#### 26:2C-8.58; 48:3-60 LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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**LAWS OF: 2022 CHAPTER: 86** 

**NJSA:** 26:2C-8.58; 48:3-60

(Requires DEP to develop and implement electric school bus program; provides for \$15 million in first year

and \$15 million annually in subsequent two years to DEP, subject to availability, to provide grants.)

BILL NO: A1282 (Substituted for S759 (2R))

**SPONSOR(S)** Sterley S. Stanley and others

**DATE INTRODUCED:** 1/11/2022

**COMMITTEE:** ASSEMBLY: Transportation and Independent Authorities

Appropriations

**SENATE:** Budget and Appropriations

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

**DATE OF PASSAGE:** ASSEMBLY: 5/26/2022

**SENATE**: 6/16/2022

DATE OF APPROVAL: 8/4/2022

**FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:** 

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (First Reprint enacted)
Yes

A1282

**INTRODUCED BILL:** (Includes sponsor(s) statement) Yes

**COMMITTEE STATEMENT:** ASSEMBLY: Yes Transportation & Indep. Auth.

Appropriations

**SENATE:** Yes Budget & Appropriations

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleq.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: Yes 5/24/2022

S759 (2R)

INTRODUCED BILL: (Includes sponsor(s) statement) Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: No

**SENATE:** Yes Transportation

**Budget & Appropriations** 

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

**LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE**: Yes 2/11/2022 6/15/2022

VETO MESSAGE: No

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING: Yes

#### **FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:**

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REPORTS: No

HEARINGS: No

NEWSPAPER ARTICLES: Yes

Tina Kelley - For The Star-Ledger, 'Some students will be riding electric buses in \$45M pilot program', Star-Ledger, The (online), 6 Aug 2022 009

Matthew Fazelpoor, 'New law sets up \$45M electric school bus program', NJBIZ (online), 5 Aug 2022

end

#### P.L. 2022, CHAPTER 86, approved August 4, 2022 Assembly, No. 1282 (First Reprint)

1 **AN ACT** establishing an electric school bus program, supplementing 2 Title 26 of the Revised Statutes, and amending P.L.1999, c.23.

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**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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1. (New section) a. No later than six months after the effective date of P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), the Department of Environmental Protection shall implement a three-year "Electric School Bus Program" to determine the operational reliability and cost effectiveness of replacing diesel-powered school buses with electric school buses for the daily transportation of students.

b. On or after the date of implementation of the program developed pursuant to subsection a. of this section, and once each year for the next two years thereafter, the Department of Environmental Protection shall 1, subject to available funding, 1 select for participation in the program no less than six school districts and school bus contractors that operate school buses, as described in section 1 of P.L.1996, c.96 (C.39:3B-1.1), so that during the third year of the program, no less than a total of 18 school districts 1 and 1 or 1 school bus contractors shall have been selected for participation in the program amongst the northern, central, and southern regions of the State. The department shall choose school districts and school bus contractors to participate in the program based on a competitive grant solicitation.

In each year, the department shall use its best efforts to select a mix of school districts that operate their own bus fleets and school districts that contract for school bus services<sup>1</sup>; provided that, in each year, the department shall award no more than half of the grants to school bus contractors<sup>1</sup>. Any school bus contractor applying to participate in the program shall apply in conjunction with a specific school district. In each year, at least half of the school districts or school bus contractors selected by the department, and at least half of the grant funding awarded by the department in each year shall be located in a "low-income, urban, or environmental justice community" as defined in section 2 of P.L.2019, c.362 (C.48:25-2) and from those selected, the department shall use its best efforts, in each year, to select, an equal number of grantees from the northern, central, and southern regions of the State respectively, subject to deviation based on the applicant pool. Grants shall be awarded in a manner that both prioritizes equity and tests a variety of technological and funding

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

approaches, including but not limited to outright purchase, leased buses, leveraging of other funding sources, and vehicle-to-grid or vehicle-to-building technologies.

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 For purposes of this subsection: "northern," when referring to <sup>1</sup> [region] regions <sup>1</sup> of the State, means the counties of Bergen, Essex, Hudson, Morris, Passaic, Union, Sussex, and Warren; "central," when referring to regions of the State, means the counties of Hunterdon, Mercer, Middlesex, Monmouth, and Somerset; and "southern," when referring to regions of the State, means the counties of Atlantic, Burlington, Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester, Ocean, and Salem.

- c. (1) Under the program, the department shall award grants to school districts or school bus contractors selected to participate in the program to purchase or lease electric school buses and to purchase or lease and install electric school bus charging infrastructure in coordination with any State department, board, bureau, commission, <sup>1</sup>[or] agency, public utility as defined pursuant to R.S.48:2-13 that provides electric service to end users in the State, municipal public utility as defined in N.J.S.40A:1-1 that provides electric service to end users in the State, authority as defined in section 3 of P.L.1983, c.313 (C.40A:5A-3) that provides electric service to end users in the State, or rural electric cooperative organized under the general corporation laws of this State<sup>1</sup> as necessary. Pursuant to any outright purchase or lease arrangement entered into by a school district or school bus contractor participating in the program, an electric school bus and charging infrastructure vendor purchase or lease arrangement shall include, at a minimum, the following:
- (a) an electric school bus having a minimum range of 90 miles per full charge, or 30 percent more range per full charge than the daily maximum miles used by the school district or school bus contractor, whichever is greater<sup>1</sup>, and having telematics system capabilities. The department shall collect data from on-board telematics monitoring systems in order to evaluate parameters such as idle time, driving time, energy consumption, and frequency of charging<sup>1</sup>;
- (b) an electric school bus and charging infrastructure, as appropriate;
- (c) appropriate training for bus maintenance personnel and bus drivers, and other relevant personnel<sup>1</sup>, which shall be provided at no cost to a bus driver, bus maintenance personnel, or other relevant personnel<sup>1</sup>; and
- (d) electric school bus and charging infrastructure shop manuals and wiring schematics for troubleshooting and a complete list of component parts.
- (2) Monies for the "Electric School Bus Program" shall be used by the Department of Environmental Protection to provide grants, pursuant to this subsection, over the three-year period. In the first year, grants shall be provided in accordance with <sup>1</sup> [this act] P.L. ,

c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)<sup>1</sup> in the amount of \$15,000,000 for electrification. Subject to the availability of funds, grants shall continue to be provided in accordance with <sup>1</sup>[this act] P.L., c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)<sup>1</sup> in the amount of \$15,000,000 per year for a total of \$45,000,000 over the three-year period. The department may use available monies to provide grants, pursuant to this subsection, singly or in combination, from the following sources: societal benefits charge revenues received pursuant to section 12 of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-60); <sup>1</sup>[or]<sup>1</sup> the "Global Warming Solutions Fund" established pursuant to section 6 of P.L.2007, c.340 (C.26:2C-50)<sup>1</sup>; any available monies from utility programs to upgrade electrical infrastructure for purposes of electric vehicle charging<sup>1</sup>; any appropriations made by the Legislature for the program established pursuant to P.L. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)<sup>1</sup>;<sup>1</sup> or any other sources of available funding. Up to five percent of the monies made available to the program may be used to administer the program. 

The department shall determine the amount of each grant provided pursuant to this subsection <sup>1</sup> [after consulting with government and education stakeholders and non-profit policy experts] <sup>1</sup> and shall award grants in a manner that provides for the most efficient and highest efficacy use of the grant.

<sup>1</sup> [The department shall also collect data from on-board telematics monitoring systems in order to evaluate parameters such as idle time, driving time, energy consumption, and frequency of charging. All electric school buses deployed by grant recipients shall have telematic system capabilities.] <sup>1</sup>

- d. At least once every six months, the school districts or school bus contractors selected to participate in the program shall submit a report to the department detailing the cost to operate the electric school buses, <sup>1</sup>[including] the <sup>1</sup> electric school bus maintenance records and transponder data, and <sup>1</sup>[details of] any reliability issues related to the operation <sup>1</sup>or delivery and procurement of the electric school buses. The first report shall be submitted six months after the school district or school bus contractor first <sup>1</sup>[begins operating] completes its initial procurement of electric school buses.
- e. (1) The department shall <sup>1</sup>[establish a committee, chaired by a representative of the department]<sup>1</sup>, <sup>1</sup>no less than twice per calendar year, convene a working group<sup>1</sup> which <sup>1</sup>[also]<sup>1</sup> includes a representative of the Board of Public Utilities <sup>1</sup>[and],<sup>1</sup> the <sup>1</sup>New Jersey<sup>1</sup> Economic Development Authority<sup>1</sup>, the Department of Transportation, the Department of Education, and the New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission<sup>1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>[The committee shall meet at least monthly to] The working group shall <sup>1</sup> review the reports <sup>1</sup>and, as appropriate <sup>1</sup>, troubleshoot <sup>1</sup>[,] <sup>1</sup> and recommend solutions to any issue

- raised in a report submitted by a program participant <sup>1</sup>[or other issues
- 2 regarding the program. Twice per year the committee shall meet and
- 3 consult with the Department of Education, the Department of
- 4 Transportation and the New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission 1.
- 5 <sup>1</sup>The working group shall consider issues raised in the reports
- 6 <u>submitted</u> by <u>program participants</u> and <u>make recommendations</u>
- 7 regarding program implementation. The department may convene the
- 8 working group on a more frequent basis as may be required for the
- 9 <u>effective administration of the program.</u> The department shall collect
- any additional information and data necessary to complete any report
- required to be submitted to the Governor and Legislature pursuant to
- subsection f. of this section.

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- (2) The ¹[committee] department¹ shall permit a recipient of any grant under any State agency-administered program for the provision of an electric school bus and electric school bus charging infrastructure prior to the effective date of P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) to submit any additional information and data to the ¹[committee] department¹ to ¹[compliment] complement¹ any data received by the ¹[committee] department¹ from ¹[pilot]¹ program participants pursuant to this subsection.
- f. The department, in collaboration with the Board of Public Utilities and the New Jersey Economic Development Authority shall submit an "Electric School Bus Program" report to the Governor and, pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1), to the Legislature. The report shall be submitted within <sup>1</sup>[6] six <sup>1</sup> months after the conclusion of the program.
- The department may use available monies, singly or in combination from the following sources, to procure professional services to assist with the development of the report: societal benefits charge revenues received pursuant to section 12 of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-60); <sup>1</sup> [the Plug-in Electric Vehicle Incentive Fund established pursuant to section 7 of P.L.2019, c.362 (C.48:25-7); or ] <sup>1</sup> the "Global Warming Solutions Fund" established pursuant to section 6 of P.L.2007, c.340 (C.26:2C-50) <sup>1</sup>; any available monies from utility programs to upgrade electrical infrastructure for purposes of electric vehicle charging; any appropriations made by the Legislature for the program established pursuant to P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill); or any other sources of available funding <sup>1</sup>.

The submitted report shall include:

- (1) a description and comprehensive review of the program, including but not limited to, an evaluation of the program's effectiveness;
- (2) a summary description of all <sup>1</sup> [grant] grants <sup>1</sup> provided under the program, including the names of the recipients, the amount of funding each recipient received, the current status of the funds provided to each recipient, and an itemization of the total project

budget including vehicle costs, hardware costs, installation costs, 2 training costs, and administrative costs;

- (3) an analysis of the operational reliability and cost effectiveness of the use of electric school buses and charging infrastructure by each grantee and steps taken by the grantee to fix any operational problems;
- (4) an estimate of the emission benefits of the electric school buses and charging infrastructure funded under this program;
- (5) any preliminary findings from grant recipients pertaining to design or operation of electric school buses and charging infrastructure and potential improvements to make the buses and charging infrastructure safer, more economical or environmentally advantageous;
- (6) as applicable, depending on deployment of grant recipients, an analysis of the potential costs and benefits of using electric school bus batteries for storing power to be returned to the electric grid or to school buildings during periods of peak electric power demand;
- (7) an assessment of reliability of electric school buses and charging infrastructure; and
- (8) an analysis of any additional external changes that the use of electric school buses and charging infrastructure may require regarding electric service rate schedules, school bus inspection standards, or any other major considerations.

In addition to the information included pursuant to paragraphs (1) through (8) of this subsection, the final report shall include recommendations regarding the establishment of grant and loan programs to provide assistance to school districts and school bus contractors for the replacement of their bus fleets<sup>1</sup>, other types of financial agreements to assist school districts and school bus contractors with implementing and using electric school buses, 1 and <sup>1</sup>[on] the <sup>1</sup> optimization of electric school bus grant programs to most efficiently and effectively distribute available funds to maximize environmental and health benefits.

The final report shall also include recommendations for how additional funding may be distributed in the most efficient and effective manner to maximize the number of electric school buses operating in the State.

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- 2. Section 12 of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-60) is amended to read as follows:
- 12. a. Simultaneously with the starting date for the implementation of retail choice as determined by the board pursuant to subsection a. of section 5 of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-53), the board shall permit each electric public utility and gas public utility to recover some or all of the following costs through a societal benefits charge that shall be collected as a non-bypassable charge imposed on all electric public utility customers and gas public utility customers, as appropriate:

(1) The costs for the social programs for which rate recovery was approved by the board prior to April 30, 1997. For the purpose of establishing initial unbundled rates pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-52), the societal benefits charge shall be set to recover the same level of social program costs as is being collected in the bundled rates of the electric public utility on the effective date of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-49 et al.). The board may subsequently order, pursuant to its rules and regulations, an increase or decrease in the societal benefits charge to reflect changes in the costs to the utility of administering existing social programs. Nothing in P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-49 et al.) shall be construed to abolish or change any social program required by statute or board order or rule or regulation to be provided by an electric public utility. Any such social program shall continue to be provided by the utility until otherwise provided by law, unless the board determines that it is no longer appropriate for the electric public utility to provide the program, or the board chooses to modify the program;

#### (2) Nuclear plant decommissioning costs;

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(3) The costs of demand side management programs that were approved by the board pursuant to its demand side management regulations prior to April 30, 1997. For the purpose of establishing initial unbundled rates pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-52), the societal benefits charge shall be set to recover the same level of demand side management program costs as is being collected in the bundled rates of the electric public utility on the effective date of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-49 et al.). Within four months of the effective date of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-49 et al.), and every four years thereafter, the board shall initiate a proceeding and cause to be undertaken a comprehensive resource analysis of energy programs, and within eight months of initiating such proceeding and after notice, provision of the opportunity for public comment, and public hearing, the board, in consultation with the Department of Environmental Protection, shall determine the appropriate level of funding for energy efficiency, <sup>1</sup>light, medium, and heavy-duty <sup>1</sup> plug-in electric vehicles <sup>1</sup>, including school buses, and associated plug-in electric vehicle charging infrastructure, and Class I renewable energy programs that provide environmental benefits above and beyond those provided by standard offer or similar programs in effect as of the effective date of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-49 et al.); provided that the funding for such programs be no less than 50 percent of the total Statewide amount being collected in electric and gas public utility rates for demand side management programs on the effective date of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-49 et al.) for an initial period of four years from the issuance of the first comprehensive resource analysis following the effective date of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-49 et al. [1.]1), and provided that 25 percent of this amount shall be used to provide funding for Class I renewable energy projects in the State. In each of the following fifth through eighth years, the Statewide funding for such programs shall be no less

than 50 percent of the total Statewide amount being collected in 1 2 electric and gas public utility rates for demand side management 3 programs on the effective date of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-49 et al.), 4 except that as additional funds are made available as a result of the 5 expiration of past standard offer or similar commitments, the minimum 6 amount of funding for such programs shall increase by an additional 7 amount equal to 50 percent of the additional funds made available, 8 until the minimum amount of funding dedicated to such programs 9 reaches \$140,000,000 total. After the eighth year the board shall make 10 a determination as to the appropriate level of funding for these 11 programs. Such programs shall include a program to provide financial 12 incentives for the installation of Class I renewable energy projects in 13 the State, and the board, in consultation with the Department of 14 Environmental Protection, shall determine the level and total amount 15 of such incentives as well as the renewable technologies eligible for 16 such incentives which shall include, at a minimum, photovoltaic, wind, 17 and fuel cells. The board shall simultaneously determine, as a result of 18 the comprehensive resource analysis, the programs to be funded by the 19 societal benefits charge, the level of cost recovery and performance 20 incentives for old and new programs and whether the recovery of 21 demand side management programs' costs currently approved by the 22 board may be reduced or extended over a longer period of time. The 23 board shall make these determinations taking into consideration 24 existing market barriers and environmental benefits, with the objective 25 of transforming markets, capturing lost opportunities, making energy 26 services more affordable for low income customers and eliminating 27 subsidies for programs that can be delivered in the marketplace 28 without electric public utility and gas public utility customer funding;

(4) Manufactured gas plant remediation costs, which shall be determined initially in a manner consistent with mechanisms in the remediation adjustment clauses for the electric public utility and gas public utility adopted by the board; [and] <sup>1</sup>and <sup>1</sup>

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- (5) The cost, of consumer education, as determined by the board, which shall be in an amount that, together with the consumer education surcharge imposed on electric power supplier license fees pursuant to subsection h. of section 29 of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-78) and the consumer education surcharge imposed on gas supplier license fees pursuant to subsection g. of section 30 of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-79), shall be sufficient to fund the consumer education program established pursuant to section 36 of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-85)<sup>1</sup>[; and
- (6) No later than six months after the effective date of P.L., c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), a portion of the costs of the "Electric School Bus Program" administered by the Department of Environmental Protection, for the purposes provided in section 1 of P.L., c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) \mathbb{1}^1.

#### **A1282** [1R]

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b. There is established in the Board of Public Utilities a 1 2 nonlapsing fund to be known as the "Universal Service Fund." The 3 board shall determine: the level of funding and the appropriate 4 administration of the fund; the purposes and programs to be funded 5 with monies from the fund; which social programs shall be provided 6 by an electric public utility as part of the provision of its regulated 7 services which provide a public benefit; whether the funds 8 appropriated to fund the "Lifeline Credit Program" established 9 pursuant to P.L.1979, c.197 (C.48:2-29.15 et seq.), the "Tenants' Lifeline Assistance Program" established pursuant to P.L.1981, c.210 10 [(C.48:2-29.31 et seq.)] (C.48:2-29.30 et seq.), the funds received 11 12 pursuant to the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program 13 established pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.8621 et seq., and funds collected 14 by electric and [natural] gas public utilities, as authorized by the 15 board, to offset uncollectible electricity and natural gas bills should be deposited in the fund; and whether new charges should be imposed to 16 17 fund new or expanded social programs. 18

(cf: P.L.2019, c.362, s.13)

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3. This act shall take effect immediately.

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Requires DEP to develop and implement electric school bus program; provides for \$15 million in first year and \$15 million annually in subsequent two years to DEP, subject to availability, to provide grants.

### ASSEMBLY, No. 1282

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

### 220th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2022 SESSION

**Sponsored by:** 

Assemblyman STERLEY S. STANLEY
District 18 (Middlesex)
Assemblywoman SHAMA A. HAIDER
District 37 (Bergen)
Assemblywoman BRITNEE N. TIMBERLAKE
District 34 (Essex and Passaic)

**Co-Sponsored by:** 

Assemblymen Benson, Calabrese, Spearman and Giblin

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Requires DEP to develop and implement electric school bus program; provides for \$15 million in first year and \$15 million annually in subsequent two years to DEP, subject to availability, to provide grants.

#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 5/2/2022)

**AN ACT** establishing an electric school bus program, supplementing Title 26 of the Revised Statutes, and amending P.L.1999, c.23.

**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. (New section) a. No later than six months after the effective date of P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), the Department of Environmental Protection shall implement a three-year "Electric School Bus Program" to determine the operational reliability and cost effectiveness of replacing diesel-powered school buses with electric school buses for the daily transportation of students.
- b. On or after the date of implementation of the program developed pursuant to subsection a. of this section, and once each year for the next two years thereafter, the Department of Environmental Protection shall select for participation in the program no less than six school districts and school bus contractors that operate school buses, as described in section 1 of P.L.1996, c.96 (C.39:3B-1.1), so that during the third year of the program, no less than a total of 18 school districts and school bus contractors shall have been selected for participation in the program amongst the northern, central, and southern regions of the State. The department shall choose school districts and school bus contractors to participate in the program based on a competitive grant solicitation.

In each year, the department shall use its best efforts to select a mix of school districts that operate their own bus fleets and school districts that contract for school bus services. Any school bus contractor applying to participate in the program shall apply in conjunction with a specific school district. In each year, at least half of the school districts or school bus contractors selected by the department, and at least half of the grant funding awarded by the department in each year shall be located in a "low-income, urban, or environmental justice community" as defined in section 2 of P.L.2019, c.362 (C.48:25-2) and from those selected, the department shall use its best efforts, in each year, to select, an equal number of grantees from the northern, central, and southern regions of the State respectively, subject to deviation based on the applicant pool. Grants shall be awarded in a manner that both prioritizes equity and tests a variety of technological and funding approaches, including but not limited to outright purchase, leased buses, leveraging of other funding sources, and vehicle-to-grid or vehicleto-building technologies.

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

For purposes of this subsection: "northern," when referring to 1 2 region of the State, means the counties of Bergen, Essex, Hudson, 3 Morris, Passaic, Union, Sussex, and Warren; "central," when 4 referring to regions of the State, means the counties of Hunterdon, 5 Mercer, Middlesex, Monmouth, and Somerset; and "southern," 6 when referring to regions of the State, means the counties of 7 Atlantic, Burlington, Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester, 8 Ocean, and Salem.

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- c. (1) Under the program, the department shall award grants to school districts or school bus contractors selected to participate in the program to purchase or lease electric school buses and to purchase or lease and install electric school bus charging infrastructure in coordination with any State department, board, bureau, commission, or agency as necessary. Pursuant to any outright purchase or lease arrangement entered into by a school district or school bus contractor participating in the program, an electric school bus and charging infrastructure vendor purchase or lease arrangement shall include, at a minimum, the following:
- (a) an electric school bus having a minimum range of 90 miles per full charge, or 30 percent more range per full charge than the daily maximum miles used by the school district or school bus contractor, whichever is greater;
- (b) an electric school bus and charging infrastructure, as appropriate;
- (c) appropriate training for bus maintenance personnel and bus drivers, and other relevant personnel; and
- (d) electric school bus and charging infrastructure shop manuals and wiring schematics for troubleshooting and a complete list of component parts.
- 30 (2) Monies for the "Electric School Bus Program" shall be used by the Department of Environmental Protection to provide grants, 31 32 pursuant to this subsection, over the three-year period. In the first 33 year, grants shall be provided in accordance with this act in the 34 amount of \$15,000,000 for electrification. Subject to the availability of funds, grants shall continue to be provided in 35 36 accordance with this act in the amount of \$15,000,000 per year for a 37 total of \$45,000,000 over the three-year period. The department 38 may use available monies to provide grants, pursuant to this 39 subsection, singly or in combination, from the following sources: 40 societal benefits charge revenues received pursuant to section 12 of 41 P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-60); or the "Global Warming Solutions 42 Fund" established pursuant to section 6 of P.L.2007, c.340 43 (C.26:2C-50); any appropriations made by the Legislature for the 44 program established pursuant to P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending 45 before the Legislature as this bill) or any other sources of available 46 funding. Up to five percent of the monies made available to the 47 program may be used to administer the program.

The department shall determine the amount of each grant provided pursuant to this subsection after consulting with government and education stakeholders and non-profit policy experts and shall award grants in a manner that provides for the most efficient and highest efficacy use of the grant.

The department shall also collect data from on-board telematics monitoring systems in order to evaluate parameters such as idle time, driving time, energy consumption, and frequency of charging. All electric school buses deployed by grant recipients shall have telematic system capabilities.

- d. At least once every six months, the school districts or school bus contractors selected to participate in the program shall submit a report to the department detailing the cost to operate the electric school buses, including electric school bus maintenance records and transponder data, and details of any reliability issues related to the operation of the electric school buses. The first report shall be submitted six months after the school district or school bus contractor first begins operating electric school buses.
- e. (1) The department shall establish a committee, chaired by a representative of the department, which also includes a representative of the Board of Public Utilities and the Economic Development Authority. The committee shall meet at least monthly to review the reports, troubleshoot, and recommend solutions to any issue raised in a report submitted by a program participant or other issues regarding the program. Twice per year the committee shall meet and consult with the Department of Education, the Department of Transportation and the New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission. The department shall collect any additional information and data necessary to complete any report required to be submitted to the Governor and Legislature pursuant to subsection f. of this section.
- (2) The committee shall permit a recipient of any grant under any State agency-administered program for the provision of an electric school bus and electric school bus charging infrastructure prior to the effective date of P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) to submit any additional information and data to the committee to compliment any data received by the committee from pilot program participants pursuant to this subsection.
- f. The department, in collaboration with the Board of Public Utilities and the New Jersey Economic Development Authority shall submit an "Electric School Bus Program" report to the Governor and, pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1), to the Legislature. The report shall be submitted within 6 months after the conclusion of the program.
- The department may use available monies, singly or in combination from the following sources, to procure professional services to assist with the development of the report: societal benefits charge revenues received pursuant to section 12 of

- 1 P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-60); the Plug-in Electric Vehicle Incentive
- Fund established pursuant to section 7 of P.L.2019, c.362 (C.48:25-
- 3 7); or the "Global Warming Solutions Fund" established pursuant to
- 4 section 6 of P.L.2007, c.340 (C.26:2C-50).
  - The submitted report shall include:

- (1) a description and comprehensive review of the program, including but not limited to, an evaluation of the program's effectiveness;
  - (2) a summary description of all grant provided under the program, including the names of the recipients, the amount of funding each recipient received, the current status of the funds provided to each recipient, and an itemization of the total project budget including vehicle costs, hardware costs, installation costs, training costs, and administrative costs;
  - (3) an analysis of the operational reliability and cost effectiveness of the use of electric school buses and charging infrastructure by each grantee and steps taken by the grantee to fix any operational problems;
  - (4) an estimate of the emission benefits of the electric school buses and charging infrastructure funded under this program;
  - (5) any preliminary findings from grant recipients pertaining to design or operation of electric school buses and charging infrastructure and potential improvements to make the buses and charging infrastructure safer, more economical or environmentally advantageous;
  - (6) as applicable, depending on deployment of grant recipients, an analysis of the potential costs and benefits of using electric school bus batteries for storing power to be returned to the electric grid or to school buildings during periods of peak electric power demand;
  - (7) an assessment of reliability of electric school buses and charging infrastructure; and
  - (8) an analysis of any additional external changes that the use of electric school buses and charging infrastructure may require regarding electric service rate schedules, school bus inspection standards, or any other major considerations.
  - In addition to the information included pursuant to paragraphs (1) through (8) of this subsection, the final report shall include recommendations regarding the establishment of grant and loan programs to provide assistance to school districts and school bus contractors for the replacement of their bus fleets and on optimization of electric school bus grant programs to most efficiently and effectively distribute available funds to maximize environmental and health benefits.
- The final report shall also include recommendations for how additional funding may be distributed in the most efficient and effective manner to maximize the number of electric school buses operating in the State.

2. Section 12 of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-60) is amended to read as follows:

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- 12. a. Simultaneously with the starting date for the implementation of retail choice as determined by the board pursuant to subsection a. of section 5 of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-53), the board shall permit each electric public utility and gas public utility to recover some or all of the following costs through a societal benefits charge that shall be collected as a non-bypassable charge imposed on all electric public utility customers and gas public utility customers, as appropriate:
- (1) The costs for the social programs for which rate recovery was approved by the board prior to April 30, 1997. For the purpose of establishing initial unbundled rates pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-52), the societal benefits charge shall be set to recover the same level of social program costs as is being collected in the bundled rates of the electric public utility on the effective date of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-49 et al.). The board may subsequently order, pursuant to its rules and regulations, an increase or decrease in the societal benefits charge to reflect changes in the costs to the utility of administering existing social programs. Nothing in P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-49 et al.) shall be construed to abolish or change any social program required by statute or board order or rule or regulation to be provided by an electric public utility. Any such social program shall continue to be provided by the utility until otherwise provided by law, unless the board determines that it is no longer appropriate for the electric public utility to provide the program, or the board chooses to modify the program;
  - (2) Nuclear plant decommissioning costs;
- (3) The costs of demand side management programs that were approved by the board pursuant to its demand side management regulations prior to April 30, 1997. For the purpose of establishing initial unbundled rates pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-52), the societal benefits charge shall be set to recover the same level of demand side management program costs as is being collected in the bundled rates of the electric public utility on the effective date of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-49 et al.). Within four months of the effective date of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-49 et al.), and every four years thereafter, the board shall initiate a proceeding and cause to be undertaken a comprehensive resource analysis of energy programs, and within eight months of initiating such proceeding and after notice, provision of the opportunity for public comment, and public hearing, the board, in consultation with the Department of Environmental Protection, shall determine the appropriate level of funding for energy efficiency, plug-in electric vehicles and plug-in electric vehicle charging infrastructure, and Class I renewable energy programs that provide environmental benefits above and beyond those provided by standard offer or

similar programs in effect as of the effective date of P.L.1999, c.23 1 2 (C.48:3-49 et al.); provided that the funding for such programs be 3 no less than 50 percent of the total Statewide amount being 4 collected in electric and gas public utility rates for demand side 5 management programs on the effective date of P.L.1999, c.23 6 (C.48:3-49 et al.) for an initial period of four years from the 7 issuance of the first comprehensive resource analysis following the 8 effective date of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-49 et al..), and provided 9 that 25 percent of this amount shall be used to provide funding for 10 Class I renewable energy projects in the State. In each of the 11 following fifth through eighth years, the Statewide funding for such 12 programs shall be no less than 50 percent of the total Statewide 13 amount being collected in electric and gas public utility rates for 14 demand side management programs on the effective date of 15 P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-49 et al.), except that as additional funds are 16 made available as a result of the expiration of past standard offer or 17 similar commitments, the minimum amount of funding for such 18 programs shall increase by an additional amount equal to 50 percent 19 of the additional funds made available, until the minimum amount 20 of funding dedicated to such programs reaches \$140,000,000 total. 21 After the eighth year the board shall make a determination as to the 22 appropriate level of funding for these programs. Such programs 23 shall include a program to provide financial incentives for the 24 installation of Class I renewable energy projects in the State, and 25 the board, in consultation with the Department of Environmental 26 Protection, shall determine the level and total amount of such 27 incentives as well as the renewable technologies eligible for such 28 incentives which shall include, at a minimum, photovoltaic, wind, 29 and fuel cells. The board shall simultaneously determine, as a result 30 of the comprehensive resource analysis, the programs to be funded by the societal benefits charge, the level of cost recovery and 31 32 performance incentives for old and new programs and whether the 33 recovery of demand side management programs' costs currently 34 approved by the board may be reduced or extended over a longer 35 period of time. The board shall make these determinations taking into consideration existing market barriers and environmental 36 37 benefits, with the objective of transforming markets, capturing lost 38 opportunities, making energy services more affordable for low 39 income customers and eliminating subsidies for programs that can 40 be delivered in the marketplace without electric public utility and 41 gas public utility customer funding; 42

(4) Manufactured gas plant remediation costs, which shall be determined initially in a manner consistent with mechanisms in the remediation adjustment clauses for the electric public utility and gas public utility adopted by the board; **[**and **]** 

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(5) The cost, of consumer education, as determined by the board, which shall be in an amount that, together with the consumer education surcharge imposed on electric power supplier license fees

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- pursuant to subsection h. of section 29 of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-1 2 78) and the consumer education surcharge imposed on gas supplier 3 license fees pursuant to subsection g. of section 30 of P.L.1999, 4 c.23 (C.48:3-79), shall be sufficient to fund the consumer education 5 program established pursuant to section 36 of P.L.1999, c.23 6 (C.48:3-85); and 7 (6) No later than six months after the effective date of P.L., c. 8 ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), a portion of 9 the costs of the "Electric School Bus Program" administered by the 10 Department of Environmental Protection, for the purposes provided in section 1 of P.L., c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature 11 12 as this bill). 13 b. There is established in the Board of Public Utilities a 14 nonlapsing fund to be known as the "Universal Service Fund." The 15 board shall determine: the level of funding and the appropriate 16 administration of the fund; the purposes and programs to be funded 17 with monies from the fund; which social programs shall be provided 18 by an electric public utility as part of the provision of its regulated 19 services which provide a public benefit; whether the funds 20 appropriated to fund the "Lifeline Credit Program" established 21 pursuant to P.L.1979, c.197 (C.48:2-29.15 et seq.), the "Tenants' 22 Lifeline Assistance Program" established pursuant to P.L.1981, 23 c.210 [(C.48:2-29.31 et seq.)] (C.48:2-29.30 et seq.), the funds 24 received pursuant to the Low Income Home Energy Assistance
- imposed to fund new or expanded social programs. (cf: P.L.2019, c.362, s.13)

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3. This act shall take effect immediately.

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#### **STATEMENT**

Program established pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.8621 et seq., and funds collected by electric and **[**natural**]** gas <u>public</u> utilities, as authorized

by the board, to offset uncollectible electricity and natural gas bills

should be deposited in the fund; and whether new charges should be

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This bill requires the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (DEP), to develop and implement, a three-year "Electric School Bus Program" (program). The purpose of the program is to determine the operational reliability and cost effectiveness of replacing diesel-powered school buses with electric school buses for daily transportation of students.

The bill requires the DEP to select no less than six school districts (districts) and school bus contractors (bus contractors) annually for participation in the program, so that during the third year of the program, no less than a total of 18 school districts or school bus contractors are selected for participation in the program amongst the northern, central, and southern regions of the State. At least half of the

districts or bus contractors annually selected and at least half of the grant funding is to be located in a "low-income, urban, or environmental justice community" as defined pursuant to law. The DEP is to design a transparent outreach and application process to facilitate the selection of districts and bus contractors. The DEP is to use its best efforts to select an equal number of grantees from the northern, central, and southern parts of the State.

The DEP is to award grants to districts or bus contractors selected to participate in the program to purchase or lease electric school buses and to purchase or lease and install electric school bus charging infrastructure. An electric school bus and charging infrastructure vendor purchase or lease arrangement is to include certain provisions as described in the bill. Under the bill, \$45 million is made available for grants provided under the pilot program. The DEP is to provide \$15 million in grants for each year of the three-year pilot program. The DEP may use available monies to provide grants from the following sources: the societal benefits charge (SBC) revenues and the "Global Warming Solutions Fund."

The bill requires the districts or bus contractors selected to participate in the program to submit reports to the DEP detailing the cost to operate electric school buses, including electric school bus maintenance records and transponder data, and details of any reliability issues related to the operation of the buses. The DEP is to establish a committee, chaired by a representative of the DEP, which also includes a representative of the BPU and the EDA. The committee is to meet monthly to review the reports and recommend solutions to any issue raised in a quarterly report submitted by a pilot program participant. The committee is to require a recipient of any grant under any State agency-administered program for the provision of an electric school bus and electric school bus charging infrastructure prior to the effective date of the bill to submit any additional information and data to the committee to compliment any data received by the committee from program participants.

The bill requires the DEP, in collaboration with the BPU and the EDA, to submit reports to the Governor and Legislature within six months following the conclusion of the program.

## ASSEMBLY TRANSPORTATION AND INDEPENDENT AUTHORITIES COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

#### ASSEMBLY, No. 1282

with committee amendments

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 12, 2022

The Assembly Transportation and Independent Authorities Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 1282 with committee amendments.

As amended and reported, this bill requires the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to implement, a three-year "Electric School Bus Program" (program). The purpose of the program is to determine the operational reliability and cost effectiveness of replacing diesel-powered school buses with electric school buses for daily transportation of students.

The bill requires the DEP, subject to available funding, to select no less than six school districts (districts) and school bus contractors (bus contractors) annually for participation in the program, so that during the third year of the program, no less than a total of 18 districts or bus contractors are selected to participate in the program amongst the northern, central, and southern regions of the State. At least half of the districts or bus contractors annually selected and at least half of the grant funding is to be located in a "low-income, urban, or environmental justice community" as defined pursuant to law. The DEP is to use its best efforts to select an equal number of grantees from the northern, central, and southern parts of the State.

The DEP is to award grants to the selected districts or bus contractors to purchase or lease electric school buses and to purchase or lease and install electric school bus charging infrastructure. An electric school bus and charging infrastructure vendor purchase or lease arrangement is to include certain provisions as described in the bill. Under the bill, \$45 million is made available for grants provided under the program. The DEP is to provide \$15 million in grants in the first year for electrification and, subject to available funding, \$15 million for each of the next two years. The DEP may use available monies to provide grants from the societal benefits charge (SBC) revenues, the "Global Warming Solutions Fund," any appropriations made by the Legislature, or any other sources of available funding.

The bill requires the selected districts or bus contractors to submit reports to the DEP detailing the cost to operate electric school buses, the electric school bus maintenance records and transponder data, and any reliability issues related to the operation or delivery and procurement of the buses.

The DEP is to convene, twice per year, a working group, which includes certain representatives as provided in the bill. The working group is to review reports and, as appropriate, troubleshoot and recommend solutions to any issue raised in the submitted report. The working group is also required to consider issues raised in the reports and make recommendations regarding program implementation.

The DEP is to permit a recipient of any grant under any State agency-administered program for the provision of electric school bus and electric school bus charging infrastructure prior to the effective date of the bill to submit any additional information and data to the DEP to complement any data received by the DEP from program participants.

The bill requires the DEP to, in collaboration with the Board of Public Utilities and the New Jersey Economic Development Authority, submit reports to the Governor and Legislature within six months following the conclusion of the program.

This bill was pre-filed for introduction in the 2022-2023 pending technical review. As amended and reported, the bill includes the changes required by technical review, which has been performed.

#### **COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS**

The committee amended the bill to:

- Clarify that school districts and school bus contractors are to be selected to participate in the program subject to available funding;
- Provide that, in each year, no more than half of the grants are to be awarded to school bus contractors;
- Provide that program participants receiving grants under the program may coordinate with certain electric utility providers to purchase or lease electric school buses and to purchase or lease and install electric school bus charging infrastructure;
- Provide that bus drivers and any personnel required to receive training under the provisions of the bill are not to incur the cost of the training;
- Provide that monies available from utility programs to upgrade electrical infrastructure for the purpose of electric vehicle charging may be used to provide grants to program participants;
- Remove a provision requiring the DEP to consult with government and education stakeholders and non-profit policy experts before determining the amount of each grant;
- Require program participants to include any reliability issues related to delivery and procurement of electric school buses in reports provided to the DEP;

- Provide that the first report required to be submitted by a program participant is to be submitted six months after the participant first completes its initial procurement of electric school buses rather than six months after the participant first begins operating electric school buses;
- Require DEP to convene a working group that meets at least twice per year, or on a more frequent basis as needed, instead of establishing a committee that meets at least monthly;
- Require the working group to consider issues raised in reports submitted by program participants and make recommendations regarding program implementation;
- Remove reference to the Plug-in Electric Vehicle Incentive Fund as a source from which the DEP may use monies to procure certain professional services;
- Provide that the DEP may use monies from certain utility programs, appropriated by the Legislature, or any other available sources to procure certain professional services;
- Provide that the report submitted to the Governor and Legislature include recommendations regarding other types of financial agreements to assist school districts and school bus contractors with implementing and using electric school buses; and
- Provide that societal benefits charge revenues may be used for light, medium, and heavy-duty plug in electric vehicles, including school buses and associated charging infrastructure rather than solely for the "Electric School Bus Program."

#### ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

# [First Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 1282

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 19, 2022

The Assembly Appropriations Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 1282 (1R).

This bill requires the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to implement, a three-year "Electric School Bus Program" (program). The purpose of the program is to determine the operational reliability and cost effectiveness of replacing diesel-powered school buses with electric school buses for daily transportation of students.

The bill requires the DEP, subject to available funding, to select no less than six school districts (districts) and school bus contractors (bus contractors) annually for participation in the program, so that during the third year of the program, no less than a total of 18 districts or bus contractors are selected to participate in the program amongst the northern, central, and southern regions of the State. At least half of the districts or bus contractors annually selected and at least half of the grant funding is to be located in a "low-income, urban, or environmental justice community" as defined pursuant to law. The DEP is to use its best efforts to select an equal number of grantees from the northern, central, and southern parts of the State.

The DEP is to award grants to the selected districts or bus contractors to purchase or lease electric school buses and to purchase or lease and install electric school bus charging infrastructure. An electric school bus and charging infrastructure vendor purchase or lease arrangement is to include certain provisions as described in the bill. Under the bill, \$45 million is made available for grants provided under the program. The DEP is to provide \$15 million in grants in the first year for electrification and, subject to available funding, \$15 million for each of the next two years. The DEP may use available monies to provide grants from the societal benefits charge (SBC) revenues, the "Global Warming Solutions Fund," any appropriations made by the Legislature, or any other sources of available funding.

The bill requires the selected districts or bus contractors to submit reports to the DEP detailing the cost to operate electric school buses, the electric school bus maintenance records and transponder data, and any reliability issues related to the operation or delivery and procurement of the buses.

The DEP is to convene, twice per year, a working group, which includes certain representatives as provided in the bill. The working group is to review reports and, as appropriate, troubleshoot and recommend solutions to any issue raised in the submitted report. The working group is also required to consider issues raised in the reports and make recommendations regarding program implementation.

The DEP is to permit a recipient of any grant under any State agency-administered program for the provision of electric school bus and electric school bus charging infrastructure prior to the effective date of the bill to submit any additional information and data to the DEP to complement any data received by the DEP from program participants.

The bill requires the DEP to, in collaboration with the Board of Public Utilities and the New Jersey Economic Development Authority, submit reports to the Governor and Legislature within six months following the conclusion of the program.

#### **FISCAL IMPACT**:

The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) finds that this bill will result in an increase in State expenditures of up to \$45 million over three years to fund and administer the program. Participating local school districts will realize the same amount in increased grant revenue to purchase electric buses and electric charging infrastructure, less any monies retained by the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to administer the grant.

The program may also generate an indeterminate amount of net local cost savings throughout the duration of the program and possibly longer. Electric vehicles generally require lower operating and maintenance costs during the life of the vehicle compared to diesel powered ones, but participating school districts will likely incur some upfront costs associated with the program that they otherwise would not have incurred with their current diesel fleet. The magnitude of any savings cannot be accurately stated at this time due to uncertainty about the cost benefits a local school district will realize from the use of electric buses as opposed to conventional diesel buses.

#### LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE

[First Reprint]

### ASSEMBLY, No. 1282 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 220th LEGISLATURE

DATED: MAY 24, 2022

#### **SUMMARY**

**Synopsis:** Requires DEP to develop and implement electric school bus program;

provides for \$15 million in first year and \$15 million annually in subsequent two years to DEP, subject to availability, to provide grants.

**Type of Impact:** Three-year increase in State costs and local revenue; potential annual

local cost savings.

**Agencies Affected:** Department of Environmental Protection;

New Jersey Economic Development Authority; and

New Jersey Board of Public Utilities.

#### Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
State Expenditure Increase	Up to \$15 million	Up to \$15 million	Up to \$15 million
<b>Local Revenue Increase</b>	Up to \$15 million	Up to \$15 million	Up to \$15 million
Potential Net Local Cost Decrease		Indeterminate	

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) finds that this bill will result in an increase in State expenditures of up to \$45 million over three years to fund and administer the program. Participating local school districts will realize the same amount in increased grant revenue to purchase electric buses and electric charging infrastructure, less any monies retained by the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to administer the grant.
- The program may also generate an indeterminate amount of net local cost savings throughout the duration of the program and possibly longer. Electric vehicles generally require lower operating and maintenance costs during the life of the vehicle compared to diesel powered ones, but participating school districts will likely incur some upfront costs associated with the program that they otherwise would not have incurred with their current diesel fleet. The magnitude of any savings cannot be accurately stated at this time due to uncertainty about the



cost benefits a local school district will realize from the use of electric buses as opposed to conventional diesel buses.

#### **BILL DESCRIPTION**

This bill requires the DEP to develop and implement a three-year electric school bus program. The purpose of the program is to determine the operational reliability and cost effectiveness of replacing diesel-powered school buses with electric school buses for daily transportation of students.

The DEP is to award grants to districts or bus contractors selected to participate in the program to purchase or lease electric school buses and to purchase or lease and install electric school bus charging infrastructure. An electric school bus and charging infrastructure vendor purchase or lease arrangement is to include certain provisions as described in the bill. Under the bill, \$45 million is made available for grants provided under the program. The DEP is to provide \$15 million in grants in the first year of the program and, subject to the availability of funds, grants shall continue to be provided in the amount of \$15 million in each of the subsequent two years; provided, however, DEP cannot award more than half of the grants to school bus contractors in any year. The DEP may use available monies to provide grants from societal benefits charge revenues, the Global Warming Solutions Fund, utility programs to upgrade electrical infrastructure for the purpose of electric vehicle charging, any appropriations made the Legislature, or any other sources of available funding.

The DEP is to establish a working group that includes a representative of the Board of Public Utilities, the New Jersey Economic Development Authority, Department of Transportation, Department of Education, and the Motor Vehicle Commission. The working group is to review the reports and recommend solutions to any issue raised in the reports submitted by a program participant. The bill requires the submission of reports to the Governor and Legislature within six months following the conclusion of the program.

#### FISCAL ANALYSIS

#### EXECUTIVE BRANCH

None received.

#### OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The OLS finds that this bill will result in an increase in State costs of up to \$45 million over three years to fund and administer the program. Participating local school districts will realize the same amount in increased grant revenue to purchase electric buses and electric charging infrastructure, less any monies retained by the DEP to administer the grant.

The program may also generate an indeterminate amount of net local cost savings throughout the duration of the program and possibly longer. Electric vehicles generally require lower operating and maintenance costs during the life of the vehicle compared to diesel powered ones, but participating school districts will likely incur some upfront costs associated with the program that they otherwise would not have incurred with their current diesel fleet. These costs may include upgrades to the electric power infrastructure of bus garages, the cost of electric charging equipment, acquiring different vehicle parts and tools, and training bus maintenance personnel to

work with different equipment. These costs can vary greatly based on the specific buses chosen, characteristics of the existing garages, and the skill level of current employees. These costs are to be covered under the terms of the grant.

Recent studies have found that the average cost of an electric bus can be between at least two to three times that of a diesel bus. However, purchase costs of electric buses are getting closer to diesel buses at a rapid pace. In terms of related equipment, in 2017, Aspen, Colorado purchased electric bus charging stations at a cost of \$80,000 each and spent \$20,000 for installation costs. It is likely that, assuming each region receives equal allocations of the \$15 million for their respective districts, those regions will be able to purchase and operate approximately ten to 15 buses depending on the model of electric bus purchased and charging infrastructure.

The local districts in turn will realize lower operating and maintenance costs for those electric vehicles. The magnitude of savings are the subject of the program itself, and the success of the program will hinge on whether the costs to school districts over the projected life of the electric school buses is greater or less than the \$45 million used to purchase and operate the electric buses and related infrastructure.

A 2016 study by Columbia University found the lifecycle cost of maintaining a diesel commuter bus was \$378,000 in fuel and \$420,000 in maintenance costs. An electric bus by comparison costs \$78,000 in electricity and \$252,000 in maintenance. This suggests that electric buses may have a lifecycle operating cost about 59 percent lower than conventional diesel powered buses. Those reduced operating costs will likely mitigate the increase in initial costs, but the magnitude of any savings cannot be determined at the present time due to variability in the factors mentioned above.

The bill requires the DEP to establish a working group to review reports submitted by program participants. The department is also required to submit a comprehensive report to the Governor and the Legislature within six months after the conclusion of the program. The bill allows for up to five percent of monies made available to the program to support the administrative costs of the program.

Section: Revenue, Finance and Appropriations

Analyst: Jordan M. DiGiovanni

Revenue Analyst

Approved: Thomas Koenig

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).

#### SENATE BUDGET AND APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

# [First Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 1282

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

**DATED: JUNE 6, 2022** 

The Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 1282 (1R).

This bill requires the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to implement a three-year "Electric School Bus Program" (program). The purpose of the program is to determine the operational reliability and cost effectiveness of replacing diesel-powered school buses with electric school buses for daily transportation of students.

The bill requires the DEP, subject to available funding, to select no less than six school districts (districts) and school bus contractors (bus contractors) annually for participation in the program, so that during the third year of the program, no less than a total of 18 districts or bus contractors are selected to participate in the program amongst the northern, central, and southern regions of the State. At least half of the districts or bus contractors annually selected and at least half of the grant funding is to be located in a "low-income, urban, or environmental justice community" as defined pursuant to law. The DEP is to use its best efforts to select an equal number of grantees from the northern, central, and southern parts of the State.

The DEP is to award grants to the selected districts or bus contractors to purchase or lease electric school buses and to purchase or lease and install electric school bus charging infrastructure. An electric school bus and charging infrastructure vendor purchase or lease arrangement is to include certain provisions as described in the bill. Under the bill, \$45 million is made available for grants provided under the program. The DEP is to provide \$15 million in grants in the first year for electrification and, subject to available funding, \$15 million for each of the next two years. The DEP may use available monies to provide grants from the societal benefits charge (SBC) revenues, the "Global Warming Solutions Fund," any appropriations made by the Legislature, or any other sources of available funding.

The bill requires the selected districts or bus contractors to submit reports to the DEP detailing the cost to operate electric school buses, the electric school bus maintenance records and transponder data, and any reliability issues related to the operation or delivery and procurement of the buses.

The DEP is to convene, twice per year, a working group, which includes certain representatives as provided in the bill. The working group is to review reports and, as appropriate, troubleshoot and recommend solutions to any issue raised in the submitted report. The working group is also required to consider issues raised in the reports and make recommendations regarding program implementation.

The DEP is to permit a recipient of any grant under any State agency-administered program for the provision of electric school bus and electric school bus charging infrastructure prior to the effective date of the bill to submit any additional information and data to the DEP to complement any data received by the DEP from program participants.

The bill requires the DEP to, in collaboration with the Board of Public Utilities and the New Jersey Economic Development Authority, submit reports to the Governor and Legislature within six months following the conclusion of the program.

As reported by the committee, Assembly Bill No. 1282 (1R) is identical to Senate Bill No. 759 (2R) as amended and also reported by the committee on this date.

#### FISCAL IMPACT:

The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) finds that this bill will result in an increase in State expenditures of up to \$45 million over three years to fund and administer the program. Participating local school districts will realize the same amount in increased grant revenue to purchase electric buses and electric charging infrastructure, less any monies retained by the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to administer the grant.

The program may also generate an indeterminate amount of net local cost savings throughout the duration of the program and possibly longer. Electric vehicles generally require lower operating and maintenance costs during the life of the vehicle compared to diesel powered ones, but participating school districts will likely incur some upfront costs associated with the program that they otherwise would not have incurred with their current diesel fleet. The magnitude of any savings cannot be accurately stated at this time due to uncertainty about the cost benefits a local school district will realize from the use of electric buses as opposed to conventional diesel buses.

### SENATE, No. 759

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

### 220th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2022 SESSION

Sponsored by:

Senator PATRICK J. DIEGNAN, JR.

**District 18 (Middlesex)** 

Senator LINDA R. GREENSTEIN District 14 (Mercer and Middlesex)

Co-Sponsored by:

Senators Stack, Ruiz, Cunningham, Lagana, Gopal and Zwicker

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Requires DEP to develop and implement electric school bus program; provides for \$15 million in first year and \$15 million annually in subsequent two years to DEP, subject to availability, to provide grants.

#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 1/27/2022)

**AN ACT** establishing an electric school bus program, supplementing Title 26 of the Revised Statutes, and amending P.L.1999, c.23.

**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. (New section) a. No later than six months after the effective date of P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), the Department of Environmental Protection shall implement a three-year "Electric School Bus Program" to determine the operational reliability and cost effectiveness of replacing diesel-powered school buses with electric school buses for the daily transportation of students.
- b. On or after the date of implementation of the program developed pursuant to subsection a. of this section, and once each year for the next two years thereafter, the Department of Environmental Protection shall select for participation in the program no less than six school districts and school bus contractors that operate school buses, as described in section 1 of P.L.1996, c.96 (C.39:3B-1.1), so that during the third year of the program, no less than a total of 18 school districts school bus contractors shall have been selected for participation in the program amongst the northern, central, and southern regions of the State. The department shall choose school districts and school bus contractors to participate in the program based on a competitive grant solicitation.

In each year, the department shall use its best efforts to select a mix of school districts that operate their own bus fleets and school districts that contract for school bus services. Any school bus contractor applying to participate in the program shall apply in conjunction with a specific school district. In each year, at least half of the school districts or school bus contractors selected by the department, and at least half of the grant funding awarded by the department in each year shall be located in a "low-income, urban, or environmental justice community" as defined in section 2 of P.L.2019, c.362 (C.48:25-2) and from those selected, the department shall use its best efforts, in each year, to select, an equal number of grantees from the northern, central, and southern regions of the State respectively, subject to deviation based on the applicant pool. Grants shall be awarded in a manner that both prioritizes equity and tests a variety of technological and funding approaches, including but not limited to outright purchase, leased buses, leveraging of other funding sources, and vehicle-to-grid or vehicleto-building technologies.

For purposes of this subsection: "northern," when referring to region of the State, means the counties of Bergen, Essex, Hudson,

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- 1 Morris, Passaic, Union, Sussex, and Warren; "central," when
- 2 referring to regions of the State, means the counties of Hunterdon,
- 3 Mercer, Middlesex, Monmouth, and Somerset; and "southern,"
- 4 when referring to regions of the State, means the counties of
- 5 Atlantic, Burlington, Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester,
- 6 Ocean, and Salem.

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- c. (1) Under the program, the department shall award grants to school districts or school bus contractors selected to participate in the program to purchase or lease electric school buses and to purchase or lease and install electric school bus charging infrastructure in coordination with any State department, board, bureau, commission, or agency as necessary. Pursuant to any outright purchase or lease arrangement entered into by a school district or school bus contractor participating in the program, an electric school bus and charging infrastructure vendor purchase or lease arrangement shall include, at a minimum, the following:
  - (a) an electric school bus having a minimum range of 90 miles per full charge, or 30 percent more range per full charge than the daily maximum miles used by the school district or school bus contractor, whichever is greater;
  - (b) an electric school bus and charging infrastructure, as appropriate;
  - (c) appropriate training for bus maintenance personnel and bus drivers, and other relevant personnel; and
  - (d) electric school bus and charging infrastructure shop manuals and wiring schematics for troubleshooting and a complete list of component parts.
- 28 (2) Monies for the "Electric School Bus Program" shall be used 29 by the Department of Environmental Protection to provide grants, 30 pursuant to this subsection, over the three-year period. In the first 31 year, grants shall be provided in accordance with this act in the 32 amount of \$15,000,000 for electrification. Subject to the 33 availability of funds, grants shall continue to be provided in 34 accordance with this act in the amount of \$15,000,000 per year for a 35 total of \$45,000,000 over the three-year period. The department may use available monies to provide grants, pursuant to this 36 37 subsection, singly or in combination, from the following sources: 38 societal benefits charge revenues received pursuant to section 12 of 39 P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-60); or the "Global Warming Solutions 40 Fund" established pursuant to section 6 of P.L.2007, c.340 (C.26:2C-50); any appropriations made by the Legislature for the 41 42 program established pursuant to P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending 43 before the Legislature as this bill) or any other sources of available 44 funding. Up to five percent of the monies made available to the 45 program may be used to administer the program.

The department shall determine the amount of each grant provided pursuant to this subsection after consulting with

government and education stakeholders and non-profit policy 2 experts and shall award grants in a manner that provides for the 3 most efficient and highest efficacy use of the grant.

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The department shall also collect data from on-board telematics monitoring systems in order to evaluate parameters such as idle time, driving time, energy consumption, and frequency of charging. All electric school buses deployed by grant recipients shall have telematic system capabilities.

- d. At least once every six months, the school districts or school bus contractors selected to participate in the program shall submit a report to the department detailing the cost to operate the electric school buses, including electric school bus maintenance records and transponder data, and details of any reliability issues related to the operation of the electric school buses. The first report shall be submitted six months after the school district or school bus contractor first begins operating electric school buses.
- (1) The department shall establish a committee, chaired by a representative of the department, which also includes a representative of the Board of Public Utilities and the Economic Development Authority. The committee shall meet at least monthly to review the reports, troubleshoot, and recommend solutions to any issue raised in a report submitted by a program participant or other issues regarding the program. Twice per year the committee shall meet and consult with the Department of Education, the Department of Transportation and the New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission. The department shall collect any additional information and data necessary to complete any report required to be submitted to the Governor and Legislature pursuant to subsection f. of this section.
  - (2) The committee shall permit a recipient of any grant under any State agency-administered program for the provision of an electric school bus and electric school bus charging infrastructure prior to the effective date of P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) to submit any additional information and data to the committee to compliment any data received by the committee from pilot program participants pursuant to this subsection.
- The department, in collaboration with the Board of Public Utilities and the New Jersey Economic Development Authority shall submit an "Electric School Bus Program" report to the Governor and, pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1), to the Legislature. The report shall be submitted within 6 months after the conclusion of the program.

44 The department may use available monies, singly or in 45 combination from the following sources, to procure professional 46 services to assist with the development of the report: societal 47 benefits charge revenues received pursuant to section 12 of

- 1 P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-60); the Plug-in Electric Vehicle Incentive
- Fund established pursuant to section 7 of P.L.2019, c.362 (C.48:25-
- 3 7); or the "Global Warming Solutions Fund" established pursuant to
- 4 section 6 of P.L.2007, c.340 (C.26:2C-50).
  - The submitted report shall include:

- (1) a description and comprehensive review of the program, including but not limited to, an evaluation of the program's effectiveness;
- (2) a summary description of all grants provided under the program, including the names of the recipients, the amount of funding each recipient received, the current status of the funds provided to each recipient, and an itemization of the total project budget including vehicle costs, hardware costs, installation costs, training costs, and administrative costs;
- (3) an analysis of the operational reliability and cost effectiveness of the use of electric school buses and charging infrastructure by each grantee and steps taken by the grantee to fix any operational problems;
- (4) an estimate of the emission benefits of the electric school buses and charging infrastructure funded under this program;
- (5) any preliminary findings from grant recipients pertaining to design or operation of electric school buses and charging infrastructure and potential improvements to make the buses and charging infrastructure safer, more economical or environmentally advantageous;
- (6) as applicable, depending on deployment of grant recipients, an analysis of the potential costs and benefits of using electric school bus batteries for storing power to be returned to the electric grid or to school buildings during periods of peak electric power demand;
- (7) an assessment of reliability of electric school buses and charging infrastructure; and
- (8) an analysis of any additional external changes that the use of electric school buses and charging infrastructure may require regarding electric service rate schedules, school bus inspection standards, or any other major considerations.
- In addition to the information included pursuant to paragraphs (1) through (8) of this subsection, the final report shall include recommendations regarding the establishment of grant and loan programs to provide assistance to school districts and school bus contractors for the replacement of their bus fleets and on optimization of electric school bus grant programs to most efficiently and effectively distribute available funds to maximize environmental and health benefits.
- The final report shall also include recommendations for how additional funding may be distributed in the most efficient and
- 47 effective manner to maximize the number of electric school buses

operating in the State.

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- 2. Section 12 of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-60) is amended to read as follows:
- 12. a. Simultaneously with the starting date for the implementation of retail choice as determined by the board pursuant to subsection a. of section 5 of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-53), the board shall permit each electric public utility and gas public utility to recover some or all of the following costs through a societal benefits charge that shall be collected as a non-bypassable charge imposed on all electric public utility customers and gas public utility customers, as appropriate:
- (1) The costs for the social programs for which rate recovery was approved by the board prior to April 30, 1997. For the purpose of establishing initial unbundled rates pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-52), the societal benefits charge shall be set to recover the same level of social program costs as is being collected in the bundled rates of the electric public utility on the effective date of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-49 et al.). The board may subsequently order, pursuant to its rules and regulations, an increase or decrease in the societal benefits charge to reflect changes in the costs to the utility of administering existing social programs. Nothing in P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-49 et al.) shall be construed to abolish or change any social program required by statute or board order or rule or regulation to be provided by an electric public utility. Any such social program shall continue to be provided by the utility until otherwise provided by law, unless the board determines that it is no longer appropriate for the electric public utility to provide the program, or the board chooses to modify the program;
  - (2) Nuclear plant decommissioning costs;
  - (3) The costs of demand side management programs that were approved by the board pursuant to its demand side management regulations prior to April 30, 1997. For the purpose of establishing initial unbundled rates pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-52), the societal benefits charge shall be set to recover the same level of demand side management program costs as is being collected in the bundled rates of the electric public utility on the effective date of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-49 et al.). Within four months of the effective date of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-49 et al.), and every four years thereafter, the board shall initiate a proceeding and cause to be undertaken a comprehensive resource analysis of energy programs, and within eight months of initiating such proceeding and after notice, provision of the opportunity for public comment, and public hearing, the board, in consultation with the Department of Environmental Protection, shall determine the appropriate level of funding for energy efficiency, plug-in electric

vehicles and plug-in electric vehicle charging infrastructure, and 1 2 Class I renewable energy programs that provide environmental 3 benefits above and beyond those provided by standard offer or 4 similar programs in effect as of the effective date of P.L.1999, c.23 5 (C.48:3-49 et al.); provided that the funding for such programs be 6 no less than 50 percent of the total Statewide amount being 7 collected in electric and gas public utility rates for demand side 8 management programs on the effective date of P.L.1999, c.23 9 (C.48:3-49 et al.) for an initial period of four years from the 10 issuance of the first comprehensive resource analysis following the 11 effective date of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-49 et al..), and provided 12 that 25 percent of this amount shall be used to provide funding for 13 Class I renewable energy projects in the State. In each of the 14 following fifth through eighth years, the Statewide funding for such 15 programs shall be no less than 50 percent of the total Statewide 16 amount being collected in electric and gas public utility rates for 17 demand side management programs on the effective date of 18 P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-49 et al.), except that as additional funds are 19 made available as a result of the expiration of past standard offer or 20 similar commitments, the minimum amount of funding for such 21 programs shall increase by an additional amount equal to 50 percent 22 of the additional funds made available, until the minimum amount 23 of funding dedicated to such programs reaches \$140,000,000 total. 24 After the eighth year the board shall make a determination as to the 25 appropriate level of funding for these programs. Such programs 26 shall include a program to provide financial incentives for the 27 installation of Class I renewable energy projects in the State, and 28 the board, in consultation with the Department of Environmental 29 Protection, shall determine the level and total amount of such 30 incentives as well as the renewable technologies eligible for such 31 incentives which shall include, at a minimum, photovoltaic, wind, 32 and fuel cells. The board shall simultaneously determine, as a result 33 of the comprehensive resource analysis, the programs to be funded 34 by the societal benefits charge, the level of cost recovery and 35 performance incentives for old and new programs and whether the 36 recovery of demand side management programs' costs currently 37 approved by the board may be reduced or extended over a longer 38 period of time. The board shall make these determinations taking 39 into consideration existing market barriers and environmental 40 benefits, with the objective of transforming markets, capturing lost opportunities, making energy services more affordable for low 41 42 income customers and eliminating subsidies for programs that can 43 be delivered in the marketplace without electric public utility and 44 gas public utility customer funding; 45

(4) Manufactured gas plant remediation costs, which shall be determined initially in a manner consistent with mechanisms in the

#### **S759** DIEGNAN, GREENSTEIN

remediation adjustment clauses for the electric public utility and gas public utility adopted by the board; **[**and**]** 

- (5) The cost, of consumer education, as determined by the board, which shall be in an amount that, together with the consumer education surcharge imposed on electric power supplier license fees pursuant to subsection h. of section 29 of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-78) and the consumer education surcharge imposed on gas supplier license fees pursuant to subsection g. of section 30 of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-79), shall be sufficient to fund the consumer education program established pursuant to section 36 of P.L.1999, c.23 (C.48:3-85); and
- (6) No later than six months after the effective date of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), a portion of the costs of the "Electric School Bus Program" administered by the Department of Environmental Protection, for the purposes provided in section 1 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
- b. There is established in the Board of Public Utilities a nonlapsing fund to be known as the "Universal Service Fund." The board shall determine: the level of funding and the appropriate administration of the fund; the purposes and programs to be funded with monies from the fund; which social programs shall be provided by an electric public utility as part of the provision of its regulated services which provide a public benefit; whether the funds appropriated to fund the "Lifeline Credit Program" established pursuant to P.L.1979, c.197 (C.48:2-29.15 et seq.), the "Tenants' Lifeline Assistance Program" established pursuant to P.L.1981, c.210 [(C.48:2-29.31 et seq.)] (C.48:2-29.30 et seq.), the funds received pursuant to the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program established pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.8621 et seq., and funds collected by electric and [natural] gas public utilities, as authorized by the board, to offset uncollectible electricity and natural gas bills should be deposited in the fund; and whether new charges should be imposed to fund new or expanded social programs.

35 (cf: P.L.2019, c.362, s.13)

3. This act shall take effect immediately.

#### **STATEMENT**

This bill requires the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (DEP), to develop and implement, a three-year "Electric School Bus Program" (program). The purpose of the program is to determine the operational reliability and cost effectiveness of replacing diesel-powered school buses with electric school buses for daily transportation of students.

1 2

The bill requires the DEP to select no less than six school districts (districts) and school bus contractors (bus contractors) annually for participation in the program, so that during the third year of the program, no less than a total of 18 school districts or school bus contractors are selected for participation in the program amongst the northern, central, and southern regions of the State. At least half of the districts or bus contractors annually selected and at least half of the grant funding is to be located in a "low-income, urban, or environmental justice community" as defined pursuant to law. The DEP is to design a transparent outreach and application process to facilitate the selection of districts and bus contractors. The DEP is to use its best efforts to select an equal number of grantees from the northern, central, and southern parts of the State.

The DEP is to award grants to districts or bus contractors selected to participate in the program to purchase or lease electric school buses and to purchase or lease and install electric school bus charging infrastructure. An electric school bus and charging infrastructure vendor purchase or lease arrangement is to include certain provisions as described in the bill. Under the bill, \$45 million is made available for grants provided under the pilot program. The DEP is to provide \$15 million in grants for each year of the three-year pilot program. The DEP may use available monies to provide grants from the following sources: the societal benefits charge (SBC) revenues and the "Global Warming Solutions Fund."

The bill requires the districts or bus contractors selected to participate in the program to submit reports to the DEP detailing the cost to operate electric school buses, including electric school bus maintenance records and transponder data, and details of any reliability issues related to the operation of the buses. The DEP is to establish a committee, chaired by a representative of the DEP, which also includes a representative of the BPU and the EDA. The committee is to meet monthly to review the reports and recommend solutions to any issue raised in a quarterly report submitted by a pilot program participant. The committee is to require a recipient of any grant under any State agency-administered program for the provision of an electric school bus and electric school bus charging infrastructure prior to the effective date of the bill to submit any additional information and data to the committee to compliment any data received by the committee from program participants.

The bill requires the DEP, in collaboration with the BPU and the EDA, to submit reports to the Governor and Legislature within six months following the conclusion of the program.

#### SENATE TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

#### SENATE, No. 759

with committee amendments

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: FEBRUARY 3, 2022

The Senate Transportation Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 759.

As amended and reported, this bill requires the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to implement a three-year "Electric School Bus Program" (program). The purpose of the program is to determine the operational reliability and cost effectiveness of replacing diesel-powered school buses with electric school buses for daily transportation of students.

The bill requires the DEP, subject to available funding, to select no less than six school districts (districts) and school bus contractors (bus contractors) annually for participation in the program, so that during the third year of the program, no less than a total of 18 districts or bus contractors are selected to participate in the program amongst the northern, central, and southern regions of the State. At least half of the districts or bus contractors annually selected and at least half of the grant funding is to be located in a "low-income, urban, or environmental justice community" as defined pursuant to law. The DEP is to use its best efforts to select an equal number of grantees from the northern, central, and southern parts of the State.

The DEP is to award grants to the selected districts or bus contractors to purchase or lease electric school buses and to purchase or lease and install electric school bus charging infrastructure. An electric school bus and charging infrastructure vendor purchase or lease arrangement is to include certain provisions as described in the bill. Under the bill, \$45 million is made available for grants provided under the program. The DEP is to provide \$15 million in grants in the first year for electrification and, subject to available funding, \$15,000,000 for each of the next two years. The DEP may use available monies to provide grants from the societal benefits charge (SBC) revenues, the "Global Warming Solutions Fund," any appropriations made by the Legislature, or any other sources of available funding.

The bill requires the selected districts or bus contractors to submit reports to the DEP detailing the cost to operate electric school buses, the electric school bus maintenance records and transponder data, and any reliability issues related to the operation or delivery and procurement of the buses.

The DEP is to convene, twice per year, a working group, which includes certain representatives as provided in the bill. The working group is to review reports and, as appropriate, troubleshoot and recommend solutions to any issue raised in a submitted report. The working group is also required to consider issues raised in the reports and make recommendations regarding program implementation.

The DEP is to permit a recipient of any grant under any State agency-administered program for the provision of an electric school bus and electric school bus charging infrastructure prior to the effective date of the bill to submit any additional information and data to the DEP to complement any data received by the DEP from program participants.

The bill requires the DEP to, in collaboration with the Board of Public Utilities and the New Jersey Economic Development Authority, submit a report to the Governor and Legislature within six months following the conclusion of the program.

The committee amended the bill to:

- Clarify that school districts and school bus contractors are to be selected to participate in the program subject to available funding;
- Provide that bus drivers and any personnel required to receive training under the provisions of the bill are not to incur the cost of the training;
- Remove a provision requiring the DEP to consult with government and education stakeholders and non-profit policy experts before determining the amount of each grant;
- Require program participants to include any reliability issues related to delivery and procurement of electric school buses in reports provided to the DEP;
- Provide that the first report required to be submitted by a program participant is to be submitted six months after the participant first completes its initial procurement of electric school buses rather than six months after the participant first begins operating electric school buses;
- Require DEP to convene a working group that meets at least twice per year, or on a more frequent basis as needed, instead of establishing a committee that meets at least monthly;
- Require the working group to consider issues raised in reports submitted by program participants and make recommendations regarding program implementation;
- Remove reference to the Plug-in Electric Vehicle Incentive Fund as a source from which the DEP may use monies to procure certain professional services;

- Provide that the DEP may use monies appropriated by the Legislature or any other available sources to procure certain professional services; and
- Provide that societal benefits charge revenues may be used for light, medium, and heavy-duty plug in electric vehicles, including school buses and associated charging infrastructure rather than solely for the "Electric School Bus Program."

This bill was pre-filed for introduction in the 2022-2023 session pending technical review. As reported, the bill includes the changes required by technical review, which has been performed.

#### LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE

[First Reprint]

# SENATE, No. 759 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 220th LEGISLATURE

DATED: FEBRUARY 11, 2022

#### **SUMMARY**

**Synopsis:** Requires DEP to develop and implement electric school bus program;

provides for \$15 million in first year and \$15 million annually in subsequent two years to DEP, subject to availability, to provide grants.

**Type of Impact:** Three-year increase in State costs and local revenue; potential annual

local cost savings.

**Agencies Affected:** Department of Environmental Protection;

New Jersey Economic Development Authority; and

New Jersey Board of Public Utilities.

#### Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
State Expenditure Increase	Up to \$15 million	Up to \$15 million	Up to \$15 million
<b>Local Revenue Increase</b>	Up to \$15 million	Up to \$15 million	Up to \$15 million
Potential Net Local Cost Decrease		Indeterminate	

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) finds that this bill will result in an increase in State expenditures of up to \$45 million over three years to fund and administer the program. Participating local school districts will realize the same amount in increased grant revenue to purchase electric buses and electric charging infrastructure, less any monies retained by the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to administer the grant.
- The program may also generate an indeterminate amount of net local cost savings throughout the duration of the program and possibly longer. Electric vehicles generally require lower operating and maintenance costs during the life of the vehicle compared to diesel powered ones, but participating school districts will likely incur some upfront costs associated with the program that they otherwise would not have incurred with their current diesel fleet. The magnitude of any savings cannot be accurately stated at this time due to uncertainty about the



cost benefits a local school district will realize from the use of electric buses as opposed to conventional diesel buses.

#### **BILL DESCRIPTION**

This bill requires the DEP to develop and implement a three-year electric school bus program. The purpose of the program is to determine the operational reliability and cost effectiveness of replacing diesel-powered school buses with electric school buses for daily transportation of students.

The DEP is to award grants to districts or bus contractors selected to participate in the program to purchase or lease electric school buses and to purchase or lease and install electric school bus charging infrastructure. An electric school bus and charging infrastructure vendor purchase or lease arrangement is to include certain provisions as described in the bill. Under the bill, \$45 million is made available for grants provided under the program. The DEP is to provide \$15 million in grants in the first year of the program and, subject to the availability of funds, grants shall continue to be provided in the amount of \$15 million in each of the subsequent two years. The DEP may use available monies to provide grants from societal benefits charge revenues, the Global Warming Solutions Fund, any appropriations made the Legislature, or any other sources of available funding.

The DEP is to establish a working group that includes a representative of the Board of Public Utilities, the New Jersey Economic Development Authority, Department of Transportation, Department of Education, and the Motor Vehicle Commission. The working group is to review the reports and recommend solutions to any issue raised in the reports submitted by a program participant. The bill requires the submission of reports to the Governor and Legislature within six months following the conclusion of the program.

#### FISCAL ANALYSIS

#### **EXECUTIVE BRANCH**

None received.

#### OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The OLS finds that this bill will result in an increase in State costs of up to \$45 million over three years to fund and administer the program. Participating local school districts will realize the same amount in increased grant revenue to purchase electric buses and electric charging infrastructure, less any monies retained by the DEP to administer the grant.

The program may also generate an indeterminate amount of net local cost savings throughout the duration of the program and possibly longer. Electric vehicles generally require lower operating and maintenance costs during the life of the vehicle compared to diesel powered ones, but participating school districts will likely incur some upfront costs associated with the program that they otherwise would not have incurred with their current diesel fleet. These costs may include upgrades to the electric power infrastructure of bus garages, the cost of electric charging equipment, acquiring different vehicle parts and tools, and training bus maintenance personnel to work with different equipment. These costs can vary greatly based on the specific buses chosen,

characteristics of the existing garages, and the skill level of current employees. These costs are to be covered under the terms of the grant.

Recent studies have found that the average cost of an electric bus can be between at least two to three times that of a diesel bus. However, purchase costs of electric buses are getting closer to diesel buses at a rapid pace. In terms of related equipment, in 2017, Aspen, Colorado purchased electric bus charging stations at a cost of \$80,000 each and spent \$20,000 for installation costs. It is likely that, assuming each region receives equal allocations of the \$15 million for their respective districts, those regions will be able to purchase and operate approximately ten to 15 buses depending on the model of electric bus purchased and charging infrastructure.

The local districts in turn will realize lower operating and maintenance costs for those electric vehicles. The magnitude of savings are the subject of the program itself, and the success of the program will hinge on whether the costs to school districts over the projected life of the electric school buses is greater or less than the \$45 million used to purchase and operate the electric buses and related infrastructure.

A 2016 study by Columbia University found the lifecycle cost of maintaining a diesel commuter bus was \$378,000 in fuel and \$420,000 in maintenance costs. An electric bus by comparison costs \$78,000 in electricity and \$252,000 in maintenance. This suggests that electric buses may have a lifecycle operating cost about 59 percent lower than conventional diesel powered buses. Those reduced operating costs will likely mitigate the increase in initial costs, but the magnitude of any savings cannot be determined at the present time due to variability in the factors mentioned above.

The bill requires the DEP to establish a working group to review reports submitted by program participants. The department is also required to submit a comprehensive report to the Governor and the Legislature within six months after the conclusion of the program. The bill allows for up to five percent of monies made available to the program to support the administrative costs of the program.

Section: Revenue, Finance and Appropriations

Analyst: Jordan M. DiGiovanni

Revenue Analyst

Approved: Thomas Koenig

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).

#### SENATE BUDGET AND APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint] **SENATE, No. 759** 

with committee amendments

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

**DATED: JUNE 6, 2022** 

The Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 759 (1R) with committee amendments.

As amended and reported, this bill requires the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to implement a three-year "Electric School Bus Program" (program). The purpose of the program is to determine the operational reliability and cost effectiveness of replacing diesel-powered school buses with electric school buses for the transportation of students.

The bill requires the DEP, subject to available funding, to select no less than six school districts (districts) and school bus contractors (bus contractors) annually for participation in the program, so that during the third year of the program, no less than a total of 18 districts or bus contractors are selected to participate in the program amongst the northern, central, and southern regions of the State. At least half of the districts or bus contractors annually selected and at least half of the grant funding is to be located in a "low-income, urban, or environmental justice community" as defined pursuant to law. The DEP is to use its best efforts to select an equal number of grantees from the northern, central, and southern parts of the State.

The DEP is to award grants to the selected districts or bus contractors to purchase or lease electric school buses and to purchase or lease and install electric school bus charging infrastructure. An electric school bus and charging infrastructure vendor purchase or lease arrangement is to include certain provisions as described in the bill. Under the bill, \$45 million is made available for grants provided under the program. The DEP is to provide \$15 million in grants in the first year for electrification and, subject to available funding, \$15 million for each of the next two years. The DEP may use available monies to provide grants from the societal benefits charge (SBC) revenues, the "Global Warming Solutions Fund," any monies from utility programs to upgrade electrical infrastructure for purposes of electric vehicle charging, any appropriations made by the Legislature, or any other sources of available funding.

The bill requires the selected districts or bus contractors to submit reports to the DEP detailing the cost to operate electric school buses, the electric school bus maintenance records and transponder data, and any reliability issues related to the operation or delivery and procurement of the buses.

The DEP is to convene, twice per year, a working group, which includes certain representatives as provided in the bill. The working group is to review reports and, as appropriate, troubleshoot and recommend solutions to any issue raised in a submitted report. The working group is also required to consider issues raised in the reports and make recommendations regarding program implementation.

The DEP is to permit a recipient of any grant under any State agency-administered program for the provision of an electric school bus and electric school bus charging infrastructure prior to the effective date of the bill to submit any additional information and data to the DEP to complement any data received by the DEP from program participants.

The bill requires the DEP, in collaboration with the Board of Public Utilities and the New Jersey Economic Development Authority, to submit a report to the Governor and Legislature within six months following the conclusion of the program.

As amended and reported by the committee, Senate Bill No. 759 (2R) is identical to Assembly Bill No. 1282 (1R) as also reported by the committee on this date.

#### **COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:**

The committee amended the bill to provide that:

- in each year, no more than half of the grants are to be awarded to school bus contractors;
- program participants receiving grants under the program may coordinate with certain electric utility providers to purchase or lease electric school buses and to purchase or lease and install electric school bus charging infrastructure;
- monies available from utility programs to upgrade electrical infrastructure for purposes of electric vehicle charging may be used to provide grants to program participants and procure certain professional services; and
- the report submitted to the Governor and Legislature include recommendations regarding other types of financial agreements to assist school districts and school bus contractors with implementing and using electric school buses.

#### **FISCAL IMPACT**:

The Office of Legislative Services finds that this bill will result in an increase in State expenditures of up to \$45 million over three years to fund and administer the program. Participating local school districts will realize the same amount in increased grant revenue to purchase electric buses and electric charging infrastructure, less any monies retained by the Department of Environmental Protection to administer the grant.

The program may also generate an indeterminate amount of net local cost savings throughout the duration of the program and possibly longer. Electric vehicles generally require lower operating and maintenance costs during the life of the vehicle compared to diesel powered ones, but participating school districts will likely incur some upfront costs associated with the program that they otherwise would not have incurred with their current diesel fleet. The magnitude of any savings cannot be accurately stated at this time due to uncertainty about the cost benefits a local school district will realize from the use of electric buses as opposed to conventional diesel buses.

#### LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE

[Second Reprint]

# SENATE, No. 759 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 220th LEGISLATURE

**DATED: JUNE 15, 2022** 

#### **SUMMARY**

**Synopsis:** Requires DEP to develop and implement electric school bus program;

provides for \$15 million in first year and \$15 million annually in subsequent two years to DEP, subject to availability, to provide grants.

**Type of Impact:** Three-year increase in State costs and local revenue; potential annual

local cost savings.

**Agencies Affected:** Department of Environmental Protection;

New Jersey Economic Development Authority; and

New Jersey Board of Public Utilities.

#### Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
State Expenditure Increase	Up to \$15 million	Up to \$15 million	Up to \$15 million
<b>Local Revenue Increase</b>	Up to \$15 million	Up to \$15 million	Up to \$15 million
Potential Net Local Cost Decrease		Indeterminate	

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) finds that this bill will result in an increase in State expenditures of up to \$45 million over three years to fund and administer the program. Participating local school districts will realize the same amount in increased grant revenue to purchase electric buses and electric charging infrastructure, less any monies retained by the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to administer the grant.
- The program may also generate an indeterminate amount of net local cost savings throughout the duration of the program and possibly longer. Electric vehicles generally require lower operating and maintenance costs during the life of the vehicle compared to diesel powered ones, but participating school districts will likely incur some upfront costs associated with the program that they otherwise would not have incurred with their current diesel fleet. The magnitude of any savings cannot be accurately stated at this time due to uncertainty about the



cost benefits a local school district will realize from the use of electric buses as opposed to conventional diesel buses.

#### **BILL DESCRIPTION**

This bill requires the DEP to develop and implement a three-year electric school bus program. The purpose of the program is to determine the operational reliability and cost effectiveness of replacing diesel-powered school buses with electric school buses for daily transportation of students.

The DEP is to award grants to districts or bus contractors selected to participate in the program to purchase or lease electric school buses and to purchase or lease and install electric school bus charging infrastructure. An electric school bus and charging infrastructure vendor purchase or lease arrangement is to include certain provisions as described in the bill. Under the bill, \$45 million is made available for grants provided under the program. The DEP is to provide \$15 million in grants in the first year of the program and, subject to the availability of funds, grants shall continue to be provided in the amount of \$15 million in each of the subsequent two years; provided, however, DEP cannot award more than half of the grants to school bus contractors in any year. The DEP may use available monies to provide grants from societal benefits charge revenues, the Global Warming Solutions Fund, utility programs to upgrade electrical infrastructure for the purpose of electric vehicle charging, any appropriations made the Legislature, or any other sources of available funding.

The DEP is to establish a working group that includes a representative of the Board of Public Utilities, the New Jersey Economic Development Authority, Department of Transportation, Department of Education, and the Motor Vehicle Commission. The working group is to review the reports and recommend solutions to any issue raised in the reports submitted by a program participant. The bill requires the submission of reports to the Governor and Legislature within six months following the conclusion of the program.

#### FISCAL ANALYSIS

#### EXECUTIVE BRANCH

None received.

#### OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The OLS finds that this bill will result in an increase in State costs of up to \$45 million over three years to fund and administer the program. Participating local school districts will realize the same amount in increased grant revenue to purchase electric buses and electric charging infrastructure, less any monies retained by the DEP to administer the grant.

The program may also generate an indeterminate amount of net local cost savings throughout the duration of the program and possibly longer. Electric vehicles generally require lower operating and maintenance costs during the life of the vehicle compared to diesel powered ones, but participating school districts will likely incur some upfront costs associated with the program that they otherwise would not have incurred with their current diesel fleet. These costs may include upgrades to the electric power infrastructure of bus garages, the cost of electric charging equipment, acquiring different vehicle parts and tools, and training bus maintenance personnel to

work with different equipment. These costs can vary greatly based on the specific buses chosen, characteristics of the existing garages, and the skill level of current employees. These costs are to be covered under the terms of the grant.

Recent studies have found that the average cost of an electric bus can be between at least two to three times that of a diesel bus. However, purchase costs of electric buses are getting closer to diesel buses at a rapid pace. In terms of related equipment, in 2017, Aspen, Colorado purchased electric bus charging stations at a cost of \$80,000 each and spent \$20,000 for installation costs. It is likely that, assuming each region receives equal allocations of the \$15 million for their respective districts, those regions will be able to purchase and operate approximately ten to 15 buses depending on the model of electric bus purchased and charging infrastructure.

The local districts in turn will realize lower operating and maintenance costs for those electric vehicles. The magnitude of savings are the subject of the program itself, and the success of the program will hinge on whether the costs to school districts over the projected life of the electric school buses is greater or less than the \$45 million used to purchase and operate the electric buses and related infrastructure.

A 2016 study by Columbia University found the lifecycle cost of maintaining a diesel commuter bus was \$378,000 in fuel and \$420,000 in maintenance costs. An electric bus by comparison costs \$78,000 in electricity and \$252,000 in maintenance. This suggests that electric buses may have a lifecycle operating cost about 59 percent lower than conventional diesel powered buses. Those reduced operating costs will likely mitigate the increase in initial costs, but the magnitude of any savings cannot be determined at the present time due to variability in the factors mentioned above.

The bill requires the DEP to establish a working group to review reports submitted by program participants. The department is also required to submit a comprehensive report to the Governor and the Legislature within six months after the conclusion of the program. The bill allows for up to five percent of monies made available to the program to support the administrative costs of the program.

Section: Revenue, Finance and Appropriations

Analyst: Jordan M. DiGiovanni

Revenue Analyst

Approved: Thomas Koenig

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).

## Governor Murphy Signs Legislation Requiring Establishment of Electric School Bus Program

08/4/2022

Up to \$45 million over three years will fund the purchase of electric school buses and charging infrastructure across the state.

**TRENTON** – Governor Phil Murphy today signed a bill (A1282) requiring the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to implement a three-year "Electric School Bus Program" to provide funding for the purchase of electric school buses and charging infrastructure across the state and to assess a variety of operational issues related to school bus electrification. The bill's signing testifies to the Murphy Administration's continued commitment to the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions, vehicle electrification, and the protection of children and families from harmful air pollutants, especially in environmental justice communities.

"In order to significantly cut greenhouse gas emissions and optimally capitalize on the benefits of vehicle electrification, we must electrify not just the cars that bring us to work, but the buses that safely deliver our children to school," **said Governor Murphy.** "Some of the most important vehicles traversing our state's roads and bridges are the buses connecting our children and families to our nation-leading public school system. It is our responsibility as elected officials to ensure that those vehicles do not adversely affect the health outcomes of our students as they grow, learn, and prepare to lead New Jersey toward a more sustainable future themselves."

Through the Electric School Bus Program, the DEP will issue \$15 million in grants in Year One and up to \$15 million in Years Two and Three for a total of up to \$45 million over the course of the three-year program. Grants will be awarded to at least six school districts or bus contractors annually. In each year, at least half of the school districts or school bus contractors selected by the DEP – and at least half of the grant funding awarded by the DEP in each year – will be allocated to a low-income, urban, or environmental justice community in order to mitigate the disproportionate health impacts of medium- and heavy-duty vehicles on vulnerable populations.

Funding for the program can come from the Clean Energy Fund, the Global Warming Solutions Fund (Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative proceeds), monies available from utility programs to upgrade electrical infrastructure for vehicle charging, appropriations, or any other available funding. For Year One, the program's budget comes from the General Fund.

"By getting our children off diesel and on to electric school buses, we are better protecting their health and our entire communities from the particulate matter diesel buses spew into our neighborhoods," said Commissioner of Environmental Protection Shawn M. LaTourette. "These investments will also help New Jersey to reduce its reliance on dirtier fossil fuels that are hastening climate change, extreme heat, and flooding. We should be proud of the leadership that Governor Murphy and our Legislature are showing the country—that we can improve health and fight climate change through wise government-led investment in our children and communities."

"Today's announcement is another step forward in the effort to electrify the transportation sector in New Jersey, one that is part of a multi-agency approach" said Joseph L. Fiordaliso, President, New Jersey Board of Public Utilities. "In response to the reality that more than 40 percent of the state's emissions come from transportation, the Board has also implemented several programs aimed at increasing the number of electric vehicles on the road. Through the Charge Up NJ electric vehicle incentive program, the Clean Fleet EV incentive and infrastructure program and the multi-unit dwelling and tourism infrastructure programs we are not only encouraging New Jerseyans to drive electric but we are ensuring that when they do they will find many places along the way to charge their vehicles."

"The New Jersey Department of Education takes pride in partnering for this legislation in an effort to continue to reduce the impact of climate change," said Dr. Angelica Allen-McMillan, Acting Commissioner of Education. "The legislation also supports the mission of the New Jersey Department of Education in informing New Jersey students that we must care about the current and future health of our planet, as students continue to experience climate change action through the New Jersey Student Learning Standards."

"The diesel exhaust from buses negatively impacts our overall health and is a major contributor to climate change," said

Assemblyman Sterley Stanley, Assemblywoman Shama Haider, and Assemblywoman Britnee N. Timberlake. "Under the Electric School Bus Program, New Jersey will spearhead a healthier, more efficient transportation system for students. This new program gives our State the ability to explore different approaches for electrifying our bus fleets and will give us a better understanding of how to formulate the most effective processes in the future."

"To increase the efficiency of our fight against climate change, we must begin by incorporating environmentally friendly options into our daily lives. On a typical school day in New Jersey, more than 800,000 students utilize one of the state's 15,000 diesel school buses," said Senator Patrick J. Diegnan, Jr. "As a state, we have established ambitious goals to significantly lower our carbon emissions and become a greener place to live. Transitioning from the conventional diesel-fueled buses to those with zero-emissions will significantly decrease our state's pollution levels and further enable us to achieve our ecofriendly goals."

"I would like to thank the Governor for prioritizing student health and signing this critical program into law today. On average, children who ride in a diesel-powered school bus are exposed to 4-12 times the level of toxic exhaust than riding in a car," **said Senator Linda R. Greenstein.** "School buses are known to emit greenhouse gases and carcinogens, both of which contribute to climate change and threaten exposed individuals with elevated lifetime risks of developing cancer, asthma, and heart disease. By implementing this program, we're offering students a healthier and more environmentally friendly way to get to and from school each day."