#### 9:6-8.75 and 30:4C-3a LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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**LAWS OF:** 2022 **CHAPTER:** 130

NJSA: 9:6-8.75 and 30:4C-3a (Makes various changes to New Jersey Task Force on Child Abuse and

Neglect; establishes child protection worker caseload standards.)

BILL NO: A3707 (Substituted for S2395 (2R))

SPONSOR(S) Craig J. Coughlin and others

**DATE INTRODUCED:** 3/21/2022

**COMMITTEE:** ASSEMBLY: Human Services

SENATE: ---

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: 12/15/2022

**SENATE**: 12/19/2022

DATE OF APPROVAL: 12/20/2022

**FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:** 

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (First Reprint enacted)
Yes

A3707

INTRODUCED BILL: (Includes sponsor(s) statement) Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes Human Services

SENATE: No

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: Yes

S2395 (2R)

INTRODUCED BILL: (Includes sponsor(s) statement) Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: No

**SENATE:** Yes Health, Human Services &

Senior Citizens

**Budget & Appropriations** 

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: Yes

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE:	Yes	11/20/2022
		12/12/2022

VETO MESSAGE: No

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING: Yes

#### **FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:**

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REPORTS: No

HEARINGS: No

NEWSPAPER ARTICLES: Yes

DANA DIFILIPPO; newjerseymonitor.com, 'New law expands child welfare oversight and caps caseloads New law expands child welfare oversight, caps caseloads', Press of Atlantic City, The (online), 22 Dec 2022 5A

end

#### P.L. 2022, CHAPTER 130, approved December 20, 2022 Assembly, No. 3707 (First Reprint)

1 **AN ACT** concerning child welfare, amending P.L.1994, c.119, and supplementing Chapter 4C of Title 30.

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**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. Section 2 of P.L.1994, C.119 (C.9:6-8.75) is amended to read as follows:
- 2. There is established the "New Jersey Task Force on Child
  Abuse and Neglect." For the purpose of complying with the
  provisions of Article V, Section IV, paragraph 1 of the New Jersey
  Constitution, the New Jersey Task Force on Child Abuse and
  Neglect is allocated within the Department of Children and
  Families, but, notwithstanding this allocation, the task force shall be
  independent of any supervision or control by the department or by
- independent of any supervision or control by the department or by
   any officer or employee thereof.
  - a. The purpose of the task force is to study and develop recommendations regarding the most effective means of improving the quality and scope of child protective and preventative services provided or supported by State government, including a review of the practices and policies utilized by the Division of Child Protection and Permanency and the Division of Family and Community Partnerships in the Department of Children and Families in order to:
  - (1) optimize coordination of child abuse-related services and investigations;
    - (2) promote the safety of children at risk of abuse or neglect;
    - (3) ensure a timely determination with regard to reports of alleged child abuse;
    - (4) educate the public about the problems of, and coordinate activities relating to, child abuse and neglect;
    - (5) develop a Statewide plan to prevent child abuse and neglect and mechanisms to facilitate child abuse and neglect prevention strategies in coordination with the Division of Family and Community Partnerships;
    - (6) mobilize citizens and community agencies in a proactive effort to prevent and treat child abuse and neglect; and
- 38 (7) foster cooperative working relationships between State and 39 local agencies responsible for providing services to victims of child 40 abuse and neglect and their families.

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

b. The task force shall receive, evaluate, and approve applications of public and private agencies and organizations for grants from moneys annually appropriated from the "Children's Trust Fund" established pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1985, c.197 (C.54A:9-25.4). Any portion of the moneys actually appropriated which are remaining at the end of a fiscal year shall lapse to the "Children's Trust Fund."

Grants shall be awarded to public and private agencies for the purposes of planning and establishing or improving programs and services for the prevention of child abuse and neglect, including activities which:

- (1) Provide Statewide educational and public informational seminars for the purpose of developing appropriate public awareness regarding the problems of child abuse and neglect;
- (2) Encourage professional persons and groups to recognize and deal with problems of child abuse and neglect;
- (3) Make information about the problems of child abuse and neglect available to the public and organizations and agencies which deal with problems of child abuse and neglect <sup>1</sup>including by continuing to publish such information through a publicly accessible online portal <sup>1</sup>; and
- (4) Encourage the development of community prevention programs, including:
- (a) community-based educational programs on parenting, prenatal care, prenatal bonding, child development, basic child care, care of children with special needs, coping with family stress, personal safety and sexual abuse prevention training for children, and self-care training for latchkey children; and
- (b) community-based programs relating to crisis care, aid to parents, child abuse counseling, peer support groups for abusive or potentially abusive parents and their children, lay health visitors, respite <sup>1</sup>[of] for <sup>1</sup> crisis child care, and early identification of families where the potential for child abuse and neglect exists.

The task force shall, in awarding grants, establish such priorities respecting the programs or services to be funded and the amounts of funding to be provided as it deems appropriate, except that the task force shall place particular emphasis on community-based programs and services which are designed to develop and demonstrate strategies for the early identification, intervention, and assistance of families and children at risk in order to prevent child abuse and neglect.

The task force shall adopt such rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) to govern the awarding of grants pursuant to this subsection as may be necessary to establish adequate reporting requirements on the use of grant funds by recipient agencies and organizations and to permit the task force to evaluate the programs and services for which grants are awarded.

- c. (1) The task force shall establish a Staffing and Oversight Review Subcommittee to review the performance and staffing levels of the Division of Child Protection and Permanency in order develop recommendations regarding the department's performance, staffing levels, and the most effective methods of recruiting, hiring, and retaining staff within the division. addition, The subcommittee shall also review, analyze, and make recommendations regarding the department's performance in:
  - (a) maintaining a case management information and data collection system that allows for the assessment, tracking, posting or web-based publishing, and utilization of key data indicators with consistent definitions and methodology, along with ensuring the accuracy of published data;

- (b) implementing and sustaining a case practice model comprising a continuous set of activities that emphasizes quality investigation and assessment, which model shall include: performing safety and risk assessments; engaging with youth and families; working with family teams; providing individualized planning and relevant services; performing continuous review and adaptation; and ensuring safe and sustained transition from the department;
  - (c) guaranteeing that the operation of the department's State Central Registry ensures that allegations of child abuse and neglect are received by the department's field offices in a timely manner and investigations are commenced within the required response time identified by the State Central Registry;
- (d) providing the most appropriate and least restrictive placements when out-of-home placement is necessary, and in so doing allowing: children to remain in their own communities, be placed with or maintain contact with siblings and relatives, and have their educational needs met; precluding children under age 13 from being placed in shelters; precluding children from being placed in out-of-State behavioral health facilities without written approval from the Assistant Commissioner for the Children's System of Care; and maintaining an adequate number and array of family-based placements to appropriately place children in family settings;
  - (e) providing comprehensive, culturally responsive services to address the identified needs of the children, youth, and families the department serves, including but not limited to: services for youth age 18 to 21; services for LGBTQI+ youth; mental health, and domestic violence services for birth parents whose families are involved with the child welfare system; preventive home visitation programs; trauma-informed care; and an adequate Statewide network of Family Success Centers;
- 46 (f) providing medical care to children and youth residing in 47 resource family care, including: appropriate medical assessment and 48 treatment, pre-placement, and entry medical assessments under

- 1 Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment (EPSDT);
- 2 guidelines, dental examinations; up-to-date immunizations; follow-
- 3 up care and treatment and mental health assessment and treatment,
- 4 where appropriate; behavioral health treatment provided in the least
- 5 restrictive setting for children and youth; and evaluating the
- 6 <u>sufficiency of funding for these medical services;</u>

- (g) maintaining a comprehensive training program for child welfare staff and supervisors, including specialized training for investigators which training shall include pre-service training covering the case practice model and permanency planning, adoption training, and training on case management systems, and mechanisms for staff completing training to demonstrate competency on required areas of training;
- (h) making flexible funds available for use by caseworkers in crafting individualized service plans for children, youth, and families to: meet the needs of children and families; facilitate family preservation and reunification where appropriate; ensure that families are able to provide appropriate care for children; and avoid the disruption of otherwise stable and appropriate placements;
- (i) adjusting support rates for resource family care, adoption assistance, and independent living to ensure alignment with the United States Department of Agriculture estimates for the cost of raising a child or adolescent in the urban Northeast, the U.S. Department Housing and Urban Development Fair Market Value for average rent in New Jersey, the Internal Revenue Service estimates for monthly food and household expenses, and other appropriate State and national benchmarks identified by the subcommittee;
- (j) strengthening and sustaining appropriate permanency and adoption practices for the children and youth the department serves, recognizing that the department's permanency work begins at intake and encompasses the elements of the case practice model; and
- (k) generally beginning the process of preparing a child for adoption and seeking and securing an adoptive placement as soon as the child's permanency goal becomes adoption, but in no case later than as required by federal law; conducting five-month and 10-month placement reviews for children in custody; commencing the adoption process as soon as a diligent search process has been completed and has failed to identify the location of both parents or a suitable family placement; and developing a child-specific recruitment plan for all children with a permanency goal of adoption needing the recruitment of an adoptive family, as well as evaluating the sufficiency of funding for such processes.
- (2) No later than the first day of the 12th month next following the date of enactment of P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the legislature as this bill), and annually thereafter, the subcommittee shall review the [division's] department's performance in the [achievement of management and client outcomes] areas identified

- 1 in this paragraph (1) of subsection c. of this section, and shall issue
- 2 a [preliminary] report with its findings and recommendations [no
- later than January 1, 2007, and subsequent reports annually 3
- 4 thereafter with the first full report due no later than July 1, 2007.
- 5 The subcommittee shall directly issue its reports I to the Governor
- 6 and, pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1), to the
- 7 Legislature.
- 8 (3) The <sup>1</sup>[Legislature shall annually appropriate to the]<sup>1</sup>
- 9 Department of Children and Families <sup>1</sup>shall annually allocate to the
- task force sufficient funding for the task force to permit the 10
- subcommittee to hire independent contracted staff or obtain other 11
- 12 resources needed to carry out the responsibilities set forth in this
- 13 paragraph.

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- 14 (4) (a) The task force shall appoint at least 15 members to the 15 subcommittee consisting of:
  - (i) the Assistant Commissioner of the Division of Child Protection and Permanency and the Commissioner of Children and
- 18 Families, or their designees, who shall serve ex-officio; and
- 19 (ii) at least 13 public members, including: one representative of a
- 20 State-based child advocacy organization; one attorney regularly 21 engaged in the representation of parents in child protection matters;
- 22 at least one attorney regularly engaged in the representation of the
- 23 indigent; one attorney regularly engaged in the representation of
- 24 children in out of home placement; one county human services
- 25 director; one parent who has previously had involvement with the
- 26 Division of Child Protection and Permanency; one alumni of the
- 27 State's resource family care system; one resource family parent who
- 28 is currently licensed by the State; and one representative of a State-
- 29 based child abuse prevention focused organization.
- 30 (b) The members of the subcommittee shall serve for a term of
- 31 three years or until the appointment of a successor, with the
- 32 exception that the terms of the original membership of the
- subcommittee shall be constituted as to provide that seven of the 34
- public members shall serve for a term one year, four of the public
- 35 members shall serve for two years, and two of the public members
- 36 shall serve for a term three years.
- 37 (c) Members of the subcommittee shall be appointed and hold 38 their initial organizational meeting within 45 days after the effective
- date of P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the legislature as this bill). 39
- 40 (d) The subcommittee shall designate a chairperson and vice
- chairperson from among its members, except that the 41
- 42 commissioner's designee and the assistant commissioner of the
- 43 Division of Child Protection and Permanency shall not serve as the
- 44 chairperson or vice chairperson of the subcommittee.
- 45 (e) The subcommittee shall be entitled to call to its assistance
- and avail itself of the services of employees of the department and 46

- seek the advice of experts as required and as may be available for
   the purposes of conducting the reviews required by this subsection.
- (5) The Commissioner of Children and Families shall ensure the
   subcommittee is provided with information necessary for the
   subcommittee to fulfill its obligations under this subsection,
   including information obtained through the Division of Child
   Protection and Permanency's continuous quality review process,
- and the subcommittee shall be entitled to review such information
   as part of the subcommittee's examination of the department's
- performance and the development of recommendations.
  - (6) The task force may adopt rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) necessary to effectuate the purposes of this subsection.

14 (cf: P.L.2012, c.16, s.36)

- 2. (New section) a. The Commissioner of Children and Families shall ensure that no child protection worker is concurrently responsible for more than 15 cases at any time, unless the commissioner determines that assignment of cases in excess of this limit is temporarily necessary to ensure the life and safety of any child under the care and supervision of the Department of Children and Families.
- b. If the average daily caseload of child protection workers exceeds 15 cases per worker for two consecutive months, the department shall be considered non-compliant with caseload standards established pursuant to this section. In such circumstances, the department shall:
- (1) within 14 days of initial non-compliance under this subsection, deliver to the Governor, the Staffing and Oversight Review Subcommittee of the New Jersey Task Force on Child Abuse and Neglect established pursuant to subsection c. of section 2 of P.L.1994, C.119 (C.9:6-8.75), and, pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1), the Legislature, notice of the non-compliance and a summary of emergent efforts being made to rectify the non-compliance; and
- (2) post, on a monthly basis, on the department's Internet website, the average daily Statewide caseload of child protection workers, until such time as the average daily caseload has been maintained at 15 or fewer cases per worker for 30 days.
- c. As used in this section, "child protection worker" means an employee of the Division of Child Protection and Permanency or the Institutional Abuse Investigation Unit in the Department of Children and Families, or any other agency or successor agency conducting child abuse investigations pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1971, c.437 (C.9:6-8.11) or providing child protective services pursuant to P.L.1951, c.138 (C.30:4C-1 et seq.).

3. This act shall take effect immediately.

# **A3707** [1R] 7

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3	Makes various changes to New Jersey Task Force on Child
4	Abuse and Neglect; establishes child protection worker caseload
5	standards.

# ASSEMBLY, No. 3707

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

## 220th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MARCH 21, 2022

Sponsored by: Assemblyman CRAIG J. COUGHLIN District 19 (Middlesex) Assemblywoman ANGELICA M. JIMENEZ

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblyman Caputo

**District 32 (Bergen and Hudson)** 

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Makes various changes to New Jersey Task Force on Child Abuse and Neglect; establishes child protection worker caseload standards.

#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 6/13/2022)

1 **AN ACT** concerning child welfare, amending P.L.1994, c.119, and supplementing Chapter 4C of Title 30.

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**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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investigations;

- 1. Section 2 of P.L.1994, C.119 (C.9:6-8.75) is amended to read as follows:
- 9 2. There is established the "New Jersey Task Force on Child 10 Abuse and Neglect." For the purpose of complying with the provisions of Article V, Section IV, paragraph 1 of the New Jersey 11 12 Constitution, the New Jersey Task Force on Child Abuse and Neglect is allocated within the Department of Children and Families, but, 13 14 notwithstanding this allocation, the task force shall be independent 15 of any supervision or control by the department or by any officer or 16 employee thereof.
  - a. The purpose of the task force is to study and develop recommendations regarding the most effective means of improving the quality and scope of child protective and preventative services provided or supported by State government, including a review of the practices and policies utilized by the Division of Child Protection and Permanency and the Division of Family and Community Partnerships in the Department of Children and Families in order to:
  - (1) optimize coordination of child abuse-related services and
    - (2) promote the safety of children at risk of abuse or neglect;
  - (3) ensure a timely determination with regard to reports of alleged child abuse:
  - (4) educate the public about the problems of, and coordinate activities relating to, child abuse and neglect;
  - (5) develop a Statewide plan to prevent child abuse and neglect and mechanisms to facilitate child abuse and neglect prevention strategies in coordination with the Division of Family and Community Partnerships;
  - (6) mobilize citizens and community agencies in a proactive effort to prevent and treat child abuse and neglect; and
  - (7) foster cooperative working relationships between State and local agencies responsible for providing services to victims of child abuse and neglect and their families.
- 40 b. The task force shall receive, evaluate, and approve 41 applications of public and private agencies and organizations for 42 grants from moneys annually appropriated from the "Children's Trust 43 Fund" established pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1985, c.197 (C.54A:9-
- 44 25.4). Any portion of the moneys actually appropriated which are
- 45 remaining at the end of a fiscal year shall lapse to the "Children's
- 46 Trust Fund."

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Grants shall be awarded to public and private agencies for the purposes of planning and establishing or improving programs and services for the prevention of child abuse and neglect, including activities which:

- (1) Provide Statewide educational and public informational seminars for the purpose of developing appropriate public awareness regarding the problems of child abuse and neglect;
- (2) Encourage professional persons and groups to recognize and deal with problems of child abuse and neglect;
- (3) Make information about the problems of child abuse and neglect available to the public and organizations and agencies which deal with problems of child abuse and neglect; and
- (4) Encourage the development of community prevention programs, including:
- (a) community-based educational programs on parenting, prenatal care, prenatal bonding, child development, basic child care, care of children with special needs, coping with family stress, personal safety and sexual abuse prevention training for children, and self-care training for latchkey children; and
- (b) community-based programs relating to crisis care, aid to parents, child abuse counseling, peer support groups for abusive or potentially abusive parents and their children, lay health visitors, respite of crisis child care, and early identification of families where the potential for child abuse and neglect exists.

The task force shall, in awarding grants, establish such priorities respecting the programs or services to be funded and the amounts of funding to be provided as it deems appropriate, except that the task force shall place particular emphasis on community-based programs and services which are designed to develop and demonstrate strategies for the early identification, intervention, and assistance of families and children at risk in order to prevent child abuse and neglect.

The task force shall adopt such rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) to govern the awarding of grants pursuant to this subsection as may be necessary to establish adequate reporting requirements on the use of grant funds by recipient agencies and organizations and to permit the task force to evaluate the programs and services for which grants are awarded.

c. (1) The task force shall establish a Staffing and Oversight Review Subcommittee to review the performance and staffing levels of the Division of Child Protection and Permanency in order to develop recommendations regarding the department's performance, staffing levels, and the most effective methods of recruiting, hiring, and retaining staff within the division. [In addition,] The subcommittee shall also review, analyze, and make recommendations regarding the department's performance in:

(a) maintaining a case management information and data
 collection system that allows for the assessment, tracking, posting or
 web-based publishing, and utilization of key data indicators with
 consistent definitions and methodology, along with ensuring the
 accuracy of published data;

- (b) implementing and sustaining a case practice model comprising a continuous set of activities that emphasizes quality investigation and assessment, which model shall include: performing safety and risk assessments; engaging with youth and families; working with family teams; providing individualized planning and relevant services; performing continuous review and adaptation; and ensuring safe and sustained transition from the department;
- (c) guaranteeing that the operation of the department's State Central Registry ensures that allegations of child abuse and neglect are received by the department's field offices in a timely manner and investigations are commenced within the required response time identified by the State Central Registry;
- (d) providing the most appropriate and least restrictive placements when out-of-home placement is necessary, and in so doing allowing: children to remain in their own communities, be placed with or maintain contact with siblings and relatives, and have their educational needs met; precluding children under age 13 from being placed in shelters; precluding children from being placed in out-of-State behavioral health facilities without written approval from the Assistant Commissioner for the Children's System of Care; and maintaining an adequate number and array of family-based placements to appropriately place children in family settings;
- (e) providing comprehensive, culturally responsive services to address the identified needs of the children, youth, and families the department serves, including but not limited to: services for youth age 18 to 21; services for LGBTQI+ youth; mental health, and domestic violence services for birth parents whose families are involved with the child welfare system; preventive home visitation programs; trauma-informed care; and an adequate Statewide network of Family Success Centers;
- (f) providing medical care to children and youth residing in resource family care, including: appropriate medical assessment and treatment, pre-placement, and entry medical assessments under Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment (EPSDT); guidelines, dental examinations; up-to-date immunizations; follow-up care and treatment and mental health assessment and treatment, where appropriate; behavioral health treatment provided in the least restrictive setting for children and youth; and evaluating the sufficiency of funding for these medical services;
- 45 (g) maintaining a comprehensive training program for child 46 welfare staff and supervisors, including specialized training for 47 investigators which training shall include pre-service training 48 covering the case practice model and permanency planning, adoption

training, and training on case management systems, and mechanisms
 for staff completing training to demonstrate competency on required
 areas of training;

- (h) making flexible funds available for use by caseworkers in crafting individualized service plans for children, youth, and families to: meet the needs of children and families; facilitate family preservation and reunification where appropriate; ensure that families are able to provide appropriate care for children; and avoid the disruption of otherwise stable and appropriate placements;
- (i) adjusting support rates for resource family care, adoption assistance, and independent living to ensure alignment with the United States Department of Agriculture estimates for the cost of raising a child or adolescent in the urban Northeast, the U.S. Department Housing and Urban Development Fair Market Value for average rent in New Jersey, the Internal Revenue Service estimates for monthly food and household expenses, and other appropriate State and national benchmarks identified by the subcommittee;
  - (j) strengthening and sustaining appropriate permanency and adoption practices for the children and youth the department serves, recognizing that the department's permanency work begins at intake and encompasses the elements of the case practice model; and
  - (k) generally beginning the process of preparing a child for adoption and seeking and securing an adoptive placement as soon as the child's permanency goal becomes adoption, but in no case later than as required by federal law; conducting five-month and 10-month placement reviews for children in custody; commencing the adoption process as soon as a diligent search process has been completed and has failed to identify the location of both parents or a suitable family placement; and developing a child-specific recruitment plan for all children with a permanency goal of adoption needing the recruitment of an adoptive family, as well as evaluating the sufficiency of funding for such processes.
- (2) No later than the first day of the 12th month next following the date of enactment of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the legislature as this bill), and annually thereafter, the subcommittee shall review the [division's] department's performance in the [achievement of management and client outcomes] areas identified in this paragraph (1) of subsection c. of this section, and shall issue a [preliminary] report with its findings and recommendations [no later than January 1, 2007, and subsequent reports annually thereafter with the first full report due no later than July 1, 2007. The subcommittee shall directly issue its reports] to the Governor and, pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1), to the Legislature.
- 44 (3) The Legislature shall annually appropriate to the Department 45 of Children and Families sufficient funding for the task force to 46 permit the subcommittee to hire independent contracted staff or

- 1 <u>obtain other resources needed to carry out the responsibilities set</u> 2 <u>forth in this paragraph.</u>
- 3 (4) (a) The task force shall appoint at least 15 members to the subcommittee consisting of:
- (i) the Assistant Commissioner of the Division of Child Protection
   and Permanency and the Commissioner of Children and Families, or
   their designees, who shall serve ex-officio; and
- 8 (ii) at least 13 public members, including: one representative of a 9 State-based child advocacy organization; one attorney regularly 10 engaged in the representation of parents in child protection matters; 11 at least one attorney regularly engaged in the representation of the 12 indigent; one attorney regularly engaged in the representation of 13 children in out of home placement; one county human services 14 director; one parent who has previously had involvement with the 15 Division of Child Protection and Permanency; one alumni of the 16 State's resource family care system; one resource family parent who is currently licensed by the State; and one representative of a State-17 18 based child abuse prevention focused organization.
  - (b) The members of the subcommittee shall serve for a term of three years or until the appointment of a successor, with the exception that the terms of the original membership of the subcommittee shall be constituted as to provide that seven of the public members shall serve for a term one year, four of the public members shall serve for two years, and two of the public members shall serve for a term three years.
  - (c) Members of the subcommittee shall be appointed and hold their initial organizational meeting within 45 days after the effective date of P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the legislature as this bill).
  - (d) The subcommittee shall designate a chairperson and vice chairperson from among its members, except that the commissioner's designee and the assistant commissioner of the Division of Child Protection and Permanency shall not serve as the chairperson or vice chairperson of the subcommittee.
  - (e) The subcommittee shall be entitled to call to its assistance and avail itself of the services of employees of the department and seek the advice of experts as required and as may be available for the purposes of conducting the reviews required by this subsection.
- 38 (5) The Commissioner of Children and Families shall ensure the 39 subcommittee is provided with information necessary for the 40 subcommittee to fulfill its obligations under this subsection, and the 41 subcommittee shall be entitled to review such information as part of 42 the subcommittee's examination of the department's performance 43 and the development of recommendations.
- 44 (6) The task force may adopt rules and regulations pursuant to the
  45 "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et
  46 seq.) necessary to effectuate the purposes of this subsection.
- 47 (cf: P.L.2012, c.16, s.36)

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#### A3707 COUGHLIN, JIMENEZ

- 2. (New section) a. The Commissioner of Children and Families shall ensure that no child protection worker is concurrently responsible for more than 15 cases at any time, unless the commissioner determines that assignment of cases in excess of this limit is temporarily necessary to ensure the life and safety of any child under the care and supervision of the Department of Children and Families.
  - b. If the average daily caseload of child protection workers exceeds 15 cases per worker for two consecutive months, the department shall be considered non-compliant with caseload standards established pursuant to this section. In such circumstances, the department shall:
  - (1) within 14 days of initial non-compliance under this subsection, deliver to the Governor, the Staffing and Oversight Review Subcommittee of the New Jersey Task Force on Child Abuse and Neglect established pursuant to subsection c. of section 2 of P.L.1994, C.119 (C.9:6-8.75), and, pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1), the Legislature, notice of the non-compliance and a summary of emergent efforts being made to rectify the non-compliance; and
  - (2) post, on a monthly basis, on the department's Internet website, the average daily Statewide caseload of child protection workers, until such time as the average daily caseload has been maintained at 15 or fewer cases per worker for 30 days.
  - c. As used in this section, "child protection worker" means an employee of the Division of Child Protection and Permanency or the Institutional Abuse Investigation Unit in the Department of Children and Families, or any other agency or successor agency conducting child abuse investigations pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1971, c.437 (C.9:6-8.11) or providing child protective services pursuant to P.L.1951, c.138 (C.30:4C-1 et seq.).

3. This act shall take effect immediately.

#### STATEMENT

This bill makes various changes to the New Jersey Child Abuse and Neglect Task Force.

Specifically, the bill amends section 2 of P.L.1994, C.119 (C.9:6-8.75) to allocate the task force in, but not, of, the Department of Children and Families (DCF). Notwithstanding its allocation in the DCF, the task force will be independent of any supervision or control by the DCF. Currently, the task force is not allocated to any department and functions as a separate entity outside of the purview of any department.

The bill also amends section 2 of P.L.1994, C.119 (C.9:6-8.75) to expand the purview of the Staffing and Oversight Review

Subcommittee (subcommittee) to: (1) include the review and development of recommendations regarding the performance of the Division of Child Protection and Permanency (DCPP); and (2) review, analyze, and make recommendations regarding the DCF's performance in providing child welfare services to children and families as outlined in the bill. No later than 12 months after the bill's enactment and annually thereafter, the subcommittee will be required to report its findings and recommendations to the Governor and Legislature. Current law requires the subcommittee to only review and develop recommendations regarding the staffing levels of the division and does not specify the types of services provided by the DCF or when the review is to be completed.

The bill further amends section 2 of P.L.1994, C.119 (C.9:6-8.75) to require the: (1) Legislature to annually appropriate to the DCF sufficient funding to permit the subcommittee to hire independent contracted staff or obtain other resources needed to carry out the responsibilities set forth in the bill; and (2) task force to appoint at least 15 members to the subcommittee to review the department's performance and develop recommendations. Currently, the task force does not provide funding to the subcommittee to review, analyze, and make recommendations regarding the DCF's performance, nor does current law require that the task force appoint members to the subcommittee to conduct the review and develop the recommendations required pursuant to the provisions of the bill.

The bill also requires the Commissioner of Children and Families to ensure that no child protection worker is concurrently responsible for more than 15 cases at any time, unless the commissioner determines that assignment of cases in excess of this limit is temporarily necessary to ensure the life and safety of any child under the care and supervision of the DCF.

If the average daily caseload of child protection workers exceeds 15 cases per worker for two consecutive months, the department is to be considered non-compliant with caseload standards established pursuant to bill and is to: (1) within 14 days of initial non-compliance, deliver to the Governor, the Legislature, and the subcommittee, notice of the non-compliance and a summary of emergent efforts being made to rectify the non-compliance; and (2) post, on a monthly basis, on the DCF's Internet website, the average daily Statewide caseload of child protection workers until the average daily caseload has been maintained at 15 or fewer cases per worker for 30 days.

#### ASSEMBLY HUMAN SERVICES COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

#### ASSEMBLY, No. 3707

with committee amendments

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: OCTOBER 17, 2022

The Assembly Human Services Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 3707 with committee amendments.

As amended by the committee, this bill makes various changes to the New Jersey Child Abuse and Neglect Task Force.

Specifically, the bill amends section 2 of P.L.1994, C.119 (C.9:6-8.75) to allocate the task force in, but not, of, the Department of Children and Families (DCF). Notwithstanding its allocation in the DCF, the task force will be independent of any supervision or control by the DCF. Currently, the task force is not allocated to any department and functions as a separate entity outside of the purview of any department.

The bill also amends section 2 of P.L.1994, C.119 (C.9:6-8.75) to expand the purview of the Staffing and Oversight Review Subcommittee (subcommittee) to: (1) include the review and development of recommendations regarding the performance of the Division of Child Protection and Permanency (DCPP); and (2) review, analyze, and make recommendations regarding the DCF's performance in providing child welfare services to children and families as outlined in the bill. No later than 12 months after the bill's enactment and annually thereafter, the subcommittee will be required to report its findings and recommendations to the Governor and Legislature. Current law requires the subcommittee to only review and develop recommendations regarding the staffing levels of the division and does not specify the types of services provided by the DCF or when the review is to be completed.

The bill further amends section 2 of P.L.1994, C.119 (C.9:6-8.75) to require the: (1) Commissioner of DCF to annually allocate sufficient funding to permit the subcommittee to hire independent contracted staff or obtain other resources needed to carry out the responsibilities set forth in the bill; and (2) task force to appoint at least 15 members to the subcommittee to review the department's performance and develop recommendations. Currently, the task force does not provide funding to the subcommittee to review, analyze, and make recommendations regarding the DCF's performance, nor does current law require that the task force appoint members to the subcommittee to conduct the review and

develop the recommendations required pursuant to the provisions of the bill.

The bill also requires the Commissioner of Children and Families to ensure that no child protection worker is concurrently responsible for more than 15 cases at any time, unless the commissioner determines that the assignment of cases in excess of this limit is temporarily necessary to ensure the life and safety of any child under the care and supervision of the DCF.

If the average daily caseload of child protection workers exceeds 15 cases per worker for two consecutive months, the department is to be considered non-compliant with caseload standards established pursuant to bill and is to: (1) within 14 days of initial non-compliance, deliver to the Governor, the Legislature, and the subcommittee, notice of the non-compliance and a summary of emergent efforts being made to rectify the non-compliance; and (2) post, on a monthly basis, on the DCF's Internet website, the average daily Statewide caseload of child protection workers until the average daily caseload has been maintained at 15 or fewer cases per worker for 30 days.

#### **COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS**

The committee amended the bill to specify that public and private agencies awarded grants for the purposes of planning and establishing or improving programs and services for the prevention of child abuse and neglect are to continue to publish information about the problems of child abuse and neglect available to the public and organizations and agencies through a publicly accessible online portal.

The committee amendments require the Commissioner of DCF to annually allocate sufficient funding to permit the subcommittee to hire independent contracted staff or obtain other resources needed to carry out the responsibilities set forth in the bill, instead of the Legislature appropriating funds to the DCF for such purposes, as originally provided in the bill.

The committee amendments stipulate that the Staffing and Oversight Review Subcommittee is to be provided with information obtained through the DCPP's continuous quality review process in order to fulfill its obligations under the bill's provisions.

The committee amended the bill to make a technical correction to address a grammatical error.

#### LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE

[First Reprint]

# ASSEMBLY, No. 3707 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 220th LEGISLATURE

DATED: DECEMBER 15, 2022

#### **SUMMARY**

Synopsis: Makes various changes to New Jersey Task Force on Child Abuse and

Neglect; establishes child protection worker caseload standards.

**Type of Impact:** Annual State expenditure increase.

Agencies Affected: Staffing and Oversight Review Subcommittee of the New Jersey Task

Force on Child Abuse and Neglect; Department of Children and

Families.

#### Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	<u>Annual</u>
State Cost Increase	Minimal, Indeterminate

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) assumes that this bill will result in a shift of State expenditures from costs currently incurred by the Department of Children and Families to fund the federal monitor, assigned pursuant to Charlie and Nadine H. v. Murphy, to costs incurred by the department to provide the Staffing and Oversight Review Subcommittee of the New Jersey Task Force on Child Abuse and Neglect with the funds required for the subcommittee to fulfill its expanded responsibilities established under the bill. To the extent that more funds are needed by the subcommittee to perform these functions, or that the subcommittee forms before the federal monitor's exit, State expenses will increase by an indeterminate amount.
- According to the Department of Children and Families, the department cost to fund the federal monitor's work in FY 2022, the last compete year in which the monitor will be funded, was \$279,378.
- The OLS assumes that the department will incur minimal, indeterminate administrative expenses in complying with the caseload requirements established under the bill as current caseload data reflects near or complete compliance with this provision, which provides that no child protection worker can be concurrently responsible for more than 15 cases at any time, except as allowed by the Commissioner of Children and Families under certain circumstances.



#### **BILL DESCRIPTION**

The bill expands the purview of the subcommittee within the New Jersey Task Force on Child Abuse and Neglect to: 1) review and develop recommendations regarding the performance of the Division of Child Protection and Permanency in the Department of Children and Families; and 2) review, analyze, and develop recommendations regarding the department's performance in providing child welfare services to children and families as outlined in the bill. The bill also replaces an annual reporting requirement imposed upon the committee regarding the division's performance in achievement or management and client outcomes with a reporting requirement regarding the department's performance. The bill requires the department to annually allocate sufficient funding to permit the subcommittee to hire independent contracted staff or obtain other resources needed to carry out the responsibilities set forth in the bill.

The bill also requires the Commissioner of Children and Families to ensure that no child protection worker is concurrently responsible for more than 15 cases at any time, unless the commissioner determines that assignment of cases in excess of this limit is temporarily necessary to ensure the life and safety of any child under the care and supervision of the department.

#### FISCAL ANALYSIS

#### EXECUTIVE BRANCH

None received.

#### OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The OLS assumes that this bill will result in a shift of State expenditures from costs currently incurred by the Department of Children and Families to fund the federal monitor, assigned pursuant to Charlie and Nadine H. v. Murphy, to costs incurred by the department to provide the subcommittee with the funds required to fulfill its expanded responsibilities established under the bill. To the extent that more funds are needed by the subcommittee to perform these functions, or that the subcommittee forms before the federal monitor's exit, department expenses will increase by an indeterminate amount.

Generally, this bill transfers many of the oversight functions of the department's federal monitor to the subcommittee. The federal monitor, the Center for the Study of Social Policy, was appointed in 2006 and, in March of 2022, the court announced that the federal oversight of the department will end no later than June 2023. Under the Modified Settlement Agreement, the State is responsible for providing the federal monitor with a sufficient, reasonable budget necessary to fulfill the monitor's duties. This estimate assumes that the State will shift expenditures provided to the federal monitor to the subcommittee, upon the termination of the monitor's oversight duties. According to the Department of Children and Families, the department cost to fund the federal monitor's work in FY 2022, the last compete year in which the monitor will be funded, was \$279,378.

Moreover, the OLS assumes that the Department of Children and Families will incur minimal, indeterminate administrative expenses in complying with the caseload requirements of the bill due to current caseload data reflecting near or complete compliance with the caseload standard established under the bill: no child protection worker can be concurrently responsible for more than 15 cases at any time, except as allowed by the commissioner under certain circumstances.

Any expenditures under this provision will be due to costs associated with increasing staffing levels.

Current caseloads are assessed under the federal monitor's reports, which include measurements of the following child protection worker caseloads: intake worker, adoption worker; permanency worker; and Institutional Abuse Investigations Unit investigator. According to the federal monitor's Period 26 Report covering the period from January 1 through June 30 of 2020, the most recent report available, the Division of Child Protection and Permanency is meeting the caseload standard established under the bill for permanency workers and Institutional Abuse Investigations Unit investigators.

While the Division of Child Protection and Permanency does not meet the monitor's caseload standards for intake and adoption workers, data indicates near compliance. Under the federal monitor, individual intake workers are to have no more than 12 open cases. Moreover, no intake worker with 12 or more open cases can be given more than two secondary assignments per month. Secondary assignments refer to shared cases between intake workers for families who have an open case, and have subsequent allegations of abuse or neglect that require additional investigation. The OLS notes that the monitor's caseload standard is slightly more rigorous than the standard under the bill. According to the Period 26 Report, 97 percent of intake workers met the monitor's caseload standard. Moreover, the report indicates that 99 percent of adoption workers meet the federal monitor's caseload standard for that type worker, which is identical to the standard set under the bill.

Section: Human Services

Analyst: Sarah Schmidt

Lead Research Analyst

Approved: Thomas Koenig

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).

# SENATE, No. 2395

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

## 220th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MARCH 21, 2022

**Sponsored by:** 

Senator NICHOLAS P. SCUTARI

**District 22 (Middlesex, Somerset and Union)** 

Senator M. TERESA RUIZ

District 29 (Essex)

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Makes various changes to New Jersey Task Force on Child Abuse and Neglect; establishes child protection worker caseload standards.

#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 10/6/2022)

**AN ACT** concerning child welfare, amending P.L.1994, c.119, and supplementing Chapter 4C of Title 30 of the Revised Statutes.

**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. Section 2 of P.L.1994, C.119 (C.9:6-8.75) is amended to read as follows:
- 2. There is established the "New Jersey Task Force on Child Abuse and Neglect." For the purpose of complying with the provisions of Article V, Section IV, paragraph 1 of the New Jersey Constitution, the New Jersey Task Force on Child Abuse and Neglect is allocated within the Department of Children and Families, but, notwithstanding this allocation, the task force shall be independent of any supervision or control by the department or by any officer or employee thereof.
  - a. The purpose of the task force is to study and develop recommendations regarding the most effective means of improving the quality and scope of child protective and preventative services provided or supported by State government, including a review of the practices and policies utilized by the Division of Child Protection and Permanency and the Division of Family and Community Partnerships in the Department of Children and Families in order to:
  - (1) optimize coordination of child abuse-related services and investigations;
    - (2) promote the safety of children at risk of abuse or neglect;
  - (3) ensure a timely determination with regard to reports of alleged child abuse;
  - (4) educate the public about the problems of, and coordinate activities relating to, child abuse and neglect;
  - (5) develop a Statewide plan to prevent child abuse and neglect and mechanisms to facilitate child abuse and neglect prevention strategies in coordination with the Division of Family and Community Partnerships;
  - (6) mobilize citizens and community agencies in a proactive effort to prevent and treat child abuse and neglect; and
  - (7) foster cooperative working relationships between State and local agencies responsible for providing services to victims of child abuse and neglect and their families.
  - b. The task force shall receive, evaluate, and approve applications of public and private agencies and organizations for grants from moneys annually appropriated from the "Children's Trust Fund" established pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1985, c.197 (C.54A:9-25.4). Any portion of the moneys actually appropriated which are remaining at the end of a fiscal year shall lapse to the "Children's Trust Fund."

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Grants shall be awarded to public and private agencies for the purposes of planning and establishing or improving programs and services for the prevention of child abuse and neglect, including activities which:

- (1) Provide Statewide educational and public informational seminars for the purpose of developing appropriate public awareness regarding the problems of child abuse and neglect;
- (2) Encourage professional persons and groups to recognize and deal with problems of child abuse and neglect;
- (3) Make information about the problems of child abuse and neglect available to the public and organizations and agencies which deal with problems of child abuse and neglect; and
- (4) Encourage the development of community prevention programs, including:
- (a) community-based educational programs on parenting, prenatal care, prenatal bonding, child development, basic child care, care of children with special needs, coping with family stress, personal safety and sexual abuse prevention training for children, and self-care training for latchkey children; and
- (b) community-based programs relating to crisis care, aid to parents, child abuse counseling, peer support groups for abusive or potentially abusive parents and their children, lay health visitors, respite of crisis child care, and early identification of families where the potential for child abuse and neglect exists.

The task force shall, in awarding grants, establish such priorities respecting the programs or services to be funded and the amounts of funding to be provided as it deems appropriate, except that the task force shall place particular emphasis on community-based programs and services which are designed to develop and demonstrate strategies for the early identification, intervention, and assistance of families and children at risk in order to prevent child abuse and neglect.

The task force shall adopt such rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) to govern the awarding of grants pursuant to this subsection as may be necessary to establish adequate reporting requirements on the use of grant funds by recipient agencies and organizations and to permit the task force to evaluate the programs and services for which grants are awarded.

c. (1) The task force shall establish a Staffing and Oversight Review Subcommittee to review the performance and staffing levels of the Division of Child Protection and Permanency in order to develop recommendations regarding the department's performance, staffing levels, and the most effective methods of recruiting, hiring, and retaining staff within the division. [In addition,] The subcommittee shall also review, analyze, and make recommendations regarding the department's performance in:

- (a) maintaining a case management information and data
   collection system that allows for the assessment, tracking, posting
   or web-based publishing, and utilization of key data indicators with
   consistent definitions and methodology, along with ensuring the
   accuracy of published data;
- (b) implementing and sustaining a case practice model comprising a continuous set of activities that emphasizes quality investigation and assessment, which model shall include: performing safety and risk assessments; engaging with youth and families; working with family teams; providing individualized planning and relevant services; performing continuous review and adaptation; and ensuring safe and sustained transition from the department;

- (c) guaranteeing that the operation of the department's State Central Registry ensures that allegations of child abuse and neglect are received by the department's field offices in a timely manner and investigations are commenced within the required response time identified by the State Central Registry;
- (d) providing the most appropriate and least restrictive placements when out-of-home placement is necessary, and in so doing allowing: children to remain in their own communities, be placed with or maintain contact with siblings and relatives, and have their educational needs met; precluding children under age 13 from being placed in shelters; precluding children from being placed in out-of-State behavioral health facilities without written approval from the Assistant Commissioner for the Children's System of Care; and maintaining an adequate number and array of family-based placements to appropriately place children in family settings;
- (e) providing comprehensive, culturally responsive services to address the identified needs of the children, youth, and families the department serves, including but not limited to: services for youth age 18 to 21; services for LGBTQI+ youth; mental health, and domestic violence services for birth parents whose families are involved with the child welfare system; preventive home visitation programs; and an adequate Statewide network of Family Success Centers:
- (f) providing medical care to children and youth residing in resource family care, including: appropriate medical assessment and treatment, pre-placement, and entry medical assessments under Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment (EPSDT); guidelines, dental examinations; up-to-date immunizations; follow-up care and treatment and mental health assessment and treatment, where appropriate; behavioral health treatment provided in the least restrictive setting for children and youth; and evaluating the sufficiency of funding for these medical services;
- 47 (g) maintaining a comprehensive training program for child 48 welfare staff and supervisors, including specialized training for

investigators which training shall include pre-service training covering the case practice model and permanency planning, adoption training, and training on case management systems, and mechanisms for staff completing training to demonstrate competency on required areas of training;

- (h) making flexible funds available for use by caseworkers in crafting individualized service plans for children, youth, and families to: meet the needs of children and families; facilitate family preservation and reunification where appropriate; ensure that families are able to provide appropriate care for children; and avoid the disruption of otherwise stable and appropriate placements;
- (i) adjusting support rates for resource family care, adoption assistance, and independent living to ensure alignment with the United States Department of Agriculture estimates for the cost of raising a child or adolescent in the urban Northeast, the U.S. Department Housing and Urban Development Fair Market Value for average rent in New Jersey, the Internal Revenue Service estimates for monthly food and household expenses, and other appropriate State and national benchmarks identified by the subcommittee;
  - (j) strengthening and sustaining appropriate permanency and adoption practices for the children and youth the department serves, recognizing that the department's permanency work begins at intake and encompasses the elements of the case practice model; and
  - (k) generally beginning the process of preparing a child for adoption and seeking and securing an adoptive placement as soon as the child's permanency goal becomes adoption, but in no case later than as required by federal law; conducting five-month and 10-month placement reviews for children in custody; commencing the adoption process as soon as a diligent search process has been completed and has failed to identify the location of both parents or a suitable family placement; and developing a child-specific recruitment plan for all children with a permanency goal of adoption needing the recruitment of an adoptive family, as well as evaluating the sufficiency of funding for such processes.
- (2) No later than the first day of the 12th month next following the date of enactment of P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the legislature as this bill), and annually thereafter, the subcommittee shall review the [division's] department's performance in the [achievement of management and client outcomes] areas identified in paragraph (1) of subsection c. of this section, and shall issue a [preliminary] report with its findings and recommendations [no later than January 1, 2007, and subsequent reports annually thereafter with the first full report due no later than July 1, 2007. The subcommittee shall directly issue its reports I to the Governor and, pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1), to the Legislature.

- (3) The Legislature shall annually appropriate to the Department
   of Children and Families sufficient funding for the task force to
   permit the subcommittee to hire independent contracted staff or
   obtain other resources needed to carry out the responsibilities set
   forth in this paragraph.
  - (4) (a) The task force shall appoint at least 15 members to the subcommittee consisting of:

- (i) the Assistant Commissioner of the Division of Child Protection and Permanency and the Commissioner of Children and Families, or their designees, who shall serve ex-officio; and
- (ii) at least 13 public members, including: one representative of a State-based child advocacy organization; one attorney regularly engaged in the representation of parents in child protection matters; at least one attorney regularly engaged in the representation of the indigent; one attorney regularly engaged in the representation of children in out of home placement; one county human services director; one parent who has previously had involvement with the Division of Child Protection and Permanency; one alumni of the State's resource family care system; one resource family parent who is currently licensed by the State; and one representative of a State-based child abuse prevention focused organization.
  - (b) The members of the subcommittee shall serve for a term of three years or until the appointment of a successor, with the exception that the terms of the original membership of the subcommittee shall be constituted as to provide that seven of the public members shall serve for a term one year, four of the public members shall serve for two years, and two of the public members shall serve for a term three years.
  - (c) Members of the subcommittee shall be appointed and hold their initial organizational meeting within 45 days after the effective date of P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the legislature as this bill).
  - (d) The subcommittee shall designate a chairperson and vice chairperson from among its members, except that the commissioner's designee and the assistant commissioner of the Division of Child Protection and Permanency shall not serve as the chairperson or vice chairperson of the subcommittee.
    - (e) The subcommittee shall be entitled to call to its assistance and avail itself of the services of employees of the department and seek the advice of experts as required and as may be available for the purposes of conducting the reviews required by this subsection.
- 41 (5) The Commissioner of Children and Families shall ensure the
  42 subcommittee is provided with information necessary for the
  43 subcommittee to fulfill its obligations under this subsection, and the
  44 subcommittee shall be entitled to review such information as part of
  45 the subcommittee's examination of the department's performance
  46 and the development of recommendations.

#### S2395 SCUTARI, RUIZ

1 (6) The task force may adopt rules and regulations pursuant to
2 the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1
3 et seq.) necessary to effectuate the purposes of this subsection.
4 (cf. P.L. 2012, c.16, s.36)

- 2. (New section) a. The Commissioner of Children and Families shall ensure that no child protection worker is concurrently responsible for more than 15 cases at any time, unless the commissioner determines that assignment of cases in excess of this limit is temporarily necessary to ensure the life and safety of any child under the care and supervision of the Department of Children and Families.
- b. If the average daily caseload of child protection workers exceeds 15 cases per worker for two consecutive months, the department shall be considered non-compliant with caseload standards established pursuant to this section. In such circumstances, the department shall:
- (1) within 14 days of initial non-compliance under this subsection, deliver to the Governor, the Staffing and Oversight Review Subcommittee of the New Jersey Task Force on Child Abuse and Neglect established pursuant to subsection c. of section 2 of P.L.1994, C.119 (C.9:6-8.75), and, pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1), the Legislature, notice of the non-compliance and a summary of emergent efforts being made to rectify the non-compliance; and
- (2) post, on a monthly basis, on the department's Internet website, the average daily Statewide caseload of child protection workers, until such time as the average daily caseload has been maintained at 15 or fewer cases per worker for 30 days.
- c. As used in this section, "child protection worker" means an employee of the Division of Child Protection and Permanency or the Institutional Abuse Investigation Unit in the Department of Children and Families, or any other agency or successor agency conducting child abuse investigations pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1971, c.437 (C.9:6-8.11) or providing child protective services pursuant to P.L.1951, c.138 (C.30:4C-1 et seq.).

3. This act shall take effect immediately.

#### **STATEMENT**

This bill makes various changes to the New Jersey Child Abuse and Neglect Task Force.

Specifically, the bill amends section 2 of P.L.1994, C.119 (C.9:6-8.75) to allocate the task force in, but not, of, the Department of Children and Families (DCF). Notwithstanding its allocation in the DCF, the task force will be independent of any

supervision or control by the DCF. Currently, the task force is not allocated to any department and functions as a separate entity outside of the purview of any department.

The bill also amends section 2 of P.L.1994, C.119 (C.9:6-8.75) 4 5 to expand the purview of the Staffing and Oversight Review 6 Subcommittee (subcommittee) to: (1) include the review and 7 development of recommendations regarding the performance of the 8 Division of Child Protection and Permanency (DCPP); and (2) 9 review, analyze, and make recommendations regarding the DCF's 10 performance in providing child welfare services to children and 11 families as outlined in the bill. No later than 12 months after the 12 bill's enactment and annually thereafter, the subcommittee will be 13 required to report its findings and recommendations to the Governor 14 and Legislature. Current law requires the subcommittee to only 15 review and develop recommendations regarding the staffing levels 16 of the division and does not specify the types of services provided 17 by the DCF or when the review is to be completed.

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The bill further amends section 2 of P.L.1994, C.119 (C.9:6-8.75) to require the: (1) Legislature to annually appropriate to the DCF sufficient funding to permit the subcommittee to hire independent contracted staff or obtain other resources needed to carry out the responsibilities set forth in the bill; and (2) task force to appoint at least 15 members to the subcommittee to review the department's performance and develop recommendations. Currently, the task force does not provide funding to the subcommittee to review, analyze, and make recommendations regarding the DCF's performance, nor does current law require that the task force appoint members to the subcommittee to conduct the review and develop the recommendations required pursuant to the provisions of the bill. The bill also requires the Commissioner of Children and Families to ensure that no child protection worker is concurrently responsible for more than 15 cases at any time, unless the commissioner determines that assignment of cases in excess of this limit is temporarily necessary to ensure the life and safety of any child under the care and supervision of the DCF.

If the average daily caseload of child protection workers exceeds 15 cases per worker for two consecutive months, the department is to be considered non-compliant with caseload standards established pursuant to bill and is to: (1) within 14 days of initial non-compliance, deliver to the Governor, the Legislature, and the subcommittee, notice of the non-compliance and a summary of emergent efforts being made to rectify the non-compliance; and (2) post, on a monthly basis, on the DCF's Internet website, the average daily Statewide caseload of child protection workers until the average daily caseload has been maintained at 15 or fewer cases per worker for 30 days.

# SENATE HEALTH, HUMAN SERVICES AND SENIOR CITIZENS COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

**SENATE, No. 2395** 

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: OCTOBER 31, 2022

The Senate Health, Human Services and Senior Citizens Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 2395.

This bill makes various changes to the New Jersey Child Abuse and Neglect Task Force.

Specifically, the bill amends section 2 of P.L.1994, C.119 (C.9:6-8.75) to allocate the task force in, but not, of, the Department of Children and Families (DCF). Notwithstanding its allocation in the DCF, the task force will be independent of any supervision or control by the DCF. Currently, the task force is not allocated to any department and functions as a separate entity outside of the purview of any department.

The bill also amends section 2 of P.L.1994, C.119 (C.9:6-8.75) to expand the purview of the Staffing and Oversight Review Subcommittee (subcommittee) to: 1) include the review and development of recommendations regarding the performance of the Division of Child Protection and Permanency (DCPP) in the DCF; and 2) review, analyze, and make recommendations regarding the DCF's performance in providing child welfare services to children and families as outlined in the bill. No later than 12 months after the bill is enacted, and annually thereafter, the subcommittee will be required to report its findings and recommendations to the Governor and Legislature. Current law requires the subcommittee to only review and develop recommendations regarding the staffing levels of the DCPP, and does not specify the types of services provided by the DCF or when the review is to be completed.

The bill further amends section 2 of P.L.1994, C.119 (C.9:6-8.75) to: 1) require the Legislature to annually appropriate to the DCF sufficient funding to permit the subcommittee to hire independent contracted staff or obtain other resources needed to carry out its responsibilities under the bill; and 2) require the task force to appoint at least 15 members to the subcommittee to review the DCF's performance and develop recommendations. Currently, the task force does not provide funding to the subcommittee to review, analyze, and make recommendations regarding the DCF's performance, nor does current law require that the task force appoint members to the subcommittee. The bill also requires the Commissioner of Children

and Families to ensure that no child protection worker is concurrently responsible for more than 15 cases at any time, unless the commissioner determines that assignment of cases in excess of this limit is temporarily necessary to ensure the life and safety of any child under the care and supervision of the DCF.

The bill provides that, if the average daily caseload of child protection workers exceeds 15 cases per worker for two consecutive months, the DCF is to be considered non-compliant with caseload standards established pursuant to bill and is to: 1) within 14 days of initial non-compliance, deliver to the Governor, the Legislature, and the subcommittee, notice of the non-compliance and a summary of emergent efforts being made to rectify the non-compliance; and 2) post, on a monthly basis, on its Internet website, the average daily Statewide caseload of child protection workers until the average daily caseload has been maintained at 15 or fewer cases per worker for 30 days.

# LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE SENATE, No. 2395 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 220th LEGISLATURE

DATED: NOVEMBER 30, 2022

#### **SUMMARY**

Synopsis: Makes various changes to New Jersey Task Force on Child Abuse and

Neglect; establishes child protection worker caseload standards.

**Type of Impact:** Annual State expenditure increase.

**Agencies Affected:** Staffing and Oversight Review Subcommittee of the New Jersey Task

Force on Child Abuse and Neglect; Department of Children and

Families.

#### Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	<u>Annual</u>
State Cost Increase	Minimal, Indeterminate

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) assumes that this bill will result in a shift of State expenditures from costs currently incurred by the State to fund the Department of Children and Families' (DCF's) federal monitor, assigned pursuant to Charlie and Nadine H. v. Murphy, to costs incurred by the State to provide the Staffing and Oversight Review Subcommittee of the New Jersey Task Force on Child Abuse and Neglect with the funds required for the subcommittee to fulfill its expanded responsibilities established under the bill. To the extent that more funds are needed by the subcommittee to perform these functions, or that the subcommittee forms before the federal monitor's exit, State expenses will increase by an indeterminate amount.
- According to the DCF, the department cost to fund the federal monitor's work in FY 2022, the last compete year in which the monitor will be funded, was \$279,378.
- The OLS assumes that the DCF will incur minimal, indeterminate administrative expenses in complying with the caseload requirements established under the bill as current caseload data reflects near or complete compliance with this provision, which provides that no child protection worker can be concurrently responsible for more than 15 cases at any time, except as allowed by the Commissioner of Children and Families under certain circumstances.



#### **BILL DESCRIPTION**

The bill expands the purview of the subcommittee within the New Jersey Task Force on Child Abuse and Neglect to: 1) review and develop recommendations regarding the performance of the Division of Child Protection and Permanency (DCPP) in the DCF; and 2) review, analyze, and develop recommendations regarding the DCF's performance in providing child welfare services to children and families as outlined in the bill. The bill also replaces an annual reporting requirement imposed upon the committee regarding the division's performance in achievement or management and client outcomes with a reporting requirement regarding the department's performance. The bill requires the Legislature to annually appropriate to the DCF sufficient funding to permit the subcommittee to hire independent contracted staff or obtain other resources needed to carry out its responsibilities under the bill.

The bill also requires the Commissioner of Children and Families to ensure that no child protection worker is concurrently responsible for more than 15 cases at any time, unless the commissioner determines that assignment of cases in excess of this limit is temporarily necessary to ensure the life and safety of any child under the care and supervision of the DCF.

#### FISCAL ANALYSIS

#### EXECUTIVE BRANCH

None received.

#### OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The OLS assumes that this bill will result in a shift of State expenditures from costs currently incurred by the State to fund the DCF's federal monitor, assigned pursuant to <u>Charlie and Nadine H. v. Murphy</u>, to costs incurred by the State to provide the subcommittee with the funds required to fulfill its expanded responsibilities established under the bill. To the extent that more funds are needed by the subcommittee to perform these functions, or that the subcommittee forms before the federal monitor's exit, State expenses will increase by an indeterminate amount.

Generally, this bill transfers many of the oversight functions of the department's federal monitor to the subcommittee. The federal monitor, the Center for the Study of Social Policy, was appointed in 2006 and, in March of 2022, the court announced that the federal oversight of the department will end no later than June 2023. Under the Modified Settlement Agreement, the State is responsible for providing the federal monitor with a sufficient, reasonable budget necessary to fulfill the monitor's duties. This estimate assumes that the State will shift expenditures provided to the federal monitor to the subcommittee, upon the termination of the monitor's oversight duties. According to the DCF, the department cost to fund the federal monitor's work in FY 2022, the last compete year in which the monitor will be funded, was \$279,378.

Moreover, the OLS assumes that the DCF will incur minimal, indeterminate administrative expenses in complying with the caseload requirements of the bill due to current caseload data reflecting near or complete compliance with the caseload standard established under the bill: no child protection worker can be concurrently responsible for more than 15 cases at any time, except as allowed by the commissioner under certain circumstances. Any expenditures under this provision will be due to costs associated with increasing staffing levels.

Current caseloads are assessed under the federal monitor's reports, which include measurements of the following child protection worker caseloads: intake worker, adoption worker;

permanency worker; and Institutional Abuse Investigations Unit investigator. According to the federal monitor's Period 26 Report covering the period from January 1 through June 30 of 2020, the most recent report available, the DCPP is meeting the caseload standard established under the bill for permanency workers and Institutional Abuse Investigations Unit investigators.

While the DCPP does not meet the monitor's caseload standards for intake and adoption workers, data indicates near compliance. Under the federal monitor, individual intake workers are to have no more than 12 open cases. Moreover, no intake worker with 12 or more open cases can be given more than two secondary assignments per month. Secondary assignments refer to shared cases between intake workers for families who have an open case, and have subsequent allegations of abuse or neglect that require additional investigation. The OLS notes that the monitor's caseload standard is slightly more rigorous than the standard under the bill. According to the Period 26 Report, 97 percent of intake workers met the monitor's caseload standard. Moreover, the report indicates that 99 percent of adoption workers meet the federal monitor's caseload standard for that type worker, which is identical to the standard set under the bill.

Section: Human Services

Analyst: Sarah Schmidt

Lead Research Analyst

Approved: Thomas Koenig

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).

#### SENATE BUDGET AND APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

#### SENATE, No. 2395

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 5, 2022

The Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 2395, with committee amendments.

As amended by the committee, this bill makes various changes to the New Jersey Child Abuse and Neglect Task Force.

Specifically, the bill amends section 2 of P.L.1994, C.119 (C.9:6-8.75) to allocate the task force in, but not, of, the Department of Children and Families (DCF). Notwithstanding its allocation in the DCF, the task force will be independent of any supervision or control by the DCF. Currently, the task force is not allocated to any department and functions as a separate entity outside of the purview of any department.

The bill also amends section 2 of P.L.1994, C.119 (C.9:6-8.75) to expand the purview of the Staffing and Oversight Review Subcommittee (subcommittee) to: (1) include the review and development of recommendations regarding the performance of the Division of Child Protection and Permanency (DCPP); (2) review, analyze, and make recommendations regarding the DCF's performance in providing child welfare services to children and families as outlined in the bill; and (3) participate in the DCPP's continuous quality review processes. No later than 12 months after the bill's enactment and annually thereafter, the subcommittee will be required to report its findings and recommendations to the Governor and Legislature. Current law requires the subcommittee to only review and develop recommendations regarding the staffing levels of the division and does not specify the types of services provided by the DCF or when the review is to be completed or allow the subcommittee to participate in the DCPP's continuous quality review processes.

The bill further amends section 2 of P.L.1994, C.119 (C.9:6-8.75) to require the: (1) Commissioner of DCF to annually allocate sufficient funding to permit the subcommittee to hire independent contracted staff or obtain other resources needed to carry out the responsibilities set forth in the bill; and (2) task force to appoint at least 16 members to the subcommittee to review the department's performance and develop recommendations. Currently, the task force does not provide funding to the subcommittee to review, analyze, and make recommendations regarding the DCF's performance, nor does current law require that the task force appoint members to the subcommittee to conduct the

review and develop the recommendations required pursuant to the provisions of the bill.

The bill also requires the Commissioner of Children and Families to ensure that no child protection worker is concurrently responsible for more than 15 cases at any time, unless the commissioner determines that the assignment of cases in excess of this limit is temporarily necessary to ensure the life and safety of any child under the care and supervision of the DCF.

If the average daily caseload of child protection workers exceeds 15 cases per worker for two consecutive months, the department is to be considered non-compliant with caseload standards established pursuant to bill and is to: (1) within 14 days of initial non-compliance, deliver to the Governor, the Legislature, and the subcommittee, notice of the non-compliance and a summary of emergent efforts being made to rectify the non-compliance; and (2) post, on a monthly basis, on the DCF's Internet website, the average daily Statewide caseload of child protection workers until the average daily caseload has been maintained at 15 or fewer cases per worker for 30 days.

#### **COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:**

The committee amended the bill to specify that public and private agencies may be awarded grants from the "Children's Trust Fund" for continuing to publish information, available to the agencies, about the problems of child abuse and neglect through a publicly accessible online portal, thereby making the data available to the public and to organizations and agencies which deal with the problems of child abuse and neglect.

The committee amendments expand the responsibilities of the Staffing and Oversight Review Subcommittee to include participation in the DCPP's continuous quality review processes.

The committee amendments require the Commissioner of DCF to annually allocate sufficient funding to permit the subcommittee to hire independent contracted staff or obtain other resources needed to carry out the responsibilities set forth in the bill, instead of the Legislature appropriating funds to the DCF for such purposes, as originally provided in the bill.

The committee amendments expand the membership of the subcommittee from 15 to 16 to include one representative of a Statewide organization focused on advocacy for children involved in both the judicial and child welfare systems.

The committee amendments stipulate that the Staffing and Oversight Review Subcommittee is to be provided with information obtained through the DCPP's continuous quality review process in order to fulfill its obligations under the bill's provisions.

The committee amended the bill to make a technical correction to address a grammatical error.

#### **FISCAL IMPACT**:

The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) notes that, generally, this bill transfers many of the oversight functions of the Department of Children and Families' (DCF) federal monitor, assigned pursuant to Charlie and Nadine H. v. Murphy, to the Staffing and Oversight Review Subcommittee of the New Jersey Task Force on Child Abuse and Neglect. As such, the OLS assumes that this bill will result in a shift of State expenditures from costs currently incurred by the DCF to fund the department's federal monitor to costs incurred by the department to provide the subcommittee with the funds required to fulfill its expanded responsibilities established under the bill. For reference, according to the DCF, the department cost to fund the federal monitor's work in FY 2022, the last compete year in which the monitor will be funded, was \$279,378.

Moreover, the OLS assumes that the DCF will incur minimal, indeterminate administrative expenses in complying with the caseload requirements established under the bill as current caseload data reflects near or complete compliance with this provision, which provides that no child protection worker can be concurrently responsible for more than 15 cases at any time, except as allowed by the Commissioner of Children and Families under certain circumstances.

#### LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE

[First Reprint]

# SENATE, No. 2395 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 220th LEGISLATURE

DATED: DECEMBER 12, 2022

#### **SUMMARY**

Synopsis: Makes various changes to New Jersey Task Force on Child Abuse and

Neglect; establishes child protection worker caseload standards.

**Type of Impact:** Annual State expenditure increase.

Agencies Affected: Staffing and Oversight Review Subcommittee of the New Jersey Task

Force on Child Abuse and Neglect; Department of Children and

Families.

#### Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	<u>Annual</u>
State Cost Increase	Minimal, Indeterminate

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) assumes that this bill will result in a shift of State expenditures from costs currently incurred by the Department of Children and Families to fund the federal monitor, assigned pursuant to Charlie and Nadine H. v. Murphy, to costs incurred by the department to provide the Staffing and Oversight Review Subcommittee of the New Jersey Task Force on Child Abuse and Neglect with the funds required for the subcommittee to fulfill its expanded responsibilities established under the bill. To the extent that more funds are needed by the subcommittee to perform these functions, or that the subcommittee forms before the federal monitor's exit, State expenses will increase by an indeterminate amount.
- According to the Department of Children and Families, the department cost to fund the federal monitor's work in FY 2022, the last compete year in which the monitor will be funded, was \$279,378.
- The OLS assumes that the department will incur minimal, indeterminate administrative expenses in complying with the caseload requirements established under the bill as current caseload data reflects near or complete compliance with this provision, which provides that no child protection worker can be concurrently responsible for more than 15 cases at any time, except as allowed by the Commissioner of Children and Families under certain circumstances.



#### **BILL DESCRIPTION**

The bill expands the purview of the subcommittee within the New Jersey Task Force on Child Abuse and Neglect to: 1) review and develop recommendations regarding the performance of the Division of Child Protection and Permanency in the Department of Children and Families; 2) participate in the division's continuous quality review processes; and 3) review, analyze, and develop recommendations regarding the department's performance in providing child welfare services to children and families as outlined in the bill. The bill also replaces an annual reporting requirement imposed upon the committee regarding the division's performance in achievement or management and client outcomes with a reporting requirement regarding the department's performance. The bill requires the department to annually allocate sufficient funding to permit the subcommittee to hire independent contracted staff or obtain other resources needed to carry out the responsibilities set forth in the bill.

The bill also requires the Commissioner of Children and Families to ensure that no child protection worker is concurrently responsible for more than 15 cases at any time, unless the commissioner determines that assignment of cases in excess of this limit is temporarily necessary to ensure the life and safety of any child under the care and supervision of the department.

#### FISCAL ANALYSIS

#### EXECUTIVE BRANCH

None received.

#### OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The OLS assumes that this bill will result in a shift of State expenditures from costs currently incurred by the Department of Children and Families to fund the federal monitor, assigned pursuant to Charlie and Nadine H. v. Murphy, to costs incurred by the department to provide the subcommittee with the funds required to fulfill its expanded responsibilities established under the bill. To the extent that more funds are needed by the subcommittee to perform these functions, or that the subcommittee forms before the federal monitor's exit, department expenses will increase by an indeterminate amount.

Generally, this bill transfers many of the oversight functions of the department's federal monitor to the subcommittee. The federal monitor, the Center for the Study of Social Policy, was appointed in 2006 and, in March of 2022, the court announced that the federal oversight of the department will end no later than June 2023. Under the Modified Settlement Agreement, the State is responsible for providing the federal monitor with a sufficient, reasonable budget necessary to fulfill the monitor's duties. This estimate assumes that the State will shift expenditures provided to the federal monitor to the subcommittee, upon the termination of the monitor's oversight duties. According to the Department of Children and Families, the department cost to fund the federal monitor's work in FY 2022, the last compete year in which the monitor will be funded, was \$279,378.

Moreover, the OLS assumes that the Department of Children and Families will incur minimal, indeterminate administrative expenses in complying with the caseload requirements of the bill due to current caseload data reflecting near or complete compliance with the caseload standard established under the bill: no child protection worker can be concurrently responsible for more than 15 cases at any time, except as allowed by the commissioner under certain circumstances.

Any expenditures under this provision will be due to costs associated with increasing staffing levels.

Current caseloads are assessed under the federal monitor's reports, which include measurements of the following child protection worker caseloads: intake worker, adoption worker; permanency worker; and Institutional Abuse Investigations Unit investigator. According to the federal monitor's Period 26 Report covering the period from January 1 through June 30 of 2020, the most recent report available, the Division of Child Protection and Permanency is meeting the caseload standard established under the bill for permanency workers and Institutional Abuse Investigations Unit investigators.

While the Division of Child Protection and Permanency does not meet the monitor's caseload standards for intake and adoption workers, data indicates near compliance. Under the federal monitor, individual intake workers are to have no more than 12 open cases. Moreover, no intake worker with 12 or more open cases can be given more than two secondary assignments per month. Secondary assignments refer to shared cases between intake workers for families who have an open case, and have subsequent allegations of abuse or neglect that require additional investigation. The OLS notes that the monitor's caseload standard is slightly more rigorous than the standard under the bill. According to the Period 26 Report, 97 percent of intake workers met the monitor's caseload standard. Moreover, the report indicates that 99 percent of adoption workers meet the federal monitor's caseload standard for that type worker, which is identical to the standard set under the bill.

Section: Human Services

Analyst: Sarah Schmidt

Lead Research Analyst

Approved: Thomas Koenig

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).

#### STATEMENT TO

# [First Reprint] **SENATE, No. 2395**

with Senate Floor Amendments (Proposed by Senator SCUTARI)

ADOPTED: DECEMBER 19, 2022

The Senate amendments provide that the comprehensive services to be provided under the bill are to include trauma-informed care.

The Senate amendments revise the membership of the task force to remove a public member representing a Statewide organization focused on advocacy for children involved in the judicial and child welfare systems.

The Senate amendments revise the bill to make various technical changes involving internal cross-references and grammar.

# Governor Murphy Signs Legislation Setting the Stage for NJ's Child Welfare System to Make Long-Awaited Exit from Federal Oversight

12/20/2022

Reforms Made Over Past 20 Years Have Made NJ a National Model for Child Welfare

**TRENTON** – Governor Phil Murphy today signed A-3707/S-2395 as a key part of the effort to fulfill New Jersey's commitment to implement the necessary accountability measures to exit from federal oversight of child protective services administered under the New Jersey Department of Children and Families (NJ DCF). This legislation represents an important step in the State's ongoing process of exiting from this arrangement following the progress New Jersey has made in reforming its child welfare system over the past 20 years.

The legislation signed today ensures independent review of the Department's child protection work will continue once federal oversight ends, while also codifying child protection caseload load limits for child protection caseworkers to ensure that each child's case receives the necessary amount of attention and care.

"My administration remains committed to advancing and expanding upon the efforts of our predecessors to make New Jersey's child welfare system one that can serve as a national model for the protection of every child in our care," **said Governor Murphy.** "Today's legislation recognizes the significant progress our state has made in reforming our child welfare system to ensure no child falls through the cracks and every case is treated with the time and attention it needs."

"With today's signing – and final legislative approval yesterday – we're delivering on a key element of our negotiated exit agreement with the federal court, the monitor, and the Plaintiff's attorney to establish New Jersey as a data driven, self-monitoring leader in child welfare," **said NJ DCF Commissioner Christine Norbut Beyer**. "This is a watershed moment for New Jersey, made possible through Governor Murphy's and legislative leaders' commitment to a dynamic, well-resourced child welfare system, the cumulative work of past and current leaders, and the hard work and dedication of DCF's 6,600-member workforce. Our pending exit from federal oversight recognizes that we have all worked together, in big ways and small, to transform our system for the better, and that we stand today as a national leader in child welfare practice and outcomes."

"One of government's most important responsibilities is to protect the health and safety of children," **said Senate President Nicholas Scutari.** "This law will help prevent abuse and neglect, and facilitate the intervention of protective services when it is needed to safeguard children."

"Children deserve every opportunity to thrive and succeed in life," said Assembly Speaker Craig J. Coughlin. "By implementing this thoughtful framework that finds its foundation in keeping children safe and families together, we create a system that's responsive to child well-being and capable of serving New Jersey families of all shapes and sizes well into the future."

After nearly twenty years of court-appointed federal oversight of New Jersey's child welfare system, established under a consent decree via the 1999 *Charlie and Nadine H. v. Whitman* class action lawsuit, New Jersey negotiated a plan of action in March 2022 to exit from this federal oversight. Under the terms of the exit agreement – as approved by a federal judge and agreed to by the court-appointed monitor and the plaintiffs' attorney – New Jersey was required to implement a statutory mechanism for the child welfare system to ensure continued transparency and accountability in regard to key performance metrics.

Today's legislation empowers and expands the role of the existing Staffing and Oversight Review Subcommittee (SORS) of the New Jersey Task Force on Child Abuse and Neglect to serve in this review capacity. SORS will have access to NJ DCF data regarding staffing and case outcomes in order to review critical benchmarks for the success of the child welfare system and report this information annually to both the Legislature and the general public.

Additionally, the legislation establishes a statutory cap of no more than 15 cases per NJ DCF caseworker to ensure employees have the capacity they need to fulfill the critical responsibilities of their role. It was not uncommon for one employee to have nearly triple that number of cases back when the *Charlie and Nadine H. v. Whitman* lawsuit was initiated, which charged the State with improperly caring for the children involved in New Jersey's child welfare system. Under this new law, a corrective plan of action will be activated if any SORS review ever finds that NJ DCF has exceeded the average daily limit of 15 cases per worker for two consecutive months.

NJ DCF has already worked to significantly reduce the number of cases each worker is assigned under metrics established through federal oversight, which has decreased staff turnover and helped the State retain caseworkers even during the pandemic.

"New Jersey has made a lot of progress in improving protective services for children who have suffered abuse or neglect," **said Senate Majority Leader M. Teresa Ruiz.** "But, continued oversight and accountability are essential. We need to ensure that families are given the help and support they need to provide safe and healthy conditions for young people."

"Nothing is more important than the safety and well-being of our children," **said Assemblywoman Angelica Jimenez**. "With this new law, we will empower the New Jersey Child Abuse and Neglect Task Force to better protect children across the State."

"The New Jersey Child Abuse and Neglect Task Force does important work safeguarding children in New Jersey from harm," **said Assemblyman Reginald Atkins**. "Key changes made by this law will ensure the Task Force is able to continue improving protective services in order to meet the State's child protection responsibilities."

Since federal oversight was established in 2003, New Jersey has worked to make critical improvements to its child welfare system and has established itself as a national model for achieving positive outcomes on behalf of the children in its care.

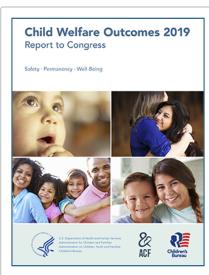
In a recent report to Congress by the federal Department of Health and Human Services, highlighted the progress New Jersey has made, noting the state now has the lowest out-of-home placement rate in the country (1.4 per 1,000, compared to 3.4 per 1,000 nationally) and the fourth lowest maltreatment rate in the country (2.6 per 1,000, compared to 8.9 per 1,000 nationally). New Jersey also ranked seventh among states for the lowest number of moves children experience while in foster care.

With today's bill signing, New Jersey can now take the next step in the exit process by scheduling a "fairness hearing," with the federal court, with the State's final exit estimated to occur in late spring or early summer of 2023. The final exit date will be scheduled during New Jersey's fairness hearing.

### Child Welfare Outcomes 2019: Report to Congress

Listen

Publication Date: September 13, 2022



#### **Download Report**

Download PDF (6,084.97 KB) (PDF)

File Size: 6,084.97 KB

Pages: 118 Published: 2022

#### Introduction

This Report to Congress provides information on the performance of states on seven national outcome categories and also includes data on contextual factors and findings of analyses conducted across states.

Note: The PDF is best viewed in Chrome or Firefox. If using Internet Explorer (IE), please right click the link, save the file, and view it locally.

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