several technical changes. In particular, the amendments change the name of the electrical certificate provided for in the bill from an "electrical certificate of approval" to an "electrical certificate of compliance." The amendments also indicate that all wiring and electrical equipment must be in compliance with the electrical subcode of the State Uniform Construction Code rather than the National Electrical Code.

This bill was prefiled for introduction in the 1998 session pending technical review. As reported, the bill includes the changes required by technical review which has been performed.

ASSEMBLY, No. 832

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

208th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 1998 SESSION

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman ANTHONY IMPREVEDUTO District 32 (Bergen and Hudson) Assemblywoman JOAN M. QUIGLEY District 32 (Bergen and Hudson)

SYNOPSIS

Requires electrical inspections of swimming pools open for tenants or the public.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



AN ACT concerning certain swimming pools and supplementing 1 2 P.L.1975, c.217 (C.52:27D-119 et seq.).

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4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey:

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1. As used in this act:

"Bonding and grounding certificate" means a document issued by a nationally recognized testing agency, a licensed engineer or registered architect that verifies the electrical continuity of the bonding and grounding system of a commercial swimming pool.

"Commercial swimming pool" means a swimming pool on any property other than single family residential property and includes but is not limited to swimming pools open for the use of tenants or the public or both.

"Electrical certificate of approval" means a document issued by the municipality's electrical subcode official that verifies that all wiring located in or about the pool pump house or similar structure and associated electrical equipment is in compliance with the National Electrical Code.

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- 2. a. A commercial swimming pool shall not be opened for use or occupied in whole or in part by any person until a valid bonding and grounding certificate and electrical certificate of approval are issued. The bonding and grounding certificate shall be evidence of a bonding system that connects all the metal non-electric parts of the swimming pool, including any metal fence within 10 feet of the water line, measured in a direct line. The electrical certificate of approval shall not be issued unless a valid bonding and grounding certificate has been issued.
- b. The bonding and grounding certificate shall be valid for a period of five years from the date of issuance. The electrical certificate of approval shall be renewed annually on the basis of a pre-season inspection by the code enforcement department of the municipality for a fee of no more than \$50.
- c. Any electrical condition found to be defective on the pool premises shall be repaired by an electrical contractor licensed in the State of New Jersey.
- The bonding and grounding certificate and the electrical certificate of approval shall be posted in or about the pool pump house or structure that encloses the pool wiring.

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This act shall take effect immediately and be applicable to 44 inspections preceding the opening of swimming pools during the 1996 summer season.

A832 IMPREVEDUTO, QUIGLEY

1	STATEMENT
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3	This bill establishes a basic level of electrical standards for
4	swimming pools open to tenants or the public. It supplements the
5	"State Uniform Construction Code Act" to require the issuance of two
6	documents prior to pool use, a bonding and grounding certificate
7	geared to the electrical continuity of the bonding and grounding
8	system, and an electrical certificate of approval, which would verify
9	that the wiring conforms to requirements in the current edition of the
10	National Electrical Code.
11	The bonding and grounding certificate, valid for five years, would
12	be issued by a nationally recognized testing agency, a licensed engineer
13	or registered architect. However, the annual electrical certificate of
14	approval must be issued by the municipality's electrical subcode official
15	after payment of a fee not to exceed \$50.
16	The bill is designed to improve the life safety conditions of workers
17	and the public at large. It is intended to prevent electrocutions
18	associated with swimming pool use such as occurred at an apartment
19	complex in North Brunswick in the summer of 1994 when a lifeguard
20	touched a pump with faulty wiring.
21	During the summer of 1995, the Department of Health issued a
22	Health Alert Bulletin which contained a warning to the employees and
23	owners of public swimming pools concerning the potential life safety

24 dangers of electrical systems associated with pools.

ASSEMBLY LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND HOUSING COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 832

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: AUGUST 14, 1998

The Assembly Local Government and Housing Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 832, with committee amendments.

This bill, as amended, supplements the "State Uniform Construction Code Act," P.L.1975, c.217 (C.52:27D-119 et seq.) to establish a basic level of electrical standards for swimming pools, which must be certified as having been met annually. The bill would to require the issuance of two documents, a bonding and grounding certificate and an electrical certificate of compliance, before a pool could be opened for use or occupied by any person. The bill's provisions would apply to pools, hot tubs and spas located on any property other than one or two family residential property.

The bonding and grounding certificate would verify the electrical continuity and integrity of the bonding and grounding system of the pool. It would be issued by a recognized electrical testing agency and would be valid for five years from the date of issuance.

The electrical certificate of compliance would verify that all wiring located in or about the pool pump and associated electrical equipment complies with the electrical subcode of the State Uniform Construction Code. It would be issued annually by the construction code enforcing agency upon completion of a satisfactory inspection and payment of a fee that would cover the enforcing agency's administrative costs. The bill would provide that any defective electrical condition on the pool premises revealed by the inspection must be repaired by a licensed electrical contractor before the enforcing agency may issue the electrical certificate of compliance.

The committee amended the bill to make it identical to Senate Bill No. 213 (1R). One change concerns a reference to the National Electrical Code. Pursuant to the "State Uniform Construction Code Act," P.L.1977, c.217, the Commissioner of Community Affairs has adopted and incorporated into the State Uniform Construction Code (UCC) many provisions of the National Electrical Code as the electrical subcode. Therefore, the amendments reflect that the electrical work being inspected must comply with the electrical

subcode which has been incorporated into the State Uniform Construction Code. Other changes include a removal of the limitation on the amount that an enforcing agent may charge for an inspection under the bill. In addition, as amended, the bill excludes pools belonging to two-family residences, but includes hot tubs and spas, as well as swimming pools, as subject to inspection.

This bill was pre-filed for introduction in the 1998-1999 legislative session pending technical review. As reported, the bill includes the changes required by technical review which has been performed.

Office of the Governor NEWS RELEASE

PO BOX 004 TRENTON, NJ 08625

CONTACT: Jayne O'Connor Gene Herman 609-777-2600

RELEASE: December 14, 1998

Gov. Christie Whitman today signed the following pieces of legislation:

S-280, sponsored by Senator John A. Girgenti (D- Passaic), amends child labor laws to permit minors, who are 14 or 15, to be employed as little league umpires for leagues chartered by Little League Baseball, Incorporated, until 9:00 p. m. with written permission from a parent or legal guardian. Under current law, minors under 16, with a few exceptions during the summer months, are not permitted to work before 7:00 a. m. or after 7:00 p. m.

S-213 establishes a basic level of electrical standards for certain swimming pools, hot tubs or spas located on any property other than a one or two-family residential property, including but not limited to, swimming pools open for use of members, residents or the public.

The bill, which is designed to improve safety conditions for workers and the public, supplements the State Uniform Construction Code Act. It requires a pool to have a valid bonding and grounding certificate and an electrical certificate of compliance issued by the municipality.

The bill was sponsored by Senator Nicholas J. Sacco (R- Bergen/Hudson) and Assembly Members Anthony Impreveduto (D- Bergen/Hudson) and Joan M. Quigley (D-Bergen/Hudson).

S-926, sponsored by Senator Gerald Cardinale (R-Bergen) and Diane B. Allen (R-Burlington/Camden) and Assembly Members Nilsa Cruz-Perez (D-Camden/Gloucester) and John V. Kelly (R- Bergen/Passaic), repeals a 1987 state law which required family day care centers to be subject to the same restrictions as other home occupations under local zoning laws.

In 1991, the Legislature enacted a law that specified that registered family day care homes are permitted uses in all residential districts and are subject to the same requirements as single family dwellings only, but it did not repeal the 1987 law. A family day care home is defined as a private residence in which child care services are provided to no less than three and no more than five children at any one time for a minimum of 15 hours per week.

A-1859, sponsored by Assembly Members Kenneth C. LeFevre (R-Atlantic) and Francis J. Blee (R-Atlantic) and Senator William L. Gormley (R-Atlantic), allows the Casino Control Commission to authorize each poker dealer to retain tips or gratuities from patrons at the table at which the dealer is conducting play. Under previous law, poker dealers' tips could only be pooled with tips received by other poker dealers. Now, either option is permissible.