# 2C:58-1 to 2C:58-3; 2C:58-3.3 & 2C:58-3.3a LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF:	2022	CHAF	TER:	55			
NJSA:	2C:58-1 to 2C:58-3; 2C:58-3.3 & 2C:58-3.3a (Regulates sale of handgun ammunition and develops system of electronic reporting of handgun ammunition sales.)						
BILL NO:	A1302 (Subst		tituted fo	r S2903 (1R))			
SPONSOR(S)	Louis D	). Greenwald ar	d others				
DATE INTRODUCED: 1/11/2022							
COMMITTEE:		ASSEMBLY:	Judicia Appro	ary priations			
		SENATE:					
AMENDED DURING PASSAGE:			Yes				
DATE OF PASSAGE:		ASSEMBLY:	6/29/2	022			
		SENATE:	6/29/2	022			
DATE OF APP	PROVAL:	7/5/2022					
FOLLOWING	ARE ATI	ACHED IF AV		E:			
FINAL TEXT OF BILL (Second Reprint enacted) Yes							
A1302							
INTRODUCED BILL: (Includes sp				r(s) statement)	Yes		
COM	MITTEE S	TATEMENT:	ASSE	MBLY:	Yes	Judiciary Appropriations	
			SENA	TE:	No		
(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, <i>may possibly</i> be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)							
FLOOR AMENDMENT STATE			MENT:		No		
LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIM			ATE:		Yes	6/24/2022 7/1/2022	
S2903 (1R)							
INTRODUCED BILL: (Includes s				r(s) statement)	Yes		
COM	NITTEE S	TATEMENT:	ASSE	MBLY:	No		
			SENA	TE:	Yes	Law & Public Safety	

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

	FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT:	No
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LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE:	Yes	7/1/2022	
VETO MESSAGE:	No		
GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING:	Yes		
FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED: To check for circulating copies, contact New Jersey State Government Publications at the State Library (609) 278-2640 ext.103 or <u>mailto:refdesk@njstatelib.org</u>			
REPORTS:	No		
HEARINGS:	No		
NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:	Yes		

Katie Sobko, NorthJersey.com | USA TODAY NETWORK – NEW JERSEY, 'NJ tightens gun laws after high court ruling - New bills follow weekend of nationwide gun violence', Burlington County Times (online), 6 Jul 2022 A1

By MIKE CATALINI, Associated Press, 'Murphy signs 7 new bills aimed at tightening NJ gun laws', Associated Press State Wire: New Jersey (online), 5 Jul 2022

end

§5 C.2C:58-3.3a §6 Note

# P.L. 2022, CHAPTER 55, approved July 5, 2022 Assembly, No. 1302 (Second Reprint)

1 AN ACT concerning the sale of ammunition, amending N.J.S.2C:58-2 1, N.J.S.2C:58-2, N.J.S.2C:58-3, and P.L.2007, c.318, and 3 supplementing Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes. 4 5 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 6 of New Jersey: 7 8 1. N.J.S.2C:58-1 is amended to read as follows: 9 2C:58-1. Registration of manufacturers and wholesale dealers of 10 firearms Registration. Every manufacturer and wholesale dealer of 11 a. firearms shall register with the superintendent as provided in this 12 13 section. No person shall engage in the business of, or act as a 14 manufacturer or wholesale dealer of firearms, or manufacture or sell 15 at wholesale any firearm, until he has so registered. Applications for registration shall be made on such forms as 16 17 shall be prescribed by the superintendent, and the applicant shall 18 furnish such information and other particulars as may be prescribed 19 by law or by any rules or regulations promulgated by the 20 superintendent. Each application for registration or renewal shall 21 be accompanied by a fee of \$150.00. 22 The superintendent shall prescribe standards and qualifications for the registration of manufacturers and wholesalers of firearms, 23 for the protection of the public safety, health and welfare. He shall 24 refuse to register any applicant for registration unless he is satisfied 25 26 that the applicant can be permitted to engage in business as a 27 manufacturer or wholesale dealer of firearms without any danger to the public safety, health or welfare. 28 29 The superintendent shall issue a certificate of registration to 30 every person registered under this section, and such certificate shall 31 be valid for a period of 3 years from the date of issuance. 32 b. Wholesale dealer's agent. Every registered wholesale dealer 33 of firearms shall cause each of his agents or employees actively 34 engaged in the purchase or sale of firearms to be licensed with the 35 superintendent as a wholesale dealer's agent. Applications for 36 agents' licenses shall be submitted on such forms as shall be 37 prescribed by the superintendent, and shall be signed by the

**EXPLANATION** – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows: <sup>1</sup>Assembly AJU committee amendments adopted June 23, 2022. <sup>2</sup>Assembly AAP committee amendments adopted June 23, 2022.

registered wholesale dealer and by the agent. Each application shall be accompanied by a fee of \$5.00, and each license shall be valid for so long as the agent or employee remains in the employ of the wholesale dealer and the wholesale dealer remains validly registered under this section. The superintendent shall prescribe standards and qualifications for licensed wholesale dealers' agents, for the protection of the public safety, health and welfare.

8 c. Revocation of certificate of registration or license.

9 The superintendent may, after reasonable notice to all affected 10 parties and a hearing if requested, revoke any certificate of 11 registration or agent's license if he finds that the registered or 12 licensed person is no longer engaged in the business of 13 manufacturing or wholesaling firearms in this State or that he can 14 no longer be permitted to carry on such business without endangering the public safety, health or welfare. A certificate or 15 16 license may be canceled at any time at the request of the registered 17 or licensed person.

18 Any person aggrieved by the refusal of the d. Appeals. 19 superintendent to register him as a manufacturer or wholesale dealer 20 or a wholesale dealer's agent, or by revocation of his certificate or 21 license, may appeal to the Appellate Division of the Superior Court. 22 Records of sales. Every manufacturer and wholesale dealer e. 23 shall keep a detailed record of each firearm and all handgun 24 ammunition sold by [him] the manufacturer and dealer. The firearm record shall include the date of sale, the name and address 25 26 of the purchaser, a description of each firearm and the firearm's serial number [thereof]. The handgun ammunition record shall be 27 in electronic form and shall contain the date of the transaction; the 28 29 type, caliber, or gauge of the ammunition; the quantity of 30 ammunition sold; the name and address of the purchaser; and any 31 other information the superintendent shall deem necessary for the 32 proper enforcement of this chapter. The records shall be available 33 for inspection at all reasonable times by any law enforcement 34 officer.

Every manufacturer and wholesale dealer shall establish a system
 for maintaining electronic records pursuant to this subsection within
 12 months of the effective date of P.L., c. (C.) (pending
 before the Legislature as this bill).

- 39 (cf: N.J.S.2C:58-1)
- 40

41 2. N.J.S.2C:58-2 is amended to read as follows:

42 2C:58-2. a. Licensing of retail dealers and their employees. No 43 retail dealer of firearms nor any employee of a retail dealer shall 44 sell or expose for sale, or possess with the intent of selling, any 45 firearm unless licensed to do so as hereinafter provided. The 46 superintendent shall prescribe standards and qualifications for retail 47 dealers of firearms and their employees for the protection of the 48 public safety, health and welfare.

Applications shall be made in the form prescribed by the 1 2 superintendent, accompanied by a fee of \$50 payable to the 3 superintendent, and shall be made to a judge of the Superior Court 4 in the county where the applicant maintains his place of business. 5 The judge shall grant a license to an applicant if he finds that the 6 applicant meets the standards and qualifications established by the 7 superintendent and that the applicant can be permitted to engage in 8 business as a retail dealer of firearms or employee thereof without 9 any danger to the public safety, health and welfare. Each license 10 shall be valid for a period of three years from the date of issuance, 11 and shall authorize the holder to sell firearms at retail in a specified 12 municipality.

In addition, every retail dealer shall pay a fee of \$5 for each employee actively engaged in the sale or purchase of firearms. The superintendent shall issue a license for each employee for whom said fee has been paid, which license shall be valid for so long as the employee remains in the employ of said retail dealer.

No license shall be granted to any retail dealer under the age of 21 years or to any employee of a retail dealer under the age of 18 or to any person who could not qualify to obtain a permit to purchase a handgun or a firearms purchaser identification card, or to any corporation, partnership or other business organization in which the actual or equitable controlling interest is held or possessed by such an ineligible person.

All licenses shall be granted subject to the following conditions,
for breach of any of which the license shall be subject to revocation
on the application of any law enforcement officer and after notice
and hearing by the issuing court:

(1) The business shall be carried on only in the building or
buildings designated in the license, provided that repairs may be
made by the dealer or his employees outside of such premises.

32 (2) The license or a copy certified by the issuing authority shall
33 be displayed at all times in a conspicuous place on the business
34 premises where it can be easily read.

35 (3) No firearm or imitation thereof shall be placed in any
36 window or in any other part of the premises where it can be readily
37 seen from the outside.

38 (4) No rifle or shotgun, except antique rifles or shotguns, shall 39 be delivered to any person unless such person possesses and exhibits a valid firearms purchaser identification card and furnishes 40 41 the seller, on the form prescribed by the superintendent, a 42 certification signed by him setting forth his name, permanent address, firearms purchaser identification card number and such 43 44 other information as the superintendent may by rule or regulation 45 require. The certification shall be retained by the dealer and shall 46 be made available for inspection by any law enforcement officer at 47 any reasonable time.

48 (5) No handgun shall be delivered to any person unless:

(a) Such person possesses and exhibits a valid permit to
 purchase a firearm and at least seven days have elapsed since the
 date of application for the permit;

4 (b) The person is personally known to the seller or presents5 evidence of his identity;

(c) The handgun is unloaded and securely wrapped;

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7 (d) The handgun is accompanied by a trigger lock or a locked 8 case, gun box, container or other secure facility; provided, however, 9 this provision shall not apply to antique handguns or personalized 10 handguns included in the roster pursuant to section 2 of P.L.2019, 11 c.164 (C.2C:58-2.8). The exemptions afforded under this 12 subparagraph for antique handguns and personalized handguns shall 13 be narrowly construed, limited solely to the requirements set forth 14 herein and shall not be deemed to afford or authorize any other 15 exemption from the regulatory provisions governing firearms set forth in chapter 39 and chapter 58 of Title 2C of the New Jersey 16 17 Statutes; and

(e) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2019, c.164)

(6) The dealer shall keep a true record of every handgun sold,
given or otherwise delivered or disposed of, in accordance with the
provisions of subsections b. through e. of this section and the record
shall note whether a trigger lock, locked case, gun box, container or
other secure facility was delivered along with the handgun.

(7) A dealer shall not knowingly deliver more than one handgun
to any person within any 30-day period. This limitation shall not
apply to:

(a) a federal, State, or local law enforcement officer or agency
purchasing handguns for use by officers in the actual performance
of their law enforcement duties;

(b) a collector of handguns as curios or relics as defined in Title
18, United States Code, section 921 (a) (13) who has in his
possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License issued by
the federal Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives;

34 (c) transfers of handguns among licensed retail dealers,
35 registered wholesale dealers and registered manufacturers;

36 (d) any transaction where the person has purchased a handgun
37 from a licensed retail dealer and has returned that handgun to the
38 dealer in exchange for another handgun within 30 days of the
39 original transaction, provided the retail dealer reports the exchange
40 transaction to the superintendent; or

41 (e) any transaction where the superintendent issues an
42 exemption from the prohibition in this subsection pursuant to the
43 provisions of section 4 of P.L.2009, c.186 (C.2C:58-3.4).

b. Records. (1) Every person engaged in the retail business of selling, leasing or otherwise transferring a handgun, as a retail dealer or otherwise, shall keep a register in which shall be entered the time of the sale, lease or other transfer, the date thereof, the name, age, date of birth, occupation, residence and a physical

description including distinguishing physical characteristics, if any, 1 2 of the purchaser, lessee or transferee, the name and permanent home 3 address of the person making the sale, lease or transfer, the place of 4 the transaction, and the make, model, manufacturer's number, 5 caliber and other marks of identification on such handgun and such 6 other information as the superintendent shall deem necessary for the 7 proper enforcement of this chapter. The register shall be retained by 8 the dealer and shall be made available at all reasonable hours for 9 inspection by any law enforcement officer. (2) Every person engaged in the retail business of selling, 10 leasing, or otherwise transferring handgun ammunition, as a retail 11 dealer or otherwise, shall keep an electronic record in which shall 12 13 be entered the name of the manufacturer; the date of the transaction; 14 the type; caliber or gauge of the ammunition; the quantity of the 15 ammunition sold; the name, address, and date of birth of the purchaser; the identification used to establish the identity of the 16 17 purchaser; and any other information the superintendent shall deem 18 necessary for the proper enforcement of this chapter. 19 The electronic records shall be retained by the dealer and shall be 20 made available at all reasonable hours for inspection by any law enforcement officer, and additionally shall be electronically 21 22 reported to the superintendent in accordance with section  $1 \begin{bmatrix} 4 \end{bmatrix} 5^1$  of 23 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). 24 <sup>1</sup>(3) Every retail dealer in the business of selling or otherwise 25 transferring handgun ammunition shall immediately electronically report to the State Police any transaction involving the sale, 26 27 transfer, assignment, or disposition of 2,000 or more rounds of 28 handgun ammunition and information relating to each transaction in 29 accordance with this subsection. 30 Until the implementation of the electronic record system 31 described in paragraph (2) of subsection b. of this section or section 32 5 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this 33 bill), the retail dealer shall immediately contact the State Police 34 regarding the sale, transfer, assignment, or disposition of 2,000 or 35 more rounds of handgun ammunition in accordance with guidelines 36 established by the superintendent.<sup>1</sup> 37 c. Forms of register. [The] (1) Until the implementation of the electronic record 38 39 system described in paragraph (2) of subsection b. of this section or 40 section  $\begin{bmatrix} 4 \end{bmatrix} 5^1$  of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), the superintendent shall prepare the form of 41 42 the register as described in paragraph (1) of subsection b. of this 43 section and furnish the same in triplicate to each person licensed to 44 be engaged in the business of selling, leasing or otherwise 45 transferring firearms. 46 (2) All retail dealers of handgun ammunition shall establish a 47 system for maintaining electronic records of the sale or transfer of

1 handgun ammunition within 12 months after the effective date of 2 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). 3 d. Signatures in register. [The] <u>Until the dealer implements an</u> 4 electronic record system as described in paragraph (2) of subsection b. of this section or section  ${}^{1}$  [4]  $5^{1}$  of P.L., c. (C.) (pending 5 before the Legislature as this bill), the purchaser, lessee or 6 7 transferee of any handgun shall sign, and the dealer shall require 8 him to sign his name to the register, in triplicate, and the person 9 making the sale, lease or transfer shall affix his name, in triplicate, 10 as a witness to the signature. The signatures, or the entry of an electronic signature in the electronic record system pursuant to 11 12 paragraph (2) of subsection b. of this section or section  $1 \begin{bmatrix} 4 \end{bmatrix} 5^1$  of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), 13 14 shall constitute a representation of the accuracy of the information 15 contained in the register. 16 e. Copies of register entries; delivery to chief of police or 17 county clerk. 18 [Within] (1) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2) of 19 this subsection, within five days of the date of the sale, assignment 20 or transfer, the dealer shall deliver or mail by certified mail, return receipt requested, legible copies of the register forms to the office 21 22 of the chief of police of the municipality in which the purchaser 23 resides, or to the office of the captain of the precinct of the 24 municipality in which the purchaser resides, and to the 25 superintendent. If hand delivered a receipt shall be given to the dealer therefor. 26 27 Where a sale, assignment or transfer is made to a purchaser who 28 resides in a municipality having no chief of police, the dealer shall, 29 within five days of the transaction, mail a duplicate copy of the 30 register sheet to the clerk of the county within which the purchaser 31 resides. 32 (2) A dealer shall not be required to use the triplicate form after 33 the dealer establishes an electronic reporting system pursuant to 34 paragraph (2) of subsection b. of this section or section  ${}^{1}$  [4]  $5^{1}$  of 35 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). 36 (cf: P.L.2019, c.164, s.7) 37 38 <sup>1</sup>[3. N.J.S.2C:58-3 is amended to read as follows: 39 2C:58-3. a. Permit to purchase a handgun. 40 (1) No person shall sell, give, transfer, assign or otherwise 41 dispose of, nor receive, purchase, or otherwise acquire a handgun 42 unless the purchaser, assignee, donee, receiver or holder is licensed 43 as a dealer under this chapter or has first secured a permit to 44 purchase a handgun as provided by this section. 45 (2) A person who is not a licensed retail dealer and sells, gives, 46 transfers, assigns, or otherwise disposes of, or receives, purchases

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or otherwise acquires a handgun pursuant to this section shall 1 2 conduct the transaction through a licensed retail dealer. 3 The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply if the transaction 4 is: 5 (a) between members of an immediate family as defined in 6 subsection n. of this section: 7 (b) between law enforcement officers; 8 (c) between collectors of firearms or ammunition as curios or relics as defined in Title 18, U.S.C. section 921 (a) (13) who have 9 10 in their possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License issued by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and 11 12 Explosives; or 13 (d) a temporary transfer pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1992, 14 c.74 (C.2C:58-3.1) or section 1 of P.L.1997, c.375 (C.2C:58-3.2). 15 (3) Prior to a transaction conducted pursuant to this subsection, 16 the retail dealer shall complete a National Instant Criminal 17 Background Check of the person acquiring the handgun. 18 addition: 19 (a) the retail dealer shall submit to the Superintendent of State 20 Police, on a form approved by the superintendent, information identifying and confirming the background check; 21 22 (b) every retail dealer shall maintain a record of transactions 23 conducted pursuant to this subsection, which shall be maintained at 24 the address displayed on the retail dealer's license for inspection by 25 a law enforcement officer during reasonable hours; 26 (c) a retail dealer may charge a fee for a transaction conducted 27 pursuant to this subsection; and 28 (d) any record produced pursuant to this subsection shall not be 29 considered a public record pursuant to P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et 30 seq.) or P.L.2001, c.404 (C.47:1A-5 et al.). 31 b. Firearms purchaser identification card. 32 (1) No person shall sell, give, transfer, assign or otherwise 33 dispose of nor receive, purchase or otherwise acquire an antique 34 cannon or a rifle or shotgun, other than an antique rifle or shotgun, unless the purchaser, assignee, donee, receiver or holder is licensed 35 36 as a dealer under this chapter or possesses a valid firearms 37 purchaser identification card, and first exhibits the card to the seller, 38 donor, transferor or assignor, and unless the purchaser, assignee, 39 donee, receiver or holder signs a written certification, on a form prescribed by the superintendent, which shall indicate that he 40 presently complies with the requirements of subsection c. of this 41 42 section and shall contain his name, address and firearms purchaser 43 identification card number or dealer's registration number. The 44 certification shall be retained by the seller, as provided in paragraph 45 (4) of subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:58-2, or, in the case of a person 46 who is not a dealer, it may be filed with the chief of police of the 47 municipality in which he resides or with the superintendent.

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(2) A person who is not a licensed retail dealer and sells, gives,
 transfers, assigns, or otherwise disposes of, or receives, purchases
 or otherwise acquires an antique cannon or a rifle or shotgun
 pursuant to this section shall conduct the transaction through a
 licensed retail dealer.

6 The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply if the transaction7 is:

8 (a) between members of an immediate family as defined in9 subsection n. of this section;

10 (b) between law enforcement officers;

(c) between collectors of firearms or ammunition as curios or
relics as defined in Title 18, U.S.C. section 921 (a) (13) who have
in their possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License
issued by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and
Explosives; or

(d) a temporary transfer pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1992,
c.74 (C.2C:58-3.1) and section 1 of P.L.1997, c.375 (C.2C:58-3.2).

(3) Prior to a transaction conducted pursuant to this subsection,
the retail dealer shall complete a National Instant Criminal
Background Check of the person acquiring an antique cannon or a
rifle or shotgun. In addition:

(a) the retail dealer shall submit to the Superintendent of State
Police, on a form approved by the superintendent, information
identifying and confirming the background check;

(b) every retail dealer shall maintain a record of transactions
conducted pursuant to this section which shall be maintained at the
address set forth on the retail dealer's license for inspection by a law
enforcement officer during reasonable hours;

(c) a retail dealer may charge a fee for a transaction conductedpursuant to this subsection; and

31 (d) any record produced pursuant to this subsection shall not be
32 considered a public record pursuant to P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et
33 seq.) or P.L.2001, c.404 (C.47:1A-5 et al.).

c. Who may obtain. No person of good character and good
repute in the community in which he lives, and who is not subject to
any of the disabilities set forth in this section or other sections of
this chapter, shall be denied a permit to purchase a handgun or a
firearms purchaser identification card, except as hereinafter set
forth. No handgun purchase permit or firearms purchaser
identification card shall be issued:

(1) To any person who has been convicted of any crime, or a
disorderly persons offense involving an act of domestic violence as
defined in section 3 of P.L.1991, c.261 (C.2C:25-19), whether or
not armed with or possessing a weapon at the time of the offense;

(2) To any drug dependent person as defined in section 2 of
P.L.1970, c.226 (C.24:21-2), to any person who is confined for a
mental disorder to a hospital, mental institution or sanitarium, or to
any person who is presently an habitual drunkard;

(3) To any person who suffers from a physical defect or disease 1 2 which would make it unsafe for him to handle firearms, to any 3 person who has ever been confined for a mental disorder, or to any 4 alcoholic unless any of the foregoing persons produces a certificate 5 of a medical doctor or psychiatrist licensed in New Jersey, or other 6 satisfactory proof, that he is no longer suffering from that particular 7 disability in a manner that would interfere with or handicap him in 8 the handling of firearms; to any person who knowingly falsifies any 9 information on the application form for a handgun purchase permit 10 or firearms purchaser identification card;

(4) To any person under the age of 18 years for a firearms
purchaser identification card and to any person under the age of 21
years for a permit to purchase a handgun;

14 (5) To any person where the issuance would not be in the15 interest of the public health, safety or welfare;

(6) To any person who is subject to a restraining order issued
pursuant to the "Prevention of Domestic Violence Act of 1991,"
P.L.1991, c.261 (C.2C:25-17 et seq.) prohibiting the person from
possessing any firearm;

(7) To any person who as a juvenile was adjudicated delinquent
for an offense which, if committed by an adult, would constitute a
crime and the offense involved the unlawful use or possession of a
weapon, explosive or destructive device or is enumerated in
subsection d. of section 2 of P.L.1997, c.117 (C.2C:43-7.2);

(8) To any person whose firearm is seized pursuant to the
"Prevention of Domestic Violence Act of 1991," P.L.1991,
c.261 (C.2C:25-17 et seq.) and whose firearm has not been
returned; or

(9) To any person named on the consolidated Terrorist Watchlist
maintained by the Terrorist Screening Center administered by the
Federal Bureau of Investigation; or

(10) To any person who is subject to a court order prohibiting
the custody, control, ownership, purchase, possession, or receipt of
a firearm or ammunition issued pursuant to the "Extreme Risk
Protective Order Act of 2018," P.L.2018, c.35 (C.2C:58-20 et al.).

d. Issuance. The chief of police of an organized full-time
police department of the municipality where the applicant resides or
the superintendent, in all other cases, shall upon application, issue
to any person qualified under the provisions of subsection c. of this
section a permit to purchase a handgun or a firearms purchaser
identification card.

Any person aggrieved by the denial of a permit or identification card may request a hearing in the Superior Court of the county in which he resides if he is a resident of New Jersey or in the Superior Court of the county in which his application was filed if he is a nonresident. The request for a hearing shall be made in writing within 30 days of the denial of the application for a permit or identification card. The applicant shall serve a copy of his request

for a hearing upon the chief of police of the municipality in which 1 2 he resides, if he is a resident of New Jersey, and upon the 3 superintendent in all cases. The hearing shall be held and a record 4 made thereof within 30 days of the receipt of the application for a 5 hearing by the judge of the Superior Court. No formal pleading and 6 no filing fee shall be required as a preliminary to a hearing. 7 Appeals from the results of a hearing shall be in accordance with 8 law.

9 e. Applications. Applications for permits to purchase a 10 handgun and for firearms purchaser identification cards shall be in 11 the form prescribed by the superintendent and shall set forth the 12 name, residence, place of business, age, date of birth, occupation, 13 sex and physical description, including distinguishing physical 14 characteristics, if any, of the applicant, and shall state whether the 15 applicant is a citizen, whether he is an alcoholic, habitual drunkard, 16 drug dependent person as defined in section 2 of P.L.1970, 17 c.226 (C.24:21-2), whether he has ever been confined or committed 18 to a mental institution or hospital for treatment or observation of a 19 mental or psychiatric condition on a temporary, interim or 20 permanent basis, giving the name and location of the institution or hospital and the dates of confinement or commitment, whether he 21 22 has been attended, treated or observed by any doctor or psychiatrist 23 or at any hospital or mental institution on an inpatient or outpatient 24 basis for any mental or psychiatric condition, giving the name and 25 location of the doctor, psychiatrist, hospital or institution and the 26 dates of the occurrence, whether he presently or ever has been a 27 member of any organization which advocates or approves the 28 commission of acts of force and violence to overthrow the 29 Government of the United States or of this State, or which seeks to 30 deny others their rights under the Constitution of either the United 31 States or the State of New Jersey, whether he has ever been 32 convicted of a crime or disorderly persons offense, whether the 33 person is subject to a restraining order issued pursuant to the 34 "Prevention of Domestic Violence Act of 1991," P.L.1991, 35 c.261 (C.2C:25-17 et seq.) prohibiting the person from possessing 36 any firearm, whether the person is subject to a protective order 37 issued pursuant to the "Extreme Risk Protective Order Act of 38 2018," P.L.2018, c.35 (C.2C:58-20 et al.) prohibiting the person 39 from possessing any firearm, and other information as the 40 superintendent shall deem necessary for the proper enforcement of 41 this chapter. For the purpose of complying with this subsection, the 42 applicant shall waive any statutory or other right of confidentiality 43 relating to institutional confinement. The application shall be 44 signed by the applicant and shall contain as references the names 45 and addresses of two reputable citizens personally acquainted with 46 him

47 Application blanks shall be obtainable from the superintendent,48 from any other officer authorized to grant a permit or identification

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1 card, and from licensed retail dealers, or shall be made available

- 2 through an online process established or made available by the
- 3 <u>superintendent</u>.

4 The chief police officer or the superintendent shall obtain the 5 fingerprints of the applicant and shall have them compared with any 6 and all records of fingerprints in the municipality and county in which the applicant resides and also the records of the State Bureau 7 8 of Identification and the Federal Bureau of Investigation, provided 9 that an applicant for a handgun purchase permit who possesses a 10 valid firearms purchaser identification card, or who has previously 11 obtained a handgun purchase permit from the same licensing 12 authority for which he was previously fingerprinted, and who 13 provides other reasonably satisfactory proof of his identity, need not 14 be fingerprinted again; however, the chief police officer or the 15 superintendent shall proceed to investigate the application to 16 determine whether or not the applicant has become subject to any of 17 the disabilities set forth in this chapter.

18 Granting of permit or identification card; fee; term; renewal; f. 19 revocation. The application for the permit to purchase a handgun 20 together with a fee of \$2, or the application for the firearms purchaser identification card together with a fee of \$5, shall be 21 22 delivered or forwarded to the licensing authority who shall 23 investigate the same and, unless good cause for the denial thereof 24 appears, shall grant the permit or the identification card, or both, if 25 application has been made therefor, within 30 days from the date of 26 receipt of the application for residents of this State and within 45 27 days for nonresident applicants. A permit to purchase a handgun 28 shall be valid for a period of 90 days from the date of issuance and 29 may be renewed by the issuing authority for good cause for an 30 additional 90 days. A firearms purchaser identification card shall 31 be valid until such time as the holder becomes subject to any of the 32 disabilities set forth in subsection c. of this section, whereupon the 33 card shall be void and shall be returned within five days by the 34 holder to the superintendent, who shall then advise the licensing 35 authority. Failure of the holder to return the firearms purchaser 36 identification card to the superintendent within the five days shall 37 be an offense under subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:39-10. Any firearms 38 purchaser identification card may be revoked by the Superior Court 39 of the county wherein the card was issued, after hearing upon notice, upon a finding that the holder thereof no longer qualifies for 40 41 the issuance of the permit. The county prosecutor of any county, 42 the chief police officer of any municipality or any citizen may apply 43 to the court at any time for the revocation of the card.

There shall be no conditions or requirements added to the form
or content of the application, or required by the licensing authority
for the issuance of a permit or identification card, other than those
that are specifically set forth in this chapter.

1 g. Disposition of fees. All fees for permits shall be paid to the 2 State Treasury if the permit is issued by the superintendent, to the 3 municipality if issued by the chief of police, and to the county 4 treasurer if issued by the judge of the Superior Court.

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h. Form of permit; quadruplicate; disposition of copies.

6 [The] (1) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2) of this 7 subsection, the permit shall be in the form prescribed by the 8 superintendent and shall be issued to the applicant in quadruplicate. 9 Prior to the time he receives the handgun from the seller, the 10 applicant shall deliver to the seller the permit in quadruplicate and 11 the seller shall complete all of the information required on the form. 12 Within five days of the date of the sale, the seller shall forward the 13 original copy to the superintendent and the second copy to the chief 14 of police of the municipality in which the purchaser resides, except 15 that in a municipality having no chief of police, the copy shall be 16 forwarded to the superintendent. The third copy shall then be 17 returned to the purchaser with the pistol or revolver and the fourth 18 copy shall be kept by the seller as a permanent record.

(2) The requirements of this subsection concerning the delivery
and form of permit and disposition of copies shall not be applicable
when these functions may be completed by utilizing an electronic
system as described in paragraph (2) of subsection b. of
N.J.S.2C:58-2 or section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before
the Legislature as this bill).

i. Restriction on number of firearms person may purchase.
Only one handgun shall be purchased or delivered on each permit
and no more than one handgun shall be purchased within any 30day period, but this limitation shall not apply to:

(1) a federal, State, or local law enforcement officer or agency
purchasing handguns for use by officers in the actual performance
of their law enforcement duties;

32 (2) a collector of handguns as curios or relics as defined in Title
33 18, United States Code, section 921 (a) (13) who has in his
34 possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License issued by
35 the federal Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives;

36 (3) transfers of handguns among licensed retail dealers,
37 registered wholesale dealers and registered manufacturers;

(4) transfers of handguns from any person to a licensed retaildealer or a registered wholesale dealer or registered manufacturer;

40 (5) any transaction where the person has purchased a handgun 41 from a licensed retail dealer and has returned that handgun to the 42 dealer in exchange for another handgun within 30 days of the 43 original transaction, provided the retail dealer reports the exchange 44 transaction to the superintendent; or

(6) any transaction where the superintendent issues an
exemption from the prohibition in this subsection pursuant to the
provisions of section 4 of P.L.2009, c.186 (C.2C:58-3.4).

13

The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to afford
 or authorize any other exemption from the regulatory provisions
 governing firearms set forth in chapter 39 and chapter 58 of Title
 2C of the New Jersey Statutes;

5 A person shall not be restricted as to the number of rifles or 6 shotguns he may purchase, provided he possesses a valid firearms 7 purchaser identification card and provided further that he signs the 8 certification required in subsection b. of this section for each 9 transaction.

10 Firearms passing to heirs or legatees. Notwithstanding any j. other provision of this section concerning the transfer, receipt or 11 12 acquisition of a firearm, a permit to purchase or a firearms 13 purchaser identification card shall not be required for the passing of 14 a firearm upon the death of an owner thereof to his heir or legatee, 15 whether the same be by testamentary bequest or by the laws of intestacy. The person who shall so receive, or acquire the firearm 16 17 shall, however, be subject to all other provisions of this chapter. If 18 the heir or legatee of the firearm does not qualify to possess or carry 19 it, he may retain ownership of the firearm for the purpose of sale for 20 a period not exceeding 180 days, or for a further limited period as may be approved by the chief law enforcement officer of the 21 22 municipality in which the heir or legatee resides or the 23 superintendent, provided that the firearm is in the custody of the 24 chief law enforcement officer of the municipality or the 25 superintendent during that period.

k. Sawed-off shotguns. Nothing in this section shall be
construed to authorize the purchase or possession of any sawed-off
shotgun.

Nothing in this section and in N.J.S.2C:58-2 shall apply to
 the sale or purchase of a visual distress signalling device approved
 by the United States Coast Guard, solely for possession on a private
 or commercial aircraft or any boat; provided, however, that no
 person under the age of 18 years shall purchase nor shall any person
 sell to a person under the age of 18 years a visual distress signalling
 device.

m. The provisions of subsections a. and b. of this section and paragraphs (4) and (5) of subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:58-2 shall not apply to the purchase of firearms by a law enforcement agency for use by law enforcement officers in the actual performance of the officers' official duties, which purchase may be made directly from a manufacturer or from a licensed dealer located in this State or any other state.

n. For the purposes of this section, "immediate family" means a
spouse, domestic partner as defined in section 3 of P.L.2003,
c.246 (C.26:8A-3), partner in a civil union couple as defined in
section 2 of P.L.2006, c.103 (C.37:1-29), parent, stepparent,
grandparent, sibling, stepsibling, child, stepchild, and grandchild, as
related by blood or by law.

(cf: P.L.2018, c.36, s.1)]<sup>1</sup>

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3	<sup>1</sup> 3. N.J.S.2C:58-3 is amended to read as follows:
4	2C:58-3. a. Permit to purchase a handgun.
5	(1) No person shall sell, give, transfer, assign or otherwise
6	dispose of, nor receive, purchase, or otherwise acquire a handgun
7	unless the purchaser, assignee, donee, receiver or holder is licensed
8	as a dealer under this chapter or has first secured a permit to
9	purchase a handgun as provided by this section.
10	(2) A person who is not a licensed retail dealer and sells, gives,
11	transfers, assigns, or otherwise disposes of, or receives, purchases
12	or otherwise acquires a handgun pursuant to this section shall
13	conduct the transaction through a licensed retail dealer.
14	The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply if the transaction
15	is:
16	(a) between members of an immediate family as defined in
17	subsection n. of this section;
18	(b) between law enforcement officers;
19	(c) between collectors of firearms or ammunition as curios or
20	relics as defined in Title 18, U.S.C. section 921 (a) (13) who have
21	in their possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License
22	issued by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and
23	Explosives; or
24	(d) a temporary transfer pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1992, c.74
25	(C.2C:58-3.1) or section 1 of P.L.1997, c.375 (C.2C:58-3.2).
26	(3) Prior to a transaction conducted pursuant to this subsection,
27	the retail dealer shall complete a National Instant Criminal
28	Background Check of the person acquiring the handgun. In
29	addition:
30	(a) the retail dealer shall submit to the Superintendent of State
31	Police, on a form approved by the superintendent, information
32	identifying and confirming the background check;
33	(b) every retail dealer shall maintain a record of transactions
34	conducted pursuant to this subsection, which shall be maintained at
35	the address displayed on the retail dealer's license for inspection by
36	a law enforcement officer during reasonable hours;
37	(c) a retail dealer may charge a fee for a transaction conducted
38	pursuant to this subsection; and
39	(d) any record produced pursuant to this subsection shall not be
40	considered a public record pursuant to P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-
41	1 et seq.) or P.L.2001, c.404 (C.47:1A-5 et al.).
42	b. Firearms purchaser identification card.
43	(1) No person shall sell, give, transfer, assign or otherwise
44	dispose of nor receive, purchase or otherwise acquire an antique
45	cannon or a rifle or shotgun, other than an antique rifle or shotgun,
46	unless the purchaser, assignee, donee, receiver or holder is licensed

- e purcnaser, assignee, donee, as a dealer under this chapter or possesses a valid firearms
- 47 48 purchaser identification card, and first exhibits the card to the seller,

donor, transferor or assignor, and unless the purchaser, assignee, 1 2 donee, receiver or holder signs a written certification, on a form 3 prescribed by the superintendent, which shall indicate that he 4 presently complies with the requirements of subsection c. of this 5 section and shall contain his name, address and firearms purchaser 6 identification card number or dealer's registration number. The 7 certification shall be retained by the seller, as provided in paragraph 8 (4) of subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:58-2, or, in the case of a person 9 who is not a dealer, it may be filed with the chief of police of the 10 municipality in which he resides or with the superintendent.

(2) A person who is not a licensed retail dealer and sells, gives,
transfers, assigns, or otherwise disposes of, or receives, purchases
or otherwise acquires an antique cannon or a rifle or shotgun
pursuant to this section shall conduct the transaction through a
licensed retail dealer.

16 The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply if the transaction17 is:

(a) between members of an immediate family as defined insubsection n. of this section;

(b) between law enforcement officers;

20

(c) between collectors of firearms or ammunition as curios or
relics as defined in Title 18, U.S.C. section 921 (a) (13) who have
in their possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License
issued by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and
Explosives; or

26 (d) a temporary transfer pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1992, c.74
27 (C.2C:58-3.1) and section 1 of P.L.1997, c.375 (C.2C:58-3.2).

(3) Prior to a transaction conducted pursuant to this subsection,
the retail dealer shall complete a National Instant Criminal
Background Check of the person acquiring an antique cannon or a
rifle or shotgun. In addition:

32 (a) the retail dealer shall submit to the Superintendent of State
33 Police, on a form approved by the superintendent, information
34 identifying and confirming the background check;

(b) every retail dealer shall maintain a record of transactions
conducted pursuant to this section which shall be maintained at the
address set forth on the retail dealer's license for inspection by a law
enforcement officer during reasonable hours;

39 (c) a retail dealer may charge a fee for a transaction conducted40 pursuant to this subsection; and

(d) any record produced pursuant to this subsection shall not be
considered a public record pursuant to P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A1 et seq.) or P.L.2001, c.404 (C.47:1A-5 et al.).

44 c. Who may obtain. No person of good character and good 45 repute in the community in which he lives, and who is not subject to 46 any of the disabilities set forth in this section or other sections of 47 this chapter, shall be denied a permit to purchase a handgun or a 48 firearms purchaser identification card, except as hereinafter set forth. No handgun purchase permit or firearms purchaser
 identification card shall be issued:

3 (1) To any person who has been convicted of any crime, or a
4 disorderly persons offense involving an act of domestic violence as
5 defined in section 3 of P.L.1991, c.261 (C.2C:25-19), whether or
6 not armed with or possessing a weapon at the time of the offense;

7 (2) To any drug-dependent person as defined in section 2 of
8 P.L.1970, c.226 (C.24:21-2), to any person who is confined for a
9 mental disorder to a hospital, mental institution or sanitarium, or to
10 any person who is presently an habitual drunkard;

11 (3) To any person who suffers from a physical defect or disease 12 which would make it unsafe for him to handle firearms, to any 13 person who has ever been confined for a mental disorder, or to any 14 alcoholic unless any of the foregoing persons produces a certificate 15 of a medical doctor or psychiatrist licensed in New Jersey, or other 16 satisfactory proof, that he is no longer suffering from that particular 17 disability in a manner that would interfere with or handicap him in 18 the handling of firearms; to any person who knowingly falsifies any 19 information on the application form for a handgun purchase permit 20 or firearms purchaser identification card;

(4) To any person under the age of 18 years for a firearms
purchaser identification card and to any person under the age of 21
years for a permit to purchase a handgun;

(5) To any person where the issuance would not be in the interestof the public health, safety or welfare;

(6) To any person who is subject to a restraining order issued
pursuant to the "Prevention of Domestic Violence Act of 1991",
P.L.1991, c.261 (C.2C:25-17 et seq.) prohibiting the person from
possessing any firearm;

30 (7) To any person who as a juvenile was adjudicated delinquent
31 for an offense which, if committed by an adult, would constitute a
32 crime and the offense involved the unlawful use or possession of a
33 weapon, explosive or destructive device or is enumerated in
34 subsection d. of section 2 of P.L.1997, c.117 (C.2C:43-7.2);

(8) To any person whose firearm is seized pursuant to the
"Prevention of Domestic Violence Act of 1991", P.L.1991, c.261
(C.2C:25-17 et seq.) and whose firearm has not been returned; or

(9) To any person named on the consolidated Terrorist Watchlist
maintained by the Terrorist Screening Center administered by the
Federal Bureau of Investigation;

(10) To any person who is subject to a court order prohibiting the
custody, control, ownership, purchase, possession, or receipt of a
firearm or ammunition issued pursuant to the "Extreme Risk
Protective Order Act of 2018", P.L.2018, c.35 (C.2C:58-20 et al.);
or

46 (11) To any person who is subject to a court order prohibiting the47 custody, control, ownership, purchase, possession, or receipt of a

3 The chief of police of an organized full-time d. Issuance. 4 police department of the municipality where the applicant resides or 5 the superintendent, in all other cases, shall upon application, issue 6 to any person qualified under the provisions of subsection c. of this 7 section a permit to purchase a handgun or a firearms purchaser 8 identification card.

9 Any person aggrieved by the denial of a permit or identification 10 card may request a hearing in the Superior Court of the county in 11 which he resides if he is a resident of New Jersey or in the Superior 12 Court of the county in which his application was filed if he is a 13 nonresident. The request for a hearing shall be made in writing 14 within 30 days of the denial of the application for a permit or 15 identification card. The applicant shall serve a copy of his request 16 for a hearing upon the chief of police of the municipality in which 17 he resides, if he is a resident of New Jersey, and upon the 18 superintendent in all cases. The hearing shall be held and a record 19 made thereof within 30 days of the receipt of the application for a 20 hearing by the judge of the Superior Court. No formal pleading and 21 no filing fee shall be required as a preliminary to a hearing. 22 Appeals from the results of a hearing shall be in accordance with 23 law.

24 Applications. Applications for permits to purchase a e. 25 handgun and for firearms purchaser identification cards shall be in 26 the form prescribed by the superintendent and shall set forth the 27 name, residence, place of business, age, date of birth, occupation, 28 sex and physical description, including distinguishing physical 29 characteristics, if any, of the applicant, and shall state whether the 30 applicant is a citizen, whether he is an alcoholic, habitual drunkard, 31 drug-dependent person as defined in section 2 of P.L.1970, c.226 32 (C.24:21-2), whether he has ever been confined or committed to a 33 mental institution or hospital for treatment or observation of a 34 mental or psychiatric condition on a temporary, interim or 35 permanent basis, giving the name and location of the institution or 36 hospital and the dates of confinement or commitment, whether he 37 has been attended, treated or observed by any doctor or psychiatrist 38 or at any hospital or mental institution on an inpatient or outpatient 39 basis for any mental or psychiatric condition, giving the name and 40 location of the doctor, psychiatrist, hospital or institution and the 41 dates of the occurrence, whether he presently or ever has been a 42 member of any organization which advocates or approves the commission of acts of force and violence to overthrow the 43 44 Government of the United States or of this State, or which seeks to 45 deny others their rights under the Constitution of either the United 46 States or the State of New Jersey, whether he has ever been 47 convicted of a crime or disorderly persons offense, whether the 48 person is subject to a restraining order issued pursuant to the

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"Prevention of Domestic Violence Act of 1991", P.L.1991, c.261 1 2 (C.2C:25-17 et seq.) prohibiting the person from possessing any 3 firearm, whether the person is subject to a protective order issued 4 pursuant to the "Extreme Risk Protective Order Act of 2018", 5 P.L.2018, c.35 (C.2C:58-20 et al.), whether the person is subject to 6 a protective order issued pursuant to P.L.2021, c.327 (C.2C:12-7 14 et al.) prohibiting the person from possessing any firearm, and 8 other information as the superintendent shall deem necessary for the 9 proper enforcement of this chapter. For the purpose of complying 10 with this subsection, the applicant shall waive any statutory or other 11 right of confidentiality relating to institutional confinement. The 12 application shall be signed by the applicant and shall contain as 13 references the names and addresses of two reputable citizens 14 personally acquainted with him.

Application blanks shall be obtainable from the superintendent, from any other officer authorized to grant a permit or identification card, and from licensed retail dealers, or shall be made available through an online process established or made available by the superintendent.

20 The chief police officer or the superintendent shall obtain the 21 fingerprints of the applicant and shall have them compared with any 22 and all records of fingerprints in the municipality and county in 23 which the applicant resides and also the records of the State Bureau 24 of Identification and the Federal Bureau of Investigation, provided 25 that an applicant for a handgun purchase permit who possesses a 26 valid firearms purchaser identification card, or who has previously 27 obtained a handgun purchase permit from the same licensing 28 authority for which he was previously fingerprinted, and who 29 provides other reasonably satisfactory proof of his identity, need not 30 be fingerprinted again; however, the chief police officer or the superintendent shall proceed to investigate the application to 31 32 determine whether or not the applicant has become subject to any of 33 the disabilities set forth in this chapter.

34 f. Granting of permit or identification card; fee; term; renewal; 35 revocation. The application for the permit to purchase a handgun 36 together with a fee of \$2, or the application for the firearms 37 purchaser identification card together with a fee of \$5, shall be 38 delivered or forwarded to the licensing authority who shall 39 investigate the same and, unless good cause for the denial thereof appears, shall grant the permit or the identification card, or both, if 40 41 application has been made therefor, within 30 days from the date of 42 receipt of the application for residents of this State and within 45 43 days for nonresident applicants. A permit to purchase a handgun 44 shall be valid for a period of 90 days from the date of issuance and 45 may be renewed by the issuing authority for good cause for an 46 additional 90 days. A firearms purchaser identification card shall 47 be valid until such time as the holder becomes subject to any of the 48 disabilities set forth in subsection c. of this section, whereupon the

card shall be void and shall be returned within five days by the 1 2 holder to the superintendent, who shall then advise the licensing 3 authority. Failure of the holder to return the firearms purchaser 4 identification card to the superintendent within the five days shall 5 be an offense under subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:39-10. Any firearms 6 purchaser identification card may be revoked by the Superior Court 7 of the county wherein the card was issued, after hearing upon 8 notice, upon a finding that the holder thereof no longer qualifies for 9 the issuance of the permit. The county prosecutor of any county, 10 the chief police officer of any municipality or any citizen may apply 11 to the court at any time for the revocation of the card.

There shall be no conditions or requirements added to the form or content of the application, or required by the licensing authority for the issuance of a permit or identification card, other than those that are specifically set forth in this chapter.

g. Disposition of fees. All fees for permits shall be paid to the
State Treasury if the permit is issued by the superintendent, to the
municipality if issued by the chief of police, and to the county
treasurer if issued by the judge of the Superior Court.

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h. Form of permit; quadruplicate; disposition of copies.

21 [The] (1) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2) of this 22 subsection, the permit shall be in the form prescribed by the 23 superintendent and shall be issued to the applicant in quadruplicate. 24 Prior to the time he receives the handgun from the seller, the 25 applicant shall deliver to the seller the permit in quadruplicate and 26 the seller shall complete all of the information required on the form. 27 Within five days of the date of the sale, the seller shall forward the 28 original copy to the superintendent and the second copy to the chief 29 of police of the municipality in which the purchaser resides, except 30 that in a municipality having no chief of police, the copy shall be 31 forwarded to the superintendent. The third copy shall then be 32 returned to the purchaser with the pistol or revolver and the fourth 33 copy shall be kept by the seller as a permanent record.

34 (2) The requirements of this subsection concerning the delivery
35 and form of permit and disposition of copies shall not be applicable
36 when these functions may be completed by utilizing an electronic
37 system as described in paragraph (2) of subsection b. of
38 N.J.S.2C:58-2 or section 5 of P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending before
39 the Legislature as this bill).

i. Restriction on number of firearms person may purchase.
Only one handgun shall be purchased or delivered on each permit
and no more than one handgun shall be purchased within any 30day period, but this limitation shall not apply to:

44 (1) a federal, State, or local law enforcement officer or agency
45 purchasing handguns for use by officers in the actual performance
46 of their law enforcement duties;

47 (2) a collector of handguns as curios or relics as defined in Title48 18, United States Code, section 921 (a) (13) who has in his

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possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License issued by
 the federal Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives;

3 (3) transfers of handguns among licensed retail dealers,
4 registered wholesale dealers and registered manufacturers;

5 (4) transfers of handguns from any person to a licensed retail 6 dealer or a registered wholesale dealer or registered manufacturer;

7 (5) any transaction where the person has purchased a handgun 8 from a licensed retail dealer and has returned that handgun to the 9 dealer in exchange for another handgun within 30 days of the 10 original transaction, provided the retail dealer reports the exchange 11 transaction to the superintendent; or

(6) any transaction where the superintendent issues an exemption
from the prohibition in this subsection pursuant to the provisions of
section 4 of P.L.2009, c.186 (C.2C:58-3.4).

The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to afford or authorize any other exemption from the regulatory provisions governing firearms set forth in chapter 39 and chapter 58 of Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes;

A person shall not be restricted as to the number of rifles or shotguns he may purchase, provided he possesses a valid firearms purchaser identification card and provided further that he signs the certification required in subsection b. of this section for each transaction.

24 Firearms passing to heirs or legatees. Notwithstanding any į. 25 other provision of this section concerning the transfer, receipt or 26 acquisition of a firearm, a permit to purchase or a firearms 27 purchaser identification card shall not be required for the passing of 28 a firearm upon the death of an owner thereof to his heir or legatee, 29 whether the same be by testamentary bequest or by the laws of 30 intestacy. The person who shall so receive, or acquire the firearm 31 shall, however, be subject to all other provisions of this chapter. If 32 the heir or legatee of the firearm does not qualify to possess or carry 33 it, he may retain ownership of the firearm for the purpose of sale for 34 a period not exceeding 180 days, or for a further limited period as 35 may be approved by the chief law enforcement officer of the 36 municipality in which the heir or legatee resides or the 37 superintendent, provided that the firearm is in the custody of the 38 chief law enforcement officer of the municipality or the 39 superintendent during that period.

40 k. Sawed-off shotguns. Nothing in this section shall be
41 construed to authorize the purchase or possession of any sawed-off
42 shotgun.

1. Nothing in this section and in N.J.S.2C:58-2 shall apply to
the sale or purchase of a visual distress signalling device approved
by the United States Coast Guard, solely for possession on a private
or commercial aircraft or any boat; provided, however, that no
person under the age of 18 years shall purchase nor shall any person

sell to a person under the age of 18 years a visual distress signalling 1 2 device. 3 m. The provisions of subsections a. and b. of this section and 4 paragraphs (4) and (5) of subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:58-2 shall not 5 apply to the purchase of firearms by a law enforcement agency for 6 use by law enforcement officers in the actual performance of the 7 current or former judge's duties, which purchase may be made 8 directly from a manufacturer or from a licensed dealer located in 9 this State or any other state. 10 n. For the purposes of this section, "immediate family" means a spouse, domestic partner as defined in section 3 of P.L.2003, c.246 11 12 (C.26:8A-3), partner in a civil union couple as defined in section 2 13 of P.L.2006, c.103 (C.37:1-29), parent, stepparent, grandparent, 14 sibling, stepsibling, child, stepchild, and grandchild, as related by 15 blood or by law.<sup>1</sup> 16 (cf: P.L.2021, c.327, s.6) 17 18 4. Section 1 of P.L.2007, c.318 (C.2C:58-3.3) is amended to 19 read as follows: 20 1. a. As used in this act [, "handgun]: 21 "Ammunition" means an object consisting of all of the following 22 components: a fixed metallic or nonmetallic hull casing containing 23 a primer; one or more projectiles, one or more bullets, or shot; and 24 gunpowder. All of the specified components shall be present for an 25 object to be ammunition. As used in this section, ammunition shall 26 not include, without limitation, blank ammunition, air gun pellets, 27 flare gun ammunition, nail gun ammunition, paint ball ammunition, 28 or any non-fixed ammunition. 29 "Handgun ammunition" means ammunition [specifically] 30 designed [to] such that it may be used [only] in a handgun, including ammunition specifically designed to be used only in a 31 32 handgun, as well as ammunition intended for use in any other 33 firearm and which may be interchangeable between rifles and 34 "Handgun ammunition" shall not include [blank handguns. 35 ammunition, air gun pellets, flare gun ammunition, nail gun 36 ammunition, paint ball ammunition, or any non-fixed ammunition 37 specifically designed to be used only in a rifle or shotgun. 38 [No] A person shall not sell, give, transfer, assign or b. 39 otherwise dispose of, or receive, purchase, or otherwise acquire 40 handgun ammunition unless the purchaser, assignee, donee, receiver 41 or holder is licensed as a manufacturer, wholesaler, or dealer under this chapter or is the holder of and possesses a valid firearms 42 43 purchaser identification card, a valid copy of a permit to purchase a 44 handgun, or a valid permit to carry a handgun and first exhibits 45 [such] the card or permit to the seller, donor, transferor, or assignor 46 along with a valid, current driver's license; valid, current nondriver

<u>identification card</u>; or other valid, current government-issued form
 of photo identification.

c. No person shall sell, give, transfer, assign, or otherwise
dispose of handgun ammunition to a person who is under 21 years
of age.

d. The provisions of this section shall not apply to a collector
of firearms or ammunition as curios or relics who purchases,
receives, acquires, possesses, or transfers handgun ammunition
which is recognized as being historical in nature or of historical
significance.

e. A person who violates this section shall be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree, except that nothing contained herein shall be construed to prohibit the sale, transfer, assignment or disposition of handgun ammunition to or the purchase, receipt or acceptance of ammunition by a law enforcement agency or law enforcement official for law enforcement purposes.

f. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the
transfer of ammunition for use in a lawfully transferred firearm in
accordance with the provisions of section 1 of P.L.1992,
c.74 (C.2C:58-3.1), section 1 of P.L.1997, c.375 (C.2C:58-3.2) or
section 14 of P.L.1979, c.179 (C.2C:58-6.1).

g. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the sale of a de minimis amount of handgun ammunition at a firearms range operated by a licensed dealer; a law enforcement agency; a legally recognized military organization; or a rifle or pistol club which has filed a copy of its charter with the superintendent for immediate use at that range.

28 (cf: P.L.2007, c.318, s.1)

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5. (New section) a. (1) The Superintendent of State Police 30 31 shall develop a program for retail dealers of handgun ammunition to 32 electronically report a record of any transaction involving the sale, 33 transfer, assignment, or disposition of handgun ammunition and 34 information relating to each transaction. The reported information 35 shall include: the date of the transaction; the name of the 36 manufacturer, the caliber or gauge, and the quantity of ammunition 37 sold or transferred; the name, address, and date of birth of the 38 purchaser; the identification used to establish the identity of the 39 purchaser; and any other information the superintendent may 40 require.

41 (2) Subject to the time limitations established in paragraph (2) of subsection c. of <sup>1</sup>[section 2 of P.L., c. (C. 42 ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) <u>N.J.S.2C:58-2</u><sup>1</sup>, every retail 43 44 dealer of ammunition as defined in section 1 of P.L.2007, c.318 45 (C.2C:58-3.3) shall electronically report to the superintendent a 46 record of any transaction involving the sale, transfer, assignment, or 47 disposition of handgun ammunition by utilizing the program 48 developed pursuant to this subsection.

<sup>1</sup>Any transaction involving the sale, transfer, assignment, or

disposition of 2,000 or more rounds of handgun ammunition and

information relating to each transaction shall be immediately

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4 reported to the superintendent in accordance with this section and paragraph (3) of subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:58-2.1 5 A retail dealer may charge a fee determined by the 6 7 superintendent for a transaction electronically reported pursuant to 8 this subsection. 9 <sup>2</sup>[b. (1) The superintendent shall develop a program for retail 10 dealers to electronically report a record of any transaction involving 11 the sale, transfer, assignment, or disposition of a firearm and 12 information relating to each transaction. (2) Within a timeframe as determined by the superintendent, 13 14 every retail dealer of firearms shall electronically report to the 15 superintendent a record of any transaction involving the sale, 16 transfer, assignment, or disposition of a firearm by utilizing the 17 program developed pursuant to this subsection. 18 c.] b.<sup>2</sup> The superintendent shall establish a searchable, electronic database containing the information reported pursuant 19 <sup>2</sup>[subsections] to subsection<sup>2</sup> a. <sup>2</sup>[and b.]<sup>2</sup> of this section, which 20 shall be available to law enforcement officers. <sup>1</sup><u>The Attorney</u> 21 General shall have access to the information stored in the database 22 which shall be used for law enforcement purposes.<sup>1</sup> The 23 superintendent also shall establish security procedures to protect the 24 25 confidentiality of the information contained in the database, which 26 shall prevent access to the information by any person or entity that is not lawfully entitled to it. 27 <sup>2</sup>[d.] <u>c.</u><sup>2</sup> The superintendent shall develop an Internet-based or 28 29 other electronic system to process or facilitate the processing of any or all of the following: application for and issuance of firearms 30 purchaser identification cards, permits to purchase a handgun, or 31 32 other permits authorized under this chapter. Any record reported or produced pursuant to this 33 <sup>2</sup>[e.] d.<sup>2</sup> 34 section shall not be considered a public record or government 35 record pursuant to P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.) or P.L.2001, 36 c.404 (C.47:1A-5 et al.). 37 38 6. This act shall take effect <sup>1</sup>[immediately] on the first day of the seventh month next following the date of enactment, except the 39 Attorney General may take such anticipatory administrative action 40 41 in advance as shall be necessary for the implementation of this act<sup>1</sup>. 42 43 44 45 46 Regulates sale of handgun ammunition and develops system of 47 electronic reporting of handgun ammunition sales.

# ASSEMBLY, No. 1302 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 220th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2022 SESSION

Sponsored by: Assemblyman LOUIS D. GREENWALD District 6 (Burlington and Camden) Assemblywoman VERLINA REYNOLDS-JACKSON District 15 (Hunterdon and Mercer) Assemblyman REGINALD W. ATKINS District 20 (Union)

**Co-Sponsored by:** 

Assemblywoman Jasey, Assemblymen McKeon, Tully, Assemblywomen Chaparro, Swain, Carter, McKnight, Jimenez, Assemblyman Spearman, Assemblywoman Jaffer, Assemblymen Wimberly, Sampson, Moen and Conaway

## SYNOPSIS

Regulates sale of handgun ammunition and develops system for electronic reporting of firearm information.

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#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 6/9/2022)

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AN ACT concerning the sale of ammunition, amending N.J.S.2C:58-1 2 1, N.J.S.2C:58-2, N.J.S.2C:58-3, and P.L.2007, c.318, and 3 supplementing Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes. 4 5 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 6 of New Jersey: 7 8 1. N.J.S.2C:58-1 is amended to read as follows: 9 2C:58-1. Registration of manufacturers and wholesale dealers of 10 firearms Registration. Every manufacturer and wholesale dealer of 11 a. 12 firearms shall register with the superintendent as provided in this 13 section. No person shall engage in the business of, or act as a 14 manufacturer or wholesale dealer of firearms, or manufacture or sell 15 at wholesale any firearm, until he has so registered. Applications for registration shall be made on such forms as 16 17 shall be prescribed by the superintendent, and the applicant shall 18 furnish such information and other particulars as may be prescribed 19 by law or by any rules or regulations promulgated by the 20 superintendent. Each application for registration or renewal shall be accompanied by a fee of \$150.00. 21 22 The superintendent shall prescribe standards and qualifications 23 for the registration of manufacturers and wholesalers of firearms, 24 for the protection of the public safety, health and welfare. He shall refuse to register any applicant for registration unless he is satisfied 25 26 that the applicant can be permitted to engage in business as a 27 manufacturer or wholesale dealer of firearms without any danger to 28 the public safety, health or welfare. 29 The superintendent shall issue a certificate of registration to 30 every person registered under this section, and such certificate shall be valid for a period of 3 years from the date of issuance. 31 32 b. Wholesale dealer's agent. Every registered wholesale dealer 33 of firearms shall cause each of his agents or employees actively 34 engaged in the purchase or sale of firearms to be licensed with the superintendent as a wholesale dealer's agent. 35 Applications for 36 agents' licenses shall be submitted on such forms as shall be 37 prescribed by the superintendent, and shall be signed by the 38 registered wholesale dealer and by the agent. Each application shall 39 be accompanied by a fee of \$5.00, and each license shall be valid for so long as the agent or employee remains in the employ of the 40 41 wholesale dealer and the wholesale dealer remains validly 42 registered under this section. The superintendent shall prescribe 43 standards and qualifications for licensed wholesale dealers' agents, 44 for the protection of the public safety, health and welfare. 45 Revocation of certificate of registration or license. c.

**EXPLANATION** – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

The superintendent may, after reasonable notice to all affected 1 2 parties and a hearing if requested, revoke any certificate of 3 registration or agent's license if he finds that the registered or 4 licensed person is no longer engaged in the business of 5 manufacturing or wholesaling firearms in this State or that he can no longer be permitted to carry on such business without 6 7 endangering the public safety, health or welfare. A certificate or 8 license may be canceled at any time at the request of the registered 9 or licensed person.

d. Appeals. Any person aggrieved by the refusal of the
superintendent to register him as a manufacturer or wholesale dealer
or a wholesale dealer's agent, or by revocation of his certificate or
license, may appeal to the Appellate Division of the Superior Court.

Records of sales. Every manufacturer and wholesale dealer 14 e. 15 shall keep a detailed record of each firearm and all handgun 16 ammunition sold by [him] the manufacturer and dealer. The firearm record shall include the date of sale, the name and address 17 18 of the purchaser, a description of each firearm and the firearm's 19 serial number [thereof]. The handgun ammunition record shall be 20 in electronic form and shall contain the date of the transaction; the 21 type, caliber, or gauge of the ammunition; the quantity of 22 ammunition sold; the name and address of the purchaser; and any 23 other information the superintendent shall deem necessary for the 24 proper enforcement of this chapter. The records shall be available for inspection at all reasonable times by any law enforcement 25 officer. 26

Every manufacturer and wholesale dealer shall establish a system
for maintaining electronic records pursuant to this subsection within
12 months of the effective date of P.L., c. (C.) (pending
before the Legislature as this bill).

- 31 (cf: N.J.S.2C:58-1)
- 32

33 2. N.J.S.2C:58-2 is amended to read as follows:

2C:58-2. a. Licensing of retail dealers and their employees. No retail dealer of firearms nor any employee of a retail dealer shall sell or expose for sale, or possess with the intent of selling, any firearm unless licensed to do so as hereinafter provided. The superintendent shall prescribe standards and qualifications for retail dealers of firearms and their employees for the protection of the public safety, health and welfare.

41 Applications shall be made in the form prescribed by the 42 superintendent, accompanied by a fee of \$50 payable to the 43 superintendent, and shall be made to a judge of the Superior Court 44 in the county where the applicant maintains his place of business. 45 The judge shall grant a license to an applicant if he finds that the 46 applicant meets the standards and qualifications established by the 47 superintendent and that the applicant can be permitted to engage in 48 business as a retail dealer of firearms or employee thereof without

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1 any danger to the public safety, health and welfare. Each license

2 shall be valid for a period of three years from the date of issuance,

and shall authorize the holder to sell firearms at retail in a specifiedmunicipality.

5 In addition, every retail dealer shall pay a fee of \$5 for each 6 employee actively engaged in the sale or purchase of firearms. The 7 superintendent shall issue a license for each employee for whom 8 said fee has been paid, which license shall be valid for so long as 9 the employee remains in the employ of said retail dealer.

No license shall be granted to any retail dealer under the age of 21 years or to any employee of a retail dealer under the age of 18 or to any person who could not qualify to obtain a permit to purchase a handgun or a firearms purchaser identification card, or to any corporation, partnership or other business organization in which the actual or equitable controlling interest is held or possessed by such an ineligible person.

All licenses shall be granted subject to the following conditions,
for breach of any of which the license shall be subject to revocation
on the application of any law enforcement officer and after notice
and hearing by the issuing court:

(1) The business shall be carried on only in the building or
buildings designated in the license, provided that repairs may be
made by the dealer or his employees outside of such premises.

(2) The license or a copy certified by the issuing authority shall
be displayed at all times in a conspicuous place on the business
premises where it can be easily read.

(3) No firearm or imitation thereof shall be placed in any
window or in any other part of the premises where it can be readily
seen from the outside.

30 (4) No rifle or shotgun, except antique rifles or shotguns, shall be delivered to any person unless such person possesses and 31 32 exhibits a valid firearms purchaser identification card and furnishes 33 the seller, on the form prescribed by the superintendent, a 34 certification signed by him setting forth his name, permanent address, firearms purchaser identification card number and such 35 36 other information as the superintendent may by rule or regulation 37 require. The certification shall be retained by the dealer and shall 38 be made available for inspection by any law enforcement officer at 39 any reasonable time.

(5) No handgun shall be delivered to any person unless:

41 (a) Such person possesses and exhibits a valid permit to
42 purchase a firearm and at least seven days have elapsed since the
43 date of application for the permit;

(b) The person is personally known to the seller or presentsevidence of his identity;

46 (c) The handgun is unloaded and securely wrapped;

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47 (d) The handgun is accompanied by a trigger lock or a locked48 case, gun box, container or other secure facility; provided, however,

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1 this provision shall not apply to antique handguns or personalized 2 handguns included in the roster pursuant to section 2 of P.L.2019, 3 c.164 (C.2C:58-2.8). The exemptions afforded under this 4 subparagraph for antique handguns and personalized handguns shall 5 be narrowly construed, limited solely to the requirements set forth 6 herein and shall not be deemed to afford or authorize any other 7 exemption from the regulatory provisions governing firearms set 8 forth in chapter 39 and chapter 58 of Title 2C of the New Jersey 9 Statutes; and

(e) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2019, c.164)

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(6) The dealer shall keep a true record of every handgun sold,
given or otherwise delivered or disposed of, in accordance with the
provisions of subsections b. through e. of this section and the record
shall note whether a trigger lock, locked case, gun box, container or
other secure facility was delivered along with the handgun.

16 (7) A dealer shall not knowingly deliver more than one handgun
17 to any person within any 30-day period. This limitation shall not
18 apply to:

(a) a federal, State, or local law enforcement officer or agency
purchasing handguns for use by officers in the actual performance
of their law enforcement duties;

(b) a collector of handguns as curios or relics as defined in Title
18, United States Code, section 921 (a) (13) who has in his
possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License issued by
the federal Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives;

26 (c) transfers of handguns among licensed retail dealers,
27 registered wholesale dealers and registered manufacturers;

(d) any transaction where the person has purchased a handgun
from a licensed retail dealer and has returned that handgun to the
dealer in exchange for another handgun within 30 days of the
original transaction, provided the retail dealer reports the exchange
transaction to the superintendent; or

33 (e) any transaction where the superintendent issues an
34 exemption from the prohibition in this subsection pursuant to the
35 provisions of section 4 of P.L.2009, c.186 (C.2C:58-3.4).

36 b. Records. (1) Every person engaged in the retail business of 37 selling, leasing or otherwise transferring a handgun, as a retail 38 dealer or otherwise, shall keep a register in which shall be entered 39 the time of the sale, lease or other transfer, the date thereof, the 40 name, age, date of birth, occupation, residence and a physical description including distinguishing physical characteristics, if any, 41 42 of the purchaser, lessee or transferee, the name and permanent home 43 address of the person making the sale, lease or transfer, the place of 44 the transaction, and the make, model, manufacturer's number, 45 caliber and other marks of identification on such handgun and such 46 other information as the superintendent shall deem necessary for the 47 proper enforcement of this chapter. The register shall be retained by

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1 the dealer and shall be made available at all reasonable hours for 2 inspection by any law enforcement officer. 3 (2) Every person engaged in the retail business of selling, 4 leasing, or otherwise transferring handgun ammunition, as a retail 5 dealer or otherwise, shall keep an electronic record in which shall 6 be entered the name of the manufacturer; the date of the transaction; 7 the type; caliber or gauge of the ammunition; the quantity of the 8 ammunition sold; the name, address, and date of birth of the 9 purchaser; the identification used to establish the identity of the 10 purchaser; and any other information the superintendent shall deem 11 necessary for the proper enforcement of this chapter. The electronic 12 records shall be retained by the dealer and shall be made available 13 at all reasonable hours for inspection by any law enforcement 14 officer, and additionally shall be electronically reported to the 15 superintendent in accordance with section 4 of P.L. , c. (C. ) 16 (pending before the Legislature as this bill). 17 c. Forms of register. 18 [The] (1) Until the implementation of the electronic record 19 system described in paragraph (2) of subsection b. of this section or section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as 20 21 this bill), the superintendent shall prepare the form of the register as 22 described in paragraph (1) of subsection b. of this section and 23 furnish the same in triplicate to each person licensed to be engaged 24 in the business of selling, leasing or otherwise transferring firearms. 25 (2) All retail dealers of handgun ammunition shall establish a 26 system for maintaining electronic records of the sale or transfer of 27 handgun ammunition within 12 months after the effective date of 28 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). 29 d. Signatures in register. [The] <u>Until the dealer implements an</u> 30 electronic record system as described in paragraph (2) of subsection 31 b. of this section or section 4 of P.L., c. (C. ) (pending 32 before the Legislature as this bill), the purchaser, lessee or 33 transferee of any handgun shall sign, and the dealer shall require 34 him to sign his name to the register, in triplicate, and the person 35 making the sale, lease or transfer shall affix his name, in triplicate, 36 as a witness to the signature. The signatures, or the entry of an 37 electronic signature in the electronic record system pursuant to 38 paragraph (2) of subsection b. of this section or section 4 of 39 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), 40 shall constitute a representation of the accuracy of the information 41 contained in the register. 42 e. Copies of register entries; delivery to chief of police or 43 county clerk. 44 [Within] (1) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2) of 45 this subsection, within five days of the date of the sale, assignment 46 or transfer, the dealer shall deliver or mail by certified mail, return 47 receipt requested, legible copies of the register forms to the office

48 of the chief of police of the municipality in which the purchaser

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resides, or to the office of the captain of the precinct of the 1 2 municipality in which the purchaser resides, and to the 3 superintendent. If hand delivered a receipt shall be given to the 4 dealer therefor. 5 Where a sale, assignment or transfer is made to a purchaser who 6 resides in a municipality having no chief of police, the dealer shall, 7 within five days of the transaction, mail a duplicate copy of the 8 register sheet to the clerk of the county within which the purchaser 9 resides. 10 (2) A dealer shall not be required to use the triplicate form after the dealer establishes an electronic reporting system pursuant to 11 12 paragraph (2) of subsection b. of this section or section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). 13 14 (cf: P.L.2019, c.164, s.7) 15 3. N.J.S.2C:58-3 is amended to read as follows: 16 17 2C:58-3. a. Permit to purchase a handgun. 18 (1) No person shall sell, give, transfer, assign or otherwise 19 dispose of, nor receive, purchase, or otherwise acquire a handgun 20 unless the purchaser, assignee, donee, receiver or holder is licensed as a dealer under this chapter or has first secured a permit to 21 22 purchase a handgun as provided by this section. 23 (2) A person who is not a licensed retail dealer and sells, gives, 24 transfers, assigns, or otherwise disposes of, or receives, purchases 25 or otherwise acquires a handgun pursuant to this section shall 26 conduct the transaction through a licensed retail dealer. 27 The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply if the transaction 28 is: 29 (a) between members of an immediate family as defined in 30 subsection n. of this section; 31 (b) between law enforcement officers; 32 (c) between collectors of firearms or ammunition as curios or relics as defined in Title 18, U.S.C. section 921 (a) (13) who have 33 34 in their possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License 35 issued by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and 36 Explosives; or 37 (d) a temporary transfer pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1992, 38 c.74 (C.2C:58-3.1) or section 1 of P.L.1997, c.375 (C.2C:58-3.2). 39 (3) Prior to a transaction conducted pursuant to this subsection, the retail dealer shall complete a National Instant Criminal 40 41 Background Check of the person acquiring the handgun. 42 addition: 43 (a) the retail dealer shall submit to the Superintendent of State 44 Police, on a form approved by the superintendent, information 45 identifying and confirming the background check; 46 (b) every retail dealer shall maintain a record of transactions 47 conducted pursuant to this subsection, which shall be maintained at 48 the address displayed on the retail dealer's license for inspection by

1 a law enforcement officer during reasonable hours;

2 (c) a retail dealer may charge a fee for a transaction conducted

3 pursuant to this subsection; and

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(d) any record produced pursuant to this subsection shall not be
considered a public record pursuant to P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et
seq.) or P.L.2001, c.404 (C.47:1A-5 et al.).

b. Firearms purchaser identification card.

8 (1) No person shall sell, give, transfer, assign or otherwise 9 dispose of nor receive, purchase or otherwise acquire an antique 10 cannon or a rifle or shotgun, other than an antique rifle or shotgun, unless the purchaser, assignee, donee, receiver or holder is licensed 11 12 as a dealer under this chapter or possesses a valid firearms 13 purchaser identification card, and first exhibits the card to the seller, 14 donor, transferor or assignor, and unless the purchaser, assignee, 15 donee, receiver or holder signs a written certification, on a form prescribed by the superintendent, which shall indicate that he 16 17 presently complies with the requirements of subsection c. of this 18 section and shall contain his name, address and firearms purchaser 19 identification card number or dealer's registration number. The 20 certification shall be retained by the seller, as provided in paragraph (4) of subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:58-2, or, in the case of a person 21 22 who is not a dealer, it may be filed with the chief of police of the 23 municipality in which he resides or with the superintendent.

(2) A person who is not a licensed retail dealer and sells, gives,
transfers, assigns, or otherwise disposes of, or receives, purchases
or otherwise acquires an antique cannon or a rifle or shotgun
pursuant to this section shall conduct the transaction through a
licensed retail dealer.

29 The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply if the transaction30 is:

31 (a) between members of an immediate family as defined in32 subsection n. of this section;

(b) between law enforcement officers;

(c) between collectors of firearms or ammunition as curios or
relics as defined in Title 18, U.S.C. section 921 (a) (13) who have
in their possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License
issued by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and
Explosives; or

39 (d) a temporary transfer pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1992,
40 c.74 (C.2C:58-3.1) and section 1 of P.L.1997, c.375 (C.2C:58-3.2).

41 (3) Prior to a transaction conducted pursuant to this subsection,
42 the retail dealer shall complete a National Instant Criminal
43 Background Check of the person acquiring an antique cannon or a
44 rifle or shotgun. In addition:

(a) the retail dealer shall submit to the Superintendent of State
Police, on a form approved by the superintendent, information
identifying and confirming the background check;

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(b) every retail dealer shall maintain a record of transactions
conducted pursuant to this section which shall be maintained at the
address set forth on the retail dealer's license for inspection by a law
enforcement officer during reasonable hours;

5 (c) a retail dealer may charge a fee for a transaction conducted6 pursuant to this subsection; and

7 (d) any record produced pursuant to this subsection shall not be
8 considered a public record pursuant to P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et
9 seq.) or P.L.2001, c.404 (C.47:1A-5 et al.).

10 c. Who may obtain. No person of good character and good 11 repute in the community in which he lives, and who is not subject to 12 any of the disabilities set forth in this section or other sections of 13 this chapter, shall be denied a permit to purchase a handgun or a 14 firearms purchaser identification card, except as hereinafter set 15 forth. No handgun purchase permit or firearms purchaser 16 identification card shall be issued:

(1) To any person who has been convicted of any crime, or a
disorderly persons offense involving an act of domestic violence as
defined in section 3 of P.L.1991, c.261 (C.2C:25-19), whether or
not armed with or possessing a weapon at the time of the offense;

(2) To any drug dependent person as defined in section 2 of
P.L.1970, c.226 (C.24:21-2), to any person who is confined for a
mental disorder to a hospital, mental institution or sanitarium, or to
any person who is presently an habitual drunkard;

25 (3) To any person who suffers from a physical defect or disease 26 which would make it unsafe for him to handle firearms, to any 27 person who has ever been confined for a mental disorder, or to any 28 alcoholic unless any of the foregoing persons produces a certificate 29 of a medical doctor or psychiatrist licensed in New Jersey, or other 30 satisfactory proof, that he is no longer suffering from that particular 31 disability in a manner that would interfere with or handicap him in 32 the handling of firearms; to any person who knowingly falsifies any 33 information on the application form for a handgun purchase permit 34 or firearms purchaser identification card;

35 (4) To any person under the age of 18 years for a firearms
36 purchaser identification card and to any person under the age of 21
37 years for a permit to purchase a handgun;

38 (5) To any person where the issuance would not be in the39 interest of the public health, safety or welfare;

40 (6) To any person who is subject to a restraining order issued
41 pursuant to the "Prevention of Domestic Violence Act of 1991,"
42 P.L.1991, c.261 (C.2C:25-17 et seq.) prohibiting the person from
43 possessing any firearm;

(7) To any person who as a juvenile was adjudicated delinquent
for an offense which, if committed by an adult, would constitute a
crime and the offense involved the unlawful use or possession of a
weapon, explosive or destructive device or is enumerated in
subsection d. of section 2 of P.L.1997, c.117 (C.2C:43-7.2);

1 (8) To any person whose firearm is seized pursuant to the 2 "Prevention of Domestic Violence Act of 1991," P.L.1991, 3 c.261 (C.2C:25-17 et seq.) and whose firearm has not been 4 returned; or

5 (9) To any person named on the consolidated Terrorist Watchlist
6 maintained by the Terrorist Screening Center administered by the
7 Federal Bureau of Investigation; or

8 (10) To any person who is subject to a court order prohibiting 9 the custody, control, ownership, purchase, possession, or receipt of 10 a firearm or ammunition issued pursuant to the "Extreme Risk 11 Protective Order Act of 2018," P.L.2018, c.35 (C.2C:58-20 et al.).

d. Issuance. The chief of police of an organized full-time police department of the municipality where the applicant resides or the superintendent, in all other cases, shall upon application, issue to any person qualified under the provisions of subsection c. of this section a permit to purchase a handgun or a firearms purchaser identification card.

18 Any person aggrieved by the denial of a permit or identification 19 card may request a hearing in the Superior Court of the county in 20 which he resides if he is a resident of New Jersey or in the Superior 21 Court of the county in which his application was filed if he is a 22 nonresident. The request for a hearing shall be made in writing 23 within 30 days of the denial of the application for a permit or 24 identification card. The applicant shall serve a copy of his request 25 for a hearing upon the chief of police of the municipality in which 26 he resides, if he is a resident of New Jersey, and upon the 27 superintendent in all cases. The hearing shall be held and a record 28 made thereof within 30 days of the receipt of the application for a 29 hearing by the judge of the Superior Court. No formal pleading and 30 no filing fee shall be required as a preliminary to a hearing. 31 Appeals from the results of a hearing shall be in accordance with 32 law.

33 Applications. Applications for permits to purchase a e. 34 handgun and for firearms purchaser identification cards shall be in 35 the form prescribed by the superintendent and shall set forth the 36 name, residence, place of business, age, date of birth, occupation, 37 sex and physical description, including distinguishing physical 38 characteristics, if any, of the applicant, and shall state whether the 39 applicant is a citizen, whether he is an alcoholic, habitual drunkard, 40 drug dependent person as defined in section 2 of P.L.1970, 41 c.226 (C.24:21-2), whether he has ever been confined or committed 42 to a mental institution or hospital for treatment or observation of a 43 mental or psychiatric condition on a temporary, interim or 44 permanent basis, giving the name and location of the institution or 45 hospital and the dates of confinement or commitment, whether he 46 has been attended, treated or observed by any doctor or psychiatrist 47 or at any hospital or mental institution on an inpatient or outpatient 48 basis for any mental or psychiatric condition, giving the name and

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location of the doctor, psychiatrist, hospital or institution and the 1 2 dates of the occurrence, whether he presently or ever has been a 3 member of any organization which advocates or approves the 4 commission of acts of force and violence to overthrow the 5 Government of the United States or of this State, or which seeks to 6 deny others their rights under the Constitution of either the United 7 States or the State of New Jersey, whether he has ever been 8 convicted of a crime or disorderly persons offense, whether the 9 person is subject to a restraining order issued pursuant to the 10 "Prevention of Domestic Violence Act of 1991," P.L.1991, c.261 (C.2C:25-17 et seq.) prohibiting the person from possessing 11 12 any firearm, whether the person is subject to a protective order 13 issued pursuant to the "Extreme Risk Protective Order Act of 14 2018," P.L.2018, c.35 (C.2C:58-20 et al.) prohibiting the person 15 from possessing any firearm, and other information as the 16 superintendent shall deem necessary for the proper enforcement of 17 this chapter. For the purpose of complying with this subsection, the 18 applicant shall waive any statutory or other right of confidentiality 19 relating to institutional confinement. The application shall be 20 signed by the applicant and shall contain as references the names 21 and addresses of two reputable citizens personally acquainted with 22 him.

Application blanks shall be obtainable from the superintendent, from any other officer authorized to grant a permit or identification card, and from licensed retail dealers, or shall be made available through an online process established or made available by the superintendent.

28 The chief police officer or the superintendent shall obtain the 29 fingerprints of the applicant and shall have them compared with any 30 and all records of fingerprints in the municipality and county in 31 which the applicant resides and also the records of the State Bureau 32 of Identification and the Federal Bureau of Investigation, provided 33 that an applicant for a handgun purchase permit who possesses a 34 valid firearms purchaser identification card, or who has previously 35 obtained a handgun purchase permit from the same licensing 36 authority for which he was previously fingerprinted, and who 37 provides other reasonably satisfactory proof of his identity, need not 38 be fingerprinted again; however, the chief police officer or the 39 superintendent shall proceed to investigate the application to 40 determine whether or not the applicant has become subject to any of 41 the disabilities set forth in this chapter.

f. Granting of permit or identification card; fee; term; renewal; revocation. The application for the permit to purchase a handgun together with a fee of \$2, or the application for the firearms purchaser identification card together with a fee of \$5, shall be delivered or forwarded to the licensing authority who shall investigate the same and, unless good cause for the denial thereof appears, shall grant the permit or the identification card, or both, if

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application has been made therefor, within 30 days from the date of 1 2 receipt of the application for residents of this State and within 45 3 days for nonresident applicants. A permit to purchase a handgun 4 shall be valid for a period of 90 days from the date of issuance and 5 may be renewed by the issuing authority for good cause for an 6 additional 90 days. A firearms purchaser identification card shall 7 be valid until such time as the holder becomes subject to any of the 8 disabilities set forth in subsection c. of this section, whereupon the 9 card shall be void and shall be returned within five days by the 10 holder to the superintendent, who shall then advise the licensing 11 authority. Failure of the holder to return the firearms purchaser 12 identification card to the superintendent within the five days shall 13 be an offense under subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:39-10. Any firearms 14 purchaser identification card may be revoked by the Superior Court 15 of the county wherein the card was issued, after hearing upon 16 notice, upon a finding that the holder thereof no longer qualifies for 17 the issuance of the permit. The county prosecutor of any county, 18 the chief police officer of any municipality or any citizen may apply 19 to the court at any time for the revocation of the card.

There shall be no conditions or requirements added to the form or content of the application, or required by the licensing authority for the issuance of a permit or identification card, other than those that are specifically set forth in this chapter.

g. Disposition of fees. All fees for permits shall be paid to the
State Treasury if the permit is issued by the superintendent, to the
municipality if issued by the chief of police, and to the county
treasurer if issued by the judge of the Superior Court.

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h. Form of permit; quadruplicate; disposition of copies.

29 [The] (1) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2) of this 30 subsection, the permit shall be in the form prescribed by the 31 superintendent and shall be issued to the applicant in quadruplicate. 32 Prior to the time he receives the handgun from the seller, the 33 applicant shall deliver to the seller the permit in quadruplicate and 34 the seller shall complete all of the information required on the form. 35 Within five days of the date of the sale, the seller shall forward the 36 original copy to the superintendent and the second copy to the chief 37 of police of the municipality in which the purchaser resides, except 38 that in a municipality having no chief of police, the copy shall be 39 forwarded to the superintendent. The third copy shall then be 40 returned to the purchaser with the pistol or revolver and the fourth 41 copy shall be kept by the seller as a permanent record.

42 (2) The requirements of this subsection concerning the delivery
43 and form of permit and disposition of copies shall not be applicable
44 when these functions may be completed by utilizing an electronic
45 system as described in paragraph (2) of subsection b. of
46 N.J.S.2C:58-2 or section 4 of P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending before
47 the Legislature as this bill).

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i. Restriction on number of firearms person may purchase.
Only one handgun shall be purchased or delivered on each permit
and no more than one handgun shall be purchased within any 30day period, but this limitation shall not apply to:

5 (1) a federal, State, or local law enforcement officer or agency
6 purchasing handguns for use by officers in the actual performance
7 of their law enforcement duties;

8 (2) a collector of handguns as curios or relics as defined in Title 9 18, United States Code, section 921 (a) (13) who has in his 10 possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License issued by 11 the federal Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives;

(3) transfers of handguns among licensed retail dealers,
registered wholesale dealers and registered manufacturers;

(4) transfers of handguns from any person to a licensed retaildealer or a registered wholesale dealer or registered manufacturer;

16 (5) any transaction where the person has purchased a handgun 17 from a licensed retail dealer and has returned that handgun to the 18 dealer in exchange for another handgun within 30 days of the 19 original transaction, provided the retail dealer reports the exchange 20 transaction to the superintendent; or

(6) any transaction where the superintendent issues an
exemption from the prohibition in this subsection pursuant to the
provisions of section 4 of P.L.2009, c.186 (C.2C:58-3.4).

The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to afford or authorize any other exemption from the regulatory provisions governing firearms set forth in chapter 39 and chapter 58 of Title 27 2C of the New Jersey Statutes;

A person shall not be restricted as to the number of rifles or shotguns he may purchase, provided he possesses a valid firearms purchaser identification card and provided further that he signs the certification required in subsection b. of this section for each transaction.

33 Firearms passing to heirs or legatees. Notwithstanding any i. 34 other provision of this section concerning the transfer, receipt or acquisition of a firearm, a permit to purchase or a firearms 35 36 purchaser identification card shall not be required for the passing of 37 a firearm upon the death of an owner thereof to his heir or legatee, 38 whether the same be by testamentary bequest or by the laws of 39 intestacy. The person who shall so receive, or acquire the firearm shall, however, be subject to all other provisions of this chapter. If 40 41 the heir or legatee of the firearm does not qualify to possess or carry 42 it, he may retain ownership of the firearm for the purpose of sale for 43 a period not exceeding 180 days, or for a further limited period as 44 may be approved by the chief law enforcement officer of the 45 municipality in which the heir or legatee resides or the 46 superintendent, provided that the firearm is in the custody of the 47 chief law enforcement officer of the municipality or the 48 superintendent during that period.

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k. Sawed-off shotguns. Nothing in this section shall be
 construed to authorize the purchase or possession of any sawed-off
 shotgun.

1. Nothing in this section and in N.J.S.2C:58-2 shall apply to
the sale or purchase of a visual distress signalling device approved
by the United States Coast Guard, solely for possession on a private
or commercial aircraft or any boat; provided, however, that no
person under the age of 18 years shall purchase nor shall any person
sell to a person under the age of 18 years a visual distress signalling
device.

11 m. The provisions of subsections a. and b. of this section and 12 paragraphs (4) and (5) of subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:58-2 shall not 13 apply to the purchase of firearms by a law enforcement agency for 14 use by law enforcement officers in the actual performance of the 15 officers' official duties, which purchase may be made directly from 16 a manufacturer or from a licensed dealer located in this State or any 17 other state.

n. For the purposes of this section, "immediate family" means a
spouse, domestic partner as defined in section 3 of P.L.2003,
c.246 (C.26:8A-3), partner in a civil union couple as defined in
section 2 of P.L.2006, c.103 (C.37:1-29), parent, stepparent,
grandparent, sibling, stepsibling, child, stepchild, and grandchild, as
related by blood or by law.

- 24 (cf: P.L.2018, c.36, s.1)
- 25

26 4. Section 1 of P.L.2007, c.318 (C.2C:58-3.3) is amended to 27 read as follows:

1. a. As used in this act [, "handgun]:

29 "Ammunition" means an object consisting of all of the following 30 components: a fixed metallic or nonmetallic hull casing containing 31 a primer; one or more projectiles, one or more bullets, or shot; and 32 gunpowder. All of the specified components shall be present for an 33 object to be ammunition. As used in this section, ammunition shall 34 not include, without limitation, blank ammunition, air gun pellets, 35 flare gun ammunition, nail gun ammunition, paint ball ammunition, 36 or any non-fixed ammunition.

37 "Handgun ammunition" means ammunition [specifically] 38 designed [to] such that it may be used [only] in a handgun, 39 including ammunition specifically designed to be used only in a 40 handgun, as well as ammunition intended for use in any other 41 firearm and which may be interchangeable between rifles and 42 "Handgun ammunition" shall not include [blank handguns. 43 ammunition, air gun pellets, flare gun ammunition, nail gun ammunition, paint ball ammunition, or any non-fixed] ammunition 44 45 specifically designed to be used only in a rifle or shotgun.

46 b. [No] <u>A</u> person shall <u>not</u> sell, give, transfer, assign or
47 otherwise dispose of, or receive, purchase, or otherwise acquire

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1 handgun ammunition unless the purchaser, assignee, donee, receiver 2 or holder is licensed as a manufacturer, wholesaler, or dealer under 3 this chapter or is the holder of and possesses a valid firearms 4 purchaser identification card, a valid copy of a permit to purchase a 5 handgun, or a valid permit to carry a handgun and first exhibits 6 [such] the card or permit to the seller, donor, transferor, or assignor 7 along with a valid, current driver's license; valid, current nondriver 8 identification card; or other valid, current government-issued form 9 of photo identification.

c. No person shall sell, give, transfer, assign, or otherwise
dispose of handgun ammunition to a person who is under 21 years
of age.

d. The provisions of this section shall not apply to a collector
of firearms or ammunition as curios or relics who purchases,
receives, acquires, possesses, or transfers handgun ammunition
which is recognized as being historical in nature or of historical
significance.

e. A person who violates this section shall be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree, except that nothing contained herein shall be construed to prohibit the sale, transfer, assignment or disposition of handgun ammunition to or the purchase, receipt or acceptance of ammunition by a law enforcement agency or law enforcement official for law enforcement purposes.

f. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the
transfer of ammunition for use in a lawfully transferred firearm in
accordance with the provisions of section 1 of P.L.1992,
c.74 (C.2C:58-3.1), section 1 of P.L.1997, c.375 (C.2C:58-3.2) or
section 14 of P.L.1979, c.179 (C.2C:58-6.1).

g. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the sale
of a de minimis amount of handgun ammunition at a firearms range
operated by a licensed dealer; a law enforcement agency; a legally
recognized military organization; or a rifle or pistol club which has
filed a copy of its charter with the superintendent for immediate use
at that range.

35 (cf: P.L.2007, c.318, s.1)

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37 5. (New section) a. (1) The Superintendent of State Police 38 shall develop a program for retail dealers of handgun ammunition to 39 electronically report a record of any transaction involving the sale, 40 transfer, assignment, or disposition of handgun ammunition and 41 information relating to each transaction. The reported information shall include: the date of the transaction; the name of the 42 43 manufacturer, the caliber or gauge, and the quantity of ammunition 44 sold or transferred; the name, address, and date of birth of the 45 purchaser; the identification used to establish the identity of the 46 purchaser; and any other information the superintendent may 47 require.

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(2) Subject to the time limitations established in paragraph (2) 1 , c. (C. 2 of subsection c. of section 2 of P.L. ) (pending 3 before the Legislature as this bill), every retail dealer of 4 ammunition as defined in section 1 of P.L.2007, c.318 (C.2C:58-5 3.3) shall electronically report to the superintendent a record of any 6 transaction involving the sale, transfer, assignment, or disposition 7 of handgun ammunition by utilizing the program developed 8 pursuant to this subsection. 9 A retail dealer may charge a fee determined by the superintendent for a transaction electronically reported pursuant to 10 this subsection. 11 12 b. (1) The superintendent shall develop a program for retail 13 dealers to electronically report a record of any transaction involving 14 the sale, transfer, assignment, or disposition of a firearm and

15 information relating to each transaction.

(2) Within a timeframe as determined by the superintendent,
every retail dealer of firearms shall electronically report to the
superintendent a record of any transaction involving the sale,
transfer, assignment, or disposition of a firearm by utilizing the
program developed pursuant to this subsection.

c. The superintendent shall establish a searchable, electronic 21 22 database containing the information reported pursuant subsections 23 a. and b. of this section, which shall be available to law 24 enforcement officers. The superintendent also shall establish 25 security procedures to protect the confidentiality of the information 26 contained in the database, which shall prevent access to the 27 information by any person or entity that is not lawfully entitled to 28 it.

d. The superintendent shall develop an Internet-based or other
electronic system to process or facilitate the processing of any or all
of the following: application for and issuance of firearms purchaser
identification cards, permits to purchase a handgun, or other permits
authorized under this chapter.

e. Any record reported or produced pursuant to this section
shall not be considered a public record or government record
pursuant to P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.) or P.L.2001,
c.404 (C.47:1A-5 et al.).

6. This act shall take effect immediately.

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#### **STATEMENT**

This bill regulates the sale of handgun ammunition. Under current hav, handgun ammunition is regulated to the extent that a purchaser is to establish his or her eligibility by exhibiting a firearms purchaser identification card, a permit to purchase a handgun, or a permit to carry a handgun, and that he or she is 21 years of age or older. This

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1 bill requires an ammunition purchaser to also exhibit a driver's license,

- 2 nondriver identification card, or other government-issued form of
- 3 photo identification at the time of purchase.

4 The bill requires a manufacturer or dealer of handgun ammunition 5 to keep a detailed, electronic record of handgun ammunition sales. 6 The electronic record maintained by the manufacturer or wholesale 7 dealer is required to contain the date of the transaction; the type, 8 caliber, or gauge of the ammunition; the quantity of ammunition sold; 9 the name and address of the purchaser; and any other information 10 deemed necessary by the Superintendent of State Police. The 11 electronic record maintained by the retail dealer is required to contain 12 the name of the manufacturer, the date of the transaction, the type, 13 caliber, or gauge of the ammunition; the quantity of the ammunition 14 sold; the name, address, and date of birth of the purchaser; the 15 identification used to establish the identity of the purchaser; and any 16 other information deemed necessary by the superintendent. Α 17 manufacturer or dealer that is unable to maintain record in an 18 electronic form is to be given 12 months from the effective date of this 19 bill to establish a system for maintaining electronic records of the 20 transfer of handgun ammunition. The electronic records are required 21 to be made available for inspection at all reasonable hours by any law 22 enforcement officer.

23 In addition, the bill requires electronic reporting of handgun, 24 firearm, and handgun ammunition sales. Under the bill, every retail 25 dealer is required to electronically report firearm, handgun, and 26 handgun ammunition sales and transfers to the superintendent. The 27 superintendent would be required to develop a program for retail 28 dealers to electronically report this information. Regarding handgun 29 ammunition, the reported information is to include the date of the 30 transaction; the name of the manufacturer, the caliber or gauge, and 31 the quantity of ammunition sold or transferred; the name, address, and 32 date of birth of the purchaser; the identification used to establish the 33 identity of the purchaser; and any other information that the 34 superintendent requires. A retail dealer of handgun ammunition may 35 charge a fee not to exceed \$5 for a transaction that is required to be electronically reported. 36

### LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE ASSEMBLY, No. 1302 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 220th LEGISLATURE

DATED: JUNE 24, 2022

#### SUMMARY

Synopsis:	Regulates sale of handgun ammunition and develops system for electronic reporting of firearm information.
Type of Impact:	Annual expenditure increase to the State General Fund.
Agencies Affected:	Department of Law and Public Safety.

#### Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	Year 1	<u>Year 2</u>	<u>Year 3</u>
State Cost Increase		Indeterminate	

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) finds that the bill's requirement that the Division of State Police develop and administer a program for retail dealers to electronically report transactions involving the sale, transfer, assignment, or disposition of a firearm or handgun ammunition, and to establish a searchable, secure electronic database containing that information, will result in an indeterminate annual State expenditure increase. Depending on the division's resource allocation policies, the initial and ongoing workload may or may not augment State administrative expenditures.
- The OLS anticipates potential State cost savings from the elimination of the current paperbased reporting processes.

#### **BILL DESCRIPTION**

The bill requires handgun ammunition manufacturers and dealers to keep a detailed, electronic record of handgun ammunition sales. The electronic record is required to contain certain information as detailed in the bill. The electronic records are required to be made available for inspection at all reasonable hours by any law enforcement officer.

In addition, every retail dealer is required to electronically report firearm, handgun, and handgun ammunition sales and transfers to the Division of State Police. The division would be required to develop a program for retail dealers to electronically report this information. A



retail dealer of handgun ammunition may charge a fee not to exceed \$5 for a transaction that is required to be electronically reported.

Under the bill, the division is also authorized to develop an electronic process through which certain applications and permits can be obtained.

#### FISCAL ANALYSIS

#### EXECUTIVE BRANCH

None received.

#### **OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES**

The OLS finds that the bill's requirement that the Division of State Police develop and administer a program for retail dealers to electronically report transactions involving the sale, transfer, assignment, or disposition of a firearm or handgun ammunition, and to establish a searchable, secure electronic database containing that information, will result in an indeterminate annual State expenditure increase. The OLS also estimates that the bill could require the State to train manufacturers and wholesale and retail dealers of firearms and ammunition to use the electronic program and ensure compliance in maintaining electronic records, resulting in ongoing costs to the division. Depending on the division's resource allocation policies, the initial and ongoing added workload may or may not augment State administrative expenditures.

The OLS anticipates potential State cost savings from the elimination of the current paperbased application and reporting processes. For example, handgun permits currently must be completed in quadruplicate and submitted to the division, the chief of police of the buyer's municipality, the seller, and the purchaser. Under the bill, the division is to develop an electronic system to process or facilitate the processing of certain firearm-related applications and permits, which could streamline the current process and reduce State administrative costs.

Section:	Judiciary
Analyst:	Anuja Pande Joshi Associate Research Analyst
Approved:	Thomas Koenig Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).

#### STATEMENT TO

#### ASSEMBLY, No. 1302

with committee amendments

# **STATE OF NEW JERSEY**

#### DATED: JUNE 22, 2022

The Assembly Judiciary Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly Bill No. 1302.

As amended and reported by the committee, Assembly Bill No. 1302 regulates the sale of handgun ammunition. Under current law, handgun ammunition is regulated to the extent that a purchaser is to establish his or her eligibility by exhibiting a firearms purchaser identification card, a permit to purchase a handgun, or a permit to carry a handgun, and that he or she is 21 years of age or older. This bill requires an ammunition purchaser to also exhibit a driver's license, nondriver identification card, or other government-issued form of photo identification at the time of purchase.

The bill requires a manufacturer or dealer of handgun ammunition to keep a detailed, electronic record of handgun ammunition sales. The electronic record maintained by the manufacturer or wholesale dealer is required to contain the date of the transaction; the type, caliber, or gauge of the ammunition; the quantity of ammunition sold; the name and address of the purchaser; and any other information deemed necessary by the Superintendent of State Police. The electronic record maintained by the retail dealer is required to contain the name of the manufacturer, the date of the transaction, the type, caliber, or gauge of the ammunition; the quantity of the ammunition sold; the name, address, and date of birth of the purchaser; the identification used to establish the identity of the purchaser; and any other information deemed necessary by the superintendent. The amended bill requires handgun ammunition retailers to immediately report to the State Police any transaction involving the sale, transfer, assignment, or disposition of 2,000 or more rounds of handgun ammunition and information relating to each transaction. manufacturer or dealer that is unable to maintain records in an electronic form is to be given 12 months from the effective date of this bill to establish a system for maintaining electronic records of the transfer of handgun ammunition. The electronic records are required to be made available for inspection at all reasonable hours by any law enforcement officer.

In addition, the bill requires electronic reporting of handgun, firearm, and handgun ammunition sales. Under the bill, every retail

dealer is required to electronically report firearm, handgun, and handgun ammunition sales and transfers to the superintendent. The superintendent would be required to develop a database for retail dealers to electronically report this information. As amended, the bill grants the Attorney General access to the information to be used for law enforcement purposes. Regarding handgun ammunition, the reported information is to include the date of the transaction; the name of the manufacturer, the caliber or gauge, and the quantity of ammunition sold or transferred; the name, address, and date of birth of the purchaser; the identification used to establish the identity of the purchaser; and any other information that the superintendent requires. A retail dealer of handgun ammunition may charge a fee not to exceed \$5 for a transaction that is required to be electronically reported.

This bill was prefiled for introduction in the 2022-2023 session pending technical review. As reported, the bill includes the changes required by technical review, which has been performed.

#### COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

The committee amended the bill to:

1) require handgun ammunition retailers to immediately report to the State Police any transaction involving the sale, transfer, assignment, or disposition of 2,000 or more rounds of handgun ammunition and information relating to each transaction;

2) allow the Attorney General to access the electronic database of handgun, firearm, and handgun ammunition sales for law enforcement purposes;

3) extend the effective date to the first day of the seventh month following the bill's enactment; and

4) make technical corrections.

#### STATEMENT TO

### [First Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 1302

with committee amendments

# **STATE OF NEW JERSEY**

#### DATED: JUNE 23, 2022

The Assembly Appropriations Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly Bill No. 1302 (1R).

As amended and reported by the committee, Assembly Bill No. 1302 (1R) regulates the sale of handgun ammunition. Under current law, handgun ammunition is regulated to the extent that a purchaser is to establish his or her eligibility by exhibiting a firearms purchaser identification card, a permit to purchase a handgun, or a permit to carry a handgun, and that he or she is 21 years of age or older. This bill requires an ammunition purchaser to also exhibit a driver's license, nondriver identification card, or other government-issued form of photo identification at the time of purchase.

The bill requires a manufacturer or dealer of handgun ammunition to keep a detailed, electronic record of handgun ammunition sales. The electronic record maintained by the manufacturer or wholesale dealer is required to contain the date of the transaction; the type, caliber, or gauge of the ammunition; the quantity of ammunition sold; the name and address of the purchaser; and any other information deemed necessary by the Superintendent of State Police. The electronic record maintained by the retail dealer is required to contain the name of the manufacturer, the date of the transaction, the type, caliber, or gauge of the ammunition; the quantity of the ammunition sold; the name, address, and date of birth of the purchaser; the identification used to establish the identity of the purchaser; and any other information deemed necessary by the superintendent. The amended bill requires handgun ammunition retailers to immediately report to the State Police any transaction involving the sale, transfer, assignment, or disposition of 2,000 or more rounds of handgun ammunition and information relating to each transaction. manufacturer or dealer that is unable to maintain records in an electronic form is to be given 12 months from the effective date of this bill to establish a system for maintaining electronic records of the transfer of handgun ammunition. The electronic records are required to be made available for inspection at all reasonable hours by any law enforcement officer.

In addition, the bill requires the superintendent to establish a database for retail dealers to electronically report this information. As amended, the bill grants the Attorney General access to the information to be used for law enforcement purposes. The reported information is to include the date of the transaction; the name of the manufacturer, the caliber or gauge, and the quantity of ammunition sold or transferred; the name, address, and date of birth of the purchaser; the identification used to establish the identity of the purchaser; and any other information that the superintendent requires. A retail dealer of handgun ammunition may charge a fee not to exceed \$5 for a transaction that is required to be electronically reported.

#### COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:

The committee amended the bill to remove the requirement that firearm sales be reported. As introduced, the bill required electronic reporting of both handgun ammunition and firearm sales.

#### FISCAL IMPACT:

The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) finds that the bill's requirement that the Division of State Police develop and administer a program for retail dealers to electronically report transactions involving the sale, transfer, assignment, or disposition of a firearm or handgun ammunition, and to establish a searchable, secure electronic database containing that information, will result in an indeterminate annual State expenditure increase. Depending on the division's resource allocation policies, the initial and ongoing workload may or may not augment State cost savings from the elimination of the current paper-based reporting processes.

### LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE [Second Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 1302 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 220th LEGISLATURE

DATED: JULY 1, 2022

#### SUMMARY

Synopsis:	Regulates sale of handgun ammunition and develops system for electronic reporting of firearm information.
Type of Impact:	Annual expenditure increase to the State General Fund.
Agencies Affected:	Department of Law and Public Safety.

#### Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	<u>Year 1</u>	<u>Year 2</u>	<u>Year 3</u>
State Cost Increase		Indeterminate	

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) finds that the bill's requirement that the Division of State Police develop and administer a program for retail dealers to electronically report transactions involving the sale, transfer, assignment, or disposition of handgun ammunition, and to establish a searchable electronic database containing that information, will result in an indeterminate annual State expenditure increase. Depending on the division's resource allocation policies, the initial and ongoing workload may or may not augment State administrative expenditures.
- The OLS anticipates potential State cost savings from the elimination of the current paperbased reporting processes.

#### **BILL DESCRIPTION**

Under current law, handgun ammunition is regulated to the extent that a purchaser is to establish his or her eligibility by exhibiting a firearms purchaser identification card, a permit to purchase a handgun, or a permit to carry a handgun, and that he or she is 21 years of age or older. This bill requires an ammunition purchaser to also exhibit a driver's license, nondriver identification card, or other government-issued form of photo identification at the time of purchase.



The bill requires a manufacturer or dealer of handgun ammunition to keep a detailed, electronic record of handgun ammunition sales. The bill requires handgun ammunition retailers to immediately report to the State Police any transaction involving the sale, transfer, assignment, or disposition of 2,000 or more rounds of handgun ammunition and information relating to each transaction. The electronic records are required to be made available for inspection at all reasonable hours by any law enforcement officer.

In addition, the bill requires the superintendent to establish a database for retail dealers to electronically report this information. The bill grants the Attorney General access to the information to be used for law enforcement purposes. The reported information is to include the date of the transaction; the name of the manufacturer, the caliber or gauge, and the quantity of ammunition sold or transferred; the name, address, and date of birth of the purchaser; the identification used to establish the identity of the purchaser; and any other information that the superintendent requires.

#### FISCAL ANALYSIS

#### **EXECUTIVE BRANCH**

None received.

#### **OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES**

The OLS finds that the bill's requirement that the Division of State Police develop and administer a program for retail dealers to electronically report transactions involving the sale, transfer, assignment, or disposition of handgun ammunition, and to establish a searchable electronic database containing that information, will result in an indeterminate annual State expenditure increase. Depending on the division's resource allocation policies, the initial and ongoing added workload may or may not augment State administrative expenditures.

The OLS anticipates potential State cost savings from the elimination of the current paperbased application and reporting processes. For example, handgun permits currently must be completed in quadruplicate and submitted to the division, the chief of police of the buyer's municipality, the seller, and the purchaser. Under the bill, the division is to develop an electronic system to process or facilitate the processing of certain firearm-related applications and permits, which could streamline the current process and reduce State administrative costs.

Section:	Judiciary
Analyst:	Anuja Pande Joshi Associate Research Analyst
Approved:	Thomas Koenig Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).

# SENATE, No. 2903 **STATE OF NEW JERSEY** 220th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JUNE 20, 2022

Sponsored by: Senator JOSEPH P. CRYAN District 20 (Union)

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Regulates sale of handgun ammunition and develops system for electronic reporting of firearm information.

#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.



1 AN ACT concerning the sale of ammunition, amending N.J.S.2C:58-2 1, N.J.S.2C:58-2, N.J.S.2C:58-3, and P.L.2007, c.318, and 3 supplementing Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes. 4 5 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 6 of New Jersey: 7 8 1. N.J.S.2C:58-1 is amended to read as follows: 9 2C:58-1. Registration of manufacturers and wholesale dealers of 10 firearms 11 a. Registration. Every manufacturer and wholesale dealer of 12 firearms shall register with the superintendent as provided in this 13 section. No person shall engage in the business of, or act as a 14 manufacturer or wholesale dealer of firearms, or manufacture or sell 15 at wholesale any firearm, until he has so registered. 16 Applications for registration shall be made on such forms as 17 shall be prescribed by the superintendent, and the applicant shall 18 furnish such information and other particulars as may be prescribed by law or by any rules or regulations promulgated by the 19 20 superintendent. Each application for registration or renewal shall 21 be accompanied by a fee of \$150.00. 22 The superintendent shall prescribe standards and qualifications 23 for the registration of manufacturers and wholesalers of firearms, 24 for the protection of the public safety, health and welfare. He shall 25 refuse to register any applicant for registration unless he is satisfied 26 that the applicant can be permitted to engage in business as a 27 manufacturer or wholesale dealer of firearms without any danger to 28 the public safety, health or welfare. 29 The superintendent shall issue a certificate of registration to 30 every person registered under this section, and such certificate shall 31 be valid for a period of 3 years from the date of issuance. 32 b. Wholesale dealer's agent. Every registered wholesale dealer 33 of firearms shall cause each of his agents or employees actively 34 engaged in the purchase or sale of firearms to be licensed with the 35 superintendent as a wholesale dealer's agent. Applications for agents' licenses shall be submitted on such forms as shall be 36 37 prescribed by the superintendent, and shall be signed by the registered wholesale dealer and by the agent. Each application shall 38 39 be accompanied by a fee of \$5.00, and each license shall be valid 40 for so long as the agent or employee remains in the employ of the 41 wholesale dealer and the wholesale dealer remains validly registered under this section. The superintendent shall prescribe 42 43 standards and qualifications for licensed wholesale dealers' agents, 44 for the protection of the public safety, health and welfare. 45 c. Revocation of certificate of registration or license. 46 The superintendent may, after reasonable notice to all affected parties and a hearing if requested, revoke any certificate of 47

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced brackets** [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

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registration or agent's license if he finds that the registered or licensed person is no longer engaged in the business of manufacturing or wholesaling firearms in this State or that he can no longer be permitted to carry on such business without endangering the public safety, health or welfare. A certificate or license may be canceled at any time at the request of the registered or licensed person.

8 Any person aggrieved by the refusal of the d. Appeals. 9 superintendent to register him as a manufacturer or wholesale dealer 10 or a wholesale dealer's agent, or by revocation of his certificate or 11 license, may appeal to the Appellate Division of the Superior Court. 12 e. Records of sales. Every manufacturer and wholesale dealer 13 shall keep a detailed record of each firearm and all handgun 14 ammunition sold by [him] the manufacturer and dealer. The 15 firearm record shall include the date of sale, the name and address 16 of the purchaser, a description of each firearm and the firearm's 17 serial number [thereof]. The handgun ammunition record shall be 18 in electronic form and shall contain the date of the transaction; the 19 type, caliber, or gauge of the ammunition; the quantity of 20 ammunition sold; the name and address of the purchaser; and any 21 other information the superintendent shall deem necessary for the 22 proper enforcement of this chapter. The records shall be available 23 for inspection at all reasonable times by any law enforcement 24 officer.

Every manufacturer and wholesale dealer shall establish a system
for maintaining electronic records pursuant to this subsection within
12 months of the effective date of P.L., c. (C.) (pending
before the Legislature as this bill).

29 (cf: N.J.S.2C:58-1)

30 31

2. N.J.S.2C:58-2 is amended to read as follows:

32 2C:58-2. a. Licensing of retail dealers and their employees. 33 No retail dealer of firearms nor any employee of a retail dealer shall 34 sell or expose for sale, or possess with the intent of selling, any 35 firearm unless licensed to do so as hereinafter provided. The 36 superintendent shall prescribe standards and qualifications for retail 37 dealers of firearms and their employees for the protection of the 38 public safety, health and welfare.

39 Applications shall be made in the form prescribed by the 40 superintendent, accompanied by a fee of \$50 payable to the 41 superintendent, and shall be made to a judge of the Superior Court 42 in the county where the applicant maintains his place of business. 43 The judge shall grant a license to an applicant if he finds that the 44 applicant meets the standards and qualifications established by the 45 superintendent and that the applicant can be permitted to engage in 46 business as a retail dealer of firearms or employee thereof without 47 any danger to the public safety, health and welfare. Each license 48 shall be valid for a period of three years from the date of issuance,

and shall authorize the holder to sell firearms at retail in a specified
 municipality.

In addition, every retail dealer shall pay a fee of \$5 for each employee actively engaged in the sale or purchase of firearms. The superintendent shall issue a license for each employee for whom said fee has been paid, which license shall be valid for so long as the employee remains in the employ of said retail dealer.

8 No license shall be granted to any retail dealer under the age of 9 21 years or to any employee of a retail dealer under the age of 18 or 10 to any person who could not qualify to obtain a permit to purchase a 11 handgun or a firearms purchaser identification card, or to any 12 corporation, partnership or other business organization in which the 13 actual or equitable controlling interest is held or possessed by such 14 an ineligible person.

All licenses shall be granted subject to the following conditions,
for breach of any of which the license shall be subject to revocation
on the application of any law enforcement officer and after notice
and hearing by the issuing court:

(1) The business shall be carried on only in the building or
buildings designated in the license, provided that repairs may be
made by the dealer or his employees outside of such premises.

(2) The license or a copy certified by the issuing authority shall
be displayed at all times in a conspicuous place on the business
premises where it can be easily read.

(3) No firearm or imitation thereof shall be placed in any
window or in any other part of the premises where it can be readily
seen from the outside.

28 (4) No rifle or shotgun, except antique rifles or shotguns, shall 29 be delivered to any person unless such person possesses and 30 exhibits a valid firearms purchaser identification card and furnishes 31 the seller, on the form prescribed by the superintendent, a 32 certification signed by him setting forth his name, permanent 33 address, firearms purchaser identification card number and such 34 other information as the superintendent may by rule or regulation 35 require. The certification shall be retained by the dealer and shall 36 be made available for inspection by any law enforcement officer at 37 any reasonable time.

(5) No handgun shall be delivered to any person unless:

39 (a) Such person possesses and exhibits a valid permit to
40 purchase a firearm and at least seven days have elapsed since the
41 date of application for the permit;

42 (b) The person is personally known to the seller or presents43 evidence of his identity;

44 (c) The handgun is unloaded and securely wrapped;

38

(d) The handgun is accompanied by a trigger lock or a locked
case, gun box, container or other secure facility; provided, however,
this provision shall not apply to antique handguns or personalized
handguns included in the roster pursuant to section 2 of P.L.2019,

c.164 (C.2C:58-2.8). The exemptions afforded under this
subparagraph for antique handguns and personalized handguns shall
be narrowly construed, limited solely to the requirements set forth
herein and shall not be deemed to afford or authorize any other
exemption from the regulatory provisions governing firearms set
forth in chapter 39 and chapter 58 of Title 2C of the New Jersey
Statutes; and

(e) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2019, c.164)

8

9 (6) The dealer shall keep a true record of every handgun sold, 10 given or otherwise delivered or disposed of, in accordance with the 11 provisions of subsections b. through e. of this section and the record 12 shall note whether a trigger lock, locked case, gun box, container or 13 other secure facility was delivered along with the handgun.

(7) A dealer shall not knowingly deliver more than one handgun
to any person within any 30-day period. This limitation shall not
apply to:

(a) a federal, State, or local law enforcement officer or agency
purchasing handguns for use by officers in the actual performance
of their law enforcement duties;

(b) a collector of handguns as curios or relics as defined in Title
18, United States Code, section 921 (a) (13) who has in his
possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License issued by
the federal Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives;

24 (c) transfers of handguns among licensed retail dealers,
25 registered wholesale dealers and registered manufacturers;

(d) any transaction where the person has purchased a handgun
from a licensed retail dealer and has returned that handgun to the
dealer in exchange for another handgun within 30 days of the
original transaction, provided the retail dealer reports the exchange
transaction to the superintendent; or

31 (e) any transaction where the superintendent issues an
32 exemption from the prohibition in this subsection pursuant to the
33 provisions of section 4 of P.L.2009, c.186 (C.2C:58-3.4).

34 b. Records. (1) Every person engaged in the retail business of 35 selling, leasing or otherwise transferring a handgun, as a retail 36 dealer or otherwise, shall keep a register in which shall be entered 37 the time of the sale, lease or other transfer, the date thereof, the 38 name, age, date of birth, occupation, residence and a physical 39 description including distinguishing physical characteristics, if any, 40 of the purchaser, lessee or transferee, the name and permanent home 41 address of the person making the sale, lease or transfer, the place of 42 the transaction, and the make, model, manufacturer's number, 43 caliber and other marks of identification on such handgun and such 44 other information as the superintendent shall deem necessary for the 45 proper enforcement of this chapter. The register shall be retained by 46 the dealer and shall be made available at all reasonable hours for 47 inspection by any law enforcement officer.

1 (2) Every person engaged in the retail business of selling, 2 leasing, or otherwise transferring handgun ammunition, as a retail 3 dealer or otherwise, shall keep an electronic record in which shall 4 be entered the name of the manufacturer; the date of the transaction; 5 the type; caliber or gauge of the ammunition; the quantity of the 6 ammunition sold; the name, address, and date of birth of the 7 purchaser; the identification used to establish the identity of the 8 purchaser; and any other information the superintendent shall deem 9 necessary for the proper enforcement of this chapter. The electronic 10 records shall be retained by the dealer and shall be made available 11 at all reasonable hours for inspection by any law enforcement 12 officer, and additionally shall be electronically reported to the 13 superintendent in accordance with section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) 14 (pending before the Legislature as this bill). 15 c. Forms of register. 16 The] (1) Until the implementation of the electronic record 17 system described in paragraph (2) of subsection b. of this section or 18 section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as 19 this bill), the superintendent shall prepare the form of the register as 20 described in paragraph (1) of subsection b. of this section and 21 furnish the same in triplicate to each person licensed to be engaged 22 in the business of selling, leasing or otherwise transferring firearms. 23 (2) All retail dealers of handgun ammunition shall establish a 24 system for maintaining electronic records of the sale or transfer of 25 handgun ammunition within 12 months after the effective date of 26 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). 27 d. Signatures in register. [The] <u>Until the dealer implements an</u> electronic record system as described in paragraph (2) of subsection 28 29 b. of this section or section 4 of P.L., c. (C. ) (pending 30 before the Legislature as this bill), the purchaser, lessee or 31 transferee of any handgun shall sign, and the dealer shall require him to sign his name to the register, in triplicate, and the person 32 33 making the sale, lease or transfer shall affix his name, in triplicate, 34 as a witness to the signature. The signatures, or the entry of an 35 electronic signature in the electronic record system pursuant to 36 paragraph (2) of subsection b. of this section or section 4 of 37 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), 38 shall constitute a representation of the accuracy of the information 39 contained in the register. 40 e. Copies of register entries; delivery to chief of police or 41 county clerk. 42 [Within] (1) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2) of 43 this subsection, within five days of the date of the sale, assignment 44 or transfer, the dealer shall deliver or mail by certified mail, return 45 receipt requested, legible copies of the register forms to the office 46 of the chief of police of the municipality in which the purchaser 47 resides, or to the office of the captain of the precinct of the 48 municipality in which the purchaser resides, and to the

1 superintendent. If hand delivered a receipt shall be given to the 2 dealer therefor. 3 Where a sale, assignment or transfer is made to a purchaser who 4 resides in a municipality having no chief of police, the dealer shall, 5 within five days of the transaction, mail a duplicate copy of the 6 register sheet to the clerk of the county within which the purchaser 7 resides. 8 (2) A dealer shall not be required to use the triplicate form after 9 the dealer establishes an electronic reporting system pursuant to 10 paragraph (2) of subsection b. of this section or section 4 of P.L., c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). 11 12 (cf: P.L.2019, c.164, s.7) 13 3. N.J.S.2C:58-3 is amended to read as follows: 14 15 2C:58-3. a. Permit to purchase a handgun. 16 (1) No person shall sell, give, transfer, assign or otherwise 17 dispose of, nor receive, purchase, or otherwise acquire a handgun 18 unless the purchaser, assignee, donee, receiver or holder is licensed 19 as a dealer under this chapter or has first secured a permit to 20 purchase a handgun as provided by this section. 21 (2) A person who is not a licensed retail dealer and sells, gives, 22 transfers, assigns, or otherwise disposes of, or receives, purchases 23 or otherwise acquires a handgun pursuant to this section shall 24 conduct the transaction through a licensed retail dealer. 25 The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply if the transaction 26 is: 27 (a) between members of an immediate family as defined in subsection n. of this section: 28 29 (b) between law enforcement officers; 30 (c) between collectors of firearms or ammunition as curios or 31 relics as defined in Title 18, U.S.C. section 921 (a) (13) who have 32 in their possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License 33 issued by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and 34 Explosives; or 35 (d) a temporary transfer pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1992, c.74 (C.2C:58-3.1) or section 1 of P.L.1997, c.375 (C.2C:58-3.2). 36 37 (3) Prior to a transaction conducted pursuant to this subsection, 38 the retail dealer shall complete a National Instant Criminal 39 Background Check of the person acquiring the handgun. In 40 addition: 41 (a) the retail dealer shall submit to the Superintendent of State 42 Police, on a form approved by the superintendent, information 43 identifying and confirming the background check; 44 (b) every retail dealer shall maintain a record of transactions 45 conducted pursuant to this subsection, which shall be maintained at 46 the address displayed on the retail dealer's license for inspection by 47 a law enforcement officer during reasonable hours;

(c) a retail dealer may charge a fee for a transaction conducted

2 pursuant to this subsection; and
3 (d) any record produced pursuant to this subsection shall not be

4 considered a public record pursuant to P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et 5 seq.) or P.L.2001, c.404 (C.47:1A-5 et al.).

5 seq.) or P.L.2001, c.404 (C.47:1A-5 et al.).

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b. Firearms purchaser identification card.

7 (1) No person shall sell, give, transfer, assign or otherwise 8 dispose of nor receive, purchase or otherwise acquire an antique 9 cannon or a rifle or shotgun, other than an antique rifle or shotgun, 10 unless the purchaser, assignee, donee, receiver or holder is licensed 11 as a dealer under this chapter or possesses a valid firearms 12 purchaser identification card, and first exhibits the card to the seller, 13 donor, transferor or assignor, and unless the purchaser, assignee, 14 donee, receiver or holder signs a written certification, on a form 15 prescribed by the superintendent, which shall indicate that he 16 presently complies with the requirements of subsection c. of this 17 section and shall contain his name, address and firearms purchaser 18 identification card number or dealer's registration number. The 19 certification shall be retained by the seller, as provided in paragraph 20 (4) of subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:58-2, or, in the case of a person 21 who is not a dealer, it may be filed with the chief of police of the 22 municipality in which he resides or with the superintendent.

(2) A person who is not a licensed retail dealer and sells, gives,
transfers, assigns, or otherwise disposes of, or receives, purchases
or otherwise acquires an antique cannon or a rifle or shotgun
pursuant to this section shall conduct the transaction through a
licensed retail dealer.

The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply if the transactionis:

30 (a) between members of an immediate family as defined in31 subsection n. of this section;

(b) between law enforcement officers;

(c) between collectors of firearms or ammunition as curios or
relics as defined in Title 18, U.S.C. section 921 (a) (13) who have
in their possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License
issued by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and
Explosives; or

38 (d) a temporary transfer pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1992, c.74
39 (C.2C:58-3.1) and section 1 of P.L.1997, c.375 (C.2C:58-3.2).

40 (3) Prior to a transaction conducted pursuant to this subsection,
41 the retail dealer shall complete a National Instant Criminal
42 Background Check of the person acquiring an antique cannon or a
43 rifle or shotgun. In addition:

(a) the retail dealer shall submit to the Superintendent of State
Police, on a form approved by the superintendent, information
identifying and confirming the background check;

(b) every retail dealer shall maintain a record of transactionsconducted pursuant to this section which shall be maintained at the

address set forth on the retail dealer's license for inspection by a law
 enforcement officer during reasonable hours;

3 (c) a retail dealer may charge a fee for a transaction conducted4 pursuant to this subsection; and

(d) any record produced pursuant to this subsection shall not be
considered a public record pursuant to P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et
seq.) or P.L.2001, c.404 (C.47:1A-5 et al.).

8 c. Who may obtain. No person of good character and good 9 repute in the community in which he lives, and who is not subject to 10 any of the disabilities set forth in this section or other sections of 11 this chapter, shall be denied a permit to purchase a handgun or a 12 firearms purchaser identification card, except as hereinafter set 13 forth. No handgun purchase permit or firearms purchaser 14 identification card shall be issued:

(1) To any person who has been convicted of any crime, or a
disorderly persons offense involving an act of domestic violence as
defined in section 3 of P.L.1991, c.261 (C.2C:25-19), whether or
not armed with or possessing a weapon at the time of the offense;

(2) To any drug-dependent person as defined in section 2 of
P.L.1970, c.226 (C.24:21-2), to any person who is confined for a
mental disorder to a hospital, mental institution or sanitarium, or to
any person who is presently an habitual drunkard;

23 (3) To any person who suffers from a physical defect or disease 24 which would make it unsafe for him to handle firearms, to any 25 person who has ever been confined for a mental disorder, or to any 26 alcoholic unless any of the foregoing persons produces a certificate 27 of a medical doctor or psychiatrist licensed in New Jersey, or other 28 satisfactory proof, that he is no longer suffering from that particular 29 disability in a manner that would interfere with or handicap him in 30 the handling of firearms; to any person who knowingly falsifies any 31 information on the application form for a handgun purchase permit 32 or firearms purchaser identification card;

33 (4) To any person under the age of 18 years for a firearms
34 purchaser identification card and to any person under the age of 21
35 years for a permit to purchase a handgun;

36 (5) To any person where the issuance would not be in the37 interest of the public health, safety or welfare;

(6) To any person who is subject to a restraining order issued
pursuant to the "Prevention of Domestic Violence Act of 1991",
P.L.1991, c.261 (C.2C:25-17 et seq.) prohibiting the person from
possessing any firearm;

42 (7) To any person who as a juvenile was adjudicated delinquent
43 for an offense which, if committed by an adult, would constitute a
44 crime and the offense involved the unlawful use or possession of a
45 weapon, explosive or destructive device or is enumerated in
46 subsection d. of section 2 of P.L.1997, c.117 (C.2C:43-7.2);

(8) To any person whose firearm is seized pursuant to the
 "Prevention of Domestic Violence Act of 1991", P.L.1991, c.261
 (C.2C:25-17 et seq.) and whose firearm has not been returned; or

4 (9) To any person named on the consolidated Terrorist Watchlist
5 maintained by the Terrorist Screening Center administered by the
6 Federal Bureau of Investigation;

(10) To any person who is subject to a court order prohibiting the
custody, control, ownership, purchase, possession, or receipt of a
firearm or ammunition issued pursuant to the "Extreme Risk
Protective Order Act of 2018", P.L.2018, c.35 (C.2C:58-20 et al.);
or

(11)To any person who is subject to a court order prohibiting the
custody, control, ownership, purchase, possession, or receipt of a
firearm or ammunition issued pursuant to P.L.2021, c.327
(C.2C:12-14 et al.).

d. Issuance. The chief of police of an organized full-time
police department of the municipality where the applicant resides or
the superintendent, in all other cases, shall upon application, issue
to any person qualified under the provisions of subsection c. of this
section a permit to purchase a handgun or a firearms purchaser
identification card.

22 Any person aggrieved by the denial of a permit or identification 23 card may request a hearing in the Superior Court of the county in 24 which he resides if he is a resident of New Jersey or in the Superior 25 Court of the county in which his application was filed if he is a 26 nonresident. The request for a hearing shall be made in writing 27 within 30 days of the denial of the application for a permit or 28 identification card. The applicant shall serve a copy of his request 29 for a hearing upon the chief of police of the municipality in which 30 he resides, if he is a resident of New Jersey, and upon the 31 superintendent in all cases. The hearing shall be held and a record made thereof within 30 days of the receipt of the application for a 32 33 hearing by the judge of the Superior Court. No formal pleading and 34 no filing fee shall be required as a preliminary to a hearing. 35 Appeals from the results of a hearing shall be in accordance with 36 law.

37 e. Applications. Applications for permits to purchase a 38 handgun and for firearms purchaser identification cards shall be in 39 the form prescribed by the superintendent and shall set forth the 40 name, residence, place of business, age, date of birth, occupation, 41 sex and physical description, including distinguishing physical 42 characteristics, if any, of the applicant, and shall state whether the 43 applicant is a citizen, whether he is an alcoholic, habitual drunkard, 44 drug-dependent person as defined in section 2 of P.L.1970, c.226 45 (C.24:21-2), whether he has ever been confined or committed to a 46 mental institution or hospital for treatment or observation of a 47 mental or psychiatric condition on a temporary, interim or 48 permanent basis, giving the name and location of the institution or

1 hospital and the dates of confinement or commitment, whether he 2 has been attended, treated or observed by any doctor or psychiatrist 3 or at any hospital or mental institution on an inpatient or outpatient 4 basis for any mental or psychiatric condition, giving the name and 5 location of the doctor, psychiatrist, hospital or institution and the 6 dates of the occurrence, whether he presently or ever has been a 7 member of any organization which advocates or approves the 8 commission of acts of force and violence to overthrow the Government of the United States or of this State, or which seeks to 9 10 deny others their rights under the Constitution of either the United 11 States or the State of New Jersey, whether he has ever been 12 convicted of a crime or disorderly persons offense, whether the 13 person is subject to a restraining order issued pursuant to the 14 "Prevention of Domestic Violence Act of 1991", P.L.1991, c.261 15 (C.2C:25-17 et seq.) prohibiting the person from possessing any 16 firearm, whether the person is subject to a protective order issued 17 pursuant to the "Extreme Risk Protective Order Act of 2018", 18 P.L.2018, c.35 (C.2C:58-20 et al.), whether the person is subject to 19 a protective order issued pursuant to P.L.2021, c.327 (C.2C:12-14 20 et al.) prohibiting the person from possessing any firearm, and other 21 information as the superintendent shall deem necessary for the 22 proper enforcement of this chapter. For the purpose of complying 23 with this subsection, the applicant shall waive any statutory or other 24 right of confidentiality relating to institutional confinement. The 25 application shall be signed by the applicant and shall contain as 26 references the names and addresses of two reputable citizens 27 personally acquainted with him.

Application blanks shall be obtainable from the superintendent, from any other officer authorized to grant a permit or identification card, and from licensed retail dealers, or shall be made available through an online process established or made available by the superintendent.

33 The chief police officer or the superintendent shall obtain the 34 fingerprints of the applicant and shall have them compared with any 35 and all records of fingerprints in the municipality and county in 36 which the applicant resides and also the records of the State Bureau 37 of Identification and the Federal Bureau of Investigation, provided 38 that an applicant for a handgun purchase permit who possesses a 39 valid firearms purchaser identification card, or who has previously 40 obtained a handgun purchase permit from the same licensing 41 authority for which he was previously fingerprinted, and who 42 provides other reasonably satisfactory proof of his identity, need not 43 be fingerprinted again; however, the chief police officer or the 44 superintendent shall proceed to investigate the application to 45 determine whether or not the applicant has become subject to any of 46 the disabilities set forth in this chapter.

47 f. Granting of permit or identification card; fee; term; renewal;
48 revocation. The application for the permit to purchase a handgun

1 together with a fee of \$2, or the application for the firearms 2 purchaser identification card together with a fee of \$5, shall be 3 delivered or forwarded to the licensing authority who shall 4 investigate the same and, unless good cause for the denial thereof 5 appears, shall grant the permit or the identification card, or both, if 6 application has been made therefor, within 30 days from the date of 7 receipt of the application for residents of this State and within 45 8 days for nonresident applicants. A permit to purchase a handgun 9 shall be valid for a period of 90 days from the date of issuance and 10 may be renewed by the issuing authority for good cause for an 11 additional 90 days. A firearms purchaser identification card shall 12 be valid until such time as the holder becomes subject to any of the 13 disabilities set forth in subsection c. of this section, whereupon the 14 card shall be void and shall be returned within five days by the 15 holder to the superintendent, who shall then advise the licensing 16 authority. Failure of the holder to return the firearms purchaser 17 identification card to the superintendent within the five days shall 18 be an offense under subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:39-10. Any firearms 19 purchaser identification card may be revoked by the Superior Court 20 of the county wherein the card was issued, after hearing upon 21 notice, upon a finding that the holder thereof no longer qualifies for the issuance of the permit. The county prosecutor of any county, 22 23 the chief police officer of any municipality or any citizen may apply 24 to the court at any time for the revocation of the card.

There shall be no conditions or requirements added to the form or content of the application, or required by the licensing authority for the issuance of a permit or identification card, other than those that are specifically set forth in this chapter.

g. Disposition of fees. All fees for permits shall be paid to the
State Treasury if the permit is issued by the superintendent, to the
municipality if issued by the chief of police, and to the county
treasurer if issued by the judge of the Superior Court.

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h. Form of permit; quadruplicate; disposition of copies.

34 [The] (1) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the permit shall be in the form prescribed by the 35 superintendent and shall be issued to the applicant in quadruplicate. 36 37 Prior to the time he receives the handgun from the seller, the 38 applicant shall deliver to the seller the permit in quadruplicate and 39 the seller shall complete all of the information required on the form. 40 Within five days of the date of the sale, the seller shall forward the 41 original copy to the superintendent and the second copy to the chief 42 of police of the municipality in which the purchaser resides, except 43 that in a municipality having no chief of police, the copy shall be 44 forwarded to the superintendent. The third copy shall then be 45 returned to the purchaser with the pistol or revolver and the fourth 46 copy shall be kept by the seller as a permanent record.

47 (2) The requirements of this subsection concerning the delivery
 48 and form of permit and disposition of copies shall not be applicable

1 when these functions may be completed by utilizing an electronic 2 system as described in paragraph (2) of subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:58-2 or section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before 3 4 the Legislature as this bill). 5 i. Restriction on number of firearms person may purchase. 6 Only one handgun shall be purchased or delivered on each permit 7 and no more than one handgun shall be purchased within any 30-8 day period, but this limitation shall not apply to: 9 (1) a federal, State, or local law enforcement officer or agency 10 purchasing handguns for use by officers in the actual performance 11 of their law enforcement duties; 12 (2) a collector of handguns as curios or relics as defined in Title 13 18, United States Code, section 921 (a) (13) who has in his possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License issued by 14 15 the federal Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives; 16 (3) transfers of handguns among licensed retail dealers, 17 registered wholesale dealers and registered manufacturers; 18 (4) transfers of handguns from any person to a licensed retail 19 dealer or a registered wholesale dealer or registered manufacturer; 20 (5) any transaction where the person has purchased a handgun 21 from a licensed retail dealer and has returned that handgun to the dealer in exchange for another handgun within 30 days of the 22 23 original transaction, provided the retail dealer reports the exchange 24 transaction to the superintendent; or 25 (6) any transaction where the superintendent issues an exemption 26 from the prohibition in this subsection pursuant to the provisions of 27 section 4 of P.L.2009, c.186 (C.2C:58-3.4). The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to afford 28 29 or authorize any other exemption from the regulatory provisions 30 governing firearms set forth in chapter 39 and chapter 58 of Title 31 2C of the New Jersey Statutes; A person shall not be restricted as to the number of rifles or 32 33 shotguns he may purchase, provided he possesses a valid firearms 34 purchaser identification card and provided further that he signs the 35 certification required in subsection b. of this section for each 36 transaction. 37 Firearms passing to heirs or legatees. Notwithstanding any j. 38 other provision of this section concerning the transfer, receipt or 39 acquisition of a firearm, a permit to purchase or a firearms 40 purchaser identification card shall not be required for the passing of 41 a firearm upon the death of an owner thereof to his heir or legatee, 42 whether the same be by testamentary bequest or by the laws of 43 intestacy. The person who shall so receive, or acquire the firearm 44 shall, however, be subject to all other provisions of this chapter. If 45 the heir or legatee of the firearm does not qualify to possess or carry 46 it, he may retain ownership of the firearm for the purpose of sale for 47 a period not exceeding 180 days, or for a further limited period as 48 may be approved by the chief law enforcement officer of the

1 municipality in which the heir or legatee resides or the 2 superintendent, provided that the firearm is in the custody of the 3 chief law enforcement officer of the municipality or the 4 superintendent during that period.

k. Sawed-off shotguns. Nothing in this section shall be
construed to authorize the purchase or possession of any sawed-off
shotgun.

8 l. Nothing in this section and in N.J.S.2C:58-2 shall apply to 9 the sale or purchase of a visual distress signalling device approved 10 by the United States Coast Guard, solely for possession on a private 11 or commercial aircraft or any boat; provided, however, that no 12 person under the age of 18 years shall purchase nor shall any person 13 sell to a person under the age of 18 years a visual distress signalling 14 device.

m. The provisions of subsections a. and b. of this section and paragraphs (4) and (5) of subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:58-2 shall not apply to the purchase of firearms by a law enforcement agency for use by law enforcement officers in the actual performance of the current or former judge's duties, which purchase may be made directly from a manufacturer or from a licensed dealer located in this State or any other state.

n. For the purposes of this section, "immediate family" means a
spouse, domestic partner as defined in section 3 of P.L.2003, c.246
(C.26:8A-3), partner in a civil union couple as defined in section 2
of P.L.2006, c.103 (C.37:1-29), parent, stepparent, grandparent,
sibling, stepsibling, child, stepchild, and grandchild, as related by
blood or by law.

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28 (cf: P.L.2021, c.327, s.6)
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30 4. Section 1 of P.L.2007, c.318 (C.2C:58-3.3) is amended to 31 read as follows:

32 1. a. As used in this act [, "handgun]:

33 "Ammunition" means an object consisting of all of the following 34 components: a fixed metallic or nonmetallic hull casing containing 35 a primer; one or more projectiles, one or more bullets, or shot; and 36 gunpowder. All of the specified components shall be present for an 37 object to be ammunition. As used in this section, ammunition shall 38 not include, without limitation, blank ammunition, air gun pellets, 39 flare gun ammunition, nail gun ammunition, paint ball ammunition, 40 or any non-fixed ammunition.

41 <u>"Handgun</u> ammunition" means ammunition [specifically] 42 designed [to] <u>such that it may</u> be used [only] in a handgun, 43 <u>including ammunition specifically designed to be used only in a</u> 44 <u>handgun, as well as ammunition intended for use in any other</u> 45 <u>firearm and which may be interchangeable between rifles and</u> 46 <u>handguns</u>. "Handgun ammunition" shall not include [blank 47 ammunition, air gun pellets, flare gun ammunition, nail gun

1 ammunition, paint ball ammunition, or any non-fixed ammunition 2 specifically designed to be used only in a rifle or shotgun. 3 [No] A person shall not sell, give, transfer, assign or b. 4 otherwise dispose of, or receive, purchase, or otherwise acquire 5 handgun ammunition unless the purchaser, assignee, donee, receiver 6 or holder is licensed as a manufacturer, wholesaler, or dealer under 7 this chapter or is the holder of and possesses a valid firearms 8 purchaser identification card, a valid copy of a permit to purchase a 9 handgun, or a valid permit to carry a handgun and first exhibits 10 [such] the card or permit to the seller, donor, transferor, or assignor along with a valid, current driver's license; valid, current nondriver 11 12 identification card; or other valid, current government-issued form 13 of photo identification. 14 c. No person shall sell, give, transfer, assign, or otherwise 15 dispose of handgun ammunition to a person who is under 21 years of age. 16 17 d. The provisions of this section shall not apply to a collector 18 of firearms or ammunition as curios or relics who purchases, 19 receives, acquires, possesses, or transfers handgun ammunition 20 which is recognized as being historical in nature or of historical 21 significance. 22 e. A person who violates this section shall be guilty of a crime 23 of the fourth degree, except that nothing contained herein shall be 24 construed to prohibit the sale, transfer, assignment or disposition of 25 handgun ammunition to or the purchase, receipt or acceptance of 26 ammunition by a law enforcement agency or law enforcement 27 official for law enforcement purposes. 28 f. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the 29 transfer of ammunition for use in a lawfully transferred firearm in 30 accordance with the provisions of section 1 of P.L.1992, 31 c.74 (C.2C:58-3.1), section 1 of P.L.1997, c.375 (C.2C:58-3.2) or 32 section 14 of P.L.1979, c.179 (C.2C:58-6.1). 33 g. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the sale 34 of a de minimis amount of handgun ammunition at a firearms range 35 operated by a licensed dealer; a law enforcement agency; a legally 36 recognized military organization; or a rifle or pistol club which has 37 filed a copy of its charter with the superintendent for immediate use 38 at that range. 39 (cf: P.L.2007, c.318, s.1) 40 41 5. (New section) a. (1) The Superintendent of State Police 42 shall develop a program for retail dealers of handgun ammunition to 43 electronically report a record of any transaction involving the sale, 44 transfer, assignment, or disposition of handgun ammunition and 45 information relating to each transaction. The reported information

information relating to each transaction. The reported information
shall include: the date of the transaction; the name of the
manufacturer, the caliber or gauge, and the quantity of ammunition
sold or transferred; the name, address, and date of birth of the

purchaser; the identification used to establish the identity of the
 purchaser; and any other information the superintendent may
 require.

(2) Subject to the time limitations established in paragraph (2) 4 5 of subsection c. of section 2 of P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending 6 before the Legislature as this bill), every retail dealer of 7 ammunition as defined in section 1 of P.L.2007, c.318 (C.2C:58-8 3.3) shall electronically report to the superintendent a record of any transaction involving the sale, transfer, assignment, or disposition 9 10 of handgun ammunition by utilizing the program developed 11 pursuant to this subsection.

A retail dealer may charge a fee determined by the
superintendent for a transaction electronically reported pursuant to
this subsection.

b. (1) The superintendent shall develop a program for retail
dealers to electronically report a record of any transaction involving
the sale, transfer, assignment, or disposition of a firearm and
information relating to each transaction.

(2) Within a timeframe as determined by the superintendent,
every retail dealer of firearms shall electronically report to the
superintendent a record of any transaction involving the sale,
transfer, assignment, or disposition of a firearm by utilizing the
program developed pursuant to this subsection.

24 c. The superintendent shall establish a searchable, electronic 25 database containing the information reported pursuant subsections 26 a. and b. of this section, which shall be available to law 27 enforcement officers. The superintendent also shall establish security procedures to protect the confidentiality of the information 28 29 contained in the database, which shall prevent access to the 30 information by any person or entity that is not lawfully entitled to 31 it.

d. The superintendent shall develop an Internet-based or other
electronic system to process or facilitate the processing of any or all
of the following: application for and issuance of firearms purchaser
identification cards, permits to purchase a handgun, or other permits
authorized under this chapter.

e. Any record reported or produced pursuant to this section
shall not be considered a public record or government record
pursuant to P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.) or P.L.2001,
c.404 (C.47:1A-5 et al.).

6. This act shall take effect immediately.

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#### STATEMENT

This bill regulates the sale of handgun ammunition. Under current law, handgun ammunition is regulated to the extent that a purchaser is

to establish his or her eligibility by exhibiting a firearms purchaser identification card, a permit to purchase a handgun, or a permit to carry a handgun, and that he or she is 21 years of age or older. This bill requires an ammunition purchaser to also exhibit a driver's license, nondriver identification card, or other government-issued form of photo identification at the time of purchase.

7 The bill requires a manufacturer or dealer of handgun ammunition 8 to keep a detailed, electronic record of handgun ammunition sales. 9 The electronic record maintained by the manufacturer or wholesale 10 dealer is required to contain the date of the transaction; the type, 11 caliber, or gauge of the ammunition; the quantity of ammunition sold; 12 the name and address of the purchaser; and any other information 13 deemed necessary by the Superintendent of State Police. The 14 electronic record maintained by the retail dealer is required to contain 15 the name of the manufacturer, the date of the transaction, the type, 16 caliber, or gauge of the ammunition; the quantity of the ammunition 17 sold; the name, address, and date of birth of the purchaser; the 18 identification used to establish the identity of the purchaser; and any 19 other information deemed necessary by the superintendent. Α 20 manufacturer or dealer that is unable to maintain record in an 21 electronic form is to be given 12 months from the effective date of this 22 bill to establish a system for maintaining electronic records of the 23 transfer of handgun ammunition. The electronic records are required 24 to be made available for inspection at all reasonable hours by any law 25 enforcement officer.

26 In addition, the bill requires electronic reporting of handgun, 27 firearm, and handgun ammunition sales. Under the bill, every retail 28 dealer is required to electronically report firearm, handgun, and 29 handgun ammunition sales and transfers to the superintendent. The 30 superintendent would be required to develop a program for retail 31 dealers to electronically report this information. Regarding handgun 32 ammunition, the reported information is to include the date of the 33 transaction; the name of the manufacturer, the caliber or gauge, and 34 the quantity of ammunition sold or transferred; the name, address, and 35 date of birth of the purchaser; the identification used to establish the 36 identity of the purchaser; and any other information that the 37 superintendent requires. A retail dealer of handgun ammunition may 38 charge a fee not to exceed \$5 for a transaction that is required to be 39 electronically reported.

#### STATEMENT TO

#### **SENATE, No. 2903**

with committee amendments

# **STATE OF NEW JERSEY**

#### DATED: JUNE 23, 2022

The Law and Public Safety Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 2903 with committee amendments.

As amended and reported by the committee, Senate Bill No. 2903 regulates the sale of handgun ammunition. Under current law, handgun ammunition is regulated to the extent that a purchaser is to establish his or her eligibility by exhibiting a firearms purchaser identification card, a permit to purchase a handgun, or a permit to carry a handgun, and that he or she is 21 years of age or older. This bill requires an ammunition purchaser to also exhibit a driver's license, nondriver identification card, or other government-issued form of photo identification at the time of purchase.

The bill requires a manufacturer or dealer of handgun ammunition to keep a detailed, electronic record of handgun ammunition sales. The electronic record maintained by the manufacturer or wholesale dealer is required to contain the date of the transaction; the type, caliber, or gauge of the ammunition; the quantity of ammunition sold; the name and address of the purchaser; and any other information deemed necessary by the Superintendent of State Police. The electronic record maintained by the retail dealer is required to contain the name of the manufacturer, the date of the transaction, the type, caliber, or gauge of the ammunition; the quantity of the ammunition sold; the name, address, and date of birth of the purchaser; the identification used to establish the identity of the purchaser; and any other information deemed necessary by the superintendent. The amended bill requires handgun ammunition retailers to immediately report to the State Police any transaction involving the sale, transfer, assignment, or disposition of 2,000 or more rounds of handgun ammunition and information relating to each transaction. manufacturer or dealer that is unable to maintain records in an electronic form is to be given 12 months from the effective date of this bill to establish a system for maintaining electronic records of the transfer of handgun ammunition. The electronic records are required to be made available for inspection at all reasonable hours by any law enforcement officer.

In addition, the bill requires the superintendent to establish a database for retail dealers to electronically report this information. As

amended, the bill grants the Attorney General access to the information to be used for law enforcement purposes. The reported information is to include the date of the transaction; the name of the manufacturer, the caliber or gauge, and the quantity of ammunition sold or transferred; the name, address, and date of birth of the purchaser; the identification used to establish the identity of the purchaser; and any other information that the superintendent requires. A retail dealer of handgun ammunition may charge a fee not to exceed \$5 for a transaction that is required to be electronically reported.

#### COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

The committee amended the bill to:

1) require handgun ammunition retailers to immediately report to the State Police any transaction involving the sale, transfer, assignment, or disposition of 2,000 or more rounds of handgun ammunition and information relating to each transaction;

2) allow the Attorney General to access the electronic database of handgun ammunition sales for law enforcement purposes;

3) extend the effective date to the first day of the seventh month following the bill's enactment;

4) remove the requirement that firearm sales be reported. As introduced, the bill required electronic reporting of both handgun ammunition and firearm sales; and

5) make technical corrections.

### LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE [First Reprint] SENATE, No. 2903 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 220th LEGISLATURE

DATED: JULY 1, 2022

#### SUMMARY

Synopsis:	Regulates sale of handgun ammunition and develops system for electronic reporting of firearm information.
Type of Impact:	Annual expenditure increase to the State General Fund.
Agencies Affected:	Department of Law and Public Safety.

#### Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	<u>Year 1</u>	<u>Year 2</u>	<u>Year 3</u>
State Cost Increase		Indeterminate	

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) finds that the bill's requirement that the Division of State Police develop and administer a program for retail dealers to electronically report transactions involving the sale, transfer, assignment, or disposition of handgun ammunition, and to establish a searchable electronic database containing that information, will result in an indeterminate annual State expenditure increase. Depending on the division's resource allocation policies, the initial and ongoing workload may or may not augment State administrative expenditures.
- The OLS anticipates potential annual State cost savings from the elimination of the current paper-based reporting processes.

#### **BILL DESCRIPTION**

Under current law, handgun ammunition is regulated to the extent that a purchaser is to establish his or her eligibility by exhibiting a firearms purchaser identification card, a permit to purchase a handgun, or a permit to carry a handgun, and that he or she is 21 years of age or older. This bill requires an ammunition purchaser to also exhibit a driver's license, nondriver identification card, or other government-issued form of photo identification at the time of purchase.

Office of Legislative Services State House Annex P.O. Box 068 Trenton, New Jersey 08625



The bill requires a manufacturer or dealer of handgun ammunition to keep a detailed, electronic record of handgun ammunition sales. The bill requires handgun ammunition retailers to immediately report to the State Police any transaction involving the sale, transfer, assignment, or disposition of 2,000 or more rounds of handgun ammunition and information relating to each transaction. The electronic records are required to be made available for inspection at all reasonable hours by any law enforcement officer.

In addition, the bill requires the State Police to establish a database for retail dealers to electronically report this information. The bill grants the Attorney General access to the information to be used for law enforcement purposes. The reported information is to include the date of the transaction; the name of the manufacturer, the caliber or gauge, and the quantity of ammunition sold or transferred; the name, address, and date of birth of the purchaser; the identification used to establish the identity of the purchaser; and any other information that the Division of State Police requires.

#### FISCAL ANALYSIS

#### **EXECUTIVE BRANCH**

None received.

#### **OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES**

The OLS finds that the bill's requirement that the Division of State Police develop and administer a program for retail dealers to electronically report transactions involving the sale, transfer, assignment, or disposition of handgun ammunition, and to establish a searchable electronic database containing that information, will result in an indeterminate annual State expenditure increase. Depending on the division's resource allocation policies, the initial and ongoing added workload may or may not augment State administrative expenditures.

The OLS anticipates potential State cost savings from the elimination of the current paperbased application and reporting processes. For example, handgun permits currently must be completed in quadruplicate and submitted to the division, the chief of police of the buyer's municipality, the seller, and the purchaser. Under the bill, the division is to develop an electronic system to process or facilitate the processing of certain firearm-related applications and permits, which could streamline the current process and reduce State administrative costs.

Section:	Judiciary
Analyst:	Anuja Pande Joshi Associate Research Analyst
Approved:	Thomas Koenig Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).

## Governor Murphy Signs Sweeping Gun Safety Package 3.0 to Continue the Fight Against Gun Violence

07/5/2022

Comprehensive Reforms Further Solidify New Jersey as National Leader in Gun Safety

**METUCHEN** – Governor Phil Murphy today signed a sweeping series of gun safety reforms to continue the fight against gun violence in New Jersey. Since taking office in 2018, Governor Murphy has been a champion of bold, commonsense gun reform, and signed significant gun safety packages in June 2018 and July 2019. Today, the Governor reaffirmed his commitment to reduce the epidemic of gun violence in New Jersey and signed seven comprehensive gun safety bills, six of which were part of his Gun Safety 3.0 package that he introduced to the Legislature in April 2021 and has repeatedly championed over the last year. These gun safety reforms further solidify New Jersey as a national leader in gun safety and deliver on the promise to make communities safer.

"In the wake of horrific mass shootings in Highland Park, Illinois, Uvalde Texas, and Buffalo, New York, it is necessary that we take action in order to protect our communities. I am proud to sign these bills today and thank my legislative partners for sending them to my desk," **said Governor Murphy.** "As I have said before, this is a huge step forward for commonsense gun safety and for safer communities. But it cannot be our only or last step. I look forward to continuing to work with the Legislature and take action to make this state safer for all."

"In New Jersey we understand what it takes to actually stop the vicious cycle of mass shootings and everyday gun violence in New Jersey. We do it by passing common sense gun safety laws that work," **said Lt. Governor Sheila Oliver, who serves as Commissioner of the Department of Community Affairs.** "We cannot continue repeating the sentiment that there is nothing that can be done to end this scourge of gun violence. There is and we owe it to the next generation to sign common sense gun safety laws that cut the problem off at the source."

The seven gun safety reform bills include:

- 1. A1765/S1893 (McKeon, Atkins, Jasey/Ruiz, Pou) Allows Attorney General to bring cause of action for certain public nuisance violations arising from sale or marketing of firearms.
- 2. A1179/S1204 (Jasey, Swain, Jaffer/Cryan, Zwicker) Requires firearm owners who become New Jersey residents to obtain firearm purchaser identification card and register handguns acquired out-of-State.
- 3. A4367/S2846 (McKeon, Greenwald/Scutari, Cryan) Upgrades certain crimes related to manufacturing firearms from third degree to second degree.
- 4. A4366/S2905 (Atkins, Quijano/Scutari) Revises definition of destructive device to include certain .50 caliber rifles.
- 5. A1302/S2903 (Greenwald, Reynolds-Jackson, Atkins/Cryan) Regulates sale of handgun ammunition and develops system of electronic reporting of handgun ammunition sales.\*
- 6. A4370/S2906 (Reynolds-Jackson, Greenwald/Codey) Requires training for issuance of firearms purchaser identification card and permit to purchase handgun under certain circumstances; provides that firearms purchaser identification card include photograph and thumb print and remain valid for ten years.\*
- 7. A4368/S2907 (Greenwald, McKeon/Codey) Requires firearm retailers to sell microstamping-enabled firearms upon determination of availability by AG.

"The legislation signed into law today provides New Jersey with robust tools to combat gun violence and hold accountable irresponsible gun dealers and manufacturers who profit from this bloodshed," **said Acting Attorney General Platkin.** "I thank Governor Murphy for his continued efforts to protect New Jersey residents from mass shootings and gun violence, even as the U.S. Supreme Court is doing its best to undermine those efforts. These new commonsense gun laws send a clear message that New Jersey will continue to serve as a model for states seeking to address the epidemic of gun violence."

"As criminals attempt to find new ways to circumvent the laws, we must adjust our tactics to keep illegal guns away from those individuals who have no regard for human life once the trigger is pulled.," **said Colonel Patrick J. Callahan, Superintendent of the New Jersey State Police.** "Our efforts to limit gun violence must be comprehensive as we strive to protect the citizens of New Jersey. We will continue to work with the Governor's Office and the Office of Attorney General to keep our state safe."

"The threat of gun violence is a real and growing menace in our communities. These bills might not stop every gun crime, but they represent a thoughtful, common sense approach that will target areas of gun control in both the legal and illegal gun markets," **said Senate President Nicholas Scutari.** "They provide an opportunity to prevent gun violence and provide a safe overall environment for the public."

"New Jersey continues to lead the nation on fair and robust common-sense gun safety thanks to the Governor and Legislature's partnership that has made public safety a priority," **said Assembly Speaker Craig Coughlin.** "With the signing of these decisive, common-sense measures designed to stop gun violence in its tracks, we are advancing our commitment to ensure people in every New Jersey community can feel more safe."

"Far too many families have been torn apart by gun violence. We cannot stand by and accept the fact that firearms are the leading cause of death for children in the United States. While we desperately need federal legislation, I am thankful that the Governor is signing these key measures into law today," **said Senate Majority Leader M. Teresa Ruiz.** "We must do everything we can to stop this, and by allowing the Attorney General to take action and seek damages for shootings here in New Jersey, we can start holding individuals accountable for their actions."

"The surge in gun violence has been horribly tragic, with lives lost, victims wounded and loved ones suffering heartbreak," **said Senator Joe Cryan, former Union County Sheriff.** "As public servants, we must continue to do all we can to keep deadly firearms out of the hands of those who pose a danger, off the streets, away from schools and out of our communities."

"By having Governor Murphy sign these sensible gun safety bills into law, we are taking responsible actions to help keep our communities safe," **said Senator Andrew Zwicker.** "Making sure that owners of firearms follow the laws and procedures for gun safety is important. We have some of the strongest gun laws in the country – we want every resident to follow them."

"This senseless gun violence has gone on long enough, and I am glad to see Governor Murphy moving quickly by signing these bills to make our streets, schools and neighborhoods safer. We cannot continue down the path we are now on," **said Senator Nellie Pou.** "If gun manufacturers or retailers act in ways that constitute a 'public nuisance' in the eyes of the Attorney General they should be held liable for appropriate penalties."

"As we have all seen recently, gun violence is a real and scary risk in our country and we have to act now to stop it," **said Senator Richard Codey.** "We must ensure that gun owners are aware of how to safely handle and store a firearm to better protect our residents from unnecessary harm. Additionally, by incorporating microstamping technology, law enforcement would have a critical aid that would assist them in tracking down weapons used in crimes. We have to do all that we can on God's green Earth to stop these shootings from occurring. Everyone needs to be held accountable, and if you misuse a firearm, you shouldn't be able to get away with it."

"Just as residents are required to register their vehicles with New Jersey's Motor Vehicle Commission when they first move here, gun owners will now be held to the same standards," **said Assemblywoman Mila Jasey.** "This commonsense law will ensure that every legally-obtained gun is registered in our state to promote greater safety in our communities. We are proud of the work we have accomplished in New Jersey to strengthen gun safety laws."

"Firearm registration not only promotes responsible gun ownership, but helps protect first responders by alerting them to the possible presence of a firearm before they arrive at the scene of an emergency," **said Assemblywoman Lisa Swain.** "These benefits cannot be fully realized unless every legal gun owner participates in our registration system, which is why this new law is so critical to ensuring the safety of residents throughout our state."

"Closing the loophole that allows new residents to own a gun without going through the process of registration will help keep our communities safe," **said Assemblywoman Sadaf Jaffer.** "This new law encourages responsible gun ownership by requiring new residents to register their guns."

"In New Jersey, almost 80 percent of guns used in crimes are originally purchased outside of the state. The gun industry has made little effort to help stem the flow of guns to the illegal market through gun shows, flea markets, straw purchasers, and theft," **said Assemblyman John McKeon.** "The industry, essentially, has not taken responsibility for its part in the increasing gun violence and its influence through product marketing. Gun violence is a public health threat. New Jersey must have the ability to seek appropriate remedies against members of the gun industry who knowingly or recklessly endanger the public health and safety. No one should get a pass when lives are on the line."

"Too many families in New Jersey have seen the impact of gun violence in their communities. While our law enforcement officers work tirelessly to hold perpetrators of violent crimes accountable for their actions, those responsible for manufacturing and selling firearms often go unpunished for their role in creating significant threats to public health and safety," said Assemblyman Reginald

**Atkins.** "Members of the gun industry who have knowingly and recklessly put the public in danger deserve to see consequences for their actions."

"In New Jersey, we continue to implement common-sense measures to reach our goal of ending gun violence once and for all," **said Assemblyman Louis D. Greenwald.** "Today, with these new laws, we take another calculated step toward stemming gun trafficking by ensuring accountability and proper record-keeping at the point of sale for ammunition, encouraging responsible gun ownership, and increasing penalties for the manufacturing of illegal firearms."

"We are looking at a steep rise in violent crimes in communities across the state. We see this right here in the City of Trenton," **said Assemblywoman Verlina Reynolds-Jackson.** "We must all work together in creating safer communities for the families and children who live there. These new laws will help us reach that goal."

"New technology and the make-it-at-home kits are making it way too easy for guns to get into the wrong hands," **said Assemblywoman Annette Quijano.** "The new law sends the appropriate message: New Jersey will not stand for it. If a person manufactures or possesses a ghost gun, or 3-D printed weapon or even buys the parts to make them, there will be additional penalties if convicted."

"Gun violence is a public health crisis that has taken its toll on many cities across the United States, including in New Jersey," **said Assemblyman Gary Schaer.** "With these new laws, we take one more step toward ending senseless violence in our communities."

"Almost daily in New Jersey, communities witness family members, neighbors, and friends lose their lives to senseless gun violence," **said Assemblyman Benjie Wimberly.** "We must provide law enforcement and prosecutors with the tools necessary to deter violent gun crimes on our streets. Today signifies the next step in this process and moves toward safer communities for New Jersey families."

"The Gun Safety Package 3.0 is ground breaking change. It includes legislation that fills loopholes not only in NJ, but federally, by enabling the attorney general to hold gun manufacturers accountable for misconduct that causes harm in New Jersey. This is a huge step towards safer communities across the state and much needed accountability that has been denied for years due to PLCAA," **said Raisa Rubin-Stankiewicz, NJ State Policy Associate with March For Our Lives.** "At the same time, we know this is not the end of our work. We will continue working with the governor to make sure that more life-saving measures are passed, including establishing a standard for safe gun storage."

"In the face of political gridlock at the federal level, New Jersey proves that states will lead the way in fighting gun violence," **said David Hogg, co-founder of March For Our Lives.** "This comprehensive package of bills shows us that bold action on gun safety is possible and further solidifies New Jersey as a proving ground for commonsense legislation. More needs to be done, but states across the country should look to New Jersey as a model of gun safety. March For Our Lives is happy to have been a part of this work over the last year and we're deeply grateful to the legislature and to Governor Phil Murphy for their consistent and admirable leadership."

"New Jersey's leaders understand our fight to end gun violence is not over," **said Nico Bocour, Government Affairs Director of Giffords.** "The legislation signed today is the most comprehensive package championed in the country this year and will make the Garden State's gun laws even stronger. Senate President Nicholas Scutari, Senate Majority Leader Teresa Ruiz, Speaker Craig Coughlin, and Assembly Majority Leader Lou Greenwald have taken meaningful steps to further protect families and communities from the ongoing gun violence crisis. We thank New Jersey Governor Phil Murphy for demonstrating what it means to have the courage to act to prevent gun violence."

"New Jersey is once again leading where most of our nation has failed: taking aggressive steps to protect our families against gun violence," **said Bill Castner, Senior Advisor to the Governor on Firearms for the state of New Jersey.** "I am proud of Governor Murphy for signing these critical bills into law, especially for doing so in the backyard of key gun safety proponent Assembly Speaker Coughlin. We desperately need Washington to follow suit."

"This moment in our gun violence crisis calls for decisive action from our leaders to put the safety of our communities first," **said Jenifer Berrier Gonzalez, a volunteer with the New Jersey chapter of Moms Demand Action.** "These are wide-ranging, effective, and innovative reforms to help ensure that all New Jerseyans are kept safe. While there is still more work to be done, we appreciate Governor Murphy for continuing to fight for meaningful action to end gun violence and for signing this bill package into law – reaffirming New Jersey's status as a leader in the gun violence prevention movement."

"With the passing of these 7 gun safety bills, NJ shows its on-going commitment to the safety of its residents. Brady NJ, along with the other gun safety advocacy groups, is proud to have been part of this effort to work with the Governor and the legislators

to move these bills though to their signing today," **said Karen Kanter of Brady NJ.** "In response to the SCOTUS decision, we support the Governor's serious efforts to diminish its impact. Along with those efforts we hope that the safe storage bill and the age increase for long guns bill will also receive the same support from the legislature."

# Governor Murphy Delivers Remarks on Gun Safety Package 3.0

07/5/2022

#### **Remarks as Prepared for Delivery**

Good morning, everyone.

Thank you, Mayor Jonathan Busch, for welcoming us to Metuchen and kicking things off for us. With me are Acting Attorney General Matt Platkin ....

State Police Superintendent Colonel Pat Callahan ...

Assembly Speaker Craig Coughlin, Senate Majority Leader Teresa Ruiz, Senator and former Governor Richard Codey, Senators Joe Cryan and Andrew Zwicker, Assemblyman John McKeon, Assemblywomen Annette Quijano, Verlina Reynolds Jackson, and Sadaf Jaffer ...

... And so many more tremendous advocates and voices for gun safety than I can mention without us all roasting under the sun.

Fourteen months ago, on April 15, 2021, we came together to unveil what we called our Gun Safety 3.0 package of legislation.

We did so because while we had made great progress in becoming one of the nation's top states for gun safety, we knew there was more to do. Every life lost to gun violence is one life too many.

On that same day, April 15, 2021, there were four mass-shootings in America, including an incident at a FedEx facility in Indianapolis, Indiana, in which eight people were senselessly murdered by a former coworker.

In the time since, there have been more than 870 mass shootings in America – Oxford, Michigan ... San Jose, California ... Buffalo, New York ... Uvalde, Texas ... and just yesterday, Highland Park, Illinois ... among hundreds and hundreds more – roughly two mass shootings every single day since we put forward our plan to help stop gun violence.

And, in New Jersey since April 15, 2021, there have been 1,271 total shootings in New Jersey – shootings which have claimed 291 lives and left 1,313 others injured.

There are those who think this is all just the price of living in the United States ...

There are those who take seriously the words of the satirical website, The Onion, "No Way To Prevent This,' Says Only Nation Where This Regularly Happens" ...

... And, sadly, it appears six of these mistaken people sit on the United States Supreme Court.

We believe different. We believe – no, we know – that we can take on the epidemic of gun violence and win. We know we can put in place strong and smart gun safety laws that are consistent with the 2nd Amendment and still protect our communities.

And, surely, there were those who said we would never get the gun safety bills we supported through the Legislature. There were those who said that we were too ambitious, that the gun lobby was too strong, and that our political system would not have the will to take on and win this fight.

But, again, we believed different. And guess what? Today, we are making Gun Safety Package 3.0 the law. First, and perhaps most important, we are enacting a public nuisance law that will allow our Attorney General to hold gun manufacturers and distributors responsible for the damage caused by the reckless unchecked marketing and sale of firearms.

We're also saying, in no uncertain terms, that if you want to buy a gun you need to first complete a certified safety course – no different than if you want to drive a car you have to get a license showing you know how to safely use it ...

The loophole that allowed gunowners moving into New Jersey to skirt the procedures that established New Jersey residents follow in order to qualify to purchase or obtain firearms is hereby closed ...

We are requiring that when microstamping technology is commercially viable, gun retailers must offer firearms equipped with this technology, with a financial incentive for customers to choose it. Microstamping leaves a one-of-a-kind imprint on every round of ammunition fired, so law enforcement can trace a specific round to a specific gun and identify perpetrators of gun violence ...

And we're finally requiring electronic record-keeping of all ammunition sold in New Jersey to help law enforcement monitor suspicious purchases and identify bad-apple dealers and straw purchasers ...

We're increasing the penalties on those who break our existing law prohibiting the manufacturing or transporting of ghost guns – because if you're creating or transferring these untraceable guns, you're not a "responsible gun owner," you're a criminal.

And, once and for all, we are banning the sale of .50 caliber weapons. I have often asked, who can seriously argue that a weapon that can take down a helicopter belongs on our streets? Sadly, one person who answered "yes" to that question was my predecessor, who vetoed this bill in 2013. Today, we reverse that terrible mistake.

These are now the laws of our land. They are commonsense. They are smart. They live up to our Jersey values. A poll released last week proved the overwhelming popularity of these laws among the people of New Jersey.

That same poll also showed that too many residents – especially parents with school-aged kids – live fearful of being the victim of gun violence.

So, these are not going to be our last words on gun safety. We cannot walk away from here today – none of us – thinking our job is done. Because it is not.

Not even two weeks ago, the right-wing majority that controls the United States Supreme Court erased our ability to decide for ourselves who can, and who can't, get a permit to carry a concealed weapon.

Not even two weeks ago, the right-wing majority that controls the United States Supreme Court erased our ability to decide for ourselves who can, and who can't, get a permit to carry a concealed weapon.

This past Thursday, they signaled their desire to revisit our ban on high-capacity magazines, telling the lower courts to look at it again. And they also told the lower courts to look anew at Maryland's prohibition of dozens of models of assault rifles, some of which are also banned here in New Jersey.

But we're not going to just lay down and let our streets, our houses of worship, our supermarkets and shopping malls, our sports arenas, our bars, or anywhere else be overrun with hidden guns capable of unleashing a hail of bullets.

I look forward to working with the Legislature to address this awful decision with strong and smart laws expanding the number of places where firearms cannot be carried and saying, without any doubt, that you can't bring your gun onto private property without explicit permission to do so.

In the face of the Supreme Court's tragic and wrong-headed ruling, we need those laws – and all of these laws – more than ever.

And, now more than ever, we cannot let up in the fight to keep our communities safe.

I have mentioned it before – New Jersey has one of the nation's lowest rates of gun violence and gun deaths because we are among the leaders in gun safety. I am not going to give up on always looking for new ways to save lives, protect communities, and ensure that every resident can live without fear.

And I know that none of you are going to give up, either.

I must extend a special thank you to Speaker Craig Coughlin, who stood with me in this very location last December and committed to getting these bills done. We would not be here today without your leadership and the work of your team, including Dan Harris and Mark Iaconelli, who worked closely with my team to get these bills over the finish line.

And I also want to thank Senate President Nick Scutari, who after taking the reins of the Senate in January, joined us in this journey and ensured that we would not respond to the horrors of Buffalo and Uvalde by doing nothing.

So, to the two leaders, and to every legislator with us today who voted on the right side of history, thank you. To all the members of law enforcement who stand with us for safer communities, thank you.

And, to all the folks from Everytown and Moms Demand Action, Giffords, Brady, March for Our Lives, Sandy Hook Promise, Ceasefire NJ, and the Rutgers Gun Violence Research Center ... from the Newark Street Team, Paterson Healing Collective, and Jersey City Together, on down to every community-based organization doing the hard work at street-level, thank you most of all!

Today is a day to celebrate. But it is not a day to rest on any laurels. Let's keep at it.

I cannot wait to sign these bills into law, but before I do, I want us to hear from some of the gun safety champions with us, starting with the Speaker of the General Assembly, Craig Coughlin.