#### 19:23-45 & 19:23-45.1; 19:62-2; 19:63-7 et al LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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**LAWS OF:** 2022 **CHAPTER:** 69

**NJSA:** 19:23-45 & 19:23-45.1; 19:62-2; 19:63-7 et al

(Prohibits unaffiliated mail-in voters from receiving mail-in ballot for primary election; requires election officials to provide such voters certain notices; prohibits mail-in ballot envelopes from containing visible

political affiliation or designation f)

BILL NO: A3820 (Substituted for S2869)

**SPONSOR(S)** Robert J. Karabinchak and others

DATE INTRODUCED: 3/24/2022

**COMMITTEE**: **ASSEMBLY**: State and Local Government

Appropriations Judiciary

**SENATE:** State Government, Wagering, Tourism & Historic Preservation

**Budget and Appropriations** 

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

**DATE OF PASSAGE:** ASSEMBLY: 6/16/2022

**SENATE**: 6/29/2022

DATE OF APPROVAL: 7/28/2022

**FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:** 

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (Third Reprint enacted)
Yes

A3820

INTRODUCED BILL: (Includes sponsor(s) statement) Yes

**COMMITTEE STATEMENT:** ASSEMBLY: Yes State & Local Gov.

Judiciary Appropriations

**SENATE:** Yes Budget & Approp.

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

**LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE**: Yes 5/27/2022

6/16/2022

S2869

INTRODUCED BILL: (Includes sponsor(s) statement) Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: No

**SENATE:** Yes Budget & Approp.

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

**LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE**: Yes 6/29/2022

VETO MESSAGE: No

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING: Yes

#### **FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:**

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REPORTS: No

HEARINGS: No

NEWSPAPER ARTICLES: Yes

TERRENCE T. MCDONALD; newjerseymonitor.com, 'Gov. Murphy signs package of election legislation into law Governor Murphy signs group of election bills into law', Press of Atlantic City, The (online), 30 Jul 2022 4A

Matt Arco - For The Star-Ledger, 'Murphy signs voting reform laws to help speed up election results', Star-Ledger, The (online), 30 Jul 2022 006

end

#### P.L. 2022, CHAPTER 69, approved July 28, 2022 Assembly, No. 3820 (Third Reprint)

AN ACT concerning unaffiliated mail-in voters during a primary election<sup>1</sup>, political affiliation or designation on mail-in ballot

2 [outer]<sup>2</sup> envelopes,<sup>1</sup> and amending <sup>1</sup> [R.S.19:23-45 and P.L.1976, c.16] various parts of the statutory law<sup>1</sup>.

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**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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<sup>3</sup>[1. R.S.19:23-45 is amended to read as follows:

19:23-45. No voter shall be allowed to vote at the primary election unless his name appears in the signature copy register.

A voter who votes in a primary election of a political party or who signs and files with the municipal clerk or the county commissioner of registration a declaration that [he] the voter desires to vote in the primary election of a political party, or who indicates on a voter registration form the voter's choice of political party affiliation and submits the form to the commissioner of registration of the county wherein the voter resides, to the employees or agents of a public agency, as defined in subsection a. of section 15 of P.L.1974, c.30 (C.19:31-6.3), or a voter registration agency, as defined in subsection a. of section 26 of P.L.1994, c.182 (C.19:31-6.11), or to the Secretary of State, shall be deemed to be a member of that party until the voter signs and files with the municipal clerk or the commissioner of registration a declaration that [he] the voter desires to vote in the primary election of another political party at which time [he] the voter shall be deemed to be a member of such other political party. The Secretary of State shall cause to be prepared political party affiliation declaration forms and shall provide such forms to the commissioners of registration of the several counties and to the clerks of the municipalities within such counties.

No voter, except a newly registered voter at the first primary at which **[**he**]** the voter is eligible to vote, or a voter who has not previously voted in a primary election, may vote in a primary election of a political party unless he was deemed to be a member of that party on the 55th day next preceding such primary election.

<sup>2</sup>[Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, or any law, rule, or regulation to the contrary, a] A<sup>2</sup> voter who is listed to

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Assembly ASL committee amendments adopted May 12, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Assembly AJU committee amendments adopted June 9, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Assembly AAP committee amendments adopted June 13, 2022.

1 receive mail-in ballots for all future elections, pursuant to the 2 provisions of section 3 of P.L.2009, c.79 (C.19:63-3) or section 14 3 of P.L.2018, c.72 (C.19:63-3.1), and who is not affiliated with any political party, shall <sup>2</sup> [not] <sup>2</sup> receive a <sup>2</sup> [mail-in ballot for a primary 4 election. A voter who is not affiliated with any political party who 5 6 wishes to vote by mail-in ballot in the primary election of a political 7 party shall apply to the county clerk in the manner and within the 8 timeframe specified under section 3 of P.L.2009, c.79 (C.19:63-3) 9 for the ballot of the political party in whose primary the voter 10 wishes to vote, or designate a political party affiliation for the first 11 time by whatever means permitted by law. Nothing in this section 12 shall be construed to prohibit any unaffiliated mail-in voter from 13 voting in-person by provisional ballot and affiliate with a political 14 party at a polling place on the day of the primary election.

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A voter who is listed to receive mail-in ballots for all future elections, pursuant to the provisions of section 3 of P.L.2009, c.79 (C.19:63-3) or section 14 of P.L.2018, c.72 (C.19:63-3.1), and who is not affiliated with any political party shall receive a notification that the voter is not affiliated with any political party and shall not receive a primary ballot for a primary election of a political party. The notification shall include instructions on how to register with a political party through a 12 political party affiliation declaration form and <sup>2</sup>[instructions on] information concerning <sup>2</sup> how to vote in person <sup>2</sup>[by provisional ballot]<sup>2</sup> and affiliate with a political party at a polling place on the day of a primary election. The Secretary of State shall cause to be prepared uniform language for such notifications. The commissioners of registration of the several counties and the clerks of the municipalities within such counties shall distribute such <sup>2</sup> [notifications] forms and information <sup>2</sup> to <sup>2</sup>[a] such<sup>2</sup> registered <sup>2</sup>[voter who is not affiliated with any political party] voters<sup>2</sup>.

A member of the county committee of a political party and a public official or public employee holding any office or public employment to which he has been elected or appointed as a member of a political party shall be deemed a member of such political party.

A voter may declare the voter's party affiliation or change the voter's party affiliation, or declare that the voter is unaffiliated with any party regardless of any previously declared party affiliation, by so indicating on a political party declaration form filed with the municipal clerk or the county commissioner of registration. A voter may also indicate that the voter wishes to declare a political party affiliation or that the voter does not want to declare a political party affiliation on a voter registration form filed at the time of initial registration.

Any person voting in the primary ballot box of any political party in any primary election in contravention of the election law shall be guilty of a disorderly persons offense, and any person who aids or assists any such person in such violation by means of public proclamation or order, or by means of any public or private direction or suggestions, or by means of any help or assistance or cooperation, shall likewise be guilty of a disorderly persons offense. (cf: P.L.2011, c.134, s.27) 13

- [2. Section 2 of P.L.1976, c.16 (C.19:23-45.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 2. a. The county commissioner of registration in each of the several counties shall cause a notice to be published in each municipality of their respective counties in a newspaper or newspapers circulating therein. The notice to be so published shall be published once during each of the two calendar weeks next preceding the week in which the 55th day next preceding the primary election of a political party occurs.
- b. (1) The notice required to be published by the preceding paragraph shall inform the reader thereof that:
- (a) no voter, except a newly registered voter at the first primary at which he is eligible to vote, or a voter who has not previously voted in a primary election may vote in a primary election of a political party unless he was deemed to be a member of that party on the 55th day next preceding such primary election [. It shall further inform the reader thereof that];
- (b) a voter who is listed to receive mail-in ballots for all future elections, pursuant to the provisions of section 3 of P.L.2009, c.79 (C.19:63-3) or section 14 of P.L.2018, c.72 (C.19:63-3.1), and who is not affiliated with any political party shall <sup>2</sup>[not]<sup>2</sup> receive a <sup>2</sup>[mail-in ballot for a primary election. A voter who is not affiliated with any political party who wishes to vote by mail-in ballot in the primary election of a political party shall apply to the county clerk in the manner and within the timeframe specified under section 3 of P.L.2009, c.79 (C.19:63-3) for the ballot of the political party in whose primary the voter wishes to vote, or designate a <sup>3</sup> political party affiliation <sup>2</sup> for the first time by whatever means permitted by law. An unaffiliated mail-in voter shall be permitted to vote in person by provisional ballot and affiliate with a political party at a polling place on the day of the primary election declaration form<sup>2</sup>; and
- (c) a voter who votes in the primary election of a political party, or who signs and files with the municipal clerk or the county commissioner of registration a declaration that he desires to vote in the primary election of a political party, or who indicates on a voter registration form the voter's choice of political party affiliation and submits the form to the commissioner of registration of the county wherein the voter resides, to the employees or agents of a public agency, as defined in subsection a. of section 15 of P.L.1974, c.30 (C.19:31-6.3), or a voter registration agency, as defined in subsection a. of section 26 of P.L.1994, c.182 (C.19:31-6.11) or to

the Secretary of State, shall be deemed to be a member of that party until the voter signs and files with the municipal clerk or the commissioner of registration a declaration that he desires to vote in the primary election of another political party, at which time he shall be deemed to be a member of such other political party, or that the voter chooses not to be affiliated with any political party.

(2) The notice shall also state the time and location where a person may obtain political party affiliation declaration forms or voter registration forms.

(cf: P.L.2011, c.134, s.28)]<sup>3</sup>

#### <sup>3</sup>1. R.S.19:23-45 is amended to read as follows:

19:23-45. No voter shall be allowed to vote at the primary election unless his name appears in the signature copy register.

A voter who votes in a primary election of a political party or who signs and files with the municipal clerk or the county commissioner of registration a declaration that [he] the voter desires to vote in the primary election of a political party, or who indicates on a voter registration form the voter's choice of political party affiliation and submits the form to the commissioner of registration of the county wherein the voter resides, to the employees or agents of a public agency, as defined in subsection a. of section 15 of P.L.1974, c.30 (C.19:31-6.3), or a voter registration agency, as defined in subsection a. of section 26 of P.L.1994, c.182 (C.19:31-6.11), or to the Secretary of State, shall be deemed to be a member of that party until the voter signs and files with the municipal clerk or the commissioner of registration a declaration that [he] the voter desires to vote in the primary election of another political party at which time [he] the voter shall be deemed to be a member of such other political party. The Secretary of State shall cause to be prepared political party affiliation declaration forms and shall provide such forms to the commissioners of registration of the several counties and to the clerks of the municipalities within such counties.

No voter, except a newly registered voter at the first primary at which **[**he**]** the voter is eligible to vote, or a voter who has not previously voted in a primary election, may vote in a primary election of a political party unless **[**he**]** the voter was deemed to be a member of that party on the 55th day next preceding such primary election.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, or any law, rule, or regulation to the contrary, a voter who is listed to receive mail-in ballots for all future elections, pursuant to the provisions of section 3 of P.L.2009, c.79 (C.19:63-3) or section 14 of P.L.2018, c.72 (C.19:63-3.1), and who is not affiliated with any political party, shall not receive a mail-in ballot for a primary election. Such unaffiliated mail-in voters shall receive a political party affiliation declaration form and information concerning how to affiliate with a

political party and how to vote in person at a polling place on the day of a primary election. The Secretary of State shall cause to be prepared uniform language for such notifications. The commissioners of registration and the county clerks of the several counties and the clerks of the municipalities within such counties shall distribute such forms and information to such registered voters.

A member of the county committee of a political party and a public official or public employee holding any office or public employment to which [he] the person has been elected or appointed as a member of a political party shall be deemed a member of such political party.

A voter may declare the voter's party affiliation or change the voter's party affiliation, or declare that the voter is unaffiliated with any party regardless of any previously declared party affiliation, by so indicating on a political party declaration form filed with the municipal clerk or the county commissioner of registration. A voter may also indicate that the voter wishes to declare a political party affiliation or that the voter does not want to declare a political party affiliation on a voter registration form filed at the time of initial registration.

Any person voting in the primary ballot box of any political party in any primary election in contravention of the election law shall be guilty of a disorderly persons offense, and any person who aids or assists any such person in such violation by means of public proclamation or order, or by means of any public or private direction or suggestions, or by means of any help or assistance or cooperation, shall likewise be guilty of a disorderly persons offense.<sup>3</sup>

(cf: P.L.2011, c.134, s.27)

- <sup>3</sup>2. Section 2 of P.L.1976, c.16 (C.19:23-45.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 2. a. The county commissioner of registration in each of the several counties shall cause a notice to be published in each municipality of their respective counties in a newspaper or newspapers circulating therein. The notice to be so published shall be published once during each of the two calendar weeks next preceding the week in which the 55th day next preceding the primary election of a political party occurs.
- b. (1) The notice required to be published by the preceding paragraph shall inform the reader thereof that:
- (a) no voter, except a newly registered voter at the first primary at which **[**he**]** the voter is eligible to vote, or a voter who has not previously voted in a primary election may vote in a primary election of a political party unless **[**he**]** the voter was deemed to be a member of that party on the 55th day next preceding such primary election **[**. It shall further inform the reader thereof that **]**:

1 (b) a voter who is listed to receive mail-in ballots for all future 2 elections, pursuant to the provisions of section 3 of P.L.2009, c.79 (C.19:63-3) or section 14 of P.L.2018, c.72 (C.19:63-3.1), and who 3 4 is not affiliated with any political party shall not receive a mail-in 5 ballot for a primary election. Such unaffiliated mail-in voters shall receive a political party affiliation declaration form and information 6 7 concerning how to affiliate with a political party and how to vote in 8 person at a polling place on the day of a primary election; and

(c) a voter who votes in the primary election of a political party, or who signs and files with the municipal clerk or the county commissioner of registration a declaration that [he] the voter desires to vote in the primary election of a political party, or who indicates on a voter registration form the voter's choice of political party affiliation and submits the form to the commissioner of registration of the county wherein the voter resides, to the employees or agents of a public agency, as defined in subsection a. of section 15 of P.L.1974, c.30 (C.19:31-6.3), or a voter registration agency, as defined in subsection a. of section 26 of P.L.1994, c.182 (C.19:31-6.11) or to the Secretary of State, shall be deemed to be a member of that party until the voter signs and files with the municipal clerk or the commissioner of registration a declaration that [he] the voter desires to vote in the primary election of another political party, at which time [he] the voter shall be deemed to be a member of such other political party, or that the voter chooses not to be affiliated with any political party.

(2) The notice shall also state the time and location where a person may obtain political party affiliation declaration forms or voter registration forms.<sup>3</sup>

(cf: P.L.2011, c.134, s.28)

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- <sup>1</sup>3. Section 2 of P.L.2005, c.148 (C.19:62-2) is amended to read as follows:
- 2. If an election by mail is authorized pursuant to section 1 of this act, P.L.2005, c.148 (C.19:62-1), the county clerk shall:
- a. publish, in advance of the election and pursuant to rules and regulations promulgated by the Secretary of State, official notice that the election shall be conducted by mail together with such other information regarding the conduct of the election as shall be deemed necessary by the Secretary of State;
- b. mail a ballot, including an outer envelope and an inner envelope substantially similar to the envelopes provided for mail-in ballots pursuant to sections 12 and 13 of P.L.2009, c.79 (C.19:63-12 and C.19:63-13), not sooner than the 20th day prior to the day of the election nor later than the 14th day prior to the day of the election, to each person registered to vote in the municipality at that election, ensuring that<sup>2</sup>, except for a primary election for the general election,<sup>2</sup> the <sup>2</sup>[outer] delivery<sup>2</sup> envelope <sup>2</sup>[and], which is<sup>2</sup> the envelope that is used to mail the blank ballot, <sup>2</sup>the<sup>2</sup> outer

- 1 envelope, and <sup>2</sup>the<sup>2</sup> inner envelope to each voter shall not contain 2 any political affiliation or designation visible to the public on the 3 envelope's exterior;
  - c. designate the county clerk's office or the municipal clerk's office as the places to obtain a replacement ballot pursuant to section 5 of P.L.2005, c.148 (C.19:62-5);
  - d. designate, after consultation with the county board of elections and pursuant to criteria established by the Secretary of State, places within the county or municipality that shall be available for the deposit of voted ballots for the election;
  - e. make a provisional ballot available at the office of the county clerk and the office of the municipal clerk so that each person who has been a resident of the county or municipality in which the person seeks to register and vote at least 21 days prior to the day of the election and has moved to a location within the municipality after that 21st day and prior to the day of the election may vote;
  - f. suspend distribution to each registered voter in the municipality of samples of the official ballot of any election, but distribute to each registered voter in the municipality with each ballot a copy of the voter information notice provided for in section 1 of P.L.2005, c.149 (C.19:12-7.1) as modified and supplemented by the Secretary of State as deemed appropriate for use in municipalities conducting elections by mail, and such instruction about the completion of the ballot as deemed necessary by the Secretary of State;
  - g. make certain that all qualified voters in the municipality requesting a mail-in ballot between the 45th day and the 21st day prior to the day of an election receive such ballot after the 20th day prior to the day of an election and voters requesting a ballot on or before the seventh day prior to the date of the election shall receive a ballot authorized pursuant to this section; and
  - h. establish, after consultation with the county board of elections and in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the Secretary of State, the time by which all ballots must be received by the board on the day of an election to be considered valid and counted.<sup>1</sup>
- 38 (cf: P.L.2011, c.37, s.29)

- **2**[14. Section 7 of P.L.2005, c.148 (C.19:62-7) is amended to read as follows:
  - 7. For a primary election for the general election:
  - a. the county clerk shall mail the ballot of a political party to each voter in the municipality who is registered as being affiliated with the political party as of the 21st day before the day of the primary election; and
- b. a voter who is not affiliated with any political party who wishes to vote in the primary of a political party shall apply to the

county clerk or municipal clerk in writing for the ballot of the political party in whose primary the voter wishes to vote, or designate a political party affiliation for the first time by whatever means permitted by law, and the application or designation shall be presented to the clerk through the day of the election.

c. The county clerk shall ensure that the outer envelope and the envelope that is used to mail the blank ballot, outer envelope, and inner envelope to each voter shall not contain any political affiliation or designation visible to the public on the envelope's exterior.<sup>1</sup>

(cf: P.L.2005, c.148, s.7)**]**<sup>2</sup>

- ${}^{2}$ [ ${}^{1}$ 5.]  $\underline{4.}^{2}$  Section 7 of P.L.2009, c.79 (C.19:63-7) is amended to read as follows:
- 7. a. Each county clerk shall have printed sufficient mail-in ballots for each primary election for the general election, and for the general election. Along with such ballots the clerk shall also furnish inner and outer envelopes and printed directions for the preparation and transmitting of such ballots used in the election in the county. <sup>2</sup>[Each] Except for any primary election for the general election, each<sup>2</sup> county clerk shall ensure that the <sup>2</sup>[outer] delivery<sup>2</sup> envelope <sup>2</sup>[and], which is<sup>2</sup> the envelope that is used to mail the blank ballot, <sup>2</sup>the<sup>2</sup> outer envelope, and <sup>2</sup>the<sup>2</sup> inner envelope to each voter shall not contain any political affiliation or designation visible to the public on the envelope's exterior.
  - b. The mail-in ballots shall be printed on paper of a different color from that used for any primary or general election ballot, but in all other respects, shall be as nearly as possible facsimiles of the election ballot to be voted at the election.<sup>1</sup>

30 (cf: P.L.2011, c.134, s.51)

- <sup>2</sup>[16.] <u>5.</u><sup>2</sup> Section 12 of P.L.2009, c.79 (C.19:63-12) is amended to read as follows:
- 12. Each county clerk shall send, with each mail-in ballot, printed directions for the preparation and transmitting of the ballots as required by this act. The directions shall be printed in such manner and form as the Secretary of State shall require, together with two envelopes of such sizes that one will contain the other. The directions prepared by the Secretary of State shall inform the voter that the status of the voter's mail-in ballot may be checked using the free-access system provided in section 5 of P.L.2004, c.88 (C.19:61-5). <sup>2</sup>[Each] Except for a primary election for the general election, each<sup>2</sup> county clerk shall ensure that the <sup>2</sup>[outer] delivery<sup>2</sup> envelope <sup>2</sup>[and], which is<sup>2</sup> the envelope that is used to mail the blank ballot, <sup>2</sup>the<sup>2</sup> outer envelope, and <sup>2</sup>the<sup>2</sup> inner envelope to each voter shall not contain any political affiliation or designation visible
- 47 <u>to the public on the envelope's exterior.</u>

- 1 The outer envelope shall be addressed to the county board of 2
- elections of the county in which is located the home address of the
- 3 person to whom the mail-in ballot is sent, as certified by the county
- 4 clerk. At the discretion of the county clerk, the outer envelope may
- 5 be a postage paid return envelope. On the outside and front of each
- 6 outer envelope, there shall be printed or stamped the following:
- 7 To protect your vote:
- 8 IT IS AGAINST THE LAW FOR ANYONE EXCEPT YOU
- 9 THE VOTER TO MAIL OR TRANSPORT THIS BALLOT
- 10 UNLESS THE ENVELOPE IS SEALED AND THE FOLLOWING
- 11 IS COMPLETED:
- 12 Ballot mailed or transported by
- 13 (signature of bearer)
- 14 (print name of bearer)
- 15 (address of bearer)
- 16 The reserve side of the outer envelope shall contain the 17 following:
- 18 REMINDER

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- 19 For your vote to count, you must:
- 20 1) Vote your ballot and place it in the inner envelope with the 21 attached certificate.
  - 2) Seal the envelope.
- 3) Place the envelope into the larger envelope addressed to the 24 board of elections and seal that envelope.
- 25 4) If another person will be mailing your ballot or bringing it to
- 26 the board of elections, MAKE CERTAIN THAT PERSON
- 27 COMPLETES THE "BEARER PORTION" ON THE ENVELOPE
- ADDRESSED TO THE BOARD OF ELECTIONS BEFORE THE 28
- 29 BALLOT IS TAKEN FROM YOU. NO PERSON WHO IS A 30
- CANDIDATE IN THE ELECTION FOR WHICH THE VOTER 31 REQUESTS THIS BALLOT IS PERMITTED TO SERVE AS A
- NO PERSON IS PERMITTED TO SERVE AS A 32
- 33 BEARER FOR MORE THAN THREE QUALIFIED VOTERS IN
- AN ELECTION, BUT A PERSON MAY SERVE AS SUCH FOR 34
- 35 UP TO FIVE QUALIFIED VOTERS IN AN ELECTION IF
- THOSE VOTERS ARE IMMEDIATE FAMILY MEMBERS 36
- 37 RESIDING IN THE SAME HOUSEHOLD AS THE BEARER.
- 38 The Secretary of State is authorized to make such changes to the 39 instructions for mail-in ballot materials as the Secretary of State
- 40 deems necessary or as is mandated by federal or State law.
- 41 The inner envelope shall be so designed that it can be sealed
- 42 after the mail-in ballot has been placed therein and the flap thereof
- shall be of such length and size as to leave sufficient margin, after 43
- 44 sealing, for the printing thereon of the certificate hereinafter
- 45 described. The flap shall be so arranged that, after the inner
- 46 envelope has been sealed, the certificate can be contained, with the
- 47 inner envelope, in the outer envelope, and that the margin

1 containing the certificate can be detached without unsealing the 2 inner envelope. 3 On the outside of each envelope in which a mail-in ballot is sent to a mail-in voter by the clerk, there shall be printed or stamped the 4 words "Official Mail-In Ballot." In addition, there shall be printed 5 or stamped the following: 6 7 To protect your vote: 8 IT IS AGAINST THE LAW FOR ANYONE EXCEPT YOU 9 THE VOTER TO OPEN, MARK, INSPECT OR SEAL THIS 10 BALLOT. 11 However, a family member may assist you in doing so. 12 The reverse side of each inner envelope shall contain the 13 following statement: A PERSON MAY BE FINED AND IMPRISONED AND MAY 14 ALSO LOSE THE RIGHT TO VOTE UNTIL RESTORED BY 15 LAW if that person attempts to vote fraudulently by mail-in ballot, 16 prevents the voting of a legal voter, certifies falsely any 17 18 information, interferes with a person's secrecy of voting, tampers 19 with ballots or election documents or helps another person to do so.1 20 21 (cf: P.L.2020, c.71, s.10) 22 <sup>2</sup>[<sup>1</sup>7.] <u>6.</u><sup>2</sup> Section 13 of P.L.2009, c.79 (C.19:63-13) is amended 23 24 to read as follows: 25 13. a. On the margin of the flap on the inner envelopes to be 26 sent to mail-in voters there shall be printed a certificate in the 27 following form: CERTIFICATE OF MAIL-IN VOTER 28 29 I, ....., whose home address is ..... 30 (print your name clearly) (street 31 ...... DO HEREBY CERTIFY, 32 address or R.D. number) (municipality) subject to the penalties for fraudulent voting, that I am the person who applied for the enclosed 33 ballot. I MARKED AND SEALED THIS BALLOT AND 34 35 CERTIFICATE IN SECRET. However, a family member may 36 assist me in doing so. 37 ..... 38 (signature of voter) 39 Any person providing assistance shall complete the following: 40 I do hereby certify that I am the person who provided assistance 41 to this voter and declare that I will maintain the secrecy of this 42 ballot. 43 ..... (signature of person providing 44 45 assistance) 46 ..... 47 (printed name of person providing

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assistance)

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1					
2					
3	(address of person providing				
4	assistance)				
5	b. On the margin of the flap on the inner envelope forwarded				
6	with any mail-in ballot intended to be voted in any primary election				
7	for the general election, as the case may be, there shall be printed a				
8	certificate in the following form:				
9	CERTIFICATE OF MAIL-IN VOTER				
10	I,, whose home address is				
11	(print your name clearly) (street address or R.D. number)				
12	(municipality)				
13	, DO HEREBY CERTIFY,				
14	subject to the penalties for fraudulent voting, that I am the person				
15	who applied for the enclosed ballot for the primary election of the				
16	political party. I MARKED AND SEALED THIS BALLOT				
17	AND CERTIFICATE IN SECRET. However, a family member may				
18	assist me in doing so.				
19					
20	(signature of voter)				
21	Any person providing assistance shall complete the following:				
22	I do hereby certify that I am the person who provided assistance				
23	to this voter and declare that I will maintain the secrecy of this				
24	ballot.				
25					
26	(signature of person providing				
27	assistance)				
28					
29	(printed name of person				
30	providing assistance)				
31					
32					
33	(address of person providing				
34	assistance)				
35	c. The clerk of each county shall be permitted to print on or				
36	affix to the margin of the flap on the inner envelope of the mail-in				
37	ballot transmitted thereby to a mail-in ballot voter an alternative				
38	certificate, substantially similar to the certificate provided for by				
39	subsection a. or b. of this section, that permits the voter to certify				

subsection a. or b. of this section, that permits the voter to certify the correctness of the voter's name, street, mailing address or R.D. number, and municipality as it appears on the label of the mail-in ballot received by the voter.

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d. The certificates specified under subsections a., b., and c. of this section shall also provide spaces for the voter's telephone number and email address, including language informing the voter that this contact information will be used to contact the voter concerning the acceptance or rejection of the ballot, and how the voter may cure a defect. A voter's telephone number and email

## **A3820** [3R] 12

1	address shall not be subject to public disclosure and shall not be
2	considered a public record.
3	e. <sup>2</sup> [Each] Except for a primary election for the general
4	election, each <sup>2</sup> county clerk shall ensure that any political affiliation
5	or designation on the inner envelope provided to each voter shall
6	not be visible to the public on the outer envelope's exterior. 1
7	(cf: P.L.2020, c.70, s.9)
8	
9	<sup>1</sup> [3. This] $^{2}$ [8.] $7.^{2}$ Sections 1 and 2 of this $^{1}$ act shall take
10	effect immediately <sup>1</sup> and sections 3 through <sup>2</sup> [7] 6 <sup>2</sup> shall take effect
11	on January 1 next following the date of enactment <sup>1</sup> .
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	Prohibits unaffiliated mail-in voters from receiving mail-in ballot
17	for primary election; requires election officials to provide such
18	voters certain notices; prohibits mail-in ballot envelopes from
19	containing visible political affiliation or designation for certain

19 20

elections.

## ASSEMBLY, No. 3820

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

### 220th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MARCH 24, 2022

**Sponsored by:** 

Assemblyman ROBERT J. KARABINCHAK
District 18 (Middlesex)
Assemblywoman SADAF F. JAFFER
District 16 (Hunterdon, Mercer, Middlesex and Somerset)

**Co-Sponsored by:** 

**Assemblymen Stanley and Danielsen** 

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Requires unaffiliated voter to request mail-in ballot for primary election and declare political party affiliation; requires election officials notify unaffiliated voters of unaffiliated status.

#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 5/2/2022)

**AN ACT** concerning unaffiliated mail-in voters during a primary election and amending R.S.19:23-45 and P.L.1976, c.16.

**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. R.S.19:23-45 is amended to read as follows:

19:23-45. No voter shall be allowed to vote at the primary election unless his name appears in the signature copy register.

A voter who votes in a primary election of a political party or who signs and files with the municipal clerk or the county commissioner of registration a declaration that [he] the voter desires to vote in the primary election of a political party, or who indicates on a voter registration form the voter's choice of political party affiliation and submits the form to the commissioner of registration of the county wherein the voter resides, to the employees or agents of a public agency, as defined in subsection a. of section 15 of P.L.1974, c.30 (C.19:31-6.3), or a voter registration agency, as defined in subsection a. of section 26 of P.L.1994, c.182 (C.19:31-6.11), or to the Secretary of State, shall be deemed to be a member of that party until the voter signs and files with the municipal clerk or the commissioner of registration a declaration that [he] the voter desires to vote in the primary election of another political party at which time [he] the voter shall be deemed to be a member of such other political party. The Secretary of State shall cause to be prepared political party affiliation declaration forms and shall provide such forms to the commissioners of registration of the several counties and to the clerks of the municipalities within such counties.

No voter, except a newly registered voter at the first primary at which **[**he**]** the voter is eligible to vote, or a voter who has not previously voted in a primary election, may vote in a primary election of a political party unless he was deemed to be a member of that party on the 55th day next preceding such primary election.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, or any law, rule, or regulation to the contrary, a voter who is listed to receive mail-in ballots for all future elections, pursuant to the provisions of section 3 of P.L.2009, c.79 (C.19:63-3) or section 14 of P.L.2018, c.72 (C.19:63-3.1), and who is not affiliated with any political party, shall not receive a mail-in ballot for a primary election. A voter who is not affiliated with any political party who wishes to vote by mail-in ballot in the primary election of a political party shall apply to the county clerk in the manner and within the timeframe specified under section 3 of P.L.2009, c.79 (C.19:63-3) for the ballot of the political party in whose primary the voter wishes to vote, or designate a political party affiliation for the first time by whatever means permitted by law. Nothing in this section shall be

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

1 construed to prohibit any unaffiliated mail-in voter from voting in-2 person by provisional ballot and affiliate with a political party at a 3 polling place on the day of the primary election.

A voter who is listed to receive mail-in ballots for all future elections, pursuant to the provisions of section 3 of P.L.2009, c.79 (C.19:63-3) or section 14 of P.L.2018, c.72 (C.19:63-3.1), and who is not affiliated with any political party shall receive a notification that the voter is not affiliated with any political party and shall not receive a primary ballot for a primary election of a political party. The notification shall include instructions on how to register with a political party through a political party affiliation declaration form and instructions on how to vote in person by provisional ballot and affiliate with a political party at a polling place on the day of a primary election. The Secretary of State shall cause to be prepared uniform language for such notifications. The commissioners of registration of the several counties and the clerks of the municipalities within such counties shall distribute such notifications to a registered voter who is not affiliated with any political party.

A member of the county committee of a political party and a public official or public employee holding any office or public employment to which he has been elected or appointed as a member of a political party shall be deemed a member of such political party.

A voter may declare the voter's party affiliation or change the voter's party affiliation, or declare that the voter is unaffiliated with any party regardless of any previously declared party affiliation, by so indicating on a political party declaration form filed with the municipal clerk or the county commissioner of registration. A voter may also indicate that the voter wishes to declare a political party affiliation or that the voter does not want to declare a political party affiliation on a voter registration form filed at the time of initial registration.

Any person voting in the primary ballot box of any political party in any primary election in contravention of the election law shall be guilty of a disorderly persons offense, and any person who aids or assists any such person in such violation by means of public proclamation or order, or by means of any public or private direction or suggestions, or by means of any help or assistance or cooperation, shall likewise be guilty of a disorderly persons offense. (cf: P.L.2011, c.134, s.27)

- 2. Section 2 of P.L.1976, c.16 (C.19:23-45.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 2. a. The county commissioner of registration in each of the several counties shall cause a notice to be published in each municipality of their respective counties in a newspaper or newspapers circulating therein. The notice to be so published shall

be published once during each of the two calendar weeks next preceding the week in which the 55th day next preceding the primary election of a political party occurs.

- b. (1) The notice required to be published by the preceding paragraph shall inform the reader thereof that:
- (a) no voter, except a newly registered voter at the first primary at which he is eligible to vote, or a voter who has not previously voted in a primary election may vote in a primary election of a political party unless he was deemed to be a member of that party on the 55th day next preceding such primary election [. It shall further inform the reader thereof that ]:
- (b) a voter who is listed to receive mail-in ballots for all future elections, pursuant to the provisions of section 3 of P.L.2009, c.79 (C.19:63-3) or section 14 of P.L.2018, c.72 (C.19:63-3.1), and who is not affiliated with any political party shall not receive a mail-in ballot for a primary election. A voter who is not affiliated with any political party who wishes to vote by mail-in ballot in the primary election of a political party shall apply to the county clerk in the manner and within the timeframe specified under section 3 of P.L.2009, c.79 (C.19:63-3) for the ballot of the political party in whose primary the voter wishes to vote, or designate a political party affiliation for the first time by whatever means permitted by law. An unaffiliated mail-in voter shall be permitted to vote in person by provisional ballot and affiliate with a political party at a polling place on the day of the primary election; and
- (c) a voter who votes in the primary election of a political party, or who signs and files with the municipal clerk or the county commissioner of registration a declaration that he desires to vote in the primary election of a political party, or who indicates on a voter registration form the voter's choice of political party affiliation and submits the form to the commissioner of registration of the county wherein the voter resides, to the employees or agents of a public agency, as defined in subsection a. of section 15 of P.L.1974, c.30 (C.19:31-6.3), or a voter registration agency, as defined in subsection a. of section 26 of P.L.1994, c.182 (C.19:31-6.11) or to the Secretary of State, shall be deemed to be a member of that party until the voter signs and files with the municipal clerk or the commissioner of registration a declaration that he desires to vote in the primary election of another political party, at which time he shall be deemed to be a member of such other political party, or that the voter chooses not to be affiliated with any political party.
- (2) The notice shall also state the time and location where a person may obtain political party affiliation declaration forms or voter registration forms.
- 45 (cf: P.L.2011, c.134, s.28)

3. This act shall take effect immediately.

#### 1 STATEMENT

This bill requires that an unaffiliated voter request a mail-in ballot for a primary election and declare a political party affiliation.

Currently, unaffiliated voters listed to receive mail-in ballots receive both a Democrat and Republican primary ballot for a primary election. If they choose, a voter may fill out one ballot and return it, which would then designate them as an affiliated voter for the appropriate party.

This bill requires an unaffiliated voter to request to the county clerk a mail-in ballot for the political party in whose primary the voter wishes to vote. However, the bill allows any unaffiliated mail-in voter to vote in person at the polling place using a provisional ballot and thereby affiliate with a political party that day. This is similar to the process in place in municipalities with 500 or fewer persons that conduct all elections by mail. This bill also requires the county commissioner of registration in each county to publish notice of the requirements for voting in primary elections for unaffiliated voters who vote by mail-in ballot.

This bill also requires notifications to be sent out to any unaffiliated voter listed to receive mail-in ballots informing the voter that they are unaffiliated and providing instructions on how to register with a political party through a political party affiliation declaration form and instructions on how to vote in person by provisional ballot and affiliate with a political party at a polling place on the day of a primary election. The Secretary of State would prepare uniform language for the notifications. The commissioners of registration of the several counties and the clerks of the municipalities within such counties would distribute the notifications to the appropriate voters.

These measures would strengthen the integrity of elections by improving ballot security.

## ASSEMBLY STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

#### ASSEMBLY, No. 3820

with committee amendments

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 12, 2022

The Assembly State and Local Government Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly Bill No. 3820.

This bill requires that an unaffiliated voter request a mail-in ballot for a primary election and declare a political party affiliation.

Currently, unaffiliated voters listed to receive mail-in ballots receive both a Democrat and Republican primary ballot for a primary election. If they choose, a voter may fill out one ballot and return it, which would then designate them as an affiliated voter for the appropriate party.

This bill requires an unaffiliated voter to request to the county clerk a mail-in ballot for the political party in whose primary the voter wishes to vote. However, the bill allows any unaffiliated mail-in voter to vote in person at the polling place using a provisional ballot and thereby affiliate with a political party that day. This is similar to the process in place in municipalities with 500 or fewer persons that conduct all elections by mail. This bill also requires the county commissioner of registration in each county to publish notice of the requirements for voting in primary elections for unaffiliated voters who vote by mail-in ballot.

This bill also requires notifications to be sent out to any unaffiliated voter listed to receive mail-in ballots informing the voter that they are unaffiliated and providing instructions on how to register with a political party through a political party affiliation declaration form and instructions on how to vote in person by provisional ballot and affiliate with a political party at a polling place on the day of a primary election. The Secretary of State would prepare uniform language for the notifications. The commissioners of registration of the several counties and the clerks of the municipalities within such counties would distribute the notifications to the appropriate voters.

These measures would strengthen the integrity of elections by improving ballot security.

#### **COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:**

There are committee amended the bill to:

- (1) add a provision that requires each county clerk to ensure that any political affiliation or designation on the inner envelope of a voter's mail-in ballot is not visible to the public on the outer envelope's exterior; and
- (2) change the effective date of the bill so that Sections 1 and 2 of the bill would take effect immediately, but sections 3 through 7 would take effect on January 1 next following the bill's date of enactment.

#### LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE

[First Reprint]

### ASSEMBLY, No. 3820

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY 219th LEGISLATURE

DATED: MAY 27, 2022

#### **SUMMARY**

**Synopsis:** Requires unaffiliated voter to request mail-in ballot for primary

election and declare political party affiliation; requires election officials notify unaffiliated voters of unaffiliated status; prohibits mailin ballot from containing visible political affiliation or designation.

**Type of Impact:** Potential annual local cost impact.

**Agencies Affected:** Counties.

#### Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
<b>Local Cost Impact</b>		Indeterminate	

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) estimates that if counties do not send mail-in ballots to all unaffiliated mail-in voters for a primary election, the county boards of elections may realize savings in primary election costs related to the printing and mailing of mail-in ballots.
- The OLS further estimates that if the counties are required to send notices to unaffiliated mailin voters that are listed to receive mail-in ballots for all future elections prior to a primary
  election, the counties will be required to pay the cost of the publication and distribution of the
  notices.
- There is no information available to indicate the number of unaffiliated mail-in voters who would request to receive mail-in ballots for the primary of the political party they declare; thus, a specific estimate of the potential cost or savings for the counties cannot be made at this time.

#### **BILL DESCRIPTION**

This bill requires that an unaffiliated mail-in voter request a mail-in ballot for a primary election and declare a political party affiliation and prohibits mail-in ballots from containing visible political affiliation or designation.



Currently, unaffiliated voters listed to receive mail-in ballots receive both a Democrat and Republican primary ballot for a primary election. If they choose, a voter may fill out one ballot and return it, which would then designate them as an affiliated voter for the appropriate party.

This bill requires an unaffiliated mail-in voter to request from the county clerk a mail-in ballot for the political party in whose primary the voter wishes to vote. However, the bill allows any unaffiliated mail-in voter to vote in person at the polling place using a provisional ballot and thereby affiliate with a political party that day. This bill also requires the county commissioner of registration in each county to publish notice of the requirements for voting in primary elections for unaffiliated voters who vote by mail-in ballot.

This bill also requires notifications to be sent out to any unaffiliated voter listed to receive mail-in ballots informing the voter that they are unaffiliated and providing instructions on how to register with a political party through a political party affiliation declaration form and instructions on how to vote in person by provisional ballot and affiliate with a political party at a polling place on the day of a primary election. The Secretary of State would prepare uniform language for the notifications. The commissioners of registration of the several counties and the clerks of the municipalities within such counties would distribute the notifications to the appropriate voters.

This bill also requires each county clerk to ensure that any political affiliation or designation on the inner envelope of a voter's mail-in ballot is not visible to the public on the outer envelope's exterior.

#### FISCAL ANALYSIS

#### **EXECUTIVE BRANCH**

None received.

#### OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

Currently, all unaffiliated voters receive both the Democrat and Republican ballots for primary elections, which requires county boards of elections to print an excess amount of ballots. Under the bill, unaffiliated mail-in voters are required to request one ballot rather than receive both ballots automatically. The OLS estimates that if counties do not send mail-in ballots to all unaffiliated voters, the county boards of elections may realize savings in election costs related to the printing and mailing of mail-in ballots.

The OLS also estimates that if the counties are required to send notices to unaffiliated mail-in voters that are listed to receive mail-in ballots for all future elections prior to a primary election, the counties will be required to pay the cost of the publication and distribution of the notices. The requirement for the counties to also publish a notice in each municipality of their respective counties in a newspaper or newspapers would not increase costs because counties are currently required to publish a notice for elections. This requirement adds another notice to be published in the newspapers with the existing notice requirements.

There is no information available to indicate the number of unaffiliated mail-in voters who would request to receive mail-in ballots for the primary of the political party they declare; thus, a specific estimate of the potential cost or savings for the counties cannot be made at this time.

#### FE to A3820 [1R]

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Section: State Government

Analyst: Nicolas Soto

Associate Research Analyst

Approved: Thomas Koenig

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).

#### ASSEMBLY JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

# [First Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 3820

with committee amendments

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

**DATED: JUNE 9, 2022** 

The Assembly Judiciary Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly Bill No. 3820 (1R).

As amended, this bill requires election officials to provide an unaffiliated voter a political party affiliation declaration form and relevant information for voting in a primary election. This bill also prohibits mail-in ballot envelopes from containing a visible political affiliation or designation for certain elections.

Currently, unaffiliated voters listed to receive mail-in ballots receive both a Democrat and Republican primary ballot for a primary election. If they choose, a voter may fill out one ballot and return it, which would then designate them as an affiliated voter for the appropriate party.

This bill requires election officials to provide unaffiliated voters a political party affiliation declaration form and relevant information for voting in a primary election. This bill also requires the county commissioner of registration in each county to publish notice of the requirements for voting in primary elections for unaffiliated voters.

The Secretary of State would prepare uniform language for the information provided to unaffiliated voters. The commissioners of registration of the several counties and the clerks of the municipalities within such counties would distribute the forms and information to the appropriate voters.

This bill also requires each county clerk to ensure that any political affiliation or designation on the envelopes of a voter's mail-in ballot is not visible to the public on the outer envelope's exterior. This requirement would be for any election except for a primary election for the general election. The affiliation or designation on the delivery envelope, which is the envelope that is used to mail the blank ballot, the outer envelope, and the inner envelope would be required to be concealed from the public.

These measures would strengthen the integrity of elections by improving ballot security.

#### **COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS**

The committee amended the bill to:

- 1) require election officials to provide unaffiliated voters a political party affiliation declaration form and relevant information for voting in a primary election;
- 2) clarify that the requirement to conceal the political affiliation designation on mail-in ballot envelopes does not apply to primary elections; and
- 3) clarify which types of envelopes the concealment of political affiliation or designation pertains to.

#### ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

# [Second Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 3820

with committee amendments

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 14, 2022

The Assembly Appropriations Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 3820 (2R), with committee amendments.

As amended, this bill requires election officials to provide an unaffiliated voter a political party affiliation declaration form and relevant information for voting in a primary election. This bill also prohibits mail-in ballot envelopes from containing a visible political affiliation or designation for certain elections.

Currently, unaffiliated voters listed to receive mail-in ballots receive both a Democrat and Republican primary ballot for a primary election. If they choose, a voter may fill out one ballot and return it, which would then designate them as an affiliated voter for the appropriate party.

This bill requires election officials to provide unaffiliated voters a political party affiliation declaration form and relevant information for voting in a primary election. This bill also requires the county commissioner of registration in each county to publish notice of the requirements for voting in primary elections for unaffiliated voters.

The Secretary of State would prepare uniform language for the information provided to unaffiliated voters. The commissioners of registration of the several counties and the clerks of the municipalities within such counties would distribute the forms and information to the appropriate voters.

This bill also requires each county clerk to ensure that any political affiliation or designation on the envelopes of a voter's mail-in ballot is not visible to the public on the outer envelope's exterior. This requirement would be for any election except for a primary election for the general election. The affiliation or designation on the delivery envelope, which is the envelope that is used to mail the blank ballot, the outer envelope, and the inner envelope would be required to be concealed from the public.

These measures would strengthen the integrity of elections by improving ballot security.

#### **COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:**

The committee proposed amendments to:

- (1) clarify that unaffiliated mail-in voters will not receive a mail-in ballot for a primary election; and
- (2) require county clerks to distribute the required affiliation forms and informational notices, along with the commissioners of registration and the clerks of the municipalities.

#### FISCAL IMPACT:

Fiscal information for this bill is currently unavailable

#### LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE

[Third Reprint]

## ASSEMBLY, No. 3820 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 219th LEGISLATURE

**DATED: JUNE 16, 2022** 

#### **SUMMARY**

**Synopsis:** Prohibits unaffiliated mail-in voters from receiving mail-in ballot for

primary election; requires election officials to provide such voters certain notices; prohibits mail-in ballot envelopes from containing

visible political affiliation or designation for certain elections.

**Type of Impact:** Potential annual local cost impact.

**Agencies Affected:** Counties.

#### Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
<b>Local Cost Impact</b>		Indeterminate	

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) estimates that if counties do not send mail-in ballots to unaffiliated mail-in voters for a primary election, the county boards of elections may realize savings in primary election costs related to the printing and mailing of mail-in ballots.
- The OLS further estimates that if the counties are required to send notices to unaffiliated mailin voters that are listed to receive mail-in ballots for all future elections prior to a primary election and publish additional notices in newspapers, the counties will be required to pay the cost of the distribution and publication of the notices.
- There is no information available to indicate the savings for counties that do not send mail-in ballots to unaffiliated voters for a primary election and the cost for counties to distribute and publish the notices for unaffiliated voters; thus, a specific estimate of the potential cost or savings for the counties cannot be made at this time.



#### **BILL DESCRIPTION**

This bill prohibits an unaffiliated mail-in voter from receiving a mail-in ballot for a primary election. This bill also requires election officials to provide an unaffiliated voter a political party affiliation declaration form and relevant information for voting in a primary election. This bill also prohibits mail-in ballot envelopes from containing a visible political affiliation or designation for certain elections.

Currently, unaffiliated voters listed to receive mail-in ballots receive both a Democrat and Republican primary ballot for a primary election. If they choose, a voter may fill out one ballot and return it, which would then designate them as an affiliated voter for the appropriate party.

This bill states that mail-in voters who are not affiliated with a political party would not receive a mail-in ballot for a primary election. This bill also requires election officials to provide unaffiliated voters a political party affiliation declaration form and relevant information for voting in a primary election. This bill also requires the county commissioner of registration in each county to publish notice of the requirements for voting in primary elections for unaffiliated voters.

The Secretary of State would prepare uniform language for the information provided to unaffiliated voters. The commissioners of registration and county clerks of the several counties and the clerks of the municipalities within such counties would distribute the forms and information to the appropriate voters.

This bill also requires each county clerk to ensure that any political affiliation or designation on the envelopes of a voter's mail-in ballot is not visible to the public on the outer envelope's exterior. This requirement would be for any election except for a primary election for the general election. The affiliation or designation on the delivery envelope, which is the envelope that is used to mail the blank ballot, the outer envelope, and the inner envelope would be required to be concealed from the public.

#### FISCAL ANALYSIS

#### **EXECUTIVE BRANCH**

None received.

#### OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

Currently, all unaffiliated mail-in voters receive both the Democrat and Republican ballots for primary elections, which requires election officials to print an excess amount of ballots. Under the bill, no unaffiliated mail-in voter would receive a mail-in ballot for a primary election. The OLS estimates that if counties do not send mail-in ballots to unaffiliated voters, the county may realize savings in election costs related to the printing and mailing of mail-in ballots.

The OLS also estimates that if the counties are required to send political party affiliation declaration forms and relevant information for voting in a primary election to unaffiliated mail-in voters who are listed to receive mail-in ballots for all future elections prior to a primary election, the counties will be required to pay the cost of the publication and distribution of the notices. The requirement for the counties to also publish a notice in each municipality of their respective counties in a newspaper or newspapers may increase costs because the requirement adds another notice to be published in the newspapers with the existing notice requirements.

There is no information available to indicate the savings for counties that do not send mail-in ballots to unaffiliated voters for a primary election and the cost for counties to distribute and

publish the notices for unaffiliated voters; thus, a specific estimate of the potential cost or savings for the counties cannot be made at this time.

Section: State Government

Analyst: Nicolas Soto

Associate Research Analyst

Approved: Thomas Koenig

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).

#### SENATE BUDGET AND APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

# [Third Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 3820

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 27, 2022

The Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 3820 (3R).

This bill prohibits an unaffiliated mail-in voter from receiving a mail-in ballot for a primary election. This bill also requires election officials to provide an unaffiliated voter a political party affiliation declaration form and relevant information for voting in a primary election. This bill also prohibits mail-in ballot envelopes from containing a visible political affiliation or designation for certain elections.

Currently, unaffiliated voters listed to receive mail-in ballots receive both a Democrat and Republican primary ballot for a primary election. If they choose, a voter may fill out one ballot and return it, which would then designate them as an affiliated voter for the appropriate party.

This bill states that mail-in voters who are not affiliated with a political party would not receive a mail-in ballot for a primary election. This bill also requires election officials to provide unaffiliated voters a political party affiliation declaration form and relevant information for voting in a primary election. This bill also requires the county commissioner of registration in each county to publish notice of the requirements for voting in primary elections for unaffiliated voters.

The Secretary of State would prepare uniform language for the information provided to unaffiliated voters. The commissioners of registration and county clerks of the several counties and the clerks of the municipalities within such counties would distribute the forms and information to the appropriate voters.

This bill also requires each county clerk to ensure that any political affiliation or designation on the envelopes of a voter's mail-in ballot is not visible to the public on the outer envelope's exterior. This requirement would be for any election except for a primary election for the general election. The affiliation or designation on the delivery envelope, which is the envelope that is used to mail the blank ballot, the outer envelope, and the inner envelope would be required to be concealed from the public.

These measures would strengthen the integrity of elections by improving ballot security.

As reported by the committee, Assembly Bill No. 3820 (3R) is identical to Senate Bill No. 2869 which was also reported by the committee on this date.

#### **FISCAL IMPACT**:

The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) estimates that if counties do not send mail-in ballots to unaffiliated mail-in voters for a primary election, the county boards of elections may realize savings in primary election costs related to the printing and mailing of mail-in ballots.

The OLS further estimates that if the counties are required to send notices to unaffiliated mail-in voters that are listed to receive mail-in ballots for all future elections prior to a primary election and publish additional notices in newspapers, the counties will be required to pay the cost of the distribution and publication of the notices.

There is no information available to indicate the savings for counties that do not send mail-in ballots to unaffiliated voters for a primary election and the cost for counties to distribute and publish the notices for unaffiliated voters; thus, a specific estimate of the potential cost or savings for the counties cannot be made at this time.

## **SENATE, No. 2869**

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

### 220th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JUNE 20, 2022

Sponsored by: Senator JOSEPH P. CRYAN District 20 (Union) Senator VIN GOPAL District 11 (Monmouth)

Co-Sponsored by: Senator Pou

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Prohibits unaffiliated mail-in voters from receiving mail-in ballot for primary election; requires election officials to provide such voters certain notices; prohibits mail-in ballot envelopes from containing visible political affiliation or designation for certain elections.

#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.

(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 6/29/2022)

**AN ACT** concerning unaffiliated mail-in voters during a primary election, political affiliation or designation on mail-in ballot envelopes, and amending various parts of the statutory law.

**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

#### 1. R.S.19:23-45 is amended to read as follows:

19:23-45. No voter shall be allowed to vote at the primary election unless his name appears in the signature copy register.

A voter who votes in a primary election of a political party or who signs and files with the municipal clerk or the county commissioner of registration a declaration that [he] the voter desires to vote in the primary election of a political party, or who indicates on a voter registration form the voter's choice of political party affiliation and submits the form to the commissioner of registration of the county wherein the voter resides, to the employees or agents of a public agency, as defined in subsection a. of section 15 of P.L.1974, c.30 (C.19:31-6.3), or a voter registration agency, as defined in subsection a. of section 26 of P.L.1994, c.182 (C.19:31-6.11), or to the Secretary of State, shall be deemed to be a member of that party until the voter signs and files with the municipal clerk or the commissioner of registration a declaration that [he] the voter desires to vote in the primary election of another political party at which time [he] the voter shall be deemed to be a member of such other political party. The Secretary of State shall cause to be prepared political party affiliation declaration forms and shall provide such forms to the commissioners of registration of the several counties and to the clerks of the municipalities within such counties.

No voter, except a newly registered voter at the first primary at which **[**he**]** the voter is eligible to vote, or a voter who has not previously voted in a primary election, may vote in a primary election of a political party unless **[**he**]** the voter was deemed to be a member of that party on the 55th day next preceding such primary election.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, or any law, rule, or regulation to the contrary, a voter who is listed to receive mail-in ballots for all future elections, pursuant to the provisions of section 3 of P.L.2009, c.79 (C.19:63-3) or section 14 of P.L.2018, c.72 (C.19:63-3.1), and who is not affiliated with any political party, shall not receive a mail-in ballot for a primary election. Such unaffiliated mail-in voters shall receive a political party affiliation declaration form and information concerning how to affiliate with a political party and how to vote in person at a polling place on the day of a primary election. The Secretary of State shall cause to be

 $\textbf{EXPLANATION}-\textbf{Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets \ \cbar{lembers} thus \ \cbar{lembers} in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.}$ 

prepared uniform language for such notifications. The
commissioners of registration and the county clerks of the several
counties and the clerks of the municipalities within such counties
shall distribute such forms and information to such registered
voters.

A member of the county committee of a political party and a public official or public employee holding any office or public employment to which [he] the person has been elected or appointed as a member of a political party shall be deemed a member of such political party.

A voter may declare the voter's party affiliation or change the voter's party affiliation, or declare that the voter is unaffiliated with any party regardless of any previously declared party affiliation, by so indicating on a political party declaration form filed with the municipal clerk or the county commissioner of registration. A voter may also indicate that the voter wishes to declare a political party affiliation or that the voter does not want to declare a political party affiliation on a voter registration form filed at the time of initial registration.

Any person voting in the primary ballot box of any political party in any primary election in contravention of the election law shall be guilty of a disorderly persons offense, and any person who aids or assists any such person in such violation by means of public proclamation or order, or by means of any public or private direction or suggestions, or by means of any help or assistance or cooperation, shall likewise be guilty of a disorderly persons offense. (cf: P.L.2011, c.134, s.27)

- 2. Section 2 of P.L.1976, c.16 (C.19:23-45.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 2. a. The county commissioner of registration in each of the several counties shall cause a notice to be published in each municipality of their respective counties in a newspaper or newspapers circulating therein. The notice to be so published shall be published once during each of the two calendar weeks next preceding the week in which the 55th day next preceding the primary election of a political party occurs.
- b. (1) The notice required to be published by the preceding paragraph shall inform the reader thereof that:
- (a) no voter, except a newly registered voter at the first primary at which [he] the voter is eligible to vote, or a voter who has not previously voted in a primary election may vote in a primary election of a political party unless [he] the voter was deemed to be a member of that party on the 55th day next preceding such primary election[. It shall further inform the reader thereof that];
- (b) a voter who is listed to receive mail-in ballots for all future elections, pursuant to the provisions of section 3 of P.L.2009, c.79 (C.19:63-3) or section 14 of P.L.2018, c.72 (C.19:63-3.1), and who

is not affiliated with any political party shall not receive a mail-in ballot for a primary election. Such unaffiliated mail-in voters shall receive a political party affiliation declaration form and information concerning how to affiliate with a political party and how to vote in person at a polling place on the day of a primary election; and

(c) a voter who votes in the primary election of a political party, or who signs and files with the municipal clerk or the county commissioner of registration a declaration that [he] the voter desires to vote in the primary election of a political party, or who indicates on a voter registration form the voter's choice of political party affiliation and submits the form to the commissioner of registration of the county wherein the voter resides, to the employees or agents of a public agency, as defined in subsection a. of section 15 of P.L.1974, c.30 (C.19:31-6.3), or a voter registration agency, as defined in subsection a. of section 26 of P.L.1994, c.182 (C.19:31-6.11) or to the Secretary of State, shall be deemed to be a member of that party until the voter signs and files with the municipal clerk or the commissioner of registration a declaration that [he] the voter desires to vote in the primary election of another political party, at which time [he] the voter shall be deemed to be a member of such other political party, or that the voter chooses not to be affiliated with any political party.

(2) The notice shall also state the time and location where a person may obtain political party affiliation declaration forms or voter registration forms.

(cf: P.L.2011, c.134, s.28)

- 3. Section 2 of P.L.2005, c.148 (C.19:62-2) is amended to read as follows:
- 2. If an election by mail is authorized pursuant to section 1 of this act, P.L.2005, c.148 (C.19:62-1), the county clerk shall:
- a. publish, in advance of the election and pursuant to rules and regulations promulgated by the Secretary of State, official notice that the election shall be conducted by mail together with such other information regarding the conduct of the election as shall be deemed necessary by the Secretary of State;
- b. mail a ballot, including an outer envelope and an inner envelope substantially similar to the envelopes provided for mail-in ballots pursuant to sections 12 and 13 of P.L.2009, c.79 (C.19:63-12 and C.19:63-13), not sooner than the 20th day prior to the day of the election nor later than the 14th day prior to the day of the election, to each person registered to vote in the municipality at that election, ensuring that, except for a primary election for the general election, the delivery envelope, which is the envelope that is used to mail the blank ballot, the outer envelope, and the inner envelope to each voter shall not contain any political affiliation or designation visible to the public on the envelope's exterior;

- 1 designate the county clerk's office or the municipal clerk's 2 office as the places to obtain a replacement ballot pursuant to section 5 of P.L.2005, c.148 (C.19:62-5);
  - d. designate, after consultation with the county board of elections and pursuant to criteria established by the Secretary of State, places within the county or municipality that shall be available for the deposit of voted ballots for the election;
    - e. make a provisional ballot available at the office of the county clerk and the office of the municipal clerk so that each person who has been a resident of the county or municipality in which the person seeks to register and vote at least 21 days prior to the day of the election and has moved to a location within the municipality after that 21st day and prior to the day of the election may vote;
    - suspend distribution to each registered voter in the municipality of samples of the official ballot of any election, but distribute to each registered voter in the municipality with each ballot a copy of the voter information notice provided for in section 1 of P.L.2005, c.149 (C.19:12-7.1) as modified and supplemented by the Secretary of State as deemed appropriate for use in municipalities conducting elections by mail, and such instruction about the completion of the ballot as deemed necessary by the Secretary of State;
    - g. make certain that all qualified voters in the municipality requesting a mail-in ballot between the 45th day and the 21st day prior to the day of an election receive such ballot after the 20th day prior to the day of an election and voters requesting a ballot on or before the seventh day prior to the date of the election shall receive a ballot authorized pursuant to this section; and
    - h. establish, after consultation with the county board of elections and in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the Secretary of State, the time by which all ballots must be received by the board on the day of an election to be considered valid and counted.
- 35 (cf: P.L.2011, c.37, s.29)

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- 37 4. Section 7 of P.L.2009, c.79 (C.19:63-7) is amended to read 38 as follows:
  - 7. a. Each county clerk shall have printed sufficient mail-in ballots for each primary election for the general election, and for the general election. Along with such ballots the clerk shall also furnish inner and outer envelopes and printed directions for the preparation and transmitting of such ballots used in the election in the county. Except for any primary election for the general election, each county clerk shall ensure that the delivery envelope, which is the envelope that is used to mail the blank ballot, the outer envelope, and the inner envelope to each voter shall not contain any

1 political affiliation or designation visible to the public on the 2 envelope's exterior.

b. The mail-in ballots shall be printed on paper of a different color from that used for any primary or general election ballot, but in all other respects, shall be as nearly as possible facsimiles of the election ballot to be voted at the election.

(cf: P.L.2011, c.134, s.51)

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- 9 5. Section 12 of P.L.2009, c.79 (C.19:63-12) is amended to 10 read as follows:
- 11 12. Each county clerk shall send, with each mail-in ballot, 12 printed directions for the preparation and transmitting of the ballots as required by this act. The directions shall be printed in such 13 manner and form as the Secretary of State shall require, together 14 15 with two envelopes of such sizes that one will contain the other. 16 The directions prepared by the Secretary of State shall inform the 17 voter that the status of the voter's mail-in ballot may be checked 18 using the free-access system provided in section 5 of P.L.2004, c.88 19 (C.19:61-5). Except for a primary election for the general election, 20 each county clerk shall ensure that the delivery envelope, which is the envelope that is used to mail the blank ballot, the outer 21 22 envelope, and the inner envelope to each voter shall not contain any 23 political affiliation or designation visible to the public on the 24 envelope's exterior. The outer envelope shall be addressed to the 25 county board of elections of the county in which is located the 26 home address of the person to whom the mail-in ballot is sent, as 27 certified by the county clerk. At the discretion of the county clerk, 28 the outer envelope may be a postage paid return envelope. On the 29 outside and front of each outer envelope, there shall be printed or
- 31 To protect your vote:

stamped the following:

- 32 IT IS AGAINST THE LAW FOR ANYONE EXCEPT YOU THE VOTER TO MAIL OR TRANSPORT THIS BALLOT 33 UNLESS THE ENVELOPE IS SEALED AND THE FOLLOWING 34
- 35 IS COMPLETED:

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- 36 Ballot mailed or transported by
- 37 (signature of bearer)
- 38 (print name of bearer)
- 39 (address of bearer)
- 40 The reserve side of the outer envelope shall contain the 41 following:
- 42 **REMINDER**
- 43 For your vote to count, you must:
- 44 1) Vote your ballot and place it in the inner envelope with the 45 attached certificate.
  - 2) Seal the envelope.
- 47 3) Place the envelope into the larger envelope addressed to the 48 board of elections and seal that envelope.

- 1 4) If another person will be mailing your ballot or bringing it to
- 2 the board of elections, MAKE CERTAIN THAT PERSON
- 3 COMPLETES THE "BEARER PORTION" ON THE ENVELOPE
- 4 ADDRESSED TO THE BOARD OF ELECTIONS BEFORE THE
- 5 BALLOT IS TAKEN FROM YOU. NO PERSON WHO IS A
- 6 CANDIDATE IN THE ELECTION FOR WHICH THE VOTER
- 7 REQUESTS THIS BALLOT IS PERMITTED TO SERVE AS A
- 8 BEARER. NO PERSON IS PERMITTED TO SERVE AS A
- 9 BEARER FOR MORE THAN THREE QUALIFIED VOTERS IN
- 10 AN ELECTION, BUT A PERSON MAY SERVE AS SUCH FOR 11 UP TO FIVE QUALIFIED VOTERS IN AN ELECTION IF
- 12 THOSE VOTERS ARE IMMEDIATE FAMILY MEMBERS
- 13 RESIDING IN THE SAME HOUSEHOLD AS THE BEARER.
  - The Secretary of State is authorized to make such changes to the instructions for mail-in ballot materials as the Secretary of State deems necessary or as is mandated by federal or State law.

The inner envelope shall be so designed that it can be sealed after the mail-in ballot has been placed therein and the flap thereof shall be of such length and size as to leave sufficient margin, after sealing, for the printing thereon of the certificate hereinafter described. The flap shall be so arranged that, after the inner envelope has been sealed, the certificate can be contained, with the inner envelope, in the outer envelope, and that the margin containing the certificate can be detached without unsealing the inner envelope.

On the outside of each envelope in which a mail-in ballot is sent to a mail-in voter by the clerk, there shall be printed or stamped the words "Official Mail-In Ballot." In addition, there shall be printed or stamped the following:

To protect your vote:

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31 IT IS AGAINST THE LAW FOR ANYONE EXCEPT YOU 32 THE VOTER TO OPEN, MARK, INSPECT OR SEAL THIS 33 BALLOT.

However, a family member may assist you in doing so.

The reverse side of each inner envelope shall contain the following statement:

A PERSON MAY BE FINED AND IMPRISONED AND MAY
ALSO LOSE THE RIGHT TO VOTE UNTIL RESTORED BY
LAW if that person attempts to vote fraudulently by mail-in ballot,
prevents the voting of a legal voter, certifies falsely any
information, interferes with a person's secrecy of voting, tampers

with ballots or election documents or helps another person to do so.

43 (cf: P.L.2020, c.71, s.10)

6. Section 13 of P.L.2009, c.79 (C.19:63-13) is amended to read as follows:

1	13. a. On the margin of the flap on the inner envelopes to be				
2	sent to mail-in voters there shall be printed a certificate in the				
3	following form:				
4	CERTIFICATE OF MAIL-IN VOTER				
5	I,, whose home address is				
6	(print your name clearly) (street				
7	, DO HEREBY CERTIFY,				
8	address or R.D. number) (municipality) subject to the penalties for				
9	fraudulent voting, that I am the person who applied for the enclosed				
10	ballot. I MARKED AND SEALED THIS BALLOT AND				
11	CERTIFICATE IN SECRET. However, a family member may				
12	assist me in doing so.				
13					
14	(signature of voter)				
15	Any person providing assistance shall complete the following:				
16	I do hereby certify that I am the person who provided assistance				
17	to this voter and declare that I will maintain the secrecy of this				
18	ballot.				
19					
20	(signature of person providing				
21	assistance)				
22					
23	(printed name of person providing				
24	assistance)				
25					
26					
27	(address of person providing				
28	assistance)				
29	b. On the margin of the flap on the inner envelope forwarded				
30	with any mail-in ballot intended to be voted in any primary election				
31	for the general election, as the case may be, there shall be printed a				
32	certificate in the following form:				
33	CERTIFICATE OF MAIL-IN VOTER				
34	I,, whose home address is				
35	(print your name clearly) (street address or R.D. number)				
36	(municipality)				
37	, DO HEREBY CERTIFY,				
38	subject to the penalties for fraudulent voting, that I am the persor				
39	who applied for the enclosed ballot for the primary election of the				
40	political party. I MARKED AND SEALED THIS BALLOT				
41	AND CERTIFICATE IN SECRET. However, a family member may				
42	assist me in doing so.				
43					
44	(signature of voter)				
45	Any person providing assistance shall complete the following:				
46	I do hereby certify that I am the person who provided assistance				
47	to this voter and declare that I will maintain the secrecy of this				
48	ballot.				

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2	(signature of person providing			
3	assistance)			
4				
5	(printed name of person			
6	providing assistance)			
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9	(address of person providing			
10	assistance)			
11	c. The clerk of each county shall be perm			

- c. The clerk of each county shall be permitted to print on or affix to the margin of the flap on the inner envelope of the mail-in ballot transmitted thereby to a mail-in ballot voter an alternative certificate, substantially similar to the certificate provided for by subsection a. or b. of this section, that permits the voter to certify the correctness of the voter's name, street, mailing address or R.D. number, and municipality as it appears on the label of the mail-in ballot received by the voter.
- d. The certificates specified under subsections a., b., and c. of this section shall also provide spaces for the voter's telephone number and email address, including language informing the voter that this contact information will be used to contact the voter concerning the acceptance or rejection of the ballot, and how the voter may cure a defect. A voter's telephone number and email address shall not be subject to public disclosure and shall not be considered a public record.
- e. Except for a primary election for the general election, each county clerk shall ensure that any political affiliation or designation on the inner envelope provided to each voter shall not be visible to the public on the outer envelope's exterior.

(cf: P.L.2020, c.70, s.9)

7. Sections 1 and 2 of this act shall take effect immediately and sections 3 through 6 shall take effect on January 1 next following the date of enactment.

#### **STATEMENT**

This bill prohibits an unaffiliated mail-in voter from receiving a mail-in ballot for a primary election. This bill also requires election officials to provide an unaffiliated voter a political party affiliation declaration form and relevant information for voting in a primary election. This bill also prohibits mail-in ballot envelopes from containing a visible political affiliation or designation for certain elections.

Currently, unaffiliated voters listed to receive mail-in ballots receive both a Democrat and Republican primary ballot for a

primary election. If they choose, a voter may fill out one ballot and return it, which would then designate them as an affiliated voter for the appropriate party.

This bill states that mail-in voters who are not affiliated with a political party would not receive a mail-in ballot for a primary election. This bill also requires election officials to provide unaffiliated voters a political party affiliation declaration form and relevant information for voting in a primary election. This bill also requires the county commissioner of registration in each county to publish notice of the requirements for voting in primary elections for unaffiliated voters.

The Secretary of State would prepare uniform language for the information provided to unaffiliated voters. The commissioners of registration and county clerks of the several counties and the clerks of the municipalities within such counties would distribute the forms and information to the appropriate voters.

This bill also requires each county clerk to ensure that any political affiliation or designation on the envelopes of a voter's mail-in ballot is not visible to the public on the outer envelope's exterior. This requirement would be for any election except for a primary election for the general election. The affiliation or designation on the delivery envelope, which is the envelope that is used to mail the blank ballot, the outer envelope, and the inner envelope would be required to be concealed from the public.

These measures would strengthen the integrity of elections by improving ballot security.

#### SENATE BUDGET AND APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

#### **SENATE, No. 2869**

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 27, 2022

The Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 2869.

This bill prohibits an unaffiliated mail-in voter from receiving a mail-in ballot for a primary election. This bill also requires election officials to provide an unaffiliated voter a political party affiliation declaration form and relevant information for voting in a primary election. This bill also prohibits mail-in ballot envelopes from containing a visible political affiliation or designation for certain elections.

Currently, unaffiliated voters listed to receive mail-in ballots receive both a Democrat and Republican primary ballot for a primary election. If they choose, a voter may fill out one ballot and return it, which would then designate them as an affiliated voter for the appropriate party.

This bill states that mail-in voters who are not affiliated with a political party would not receive a mail-in ballot for a primary election. This bill also requires election officials to provide unaffiliated voters a political party affiliation declaration form and relevant information for voting in a primary election. This bill also requires the county commissioner of registration in each county to publish notice of the requirements for voting in primary elections for unaffiliated voters.

The Secretary of State would prepare uniform language for the information provided to unaffiliated voters. The commissioners of registration and county clerks of the several counties and the clerks of the municipalities within such counties would distribute the forms and information to the appropriate voters.

This bill also requires each county clerk to ensure that any political affiliation or designation on the envelopes of a voter's mail-in ballot is not visible to the public on the outer envelope's exterior. This requirement would be for any election except for a primary election for the general election. The affiliation or designation on the delivery envelope, which is the envelope that is used to mail the blank ballot, the outer envelope, and the inner envelope would be required to be concealed from the public.

These measures would strengthen the integrity of elections by improving ballot security.

As reported by the committee, Senate Bill No. 2869 is identical to Assembly Bill No. 3820 (3R) which was also reported by the committee on this date.

#### **FISCAL IMPACT**:

The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) estimates that if counties do not send mail-in ballots to unaffiliated mail-in voters for a primary election, the county boards of elections may realize savings in primary election costs related to the printing and mailing of mail-in ballots.

The OLS further estimates that if the counties are required to send notices to unaffiliated mail-in voters that are listed to receive mail-in ballots for all future elections prior to a primary election and publish additional notices in newspapers, the counties will be required to pay the cost of the distribution and publication of the notices.

There is no information available to indicate the savings for counties that do not send mail-in ballots to unaffiliated voters for a primary election and the cost for counties to distribute and publish the notices for unaffiliated voters; thus, a specific estimate of the potential cost or savings for the counties cannot be made at this time.

# LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE SENATE, No. 2869 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 220th LEGISLATURE

**DATED: JUNE 29, 2022** 

#### **SUMMARY**

**Synopsis:** Prohibits unaffiliated mail-in voters from receiving mail-in ballot for

primary election; requires election officials to provide such voters certain notices; prohibits mail-in ballot envelopes from containing

visible political affiliation or designation for certain elections.

**Type of Impact:** Potential annual local cost impact.

**Agencies Affected:** Counties.

#### Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
<b>Local Cost Impact</b>		Indeterminate	

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) estimates that if counties do not send mail-in ballots to unaffiliated mail-in voters for a primary election, the county boards of elections may realize savings in primary election costs related to the printing and mailing of mail-in ballots.
- The OLS further estimates that if the counties are required to send notices to unaffiliated mailin voters that are listed to receive mail-in ballots for all future elections prior to a primary
  election and publish additional notices in newspapers, the counties will be required to pay the
  cost of the distribution and publication of the notices.
- There is no information available to indicate the savings for counties that do not send mail-in ballots to unaffiliated voters for a primary election and the cost for counties to distribute and publish the notices for unaffiliated voters; thus, a specific estimate of the potential cost or savings for the counties cannot be made at this time.

#### **BILL DESCRIPTION**

This bill prohibits an unaffiliated mail-in voter from receiving a mail-in ballot for a primary election. This bill also requires election officials to provide an unaffiliated voter a political party affiliation declaration form and relevant information for voting in a primary election. This bill



also prohibits mail-in ballot envelopes from containing a visible political affiliation or designation for certain elections.

Currently, unaffiliated voters listed to receive mail-in ballots receive both a Democrat and Republican primary ballot for a primary election. If they choose, a voter may fill out one ballot and return it, which would then designate them as an affiliated voter for the appropriate party.

This bill states that mail-in voters who are not affiliated with a political party would not receive a mail-in ballot for a primary election. This bill also requires election officials to provide unaffiliated voters a political party affiliation declaration form and relevant information for voting in a primary election. This bill also requires the county commissioner of registration in each county to publish notice of the requirements for voting in primary elections for unaffiliated voters.

The Secretary of State would prepare uniform language for the information provided to unaffiliated voters. The commissioners of registration and county clerks of the several counties and the clerks of the municipalities within such counties would distribute the forms and information to the appropriate voters.

This bill also requires each county clerk to ensure that any political affiliation or designation on the envelopes of a voter's mail-in ballot is not visible to the public on the outer envelope's exterior. This requirement would be for any election except for a primary election for the general election. The affiliation or designation on the delivery envelope, which is the envelope that is used to mail the blank ballot, the outer envelope, and the inner envelope would be required to be concealed from the public.

#### FISCAL ANALYSIS

#### **EXECUTIVE BRANCH**

None received.

#### OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

Currently, all unaffiliated mail-in voters receive both the Democrat and Republican ballots for primary elections, which requires election officials to print an excess amount of ballots. Under the bill, no unaffiliated mail-in voter would receive a mail-in ballot for a primary election. The OLS estimates that if counties do not send mail-in ballots to unaffiliated voters, the county may realize savings in election costs related to the printing and mailing of mail-in ballots.

The OLS also estimates that if the counties are required to send political party affiliation declaration forms and relevant information for voting in a primary election to unaffiliated mail-in voters who are listed to receive mail-in ballots for all future elections prior to a primary election, the counties will be required to pay the cost of the publication and distribution of the notices. The requirement for the counties to also publish a notice in each municipality of their respective counties in a newspaper or newspapers may increase costs because the requirement adds another notice to be published in the newspapers with the existing notice requirements.

There is no information available to indicate the savings for counties that do not send mail-in ballots to unaffiliated voters for a primary election and the cost for counties to distribute and publish the notices for unaffiliated voters; thus, a specific estimate of the potential cost or savings for the counties cannot be made at this time.

Section: State Government

Analyst: Nicolas Soto

Associate Research Analyst

Approved: Thomas Koenig

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).

## Governor Murphy Signs Voting Reform Package to Strengthen New Jersey Elections

07/28/2022

**TRENTON** – Governor Phil Murphy today reaffirmed his commitment to securing access to voting rights by signing a series of bills to strengthen New Jersey's elections. Today's signings build on reforms to expand democracy enacted during the Murphy Administration, including automatic voter registration and in-person early voting.

"Across the nation, we continue to see one of our nation's core principles come under attack as states restrict access to the ballot," **said Governor Murphy.** "I am proud to sign legislation that will make democracy more accessible, more transparent, and stronger in our state. New Jersey will continue to move forward as we ensure that the democratic process is secure and protected."

"With this bill package, New Jersey continues to expand access to the ballot box and provide additional resources to our election officials, while strengthening the security of our elections," **Secretary of State Tahesha Way said.** "The right to vote is the very foundation of our democracy and we are committed to making voting as safe, simple, and transparent as possible."

The Governor signed the following bills into law:

**A-1969/S-138 (Mukherji, Sumter, Egan/Diegnan, Greenstein) -** Allows minors to serve as election workers between 5:30 a.m. and 9:00 p.m. on election days

**A-3817/S-2863 (Verrelli, Benson/Zwicker, Gopal)** - Requires ballot privacy sleeves at polling place; makes various changes to early and mail-in voting procedures; creates online form to update name and residence on existing voter registration record

**A-3819/S-2868 (Mukherji, Dunn, Stanley/Cryan, Gopal)** - Specifies circumstances when voter will be removed from permanent vote by mail status and when ballot will be sent to primary address; requires educational campaign; makes appropriation of \$5 million

**A-3820/S-2869 (Karabinchak, Jaffer, Stanley/Cryan, Gopal)** - Prohibits unaffiliated mail-in voters from receiving mail-in ballot for primary election; requires election officials to provide such voters certain notices; prohibits mail-in ballot envelopes from containing visible political affiliation or designation for certain elections

**A-3822/S-2865 (Coughlin, DiMaio, Stanley, Dunn, Danielsen/Zwicker, Cryan) -** Changes certain mail-in ballot deadlines; permits opening and canvassing of mail-in ballots prior to election day; permits pickup schedule for certain mail-in ballots; requires confirmation notice when voter changes party affiliation at MVC

**A-3823/S-2867 (Sumter, Rooney, Benson, Reynolds-Jackson/Lagana, Cryan)** - Requires enhanced review of death records two months prior to election; permits remote training for certain election workers; exempts election worker compensation from taxation and remuneration

A-3929/S-2899 (Mukherji, Reynolds-Jackson, Murphy/Turner, Beach) - Allows certain voters residing overseas to vote in certain elections in this State depending on overseas residency or intent to return

"The only way to strengthen our democracy is to make sure we can all participate in it, and that the people have trust in the results and the process," said Assembly Speaker Craig J. Coughlin. "Working together across the aisle, we accomplished just that with these new laws. By updating our voting systems to reflect the kind of world we live in today and ensuring the results reported on election night are easily understood and transparent, we safeguard the health of our democracy."

"Protecting the public's ability to participate fairly and freely in the electoral process is crucial," **said Assemblyman Joe Danielsen, sponsor of A-3822.** "With meaningful changes to our election infrastructure, we will be able to empower voters and ensure the way we count and report ballots remains efficient and transparent. These necessary updates will encourage and preserve public trust in our elections."

"Reducing the potential for fraud is an absolute necessity to ensure strong, fair elections in New Jersey," **said Assembly members Robert Karabinchak, Sadaf Jaffer, and Sterley Stanley, sponsors of the bill A-3820.** "Requiring voters who are not aligned with a political party to request a mail-in ballot for primaries will further guarantee integrity in our election process."

"Serving as a poll worker is a unique opportunity for civic engagement for our youth. Today New Jersey will join many other states in allowing youth to work as poll workers, which can be a great experience for high school students or community youth programs," said Assembly members Raj Mukherji, Shavonda Sumter, and Joseph Egan, sponsors of A-1969. "The collective of election laws signed today will strengthen our election process and increase participation of voters throughout the state."

"New Jersey has made great strides in expanding the ways voters can cast their ballot. We continue to empower residents who want to participate in the election process," said Assemblywomen Verlina Reynolds Jackson and Carol Murphy, sponsors of A-3929. "The election reforms signed into law today, supported by legislators from both sides of the aisle, will help us to ensure New Jersey elections continue to be fair, transparent, and secure."

"Ensuring voter privacy will enhance the voter experience and strengthen their trust in our elections," **said Assembly members Anthony Verrelli and Dan Benson, sponsors of the bill A-3817.** "These new laws are necessary steps toward ensuring a fairer election process where people will feel confident when casting their vote."

"Lawmakers understood the democratic process could not stop, even in the midst of a pandemic. Still, there was much confusion going into the 2020 and 2021 elections. Both Republicans and Democrats saw the challenges that arose. Senate and Assembly members came together with this bill package to address those problems and strengthen voter confidence and election integrity," said Assembly Minority Leader John DiMaio, Assemblywoman Aura Dunn and Assemblyman Kevin J. Rooney in a joint statement.

"Voting by mail has become increasingly popular among New Jersey residents as evidenced by our past election cycle," **said Senator Joseph Cryan.** "By allowing early canvassing of mail-in ballots, this law (S-2865) will ensure results are available in a timely manner while maintaining and upholding election integrity."

"Last election cycle we faced a poll worker shortage that threatened our residents' ability to exercise their right to vote," **said Senator Patrick Diegnan.** "This law (S-138) will alleviate this worker shortage by tapping into a new sector of the labor pool."

"I am in support of all we can do to bolster trust in the electoral process, which is a backbone of our democracy. This law (S-2867) will help ensure the integrity and accuracy of our voting rolls and will also serve to uphold free and fair elections," **said Senator Joseph Lagana**. "In addition, this law will bring needed flexibility for training election workers, and allow us to maintain a steady and strong roster of qualified individuals available to work on any election day."

"This law (S-2899) guarantees that all citizens of the United States who are eligible to participate in elections are able to do so," **said Senator Shirley K. Turner.** "Even though they may not be currently residing in the country, they are still citizens of the United States and deserve to be heard in our elections."

"Ensuring our elections are fair and genuine is crucial in preserving our democracy," **said Senator Andrew Zwicker.** "This law (S-2863) will guarantee that privacy is maintained through the entire voting process for our voters so that they feel secure when casting their ballots."