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LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF: 1998

CHAPTER: 1

NJSA: 2A:17-56.7a et.al., "New Jersey Child Support Improvement Act"

BILL NO: A1645 (substituted for S460)

SPONSOR(S): Cottrell and Vandervalk

DATE INTRODUCED: January 29, 1998

COMMITTEE: *ASSEMBLY:* Judiciary *SENATE:* ~~~~

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: February 19, 1998 SENATE: February 26, 1998

DATE OF APPROVAL: March 5, 1998

THE FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL: 1st reprint (Amendments during passage denoted by superscript numbers)

A1645

SPONSORS STATEMENT: Yes (Begins on page 40 of original bill)

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes

SENATE: No

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

S460

SPONSORS STATEMENT: *Yes* (Begins on page 40 of original bill) (Bill and Sponsors Statement identical to A1645)

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: No SENATE: Yes (Identical to Assembly Statement for A1645)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

VETO MESSAGE: No

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING: Yes

THE FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

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REPORTS:

974.90 C866 1996e
New Jersey. Supreme Court.
New Jersey child support guidelines : court rule 5:6A and Appendix IX : effective September 1, 1998.
[Trenton, N.J. ; New Jersey Administrative Office of the Courts, 1998]

HEARINGS:

974.90 C866 1998b

New Jersey. Legislature. Senate. Judiciary Committee. **Public hearing before Senate Judiciary Committee : Senate bill no. 2363** (Uniform Interstate Family Support Act and New Jersey Child Support Program Improvement Act) : [Trenton, New Jersey, January 6, 1998]

NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:

"Providing support--new laws let NJ track, seize assets of deadbeats," <u>Asbury Park</u> <u>Press</u>, 3-6-98, p.A3.

"Whitman signs tighter laws on child support," Bergen <u>Record</u>, 3-6-98, p. A2. "State turns up heat on deadbeat parents," Newark <u>Star Ledger</u>, 3-6-98, p. 26.

[First Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 1645 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 208th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JANUARY 29, 1998

Sponsored by: Assemblyman MELVIN COTTRELL District 30 (Burlington, Monmouth and Ocean) Assemblywoman CHARLOTTE VANDERVALK District 39 (Bergen)

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblymen O'Toole, Moran, Felice, Talarico, T.Smith, DiGaetano, Zecker, LeFevre, Senators Gormley, Bryant, Zane, Girgenti, Robertson and Baer

SYNOPSIS

"New Jersey Child Support Program Improvement Act."

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As reported by the Assembly Judiciary Committee on February 10, 1998, with amendments.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 2/27/1998)

AN ACT concerning child support reform and revising parts of 1 2 statutory law. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 1. (New section) This act shall be known and may be cited as the 7 8 "New Jersey Child Support Program Improvement Act." 9 10 2. (New section) The Legislature finds and declares that: 11 a. Title III of the federal "Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996," Pub.L.104-193, provides 12 13 New Jersey with the authority and guidance to structure and 14 administer an effective and efficient child support program that is accessible to all the citizens of this State needing its services; 15 b. Work and the timely payment of child support promote the best 16 interests of all families with children; 17 18 c. The expeditious establishment of paternity and child support obligations is integral to the development of a safety net for 19 participants in the Work First New Jersey program established 20 pursuant to P.L.1997, c.38 (C.44:10-55 et seq.) and their children. 21 With the implementation of the Work First New Jersey program and 22 23 its time-limited benefits, the establishment of child support orders and 24 the collection of child support are essential to the ability of families to 25 achieve and maintain self-sufficiency; 26 d. The early establishment of paternity and child support orders creates a basis for individual security and family stability, and fosters 27 28 an understanding of personal responsibility in children and teenagers; 29 e. The efficient establishment of paternity and support obligations, 30 and the effective enforcement and collection of child support obligations pursuant to the provisions of Pub.L.104-193, will 31 32 maximize the federal funding available to New Jersey for these services; and 33 The provisions of this act incorporate and expand the 34 f. fundamental concepts of P.L.1981, c.417 ¹[(C.2A:17-56.7 et al.)] 35 $(C.2A:17-56.8 \text{ et seq.})^1$ and comply with the federal initiatives 36 embodied in Pub.L.104-193; 37 38 39 3. (New section) As used in P.L., c. (C.)(pending before the Legislature as this bill), P.L.1981, c.417 ¹ [(C.2A:17-56.7 et al.)] 40 (C.2A:17-56.8 et al.)¹, P.L.1988, c.111 (C.2A:17-56.23a), sections 41

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

Assembly AJU committee amendments adopted February 10, 1998.

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1 13, 17 through 20 and 22 of P.L.1985, c.278 (C.2A:17-56.16, 2A:17-

2 56.20 through 2A:17-56.23, and 2A:17-56.25), P.L.1990, c.53

3 (C.2A:17-56.13a), sections 5 and 6 of P.L.1990, c.92 (C.2A:17-56.9a

4 and 2A:17-56.9b), P.L.1995, c.287 (C.2A:17-56.11a), P.L.1995, 5 c.290 (C.2A:17-56.11b), P.L.1995, c.322 (C.2A:17-56.34 et seq.) and

6 P.L.1996, c.7 ¹ [(C.2A:17-56.40 et al.)](C.2A:17-56.41 et seq.)¹:

7 "Account" means a demand deposit account, checking or negotiable
8 order of withdrawal account, savings account, time deposit
9 account,¹[equity securities account]¹ or money market mutual fund
10 account. ¹<u>"Account" also includes an equity securities account if</u>
11 permitted under federal law.¹

12 "Administrative enforcement" means the use of high volume 13 automated data processing to search various State data bases, 14 including, but not limited to, license records, employment service data 15 and State new hire registries, to determine whether information is 16 available in response to a request made by another jurisdiction to 17 enforce a support order.

18 "Appropriate enforcement methods" means mechanisms such as 19 income withholding, withholding of civil lawsuits, and execution of the 20 assets of the obligor which can result in immediate payment of the 21 child support arrearage when available. In appropriate cases, the 22 license revocation process may be used as an alternative to Rule 5:7-5 23 of the court rules.

24 "Arrearage" means the amount of unpaid support as determined by
25 a court order or an administrative order from a state for support of a
26 child or of a child and the custodial parent.

"Child" means a person, whether over or under the age of majority,
who is or is alleged to be owed a duty of child support by that person's
parent or who is or is alleged to be the beneficiary of a support order
directed to the parent.

31 "Child support" means the amount required to be paid under a 32 judgment, decree, or order, whether temporary, final or subject to 33 modification, issued by the Superior Court, Chancery Division, Family 34 Part or a court or administrative agency of competent jurisdiction of another state, for the support and maintenance of a child, or the 35 support and maintenance of a child and the parent with whom the child 36 is living, which provides monetary support, health care coverage, any 37 arrearage or reimbursement, and which may include other related costs 38 39 and fees, interest and penalties, income withholding, attorney's fees 40 and other relief.

41 "Child support related warrant" means an outstanding warrant for
42 the arrest of a child support obligor or putative father issued by the
43 court for failure to pay child support as ordered, failure to appear at
44 a hearing to establish paternity or child support, or failure to appear
45 at a hearing to enforce a child support order.

46 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Human Services.

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"Court" means the Superior Court, Chancery Division, Family Part.
 "Court order" means an order of the court or an order from an
 administrative or judicial tribunal in another state that is competent to
 enter or modify orders for paternity or child support.

5 "Court rules" means the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of6 New Jersey.

"Credit reporting agency" means a nationally recognized credit 7 8 reporting agency as approved by the commissioner and defined in the 9 federal Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. s. 1681a(f)) as any entity 10 which, for monetary fees, dues, or on a cooperative nonprofit basis, 11 regularly engages in whole or in part in the practice of assembling or 12 evaluating consumer credit information or other information on 13 consumers for the purpose of furnishing reports to third parties and 14 which uses any means or facility of interstate commerce for the 15 purpose of preparing or furnishing consumer reports.

16 "Custodial parent" means the parent or other person who has legal 17 and physical custody of a child for the majority of the time. The 18 custodial parent is responsible for the day-to-day decisions related to 19 the child and for providing the basic needs of the child on a daily basis. 20 The custodial parent is the person to whom child support is payable. 21 In shared parenting situations, the custodial parent is known as the 22 Parent of Primary Residence.

"Default order" means a court order entered due to a party's failure
to answer a complaint or motion or to appear at a court proceeding as
required, after being properly served with notice.

26 "Department" means the Department of Human Services.

"Employee" means an individual who is an employee within the
meaning of chapter 24 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
Employee does not include an employee of a federal or state agency
performing intelligence or counter-intelligence functions, if the head
of such agency has determined that reporting could endanger the
safety of the employee or compromise an ongoing investigation or
intelligence mission.

34 "Employer" has the meaning given the term in section 3401(d) of
35 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and includes any governmental
36 entity and labor organization.

"Financial institution" means: a depository institution as defined in 37 38 12 U.S.C. s.1813(c); an institution affiliated party as defined in 12 39 U.S.C. s.1813(u); a federal or State credit union as defined in 12 40 U.S.C. s.1752, including an institution affiliated party of a credit union 41 as defined in 12 U.S.C. s.1786(r); a benefit association, insurance company, safe deposit company, money market mutual fund, 42 ¹[investment and loan corporation]¹ or similar entity authorized to do 43 business in this State. ¹"Financial institution" also includes an 44 investment and loan corporation if permitted under federal law.¹ 45

46 "Health care coverage" means cash medical support, health

insurance, dental insurance, eye care, pharmaceutical assistance and
other types of medical support which are ordered by the court to
maintain the health coverage of a child.

4 "Income" for the purposes of enforcing a support order, means, but 5 is not limited to, commissions, salaries, earnings, wages, rent monies, 6 unemployment compensation, workers' compensation, any legal or 7 equitable interest or entitlement owed that was acquired by a cause of 8 action, suit, claim or counterclaim, insurance benefits, claims, 9 accounts, assets of estates, inheritances, trusts, federal or State income 10 tax refunds, homestead rebates, State lottery prizes, casino and 11 racetrack winnings, annuities, retirement benefits, veteran's benefits, union benefits, or any other ¹ [source that may be defined as income 12 or other property] earnings or other periodic entitlements to money 13 14 from any source and any other property¹ subject to withholding for 15 child support pursuant to State law.

For the purposes of establishing a support order, income is defined
pursuant to the child support guidelines in Appendix IX of the court
rules.

"Labor organization" means a labor organization as defined in
paragraph (5) of section 2 of the federal "National Labor Relations
Act" (29 U.S.C. s.152) and includes any entity used by the
organization and an employer to carry out the requirements of
paragraph (3) of subsection (f) of section 8 of that act (29 U.S.C.
s.158(f)(3)) or an agreement between the organization and the
employer.

"License" means any license, registration or certificate issued by the
State or its agencies or boards that is directly necessary to provide a
product or service for compensation, to operate a motor vehicle, or for
recreational or sporting purposes.

"Licensing authority" means any department, division, board,
agency or other instrumentality of State government that issues a
license, registration, certificate or other authorization to provide
goods or services for compensation, to operate a motor vehicle, or for
recreational or sporting purposes.

"Non-custodial parent" means the parent who does not have
physical custody of the child on a day-to-day basis. In shared parenting
situations, the non-custodial parent is known as the Parent of Alternate
Residence.

39 "Obligee" means an individual to whom a duty of support is or is 40 alleged to be owed or in whose favor a support order has been issued or a judgment determining parentage has been rendered; a state or 41 42 political subdivision to which the rights under a duty of support or 43 support order have been assigned or which has independent claims 44 based on financial assistance provided to an individual obligee; or an 45 individual seeking a judgment determining parentage of the individual's 46 child or providing for the support of a child.

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"Obligor" means an individual, or the estate of a decedent, who

owes or is alleged to owe a duty of support, who is alleged but has not

been adjudicated to be a parent of a child, or who is liable under a

4 support order. 5 "Payor" means an employer or individual or entity that disburses 6 or is in possession of income or assets payable to an obligor. 7 "Probation Division" means the Probation Division of the Superior 8 Court, Chancery Division, Family Part. 9 "RURESA" means the "Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement 10 of Support Act (1968)," adopted in New Jersey as P.L.1981, c.243 11 (C.2A:4-30.24 et seq.). 12 "Spousal support" means a legally enforceable obligation assessed 13 against a person for the support of a spouse or former spouse ¹[who is the custodial parent of a child to whom the person owes child 14 15 support]¹. "State case registry" means the automated system maintained by the 16 17 State IV-D agency that contains federally required information on 18 child support cases. 19 "State IV-D agency" means the Department of Human Services. 20 "Support guidelines" means the set of presumptive standards for determining the amount of child support as established by the court in 21 ¹<u>Appendix IX of the</u>¹ court rules. 22 "Support order" means a judgment, decree^{1,1} or order, whether 23 temporary, final or subject to modification, for the benefit of a child, 24 a spouse or a former spouse, ¹[issued by the court or a court or 25 administrative agency of another state, $]^1$ which provides for monetary 26 support, health care coverage, arrearages or reimbursement, and may 27 28 include related costs and fees, interest, income withholding, attorney's fees and other relief. 29 30 ¹<u>A support order shall be issued by the court or a court or</u> administrative agency of another state.¹ 31 "TANF" means the "Temporary Assistance to Needy Families" 32 33 program established pursuant to Title IV-A of the federal Social 34 Security Act (42 U.S.C. s.601 et seq.). TANF includes the Work First New Jersey program for dependent children and their parents 35 established pursuant to P.L.1997, c.38 (C.44:10-55 et seq.). 36 "Title IV-D" means Title IV-D of the federal Social Security Act 37 38 (42 U.S.C. s.651 et seq.). "Title IV-D case" means a case under Title IV-A ¹or Title XIX¹ of 39 the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. s.601 et seq.) that involves 40 41 an assignment of support rights, an appropriate referral under Title IV-E of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. s.670 et seq.), a non-42 public assistance case ¹[or a Medicaid only case,]¹ in which an 43 application for Title IV-D services has been filed and a fee paid, as 44 45 appropriate, with the department, or an interstate case referred to the 46 department by another jurisdiction.

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"UIFSA" means the "Uniform Interstate Family Support Act" to be
 adopted by each state to replace RURESA pursuant to Pub.L.104-193.

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4 4. (New section) Subject to safeguards on privacy and information 5 security¹, prescribed pursuant to subsection b. of section 11 of P.L. c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill),¹ and appropriate 6 procedural due process requirements including, as appropriate, notice, 7 8 the opportunity to contest and notice of the right to appeal to the 9 court, the department is authorized to take the following actions 10 relating to the establishment of paternity or to the establishment, 11 modification or enforcement of support orders, without the necessity 12 of obtaining an order from the court, and to recognize and enforce the 13 authority of state agencies of other states to take the following 14 actions:

a. Require genetic testing for the purpose of paternityestablishment;

b. (1) Subpoena any financial or other information needed for theestablishment, modification or enforcement of a support order; and

19 (2) impose a civil penalty for failure to respond to a subpoena 20 which shall not exceed: \$25 per violation, or, if the failure to respond 21 is the result of a conspiracy between the entity and the non-custodial 22 parent not to supply the required information or to supply inaccurate 23 or incomplete information, \$500. Payment of the penalty may not be 24 required, however, if in response to the imposition of the penalty, the 25 person or entity complies immediately with the subpoena. All 26 penalties assessed under this section shall be payable to the State 27 Treasurer and may be recovered in a summary proceeding pursuant to 28 "the penalty enforcement law," N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq.;

c. (1) Request that any entity including for-profit, nonprofit and government employers, respond promptly to a request by the department or any out-of-State IV-D agency for information on the employment, compensation and benefits of any individual employed by the entity as an employee or contractor; and

34 (2) impose a civil penalty for failure to respond to any request 35 which shall not exceed: \$25 per violation, or, if failure to respond is the result of a conspiracy between the entity and the non-custodial 36 37 parent not to supply the required information or to supply inaccurate 38 or incomplete information, \$500. Payment of the penalty may not be 39 required, however, if in response to the imposition of the penalty, the 40 person or entity complies immediately with the subpoena. All 41 penalties assessed under this section shall be paid to the State 42 Treasurer and may be recovered in a summary proceeding pursuant to "the penalty enforcement law," N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq.; 43

d. Subject to the nonliability of entities that afford access, to obtain
access, including automated access when feasible, to information
contained in the following records:

1 (1) records of other State and local government agencies which 2 include, but are not limited to: 3 (a) records of the Bureau of Vital Statistics in the Department of 4 Health and Senior Services, and other agencies that collect vital statistics, including marriage, death and birth records; 5 6 (b) records of the Division of Taxation in the Department of the 7 Treasury, and local tax and revenue records including address, 8 employer, income and assets; 9 (c) records concerning real and titled personal property; 10 (d) records of occupational, professional, recreational and sporting 11 licenses and records concerning the ownership and control of 12 corporations, partnerships and other business entities; 13 (e) records of the Department of Labor, including wage, 14 unemployment, disability and workers compensation records; 15 (f) records of agencies administering public assistance programs; (g) records of the Division of Motor Vehicles in the Department of 16 Transportation, including, but not limited to, motor vehicle and 17 18 commercial license and registration records; and 19 (h) records of the Department of Corrections, including records 20 related to State-sentenced inmates and parolees; and 21 (2) records held by private entities with respect to individuals who 22 owe or are owed support, or against or with respect to whom a 23 support obligation is sought, including information on the assets and liabilities of individuals held by financial institutions and the names and 24 25 addresses of the individuals and the names and addresses of the 26 employers of the individuals appearing in customer records of public 27 utilities and cable television companies, pursuant to a subpeona 28 authorized under subsection b. of this section; 29 e. Order income withholding in accordance with the provisions of 30 State and federal law; 31 f. Direct the obligor or payor to change the payee pursuant to 32 section 7 of P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.13) in cases where support 33 is subject to an assignment or an application for Title IV-D services 34 has been filed; g. Secure assets to satisfy arrearages by: 35 36 (1) intercepting or seizing periodic or lump sum payments from: 37 State or local agencies, including unemployment compensation, 38 workers' compensation or other benefits; judgments, settlements and awards; ¹<u>inheritances</u>;¹ and lotteries; 39 (2) developing a bank information matching program and attaching 40 41 and seizing assets of the obligor held in financial institutions located 42 in this State in accordance with the provisions of P.L. , c, 43 (C.)(pending before the Legislature as this bill); 44 (3) attaching public and private retirement funds as permitted 45 under State law; and 46 (4) imposing a lien and initiating an execution or levy to force the

1 sale of property and distribution of proceeds in accordance with 2 N.J.S.2A:17-1 through N.J.S.2A:17-4, N.J.S.2A:17-57 through 3 N.J.S.2A:17-76 and applicable court rules; 4 h. Require each party subject to a paternity or child support 5 proceeding to file with the court and the State case registry upon the 6 entry of an order and to update, as appropriate, information on the location and the identity of the party, including, but not limited to: 7 8 Social Security number, telephone number, driver's license number, 9 residential and mailing addresses, and the name, address, and 10 telephone number of the party's employer; and 11 i. Unless otherwise ordered by the court ¹in individual cases, ¹ increase the amount of monthly support payments to include amounts 12

13 for arrearages ¹<u>in accordance with schedules approved by the court</u>¹.
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15 5. (New section) For the purposes of enforcing a support provision 16 in an order or judgment, procedural due process requirements may be deemed to have been met with respect to the party upon delivery of 17 18 written notice to that party's most recent residential or employer 19 address on file with the department, if there is a sufficient showing that 20 diligent efforts have been made to locate the party by making inquiries 21 that may include, but are not limited to, the United States Postal 22 Service, Division of Motor Vehicles in the Department of Transportation, the Department of Labor, ¹the Division of Taxation 23 in the Department of the Treasury¹ and the Department of 24 Corrections. A certification documenting unsuccessful efforts to 25 26 locate a party shall be provided to the court before any adverse action 27 is taken based on failure of the party to respond to a notice. For the 28 purposes of establishing or modifying the child support provision of a 29 court order or judgment, service of process shall be consistent with 30 court rules or applicable statutes.

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32 6. (New section) In accordance with regulations adopted by the 33 commissioner, the department shall make the determination as to 34 whether an individual who has applied for or is receiving public assistance or assistance under the State Medicaid program pursuant to 35 36 P.L.1968, c.413 (C.30:4D-1 et seq.) or the Title IV-E program is 37 cooperating in good faith in establishing the paternity of, or in 38 establishing, modifying or enforcing a support order for any child of 39 the individual by providing the name of the non-custodial parent and 40 such other information as may be required for this purpose. The 41 determination shall be made subject to good cause and other 42 exemptions as specified by the commissioner, by regulation.

The department shall notify the individual and appropriate State or
county entities administering TANF and appropriate State or county
entities administering the State Medicaid program of each
determination, and if noncooperation is determined, the basis therefor.

1 7. (New section) In any case in which an obligor owes past-due 2 child support with respect to a child receiving assistance under a State 3 program funded under TANF, the department is authorized to petition 4 the court to issue an order that requires the obligor: to pay the support in accordance with a plan approved by the court; or to participate in 5 work activities as ordered by the court, if the obligor is subject to such 6 a plan and is not incapacitated. ¹<u>A petition for participation in a work</u> 7 activity shall include a request to adjust the amount of the order in 8 9 accordance with support guidelines and the plan.¹

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11 8. (New section) a. Each financial institution doing business in the 12 State shall provide information to the department on all non-custodial 13 parents who maintain an account at the financial institution and who owe past due ¹child¹ support ¹that equals or exceeds the amount of 14 15 support payable for three months and for which no regular payments are being made¹. 16

17 b. In order to provide the information required pursuant to 18 subsection a. of this section, a financial institution shall enter into an 19 agreement and, at its option:

20 (1) identify non-custodial parents by comparing records maintained 21 by the financial institution with records provided by the department by 22 name, address of record and either Social Security number, tax 23 identification number or other identifying information;

24 (2) submit to the department a report that includes the name, 25 address of record and either Social Security number, tax identification 26 number or other identifying information of each individual maintaining 27 an account at the financial institution as shown on its records of that 28 account; or

29 (3) enter into an agreement with the department to provide the 30 name, address of record and either Social Security number, tax identification number or other identifying information in a form and by 31 32 a method mutually agreeable to the financial institution and the 33 department.

34 c. The department shall enter into a cooperative agreement with financial institutions doing business in this State to provide the 35 36 information required pursuant to subsection a. of this section on a 37 quarterly basis, by electronic or magnetic media, mail, facsimile or any 38 automated data exchange method or other means authorized by the 39 department. The department shall establish, by regulation, and pay a 40 reasonable fee for the data match provided for in this subsection. To 41 the extent consistent with federal law, the department shall reimburse 42 a financial institution for actual costs that are reasonably and 43 efficiently incurred in conducting the data match provided for in this 44 section.

45 d. In response to a notice of lien or levy, a financial institution shall encumber or surrender, as the case may be, assets held by the financial 46

institution on behalf of any noncustodial parent who is subject to a
child support lien pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.666(a)(4). To the extent
consistent with federal law, the encumberance or surrender shall be
subject to any right to any fees and penalties or set-off the financial
institution may have against the assets under State law.

¹The assets shall be held and not distributed to any party until the
contest period provided for in subsection f. of this section has expired
or while an action on these assets is pending in court.¹

9 e. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, a financial 10 institution that is directed to levy upon, block, freeze or encumber an 11 account pursuant to the provisions of this section, is entitled to: (1) 12 collect or deduct from the account its reasonable and normally 13 scheduled processing fee for a levy; and (2) collect or deduct its 14 normally scheduled account activity fee to maintain the account for 15 any period the account is blocked, frozen or encumbered. The provisions of this section shall not be construed to preclude a financial 16 institution from exercising its right to charge back or recoup a deposit 17 18 to an account.

19 f. Notwithstanding any other provision of federal or State law to 20 the contrary, a financial institution shall not be liable under any federal 21 or State law to any person for any disclosure of information to the 22 department for the purpose of establishing, modifying or enforcing a child support obligation of an individual, or for encumbering, holding, 23 24 refusing to release to the obligor or surrendering any assets held by the 25 financial institution, in response to a notice of lien or levy issued by 26 the department, or for any other action taken in good faith to comply 27 with the requirements of this section, regardless of whether the action 28 was authorized or described pursuant to this section. ¹<u>The department</u> 29 shall provide notice of the intent to levy an account and an opportunity 30 to contest the levy within 30 days of the date of the notice, in accordance with regulations adopted by the commissioner.¹ A financial 31 32 institution shall not be required to give notice to an account holder or 33 customer that the financial institution has provided information or 34 taken any action pursuant to the provisions of this section. The 35 financial institution shall not be liable for failure to provide the notice. g. In obtaining a financial record of an individual from a financial 36 37 institution, the department may only disclose the financial information

for the purpose of, and to the extent necessary to establish, modify orenforce a child support obligation of the individual.

h. If any officer or employee of the department knowingly, or by
reason of negligence, discloses a financial record of an individual in
violation of subsection g. of this section, the injured individual may
bring a civil action for damages against the officer or employee.
Unauthorized release of information shall also be cause for
administrative discipline of any employee who engages in an
unauthorized release. ¹In the case of willful unauthorized release of

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1 information, such action by an employee shall be cause for termination 2 of employment.¹ 3 i. No liability shall arise under this section with respect to any 4 disclosure which results from a good faith but erroneous interpretation. 5 j. No financial institution-affiliated party shall be required to 6 7 provide information required by this section if the financial institution 8 with which the party is affiliated has otherwise provided the required 9 information. ¹k. The amount subject to levy in a joint account, as defined in 10 section 2 of P.L.1979, c.491 (C.17:16I-2), shall be in accordance with 11 the provisions of section 4 of P.L.1979, c.491 (C.17:16I-4).¹ 12 13 14 9. (New section) a. The department shall establish and maintain 15 a State case registry. The department shall regularly monitor cases in the registry with respect to which services are being provided under 16 the State Title IV-D plan. The registry shall include information on: 17 18 (1) the amount and frequency of support owed and other amounts 19 due or overdue under the support order, including arrearages, interest 20 or late payment penalties and fees; 21 (2) any amounts described in paragraph (1) of this subsection that 22 have been collected; (3) the distribution of collected amounts; 23 (4) the date of birth of any child for whom the support order 24 25 requires support; 26 (5) the amount of any lien imposed; 27 (6) information on administrative actions and administrative and 28 judicial proceedings and court orders relating to paternity and support; 29 (7) information obtained from comparison with federal, State, or local sources of information; and 30 31 (8) any other relevant information. 32 b. Beginning October 1, 1998, the court shall transmit to the State case registry a copy of every judgment or order that includes a 33 34 provision for child support. 35 36 10. (New section) All federal and state agencies conducting 37 activities pursuant to the requirements of Title IV-D, shall have access 38 directly or through the department to any system used by the Division 39 of Motor Vehicles in the Department of Transportation and law 40 enforcement agencies in the State to locate an individual. The 41 information shall be made available to the department through electronic means when feasible. 42 43 11. (New section) $1a_{\underline{1}}$ Subject to safeguards on privacy and 44 information security ¹provided for in this section¹: 45 ¹[a.] (1) ¹ The Social Security number of an applicant for any 46

professional or occupational license, recreational or sporting license, 1 2 driver's license, or marriage license shall be recorded on the 3 application; ¹ [b.] $(2)^{1}$ The Social Security number shall be placed in the record 4 5 relating to: a divorce decree; support order in a divorce decree; support order and paternity determination or acknowledgment; and on 6 7 a death certificate; and ¹[c.] $(3)^1$ The Social Security number shall be made available to the 8 department through electronic means when feasible. 9 ¹<u>b. The use or disclosure of information concerning applicants or</u> 10 recipients of support enforcement services is limited to purposes 11 12 directly connected with: 13 (1) the administration of the State plan or program approved under 14 parts A, B, D, E, or F of Title IV or under Titles I, X, XIV, XVI, 15 XIX or XX of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.s.301 et seq.) 16 or the supplemental security income program established under Title 17 XVI of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.s.301 et seq.); 18 (2) any investigations, prosecution or criminal or civil proceeding 19 conducted in connection with the administration of any such plan or 20 <u>program;</u> 21 (3) the administration of any other federal or federally assisted 22 program which provides assistance, in cash or in kind, or services, 23 directly to individuals on the basis of need; and (4) reporting to an appropriate agency or official, information on 24 25 known or suspected instances of physicial or mental injury, sexual 26 abuse or exploitation, or negligent treatment or maltreatment of a child 27 who is the subject of a child support enforcement activity under 28 circumstances which indicate that the child's health or welfare is 29 threatened thereby. 30 The department is prohibited from disclosing to any committee or 31 federal, State or local legislative body any information that identifies 32 by name or address any such applicant or recipient.¹ 33 12. (New section) a. All employers and labor organizations doing 34 35 business in the State shall report to the department ¹, or its designee¹: (1) the hiring of, or contracting with, any person who works in this 36 State and to whom the employer anticipates paying earnings; and 37 38 (2) the re-hiring or return to work of any employee who is laid off, 39 furloughed, separated, granted a leave without pay, or terminated from 40 employment in this State. b. An employer shall submit the information required in this 41 42 subsection within 20 days of the hiring, re-hiring, or return to work of 43 the employee, except that an employer who transmits reports 44 magnetically or electronically shall report every 15 days in accordance 45 with rules adopted by the commissioner. The report shall contain: 46 (1) the employee's name, address, date of birth and Social Security 1 number; and

2 (2) the employer's name, address, and federal tax identification 3 number.

c. An employer who fails to report, as required in this section, shall
be given a written warning by the department for the first violation and
shall be subject to a civil penalty which shall not exceed: \$25 per
violation, or, if the failure to report is the result of a conspiracy
between the employer and the employee to not supply the required
report or to supply a false or incomplete report, \$500.

Payment of the penalty may not be required, however, if in response to the imposition of the penalty, the person or entity complies immediately with the new hire reporting requirements. All penalties assessed under this section shall be payable to the State Treasurer and may be recovered in a summary proceeding pursuant to "the penalty enforcement law," N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq.

d. The information provided pursuant to this section may be shared
with any federal or State agency as deemed appropriate by the
commissioner.

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13. (New section) In any case in which the department knows of
a transfer by a child support judgment debtor pursuant to the "Uniform
Fraudulent Transfer Act," R.S.25:2-20 et seq., with respect to which
a prima facie case is established, the department shall seek to void the
transfer or obtain a settlement in the best interest of the child support
creditor.

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14. (New section) a. The department shall be responsible for the
establishment of a State disbursement unit ¹, on or before October 1,
<u>1999</u>,¹ for the collection and disbursement of payments under support
orders in all Title IV-D cases, and in all non-Title IV-D cases in which
the support order was initially issued in the State on or after January
1, 1994, and in which the income of the non-custodial parent is subject
to income withholding.

b. The department shall provide employers with one location towhich income withholding shall be sent.

c. The department shall use automated procedures, electronic
processes and computer driven technology to the maximum extent
feasible, for efficient and economical collection and disbursement of
support payments. All payments shall be disbursed in accordance with
federal requirements.

¹<u>d. On or before October 1, 1999, the department shall establish</u>
<u>the capability to disburse child support payments by direct deposit,</u>
<u>upon request of the payee</u>,¹

45 15. (New section) a. The department shall use administrative46 enforcement, to the same extent as used for intrastate cases, in

1 response to a request made by another state to enforce a support 2 order, and shall promptly report the results of the enforcement 3 procedure to the requesting state. The department shall respond to a 4 request made by another state to enforce a support order through electronic means, when feasible. 5 6 b. The department may, by electronic or other means, transmit to another state a request for assistance in enforcing support orders 7 8 through administrative enforcement. 9 c. The requesting state's request shall: 10 (1) include such information as will enable the state to which the 11 request is transmitted to compare the information about the case to the 12 information in the databases of the state; and 13 (2) constitute a certification by the requesting state: 14 (a) of the amount of support under an order that the payment of 15 which is in arrears; and (b) that the requesting state has complied with all procedural due 16 process requirements applicable to each case. 17 18 d. If the department provides assistance to another state pursuant 19 to this section with respect to a case, neither state shall consider the case to be transferred to the caseload of the other state. 20 21 The department shall maintain records of: the number of e. 22 requests for assistance received by the State; the number of cases for 23 which the State collected support in response to the request; and the amount of support collected. 24 25 16. (New section) The State IV-D agency and the court may 26 27 transfer a case between local county welfare agency and Probation 28 Division offices, respectively, without the need for additional filing by 29 the petitioner or service of process upon the respondent to retain 30 jurisdiction over the parties. Notice shall be provided to the parties 31 advising of the transfer. 32 33 17. a. The commissioner, pursuant to the "Administrative 34 Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), shall adopt regulations to effectuate the purposes of this act and to comply with 35 the requirements of Pub.L.104-193; except that, notwithstanding any 36 provision of P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) to the contrary, the 37 38 commissioner may adopt, immediately upon filing with the Office of 39 Administrative Law, such regulations as the commissioner deems 40 necessary to implement the provisions of this act, which regulations 41 shall be effective for a period not to exceed six months and may, 42 thereafter, be amended, adopted or readopted by the commissioner in accordance with the requirements of P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et 43 44 seq.). 45 b. The Attorney General and the Commissioners of Environmental Protection, Labor, Banking and Insurance, Health and Senior Services, 46

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1 Corrections, Transportation and Community Affairs may, pursuant to 2 the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et 3 seq.), adopt regulations, as appropriate, to effectuate the purposes of 4 this act and to comply with the requirements of Pub.L.104-193; except that, notwithstanding any provision of P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 5 6 et seq.) to the contrary, the Attorney General and the respective commissioners may adopt, immediately upon filing with the Office of 7 8 Administrative Law such regulations as the Attorney General or the 9 respective commissioners deem necessary to implement the provisions 10 of this act, which regulations shall be effective for a period not to exceed six months and may thereafter, be amended, adopted or 11 12 readopted by the Attorney General or respective commissioners in 13 accordance with the requirements of P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et 14 seq.). 15 16 18. Section 2 of P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.8) is amended to 17 read as follows: 18 2. Every complaint, notice or pleading for the entry or 19 modification of [an] <u>a support</u> order [of a] <u>and every</u> court <u>order</u> 20 which includes child support shall include a written notice to the 21 obligor stating that the child support provision of the order shall, and 22 the [medical support] health care coverage provision may, as 23 appropriate, be enforced by an income withholding upon the current or future income due from the obligor's employer or successor 24 25 employers and upon the unemployment compensation benefits due the 26 obligor and against debts, income, trust funds, profits or income from 27 any other source due the obligor except as provided in section 3 of 28 P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.9). The written notice shall also state 29 that the driver's license and professional or occupational licenses, or 30 recreational or sporting license in accordance with P.L.1996, c.7 31 $[(C.2A:17-56.40 \text{ et seq.}),](C.2A:17-56.41 \text{ et seq.})^1$ held or applied 32 for by the obligor may be denied, suspended or revoked if: the child 33 support arrearage is equal to or exceeds the amount of child support payable for six months; the obligor fails to provide health [insurance] 34 35 care coverage for the children as ordered by the court for six months; or the obligor fails to respond to a subpoena relating to a paternity or 36 37 child support proceeding; or a warrant for the obligor's arrest has been 38 issued by the court due to failure to pay child support as ordered, 39 failure to appear at a hearing to establish paternity or child support, or 40 failure to appear at a hearing to enforce a child support order and said 41 warrant remains outstanding. The written notice shall also state that the amount of a ¹[<u>Title</u> IV-D]¹ child support order and the provisions 42 for [medical support] <u>health care</u> coverage ¹[shall] <u>may</u>¹ be reviewed 43 44 and updated¹ [, as necessary, at least every three years] <u>when there has</u> 45 been a change in circumstances or in accordance with section 5 of <u>P.L.1990, c.92 $(C.2A:17-56.9a)^1$.</u> 46

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The court shall ensure that in the case of each obligor against whom

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2 a support order is or has been issued or modified, the obligor's income 3 shall be withheld to comply with the order. An amount shall be 4 withheld to pay the support obligation and it shall include an amount 5 to be applied toward liquidation of arrearages reduced to judgments, 6 payments for paternity testing procedures and provisions for [medical 7 support health care coverage when applicable. These provisions shall 8 also be applicable to all orders issued on or before the effective date 9 of [this act] P.L.1985, c.278 (C.2A:17-56.16 et seq.). 10 A support provision contained in an order or judgment issued by 11 the court shall be paid by income withholding unless the order or 12 judgment specifically provides for an alternative payment arrangement 13 to which the parties agree in writing or the obligor or obligee demonstrates and the court finds good cause for establishing an 14 15 alternative arrangement. 16 (cf: P.L.1996, c.7, s.1) 17 19. Section 3 of P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.9) is amended to 18 19 read as follows: 20 3. [The income withholding shall be initiated by the probation 21 department of the county in which the obligor resides immediately 22 after the court order has been issued; except that immediate 23 withholding shall not apply in those cases in which the obligor and 24 obligee agree in writing to an alternative arrangement or the obligor 25 or obligee demonstrates and the court finds good cause for 26 establishing an alternative arrangement. For support obligations that 27 are payable through the Probation Division, the Probation Division 28 shall mail the notice of immediate withholding to the obligor's payor 29 if the payor is known. If the obligor's source of income is unknown at 30 the time the Probation Division receives the support order, the 31 Probation Division shall mail the notice to the payor within the time 32 frame required pursuant to federal law. If an [immediate withholding] 33 is not ordered, due to the above exception <u>alternative payment</u> 34 arrangement has been ordered as provided in section 2 of P.L.1981, 35 c.417 (C.2A:17-56.8) or [an] a support order entered prior to [the effective date of this act] October 1, 1996, the income withholding 36 37 shall be initiated by the Probation Division when the obligor has failed 38 to make [a] the required child support payment [allocated or 39 unallocated that] and has arrearages accrued equal to the amount of 40 the support payable for 14 days <u>, or without regard to an arrearage or</u> 41 an alternative agreement if the obligee, for good cause, or the obligor 42 requests that withholding be initiated. Subject to the provisions of [this act, the] P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.8 et seq.), an income 43 44 withholding shall be initiated by the Probation Division and shall take 45 effect without amendment to the support order or further court or

quasi-judicial action and without regard to any alternative 1 2 arrangements entered into by the parties or ordered by the court. 3 The total amount of income to be withheld shall not exceed the 4 maximum amount permitted under section 303 (b) of the federal Consumer Credit Protection Act (15 U.S.C. s. 1673 (b)). The income 5 6 withholding shall be carried out in full compliance with all procedural 7 due process requirements. The Administrative Office of the Courts 8 shall establish procedures for promptly terminating the withholding 9 when necessary and for promptly refunding amounts which have been 10 improperly withheld. 11 The Probation Division shall extend the income withholding system 12 to include withholding from income derived within the State in cases 13 where the applicable support order was issued in another state. 14 When an income withholding order has been issued in this State, it 15 shall promptly be forwarded to the obligor's principal place of employment pursuant to P.L. c, (C.)(pending before the 16 Legislature as Assembly Bill No. 1646 of 1998) or to the appropriate 17 18 child support agency in the payor's state in the form prescribed by the 19 federal Office of Child Support Enforcement. All procedural due 20 process requirements of the state Title IV-D agency where the obligor 21 has income shall apply to the income withholding. 22 (cf: P.L.1990, c.92, s.2) 23 24 20. Section 5 of P.L.1990, c.92 (C. 2A:17-56.9a) is amended to 25 read as follows: 26 5. At least once every three years [all IV-D orders for child 27 support payments shall be subject to] . unless the State has developed 28 an automated cost-of-living adjustment program for child support 29 payments, the parties subject to a Title IV-D support order shall be 30 provided notice of their right to request a review, which shall be 31 conducted in accordance with the rules promulgated by the [IV-D 32 Agency <u>State IV-D agency</u> in consultation with the Supreme Court. 33 Such review shall take into account any changes in the financial 34 situation or related circumstances of both parties and whether the 35 order of child support is in full compliance with the [Child Support Guidelines set forth in the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of 36 37 New Jersey, R.5:6A] child support guidelines. 38 Upon completing the review and if a change in the amount of child 39 support is recommended, the State IV-D agency or designee shall so 40 notify the obligor and obligee in writing of the child support amount that is recommended. The obligor and obligee shall be afforded not 41 42 less than 30 days after such notification to file with the State IV-D 43 agency and the court a challenge to such proposed adjustment or 44 determination. [The] If proof exists that the obligor and obligee have been provided with ¹at least 30-days¹ notice of the proposed 45 adjustment, the court shall adjust the child support amount [will be 46

adjusted accordingly by the court] as proposed by the department if 1 2 either party does not challenge the recommended award within the 3 prescribed time or fails to show good cause why the adjustment should 4 not occur. 5 In accordance with section 351 of Pub.L.104-193, a proof or showing of a change in circumstances shall not be required prior to 6 7 initiation of a review or for the adjustment of an order under the three-8 year review process; however, a proof or showing of a substantial 9 change in circumstances shall be required prior to the initiation of a 10 review or for the adjustment of an order outside the three-year review 11 process. 12 (cf: P.L.1990, c.92, s.5) 13 14 21. Section 4 of P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.10) is amended to 15 read as follows: 16 4. a. [The probation department] If an income withholding 17 initiated by the Probation Division is required pursuant to section 3 of 18 P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.9), the Probation Division shall notify 19 the obligor of the income withholding by [certified or registered] 20 regular mail [with return receipt requested] to the obligor's last 21 known address. The notice to the obligor shall be postmarked no 22 later than 10 days after the date on which the application was filed 23 mailed at the same time as the notice to the payor, and shall inform the 24 obligor that the withholding [shall take effect 10 days after the 25 postmark date of the notice unless the obligor contests the withholding has commenced in accordance with section 314 of 26 27 Pub.L.104-193. The notice to the obligor shall also include all of the information regarding the withholding that is included in the notice to 28 29 the payor. An obligor may contest a withholding only on the basis of 30 mistake of fact. The notice to the obligor shall include but need not 31 be limited to: the amount to be withheld, including an amount to be 32 applied toward liquidation of arrearages; a statement that the 33 withholding applies to current and subsequent sources of income; the 34 methods available for contesting the withholding on the grounds that 35 the withholding is not proper because of mistake of fact; the period within which the [probation department shall] <u>Probation Division may</u> 36 37 be contacted in order to contest the withholding and that failure to 38 do so will result in notifying the payor to begin withholding; and the 39 actions the probation department will take if the individual contests the 40 withholding] : and the procedures to follow if the obligor desires to contest the withholding on the grounds that the withholding or the 41 42 amount thereof is improper due to a mistake of fact. 43 If an obligor contests the proposed withholding, the [probation] 44 department Probation Division shall schedule a hearing or review 45 within 20 days after receiving notice of contest of the withholding. If

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it is determined that the withholding is to [occur] continue, the 1 2 [probation department] Probation Division shall provide notice to the 3 obligor. [Notice to the obligor shall include the time within which the 4 withholding is to begin. Notice to the obligor shall [also] include all 5 of the information that is included in the notice to the payor in section 5 of [this act] P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.11). The Probation 6 Division shall notify the obligor [shall be notified by the probation 7 8 department] of the results of the hearing or review within five days of 9 the [determination made at the hearing] <u>date of the hearing or review</u>. 10 b. The probation department shall prepare the income withholding 11 notice when the obligor does not contest the withholding or has 12 exhausted all procedures established by the Administrative Office of the Courts for contesting the withholding. The income withholding 13 14 shall include requirements that a payor withhold the amount specified 15 in the notice and shall include a statement that the amount actually 16 withheld for support and for other purposes may not be in excess of 17 the amount allowed under section 303(b) of the federal Consumer Credit Protection Act (15 U.S.C. s. 1673(b)). On any] If the court 18 19 enters an order modifying alimony, maintenance or child support 20 [based upon changed circumstances], the Probation Division shall 21 amend the income withholding amount [shall also be changed] 22 accordingly. This income withholding shall have priority over any 23 other withholdings and garnishments without regard to the dates [of] 24 that the other income withholdings or garnishments were issued. 25 c. An income withholding made under [this act] P.L.1981, c.417 26 (C.2A:17-56.8 et seq.) shall continue in full force and effect until

26 (C.2A:17-56.8 et seq.) shall continue [in full force and effect until
27 such time as a court order to the contrary is entered upon the
28 liquidation of all arrearages] until terminated by a court.

29 d. Where there is more than one support order for withholding 30 against a single obligor, the payor shall withhold the payments to fully 31 comply with the court orders on a pro rata basis to the extent that the 32 total amount withheld from the obligor's [wages] income does not exceed the limits allowed under section 303(b) of the federal 33 34 Consumer Credit Protection Act (15 U.S.C. s. 1673(b)). Payors may 35 combine withheld amounts in a single payment for each appropriate probation department requesting withholding and separately identify 36 37 the portion of the payment which is attributable to each [individual] 38 obligor unless submitted pursuant to section 7 of P.L.1981, c.417 39 (C.2A:17-56.13) or through the use of electronic funds transfer.

40 (cf: P.L.1985, c.278, s.4)

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42 22. Section 5 of P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.11) is amended to 43 read as follows:

44 5. <u>a.</u> An income withholding made under [this act] <u>P.L.1981</u>,
45 <u>c.417 (C.2A:17-56.8 et seq.)</u> and provisions for [medical support]

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1 health care coverage shall be binding upon the payor and successor payors immediately after service upon the payor by the [probation] 2 3 department <u>Probation Division</u> of a copy of the income withholding 4 and an order for the provision of [medical support] health care 5 coverage, by [registered or certified mail with return receipt requested 6 until further order] regular mail. The payor is to pay the withheld 7 amount to the [probation department] Probation Division at the same 8 time the obligor is paid. The payor shall implement withholding and 9 the provisions for [medical support] health care coverage no later than the first pay period that ends immediately after the date the notice 10 11 was postmarked, except that the payor is not required to alter regular 12 pay cycles to comply with the withholding. For each payment, other 13 than payment received from the unemployment compensation fund, the 14 payor may receive \$1.00, which shall be deducted from the obligor's income in addition to the amount of the support order to compensate 15 16 the payor for the administrative expense of processing the withholding. 17 Notice to the payor shall include, but not be limited to, instructions 18 for the provisions for [medical support] health care coverage, the 19 amount to be withheld from the obligor's income and a statement that 20 the <u>total</u> amount [actually] withheld for support and other purposes 21 may not be in excess of the maximum amount permitted under section 22 303 (b) of the federal Consumer Credit Protection Act (15 U.S.C. 23 s.1673 (b)); that the payor shall send the amount to the [probation] 24 department] <u>Probation Division</u> at the same time the obligor is paid, 25 unless the [probation department] Probation Division directs that payment be made to another individual or entity; that the payor may 26 27 deduct and retain a fee of \$1.00 in addition to the amount of the 28 support order except when the payment is received from the 29 unemployment compensation fund; that withholding is binding on the payor until further notice by the [probation department] <u>Probation</u> 30 31 Division; that, in accordance with section 6 of P.L.1981, c.417 32 (C.2A:17-56.12), the payor is subject to a fine and civil damages as 33 determined by the court for discharging an obligor from employment, 34 refusing to employ, or taking disciplinary action against an obligor 35 subject to an income withholding because of the withholding or any 36 obligation which it imposes upon the payor; that the payor is subject 37 to a fine as determined by the court for failure to withhold support 38 from the obligor's income or pay the withheld amount to the Probation 39 Division; that if the payor fails to take appropriate action with regard 40 to the provisions for [medical support] health care coverage or 41 withhold wages in accordance with the provisions of the notice, the 42 payor is liable for any medical expenses incurred by the children 43 subject to the provisions for [medical support] health care coverage and any amount up to the accumulated amount the payor should have 44 45 withheld from the obligor's income; that the withholding shall have

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1 priority over any other legal process under State law against the same 2 [wages] <u>income</u>; that the payor may combine withheld amounts from 3 the obligor's [wages] income in a single payment to [each appropriate 4 agency requesting withholding] the Probation Division and separately 5 identify the portion of the single payment which is attributable to each [individual] obligor unless submitted pursuant to section 7 of 6 7 P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.13) or through electronic funds transfer; 8 that if there is more than one support order for withholding against a 9 single obligor, the payor shall withhold the payments on a pro rata 10 basis to fully comply with the support orders, to the extent that the 11 total amount withheld does not exceed the limits imposed under 12 section 303 (b) of the federal Consumer Credit Protection Act (15 13 U.S.C. s.1673 (b)); that the payor shall implement withholding no later 14 than the first pay period that ends immediately after the date the notice 15 was postmarked, except that the payor is not required to alter regular 16 pay cycles to comply with the withholding; and that the payor shall 17 notify the [probation department] <u>Probation Division</u> promptly upon 18 the termination of the obligor's employment benefits and provide the 19 obligor's last known address and the name and address of the obligor's 20 new payor, if known. 21 A payor served with an income withholding notice shall be liable to 22 the obligee for failure to deduct the amounts specified. The obligee or 23 the Probation Division may commence a proceeding against the payor 24 for accrued deductions, together with interest and reasonable 25 attorney's fees. In accordance with section 314 of Pub.L.104-193, a payor who 26 27 complies with an income withholding notice that is regular on its face 28 shall be immune from civil liability for conduct in compliance with the 29 notice. 30 b. When a payor receives an income withholding notice issued by 31 another state, the payor shall apply the income withholding law of the 32 state in which the obligor's principal place of employment is located in 33 determining: 34 (1) the payor's fee for processing the income withholding; 35 (2) the maximum amount permitted to be withheld from the obligor's income; 36 37 (3) the time periods within which the payor must implement the 38 income withholding order and forward the child support payment; 39 (4) the priorities for withholding and allocating income withheld 40 for multiple obligees; and 41 (5) any withholding terms or conditions not specified in the 42 support order or notice. 43 (cf: P.L.1995, c.58, s.3) 44 45 23. Section 7 of P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.13) is amended to read

46 as follows:

1 7. [In] Until such time as a State disbursement unit is established pursuant to section 15 of P.L., c. (C.)(pending before the 2 3 Legislature as this bill), in every award for alimony, maintenance or 4 child support payments the judgment or order shall provide that 5 payments be made through the [probation department] Probation Division of the county in which the obligor resides, unless the court, 6 7 for good cause shown, otherwise orders. Upon entry of the judgment 8 or order, the parties shall provide the court and the Probation Division 9 with their Social Security numbers, residential and mailing addresses, 10 telephone numbers, driver's license numbers, and the name, address 11 and telephone number of their employers. Each judgment or order 12 [for alimony, maintenance or child support] shall [include an order] 13 <u>require</u> that the obligor and obligee notify the **[**appropriate probation 14 department] Probation Division of any change of payor or change of 15 address within 10 days of the change. Failure to provide this 16 information shall be considered a violation of this order. 17 The order shall also inform the obligor that the address provided to 18 the Probation Division shall be the address of record for subsequent 19 support enforcement actions and that service of legal documents at 20 that address shall be effective for the purpose of meeting due process 21 requirements. 22 Service at the address of record of all summonses, pleadings, or 23 notices shall be effective for all purposes.] For the purposes of 24 enforcing a support provision, the court may deem procedural due 25 process requirements for notice and service of process to be met with 26 respect to a party thereto upon delivery of written notice to the most 27 recent residential or employer address filed with the Probation Division for that party. If a party fails to respond to a notice and no 28 29 proof is available that the party received the notice, the Probation 30 Division shall document to the court that it has made a diligent effort 31 to locate the party by making inquiries that may include, but are not 32 limited to: the United States Postal Service, the Division of Motor Vehicles in the Department of Transportation, ¹the Division of 33 34 Taxation in the Department of the Treasury¹ and the Departments of Labor and Corrections. The Probation Division shall provide an 35 36 affidavit to the court presenting such documentation of its diligent 37 effort, which certifies its inability to locate the party, before any 38 adverse action is taken based upon the party's failure to respond to the 39 notice. When an obligor changes employment within the State while 40 income withholding is in effect, the [probation department] Probation 41 Division shall notify the new payor that the withholding is binding on 42 the new payor. When [a probation department] the Probation 43 Division is unable to locate the obligor's current payor in order to 44 effectuate an income withholding under [this act] P.L.1981, c.417 45 (C.2A:17-56.8 et seq.), the [probation department] Probation

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1 Division is authorized to utilize any other procedure authorized by law 2 to obtain this information. (cf: P.L.1985, c.278, s.7) 3 4 5 24. Section 18 of P.L. 1985, c. 278 (C.2A:17-56.21) is amended to 6 read as follows: 7 18. a. The State IV-D agency shall have the authority to make 8 available [information on] the name of any delinquent obligor and the 9 amount of overdue support owed by [obligors] the obligor to 10 [consumer] <u>credit</u> reporting agencies [upon their request], subject to the conditions set forth in this section and privacy safeguards 11 12 established by the commissioner. This information shall be provided 13 only to an entity that has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the State 14 IV-D agency that the entity is a credit reporting agency. 15 b. In all [State] <u>Title</u> IV-D [agency] cases where the obligor is 16 [more than \$1,000.00] in arrears, the information shall be made 17 available [upon the consumer] to credit reporting [agency's request 18 and may be made available in all other cases] agencies. 19 c. The State IV-D agency may establish a fee for all requests which 20 will be uniformly applied in all <u>Title</u> IV-D cases. Any fee charged shall 21 be limited to the actual cost of providing the information. 22 d. The obligor shall receive written notice that the information will be made available to the credit reporting agency. The obligor 23 24 shall have an opportunity to contest the accuracy of the information. 25 Information with respect to a delinquent obligor shall be reported to 26 credit reporting agencies only after the obligor has been afforded all 27 procedural due process required under State law including notice and 28 a reasonable opportunity to contest the accuracy of the information. 29 e. The State IV-D agency shall comply with all applicable 30 procedural due process requirements before releasing information and 31 may request information on an obligor from a credit reporting agency 32 only after noticing the obligor of the State IV-D agency's intent to 33 request the information. (cf: P.L.1985, c.278, s.18) 34 35 36 25. Section 1 of P.L.1988, c.111 (C.2A:17-56.23a) is amended to 37 read as follows: 38 1. Any payment or installment of an order for child support, or 39 those portions of an order which are allocated for child support, 40 whether ordered in this State or in another state, shall be fully enforceable and entitled as a judgment to full faith and credit and shall 41 42 be a judgment by operation of law on and after the date it is due. For 43 obligors who reside or own property in this State, such judgments¹, 44 once docketed with the Clerk of the Superior Court,¹ shall have the same force and effect¹, be enforced in the same manner and be subject 45

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to the same priorities¹ as a civil money judgment entered by the 1 2 court¹[, shall be subject to the same enforcement methods as civil 3 money judgments, and shall be a lien against the obligor's real and 4 personal property, subject to prior perfected liens of financial 5 institutions and other legitimate lien holders under State and federal law]¹. The State shall accord full faith and credit to child support 6 7 judgments or liens of other states, whether arising by operation of law 8 or having been entered by a court or administrative agency, when a 9 Title IV-D agency, a party, or other entity seeking to enforce such a 10 judgment or lien in this State files a Notice of Interstate Lien, in the 11 form prescribed by the federal Office of Child Support Enforcement, 12 and supporting documents with the Clerk of the Superior Court. An 13 action to domesticate a foreign child support judgment or lien shall be 14 consistent with the "Uniform Enforcement of Foreign Judgments Act," 15 P.L. 1997, c.204 (C.2A:49A-25 et seq.). Liens against real and 16 personal property shall be subject to the same enforcement procedures 17 as other civil money judgments except that no judicial notice or 18 hearing shall be required to enforce the lien. No payment or 19 installment of an order for child support, or those portions of an order 20 which are allocated for child support established prior to or 21 subsequent to the effective date of P.L.1993, c.45 (C.2A:17-56.23a), 22 shall be retroactively modified by the court except with respect to the 23 period during which there is a pending application for modification, but only from the date the notice of motion was mailed either directly 24 25 or through the appropriate agent. The written notice will state that a 26 change of circumstances has occurred and a motion for modification 27 of the order will be filed within 45 days. In the event a motion is not 28 filed within the 45-day period, modification shall be permitted only 29 from the date the motion is filed with the court. 30 The non-modification provision of this section is intended to be 31 curative and shall apply to all orders entered before, on and after the effective date of [this act] P.L.1993, c.45 (C.2A:17-56.23a). 32 (cf: P.L.1993, c.45, s.1) 33 34 35 26. Section 1 of P.L.1995, c.322 (C.2A:17-56.34) is amended to 36 read as follows: 37 1. The ¹ [county probation department] <u>Probation Division</u>¹, the State IV-D agency and its designees, subject to privacy safeguards, 38 39 shall be authorized to receive information concerning putative fathers 40 and child support obligors from the following sources through 41 electronic or other appropriate means: 42 To the extent permitted by R.S.54:50-9, records of the Division a. 43 of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury containing information 44 concerning an obligor's income or assets; Direct, on-line access to the Division of Motor Vehicles' b.

b. Direct, on-line access to the Division of Motor Vehicles'records, including, where possible, interface between automated

1 systems; 2 c. Any record, paper, document or entity deemed by the 3 [probation department] Probation Division, the State IV-D agency or 4 its designee to be a potential source of information concerning an 5 obligor's income or assets. In order to obtain information pursuant to this subsection, the [probation department] Probation Division and 6 7 the State IV-D agency shall have the authority, as designated by the 8 Commissioner of the Department of Human Services, to compel the 9 production of books, papers, accounts, records and documents by 10 subpoena. The subpoena shall be served by certified and regular mail 11 ¹[in accordance with court rules] on the person or entity in 12 possession of the information or record that is sought and such service 13 shall be considered consistent with procedural due process 14 requirements. In all other respects, a subpoena issued under this 15 section shall be subject to the same procedures as a subpoena issued by other agencies of this State. Actions relating to a subpoena issued 16 17 under this section shall be heard in the court; d. State lottery prize payments in excess of \$600 made by the 18 19 Department of the Treasury; 20 Record of a judgment or settlement of any civil action where e. 21 a party is entitled to receive a monetary award made by the court $\frac{1}{0}$ 22 an inheritance¹; and Record of an out-of-court settlement. 23 f. 24 (cf: P.L.1995, c.322, s.1) 25 26 27. Section 2 of P.L.1995, c.322 (C.2A:17-56.35) is amended to 27 read as follows: 28 2. a. If the State IV-D agency and its designees are unable to obtain information pursuant to section 1 of [this act] P.L.1995, c.322 29 30 (C.2A:17-56.34), then the agency and its designees may seek verifying 31 information from public utility [records] and cable television 32 companies as required by Pub.L.104-193. Such information shall be 33 limited to identifying information necessary to establish the name and 34 address, or residency, if different from the address, of putative fathers 35 and child support obligors. 36 b. A public utility or cable television company shall not be liable 37 for damages for any civil action which may result from complying with 38 the provisions of [this act] <u>P.L.1995, c.322 (C.2A:17-56.34 et seq.</u>). 39 c. A long distance carrier shall be exempt from the provisions of 40 this act P.L.1995, c.322 (C.2A:17-56.34 et seq.). 41 (cf: P.L.1995, c.322, s.2) 42 43 28. Section 3 of P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.41) is amended to read 44 as follows: 45 3. a. If the child support arrearage equals or exceeds the amount 46 of child support payable for six months or court-ordered health

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[insurance] <u>care coverage</u> for the child is not provided for six months, 1 2 or the obligor fails to respond to a subpoena relating to a paternity or 3 child support action, or a child support-related warrant exists, and the 4 obligor is found to possess a license in the State and all appropriate 5 enforcement methods to collect the child support arrearage, as defined in section 2 of P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.40) have been 6 7 exhausted, the Probation Division shall send a written notice to the 8 obligor, by certified and regular mail, return receipt requested, at the 9 obligor's last-known address or place of business or employment, advising the obligor that the obligor's license [shall] may be revoked 10 or suspended unless, within 30 days of the postmark date of the notice, 11 12 the obligor pays the full amount of the child support arrearage, or provides proof that health [insurance] <u>care coverage</u> for the child has 13 14 been obtained, or responds to a subpoena, or makes a written request 15 for a court hearing to the Probation Division. The obligor's driver's 16 license shall be suspended by operation of law upon the issuance of a 17 child support-related warrant. If a child support- related warrant for 18 the obligor exists, the professional, occupational, recreational or 19 sporting license revocation or suspension process shall be 20 terminated if the obligor pays the full amount of the child support 21 arrearage, provides proof that health [insurance] care coverage for the 22 child has been obtained as required by the court order, or surrenders 23 to the county sheriff or the Probation Division.

24 b. If the obligor fails to take one of the actions in subsection a. of 25 this section within 30 days of the postmark date of the notice and there 26 is proof that service on the obligor was effective, the Probation 27 Division shall file a certification with the court setting forth the obligor's non-compliance with the support order and the obligor's 28 29 failure to respond to the written notice of the potential license 30 suspension or revocation. If, based on the papers filed by the 31 Probation Division, the court is satisfied that service on the obligor 32 was effective as set forth in this section, it shall without need for 33 further due process or hearing, enter a court order suspending or 34 revoking all licenses held by the obligor. Upon the entry of the order, the Probation Division shall forward a copy to the obligor and all 35 36 appropriate licensing authorities.

37 Simultaneous certified and regular mailing of the written notice 38 shall constitute effective service unless the United States Postal 39 Service returns the mail to the Probation Division within the 30-day response period marked "moved, unable to forward," "addressee not 40 known," "no such number/street," "insufficient address," or 41 42 "forwarding order expired." If the certified mail is returned for any 43 other reason without the return of the regular mail, the regular mail 44 service shall constitute effective service. If the mail is addressed to the 45 obligor at the obligor's place of business or employment, with postal 46 instructions to deliver to addressee only, service will be deemed

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1 effective only if the signature on the return receipt appears to be that 2 of the obligor. Acceptance of the certified mail notice signed by the 3 obligor, the obligor's attorney, or a competent member of the obligor's 4 household above the age of 14 shall be deemed effective service. For 5 the purposes of this section, the court may deem procedural due 6 process requirements for notice and service of process to be met with 7 respect to a party thereto upon delivery of written notice to the most 8 recent residential or employer address filed with the Probation 9 Division for that party. If a party fails to respond to a notice and no 10 proof is available that the party received the notice, the Probation 11 Division shall document to the court that it has made a diligent effort 12 to locate the party by making inquiries that may include, but are not 13 limited to: the United States Postal Service, the Division of Motor Vehicles in the Department of Transportation, ¹the Division of 14 Taxation in the Department of the Treasury¹ and the Departments of 15 Labor and Corrections. The Probation Division shall provide an 16 17 affidavit to the court presenting such documentation of its diligent 18 effort, which certifies its inability to locate the party, before any 19 adverse action is taken based upon the party's failure to respond to the 20 notice. 21 c. If the obligor requests a hearing, the Probation Division shall 22 file a petition for a judicial hearing in accordance with section 5 of P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.43). The hearing shall occur within 45 23 24 days of the obligor's request. If, at or prior to the hearing, the obligor 25 pays the full amount of the child support arrearage or provides health 26 [insurance] <u>care coverage</u> as ordered, <u>or responds to the subpoena or</u> 27 surrenders to the county sheriff or the Probation Division, the license revocation process shall be terminated. No license revocation action 28 29 shall be initiated if the Probation Division has received notice that the 30 obligor has pending a motion to modify the child support order if that 31 motion was filed prior to the date that the notice of the license 32 suspension or revocation was sent by the Probation Division. The 33 court shall consider the Probation Division's petition to revoke or 34 suspend a license in accordance with section 5 of P.L.1996, c.7 35 (C.2A:17-56.43). (cf: P.L.1996, c.7, s.3) 36 37 38 29. Section 5 of P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.43) is amended to read 39 as follows: 40 5. The court shall suspend or revoke a license if it finds that: a. all appropriate enforcement methods ¹ [as defined in section 2 of 41 P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.40)]¹ have been exhausted, b. the obligor 42 is the holder of a license, c. the requisite child support arrearage 43 44 amount exists [or], health [insurance] care coverage has not been 45 provided as ordered pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1996, c.7 46 (C.2A:17-56.41), or there has been no response to a subpoena, d. no

1 motion to modify the child support order, filed prior to the date that 2 the notice of the license suspension or revocation was sent by the 3 Probation Division, is pending before the court, and e. there is no 4 equitable reason, such as involuntary unemployment, disability, or 5 compliance with a court-ordered plan for the periodic payment of the 6 child support arrearage amount, for the obligor's non-compliance with 7 the child support order.

8 If the court is satisfied that these conditions exist, it shall first 9 consider suspending or revoking a driver's license prior to a 10 professional license. If the obligor fails to appear at the hearing after 11 being properly served with notice, the court shall order the suspension 12 or revocation of all licenses held by the obligor. In the case of a 13 driver's license, if the court finds that the license revocation or 14 suspension will result in a significant hardship to the obligor, to the 15 obligor's legal dependents under 18 years of age living in the obligor's household, to the obligor's employees, or to persons, businesses or 16 17 entities to whom the obligor provides goods or services, the court may 18 allow the obligor to pay 25% of the past-due child support amount 19 within three working days of the hearing, establish a payment schedule 20 to satisfy the remainder of the arrearages within one year, and require 21 that the obligor comply with any current child support obligation. If 22 the obligor agrees to this arrangement, no suspension or revocation of 23 any licenses shall be ordered. Compliance with the payment agreement 24 shall be monitored by the Probation Division. If the obligor has good 25 cause for not complying with the payment agreement within the time 26 permitted, the obligor shall immediately file a motion with the court 27 and the Probation Division requesting an extension of the payment 28 plan. The court may extend the payment plan if it is satisfied that the 29 obligor has made a good faith effort to comply with the plan and is 30 unable to satisfy the full amount of past-due support within the time 31 permitted due to circumstances beyond the obligor's control. In no 32 case shall a payment plan extend beyond the date the dependent child reaches the age of 18. If the obligor fails to comply with the 33 34 court-ordered payment schedule, the court shall, upon receipt of a certification of non-compliance from the obligee or Probation 35 36 Division, and without further hearing, order the immediate revocation 37 or suspension of all licenses held by the obligor. If required by 38 existing law or regulation, the court shall order that the obligor 39 surrender the license to the issuing authority within 30 days of the date 40 of the order.

41 (cf: P.L.1996, c.7, s.5)

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43 30. Section 6 of P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.44) is amended to read 44 as follows:

45 6. a. The Probation Division shall provide the licensing authority46 with a copy of the order requiring the suspension or revocation of a

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1 license. Upon receipt of an order requiring the suspension or 2 revocation of a license [for non-payment of child support], the 3 licensing authority shall immediately notify the licensee of the effective 4 date of the suspension or revocation, which shall be 20 days after the 5 postmark of the notice, direct the licensee to refrain from engaging in the activity associated with the license, surrender any license as 6 7 required by law, and inform the licensee that the license shall not be reinstated until the court or Probation Division certifies that [all child] 8 9 support arrearage is] the conditions which resulted in the suspension 10 or revocation are satisfied. The Probation Division and the State IV-D 11 agency in association with the affected licensing authorities may 12 develop electronic or magnetic tape data transfers to notify licensing 13 authorities of restrictions, suspensions, revocations and reinstatements. 14 No liability shall be imposed on a licensing authority for suspending or 15 revoking a license if the action is in response to a court order issued in accordance with P.L.1996, c.7¹ (C.2A:17-56.40 et al.)](C.2A:17-16 17 <u>56.41 et seq.</u>)¹. Licensing authorities shall not have jurisdiction to modify, remand, reverse, vacate or stay a court order to restrict, 18 19 suspend or revoke a license for non-payment of child support.

20 b. If a licensee, upon receipt of the notice of suspension or 21 revocation from the licensing authority, disputes that he is an obligor, 22 the licensee shall notify the licensing authority and the Probation 23 Division by registered mail within 20 days of the postmark of the 24 notice and request a hearing. Upon receipt of the licensee's request for 25 a hearing, the Probation Division shall determine if the licensee is an 26 obligor. If the Probation Division determines that the licensee is an 27 obligor, the Probation Division shall file a petition for a judicial 28 hearing on the issue of whether the licensee is an obligor. The hearing 29 shall occur within 30 days. If the Probation Division determines that 30 the licensee is not an obligor, the Probation Division shall so notify the 31 licensee and the licensing authority. The licensing authority shall not 32 suspend or revoke a person's license, if the licensing authority received 33 proper notice of the licensee's request for a hearing pursuant to this 34 subsection, until the court finds that the licensee is an obligor. The Probation Division shall notify the licensing authority of the court's 35 36 finding. Upon receipt of the court's finding that the licensee is an 37 obligor, the licensing authority shall immediately suspend or revoke 38 the obligor's license without additional review or hearing.

c. The revocation or suspension of a license ordered by the court
in accordance with P.L.1996, c.7 ¹[(C.2A:17-56.40 et al.)](C.2A:17<u>56.41 et seq.</u>)¹ shall continue until the ¹Probation Division or the¹
obligor files with the licensing authority ¹[either]¹ a ¹certified¹ court
order restoring the license ¹[or a Probation Division certification
attesting to the full satisfaction of the [child support arrearage]
<u>conditions which resulted in the revocation or suspension</u>]¹.

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1 d. Each licensing authority shall require license applicants to 2 certify on the license application form, under penalty of perjury, that 3 the applicant does not have a child support obligation, the applicant 4 does have such an obligation but the arrearage amount does not equal or exceed the amount of child support payable for six months and any 5 6 court-ordered health care coverage has been provided for the past six 7 months, the applicant has not failed to respond to a subpoena relating 8 to a paternity or child support proceeding, or the applicant is not the 9 subject of a child-support related warrant. A license shall not be 10 granted to an obligor who applies for a license if there is an arrearage 11 equal to or exceeding the amount of child support payable for six 12 months, the applicant has not provided court-ordered health care 13 coverage during the past six months or [who] the applicant has failed 14 to respond to a subpoena relating to a paternity or child support 15 proceeding or is the subject of a child support-related warrant. The application form shall state that making a false statement may subject 16 the applicant to contempt of court. It shall also state that if the 17 18 applicant's certification is found to be false, the licensing authority 19 shall take disciplinary action including, but not limited to, immediate 20 revocation or suspension of the license. 21 e. For all licenses issued or renewed in the State after the effective date of P.L.1996, c.7¹ (C.2A:17-56.40 et al.)](C.2A:17-56.41 et 22 $\underline{seq.}^{1}$, the licensing authority shall record the full name, mailing 23 address, Social Security number and date of birth of the applicant or 24 25 licensee. All affected licensing authorities shall cooperate and enter 26 into agreements with the Probation Division and the State IV-D 27 agency to exchange information to effectuate the purposes of P.L.1996, c.7 1 [(C.2A:17-56.40 et al.)](C.2A:17-56.41 et seq.)¹. The 28 29 Division of Motor Vehicles in the Department of Transportation and 30 other appropriate licensing agencies shall amend their regulations and 31 public notices to permit Social Security numbers collected by those 32 agencies to be used for child support enforcement purposes. License 33 information obtained through data matches with licensing authorities 34 shall be maintained on the Automated Child Support Enforcement 35 System] State case registry in the Department of Human Services for future use. 36 37 (cf: P.L.1996, c.7, s.6) 38 39 31. Section 11 of P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.49) is amended to 40 read as follows: 11. The license revocation provisions of P.L.1996, c.7 41 42 $[(C.2A:17-56.40 \text{ et al.})](C.2A:17-56.41 \text{ et seq.})^{1}$ apply to all orders issued before or after the effective date of P.L.1996, c.7 43 44 $[(C.2A:17-56.40 \text{ et al.})](C.2A:17-56.41 \text{ et seq.})^{1}$. All child support

45 arrearage and health [insurance] <u>care coverage</u> provisions in existence

on or before the effective date of P.L.1996, c.7¹ (C.2A:17-56.40 et 1 al.)](C.2A:17-56.41 et seq.)¹ shall be included in determining whether 2 a case is eligible for enforcement in accordance with P.L.1996, c.7 3 4 $[(C.2A:17-56.40 \text{ et al.})](C.2A:17-56.41 \text{ et seq.})^{1}$. [This act] P.L.1996, c.7¹ (C.2A:17-56.40 et al.) (C.2A:17-56.41 et seq.)¹ 5 6 applies to all child support obligations ordered by any state, territory 7 or district of the United States that are being enforced by the 8 Probation Division, that are payable directly to the obligee, or have 9 been registered in this State in accordance with [P.L.1981, c.243 10 (C.2A:4-30.24 et seq.)] the "Uniform Interstate Family Support Act," 11 P.L., c. (C.)(pending before the Legislature as Assembly Bill 12 <u>No.1646</u>). 13 (cf: P.L.1996, c.7, s.11) 14 15 32. Section 1 of P.L.1991, c.384 (C.5:9-13.1) is amended to read 16 as follows: 17 1. <u>a.</u> The Director of the Division of the State Lottery in the 18 Department of the Treasury and the Director of the Division of Family 19 Development in the Department of Human Services shall initiate an 20 ongoing data exchange in the Office of Telecommunications and 21 Information Systems in the Department of the Treasury before a 22 payment is made of a State lottery prize in excess of [\$1,000] <u>\$600</u>. 23 b. A delinquent Title IV-D obligor who is an annuity award winner 24 shall be prohibited from assigning the annuity award. 25 (cf: P.L.1995, c.333, s.1) 26 27 33. Section 2 of P.L.1991, c.384 (C.5:9-13.2) is amended to read as follows: 28 29 2. The [Director of the Division of Economic Assistance] 30 Commissioner of Human Services shall periodically supply the Office 31 of Telecommunications and Information Systems with a list of: 32 a. those individuals in arrears of a court ordered child support 33 obligation; and 34 b. those former recipients of Aid to Families with Dependent 35 Children, pursuant to P.L.1959, c.86 (C.44:10-1 et seq.) or Work First New Jersey, pursuant to P.L.1997, c.38 (C.44:10-55 et seq.), food 36 37 stamp benefits issued pursuant to Pub.L. 95-113, Title XIII (7 U.S.C. s.2011 et seq.), or low-income home energy assistance 38 39 benefits issued pursuant to Pub.L. 97-35, Title XXVI (42 U.S.C. 40 s.8621 et seq.) who incurred an overpayment which has not been 41 repaid. 42 (cf: P.L.1991, c.384, s.2) 43 44 34. Section 4 of P.L.1991, c.384 (C.5:9-13.4) is amended to read 45 as follows: 4. The Office of Telecommunications and Information Systems 46

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1 shall cross check the lottery list with the data supplied by the [Director of the Division of Economic Assistance] Commissioner of 2 3 Human Services for a social security number match. If a match is 4 made, the Office of Telecommunications and Information Systems 5 shall notify the [Division of Economic Assistance] Commissioner of 6 Human Services. 7 (cf: P.L.1991, c.384, s.4) 8 9 35. Section 5 of P.L.1991, c.384 (C.5:9-13.5) is amended to read 10 as follows: 5. If a lottery prize claimant is in arrears of a child support order, 11 12 or is a former recipient of Aid to Families with Dependent Children 13 or Work First New Jersey, food stamp benefits or low-income home 14 energy assistance benefits who has incurred an overpayment which has not been repaid, the [Division of Economic Assistance] Department 15 of Human Services shall promptly notify the Department of the 16 17 Treasury and the Division of the State Lottery of the claimant's name, 18 address, social security number and amount due on an arrears child 19 support order or the amount due on an overpayment. The Department 20 of the Treasury shall withhold this amount from the pending lottery payment and transmit same to the Department of Human Services or 21 22 appropriate county probation department] Probation Division, as the 23 case may be, in accordance with regulations promulgated by the State 24 Treasurer. (cf:P.L.1991,c.384,s.5) 25 26 27 36. Section 6 of P.L.1991, c.384 (C.5:9-13.6) is amended to read 28 as follows: 6. The county welfare agency which provided the public assistance 29 30 benefits or the [county probation office] Probation Division, acting as 31 agent for the child support payee, shall have a lien on the proceeds of 32 the State lottery prize in an amount equal to the amount of child 33 support arrearage or the amount of overpayment incurred. 34 The lien imposed by this act shall be enforceable in the Superior 35 Court. (cf: P.L.1991, c.384, s.6) 36 37 38 37. Section 9 of P.L.1991, c.384 (C.5:9-13.9) is amended to read 39 as follows: 40 9. The costs associated with or necessary for the implementation 41 of P.L.1991, c.384 (C.5:9-13.1 et seq.) shall be borne by the Division 42 of Economic Assistance in the Department of Human Services. 43 (cf: P.L.1991, c.384, s.9) 44 45 38. Section 4 of P.L.1983, c.17 (C.9:17-41) is amended to read as 46 follows:

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4. The parent and child relationship between a child and:

2 a. The natural mother, may be established by proof of her having 2 since birth to the shild ence der $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$

3 given birth to the child, or under [this act] P.L.1983, c.17 (C.9:17-38
4 et seq.);

5 b. The natural father, may be established by proof that his paternity has been adjudicated under prior law; under the laws 6 7 governing probate; by giving full faith and credit to a determination of 8 paternity made by any other state <u>or jurisdiction</u>, whether established 9 through voluntary acknowledgment or through judicial or 10 administrative processes; by a Certificate of Parentage as provided in section 7 of P.L.1994, c.164 (C.26:8-28.1) that is executed by the 11 father, including an unemancipated minor, prior to or after the birth 12 13 of a child, and filed with the appropriate State agency; by a default 14 judgment or order of the court; or by an order of the court based on 15 a blood test or genetic test that meets or exceeds the specific threshold probability as set by ¹[the]¹ [State] ¹[Commissioner of Human 16 Services, subsection i. of section 11 of P.L.1983, c.19 (C.9:17-48)¹ 17 creating a ¹[conclusive] <u>rebuttable</u> ¹ presumption of paternity; [or 18 19 under this act 20 In accordance with section 331 of Pub.L.104-193, a signed 21 voluntary acknowledgment of paternity shall be considered a legal 22 finding of paternity subject to the right of the signatory to rescind the 23 acknowledgment within 60 days of the date of signing, or by the date 24 of establishment of a support order to which the signatory is a party,

25 whichever is earlier.

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The adjudication of paternity shall only be voided upon a finding
that there exists clear and convincing evidence of: fraud, duress or a
material mistake of fact, with the burden of proof upon the challenger;
c. An adoptive parent, may be established by proof of adoption;

d. The natural mother or the natural father, may be terminated by
an order of a court of competent jurisdiction in granting a judgment of
adoption or as the result of an action to terminate parental rights.

e. The establishment of the parent and child relationship pursuant
to subsections a., b., and c. of this section shall be the basis upon
which an action for child support may be brought by a party and acted
upon by the court without further evidentiary proceedings.

f. In any case in which the parties execute a Certificate of
Parentage or a ¹ [conclusive] rebuttable¹ presumption of paternity is
created through genetic testing, the presumptions of paternity under
section 6 of P.L.1983, c.17 P.L.1983, c.17 (C.9:17-43) shall not
apply.
g. Pursuant to the provisions of section 331 of Pub.L.104-193, the

g. Pursuant to the provisions of section 331 of Pub.L.104-193, the
 child and other parties in a contested paternity case shall submit to a
 genetic test upon the request of one of the parties, unless that person

45 has good cause for refusal, if the request is supported by a sworn

46 <u>statement by the requesting party:</u>

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1 (1) alleging paternity and setting forth the facts establishing a 2 reasonable possibility of the requisite sexual contact between the 3 parties; or 4 (2) denying paternity and setting forth the facts establishing a reasonable possibility of the nonexistence of sexual contact between 5 6 the parties. h. In a contested paternity case in which the State IV-D agency 7 requires ¹ or the court orders¹ genetic testing, the State IV-D agency 8 9 shall: 10 (1) pay the costs of the genetic test and may recoup payment from 11 the alleged father whose paternity is established; and 12 (2) obtain additional testing if the initial test results are contested, and upon the request and advance payment for the additional test by 13 14 the contestant. 15 (cf: P.L.1997, c.376, s.3) 16 17 39. Section 8 of P.L.1983, c.17 (C.9:17-45) is amended to read as 18 follows: 19 8. a. A child, a legal representative of the child, the natural 20 mother, the estate or legal representative of the mother, if the mother 21 has died or is a minor, a man alleged or alleging himself to be the 22 father, the estate or legal representative of the alleged father, if the 23 alleged father has died or is a minor, the Division of [Public Welfare] 24 Family Development in the Department of Human Services, or the 25 county welfare agency, or any person with an interest recognized as 26 justiciable by the court may bring or defend an action or be made a 27 party to an action at any time for the purpose of determining the existence or nonexistence of the parent and child relationship. 28 29 b. No action shall be brought under [this act] P.L.1983, c.17 (C.9:17-38 et seq.) more than 5 years after the child attains the age of 30 31 majority. 32 c. The death of the alleged father shall not cause abatement of any 33 action to establish paternity, and an action to determine the existence 34 or nonexistence of the parent and child relationship may be instituted 35 or continued against the estate or the legal representative of the alleged father. 36 37 d. Regardless of its terms, an agreement, other than an agreement 38 approved by the court in accordance with subsection [11c.]c. of 39 section 11 of P.L.1983, c.17 (C.9:17-48) between an alleged or 40 presumed father and the mother of the child, shall not bar an action 41 under this section. e. If an action under this section is brought before the birth of the 42 43 child, all proceedings shall be stayed until after the birth, except 44 service of process and the taking of depositions to perpetuate 45 testimony. The court may consider the issue of medical expenses and may order the alleged father to pay the reasonable expenses of the 46

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1 mother's pregnancy and postpartum disability. Bills for pregnancy, 2 childbirth and genetic testing are admissible as evidence without 3 requiring third party foundation testimony, and shall constitute prima 4 facie evidence of the amounts incurred for such services or for testing on behalf of the child. 5 6 f. This section does not extend the time within which a right of 7 inheritance or a right to succession may be asserted beyond the time 8 provided by law relating to distribution and closing of decedents' 9 estates or to the determination of heirship, or otherwise. (cf: P.L.1983, c.17, s.8) 10 11 12 40. Section 11 of P.L.1983, c.17 (C.9:17-48) is amended to read 13 as follows: 14 11. a. As soon as practicable after an action to declare the 15 existence or nonexistence of the father and child relationship has been brought, a consent conference shall be held by the Superior Court, 16 17 Chancery Division, Family Part intake service, the county probation department] Probation Division or the county welfare agency. At the 18 19 request of either party, the determination of paternity may be referred 20 directly to the court in lieu of the consent process. A court appearance 21 shall be scheduled in the event that a consent agreement cannot be 22 reached. 23 b. On the basis of the information produced at the conference, an 24 appropriate recommendation for settlement shall be made to the 25 parties, which may include any of the following: 26 (1) That the action be dismissed with or without prejudice; or 27 (2) That the alleged father voluntarily acknowledge his paternity 28 of the child. 29 c. If the parties accept a recommendation made in accordance with subsection b. of this section, which has been approved by the court, 30 31 judgment shall be entered or a Certificate of Parentage shall be 32 executed accordingly. 33 If a party refuses to accept a recommendation made under d. 34 subsection b. of this section or the consent conference is terminated because it is unlikely that all parties would accept a recommendation 35 pursuant to subsection b. of this section, and blood tests or genetic 36 37 tests have not been taken, the county welfare agency shall require or 38 the court shall [require] order the child and the parties to submit to blood tests or genetic tests [if the court determines that there is an 39 40 articulable reason for suspecting that the alleged father is the natural 41 father. The tests shall be scheduled within 10 days and shall be 42 performed by qualified experts. Thereafter the Family Part intake 43 service, with the approval of the court, shall make an appropriate final 44 recommendation <u>unless a party claims, and the county welfare agency</u> 45 or the court finds, good cause for not ordering the tests. The court 46 may hear and decide motions to challenge a directive issued by the

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1 county welfare agency requiring a party to submit to blood or genetic 2 tests. A genetic test shall be ordered upon the request of either party, 3 if the request is supported by a sworn statement by the requesting 4 party which alleges paternity and sets forth the facts establishing a 5 reasonable possibility of the requisite sexual contact between the 6 parties or denies paternity and sets forth the facts establishing a 7 reasonable possibility of the nonexistence of sexual contact between 8 the parties. If a party refuses to [accept the final recommendation] 9 acknowledge paternity based upon the blood or genetic test results, the action shall be set for [trial] <u>a hearing</u>¹[, except when the results 10 of the blood test or genetic test indicate that the specific threshold 11 12 probability as set by the State to establish paternity has been met or 13 exceeded 1. 14 If the results of the blood test or genetic test indicate that the specific threshold probability, as [set by the State] ¹[adopted by 15 regulation by the commissioner, set by subsection i. of this section¹ 16 to establish paternity has been met or exceeded, the results shall be 17 received in evidence as a ¹[conclusive] <u>rebuttable</u>¹ presumption of 18 19 paternity [and no] without requiring any additional foundation 20 testimony or proof of authenticity or accuracy [shall be required to 21 establish paternity <u>of the paternity testing or results</u>. In actions based on allegations of fraud or inaccurate analysis, the court or the county 22 23 welfare agency shall require that [the] additional blood [test] or 24 genetic test tests be scheduled within 10 days of the request and be performed by qualified experts. [The test] Additional blood or 25 26 genetic tests shall be paid for in advance by the [moving] requesting 27 party. 28 If a party objects to the <u>results of the</u> blood [test] or genetic [test] 29 tests, the party shall make the objection to the appropriate agency, in writing, within 10 days of [receipt of the results] the consent 30 31 conference or hearing.

e. The guardian ad litem may accept or refuse to accept arecommendation under this section.

34 f. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.164).

g. No evidence, testimony or other disclosure from the consent
conference shall be admitted as evidence in a civil action except by
consent of the parties. However, blood tests or genetic tests ordered
pursuant to subsection d. of this section [may] shall be admitted as
evidence.

h. The refusal to submit to a blood test or genetic test required
pursuant to subsection d. of this section, or both, shall be admitted
into evidence and shall give rise to the presumption that the results of
the test would have been unfavorable to the interests of the party who
refused to submit to the test. Refusal to submit to a blood test or
genetic test, or both, is also subject to the contempt power of the

1 court. 2 i.¹Blood test or genetic test results indicating a 95% or greater 3 probability that the alleged father is the father of the child shall create 4 a presumption of paternity which may be rebutted only by clear and 5 convincing evidence that the results of the test are not reliable in that 6 particular case. 7 <u>j.¹ If a party refuses to acknowledge paternity or does not appear</u> 8 at a consent conference conducted by the county welfare agency, the 9 county welfare agency shall refer the matter to the court for 10 adjudication. For purposes of establishing paternity, the blood or 11 genetic test results shall be admitted into evidence at the hearing 12 without the need for foundation testimony or other proof of 13 authenticity or accuracy, unless an objection is made. 14 (cf: P.L.1997, c.376, s.4) 15 16 41. Section 16 of P.L.1983, c.17 (C.9:17-53) is amended to read 17 as follows: 16. a. The judgment or order of the court or a Certificate of 18 19 <u>Parentage</u> determining the existence or nonexistence of the parent and 20 child relationship is determinative for all purposes. 21 b. If the judgment or order of the court is at variance with the 22 child's birth certificate, the court shall order that an amendment to the original birth record be made under section 22 of P.L.1983, c.17 23 24 (C.9:17-59). 25 c. The judgment or order may contain any other provision directed 26 against the appropriate party to the proceeding concerning the duty of 27 support, the custody and guardianship of the child, visitation privileges 28 with the child, the furnishing of bond or other security for the payment 29 of the judgment, the repayment of any public assistance grant, or any 30 other matter in the best interests of the child. The judgment or order 31 may direct the father to pay the reasonable expenses of the mother's 32 pregnancy and postpartum disability, including repayment to an agency 33 which provided public assistance funds for those expenses. Bills for 34 pregnancy, childbirth and blood or genetic testing are admissable as evidence without requiring third party foundation testimony, and shall 35 constitute prima facie evidence of the amounts incurred for these 36 37 services or for testing on behalf of the child. 38 d. Support judgments or orders ordinarily shall be for periodic 39 payments, which may vary in amount. In the best interests of the 40 child, the purchase of an annuity may be ordered in lieu of periodic 41 payments of support. The court may limit a parent's liability for past 42 support of the child to the proportion of the expenses already incurred 43 that the court deems just. 44 e. In determining the amount to be paid by a parent for support of 45 the child and the period during which the duty of support is owed, [a]

46 <u>the</u> court [enforcing the obligation of support] shall <u>apply the child</u>

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1 support guidelines as defined in section 3 of P.L., c. (C.)(pending 2 before the Legislature as this act). In cases in which the court finds that a deviation from these guidelines is appropriate, the court shall 3 4 consider all relevant facts when determining the amount of support, 5 including the: 6 (1) eeds of the child; 7 (2) tandard of living and economic circumstances of each parent; 8 (3) ncome and assets of each parent, including any public 9 assistance grant received by a parent; 10 (4) Earning ability of each parent, including educational background, training, employment skills, work experience, custodial 11 12 responsibility for children and the length of time and cost for each 13 parent to obtain training or experience for appropriate employment; 14 (5) Need and capacity of the child for education, including higher 15 education; (6) ge and health of the child and each parent; 16 (7) Income, assets and earning ability of the child; 17 18 (8) Responsibility of the parents for the support of others; and 19 (9) Debts and liabilities of each child and parent. 20 The factors set forth herein are not intended to be exhaustive. The 21 court may consider such other factors as may be appropriate under the 22 circumstances. 23 f. Upon a motion by a party, the court shall enter a temporary support order pending a judicial determination of parentage if there is 24 25 clear and convincing evidence of paternity supported by blood or 26 genetic test results or other evidence. 27 (cf: P.L.1983, c.17, s.16) 28 29 42. R.S.26:8-28 is amended to read as follows: 30 26:8-28. a. Within five days after each birth, there shall be filed 31 with the local registrar of the district in which the birth occurred a 32 certificate of the birth filled out with durable black or blue ink in a legible manner. The name of the father shall be included on the record 33 34 of birth of the child of unmarried parents only if the father and mother have signed a voluntary acknowledgment of paternity; or a court or an 35 36 administrative agency of competent jurisdiction has issued an 37 adjudication of paternity. 38 Nothing in this section shall preclude the State IV-D agency from 39 obtaining an admission of paternity from the father for submission in 40 a judicial or administrative proceeding, or prohibit the issuance of an 41 order in a judicial or administrative proceeding which bases a legal 42 finding of paternity on an admission of paternity by the father and any 43 other additional showing required by State law. 44 In accordance with the provisions of the federal "Family b. Support Act of 1988," Pub.L.100-485, and section 13721 of 45 Pub.L.103-66 (42 U.S.C. s.666), as As part of the birth record, all 46

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1 information required by the State IV-D agency pursuant to section 7 2 of P.L.1994, c.164 (C.26:8-28.1) shall be recorded on a separate form provided or approved by the State registrar pursuant to subsection c. 3 4 of R.S.26:8-24, and filed with the State IV-D agency pursuant to R.S.26:8-30 and R.S.26:8-31 for the establishment and enforcement 5 of child support matters in the State. For the purposes of this 6 7 subsection, "State IV-D agency" means the agency in the Department 8 of Human Services designated to administer the Title IV-D Child 9 Support Program. 10 c. The State registrar shall require each parent to provide his Social Security number in accordance with procedures established by the 11 12 State registrar. The Social Security numbers furnished pursuant to this section shall be used exclusively for child support enforcement 13 14 purposes. 15 d. The certificate of birth shall include the blood type of the child. (cf: P.L.1994, c.164, s.3) 16 17 43. Section 7 of P.L.1994, c.164 (C.26:8-28.1) is amended to read 18 19 as follows: 20 7. A Certificate of Parentage may serve to satisfy the method of 21 collection of Social Security numbers as required pursuant to 22 subsection c. of R.S.26:8-28 and shall serve as the voluntary acknowledgement of paternity by a father. The Certificate of 23 Parentage shall contain, at a minimum, the following information: 24 25 a. a sworn statement by the father that he is the natural father of 26 the child; 27 b. the Social Security numbers, except in those cases in which a 28 person is ineligible to apply for one, and addresses of the father and 29 mother; 30 c. the signature of the mother and father authenticated by a witness 31 or notary; and 32 d. instructions for filing the Certificate of Parentage with the 33 agency designated by the State IV-D agency. 34 In addition, the State IV-D agency, in cooperation with birthing centers and hospitals providing maternity services and social services 35 or health care providers as designated by the Commissioner of Human 36 37 Services that may provide voluntary acknowledgment or paternity services, shall provide [written] information orally, or through the use 38 39 of video or audio equipment, and in writing to the father and mother 40 of the child explaining the implications of signing a Certificate of 41 Parentage, including the parental rights, responsibilities and financial 42 obligations, as well as the availability of paternity establishment 43 services and child support enforcement services. 44 (cf: P.L.1994, c.164, s.7) 45 46 44. R.S.26:8-30 is amended to read as follows:

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1 26:8-30. The attending physician, midwife or person acting as the 2 agent of the physician or midwife, who was in attendance upon the 3 birth shall be responsible for the proper execution and return of a 4 certificate of birth, which certificate shall be upon the form provided 5 or approved by the State department, and for making available to the 6 mother and natural father a Certificate of Parentage along with related 7 information as required by the State IV-D agency and pursuant to 452(a)(F) of the federal Social Security Act 8 section 9 (42 U.S.C.652(a)(F)). It shall be the responsibility of personnel at the 10 hospital or birthing facility to offer an opportunity to the child's natural father to execute a Certificate of Parentage. Failure of the natural 11 father or mother to execute the Certificate of Parentage and the date 12 13 of the request shall be noted on the Certificate of Parentage. The 14 Certificate of Parentage shall be filed with the State IV-D agency or 15 its designee. The provision of services related to paternity acknowledgment shall not be required when a legal action is pending 16 in the case, such as adoption, or State law prohibits such intervention. 17 18 For the purposes of this section, "State IV-D agency" means the 19 agency in the Department of Human Services designated to administer 20 the Title IV-D Child Support Program. 21 A signed voluntary acknowledgment of paternity may be challenged 22 in court within 60 days from the date of the signing of the Certificate of Parentage or by the date of the establishment of a support order to 23 24 which the signatory is a party, whichever date is earlier. The challenge 25 may be made only on the basis of fraud, duress, or material mistake of 26 fact, with the burden of proof upon the challenger, and the legal 27 responsibilities of any signatory arising from the acknowledgment may 28 not be suspended during the challenge, except for good cause shown. 29 A signed voluntary acknowledgment of paternity shall be considered 30 a legal finding of paternity with the same force and effect as a court 31 order or judgment establishing paternity. No judicial or administrative 32 proceedings are required to ratify an unchallengedacknowledgment of 33 paternity. 34 (cf: P.L.1994, c.164, s.4) 35 45. R.S.37:1-17 is amended to read as follows: 36 37 37:1-17. On the marriage license shall be the form for the certificate 38 of marriage in quadruplicate, to which the licensing officer shall have 39 set forth particularly therein the name, age, parentage, race, 40 birthplace, residence, Social Security number and condition (whether 41 single, widowed or divorced) of each of the married persons, and the 42 names and county of birth of their parents. The Social Security number 43 shall be kept confidential and may only be released for child support 44 enforcement purposes, and shall not be considered a public record 45 pursuant to P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.). The person by whom 46 or the religious society, institution, or organization by or before which,

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1 the marriage was solemnized, shall personally or by legally authorized 2 agent subscribe where indicated on the form the date and place of the 3 marriage. Each certificate of marriage shall also contain the signature 4 and residence of at least two witnesses who were present at the marriage ceremony. 5 (cf: P.L.1980, c. 128, s.1) 6 7 8 46. Section 12 of P.L.1983, c.17 (C.9:17-49) is amended to read 9 as follows: 10 12. a. An action under this act is a civil action governed by the 11 [rules of court] Rules Governing the Courts of the State of New 12 Jersey. b. The trial shall be by the court without a jury , unless a party to 13 14 the action shall file with the court a written request for a trial by jury within 10 days after service of the complaint. The complaint shall 15 contain a notice to all parties that they may request a jury trial within 16 10 days of the service of the complaint]. 17 (cf: P.L.1983, c.17, s.12) 18 19 20 47. The following are repealed: 21 Section 1 of P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.7); 22 Sections 1and 14 of P.L.1985, c.278 (C.2A:17-56.26 and 2A:17-23 56.17); and Section 2 of P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.40). 24 25 26 48. This act shall take effect immediately.

ASSEMBLY, No. 1645 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 208th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JANUARY 29, 1998

Sponsored by: Assemblyman MELVIN COTTRELL District 30 (Burlington, Monmouth and Ocean) Assemblywoman CHARLOTTE VANDERVALK District 39 (Bergen)

Cosponsored by: Assemblymen O'Toole, Moran, Felice, Talarico, T. Smith, DiGaetano and Zecker

SYNOPSIS

"New Jersey Child Support Program Improvement Act."

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



AN ACT concerning child support reform and revising parts of 1 2 statutory law. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. (New section) This act shall be known and may be cited as the 8 "New Jersey Child Support Program Improvement Act." 9 10 2. (New section) The Legislature finds and declares that: 11 a. Title III of the federal "Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996," Pub.L.104-193, provides 12 13 New Jersey with the authority and guidance to structure and 14 administer an effective and efficient child support program that is accessible to all the citizens of this State needing its services; 15 b. Work and the timely payment of child support promote the best 16 17 interests of all families with children; 18 c. The expeditious establishment of paternity and child support obligations is integral to the development of a safety net for 19 participants in the Work First New Jersey program established 20 pursuant to P.L.1997, c.38 (C.44:10-55 et seq.) and their children. 21 With the implementation of the Work First New Jersey program and 22 23 its time-limited benefits, the establishment of child support orders and 24 the collection of child support are essential to the ability of families to 25 achieve and maintain self-sufficiency; 26 d. The early establishment of paternity and child support orders creates a basis for individual security and family stability, and fosters 27 28 an understanding of personal responsibility in children and teenagers; 29 e. The efficient establishment of paternity and support obligations, 30 and the effective enforcement and collection of child support obligations pursuant to the provisions of Pub.L.104-193, will 31 32 maximize the federal funding available to New Jersey for these 33 services; and 34 f. The provisions of this act incorporate and expand the 35 fundamental concepts of P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.7 et al.) and 36 comply with the federal initiatives embodied in Pub.L.104-193; 37 3. (New section) As used in P.L., c. (C.)(pending before the 38 39 Legislature as this bill), P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.7 et al.), 40 P.L.1988, c.111 (C.2A:17-56.23a), sections 13, 17 through 20 and 22 41 of P.L.1985, c.278 (C.2A:17-56.16, 2A:17-56.20 through 2A:17-42 56.23, and 2A:17-56.25), P.L.1990, c.53 (C.2A:17-56.13a), sections 43 5 and 6 of P.L.1990, c.92 (C.2A:17-56.9a and 2A:17-56.9b),

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

1 P.L.1995, c.287 (C.2A:17-56.11a), P.L.1995, c.290 (C.2A:17-

2 56.11b), P.L.1995, c.322 (C.2A:17-56.34 et seq.) and P.L.1996, c.7

3 (C.2A:17-56.40 et al.):

4 "Account" means a demand deposit account, checking or negotiable

5 order of withdrawal account, savings account, time deposit account,

6 equity securities account or money market mutual fund account.

7 "Administrative enforcement" means the use of high volume automated

8 data processing to search various State data bases, including, but not

9 limited to, license records, employment service data and State new hire10 registries, to determine whether information is available in response to

11 a request made by another jurisdiction to enforce a support order.

12 "Appropriate enforcement methods" means mechanisms such as 13 income withholding, withholding of civil lawsuits, and execution of the 14 assets of the obligor which can result in immediate payment of the 15 child support arrearage when available. In appropriate cases, the 16 license revocation process may be used as an alternative to Rule 5:7-5 17 of the court rules.

18 "Arrearage" means the amount of unpaid support as determined by
19 a court order or an administrative order from a state for support of a
20 child or of a child and the custodial parent.

"Child" means a person, whether over or under the age of majority,
who is or is alleged to be owed a duty of child support by that person's
parent or who is or is alleged to be the beneficiary of a support order
directed to the parent.

25 "Child support" means the amount required to be paid under a 26 judgment, decree, or order, whether temporary, final or subject to 27 modification, issued by the Superior Court, Chancery Division, Family 28 Part or a court or administrative agency of competent jurisdiction of 29 another state, for the support and maintenance of a child, or the 30 support and maintenance of a child and the parent with whom the child 31 is living, which provides monetary support, health care coverage, any arrearage or reimbursement, and which may include other related costs 32 33 and fees, interest and penalties, income withholding, attorney's fees 34 and other relief.

35 "Child support related warrant" means an outstanding warrant for
36 the arrest of a child support obligor or putative father issued by the
37 court for failure to pay child support as ordered, failure to appear at
38 a hearing to establish paternity or child support, or failure to appear
39 at a hearing to enforce a child support order.

40 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Human Services.

41 "Court" means the Superior Court, Chancery Division, Family Part.

42 "Court order" means an order of the court or an order from an
43 administrative or judicial tribunal in another state that is competent to
44 enter or modify orders for paternity or child support.

45 "Court rules" means the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of46 New Jersey.

1 "Credit reporting agency" means a nationally recognized credit 2 reporting agency as approved by the commissioner and defined in the 3 federal Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. s. 1681a(f)) as any entity 4 which, for monetary fees, dues, or on a cooperative nonprofit basis, regularly engages in whole or in part in the practice of assembling or 5 6 evaluating consumer credit information or other information on 7 consumers for the purpose of furnishing reports to third parties and 8 which uses any means or facility of interstate commerce for the 9 purpose of preparing or furnishing consumer reports.

"Custodial parent" means the parent or other person who has legal
and physical custody of a child for the majority of the time. The
custodial parent is responsible for the day-to-day decisions related to
the child and for providing the basic needs of the child on a daily basis.
The custodial parent is the person to whom child support is payable.
In shared parenting situations, the custodial parent is known as the
Parent of Primary Residence.

"Default order" means a court order entered due to a party's failure
to answer a complaint or motion or to appear at a court proceeding as
required, after being properly served with notice.

20 "Department" means the Department of Human Services.

21 "Employee" means an individual who is an employee within the 22 meaning of chapter 24 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. 23 Employee does not include an employee of a federal or state agency 24 performing intelligence or counter-intelligence functions, if the head 25 of such agency has determined that reporting could endanger the 26 safety of the employee or compromise an ongoing investigation or 27 intelligence mission.

"Employer" has the meaning given the term in section 3401(d) of
the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and includes any governmental
entity and labor organization.

31 "Financial institution" means: a depository institution as defined in 32 12 U.S.C. s.1813(c); an institution affiliated party as defined in 12 U.S.C. s.1813(u); a federal or State credit union as defined in 12 33 34 U.S.C. s.1752, including an institution affiliated party of a credit union as defined in 12 U.S.C. s.1786(r); a benefit association, insurance 35 company, safe deposit company, money market mutual fund, 36 investment and loan corporation or similar entity authorized to do 37 38 business in this State.

39 "Health care coverage" means cash medical support, health insurance,
40 dental insurance, eye care, pharmaceutical assistance and other types
41 of medical support which are ordered by the court to maintain the
42 health coverage of a child.

"Income" for the purposes of enforcing a support order, means, but
is not limited to, commissions, salaries, earnings, wages, rent monies,
unemployment compensation, workers' compensation, any legal or
equitable interest or entitlement owed that was acquired by a cause of

action, suit, claim or counterclaim, insurance benefits, claims,
accounts, assets of estates, inheritances, trusts, federal or State income
tax refunds, homestead rebates, State lottery prizes, casino and
racetrack winnings, annuities, retirement benefits, veteran's benefits,
union benefits, or any other source that may be defined as income or
other property subject to withholding for child support pursuant to
State law.

8 For the purposes of establishing a support order, income is defined
9 pursuant to the child support guidelines in Appendix IX of the court
10 rules.

"Labor organization" means a labor organization as defined in paragraph (5) of section 2 of the federal "National Labor Relations Act" (29 U.S.C. s.152) and includes any entity used by the organization and an employer to carry out the requirements of paragraph (3) of subsection (f) of section 8 of that act (29 U.S.C. s.158(f)(3)) or an agreement between the organization and the employer.

"License" means any license, registration or certificate issued by the
State or its agencies or boards that is directly necessary to provide a
product or service for compensation, to operate a motor vehicle, or for
recreational or sporting purposes.

"Licensing authority" means any department, division, board,
agency or other instrumentality of State government that issues a
license, registration, certificate or other authorization to provide
goods or services for compensation, to operate a motor vehicle, or for
recreational or sporting purposes.

"Non-custodial parent" means the parent who does not have
physical custody of the child on a day-to-day basis. In shared parenting
situations, the non-custodial parent is known as the Parent of Alternate
Residence.

31 "Obligee" means an individual to whom a duty of support is or is 32 alleged to be owed or in whose favor a support order has been issued 33 or a judgment determining parentage has been rendered; a state or 34 political subdivision to which the rights under a duty of support or support order have been assigned or which has independent claims 35 based on financial assistance provided to an individual obligee; or an 36 individual seeking a judgment determining parentage of the individual's 37 38 child or providing for the support of a child.

"Obligor" means an individual, or the estate of a decedent, who
owes or is alleged to owe a duty of support, who is alleged but has not
been adjudicated to be a parent of a child, or who is liable under a
support order.

43 "Payor" means an employer or individual or entity that disburses44 or is in possession of income or assets payable to an obligor.

45 "Probation Division" means the Probation Division of the Superior

46 Court, Chancery Division, Family Part.

1 "RURESA" means the "Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement 2 of Support Act (1968)," adopted in New Jersey as P.L.1981, c.243 3 (C.2A:4-30.24 et seq.). 4 "Spousal support" means a legally enforceable obligation assessed 5 against a person for the support of a spouse or former spouse who is 6 the custodial parent of a child to whom the person owes child support. "State case registry" means the automated system maintained by the 7 8 State IV-D agency that contains federally required information on 9 child support cases. 10 "State IV-D agency" means the Department of Human Services. "Support guidelines" means the set of presumptive standards for 11 determining the amount of child support as established by the court in 12 13 court rules. 14 "Support order" means a judgment, decree or order, whether 15 temporary, final or subject to modification, for the benefit of a child, a spouse or a former spouse, issued by the court or a court or 16 administrative agency of another state, which provides for monetary 17 18 support, health care coverage, arrearages or reimbursement, and may 19 include related costs and fees, interest, income withholding, attorney's 20 fees and other relief. 21 "TANF" means the "Temporary Assistance to Needy Families" 22 program established pursuant to Title IV-A of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. s.601 et seq.). TANF includes the Work First 23 New Jersey program for dependent children and their parents 24 25 established pursuant to P.L.1997, c.38 (C.44:10-55 et seq.). "Title IV-D" means Title IV-D of the federal Social Security Act 26 27 (42 U.S.C. s.651 et seq.). 28 "Title IV-D case" means a case under Title IV-A of the federal 29 Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. s.601 et seq.) that involves an 30 assignment of support rights, an appropriate referral under Title IV-E 31 of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. s.670 et seq.), a non-32 public assistance case or a Medicaid only case, in which an application 33 for Title IV-D services has been filed and a fee paid, as appropriate, 34 with the department, or an interstate case referred to the department by another jurisdiction. 35 "UIFSA" means the "Uniform Interstate Family Support Act" to be 36 37 adopted by each state to replace RURESA pursuant to Pub.L.104-193. 38 39 4. (New section) Subject to safeguards on privacy and information 40 security and appropriate procedural due process requirements 41 including, as appropriate, notice, the opportunity to contest and notice 42 of the right to appeal to the court, the department is authorized to take 43 the following actions relating to the establishment of paternity or to 44 the establishment, modification or enforcement of support orders, 45 without the necessity of obtaining an order from the court, and to recognize and enforce the authority of state agencies of other states to 46

1 take the following actions:

a. Require genetic testing for the purpose of paternity3 establishment;

b. (1) Subpoena any financial or other information needed for theestablishment, modification or enforcement of a support order; and

6 (2) impose a civil penalty for failure to respond to a subpoena 7 which shall not exceed: \$25 per violation, or, if the failure to respond 8 is the result of a conspiracy between the entity and the non-custodial 9 parent not to supply the required information or to supply inaccurate 10 or incomplete information, \$500. Payment of the penalty may not be 11 required, however, if in response to the imposition of the penalty, the 12 person or entity complies immediately with the subpoena. All 13 penalties assessed under this section shall be payable to the State 14 Treasurer and may be recovered in a summary proceeding pursuant to 15 "the penalty enforcement law," N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq.;

c. (1) Request that any entity including for-profit, nonprofit and
government employers, respond promptly to a request by the
department or any out-of-State IV-D agency for information on the
employment, compensation and benefits of any individual employed by
the entity as an employee or contractor; and

21 (2) impose a civil penalty for failure to respond to any request 22 which shall not exceed: \$25 per violation, or, if failure to respond is the result of a conspiracy between the entity and the non-custodial 23 parent not to supply the required information or to supply inaccurate 24 25 or incomplete information, \$500. Payment of the penalty may not be 26 required, however, if in response to the imposition of the penalty, the 27 person or entity complies immediately with the subpoena. All 28 penalties assessed under this section shall be paid to the State 29 Treasurer and may be recovered in a summary proceeding pursuant to 30 "the penalty enforcement law," N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq.;

d. Subject to the nonliability of entities that afford access, to obtain
access, including automated access when feasible, to information
contained in the following records:

34 (1) records of other State and local government agencies which35 include, but are not limited to:

(a) records of the Bureau of Vital Statistics in the Department of
Health and Senior Services, and other agencies that collect vital
statistics, including marriage, death and birth records;

39 (b) records of the Division of Taxation in the Department of the
40 Treasury, and local tax and revenue records including address,
41 employer, income and assets;

42 (c) records concerning real and titled personal property;

(d) records of occupational, professional, recreational and sporting
licenses and records concerning the ownership and control of
corporations, partnerships and other business entities;

46 (e) records of the Department of Labor, including wage,

1 unemployment, disability and workers compensation records;

2 (f) records of agencies administering public assistance programs;

3 (g) records of the Division of Motor Vehicles in the Department

4 of Transportation, including, but not limited to, motor vehicle and5 commercial license and registration records; and

6 (h) records of the Department of Corrections, including records7 related to State-sentenced inmates and parolees; and

8 (2) records held by private entities with respect to individuals who 9 owe or are owed support, or against or with respect to whom a support obligation is sought, including information on the assets and 10 11 liabilities of individuals held by financial institutions and the names and 12 addresses of the individuals and the names and addresses of the 13 employers of the individuals appearing in customer records of public utilities and cable television companies, pursuant to a subpeona 14 15 authorized under subsection b. of this section;

e. Order income withholding in accordance with the provisions ofState and federal law;

f. Direct the obligor or payor to change the payee pursuant to
section 7 of P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.13) in cases where support
is subject to an assignment or an application for Title IV-D services
has been filed;

22 g. Secure assets to satisfy arrearages by:

(1) intercepting or seizing periodic or lump sum payments from:
State or local agencies, including unemployment compensation,
workers' compensation or other benefits; judgments, settlements and
awards; and lotteries;

(2) developing a bank information matching program and attaching
and seizing assets of the obligor held in financial institutions located
in this State in accordance with the provisions of P.L. , c,
(C.)(pending before the Legislature as this bill);

31 (3) attaching public and private retirement funds as permitted32 under State law; and

(4) imposing a lien and initiating an execution or levy to force the
sale of property and distribution of proceeds in accordance with
N.J.S.2A:17-1 through N.J.S.2A:17-4, N.J.S.2A:17-57 through
N.J.S.2A:17-76 and applicable court rules;

h. Require each party subject to a paternity or child support
proceeding to file with the court and the State case registry upon the
entry of an order and to update, as appropriate, information on the
location and the identity of the party, including, but not limited to:
Social Security number, telephone number, driver's license number,
residential and mailing addresses, and the name, address, and
telephone number of the party's employer; and

44 i. Unless otherwise ordered by the court, increase the amount of45 monthly support payments to include amounts for arrearages.

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1 5. (New section) For the purposes of enforcing a support 2 provision in an order or judgment, procedural due process 3 requirements may be deemed to have been met with respect to the 4 party upon delivery of written notice to that party's most recent residential or employer address on file with the department, if there is 5 6 a sufficient showing that diligent efforts have been made to locate the party by making inquiries that may include, but are not limited to, the 7 8 United States Postal Service, Division of Motor Vehicles in the 9 Department of Transportation, the Department of Labor, and the 10 Department of Corrections. A certification documenting unsuccessful efforts to locate a party shall be provided to the court before any 11 12 adverse action is taken based on failure of the party to respond to a 13 notice. For the purposes of establishing or modifying the child support 14 provision of a court order or judgment, service of process shall be 15 consistent with court rules or applicable statutes.

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17 6. (New section) In accordance with regulations adopted by the commissioner, the department shall make the determination as to 18 19 whether an individual who has applied for or is receiving public 20 assistance or assistance under the State Medicaid program pursuant to 21 P.L.1968, c.413 (C.30:4D-1 et seq.) or the Title IV-E program is 22 cooperating in good faith in establishing the paternity of, or in establishing, modifying or enforcing a support order for any child of 23 the individual by providing the name of the non-custodial parent and 24 25 such other information as may be required for this purpose. The 26 determination shall be made subject to good cause and other 27 exemptions as specified by the commissioner, by regulation.

The department shall notify the individual and appropriate State or county entities administering TANF and appropriate State or county entities administering the State Medicaid program of each determination, and if noncooperation is determined, the basis therefor.

7. (New section) In any case in which an obligor owes past-due
child support with respect to a child receiving assistance under a State
program funded under TANF, the department is authorized to petition
the court to issue an order that requires the obligor: to pay the support
in accordance with a plan approved by the court; or to participate in
work activities as ordered by the court, if the obligor is subject to such
a plan and is not incapacitated.

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8. (New section) a. Each financial institution doing business in the
State shall provide information to the department on all non-custodial
parents who maintain an account at the financial institution and who
owe past due support.

45 b. In order to provide the information required pursuant to46 subsection a. of this section, a financial institution shall enter into an

1 agreement and, at its option:

2 (1) identify non-custodial parents by comparing records maintained

3 by the financial institution with records provided by the department by

4 name, address of record and either Social Security number, tax
5 identification number or other identifying information;

5 Identification number of other identifying information,

6 (2) submit to the department a report that includes the name, 7 address of record and either Social Security number, tax identification 8 number or other identifying information of each individual maintaining 9 an account at the financial institution as shown on its records of that 10 account; or

(3) enter into an agreement with the department to provide the
name, address of record and either Social Security number, tax
identification number or other identifying information in a form and by
a method mutually agreeable to the financial institution and the
department.

c. The department shall enter into a cooperative agreement with 16 financial institutions doing business in this State to provide the 17 18 information required pursuant to subsection a. of this section on a 19 quarterly basis, by electronic or magnetic media, mail, facsimile or any 20 automated data exchange method or other means authorized by the 21 department. The department shall establish, by regulation, and pay a 22 reasonable fee for the data match provided for in this subsection. To 23 the extent consistent with federal law, the department shall reimburse a financial institution for actual costs that are reasonably and 24 25 efficiently incurred in conducting the data match provided for in this 26 section.

d. In response to a notice of lien or levy, a financial institution shall encumber or surrender, as the case may be, assets held by the financial institution on behalf of any noncustodial parent who is subject to a child support lien pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.666(a)(4). To the extent consistent with federal law, the encumberance or surrender shall be subject to any right to any fees and penalties or set-off the financial institution may have against the assets under State law.

34 e. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, a financial institution that is directed to levy upon, block, freeze or encumber an 35 account pursuant to the provisions of this section, is entitled to: (1) 36 37 collect or deduct from the account its reasonable and normally 38 scheduled processing fee for a levy; and (2) collect or deduct its 39 normally scheduled account activity fee to maintain the account for 40 any period the account is blocked, frozen or encumbered. The 41 provisions of this section shall not be construed to preclude a financial 42 institution from exercising its right to charge back or recoup a deposit 43 to an account.

f. Notwithstanding any other provision of federal or State law to
the contrary, a financial institution shall not be liable under any federal
or State law to any person for any disclosure of information to the

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1 department for the purpose of establishing, modifying or enforcing a 2 child support obligation of an individual, or for encumbering, holding, 3 refusing to release to the obligor or surrendering any assets held by the 4 financial institution, in response to a notice of lien or levy issued by the department, or for any other action taken in good faith to comply 5 6 with the requirements of this section, regardless of whether the action 7 was authorized or described pursuant to this section. A financial 8 institution shall not be required to give notice to an account holder or 9 customer that the financial institution has provided information or 10 taken any action pursuant to the provisions of this section. The 11 financial institution shall not be liable for failure to provide the notice. 12 g. In obtaining a financial record of an individual from a financial 13 institution, the department may only disclose the financial information 14 for the purpose of, and to the extent necessary to establish, modify or 15 enforce a child support obligation of the individual. h. If any officer or employee of the department knowingly, or by 16 reason of negligence, discloses a financial record of an individual in 17 violation of subsection g. of this section, the injured individual may 18 19 bring a civil action for damages against the officer or employee. Unauthorized release of information shall also be cause for 20 21 administrative discipline of any employee who engages in an 22 unauthorized release. i. No liability shall arise under this section with respect to any 23 24 disclosure which results from a good faith but erroneous 25 interpretation. 26 j. No financial institution-affiliated party shall be required to 27 provide information required by this section if the financial institution 28 with which the party is affiliated has otherwise provided the required 29 information. 30 31 9. (New section) a. The department shall establish and maintain 32 a State case registry. The department shall regularly monitor cases in 33 the registry with respect to which services are being provided under 34 the State Title IV-D plan. The registry shall include information on: (1) the amount and frequency of support owed and other amounts 35 36 due or overdue under the support order, including arrearages, interest 37 or late payment penalties and fees; 38 (2) any amounts described in paragraph (1) of this subsection that 39 have been collected; 40 (3) the distribution of collected amounts; 41 (4) the date of birth of any child for whom the support order 42 requires support; (5) the amount of any lien imposed; 43 (6) information on administrative actions and administrative and 44 45 judicial proceedings and court orders relating to paternity and support; 46 (7) information obtained from comparison with federal, State, or

1 local sources of information; and 2 (8) any other relevant information. 3 b. Beginning October 1, 1998, the court shall transmit to the State 4 case registry a copy of every judgment or order that includes a provision for child support. 5 6 10. (New section) All federal and state agencies conducting 7 8 activities pursuant to the requirements of Title IV-D, shall have access 9 directly or through the department to any system used by the Division of Motor Vehicles in the Department of Transportation and law 10 enforcement agencies in the State to locate an individual. The 11 information shall be made available to the department through 12 electronic means when feasible. 13 14 15 (New section) Subject to safeguards on privacy and 11. information security: 16 a. The Social Security number of an applicant for any professional 17 or occupational license, recreational or sporting license, driver's 18 19 license, or marriage license shall be recorded on the application; 20 b. The Social Security number shall be placed in the record relating 21 to: a divorce decree; support order in a divorce decree; support order 22 and paternity determination or acknowledgment; and on a death 23 certificate; and c. The Social Security number shall be made available to the 24 25 department through electronic means when feasible. 26 27 12. (New section) a. All employers and labor organizations doing 28 business in the State shall report to the department: 29 (1) the hiring of, or contracting with, any person who works in this State and to whom the employer anticipates paying earnings; and 30 31 (2) the re-hiring or return to work of any employee who is laid off, 32 furloughed, separated, granted a leave without pay, or terminated from 33 employment in this State. 34 b. An employer shall submit the information required in this subsection within 20 days of the hiring, re-hiring, or return to work of 35 the employee, except that an employer who transmits reports 36 magnetically or electronically shall report every 15 days in accordance 37 38 with rules adopted by the commissioner. The report shall contain: 39 (1) the employee's name, address, date of birth and Social Security 40 number; and 41 (2) the employer's name, address, and federal tax identification 42 number. 43 c. An employer who fails to report, as required in this section, shall 44 be given a written warning by the department for the first violation and 45 shall be subject to a civil penalty which shall not exceed: \$25 per violation, or, if the failure to report is the result of a conspiracy 46

between the employer and the employee to not supply the required
 report or to supply a false or incomplete report, \$500.

Payment of the penalty may not be required, however, if in response to the imposition of the penalty, the person or entity complies immediately with the new hire reporting requirements. All penalties assessed under this section shall be payable to the State Treasurer and may be recovered in a summary proceeding pursuant to "the penalty enforcement law," N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq.

9 d. The information provided pursuant to this section may be shared 10 with any federal or State agency as deemed appropriate by the 11 commissioner.

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13 13. (New section) In any case in which the department knows of 14 a transfer by a child support judgment debtor pursuant to the "Uniform 15 Fraudulent Transfer Act," R.S.25:2-20 et seq., with respect to which 16 a prima facie case is established, the department shall seek to void the 17 transfer or obtain a settlement in the best interest of the child support 18 creditor.

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20 14. (New section) a. The department shall be responsible for the 21 establishment of a State disbursement unit for the collection and 22 disbursement of payments under support orders in all Title IV-D cases, and in all non-Title IV-D cases in which the support order was initially 23 issued in the State on or after January 1, 1994, and in which the 24 25 income of the non-custodial parent is subject to income withholding. 26 b. The department shall provide employers with one location to 27 which income withholding shall be sent.

c. The department shall use automated procedures, electronic
processes and computer driven technology to the maximum extent
feasible, for efficient and economical collection and disbursement of
support payments. All payments shall be disbursed in accordance with
federal requirements.

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15. (New section) a. The department shall use administrative enforcement, to the same extent as used for intrastate cases, in response to a request made by another state to enforce a support order, and shall promptly report the results of the enforcement procedure to the requesting state. The department shall respond to a request made by another state to enforce a support order through electronic means, when feasible.

b. The department may, by electronic or other means, transmit to
another state a request for assistance in enforcing support orders
through administrative enforcement.

44 c. The requesting state's request shall:

(1) include such information as will enable the state to which therequest is transmitted to compare the information about the case to the

1 information in the databases of the state; and 2 (2) constitute a certification by the requesting state: 3 (a) of the amount of support under an order that the payment of 4 which is in arrears; and 5 (b) that the requesting state has complied with all procedural due 6 process requirements applicable to each case. 7 d. If the department provides assistance to another state pursuant 8 to this section with respect to a case, neither state shall consider the 9 case to be transferred to the caseload of the other state. 10 The department shall maintain records of: the number of e. requests for assistance received by the State; the number of cases for 11 12 which the State collected support in response to the request; and the 13 amount of support collected. 14 15 16. (New section) The State IV-D agency and the court may 16 transfer a case between local county welfare agency and Probation Division offices, respectively, without the need for additional filing by 17 the petitioner or service of process upon the respondent to retain 18 19 jurisdiction over the parties. Notice shall be provided to the parties 20 advising of the transfer. 21 22 17. a. The commissioner, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), shall adopt 23 regulations to effectuate the purposes of this act and to comply with 24 25 the requirements of Pub.L.104-193; except that, notwithstanding any 26 provision of P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) to the contrary, the 27 commissioner may adopt, immediately upon filing with the Office of 28 Administrative Law, such regulations as the commissioner deems 29 necessary to implement the provisions of this act, which regulations 30 shall be effective for a period not to exceed six months and may, 31 thereafter, be amended, adopted or readopted by the commissioner in 32 accordance with the requirements of P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et 33 seq.). 34 b. The Attorney General and the Commissioners of Environmental 35 Protection, Labor, Banking and Insurance, Health and Senior Services, Corrections, Transportation and Community Affairs may, pursuant to 36 the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et 37 38 seq.), adopt regulations, as appropriate, to effectuate the purposes of 39 this act and to comply with the requirements of Pub.L.104-193; except 40 that, notwithstanding any provision of P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 41 et seq.) to the contrary, the Attorney General and the respective 42 commissioners may adopt, immediately upon filing with the Office of 43 Administrative Law such regulations as the Attorney General or the 44 respective commissioners deem necessary to implement the provisions 45 of this act, which regulations shall be effective for a period not to exceed six months and may thereafter, be amended, adopted or 46

readopted by the Attorney General or respective commissioners in
 accordance with the requirements of P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et
 seq.).

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5 18. Section 2 of P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.8) is amended to 6 read as follows:

7 2. Every complaint, notice or pleading for the entry or modification 8 of [an] <u>a support</u> order [of a] <u>and every</u> court <u>order</u> which includes 9 child support shall include a written notice to the obligor stating that 10 the child support provision of the order shall, and the [medical 11 support] health care coverage provision may, as appropriate, be 12 enforced by an income withholding upon the current or future income 13 due from the obligor's employer or successor employers and upon the 14 unemployment compensation benefits due the obligor and against 15 debts, income, trust funds, profits or income from any other source due the obligor except as provided in section 3 of P.L.1981, c.417 16 17 (C.2A:17-56.9). The written notice shall also state that the driver's 18 license and professional or occupational licenses, or recreational or 19 sporting license in accordance with P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.40 et 20 seq.), held or applied for by the obligor may be denied, suspended or 21 revoked if: the child support arrearage is equal to or exceeds the 22 amount of child support payable for six months; the obligor fails to 23 provide health [insurance] <u>care coverage</u> for the children as ordered by the court for six months; or the obligor fails to respond to a 24 25 subpoena relating to a paternity or child support proceeding; or a 26 warrant for the obligor's arrest has been issued by the court due to 27 failure to pay child support as ordered, failure to appear at a hearing 28 to establish paternity or child support, or failure to appear at a hearing 29 to enforce a child support order and said warrant remains outstanding. 30 The written notice shall also state that the amount of a Title IV-D 31 child support order and the provisions for [medical support] health 32 care coverage shall be reviewed and updated, as necessary, at least every three years. 33

34 The court shall ensure that in the case of each obligor against whom 35 a support order is or has been issued or modified, the obligor's income 36 shall be withheld to comply with the order. An amount shall be 37 withheld to pay the support obligation and it shall include an amount 38 to be applied toward liquidation of arrearages reduced to judgments, 39 payments for paternity testing procedures and provisions for [medical 40 support <u>health care</u> coverage when applicable. These provisions shall 41 also be applicable to all orders issued on or before the effective date 42 of [this act] P.L.1985, c.278 (C.2A:17-56.16 et seq.). 43 A support provision contained in an order or judgment issued by

the court shall be paid by income withholding unless the order or
 judgment specifically provides for an alternative payment arrangement

46 to which the parties agree in writing or the obligor or obligee

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1 demonstrates and the court finds good cause for establishing an 2 alternative arrangement. 3 (cf: P.L.1996, c.7, s.1) 4 5 19. Section 3 of P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.9) is amended to 6 read as follows: 7 3. [The income withholding shall be initiated by the probation 8 department of the county in which the obligor resides immediately 9 after the court order has been issued; except that immediate 10 withholding shall not apply in those cases in which the obligor and 11 obligee agree in writing to an alternative arrangement or the obligor 12 or obligee demonstrates and the court finds good cause for 13 establishing an alternative arrangement. For support obligations that 14 are payable through the Probation Division, the Probation Division 15 shall mail the notice of immediate withholding to the obligor's payor 16 if the payor is known. If the obligor's source of income is unknown at 17 the time the Probation Division receives the support order, the 18 Probation Division shall mail the notice to the payor within the time 19 frame required pursuant to federal law. If an immediate withholding 20 is not ordered, due to the above exception <u>alternative payment</u> 21 arrangement has been ordered as provided in section 2 of P.L.1981, 22 c.417 (C.2A:17-56.8) or [an] a support order entered prior to [the 23 effective date of this act] October 1, 1996, the income withholding 24 shall be initiated by the Probation Division when the obligor has failed 25 to make [a] the required child support payment [allocated or unallocated that <u>and</u> has arrearages accrued equal to the amount of 26 27 the support payable for 14 days <u>, or without regard to an arrearage or</u> an alternative agreement if the obligee, for good cause, or the obligor 28 29 requests that withholding be initiated. Subject to the provisions of 30 this act, the P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.8 et seq.), an income 31 withholding shall be initiated by the Probation Division and shall take 32 effect without amendment to the support order or further court or 33 quasi-judicial action and without regard to any alternative arrangements entered into by the parties or ordered by the court. 34 35 The total amount of income to be withheld shall not exceed the maximum amount permitted under section 303 (b) of the federal 36 37 Consumer Credit Protection Act (15 U.S.C. s. 1673 (b)). The income 38 withholding shall be carried out in full compliance with all procedural 39 due process requirements. The Administrative Office of the Courts 40 shall establish procedures for promptly terminating the withholding 41 when necessary and for promptly refunding amounts which have been 42 improperly withheld. 43 The Probation Division shall extend the income withholding system 44 to include withholding from income derived within the State in cases

45 where the applicable support order was issued in another state.

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When an income withholding order has been issued in this State, it

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2 shall promptly be forwarded to the obligor's principal place of 3 employment pursuant to P.L. c, (C.)(pending before the 4 Legislature as Senate Bill No. 461 of 1998) or to the appropriate child 5 support agency in the payor's state in the form prescribed by the 6 federal Office of Child Support Enforcement. All procedural due 7 process requirements of the state Title IV-D agency where the obligor 8 has income shall apply to the income withholding. 9 (cf: P.L.1990, c.92, s.2) 10 11 20. Section 5 of P.L.1990, c.92 (C. 2A:17-56.9a) is amended to 12 read as follows: 13 5. At least once every three years [all IV-D orders for child 14 support payments shall be subject to , unless the State has developed 15 an automated cost-of-living adjustment program for child support 16 payments, the parties subject to a Title IV-D support order shall be 17 provided notice of their right to request a review, which shall be conducted in accordance with the rules promulgated by the [IV-D 18 19 Agency <u>State IV-D agency</u> in consultation with the Supreme Court. 20 Such review shall take into account any changes in the financial 21 situation or related circumstances of both parties and whether the 22 order of child support is in full compliance with the [Child Support 23 Guidelines set forth in the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of 24 New Jersey, R.5:6A] child support guidelines. 25 Upon completing the review and if a change in the amount of child 26 support is recommended, the State IV-D agency or designee shall so 27 notify the obligor and obligee in writing of the child support amount 28 that is recommended. The obligor and obligee shall be afforded not 29 less than 30 days after such notification to file with the State IV-D 30 agency and the court a challenge to such proposed adjustment or 31 determination. [The] If proof exists that the obligor and obligee have 32 been provided with notice of the proposed adjustment, the court shall 33 adjust the child support amount [will be adjusted accordingly by the court] as proposed by the department if either party does not 34 challenge the recommended award within the prescribed time or fails 35 36 to show good cause why the adjustment should not occur. 37 In accordance with section 351 of Pub.L.104-193, a proof or 38 showing of a change in circumstances shall not be required prior to 39 initiation of a review or for the adjustment of an order under the three-40 year review process; however, a proof or showing of a substantial 41 change in circumstances shall be required prior to the initiation of a 42 review or for the adjustment of an order outside the three-year review 43 process. 44 (cf: P.L.1990, c.92, s.5)

1 21. Section 4 of P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.10) is amended to 2 read as follows:

3 4. a. [The probation department] If an income withholding 4 initiated by the Probation Division is required pursuant to section 3 of 5 P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.9), the Probation Division shall notify 6 the obligor of the income withholding by [certified or registered] 7 regular mail [with return receipt requested] to the obligor's last known address. The notice to the obligor shall be postmarked no 8 9 later than 10 days after the date on which the application was filed 10 mailed at the same time as the notice to the payor, and shall inform the obligor that the withholding [shall take effect 10 days after the 11 postmark date of the notice unless the obligor contests the 12 13 withholding has commenced in accordance with section 314 of 14 Pub.L.104-193. The notice to the obligor shall also include all of the information regarding the withholding that is included in the notice to 15 16 the payor. An obligor may contest a withholding only on the basis of 17 mistake of fact. The notice to the obligor shall include but need not 18 be limited to: the amount to be withheld, including an amount to be 19 applied toward liquidation of arrearages; a statement that the 20 withholding applies to current and subsequent sources of income; the 21 methods available for contesting the withholding on the grounds that 22 the withholding is not proper because of mistake of fact; the period 23 within which the probation department shall <u>Probation Division may</u> 24 be contacted in order to contest the withholding and that failure to 25 do so will result in notifying the payor to begin withholding; and the 26 actions the probation department will take if the individual contests the 27 withholding] ; and the procedures to follow if the obligor desires to 28 contest the withholding on the grounds that the withholding or the 29 amount thereof is improper due to a mistake of fact. 30 If an obligor contests the proposed withholding, the [probation 31 department] <u>Probation Division</u> shall schedule a hearing <u>or review</u> 32 within 20 days after receiving notice of contest of the withholding. If 33 it is determined that the withholding is to [occur] continue, the 34 [probation department] <u>Probation Division</u> shall provide notice to the 35 obligor. [Notice to the obligor shall include the time within which the withholding is to begin. Notice to the obligor shall [also] include all 36 37 of the information that is included in the notice to the payor in section 38 5 of this act <u>P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.11)</u>. The <u>Probation</u> 39 Division shall notify the obligor shall be notified by the probation 40 department] of the results of the hearing or review within five days of the [determination made at the hearing] date of the hearing or review. 41 42 b. The probation department shall prepare the income withholding 43 notice when the obligor does not contest the withholding or has

exhausted all procedures established by the Administrative Office ofthe Courts for contesting the withholding. The income withholding

1 shall include requirements that a payor withhold the amount specified 2 in the notice and shall include a statement that the amount actually 3 withheld for support and for other purposes may not be in excess of 4 the amount allowed under section 303(b) of the federal Consumer 5 Credit Protection Act (15 U.S.C. s. 1673(b)). On any If the court enters an order modifying alimony, maintenance or child support 6 7 [based upon changed circumstances], the <u>Probation Division shall</u> 8 amend the income withholding amount [shall also be changed] 9 accordingly. This income withholding shall have priority over any 10 other withholdings and garnishments without regard to the dates [of] that the other income withholdings or garnishments were issued. 11 12 c. An income withholding made under [this act] P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.8 et seq.) shall continue [in full force and effect until 13 14 such time as a court order to the contrary is entered upon the 15 liquidation of all arrearages <u>until terminated by a court</u>.

d. Where there is more than one support order for withholding 16 17 against a single obligor, the payor shall withhold the payments to fully 18 comply with the court orders on a pro rata basis to the extent that the 19 total amount withheld from the obligor's wages income does not 20 exceed the limits allowed under section 303(b) of the federal 21 Consumer Credit Protection Act (15 U.S.C. s. 1673(b)). Payors may 22 combine withheld amounts in a single payment for each appropriate 23 probation department requesting withholding and separately identify the portion of the payment which is attributable to each [individual] 24 25 obligor unless submitted pursuant to section 7 of P.L.1981, c.417 26 (C.2A:17-56.13) or through the use of electronic funds transfer.

27 (cf: P.L.1985, c.278, s.4)

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29 22. Section 5 of P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.11) is amended to30 read as follows:

5. a. An income withholding made under [this act] P.L.1981, 31 32 c.417 (C.2A:17-56.8 et seq.) and provisions for [medical support] 33 health care coverage shall be binding upon the payor and successor 34 payors immediately after service upon the payor by the probation 35 department] <u>Probation Division</u> of a copy of the income withholding and an order for the provision of [medical support] health care 36 coverage, by [registered or certified mail with return receipt requested 37 38 until further order] regular mail. The payor is to pay the withheld 39 amount to the [probation department] Probation Division at the same 40 time the obligor is paid. The payor shall implement withholding and the provisions for [medical support] health care coverage no later 41 42 than the first pay period that ends immediately after the date the notice 43 was postmarked, except that the payor is not required to alter regular 44 pay cycles to comply with the withholding. For each payment, other 45 than payment received from the unemployment compensation fund, the

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1 payor may receive \$1.00, which shall be deducted from the obligor's 2 income in addition to the amount of the support order to compensate 3 the payor for the administrative expense of processing the withholding. 4 Notice to the payor shall include, but not be limited to, instructions 5 for the provisions for [medical support] health care coverage, the amount to be withheld from the obligor's income and a statement that 6 7 the <u>total</u> amount [actually] withheld for support and other purposes 8 may not be in excess of the maximum amount permitted under section 9 303 (b) of the federal Consumer Credit Protection Act (15 U.S.C. 10 s.1673 (b)); that the payor shall send the amount to the probation 11 department <u>Probation Division</u> at the same time the obligor is paid, 12 unless the [probation department] Probation Division directs that 13 payment be made to another individual or entity; that the payor may 14 deduct and retain a fee of \$1.00 in addition to the amount of the 15 support order except when the payment is received from the 16 unemployment compensation fund; that withholding is binding on the 17 payor until further notice by the [probation department] <u>Probation</u> 18 Division; that, in accordance with section 6 of P.L.1981, c.417 19 (C.2A:17-56.12), the payor is subject to a fine and civil damages as 20 determined by the court for discharging an obligor from employment, 21 refusing to employ, or taking disciplinary action against an obligor subject to an income withholding because of the withholding or any 22 23 obligation which it imposes upon the payor; that the payor is subject 24 to a fine as determined by the court for failure to withhold support 25 from the obligor's income or pay the withheld amount to the Probation 26 Division; that if the payor fails to take appropriate action with regard 27 to the provisions for [medical support] health care coverage or 28 withhold wages in accordance with the provisions of the notice, the 29 payor is liable for any medical expenses incurred by the children subject to the provisions for [medical support] health care coverage 30 31 and any amount up to the accumulated amount the payor should have 32 withheld from the obligor's income; that the withholding shall have 33 priority over any other legal process under State law against the same 34 [wages] income; that the payor may combine withheld amounts from 35 the obligor's [wages] income in a single payment to [each appropriate agency requesting withholding] the Probation Division and separately 36 37 identify the portion of the single payment which is attributable to each 38 [individual] obligor <u>unless submitted pursuant to section 7 of</u> 39 P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.13) or through electronic funds transfer; 40 that if there is more than one support order for withholding against a 41 single obligor, the payor shall withhold the payments on a pro rata 42 basis to fully comply with the support orders, to the extent that the 43 total amount withheld does not exceed the limits imposed under 44 section 303 (b) of the federal Consumer Credit Protection Act (15 45 U.S.C. s.1673 (b)); that the payor shall implement withholding no later

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1 than the first pay period that ends immediately after the date the notice 2 was postmarked, except that the payor is not required to alter regular 3 pay cycles to comply with the withholding; and that the payor shall 4 notify the [probation department] Probation Division promptly upon 5 the termination of the obligor's employment benefits and provide the obligor's last known address and the name and address of the obligor's 6 7 new payor, if known. 8 A payor served with an income withholding notice shall be liable to 9 the obligee for failure to deduct the amounts specified. The obligee or 10 the Probation Division may commence a proceeding against the payor 11 for accrued deductions, together with interest and reasonable 12 attorney's fees. 13 In accordance with section 314 of Pub.L.104-193, a payor who 14 complies with an income withholding notice that is regular on its face 15 shall be immune from civil liability for conduct in compliance with the 16 notice. 17 b. When a payor receives an income withholding notice issued by 18 another state, the payor shall apply the income withholding law of the 19 state in which the obligor's principal place of employment is located in 20 determining: 21 (1) the payor's fee for processing the income withholding; 22 (2) the maximum amount permitted to be withheld from the 23 obligor's income; 24 (3) the time periods within which the payor must implement the 25 income withholding order and forward the child support payment; (4) the priorities for withholding and allocating income withheld 26 27 for multiple obligees; and 28 (5) any withholding terms or conditions not specified in the 29 support order or notice. 30 (cf: P.L.1995, c.58, s.3) 31 32 23. Section 7 of P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.13) is amended to 33 read as follows: 34 7. [In] <u>Until such time as a State disbursement unit is established</u> 35 pursuant to section 15 of P.L., c. (C.)(pending before the 36 Legislature as this bill), in every award for alimony, maintenance or 37 child support payments the judgment or order shall provide that 38 payments be made through the [probation department] Probation 39 Division of the county in which the obligor resides, unless the court, 40 for good cause shown, otherwise orders. Upon entry of the judgment 41 or order, the parties shall provide the court and the Probation Division 42 with their Social Security numbers, residential and mailing addresses, 43 telephone numbers, driver's license numbers, and the name, address 44 and telephone number of their employers. Each judgment or order 45 [for alimony, maintenance or child support] shall [include an order] 46 require that the obligor and obligee notify the appropriate probation

department] Probation Division of any change of payor or change of 1 address within 10 days of the change. Failure to provide this 2 3 information shall be considered a violation of this order. 4 The order shall also inform the obligor that the address provided to 5 the Probation Division shall be the address of record for subsequent support enforcement actions and that service of legal documents at 6 7 that address shall be effective for the purpose of meeting due process 8 requirements. 9 Service at the address of record of all summonses, pleadings, or 10 notices shall be effective for all purposes. For the purposes of enforcing a support provision, the court may deem procedural due 11 12 process requirements for notice and service of process to be met with 13 respect to a party thereto upon delivery of written notice to the most 14 recent residential or employer address filed with the Probation 15 Division for that party. If a party fails to respond to a notice and no 16 proof is available that the party received the notice, the Probation 17 Division shall document to the court that it has made a diligent effort 18 to locate the party by making inquiries that may include, but are not 19 limited to: the United States Postal Service, the Division of Motor 20 Vehicles in the Department of Transportation, and the Departments of 21 Labor and Corrections. The Probation Division shall provide an 22 affidavit to the court presenting such documentation of its diligent 23 effort, which certifies its inability to locate the party, before any 24 adverse action is taken based upon the party's failure to respond to the 25 notice. When an obligor changes employment within the State while 26 income withholding is in effect, the [probation department] Probation 27 Division shall notify the new payor that the withholding is binding on 28 the new payor. When [a probation department] the Probation 29 Division is unable to locate the obligor's current payor in order to 30 effectuate an income withholding under [this act] P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.8 et seq.), the [probation department] Probation 31 32 Division is authorized to utilize any other procedure authorized by law 33 to obtain this information. 34 (cf: P.L.1985, c.278, s.7) 35 36 24. Section 18 of P.L.1985, c.278 (C.2A:17-56.21) is amended to 37 read as follows: 38 18. a. The State IV-D agency shall have the authority to make 39 available [information on] the name of any delinquent obligor and the 40 amount of overdue support owed by [obligors] the obligor to 41 [consumer] <u>credit</u> reporting agencies [upon their request], subject to 42 the conditions set forth in this section and privacy safeguards established by the commissioner. This information shall be provided 43 44 only to an entity that has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the State 45 IV-D agency that the entity is a credit reporting agency.

1 b. In all [State] Title IV-D [agency] cases where the obligor is 2 [more than \$1,000.00] in arrears, the information shall be made 3 available [upon the consumer] to credit reporting [agency's request 4 and may be made available in all other cases] agencies. 5 c. The State IV-D agency may establish a fee for all requests which 6 will be uniformly applied in all Title IV-D cases. Any fee charged shall 7 be limited to the actual cost of providing the information. 8 d. The obligor shall receive written notice that the information 9 will be made available to the credit reporting agency. The obligor 10 shall have an opportunity to contest the accuracy of the information. 11 Information with respect to a delinquent obligor shall be reported to credit reporting agencies only after the obligor has been afforded all 12 13 procedural due process required under State law including notice and 14 a reasonable opportunity to contest the accuracy of the information. 15 e. The State IV-D agency shall comply with all applicable 16 procedural due process requirements before releasing information and 17 may request information on an obligor from a credit reporting agency 18 only after noticing the obligor of the State IV-D agency's intent to 19 request the information. 20 (cf: P.L.1985, c.278, s.18) 21 22 25. Section 1 of P.L.1988, c.111 (C.2A:17-56.23a) is amended to 23 read as follows: 24 1. Any payment or installment of an order for child support, or 25 those portions of an order which are allocated for child support, 26 whether ordered in this State or in another state, shall be fully 27 enforceable and entitled as a judgment to full faith and credit and shall 28 be a judgment by operation of law on and after the date it is due. For 29 obligors who reside or own property in this State, such judgments 30 shall have the same force and effect as a civil money judgment entered 31 by the court, shall be subject to the same enforcement methods as civil 32 money judgments, and shall be a lien against the obligor's real and personal property, subject to prior perfected liens of financial 33 34 institutions and other legitimate lien holders under State and federal law. The State shall accord full faith and credit to child support 35 36 judgments or liens of other states, whether arising by operation of law 37 or having been entered by a court or administrative agency, when a 38 Title IV-D agency, a party, or other entity seeking to enforce such a 39 judgment or lien in this State files a Notice of Interstate Lien, in the 40 form prescribed by the federal Office of Child Support Enforcement, 41 and supporting documents with the Clerk of the Superior Court. An 42 action to domesticate a foreign child support judgment or lien shall be 43 consistent with the "Uniform Enforcement of Foreign Judgments Act," 44 P.L. 1997, c.204 (C.2A:49A-25 et seq.). Liens against real and 45 personal property shall be subject to the same enforcement procedures 46 as other civil money judgments except that no judicial notice or

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1 hearing shall be required to enforce the lien. No payment or 2 installment of an order for child support, or those portions of an order 3 which are allocated for child support established prior to or 4 subsequent to the effective date of P.L.1993, c.45 (C.2A:17-56.23a), shall be retroactively modified by the court except with respect to the 5 6 period during which there is a pending application for modification, 7 but only from the date the notice of motion was mailed either directly 8 or through the appropriate agent. The written notice will state that a 9 change of circumstances has occurred and a motion for modification 10 of the order will be filed within 45 days. In the event a motion is not 11 filed within the 45-day period, modification shall be permitted only 12 from the date the motion is filed with the court. 13 The non-modification provision of this section is intended to be 14 curative and shall apply to all orders entered before, on and after the effective date of [this act] P.L.1993, c.45 (C.2A:17-56.23a). 15 (cf: P.L.1993, c.45, s.1) 16 17 18 26. Section 1 of P.L.1995, c.322 (C.2A:17-56.34) is amended to 19 read as follows: 20 1. The county probation department, the State IV-D agency and its 21 designees, subject to privacy safeguards, shall be authorized to receive 22 information concerning putative fathers and child support obligors 23 from the following sources through electronic or other appropriate 24 means: 25 a. To the extent permitted by R.S.54:50-9, records of the Division 26 of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury containing information 27 concerning an obligor's income or assets; 28 Direct, on-line access to the Division of Motor Vehicles' b. 29 records, including, where possible, interface between automated 30 systems; 31 c. Any record, paper, document or entity deemed by the probation 32 department Probation Division, the State IV-D agency or its designee 33 to be a potential source of information concerning an obligor's income 34 or assets. In order to obtain information pursuant to this subsection, 35 the [probation department] Probation Division and the State IV-D agency shall have the authority, as designated by the Commissioner of 36 37 the Department of Human Services, to compel the production of 38 books, papers, accounts, records and documents by subpoena. The 39 subpoena shall be served by certified and regular mail in accordance 40 with court rules on the person or entity in possession of the 41 information or record that is sought and such service shall be 42 considered consistent with procedural due process requirements. In 43 all other respects, a subpoena issued under this section shall be subject 44 to the same procedures as a subpoena issued by other agencies of this 45 State. Actions relating to a subpoena issued under this section shall 46 be heard in the court;

1 d. State lottery prize payments in excess of \$600 made by the 2 Department of the Treasury; 3 e. Record of a judgment or settlement of any civil action where a 4 party is entitled to receive a monetary award made by the court; and 5 f. Record of an out-of-court settlement. 6 (cf: P.L.1995, c.322, s.1) 7 8 27. Section 2 of P.L.1995, c.322 (C.2A:17-56.35) is amended to 9 read as follows: 10 2. a. If the State IV-D agency and its designees are unable to obtain information pursuant to section 1 of [this act] P.L.1995, c.322 11 12 (C.2A:17-56.34), then the agency and its designees may seek verifying information from public utility [records] and cable television 13 14 companies as required by Pub.L.104-193. Such information shall be 15 limited to identifying information necessary to establish the name and 16 address, or residency, if different from the address, of putative fathers 17 and child support obligors. 18 b. A public utility <u>or cable television company</u> shall not be liable 19 for damages for any civil action which may result from complying with 20 the provisions of [this act] <u>P.L.1995, c.322 (C.2A:17-56.34 et seq.</u>). 21 c. A long distance carrier shall be exempt from the provisions of 22 [this act] P.L.1995, c.322 (C.2A:17-56.34 et seq.). 23 (cf: P.L.1995, c.322, s.2) 24 25 28. Section 3 of P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.41) is amended to read 26 as follows: 27 3. a. If the child support arrearage equals or exceeds the amount 28 of child support payable for six months or court-ordered health 29 insurance <u>care coverage</u> for the child is not provided for six months, 30 or the obligor fails to respond to a subpoena relating to a paternity or 31 child support action, or a child support-related warrant exists, and the 32 obligor is found to possess a license in the State and all appropriate 33 enforcement methods to collect the child support arrearage, as 34 defined in section 2 of P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.40)] have been exhausted, the Probation Division shall send a written notice to the 35 36 obligor, by certified and regular mail, return receipt requested, at the 37 obligor's last-known address or place of business or employment, 38 advising the obligor that the obligor's license [shall] may be revoked 39 or suspended unless, within 30 days of the postmark date of the notice, 40 the obligor pays the full amount of the child support arrearage, or 41 provides proof that health [insurance] <u>care coverage</u> for the child has 42 been obtained, or responds to a subpoena, or makes a written request 43 for a court hearing to the Probation Division. The obligor's driver's 44 license shall be suspended by operation of law upon the issuance of a 45 child support-related warrant. If a child support- related warrant for

the obligor exists, the professional, occupational, recreational or sporting license revocation or suspension [process] shall be terminated if the obligor pays the full amount of the child support arrearage, provides proof that health [insurance]care coverage for the child has been obtained as required by the court order, or surrenders to the county sheriff or the Probation Division.

7 b. If the obligor fails to take one of the actions in subsection a. of 8 this section within 30 days of the postmark date of the notice and there 9 is proof that service on the obligor was effective, the Probation 10 Division shall file a certification with the court setting forth the 11 obligor's non-compliance with the support order and the obligor's 12 failure to respond to the written notice of the potential license 13 suspension or revocation. If, based on the papers filed by the 14 Probation Division, the court is satisfied that service on the obligor 15 was effective as set forth in this section, it shall without need for further due process or hearing, enter a court order suspending or 16 17 revoking all licenses held by the obligor. Upon the entry of the order, 18 the Probation Division shall forward a copy to the obligor and all 19 appropriate licensing authorities.

20 Simultaneous certified and regular mailing of the written notice 21 shall constitute effective service unless the United States Postal 22 Service returns the mail to the Probation Division within the 30-day response period marked "moved, unable to forward," "addressee not 23 known," "no such number/street," "insufficient address," or 24 "forwarding order expired." If the certified mail is returned for any 25 26 other reason without the return of the regular mail, the regular mail 27 service shall constitute effective service. If the mail is addressed to the 28 obligor at the obligor's place of business or employment, with postal 29 instructions to deliver to addressee only, service will be deemed 30 effective only if the signature on the return receipt appears to be that 31 of the obligor. Acceptance of the certified mail notice signed by the 32 obligor, the obligor's attorney, or a competent member of the obligor's 33 household above the age of 14 shall be deemed effective service. For 34 the purposes of this section, the court may deem procedural due 35 process requirements for notice and service of process to be met with 36 respect to a party thereto upon delivery of written notice to the most 37 recent residential or employer address filed with the Probation 38 Division for that party. If a party fails to respond to a notice and no 39 proof is available that the party received the notice, the Probation 40 Division shall document to the court that it has made a diligent effort 41 to locate the party by making inquiries that may include, but are not 42 limited to: the United States Postal Service, the Division of Motor 43 Vehicles in the Department of Transportation, and the Departments of 44 Labor and Corrections. The Probation Division shall provide an 45 affidavit to the court presenting such documentation of its diligent 46 effort, which certifies its inability to locate the party, before any

adverse action is taken based upon the party's failure to respond to the
 notice.

3 c. If the obligor requests a hearing, the Probation Division shall file 4 a petition for a judicial hearing in accordance with section 5 of 5 P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.43). The hearing shall occur within 45 6 days of the obligor's request. If, at or prior to the hearing, the obligor pays the full amount of the child support arrearage or provides health 7 8 [insurance] <u>care coverage</u> as ordered, <u>or responds to the subpoena or</u> 9 surrenders to the county sheriff or the Probation Division, the license 10 revocation process shall be terminated. No license revocation action 11 shall be initiated if the Probation Division has received notice that the 12 obligor has pending a motion to modify the child support order if that 13 motion was filed prior to the date that the notice of the license 14 suspension or revocation was sent by the Probation Division. The 15 court shall consider the Probation Division's petition to revoke or suspend a license in accordance with section 5 of P.L.1996, c.7 16 17 (C.2A:17-56.43).

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20 29. Section 5 of P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.43) is amended to read 21 as follows:

22 5. The court shall suspend or revoke a license if it finds that: a. all 23 appropriate enforcement methods as defined in section 2 of P.L.1996, 24 c.7 (C.2A:17-56.40) have been exhausted, b. the obligor is the holder 25 of a license, c. the requisite child support arrearage amount exists [or], health [insurance] <u>care coverage</u> has not been provided as 26 27 ordered pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.41), or there has been no response to a subpoena, d. no motion to modify the 28 29 child support order, filed prior to the date that the notice of the license 30 suspension or revocation was sent by the Probation Division, is 31 pending before the court, and e. there is no equitable reason, such as 32 involuntary unemployment, disability, or compliance with a 33 court-ordered plan for the periodic payment of the child support 34 arrearage amount, for the obligor's non-compliance with the child 35 support order.

36 If the court is satisfied that these conditions exist, it shall first consider suspending or revoking a driver's license prior to a 37 38 professional license. If the obligor fails to appear at the hearing after 39 being properly served with notice, the court shall order the suspension 40 or revocation of all licenses held by the obligor. In the case of a driver's license, if the court finds that the license revocation or 41 42 suspension will result in a significant hardship to the obligor, to the 43 obligor's legal dependents under 18 years of age living in the obligor's 44 household, to the obligor's employees, or to persons, businesses or 45 entities to whom the obligor provides goods or services, the court may 46 allow the obligor to pay 25% of the past-due child support amount

1 within three working days of the hearing, establish a payment schedule 2 to satisfy the remainder of the arrearages within one year, and require 3 that the obligor comply with any current child support obligation. If 4 the obligor agrees to this arrangement, no suspension or revocation of any licenses shall be ordered. Compliance with the payment agreement 5 6 shall be monitored by the Probation Division. If the obligor has good cause for not complying with the payment agreement within the time 7 8 permitted, the obligor shall immediately file a motion with the court 9 and the Probation Division requesting an extension of the payment 10 plan. The court may extend the payment plan if it is satisfied that the 11 obligor has made a good faith effort to comply with the plan and is 12 unable to satisfy the full amount of past-due support within the time 13 permitted due to circumstances beyond the obligor's control. In no 14 case shall a payment plan extend beyond the date the dependent child 15 reaches the age of 18. If the obligor fails to comply with the court-ordered payment schedule, the court shall, upon receipt of a 16 certification of non-compliance from the obligee or Probation 17 18 Division, and without further hearing, order the immediate revocation 19 or suspension of all licenses held by the obligor. If required by 20 existing law or regulation, the court shall order that the obligor 21 surrender the license to the issuing authority within 30 days of the date 22 of the order. 23 (cf: P.L.1996, c.7, s.5) 24 25 30. Section 6 of P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.44) is amended to read as follows: 26 27 6. a. The Probation Division shall provide the licensing authority 28 with a copy of the order requiring the suspension or revocation of a 29 license. Upon receipt of an order requiring the suspension or

30 revocation of a license [for non-payment of child support], the 31 licensing authority shall immediately notify the licensee of the effective 32 date of the suspension or revocation, which shall be 20 days after the 33 postmark of the notice, direct the licensee to refrain from engaging in 34 the activity associated with the license, surrender any license as 35 required by law, and inform the licensee that the license shall not be reinstated until the court or Probation Division certifies that all child 36 37 support arrearage is the conditions which resulted in the suspension 38 or revocation are satisfied. The Probation Division and the State IV-D 39 agency in association with the affected licensing authorities may 40 develop electronic or magnetic tape data transfers to notify licensing 41 authorities of restrictions, suspensions, revocations and reinstatements. 42 No liability shall be imposed on a licensing authority for suspending or 43 revoking a license if the action is in response to a court order issued 44 in accordance with P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.40 et al.). Licensing 45 authorities shall not have jurisdiction to modify, remand, reverse, vacate or stay a court order to restrict, suspend or revoke a license for 46

1 non-payment of child support.

2 b. If a licensee, upon receipt of the notice of suspension or 3 revocation from the licensing authority, disputes that he is an obligor, 4 the licensee shall notify the licensing authority and the Probation Division by registered mail within 20 days of the postmark of the 5 6 notice and request a hearing. Upon receipt of the licensee's request for a hearing, the Probation Division shall determine if the licensee is an 7 8 obligor. If the Probation Division determines that the licensee is an 9 obligor, the Probation Division shall file a petition for a judicial 10 hearing on the issue of whether the licensee is an obligor. The hearing shall occur within 30 days. If the Probation Division determines that 11 12 the licensee is not an obligor, the Probation Division shall so notify the 13 licensee and the licensing authority. The licensing authority shall not 14 suspend or revoke a person's license, if the licensing authority received 15 proper notice of the licensee's request for a hearing pursuant to this subsection, until the court finds that the licensee is an obligor. The 16 Probation Division shall notify the licensing authority of the court's 17 18 finding. Upon receipt of the court's finding that the licensee is an 19 obligor, the licensing authority shall immediately suspend or revoke 20 the obligor's license without additional review or hearing.

c. The revocation or suspension of a license ordered by the court
in accordance with P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.40 et al.) shall continue
until the obligor files with the licensing authority either a court order
restoring the license or a Probation Division certification attesting to
the full satisfaction of the [child support arrearage] conditions which
resulted in the revocation or suspension.

27 d. Each licensing authority shall require license applicants to certify 28 on the license application form, under penalty of perjury, that the 29 applicant does not have a child support obligation, the applicant does 30 have such an obligation but the arrearage amount does not equal or 31 exceed the amount of child support payable for six months and any 32 court-ordered health care coverage has been provided for the past six 33 months, the applicant has not failed to respond to a subpoena relating 34 to a paternity or child support proceeding, or the applicant is not the 35 subject of a child-support related warrant. A license shall not be 36 granted to an obligor who applies for a license if there is an arrearage 37 equal to or exceeding the amount of child support payable for six 38 months, the applicant has not provided court-ordered health care 39 coverage during the past six months or [who] the applicant has failed 40 to respond to a subpoena relating to a paternity or child support proceeding or is the subject of a child support-related warrant. The 41 42 application form shall state that making a false statement may subject 43 the applicant to contempt of court. It shall also state that if the 44 applicant's certification is found to be false, the licensing authority 45 shall take disciplinary action including, but not limited to, immediate 46 revocation or suspension of the license.

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1 e. For all licenses issued or renewed in the State after the effective 2 date of P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.40 et al.), the licensing authority 3 shall record the full name, mailing address, Social Security number and 4 date of birth of the applicant or licensee. All affected licensing authorities shall cooperate and enter into agreements with the 5 6 Probation Division and the State IV-D agency to exchange information 7 to effectuate the purposes of P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.40 et al.). 8 The Division of Motor Vehicles in the Department of Transportation 9 and other appropriate licensing agencies shall amend their regulations 10 and public notices to permit Social Security numbers collected by 11 those agencies to be used for child support enforcement purposes. 12 License information obtained through data matches with licensing authorities shall be maintained on the Automated Child Support 13 14 Enforcement System] State case registry in the Department of Human 15 Services for future use. (cf: P.L.1996, c.7, s.6) 16 17 18 31. Section 11 of P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.49) is amended to 19 read as follows: 20 11. The license revocation provisions of P.L.1996, c.7 21 (C.2A:17-56.40 et al.) apply to all orders issued before or after the 22 effective date of P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.40 et al.). All child 23 support arrearage and health [insurance] care coverage provisions in existence on or before the effective date of P.L.1996, c.7 24 25 (C.2A:17-56.40 et al.) shall be included in determining whether a case 26 is eligible for enforcement in accordance with P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.40 et al.). [This act] P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.40 et 27 28 al.) applies to all child support obligations ordered by any state, 29 territory or district of the United States that are being enforced by the 30 Probation Division, that are payable directly to the obligee, or have been registered in this State in accordance with [P.L.1981, c.243 31 32 (C.2A:4-30.24 et seq.) the "Uniform Interstate Family Support Act," 33 P.L., c. (C.)(pending before the Legislature as Senate Bill <u>No.)</u>. 34 35 (cf: P.L.1996, c.7, s.11) 36 37 32. Section 1 of P.L.1991, c.384 (C.5:9-13.1) is amended to read 38 as follows: 39 1. a. The Director of the Division of the State Lottery in the 40 Department of the Treasury and the Director of the Division of Family 41 Development in the Department of Human Services shall initiate an 42 ongoing data exchange in the Office of Telecommunications and 43 Information Systems in the Department of the Treasury before a 44 payment is made of a State lottery prize in excess of \$1,000 \$600. 45 b. A delinquent Title IV-D obligor who is an annuity award winner

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1 shall be prohibited from assigning the annuity award. 2 (cf: P.L.1995, c.333, s.1) 3 4 33. Section 2 of P.L.1991, c.384 (C.5:9-13.2) is amended to read 5 as follows: 2. The [Director of the Division of Economic Assistance] 6 7 Commissioner of Human Services shall periodically supply the Office 8 of Telecommunications and Information Systems with a list of: 9 a. those individuals in arrears of a court ordered child support 10 obligation; and b. those former recipients of Aid to Families with Dependent 11 Children, pursuant to P.L.1959, c.86 (C.44:10-1 et seq.) or Work First 12 13 New Jersey, pursuant to P.L.1997, c.38 (C.44:10-55 et seq.), food 14 stamp benefits issued pursuant to Pub.L. 95-113, Title XIII (7 U.S.C. s.2011 et seq.), or low-income home energy assistance 15 benefits issued pursuant to Pub.L. 97-35, Title XXVI (42 U.S.C. 16 17 s.8621 et seq.) who incurred an overpayment which has not been 18 repaid. 19 (cf: P.L.1991, c.384, s.2) 20 21 34. Section 4 of P.L.1991, c.384 (C.5:9-13.4) is amended to read 22 as follows: 23 4. The Office of Telecommunications and Information Systems 24 shall cross check the lottery list with the data supplied by the 25 [Director of the Division of Economic Assistance] Commissioner of 26 Human Services for a social security number match. If a match is 27 made, the Office of Telecommunications and Information Systems 28 shall notify the [Division of Economic Assistance] Commissioner of 29 Human Services. (cf: P.L.1991, c.384, s.4) 30 31 32 35. Section 5 of P.L.1991, c.384 (C.5:9-13.5) is amended to read 33 as follows: 34 5. If a lottery prize claimant is in arrears of a child support order, or is a former recipient of Aid to Families with Dependent Children 35 36 or Work First New Jersey, food stamp benefits or low-income home 37 energy assistance benefits who has incurred an overpayment which has not been repaid, the [Division of Economic Assistance] Department 38 39 of Human Services shall promptly notify the Department of the 40 Treasury and the Division of the State Lottery of the claimant's name, 41 address, social security number and amount due on an arrears child 42 support order or the amount due on an overpayment. The Department 43 of the Treasury shall withhold this amount from the pending lottery 44 payment and transmit same to the Department of Human Services or appropriate county probation department] Probation Division, as the 45 46 case may be, in accordance with regulations promulgated by the State

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1 Treasurer. 2 (cf:P.L.1991,c.384,s.5) 3 4 36. Section 6 of P.L.1991, c.384 (C.5:9-13.6) is amended to read 5 as follows: 6 6. The county welfare agency which provided the public assistance 7 benefits or the county probation office Probation Division, acting as 8 agent for the child support payee, shall have a lien on the proceeds of 9 the State lottery prize in an amount equal to the amount of child 10 support arrearage or the amount of overpayment incurred. 11 The lien imposed by this act shall be enforceable in the Superior 12 Court. 13 (cf: P.L.1991, c.384, s.6) 14 15 37. Section 9 of P.L.1991, c.384 (C.5:9-13.9) is amended to read as follows: 16 17 9. The costs associated with or necessary for the implementation of P.L.1991, c.384 (C.5:9-13.1 et seq.) shall be borne by the Division 18 19 of Economic Assistance in the Department of Human Services. 20 (cf: P.L.1991, c.384, s.9) 21 22 38. Section 4 of P.L.1983, c.17 (C.9:17-41) is amended to read as 23 follows: 24 4. The parent and child relationship between a child and: 25 a. The natural mother, may be established by proof of her having given birth to the child, or under [this act] P.L.1983, c.17 (C.9:17-38 26 27 et seq.); 28 b. The natural father, may be established by proof that his paternity 29 has been adjudicated under prior law; under the laws governing 30 probate; by giving full faith and credit to a determination of paternity 31 made by any other state or jurisdiction, whether established through 32 voluntary acknowledgment or through judicial or administrative 33 processes; by a Certificate of Parentage as provided in section 7 of 34 P.L.1994, c.164 (C.26:8-28.1) that is executed by the father, including 35 an unemancipated minor, prior to or after the birth of a child, and 36 filed with the appropriate State agency; by a default judgment or order 37 of the court; or by an order of the court based on a blood test or 38 genetic test that meets or exceeds the specific threshold probability as 39 set by the [State] Commissioner of Human Services, creating a 40 conclusive presumption of paternity; [or under this act] In accordance with section 331 of Pub.L.104-193, a signed 41 42 voluntary acknowledgment of paternity shall be considered a legal 43 finding of paternity subject to the right of the signatory to rescind the 44 acknowledgment within 60 days of the date of signing, or by the date 45 of establishment of a support order to which the signatory is a party, 46 whichever is earlier.

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1 The adjudication of paternity shall only be voided upon a finding 2 that there exists clear and convincing evidence of: fraud, duress or a 3 material mistake of fact, with the burden of proof upon the challenger; 4 c. An adoptive parent, may be established by proof of adoption; 5 d. The natural mother or the natural father, may be terminated by 6 an order of a court of competent jurisdiction in granting a judgment of 7 adoption or as the result of an action to terminate parental rights. 8 e. The establishment of the parent and child relationship pursuant 9 to subsections a., b., and c. of this section shall be the basis upon 10 which an action for child support may be brought by a party and acted 11 upon by the court without further evidentiary proceedings. 12 f. In any case in which the parties execute a Certificate of 13 Parentage or a conclusive presumption of paternity is created through 14 genetic testing, the presumptions of paternity under section 6 of 15 P.L.1981, c.417 (C.9:17-43) shall not apply. g. Pursuant to the provisions of section 331 of Pub.L.104-193, the 16 child and other parties in a contested paternity case shall submit to a 17 18 genetic test upon the request of one of the parties, unless that person 19 has good cause for refusal, if the request is supported by a sworn 20 statement by the requesting party: 21 (1) alleging paternity and setting forth the facts establishing a 22 reasonable possibility of the requisite sexual contact between the 23 parties; or 24 (2) denying paternity and setting forth the facts establishing a 25 reasonable possibility of the nonexistence of sexual contact between 26 the parties. 27 h. In a contested paternity case in which the State IV-D agency 28 requires genetic testing, the State IV-D agency shall: 29 (1) pay the costs of the genetic test and may recoup payment from 30 the alleged father whose paternity is established; and 31 (2) obtain additional testing if the initial test results are contested, 32 and upon the request and advance payment for the additional test by 33 the contestant. 34 (cf: P.L.1994, c.164, s.1) 35 36 39. Section 8 of P.L.1983, c.17 (C.9:17-45) is amended to read as 37 follows: 38 8. a. A child, a legal representative of the child, the natural 39 mother, the estate or legal representative of the mother, if the mother 40 has died or is a minor, a man alleged or alleging himself to be the 41 father, the estate or legal representative of the alleged father, if the 42 alleged father has died or is a minor, the Division of [Public Welfare] 43 Family Development in the Department of Human Services, or the 44 county welfare agency, or any person with an interest recognized as 45 justiciable by the court may bring or defend an action or be made a party to an action at any time for the purpose of determining the 46

1 existence or nonexistence of the parent and child relationship. 2 b. No action shall be brought under [this act] P.L.1983, c.17 3 (C.9:17-38 et seq.) more than 5 years after the child attains the age of 4 majority. 5 c. The death of the alleged father shall not cause abatement of any action to establish paternity, and an action to determine the existence 6 7 or nonexistence of the parent and child relationship may be instituted 8 or continued against the estate or the legal representative of the 9 alleged father. 10 d. Regardless of its terms, an agreement, other than an agreement 11 approved by the court in accordance with subsection [11c.]c. of 12 section 11 of P.L.1983, c.17 (C.9:17-48) between an alleged or 13 presumed father and the mother of the child, shall not bar an action 14 under this section. 15 e. If an action under this section is brought before the birth of the child, all proceedings shall be stayed until after the birth, except 16 service of process and the taking of depositions to perpetuate 17 18 testimony. The court may consider the issue of medical expenses and 19 may order the alleged father to pay the reasonable expenses of the 20 mother's pregnancy and postpartum disability. Bills for pregnancy, childbirth and genetic testing are admissible as evidence without 21 22 requiring third party foundation testimony, and shall constitute prima 23 facie evidence of the amounts incurred for such services or for testing 24 on behalf of the child. 25 f. This section does not extend the time within which a right of 26 inheritance or a right to succession may be asserted beyond the time 27 provided by law relating to distribution and closing of decedents' estates or to the determination of heirship, or otherwise. 28 29 (cf: P.L.1983, c.17, s.8) 30 31 40. Section 11 of P.L.1983, c.17 (C.9:17-48) is amended to read 32 as follows: 33 11. a. As soon as practicable after an action to declare the 34 existence or nonexistence of the father and child relationship has been brought, a consent conference shall be held by the Superior Court, 35 36 Chancery Division, Family Part intake service, the [county probation] 37 department] <u>Probation Division</u> or the county welfare agency. <u>At the</u> 38 request of either party, the determination of paternity may be referred 39 directly to the court in lieu of the consent process. A court appearance 40 shall be scheduled in the event that a consent agreement cannot be 41 reached. 42 b. On the basis of the information produced at the conference, an 43 appropriate recommendation for settlement shall be made to the 44 parties, which may include any of the following: 45 (1) That the action be dismissed with or without prejudice; or 46 (2) That the alleged father voluntarily acknowledge his paternity

1 of the child.

2 c. If the parties accept a recommendation made in accordance with

3 subsection b. of this section, which has been approved by the court,

4 judgment shall be entered <u>or a Certificate of Parentage shall be</u>
5 <u>executed</u> accordingly.

6 d. If a party refuses to accept a recommendation made under subsection b. of this section or the consent conference is terminated 7 8 because it is unlikely that all parties would accept a recommendation 9 pursuant to subsection b. of this section, and blood tests or genetic 10 tests have not been taken, the county welfare agency shall require or 11 the court shall [require] order the child and the parties to submit to 12 blood tests or genetic tests [if the court determines that there is an 13 articulable reason for suspecting that the alleged father is the natural 14 father. The tests shall be scheduled within 10 days and shall be performed by qualified experts. Thereafter the Family Part intake 15 16 service, with the approval of the court, shall make an appropriate final 17 recommendation <u>unless a party claims, and the county welfare agency</u> 18 or the court finds, good cause for not ordering the tests. The court 19 may hear and decide motions to challenge a directive issued by the 20 county welfare agency requiring a party to submit to blood or genetic 21 tests. A genetic test shall be ordered upon the request of either party, 22 if the request is supported by a sworn statement by the requesting 23 party which alleges paternity and sets forth the facts establishing a 24 reasonable possibility of the requisite sexual contact between the 25 parties or denies paternity and sets forth the facts establishing a 26 reasonable possibility of the nonexistence of sexual contact between 27 the parties. If a party refuses to [accept the final recommendation] 28 acknowledge paternity based upon the blood or genetic test results, 29 the action shall be set for [trial] a hearing, except when the results of 30 the blood test or genetic test indicate that the specific threshold 31 probability as set by the State to establish paternity has been met or 32 exceeded. 33 If the results of the blood test or genetic test indicate that the

34 specific threshold probability, as [set by the State] adopted by 35 regulation by the commissioner, to establish paternity has been met or 36 exceeded, the results shall be received in evidence as a conclusive 37 presumption of paternity [and no] without requiring any additional 38 foundation testimony or proof of authenticity or accuracy [shall be 39 required to establish paternity <u>of the paternity testing or results</u>. In 40 actions based on allegations of fraud or inaccurate analysis, the court 41 or the county welfare agency shall require that the additional blood 42 [test] or genetic [test] tests be scheduled within 10 days of the 43 request and be performed by qualified experts. [The test] Additional 44 blood or genetic tests shall be paid for in advance by the [moving] 45 requesting party.

If a party objects to the <u>results of the</u> blood [test] or genetic [test] <u>tests</u>, the party shall make the objection to the appropriate agency, in

writing, within 10 days of [receipt of the results] the consent

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4 conference or hearing. 5 The guardian ad litem may accept or refuse to accept a e. recommendation under this section. 6 7 f. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.164). 8 g. No evidence, testimony or other disclosure from the consent 9 conference shall be admitted as evidence in a civil action except by 10 consent of the parties. However, blood tests or genetic tests ordered pursuant to subsection d. of this section [may] shall be admitted as 11 12 evidence. 13 h. The refusal to submit to a blood test or genetic test required 14 pursuant to subsection d. of this section, or both, shall be admitted 15 into evidence and shall give rise to the presumption that the results of the test would have been unfavorable to the interests of the party who 16 17 refused to submit to the test. Refusal to submit to a blood test or 18 genetic test, or both, is also subject to the contempt power of the 19 court. 20 i. If a party refuses to acknowledge paternity or does not appear at a consent conference conducted by the county welfare agency, the 21 22 county welfare agency shall refer the matter to the court for 23 adjudication. For purposes of establishing paternity, the blood or 24 genetic test results shall be admitted into evidence at the hearing 25 without the need for foundation testimony or other proof of authenticity or accuracy, unless an objection is made. 26 (cf: .L.1994, c.164, s.2) 27 28 29 41. Section 16 of P.L.1983, c.17 (C.9:17-53) is amended to read 30 as follows: 31 16. a. The judgment or order of the court or a Certificate of 32 Parentage determining the existence or nonexistence of the parent and 33 child relationship is determinative for all purposes. 34 b. If the judgment or order of the court is at variance with the child's birth certificate, the court shall order that an amendment to the 35 36 original birth record be made under section 22 of P.L.1983, c.17 37 (C.9:17-59). 38 c. The judgment or order may contain any other provision directed 39 against the appropriate party to the proceeding concerning the duty of 40 support, the custody and guardianship of the child, visitation privileges with the child, the furnishing of bond or other security for the payment 41 42 of the judgment, the repayment of any public assistance grant, or any 43 other matter in the best interests of the child. The judgment or order 44 may direct the father to pay the reasonable expenses of the mother's 45 pregnancy and postpartum disability, including repayment to an agency

46 which provided public assistance funds for those expenses. <u>Bills for</u>

1 pregnancy, childbirth and blood or genetic testing are admissable as 2 evidence without requiring third party foundation testimony, and shall 3 constitute prima facie evidence of the amounts incurred for these 4 services or for testing on behalf of the child. 5 d. Support judgments or orders ordinarily shall be for periodic 6 payments, which may vary in amount. In the best interests of the child, the purchase of an annuity may be ordered in lieu of periodic 7 8 payments of support. The court may limit a parent's liability for past 9 support of the child to the proportion of the expenses already incurred 10 that the court deems just. 11 e. In determining the amount to be paid by a parent for support of the child and the period during which the duty of support is owed, [a] 12 the court [enforcing the obligation of support] shall apply the child 13 14 support guidelines as defined in section 3 of P.L., c. (C.)(pending 15 before the Legislature as this act). In cases in which the court finds 16 that a deviation from these guidelines is appropriate, the court shall 17 consider all relevant facts when determining the amount of support, 18 including the: 19 (1) eeds of the child; 20 (2) tandard of living and economic circumstances of each parent; 21 (3) ncome and assets of each parent, including any public 22 assistance grant received by a parent; 23 (4) Earning ability of each parent, including educational background, training, employment skills, work experience, custodial 24 25 responsibility for children and the length of time and cost for each 26 parent to obtain training or experience for appropriate employment; 27 (5) Need and capacity of the child for education, including higher 28 education; (6) ge and health of the child and each parent; 29 30 (7) Income, assets and earning ability of the child; 31 (8) Responsibility of the parents for the support of others; and 32 (9) Debts and liabilities of each child and parent. 33 The factors set forth herein are not intended to be exhaustive. The 34 court may consider such other factors as may be appropriate under the 35 circumstances. 36 f. Upon a motion by a party, the court shall enter a temporary 37 support order pending a judicial determination of parentage if there is 38 clear and convincing evidence of paternity supported by blood or 39 genetic test results or other evidence. 40 (cf: P.L.1983, c.17, s.16) 41 42 42. R.S.26:8-28 is amended to read as follows: 43 26:8-28. a. Within five days after each birth, there shall be filed 44 with the local registrar of the district in which the birth occurred a 45 certificate of the birth filled out with durable black or blue ink in a legible manner. The name of the father shall be included on the record 46

1 of birth of the child of unmarried parents only if the father and mother 2 have signed a voluntary acknowledgment of paternity; or a court or an 3 administrative agency of competent jurisdiction has issued an 4 adjudication of paternity. Nothing in this section shall preclude the State IV-D agency from 5 6 obtaining an admission of paternity from the father for submission in 7 a judicial or administrative proceeding, or prohibit the issuance of an 8 order in a judicial or administrative proceeding which bases a legal 9 finding of paternity on an admission of paternity by the father and any 10 other additional showing required by State law. 11 In accordance with the provisions of the federal "Family b. Support Act of 1988," Pub.L.100-485, and section 13721 of 12 Pub.L.103-66 (42 U.S.C. s.666), as As part of the birth record, all 13 14 information required by the State IV-D agency pursuant to section 7 15 of P.L.1994, c.164 (C.26:8-28.1) shall be recorded on a separate form provided or approved by the State registrar pursuant to subsection c. 16 of R.S.26:8-24, and filed with the State IV-D agency pursuant to 17 18 R.S.26:8-30 and R.S.26:8-31 for the establishment and enforcement of child support matters in the State. For the purposes of this 19 20 subsection, "State IV-D agency" means the agency in the Department 21 of Human Services designated to administer the Title IV-D Child 22 Support Program. 23 c. The State registrar shall require each parent to provide his Social Security number in accordance with procedures established by the 24 25 State registrar. The Social Security numbers furnished pursuant to this 26 section shall be used exclusively for child support enforcement 27 purposes. 28 d. The certificate of birth shall include the blood type of the child. 29 (cf: P.L.1994, c.164, s.3) 30 31 43. Section 7 of P.L.1994, c.164 (C.26:8-28.1) is amended to read 32 as follows: 33 7. A Certificate of Parentage may serve to satisfy the method of 34 collection of Social Security numbers as required pursuant to subsection c. of R.S.26:8-28 and shall serve as the voluntary 35 acknowledgement of paternity by a father. The Certificate of 36 Parentage shall contain, at a minimum, the following information: 37 38 a. a sworn statement by the father that he is the natural father of 39 the child; 40 b. the Social Security numbers, except in those cases in which a person is ineligible to apply for one, and addresses of the father and 41 42 mother; 43 c. the signature of the mother and father authenticated by a witness 44 or notary; and 45 d. instructions for filing the Certificate of Parentage with the 46 agency designated by the State IV-D agency.

1 In addition, the State IV-D agency, in cooperation with birthing 2 centers and hospitals providing maternity services and social services 3 or health care providers as designated by the Commissioner of Human 4 Services that may provide voluntary acknowledgment or paternity 5 services, shall provide [written] information <u>orally</u>, or through the use of video or audio equipment, and in writing to the father and mother 6 7 of the child explaining the implications of signing a Certificate of 8 Parentage, including the parental rights, responsibilities and financial 9 obligations, as well as the availability of paternity establishment 10 services and child support enforcement services. (cf: P.L.1994, c.164, s.7) 11 12 13 44. R.S.26:8-30 is amended to read as follows: 14 26:8-30. The attending physician, midwife or person acting as the agent of the physician or midwife, who was in attendance upon the 15 birth shall be responsible for the proper execution and return of a 16 17 certificate of birth, which certificate shall be upon the form provided 18 or approved by the State department, and for making available to the 19 mother and natural father a Certificate of Parentage along with related 20 information as required by the State IV-D agency and pursuant to section 452(a)(F) of the federal Social Security Act 21 22 (42 U.S.C.652(a)(F)). It shall be the responsibility of personnel at the 23 hospital or birthing facility to offer an opportunity to the child's natural father to execute a Certificate of Parentage. Failure of the natural 24 25 father or mother to execute the Certificate of Parentage and the date 26 of the request shall be noted on the Certificate of Parentage. The 27 Certificate of Parentage shall be filed with the State IV-D agency or 28 its designee. The provision of services related to paternity 29 acknowledgment shall not be required when a legal action is pending 30 in the case, such as adoption, or State law prohibits such intervention. 31 For the purposes of this section, "State IV-D agency" means the 32 agency in the Department of Human Services designated to administer 33 the Title IV-D Child Support Program. 34 A signed voluntary acknowledgment of paternity may be challenged 35 in court within 60 days from the date of the signing of the Certificate 36 of Parentage or by the date of the establishment of a support order to 37 which the signatory is a party, whichever date is earlier. The challenge 38 may be made only on the basis of fraud, duress, or material mistake of 39 fact, with the burden of proof upon the challenger, and the legal 40 responsibilities of any signatory arising from the acknowledgment may 41 not be suspended during the challenge, except for good cause shown. 42 A signed voluntary acknowledgment of paternity shall be considered 43 a legal finding of paternity with the same force and effect as a court 44 order or judgment establishing paternity. No judicial or administrative

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1 proceedings are required to ratify an unchallengedacknowledgment of 2 paternity. 3 (cf: P.L.1994, c.164, s.4) 4 5 45. R.S.37:1-17 is amended to read as follows: 6 37:1-17. On the marriage license shall be the form for the certificate of marriage in quadruplicate, to which the licensing officer shall have 7 8 set forth particularly therein the name, age, parentage, race, 9 birthplace, residence, Social Security number and condition (whether single, widowed or divorced) of each of the married persons, and the 10 11 names and county of birth of their parents. The Social Security number 12 shall be kept confidential and may only be released for child support 13 enforcement purposes, and shall not be considered a public record 14 pursuant to P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.). The person by whom 15 or the religious society, institution, or organization by or before which, the marriage was solemnized, shall personally or by legally authorized 16 agent subscribe where indicated on the form the date and place of the 17 18 marriage. Each certificate of marriage shall also contain the signature 19 and residence of at least two witnesses who were present at the 20 marriage ceremony. 21 (cf: P.L.1980, c. 128, s.1) 22 23 46. Section 12 of P.L.1983, c.17 (C.9:17-49) is amended to read 24 as follows: 25 12. a. An action under this act is a civil action governed by the 26 [rules of court] Rules Governing the Courts of the State of New 27 Jersey. 28 b. The trial shall be by the court without a jury, unless a party to 29 the action shall file with the court a written request for a trial by jury within 10 days after service of the complaint. The complaint shall 30 31 contain a notice to all parties that they may request a jury trial within 10 days of the service of the complaint]. 32 (cf: P.L.1983, c.17, s.12) 33 34 35 47. The following are repealed: 36 Section 1 of P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.7); 37 Sections 1and 14 of P.L.1985, c.278 (C.2A:17-56.26 and 2A:17-38 56.17); and 39 Section 2 of P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.40). 40 41 48. This act shall take effect immediately. 42 43 **STATEMENT** 44 45 This bill is designated the "New Jersey Child Support Program Improvement Act." 46

The provisions of the bill are intended to implement requirements
 which the State must adopt under the federal "Personal Responsibility
 and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996," Pub.L.104-193.
 Specifically, the bill:

5 With respect to the establishment and enforcement of child support orders, provides that subject to safeguards on privacy and 6 7 information security and appropriate procedural due process 8 requirements including, as appropriate, notice, the opportunity to 9 contest and notice of the right to appeal to the court, the 10 Department of Human Services is authorized to take the following 11 actions without the necessity of obtaining an order from the court, 12 and to recognize and enforce the authority of state agencies of 13 other states to take the following actions:

- Require genetic testing for the purpose of paternity establishment;
- Subpoena any financial or other information needed for the
establishment, modification or enforcement of a support order; and
impose a civil penalty for failure to respond to a subpoena;

- Request that any entity including for-profit, nonprofit and government employers, respond promptly to a request by the Department of Human Services or any out-of-State IV-D agency for information on the employment, compensation and benefits of any individual employed by the entity as an employee or contractor, and impose a civil penalty for failure to respond to any request;

Subject to the nonliability of entities that afford access, to obtain
access, including automated access when feasible, to information
contained in the following records:

27 (1) records of other State and local government agencies which 28 include, but are not limited to, records of: the Bureau of Vital 29 Statistics, the Division of Taxation and local tax and revenue records, real and titled personal property, occupational, professional, 30 31 and sporting licenses and records concerning the recreational 32 ownership and control of corporations, partnerships and other business entities, the Department of Labor, including wage, unemployment, 33 34 disability and workers compensation records, agencies administering public assistance programs, the Division of Motor Vehicles and the 35 Department of Corrections, including records related to State-36 37 sentenced inmates and parolees.

38 (2) records held by private entities with respect to individuals who 39 owe or are owed support, or against or with respect to whom a 40 support obligation is sought, including information on the assets and 41 liabilities of individuals held by financial institutions and the names and 42 addresses of the individuals and the names and addresses of the 43 employers of the individuals appearing in customer records of public 44 utilities and cable television companies;

45 - Order income withholding in accordance with the provisions of46 State and federal law;

Direct an obligor or payor to change the payee to the department
 in cases where support is subject to an assignment or an application
 for Title IV-D services has been filed;

4 - Secure assets to satisfy arrearages by: (1) intercepting or seizing 5 periodic or lump sum payments from: State or local agencies, 6 including unemployment compensation, workers' compensation or 7 other benefits; judgments, settlements and awards; and lotteries; (2) 8 developing a bank information matching program and attaching and 9 seizing assets of the obligor held in financial institutions located in 10 this State; (3) attaching public and private retirement funds as 11 permitted under State law; and (4) imposing a lien and initiating an 12 execution or levy to force the sale of property and distribution of 13 proceeds in accordance with State law and applicable court rules;

- Require each party subject to a paternity or child support
proceeding to provide information, including, but not limited to: Social
Security number, telephone number, driver's license number,
residential and mailing addresses, and the name, address, and
telephone number of the party's employer; and

- Unless otherwise ordered by the court, increase the amount of
monthly support payments to include amounts for arrearages to the
extent that the total amount withheld does not exceed the limits
imposed under section 303(b) of the federal Consumer Credit
Protection Act (15 U.S.C. s.1673 (b)).

Directs the department to determine if a recipient of public
assistance is cooperating in good faith in establishing the paternity
of, or in establishing, modifying or enforcing a support order for,
any child of the recipient;

Authorizes the department, in any case in which an obligor owes
past-due child support with respect to a child receiving assistance
under a State program funded under TANF, to petition the court to
issue an order that requires the obligor: to pay the support in
accordance with a plan approved by the court; or to participate in
work activities as ordered by the court, if the obligor is subject to
such a plan and is not incapacitated;

Establishes a State case registry which is an automated information
system that will track, monitor and record all child support orders
and services provided under the State Title IV-D plan and record
all other child support orders issued in the State after October 1,
1998;

40 • Authorizes all federal and State agencies conducting Title IV-D
41 activities to have access directly or through the department, to any
42 system used by the Division of Motor Vehicles and law
43 enforcement agencies in the State to locate an individual;

44 • Requires that subject to safeguards on privacy and information
 45 security, the Social Security number of an applicant for a
 46 professional or occupational license, recreational or sporting

1 license, driver's license or marriage license shall be recorded on the

2 application. Also, the Social Security number shall be placed in the

3 record relating to a divorce decree, support order, paternity

4 determination and on a death certificate. The Social Security

- 5 number shall be made available to the department;
- Requires employers and labor organizations to report information
 about newly hired employees to the department;
- 8 Authorizes the department to seek to void certain fraudulent
 9 transfers of assets by child support obligors;
- Requires the State to cooperate with other states in interstate child
 support cases;

Provides for the denial, suspension or revocation of child support obligors' professional or occupational licenses, driver's licenses and recreational or sporting licenses (e.g., power vessel licenses and hunting or fishing licenses) for obligors who have failed to make a required, current obligation of child support payment for six months;

Requires the State Lottery Director and the Commissioner of Human Services to exchange data before a State lottery prize in excess of \$600 is awarded, and prohibits a delinquent Title IV-D obligor who wins an annuity award, from assigning the annuity award to another person; and

Repeals various sections of law in chapter 17 of Title 2A of the
New Jersey Statutes, including the short titles and definition
sections of various laws, which are no longer applicable. The bill
repeals:

27 - N.J.S.A. 2A:17-56.7 (short title);

28 - N.J.S.A. 2A:17-56.26 and 2A:17-56.17 (short title, definitions);
29 and

30 - N.J.S.A.2A:17-56.40 (definitions).

ASSEMBLY JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 1645

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: FEBRUARY 10, 1998

The Assembly Judiciary Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly Bill No. 1645.

This bill is designated the "New Jersey Child Support Program Improvement Act."

The provisions of the bill are intended to implement requirements which the State must adopt under the federal "Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996," Pub.L.104-193. Specifically, the bill:

• With respect to the establishment and enforcement of child support orders, provides that subject to safeguards on privacy and information security, as prescribed in the bill, and appropriate procedural due process requirements including, as appropriate, notice, the opportunity to contest and notice of the right to appeal to the court, the Department of Human Services is authorized to take the following actions without the necessity of obtaining an order from the court, and to recognize and enforce the authority of state agencies of other states to take the following actions:

- Require genetic testing for the purpose of paternity establishment;

- Subpoena any financial or other information needed for the establishment, modification or enforcement of a support order; and impose a civil penalty for failure to respond to a subpoena;

- Request that any entity including for-profit, nonprofit and government employers, respond promptly to a request by the Department of Human Services or any out-of-State IV-D agency for information on the employment, compensation and benefits of any individual employed by the entity as an employee or contractor, and impose a civil penalty for failure to respond to any request;

- Subject to the nonliability of entities that afford access, to obtain access, including automated access when feasible, to information contained in the following records:

(1) records of other State and local government agencies which include, but are not limited to, records of: the Bureau of Vital Statistics, the Division of Taxation and local tax and revenue records, real and titled personal property, occupational, professional, recreational and sporting licenses and records concerning the ownership and control of corporations, partnerships and other business entities, the Department of Labor, including wage, unemployment, disability and workers compensation records, agencies administering public assistance programs, the Division of Motor Vehicles and the Department of Corrections, including records related to Statesentenced inmates and parolees.

(2) records held by private entities with respect to individuals who owe or are owed support, or against or with respect to whom a support obligation is sought, including information on the assets and liabilities of individuals held by financial institutions and the names and addresses of the individuals and the names and addresses of the employers of the individuals appearing in customer records of public utilities and cable television companies;

- Order income withholding in accordance with the provisions of State and federal law;

- Direct an obligor or payor to change the payee to the department in cases where support is subject to an assignment or an application for Title IV-D services has been filed;

- Secure assets to satisfy arrearages by: (1) intercepting or seizing periodic or lump sum payments from: State or local agencies, including unemployment compensation, workers' compensation or other benefits; judgments, settlements and awards; inheritances; and lotteries; (2) developing a bank information matching program and attaching and seizing assets of the obligor held in financial institutions located in this State; (3) attaching public and private retirement funds as permitted under State law; and (4) imposing a lien and initiating an execution or levy to force the sale of property and distribution of proceeds in accordance with State law and applicable court rules;

- Require each party subject to a paternity or child support proceeding to provide information, including, but not limited to: Social Security number, telephone number, driver's license number, residential and mailing addresses, and the name, address, and telephone number of the party's employer; and

- Unless otherwise ordered by the court in individual cases, increase the amount of monthly support payments to include amounts for arrearages in accordance with schedules approved by the court.

- Directs the department to determine if a recipient of public assistance is cooperating in good faith in establishing the paternity of, or in establishing, modifying or enforcing a support order for, any child of the recipient;
- Authorizes the department, in any case in which an obligor owes
 past-due child support with respect to a child receiving assistance
 under a State program funded under TANF, to petition the court
 to issue an order that requires the obligor: to pay the support in
 accordance with a plan approved by the court; or to participate in
 work activities as ordered by the court, if the obligor is subject to
 such a plan and is not incapacitated;

- Authorizes all federal and State agencies conducting Title IV-D activities to have access directly or through the department, to any system used by the Division of Motor Vehicles and law enforcement agencies in the State to locate an individual;
- Requires that subject to safeguards on privacy and information security, as prescribed in the bill, the Social Security number of an applicant for a professional or occupational license, recreational or sporting license, driver's license or marriage license shall be recorded on the application. Also, the Social Security number shall be placed in the record relating to a divorce decree, support order, paternity determination and on a death certificate. The Social Security number shall be made available to the department;
- Requires employers and labor organizations to report information about newly hired employees to the department;
- Authorizes the department to seek to void certain fraudulent transfers of assets by child support obligors;
- Requires the State to cooperate with other states in interstate child support cases;
- Provides for the denial, suspension or revocation of child support obligors' professional or occupational licenses, driver's licenses and recreational or sporting licenses (e.g., power vessel licenses and hunting or fishing licenses) for obligors who have failed to make a required, current obligation of child support payment for six months;
- Requires the State Lottery Director and the Commissioner of Human Services to exchange data before a State lottery prize in excess of \$600 is awarded, and prohibits a delinquent Title IV-D obligor who wins an annuity award, from assigning the annuity award to another person; and
- Repeals various sections of law in chapter 17 of Title 2A of the New Jersey Statutes, including the short titles and definition sections of various laws, which are no longer applicable. The bill repeals:

- N.J.S.A. 2A:17-56.7 (short title);

- N.J.S.A. 2A:17-56.26 and 2A:17-56.17 (short title, definitions); and

- N.J.S.A.2A:17-56.40 (definitions).

The committee adopted a number of technical and clarifying amendments. These amendments would:

1. Clarify that in addition to other governmental records, records of the Division of Taxation can be used to satisfy the requirement to use diligent efforts to locate a party. 2. Provide that a financial institution must provide information on delinquent obligors to the Department of Human Services if the due child support equals or exceeds three months of support and no regular payments are being made.

3. Provide that if the Department of Human Services seeks to levy against assets held by a financial institution, the obligor be given notice and thirty days to contest the levy.

4. Provide that the willful, unauthorized release of financial information by a Department of Human Services employee would be cause for termination.

5. Add provisions limiting the use or disclosure of information concerning applicants or recipients of child support services.

6. Provides that the Department of Human Services be required to establish a child support disbursement unit by October 1, 1999.

7. Provide that an obligor or obligee shall be given at least 30 days notice of any proposed adjustment in child support obligations.

8. Provide that, once docketed, judgments for child support shall be enforced in the same manner as other civil money judgments.

9. Provide that if a license is suspended for failure to meet a child support obligation, that suspension shall continue until a certified court order restoring the license is filed with the licensing authority.

10. Add language to reflect recently enacted P.L. 1997, c. 376, concerning the use of blood and genetic tests in establishing paternity.

SENATE, No. 460

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 208th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 10, 1998

Sponsored by: Senator WILLIAM L. GORMLEY District 2 (Atlantic) Senator WAYNE R. BRYANT District 5 (Camden and Gloucester)

Co-Sponsored by: Senators Zane, Girgenti and Robertson

SYNOPSIS

"New Jersey Child Support Program Improvement Act."

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 2/11/1998)

AN ACT concerning child support reform and revising parts of the 1 2 statutory law. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. (New section) This act shall be known and may be cited as the 8 "New Jersey Child Support Program Improvement Act." 9 10 2. (New section) The Legislature finds and declares that: 11 Title III of the federal "Personal Responsibility and Work a. Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996," Pub.L.104-193, provides 12 13 New Jersey with the authority and guidance to structure and 14 administer an effective and efficient child support program that is accessible to all the citizens of this State needing its services; 15 b. Work and the timely payment of child support promote the best 16 interests of all families with children; 17 18 c. The expeditious establishment of paternity and child support obligations is integral to the development of a safety net for 19 participants in the Work First New Jersey program established 20 pursuant to P.L.1997, c.38 (C.44:10-55 et seq.) and their children. 21 With the implementation of the Work First New Jersey program and 22 23 its time-limited benefits, the establishment of child support orders and 24 the collection of child support are essential to the ability of families to 25 achieve and maintain self-sufficiency; 26 d. The early establishment of paternity and child support orders creates a basis for individual security and family stability, and fosters 27 28 an understanding of personal responsibility in children and teenagers; 29 e. The efficient establishment of paternity and support obligations, 30 and the effective enforcement and collection of child support obligations pursuant to the provisions of Pub.L.104-193, will 31 32 maximize the federal funding available to New Jersey for these 33 services; and 34 f. The provisions of this act incorporate and expand the 35 fundamental concepts of P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.7 et al.) and 36 comply with the federal initiatives embodied in Pub.L.104-193; 37 3. (New section) As used in P.L., c. (C.)(pending before the 38 39 Legislature as this bill), P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.7 et al.), 40 P.L.1988, c.111 (C.2A:17-56.23a), sections 13, 17 through 20 and 22 41 of P.L.1985, c.278 (C.2A:17-56.16, 2A:17-56.20 through 2A:17-42 56.23, and 2A:17-56.25), P.L.1990, c.53 (C.2A:17-56.13a), sections 43 5 and 6 of P.L.1990, c.92 (C.2A:17-56.9a and 2A:17-56.9b),

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

1 P.L.1995, c.287 (C.2A:17-56.11a), P.L.1995, c.290 (C.2A:17-

2 56.11b), P.L.1995, c.322 (C.2A:17-56.34 et seq.) and P.L.1996, c.7

3 (C.2A:17-56.40 et al.):

4 "Account" means a demand deposit account, checking or negotiable

5 order of withdrawal account, savings account, time deposit account,

6 equity securities account or money market mutual fund account.

7 "Administrative enforcement" means the use of high volume 8 automated data processing to search various State data bases, 9 including, but not limited to, license records, employment service data 10 and State new hire registries, to determine whether information is 11 available in response to a request made by another jurisdiction to 12 enforce a support order.

13 "Appropriate enforcement methods" means mechanisms such as 14 income withholding, withholding of civil lawsuits, and execution of the 15 assets of the obligor which can result in immediate payment of the 16 child support arrearage when available. In appropriate cases, the 17 license revocation process may be used as an alternative to Rule 5:7-5 18 of the court rules.

"Arrearage" means the amount of unpaid support as determined by
a court order or an administrative order from a state for support of a
child or of a child and the custodial parent.

"Child" means a person, whether over or under the age of majority,
who is or is alleged to be owed a duty of child support by that person's
parent or who is or is alleged to be the beneficiary of a support order
directed to the parent.

26 "Child support" means the amount required to be paid under a 27 judgment, decree, or order, whether temporary, final or subject to 28 modification, issued by the Superior Court, Chancery Division, Family 29 Part or a court or administrative agency of competent jurisdiction of 30 another state, for the support and maintenance of a child, or the support and maintenance of a child and the parent with whom the child 31 32 is living, which provides monetary support, health care coverage, any 33 arrearage or reimbursement, and which may include other related costs 34 and fees, interest and penalties, income withholding, attorney's fees and other relief. 35

"Child support related warrant" means an outstanding warrant for
the arrest of a child support obligor or putative father issued by the
court for failure to pay child support as ordered, failure to appear at
a hearing to establish paternity or child support, or failure to appear
at a hearing to enforce a child support order.

41 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Human Services.

42 "Court" means the Superior Court, Chancery Division, Family Part.

43 "Court order" means an order of the court or an order from an
44 administrative or judicial tribunal in another state that is competent to
45 enter or modify orders for paternity or child support.

46 "Court rules" means the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of

1 New Jersey. 2 "Credit reporting agency" means a nationally recognized credit 3 reporting agency as approved by the commissioner and defined in the 4 federal Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. s. 1681a(f)) as any entity which, for monetary fees, dues, or on a cooperative nonprofit basis, 5 6 regularly engages in whole or in part in the practice of assembling or evaluating consumer credit information or other information on 7 8 consumers for the purpose of furnishing reports to third parties and 9 which uses any means or facility of interstate commerce for the 10 purpose of preparing or furnishing consumer reports. 11 "Custodial parent" means the parent or other person who has legal 12 and physical custody of a child for the majority of the time. The 13 custodial parent is responsible for the day-to-day decisions related to 14 the child and for providing the basic needs of the child on a daily basis. 15 The custodial parent is the person to whom child support is payable. In shared parenting situations, the custodial parent is known as the 16 Parent of Primary Residence. 17 18 "Default order" means a court order entered due to a party's failure to answer a complaint or motion or to appear at a court proceeding as 19 required, after being properly served with notice. 20 21 "Department" means the Department of Human Services. 22 "Employee" means an individual who is an employee within the meaning of chapter 24 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. 23 24 Employee does not include an employee of a federal or state agency 25 performing intelligence or counter-intelligence functions, if the head 26 of such agency has determined that reporting could endanger the 27 safety of the employee or compromise an ongoing investigation or 28 intelligence mission. 29 "Employer" has the meaning given the term in section 3401(d) of 30 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and includes any governmental 31 entity and labor organization. 32 "Financial institution" means: a depository institution as defined in 12 U.S.C.s.1813(c); an institution affiliated party as defined in 12 33 34 U.S.C.s.1813(u); a federal or State credit union as defined in 12 U.S.C.s.1752, including an institution affiliated party of a credit union 35 as defined in 12 U.S.C.s.1786(r); a benefit association, insurance 36 company, safe deposit company, money market mutual fund, 37 38 investment and loan corporation or similar entity authorized to do 39 business in this State. 40 "Health care coverage" means cash medical support, health 41 insurance, dental insurance, eye care, pharmaceutical assistance and other types of medical support which are ordered by the court to 42 43 maintain the health coverage of a child.

44 "Income" for the purposes of enforcing a support order, means, but
45 is not limited to, commissions, salaries, earnings, wages, rent monies,
46 unemployment compensation, workers' compensation, any legal or

1 equitable interest or entitlement owed that was acquired by a cause of 2 action, suit, claim or counterclaim, insurance benefits, claims, 3 accounts, assets of estates, inheritances, trusts, federal or State income 4 tax refunds, homestead rebates, State lottery prizes, casino and racetrack winnings, annuities, retirement benefits, veteran's benefits, 5 6 union benefits, or any other source that may be defined as income or other property subject to withholding for child support pursuant to 7 8 State law.

9 For the purposes of establishing a support order, income is defined
10 pursuant to the child support guidelines in Appendix IX of the court
11 rules.

"Labor organization" means a labor organization as defined in paragraph (5) of section 2 of the federal "National Labor Relations Act" (29 U.S.C. s.152) and includes any entity used by the organization and an employer to carry out the requirements of paragraph (3) of subsection (f) of section 8 of that act (29 U.S.C. s.158(f)(3)) or an agreement between the organization and the employer.

"License" means any license, registration or certificate issued by the
State or its agencies or boards that is directly necessary to provide a
product or service for compensation, to operate a motor vehicle, or for
recreational or sporting purposes.

"Licensing authority" means any department, division, board,
agency or other instrumentality of State government that issues a
license, registration, certificate or other authorization to provide
goods or services for compensation, to operate a motor vehicle, or for
recreational or sporting purposes.

"Non-custodial parent" means the parent who does not have
physical custody of the child on a day-to-day basis. In shared parenting
situations, the non-custodial parent is known as the Parent of Alternate
Residence.

32 "Obligee" means an individual to whom a duty of support is or is 33 alleged to be owed or in whose favor a support order has been issued 34 or a judgment determining parentage has been rendered; a state or political subdivision to which the rights under a duty of support or 35 support order have been assigned or which has independent claims 36 based on financial assistance provided to an individual obligee; or an 37 38 individual seeking a judgment determining parentage of the individual's 39 child or providing for the support of a child.

"Obligor" means an individual, or the estate of a decedent, who
owes or is alleged to owe a duty of support, who is alleged but has not
been adjudicated to be a parent of a child, or who is liable under a
support order.

44 "Payor" means an employer or individual or entity that disburses45 or is in possession of income or assets payable to an obligor.

46 "Probation Division" means the Probation Division of the Superior

"RURESA" means the "Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement

Court, Chancery Division, Family Part.

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2

3 of Support Act (1968)," adopted in New Jersey as P.L.1981, c.243 4 (C.2A:4-30.24 et seq.). 5 "Spousal support" means a legally enforceable obligation assessed 6 against a person for the support of a spouse or former spouse who is 7 the custodial parent of a child to whom the person owes child support. 8 "State case registry" means the automated system maintained by the 9 State IV-D agency that contains federally required information on 10 child support cases. 11 "State IV-D agency" means the Department of Human Services. 12 "Support guidelines" means the set of presumptive standards for 13 determining the amount of child support as established by the court in 14 court rules. 15 "Support order" means a judgment, decree or order, whether temporary, final or subject to modification, for the benefit of a child, 16 a spouse or a former spouse, issued by the court or a court or 17 18 administrative agency of another state, which provides for monetary 19 support, health care coverage, arrearages or reimbursement, and may 20 include related costs and fees, interest, income withholding, attorney's 21 fees and other relief. 22 "TANF" means the "Temporary Assistance to Needy Families" program established pursuant to Title IV-A of the federal Social 23 Security Act (42 U.S.C. s.601 et seq.). TANF includes the Work First 24 25 New Jersey program for dependent children and their parents 26 established pursuant to P.L.1997, c.38 (C.44:10-55 et seq.). 27 "Title IV-D" means Title IV-D of the federal Social Security Act 28 (42 U.S.C. s.651 et seq.). 29 "Title IV-D case" means a case under Title IV-A of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. s.601 et seq.) that involves an 30 31 assignment of support rights, an appropriate referral under Title IV-E 32 of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. s.670 et seq.), a non-33 public assistance case or a Medicaid only case, in which an application 34 for Title IV-D services has been filed and a fee paid, as appropriate, with the department, or an interstate case referred to the department 35 by another jurisdiction. 36 "UIFSA" means the "Uniform Interstate Family Support Act" to be 37 38 adopted by each state to replace RURESA pursuant to Pub.L.104-193. 39 40 4. (New section) Subject to safeguards on privacy and information 41 security and appropriate procedural due process requirements 42 including, as appropriate, notice, the opportunity to contest and notice 43 of the right to appeal to the court, the department is authorized to take 44 the following actions relating to the establishment of paternity or to 45 the establishment, modification or enforcement of support orders, without the necessity of obtaining an order from the court, and to 46

recognize and enforce the authority of state agencies of other states to
 take the following actions:

3 a. Require genetic testing for the purpose of paternity

4 establishment;

b. (1) Subpoena any financial or other information needed for the
establishment, modification or enforcement of a support order; and

(2) impose a civil penalty for failure to respond to a subpoena 7 8 which shall not exceed: \$25 per violation, or, if the failure to respond 9 is the result of a conspiracy between the entity and the non-custodial 10 parent not to supply the required information or to supply inaccurate or incomplete information, \$500. Payment of the penalty may not be 11 12 required, however, if in response to the imposition of the penalty, the 13 person or entity complies immediately with the subpoena. All 14 penalties assessed under this section shall be payable to the State 15 Treasurer and may be recovered in a summary proceeding pursuant to "the penalty enforcement law," N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq.; 16

c. (1) Request that any entity including for-profit, nonprofit and
government employers, respond promptly to a request by the
department or any out-of-State IV-D agency for information on the
employment, compensation and benefits of any individual employed by
the entity as an employee or contractor; and

22 (2) impose a civil penalty for failure to respond to any request which shall not exceed: \$25 per violation, or, if failure to respond is 23 the result of a conspiracy between the entity and the non-custodial 24 25 parent not to supply the required information or to supply inaccurate 26 or incomplete information, \$500. Payment of the penalty may not be 27 required, however, if in response to the imposition of the penalty, the 28 person or entity complies immediately with the subpoena. All 29 penalties assessed under this section shall be paid to the State 30 Treasurer and may be recovered in a summary proceeding pursuant to "the penalty enforcement law," N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq.; 31

d. Subject to the nonliability of entities that afford access, to obtain
access, including automated access when feasible, to information
contained in the following records:

(1) records of other State and local government agencies whichinclude, but are not limited to:

(a) records of the Bureau of Vital Statistics in the Department of
Health and Senior Services, and other agencies that collect vital
statistics, including marriage, death and birth records;

40 (b) records of the Division of Taxation in the Department of the
41 Treasury, and local tax and revenue records including address,
42 employer, income and assets;

43 (c) records concerning real and titled personal property;

(d) records of occupational, professional, recreational and sporting
licenses and records concerning the ownership and control of
corporations, partnerships and other business entities;

(e) records of the Department of Labor, including wage,
 unemployment, disability and workers compensation records;

3 (f) records of agencies administering public assistance programs;

4 (g) records of the Division of Motor Vehicles in the Department of
5 Transportation, including, but not limited to, motor vehicle and
6 commercial license and registration records; and

7 (h) records of the Department of Corrections, including records8 related to State-sentenced inmates and parolees; and

9 (2) records held by private entities with respect to individuals who 10 owe or are owed support, or against or with respect to whom a 11 support obligation is sought, including information on the assets and 12 liabilities of individuals held by financial institutions and the names and 13 addresses of the individuals and the names and addresses of the 14 employers of the individuals appearing in customer records of public 15 utilities and cable television companies, pursuant to a subpeona authorized under subsection b. of this section; 16

e. Order income withholding in accordance with the provisions ofState and federal law;

f. Direct the obligor or payor to change the payee pursuant to
section 7 of P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.13) in cases where support
is subject to an assignment or an application for Title IV-D services
has been filed;

23 g. Secure assets to satisfy arrearages by:

(1) intercepting or seizing periodic or lump sum payments from:
State or local agencies, including unemployment compensation,
workers' compensation or other benefits; judgments, settlements and

27 awards; and lotteries;

(2) developing a bank information matching program and attaching
and seizing assets of the obligor held in financial institutions located
in this State in accordance with the provisions of P.L. , c,
(C.)(pending before the Legislature as this bill);

32 (3) attaching public and private retirement funds as permitted33 under State law; and

(4) imposing a lien and initiating an execution or levy to force the
sale of property and distribution of proceeds in accordance with
N.J.S.2A:17-1 through N.J.S.2A:17-4, N.J.S.2A:17-57 through
N.J.S.2A:17-76 and applicable court rules;

h. Require each party subject to a paternity or child support proceeding to file with the court and the State case registry upon the entry of an order and to update, as appropriate, information on the location and the identity of the party, including, but not limited to: Social Security number, telephone number, driver's license number, residential and mailing addresses, and the name, address, and telephone number of the party's employer; and

45 i. Unless otherwise ordered by the court, increase the amount of46 monthly support payments to include amounts for arrearages.

1 5. (New section) For the purposes of enforcing a support provision 2 in an order or judgment, procedural due process requirements may be 3 deemed to have been met with respect to the party upon delivery of 4 written notice to that party's most recent residential or employer address on file with the department, if there is a sufficient showing that 5 6 diligent efforts have been made to locate the party by making inquiries 7 that may include, but are not limited to, the United States Postal 8 Service, Division of Motor Vehicles in the Department of 9 Transportation, the Department of Labor, and the Department of 10 Corrections. A certification documenting unsuccessful efforts to locate a party shall be provided to the court before any adverse action 11 is taken based on failure of the party to respond to a notice. For the 12 13 purposes of establishing or modifying the child support provision of a 14 court order or judgment, service of process shall be consistent with 15 court rules or applicable statutes.

16

17 6. (New section) In accordance with regulations adopted by the 18 commissioner, the department shall make the determination as to 19 whether an individual who has applied for or is receiving public assistance or assistance under the State Medicaid program pursuant to 20 21 P.L.1968, c.413 (C.30:4D-1 et seq.) or the Title IV-E program is 22 cooperating in good faith in establishing the paternity of, or in establishing, modifying or enforcing a support order for any child of 23 24 the individual by providing the name of the non-custodial parent and 25 such other information as may be required for this purpose. The 26 determination shall be made subject to good cause and other 27 exemptions as specified by the commissioner, by regulation.

The department shall notify the individual and appropriate State or county entities administering TANF and appropriate State or county entities administering the State Medicaid program of each determination, and if noncooperation is determined, the basis therefor.

7. (New section) In any case in which an obligor owes past-due
child support with respect to a child receiving assistance under a State
program funded under TANF, the department is authorized to petition
the court to issue an order that requires the obligor: to pay the support
in accordance with a plan approved by the court; or to participate in
work activities as ordered by the court, if the obligor is subject to such
a plan and is not incapacitated.

40

8. (New section) a. Each financial institution doing business in the
State shall provide information to the department on all non-custodial
parents who maintain an account at the financial institution and who
owe past due support.

45 b. In order to provide the information required pursuant to46 subsection a. of this section, a financial institution shall enter into an

1 agreement and, at its option:

2 (1) identify non-custodial parents by comparing records maintained

3 by the financial institution with records provided by the department by

4 name, address of record and either Social Security number, tax

5 identification number or other identifying information;

6 (2) submit to the department a report that includes the name, 7 address of record and either Social Security number, tax identification 8 number or other identifying information of each individual maintaining 9 an account at the financial institution as shown on its records of that 10 account; or

(3) enter into an agreement with the department to provide the
name, address of record and either Social Security number, tax
identification number or other identifying information in a form and by
a method mutually agreeable to the financial institution and the
department.

c. The department shall enter into a cooperative agreement with 16 financial institutions doing business in this State to provide the 17 18 information required pursuant to subsection a. of this section on a 19 quarterly basis, by electronic or magnetic media, mail, facsimile or any 20 automated data exchange method or other means authorized by the 21 department. The department shall establish, by regulation, and pay a 22 reasonable fee for the data match provided for in this subsection. To 23 the extent consistent with federal law, the department shall reimburse a financial institution for actual costs that are reasonably and 24 25 efficiently incurred in conducting the data match provided for in this 26 section.

d. In response to a notice of lien or levy, a financial institution shall encumber or surrender, as the case may be, assets held by the financial institution on behalf of any noncustodial parent who is subject to a child support lien pursuant to 42 U.S.C.s.666(a)(4). To the extent consistent with federal law, the encumberance or surrender shall be subject to any right to any fees and penalties or set-off the financial institution may have against the assets under State law.

34 e. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, a financial institution that is directed to levy upon, block, freeze or encumber an 35 account pursuant to the provisions of this section, is entitled to: (1) 36 37 collect or deduct from the account its reasonable and normally 38 scheduled processing fee for a levy; and (2) collect or deduct its 39 normally scheduled account activity fee to maintain the account for 40 any period the account is blocked, frozen or encumbered. The 41 provisions of this section shall not be construed to preclude a financial institution from exercising its right to charge back or recoup a deposit 42 43 to an account.

f. Notwithstanding any other provision of federal or State law to
the contrary, a financial institution shall not be liable under any federal
or State law to any person for any disclosure of information to the

1 department for the purpose of establishing, modifying or enforcing a 2 child support obligation of an individual, or for encumbering, holding, 3 refusing to release to the obligor or surrendering any assets held by the 4 financial institution, in response to a notice of lien or levy issued by the department, or for any other action taken in good faith to comply 5 6 with the requirements of this section, regardless of whether the action 7 was authorized or described pursuant to this section. A financial 8 institution shall not be required to give notice to an account holder or 9 customer that the financial institution has provided information or 10 taken any action pursuant to the provisions of this section. The financial institution shall not be liable for failure to provide the notice. 11 12 g. In obtaining a financial record of an individual from a financial 13 institution, the department may only disclose the financial information 14 for the purpose of, and to the extent necessary to establish, modify or 15 enforce a child support obligation of the individual. 16 h. If any officer or employee of the department knowingly, or by reason of negligence, discloses a financial record of an individual in 17 violation of subsection g. of this section, the injured individual may 18 19 bring a civil action for damages against the officer or employee. Unauthorized release of information shall also be cause for 20 21 administrative discipline of any employee who engages in an 22 unauthorized release. i. No liability shall arise under this section with respect to any 23 24 disclosure which results from a good faith but erroneous 25 interpretation. j. No financial institution-affiliated party shall be required to 26 27 provide information required by this section if the financial institution 28 with which the party is affiliated has otherwise provided the required 29 information. 30 31 9. (New section) a. The department shall establish and maintain a 32 State case registry. The department shall regularly monitor cases in 33 the registry with respect to which services are being provided under 34 the State Title IV-D plan. The registry shall include information on: (1) the amount and frequency of support owed and other amounts 35 due or overdue under the support order, including arrearages, interest 36 37 or late payment penalties and fees; 38 (2) any amounts described in paragraph (1) of this subsection that 39 have been collected; 40 (3) the distribution of collected amounts; 41 (4) the date of birth of any child for whom the support order 42 requires support; (5) the amount of any lien imposed; 43 (6) information on administrative actions and administrative and 44 45 judicial proceedings and court orders relating to paternity and support; 46 (7) information obtained from comparison with federal, State, or

1 local sources of information; and 2 (8) any other relevant information. 3 b. Beginning October 1, 1998, the court shall transmit to the State 4 case registry a copy of every judgment or order that includes a provision for child support. 5 6 10. (New section) All federal and state agencies conducting 7 8 activities pursuant to the requirements of Title IV-D, shall have access 9 directly or through the department to any system used by the Division of Motor Vehicles in the Department of Transportation and law 10 enforcement agencies in the State to locate an individual. The 11 information shall be made available to the department through 12 electronic means when feasible. 13 14 15 (New section) Subject to safeguards on privacy and 11. information security: 16 a. The Social Security number of an applicant for any professional 17 or occupational license, recreational or sporting license, driver's 18 19 license, or marriage license shall be recorded on the application; 20 b. The Social Security number shall be placed in the record relating 21 to: a divorce decree; support order in a divorce decree; support order 22 and paternity determination or acknowledgment; and on a death 23 certificate; and 24 c. The Social Security number shall be made available to the 25 department through electronic means when feasible. 26 27 12. (New section) a. All employers and labor organizations doing 28 business in the State shall report to the department: 29 (1) the hiring of, or contracting with, any person who works in this State and to whom the employer anticipates paying earnings; and 30 31 (2) the re-hiring or return to work of any employee who is laid off, 32 furloughed, separated, granted a leave without pay, or terminated from 33 employment in this State. 34 b. An employer shall submit the information required in this subsection within 20 days of the hiring, re-hiring, or return to work of 35 the employee, except that an employer who transmits reports 36 magnetically or electronically shall report every 15 days in accordance 37 38 with rules adopted by the commissioner. The report shall contain: 39 (1) the employee's name, address, date of birth and Social Security 40 number; and 41 (2) the employer's name, address, and federal tax identification 42 number. c. An employer who fails to report, as required in this section, shall 43 44 be given a written warning by the department for the first violation and 45 shall be subject to a civil penalty which shall not exceed: \$25 per violation, or, if the failure to report is the result of a conspiracy 46

between the employer and the employee to not supply the required
 report or to supply a false or incomplete report, \$500.

Payment of the penalty may not be required, however, if in response to the imposition of the penalty, the person or entity complies immediately with the new hire reporting requirements. All penalties assessed under this section shall be payable to the State Treasurer and may be recovered in a summary proceeding pursuant to "the penalty enforcement law," N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq.

9 d. The information provided pursuant to this section may be shared 10 with any federal or State agency as deemed appropriate by the 11 commissioner.

12

13 13. (New section) In any case in which the department knows of 14 a transfer by a child support judgment debtor pursuant to the "Uniform 15 Fraudulent Transfer Act," R.S.25:2-20 et seq., with respect to which 16 a prima facie case is established, the department shall seek to void the 17 transfer or obtain a settlement in the best interest of the child support 18 creditor.

19

20 14. (New section) a. The department shall be responsible for the 21 establishment of a State disbursement unit for the collection and 22 disbursement of payments under support orders in all Title IV-D cases, and in all non-Title IV-D cases in which the support order was initially 23 issued in the State on or after January 1, 1994, and in which the 24 25 income of the non-custodial parent is subject to income withholding. 26 b. The department shall provide employers with one location to 27 which income withholding shall be sent.

c. The department shall use automated procedures, electronic
processes and computer driven technology to the maximum extent
feasible, for efficient and economical collection and disbursement of
support payments. All payments shall be disbursed in accordance with
federal requirements.

33

15. (New section) a. The department shall use administrative enforcement, to the same extent as used for intrastate cases, in response to a request made by another state to enforce a support order, and shall promptly report the results of the enforcement procedure to the requesting state. The department shall respond to a request made by another state to enforce a support order through electronic means, when feasible.

b. The department may, by electronic or other means, transmit to
another state a request for assistance in enforcing support orders
through administrative enforcement.

44 c. The requesting state's request shall:

(1) include such information as will enable the state to which therequest is transmitted to compare the information about the case to the

1 information in the databases of the state; and 2 (2) constitute a certification by the requesting state: 3 (a) of the amount of support under an order that the payment of 4 which is in arrears; and 5 (b) that the requesting state has complied with all procedural due 6 process requirements applicable to each case. d. If the department provides assistance to another state pursuant 7 8 to this section with respect to a case, neither state shall consider the 9 case to be transferred to the caseload of the other state. 10 e. The department shall maintain records of: the number of requests 11 for assistance received by the State; the number of cases for which the 12 State collected support in response to the request; and the amount of 13 support collected. 14 15 16. (New section) The State IV-D agency and the court may 16 transfer a case between local county welfare agency and Probation Division offices, respectively, without the need for additional filing by 17 the petitioner or service of process upon the respondent to retain 18 19 jurisdiction over the parties. Notice shall be provided to the parties 20 advising of the transfer. 21 22 17. a. The commissioner, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), shall adopt 23 regulations to effectuate the purposes of this act and to comply with 24 25 the requirements of Pub.L.104-193; except that, notwithstanding any 26 provision of P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) to the contrary, the 27 commissioner may adopt, immediately upon filing with the Office of 28 Administrative Law, such regulations as the commissioner deems 29 necessary to implement the provisions of this act, which regulations 30 shall be effective for a period not to exceed six months and may, 31 thereafter, be amended, adopted or readopted by the commissioner in 32 accordance with the requirements of P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et 33 seq.). 34 b. The Attorney General and the Commissioners of Environmental 35 Protection, Labor, Banking and Insurance, Health and Senior Services, Corrections, Transportation and Community Affairs may, pursuant to 36 the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et 37 38 seq.), adopt regulations, as appropriate, to effectuate the purposes of 39 this act and to comply with the requirements of Pub.L.104-193; except 40 that, notwithstanding any provision of P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 41 et seq.) to the contrary, the Attorney General and the respective 42 commissioners may adopt, immediately upon filing with the Office of 43 Administrative Law such regulations as the Attorney General or the 44 respective commissioners deem necessary to implement the provisions 45 of this act, which regulations shall be effective for a period not to exceed six months and may thereafter, be amended, adopted or 46

readopted by the Attorney General or respective commissioners in
 accordance with the requirements of P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et
 seq.).

4

5 18. Section 2 of P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.8) is amended to 6 read as follows:

7 2. Every complaint, notice or pleading for the entry or 8 modification of [an] <u>a support</u> order [of a] <u>and every</u> court <u>order</u> 9 which includes child support shall include a written notice to the 10 obligor stating that the child support provision of the order shall, and 11 the [medical support] health care coverage provision may, as 12 appropriate, be enforced by an income withholding upon the current 13 or future income due from the obligor's employer or successor 14 employers and upon the unemployment compensation benefits due the 15 obligor and against debts, income, trust funds, profits or income from any other source due the obligor except as provided in section 3 of 16 P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.9). The written notice shall also state 17 18 that the driver's license and professional or occupational licenses. or 19 recreational or sporting license in accordance with P.L.1996, c.7 20 (C.2A:17-56.40 et seq.), held or applied for by the obligor may be 21 denied, suspended or revoked if: the child support arrearage is equal 22 to or exceeds the amount of child support payable for six months; the 23 obligor fails to provide health [insurance] care coverage for the 24 children as ordered by the court for six months; or the obligor fails to 25 respond to a subpoena relating to a paternity or child support 26 proceeding: or a warrant for the obligor's arrest has been issued by the 27 court due to failure to pay child support as ordered, failure to appear 28 at a hearing to establish paternity or child support, or failure to appear 29 at a hearing to enforce a child support order and said warrant remains 30 outstanding. The written notice shall also state that the amount of a 31 Title IV-D child support order and the provisions for [medical support] health care coverage shall be reviewed and updated, as 32 33 necessary, at least every three years.

34 The court shall ensure that in the case of each obligor against whom 35 a support order is or has been issued or modified, the obligor's income 36 shall be withheld to comply with the order. An amount shall be 37 withheld to pay the support obligation and it shall include an amount 38 to be applied toward liquidation of arrearages reduced to judgments, 39 payments for paternity testing procedures and provisions for [medical 40 support <u>health care</u> coverage when applicable. These provisions shall 41 also be applicable to all orders issued on or before the effective date 42 of [this act] P.L.1985, c.278 (C.2A:17-56.16 et seq.). 43 A support provision contained in an order or judgment issued by

the court shall be paid by income withholding unless the order or
 judgment specifically provides for an alternative payment arrangement

46 to which the parties agree in writing or the obligor or obligee

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1 demonstrates and the court finds good cause for establishing an 2 alternative arrangement. 3 (cf: P.L.1996, c.7, s.1) 4 5 19. Section 3 of P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.9) is amended to 6 read as follows: 7 3. The income withholding shall be initiated by the probation 8 department of the county in which the obligor resides immediately 9 after the court order has been issued; except that immediate 10 withholding shall not apply in those cases in which the obligor and 11 obligee agree in writing to an alternative arrangement or the obligor 12 or obligee demonstrates and the court finds good cause for 13 establishing an alternative arrangement. For support obligations that 14 are payable through the Probation Division, the Probation Division 15 shall mail the notice of immediate withholding to the obligor's payor 16 if the payor is known. If the obligor's source of income is unknown at 17 the time the Probation Division receives the support order, the 18 <u>Probation Division shall mail the notice to the payor within the time</u> 19 frame required pursuant to federal law. If an immediate withholding 20 is not ordered, due to the above exception <u>alternative payment</u> 21 arrangement has been ordered as provided in section 2 of P.L.1981, 22 c.417 (C.2A:17-56.8) or [an] a support order entered prior to [the 23 effective date of this act] October 1, 1996, the income withholding 24 shall be initiated by the Probation Division when the obligor has failed 25 to make [a] the required child support payment [allocated or unallocated that <u>and</u> has arrearages accrued equal to the amount of 26 27 the support payable for 14 days <u>, or without regard to an arrearage or</u> an alternative agreement if the obligee, for good cause, or the obligor 28 29 requests that withholding be initiated. Subject to the provisions of 30 this act, the P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.8 et seq.), an income 31 withholding shall be initiated by the Probation Division and shall take 32 effect without amendment to the support order or further court or 33 quasi-judicial action and without regard to any alternative arrangements entered into by the parties or ordered by the court. 34 35 The total amount of income to be withheld shall not exceed the maximum amount permitted under section 303 (b) of the federal 36 37 Consumer Credit Protection Act (15 U.S.C. s. 1673 (b)). The income 38 withholding shall be carried out in full compliance with all procedural 39 due process requirements. The Administrative Office of the Courts 40 shall establish procedures for promptly terminating the withholding 41 when necessary and for promptly refunding amounts which have been 42 improperly withheld. 43 The Probation Division shall extend the income withholding system 44 to include withholding from income derived within the State in cases 45 where the applicable support order was issued in another state.

1 When an income withholding order has been issued in this State, it 2 shall promptly be forwarded to the obligor's principal place of 3 employment pursuant to P.L. c, (C.)(pending before the 4 Legislature as Senate Bill No. 461 of 1998) or to the appropriate child 5 support agency in the payor's state in the form prescribed by the 6 federal Office of Child Support Enforcement. All procedural due 7 process requirements of the state Title IV-D agency where the obligor 8 has income shall apply to the income withholding. 9 (cf: P.L.1990, c.92, s.2) 10 11 20. Section 5 of P.L.1990, c.92 (C. 2A:17-56.9a) is amended to 12 read as follows: 13 At least once every three years [all IV-D orders for child 5.

support payments shall be subject to] , unless the State has developed 14 15 an automated cost-of-living adjustment program for child support 16 payments, the parties subject to a Title IV-D support order shall be 17 provided notice of their right to request a review, which shall be conducted in accordance with the rules promulgated by the [IV-D] 18 19 Agency <u>State IV-D agency</u> in consultation with the Supreme Court. 20 Such review shall take into account any changes in the financial 21 situation or related circumstances of both parties and whether the 22 order of child support is in full compliance with the [Child Support 23 Guidelines set forth in the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of 24 New Jersey, R.5:6A] child support guidelines.

25 Upon completing the review and if a change in the amount of child 26 support is recommended, the State IV-D agency or designee shall so 27 notify the obligor and obligee in writing of the child support amount 28 that is recommended. The obligor and obligee shall be afforded not 29 less than 30 days after such notification to file with the State IV-D 30 agency and the court a challenge to such proposed adjustment or 31 determination. [The] If proof exists that the obligor and obligee have 32 been provided with notice of the proposed adjustment, the court shall 33 adjust the child support amount [will be adjusted accordingly by the court] as proposed by the department if either party does not 34 challenge the recommended award within the prescribed time or fails 35 36 to show good cause why the adjustment should not occur.

In accordance with section 351 of Pub.L.104-193, a proof or showing of a change in circumstances shall not be required prior to initiation of a review or for the adjustment of an order under the threeyear review process; however, a proof or showing of a substantial change in circumstances shall be required prior to the initiation of a review or for the adjustment of an order outside the three-year review process.

44 (cf: P.L.1990, c.92, s.5)

1 21. Section 4 of P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.10) is amended to 2 read as follows:

4. a. 3 [The probation department] If an income withholding 4 initiated by the Probation Division is required pursuant to section 3 of 5 P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.9), the Probation Division shall notify 6 the obligor of the income withholding by [certified or registered] 7 regular mail [with return receipt requested] to the obligor's last known address. The notice to the obligor shall be postmarked no 8 9 later than 10 days after the date on which the application was filed 10 mailed at the same time as the notice to the payor, and shall inform the obligor that the withholding [shall take effect 10 days after the 11 postmark date of the notice unless the obligor contests the 12 13 withholding has commenced in accordance with section 314 of 14 Pub.L.104-193. The notice to the obligor shall also include all of the information regarding the withholding that is included in the notice to 15 16 the payor. An obligor may contest a withholding only on the basis of 17 mistake of fact. The notice to the obligor shall include but need not 18 be limited to: the amount to be withheld, including an amount to be 19 applied toward liquidation of arrearages; a statement that the 20 withholding applies to current and subsequent sources of income; the 21 methods available for contesting the withholding on the grounds that 22 the withholding is not proper because of mistake of fact; the period 23 within which the probation department shall <u>Probation Division may</u> 24 be contacted in order to contest the withholding and that failure to 25 do so will result in notifying the payor to begin withholding; and the 26 actions the probation department will take if the individual contests the 27 withholding] ; and the procedures to follow if the obligor desires to 28 contest the withholding on the grounds that the withholding or the 29 amount thereof is improper due to a mistake of fact. 30 If an obligor contests the proposed withholding, the [probation 31 department] <u>Probation Division</u> shall schedule a hearing <u>or review</u> 32 within 20 days after receiving notice of contest of the withholding. If 33 it is determined that the withholding is to [occur] continue, the 34 [probation department] <u>Probation Division</u> shall provide notice to the 35 obligor. [Notice to the obligor shall include the time within which the withholding is to begin. Notice to the obligor shall [also] include all 36 37 of the information that is included in the notice to the payor in section 38 5 of this act <u>P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.11)</u>. The <u>Probation</u> 39 Division shall notify the obligor shall be notified by the probation 40 department] of the results of the hearing or review within five days of 41 the [determination made at the hearing] date of the hearing or review. 42 b. The probation department shall prepare the income 43 withholding notice when the obligor does not contest the withholding 44 or has exhausted all procedures established by the Administrative 45 Office of the Courts for contesting the withholding. The income

1 withholding shall include requirements that a payor withhold the 2 amount specified in the notice and shall include a statement that the 3 amount actually withheld for support and for other purposes may not 4 be in excess of the amount allowed under section 303(b) of the federal 5 Consumer Credit Protection Act (15 U.S.C.s.1673(b)). On any If the 6 court enters an order modifying alimony, maintenance or child support 7 [based upon changed circumstances], the <u>Probation Division shall</u> 8 amend the income withholding amount [shall also be changed] 9 accordingly. This income withholding shall have priority over any 10 other withholdings and garnishments without regard to the dates [of] that the other income withholdings or garnishments were issued. 11 12 c. An income withholding made under [this act] P.L.1981, c.417

12 C. All income withholding indee under [tins act] <u>F.E.1981, C.417</u>
 13 (C.2A:17-56.8 et seq.) shall continue [in full force and effect until
 14 such time as a court order to the contrary is entered upon the
 15 liquidation of all arrearages] <u>until terminated by a court</u>.

Where there is more than one support order for withholding 16 d. 17 against a single obligor, the payor shall withhold the payments to fully 18 comply with the court orders on a pro rata basis to the extent that the 19 total amount withheld from the obligor's wages income does not 20 exceed the limits allowed under section 303(b) of the federal 21 Consumer Credit Protection Act (15 U.S.C.s.1673(b)). Payors may 22 combine withheld amounts in a single payment for each appropriate 23 probation department requesting withholding and separately identify 24 the portion of the payment which is attributable to each [individual] 25 obligor unless submitted pursuant to section 7 of P.L.1981, c.417 26 (C.2A:17-56.13) or through the use of electronic funds transfer.

27 (cf: P.L.1985, c.278, s.4)

28

29 22. Section 5 of P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.11) is amended to30 read as follows:

31 5. a. An income withholding made under [this act] P.L.1981. 32 c.417 (C.2A:17-56.8 et seq.) and provisions for [medical support] 33 health care coverage shall be binding upon the payor and successor 34 payors immediately after service upon the payor by the probation 35 department] <u>Probation Division</u> of a copy of the income withholding and an order for the provision of [medical support] health care 36 coverage, by [registered or certified mail with return receipt requested 37 38 until further order] regular mail. The payor is to pay the withheld 39 amount to the [probation department] Probation Division at the same 40 time the obligor is paid. The payor shall implement withholding and the provisions for [medical support] health care coverage no later 41 42 than the first pay period that ends immediately after the date the notice 43 was postmarked, except that the payor is not required to alter regular 44 pay cycles to comply with the withholding. For each payment, other 45 than payment received from the unemployment compensation fund, the

1 payor may receive \$1.00, which shall be deducted from the obligor's 2 income in addition to the amount of the support order to compensate 3 the payor for the administrative expense of processing the withholding. 4 Notice to the payor shall include, but not be limited to, instructions 5 for the provisions for [medical support] health care coverage, the amount to be withheld from the obligor's income and a statement that 6 7 the <u>total</u> amount [actually] withheld for support and other purposes 8 may not be in excess of the maximum amount permitted under section 9 303 (b) of the federal Consumer Credit Protection Act (15 U.S.C. 10 s.1673 (b)); that the payor shall send the amount to the probation 11 department] <u>Probation Division</u> at the same time the obligor is paid, 12 unless the [probation department] Probation Division directs that 13 payment be made to another individual or entity; that the payor may 14 deduct and retain a fee of \$1.00 in addition to the amount of the 15 support order except when the payment is received from the 16 unemployment compensation fund; that withholding is binding on the 17 payor until further notice by the [probation department] <u>Probation</u> 18 Division; that, in accordance with section 6 of P.L.1981, c.417 19 (C.2A:17-56.12), the payor is subject to a fine and civil damages as 20 determined by the court for discharging an obligor from employment, 21 refusing to employ, or taking disciplinary action against an obligor subject to an income withholding because of the withholding or any 22 23 obligation which it imposes upon the payor; that the payor is subject 24 to a fine as determined by the court for failure to withhold support 25 from the obligor's income or pay the withheld amount to the Probation 26 Division; that if the payor fails to take appropriate action with regard 27 to the provisions for [medical support] health care coverage or 28 withhold wages in accordance with the provisions of the notice, the 29 payor is liable for any medical expenses incurred by the children subject to the provisions for [medical support] health care coverage 30 31 and any amount up to the accumulated amount the payor should have 32 withheld from the obligor's income; that the withholding shall have 33 priority over any other legal process under State law against the same 34 [wages] income; that the payor may combine withheld amounts from 35 the obligor's [wages] income in a single payment to [each appropriate agency requesting withholding] the Probation Division and separately 36 37 identify the portion of the single payment which is attributable to each 38 [individual] obligor <u>unless submitted pursuant to section 7 of</u> 39 P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.13) or through electronic funds transfer; 40 that if there is more than one support order for withholding against a 41 single obligor, the payor shall withhold the payments on a pro rata 42 basis to fully comply with the support orders, to the extent that the 43 total amount withheld does not exceed the limits imposed under 44 section 303 (b) of the federal Consumer Credit Protection Act (15 45 U.S.C. s.1673 (b)); that the payor shall implement withholding no later

1 than the first pay period that ends immediately after the date the notice 2 was postmarked, except that the payor is not required to alter regular 3 pay cycles to comply with the withholding; and that the payor shall 4 notify the [probation department] Probation Division promptly upon 5 the termination of the obligor's employment benefits and provide the obligor's last known address and the name and address of the obligor's 6 7 new payor, if known. 8 A payor served with an income withholding notice shall be liable to 9 the obligee for failure to deduct the amounts specified. The obligee or 10 the Probation Division may commence a proceeding against the payor 11 for accrued deductions, together with interest and reasonable 12 attorney's fees. 13 In accordance with section 314 of Pub.L.104-193, a payor who 14 complies with an income withholding notice that is regular on its face 15 shall be immune from civil liability for conduct in compliance with the 16 notice. 17 b. When a payor receives an income withholding notice issued by 18 another state, the payor shall apply the income withholding law of the 19 state in which the obligor's principal place of employment is located in 20 determining: 21 (1) the payor's fee for processing the income withholding; 22 (2) the maximum amount permitted to be withheld from the 23 obligor's income; 24 (3) the time periods within which the payor must implement the 25 income withholding order and forward the child support payment; 26 (4) the priorities for withholding and allocating income withheld for 27 multiple obligees; and 28 (5) any withholding terms or conditions not specified in the support 29 order or notice. 30 (cf: P.L.1995, c.58, s.3) 31 32 23. Section 7 of P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.13) is amended to 33 read as follows: 34 7. [In] <u>Until such time as a State disbursement unit is established</u> 35 pursuant to section 15 of P.L., c. (C.)(pending before the 36 Legislature as this bill), in every award for alimony, maintenance or 37 child support payments the judgment or order shall provide that 38 payments be made through the [probation department] Probation 39 Division of the county in which the obligor resides, unless the court, 40 for good cause shown, otherwise orders. Upon entry of the judgment 41 or order, the parties shall provide the court and the Probation Division 42 with their Social Security numbers, residential and mailing addresses, 43 telephone numbers, driver's license numbers, and the name, address 44 and telephone number of their employers. Each judgment or order 45 [for alimony, maintenance or child support] shall [include an order] 46 require that the obligor and obligee notify the appropriate probation

department] Probation Division of any change of payor or change of 1 2 address within 10 days of the change. Failure to provide this 3 information shall be considered a violation of this order. 4 The order shall also inform the obligor that the address provided to 5 the Probation Division shall be the address of record for subsequent support enforcement actions and that service of legal documents at 6 7 that address shall be effective for the purpose of meeting due process 8 requirements. 9 Service at the address of record of all summonses, pleadings, or 10 notices shall be effective for all purposes. For the purposes of enforcing a support provision, the court may deem procedural due 11 12 process requirements for notice and service of process to be met with 13 respect to a party thereto upon delivery of written notice to the most 14 recent residential or employer address filed with the Probation 15 Division for that party. If a party fails to respond to a notice and no 16 proof is available that the party received the notice, the Probation 17 Division shall document to the court that it has made a diligent effort 18 to locate the party by making inquiries that may include, but are not 19 limited to: the United States Postal Service, the Division of Motor 20 Vehicles in the Department of Transportation, and the Departments of 21 Labor and Corrections. The Probation Division shall provide an 22 affidavit to the court presenting such documentation of its diligent 23 effort, which certifies its inability to locate the party, before any 24 adverse action is taken based upon the party's failure to respond to the 25 notice. When an obligor changes employment within the State while 26 income withholding is in effect, the [probation department] Probation 27 Division shall notify the new payor that the withholding is binding on 28 the new payor. When [a probation department] the Probation 29 Division is unable to locate the obligor's current payor in order to 30 effectuate an income withholding under [this act] P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.8 et seq.), the [probation department] Probation 31 32 Division is authorized to utilize any other procedure authorized by law 33 to obtain this information. 34 (cf: P.L.1985, c.278, s.7) 35 36 24. Section 18 of P.L.1985, c.278 (C.2A:17-56.21) is amended to 37 read as follows: 38 18. a. The State IV-D agency shall have the authority to make 39 available [information on] the name of any delinquent obligor and the 40 amount of overdue support owed by [obligors] the obligor to 41 [consumer] <u>credit</u> reporting agencies [upon their request], subject to 42 the conditions set forth in this section and privacy safeguards established by the commissioner. This information shall be provided 43 44 only to an entity that has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the State 45 IV-D agency that the entity is a credit reporting agency.

4 5 c. The State IV-D agency may establish a fee for all requests 6 which will be uniformly applied in all Title IV-D cases. Any fee 7 charged shall be limited to the actual cost of providing the information. 8 d. The obligor shall receive written notice that the information 9 will be made available to the credit reporting agency. The obligor 10 shall have an opportunity to contest the accuracy of the information. 11 Information with respect to a delinquent obligor shall be reported to credit reporting agencies only after the obligor has been afforded all 12 13 procedural due process required under State law including notice and 14 a reasonable opportunity to contest the accuracy of the information. 15 e. The State IV-D agency shall comply with all applicable 16 procedural due process requirements before releasing information and 17 may request information on an obligor from a credit reporting agency 18 only after noticing the obligor of the State IV-D agency's intent to 19 request the information. 20 (cf: P.L.1985, c.278, s.18) 21 22 25. Section 1 of P.L.1988, c.111 (C.2A:17-56.23a) is amended to 23 read as follows: 24 1. Any payment or installment of an order for child support, or 25 those portions of an order which are allocated for child support, 26 whether ordered in this State or in another state, shall be fully 27 enforceable and entitled <u>as a judgment</u> to full faith and credit and shall 28 be a judgment by operation of law on and after the date it is due. For 29 obligors who reside or own property in this State, such judgments 30 shall have the same force and effect as a civil money judgment entered 31 by the court, shall be subject to the same enforcement methods as civil 32 money judgments, and shall be a lien against the obligor's real and personal property, subject to prior perfected liens of financial 33 34 institutions and other legitimate lien holders under State and federal law. The State shall accord full faith and credit to child support 35 36 judgments or liens of other states, whether arising by operation of law 37 or having been entered by a court or administrative agency, when a 38 Title IV-D agency, a party, or other entity seeking to enforce such a 39 judgment or lien in this State files a Notice of Interstate Lien, in the 40 form prescribed by the federal Office of Child Support Enforcement, 41 and supporting documents with the Clerk of the Superior Court. An 42 action to domesticate a foreign child support judgment or lien shall be 43 consistent with the "Uniform Enforcement of Foreign Judgments Act," 44 P.L.1997, c.204 (C.2A:49A-25 et seq.). Liens against real and 45 personal property shall be subject to the same enforcement procedures 46 as other civil money judgments except that no judicial notice or

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1 hearing shall be required to enforce the lien. No payment or 2 installment of an order for child support, or those portions of an order 3 which are allocated for child support established prior to or 4 subsequent to the effective date of P.L.1993, c.45 (C.2A:17-56.23a), shall be retroactively modified by the court except with respect to the 5 6 period during which there is a pending application for modification, but only from the date the notice of motion was mailed either directly 7 8 or through the appropriate agent. The written notice will state that a 9 change of circumstances has occurred and a motion for modification 10 of the order will be filed within 45 days. In the event a motion is not 11 filed within the 45-day period, modification shall be permitted only 12 from the date the motion is filed with the court. 13 The non-modification provision of this section is intended to be 14 curative and shall apply to all orders entered before, on and after the effective date of [this act] P.L.1993, c.45 (C.2A:17-56.23a). 15 (cf: P.L.1993, c.45, s.1) 16 17 18 26. Section 1 of P.L.1995, c.322 (C.2A:17-56.34) is amended to 19 read as follows: 20 1. The county probation department, the State IV-D agency and its 21 designees, subject to privacy safeguards, shall be authorized to receive 22 information concerning putative fathers and child support obligors 23 from the following sources through electronic or other appropriate 24 means: 25 a. To the extent permitted by R.S.54:50-9, records of the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury containing information 26 27 concerning an obligor's income or assets; 28 b. Direct, on-line access to the Division of Motor Vehicles' 29 records, including, where possible, interface between automated 30 systems; Any record, paper, document or entity deemed by the 31 c. [probation department] Probation Division, the State IV-D agency or 32 33 its designee to be a potential source of information concerning an 34 obligor's income or assets. In order to obtain information pursuant to this subsection, the [probation department] Probation Division and 35 36 the State IV-D agency shall have the authority, as designated by the 37 Commissioner of the Department of Human Services, to compel the 38 production of books, papers, accounts, records and documents by 39 subpoena. The subpoena shall be served by certified and regular mail 40 in accordance with court rules on the person or entity in possession of 41 the information or record that is sought and such service shall be 42 considered consistent with procedural due process requirements. In 43 all other respects, a subpoena issued under this section shall be subject 44 to the same procedures as a subpoena issued by other agencies of this 45 State. Actions relating to a subpoena issued under this section shall be heard in the court; 46

1 d. State lottery prize payments in excess of \$600 made by the 2 Department of the Treasury; 3 Record of a judgment or settlement of any civil action where e. 4 a party is entitled to receive a monetary award made by the court; and 5 f. Record of an out-of-court settlement. 6 (cf: P.L.1995, c.322, s.1) 7 8 27. Section 2 of P.L.1995, c.322 (C.2A:17-56.35) is amended to 9 read as follows: 10 a. If the State IV-D agency and its designees are unable to 2. obtain information pursuant to section 1 of [this act] P.L.1995, c.322 11 12 (C.2A:17-56.34), then the agency and its designees may seek verifying information from public utility [records] and cable television 13 14 companies as required by Pub.L.104-193. Such information shall be 15 limited to identifying information necessary to establish the name and 16 address, or residency, if different from the address, of putative fathers 17 and child support obligors. 18 b. A public utility <u>or cable television company</u> shall not be liable 19 for damages for any civil action which may result from complying with 20 the provisions of [this act] <u>P.L.1995, c.322 (C.2A:17-56.34 et seq.</u>). 21 A long distance carrier shall be exempt from the provisions of с. 22 [this act] P.L.1995, c.322 (C.2A:17-56.34 et seq.). 23 (cf: P.L.1995, c.322, s.2) 24 25 28. Section 3 of P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.41) is amended to read 26 as follows: 27 3. a. If the child support arrearage equals or exceeds the amount 28 of child support payable for six months or court-ordered health 29 insurance <u>care coverage</u> for the child is not provided for six months, 30 or the obligor fails to respond to a subpoena relating to a paternity or 31 child support action, or a child support-related warrant exists, and the 32 obligor is found to possess a license in the State and all appropriate 33 enforcement methods to collect the child support arrearage, as 34 defined in section 2 of P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.40)] have been exhausted, the Probation Division shall send a written notice to the 35 36 obligor, by certified and regular mail, return receipt requested, at the 37 obligor's last-known address or place of business or employment, 38 advising the obligor that the obligor's license [shall] may be revoked 39 or suspended unless, within 30 days of the postmark date of the notice, 40 the obligor pays the full amount of the child support arrearage, or 41 provides proof that health [insurance] <u>care coverage</u> for the child has 42 been obtained, or responds to a subpoena, or makes a written request 43 for a court hearing to the Probation Division. The obligor's driver's 44 license shall be suspended by operation of law upon the issuance of a 45 child support-related warrant. If a child support- related warrant for

the obligor exists, the professional, occupational, recreational or sporting license revocation or suspension [process] shall be terminated if the obligor pays the full amount of the child support arrearage, provides proof that health [insurance]care coverage for the child has been obtained as required by the court order, or surrenders to the county sheriff or the Probation Division.

7 b. If the obligor fails to take one of the actions in subsection a. of 8 this section within 30 days of the postmark date of the notice and there 9 is proof that service on the obligor was effective, the Probation 10 Division shall file a certification with the court setting forth the 11 obligor's non-compliance with the support order and the obligor's 12 failure to respond to the written notice of the potential license 13 suspension or revocation. If, based on the papers filed by the 14 Probation Division, the court is satisfied that service on the obligor 15 was effective as set forth in this section, it shall without need for further due process or hearing, enter a court order suspending or 16 17 revoking all licenses held by the obligor. Upon the entry of the order, 18 the Probation Division shall forward a copy to the obligor and all 19 appropriate licensing authorities.

20 Simultaneous certified and regular mailing of the written notice 21 shall constitute effective service unless the United States Postal 22 Service returns the mail to the Probation Division within the 30-day response period marked "moved, unable to forward," "addressee not 23 known," "no such number/street," "insufficient address," or 24 "forwarding order expired." If the certified mail is returned for any 25 26 other reason without the return of the regular mail, the regular mail 27 service shall constitute effective service. If the mail is addressed to the 28 obligor at the obligor's place of business or employment, with postal 29 instructions to deliver to addressee only, service will be deemed 30 effective only if the signature on the return receipt appears to be that 31 of the obligor. Acceptance of the certified mail notice signed by the 32 obligor, the obligor's attorney, or a competent member of the obligor's 33 household above the age of 14 shall be deemed effective service. For 34 the purposes of this section, the court may deem procedural due 35 process requirements for notice and service of process to be met with 36 respect to a party thereto upon delivery of written notice to the most 37 recent residential or employer address filed with the Probation 38 Division for that party. If a party fails to respond to a notice and no 39 proof is available that the party received the notice, the Probation 40 Division shall document to the court that it has made a diligent effort 41 to locate the party by making inquiries that may include, but are not 42 limited to: the United States Postal Service, the Division of Motor 43 Vehicles in the Department of Transportation, and the Departments of 44 Labor and Corrections. The Probation Division shall provide an 45 affidavit to the court presenting such documentation of its diligent 46 effort, which certifies its inability to locate the party, before any adverse action is taken based upon the party's failure to respond to the
 notice.

3 c. If the obligor requests a hearing, the Probation Division shall 4 file a petition for a judicial hearing in accordance with section 5 of 5 P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.43). The hearing shall occur within 45 6 days of the obligor's request. If, at or prior to the hearing, the obligor pays the full amount of the child support arrearage or provides health 7 8 [insurance] <u>care coverage</u> as ordered, <u>or responds to the subpoena or</u> 9 surrenders to the county sheriff or the Probation Division, the license 10 revocation process shall be terminated. No license revocation action 11 shall be initiated if the Probation Division has received notice that the 12 obligor has pending a motion to modify the child support order if that 13 motion was filed prior to the date that the notice of the license 14 suspension or revocation was sent by the Probation Division. The 15 court shall consider the Probation Division's petition to revoke or suspend a license in accordance with section 5 of P.L.1996, c.7 16 17 (C.2A:17-56.43).

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20 29. Section 5 of P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.43) is amended to read 21 as follows:

22 5. The court shall suspend or revoke a license if it finds that: a. all 23 appropriate enforcement methods as defined in section 2 of P.L.1996, 24 c.7 (C. 2A:17-56.40) have been exhausted, b. the obligor is the holder 25 of a license, c. the requisite child support arrearage amount exists [or], health [insurance] <u>care coverage</u> has not been provided as 26 27 ordered pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.41), or 28 there has been no response to a subpoena, d. no motion to modify the 29 child support order, filed prior to the date that the notice of the license 30 suspension or revocation was sent by the Probation Division, is 31 pending before the court, and e. there is no equitable reason, such as 32 involuntary unemployment, disability, or compliance with a 33 court-ordered plan for the periodic payment of the child support 34 arrearage amount, for the obligor's non-compliance with the child 35 support order.

36 If the court is satisfied that these conditions exist, it shall first consider suspending or revoking a driver's license prior to a 37 38 professional license. If the obligor fails to appear at the hearing after 39 being properly served with notice, the court shall order the suspension 40 or revocation of all licenses held by the obligor. In the case of a driver's license, if the court finds that the license revocation or 41 42 suspension will result in a significant hardship to the obligor, to the 43 obligor's legal dependents under 18 years of age living in the obligor's 44 household, to the obligor's employees, or to persons, businesses or 45 entities to whom the obligor provides goods or services, the court may 46 allow the obligor to pay 25% of the past-due child support amount

1 within three working days of the hearing, establish a payment schedule 2 to satisfy the remainder of the arrearages within one year, and require 3 that the obligor comply with any current child support obligation. If 4 the obligor agrees to this arrangement, no suspension or revocation of any licenses shall be ordered. Compliance with the payment agreement 5 6 shall be monitored by the Probation Division. If the obligor has good cause for not complying with the payment agreement within the time 7 8 permitted, the obligor shall immediately file a motion with the court 9 and the Probation Division requesting an extension of the payment 10 plan. The court may extend the payment plan if it is satisfied that the 11 obligor has made a good faith effort to comply with the plan and is 12 unable to satisfy the full amount of past-due support within the time 13 permitted due to circumstances beyond the obligor's control. In no 14 case shall a payment plan extend beyond the date the dependent child 15 reaches the age of 18. If the obligor fails to comply with the court-ordered payment schedule, the court shall, upon receipt of a 16 certification of non-compliance from the obligee or Probation 17 18 Division, and without further hearing, order the immediate revocation 19 or suspension of all licenses held by the obligor. If required by 20 existing law or regulation, the court shall order that the obligor 21 surrender the license to the issuing authority within 30 days of the date 22 of the order.

- 23 (cf: P.L.1996, c.7, s.5)
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25 30. Section 6 of P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.44) is amended to read 26 as follows:

27 6. a. The Probation Division shall provide the licensing authority 28 with a copy of the order requiring the suspension or revocation of a 29 license. Upon receipt of an order requiring the suspension or 30 revocation of a license [for non-payment of child support], the 31 licensing authority shall immediately notify the licensee of the effective 32 date of the suspension or revocation, which shall be 20 days after the 33 postmark of the notice, direct the licensee to refrain from engaging in 34 the activity associated with the license, surrender any license as 35 required by law, and inform the licensee that the license shall not be reinstated until the court or Probation Division certifies that all child 36 37 support arrearage is the conditions which resulted in the suspension 38 or revocation are satisfied. The Probation Division and the State IV-D 39 agency in association with the affected licensing authorities may 40 develop electronic or magnetic tape data transfers to notify licensing 41 authorities of restrictions, suspensions, revocations and reinstatements. 42 No liability shall be imposed on a licensing authority for suspending or 43 revoking a license if the action is in response to a court order issued 44 in accordance with P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.40 et al.). Licensing 45 authorities shall not have jurisdiction to modify, remand, reverse, vacate or stay a court order to restrict, suspend or revoke a license for 46

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non-payment of child support.

2 b. If a licensee, upon receipt of the notice of suspension or 3 revocation from the licensing authority, disputes that he is an obligor, 4 the licensee shall notify the licensing authority and the Probation Division by registered mail within 20 days of the postmark of the 5 6 notice and request a hearing. Upon receipt of the licensee's request for 7 a hearing, the Probation Division shall determine if the licensee is an 8 obligor. If the Probation Division determines that the licensee is an 9 obligor, the Probation Division shall file a petition for a judicial 10 hearing on the issue of whether the licensee is an obligor. The hearing shall occur within 30 days. If the Probation Division determines that 11 12 the licensee is not an obligor, the Probation Division shall so notify the 13 licensee and the licensing authority. The licensing authority shall not 14 suspend or revoke a person's license, if the licensing authority received 15 proper notice of the licensee's request for a hearing pursuant to this subsection, until the court finds that the licensee is an obligor. The 16 Probation Division shall notify the licensing authority of the court's 17 18 finding. Upon receipt of the court's finding that the licensee is an 19 obligor, the licensing authority shall immediately suspend or revoke 20 the obligor's license without additional review or hearing. 21 c. The revocation or suspension of a license ordered by the court 22 in accordance with P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.40 et al.) shall continue 23 until the obligor files with the licensing authority either a court order restoring the license or a Probation Division certification attesting to 24 25 the full satisfaction of the [child support arrearage] conditions which resulted in the revocation or suspension. 26 27 d. Each licensing authority shall require license applicants to certify 28 on the license application form, under penalty of perjury, that the 29 applicant does not have a child support obligation, the applicant does 30 have such an obligation but the arrearage amount does not equal or 31 exceed the amount of child support payable for six months and any 32 court-ordered health care coverage has been provided for the past six 33 months, the applicant has not failed to respond to a subpoena relating 34 to a paternity or child support proceeding, or the applicant is not the 35 subject of a child-support related warrant. A license shall not be 36 granted to an obligor who applies for a license if there is an arrearage 37 equal to or exceeding the amount of child support payable for six 38 months, the applicant has not provided court-ordered health care 39 coverage during the past six months or [who] the applicant has failed 40 to respond to a subpoena relating to a paternity or child support proceeding or is the subject of a child support-related warrant. The 41 42 application form shall state that making a false statement may subject 43 the applicant to contempt of court. It shall also state that if the 44 applicant's certification is found to be false, the licensing authority 45 shall take disciplinary action including, but not limited to, immediate 46 revocation or suspension of the license.

1 e. For all licenses issued or renewed in the State after the effective 2 date of P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.40 et al.), the licensing authority 3 shall record the full name, mailing address, Social Security number and 4 date of birth of the applicant or licensee. All affected licensing authorities shall cooperate and enter into agreements with the 5 6 Probation Division and the State IV-D agency to exchange information 7 to effectuate the purposes of P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.40 et al.). 8 The Division of Motor Vehicles in the Department of Transportation 9 and other appropriate licensing agencies shall amend their regulations 10 and public notices to permit Social Security numbers collected by 11 those agencies to be used for child support enforcement purposes. 12 License information obtained through data matches with licensing authorities shall be maintained on the Automated Child Support 13 14 Enforcement System] State case registry in the Department of Human 15 Services for future use. (cf: P.L.1996, c.7, s.6) 16 17 18 31. Section 11 of P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.49) is amended to 19 read as follows: 20 11. The license revocation provisions of P.L.1996, c.7 21 (C.2A:17-56.40 et al.) apply to all orders issued before or after the 22 effective date of P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.40 et al.). All child 23 support arrearage and health [insurance] care coverage provisions in existence on or before the effective date of P.L.1996, c.7 24 25 (C.2A:17-56.40 et al.) shall be included in determining whether a case is eligible for enforcement in accordance with P.L.1996, c.7 26 (C.2A:17-56.40 et al.). [This act] P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.40 et 27 28 al.) applies to all child support obligations ordered by any state, 29 territory or district of the United States that are being enforced by the 30 Probation Division, that are payable directly to the obligee, or have been registered in this State in accordance with [P.L.1981, c.243 31 32 (C.2A:4-30.24 et seq.) the "Uniform Interstate Family Support Act," 33 P.L., c. (C.)(pending before the Legislature as Senate Bill 34 <u>No.</u>). 35 (cf: P.L.1996, c.7, s.11) 36 37 32. Section 1 of P.L.1991, c.384 (C.5:9-13.1) is amended to read 38 as follows: 39 1. a. The Director of the Division of the State Lottery in the Department of the Treasury and the Director of the Division of Family

40 41 Development in the Department of Human Services shall initiate an 42 ongoing data exchange in the Office of Telecommunications and 43 Information Systems in the Department of the Treasury before a 44 payment is made of a State lottery prize in excess of \$1,000 \$600. 45 b. A delinquent Title IV-D obligor who is an annuity award winner

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1 shall be prohibited from assigning the annuity award. 2 (cf: P.L.1995, c.333, s.1) 3 4 33. Section 2 of P.L.1991, c.384 (C.5:9-13.2) is amended to read 5 as follows: 2. The [Director of the Division of Economic Assistance] 6 7 Commissioner of Human Services shall periodically supply the Office 8 of Telecommunications and Information Systems with a list of: 9 a. those individuals in arrears of a court ordered child support 10 obligation; and b. those former recipients of Aid to Families with Dependent 11 12 Children, pursuant to P.L.1959, c.86 (C.44:10-1 et seq.) or Work First 13 New Jersey, pursuant to P.L.1997, c.38 (C.44:10-55 et seq.), food 14 stamp benefits issued pursuant to Pub.L. 95-113, Title XIII (7 U.S.C. s.2011 et seq.), or low-income home energy assistance benefits issued 15 pursuant to Pub.L.97-35, Title XXVI (42 U.S.C.s.8621 et seq.) who 16 17 incurred an overpayment which has not been repaid. 18 (cf: P.L.1991, c.384, s.2) 19 20 34. Section 4 of P.L.1991, c.384 (C.5:9-13.4) is amended to read 21 as follows: 22 4. The Office of Telecommunications and Information Systems shall cross check the lottery list with the data supplied by the 23 [Director of the Division of Economic Assistance] Commissioner of 24 Human Services for a social security number match. If a match is 25 26 made, the Office of Telecommunications and Information Systems 27 shall notify the [Division of Economic Assistance] Commissioner of 28 Human Services. 29 (cf: P.L.1991, c.384, s.4) 30 31 35. Section 5 of P.L.1991, c.384 (C.5:9-13.5) is amended to read 32 as follows: 33 5. If a lottery prize claimant is in arrears of a child support order, 34 or is a former recipient of Aid to Families with Dependent Children or Work First New Jersey, food stamp benefits or low-income home 35 36 energy assistance benefits who has incurred an overpayment which has not been repaid, the [Division of Economic Assistance] Department 37 38 of Human Services shall promptly notify the Department of the 39 Treasury and the Division of the State Lottery of the claimant's name, 40 address, social security number and amount due on an arrears child 41 support order or the amount due on an overpayment. The Department 42 of the Treasury shall withhold this amount from the pending lottery 43 payment and transmit same to the Department of Human Services or [appropriate county probation department] Probation Division, as the 44

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1 case may be, in accordance with regulations promulgated by the State 2 Treasurer. 3 (cf: P.L.1991, c.384, s.5) 4 5 36. Section 6 of P.L.1991, c.384 (C.5:9-13.6) is amended to read 6 as follows: 7 6. The county welfare agency which provided the public assistance 8 benefits or the [county probation office] Probation Division, acting as 9 agent for the child support payee, shall have a lien on the proceeds of 10 the State lottery prize in an amount equal to the amount of child 11 support arrearage or the amount of overpayment incurred. 12 The lien imposed by this act shall be enforceable in the Superior 13 Court. 14 (cf: P.L.1991, c.384, s.6) 15 16 37. Section 9 of P.L.1991, c.384 (C.5:9-13.9) is amended to read 17 as follows: 18 9. The costs associated with or necessary for the implementation 19 of P.L.1991, c.384 (C.5:9-13.1 et seq.) shall be borne by the Division of Economic Assistance in the Department of Human Services. 20 21 (cf: P.L.1991, c.384, s.9) 22 38. Section 4 of P.L.1983, c.17 (C.9:17-41) is amended to read as 23 24 follows: 25 4. The parent and child relationship between a child and: 26 a. The natural mother, may be established by proof of her having given birth to the child, or under [this act] P.L.1983, c.17 (C.9:17-38 27 28 et seq.); 29 b. The natural father, may be established by proof that his paternity has been adjudicated under prior law; under the laws 30 31 governing probate; by giving full faith and credit to a determination of 32 paternity made by any other state or jurisdiction, whether established 33 through voluntary acknowledgment or through judicial or 34 administrative processes; by a Certificate of Parentage as provided in section 7 of P.L.1994, c.164 (C.26:8-28.1) that is executed by the 35 36 father, including an unemancipated minor, prior to or after the birth 37 of a child, and filed with the appropriate State agency; by a default 38 judgment or order of the court; or by an order of the court based on 39 a blood test or genetic test that meets or exceeds the specific threshold 40 probability as set by the [State] Commissioner of Human Services, 41 creating a conclusive presumption of paternity; [or under this act] 42 In accordance with section 331 of Pub.L.104-193, a signed 43 voluntary acknowledgment of paternity shall be considered a legal 44 finding of paternity subject to the right of the signatory to rescind the 45 acknowledgment within 60 days of the date of signing, or by the date 46 of establishment of a support order to which the signatory is a party,

1 whichever is earlier. 2 The adjudication of paternity shall only be voided upon a finding 3 that there exists clear and convincing evidence of: fraud, duress or a 4 material mistake of fact, with the burden of proof upon the challenger; 5 c. An adoptive parent, may be established by proof of adoption; 6 d. The natural mother or the natural father, may be terminated by 7 an order of a court of competent jurisdiction in granting a judgment of 8 adoption or as the result of an action to terminate parental rights. 9 e. The establishment of the parent and child relationship pursuant 10 to subsections a., b., and c. of this section shall be the basis upon 11 which an action for child support may be brought by a party and acted 12 upon by the court without further evidentiary proceedings. 13 f. In any case in which the parties execute a Certificate of 14 Parentage or a conclusive presumption of paternity is created through 15 genetic testing, the presumptions of paternity under section 6 of P.L.1981, c.417 (C.9:17-43) shall not apply. 16 g. Pursuant to the provisions of section 331 of Pub.L.104-193, the 17 18 child and other parties in a contested paternity case shall submit to a 19 genetic test upon the request of one of the parties, unless that person 20 has good cause for refusal, if the request is supported by a sworn 21 statement by the requesting party: 22 (1) alleging paternity and setting forth the facts establishing a 23 reasonable possibility of the requisite sexual contact between the 24 parties; or 25 (2) denying paternity and setting forth the facts establishing a 26 reasonable possibility of the nonexistence of sexual contact between 27 the parties. 28 h. In a contested paternity case in which the State IV-D agency 29 requires genetic testing, the State IV-D agency shall: 30 (1) pay the costs of the genetic test and may recoup payment from 31 the alleged father whose paternity is established; and 32 (2) obtain additional testing if the initial test results are contested, 33 and upon the request and advance payment for the additional test by 34 the contestant. (cf: P.L.1994, c.164, s.1) 35 36 37 39. Section 8 of P.L.1983, c.17 (C.9:17-45) is amended to read as 38 follows: 39 8. a. A child, a legal representative of the child, the natural 40 mother, the estate or legal representative of the mother, if the mother 41 has died or is a minor, a man alleged or alleging himself to be the 42 father, the estate or legal representative of the alleged father, if the 43 alleged father has died or is a minor, the Division of [Public Welfare] 44 Family Development in the Department of Human Services, or the 45 county welfare agency, or any person with an interest recognized as justiciable by the court may bring or defend an action or be made a 46

party to an action at any time for the purpose of determining the

2 existence or nonexistence of the parent and child relationship. 3 b. No action shall be brought under [this act] P.L.1983, c.17 4 (C.9:17-38 et seq.) more than 5 years after the child attains the age of 5 majority. 6 c. The death of the alleged father shall not cause abatement of any 7 action to establish paternity, and an action to determine the existence 8 or nonexistence of the parent and child relationship may be instituted 9 or continued against the estate or the legal representative of the 10 alleged father. 11 d. Regardless of its terms, an agreement, other than an agreement 12 approved by the court in accordance with subsection [11c.]c. of 13 section 11 of P.L.1983, c.17 (C.9:17-48) between an alleged or

presumed father and the mother of the child, shall not bar an actionunder this section.

16 e. If an action under this section is brought before the birth of the 17 child, all proceedings shall be stayed until after the birth, except 18 service of process and the taking of depositions to perpetuate 19 testimony. The court may consider the issue of medical expenses and 20 may order the alleged father to pay the reasonable expenses of the 21 mother's pregnancy and postpartum disability. Bills for pregnancy, 22 childbirth and genetic testing are admissible as evidence without 23 requiring third party foundation testimony, and shall constitute prima 24 facie evidence of the amounts incurred for such services or for testing 25 on behalf of the child.

f. This section does not extend the time within which a right of
inheritance or a right to succession may be asserted beyond the time
provided by law relating to distribution and closing of decedents'
estates or to the determination of heirship, or otherwise.

30 (cf: P.L.1983, c.17, s.8)

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32 40. Section 11 of P.L.1983, c.17 (C.9:17-48) is amended to read
33 as follows:

34 11. a. As soon as practicable after an action to declare the 35 existence or nonexistence of the father and child relationship has been brought, a consent conference shall be held by the Superior Court, 36 Chancery Division, Family Part intake service, the county probation 37 38 department Probation Division or the county welfare agency. At the 39 request of either party, the determination of paternity may be referred 40 directly to the court in lieu of the consent process. A court appearance 41 shall be scheduled in the event that a consent agreement cannot be 42 reached. 43 b. On the basis of the information produced at the conference, an 44 appropriate recommendation for settlement shall be made to the

45 parties, which may include any of the following:

46 (1) That the action be dismissed with or without prejudice; or

(2) That the alleged father voluntarily acknowledge his paternity

2 of the child.

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c. If the parties accept a recommendation made in accordance with
subsection b. of this section, which has been approved by the court,

5 judgment shall be entered <u>or a Certificate of Parentage shall be</u>
6 <u>executed</u> accordingly.

If a party refuses to accept a recommendation made under 7 d. 8 subsection b. of this section or the consent conference is terminated 9 because it is unlikely that all parties would accept a recommendation 10 pursuant to subsection b. of this section, and blood tests or genetic 11 tests have not been taken, the county welfare agency shall require or 12 the court shall [require] order the child and the parties to submit to blood tests or genetic tests [if the court determines that there is an 13 14 articulable reason for suspecting that the alleged father is the natural 15 father. The tests shall be scheduled within 10 days and shall be 16 performed by qualified experts. Thereafter the Family Part intake 17 service, with the approval of the court, shall make an appropriate final recommendation <u>unless a party claims, and the county welfare agency</u> 18 19 or the court finds, good cause for not ordering the tests. The court 20 may hear and decide motions to challenge a directive issued by the 21 county welfare agency requiring a party to submit to blood or genetic 22 tests. A genetic test shall be ordered upon the request of either party, 23 if the request is supported by a sworn statement by the requesting 24 party which alleges paternity and sets forth the facts establishing a 25 reasonable possibility of the requisite sexual contact between the 26 parties or denies paternity and sets forth the facts establishing a 27 reasonable possibility of the nonexistence of sexual contact between 28 the parties. If a party refuses to [accept the final recommendation] 29 acknowledge paternity based upon the blood or genetic test results, 30 the action shall be set for [trial] a hearing, except when the results of 31 the blood test or genetic test indicate that the specific threshold 32 probability as set by the State to establish paternity has been met or 33 exceeded.

34 If the results of the blood test or genetic test indicate that the specific threshold probability, as [set by the State] adopted by 35 36 regulation by the commissioner, to establish paternity has been met or 37 exceeded, the results shall be received in evidence as a conclusive 38 presumption of paternity [and no] without requiring any additional 39 foundation testimony or proof of authenticity or accuracy [shall be 40 required to establish paternity <u>of the paternity testing or results</u>. In 41 actions based on allegations of fraud or inaccurate analysis, the court 42 or the county welfare agency shall require that [the] additional blood [test] or genetic [test] tests be scheduled within 10 days of the 43 44 request and be performed by qualified experts. [The test] Additional 45 blood or genetic tests shall be paid for in advance by the [moving]

1 requesting party.

2 If a party objects to the results of the blood [test] or genetic [test]

3 tests, the party shall make the objection to the appropriate agency, in

4 writing, within 10 days of [receipt of the results] the consent

5 conference or hearing.

The guardian ad litem may accept or refuse to accept a 6 e. 7 recommendation under this section.

8 f. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.164).

9 g. No evidence, testimony or other disclosure from the consent 10 conference shall be admitted as evidence in a civil action except by 11 consent of the parties. However, blood tests or genetic tests ordered 12 pursuant to subsection d. of this section [may] shall be admitted as 13 evidence.

14 h. The refusal to submit to a blood test or genetic test required 15 pursuant to subsection d. of this section, or both, shall be admitted into evidence and shall give rise to the presumption that the results of 16 17 the test would have been unfavorable to the interests of the party who 18 refused to submit to the test. Refusal to submit to a blood test or 19 genetic test, or both, is also subject to the contempt power of the 20 court.

21 i. If a party refuses to acknowledge paternity or does not appear 22 at a consent conference conducted by the county welfare agency, the 23 county welfare agency shall refer the matter to the court for 24 adjudication. For purposes of establishing paternity, the blood or 25 genetic test results shall be admitted into evidence at the hearing 26 without the need for foundation testimony or other proof of 27 authenticity or accuracy, unless an objection is made. 28 (cf: P.L.1994, c.164, s.2)

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30 41. Section 16 of P.L.1983, c.17 (C.9:17-53) is amended to read

31 as follows:

32 16. a. The judgment or order of the court or a Certificate of 33 Parentage determining the existence or nonexistence of the parent and 34 child relationship is determinative for all purposes.

b. If the judgment or order of the court is at variance with the 35 36 child's birth certificate, the court shall order that an amendment to the original birth record be made under section 22 of P.L.1983, c.17 37 38 (C.9:17-59).

39 c. The judgment or order may contain any other provision directed 40 against the appropriate party to the proceeding concerning the duty of support, the custody and guardianship of the child, visitation privileges 41 with the child, the furnishing of bond or other security for the payment 42 43 of the judgment, the repayment of any public assistance grant, or any 44 other matter in the best interests of the child. The judgment or order 45 may direct the father to pay the reasonable expenses of the mother's pregnancy and postpartum disability, including repayment to an agency 46

1 which provided public assistance funds for those expenses. Bills for 2 pregnancy, childbirth and blood or genetic testing are admissable as 3 evidence without requiring third party foundation testimony, and shall 4 constitute prima facie evidence of the amounts incurred for these 5 services or for testing on behalf of the child. 6 d. Support judgments or orders ordinarily shall be for periodic 7 payments, which may vary in amount. In the best interests of the 8 child, the purchase of an annuity may be ordered in lieu of periodic 9 payments of support. The court may limit a parent's liability for past support of the child to the proportion of the expenses already incurred 10 11 that the court deems just. 12 e. In determining the amount to be paid by a parent for support of 13 the child and the period during which the duty of support is owed, [a] 14 the court [enforcing the obligation of support] shall apply the child 15 support guidelines as defined in section 3 of P.L., c. (C.)(pending 16 before the Legislature as this act). In cases in which the court finds 17 that a deviation from these guidelines is appropriate, the court shall 18 consider all relevant facts when determining the amount of support, 19 including the: 20 (1) Needs of the child; 21 (2) Standard of living and economic circumstances of each parent; 22 (3) Income and assets of each parent, including any public 23 assistance grant received by a parent; 24 (4) Earning ability of each parent, including educational 25 background, training, employment skills, work experience, custodial 26 responsibility for children and the length of time and cost for each 27 parent to obtain training or experience for appropriate employment; 28 (5) Need and capacity of the child for education, including higher 29 education; (6) Age and health of the child and each parent; 30 31 (7) Income, assets and earning ability of the child; 32 (8) Responsibility of the parents for the support of others; and 33 (9) Debts and liabilities of each child and parent. 34 The factors set forth herein are not intended to be exhaustive. The 35 court may consider such other factors as may be appropriate under the 36 circumstances. 37 f. Upon a motion by a party, the court shall enter a temporary 38 support order pending a judicial determination of parentage if there is 39 clear and convincing evidence of paternity supported by blood or 40 genetic test results or other evidence. 41 (cf: P.L.1983, c.17, s.16) 42 43 42. R.S.26:8-28 is amended to read as follows: 44 26:8-28. a. Within five days after each birth, there shall be filed 45 with the local registrar of the district in which the birth occurred a certificate of the birth filled out with durable black or blue ink in a 46

1 legible manner. The name of the father shall be included on the record 2 of birth of the child of unmarried parents only if the father and mother 3 have signed a voluntary acknowledgment of paternity; or a court or an 4 administrative agency of competent jurisdiction has issued an 5 adjudication of paternity. 6 Nothing in this section shall preclude the State IV-D agency from 7 obtaining an admission of paternity from the father for submission in 8 a judicial or administrative proceeding, or prohibit the issuance of an 9 order in a judicial or administrative proceeding which bases a legal 10 finding of paternity on an admission of paternity by the father and any 11 other additional showing required by State law. 12 In accordance with the provisions of the federal "Family b. Support Act of 1988," Pub.L.100-485, and section 13721 of 13 14 Pub.L.103-66 (42 U.S.C. s.666), as As part of the birth record, all 15 information required by the State IV-D agency pursuant to section 7 of P.L.1994, c.164 (C.26:8-28.1) shall be recorded on a separate form 16 17 provided or approved by the State registrar pursuant to subsection c. of R.S.26:8-24, and filed with the State IV-D agency pursuant to 18 19 R.S.26:8-30 and R.S.26:8-31 for the establishment and enforcement of child support matters in the State. For the purposes of this 20 subsection, "State IV-D agency" means the agency in the Department 21 22 of Human Services designated to administer the Title IV-D Child 23 Support Program. 24 The State registrar shall require each parent to provide his c. 25 Social Security number in accordance with procedures established by 26 the State registrar. The Social Security numbers furnished pursuant 27 to this section shall be used exclusively for child support enforcement 28 purposes. 29 d. The certificate of birth shall include the blood type of the child. 30 (cf: P.L.1994, c.164, s.3) 31 32 43. Section 7 of P.L.1994, c.164 (C.26:8-28.1) is amended to read 33 as follows: 34 7. A Certificate of Parentage may serve to satisfy the method of 35 collection of Social Security numbers as required pursuant to subsection c. of R.S.26:8-28 and shall serve as the voluntary 36 acknowledgement of paternity by a father. The Certificate of 37 38 Parentage shall contain, at a minimum, the following information: 39 a. a sworn statement by the father that he is the natural father of 40 the child; 41 b. the Social Security numbers, except in those cases in which a person is ineligible to apply for one, and addresses of the father and 42 43 mother;

44 c. the signature of the mother and father authenticated by a45 witness or notary; and

46 d. instructions for filing the Certificate of Parentage with the

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1 agency designated by the State IV-D agency. 2 In addition, the State IV-D agency, in cooperation with birthing 3 centers and hospitals providing maternity services and social services 4 or health care providers as designated by the Commissioner of Human 5 Services that may provide voluntary acknowledgment or paternity services, shall provide [written] information <u>orally</u>, or through the 6 7 use of video or audio equipment, and in writing to the father and 8 mother of the child explaining the implications of signing a Certificate 9 of Parentage, including the parental rights, responsibilities and 10 financial obligations, as well as the availability of paternity establishment services and child support enforcement services. 11 12 (cf: P.L.1994, c.164, s.7) 13 14 44. R.S.26:8-30 is amended to read as follows: 15 26:8-30. The attending physician, midwife or person acting as the 16 agent of the physician or midwife, who was in attendance upon the birth shall be responsible for the proper execution and return of a 17 18 certificate of birth, which certificate shall be upon the form provided 19 or approved by the State department, and for making available to the 20 mother and natural father a Certificate of Parentage along with related 21 information as required by the State IV-D agency and pursuant to section 452(a)(F) of the federal Social Security Act (42 22 23 <u>U.S.C.652(a)(F)</u>). It shall be the responsibility of personnel at the hospital or birthing facility to offer an opportunity to the child's natural 24 father to execute a Certificate of Parentage. Failure of the natural 25 26 father or mother to execute the Certificate of Parentage and the date 27 of the request shall be noted on the Certificate of Parentage. The 28 Certificate of Parentage shall be filed with the State IV-D agency or 29 its designee. The provision of services related to paternity 30 acknowledgment shall not be required when a legal action is pending 31 in the case, such as adoption, or State law prohibits such intervention. 32 For the purposes of this section, "State IV-D agency" means the 33 agency in the Department of Human Services designated to administer 34 the Title IV-D Child Support Program. 35 A signed voluntary acknowledgment of paternity may be challenged 36 in court within 60 days from the date of the signing of the Certificate of Parentage or by the date of the establishment of a support order to 37 38 which the signatory is a party, whichever date is earlier. The challenge 39 may be made only on the basis of fraud, duress, or material mistake of 40 fact, with the burden of proof upon the challenger, and the legal responsibilities of any signatory arising from the acknowledgment may 41 not be suspended during the challenge, except for good cause shown. 42 43 A signed voluntary acknowledgment of paternity shall be 44 considered a legal finding of paternity with the same force and effect 45 as a court order or judgment establishing paternity. No judicial or 46 administrative proceedings are required to ratify an unchallenged

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1 acknowledgment of paternity. 2 (cf: P.L.1994, c.164, s.4) 3 4 45. R.S.37:1-17 is amended to read as follows: 5 37:1-17. On the marriage license shall be the form for the certificate of marriage in quadruplicate, to which the licensing officer shall have 6 set forth particularly therein the name, age, parentage, race, 7 8 birthplace, residence, Social Security number and condition (whether 9 single, widowed or divorced) of each of the married persons, and the 10 names and county of birth of their parents. The Social Security number 11 shall be kept confidential and may only be released for child support 12 enforcement purposes, and shall not be considered a public record 13 pursuant to P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.). The person by whom 14 or the religious society, institution, or organization by or before 15 which, the marriage was solemnized, shall personally or by legally authorized agent subscribe where indicated on the form the date and 16 place of the marriage. Each certificate of marriage shall also contain 17 18 the signature and residence of at least two witnesses who were 19 present at the marriage ceremony. 20 (cf: P.L.1980, c. 128, s.1) 21 22 46. Section 12 of P.L.1983, c.17 (C.9:17-49) is amended to read 23 as follows: 24 12. a. An action under this act is a civil action governed by the 25 [rules of court] Rules Governing the Courts of the State of New 26 Jersey. b. The trial shall be by the court without a jury , unless a party to 27 28 the action shall file with the court a written request for a trial by jury 29 within 10 days after service of the complaint. The complaint shall 30 contain a notice to all parties that they may request a jury trial within 31 10 days of the service of the complaint]. 32 (cf: P.L.1983, c.17, s.12) 33 34 47. The following are repealed: 35 Section 1 of P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.7); 36 Sections 1and 14 of P.L.1985, c.278 (C.2A:17-56.26 and 2A:17-37 56.17); and 38 Section 2 of P.L.1996, c.7 (C.2A:17-56.40). 39 40 48. This act shall take effect immediately. 41 42 43 **STATEMENT** 44 45 This bill is designated the "New Jersey Child Support Program Improvement Act." 46

The provisions of the bill are intended to implement requirements
 which the State must adopt under the federal "Personal Responsibility
 and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996," Pub.L.104-193.
 Specifically, the bill:

5 With respect to the establishment and enforcement of child support orders, provides that subject to safeguards on privacy and 6 7 information security and appropriate procedural due process 8 requirements including, as appropriate, notice, the opportunity to 9 contest and notice of the right to appeal to the court, the 10 Department of Human Services is authorized to take the following 11 actions without the necessity of obtaining an order from the court, 12 and to recognize and enforce the authority of state agencies of 13 other states to take the following actions:

- Require genetic testing for the purpose of paternity establishment;
- Subpoena any financial or other information needed for the
establishment, modification or enforcement of a support order; and
impose a civil penalty for failure to respond to a subpoena;

- Request that any entity including for-profit, nonprofit and government employers, respond promptly to a request by the Department of Human Services or any out-of-State IV-D agency for information on the employment, compensation and benefits of any individual employed by the entity as an employee or contractor, and impose a civil penalty for failure to respond to any request;

Subject to the nonliability of entities that afford access, to obtain
access, including automated access when feasible, to information
contained in the following records:

27 (1) records of other State and local government agencies which 28 include, but are not limited to, records of: the Bureau of Vital 29 Statistics, the Division of Taxation and local tax and revenue records, real and titled personal property, occupational, professional, 30 31 and sporting licenses and records concerning the recreational 32 ownership and control of corporations, partnerships and other business entities, the Department of Labor, including wage, unemployment, 33 34 disability and workers compensation records, agencies administering public assistance programs, the Division of Motor Vehicles and the 35 Department of Corrections, including records related to State-36 37 sentenced inmates and parolees.

38 (2) records held by private entities with respect to individuals who 39 owe or are owed support, or against or with respect to whom a 40 support obligation is sought, including information on the assets and 41 liabilities of individuals held by financial institutions and the names and 42 addresses of the individuals and the names and addresses of the 43 employers of the individuals appearing in customer records of public 44 utilities and cable television companies;

45 - Order income withholding in accordance with the provisions of46 State and federal law;

1 - Direct an obligor or payor to change the payee to the department 2 in cases where support is subject to an assignment or an application 3 for Title IV-D services has been filed;

4 - Secure assets to satisfy arrearages by: (1) intercepting or seizing 5 periodic or lump sum payments from: State or local agencies, 6 including unemployment compensation, workers' compensation or 7 other benefits; judgments, settlements and awards; and lotteries; (2) 8 developing a bank information matching program and attaching and 9 seizing assets of the obligor held in financial institutions located in 10 this State; (3) attaching public and private retirement funds as permitted under State law; and (4) imposing a lien and initiating an 11 12 execution or levy to force the sale of property and distribution of 13 proceeds in accordance with State law and applicable court rules;

14 - Require each party subject to a paternity or child support 15 proceeding to provide information, including, but not limited to: Social Security number, telephone number, driver's license number, 16 residential and mailing addresses, and the name, address, and 17 telephone number of the party's employer; and 18

19 - Unless otherwise ordered by the court, increase the amount of 20 monthly support payments to include amounts for arrearages to the 21 extent that the total amount withheld does not exceed the limits 22 imposed under section 303(b) of the federal Consumer Credit Protection Act (15 U.S.C. s.1673 (b)). 23

24 Directs the department to determine if a recipient of public 25 assistance is cooperating in good faith in establishing the paternity 26 of, or in establishing, modifying or enforcing a support order for, 27 any child of the recipient;

28 Authorizes the department, in any case in which an obligor owes ٠ 29 past-due child support with respect to a child receiving assistance 30 under a State program funded under TANF, to petition the court to issue an order that requires the obligor: to pay the support in 31 32 accordance with a plan approved by the court; or to participate in 33 work activities as ordered by the court, if the obligor is subject to 34 such a plan and is not incapacitated;

35 Establishes a State case registry which is an automated information . 36 system that will track, monitor and record all child support orders 37 and services provided under the State Title IV-D plan and record 38 all other child support orders issued in the State after October 1, 39 1998;

40 Authorizes all federal and State agencies conducting Title IV-D 41 activities to have access directly or through the department, to any system used by the Division of Motor Vehicles and law 42 enforcement agencies in the State to locate an individual; 43

44 . Requires that subject to safeguards on privacy and information 45 security, the Social Security number of an applicant for a 46 professional or occupational license, recreational or sporting

1 license, driver's license or marriage license shall be recorded on the

2 application. Also, the Social Security number shall be placed in the

3 record relating to a divorce decree, support order, paternity

4 determination and on a death certificate. The Social Security

- 5 number shall be made available to the department;
- Requires employers and labor organizations to report information
 about newly hired employees to the department;
- Authorizes the department to seek to void certain fraudulent
 transfers of assets by child support obligors;
- Requires the State to cooperate with other states in interstate child
 support cases;

Provides for the denial, suspension or revocation of child support obligors' professional or occupational licenses, driver's licenses and recreational or sporting licenses (e.g., power vessel licenses and hunting or fishing licenses) for obligors who have failed to make a required, current obligation of child support payment for six months;

 Requires the State Lottery Director and the Commissioner of Human Services to exchange data before a State lottery prize in excess of \$600 is awarded, and prohibits a delinquent Title IV-D obligor who wins an annuity award, from assigning the annuity award to another person; and

Repeals various sections of law in chapter 17 of Title 2A of the
New Jersey Statutes, including the short titles and definition
sections of various laws, which are no longer applicable. The bill
repeals:

- 27 N.J.S.A. 2A:17-56.7 (short title);
- 28 N.J.S.A. 2A:17-56.26 and 2A:17-56.17 (short title, definitions);
 29 and
- 30 N.J.S.A.2A:17-56.40 (definitions).

SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 460

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: FEBRUARY 10, 1998

The Senate Judiciary Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 460.

This bill is designated the "New Jersey Child Support Program Improvement Act."

The provisions of the bill are intended to implement requirements which the State must adopt under the federal "Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996," Pub.L.104-193. Specifically, the bill:

• With respect to the establishment and enforcement of child support orders, provides that subject to safeguards on privacy and information security, as prescribed in the bill, and appropriate procedural due process requirements including, as appropriate, notice, the opportunity to contest and notice of the right to appeal to the court, the Department of Human Services is authorized to take the following actions without the necessity of obtaining an order from the court, and to recognize and enforce the authority of state agencies of other states to take the following actions:

- Require genetic testing for the purpose of paternity establishment;

- Subpoena any financial or other information needed for the establishment, modification or enforcement of a support order; and impose a civil penalty for failure to respond to a subpoena;

- Request that any entity including for-profit, nonprofit and government employers, respond promptly to a request by the Department of Human Services or any out-of-State IV-D agency for information on the employment, compensation and benefits of any individual employed by the entity as an employee or contractor, and impose a civil penalty for failure to respond to any request;

- Subject to the nonliability of entities that afford access, to obtain access, including automated access when feasible, to information contained in the following records:

(1) records of other State and local government agencies which include, but are not limited to, records of: the Bureau of Vital Statistics, the Division of Taxation and local tax and revenue records, real and titled personal property, occupational, professional, recreational and sporting licenses and records concerning the ownership and control of corporations, partnerships and other business entities, the Department of Labor, including wage, unemployment, disability and workers compensation records, agencies administering public assistance programs, the Division of Motor Vehicles and the Department of Corrections, including records related to Statesentenced inmates and parolees.

(2) records held by private entities with respect to individuals who owe or are owed support, or against or with respect to whom a support obligation is sought, including information on the assets and liabilities of individuals held by financial institutions and the names and addresses of the individuals and the names and addresses of the employers of the individuals appearing in customer records of public utilities and cable television companies;

- Order income withholding in accordance with the provisions of State and federal law;

- Direct an obligor or payor to change the payee to the department in cases where support is subject to an assignment or an application for Title IV-D services has been filed;

- Secure assets to satisfy arrearages by: (1) intercepting or seizing periodic or lump sum payments from: State or local agencies, including unemployment compensation, workers' compensation or other benefits; judgments, settlements and awards; inheritances and lotteries; (2) developing a bank information matching program and attaching and seizing assets of the obligor held in financial institutions located in this State; (3) attaching public and private retirement funds as permitted under State law; and (4) imposing a lien and initiating an execution or levy to force the sale of property and distribution of proceeds in accordance with State law and applicable court rules;

- Require each party subject to a paternity or child support proceeding to provide information, including, but not limited to: Social Security number, telephone number, driver's license number, residential and mailing addresses, and the name, address, and telephone number of the party's employer; and

- Unless otherwise ordered by the court in individual cases, increase the amount of monthly support payments to include amounts for arrearages in accordance with schedules approved by the court.

- Directs the department to determine if a recipient of public assistance is cooperating in good faith in establishing the paternity of, or in establishing, modifying or enforcing a support order for, any child of the recipient;
- Authorizes the department, in any case in which an obligor owes past-due child support with respect to a child receiving assistance under a State program funded under TANF, to petition the court to issue an order that requires the obligor: to pay the support in accordance with a plan approved by the court; or to participate in

work activities as ordered by the court, if the obligor is subject to such a plan and is not incapacitated;

- Establishes a State case registry which is an automated information system that will track, monitor and record all child support orders and services provided under the State Title IV-D plan and record all other child support orders issued in the State after October 1, 1998;
- Authorizes all federal and State agencies conducting Title IV-D activities to have access directly or through the department, to any system used by the Division of Motor Vehicles and law enforcement agencies in the State to locate an individual;
- Requires that subject to safeguards on privacy and information security, as prescribed in the bill, the Social Security number of an applicant for a professional or occupational license, recreational or sporting license, driver's license or marriage license shall be recorded on the application. Also, the Social Security number shall be placed in the record relating to a divorce decree, support order, paternity determination and on a death certificate. The Social Security number shall be made available to the department;
- Requires employers and labor organizations to report information about newly hired employees to the department;
- Authorizes the department to seek to void certain fraudulent transfers of assets by child support obligors;
- Requires the State to cooperate with other states in interstate child support cases;
- Provides for the denial, suspension or revocation of child support obligors' professional or occupational licenses, driver's licenses and recreational or sporting licenses (e.g., power vessel licenses and hunting or fishing licenses) for obligors who have failed to make a required, current obligation of child support payment for six months;
- Requires the State Lottery Director and the Commissioner of Human Services to exchange data before a State lottery prize in excess of \$600 is awarded, and prohibits a delinquent Title IV-D obligor who wins an annuity award, from assigning the annuity award to another person; and
- Repeals various sections of law in chapter 17 of Title 2A of the New Jersey Statutes, including the short titles and definition sections of various laws, which are no longer applicable. The bill repeals:

- N.J.S.A. 2A:17-56.7 (short title);

- N.J.S.A. 2A:17-56.26 and 2A:17-56.17 (short title, definitions); and

- N.J.S.A.2A:17-56.40 (definitions).

The committee adopted a number of technical and clarifying amendments. These amendments would:

1. Clarify that in addition to other governmental records, records of the Division of Taxation can be used to satisfy the requirement to use diligent efforts to locate a party.

2. Provide that a financial institution must provide information on delinquent obligors to the Department of Human Services if the due child support equals or exceeds three months of support and no regular payments are being made.

3. Provide that if the Department of Human Services seeks to levy against assets held by financial institution, the obligor be given notice and thirty days to contest the levy.

4. Provide that the willful, unauthorized release of financial information by a Department of Human Services employee would be cause for termination.

5. Add provisions limiting the use or disclosure of information concerning applicants or recipients of child support services.

6. Provides that the Department of Human Services is required to establish a child support disbursement unit by October 1, 1999.

7. Provide that an obligor or obligee shall be given at least 30 days notice of any proposed adjustment in child support obligations.

8. Provide that, once docketed, judgments for child support shall be enforced in the same manner as other civil money judgments.

9. Provide that if a license is suspended for failure to meet a child support obligation, that suspension shall continue until a certified court order restoring the license is filed with the licensing authority.

10. Add language to reflect recently enacted P.L.1997, c.376, concerning the use of blood and genetic tests in establishing paternity.

Office of the Governor NEWS RELEASE

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RELEASE: March 5, 1998

Governor Signs Bills Reigning in Child Support Evaders, Ensures Greater Financial Support for New Jersey Kids

Gov. Christie Whitman today underscored the important role that parents must play in supporting their children - both financially and emotionally - when she signed two laws that help rein in child support evaders and provide for more strict enforcement of child support orders. The laws will work in conjunction with federal law to ensure uniform enforcement and collection of child support across state lines.

"The sad fact is that too many parents are walking away from the responsibility they have to financially support their children," said Gov. Whitman. "Today, more than \$1.4 billion in child support payments are outstanding. And in too many cases, the taxpayers end up doing what the parent should be doing."

"With this legislation, parents can run, but they can't hide. These laws make it easier to establish paternity, and they make it easier to track down child support evaders, even those who flee across state lines," said Gov. Whitman."The new laws will help us collect more child support and collect it more quickly."

A-1646, sponsored by Assembly Members Mel Cottrell (R- Burlington/ Monmouth/Ocean) and Rose Heck (R-Bergen) and Senators Wayne Bryant (D-Camden/ Gloucester) and William Gormley (R- Atlantic), implements New Jersey's piece of the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act.

The law is intended to promote more effective collection of child support involving interstate cases, which represent 30 percent of child support cases nationally. Under the bill, New Jersey will have "long arm" jurisdiction over child support evaders, even those living outside state lines.

The law empowers New Jersey, as the state that initiated the court order, to serve as the primary authority on the establishment, enforcement or modification of child support orders. Previous law provided for an interstate process that coexisted with non- interstate filings and resulted in confusion and ineffective enforcement of child support orders.

The new law sets forth guidelines for registration of child support orders in other states and enforcement of collections, including wage withholding orders. The state will now be able to work directly with employers to withhold wages of a

responsible parent in other states, instead of having to work through other state agencies.

The Governor also signed A-1645, sponsored by Assembly Members Mel Cottrell (R-Burlington/ Monmouth/Ocean) and Charlotte Vandervalk (R-Bergen) and Senators Wayne Bryant (D- Camden/Gloucester) and William Gormley (R-Atlantic), which strengthens the state's ability to collect child support.

The provisions of the bill include the following:

Allows child support staff to require genetic testing to establish paternity, without a court order

Creates a system that will enable child support officials to access information from financial institutions to freeze and seize assets of people who are behind in child support Improves the use of technology and existing data bases to evaders. For example, child support staff will be able to check with cable companies to locate subscribers who are behind on child support payments.

Creates a New Jersey Hire Directory that requires employers to register new employees within 20 days of initial employment. Currently, the information is made available only after five months of the initial hire, often too late to collect child support because the evader has already moved on to a new job.

"These new laws will help to improve the day-to-day lives of New Jersey's children," said Human Services Commissioner William Waldman. "And, more effective child support collection may enable a family in need to shorten its stay on the welfare rolls or avoid turning to the welfare system for help at all."

In 1997, New Jersey distributed \$586 million in child support. The state oversees 484,000 child support cases, of which 205,000 cases are for welfare families. The state oversees cases where families have experienced difficulty in collecting child support. Past due child support for active, as well as inactive cases, is over \$1.4 billion.

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