#### 43:21-6 & 43:21-16 LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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**LAWS OF**: 2022 **CHAPTER**: 120

**NJSA**: 43:21-6 & 43:21-16

(Concerns timely payment of UI benefits.)

BILL NO: S2357 (Substituted for A3830 (ACS))

**SPONSOR(S)** Fred H. Madden and others

**DATE INTRODUCED:** 3/21/2022

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: ---

**SENATE**: Labor

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: 10/27/2022

**SENATE**: 10/17/2022

DATE OF APPROVAL: 11/3/2022

**FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:** 

**FINAL TEXT OF BILL** 

(Senate Committee Substitute (First Reprint) enacted) Yes

S2357

INTRODUCED BILL: (Includes sponsor(s) statement) Yes

**COMMITTEE STATEMENT:** ASSEMBLY: No

**SENATE**: Yes Labor

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

A3830 (ACS)

INTRODUCED BILL: (Includes sponsor(s) statement) Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes Labor

State & Local Gov.

SENATE: No

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE:	No
VETO MESSAGE:	Yes
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REPORTS:	No
HEARINGS:	No
NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:	No

end

### P.L. 2022, CHAPTER 120, *approved November 3*, 2022 Senate Committee Substitute (*First Reprint*) for Senate, No. 2357

1 **AN ACT** concerning the timely payment of unemployment compensation benefits and amending R.S.43:21-6 and R.S.43:21-3 16.

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**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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1. R.S.43:21-6 is amended to read as follows:

43:21-6. (a) Filing. (1) Claims for benefits shall be made in accordance with such regulations as the Director of the Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance of the Department of Labor and Workforce Development of the State of New Jersey may approve. Each employer shall post and maintain on his premises printed notices of his subject status, of such design, in such numbers and at such places as the director of the division may determine to be necessary to give notice thereof to persons in the employer's service. Each employer shall give to each individual at the time he becomes unemployed, for any reason, whether the unemployment is permanent or temporary, a printed copy of benefit instructions. The benefit instructions given to the individual shall include, but not be limited to, the following information: (A) the date upon which the individual becomes unemployed, and, in the case that the unemployment is temporary, to the extent possible, the date upon which the individual is expected to be recalled to work; and (B) that the individual may lose some or all of the benefits to which he is entitled if he fails to file a claim in a timely manner. Both the aforesaid notices and instructions, including information detailing the time sensitivity of filing a claim, and directions provided in advance to all employers regarding what information the division requires employers to provide to the division by electronic means immediately upon a separation from employment sufficient to enable the division to make a benefit determination, including any information relevant to whether the individual may be disqualified pursuant to subsections (a),(b),(d), or (e) of R.S.43:21-5, shall be supplied by the division to employers without cost to them. The directions provided to all employers in advance shall include that each employer provide the division with an email address for communications to and from the division. When an

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

Senate amendments adopted in accordance with Governor's recommendations September 29, 2022.

employer provides benefit instructions to the individual which disclose the date on which unemployment will commence, the employer shall immediately and simultaneously provide by electronic means that disclosure to the division together with the information required by the division pursuant to the directions provided in advance by the division. An employer who fails to make the immediate and simultaneous disclosure to the department as required by this paragraph shall be liable for the penalties imposed by subsection (b) of R.S.43:21-16 on employers for willful failure to furnish reports. The division shall notify the employer by electronic means not more than seven calendar days after the department receives the disclosure of any failure of the employer to provide all of the information needed by the division to make a benefit determination. Nothing in this section shall be construed so as to require an employer to re-hire an individual formerly in the employer's service. Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring the division to issue a benefit determination solely based on the information supplied by the employer. <sup>1</sup>Notwithstanding the provisions of this section which require employers to provide information to the division by electronic means, and the division to provide notifications to an employer by electronic means, the commissioner shall have the discretion to establish by rule an alternate method or methods for employers to provide the required information to the division and for the division to provide the required notifications to an employer in circumstances where it is established, to the satisfaction of the commissioner, that the employer is unable to provide the information to the division or is unable to receive notifications from the division by electronic means. 1 

(2) Any claimant may choose to certify, cancel or close his claim for unemployment insurance benefits at any time, 24 hours a day and seven days a week, via the Internet on a website developed by the division; however, any claim that is certified, cancelled or closed after 7:00 PM will not be processed by the division until the next scheduled posting date.

(3) The division may request that claimants obtain digital identity credentials, but only if the division provides opportunities for claimants to verify their identities even if they do not have the knowledge or access to the equipment needed to obtain the digital identity credentials. Any request by the division for a claimant to obtain digital identity credentials shall include a statement that the claimant may use alternative procedures to verify identification, and fully describe the alternative procedures, which shall include personal assistance in person or by phone which shall be made available by representatives of the division as needed to prevent any delay in processing claims. If the division requests that a claimant obtain digital identity credentials, and the claimant chooses to request a digital identity credential rather than utilize an alternative

procedure, but is denied the digital identity credential, the division shall issue the claimant a written appealable determination.

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- (4) Any system that the division establishes for claimants or recipients of benefits to verify identity, to apply for, or to make appeals regarding, benefits either by phone or on-line, shall provide a clearly and prominently expressed option for the claimant or recipient, if not immediately provided personal assistance, to select from available appointment times an appointment time to speak with a representative to obtain assistance in verifying identity, filing a claim or appeal, or obtaining information regarding the status of a claim or appeal.
- (b) (1) Procedure for making initial determinations with respect to benefit years commencing on or after January 1, 1953.

14 A representative or representatives designated by the director of 15 the division and hereafter referred to as a "deputy" shall promptly 16 examine [the] any disclosure of information to the division by an 17 employer required by paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of this section 18 upon a separation from work and any claim for benefits, and shall, 19 by electronic means, notify the most recent employing unit and, successively as necessary, each employer in inverse chronological 20 21 order during the base year. [Such] The notification shall be made 22 not later than seven calendar days after the employer provides to the 23 department the disclosure required by paragraph (1) of subsection 24 (a) of this section, or seven calendar days after the filing of the 25 claim, whichever occurs first, and require said employing unit and 26 employer to furnish [such], by electronic means, not more than 27 seven calendar days after the notification is made, any information 28 to the deputy which the employer failed to provide as required by 29 paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of this section as may be necessary 30 to determine the claimant's eligibility and his benefit rights with 31 respect to the employer in question. The claimant shall, at the time 32 the claim is filed, be provided any information the division has 33 received from the employer upon the separation from work and an 34 opportunity to respond to that information. If a claim is filed and 35 the employer has provided the information required upon separation from work, the employer shall immediately be notified by electronic 36 37 means of the opportunity to provide, by electronic means and in not more than seven calendar days, additional information in response 38 39 to the claim for benefits. If a claim is filed and the employer has 40 failed to provide the information required upon the separation from 41 work, the division shall immediately, by electronic means, request 42 the required information and the employer shall provide the 43 information, by electronic means and in not more than seven 44 calendar days. The division shall provide the claimant any 45 additional information it receives and an opportunity to respond.

[In his discretion, the director may appoint special deputies to make initial or subsequent determinations under subsection (f) of R.S.43:21-4 and subsection (d) of R.S.43:21-5.]

If any employer or employing unit fails to respond to the notification or request within [10] seven calendar days after [the mailing, or communicating] a communication by electronic means [,] of [such] the notification or request, the deputy shall rely entirely on information from other sources, including an affidavit to the best of the knowledge and belief of the claimant with respect to his wages and time worked. Except in the event of [fraud] a knowing, fraudulent nondisclosure or misrepresentation by the claimant or his agent, if it is determined that any information in such affidavit is erroneous, no penalty shall be imposed on the claimant.

The deputy shall make an initial determination contingent upon the receipt of all necessary information and notify the claimant no later than three weeks from the date on which the division received the claim for benefits. [If an initial determination cannot be made due to the lack of documentation, notification will be sent to the claimant providing a status of the claim. The division will then have an additional two weeks to obtain the missing information in order to make the initial determination and advise the claimant accordingly. The initial determination shall show the weekly benefit amount payable, the maximum duration of benefits with respect to the employer to whom the determination relates, and the ratio of benefits chargeable to the employer's account for benefit years commencing on or after July 1, 1986, and also shall show whether the claimant is ineligible or disqualified for benefits under the initial determination. The employer whose account may be charged for benefits payable pursuant to said determination shall be promptly notified thereof.

Whenever an initial determination is based upon information other than that supplied by an employer because such employer failed to provide information as required at the time of separation from employment, and failed to respond to the deputy's request for additional information, benefit payments based on the determination shall commence immediately, and such initial determination and any subsequent determination thereunder shall be incontestable by the noncomplying employer, as to any charges to his employer's account because of benefits paid prior to the close of the calendar week following the receipt of his reply. Such initial determination shall be altered if necessary upon receipt of information from the employer, and any benefits paid or payable with respect to weeks occurring subsequent to the close of the calendar week following the receipt of the employer's reply and the determination of the division to alter the initial determination after providing the

1 <u>claimant the information and an opportunity to respond</u> shall be 2 paid in accordance with such altered initial determination.

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The deputy shall issue a separate initial benefit determination with respect to each of the claimant's base year employers, starting with the most recent employer and continuing as necessary in the inverse chronological order of the claimant's last date of employment with each such employer. If an appeal is taken from an initial determination, as hereinafter provided, by any employer other than the first chargeable base year employer or for benefit years commencing on or after July 1, 1986, that employer from whom the individual was most recently separated, then such appeal shall be limited in scope to include only one or more of the following matters:

- (A) The correctness of the benefit payments authorized to be made under the determination;
- (B) Fraud in connection with the claim pursuant to which the initial determination is issued;
- (C) The refusal of suitable work offered by the chargeable employer filing the appeal;
- (D) Gross misconduct as provided in subsection (b) of R.S.43:21-5.

In his discretion, the director may appoint special deputies to make initial or subsequent determinations under subsection (f) of R.S.43:21-4 and subsection (d) of R.S.43:21-5.

The amount of benefits payable under an initial determination may be reduced or canceled if necessary to avoid payment of benefits for a number of weeks in excess of the maximum specified in subsection (d) of R.S.43:21-3.

Unless the [claimant or any interested party] employer, within seven calendar days after [delivery] a confirmed receipt of notification of an initial determination, including by electronic means, or the claimant, within [10] 21 calendar days after [such] the notification was mailed to [his or their] the claimant's lastknown address and addresses, files an appeal [from such] of the decision, [such] the decision shall be final and benefits shall immediately be paid or denied in accordance therewith, except for such determinations as may be altered in benefit amounts or duration as provided in this paragraph. An appeal concerning an <u>initial</u> determination shall not be filed after whichever is applicable of the seven-day or 21-day period. Benefits payable for periods pending an appeal [and not in dispute] shall be paid as such benefits accrue and be paid according to the initial determination but shall be, to the extent that the amount paid exceeds the amount determined in the appeal, regarded as an overpayment subject to the provisions of R.S.43:21-16 regarding overpayments, including the requirement of that section that a claimant who makes knowing, fraudulent nondisclosure or misrepresentation is liable to repay the

1 <u>full amount of the overpayment</u>; provided that **[**insofar as any such**]** 2 if the appeal is [or may be] an appeal [from] of a determination 3 [to the effect] that the claimant is disqualified under the provisions 4 of R.S.43:21-5 [or any amendments thereof or supplements 5 thereto], benefits pending determination of the appeal shall be 6 withheld only for the period of disqualification as provided for in 7 [said] that section, and [notwithstanding such] while the appeal is 8 pending, the benefits otherwise provided by this act shall be paid 9 for the period subsequent to such period of disqualification; 10 provided further that if it is determined in the appeal that the 11 claimant was not disqualified, the claimant shall be paid the 12 benefits due for the period of the disqualification<sup>1</sup>, except that no such benefits shall be paid to the claimant for any week during 13 14 which the claimant has failed to provide to the division a weekly certification evidencing the claimant's eligibility for benefits<sup>1</sup>; and 15 provided, also, that if there are two determinations of entitlement, 16 17 benefits for the period covered by such determinations shall be paid regardless of any appeal which may thereafter be taken, but no 18 19 employer's account shall be charged with benefits so paid, if the 20 decision is finally reversed. If an employer appeals the charging of 21 benefits to the employer's account after the seven-day period to 22 appeal the initial benefit determination, and, as a result of the 23 appeal on the charging to the employer's account, the division, after 24 the claimant is notified and given the opportunity to respond, 25 reduces the amount charged to the employer's account, any 26 resulting reduction in the amount of benefits shall take effect only 27 after the resolution of the appeal of the charging, and any amount of 28 benefits paid before the resolution of the appeal of the charging 29 which exceeds the amount determined in that appeal shall be 30 regarded as an overpayment caused by employer error and shall be 31 charged to the employer's account, and the claimant shall not be 32 <u>liable to repay any portion of that overpayment</u> <sup>1</sup>where the 33 overpayment is of regular Unemployment Compensation. In the 34 case of the recovery of an overpayment of benefit under any of the 35 following programs authorized by the federal "Coronavirus Aid, 36 Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act," Pub.L.116-136: 37 Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation (FPUC), Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation (PEUC), 38 39 Mixed Earners Unemployment Compensation (MEUC), Pandemic 40 Unemployment Assistance (PUA), or the first week of regular 41 Unemployment Compensation that is reimbursed in accordance 42 with Section 2105 of the CARES Act, a recovery shall not be 43 waived unless the division determines that the claimant is without 44 fault and the repayment would be contrary to equity and good 45 conscience<sup>1</sup>. 46 (2) [Procedure for making initial determinations in certain cases

of concurrent employment, with respect to benefit years

1 commencing on or after January 1, 1953 and prior to benefit years 2 commencing on or after July 1, 1986.

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Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Title, if an individual shows to the satisfaction of the deputy that there were at least 13 weeks in his base period in each of which he earned wages from two or more employers totaling \$30.00 or more but in each of which there was no single employer from whom he earned as much as \$100.00, then such individual's claim shall be determined in accordance with the special provisions of this paragraph. In such case, the deputy shall determine the individual's eligibility for benefits, his average weekly wage, weekly benefit rate and maximum total benefits as if all his base year employers were a single employer. Such determination shall apportion the liability for benefit charges thereunder to the individual's several base year employers so that each employer's maximum liability for charges thereunder bears approximately the same relation to the maximum total benefits allowed as the wages earned by the individual from each employer during the base year bears to his total wages earned from all employers during the base year. Such initial determination shall also specify the individual's last date of employment within the base year with respect to each base year employer, and such employers shall be charged for benefits paid under said initial determination in the inverse chronological order of such last date of employment. (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)

(3) Procedure for making subsequent determinations with respect to benefit years commencing on or after January 1, 1953. The deputy shall make determinations with respect to claims for benefits thereafter in the course of the benefit year, in accordance with any initial determination allowing benefits, and under which benefits have not been exhausted, and each notification of a benefit payment shall be a notification of an affirmative subsequent determination. [The] Any change in the allowance, amount, or other characteristic of benefits by the deputy [on] in any such determination, or the denial of benefits by the deputy [on] in any such determination, shall be appealable in the same manner and under the same limitations as is provided in the case of initial determinations [. After], except that, after an initial determination, the resolution of any appeal of the initial determination, and the payment of one or more weeks of benefits pursuant to the initial determination, if a subsequent determination will result in any termination or reduction of those benefits from the amount or duration of benefits specified in the initial determination, the claimant shall be provided notification with a full written explanation of why the reduction or termination of benefits will occur, and provided, during the seven calendar days following the notification, an opportunity to file an appeal before the reduction or

termination goes into effect. If the claimant files an appeal during the seven-day period, benefits shall continue to be paid at the rate, and for the duration, stipulated in the initial determination until the appeal is resolved. If the claimant does not file an appeal, or the claimant files an appeal and it is found in the resolution of the appeal that the amount in benefits paid during the processing of the appeal exceeded the amount determined in the appeal to be correct, or the claimant is found in the appeal to be ineligible for benefits, any resulting excess payment of benefits shall be regarded as an overpayment subject to the provisions of R.S.43:21-16 regarding overpayments, including the requirement of that section that a claimant who makes knowing, fraudulent nondisclosure or misrepresentation is liable to repay the full amount of the overpayment.

- (c) Appeals. Unless such appeal is withdrawn, an appeal tribunal, after affording the parties reasonable opportunity for fair hearing, shall affirm or modify the findings of fact and the determination. The parties shall be duly notified of such tribunal's decision, together with its reasons therefor, which shall be deemed to be the final decision of the board of review, unless further appeal is initiated pursuant to subsection (e) of this section within [10 days after the date of notification or mailing of the decision for any decision made on or before December 1, 2010, or within ] 20 days after the date of notification or mailing of such decision for any decision made after December 1, 2010.
- (d) Appeal tribunals. To hear and decide disputed benefit claims, including appeals from determinations with respect to demands for refunds of benefits under subsection (d) of R.S.43:21-16, the director with the approval of the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development shall establish impartial appeal tribunals consisting of a salaried body of examiners under the supervision of a Chief Appeals Examiner, all of whom shall be appointed pursuant to the provisions of Title 11A of the New Jersey Statutes, Civil Service and other applicable statutes.
- (e) Board of review. The board of review may on its own motion affirm, modify, or set aside any decision of an appeal tribunal on the basis of the evidence previously submitted in such case, or direct the taking of additional evidence, or may permit any of the parties to such decision to initiate further appeals before it. The board of review shall permit such further appeal by any of the parties interested in a decision of an appeal tribunal which is not unanimous and from any determination which has been overruled or modified by any appeal tribunal. The board of review may remove to itself or transfer to another appeal tribunal the proceedings on any claim pending before an appeal tribunal. Any proceedings so removed to the board of review shall be heard by a quorum thereof in accordance with the requirements of subsection (c) of this

section. The board of review shall promptly notify the interested parties of its findings and decision.

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- (f) Procedure. The manner in which disputed benefit claims, and appeals from determinations with respect to (1) claims for benefits and (2) demands for refunds of benefits under subsection (d) of R.S.43:21-16 shall be presented, the reports thereon required from the claimant and from employers, and the conduct of hearings and appeals shall be in accordance with rules prescribed by the board of review for determining the rights of the parties, whether or not such rules conform to common law or statutory rules of evidence and other technical rules of procedure. A full and complete record shall be kept of all proceedings in connection with a disputed claim. All testimony at any hearing upon a disputed claim shall be recorded, but need not be transcribed unless the disputed claim is further appealed.
- (g) Witness fees. Witnesses subpoenaed pursuant to this section shall be allowed fees at a rate fixed by the director. Such fees and all expenses of proceedings involving disputed claims shall be deemed a part of the expense of administering this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.).
- (h) Court review. Any decision of the board of review shall become final as to any party upon the mailing of a copy thereof to such party [or] and to [his] the party's attorney, or upon the mailing of a copy thereof to such party at his last-known address and to the party's attorney. The Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance and any party to a proceeding before the board of review may secure judicial review of the final decision of the board of review. Any party not joining in the appeal shall be made a defendant; the board of review shall be deemed to be a party to any judicial action involving the review of, or appeal from, any of its decisions, and may be represented in any such judicial action by any qualified attorney, who may be a regular salaried employee of the board of review or has been designated by it for that purpose, or, at the board of review's request, by the Attorney General.
- (i) Failure to give notice. The failure of any public officer or employee at any time heretofore or hereafter to give notice of determination or decision required in subsections (b), (c) and (e) of this section, as originally passed or amended, shall not relieve any employer's account of any charge by reason of any benefits paid, unless and until that employer can show to the satisfaction of the director of the division that the said benefits, in whole or in part, would not have been charged or chargeable to his account had such notice been given. Any determination hereunder by the director shall be subject to court review.
- (j) With respect to benefit payments made on or after October 22, 2013, an employer's account shall not be relieved of charges

related to a benefit payment that was made erroneously from the division if it is determined that:

- (1) The erroneous benefit payment was made because the employer, or an agent of the employer, failed to respond in a timely or adequate manner to a request from the division for information related to the claim for benefits, including failing to provide the information required by subsection (a) of this section upon a separation from employment; and
- (2) The employer, or an agent of the employer, has established a pattern of failing to respond in a timely or adequate manner to requests from the division for information related to claims for benefits, including failing to provide the information required by subsection (a) of this section upon a separation from employment.

Determinations of the division prohibiting the relief of charges pursuant to this subsection shall be subject to appeal in the same manner as other determinations of the division related to the charging of employer accounts.

For purposes of subsection (j) of this section:

"Erroneous benefit payment" means a benefit payment that, except for the failure by the employer, or an agent of the employer, to respond in a timely or adequate manner to a request from the division for information with respect to the claim for benefits, would not have been made; and

"Pattern of failing" means repeated documented failure on the part of the employer, or an agent of the employer, to respond to requests from the division to the employer or employer's agent for information related to a claim for benefits, including failing to provide the information required by subsection (a) of this section upon a separation from employment, except that an employer, or an agent of an employer, shall not be determined to have engaged in a "pattern of failing" if the number of failures to provide the required information or respond to requests from the division for information related to claims for benefits during the previous 365 calendar days is less than three, or if the number of failures is less than two percent of the number of requests from the division, whichever is greater.

(k) The Department of Labor and Workforce Development shall establish and maintain a procedure by which personnel access rights to the department's primary system for unemployment claims receipt and processing are comprehensively reviewed every calendar quarter. The procedure shall include an evaluation of access needs to the primary unemployment claims receipt and processing system for all department personnel and the adjustment, addition, or deletion of access rights for department personnel based on the quarterly review.

46 (cf: P.L.2017, c.163, s.1)

2. R.S.43:21-16 is amended to read as follows:

43:21-16. (a) (1) Whoever makes a false statement or 1 2 representation, knowing it to be false, or knowingly fails to disclose 3 a material fact, to obtain or increase or attempts to obtain or 4 increase any benefit or other payment under this chapter 5 (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), or under an employment security law of any 6 other state or of the federal government, either for himself or for 7 any other person, shall be liable to a fine of 25% of the amount 8 fraudulently obtained, to be recovered in an action at law in the 9 name of the Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance of the Department of Labor and Workforce Development 10 11 of the State of New Jersey or as provided in subsection (e) of 12 R.S.43:21-14, said fine when recovered shall be immediately deposited in the following manner: 10 percent of the amount 13 14 deposited fraudulently obtained into the unemployment 15 compensation auxiliary fund for the use of said fund, and 15 percent 16 amount fraudulently obtained deposited into 17 unemployment compensation fund; and each such false statement or 18 representation or failure to disclose a material fact shall constitute a 19 separate offense. Any penalties imposed by this subsection shall be 20 in addition to those otherwise prescribed in this chapter (R.S.43:21-21 1 et seq.).

(2) For purposes of any unemployment compensation program of the United States, if the department determines that any benefit amount is obtained by an individual due to fraud committed by the individual, the department shall assess a fine on the individual and deposit the recovered fine in the same manner as provided in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of this section. As used in this paragraph, "unemployment compensation program of the United States" means:

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- (A) Unemployment compensation for federal civilian employees pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 8501 et seq.;
- 32 (B) Unemployment compensation for ex-service members 33 pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 8521 et seq.;
- 34 (C) Trade readjustment allowances pursuant to 19 U.S.C. 2291-35 2294;
- 36 (D) Disaster unemployment assistance pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 37 5177(a);
  - (E) Any federal temporary extension of unemployment compensation;
  - (F) Any federal program that increases the weekly amount of unemployment compensation payable to individuals; and
  - (G) Any other federal program providing for the payment of unemployment compensation.
- 44 (b) (1) An employing unit or any officer or agent of an 45 employing unit or any other person who makes a false statement or 46 representation, knowing it to be false, or who knowingly fails to 47 disclose a material fact, to prevent or reduce the payment of 48 benefits to any individual entitled thereto or to avoid becoming or

1 remaining subject hereto or to avoid or reduce any contribution or 2 other payment required from an employing unit under this chapter 3 (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), or under an employment security law of any 4 other state or of the federal government, or who willfully fails or 5 refuses to furnish any reports or information required hereunder 6 [(except for such reports as may be required under subsection (b) of 7 R.S.43:21-6), including failing to provide the information required 8 by subsection (a) of R.S.43:21-6 immediately upon a separation 9 from employment, or to produce or permit the inspection or copying 10 of records, as required hereunder, shall be liable to a fine of 11 [\$100.00] \$500, or 25% of [the] any amount fraudulently 12 withheld, whichever is greater, to be recovered in an action at law 13 in the name of the Division of Unemployment and Temporary 14 Disability Insurance of the Department of Labor and Workforce 15 Development of the State of New Jersey or as provided in 16 subsection (e) of R.S.43:21-14, said fine when recovered to be paid 17 to the unemployment compensation auxiliary fund for the use of 18 said fund; and each such false statement or representation or failure 19 to disclose a material fact, and each day of such failure or refusal 20 shall constitute a separate offense. Any penalties imposed by this 21 paragraph shall be in addition to those otherwise prescribed in this 22 chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.).

(2) [Any employing unit or any officer or agent of an employing unit or any other person who fails to submit any report required under subsection (b) of R.S.43:21-6 shall be subject to a penalty of \$25.00 for the first report not submitted within 10 days after the mailing of a request for such report, and an additional \$25.00 penalty may be assessed for the next 10-day period, which may elapse after the end of the initial 10-day period and before the report is filed; provided that when such report or reports are not filed within the prescribed time but it is shown to the satisfaction of the director that the failure was due to a reasonable cause, no such penalty shall be imposed. Any penalties imposed by this paragraph shall be recovered as provided in subsection (e) of R.S.43:21-14, and when recovered shall be paid to the unemployment compensation auxiliary fund for the use of said fund. I (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

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(3) Any employing unit, officer or agent of the employing unit, or any other person, determined by the controller to have knowingly violated, or attempted to violate, or advised another person to violate the transfer of employment experience provisions found at R.S.43:21-7 (c)(7), or who otherwise knowingly attempts to obtain a lower rate of contributions by failing to disclose material information, or by making a false statement, or by a misrepresentation of fact, shall be subject to a fine of \$5,000 or 25% of the contributions under-reported or attempted to be under-

reported, whichever is greater, to be recovered as provided in subsection (e) of R.S.43:21-14, and when recovered to be paid to the unemployment compensation auxiliary fund for the use of said fund. For the purposes of this subsection, "knowingly" means having actual knowledge of, or acting with deliberate ignorance or reckless disregard for the prohibition involved.

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- (c) Any person who shall willfully violate any provision of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) or any rule or regulation thereunder, the violation of which is made unlawful or the observance of which is required under the terms of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), and for which a penalty is neither prescribed herein nor provided by any other applicable statute, shall be liable to a fine of \$50.00, to be recovered in an action at law in the name of the Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance of the Department of Labor and Workforce Development of the State of New Jersey or as provided in subsection (e) of R.S.43:21-14, said fine when recovered to be paid to the unemployment compensation auxiliary fund for the use of said fund; and each day such violation continues shall be deemed to be a separate offense.
- 19 20 (d) (1) When it is determined by a representative or representatives designated by the Director of the Division of 21 22 Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance of the 23 Department of Labor and Workforce Development of the State of 24 New Jersey that any person, [whether (i)] by reason of the 25 knowing, fraudulent nondisclosure or misrepresentation by him, or by [another] anyone acting as his agent, of a material fact 26 27 [(whether or not such nondisclosure or misrepresentation was 28 known or fraudulent), or (ii) for any other reason **]**, has received any 29 sum as benefits under this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) while any 30 conditions for the receipt of benefits imposed by this chapter 31 (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) were not fulfilled in his case, or while he was 32 disqualified from receiving benefits, or while otherwise not entitled 33 to receive such sum as benefits, such person, unless the director 34 (with the concurrence of the controller) directs otherwise by 35 regulation, shall be liable to repay those benefits in full. The person 36 shall not be liable to repay all or any portion of the overpayment if 37 the representative finds that the person received the overpayment of 38 benefits because of errors or failures to provide information by the 39 employer or errors by the division, and not because of an error, or 40 knowing, fraudulent nondisclosure or misrepresentation, by the 41 person. If the representative finds that errors made by the person 42 were a cause of the overpayment together with errors of the 43 division, or errors or failures to provide information by the 44 employer, but the person did not make a knowing, fraudulent 45 nondisclosure or misrepresentation, the representative shall 46 determine a portion of the overpayment for which the person is 47 liable taking into consideration possible financial hardship to the 48 person, whether recovery would be against equity and good

1 conscience, and how much the person's errors, compared to errors 2 of the division or employer, contributed to the overpayment 3 occurring, but the amount to which the person shall be liable shall 4 not exceed 50 percent of the overpayment. The employer's account 5 shall not be charged for the amount of an overpayment of benefits if 6 the overpayment was caused by an error of the division and not by 7 any error of the employer, but shall be charged if the overpayment 8 was caused by an error or failure to provide information of the 9 employer. The sum for which the person is found liable to repay 10 shall be deducted from any future benefits payable to the individual 11 under this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) or shall be paid by the 12 individual to the division for the unemployment compensation fund, 13 and such sum shall be collectible in the manner provided for by law, 14 including, but not limited to, the filing of a certificate of debt with 15 the Clerk of the Superior Court of New Jersey; provided, however, 16 that, except in the event of fraud, no person shall be liable for any 17 such refunds or deductions against future benefits unless so notified 18 before four years have elapsed from the time the benefits in 19 question were paid. Such person shall be promptly notified of the 20 determination and the reasons therefor. The person shall be 21 provided a written notification of any determination [shall be final 22 unless the person files I regarding the repayment of an overpayment 23 and the opportunity to file an appeal of the determination within 24 Iseven calendar days after the delivery of the determination, or 25 within 10 calendar days after such notification was mailed to his 26 last-known address, for any determination made on or before 27 December 1, 2010, and any initial determination made pursuant to 28 paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of R.S.43:21-6 after December 1, 29 2010, or within 20 calendar days after the delivery of such 30 determination, or within 20 calendar days after such notification 31 was mailed to his last-known address, for any determination other than an initial determination made after December 1, 2010 1 20 32 33 calendar days after a confirmed receipt of a notice of the 34 determination or 30 calendar days after the notice was mailed to the 35 last known address of the person, and a recovery of an overpayment shall not commence until the end of whichever is applicable of the 36 37 20 or 30 day periods and the resolution of any appeal made during 38 those periods. 39

(2) Interstate and cross-offset of state and federal unemployment benefits. To the extent permissible under the laws and Constitution of the United States, the commissioner is authorized to enter into or cooperate in arrangements or reciprocal agreements with appropriate and duly authorized agencies of other states or the United States Secretary of Labor, or both, whereby:

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45 (A) Overpayments of unemployment benefits as determined 46 under subsection (d) of R.S.43:21-16 shall be recovered by offset 47 from unemployment benefits otherwise payable under the 48 unemployment compensation law of another state, and overpayments of unemployment benefits as determined under the unemployment compensation law of another state shall be recovered by offset from unemployment benefits otherwise payable under R.S.43:21-1 et seq.; and

- 5 (B) Overpayments of unemployment benefits as determined 6 under applicable federal law, with respect to benefits or allowances 7 for unemployment provided under a federal program administered 8 by this State under an agreement with the United States Secretary of 9 Labor, shall be recovered by offset from unemployment benefits 10 otherwise payable under R.S.43:21-1 et seq., or any federal program 11 administered by this State, or under the unemployment 12 compensation law of another state or any federal unemployment 13 benefit or allowance program administered by another state under an agreement with the United States Secretary of Labor, if the other 14 15 state has in effect a reciprocal agreement with the United States 16 Secretary of Labor as authorized by subsection (g) of 42 17 U.S.C.s.503, and if the United States agrees, as provided in the 18 reciprocal agreement with this State entered into under subsection 19 (g) of 42 U.S.C.s.503, that overpayments of unemployment benefits 20 determined under subsection (d) of R.S.43:21-16 and 21 determined under the overpayments as unemployment 22 compensation law of another state which has in effect a reciprocal 23 agreement with the United States Secretary of Labor as authorized 24 by subsection (g) of 42 U.S.C.s.503, shall be recovered by offset 25 from benefits or allowances otherwise payable under a federal 26 program administered by this State or another state under an 27 agreement with the United States Secretary of Labor.
- (3) The provisions of this subsection <sup>1</sup>[(d)]<sup>1</sup> shall not be 28 construed as requiring or permitting a waiver of the [full]1 29 30 recovery of any overpayments of unemployment benefits if the 31 waiver is prohibited by any federal law, regulation or administrative 32 directive. A recovery shall not be waived unless the division 33 determines that the claimant is without fault and the repayment 34 would be contrary to equity and good conscience in the case of the 35 recovery of an overpayment of benefit under any of the following 36 programs authorized by the federal "Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and 37 Economic Security (CARES) Act," Pub.L.116-136: Federal 38 Pandemic Unemployment Compensation (FPUC), Pandemic 39 Emergency Unemployment Compensation (PEUC), Mixed Earners 40 Unemployment Compensation (MEUC), <sup>1</sup>[or]<sup>1</sup> Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA)<sup>1</sup>, or the first week of regular 41 42 Unemployment Compensation that is reimbursed in accordance 43 with Section 2105 of the CARES Act"<sup>1</sup>.
  - (e) (1) Any employing unit, or any officer or agent of an employing unit, which officer or agent is directly or indirectly responsible for collecting, truthfully accounting for, remitting when payable any contribution, or filing or causing to be filed any report

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or statement required by this chapter, or employer, or person failing to remit, when payable, any employer contributions, or worker contributions (if withheld or deducted), or the amount of such worker contributions (if not withheld or deducted), or filing or causing to be filed with the controller or the Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance of the Department of Labor and Workforce Development of the State of New Jersey, any false or fraudulent report or statement, and any person who aids or abets an employing unit, employer, or any person in the preparation or filing of any false or fraudulent report or statement with intent to defraud the State of New Jersey or an employment security agency of any other state or of the federal government, or with intent to evade the payment of any contributions, interest or penalties, or any part thereof, which shall be due under the provisions of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), shall be liable for each offense upon conviction before any Superior Court or municipal court, to a fine not to exceed \$1,000.00 or by imprisonment for a term not to exceed 90 days, or both, at the discretion of the court. The fine upon conviction shall be payable to Any penalties the unemployment compensation auxiliary fund. imposed by this subsection shall be in addition to those otherwise prescribed in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.). 

(2) Any employing unit, officer or agent of the employing unit, or any other person, who knowingly violates, or attempts to violate, or advise another person to violate the transfer of employment experience provisions found at R.S.43:21-7 (c)(7) shall be, upon conviction before any Superior Court or municipal court, guilty of a crime of the fourth degree. For the purposes of this subsection, "knowingly" means having actual knowledge of, or acting with deliberate ignorance or reckless disregard for the prohibition involved.

- (f) Any employing unit or any officer or agent of an employing unit or any other person who aids and abets any person to obtain any sum of benefits under this chapter to which he is not entitled, or a larger amount as benefits than that to which he is justly entitled, shall be liable for each offense upon conviction before any Superior Court or municipal court, to a fine not to exceed \$1,000.00 or by imprisonment for a term not to exceed 90 days, or both, at the discretion of the court. The fine upon conviction shall be payable to the unemployment compensation auxiliary fund. Any penalties imposed by this subsection shall be in addition to those otherwise prescribed in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.).
- (g) There shall be created in the Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance of the Department of Labor and Workforce Development of the State of New Jersey an investigative staff for the purpose of investigating violations referred to in this section and enforcing the provisions thereof.

- (h) An employing unit or any officer or agent of an employing unit who makes a false statement or representation, knowing it to be false, or who knowingly fails to disclose a material fact, to reduce benefit charges to the employing unit pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection (c) of R.S.43:21-7, shall be liable to a fine of \$1,000, to be recovered in an action at law in the name of the Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance of the Department of Labor and Workforce Development of the State of New Jersey or as provided in subsection (e) of R.S.43:21-14. The fine when recovered shall be paid to the unemployment compensation auxiliary fund for the use of the fund. Each false statement or representation or failure to disclose a material fact, and each day of that failure or refusal shall constitute a separate offense. Any penalties imposed by this subsection shall be in addition to those otherwise prescribed in R.S.43:21-1 et seq.
  - (i) The Department of Labor and Workforce Development shall arrange for the electronic receipt of death record notifications from the New Jersey Electronic Death Registration System, pursuant to section 16 of P.L.2003, c.221 (C.26:8-24.1), and establish a verification system to confirm that benefits paid pursuant to the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.), and the "unemployment compensation law," R.S.43:21-1 et seq., are not being paid to deceased individuals.
  - (j) The Department of Labor and Workforce Development shall arrange for the electronic receipt of identifying information from the Department of Corrections, pursuant to section 6 of P.L.1976, c.98 (C.30:1B-6), and from the Administrative Office of the Courts and any county which does not provide county inmate incarceration information to the Administrative Office of the Courts, and establish a verification system to confirm that benefits paid pursuant to the "unemployment compensation law," R.S.43:21-1 et seq., are not being paid to individuals who are incarcerated. (cf: P.L.2013, c.274, s.5)

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3. This act shall take effect on the <sup>1</sup>[120th] 270th day following enactment, except that the division shall, prior to the <sup>1</sup>[120th] 270th day after enactment, take all administrative measures necessary to implement this act, including making all needed changes in forms and materials to be provided to employers, and notifying them of what is required to be in compliance with this act, including the requirements to provide the division with an email address for communication to and from the division and to use electronic means to communicate with the department.

## SENATE, No. 2357

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

### 220th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MARCH 21, 2022

**Sponsored by:** 

Senator FRED H. MADDEN, JR. District 4 (Camden and Gloucester) Senator JOSEPH A. LAGANA District 38 (Bergen and Passaic)

**Co-Sponsored by:** 

Senators Corrado, Schepisi, Singleton and A.M.Bucco

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Concerns timely payment of UI benefits.

#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 5/9/2022)

1 **AN ACT** concerning the timely payment of unemployment compensation benefits and amending R.S.43:21-6 and R.S.43:21-3 16.

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**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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#### 1. R.S.43:21-6 is amended to read as follows:

43:21-6. (a) Filing. (1) Claims for benefits shall be made in accordance with such regulations as the Director of the Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance of the Department of Labor and Workforce Development of the State of New Jersey may approve. Each employer shall post and maintain on his premises printed notices of his subject status, of such design, in such numbers and at such places as the director of the division may determine to be necessary to give notice thereof to persons in the employer's service. Each employer shall give to each individual at the time he becomes unemployed, for any reason, whether the unemployment is permanent or temporary, a printed copy of benefit instructions. The benefit instructions given to the individual shall include, but not be limited to, the following information: (A) the date upon which the individual becomes unemployed, and, in the case that the unemployment is temporary, to the extent possible, the date upon which the individual is expected to be recalled to work; and (B) that the individual may lose some or all of the benefits to which he is entitled if he fails to file a claim in a timely manner. Both the aforesaid notices and instructions, including information detailing the time sensitivity of filing a claim, and directions provided in advance to all employers regarding what information the division requires employers to provide upon a termination of employment to enable the division to make a benefit determination, including information relevant to whether the individual may be disqualified pursuant to subsections (a),(b),(d), or (e) of R.S.43:21-5, shall be supplied by the division to employers without cost to When an employer provides benefit instructions to the individual which disclose the date on which unemployment will commence, the employer shall simultaneously provide that disclosure to the division together with information required by the division pursuant to the directions provided in advance by the division. The division shall notify the employer immediately of any failure of the employer to provide information needed by the division to make a benefit determination. Nothing in this section shall be construed so as to require an employer to re-hire an individual formerly in the employer's service.

(2) Any claimant may choose to certify, cancel or close his claim for unemployment insurance benefits at any time, 24 hours a day and seven days a week, via the Internet on a website developed by the division; however, any claim that is certified, cancelled or closed after 7:00 PM will not be processed by the division until the next scheduled posting date.

- (3) The division may request that claimants obtain digital identity credentials, but only if the division provides opportunities for claimants to verify their identities even if they do not have the knowledge or access to the equipment needed to obtain the digital identity credentials. Any request by the division for a claimant to obtain digital identity credentials shall include a statement that the claimant may use other means to verify identification, and fully describe the other means, which shall include personal assistance in person or by phone which shall be made available by representatives of the division as needed to prevent any delays in processing claims.
  - (4) Any system that the division establishes for claimants or recipients of benefits to verify identity, to apply for, or to make appeals regarding, benefits either by phone or on-line, shall provide a clearly and prominently expressed option for the claimant or recipient to select from available appointment times an appointment time to speak with a representative to obtain assistance in verifying identity, filing a claim or appeal, or obtaining information regarding the status of a claim or appeal.
  - (b) (1) Procedure for making initial determinations with respect to benefit years commencing on or after January 1, 1953.

A representative or representatives designated by the director of the division and hereafter referred to as a "deputy" shall promptly examine the claim, and shall notify the most recent employing unit and, successively as necessary, each employer in inverse chronological order during the base year. Such notification shall require said employing unit and employer to furnish such information to the deputy as may be necessary to determine the claimant's eligibility and his benefit rights with respect to the employer in question.

In his discretion, the director may appoint special deputies to make initial or subsequent determinations under subsection (f) of R.S.43:21-4 and subsection (d) of R.S.43:21-5.

If any employer or employing unit fails to respond to the request information within 10 days after the mailing, or communicating by electronic means, of such request

If any employer or employing unit fails to respond to [the] a request by the division for required information the employer failed to provide, or for additional needed information, within 10 days after [the] a mailing, or [communicating] a communication by electronic means, of [such] the request, the deputy shall rely entirely on information from other sources, including an affidavit to

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the best of the knowledge and belief of the claimant with respect to his wages and time worked. Except in the event of [fraud] a knowing, fraudulent nondisclosure or misrepresentation by the claimant or his agent, if it is determined that any information in

5 such affidavit is erroneous, no penalty shall be imposed on the

claimant.

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The deputy shall make an initial determination contingent upon the receipt of all necessary information and notify the claimant no later than three weeks from the date on which the division received the claim for benefits [. If], except that, if an initial determination cannot be made due to [the lack of documentation, notification will be sent to the claimant providing a status of the claim. The ] a failure of the employer to provide the required information or other <u>information requested by the division, the</u> division will then have an additional two weeks to obtain the [missing] information needed to make a determination, [in order to] including by means of a claimant affidavit, and make the initial determination and advise the claimant accordingly. The initial determination shall show the weekly benefit amount payable, the maximum duration of benefits with respect to the employer to whom the determination relates, and the ratio of benefits chargeable to the employer's account for benefit years commencing on or after July 1, 1986, and also shall show whether the claimant is ineligible or disqualified for benefits under the initial determination. The employer whose account may be charged for benefits payable pursuant to said determination shall be promptly notified thereof.

Whenever an initial determination is based upon information other than that supplied by an employer because such employer failed to provide information as required at the time of layoff, or failed to respond to the deputy's request for additional information, benefit payments based on the determination shall commence immediately, and such initial determination and any subsequent determination thereunder shall be incontestable by noncomplying employer, as to any charges to his employer's account because of benefits paid prior to the close of the calendar week following the receipt of his reply. Such initial determination shall be altered if necessary upon receipt of information from the employer, and any benefits paid or payable with respect to weeks occurring subsequent to the close of the calendar week following the receipt of the employer's reply and the determination of the division to alter the initial determination shall be paid in accordance with such altered initial determination.

The deputy shall issue a separate initial benefit determination with respect to each of the claimant's base year employers, starting with the most recent employer and continuing as necessary in the inverse chronological order of the claimant's last date of employment with each such employer. If an appeal is taken from

- an initial determination, as hereinafter provided, by any employer other than the first chargeable base year employer or for benefit years commencing on or after July 1, 1986, that employer from whom the individual was most recently separated, then such appeal shall be limited in scope to include only one or more of the following matters:
  - (A) The correctness of the benefit payments authorized to be made under the determination;

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- (B) Fraud in connection with the claim pursuant to which the initial determination is issued;
- (C) The refusal of suitable work offered by the chargeable employer filing the appeal;
- 13 (D) Gross misconduct as provided in subsection (b) of 14 R.S.43:21-5.

The amount of benefits payable under an initial determination may be reduced or canceled if necessary to avoid payment of benefits for a number of weeks in excess of the maximum specified in subsection (d) of R.S.43:21-3.

Unless the claimant or any interested party, within seven calendar days after [delivery] a confirmed receipt of notification of an initial determination or within [10] 21 calendar days after [such] the notification was mailed to [his or] their last-known address and addresses, files an appeal from such decision, such decision shall be final and benefits shall immediately be paid or denied in accordance therewith, except for such determinations as may be altered in benefit amounts or duration as provided in this paragraph. An appeal concerning an initial determination may not be filed after whichever is applicable of the seven-day or 21-day period. Benefits payable for periods pending an appeal [and not in dispute I shall be paid as such benefits accrue and be paid according to the initial determination but shall be, to the extent that the amount paid exceeds the amount determined in the appeal, regarded as an overpayment subject to the provisions of R.S.43:21-16 regarding overpayments, including the requirement of that section that a claimant who makes knowing, fraudulent nondisclosure or misrepresentation is liable to repay the full amount of the overpayment; provided that [insofar as any such] if the appeal is [or may be] an appeal [from] of a determination [to the effect] that the claimant is disqualified under the provisions of R.S.43:21-5 [or any amendments thereof or supplements thereto], benefits pending determination of the appeal shall be withheld only for the period of disqualification as provided for in [said] that section, and [notwithstanding such] while the appeal is pending, the benefits otherwise provided by this act shall be paid for the period subsequent to such period of disqualification; provided further that if it is determined in the appeal that the claimant was not disqualified, the claimant shall be paid the benefits due for the period of the disqualification; and provided, also, that if there are two determinations of entitlement, benefits for the period covered by such determinations shall be paid regardless of any appeal which may thereafter be taken, but no employer's account shall be charged with benefits so paid, if the decision is finally reversed.

(2) [Procedure for making initial determinations in certain cases of concurrent employment, with respect to benefit years commencing on or after January 1, 1953 and prior to benefit years commencing on or after July 1, 1986.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Title, if an individual shows to the satisfaction of the deputy that there were at least 13 weeks in his base period in each of which he earned wages from two or more employers totaling \$30.00 or more but in each of which there was no single employer from whom he earned as much as \$100.00, then such individual's claim shall be determined in accordance with the special provisions of this paragraph. In such case, the deputy shall determine the individual's eligibility for benefits, his average weekly wage, weekly benefit rate and maximum total benefits as if all his base year employers were a single employer. Such determination shall apportion the liability for benefit charges thereunder to the individual's several base year employers so that each employer's maximum liability for charges thereunder bears approximately the same relation to the maximum total benefits allowed as the wages earned by the individual from each employer during the base year bears to his total wages earned from all employers during the base year. Such initial determination shall also specify the individual's last date of employment within the base year with respect to each base year employer, and such employers shall be charged for benefits paid under said initial determination in the inverse chronological order of such last date of employment. I (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c. ) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill)

(3) Procedure for making subsequent determinations with respect to benefit years commencing on or after January 1, 1953. The deputy shall make determinations with respect to claims for benefits thereafter in the course of the benefit year, in accordance with any initial determination allowing benefits, and under which benefits have not been exhausted, and each notification of a benefit payment shall be a notification of an affirmative subsequent determination. [The] Any change in the allowance, amount, or other characteristic of benefits by the deputy [on] in any such determination, or the denial of benefits by the deputy [on] in any such determination, shall be appealable in the same manner and under the same limitations as is provided in the case of initial determinations. After an initial determination, the resolution of any appeal of the initial determination, and the payment of one or more weeks of benefits pursuant to the initial determination, if a

subsequent determination will result in any reduction or termination of those benefits, the claimant shall be provided notification with a full written explanation of why the reduction or termination of benefits will occur, and provided, during the seven calendar days following the notification, an opportunity to file an appeal before the reduction or termination goes into effect. If the claimant files an appeal during the seven-day period, benefits shall continue to be paid at the rate stipulated in the initial determination until the appeal is resolved. If the claimant does not file an appeal, or the claimant files an appeal and it is found in the resolution of the appeal that the amount in benefits paid during the processing of the appeal exceeded the amount determined in the appeal to be correct, or the claimant is found in the appeal to be ineligible for benefits, any resulting excess payment of benefits shall be regarded as an overpayment subject to the provisions of R.S.43:21-16 regarding overpayments, including the requirement of that section that a claimant who makes knowing, fraudulent nondisclosure or misrepresentation is liable to repay the full amount of the overpayment. 

(c) Appeals. Unless such appeal is withdrawn, an appeal tribunal, after affording the parties reasonable opportunity for fair hearing, shall affirm or modify the findings of fact and the determination. The parties shall be duly notified of such tribunal's decision, together with its reasons therefor, which shall be deemed to be the final decision of the board of review, unless further appeal is initiated pursuant to subsection (e) of this section within [10 days after the date of notification or mailing of the decision for any decision made on or before December 1, 2010, or within ] 20 days after the date of notification or mailing of such decision for any decision made after December 1, 2010.

- (d) Appeal tribunals. To hear and decide disputed benefit claims, including appeals from determinations with respect to demands for refunds of benefits under subsection (d) of R.S.43:21-16, the director with the approval of the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development shall establish impartial appeal tribunals consisting of a salaried body of examiners under the supervision of a Chief Appeals Examiner, all of whom shall be appointed pursuant to the provisions of Title 11A of the New Jersey Statutes, Civil Service and other applicable statutes.
- (e) Board of review. The board of review may on its own motion affirm, modify, or set aside any decision of an appeal tribunal on the basis of the evidence previously submitted in such case, or direct the taking of additional evidence, or may permit any of the parties to such decision to initiate further appeals before it. The board of review shall permit such further appeal by any of the parties interested in a decision of an appeal tribunal which is not unanimous and from any determination which has been overruled or modified by any appeal tribunal. The board of review may remove

1 to itself or transfer to another appeal tribunal the proceedings on 2 any claim pending before an appeal tribunal. Any proceedings so removed to the board of review shall be heard by a quorum thereof 4 in accordance with the requirements of subsection (c) of this section. The board of review shall promptly notify the interested parties of its findings and decision.

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- (f) Procedure. The manner in which disputed benefit claims, and appeals from determinations with respect to (1) claims for benefits and (2) demands for refunds of benefits under subsection (d) of R.S.43:21-16 shall be presented, the reports thereon required from the claimant and from employers, and the conduct of hearings and appeals shall be in accordance with rules prescribed by the board of review for determining the rights of the parties, whether or not such rules conform to common law or statutory rules of evidence and other technical rules of procedure. A full and complete record shall be kept of all proceedings in connection with a disputed claim. All testimony at any hearing upon a disputed claim shall be recorded, but need not be transcribed unless the disputed claim is further appealed.
- (g) Witness fees. Witnesses subpoenaed pursuant to this section shall be allowed fees at a rate fixed by the director. Such fees and all expenses of proceedings involving disputed claims shall be deemed a part of the expense of administering this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.).
- (h) Court review. Any decision of the board of review shall become final as to any party upon the mailing of a copy thereof to such party or to his attorney, or upon the mailing of a copy thereof to such party at his last-known address. The Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance and any party to a proceeding before the board of review may secure judicial review of the final decision of the board of review. Any party not joining in the appeal shall be made a defendant; the board of review shall be deemed to be a party to any judicial action involving the review of, or appeal from, any of its decisions, and may be represented in any such judicial action by any qualified attorney, who may be a regular salaried employee of the board of review or has been designated by it for that purpose, or, at the board of review's request, by the Attorney General.
- (i) Failure to give notice. The failure of any public officer or employee at any time heretofore or hereafter to give notice of determination or decision required in subsections (b), (c) and (e) of this section, as originally passed or amended, shall not relieve any employer's account of any charge by reason of any benefits paid, unless and until that employer can show to the satisfaction of the director of the division that the said benefits, in whole or in part, would not have been charged or chargeable to his account had such notice been given. Any determination hereunder by the director shall be subject to court review.

- (j) With respect to benefit payments made on or after October 22, 2013, an employer's account shall not be relieved of charges related to a benefit payment that was made erroneously from the division if it is determined that:
- (1) The erroneous benefit payment was made because the employer, or an agent of the employer, failed to respond in a timely or adequate manner to a request from the division for information related to the claim for benefits, in a manner consistent with the provisions of R.S.43:21-6; and
- (2) The employer, or an agent of the employer, has established a pattern of failing to respond in a timely or adequate manner to requests from the division for information related to claims for benefits, in a manner consistent with the provisions of R.S.43:21-6.

Determinations of the division prohibiting the relief of charges pursuant to this subsection shall be subject to appeal in the same manner as other determinations of the division related to the charging of employer accounts.

For purposes of subsection (j) of this section:

"Erroneous benefit payment" means a benefit payment that, except for the failure by the employer, or an agent of the employer, to respond in a timely or adequate manner to a request from the division for information with respect to the claim for benefits, would not have been made; and

"Pattern of failing" means repeated documented failure on the part of the employer, or an agent of the employer, to respond to requests from the division to the employer or employer's agent for information related to a claim for benefits, except that an employer, or an agent of an employer, shall not be determined to have engaged in a "pattern of failing" if the number of failures to respond to requests from the division for information related to claims for benefits during the previous 365 calendar days is less than three, or if the number of failures is less than two percent of the number of requests from the division, whichever is greater.

(k) The Department of Labor and Workforce Development shall establish and maintain a procedure by which personnel access rights to the department's primary system for unemployment claims receipt and processing are comprehensively reviewed every calendar quarter. The procedure shall include an evaluation of access needs to the primary unemployment claims receipt and processing system for all department personnel and the adjustment, addition, or deletion of access rights for department personnel based on the quarterly review.

43 (cf: P.L.2017, c.163, s.1)

2. R.S.43:21-16 is amended to read as follows:

43:21-16. (a) (1) Whoever makes a false statement or representation, knowing it to be false, or knowingly fails to disclose a material fact, to obtain or increase or attempts to obtain or

1 increase any benefit or other payment under this chapter 2 (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), or under an employment security law of any 3 other state or of the federal government, either for himself or for 4 any other person, shall be liable to a fine of 25% of the amount 5 fraudulently obtained, to be recovered in an action at law in the 6 name of the Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance of the Department of Labor and Workforce Development 7 8 of the State of New Jersey or as provided in subsection (e) of 9 R.S.43:21-14, said fine when recovered shall be immediately 10 deposited in the following manner: 10 percent of the amount 11 fraudulently obtained deposited into the unemployment 12 compensation auxiliary fund for the use of said fund, and 15 percent amount fraudulently obtained deposited into 13 14 unemployment compensation fund; and each such false statement or 15 representation or failure to disclose a material fact shall constitute a 16 separate offense. Any penalties imposed by this subsection shall be 17 in addition to those otherwise prescribed in this chapter (R.S.43:21-18 1 et seq.).

(2) For purposes of any unemployment compensation program of the United States, if the department determines that any benefit amount is obtained by an individual due to fraud committed by the individual, the department shall assess a fine on the individual and deposit the recovered fine in the same manner as provided in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of this section. As used in this paragraph, "unemployment compensation program of the United States" means:

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- 27 (A) Unemployment compensation for federal civilian employees 28 pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 8501 et seq.;
  - (B) Unemployment compensation for ex-service members pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 8521 et seq.;
- 31 (C) Trade readjustment allowances pursuant to 19 U.S.C. 2291-32 2294;
- 33 (D) Disaster unemployment assistance pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 34 5177(a);
- 35 (E) Any federal temporary extension of unemployment 36 compensation;
  - (F) Any federal program that increases the weekly amount of unemployment compensation payable to individuals; and
- 39 (G) Any other federal program providing for the payment of 40 unemployment compensation.
  - (b) (1) An employing unit or any officer or agent of an employing unit or any other person who makes a false statement or representation, knowing it to be false, or who knowingly fails to disclose a material fact, to prevent or reduce the payment of benefits to any individual entitled thereto or to avoid becoming or remaining subject hereto or to avoid or reduce any contribution or other payment required from an employing unit under this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), or under an employment security law of any

other state or of the federal government, or who willfully fails or refuses to furnish any reports required hereunder (except for such reports as may be required under subsection (b) of R.S.43:21-6) or to produce or permit the inspection or copying of records, as required hereunder, shall be liable to a fine of \$100.00, or 25% of the amount fraudulently withheld, whichever is greater, to be recovered in an action at law in the name of the Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance of the Department of Labor and Workforce Development of the State of New Jersey or as provided in subsection (e) of R.S.43:21-14, said fine when recovered to be paid to the unemployment compensation auxiliary fund for the use of said fund; and each such false statement or representation or failure to disclose a material fact, and each day of such failure or refusal shall constitute a separate offense. Any penalties imposed by this paragraph shall be in addition to those otherwise prescribed in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.).

- (2) Any employing unit or any officer or agent of an employing unit or any other person who fails to submit any report required under subsection (b) of R.S.43:21-6 shall be subject to a penalty of \$25.00 for the first report not submitted within 10 days after the mailing of a request for such report, and an additional \$25.00 penalty may be assessed for the next 10-day period, which may elapse after the end of the initial 10-day period and before the report is filed; provided that when such report or reports are not filed within the prescribed time but it is shown to the satisfaction of the director that the failure was due to a reasonable cause, no such penalty shall be imposed. Any penalties imposed by this paragraph shall be recovered as provided in subsection (e) of R.S.43:21-14, and when recovered shall be paid to the unemployment compensation auxiliary fund for the use of said fund.
- (3) Any employing unit, officer or agent of the employing unit, or any other person, determined by the controller to have knowingly violated, or attempted to violate, or advised another person to violate the transfer of employment experience provisions found at R.S.43:21-7 (c)(7), or who otherwise knowingly attempts to obtain a lower rate of contributions by failing to disclose material information, or by making a false statement, or by a misrepresentation of fact, shall be subject to a fine of \$5,000 or 25% of the contributions under-reported or attempted to be underreported, whichever is greater, to be recovered as provided in subsection (e) of R.S.43:21-14, and when recovered to be paid to the unemployment compensation auxiliary fund for the use of said fund. For the purposes of this subsection, "knowingly" means having actual knowledge of, or acting with deliberate ignorance or reckless disregard for the prohibition involved.
- (c) Any person who shall willfully violate any provision of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) or any rule or regulation thereunder,

1 the violation of which is made unlawful or the observance of which 2 is required under the terms of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), and 3 for which a penalty is neither prescribed herein nor provided by any 4 other applicable statute, shall be liable to a fine of \$50.00, to be 5 recovered in an action at law in the name of the Division of 6 Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance of the 7 Department of Labor and Workforce Development of the State of 8 New Jersey or as provided in subsection (e) of R.S.43:21-14, said 9 fine when recovered to be paid to the unemployment compensation 10 auxiliary fund for the use of said fund; and each day such violation

continues shall be deemed to be a separate offense.

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12 (d) (1) When it is determined by a representative or representatives designated by the Director of the Division of 13 14 Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance of the 15 Department of Labor and Workforce Development of the State of 16 New Jersey that any person, [whether (i)] by reason of the 17 knowing, fraudulent nondisclosure or misrepresentation by him, or 18 by [another] anyone acting as his agent, of a material fact 19 [(whether or not such nondisclosure or misrepresentation was 20 known or fraudulent), or (ii) for any other reason **]**, has received any 21 sum as benefits under this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) while any 22 conditions for the receipt of benefits imposed by this chapter 23 (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) were not fulfilled in his case, or while he was 24 disqualified from receiving benefits, or while otherwise not entitled 25 to receive such sum as benefits, such person, unless the director 26 (with the concurrence of the controller) directs otherwise by 27 regulation, shall be liable to repay those benefits in full. The person 28 shall not be liable to repay all or any portion of the overpayment if 29 the representative finds that the person received the overpayment of 30 benefits because of errors or failures to provide information by the 31 employer or errors by the division, and not because of an error, or 32 knowing, fraudulent nondisclosure or misrepresentation, by the 33 person. If the representative finds that errors made by the person 34 were a cause of the overpayment together with errors of the 35 division, or errors or failures to provide information by the 36 employer, but the person did not make a knowing, fraudulent 37 nondisclosure or misrepresentation, the representative shall 38 determine a portion of the overpayment for which the person is 39 liable taking into consideration possible financial hardship to the 40 person, whether recovery would be against equity and good 41 conscience, and how much the person's errors, compared to errors 42 of the division or employer, contributed to the overpayment 43 occurring, but the amount to which the person shall be liable shall 44 not exceed 50 percent of the overpayment. The employer's account 45 shall not be charged for the amount of an overpayment of benefits if 46 the overpayment was caused by an error of the division and not by 47 any error of the employer, but shall be charged if the overpayment 48 was caused by an error or failure to provide information of the

employer. The sum for which the person is found liable to repay shall be deducted from any future benefits payable to the individual under this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) or shall be paid by the individual to the division for the unemployment compensation fund, and such sum shall be collectible in the manner provided for by law, including, but not limited to, the filing of a certificate of debt with the Clerk of the Superior Court of New Jersey; provided, however, that, except in the event of fraud, no person shall be liable for any such refunds or deductions against future benefits unless so notified before four years have elapsed from the time the benefits in question were paid. Such person shall be promptly notified of the determination and the reasons therefor. The determination regarding the repayment of an overpayment shall be final unless the person files an appeal of the determination within **[**seven calendar days after the delivery of the determination, or within 10 calendar days after such notification was mailed to his last-known address, for any determination made on or before December 1, 2010, and any initial determination made pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of R.S.43:21-6 after December 1, 2010, or within 20 calendar days after the delivery of such determination, or within 20 calendar days after such notification was mailed to his last-known address, for any determination other than an initial determination made after December 1, 2010 20 calendar days after a confirmed receipt of a notice of the determination or 30 calendar days after the notice was mailed to the last known address of the person. 

(2) Interstate and cross-offset of state and federal unemployment benefits. To the extent permissible under the laws and Constitution of the United States, the commissioner is authorized to enter into or cooperate in arrangements or reciprocal agreements with appropriate and duly authorized agencies of other states or the United States Secretary of Labor, or both, whereby:

- (A) Overpayments of unemployment benefits as determined under subsection (d) of R.S.43:21-16 shall be recovered by offset from unemployment benefits otherwise payable under the unemployment compensation law of another state, and overpayments of unemployment benefits as determined under the unemployment compensation law of another state shall be recovered by offset from unemployment benefits otherwise payable under R.S.43:21-1 et seq.; and
- (B) Overpayments of unemployment benefits as determined under applicable federal law, with respect to benefits or allowances for unemployment provided under a federal program administered by this State under an agreement with the United States Secretary of Labor, shall be recovered by offset from unemployment benefits otherwise payable under R.S.43:21-1 et seq., or any federal program administered by this State, or under the unemployment compensation law of another state or any federal unemployment benefit or allowance program administered by another state under

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1 an agreement with the United States Secretary of Labor, if the other 2 state has in effect a reciprocal agreement with the United States 3 Secretary of Labor as authorized by subsection (g) of 42 4 U.S.C.s.503, and if the United States agrees, as provided in the 5 reciprocal agreement with this State entered into under subsection 6 (g) of 42 U.S.C.s.503, that overpayments of unemployment benefits 7 determined under subsection (d) of R.S.43:21-16 and 8 overpayments as determined under the unemployment 9 compensation law of another state which has in effect a reciprocal 10 agreement with the United States Secretary of Labor as authorized 11 by subsection (g) of 42 U.S.C.s.503, shall be recovered by offset 12 from benefits or allowances otherwise payable under a federal 13 program administered by this State or another state under an 14 agreement with the United States Secretary of Labor.

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(e) (1) Any employing unit, or any officer or agent of an employing unit, which officer or agent is directly or indirectly responsible for collecting, truthfully accounting for, remitting when payable any contribution, or filing or causing to be filed any report or statement required by this chapter, or employer, or person failing to remit, when payable, any employer contributions, or worker contributions (if withheld or deducted), or the amount of such worker contributions (if not withheld or deducted), or filing or causing to be filed with the controller or the Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance of the Department of Labor and Workforce Development of the State of New Jersey, any false or fraudulent report or statement, and any person who aids or abets an employing unit, employer, or any person in the preparation or filing of any false or fraudulent report or statement with intent to defraud the State of New Jersey or an employment security agency of any other state or of the federal government, or with intent to evade the payment of any contributions, interest or penalties, or any part thereof, which shall be due under the provisions of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), shall be liable for each offense upon conviction before any Superior Court or municipal court, to a fine not to exceed \$1,000.00 or by imprisonment for a term not to exceed 90 days, or both, at the discretion of the court. The fine upon conviction shall be payable to the unemployment compensation auxiliary fund. Any penalties imposed by this subsection shall be in addition to those otherwise prescribed in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.).

(2) Any employing unit, officer or agent of the employing unit, or any other person, who knowingly violates, or attempts to violate, or advise another person to violate the transfer of employment experience provisions found at R.S.43:21-7 (c)(7) shall be, upon conviction before any Superior Court or municipal court, guilty of a crime of the fourth degree. For the purposes of this subsection, "knowingly" means having actual knowledge of, or acting with

deliberate ignorance or reckless disregard for the prohibition involved.

- (f) Any employing unit or any officer or agent of an employing unit or any other person who aids and abets any person to obtain any sum of benefits under this chapter to which he is not entitled, or a larger amount as benefits than that to which he is justly entitled, shall be liable for each offense upon conviction before any Superior Court or municipal court, to a fine not to exceed \$1,000.00 or by imprisonment for a term not to exceed 90 days, or both, at the discretion of the court. The fine upon conviction shall be payable to the unemployment compensation auxiliary fund. Any penalties imposed by this subsection shall be in addition to those otherwise prescribed in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.).
- (g) There shall be created in the Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance of the Department of Labor and Workforce Development of the State of New Jersey an investigative staff for the purpose of investigating violations referred to in this section and enforcing the provisions thereof.
- (h) An employing unit or any officer or agent of an employing unit who makes a false statement or representation, knowing it to be false, or who knowingly fails to disclose a material fact, to reduce benefit charges to the employing unit pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection (c) of R.S.43:21-7, shall be liable to a fine of \$1,000, to be recovered in an action at law in the name of the Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance of the Department of Labor and Workforce Development of the State of New Jersey or as provided in subsection (e) of R.S.43:21-14. The fine when recovered shall be paid to the unemployment compensation auxiliary fund for the use of the fund. Each false statement or representation or failure to disclose a material fact, and each day of that failure or refusal shall constitute a separate offense. Any penalties imposed by this subsection shall be in addition to those otherwise prescribed in R.S.43:21-1 et seq.
- (i) The Department of Labor and Workforce Development shall arrange for the electronic receipt of death record notifications from the New Jersey Electronic Death Registration System, pursuant to section 16 of P.L.2003, c.221 (C.26:8-24.1), and establish a verification system to confirm that benefits paid pursuant to the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.), and the "unemployment compensation law," R.S.43:21-1 et seq., are not being paid to deceased individuals.
- (j) The Department of Labor and Workforce Development shall arrange for the electronic receipt of identifying information from the Department of Corrections, pursuant to section 6 of P.L.1976, c.98 (C.30:1B-6), and from the Administrative Office of the Courts and any county which does not provide county inmate incarceration information to the Administrative Office of the Courts, and establish a verification system to confirm that benefits paid

pursuant to the "unemployment compensation law," R.S.43:21-1 et seq., are not being paid to individuals who are incarcerated.

(cf: P.L.2013, c.274, s.5)

3. This act shall take effect on the  $30^{\text{th}}$  day following enactment.

#### **STATEMENT**

This bill makes changes in the administration of unemployment insurance (UI) benefits by the Division of Unemployment Insurance to expedite the timely payment of benefits by:

- 1. Requiring the division to inform all employers of what information they are required, at the time of any layoff, to provide to the division to enable it to make timely benefit determinations, and notify employers immediately of any failure to provide the required information.
- 2. Permitting the division to request that claimants obtain digital identity credentials, but only if the division provides opportunities for claimants to verify their identities even if they do not have the needed knowledge or access to the equipment to do so, by informing claimants that they may use other means to verify identification, including personal assistance in person or by phone provided by the division as needed to prevent any delays in processing claims.
- 3. Requiring that any system the division establishes for claimants or recipients of benefits to verify identity, to apply for, or to make appeals regarding, benefits, either by phone or on-line, shall include a clearly and prominently expressed option for the claimant or recipient to select from available appointment times an appointment time to speak with a representative to obtain assistance in verifying identity, filing a claim or appeal, or obtaining information regarding the status of a claim or appeal.
- 4. Increasing the times in which various appeals may be made, including increasing from 10 days to 21 days, the time within which an appeal of an initial determination may be filed, and expressly prohibits the filing of an appeal after the applicable time periods.
- 5. Requiring that benefits be paid according to the initial determination during any appeal of the initial determination, but, to the extent that the amount paid exceeds the amount determined in the appeal, be regarded as an overpayment subject to the provisions of R.S.43:21-16 regarding the repayment of overpayments.
- 6. Providing that, after an initial determination, the resolution of any appeal of the initial determination, and the payment of one or more weeks of benefits pursuant to the initial determination, if there is any reduction or termination of those benefits, the claimant shall be provided notification with a full written explanation of why the

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1 reduction or termination of benefits will occur, and an opportunity 2 for the claimant appeal the reduction or termination during a seven-3 day period after notification. If the claimant files an appeal, 4 benefits shall continue to be paid at the rate stipulated in the initial 5 determination until the appeal is resolved. If the claimant does not 6 file an appeal, or if the claimant appeals and it is found that the 7 amount in benefits paid during the appeal exceeded the amount 8 determined in the appeal to be correct, or the claimant is found to be 9 ineligible for benefits, any resulting excess payment of benefits 10 shall be regarded as an overpayment subject to the provisions of 11 R.S.43:21-16 regarding overpayments.

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7. Making a claimant who receives benefits by reason of a knowing, fraudulent nondisclosure or misrepresentation liable to repay those benefits in full, but provides that a claimant is not liable to repay any overpayment of benefits if the overpayment of benefits was caused by errors, or failures to provide information by the employer, or errors by the division, and not caused by an error, or knowing, fraudulent nondisclosure or misrepresentation, made by the claimant, and further provides that if the overpayments were caused by both errors of the claimant and errors of the employer or division, the claimant is liable for a portion of the overpayment not exceeding 50 percent which is determined by the division taking into consideration possible financial hardship, whether recovery would be against equity and good conscience, and how much the person's errors, compared to errors of the division or employer contributed to the overpayment occurring.

### SENATE LABOR COMMITTEE

### STATEMENT TO

## SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE, No. 2357

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 9, 2022

The Senate Labor Committee reports favorably, a Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill, No. 2357.

This bill makes changes in the administration of unemployment insurance benefits by the Division of Unemployment Insurance to expedite the timely payment of benefits by:

- 1. Requiring the division to inform all employers of what information they are required, at the time of any separation of an employee from employment, to provide all of the information needed by the division to enable it to make timely benefit determinations.
- 2. Requiring employers to provide email addresses for communications to and from the division and use electronic communications to notify the division immediately of separations from employment, and provide the needed information.
- 3. If the information is incomplete, the division is required to notify the employer within seven days and request the additional needed information. If a claim is filed, but the employer has not provided any of the required information upon the separation from employment, the division is to request the information within seven days. If the employer does not reply to these requests, the division may use other sources, including employee affidavits, to make the benefit determination.
- 4. The division is required, as before, to make the initial determination within three weeks of the filing, but is not given an additional two weeks now permitted to request more information.
- 5. Penalties for not providing information apply to a failure to provide the information upon the separation from employment, as well as not responding to division requests. The current \$25 penalty for every 10 day period of failure to provide information requested in connection with filings is replaced by a penalty of \$500 per day.
- 6. Permitting the division to request that claimants obtain digital identity credentials, but only if the division provides opportunities for claimants to verify their identities even if they do not have the needed knowledge or access to the equipment to do so, by informing claimants that they may use other means to verify identification, including personal assistance in person or by phone provided by the division as needed to prevent any delays in processing claims.

- 7. Requiring that any system the division establishes for benefit claimants or recipients to verify identity, to apply for, or to make appeals regarding, benefits, either by phone or on-line, shall include a clearly and prominently expressed option for the claimant or recipient to select from available appointment times a time to speak with a representative to obtain assistance in verifying identity, filing a claim or appeal, or obtaining information regarding the status of a claim or appeal.
- 8. Increasing the times in which a claimant may appeal an initial benefit determination to 21 days, while leaving the time for employers at seven days, and expressly prohibiting the filing of an appeal of an initial benefit determination by either an employer or claimant after the applicable time periods. If an employer appeals the charging of benefits to the employer's account after the seven-day period to appeal the initial benefit determination, and, as a result of the appeal on the charging to the employer's account, the division reduces the amount charged to the employer's account, any resulting reduction in the amount of benefits shall take effect only after the resolution of the appeal of the charging, and any amount of benefits paid before the resolution of that appeal which exceeds the amount determined in that appeal shall be regarded as an overpayment caused by employer error and be charged to the employer's account, and the claimant shall not be liable to repay any portion of that overpayment.
- 9. Requiring that benefits be paid according to the initial determination during any appeal of the initial determination, but, to the extent that the amount paid exceeds the amount determined in the appeal, be regarded as an overpayment subject to the provisions of R.S.43:21-16 regarding the repayment of overpayments.
- 10. Providing that, after an initial determination, the resolution of any appeal of the initial determination, and the payment of one or more weeks of benefits pursuant to the initial determination, if there is any reduction or termination of those benefits, the claimant shall be provided notification with a full written explanation of why the reduction or termination of benefits will occur, and an opportunity to appeal the reduction or termination during a seven-day period after notification. If the claimant files an appeal, benefits shall continue to be paid at the rate stipulated in the initial determination until the appeal is resolved. If the claimant does not file an appeal, or if the claimant appeals and it is found that the amount in benefits paid during the appeal exceeded the amount determined in the appeal to be correct, or the claimant is found to be ineligible for benefits, any resulting excess payment of benefits shall be regarded as an overpayment subject to the provisions of R.S.43:21-16 regarding overpayments.
- 11. Making a claimant who receives benefits by reason of a knowing, fraudulent nondisclosure or misrepresentation liable to repay those benefits in full, but providing that a claimant is not liable to repay any overpayment of benefits if the overpayment was caused by

errors, or failures to provide information by the employer or the division, and not caused by an error, or knowing, fraudulent nondisclosure or misrepresentation, made by the claimant, and further provides that if the overpayments were caused by both errors of the claimant and errors of the employer or division, the claimant is liable for a portion of the overpayment not exceeding 50 percent which is determined by the division taking into consideration possible financial hardship, whether recovery would be against equity and good conscience, and how much the person's errors, compared to errors of the division or employer, contributed to the overpayment occurring. These provisions regarding waivers of recovery of some or all of overpayment do not apply to federally-funded unemployment benefits provided under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act.

12. The effective date is changed to 120 days after enactment to give the division time to change forms and materials provided to employers and make all employers aware of the changes in procedures.

## ASSEMBLY, No. 3830

## **STATE OF NEW JERSEY**

### 220th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MAY 2, 2022

**Sponsored by:** 

Assemblyman PAUL D. MORIARTY
District 4 (Camden and Gloucester)
Assemblywoman SHAMA A. HAIDER
District 37 (Bergen)
Assemblyman JOE DANIELSEN
District 17 (Middlesex and Somerset)

Co-Sponsored by:

Assemblywomen Piperno, Eulner and Assemblyman Wimberly

### **SYNOPSIS**

Concerns timely payment of UI benefits.

#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 5/19/2022)

1 **AN ACT** concerning the timely payment of unemployment compensation benefits and amending R.S.43:21-6 and R.S.43:21-3 16.

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**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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#### 1. R.S.43:21-6 is amended to read as follows:

43:21-6. (a) Filing. (1) Claims for benefits shall be made in accordance with such regulations as the Director of the Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance of the Department of Labor and Workforce Development of the State of New Jersey may approve. Each employer shall post and maintain on his premises printed notices of his subject status, of such design, in such numbers and at such places as the director of the division may determine to be necessary to give notice thereof to persons in the employer's service. Each employer shall give to each individual at the time he becomes unemployed, for any reason, whether the unemployment is permanent or temporary, a printed copy of benefit instructions. The benefit instructions given to the individual shall include, but not be limited to, the following information: (A) the date upon which the individual becomes unemployed, and, in the case that the unemployment is temporary, to the extent possible, the date upon which the individual is expected to be recalled to work; and (B) that the individual may lose some or all of the benefits to which he is entitled if he fails to file a claim in a timely manner. Both the aforesaid notices and instructions, including information detailing the time sensitivity of filing a claim, and directions provided in advance to all employers regarding what information the division requires employers to provide upon a termination of employment to enable the division to make a benefit determination, including information relevant to whether the individual may be disqualified pursuant to subsections (a),(b),(d), or (e) of R.S.43:21-5, shall be supplied by the division to employers without cost to When an employer provides benefit instructions to the individual which disclose the date on which unemployment will commence, the employer shall simultaneously provide that disclosure to the division together with information required by the division pursuant to the directions provided in advance by the division. The division shall notify the employer immediately of any failure of the employer to provide information needed by the division to make a benefit determination. Nothing in this section shall be construed so as to require an employer to re-hire an individual formerly in the employer's service.

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- (2) Any claimant may choose to certify, cancel or close his claim for unemployment insurance benefits at any time, 24 hours a day and seven days a week, via the Internet on a website developed by the division; however, any claim that is certified, cancelled or closed after 7:00 PM will not be processed by the division until the next scheduled posting date.
- (3) The division may request that claimants obtain digital identity credentials, but only if the division provides opportunities for claimants to verify their identities even if they do not have the knowledge or access to the equipment needed to obtain the digital identity credentials. Any request by the division for a claimant to obtain digital identity credentials shall include a statement that the claimant may use other means to verify identification, and fully describe the other means, which shall include personal assistance in person or by phone which shall be made available by representatives of the division as needed to prevent any delays in processing claims.
  - (4) Any system that the division establishes for claimants or recipients of benefits to verify identity, to apply for, or to make appeals regarding, benefits either by phone or on-line, shall provide a clearly and prominently expressed option for the claimant or recipient to select from available appointment times an appointment time to speak with a representative to obtain assistance in verifying identity, filing a claim or appeal, or obtaining information regarding the status of a claim or appeal.
  - (b) (1) Procedure for making initial determinations with respect to benefit years commencing on or after January 1, 1953.

A representative or representatives designated by the director of the division and hereafter referred to as a "deputy" shall promptly examine the claim, and shall notify the most recent employing unit and, successively as necessary, each employer in inverse chronological order during the base year. Such notification shall require said employing unit and employer to furnish such information to the deputy as may be necessary to determine the claimant's eligibility and his benefit rights with respect to the employer in question.

In his discretion, the director may appoint special deputies to make initial or subsequent determinations under subsection (f) of R.S.43:21-4 and subsection (d) of R.S.43:21-5.

If any employer or employing unit fails to respond to the request information within 10 days after the mailing, or communicating by electronic means, of such request

If any employer or employing unit fails to respond to [the] a request by the division for required information the employer failed to provide, or for additional needed information, within 10 days after [the] a mailing, or [communicating] a communication by electronic means, of [such] the request, the deputy shall rely entirely on information from other sources, including an affidavit to

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the best of the knowledge and belief of the claimant with respect to
his wages and time worked. Except in the event of [fraud] a
knowing, fraudulent nondisclosure or misrepresentation by the

4 <u>claimant or his agent</u>, if it is determined that any information in

such affidavit is erroneous, no penalty shall be imposed on the claimant.

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The deputy shall make an initial determination contingent upon the receipt of all necessary information and notify the claimant no later than three weeks from the date on which the division received the claim for benefits [. If], except that, if an initial determination cannot be made due to [the lack of documentation, notification will be sent to the claimant providing a status of the claim. The ] a failure of the employer to provide the required information or other <u>information requested by the division, the</u> division will then have an additional two weeks to obtain the [missing] information needed to make a determination, [in order to] including by means of a claimant affidavit, and make the initial determination and advise the claimant accordingly. The initial determination shall show the weekly benefit amount payable, the maximum duration of benefits with respect to the employer to whom the determination relates, and the ratio of benefits chargeable to the employer's account for benefit years commencing on or after July 1, 1986, and also shall show whether the claimant is ineligible or disqualified for benefits under the initial determination. The employer whose account may be charged for benefits payable pursuant to said determination shall be promptly notified thereof.

Whenever an initial determination is based upon information other than that supplied by an employer because such employer failed to provide information as required at the time of layoff, or failed to respond to the deputy's request for additional information, benefit payments based on the determination shall commence immediately, and such initial determination and any subsequent determination thereunder shall be incontestable by noncomplying employer, as to any charges to his employer's account because of benefits paid prior to the close of the calendar week following the receipt of his reply. Such initial determination shall be altered if necessary upon receipt of information from the employer, and any benefits paid or payable with respect to weeks occurring subsequent to the close of the calendar week following the receipt of the employer's reply and the determination of the division to alter the initial determination shall be paid in accordance with such altered initial determination.

The deputy shall issue a separate initial benefit determination with respect to each of the claimant's base year employers, starting with the most recent employer and continuing as necessary in the inverse chronological order of the claimant's last date of employment with each such employer. If an appeal is taken from

- an initial determination, as hereinafter provided, by any employer other than the first chargeable base year employer or for benefit years commencing on or after July 1, 1986, that employer from whom the individual was most recently separated, then such appeal shall be limited in scope to include only one or more of the following matters:
  - (A) The correctness of the benefit payments authorized to be made under the determination;

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- (B) Fraud in connection with the claim pursuant to which the initial determination is issued;
- (C) The refusal of suitable work offered by the chargeable employer filing the appeal;
- 13 (D) Gross misconduct as provided in subsection (b) of 14 R.S.43:21-5.

The amount of benefits payable under an initial determination may be reduced or canceled if necessary to avoid payment of benefits for a number of weeks in excess of the maximum specified in subsection (d) of R.S.43:21-3.

Unless the claimant or any interested party, within seven calendar days after [delivery] a confirmed receipt of notification of an initial determination or within [10] 21 calendar days after [such] the notification was mailed to [his or] their last-known address and addresses, files an appeal from such decision, such decision shall be final and benefits shall immediately be paid or denied in accordance therewith, except for such determinations as may be altered in benefit amounts or duration as provided in this paragraph. An appeal concerning an initial determination may not be filed after whichever is applicable of the seven-day or 21-day period. Benefits payable for periods pending an appeal [and not in dispute I shall be paid as such benefits accrue and be paid according to the initial determination but shall be, to the extent that the amount paid exceeds the amount determined in the appeal, regarded as an overpayment subject to the provisions of R.S.43:21-16 regarding overpayments, including the requirement of that section that a claimant who makes knowing, fraudulent nondisclosure or misrepresentation is liable to repay the full amount of the overpayment; provided that [insofar as any such] if the appeal is [or may be] an appeal [from] of a determination [to the effect] that the claimant is disqualified under the provisions of R.S.43:21-5 [or any amendments thereof or supplements thereto], benefits pending determination of the appeal shall be withheld only for the period of disqualification as provided for in [said] that section, and [notwithstanding such] while the appeal is pending, the benefits otherwise provided by this act shall be paid for the period subsequent to such period of disqualification; provided further that if it is determined in the appeal that the claimant was not disqualified, the claimant shall be paid the benefits due for the period of the disqualification; and provided, also, that if there are two determinations of entitlement, benefits for the period covered by such determinations shall be paid regardless of any appeal which may thereafter be taken, but no employer's account shall be charged with benefits so paid, if the decision is finally reversed.

(2) [Procedure for making initial determinations in certain cases of concurrent employment, with respect to benefit years commencing on or after January 1, 1953 and prior to benefit years commencing on or after July 1, 1986.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Title, if an individual shows to the satisfaction of the deputy that there were at least 13 weeks in his base period in each of which he earned wages from two or more employers totaling \$30.00 or more but in each of which there was no single employer from whom he earned as much as \$100.00, then such individual's claim shall be determined in accordance with the special provisions of this paragraph. In such case, the deputy shall determine the individual's eligibility for benefits, his average weekly wage, weekly benefit rate and maximum total benefits as if all his base year employers were a single employer. Such determination shall apportion the liability for benefit charges thereunder to the individual's several base year employers so that each employer's maximum liability for charges thereunder bears approximately the same relation to the maximum total benefits allowed as the wages earned by the individual from each employer during the base year bears to his total wages earned from all employers during the base year. Such initial determination shall also specify the individual's last date of employment within the base year with respect to each base year employer, and such employers shall be charged for benefits paid under said initial determination in the inverse chronological order of such last date of employment. I (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c. ) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill)

(3) Procedure for making subsequent determinations with respect to benefit years commencing on or after January 1, 1953. The deputy shall make determinations with respect to claims for benefits thereafter in the course of the benefit year, in accordance with any initial determination allowing benefits, and under which benefits have not been exhausted, and each notification of a benefit payment shall be a notification of an affirmative subsequent determination. [The] Any change in the allowance, amount, or other characteristic of benefits by the deputy [on] in any such determination, or the denial of benefits by the deputy [on] in any such determination, shall be appealable in the same manner and under the same limitations as is provided in the case of initial determinations. After an initial determination, the resolution of any appeal of the initial determination, and the payment of one or more weeks of benefits pursuant to the initial determination, if a

subsequent determination will result in any reduction or termination of those benefits, the claimant shall be provided notification with a full written explanation of why the reduction or termination of benefits will occur, and provided, during the seven calendar days following the notification, an opportunity to file an appeal before the reduction or termination goes into effect. If the claimant files an appeal during the seven-day period, benefits shall continue to be paid at the rate stipulated in the initial determination until the appeal is resolved. If the claimant does not file an appeal, or the claimant files an appeal and it is found in the resolution of the appeal that the amount in benefits paid during the processing of the appeal exceeded the amount determined in the appeal to be correct, or the claimant is found in the appeal to be ineligible for benefits, any resulting excess payment of benefits shall be regarded as an overpayment subject to the provisions of R.S.43:21-16 regarding overpayments, including the requirement of that section that a claimant who makes knowing, fraudulent nondisclosure or misrepresentation is liable to repay the full amount of the overpayment. 

(c) Appeals. Unless such appeal is withdrawn, an appeal tribunal, after affording the parties reasonable opportunity for fair hearing, shall affirm or modify the findings of fact and the determination. The parties shall be duly notified of such tribunal's decision, together with its reasons therefor, which shall be deemed to be the final decision of the board of review, unless further appeal is initiated pursuant to subsection (e) of this section within [10 days after the date of notification or mailing of the decision for any decision made on or before December 1, 2010, or within ] 20 days after the date of notification or mailing of such decision for any decision made after December 1, 2010.

- (d) Appeal tribunals. To hear and decide disputed benefit claims, including appeals from determinations with respect to demands for refunds of benefits under subsection (d) of R.S.43:21-16, the director with the approval of the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development shall establish impartial appeal tribunals consisting of a salaried body of examiners under the supervision of a Chief Appeals Examiner, all of whom shall be appointed pursuant to the provisions of Title 11A of the New Jersey Statutes, Civil Service and other applicable statutes.
- (e) Board of review. The board of review may on its own motion affirm, modify, or set aside any decision of an appeal tribunal on the basis of the evidence previously submitted in such case, or direct the taking of additional evidence, or may permit any of the parties to such decision to initiate further appeals before it. The board of review shall permit such further appeal by any of the parties interested in a decision of an appeal tribunal which is not unanimous and from any determination which has been overruled or modified by any appeal tribunal. The board of review may remove

1 to itself or transfer to another appeal tribunal the proceedings on 2 any claim pending before an appeal tribunal. Any proceedings so removed to the board of review shall be heard by a quorum thereof 4 in accordance with the requirements of subsection (c) of this section. The board of review shall promptly notify the interested parties of its findings and decision.

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- (f) Procedure. The manner in which disputed benefit claims, and appeals from determinations with respect to (1) claims for benefits and (2) demands for refunds of benefits under subsection (d) of R.S.43:21-16 shall be presented, the reports thereon required from the claimant and from employers, and the conduct of hearings and appeals shall be in accordance with rules prescribed by the board of review for determining the rights of the parties, whether or not such rules conform to common law or statutory rules of evidence and other technical rules of procedure. A full and complete record shall be kept of all proceedings in connection with a disputed claim. All testimony at any hearing upon a disputed claim shall be recorded, but need not be transcribed unless the disputed claim is further appealed.
- (g) Witness fees. Witnesses subpoenaed pursuant to this section shall be allowed fees at a rate fixed by the director. Such fees and all expenses of proceedings involving disputed claims shall be deemed a part of the expense of administering this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.).
- (h) Court review. Any decision of the board of review shall become final as to any party upon the mailing of a copy thereof to such party or to his attorney, or upon the mailing of a copy thereof to such party at his last-known address. The Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance and any party to a proceeding before the board of review may secure judicial review of the final decision of the board of review. Any party not joining in the appeal shall be made a defendant; the board of review shall be deemed to be a party to any judicial action involving the review of, or appeal from, any of its decisions, and may be represented in any such judicial action by any qualified attorney, who may be a regular salaried employee of the board of review or has been designated by it for that purpose, or, at the board of review's request, by the Attorney General.
- (i) Failure to give notice. The failure of any public officer or employee at any time heretofore or hereafter to give notice of determination or decision required in subsections (b), (c) and (e) of this section, as originally passed or amended, shall not relieve any employer's account of any charge by reason of any benefits paid, unless and until that employer can show to the satisfaction of the director of the division that the said benefits, in whole or in part, would not have been charged or chargeable to his account had such notice been given. Any determination hereunder by the director shall be subject to court review.

- (j) With respect to benefit payments made on or after October 22, 2013, an employer's account shall not be relieved of charges related to a benefit payment that was made erroneously from the division if it is determined that:
- (1) The erroneous benefit payment was made because the employer, or an agent of the employer, failed to respond in a timely or adequate manner to a request from the division for information related to the claim for benefits, in a manner consistent with the provisions of R.S.43:21-6; and
- (2) The employer, or an agent of the employer, has established a pattern of failing to respond in a timely or adequate manner to requests from the division for information related to claims for benefits, in a manner consistent with the provisions of R.S.43:21-6.

Determinations of the division prohibiting the relief of charges pursuant to this subsection shall be subject to appeal in the same manner as other determinations of the division related to the charging of employer accounts.

For purposes of subsection (j) of this section:

"Erroneous benefit payment" means a benefit payment that, except for the failure by the employer, or an agent of the employer, to respond in a timely or adequate manner to a request from the division for information with respect to the claim for benefits, would not have been made; and

"Pattern of failing" means repeated documented failure on the part of the employer, or an agent of the employer, to respond to requests from the division to the employer or employer's agent for information related to a claim for benefits, except that an employer, or an agent of an employer, shall not be determined to have engaged in a "pattern of failing" if the number of failures to respond to requests from the division for information related to claims for benefits during the previous 365 calendar days is less than three, or if the number of failures is less than two percent of the number of requests from the division, whichever is greater.

(k) The Department of Labor and Workforce Development shall establish and maintain a procedure by which personnel access rights to the department's primary system for unemployment claims receipt and processing are comprehensively reviewed every calendar quarter. The procedure shall include an evaluation of access needs to the primary unemployment claims receipt and processing system for all department personnel and the adjustment, addition, or deletion of access rights for department personnel based on the quarterly review.

(cf: P.L.2017, c.163, s.1)

2. R.S.43:21-16 is amended to read as follows:

43:21-16. (a) (1) Whoever makes a false statement or representation, knowing it to be false, or knowingly fails to disclose a material fact, to obtain or increase or attempts to obtain or

1 increase any benefit or other payment under this chapter 2 (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), or under an employment security law of any 3 other state or of the federal government, either for himself or for 4 any other person, shall be liable to a fine of 25% of the amount 5 fraudulently obtained, to be recovered in an action at law in the 6 name of the Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability 7 Insurance of the Department of Labor and Workforce Development 8 of the State of New Jersey or as provided in subsection (e) of 9 R.S.43:21-14, said fine when recovered shall be immediately 10 deposited in the following manner: 10 percent of the amount 11 fraudulently obtained deposited into the unemployment 12 compensation auxiliary fund for the use of said fund, and 15 percent 13 the amount fraudulently obtained deposited into 14 unemployment compensation fund; and each such false statement or 15 representation or failure to disclose a material fact shall constitute a 16 separate offense. Any penalties imposed by this subsection shall be 17 in addition to those otherwise prescribed in this chapter (R.S.43:21-18 1 et seq.).

(2) For purposes of any unemployment compensation program of the United States, if the department determines that any benefit amount is obtained by an individual due to fraud committed by the individual, the department shall assess a fine on the individual and deposit the recovered fine in the same manner as provided in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of this section. As used in this paragraph, "unemployment compensation program of the United States" means:

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- 27 (A) Unemployment compensation for federal civilian employees 28 pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 8501 et seq.;
  - (B) Unemployment compensation for ex-service members pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 8521 et seq.;
- (C) Trade readjustment allowances pursuant to 19 U.S.C. 2291-32
- 33 (D) Disaster unemployment assistance pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 34 5177(a);
- 35 (E) Any federal temporary extension of unemployment 36 compensation;
  - (F) Any federal program that increases the weekly amount of unemployment compensation payable to individuals; and
- 39 (G) Any other federal program providing for the payment of 40 unemployment compensation.
  - (b) (1) An employing unit or any officer or agent of an employing unit or any other person who makes a false statement or representation, knowing it to be false, or who knowingly fails to disclose a material fact, to prevent or reduce the payment of benefits to any individual entitled thereto or to avoid becoming or remaining subject hereto or to avoid or reduce any contribution or other payment required from an employing unit under this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), or under an employment security law of any

other state or of the federal government, or who willfully fails or refuses to furnish any reports required hereunder (except for such reports as may be required under subsection (b) of R.S.43:21-6) or to produce or permit the inspection or copying of records, as required hereunder, shall be liable to a fine of \$100.00, or 25% of the amount fraudulently withheld, whichever is greater, to be recovered in an action at law in the name of the Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance of the Department of Labor and Workforce Development of the State of New Jersey or as provided in subsection (e) of R.S.43:21-14, said fine when recovered to be paid to the unemployment compensation auxiliary fund for the use of said fund; and each such false statement or representation or failure to disclose a material fact, and each day of such failure or refusal shall constitute a separate offense. Any penalties imposed by this paragraph shall be in addition to those otherwise prescribed in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.).

- (2) Any employing unit or any officer or agent of an employing unit or any other person who fails to submit any report required under subsection (b) of R.S.43:21-6 shall be subject to a penalty of \$25.00 for the first report not submitted within 10 days after the mailing of a request for such report, and an additional \$25.00 penalty may be assessed for the next 10-day period, which may elapse after the end of the initial 10-day period and before the report is filed; provided that when such report or reports are not filed within the prescribed time but it is shown to the satisfaction of the director that the failure was due to a reasonable cause, no such penalty shall be imposed. Any penalties imposed by this paragraph shall be recovered as provided in subsection (e) of R.S.43:21-14, and when recovered shall be paid to the unemployment compensation auxiliary fund for the use of said fund.
- (3) Any employing unit, officer or agent of the employing unit, or any other person, determined by the controller to have knowingly violated, or attempted to violate, or advised another person to violate the transfer of employment experience provisions found at R.S.43:21-7 (c)(7), or who otherwise knowingly attempts to obtain a lower rate of contributions by failing to disclose material information, or by making a false statement, or by a misrepresentation of fact, shall be subject to a fine of \$5,000 or 25% of the contributions under-reported or attempted to be underreported, whichever is greater, to be recovered as provided in subsection (e) of R.S.43:21-14, and when recovered to be paid to the unemployment compensation auxiliary fund for the use of said fund. For the purposes of this subsection, "knowingly" means having actual knowledge of, or acting with deliberate ignorance or reckless disregard for the prohibition involved.
- (c) Any person who shall willfully violate any provision of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) or any rule or regulation thereunder,

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1 the violation of which is made unlawful or the observance of which 2 is required under the terms of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), and 3 for which a penalty is neither prescribed herein nor provided by any 4 other applicable statute, shall be liable to a fine of \$50.00, to be 5 recovered in an action at law in the name of the Division of 6 Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance of the 7 Department of Labor and Workforce Development of the State of 8 New Jersey or as provided in subsection (e) of R.S.43:21-14, said 9 fine when recovered to be paid to the unemployment compensation 10 auxiliary fund for the use of said fund; and each day such violation 11 continues shall be deemed to be a separate offense.

12 (d) (1) When it is determined by a representative or representatives designated by the Director of the Division of 13 14 Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance of the 15 Department of Labor and Workforce Development of the State of 16 New Jersey that any person, [whether (i)] by reason of the 17 knowing, fraudulent nondisclosure or misrepresentation by him, or 18 by [another] anyone acting as his agent, of a material fact 19 [(whether or not such nondisclosure or misrepresentation was 20 known or fraudulent), or (ii) for any other reason **]**, has received any 21 sum as benefits under this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) while any conditions for the receipt of benefits imposed by this chapter 22 23 (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) were not fulfilled in his case, or while he was 24 disqualified from receiving benefits, or while otherwise not entitled 25 to receive such sum as benefits, such person, unless the director 26 (with the concurrence of the controller) directs otherwise by 27 regulation, shall be liable to repay those benefits in full. The person 28 shall not be liable to repay all or any portion of the overpayment if 29 the representative finds that the person received the overpayment of 30 benefits because of errors or failures to provide information by the 31 employer or errors by the division, and not because of an error, or 32 knowing, fraudulent nondisclosure or misrepresentation, by the 33 person. If the representative finds that errors made by the person 34 were a cause of the overpayment together with errors of the 35 division, or errors or failures to provide information by the 36 employer, but the person did not make a knowing, fraudulent 37 nondisclosure or misrepresentation, the representative shall 38 determine a portion of the overpayment for which the person is 39 liable taking into consideration possible financial hardship to the 40 person, whether recovery would be against equity and good 41 conscience, and how much the person's errors, compared to errors 42 of the division or employer, contributed to the overpayment 43 occurring, but the amount to which the person shall be liable shall 44 not exceed 50 percent of the overpayment. The employer's account 45 shall not be charged for the amount of an overpayment of benefits if 46 the overpayment was caused by an error of the division and not by 47 any error of the employer, but shall be charged if the overpayment 48 was caused by an error or failure to provide information of the

employer. The sum for which the person is found liable to repay shall be deducted from any future benefits payable to the individual under this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) or shall be paid by the individual to the division for the unemployment compensation fund, and such sum shall be collectible in the manner provided for by law, including, but not limited to, the filing of a certificate of debt with the Clerk of the Superior Court of New Jersey; provided, however, that, except in the event of fraud, no person shall be liable for any such refunds or deductions against future benefits unless so notified before four years have elapsed from the time the benefits in question were paid. Such person shall be promptly notified of the determination and the reasons therefor. The determination regarding the repayment of an overpayment shall be final unless the person files an appeal of the determination within **I**seven calendar days after the delivery of the determination, or within 10 calendar days after such notification was mailed to his last-known address, for any determination made on or before December 1, 2010, and any initial determination made pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of R.S.43:21-6 after December 1, 2010, or within 20 calendar days after the delivery of such determination, or within 20 calendar days after such notification was mailed to his last-known address, for any determination other than an initial determination made after December 1, 2010 20 calendar days after a confirmed receipt of a notice of the determination or 30 calendar days after the notice was mailed to the last known address of the person. 

(2) Interstate and cross-offset of state and federal unemployment benefits. To the extent permissible under the laws and Constitution of the United States, the commissioner is authorized to enter into or cooperate in arrangements or reciprocal agreements with appropriate and duly authorized agencies of other states or the United States Secretary of Labor, or both, whereby:

- (A) Overpayments of unemployment benefits as determined under subsection (d) of R.S.43:21-16 shall be recovered by offset from unemployment benefits otherwise payable under the unemployment compensation law of another state, and overpayments of unemployment benefits as determined under the unemployment compensation law of another state shall be recovered by offset from unemployment benefits otherwise payable under R.S.43:21-1 et seq.; and
- (B) Overpayments of unemployment benefits as determined under applicable federal law, with respect to benefits or allowances for unemployment provided under a federal program administered by this State under an agreement with the United States Secretary of Labor, shall be recovered by offset from unemployment benefits otherwise payable under R.S.43:21-1 et seq., or any federal program administered by this State, or under the unemployment compensation law of another state or any federal unemployment benefit or allowance program administered by another state under

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1 an agreement with the United States Secretary of Labor, if the other 2 state has in effect a reciprocal agreement with the United States 3 Secretary of Labor as authorized by subsection (g) of 42 4 U.S.C.s.503, and if the United States agrees, as provided in the 5 reciprocal agreement with this State entered into under subsection 6 (g) of 42 U.S.C.s.503, that overpayments of unemployment benefits 7 determined under subsection (d) of R.S.43:21-16 and 8 overpayments as determined under the unemployment 9 compensation law of another state which has in effect a reciprocal 10 agreement with the United States Secretary of Labor as authorized 11 by subsection (g) of 42 U.S.C.s.503, shall be recovered by offset 12 from benefits or allowances otherwise payable under a federal 13 program administered by this State or another state under an 14 agreement with the United States Secretary of Labor.

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(e) (1) Any employing unit, or any officer or agent of an employing unit, which officer or agent is directly or indirectly responsible for collecting, truthfully accounting for, remitting when payable any contribution, or filing or causing to be filed any report or statement required by this chapter, or employer, or person failing to remit, when payable, any employer contributions, or worker contributions (if withheld or deducted), or the amount of such worker contributions (if not withheld or deducted), or filing or causing to be filed with the controller or the Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance of the Department of Labor and Workforce Development of the State of New Jersey, any false or fraudulent report or statement, and any person who aids or abets an employing unit, employer, or any person in the preparation or filing of any false or fraudulent report or statement with intent to defraud the State of New Jersey or an employment security agency of any other state or of the federal government, or with intent to evade the payment of any contributions, interest or penalties, or any part thereof, which shall be due under the provisions of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), shall be liable for each offense upon conviction before any Superior Court or municipal court, to a fine not to exceed \$1,000.00 or by imprisonment for a term not to exceed 90 days, or both, at the discretion of the court. The fine upon conviction shall be payable to the unemployment compensation auxiliary fund. Any penalties imposed by this subsection shall be in addition to those otherwise prescribed in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.).

(2) Any employing unit, officer or agent of the employing unit, or any other person, who knowingly violates, or attempts to violate, or advise another person to violate the transfer of employment experience provisions found at R.S.43:21-7 (c)(7) shall be, upon conviction before any Superior Court or municipal court, guilty of a crime of the fourth degree. For the purposes of this subsection, "knowingly" means having actual knowledge of, or acting with

deliberate ignorance or reckless disregard for the prohibition involved.

- (f) Any employing unit or any officer or agent of an employing unit or any other person who aids and abets any person to obtain any sum of benefits under this chapter to which he is not entitled, or a larger amount as benefits than that to which he is justly entitled, shall be liable for each offense upon conviction before any Superior Court or municipal court, to a fine not to exceed \$1,000.00 or by imprisonment for a term not to exceed 90 days, or both, at the discretion of the court. The fine upon conviction shall be payable to the unemployment compensation auxiliary fund. Any penalties imposed by this subsection shall be in addition to those otherwise prescribed in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.).
- (g) There shall be created in the Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance of the Department of Labor and Workforce Development of the State of New Jersey an investigative staff for the purpose of investigating violations referred to in this section and enforcing the provisions thereof.
- (h) An employing unit or any officer or agent of an employing unit who makes a false statement or representation, knowing it to be false, or who knowingly fails to disclose a material fact, to reduce benefit charges to the employing unit pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection (c) of R.S.43:21-7, shall be liable to a fine of \$1,000, to be recovered in an action at law in the name of the Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance of the Department of Labor and Workforce Development of the State of New Jersey or as provided in subsection (e) of R.S.43:21-14. The fine when recovered shall be paid to the unemployment compensation auxiliary fund for the use of the fund. Each false statement or representation or failure to disclose a material fact, and each day of that failure or refusal shall constitute a separate offense. Any penalties imposed by this subsection shall be in addition to those otherwise prescribed in R.S.43:21-1 et seq.
- (i) The Department of Labor and Workforce Development shall arrange for the electronic receipt of death record notifications from the New Jersey Electronic Death Registration System, pursuant to section 16 of P.L.2003, c.221 (C.26:8-24.1), and establish a verification system to confirm that benefits paid pursuant to the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.), and the "unemployment compensation law," R.S.43:21-1 et seq., are not being paid to deceased individuals.
- (j) The Department of Labor and Workforce Development shall arrange for the electronic receipt of identifying information from the Department of Corrections, pursuant to section 6 of P.L.1976, c.98 (C.30:1B-6), and from the Administrative Office of the Courts and any county which does not provide county inmate incarceration information to the Administrative Office of the Courts, and establish a verification system to confirm that benefits paid

pursuant to the "unemployment compensation law," R.S.43:21-1 et seq., are not being paid to individuals who are incarcerated.

(cf: P.L.2013, c.274, s.5)

3. This act shall take effect on the  $30^{\text{th}}$  day following enactment.

### **STATEMENT**

This bill makes changes in the administration of unemployment insurance (UI) benefits by the Division of Unemployment Insurance to expedite the timely payment of benefits by:

- 1. Requiring the division to inform all employers of what information they are required, at the time of any layoff, to provide to the division to enable it to make timely benefit determinations, and notify employers immediately of any failure to provide the required information.
- 2. Permitting the division to request that claimants obtain digital identity credentials, but only if the division provides opportunities for claimants to verify their identities even if they do not have the needed knowledge or access to the equipment to do so, by informing claimants that they may use other means to verify identification, including personal assistance in person or by phone provided by the division as needed to prevent any delays in processing claims.
- 3. Requiring that any system the division establishes for claimants or recipients of benefits to verify identity, to apply for, or to make appeals regarding, benefits, either by phone or on-line, shall include a clearly and prominently expressed option for the claimant or recipient to select from available appointment times an appointment time to speak with a representative to obtain assistance in verifying identity, filing a claim or appeal, or obtaining information regarding the status of a claim or appeal.
- 4. Increasing the times in which various appeals may be made, including increasing from 10 days to 21 days, the time within which an appeal of an initial determination may be filed, and expressly prohibits the filing of an appeal after the applicable time periods.
- 5. Requiring that benefits be paid according to the initial determination during any appeal of the initial determination, but, to the extent that the amount paid exceeds the amount determined in the appeal, be regarded as an overpayment subject to the provisions of R.S.43:21-16 regarding the repayment of overpayments.
- 6. Providing that, after an initial determination, the resolution of any appeal of the initial determination, and the payment of one or more weeks of benefits pursuant to the initial determination, if there is any reduction or termination of those benefits, the claimant shall be provided notification with a full written explanation of why the

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1 reduction or termination of benefits will occur, and an opportunity 2 for the claimant appeal the reduction or termination during a seven-3 day period after notification. If the claimant files an appeal, 4 benefits shall continue to be paid at the rate stipulated in the initial 5 determination until the appeal is resolved. If the claimant does not file an appeal, or if the claimant appeals and it is found that the 6 7 amount in benefits paid during the appeal exceeded the amount 8 determined in the appeal to be correct, or the claimant is found to be 9 ineligible for benefits, any resulting excess payment of benefits 10 shall be regarded as an overpayment subject to the provisions of 11 R.S.43:21-16 regarding overpayments.

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7. Making a claimant who receives benefits by reason of a knowing, fraudulent nondisclosure or misrepresentation liable to repay those benefits in full, but provides that a claimant is not liable to repay any overpayment of benefits if the overpayment of benefits was caused by errors, or failures to provide information by the employer, or errors by the division, and not caused by an error, or knowing, fraudulent nondisclosure or misrepresentation, made by the claimant, and further provides that if the overpayments were caused by both errors of the claimant and errors of the employer or division, the claimant is liable for a portion of the overpayment not exceeding 50 percent which is determined by the division taking into consideration possible financial hardship, whether recovery would be against equity and good conscience, and how much the person's errors, compared to errors of the division or employer contributed to the overpayment occurring.

### ASSEMBLY LABOR COMMITTEE

### STATEMENT TO

## ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, No. 3830

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 19, 2022

The Assembly Labor Committee reports favorably an Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill No. 3830.

This bill makes changes in the administration of unemployment insurance benefits by the Division of Unemployment Insurance to expedite the timely payment of benefits by:

- 1. Requiring the division to inform all employers of what information they are required, at the time of any separation of an employee from employment, to provide all of the information needed by the division to enable it to make timely benefit determinations.
- 2. Requiring employers to provide email addresses for communications to and from the division and use electronic communications to notify the division immediately of separations from employment, and provide the needed information.
- 3. If the information is incomplete, the division is required to notify the employer within seven days and request the additional needed information. If a claim is filed, but the employer has not provided any of the required information upon the separation from employment, the division is to request the information within seven days. If the employer does not reply to these requests, the division may use other sources, including employee affidavits, to make the benefit determination.
- 4. The division is required, as before, to make the initial determination within three weeks of the filing, but is not given an additional two weeks now permitted to request more information.
- 5. Penalties for not providing information apply to a failure to provide the information upon the separation from employment, as well as not responding to division requests. The current \$25 penalty for every 10 day period of failure to provide information requested in connection with filings is replaced by a penalty of \$500 per day.
- 6. Permitting the division to request that claimants obtain digital identity credentials, but only if the division provides opportunities for claimants to verify their identities even if they do not have the needed knowledge or access to the equipment to do so, by informing claimants that they may use other means to verify identification, including personal assistance in person or by phone provided by the division as needed to prevent any delays in processing claims.

- 7. Requiring that any system the division establishes for benefit claimants or recipients to verify identity, to apply for, or to make appeals regarding, benefits, either by phone or on-line, shall include a clearly and prominently expressed option for the claimant or recipient to select from available appointment times a time to speak with a representative to obtain assistance in verifying identity, filing a claim or appeal, or obtaining information regarding the status of a claim or appeal.
- 8. Increasing the times in which a claimant may appeal an initial benefit determination to 21 days, while leaving the time for employers at seven days, and expressly prohibiting the filing of an appeal of an initial benefit determination by either an employer or claimant after the applicable time periods. If an employer appeals the charging of benefits to the employer's account after the seven-day period to appeal the initial benefit determination, and, as a result of the appeal on the charging to the employer's account, the division reduces the amount charged to the employer's account, any resulting reduction in the amount of benefits shall take effect only after the resolution of the appeal of the charging, and any amount of benefits paid before the resolution of that appeal which exceeds the amount determined in that appeal shall be regarded as an overpayment caused by employer error and be charged to the employer's account, and the claimant shall not be liable to repay any portion of that overpayment.
- 9. Requiring that benefits be paid according to the initial determination during any appeal of the initial determination, but, to the extent that the amount paid exceeds the amount determined in the appeal, be regarded as an overpayment subject to the provisions of R.S.43:21-16 regarding the repayment of overpayments.
- 10. Providing that, after an initial determination, the resolution of any appeal of the initial determination, and the payment of one or more weeks of benefits pursuant to the initial determination, if there is any reduction or termination of those benefits, the claimant shall be provided notification with a full written explanation of why the reduction or termination of benefits will occur, and an opportunity to appeal the reduction or termination during a seven-day period after notification. If the claimant files an appeal, benefits shall continue to be paid at the rate stipulated in the initial determination until the appeal is resolved. If the claimant does not file an appeal, or if the claimant appeals and it is found that the amount in benefits paid during the appeal exceeded the amount determined in the appeal to be correct, or the claimant is found to be ineligible for benefits, any resulting excess payment of benefits shall be regarded as an overpayment subject to the provisions of R.S.43:21-16 regarding overpayments.
- 11. Making a claimant who receives benefits by reason of a knowing, fraudulent nondisclosure or misrepresentation liable to repay those benefits in full, but providing that a claimant is not liable to repay any overpayment of benefits if the overpayment was caused by

errors, or failures to provide information by the employer or the division, and not caused by an error, or knowing, fraudulent nondisclosure or misrepresentation, made by the claimant, and further provides that if the overpayments were caused by both errors of the claimant and errors of the employer or division, the claimant is liable for a portion of the overpayment not exceeding 50 percent which is determined by the division taking into consideration possible financial hardship, whether recovery would be against equity and good conscience, and how much the person's errors, compared to errors of the division or employer, contributed to the overpayment occurring. These provisions regarding waivers of recovery of some or all of overpayment do not apply to federally-funded unemployment benefits provided under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act.

12. The effective date is changed to 120 days after enactment to give the division time to change forms and materials provided to employers and make all employers aware of the changes in procedures.

This bill is identical to Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill, No. 2357 of the 2022-2023 session.

## ASSEMBLY STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE

### STATEMENT TO

## ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, No. 3830

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

**DATED: JUNE 9, 2022** 

The Assembly State and Local Government Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 3830 (ACS).

This bill makes changes in the administration of unemployment insurance benefits by the Division of Unemployment Insurance to expedite the timely payment of benefits by:

- 1. Requiring the division to inform all employers of what information they are required, at the time of any separation of an employee from employment, to provide all of the information needed by the division to enable it to make timely benefit determinations.
- 2. Requiring employers to provide email addresses for communications to and from the division and use electronic communications to notify the division immediately of separations from employment, and provide the needed information.
- 3. If the information is incomplete, the division is required to notify the employer within seven days and request the additional needed information. If a claim is filed, but the employer has not provided any of the required information upon the separation from employment, the division is to request the information within seven days. If the employer does not reply to these requests, the division may use other sources, including employee affidavits, to make the benefit determination.
- 4. The division is required, as before, to make the initial determination within three weeks of the filing, but is not given an additional two weeks now permitted to request more information.
- 5. Penalties for not providing information apply to a failure to provide the information upon the separation from employment, as well as not responding to division requests. The current \$25 penalty for every 10 day period of failure to provide information requested in connection with filings is replaced by a penalty of \$500 per day.
- 6. Permitting the division to request that claimants obtain digital identity credentials, but only if the division provides opportunities for claimants to verify their identities even if they do not have the needed knowledge or access to the equipment to do so, by informing claimants that they may use other means to verify identification, including

personal assistance in person or by phone provided by the division as needed to prevent any delays in processing claims.

- 7. Requiring that any system the division establishes for benefit claimants or recipients to verify identity, to apply for, or to make appeals regarding, benefits, either by phone or on-line, shall include a clearly and prominently expressed option for the claimant or recipient to select from available appointment times a time to speak with a representative to obtain assistance in verifying identity, filing a claim or appeal, or obtaining information regarding the status of a claim or appeal.
- 8. Increasing the times in which a claimant may appeal an initial benefit determination to 21 days, while leaving the time for employers at seven days, and expressly prohibiting the filing of an appeal of an initial benefit determination by either an employer or claimant after the applicable time periods. If an employer appeals the charging of benefits to the employer's account after the seven-day period to appeal the initial benefit determination, and, as a result of the appeal on the charging to the employer's account, the division reduces the amount charged to the employer's account, any resulting reduction in the amount of benefits shall take effect only after the resolution of the appeal of the charging, and any amount of benefits paid before the resolution of that appeal which exceeds the amount determined in that appeal shall be regarded as an overpayment caused by employer error and be charged to the employer's account, and the claimant shall not be liable to repay any portion of that overpayment.
- 9. Requiring that benefits be paid according to the initial determination during any appeal of the initial determination, but, to the extent that the amount paid exceeds the amount determined in the appeal, be regarded as an overpayment subject to the provisions of R.S.43:21-16 regarding the repayment of overpayments.
- 10. Providing that, after an initial determination, the resolution of any appeal of the initial determination, and the payment of one or more weeks of benefits pursuant to the initial determination, if there is any reduction or termination of those benefits, the claimant shall be provided notification with a full written explanation of why the reduction or termination of benefits will occur, and an opportunity to appeal the reduction or termination during a seven-day period after notification. If the claimant files an appeal, benefits shall continue to be paid at the rate stipulated in the initial determination until the appeal is resolved. If the claimant does not file an appeal, or if the claimant appeals and it is found that the amount in benefits paid during the appeal exceeded the amount determined in the appeal to be correct, or the claimant is found to be ineligible for benefits, any resulting excess payment of benefits shall be regarded as an overpayment subject to the provisions of R.S.43:21-16 regarding overpayments.
- 11. Making a claimant who receives benefits by reason of a knowing, fraudulent nondisclosure or misrepresentation liable to repay

those benefits in full, but providing that a claimant is not liable to repay any overpayment of benefits if the overpayment was caused by errors, or failures to provide information by the employer or the division, and not caused by an error, or knowing, fraudulent nondisclosure or misrepresentation, made by the claimant, and further provides that if the overpayments were caused by both errors of the claimant and errors of the employer or division, the claimant is liable for a portion of the overpayment not exceeding 50 percent which is determined by the division taking into consideration possible financial hardship, whether recovery would be against equity and good conscience, and how much the person's errors, compared to errors of the division or employer, contributed to the overpayment occurring. These provisions regarding waivers of recovery of some or all of overpayment do not apply to federally-funded unemployment benefits provided under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act.

12. The effective date is changed to 120 days after enactment to give the division time to change forms and materials provided to employers and make all employers aware of the changes in procedures.

# Governor Murphy Takes Action on Legislation

09/22/2022

**TRENTON** – Today, Governor Murphy signed the following bills into law:

**S-772/A-1929 (Pou, Pennacchio/Swain, Dancer, McKnight)** - Directs Department of Agriculture to establish New Jersey Minority, Women, and Underserved Farmer Registry

S-1027/A-2208 (Singleton, Cruz-Perez/Greenwald, Verrelli, Sampson) - Includes duct cleaning as public work subject to the prevailing wage law

S-2253/A-3656 (Scutari, Pou/Stanley, McKnight, Benson) - Limits fees charged for copies of medical and billing records

The Governor vetoed the following bills:

S-757/S-2772 (Sarlo, Oroho/Freiman, Mukherji, Dancer) - CONDITIONAL - Authorizes special occasion events at certain commercial farms on preserved farmland, under certain conditions

Copy of Statement

SCS for S-2357/ACS for A-3830 (Madden, Lagana/Moriarty, Haider, Danielsen) - CONDITIONAL - Concerns timely payment of UI benefits

Copy of Statement

**A-1474/S-511 (Lopez, Danielsen, Carter/Cryan) - CONDITIONAL** - Provides certain protections and rights for temporary laborers.

Copy of Statement

## SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSITUTE FOR SENATE BILL NO. 2357

To the Senate:

Pursuant to Article V, Section I, Paragraph 14 of the New Jersey Constitution, I am returning Senate Committee Substitute of Senate Bill No. 2357 with my recommendations for reconsideration.

Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 2357 makes certain changes to the administration of the State's unemployment insurance ("UI") system to increase the system's efficiency and expedite timely benefits payments. Among other things, the bill mandates enhanced information sharing among the Department of Labor and Workforce Development's Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance ("the Division"), New Jersey employers, and claimants, requires that information be shared among the parties via electronic means, and imposes penalties on employers who fail to promptly provide the Division with the requisite information. The bill also modifies the process to appeal a benefit determination and specifies that a claimant whose benefit is reduced as a result of an appeal is not liable to repay the overpayment when the claimant is not at fault. Similarly, the bill requires a claimant to be paid any benefits withheld pending an appeal of a determination that a claimant is disqualified if the claimant is ultimately determined to be eligible to receive UI.

I commend the bill's sponsors for their dedication to improving our State's UI system. The revisions contained in the bill will promote a more expeditious review of unemployment claims and ensure a reliable and transparent process for all involved. In particular, the provisions protecting claimants from overpayment repayment will restore confidence that claimants

acting in good faith can rely on the Division's determinations and use their benefits without fear of a reversal.

However, I have been advised by the United States Department of Labor ("USDOL") that they have reviewed Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 2357 for the purpose of determining conformity with federal unemployment compensation law and have identified multiple "conformity issues," where they believe the bill's provisions are inconsistent with federal law, including the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security ("CARES) Act. A State's unemployment compensation law must conform with the requirements of 20 C.F.R. § 604.6 for purposes of certification under (1) 26 U.S.C. § 3304(c) of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act with respect to whether employers are eligible to receive credit against the Federal unemployment tax established by 26 U.S.C. § 3301, and (2) 42 U.S.C. § 502 of the Social Security Act with respect to whether a State is eligible to receive Federal grants for the administration of its unemployment compensation program.

Specifically, as to Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 2357, the USDOL has identified as a conformity issue that certain employers may be unable to comply with the bill's provisions requiring information sharing via electronic means. USDOL has also identified as a conformity issue the bill's language regarding the release of claimants from liability to repay "any portion" of certain overpayments. The USDOL has advised that this language in the bill is inconsistent with language in the CARES Act permitting waivers of overpayment only if a state determines both that the overpayment was not the fault of the claimant and that requiring the claimant to pay back the overpayment would be contrary to equity and good conscience. See §§ 2102(d)(4), 2104(f)(2) and 2107(e)(2) of the CARES Act. Finally, USDOL has

cautioned that, under federal law and regulations, benefits may not be paid for an overturned period of disqualification without weekly certifications from the claimant for the applicable period evidencing the claimant's eligibility. See 20 C.F.R. § 604.3(a) (A State may pay unemployment compensation only to an individual who is able to work and available for work for the week for which unemployment compensation is claimed).

Accordingly, I am recommending minor revisions to Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 2357 to address the concerns raised by USDOL and ensure that benefits are paid in conformity with federal law. These revisions authorize the Division to permit an employer to communicate information with the Division by methods other than electronic communication in those limited circumstances where an employer has demonstrated an inability to communication electronically. My recommended changes also clarify that overpayments paid under federal CARES Act programs may only be waived if the Division determines that both (1) the overpayment was not the fault of the claimant and (2) repayment would be contrary to equity and good conscience. Finally, my revisions specify that benefits may not be paid to a claimant for any week during which the claimant has failed to provide to the division a weekly certification evidencing the claimant's eligibility for benefits.

In addition to the changes I am recommending at the request of the USDOL, my revisions also give the Division additional time to implement the law in order to ensure a seamless transition to the enhanced system.

Therefore, I herewith return Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 2357 and recommend that it be amended as follows:

Page 3, Section 1, Line 11: After "employer." insert

"Notwithstanding the provisions of this section

which require employers to provide information to the division by electronic means, and the division to provide notifications to an employer by electronic means, the commissioner shall have the discretion to establish by rule an alternate method or methods for employers to provide the required information to the division and for the division to provide the required notifications to an employer in circumstances where it is established, to the satisfaction of commissioner, that the employer is unable to provide the information to the division or is unable to receive notifications from the division by electronic means."

### Page 6, Section 1, Line 38:

After "disqualification" insert ", except that no such benefits shall be paid to the claimant for any week during which the claimant has failed to provide to the division a weekly certification evidencing the claimant's eligibility for benefits"

Page 7, Section 1, Line 8:

After "overpayment" "where the overpayment is of regular Unemployment Compensation. In the case of the recovery of an overpayment of benefit under any of the following programs authorized by the federal "Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Act," Security (CARES) Pub.L.116-136: Federal Pandemic Unemployment Compensation (FPUC), Pandemic Emergency Unemployment (PEUC), Mixed Compensation Unemployment Earners Compensation (MEUC), Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA), or the first week of regular Unemployment Compensation that is reimbursed in accordance with Section 2105 of the CARES Act, a recovery shall not be waived unless the division determines that the claimant is without fault and the repayment would be contrary to equity and good conscience"

Page 15, Section 2, Line 38:

Delete "(d)"

Page 15, Section 2, Line 39:

Delete "full"

Page 16, Section 2, Line 2:

Delete "or"

Page 16, Section 2, Line 3:

After "(PUA)" insert ", or the first week of regular Unemployment Compensation that is reimbursed in accordance with Section 2105 of the CARES Act"

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Page 17, Section 3, Line 42:

Delete "120th" and insert

"270th" in its place

Page 17, Section 3, Line 43:

Delete "120th" and insert

"270th" in its place

Respectfully,

[seal]

/s/ Philip D. Murphy

Governor

#### Attest:

/s/ Kate McDonnell

Senior Deputy Chief Counsel to the Governor

## SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSITUTE FOR SENATE BILL NO. 2357

To the Senate:

Pursuant to Article V, Section I, Paragraph 14 of the New Jersey Constitution, I am returning Senate Committee Substitute of Senate Bill No. 2357 with my recommendations for reconsideration.

Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 2357 makes certain changes to the administration of the State's unemployment insurance ("UI") system to increase the system's efficiency and expedite timely benefits payments. Among other things, the bill mandates enhanced information sharing among the Department of Labor and Workforce Development's Division of Unemployment and Temporary Disability Insurance ("the Division"), New Jersey employers, and claimants, requires that information be shared among the parties via electronic means, and imposes penalties on employers who fail to promptly provide the Division with the requisite information. The bill also modifies the process to appeal a benefit determination and specifies that a claimant whose benefit is reduced as a result of an appeal is not liable to repay the overpayment when the claimant is not at fault. Similarly, the bill requires a claimant to be paid any benefits withheld pending an appeal of a determination that a claimant is disqualified if the claimant is ultimately determined to be eligible to receive UI.

I commend the bill's sponsors for their dedication to improving our State's UI system. The revisions contained in the bill will promote a more expeditious review of unemployment claims and ensure a reliable and transparent process for all involved. In particular, the provisions protecting claimants from overpayment repayment will restore confidence that claimants

acting in good faith can rely on the Division's determinations and use their benefits without fear of a reversal.

However, I have been advised by the United States Department of Labor ("USDOL") that they have reviewed Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 2357 for the purpose of determining conformity with federal unemployment compensation law and have identified multiple "conformity issues," where they believe the bill's provisions are inconsistent with federal law, including the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security ("CARES) Act. A State's unemployment compensation law must conform with the requirements of 20 C.F.R. § 604.6 for purposes of certification under (1) 26 U.S.C. § 3304(c) of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act with respect to whether employers are eligible to receive credit against the Federal unemployment tax established by 26 U.S.C. § 3301, and (2) 42 U.S.C. § 502 of the Social Security Act with respect to whether a State is eligible to receive Federal grants for the administration of its unemployment compensation program.

Specifically, as to Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 2357, the USDOL has identified as a conformity issue that certain employers may be unable to comply with the bill's provisions requiring information sharing via electronic means. USDOL has also identified as a conformity issue the bill's language regarding the release of claimants from liability to repay "any portion" of certain overpayments. The USDOL has advised that this language in the bill is inconsistent with language in the CARES Act permitting waivers of overpayment only if a state determines both that the overpayment was not the fault of the claimant and that requiring the claimant to pay back the overpayment would be contrary to equity and good conscience. See §§ 2102(d)(4), 2104(f)(2) and 2107(e)(2) of the CARES Act. Finally, USDOL has cautioned that, under federal law and regulations, benefits may not be paid for an overturned period of disqualification without

weekly certifications from the claimant for the applicable period evidencing the claimant's eligibility. See 20 C.F.R. § 604.3(a) (A State may pay unemployment compensation only to an individual who is able to work and available for work for the week for which unemployment compensation is claimed).

Accordingly, I am recommending minor revisions to Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 2357 to address the concerns raised by USDOL and ensure that benefits are paid in conformity with federal law. These revisions authorize the Division to permit an employer to communicate information with the Division by methods other than electronic communication in those limited circumstances where an employer has demonstrated an inability to communication electronically. My recommended changes also clarify that overpayments paid under federal CARES Act programs may only be waived if the Division determines that both (1) the overpayment was not the fault of the claimant and (2) repayment would be contrary to equity and good conscience. Finally, my revisions specify that benefits may not be paid to a claimant for any week during which the claimant has failed to provide to the division a weekly certification evidencing the claimant's eligibility for benefits.

In addition to the changes I am recommending at the request of the USDOL, my revisions also give the Division additional time to implement the law in order to ensure a seamless transition to the enhanced system.

Therefore, I herewith return Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 2357 and recommend that it be amended as follows:

### Page 3, Section 1, Line 11:

After "employer." "Notwithstanding provisions of this which require employers to provide information to the division by electronic means, and the division to provide notifications to an employer electronic by means, the commissioner shall have the discretion to establish by

rule an alternate method or methods for employers to provide the required information to the division and for the division to provide the required notifications to an employer in circumstances where it is established, to the of that satisfaction commissioner, the employer is unable to provide information to the the to division or is unable receive notifications from the division by electronic means."

### Page 6, Section 1, Line 38:

After "disqualification" insert ", except that no such benefits shall be paid to the claimant for any week during which the claimant has failed to provide to the division a weekly certification evidencing the claimant's eligibility for benefits"

### Page 7, Section 1, Line 8:

After "overpayment" insert "where the overpayment is of After regular Unemployment Compensation. In the case of Unemployment the recovery of an overpayment of benefit under any of the following programs authorized by the federal "Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act," Pub.L.116-136: Federal Security
Pub.L.116-136: rederant
Unemployment Compensation (FPUC), Pandemic Emergency Unemployment (PEUC), Mixed Compensation Earners Unemployment Compensation (MEUC), Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA), or the first week of regular Unemployment Compensation that is reimbursed in accordance with Section 2105 of the CARES Act, a recovery shall not be waived unless the division determines that the claimant is without fault and the repayment would be contrary to equity and good conscience"

Page 15, Section 2, Line 38:

Delete "(d)"

Page 15, Section 2, Line 39:

Delete "full"

Page 16, Section 2, Line 2:

Delete "or"

Page 16, Section 2, Line 3:

After "(PUA)" insert ", or the first week of regular Unemployment Compensation that is reimbursed in accordance with Section 2105 of the CARES Act"

Page 17, Section 3, Line 42:

Delete "120th" and insert "270th" in its place

Delete "120th" and insert "270th" in its place Page 17, Section 3, Line 43:

Respectfully,

[seal] /s/ Philip D. Murphy

Governor

Attest:

/s/ Kate McDonnell

Senior Deputy Chief Counsel to the Governor