LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF: 1998

CHAPTER:95

NJSA:40:55D-5 "Municipal land use law -- amendments"

BILL NO: S170

SPONSOR(S):Bennett

DATE INTRODUCED: Pre-filed

COMMITTEE: *ASSEMBLY:* Local Government and Housing *SENATE:* Community and Urban Affairs

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE:No

DATE OF PASSAGE: *ASSEMBLY:* June 29, 1998 *SENATE:* February 26, 1998

DATE OF APPROVAL: September 2, 1998

THE FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL: Original

S170

SPONSORS STATEMENT: Yes (Begins on page 13 of original bill)

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: <u>ASSEMBLY:</u>Yes <u>SENATE:</u>Yes

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

VETO MESSAGE: No

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING:No

?

THE FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

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REPORTS: No

HEARINGS: No

NEWSPAPER ARTICLES: No

SENATE, No. 170

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 208th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 1998 SESSION

Sponsored by: Senator JOHN O. BENNETT District 12 (Monmouth)

SYNOPSIS

Clarifies various provisions of the Municipal Land Use Law.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



2

1 AN ACT clarifying various provisions of the "Municipal Land Use 2 Law," and amending P.L.1975, c.291 and P.L.1979, c.216. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 1. Section 3.2 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-5) is amended to read 7 8 as follows: 9 3.2. "Maintenance guarantee" means any security which may be 10 accepted by a municipality for the maintenance of any improvements 11 required by this act, including but not limited to surety bonds, letters of credit under the circumstances specified in section 16 of P.L.1991, 12 c.256 (C.40:55D-53.5), and cash. 13 14 "Major subdivision" means any subdivision not classified as a minor 15 subdivision. 16 "Master plan" means a composite of one or more written or graphic 17 proposals for the development of the municipality as set forth in and 18 adopted pursuant to section 19 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-28). 19 "Mayor" means the chief executive of the municipality, whatever his 20 official designation may be, except that in the case of municipalities governed by municipal council and municipal manager the term 21 "mayor" shall not mean the "municipal manager" but shall mean the 22 23 mayor of such municipality. 24 "Minor site plan" means a development plan of one or more lots 25 which (1) proposes new development within the scope of development 26 specifically permitted by ordinance as a minor site plan; (2) does not 27 involve planned development, any new street or extension of any 28 off-tract improvement which is to be prorated pursuant to section 30 29 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-42); and (3) contains the information 30 reasonably required in order to make an informed determination as to 31 whether the requirements established by ordinance for approval of a 32 minor site plan have been met. 33 "Minor subdivision" means a subdivision of land for the creation of a number of lots specifically permitted by ordinance as a minor 34 35 subdivision; provided that such subdivision does not involve (1) a 36 planned development, (2) any new street or (3) the extension of any 37 off-tract improvement, the cost of which is to be prorated pursuant to section 30 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-42). 38 39 "Municipality" means any city, borough, town, township or village. 40 "Municipal agency" means a municipal planning board or board of 41 adjustment, or a governing body of a municipality when acting 42 pursuant to this act and any agency which is created by or responsible 43 to one or more municipalities when such agency is acting pursuant to EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

1 this act.

2 <u>"Municipal resident" means a person who is domiciled in the</u>
3 <u>municipality.</u>

"Nonconforming lot" means a lot, the area, dimension or location
of which was lawful prior to the adoption, revision or amendment of
a zoning ordinance, but fails to conform to the requirements of the
zoning district in which it is located by reason of such adoption,
revision or amendment.

9 "Nonconforming structure" means a structure the size, dimension 10 or location of which was lawful prior to the adoption, revision or 11 amendment of a zoning ordinance, but which fails to conform to the 12 requirements of the zoning district in which it is located by reasons of 13 such adoption, revision or amendment.

"Nonconforming use" means a use or activity which was lawful
prior to the adoption, revision or amendment of a zoning ordinance,
but which fails to conform to the requirements of the zoning district
in which it is located by reasons of such adoption, revision or
amendment.

"Official county map" means the map, with changes and additions
thereto, adopted and established, from time to time, by resolution of
the board of chosen freeholders of the county pursuant to R.S.40:27-5.
"Official map" means a map adopted by ordinance pursuant to

23 article 5 of P.L.1975, c.291.

"Offsite" means located outside the lot lines of the lot in question
but within the property[(], of which the lot is a part[)], which is the
subject of a development application or [contiguous portion of a] the
closest half of the street or right-of-way abutting the property of which
the lot is a part.

"Off-tract" means not located on the property which is the subject
of a development application nor on [a contiguous portion of a] the
closest half of the abutting street or right-of-way.

"Onsite" means located on the lot in question <u>and excluding any</u>
 <u>abutting street or right-of-way</u>.

34 "On-tract" means located on the property which is the subject of a
35 development application or on [a contiguous portion of a] the closest
36 half of an abutting street or right-of-way.

37 "Open-space" means any parcel or area of land or water essentially 38 unimproved and set aside, dedicated, designated or reserved for public 39 or private use or enjoyment or for the use and enjoyment of owners 40 and occupants of land adjoining or neighboring such open space; 41 provided that such areas may be improved with only those buildings, 42 structures, streets and offstreet parking and other improvements that 43 are designed to be incidental to the natural openness of the land.

44 (cf: P.L.1991, c.256, s.1)

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46 2. Section 6 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-10) is amended to read

1 as follows:

6. Hearings. a. The municipal agency shall hold a hearing on each
application for development, or adoption, revision or amendment of
the master plan.

5 b. The municipal agency shall make the rules governing such 6 hearings. Any maps and documents for which approval is sought at 7 hearing shall be on file and available for public inspection at least 10 8 days before the date of the hearing, during normal business hours in 9 the office of the administrative officer. The applicant may produce 10 other documents, records, or testimony at the hearing to substantiate 11 or clarify or supplement the previously filed maps and documents.

c. The officer presiding at the hearing or such person as he may
designate shall have power to administer oaths and issue subpoenas to
compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of relevant
evidence, including witnesses and documents presented by the parties,
and the provisions of the "County and Municipal Investigations Law,"
P.L.1953, c.38 (C.2A:67A-1 et seq.) shall apply.

d. The testimony of all witnesses relating to an application for
development shall be taken under oath or affirmation by the presiding
officer, and the right of cross-examination shall be permitted to all
interested parties through their attorneys, if represented, or directly,
if not represented, subject to the discretion of the presiding officer and
to reasonable limitations as to time and number of witnesses.

e. Technical rules of evidence shall not be applicable to the
hearing, but the agency may exclude irrelevant, immaterial or unduly
repetitious evidence.

27 f. The municipal agency shall provide for the verbatim recording of 28 the proceedings by either stenographer, mechanical or electronic 29 means. The municipal agency shall furnish a transcript, or duplicate 30 recording in lieu thereof, on request to any interested party at his 31 expense; provided that the governing body may provide by ordinance 32 for the municipality to assume the expense of any transcripts necessary 33 for appeal to the governing body, pursuant to section 8 of this act, of 34 decisions by the zoning board of adjustment pursuant to subsection 57d. of this act, up to a maximum amount as specified by the 35 36 ordinance.

The municipal agency, in furnishing a transcript <u>or tape</u> of the proceedings to an interested party at his expense, shall not charge such interested party more than the [maximum permitted in N.J.S.2A:11-15] <u>actual cost of preparing the transcript or tape</u>. [Said transcript] <u>Transcripts</u> shall be certified in writing by the transcriber to be accurate.

g. The municipal agency shall include findings of fact and
conclusions based thereon in each decision on any application for
development and shall reduce the decision to writing. The municipal
agency shall provide the findings and conclusions through:

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(1) A resolution adopted at a meeting held within the time period
 provided in the act for action by the municipal agency on the
 application for development; or

4 (2) A memorializing resolution adopted at a meeting held not later 5 than 45 days after the date of the meeting at which the municipal 6 agency voted to grant or deny approval. Only the members of the 7 municipal agency who voted for the action taken may vote on the 8 memorializing resolution, and the vote of a majority of such members 9 present at the meeting at which the resolution is presented for 10 adoption shall be sufficient to adopt the resolution. If only one 11 member who voted for the action attends the meeting at which the 12 resolution is presented for adoption, the resolution may be adopted 13 upon the vote of that member. An action pursuant to section 5 of the 14 act (C.40:55D-9) (resulting from the failure of a motion to approve an 15 application) shall be memorialized by resolution as provided above, with those members voting against the motion for approval being the 16 17 members eligible to vote on the memorializing resolution. The vote on 18 any such resolution shall be deemed to be a memorialization of the 19 action of the municipal agency and not to be an action of the municipal 20 agency; however, the date of the adoption of the resolution shall 21 constitute the date of the decision for purposes of the mailings, filings 22 and publications required by subsections h. and i. of this section 23 (C.40:55D-10). If the municipal agency fails to adopt a resolution or 24 memorializing resolution as hereinabove specified, any interested party 25 may apply to the Superior Court in a summary manner for an order 26 compelling the municipal agency to reduce its findings and conclusions 27 to writing within a stated time, and the cost of the application, 28 including attorney's fees, shall be assessed against the municipality.

29 h. A copy of the decision shall be mailed by the municipal agency 30 within 10 days of the date of decision to the applicant or, if 31 represented, then to his attorney, without separate charge, and to all 32 who request a copy of the decision, for a reasonable fee. A copy of 33 the decision shall also be filed by the municipal agency in the office of 34 the administrative officer. The administrative officer shall make a copy of such filed decision available to any interested party for a 35 36 reasonable fee and available for public inspection at his office during 37 reasonable hours.

38 i. A brief notice of the decision shall be published in the official 39 newspaper of the municipality, if there be one, or in a newspaper of 40 general circulation in the municipality. Such publication shall be 41 arranged by the applicant unless a particular municipal officer is so 42 designated by ordinance; provided that nothing contained in this act 43 shall be construed as preventing the applicant from arranging such 44 publication if he so desires. The municipality may make a reasonable 45 charge for its publication. The period of time in which an appeal of the decision may be made shall run from the first publication of the 46

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1 decision, whether arranged by the municipality or the applicant. 2 (cf: P.L.1984, c.20, s.4) 3 4 3. Section 9 of P.L.1979, c.216 (C.40:55D-10.2) is amended to 5 read as follows: 6 9. A member of a municipal agency who was absent for one or 7 more of the meetings at which a hearing was held or was not a member 8 of the municipal agency at that time, shall be eligible to vote on the 9 matter upon which the hearing was conducted, notwithstanding his 10 absence from one or more of the meetings; provided, however, that 11 such board member has available to him the transcript or recording of 12 all of the hearing from which he was absent or was not a member, and 13 certifies in writing to the board that he has read such transcript or 14 listened to such recording. 15 (cf. P.L.1979, c.216, s.9) 16 17 4. Section 7.1 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-12) is amended to 18 read as follows: 19 7.1. Notice pursuant to subsections a., b., d., e., f., g. and h. of this 20 section shall be given by the applicant unless a particular municipal 21 officer is so designated by ordinance; provided that nothing contained herein shall prevent the applicant from giving such notice if he so 22 23 desires. Notice pursuant to subsections a., b., d., e., f., g. and h. of 24 this section shall be given at least 10 days prior to the date of the 25 hearing. 26 a. Public notice of a hearing on an application shall be given for 27 an extension of approvals for five or more years under subsection d. 28 of section 37 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-49) and subsection b. of 29 section 40 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-52); for modification or elimination of a significant condition or conditions in a memorializing 30 31 resolution in any situation wherein the application for development for 32 which the memorializing resolution is proposed for adoption required 33 public notice, and for any other applications for development [shall be 34 given, except for], with the following exceptions: (1) conventional 35 site plan review pursuant to section 34 of P.L.1975, c.291 36 (C.40:55D-46), (2) minor subdivisions pursuant to section 35 of 37 P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-47) or (3) final approval pursuant to 38 section 38 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-50); [provided that] 39 notwithstanding the foregoing, the governing body may by ordinance 40 require public notice for such categories of site plan review as may be specified by ordinance; and provided further that public, for appeals 41 42 of determinations of administrative officers pursuant to subsection a. 43 of section 57 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-70), and for requests for 44 interpretation pursuant to subsection b. of section 57 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-70). Public notice shall also be given in the event 45 46 that relief is requested pursuant to section 47 or 63 of P.L.1975, c.291

1 (C.40:55D-60 or C.40:55D-76) as part of an application for 2 development otherwise excepted herein from public notice. Public 3 notice shall be given by publication in the official newspaper of the 4 municipality, if there be one, or in a newspaper of general circulation 5 in the municipality.

6 b. Notice of a hearing requiring public notice pursuant to 7 subsection a. of this section shall be given to the owners of all real 8 property as shown on the current tax duplicates, located in the State 9 and within 200 feet in all directions of the property which is the 10 subject of such hearing; provided that this requirement shall be deemed 11 satisfied by notice to the (1) condominium association, in the case of 12 any unit owner whose unit has a unit above or below it, or (2) 13 horizontal property regime, in the case of any co-owner whose 14 apartment has an apartment above or below it. Notice shall be given 15 by: (1) serving a copy thereof on the property owner as shown on the said current tax duplicate, or his agent in charge of the property, or (2) 16 mailing a copy thereof by certified mail to the property owner at his 17 18 address as shown on the said current tax duplicate.

19 Notice to a partnership owner may be made by service upon any 20 partner. Notice to a corporate owner may be made by service upon its 21 president, a vice president, secretary or other person authorized by 22 appointment or by law to accept service on behalf of the corporation. 23 Notice to a condominium association, horizontal property regime, 24 community trust or homeowners' association, because of its ownership 25 of common elements or areas located within 200 feet of the property 26 which is the subject of the hearing, may be made in the same manner 27 as to a corporation without further notice to unit owners, co-owners, 28 or homeowners on account of such common elements or areas.

29 c. Upon the written request of an applicant, the administrative 30 officer of a municipality shall, within seven days, make and certify a 31 list from said current tax duplicates of names and addresses of owners 32 to whom the applicant is required to give notice pursuant to subsection 33 b. of this section. In addition, the administrative officer shall include 34 on the list the names, addresses and positions of those persons who, not less than seven days prior to the date on which the applicant 35 36 requested the list, have registered to receive notice pursuant to subsection h. of this section. The applicant shall be entitled to rely 37 38 upon the information contained in such list, and failure to give notice 39 to any owner or to any public utility, cable television company, or 40 local utility not on the list shall not invalidate any hearing or 41 proceeding. A sum not to exceed \$0.25 per name, or \$10.00, 42 whichever is greater, may be charged for such list.

d. Notice of hearings on applications for development involving
property located within 200 feet of an adjoining municipality shall be
given by personal service or certified mail to the clerk of such
municipality.

e. Notice shall be given by personal service or certified mail to the county planning board of a hearing on an application for development of property adjacent to an existing county road or proposed road shown on the official county map or on the county master plan, adjoining other county land or situated within 200 feet of a municipal boundary.

f. Notice shall be given by personal service or certified mail to the
Commissioner of Transportation of a hearing on an application for
development of property adjacent to a State highway.

10 g. Notice shall be given by personal service or certified mail to the 11 State Planning Commission of a hearing on an application for 12 development of property which exceeds 150 acres or 500 dwelling 13 units. The notice shall include a copy of any maps or documents 14 required to be on file with the municipal clerk pursuant to subsection 15 b. of section 6 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-10).

h. Notice of hearings on applications for approval of a major 16 subdivision or a site plan not defined as a minor site plan under this act 17 18 requiring public notice pursuant to subsection a. of this section shall 19 be given, in the case of a public utility, cable television company or 20 local utility which possesses a right-of-way or easement within the 21 municipality and which has registered with the municipality in 22 accordance with section 5 of P.L.1991, c.412 (C.40:55D-12.1), by (1) 23 serving a copy of the notice on the person whose name appears on the registration form on behalf of the public utility, cable television 24 25 company or local utility or (2) mailing a copy thereof by certified mail 26 to the person whose name appears on the registration form at the 27 address shown on that form.

i. The applicant shall file an affidavit of proof of service with the
municipal agency holding the hearing on the application for
development in the event that the applicant is required to give notice
pursuant to this section.

j. Notice pursuant to subsections d., e., f., g. and h. of this section
shall not be deemed to be required, unless public notice pursuant to
subsection a. and notice pursuant to subsection b. of this section are
required.

36 (cf: P.L.1991, c.412, s.4)

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38 5. Section 14 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-23) is amended to
39 read as follows:

40 14. Planning board membership. a. The governing body may, by
41 ordinance, create a planning board of seven or nine members. <u>All</u>
42 members of the planning board, except for the Class II members set
43 forth below, shall be municipal residents. The membership shall
44 consist of, for convenience in designating the manner of appointment,
45 the four following classes:

46 Class I--the mayor or the mayor's designee in the absence of the

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1 mayor or, in the case of the council-manager form of government 2 pursuant to the Optional Municipal Charter Law, P.L.1950, c.210 3 (C.40:69A-1 et seq.) or "the municipal manager form of government 4 law" (R.S.40:79-1 et seq.), the manager, if so provided by the aforesaid ordinance. 5 6 Class II--one of the officials of the municipality other than a 7 member of the governing body, to be appointed by the mayor; 8 provided that if there be an environmental commission, the member of 9 the environmental commission who is also a member of the planning 10 board as required by section 1 of P.L.1968, c.245 (C.40:56A-1), shall 11 be deemed to be the Class II planning board member for purposes of 12 this act in the event that there be among the Class IV or alternate 13 members of the planning board both a member of the zoning board of 14 adjustment and a member of the board of education. 15 Class III--a member of the governing body to be appointed by it. 16 Class IV--other citizens of the municipality, to be appointed by the

mayor or, in the case of the council-manager form of government
pursuant to the Optional Municipal Charter Law, P.L.1950, c.210
(C.40:69A-1 et seq.) or "the municipal manager form of government
law" (R.S.40:79-1 et seq.), by the council, if so provided by the
aforesaid ordinance.

22 The members of Class IV shall hold no other municipal office, position or employment, except that in the case of nine-member 23 boards, one such member may be a member of the zoning board of 24 25 adjustment or historic preservation commission. No member of the 26 board of education may be a Class IV member of the planning board, 27 except that in the case of a nine-member board, one Class IV member 28 may be a member of the board of education. If there be a municipal 29 environmental commission, the member of the environmental 30 commission who is also a member of the planning board, as required 31 by section 1 of P.L.1968, c.245 (C.40:56A-1), shall be a Class IV 32 planning board member, unless there be among the Class IV or 33 alternate members of the planning board both a member of the zoning 34 board of adjustment or historic preservation commission and a member of the board of education, in which case the member common to the 35 36 planning board and municipal environmental commission shall be 37 deemed a Class II member of the planning board. For the purpose of 38 this section, membership on a municipal board or commission whose 39 function is advisory in nature, and the establishment of which is 40 discretionary and not required by statute, shall not be considered the 41 holding of municipal office.

b. The term of the member composing Class I shall correspond to
the mayor's or manager's official tenure or if the member is the mayor's
designee in the absence of the mayor, the designee shall serve at the
pleasure of the mayor during the mayor's official tenure. The terms of
the members composing Class II and Class III shall be for one year or

1 terminate at the completion of their respective terms of office, 2 whichever occurs first, except for a Class II member who is also a 3 member of the environmental commission. The term of a Class II or 4 Class IV member who is also a member of the environmental commission shall be for three years or terminate at the completion of 5 his term of office as a member of the environmental commission, 6 whichever occurs first. The term of a Class IV member who is also a 7 8 member of the board of adjustment or board of education shall 9 terminate whenever he is no longer a member of such other body or at 10 the completion of his Class IV term, whichever occurs first. The terms of all Class IV members first appointed under this act shall be so 11 12 determined that to the greatest practicable extent the expiration of 13 such terms shall be distributed evenly over the first four years after 14 their appointments; provided that the initial Class IV term of no 15 member shall exceed four years. Thereafter, the Class IV term of each such member shall be four years. If a vacancy in any class shall occur 16 otherwise than by expiration of the planning board term, it shall be 17 18 filled by appointment, as above provided, for the unexpired term. No 19 member of the planning board shall be permitted to act on any matter 20 in which he has, either directly or indirectly, any personal or financial 21 interest. Any member other than a Class I member, after a public 22 hearing if he requests one, may be removed by the governing body for 23 cause.

24 c. In any municipality in which the term of the municipal governing 25 body commences on January 1, the governing body may, by ordinance, 26 provide that the term of appointment of any class of member of the 27 planning board appointed pursuant to this section shall commence on 28 January 1. In any municipality in which the term of the municipal 29 governing body commences on July 1, the governing body may, by 30 ordinance, provide that the term of appointment of any class of 31 member appointed pursuant to this section commence on July 1. 32 (cf: P.L.1994, c.158, s.1)

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34 6. Section 13 of P.L.1979, c.216 (C.40:55D-23.1) is amended to 35 read as follows:

36 13. The governing body may, by ordinance, provide for the 37 appointment to the planning board of not more than two alternate 38 members, who shall be municipal residents. Alternate members shall 39 be appointed by the appointing authority for Class IV members, and 40 shall meet the qualifications of Class IV members of nine-member 41 planning boards. Alternate members shall be designated at the time of 42 appointment by the mayor as "Alternate No. 1" and "Alternate No. 2." 43 The terms of the alternate members shall be for 2 years, except that the 44 terms of the alternate members shall be such that the term of not more 45 than one alternate member shall expire in any 1 year; provided, however, that in no instance shall the terms of the alternate members 46

1 first appointed exceed 2 years. A vacancy occurring otherwise than by

2 expiration of term shall be filled by the appointing authority for the3 unexpired term only.

No alternate member shall be permitted to act on any matter in
which he has either directly or indirectly any personal or financial
interest. An alternate member may, after public hearing if he requests
one, be removed by the governing body for cause.

8 Alternate members may participate in [discussions of the 9 proceedings] <u>all matters</u> but may not vote except in the absence or 10 disqualification of a regular member of any class. Participation of alternate members shall not be deemed to increase the size of the 11 12 planning board established by ordinance of the governing body 13 pursuant to section 14 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-23). A vote 14 shall not be delayed in order that a regular member may vote instead 15 of an alternate member. In the event that a choice must be made as to which alternate member is to vote, Alternate No. 1 shall vote. 16

17 (cf: P.L.1979, c.216, s.13)

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19 7. Section 15 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-24) is amended to 20 read as follows:

21 15. Organization of planning board. The planning board shall elect 22 a chairman and vice chairman from the members of Class IV, select a 23 secretary who may or may not be a member or alternate member of the planning board or a municipal employee, and create and fill such other 24 25 offices as established by ordinance. An alternate member shall not 26 serve as chairman or vice-chairman of the planning board. It may 27 employ, or contract for, and fix the compensation of legal counsel, 28 other than the municipal attorney, and experts, and other staff and 29 services as it may deem necessary, not exceeding, exclusive of gifts or 30 grants, the amount appropriated by the governing body for its use. 31 The governing body shall make provision in its budget and appropriate 32 funds for the expenses of the planning board.

33 (cf: P.L.1975, c.291, s.15)

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35 8. Section 30 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-42) is amended to
36 read as follows:

30. Contribution for off-tract water, sewer, drainage, and street 37 38 The governing body may by ordinance adopt improvements. 39 regulations requiring a developer, as a condition for approval of a 40 subdivision or site plan, to pay [his] the pro-rata share of the cost of 41 providing only reasonable and necessary street improvements and water, sewerage and drainage facilities, and easements therefor, 42 43 located outside the property limits of the subdivision or development] off-tract but necessitated or required by construction or 44 improvements within such subdivision or development. 45 Such 46 regulations shall be based on circulation and comprehensive utility

1 service plans pursuant to subsections 19b.(4) and 19b.(5) of this act, 2 respectively, and shall establish fair and reasonable standards to 3 determine the proportionate or pro-rata amount of the cost of such 4 facilities that shall be borne by each developer or owner within a related and common area, which standards shall not be altered 5 6 subsequent to preliminary approval. Where a developer pays the 7 amount determined as his pro-rata share under protest he shall institute 8 legal action within 1 year of such payment in order to preserve the 9 right to a judicial determination as to the fairness and reasonableness 10 of such amount.

11 (cf: P.L.1975, c.291, s.30)

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9. Section 56 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-69) is amended toread as follows:

15 56. Zoning board of adjustments. Upon the adoption of a zoning ordinance, the governing body shall create, by ordinance, a zoning 16 board of adjustment unless the municipality is eligible for, and 17 exercises, the option provided by subsection c. of section 16 of 18 19 P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-25). A zoning board of adjustment shall 20 consist of seven regular members and may have not more than two 21 alternate members. All regular members and any alternate members 22 shall be municipal residents. Notwithstanding the provisions of any 23 other law or charter heretofore adopted, such ordinance shall provide the method of appointment of all such members. Alternate members 24 25 shall be designated at the time of appointment by the authority 26 appointing them as "Alternate No. 1" and "Alternate No. 2." The 27 terms of the members first appointed under this act shall be so 28 determined that to the greatest practicable extent, the expiration of 29 such terms shall be distributed, in the case of regular members, evenly 30 over the first four years after their appointment, and in the case of 31 alternate members, evenly over the first two years after their 32 appointment; provided that the initial term of no regular members shall 33 exceed four years and that the initial term of no alternate member shall 34 exceed two years. Thereafter, the term of each regular member shall be four years, and the term of each alternate member shall be two 35 years. No member may hold any elective office or position under the 36 37 municipality. No member of the board of adjustment shall be 38 permitted to act on any matter in which he has, either directly or 39 indirectly, any personal or financial interest. A member may, after 40 public hearing if he requests it, be removed by the governing body for 41 cause. A vacancy occurring otherwise than by expiration of term shall 42 be filled for the unexpired term only.

The board of adjustment shall elect a chairman and vice-chairman
from its <u>regular</u> members and select a secretary, who may or may not
be a member of the board of adjustment or a municipal employee.

46 Alternate members may participate in [discussions of the

proceedings] all matters but may not vote except in the absence or 1 2 disqualification of a regular member. Participation of alternate 3 members shall not be deemed to increase the size of the zoning board 4 of adjustment established by ordinance of the governing body pursuant 5 to section 56 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-69). A vote shall not be delayed in order that a regular member may vote instead of an 6 7 alternate member. In the event that a choice must be made as to which alternate member is to vote, Alternate No. 1 shall vote. 8 9 (cf: P.L.1985, c.516, s.27) 10 10. This act shall take effect 60 days following enactment. 11 12 13 14 **STATEMENT** 15 16 This bill would amend the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, 17 c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.) as follows: Sections 1 and 8 would amend section 3.2 of P.L.1975, c.291 18 (C.40:55D-5) and section 30 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-42) to 19 resolve an inconsistency concerning land improvements associated 20 21 with subdivision and site plan approvals. In Cameron & Cameron Inc. 22 v. Planning Board of the Township of Warren, 250 N.J. Super. 296 23 (App. Div. 1991), the court observed that the headnote of section 30 24 P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-42) referenced "off-tract" of 25 improvements as being subject to a pro-rata formula, whereas the body of that section referenced improvements located "outside the property 26 limits" - a slightly broader category. Additional confusion resulted 27 28 from the imprecision of the phrase "contiguous portion of a street or 29 right-of-way" which is found in the definitions of off-site, off-tract and on-tract. To remedy this situation, the bill inserts the term "off-tract" 30 within the body of section 30 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-42), 31 32 thereby making it consistent with the definitional section. 33 Additionally, the definitions of off-site, off-tract, on-site and on-tract 34 are altered generally by replacing the reference to a "contiguous 35 portion" of a street by the more precise "closest half of the abutting 36 street". Section 1 would also define the term "municipal resident" as a 37 38 person who is domiciled in the municipality. 39 Section 2 would amend subsection g. of section 6 of P.L.1975, 40 c.291 (C.40:55D-10) to clarify that if only one member who voted for 41 an action taken by a municipal planning or zoning board attends a 42 subsequent meeting at which a memorializing resolution is presented, 43 the vote of that single member shall be sufficient to adopt the 44 resolution. The provision is not intended to change quorum 45 requirements for the subsequent meeting, but only to clarify the

46 number of votes required to adopt a memorializing resolution. This

1 change responds to <u>Patel v. Planning Board</u>, 258 <u>N.J. Super.</u> 437 (Law

2 Div. 1992) in which the judge ruled that the vote of one such member

3 was not sufficient.

4 Section 2 would also amend section 6 of P.L.1975, c.291 5 (C.40:55D-10) to provide that a municipality furnishing a transcript or 6 tape of the proceedings to an interested party may not charge the 7 interested party more than the actual cost of preparation of the 8 transcript or tape. This change was necessitated by the fact that court 9 reporters doing work outside of court charge at a higher rate than the 10 rate prescribed by N.J.S.2A:11-15.

11 Section 3 would expand section 9 of P.L.1979, c.216 12 (C.40:55D-10.2) to provide, with reference to continuing applications, 13 that members who may not have been members at the time of a 14 particular hearing may vote if the matter is pending and the new 15 member reads the transcript or listens to a recording of the prior 16 hearing.

Section 4 would clarify the notice provisions of section 7.1 of 17 P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-12) as to appeals of determinations of 18 19 administrative officers pursuant to paragraph (a) of section 57 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-70), and requests for interpretation 20 21 pursuant to paragraph (b) of that section. In both cases, an option is 22 given to the municipality to require statutory notice by enacting a procedural ordinance. In addition, section 4 would clarify that notice 23 pursuant to the section being amended would be required for 24 25 extensions of more than five years granted pursuant to subsection d. 26 of section 37 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-49) and subsection b. of 27 section 40 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-52), and for the modification 28 or elimination of significant conditions in a resolution in those 29 instances where the original application required the provision of 30 public notice.

31 Section 5 would clarify that all members of planning boards, except32 for Class II members, must be municipal residents.

Section 6 would: clarify the right of alternate members of a 33 34 planning board to participate in all matters; require alternate members to be municipal residents; and provide that the participation of 35 alternates in all matters does not change current quorum requirements. 36 Section 7 would amend section 15 of P.L.1975, c.291 37 38 (C.40:55D-24) to make uniform the provisions governing planning 39 boards and boards of adjustment with regard to governmental 40 appropriations. The language proposed to be added to this section 41 corresponds with the language found in section 58 of P.L.1975, c.291 42 (C.40:55D-71). In addition, this section would preclude an alternate 43 member from serving as the chairman or vice-chairman of the planning 44 board.

45 Section 9 would amend section 56 of P.L.1975, c.291
46 (C.40:55D-69) to: clarify the right of alternate members of a board of

adjustment to participate in all matters; require all zoning board
 members and alternates to be municipal residents; specify that the
 chairman and vice-chairman must be elected from the regular
 members; and provide that the participation of alternates in all matters
 does not effect current quorum requirements.

SENATE, No. 170

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 208th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 1998 SESSION

Sponsored by: Senator JOHN O. BENNETT District 12 (Monmouth)

SYNOPSIS

Clarifies various provisions of the Municipal Land Use Law.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



2

1 AN ACT clarifying various provisions of the "Municipal Land Use 2 Law," and amending P.L.1975, c.291 and P.L.1979, c.216. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 1. Section 3.2 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-5) is amended to read 7 8 as follows: 9 3.2. "Maintenance guarantee" means any security which may be 10 accepted by a municipality for the maintenance of any improvements 11 required by this act, including but not limited to surety bonds, letters of credit under the circumstances specified in section 16 of P.L.1991, 12 c.256 (C.40:55D-53.5), and cash. 13 14 "Major subdivision" means any subdivision not classified as a minor 15 subdivision. 16 "Master plan" means a composite of one or more written or graphic 17 proposals for the development of the municipality as set forth in and 18 adopted pursuant to section 19 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-28). 19 "Mayor" means the chief executive of the municipality, whatever his 20 official designation may be, except that in the case of municipalities governed by municipal council and municipal manager the term 21 "mayor" shall not mean the "municipal manager" but shall mean the 22 23 mayor of such municipality. 24 "Minor site plan" means a development plan of one or more lots 25 which (1) proposes new development within the scope of development 26 specifically permitted by ordinance as a minor site plan; (2) does not 27 involve planned development, any new street or extension of any 28 off-tract improvement which is to be prorated pursuant to section 30 29 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-42); and (3) contains the information 30 reasonably required in order to make an informed determination as to 31 whether the requirements established by ordinance for approval of a 32 minor site plan have been met. 33 "Minor subdivision" means a subdivision of land for the creation of a number of lots specifically permitted by ordinance as a minor 34 35 subdivision; provided that such subdivision does not involve (1) a 36 planned development, (2) any new street or (3) the extension of any 37 off-tract improvement, the cost of which is to be prorated pursuant to section 30 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-42). 38 39 "Municipality" means any city, borough, town, township or village. 40 "Municipal agency" means a municipal planning board or board of 41 adjustment, or a governing body of a municipality when acting 42 pursuant to this act and any agency which is created by or responsible 43 to one or more municipalities when such agency is acting pursuant to EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

1 this act.

2 <u>"Municipal resident" means a person who is domiciled in the</u>
3 <u>municipality.</u>

"Nonconforming lot" means a lot, the area, dimension or location
of which was lawful prior to the adoption, revision or amendment of
a zoning ordinance, but fails to conform to the requirements of the
zoning district in which it is located by reason of such adoption,
revision or amendment.

9 "Nonconforming structure" means a structure the size, dimension 10 or location of which was lawful prior to the adoption, revision or 11 amendment of a zoning ordinance, but which fails to conform to the 12 requirements of the zoning district in which it is located by reasons of 13 such adoption, revision or amendment.

"Nonconforming use" means a use or activity which was lawful
prior to the adoption, revision or amendment of a zoning ordinance,
but which fails to conform to the requirements of the zoning district
in which it is located by reasons of such adoption, revision or
amendment.

"Official county map" means the map, with changes and additions
thereto, adopted and established, from time to time, by resolution of
the board of chosen freeholders of the county pursuant to R.S.40:27-5.
"Official map" means a map adopted by ordinance pursuant to

23 article 5 of P.L.1975, c.291.

"Offsite" means located outside the lot lines of the lot in question
but within the property[(], of which the lot is a part[)], which is the
subject of a development application or [contiguous portion of a] the
closest half of the street or right-of-way abutting the property of which
the lot is a part.

"Off-tract" means not located on the property which is the subject
of a development application nor on [a contiguous portion of a] the
closest half of the abutting street or right-of-way.

"Onsite" means located on the lot in question <u>and excluding any</u>
 <u>abutting street or right-of-way</u>.

34 "On-tract" means located on the property which is the subject of a
35 development application or on [a contiguous portion of a] the closest
36 half of an abutting street or right-of-way.

37 "Open-space" means any parcel or area of land or water essentially 38 unimproved and set aside, dedicated, designated or reserved for public 39 or private use or enjoyment or for the use and enjoyment of owners 40 and occupants of land adjoining or neighboring such open space; 41 provided that such areas may be improved with only those buildings, 42 structures, streets and offstreet parking and other improvements that 43 are designed to be incidental to the natural openness of the land.

44 (cf: P.L.1991, c.256, s.1)

45

46 2. Section 6 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-10) is amended to read

1 as follows:

6. Hearings. a. The municipal agency shall hold a hearing on each
application for development, or adoption, revision or amendment of
the master plan.

5 b. The municipal agency shall make the rules governing such 6 hearings. Any maps and documents for which approval is sought at 7 hearing shall be on file and available for public inspection at least 10 8 days before the date of the hearing, during normal business hours in 9 the office of the administrative officer. The applicant may produce 10 other documents, records, or testimony at the hearing to substantiate 11 or clarify or supplement the previously filed maps and documents.

c. The officer presiding at the hearing or such person as he may
designate shall have power to administer oaths and issue subpoenas to
compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of relevant
evidence, including witnesses and documents presented by the parties,
and the provisions of the "County and Municipal Investigations Law,"
P.L.1953, c.38 (C.2A:67A-1 et seq.) shall apply.

d. The testimony of all witnesses relating to an application for
development shall be taken under oath or affirmation by the presiding
officer, and the right of cross-examination shall be permitted to all
interested parties through their attorneys, if represented, or directly,
if not represented, subject to the discretion of the presiding officer and
to reasonable limitations as to time and number of witnesses.

e. Technical rules of evidence shall not be applicable to the
hearing, but the agency may exclude irrelevant, immaterial or unduly
repetitious evidence.

27 f. The municipal agency shall provide for the verbatim recording of 28 the proceedings by either stenographer, mechanical or electronic 29 means. The municipal agency shall furnish a transcript, or duplicate 30 recording in lieu thereof, on request to any interested party at his 31 expense; provided that the governing body may provide by ordinance 32 for the municipality to assume the expense of any transcripts necessary 33 for appeal to the governing body, pursuant to section 8 of this act, of 34 decisions by the zoning board of adjustment pursuant to subsection 57d. of this act, up to a maximum amount as specified by the 35 36 ordinance.

The municipal agency, in furnishing a transcript <u>or tape</u> of the proceedings to an interested party at his expense, shall not charge such interested party more than the [maximum permitted in N.J.S.2A:11-15] <u>actual cost of preparing the transcript or tape</u>. [Said transcript] <u>Transcripts</u> shall be certified in writing by the transcriber to be accurate.

g. The municipal agency shall include findings of fact and
conclusions based thereon in each decision on any application for
development and shall reduce the decision to writing. The municipal
agency shall provide the findings and conclusions through:

5

(1) A resolution adopted at a meeting held within the time period
 provided in the act for action by the municipal agency on the
 application for development; or

4 (2) A memorializing resolution adopted at a meeting held not later 5 than 45 days after the date of the meeting at which the municipal 6 agency voted to grant or deny approval. Only the members of the 7 municipal agency who voted for the action taken may vote on the 8 memorializing resolution, and the vote of a majority of such members 9 present at the meeting at which the resolution is presented for 10 adoption shall be sufficient to adopt the resolution. If only one 11 member who voted for the action attends the meeting at which the 12 resolution is presented for adoption, the resolution may be adopted 13 upon the vote of that member. An action pursuant to section 5 of the 14 act (C.40:55D-9) (resulting from the failure of a motion to approve an 15 application) shall be memorialized by resolution as provided above, with those members voting against the motion for approval being the 16 17 members eligible to vote on the memorializing resolution. The vote on 18 any such resolution shall be deemed to be a memorialization of the 19 action of the municipal agency and not to be an action of the municipal 20 agency; however, the date of the adoption of the resolution shall 21 constitute the date of the decision for purposes of the mailings, filings 22 and publications required by subsections h. and i. of this section 23 (C.40:55D-10). If the municipal agency fails to adopt a resolution or 24 memorializing resolution as hereinabove specified, any interested party 25 may apply to the Superior Court in a summary manner for an order 26 compelling the municipal agency to reduce its findings and conclusions 27 to writing within a stated time, and the cost of the application, 28 including attorney's fees, shall be assessed against the municipality.

29 h. A copy of the decision shall be mailed by the municipal agency 30 within 10 days of the date of decision to the applicant or, if 31 represented, then to his attorney, without separate charge, and to all 32 who request a copy of the decision, for a reasonable fee. A copy of 33 the decision shall also be filed by the municipal agency in the office of 34 the administrative officer. The administrative officer shall make a copy of such filed decision available to any interested party for a 35 36 reasonable fee and available for public inspection at his office during 37 reasonable hours.

38 i. A brief notice of the decision shall be published in the official 39 newspaper of the municipality, if there be one, or in a newspaper of 40 general circulation in the municipality. Such publication shall be 41 arranged by the applicant unless a particular municipal officer is so 42 designated by ordinance; provided that nothing contained in this act 43 shall be construed as preventing the applicant from arranging such 44 publication if he so desires. The municipality may make a reasonable 45 charge for its publication. The period of time in which an appeal of the decision may be made shall run from the first publication of the 46

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1 decision, whether arranged by the municipality or the applicant. 2 (cf: P.L.1984, c.20, s.4) 3 4 3. Section 9 of P.L.1979, c.216 (C.40:55D-10.2) is amended to 5 read as follows: 6 9. A member of a municipal agency who was absent for one or 7 more of the meetings at which a hearing was held or was not a member 8 of the municipal agency at that time, shall be eligible to vote on the 9 matter upon which the hearing was conducted, notwithstanding his 10 absence from one or more of the meetings; provided, however, that 11 such board member has available to him the transcript or recording of 12 all of the hearing from which he was absent or was not a member, and 13 certifies in writing to the board that he has read such transcript or 14 listened to such recording. 15 (cf. P.L.1979, c.216, s.9) 16 17 4. Section 7.1 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-12) is amended to 18 read as follows: 19 7.1. Notice pursuant to subsections a., b., d., e., f., g. and h. of this 20 section shall be given by the applicant unless a particular municipal 21 officer is so designated by ordinance; provided that nothing contained herein shall prevent the applicant from giving such notice if he so 22 23 desires. Notice pursuant to subsections a., b., d., e., f., g. and h. of 24 this section shall be given at least 10 days prior to the date of the 25 hearing. 26 a. Public notice of a hearing on an application shall be given for 27 an extension of approvals for five or more years under subsection d. 28 of section 37 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-49) and subsection b. of 29 section 40 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-52); for modification or elimination of a significant condition or conditions in a memorializing 30 31 resolution in any situation wherein the application for development for 32 which the memorializing resolution is proposed for adoption required 33 public notice, and for any other applications for development [shall be 34 given, except for], with the following exceptions: (1) conventional 35 site plan review pursuant to section 34 of P.L.1975, c.291 36 (C.40:55D-46), (2) minor subdivisions pursuant to section 35 of 37 P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-47) or (3) final approval pursuant to 38 section 38 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-50); [provided that] 39 notwithstanding the foregoing, the governing body may by ordinance 40 require public notice for such categories of site plan review as may be specified by ordinance; and provided further that public, for appeals 41 42 of determinations of administrative officers pursuant to subsection a. 43 of section 57 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-70), and for requests for 44 interpretation pursuant to subsection b. of section 57 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-70). Public notice shall also be given in the event 45 46 that relief is requested pursuant to section 47 or 63 of P.L.1975, c.291

1 (C.40:55D-60 or C.40:55D-76) as part of an application for 2 development otherwise excepted herein from public notice. Public 3 notice shall be given by publication in the official newspaper of the 4 municipality, if there be one, or in a newspaper of general circulation 5 in the municipality.

6 b. Notice of a hearing requiring public notice pursuant to 7 subsection a. of this section shall be given to the owners of all real 8 property as shown on the current tax duplicates, located in the State 9 and within 200 feet in all directions of the property which is the 10 subject of such hearing; provided that this requirement shall be deemed 11 satisfied by notice to the (1) condominium association, in the case of 12 any unit owner whose unit has a unit above or below it, or (2) 13 horizontal property regime, in the case of any co-owner whose 14 apartment has an apartment above or below it. Notice shall be given 15 by: (1) serving a copy thereof on the property owner as shown on the said current tax duplicate, or his agent in charge of the property, or (2) 16 mailing a copy thereof by certified mail to the property owner at his 17 18 address as shown on the said current tax duplicate.

19 Notice to a partnership owner may be made by service upon any 20 partner. Notice to a corporate owner may be made by service upon its 21 president, a vice president, secretary or other person authorized by 22 appointment or by law to accept service on behalf of the corporation. 23 Notice to a condominium association, horizontal property regime, 24 community trust or homeowners' association, because of its ownership 25 of common elements or areas located within 200 feet of the property 26 which is the subject of the hearing, may be made in the same manner 27 as to a corporation without further notice to unit owners, co-owners, 28 or homeowners on account of such common elements or areas.

29 c. Upon the written request of an applicant, the administrative 30 officer of a municipality shall, within seven days, make and certify a 31 list from said current tax duplicates of names and addresses of owners 32 to whom the applicant is required to give notice pursuant to subsection 33 b. of this section. In addition, the administrative officer shall include 34 on the list the names, addresses and positions of those persons who, not less than seven days prior to the date on which the applicant 35 36 requested the list, have registered to receive notice pursuant to subsection h. of this section. The applicant shall be entitled to rely 37 38 upon the information contained in such list, and failure to give notice 39 to any owner or to any public utility, cable television company, or 40 local utility not on the list shall not invalidate any hearing or 41 proceeding. A sum not to exceed \$0.25 per name, or \$10.00, 42 whichever is greater, may be charged for such list.

d. Notice of hearings on applications for development involving
property located within 200 feet of an adjoining municipality shall be
given by personal service or certified mail to the clerk of such
municipality.

e. Notice shall be given by personal service or certified mail to the county planning board of a hearing on an application for development of property adjacent to an existing county road or proposed road shown on the official county map or on the county master plan, adjoining other county land or situated within 200 feet of a municipal boundary.

f. Notice shall be given by personal service or certified mail to the
Commissioner of Transportation of a hearing on an application for
development of property adjacent to a State highway.

10 g. Notice shall be given by personal service or certified mail to the 11 State Planning Commission of a hearing on an application for 12 development of property which exceeds 150 acres or 500 dwelling 13 units. The notice shall include a copy of any maps or documents 14 required to be on file with the municipal clerk pursuant to subsection 15 b. of section 6 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-10).

h. Notice of hearings on applications for approval of a major 16 subdivision or a site plan not defined as a minor site plan under this act 17 18 requiring public notice pursuant to subsection a. of this section shall 19 be given, in the case of a public utility, cable television company or 20 local utility which possesses a right-of-way or easement within the 21 municipality and which has registered with the municipality in 22 accordance with section 5 of P.L.1991, c.412 (C.40:55D-12.1), by (1) 23 serving a copy of the notice on the person whose name appears on the registration form on behalf of the public utility, cable television 24 25 company or local utility or (2) mailing a copy thereof by certified mail 26 to the person whose name appears on the registration form at the 27 address shown on that form.

i. The applicant shall file an affidavit of proof of service with the
municipal agency holding the hearing on the application for
development in the event that the applicant is required to give notice
pursuant to this section.

j. Notice pursuant to subsections d., e., f., g. and h. of this section
shall not be deemed to be required, unless public notice pursuant to
subsection a. and notice pursuant to subsection b. of this section are
required.

36 (cf: P.L.1991, c.412, s.4)

37

38 5. Section 14 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-23) is amended to
39 read as follows:

40 14. Planning board membership. a. The governing body may, by
41 ordinance, create a planning board of seven or nine members. <u>All</u>
42 members of the planning board, except for the Class II members set
43 forth below, shall be municipal residents. The membership shall
44 consist of, for convenience in designating the manner of appointment,
45 the four following classes:

46 Class I--the mayor or the mayor's designee in the absence of the

9

1 mayor or, in the case of the council-manager form of government 2 pursuant to the Optional Municipal Charter Law, P.L.1950, c.210 3 (C.40:69A-1 et seq.) or "the municipal manager form of government 4 law" (R.S.40:79-1 et seq.), the manager, if so provided by the aforesaid ordinance. 5 6 Class II--one of the officials of the municipality other than a 7 member of the governing body, to be appointed by the mayor; 8 provided that if there be an environmental commission, the member of 9 the environmental commission who is also a member of the planning 10 board as required by section 1 of P.L.1968, c.245 (C.40:56A-1), shall 11 be deemed to be the Class II planning board member for purposes of 12 this act in the event that there be among the Class IV or alternate 13 members of the planning board both a member of the zoning board of 14 adjustment and a member of the board of education. 15 Class III--a member of the governing body to be appointed by it. 16 Class IV--other citizens of the municipality, to be appointed by the

mayor or, in the case of the council-manager form of government
pursuant to the Optional Municipal Charter Law, P.L.1950, c.210
(C.40:69A-1 et seq.) or "the municipal manager form of government
law" (R.S.40:79-1 et seq.), by the council, if so provided by the
aforesaid ordinance.

22 The members of Class IV shall hold no other municipal office, position or employment, except that in the case of nine-member 23 boards, one such member may be a member of the zoning board of 24 25 adjustment or historic preservation commission. No member of the 26 board of education may be a Class IV member of the planning board, 27 except that in the case of a nine-member board, one Class IV member 28 may be a member of the board of education. If there be a municipal 29 environmental commission, the member of the environmental 30 commission who is also a member of the planning board, as required 31 by section 1 of P.L.1968, c.245 (C.40:56A-1), shall be a Class IV 32 planning board member, unless there be among the Class IV or 33 alternate members of the planning board both a member of the zoning 34 board of adjustment or historic preservation commission and a member of the board of education, in which case the member common to the 35 36 planning board and municipal environmental commission shall be 37 deemed a Class II member of the planning board. For the purpose of 38 this section, membership on a municipal board or commission whose 39 function is advisory in nature, and the establishment of which is 40 discretionary and not required by statute, shall not be considered the 41 holding of municipal office.

b. The term of the member composing Class I shall correspond to
the mayor's or manager's official tenure or if the member is the mayor's
designee in the absence of the mayor, the designee shall serve at the
pleasure of the mayor during the mayor's official tenure. The terms of
the members composing Class II and Class III shall be for one year or

1 terminate at the completion of their respective terms of office, 2 whichever occurs first, except for a Class II member who is also a 3 member of the environmental commission. The term of a Class II or 4 Class IV member who is also a member of the environmental commission shall be for three years or terminate at the completion of 5 his term of office as a member of the environmental commission, 6 whichever occurs first. The term of a Class IV member who is also a 7 8 member of the board of adjustment or board of education shall 9 terminate whenever he is no longer a member of such other body or at 10 the completion of his Class IV term, whichever occurs first. The terms of all Class IV members first appointed under this act shall be so 11 12 determined that to the greatest practicable extent the expiration of 13 such terms shall be distributed evenly over the first four years after 14 their appointments; provided that the initial Class IV term of no 15 member shall exceed four years. Thereafter, the Class IV term of each such member shall be four years. If a vacancy in any class shall occur 16 otherwise than by expiration of the planning board term, it shall be 17 18 filled by appointment, as above provided, for the unexpired term. No 19 member of the planning board shall be permitted to act on any matter 20 in which he has, either directly or indirectly, any personal or financial 21 interest. Any member other than a Class I member, after a public 22 hearing if he requests one, may be removed by the governing body for 23 cause.

24 c. In any municipality in which the term of the municipal governing 25 body commences on January 1, the governing body may, by ordinance, 26 provide that the term of appointment of any class of member of the 27 planning board appointed pursuant to this section shall commence on 28 January 1. In any municipality in which the term of the municipal 29 governing body commences on July 1, the governing body may, by 30 ordinance, provide that the term of appointment of any class of 31 member appointed pursuant to this section commence on July 1. 32 (cf: P.L.1994, c.158, s.1)

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34 6. Section 13 of P.L.1979, c.216 (C.40:55D-23.1) is amended to 35 read as follows:

36 13. The governing body may, by ordinance, provide for the 37 appointment to the planning board of not more than two alternate 38 members, who shall be municipal residents. Alternate members shall 39 be appointed by the appointing authority for Class IV members, and 40 shall meet the qualifications of Class IV members of nine-member 41 planning boards. Alternate members shall be designated at the time of 42 appointment by the mayor as "Alternate No. 1" and "Alternate No. 2." 43 The terms of the alternate members shall be for 2 years, except that the 44 terms of the alternate members shall be such that the term of not more 45 than one alternate member shall expire in any 1 year; provided, however, that in no instance shall the terms of the alternate members 46

1 first appointed exceed 2 years. A vacancy occurring otherwise than by

2 expiration of term shall be filled by the appointing authority for the3 unexpired term only.

No alternate member shall be permitted to act on any matter in
which he has either directly or indirectly any personal or financial
interest. An alternate member may, after public hearing if he requests
one, be removed by the governing body for cause.

8 Alternate members may participate in [discussions of the 9 proceedings] <u>all matters</u> but may not vote except in the absence or 10 disqualification of a regular member of any class. Participation of alternate members shall not be deemed to increase the size of the 11 12 planning board established by ordinance of the governing body 13 pursuant to section 14 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-23). A vote 14 shall not be delayed in order that a regular member may vote instead 15 of an alternate member. In the event that a choice must be made as to which alternate member is to vote, Alternate No. 1 shall vote. 16

17 (cf: P.L.1979, c.216, s.13)

18

19 7. Section 15 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-24) is amended to 20 read as follows:

21 15. Organization of planning board. The planning board shall elect 22 a chairman and vice chairman from the members of Class IV, select a 23 secretary who may or may not be a member or alternate member of the planning board or a municipal employee, and create and fill such other 24 25 offices as established by ordinance. An alternate member shall not 26 serve as chairman or vice-chairman of the planning board. It may 27 employ, or contract for, and fix the compensation of legal counsel, 28 other than the municipal attorney, and experts, and other staff and 29 services as it may deem necessary, not exceeding, exclusive of gifts or 30 grants, the amount appropriated by the governing body for its use. 31 The governing body shall make provision in its budget and appropriate 32 funds for the expenses of the planning board.

33 (cf: P.L.1975, c.291, s.15)

34

35 8. Section 30 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-42) is amended to
36 read as follows:

30. Contribution for off-tract water, sewer, drainage, and street 37 38 The governing body may by ordinance adopt improvements. 39 regulations requiring a developer, as a condition for approval of a 40 subdivision or site plan, to pay [his] the pro-rata share of the cost of 41 providing only reasonable and necessary street improvements and water, sewerage and drainage facilities, and easements therefor, 42 43 located outside the property limits of the subdivision or development] off-tract but necessitated or required by construction or 44 improvements within such subdivision or development. 45 Such 46 regulations shall be based on circulation and comprehensive utility

1 service plans pursuant to subsections 19b.(4) and 19b.(5) of this act, 2 respectively, and shall establish fair and reasonable standards to 3 determine the proportionate or pro-rata amount of the cost of such 4 facilities that shall be borne by each developer or owner within a related and common area, which standards shall not be altered 5 6 subsequent to preliminary approval. Where a developer pays the 7 amount determined as his pro-rata share under protest he shall institute 8 legal action within 1 year of such payment in order to preserve the 9 right to a judicial determination as to the fairness and reasonableness 10 of such amount.

11 (cf: P.L.1975, c.291, s.30)

12

9. Section 56 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-69) is amended toread as follows:

15 56. Zoning board of adjustments. Upon the adoption of a zoning ordinance, the governing body shall create, by ordinance, a zoning 16 board of adjustment unless the municipality is eligible for, and 17 exercises, the option provided by subsection c. of section 16 of 18 19 P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-25). A zoning board of adjustment shall 20 consist of seven regular members and may have not more than two 21 alternate members. All regular members and any alternate members 22 shall be municipal residents. Notwithstanding the provisions of any 23 other law or charter heretofore adopted, such ordinance shall provide the method of appointment of all such members. Alternate members 24 25 shall be designated at the time of appointment by the authority 26 appointing them as "Alternate No. 1" and "Alternate No. 2." The 27 terms of the members first appointed under this act shall be so 28 determined that to the greatest practicable extent, the expiration of 29 such terms shall be distributed, in the case of regular members, evenly 30 over the first four years after their appointment, and in the case of 31 alternate members, evenly over the first two years after their 32 appointment; provided that the initial term of no regular members shall 33 exceed four years and that the initial term of no alternate member shall 34 exceed two years. Thereafter, the term of each regular member shall be four years, and the term of each alternate member shall be two 35 years. No member may hold any elective office or position under the 36 37 municipality. No member of the board of adjustment shall be 38 permitted to act on any matter in which he has, either directly or 39 indirectly, any personal or financial interest. A member may, after 40 public hearing if he requests it, be removed by the governing body for 41 cause. A vacancy occurring otherwise than by expiration of term shall 42 be filled for the unexpired term only.

The board of adjustment shall elect a chairman and vice-chairman
from its <u>regular</u> members and select a secretary, who may or may not
be a member of the board of adjustment or a municipal employee.

46 Alternate members may participate in [discussions of the

proceedings] all matters but may not vote except in the absence or 1 2 disqualification of a regular member. Participation of alternate 3 members shall not be deemed to increase the size of the zoning board 4 of adjustment established by ordinance of the governing body pursuant 5 to section 56 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-69). A vote shall not be delayed in order that a regular member may vote instead of an 6 7 alternate member. In the event that a choice must be made as to which alternate member is to vote, Alternate No. 1 shall vote. 8 9 (cf: P.L.1985, c.516, s.27) 10 10. This act shall take effect 60 days following enactment. 11 12 13 14 **STATEMENT** 15 16 This bill would amend the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, 17 c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.) as follows: Sections 1 and 8 would amend section 3.2 of P.L.1975, c.291 18 (C.40:55D-5) and section 30 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-42) to 19 resolve an inconsistency concerning land improvements associated 20 21 with subdivision and site plan approvals. In Cameron & Cameron Inc. 22 v. Planning Board of the Township of Warren, 250 N.J. Super. 296 23 (App. Div. 1991), the court observed that the headnote of section 30 24 P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-42) referenced "off-tract" of 25 improvements as being subject to a pro-rata formula, whereas the body of that section referenced improvements located "outside the property 26 limits" - a slightly broader category. Additional confusion resulted 27 28 from the imprecision of the phrase "contiguous portion of a street or 29 right-of-way" which is found in the definitions of off-site, off-tract and on-tract. To remedy this situation, the bill inserts the term "off-tract" 30 within the body of section 30 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-42), 31 32 thereby making it consistent with the definitional section. 33 Additionally, the definitions of off-site, off-tract, on-site and on-tract 34 are altered generally by replacing the reference to a "contiguous 35 portion" of a street by the more precise "closest half of the abutting 36 street". Section 1 would also define the term "municipal resident" as a 37 38 person who is domiciled in the municipality. 39 Section 2 would amend subsection g. of section 6 of P.L.1975, 40 c.291 (C.40:55D-10) to clarify that if only one member who voted for 41 an action taken by a municipal planning or zoning board attends a 42 subsequent meeting at which a memorializing resolution is presented, 43 the vote of that single member shall be sufficient to adopt the 44 resolution. The provision is not intended to change quorum 45 requirements for the subsequent meeting, but only to clarify the

46 number of votes required to adopt a memorializing resolution. This

1 change responds to <u>Patel v. Planning Board</u>, 258 <u>N.J. Super.</u> 437 (Law

2 Div. 1992) in which the judge ruled that the vote of one such member

3 was not sufficient.

4 Section 2 would also amend section 6 of P.L.1975, c.291 5 (C.40:55D-10) to provide that a municipality furnishing a transcript or 6 tape of the proceedings to an interested party may not charge the 7 interested party more than the actual cost of preparation of the 8 transcript or tape. This change was necessitated by the fact that court 9 reporters doing work outside of court charge at a higher rate than the 10 rate prescribed by N.J.S.2A:11-15.

11 Section 3 would expand section 9 of P.L.1979, c.216 12 (C.40:55D-10.2) to provide, with reference to continuing applications, 13 that members who may not have been members at the time of a 14 particular hearing may vote if the matter is pending and the new 15 member reads the transcript or listens to a recording of the prior 16 hearing.

Section 4 would clarify the notice provisions of section 7.1 of 17 P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-12) as to appeals of determinations of 18 19 administrative officers pursuant to paragraph (a) of section 57 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-70), and requests for interpretation 20 21 pursuant to paragraph (b) of that section. In both cases, an option is 22 given to the municipality to require statutory notice by enacting a procedural ordinance. In addition, section 4 would clarify that notice 23 pursuant to the section being amended would be required for 24 25 extensions of more than five years granted pursuant to subsection d. 26 of section 37 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-49) and subsection b. of 27 section 40 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-52), and for the modification 28 or elimination of significant conditions in a resolution in those 29 instances where the original application required the provision of 30 public notice.

31 Section 5 would clarify that all members of planning boards, except32 for Class II members, must be municipal residents.

Section 6 would: clarify the right of alternate members of a 33 34 planning board to participate in all matters; require alternate members to be municipal residents; and provide that the participation of 35 alternates in all matters does not change current quorum requirements. 36 Section 7 would amend section 15 of P.L.1975, c.291 37 38 (C.40:55D-24) to make uniform the provisions governing planning 39 boards and boards of adjustment with regard to governmental 40 appropriations. The language proposed to be added to this section 41 corresponds with the language found in section 58 of P.L.1975, c.291 42 (C.40:55D-71). In addition, this section would preclude an alternate 43 member from serving as the chairman or vice-chairman of the planning 44 board.

45 Section 9 would amend section 56 of P.L.1975, c.291
46 (C.40:55D-69) to: clarify the right of alternate members of a board of

adjustment to participate in all matters; require all zoning board
 members and alternates to be municipal residents; specify that the
 chairman and vice-chairman must be elected from the regular
 members; and provide that the participation of alternates in all matters
 does not effect current quorum requirements.

ASSEMBLY LOCAL GOVERNMENT AND HOUSING COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 170

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 1, 1998

The Assembly Local Government and Housing Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 170.

Senate Bill No. 170 would amend the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.) as follows:

Sections 1 and 8 would amend section 3.2 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-5) and section 30 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-42) to resolve an inconsistency concerning land improvements associated with subdivision and site plan approvals. In Cameron & Cameron Inc. v. Planning Board of the Township of Warren, 250 N.J. Super. 296 (App. Div. 1991), the court observed that the headnote of section 30 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-42) referenced "off-tract" improvements as being subject to a pro-rata formula, whereas the body of that section referenced improvements located "outside the property limits" - a slightly broader category. Additional confusion resulted from the imprecision of the phrase "contiguous portion of a street or right-of-way" which is found in the definitions of off-site, off-tract and on-tract. To remedy this situation, the bill inserts the term "off-tract" within the body of section 30 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-42), thereby making it consistent with the definitional section. Additionally, the definitions of off-site, off-tract, on-site and on-tract are altered generally by replacing the reference to a "contiguous portion" of a street by the more precise "closest half of the abutting street".

Section 1 would also define the term "municipal resident" as a person who is domiciled in the municipality.

Section 2 would amend subsection g. of section 6 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-10) to clarify that if only one member who voted for an action taken by a municipal planning or zoning board attends a subsequent meeting at which a memorializing resolution is presented, the vote of that single member shall be sufficient to adopt the resolution. The provision is not intended to change quorum requirements for the subsequent meeting, but only to clarify the number of votes required to adopt a memorializing resolution. This change responds to <u>Patel v. Planning Board</u>, 258 <u>N.J. Super.</u> 437 (Law Div. 1992) in which the judge ruled that the vote of one such member was not sufficient.

Section 2 would also amend section 6 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-10) to provide that a municipality furnishing a transcript or tape of the proceedings to an interested party may not charge the interested party more than the actual cost of preparation of the transcript or tape. This change was necessitated by the fact that court reporters doing work outside of court charge at a higher rate than the rate prescribed by N.J.S.28:7-4.

Section 3 would expand section 9 of P.L.1979, c.216 (C.40:55D-10.2) to provide, with reference to continuing applications, that members who may not have been members at the time of a particular hearing may vote if the matter is pending and the new member reads the transcript or listens to a recording of the prior hearing.

Section 4 would clarify the notice provisions of section 7.1 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-12) as to appeals of determinations of administrative officers pursuant to paragraph (a) of section 57 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-70), and requests for interpretation pursuant to paragraph (b) of that section. In both cases, an option is given to the municipality to require statutory notice by enacting a procedural ordinance. In addition, section 4 would clarify that notice pursuant to the section being amended would be required for extensions of more than five years granted pursuant to subsection d. of section 37 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-52), and for the modification or elimination of significant conditions in a resolution in those instances where the original application required the provision of public notice.

Section 5 would clarify that all members of planning boards, except for Class II members, must be municipal residents.

Section 6 would: clarify the right of alternate members of a planning board to participate in all matters; require alternate members to be municipal residents; and provide that the participation of alternates in all matters does not change current quorum requirements.

Section 7 would amend section 15 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-24) to make uniform the provisions governing planning boards and boards of adjustment with regard to governmental appropriations. The language proposed to be added to this section corresponds with the language found in section 58 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-71). In addition, this section would preclude an alternate member from serving as the chairman or vice-chairman of the planning board.

Section 9 would amend section 56 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-69) to: clarify the right of alternate members of a board of adjustment to participate in all matters; require all zoning board members and alternates to be municipal residents; specify that the chairman and vice-chairman must be elected from the regular members; and provide that the participation of alternates in all matters does not affect current quorum requirements.

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 170

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: FEBRUARY 10, 1998

The Senate Community and Urban Affairs Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 170.

Senate Bill No. 170 would amend the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.) as follows:

Sections 1 and 8 would amend section 3.2 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-5) and section 30 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-42) to resolve an inconsistency concerning land improvements associated with subdivision and site plan approvals. In Cameron & Cameron Inc. v. Planning Board of the Township of Warren, 250 N.J. Super. 296 (App. Div. 1991), the court observed that the headnote of section 30 P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-42) referenced "off-tract" of improvements as being subject to a pro-rata formula, whereas the body of that section referenced improvements located "outside the property limits" - a slightly broader category. Additional confusion resulted from the imprecision of the phrase "contiguous portion of a street or right-of-way" which is found in the definitions of off-site, off-tract and on-tract. To remedy this situation, the bill inserts the term "off-tract" within the body of section 30 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-42), thereby making it consistent with the definitional section. Additionally, the definitions of off-site, off-tract, on-site and on-tract are altered generally by replacing the reference to a "contiguous portion" of a street by the more precise "closest half of the abutting street".

Section 1 would also define the term "municipal resident" as a person who is domiciled in the municipality.

Section 2 would amend subsection g. of section 6 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-10) to clarify that if only one member who voted for an action taken by a municipal planning or zoning board attends a subsequent meeting at which a memorializing resolution is presented, the vote of that single member shall be sufficient to adopt the resolution. The provision is not intended to change quorum requirements for the subsequent meeting, but only to clarify the number of votes required to adopt a memorializing resolution. This change responds to Patel v. Planning Board, 258 N.J. Super. 437 (Law Div. 1992) in which the judge ruled that the vote of one such member was not sufficient.

Section 2 would also amend section 6 of P.L.1975, c.291

(C.40:55D-10) to provide that a municipality furnishing a transcript or tape of the proceedings to an interested party may not charge the interested party more than the actual cost of preparation of the transcript or tape. This change was necessitated by the fact that court reporters doing work outside of court charge at a higher rate than the rate prescribed by N.J.S.28:7-4.

Section 3 would expand section 9 of P.L.1979, c.216 (C.40:55D-10.2) to provide, with reference to continuing applications, that members who may not have been members at the time of a particular hearing may vote if the matter is pending and the new member reads the transcript or listens to a recording of the prior hearing.

Section 4 would clarify the notice provisions of section 7.1 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-12) as to appeals of determinations of administrative officers pursuant to paragraph (a) of section 57 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-70), and requests for interpretation pursuant to paragraph (b) of that section. In both cases, an option is given to the municipality to require statutory notice by enacting a procedural ordinance. In addition, section 4 would clarify that notice pursuant to the section being amended would be required for extensions of more than five years granted pursuant to subsection d. of section 37 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-49) and subsection b. of section 40 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-52), and for the modification or elimination of significant conditions in a resolution in those instances where the original application required the provision of public notice.

Section 5 would clarify that all members of planning boards, except for Class II members, must be municipal residents.

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Section 9 would amend section 56 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-69) to: clarify the right of alternate members of a board of adjustment to participate in all matters; require all zoning board members and alternates to be municipal residents; specify that the chairman and vice-chairman must be elected from the regular members; and provide that the participation of alternates in all matters does not affect current quorum requirements.

This bill was prefiled for introduction in the 1998 session pending

technical review. As reported, the bill includes the changes required by technical review which has been performed.