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LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF: 1998

CHAPTER:60

NJSA: 45:14D-26 to 45:14D-29

"Public movers -- licensure requirements"

BILL NO: A405 (Substituted for S379)

SPONSOR(S): Moran and Impreveduto

DATE INTRODUCED: Pre-filed

COMMITTEE:

ASSEMBLY: Consumer Affairs and Regulated Professions

SENATE: ~~~~

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

DATE OF PASSAGE:

ASSEMBLY: June 18, 1998 **SENATE:** June 22, 1998

DATE OF APPROVAL: July 30, 1998

THE FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL: Assembly Committee Substitute -- 1st reprint (Amendments during passage denoted by superscript numbers)

A405

SPONSORS STATEMENT: Yes (Begins on page 8 of original bill)

COMMITTEE STATEMENT:

ASSEMBLY: Yes SENATE: No

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS: Yes

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: Yes

SPONSORS STATEMENT: Yes (Begins on page 7 of original bill)

COMMITTEE STATEMENT:

ASSEMBLY: No

SENATE: Yes (Identical to Assembly Statement for A405)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS: Yes

(Identical to Assembly Floor Amendment Statement for A405)

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: Yes

(Identical to Legislative Fiscal Estimate for A405)

VETO MESSAGE: No

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING: Yes

THE FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

To check for circulating copies contact New Jersey State Government Publications at the State Library (609) 278-2640 or refdesk@njstatelib.org

REPORTS: No

HEARINGS: No

NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:

"New law gives more freedom when moving," 8-1-98, Bridgewater Courier News, p. A2.

[First Reprint]

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, No. 405

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 208th LEGISLATURE

ADOPTED MAY 7, 1998

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman JEFFREY W. MORAN
District 9 (Atlantic, Burlington and Ocean)
Assemblyman ANTHONY IMPREVEDUTO
District 32 (Bergen and Hudson)

Co-Sponsored by: Senator Cardinale

SYNOPSIS

Revises licensure requirements and provides for binding estimates for public movers and warehousemen.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As amended by the Assembly on May 18, 1998.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 6/23/1998)

1 **AN ACT** concerning the licensing of public movers and warehousemen 2 and amending and supplementing P.L.1981, c.311.

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4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 7 1. Section 2 of P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-2) is amended to read 8 as follows:
 - 2. As used in this act:
- a. "Accessorial service" means the preparation of articles for shipment, including, but not limited to, the packing, crating, boxing and servicing of appliances, the furnishing of containers, unpacking, uncrating and reassembling of articles, placing them at final destination and the moving or shifting of articles from one location to another within a building, or at a single address;
- b. "Board" means the State Board of Public Movers andWarehousemen established under this act;
 - c. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1993, c.365).
 - d. "Department" means the Department of Law and Public Safety;
 - e. "Household goods" means personal effects, fixtures, equipment, stock and supplies or other property usually used in or as part of the stock of a dwelling, when it is put into storage or when it is transported by virtue of its removal, in whole or in part, by a householder from one dwelling to another, or from the dwelling of a householder to the dwelling of another householder, or between the
- householder to the dwelling of another householder, or between the dwelling of a householder and a repair or storage facility, or from the
- dwelling to an auction house or other place of sale. The term
- 28 "household goods" shall not apply to property moving from a factory
- or store, except property which the householder has purchased and
- 30 which is transported at his request as part of the movement by the
- 31 householder from one dwelling to another;
 - f. "Intrastate commerce" means commerce moving wholly between points within the State over all public highways, or at a single location;
 - g. "License" means a license issued by the board;
- h. "Motor vehicle" means any vehicle, machine, tractor, truck or semitrailer, or any combination thereof, propelled, driven or drawn by mechanical power, and used upon the public highways in the transportation of household goods, office goods and special commodities in intrastate commerce;
- i. "Mover's services" means all of the services rendered by a public mover;

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹Assembly floor amendments adopted May 18, 1998.

- j. "Storage services" means all of the services rendered by a warehouseman;
- "Office goods" means personal effects, fixtures, furniture, equipment, stock and supplies or other property usually used in or as part of the stock of any office, or commercial, institutional, professional or other type of establishment, when it is put into storage or when the property is transported by virtue of its removal, in whole or in part, from one location to another, but does not mean or include stock and supplies or other property usually used in or as part of the stock of any office, or commercial, institutional, professional or other type of establishment, when put into storage;
 - 1. "Person" means any individual, copartnership, association, company, or corporation, and includes any trustee, receiver, assignee, lessee, or personal representative of any person herein defined;

- m. "Place of business" means a business office located in New Jersey from which the mover or warehouseman conducts his daily business and where records are kept;
- n. "Property" means all of the articles in the definition of household goods, office goods or special commodities;
- o. "Public highway" or "highway" means any public street, road, thoroughfare, bridge and way in this State open to the use of the public as a matter of right for purposes of motor vehicular travel, including those that impose toll charges;
- p. "Public mover" or "mover" means any person who engages in the transportation of household goods, office goods or special commodities by motor vehicle for compensation in intrastate commerce between points in this State, including the moving of household goods, office goods or special commodities from one location to another at a single address, and any person who engages in the performance of accessorial services; except that the term "public mover" or "mover" shall not apply to any person who engages in, or holds himself out to the general public as engaging in, the transportation of special commodities when such commodities are not transported by virtue of a removal, in whole or in part, and who does not engage, nor hold himself out to the general public as engaging in, the transportation of household or office goods;
- q. "Special commodities" means uncrated or unboxed works of art, fixtures, appliances, business machines, electronic equipment, displays, exhibits, home, office, store, theatrical or show equipment, musical instruments, or other articles being put into storage or being moved, and which require the use of equipment and personnel usually furnished or employed by warehousemen or public movers, except that the provisions of P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-1 et seq.) shall not apply to any person engaged in the transportation or storage of special commodities when these commodities are not transported by virtue of a removal, in whole or in part;

- 1 r. "Storage" means the safekeeping of property in a depository for 2 compensation;
- 3 s. "Tariff" means a schedule of rates and charges for the storage 4 or transportation of property in intrastate commerce on file with the 5 board, which shall be used, except in the use of binding estimates by
- 6 movers, in computing all charges on the storage or transportation of 7 property as of the date of the time in storage or transportation;
- 8 t. "Warehouseman" means a person engaged in the business of 9 storage;
- 10 u. "Removal" means the physical relocation, in whole or in part, 11 of either household goods, office goods or special commodities from 12 one location to another location, including internal relocations within 13 the same room or facility, for compensation.
- 14 (cf: P.L.1993, c.365, s.1)

- 16 2. Section 14 of P.L. 1981, c. 311 (C. 45:14D-14) is amended to 17 read as follows:
- 14. a. Public movers and warehousemen shall file their tariffs with 18 19 the board semiannually;
- 20 b. [No] Except in the use of binding estimates provided for in 21 section 6 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the Legislature as this 22 bill), no public mover or warehouseman shall charge, demand, collect 23 or receive a greater [or lesser] compensation for his service than 24 specified in the tariff [, except that discounts and rebates may be 25 provided in connection with the furnishing of moving, storage or 26 accessorial services to any person who is 62 years or older].
- (cf: P.L.1993, c.365, s.8) 27

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- 29 ¹[3. (New section) a. An applicant for licensure under P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-1 et seq.) shall not be eligible for licensure and any 30 31 holder of a license under that act may have his license revoked if the 32 board determines, consistent with the requirements and standards of 33 P.L.1981, C.311 (C.45:14D-1 et seq.) and this 1998 amendatory and supplementary act, that criminal history record information exists on 34 35 file in the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Identification Division, or in the State Bureau of Identification in the Division of State Police, 36 which would disqualify that individual from being licensed. 37 applicant shall be, and a holder of a license may be, disqualified from
- 38 39 licensure if that individual's criminal history record check reveals a
- 40 record of conviction of any of the following crimes:
 - (1) In New Jersey, any crime:
- 42 (a) Involving danger to the person, meaning those crimes set forth 43 in N.J.S.2C:11-1 et seq., N.J.S.2C:12-1 et seq., N.J.S.2C:13-1 et seq., 44
 - N.J.S.2C:14-1 et seq. or N.J.S.2C:15-1 et seq.; or
- 45 (b) Against the family, children or incompetents, meaning those 46 crimes set forth in N.J.S.2C:24-1 et seq.; or

- (2) In any other state or jurisdiction, of conduct which, if committed in New Jersey, would constitute any of the crimes described in paragraph (1) of this subsection.
- b. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection a. of this section, no individual shall be disqualified from licensure on the basis of any conviction disclosed by a criminal history record check performed pursuant to this section if the individual has affirmatively demonstrated to the board clear and convincing evidence of his rehabilitation. In determining whether an individual has affirmatively demonstrated rehabilitation, the following factors shall be considered:
- (1) The nature and responsibility of the position which the convicted individual would hold;
 - (2) The nature and seriousness of the offense;
 - (3) The circumstances under which the offense occurred;
 - (4) The date of the offense;
 - (5) The age of the individual when the offense was committed;
- (6) Whether the offense was an isolated or repeated incident;
- (7) Any social conditions which may have contributed to the offense; and
- (8) Any evidence of rehabilitation, including good conduct in prison or in the community, counseling or psychiatric treatment received, acquisition of additional academic or vocational schooling, successful participation in correctional work-release programs, or the recommendation of persons who have had the individual under their supervision.]¹

- ¹[4. (New section) a. An applicant and holder of a license shall submit to the board his name, address and fingerprints taken on standard fingerprint cards by a State or municipal law enforcement agency. The board is authorized to exchange fingerprint data with and receive criminal history record information from the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Division of State Police for use in making the determinations required by section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
- b. All costs associated with performing the criminal history record check shall be borne by the applicant or holder of a license. $bildet^1$

- ¹[5. (New section) a. Upon receipt of an applicant's or licensee's criminal history record information from the Federal Bureau of Investigation or the Division of State Police, as applicable, the board shall notify the applicant or licensee, in writing, of the applicant's or licensee's qualification or disqualification for licensure under P.L.1981, c.311 (C45:14D-1 et seq.). If the applicant or licensee is disqualified, the conviction or convictions which constitute the basis for the disqualification shall be identified in the written notice.
 - b. The applicant or licensee shall have 30 days from the date of

- 1 written notice of disqualification to petition the board for a hearing on
- 2 the accuracy of the criminal history record information or to establish
- 3 his rehabilitation under subsection b. of section 3 of P.L., c. (C.)
- 4 (pending before the Legislature as this bill). The board may refer any
- 5 case arising hereunder to the Office of Administrative Law for
- 6 administrative proceedings pursuant to P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1
- 7 et seq.).
- 8 c. The board shall not maintain any individual's criminal history 9 record information or evidence of rehabilitation submitted under this 10 section for more than six months from the date of a final determination 11 by the board as to the individual's qualification or disqualification to
- 12 be licensed pursuant to P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-1 et seq.).]¹
 - ¹3. (New section) The board shall notify the Board of Public Utilities of the business location and telephone number of any public mover that does not have a valid license issued by the board. ¹

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- ¹4. (New section) When notified by the State Board of Public
- 19 Movers and Warehousemen pursuant to section 3 of P.L. , c.
- 20 (C.)(now before the Legislature as this bill), the Board of Public
- 21 <u>Utilities shall order the servicing telecommunications company to</u>
- 22 <u>disconnect that mover's telephone number that is published in any</u>
- 23 <u>commercial listing.</u>¹

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¹5. (New section) When ordered by the Board of Public Utilities pursuant to section 4 of P.L. , c. (C.)(now before the Legislature as this bill), the telecommunications company shall disconnect that mover's telephone number that is published in any commercial listing.¹

- 31 6. (New section) a. If a binding estimate is used for moving, the 32 estimate shall be furnished in writing to the customer or other person 33 responsible for payment of the charges for the mover's services and a 34 copy of the estimate shall be retained by the public mover as an 35 addendum to the bill of lading. A binding estimate shall clearly indicate on its face that the estimate is binding on the public mover and 36 that the charges shown are the charges to be assessed for the services 37 38 identified in the estimate. A binding estimate shall clearly describe the property to be moved and all services to be provided. ¹If, at the time 39 of the move, additional property is to be moved or additional services 40 41 are to be provided, or both, that are in excess of that provided in the binding estimate, the mover shall not charge, demand, collect or 42 43 receive a greater compensation for those services than specified in his filed tariff.1 44
- b. (1) No mover shall withhold all or any part of a shipment if the amount due on the moving contract based on a binding estimate in

1 regard to the move is offered to be paid, or is paid, in full to the 2 mover.

- (2) No mover shall withhold all or any part of a shipment pursuant to a moving contract not based on a binding estimate unless the mover discloses in the moving contract that the mover may withhold all or a part of the shipment for payment of the freight bill.
- c. A mover shall disclose in the moving contract that the mover may not withhold all or any part of a shipment if:
- (1) the moving contract is based on a binding estimate and the amount due on a binding estimate for the move is offered to be paid, or is paid, in full to the mover; and
- (2) the moving contract is not based on a binding estimate and the mover has not otherwise disclosed in the moving contract that the mover may withhold all or any part of the shipment for payment of the freight bill.
- d. A mover which violates any provision of this section shall be liable to a civil penalty of not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$5,000 for a first violation and not less than \$5,000 nor more than \$10,000 for a subsequent violation. The penalty prescribed in this section shall be collected and enforced by summary proceedings pursuant to "the penalty enforcement law" (N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq.).

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¹[7. (New section) A person licensed under P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-1 et seq.) shall maintain a bond issued by a surety authorized to transact business in this State or maintain an irrevocable letter of credit by a bank or maintain with the board securities, moneys or other security acceptable to the board to fulfill the requirements of this section. The principal sum of the bond, letter of credit, or securities, moneys or other security shall be not less than \$10,000, which amount the board may adjust by regulation. The bond, letter of credit, or securities, moneys or other security shall be filed or deposited with the board and shall be executed to the State of New Jersey for the use of any person who, after entering into a contract with a mover or warehouseman, is damaged or suffers any loss for any violation of P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-1 et seq.). Any person claiming against the bond, letter of credit, or securities, moneys or other security may maintain an action at law against the mover or warehouseman and the surety, bank, or board, as the case may be. The aggregate liability of the surety, bank, or the board to all persons for all breaches of the conditions of the bond, letter of credit or the securities, moneys or other security held by the board shall not exceed the amount of the bond, letter of credit, or the securities, moneys or other security held by the board.

In the case of a bond, the mover or warehouseman shall file a copy of the bond with the board and a certificate by the surety that the surety will notify the board at least 10 days in advance of the date of

[1R] ACS for A405 MORAN, IMPREVEDUTO

1 any cancellation or material change in the bond.]¹
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3 ¹[8.] 7.¹ This act shall take effect 60 days following the date of

4 enactment.

ASSEMBLY, No. 405

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

208th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 1998 SESSION

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman JEFFREY W. MORAN
District 9 (Atlantic, Burlington and Ocean)
Assemblyman ANTHONY IMPREVEDUTO
District 32 (Bergen and Hudson)

SYNOPSIS

Revises licensure requirements and eliminates tariffs for public movers and warehousemen.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



AN ACT concerning the licensing of public movers and warehousemen, amending and supplementing P.L.1981, c.311, and repealing section 14 of P.L.1981, c.311.

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5 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 8 1. Section 2 of P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-2) is amended to read 9 as follows:
- 10 2. As used in this act:
- a. "Accessorial service" means the preparation of articles for shipment, including, but not limited to, the packing, crating, boxing and servicing of appliances, the furnishing of containers, unpacking, uncrating and reassembling of articles, placing them at final destination and the moving or shifting of articles from one location to another within a building, or at a single address;
- b. ["Board" means the State Board of Public Movers and
 Warehousemen established under this act;] "Board" means the State
 Board of Public Movers and Warehousemen established under
- 20 P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-1 et seq.);
- 21 c. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1993, c.365).
 - d. "Department" means the Department of Law and Public Safety;
- e. "Household goods" means personal effects, fixtures, equipment, stock and supplies or other property usually used in or as part of the
- 25 stock of a dwelling, when it is put into storage or when it is
- 26 transported by virtue of its removal, in whole or in part, by a
- 27 householder from one dwelling to another, or from the dwelling of a
- 28 householder to the dwelling of another householder, or between the
- 29 dwelling of a householder and a repair or storage facility, or from the
- 30 dwelling to an auction house or other place of sale. The term
- 31 "household goods" shall not apply to property moving from a factory
- 32 or store, except property which the householder has purchased and
- 33 which is transported at his request as part of the movement by the
- 34 householder from one dwelling to another;
- f. "Intrastate commerce" means commerce moving wholly between points within the State over all public highways, or at a single location;
 - g. "License" means a license issued by the board;
- h. "Motor vehicle" means any vehicle, machine, tractor, truck or
- 39 semitrailer, or any combination thereof, propelled, driven or drawn by
- 40 mechanical power, and used upon the public highways in the
- 41 transportation of household goods, office goods and special
- 42 commodities in intrastate commerce;

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

- i. "Mover's services" means all of the services rendered by a public mover;
- j. "Storage services" means all of the services rendered by awarehouseman;
- 5 "Office goods" means personal effects, fixtures, furniture, 6 equipment, stock and supplies or other property usually used in or as part of the stock of any office, or commercial, institutional, 7 8 professional or other type of establishment, when it is put into storage 9 or when the property is transported by virtue of its removal, in whole 10 or in part, from one location to another, but does not mean or include 11 stock and supplies or other property usually used in or as part of the 12 stock of any office, or commercial, institutional, professional or other 13 type of establishment, when put into storage;
 - 1. "Person" means any individual, copartnership, association, company, or corporation, and includes any trustee, receiver, assignee, lessee, or personal representative of any person herein defined;

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- m. "Place of business" means a business office located in New Jersey from which the mover or warehouseman conducts his daily business and where records are kept;
- n. "Property" means all of the articles in the definition of household goods, office goods or special commodities;
 - o. "Public highway" or "highway" means any public street, road, thoroughfare, bridge and way in this State open to the use of the public as a matter of right for purposes of motor vehicular travel, including those that impose toll charges;
- 26 p. "Public mover" or "mover" means any person who engages in 27 the transportation of household goods, office goods or special 28 commodities by motor vehicle for compensation in intrastate 29 commerce between points in this State, including the moving of household goods, office goods or special commodities from one 30 31 location to another at a single address, and any person who engages 32 in the performance of accessorial services; except that the term "public 33 mover" or "mover" shall not apply to any person who engages in, or 34 holds himself out to the general public as engaging in, the transportation of special commodities when such commodities are not 35 36 transported by virtue of a removal, in whole or in part, and who does 37 not engage, nor hold himself out to the general public as engaging in, 38 the transportation of household or office goods;
- 39 q. "Special commodities" means uncrated or unboxed works of art, 40 fixtures, appliances, business machines, electronic equipment, displays, 41 exhibits, home, office, store, theatrical or show equipment, musical 42 instruments, or other articles being put into storage or being moved, 43 and which require the use of equipment and personnel usually 44 furnished or employed by warehousemen or public movers, except that 45 the provisions of P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-1 et seq.) shall not apply to any person engaged in the transportation or storage of special 46

- 1 commodities when these commodities are not transported by virtue of 2 a removal, in whole or in part;
- r. "Storage" means the safekeeping of property in a depository forcompensation;
- s. ["Tariff" means a schedule of rates and charges for the storage or transportation of property in intrastate commerce on file with the board, which shall be used in computing all charges on the storage or transportation of property as of the date of the time in storage or
- 9 transportation; (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c. .)
- t. "Warehouseman" means a person engaged in the business of storage;
- u. "Removal" means the physical relocation, in whole or in part, of either household goods, office goods or special commodities from one location to another location, including internal relocations within the same room or facility, for compensation.
- 16 (cf: P.L.1993, c.365, s.1)

- 2. Section 6 of P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-6) is amended to read as follows:
- 6. The board shall, in addition to such other powers and duties as it may possess by law:
 - a. Administer and enforce the provisions of this act;
- b. Adopt and promulgate rules and regulations, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), to effectuate the purposes of this act;
- 26 c. Examine and pass on the qualifications of all applicants for 27 license under this act, and issue a license to each qualified applicant;
- d. Establish professional standards for persons licensed under this act;
- e. Conduct hearings pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure
- 31 Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.); except that the board
- 32 shall have the right to administer oaths to witnesses, and shall have the
- 33 power to issue subpoenas for the compulsory attendance of witnesses
- 34 and the production of pertinent books, papers, or records;
- f. Conduct proceedings before any board, agency or court of competent jurisdiction for the enforcement of the provisions of this act;
- g. Annually publish a list of the names[,] and addresses [and tariffs] of all persons who are licensed under this act;
- h. Establish reasonable requirements with respect to proper and adequate movers' and warehousemen's services and the furnishing of estimates, and prescribe a uniform system of accounts, records and reports;
- i. Adopt and promulgate rules and regulations to protect the interests of the consumer, including, but not limited to, regulations concerning the contents of information brochures which a mover or

- warehouseman shall give to a customer prior to the signing of a contract for moving or storage services.
- 3 (cf: P.L.1993, c.365, s.3)

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- 5 3. (New section) a. An applicant for licensure under P.L.1981,
- 6 c.311 (C.45:14D-1 et seq.) shall not be eligible for licensure and any
- 7 holder of a license under that act may have his license revoked if the
- 8 board determines, consistent with the requirements and standards of
- 9 P.L.1981, C.311 (C.45:14D-1 et seq.) and this 1997 amendatory and
- 10 supplementary act, that criminal history record information exists on
- 11 file in the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Identification Division, or
- 12 in the State Bureau of Identification in the Division of State Police,
- 13 which would disqualify that individual from being licensed. An
- 14 applicant shall be, and a holder of a license may be, disqualified from
- 15 licensure if that individual's criminal history record check reveals a
- 16 record of conviction of any of the following crimes:
- 17 (1) In New Jersey, any crime:
- 18 (a) Involving danger to the person, meaning those crimes set forth
- 19 in N.J.S.2C:11-1 et seq., N.J.S.2C:12-1 et seq., N.J.S.2C:13-1 et seq.,
- 20 N.J.S.2C:14-1 et seq. or N.J.S.2C:15-1 et seq.; or
- 21 (b) Against the family, children or incompetents, meaning those 22 crimes set forth in N.J.S.2C:24-1 et seq.; or
- 23 (2) In any other state or jurisdiction, of conduct which, if 24 committed in New Jersey, would constitute any of the crimes 25 described in paragraph (1) of this subsection.
 - b. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection a. of this section, no individual shall be disqualified from licensure on the basis of any conviction disclosed by a criminal history record check performed pursuant to this section if the individual has affirmatively demonstrated to the board clear and convincing evidence of his rehabilitation. In determining whether an individual has affirmatively demonstrated rehabilitation, the following factors shall be considered:
- 33 (1) The nature and responsibility of the position which the 34 convicted individual would hold;
- 35 (2) The nature and seriousness of the offense;
- 36 (3) The circumstances under which the offense occurred;
- 37 (4) The date of the offense;
- 38 (5) The age of the individual when the offense was committed;
- 39 (6) Whether the offense was an isolated or repeated incident;
- 40 (7) Any social conditions which may have contributed to the 41 offense; and
- 42 (8) Any evidence of rehabilitation, including good conduct in 43 prison or in the community, counseling or psychiatric treatment
- 44 received, acquisition of additional academic or vocational schooling,
- 45 successful participation in correctional work-release programs, or the

1 recommendation of persons who have had the individual under their 2 supervision.

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4. (New section) An applicant and holder of a license shall submit to the board his name, address and fingerprints taken on standard fingerprint cards by a State or municipal law enforcement agency. The board is authorized to exchange fingerprint data with and receive criminal history record information from the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Division of State Police for use in making the determinations required by section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

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- 5. (New section) a. Upon receipt of an applicant's or licensee's criminal history record information from the Federal Bureau of Investigation or the Division of State Police, as applicable, the board shall notify the applicant or licensee, in writing, of the applicant's or licensee's qualification or disqualification for licensure under P.L.1981, c.311 (C45:14D-1 et seq.). If the applicant or licensee is disqualified, the conviction or convictions which constitute the basis for the disqualification shall be identified in the written notice.
- b. The applicant or licensee shall have 30 days from the date of written notice of disqualification to petition the board for a hearing on the accuracy of the criminal history record information or to establish his rehabilitation under subsection b. of section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). The board may refer any case arising hereunder to the Office of Administrative Law for administrative proceedings pursuant to P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.).

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c. The board shall not maintain any individual's criminal history record information or evidence of rehabilitation submitted under this section for more than six months from the date of a final determination by the board as to the individual's qualification or disqualification to be licensed pursuant to P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-1 et seq.).

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- 6. (New section) a. If a binding estimate is used for moving, the estimate shall be furnished in writing to the customer or other person responsible for payment of the charges for the mover's services and a copy of the estimate shall be retained by the public mover as an addendum to the bill of lading. A binding estimate shall clearly indicate on its face that the estimate is binding on the public mover and that the charges shown are the charges to be assessed for the services identified in the estimate. A binding estimate shall clearly describe the property to be moved and all services to be provided.
- 44 b. (1) No mover shall withhold all or any part of a shipment if the 45 amount due on the moving contract based on a binding estimate in

1 regard to the move is offered to be paid, or is paid, in full to the 2 mover.

- (2) No mover shall withhold all or any part of a shipment pursuant to a moving contract not based on a binding estimate unless the mover discloses in the moving contract that the mover may withhold all or a part of the shipment for payment of the freight bill.
- c. A mover shall disclose in the moving contract that the mover may not withhold all or any part of a shipment if:
- (1) the moving contract is based on a binding estimate and the amount due on a binding estimate for the move is offered to be paid, or is paid, in full to the mover; and
- (2) the moving contract is not based on a binding estimate and the mover has not otherwise disclosed in the moving contract that the mover may withhold all or any part of the shipment for payment of the freight bill.
- d. A mover which violates any provision of this section shall be liable to a civil penalty of not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$5,000 for a first violation and not less than \$5,000 nor more than \$10,000 for a subsequent violation. The penalty prescribed in this section shall be collected and enforced by summary proceedings pursuant to "the penalty enforcement law" (N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq.).

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- 7. (New section) A person licensed under P.L.1981, c.311 23 (C.45:14D-1 et seq.) shall maintain a bond issued by a surety 24 25 authorized to transact business in this State or maintain an irrevocable 26 letter of credit by a bank or maintain with the board securities, moneys 27 or other security acceptable to the board to fulfill the requirements of 28 this section. The principal sum of the bond, letter of credit, or 29 securities, moneys or other security shall be not less than \$10,000, 30 which amount the board may adjust by regulation. The bond, letter of 31 credit, or securities, moneys or other security shall be filed or 32 deposited with the board and shall be executed to the State of New 33 Jersey for the use of any person who, after entering into a contract 34 with a mover or warehouseman, is damaged or suffers any loss for any violation of P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-1 et seq.). Any person 35 36 claiming against the bond, letter of credit, or securities, moneys or 37 other security may maintain an action at law against the mover or 38 warehouseman and the surety, bank, or board, as the case may be. 39 The aggregate liability of the surety, bank, or the board to all persons 40 for all breaches of the conditions of the bond, letter of credit or the 41 securities, moneys or other security held by the board shall not exceed 42 the amount of the bond, letter of credit, or the securities, moneys or 43 other security held by the board.
 - In the case of a bond, the mover or warehouseman shall file a copy of the bond with the board and a certificate by the surety that the surety will notify the board at least 10 days in advance of the date of

| 1 | any cancellation or material change in the bond. |
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| 2 | · |
| 3 | 8. Section 14 of P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-14) is repealed |
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| 5 | 9. This act shall take effect 60 days following enactment. |
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| 8 | STATEMENT |
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| 10 | This bill repeals section 14 of P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-14), |
| 11 | removes other references to tariffs in the "Public Movers |

This bill repeals section 14 of P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-14), and removes other references to tariffs in the "Public Movers and Warehousemen Licensing Act," (C.45:14D-1 et seq.) to eliminate the statutory requirement that public movers and warehousemen file tariffs. Under current law, the tariff, which is a schedule of rates and charges for the storage or transportation of property in intrastate commerce, must be used in computing all charges on the storage or transportation of property.

The bill requires applicants for licensure and those persons already licensed under the provisions of the act to submit to a State and federal criminal history background check, to determine whether those persons are fit to be so licensed. The State Board of Public Movers and Warehousemen shall determine that an applicant for licensure is unfit to be licensed and may revoke the licensure of a person currently licensed if that person meets the criteria for disqualification as provided in the bill. However, no individual shall be disqualified from licensure on the basis of a conviction disclosed by a criminal history record check if the individual has affirmatively demonstrated to the board clear and convincing evidence of his rehabilitation.

The bill also requires that a binding estimate for moving be in writing and indicate on its face that the estimate is binding on the mover and prohibits a mover from withholding all or any part of a shipment if:

- a. the moving contract is based on a binding estimate and the amount due for the move is offered to be paid, or is paid, in full to the mover; or
- b. the moving contract is not based on a binding estimate and the mover has not otherwise disclosed in the moving contract that the mover may withhold all or any part of the shipment for payment of the freight bill.

In addition, the bill requires licensees to maintain a bond, letter of credit or securities of not less than \$10,000 for the protection of their customers.

ASSEMBLY CONSUMER AFFAIRS AND REGULATED PROFESSIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, No. 405

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 7, 1998

The Assembly Consumer Affairs and Regulated Professions Committee reports favorably Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill No. 405.

This committee substitute exempts binding estimates from the tariff requirements for movers under the "Public Movers and Warehousemen Licensing Act," P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-1 et seq.), and allows movers to provide discounts and rebates from their tariff rates in connection with furnishing moving, storage or accessorial services to any person. Current law prohibits a mover from charging less or more for his services than that specified in the tariff that he has filed with the State Board of Public Movers and Warehousemen, except that the mover may discount the rates for services to a person who is 62 years or older. The bill requires that a binding estimate for moving be in writing and indicate on its face that the estimate is binding on the mover.

The bill also prohibits a mover from withholding all or any part of a shipment if: (1) the moving contract is based on a binding estimate and the amount due for the move is offered to be paid, or is paid, in full to the mover; or (2) the moving contract is not based on a binding estimate and the mover has not otherwise disclosed in the moving contract that the mover may withhold all or any part of the shipment for payment of the freight bill. A mover who violates this provision would be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$5,000 for a first violation and not less than \$5,000 nor more than \$10,000 for a subsequent violation.

The bill requires licensees to maintain a bond, letter of credit or securities of not less than \$10,000 for the protection of their customers.

In addition, the bill requires applicants for licensure and those persons already licensed under the provisions of the act to submit to a State and federal criminal history background check, to determine whether those persons are fit to be so licensed. The State Board of Public Movers and Warehousemen shall determine that an applicant for licensure is unfit to be licensed and may revoke the licensure of a

person currently licensed if that person meets the criteria for disqualification as provided in the bill. However, no individual shall be disqualified from licensure on the basis of a conviction disclosed by a criminal history record check if the individual affirmatively demonstrates to the board clear and convincing evidence of his rehabilitation. All costs associated with performing the criminal history record check would be borne by the applicant or holder of a license.

As reported by the committee, this bill is identical to Senate Bill No. 379 (1R).

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 405

with Assembly Floor Amendments (Proposed By Assemblyman MORAN)

ADOPTED: MAY 18, 1998

This amendment allows a mover who has agreed to provide moving services pursuant to a binding estimate to charge only his tariff rates or less for moving any property for that customer in excess of that provided for in the binding estimate, and requires a telephone company to disconnect the business telephone of a mover who has had his license revoked. In addition, the bill eliminates the provisions in the bill requiring a criminal history background check for movers and a bond for movers.

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE

[First Reprint]

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, No. 405

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 208th LEGISLATURE

DATED: JULY 20, 1998

Assembly Committee Substitute (1R) for Assembly Bill No. 405 of 1998 authorizes intrastate public movers to charge compensation that is less than the amount specified in their tariffs. A tariff is a schedule of rates that licensees file twice a year with the Board of Public Movers and Warehousemen in the Division of Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety.

The bill would authorize public movers to issue written, binding estimates for their services, which would be exempt from tariff requirements currently imposed on movers. Costs added subsequent to such an estimate would only be permitted if the added amount is lower than or equal to the amount specified in the mover's or warehousemen's filed tariff.

The bill also requires the board to notify the Board of Public Utilities (BPU), an agency in but not of the Department of Treasury, of any public movers who do not have a valid license. The bill requires BPU, in turn, to order a telecommunications company to disconnect the published, commercial telephone number of the unlicensed mover.

The bill imposes penalties for violation of its provisions: not less than \$1,000 or more than \$5,000 for a first violation and not less than \$5,000 or more than \$10,000 for a subsequent violation.

The Executive prepared a cost estimate for a prior version of the bill, which is no longer applicable.

The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) estimates that the costs of this bill may be absorbed within the current budget of the board. While the bill is silent regarding whether the board would be affirmatively responsible for investigating and identifying the names of unlicensed Statewide public movers, OLS assumes that the board may primarily receive the names and addresses of unlicensed movers through either a peer notification process or through occasional directory searches, two procedures that would likely incur minimal

[1R] ACS for A405

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administrative expenses. The penalties provided by the bill should serve to defray the costs of responding to any increase in public complaints that occurs as a result of this bill.

OLS further notes that the Customer Service Division of BPU currently handles discontinuation of telephone service in certain cases and may therefore be able to implement the bill's mandate without additional cost.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67.

SENATE, No. 379

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

208th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JANUARY 20, 1998

Sponsored by: Senator GERALD CARDINALE District 39 (Bergen)

SYNOPSIS

Revises licensure requirements and provides for binding estimates for public movers and warehousemen.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



1 **AN ACT** concerning the licensing of public movers and warehousemen 2 and amending and supplementing P.L.1981, c.311.

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4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. Section 2 of P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-2) is amended to read as follows:
 - 2. As used in this act:
- a. "Accessorial service" means the preparation of articles for shipment, including, but not limited to, the packing, crating, boxing and servicing of appliances, the furnishing of containers, unpacking, uncrating and reassembling of articles, placing them at final destination and the moving or shifting of articles from one location to another within a building, or at a single address;
- b. "Board" means the State Board of Public Movers andWarehousemen established under this act;
 - c. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1993, c.365).
 - d. "Department" means the Department of Law and Public Safety;
- e. "Household goods" means personal effects, fixtures, equipment, stock and supplies or other property usually used in or as part of the
- stock of a dwelling, when it is put into storage or when it is
- 23 transported by virtue of its removal, in whole or in part, by a
- 24 householder from one dwelling to another, or from the dwelling of a
- 25 householder to the dwelling of another householder, or between the
- 26 dwelling of a householder and a repair or storage facility, or from the
- 27 dwelling to an auction house or other place of sale. The term
- 28 "household goods" shall not apply to property moving from a factory
- 29 or store, except property which the householder has purchased and
- 30 which is transported at his request as part of the movement by the
- 31 householder from one dwelling to another;
- f. "Intrastate commerce" means commerce moving wholly between points within the State over all public highways, or at a single location;
- g. "License" means a license issued by the board;
- h. "Motor vehicle" means any vehicle, machine, tractor, truck or semitrailer, or any combination thereof, propelled, driven or drawn by
- semitrailer, or any combination thereof, propelled, driven or drawn by mechanical power, and used upon the public highways in the
- 38 transportation of household goods, office goods and special
- 39 commodities in intrastate commerce;
- i. "Mover's services" means all of the services rendered by a public
- 41 mover;
- j. "Storage services" means all of the services rendered by a
- 43 warehouseman;

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- 1 "Office goods" means personal effects, fixtures, furniture, 2 equipment, stock and supplies or other property usually used in or as 3 part of the stock of any office, or commercial, institutional, 4 professional or other type of establishment, when it is put into storage 5 or when the property is transported by virtue of its removal, in whole 6 or in part, from one location to another, but does not mean or include 7 stock and supplies or other property usually used in or as part of the 8 stock of any office, or commercial, institutional, professional or other
- 10 l. "Person" means any individual, copartnership, association, 11 company, or corporation, and includes any trustee, receiver, assignee, 12 lessee, or personal representative of any person herein defined;

type of establishment, when put into storage;

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- m. "Place of business" means a business office located in New Jersey from which the mover or warehouseman conducts his daily business and where records are kept;
- n. "Property" means all of the articles in the definition of household
 goods, office goods or special commodities;
 - o. "Public highway" or "highway" means any public street, road, thoroughfare, bridge and way in this State open to the use of the public as a matter of right for purposes of motor vehicular travel, including those that impose toll charges;
- 22 p. "Public mover" or "mover" means any person who engages in the transportation of household goods, office goods or special 23 commodities by motor vehicle for compensation in intrastate 24 25 commerce between points in this State, including the moving of 26 household goods, office goods or special commodities from one 27 location to another at a single address, and any person who engages 28 in the performance of accessorial services; except that the term "public 29 mover" or "mover" shall not apply to any person who engages in, or holds himself out to the general public as engaging in, the 30 31 transportation of special commodities when such commodities are not 32 transported by virtue of a removal, in whole or in part, and who does 33 not engage, nor hold himself out to the general public as engaging in, 34 the transportation of household or office goods;
- q. "Special commodities" means uncrated or unboxed works of art, 35 36 fixtures, appliances, business machines, electronic equipment, displays, 37 exhibits, home, office, store, theatrical or show equipment, musical 38 instruments, or other articles being put into storage or being moved, 39 and which require the use of equipment and personnel usually 40 furnished or employed by warehousemen or public movers, except that 41 the provisions of P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-1 et seq.) shall not apply 42 to any person engaged in the transportation or storage of special 43 commodities when these commodities are not transported by virtue of 44 a removal, in whole or in part;
- r. "Storage" means the safekeeping of property in a depository for compensation;

- s. "Tariff" means a schedule of rates and charges for the storage or transportation of property in intrastate commerce on file with the board, which shall be used, except in the use of binding estimates by movers, in computing all charges on the storage or transportation of property as of the date of the time in storage or transportation;
- t. "Warehouseman" means a person engaged in the business ofstorage;
- u. "Removal" means the physical relocation, in whole or in part, of either household goods, office goods or special commodities from one location to another location, including internal relocations within the same room or facility, for compensation.
- 12 (cf: P.L.1993, c.365, s.1)

(cf: P.L.1993, c.365, s.8)

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- 2. Section 14 of P.L. 1981, c. 311 (C. 45:14D-14) is amended to read as follows:
- 14. a. Public movers and warehousemen shall file their tariffs with the board semiannually;
- b. [No] Except in the use of binding estimates provided for in section 6 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the Legislature as this bill), no public mover or warehouseman shall charge, demand, collect or receive a greater or lesser compensation for his service than specified in the tariff, except that discounts and rebates may be provided in connection with the furnishing of moving, storage or accessorial services to any person who is 62 years or older.

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c.311 (C.45:14D-1 et seq.) shall not be eligible for licensure and any holder of a license under that act may have his license revoked if the board determines, consistent with the requirements and standards of P.L.1981, C.311 (C.45:14D-1 et seq.) and this 1998 amendatory and supplementary act, that criminal history record information exists on file in the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Identification Division, or in the State Bureau of Identification in the Division of State Police, which would disqualify that individual from being licensed. An applicant shall be, and a holder of a license may be, disqualified from licensure if that individual's criminal history record check reveals a

3. (New section) a. An applicant for licensure under P.L.1981,

- (1) In New Jersey, any crime:
- 40 (a) Involving danger to the person, meaning those crimes set forth 41 in N.J.S.2C:11-1 et seq., N.J.S.2C:12-1 et seq., N.J.S.2C:13-1 et seq., 42 N.J.S.2C:14-1 et seq. or N.J.S.2C:15-1 et seq.; or

record of conviction of any of the following crimes:

- 43 (b) Against the family, children or incompetents, meaning those 44 crimes set forth in N.J.S.2C:24-1 et seq.; or
- 45 (2) In any other state or jurisdiction, of conduct which, if 46 committed in New Jersey, would constitute any of the crimes

1 described in paragraph (1) of this subsection.

- b. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection a. of this section, no individual shall be disqualified from licensure on the basis of any conviction disclosed by a criminal history record check performed pursuant to this section if the individual has affirmatively demonstrated to the board clear and convincing evidence of his rehabilitation. In determining whether an individual has affirmatively demonstrated rehabilitation, the following factors shall be considered:
 - (1) The nature and responsibility of the position which the convicted individual would hold;
 - (2) The nature and seriousness of the offense;
- 12 (3) The circumstances under which the offense occurred;
 - (4) The date of the offense;
 - (5) The age of the individual when the offense was committed;
 - (6) Whether the offense was an isolated or repeated incident;
- 16 (7) Any social conditions which may have contributed to the 17 offense; and
 - (8) Any evidence of rehabilitation, including good conduct in prison or in the community, counseling or psychiatric treatment received, acquisition of additional academic or vocational schooling, successful participation in correctional work-release programs, or the recommendation of persons who have had the individual under their supervision.

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4. (New section) An applicant and holder of a license shall submit to the board his name, address and fingerprints taken on standard fingerprint cards by a State or municipal law enforcement agency. The board is authorized to exchange fingerprint data with and receive criminal history record information from the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Division of State Police for use in making the determinations required by section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

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- 5. (New section) a. Upon receipt of an applicant's or licensee's criminal history record information from the Federal Bureau of Investigation or the Division of State Police, as applicable, the board shall notify the applicant or licensee, in writing, of the applicant's or licensee's qualification or disqualification for licensure under P.L.1981, c.311 (C45:14D-1 et seq.). If the applicant or licensee is disqualified, the conviction or convictions which constitute the basis for the disqualification shall be identified in the written notice.
- b. The applicant or licensee shall have 30 days from the date of written notice of disqualification to petition the board for a hearing on the accuracy of the criminal history record information or to establish his rehabilitation under subsection b. of section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). The board may refer any

case arising hereunder to the Office of Administrative Law for administrative proceedings pursuant to P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.).

c. The board shall not maintain any individual's criminal history record information or evidence of rehabilitation submitted under this section for more than six months from the date of a final determination by the board as to the individual's qualification or disqualification to be licensed pursuant to P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-1 et seq.).

- 6. (New section) a. If a binding estimate is used for moving, the estimate shall be furnished in writing to the customer or other person responsible for payment of the charges for the mover's services and a copy of the estimate shall be retained by the public mover as an addendum to the bill of lading. A binding estimate shall clearly indicate on its face that the estimate is binding on the public mover and that the charges shown are the charges to be assessed for the services identified in the estimate. A binding estimate shall clearly describe the property to be moved and all services to be provided.
- b. (1) No mover shall withhold all or any part of a shipment if the amount due on the moving contract based on a binding estimate in regard to the move is offered to be paid, or is paid, in full to the mover.
- (2) No mover shall withhold all or any part of a shipment pursuant to a moving contract not based on a binding estimate unless the mover discloses in the moving contract that the mover may withhold all or a part of the shipment for payment of the freight bill.
- c. A mover shall disclose in the moving contract that the mover may not withhold all or any part of a shipment if:
- (1) the moving contract is based on a binding estimate and the amount due on a binding estimate for the move is offered to be paid, or is paid, in full to the mover; and
- (2) the moving contract is not based on a binding estimate and the mover has not otherwise disclosed in the moving contract that the mover may withhold all or any part of the shipment for payment of the freight bill.
- d. A mover which violates any provision of this section shall be liable to a civil penalty of not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$5,000 for a first violation and not less than \$5,000 nor more than \$10,000 for a subsequent violation. The penalty prescribed in this section shall be collected and enforced by summary proceedings pursuant to "the penalty enforcement law" (N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq.).

7. (New section) A person licensed under P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-1 et seq.) shall maintain a bond issued by a surety authorized to transact business in this State or maintain an irrevocable letter of credit by a bank or maintain with the board securities, moneys

S379 CARDINALE

or other security acceptable to the board to fulfill the requirements of this section. The principal sum of the bond, letter of credit, or securities, moneys or other security shall be not less than \$10,000, which amount the board may adjust by regulation. The bond, letter of credit, or securities, moneys or other security shall be filed or deposited with the board and shall be executed to the State of New Jersey for the use of any person who, after entering into a contract with a mover or warehouseman, is damaged or suffers any loss for any violation of P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-1 et seq.). Any person claiming against the bond, letter of credit, or securities, moneys or other security may maintain an action at law against the mover or warehouseman and the surety, bank, or board, as the case may be. The aggregate liability of the surety, bank, or the board to all persons for all breaches of the conditions of the bond, letter of credit or the securities, moneys or other security held by the board shall not exceed the amount of the bond, letter of credit, or the securities, moneys or other security held by the board.

In the case of a bond, the mover or warehouseman shall file a copy of the bond with the board and a certificate by the surety that the surety will notify the board at least 10 days in advance of the date of any cancellation or material change in the bond.

8. This act shall take effect 60 days following the date of enactment.

STATEMENT

This bill retains tariffs, which are schedules of rates and charges for the storage or transportation of property in intrastate commerce, provided for public movers and warehousemen in the "Public Movers and Warehousemen Licensing Act," (C.45:14D-1 et seq.), and provides for the use of binding estimates by public movers.

The bill requires applicants for licensure and those persons already licensed under the provisions of the act to submit to a State and federal criminal history background check, to determine whether those persons are fit to be so licensed. The State Board of Public Movers and Warehousemen shall determine that an applicant for licensure is unfit to be licensed and may revoke the licensure of a person currently licensed if that person meets the criteria for disqualification as provided in the bill. However, no individual shall be disqualified from licensure on the basis of a conviction disclosed by a criminal history record check if the individual affirmatively demonstrates to the board clear and convincing evidence of his rehabilitation.

The bill exempts binding estimates from the tariff requirement and requires that a binding estimate for moving be in writing and indicates

S379 CARDINALE

- 1 on its face that the estimate is binding on the mover. The bill also
- 2 prohibits a mover from withholding all or any part of a shipment if:
- 3 (1) the moving contract is based on a binding estimate and the amount
- 4 due for the move is offered to be paid, or is paid, in full to the mover;
- 5 or (2) the moving contract is not based on a binding estimate and the
- 6 mover has not otherwise disclosed in the moving contract that the
- 7 mover may withhold all or any part of the shipment for payment of the
- 8 freight bill. The bill requires licensees to maintain a bond, letter of
- 9 credit or securities of not less than \$10,000 for the protection of their
- 10 customers.

SENATE COMMERCE COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 379

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MARCH 26, 1998

The Senate Commerce Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 379.

This bill, as amended by the committee, exempts binding estimates from the tariff requirements for movers under the "Public Movers and Warehousemen Licensing Act," P.L.1981, c.311 (C.45:14D-1 et seq.), and allows movers to provide discounts and rebates from their tariff rates in connection with furnishing moving, storage or accessorial services to any person. Current law prohibits a mover from charging less or more for his services than that specified in the tariff that he has filed with the State Board of Public Movers and Warehousemen, except that the mover may discount the rates for services to a person who is 62 years or older. The bill requires that a binding estimate for moving be in writing and indicate on its face that the estimate is binding on the mover.

The bill also prohibits a mover from withholding all or any part of a shipment if: (1) the moving contract is based on a binding estimate and the amount due for the move is offered to be paid, or is paid, in full to the mover; or (2) the moving contract is not based on a binding estimate and the mover has not otherwise disclosed in the moving contract that the mover may withhold all or any part of the shipment for payment of the freight bill. A mover who violates this provision would be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$5,000 for a first violation and not less than \$5,000 nor more than \$10,000 for a subsequent violation.

The bill requires licensees to maintain a bond, letter of credit or securities of not less than \$10,000 for the protection of their customers.

Finally, the bill requires applicants for licensure and those persons already licensed under the provisions of the act to submit to a State and federal criminal history background check, to determine whether those persons are fit to be so licensed. The State Board of Public Movers and Warehousemen shall determine that an applicant for licensure is unfit to be licensed and may revoke the licensure of a person currently licensed if that person meets the criteria for

disqualification as provided in the bill. However, no individual shall be disqualified from licensure on the basis of a conviction disclosed by a criminal history record check if the individual affirmatively demonstrates to the board clear and convincing evidence of his rehabilitation. All costs associated with performing the criminal history record check would be borne by the applicant or holder of a license.

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint] **SENATE, No. 379**

with Senate Floor Amendments (Proposed By Senator CARDINALE)

ADOPTED: MAY 18, 1998

This amendment allows a mover who has agreed to provide moving services pursuant to a binding estimate to charge only his tariff rates or less for moving any property for that customer in excess of that provided for in the binding estimate, and requires a telephone company to disconnect the business telephone of a mover who has had his license revoked. In addition, the bill eliminates the provisions in the bill requiring a criminal history background check for movers and a bond for movers.

FISCAL NOTE

[Second Reprint]

SENATE, No. 379

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 208th LEGISLATURE

DATED: JULY 28, 1998

Senate Bill No. 379 (2R) of 1998 authorizes intrastate public movers to charge compensation that is less than the amount specified in their tariffs. A tariff is a schedule of rates that licensees file twice a year with the Board of Public Movers and Warehousemen in the Division of Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety.

The bill would authorize public movers to issue written, binding estimates for their services, which would be exempt from tariff requirements currently imposed on movers. Costs added subsequent to such an estimate would only be permitted if the added amount is lower than or equal to the amount specified in the mover's or warehousemen's filed tariff.

The bill also requires the board to notify the Board of Public Utilities (BPU), an agency in but not of the Department of Treasury, of any public movers who do not have a valid license. The bill requires BPU, in turn, to order a telecommunications company to disconnect the published, commercial telephone number of the unlicensed mover.

The bill imposes penalties for violation of its provisions: not less than \$1,000 or more than \$5,000 for a first violation and not less than \$5,000 or more than \$10,000 for a subsequent violation.

The Executive prepared a cost estimate for a prior version of the bill, which is no longer applicable.

The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) estimates that the costs of this bill may be absorbed within the current budget of the board. While the bill is silent regarding whether the board would be affirmatively responsible for investigating and identifying the names of unlicensed Statewide public movers, OLS assumes that the board may primarily receive the names and addresses of unlicensed movers through either a peer notification process or through occasional directory searches, two procedures that would likely incur minimal administrative expenses. The penalties provided by the bill should serve to defray the costs of responding to any increase in public

complaints that occurs as a result of this bill.

OLS further notes that the Customer Service Division of BPU currently handles discontinuation of telephone service in certain cases and may therefore be able to implement the bill's mandate without additional cost.

This fiscal note has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67.

Office of the Governor NEWS RELEASE

PO BOX 004 TRENTON, NJ 08625

CONTACT: Jayne O'Connor Julie Plocinik 609-777-2600

RELEASE: July 30, 1998

Gov. Christie Whitman today acted on a number of pieces of legislation.

The Governor signed the following pieces of legislation:

A-405, sponsored by Assembly Members Jeffrey Moran (R-Atlantic/Ocean/Burlington) and Anthony Impreveduto (D-Bergen/Hudson), would give professional movers the option of using binding price estimates instead of the existing tariff system. Currently, movers are restricted to charging only the tariff price. The bill also limits a mover's right to withhold shipment in the event of a dispute with a customer who has been given a binding estimate. The bill is aimed at providing consumers with price breaks and protection, and will allow movers to lower prices when business is slow.

S-593, sponsored by Senators Winona Lipman (D-Essex/Union) and Ron Rice (D-Essex) and Assembly Members William Payne (D-Essex/Union) and Craig Stanley (D-Essex), provides a \$25,000 supplemental appropriation to the Department of Community Affairs for a grant to the Newark Boys Chorus School for transportation expenses to the Union of South Africa. The trip was completed in May. The funding will help defray costs of transportation for students and accompanying adults.

S-1159, sponsored by Senators C. Louis Bassano (R-Essex/Union) and Donald T. DiFrancesco (R-Middlesex/Morris/ Somerset/ Union), provides for a five-year extension for the mandatory upgrade of non-residential heating oil underground storage tanks (USTs) with a capacity of over 2,000 gallons. The previous deadline for upgrading the USTs was December 22, 1998, which is the federal deadline for federally - regulated USTs. The extension provided for in the bill is conditioned upon the owner or operator signing a contract for the testing of the UST and submitting it to the state Department of Environmental Protection (DEP).

Under the legislation, owners and operators have until August 31, 1999 to complete testing and submit the results to the DEP. The bill also extends the deadline to apply for financing pursuant to the Underground Storage Tank Financing Act from January 1, 1999 to August 31, 1999.

The Governor conditionally vetoed S-402, sponsored by Senator Robert Littell (R-Sussex/Hunterdon/Morris) and Assembly Members Guy Gregg and Scott Garett (both R-Sussex/Hunterdon/Morris), which would expand the authority of fire police, who are members of volunteer companies, to control traffic and crowds at public events. The Governor recommended that the bill be modified to clarify that duly authorized police officers would have supervisory authority over fire police in crowd control situations. A copy of the conditional veto is attached.

The Governor vetoed S-427, sponsored by Senator Peter A. Inverso (R-Mercer/

Middlesex) and Assembly Member Guy R. Gregg (R- Sussex), which would have exempted automated car washes from sales and use tax. Automated car washes, as defined in the bill, accept either currency or coins without assistance from a human being. The Governor vetoed the bill citing that this case was not one which necessitated a special exemption from the sales tax. A copy of the Governor's veto message is attached.