45:14-67.6 & 45:14-67.7

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF: 2019 **CHAPTER:** 509

NJSA: 45:14-67.6 & 45:14-67.7 ("Charlie's Law"; requires pharmacy practice sites and hospice

programs to furnish patients with information and means to safely dispose of unused

prescription drugs and medications.)

BILL NO: A5667 (Substituted for S3933)

SPONSOR(S) Raj Mukherji and others

DATE INTRODUCED: 6/24/2019

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Health & Senior Services

Appropriations

SENATE: Health, Human Services & Senior Citizens

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: 12/16/2019

SENATE: 1/13/2020

DATE OF APPROVAL: 1/21/2020

FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (Second Reprint enacted)

Yes

A5667

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 7 of introduced bill) Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes Health &

Senior Services Appropriations

SENATE: No

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

S3933

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 7 of introduced bill) Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: No

SENATE: Yes Health, Human

Services & Senior

Citizens

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: Yes

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

VETO MESSAGE: No

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING: Yes

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

To check for circulating copies, contact New Jersey State Government Publications at the State Library (609) 278-2640 ext.103 or mailto:refdesk@njstatelib.org

REPORTS: No

HEARINGS: No

NEWSPAPER ARTICLES: No

Rwh/cl

P.L. 2019, CHAPTER 509, approved January 21, 2020 Assembly, No. 5667 (Second Reprint)

1 **AN ACT** concerning prescription medications, supplementing Title 45 of the Revised Statutes, and amending P.L.2017, c.135.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. (New section) a. A pharmacy practice site that dispenses prescription drugs, other than a long-term care pharmacy, shall, when dispensing to an individual located in this State a prescription drug or medication which is a controlled dangerous substance, and when dispensing any other prescription drug or medication as may be designated by the Commissioner of Health by regulation:
- (1) provide the patient with written informational materials advising that when unused, unwanted, or expired drugs and medications are not properly, safely, and promptly disposed of:
- (a) there is a risk that the drug or medication can be stolen, diverted, abused, misused, or accidentally ingested, which can pose a risk to the health and safety of the patient and other members of the patient's household;
- (b) children are particularly at risk of accidentally ingesting unused, unwanted, and expired medications that have not been properly, safely, and promptly disposed of;
- (c) when drugs or medications are disposed of in the household trash or flushed down the drain, the drugs and medications can leak into the ecosystem, which can have a potentially adverse or harmful effect on the environment; and
- (d) when drugs or medications are disposed of in the household trash without the drug or medication having been rendered deactivated, inaccessible, or otherwise ¹[unpalatable] unusable, the drug or medication may be stolen by individuals seeking to divert, abuse, or misuse the drug or medication;
- (2) make available on-site, for purchase or at no cost to the patient, at least one consumer method for individuals to dispose of unwanted or expired prescription drugs, including, but not limited to over-the-counter ¹[At-Home or Site-of-Use] at-home or site-of-

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹Assembly AHE committee amendments adopted December 5, 2019.

²Assembly AAP committee amendments adopted December 12, 2019.

<u>use</u>¹ solutions or secured medication collection kiosks or boxes, subject to the following requirements:

- (a) ² [as defined by the "EPA household waste exclusion" at 40 C.F.R. 261.4(b)(1) ¹or as defined by a successor regulation ¹, pharmaceuticals are not regulated federally as hazardous wastes and are handled ¹ [and are handled] ¹ through municipal solid waste regulations thus are not subject to the federal RCRA hazardous waste regulations. All ¹[At-Home or Site-of-Use]] <u>all² at-home</u> or site-of-use drug disposal products shall follow the "alternative or innovative technology" guidelines set forth in N.J.A.C.7:26-3A1 ¹or set forth in a successor regulation ¹, including altering the characteristics of the prescription drug through chemical, biological, or physical means to as to have a beneficial and long-term effect on the environment. In addition, ¹[At-Home or Site-of-Use at-home or site-of-use drug disposal products shall [, pursuant to municipal waste regulations, 1 consist of a non-toxic composition, blend, solution, or formulation that renders the active ingredients in the prescription medication, as defined in 21 C.F.R. 210.3(b)(7) ¹or as defined in a successor regulation ¹ unavailable and unusable for misuse and abuse alter the characteristics of the prescription drug through chemical, biological, or physical means so as to have a beneficial effect on the environment²;
 - (b) Secured medication collection kiosks or boxes ²[shall follow federal Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) requirements for collected pharmaceuticals, pursuant to part 1317 of Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations ¹ or pursuant to a successor regulation ¹, and ¹² shall be marked and identified by prominent signage;
 - (c) any manufacturer of a non-toxic ¹[At-Home or Site-of-Use] at-home or site-of-use¹ composition for consumer drug disposal shall provide a method that renders the active ingredients in the prescription medication, as defined in 21 C.F.R. 210.3(b)(7) ¹or as defined in a successor regulation¹, unusable so that the active ingredients cannot be transformed to a physical or chemical condition or transformed to the state of a controlled substance or controlled substance analog, as per 21 C.F.R. ¹[s.1317] s.1317.90 or a successor regulation¹; ²and²
 - (d) the manufacturer of an ¹[At-Home or Site-of-Use] <u>at-home</u> or <u>site-of-use</u> composition or a secured medicine collection kiosk or box made available by a pharmacy pursuant to this paragraph shall represent to the pharmacy ¹[, upon request by the pharmacy,] that none of the components or methods of disposal individually or as a blend or as a solution or as treatment and destruction facility are toxic, and that the composition or medicine collection kiosk or box follows waste regulations outlined by the federal

Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) for municipal house hold waste disposal; ² [and

- (e) the manufacturer, supplier, or servicing agent of a commercial collection program that uses secured medication collection kiosks or boxes shall follow the DEA requirements for collected pharmaceuticals, pursuant to part 1317 of Title 21 the Code of Federal Regulations ¹[, and shall ensure that methods of incineration follow the permitted hazardous waste combustor recommendations outlined by the federal Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Recourse Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) regulations for incineration of hazardous waste or pursuant to a successor regulation ¹]²; and
 - (3) provide the patient with written informational materials concerning how to properly, safely, and promptly dispose of unused, unwanted, or expired drugs and medications, which may include, but shall not be limited to, information concerning drug disposal options available pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection. The individual dispensing the prescription drug, or an appropriate designee, shall answer any questions the patient may have upon receiving the written informational materials pursuant to this paragraph.
 - b. The requirements of subsection a. of this section shall apply regardless of whether the prescription is an initial prescription or a renewal or refill of an existing prescription, and regardless of whether the patient is a new or returning customer at the pharmacy practice site.
 - c. Any time a pharmacy practice site that dispenses prescription drugs, other than a long-term care pharmacy, sells or dispenses a hypodermic syringe or needle, regardless of whether the hypodermic syringe or needle is sold or dispensed pursuant to a prescription, the pharmacy practice site shall provide the patient with ²[¹[the]¹ written ¹[informational materials] <u>information as</u> incorporated in the drug monograph and prepared by informational materials made available through the Internet website of² the ²[Division of Consumer Affairs in the]² Department of ²[Law and Public Safety] Health² pursuant to section 3 of this act concerning the safe disposal of used hypodermic syringes and needles so as to prevent against the potential transmission of bloodborne pathogens that can occur when used hypodermic syringes and needles are reused or when they result in accidental injury. The individual selling or dispensing the hypodermic syringe or needle, or an appropriate designee, shall answer any questions the patient may have upon receiving the written informational materials pursuant to this subsection.

2. Section 1 of P.L.2017, c.135 (C.26:2H-81.1) is amended to read as follows:

1. a. As used in this section:

"Family member" means a hospice care patient's spouse, parent, adult sibling, adult child, or adult grandchild.

"Health care representative" means a person, including a member of the patient's family, who is authorized to make health care decisions on behalf of a hospice care patient.

"Hospice care patient" means a person currently receiving hospice care services in a private home or an assisted living facility through a licensed hospice care program.

"Third party caregiver" means a person who:

- (1) is 18 years of age or older;
- (2) provides care or assistance to a hospice care patient; and
- (3) is not the patient's health care representative, a family member of the patient, or employed by the patient's hospice care program.
- b. A hospice care program licensed pursuant to P.L.1997, c.78 (C.26:2H-79 et seq.) may choose, but shall not be required, to accept for disposal, at such time as a hospice care patient ceases to use the <u>drug or</u> medication or ceases to receive hospice care services through the program, the hospice care patient's unused prescription <u>drugs and</u> medications. A hospice care program that chooses to accept unused prescription <u>drugs and</u> medications for disposal pursuant to this section shall:
- (1) Establish a written policy setting forth procedures for accepting and disposing of unused prescription <u>drugs and</u> medications;
- (2) Furnish a copy of the written policy to each patient, and to the patient's health care representative, at the time the patient is enrolled in the hospice care program, and designate a program representative who shall discuss the procedures and requirements for surrendering unused prescription <u>drugs and</u> medications with the patient and the patient's health care representative;
- (3) Accept <u>drugs and</u> medications prescribed and dispensed to the patient pursuant to the patient's hospice care plan, as well as any other prescription <u>drugs and</u> medications that the patient, or the patient's health care representative, chooses to surrender to the program;
- (4) Not accept any <u>drug or</u> medication for surrender except at such time as the patient ceases to use the <u>drug or</u> medication or ceases to receive hospice care services through the program; [and]
- (5) Obtain any certifications, authorizations, or waivers as may be required under State or federal law in order to accept and dispose of unused prescription <u>drugs and</u> medications pursuant to this section; <u>and</u>
- (6) (a) at the time the patient is enrolled in the hospice care program, at such time as any change is made to the patient's course of treatment that results in a change in the drugs or medications prescribed for the patient, or in the patient discontinuing the use of

- 1 a prescription drug or medication, and at such time as the patient
- 2 ceases to receive hospice care services through the program,
- 3 provide the patient or the patient's health care representative with
- 4 oral instructions and written informational materials advising that
- 5 when unused, unwanted, or expired drugs and medications are not
- 6 properly, safely, and promptly disposed of:

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- 7 (i) there is a risk that the drug or medication can be stolen, 8 diverted, abused, misused, or accidentally ingested, which can pose 9 a risk to the health and safety of the patient and other members of 10 the patient's household;
- 11 (ii) children are particularly at risk of accidentally ingesting 12 unused, unwanted, and expired medications that have not been properly, safely, and promptly disposed of; 13
- 14 (iii) when drugs or medications are disposed of in the household 15 trash or flushed down the drain, the drugs and medications can leak 16 into the ecosystem, which can have a potentially adverse or harmful 17 effect on the environment; and
 - (iv) when drugs or medications are disposed of in the household trash without the drug or medication having been rendered deactivated, inaccessible, or otherwise [unpalatable] unusable, the drug or medication may be stolen by individuals seeking to divert, abuse, or misuse the drug or medication;
 - (b) (2) make available ¹ [for purchase or at no cost an overthe-counter At-Home or Site-of-Use solution that meets the requirements of paragraph (2) of subsection a. of section 1 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) on-site, for purchase or at no cost to the patient, at least one consumer method for individuals to dispose of unwanted or expired prescription drugs, including, but not limited to over-the-counter athome or site-of-use solutions or secured medication collection kiosks or boxes¹; and
 - (c) provide the patient with oral and written instructions on how to properly, safely, and promptly dispose of unused, unwanted, or expired drugs and medications, which may include, but shall not be limited to, providing instructions concerning the use of an over-thecounter ¹ At-Home or Site-of-Use at-home or site-of-use solution furnished to the patient pursuant to subparagraph (b) of this paragraph, and advising the patient of the availability of secure prescription medication drop-off receptacles and prescription medication take back programs.
- 41 c. At the time a hospice care patient ceases to receive hospice 42 care services, a program representative shall provide a written 43 request for surrender of unused [medication] drugs and 44 medications to the patient or the patient's health care representative, which shall:
- (1) request that the patient or the patient's health care 46 representative surrender any unused prescription drugs or 47

1 medications that were prescribed and dispensed to the patient 2 pursuant to the patient's hospice care plan;

- (2) offer to accept and dispose of any other prescription <u>drug or</u> medication which the patient will not use; and
- (3) urge that the patient or the patient's health care representative dispose of any unused prescription <u>drug or</u> medication that is not surrendered to the program in a safe and legal manner, so as to avoid the risk of theft, diversion, or accidental ingestion.
- d. No hospice care program may accept and dispose of an unused prescription <u>drug or</u> medication pursuant to this section unless the patient or the patient's health care representative authorizes, in writing, the surrender of the unused prescription <u>drug or</u> medication to the program; except that, if the patient is unable to provide written authorization and the patient does not have a health care representative, a third party caregiver may provide written authorization for the surrender. A hospice care program shall not accept an unused prescription <u>drug or</u> medication unless the <u>drug or</u> medication is identified for inclusion in the authorization for surrender.
- e. (1) Unused prescription <u>drugs and</u> medications surrendered to a hospice care program pursuant to this section shall be surrendered to a registered professional nurse or a licensed practical nurse employed by the program.
- (2) A nurse accepting the surrender of unused prescription [medication] drugs or medications pursuant to this section shall dispose of the drugs or medications at the site where hospice care was provided; in no case shall the nurse transport the unused prescription medications off-site for disposal or for any other purpose. The nurse may dispose of the unused drugs or medications using an over-the-counter [At-Home or Site-of-Use] at-home or site-of-use solution that meets the requirements of paragraph (2) of subsection a. of section 1 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
- (3) A nurse who accepts and disposes of an unused prescription <u>drug or medication pursuant</u> to this section shall document:
- (a) the name and quantity of each <u>drug or</u> medication surrendered;
- (b) the name of the person authorizing the surrender, and the relationship of the person to the patient;
 - (c) the date and method of disposal; and
- (d) the quantity and type of any unused prescription <u>drug or</u> medication, of which the nurse is aware, that was prescribed and dispensed to the patient pursuant to the patient's hospice care plan, but was not surrendered to the program or otherwise disposed of by another person in the nurse's presence.

A5667 [2R]

(4) The person authorizing the surrender of <u>a drug or</u> medication shall be provided with the opportunity to review, verify, and sign the documentation required under paragraph (3) of this subsection.

- f. Nothing in this section shall prohibit any person from disposing of an unused prescription <u>drug or</u> medication by any means authorized by law, including, but not limited to, <u>disposing of the drug or medication pursuant to subparagraph (b) of paragraph (6) of subsection b. of this section or surrendering the medication at a secure prescription medication drop-off receptacle.</u>
- g. No person shall be subject to civil or criminal liability or professional disciplinary action for any act or omission undertaken in good faith consistent with the requirements of this section. (cf: P.L.2017, c.135, s.1)

3. (New section) The ²[Division of Consumer Affairs in the]² Department of ²[Law and Public Safety] Health² shall ²[¹[prepare written informational materials] amend the drug monograph to include information¹] make available through its Internet website² for distribution to patients by hospice care programs and pharmacy practice sites ²informational materials² concerning the safe disposal of used hypodermic syringes and needles so as to prevent against the potential transmission of bloodborne pathogens that can occur when used hypodermic syringes and needles are reused or when they result in accidental injury. ¹[The written informational materials shall be made available through the division's Internet website and shall be distributed to hospice care programs and pharmacy practice sites upon request.]

4. This act shall take effect 90 days after the date of enactment.

> "Charlie's Law"; requires pharmacy practice sites and hospice programs to furnish patients with information and means to safely dispose of unused prescription drugs and medications.

ASSEMBLY, No. 5667

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

218th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JUNE 24, 2019

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman RAJ MUKHERJI

District 33 (Hudson)

Assemblywoman VALERIE VAINIERI HUTTLE

District 37 (Bergen)

Assemblyman JOHN ARMATO

District 2 (Atlantic)

Assemblywoman BETTYLOU DECROCE

District 26 (Essex, Morris and Passaic)

Assemblyman ROBERT J. KARABINCHAK

District 18 (Middlesex)

Co-Sponsored by:

Assemblyman Thomson

SYNOPSIS

"Charlie's Law"; requires pharmacy practice sites and hospice programs to furnish patients with information and means to safely dispose of unused prescription drugs and medications.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 12/6/2019)

AN ACT concerning prescription medications, supplementing Title 45 of the Revised Statutes, and amending P.L.2017, c.135.

1 2

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. (New section) a. A pharmacy practice site that dispenses prescription drugs, other than a long-term care pharmacy, shall, when dispensing to an individual located in this State a prescription drug or medication which is a controlled dangerous substance, and when dispensing any other prescription drug or medication as may be designated by the Commissioner of Health by regulation:
- (1) provide the patient with written informational materials advising that when unused, unwanted, or expired drugs and medications are not properly, safely, and promptly disposed of:
- (a) there is a risk that the drug or medication can be stolen, diverted, abused, misused, or accidentally ingested, which can pose a risk to the health and safety of the patient and other members of the patient's household;
- (b) children are particularly at risk of accidentally ingesting unused, unwanted, and expired medications that have not been properly, safely, and promptly disposed of;
- (c) when drugs or medications are disposed of in the household trash or flushed down the drain, the drugs and medications can leak into the ecosystem, which can have a potentially adverse or harmful effect on the environment; and
- (d) when drugs or medications are disposed of in the household trash without the drug or medication having been rendered deactivated, inaccessible, or otherwise unpalatable, the drug or medication may be stolen by individuals seeking to divert, abuse, or misuse the drug or medication;
- (2) make available on-site, for purchase or at no cost to the patient, at least one consumer method for individuals to dispose of unwanted or expired prescription drugs, including, but not limited to over-the-counter At-Home or Site-of-Use solutions or secured medication collection kiosks or boxes, subject to the following requirements:
- (a) as defined by the "EPA household waste exclusion" at 40 C.F.R. 261.4(b)(1), pharmaceuticals are not regulated federally as hazardous wastes and are handled and are handled through municipal solid waste regulations thus are not subject to the federal RCRA hazardous waste regulations. All At-Home and Site-of-Use drug disposal products shall follow the "alternative or innovative technology" guidelines set forth in N.J.A.C.7:26-3A1, including altering the characteristics of the prescription drug through

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

1 chemical, biological, or physical means to as to have a beneficial 2 and long-term effect on the environment. In addition, At-Home and 3 Site-of-Use drug disposal products shall, pursuant to municipal 4 waste regulations, consist of a non-toxic composition, blend, 5 solution, or formulation that renders the active ingredients in the 6 prescription medication, as defined in 21 C.F.R. 210.3(b)(7) 7 unavailable and unusable for misuse and abuse;

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- (b) Secured medication collection kiosks or boxes shall follow federal Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) requirements for collected pharmaceuticals, pursuant to part 1317 of Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations, and shall be marked and identified by prominent signage;
- (c) any manufacturer of a non-toxic At-home or Site-of-Use composition for consumer drug disposal shall provide a method that renders the active ingredients in the prescription medication, as defined in 21 C.F.R. 210.3(b)(7), unusable so that the active ingredients cannot be transformed to a physical or chemical condition or transformed to the state of a controlled substance or controlled substance analog, as per 21 C.F.R. s.1317;
- (d) the manufacturer of an At-home or Site-of-Use composition or a secured medicine collection kiosk or box made available by a pharmacy pursuant to this paragraph shall represent to the pharmacy, upon request by the pharmacy, that none of the components or methods of disposal individually or as a blend or as a solution or as treatment and destruction facility are toxic, and that the composition or medicine collection kiosk or box follows waste regulations outlined by the federal Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) for municipal house hold waste disposal; and
- (e) the manufacturer, supplier, or servicing agent of a commercial collection program that uses secured medication collection kiosks or boxes shall follow the DEA requirements for collected pharmaceuticals, pursuant to part 1317 of Title 21 the Code of Federal Regulations, and shall ensure that methods of incineration follow the permitted hazardous waste combustor recommendations outlined by the federal Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Recourse Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) regulations for incineration of hazardous waste; and
- (3) provide the patient with written informational materials concerning how to properly, safely, and promptly dispose of unused, unwanted, or expired drugs and medications, which may include, but shall not be limited to, information concerning drug disposal options available pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection. The individual dispensing the prescription drug, or an appropriate designee, shall answer any questions the patient may have upon receiving the written informational materials pursuant to this paragraph.
- b. The requirements of subsection a. of this section shall apply 48 regardless of whether the prescription is an initial prescription or a

renewal or refill of an existing prescription, and regardless of whether the patient is a new or returning customer at the pharmacy practice site.

4 c. Any time a pharmacy practice site that dispenses 5 prescription drugs, other than a long-term care pharmacy, sells or dispenses a hypodermic syringe or needle, regardless of whether the 6 7 hypodermic syringe or needle is sold or dispensed pursuant to a 8 prescription, the pharmacy practice site shall provide the patient 9 with the written informational materials prepared by the Division of 10 Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety 11 pursuant to section 3 of this act concerning the safe disposal of used 12 hypodermic syringes and needles so as to prevent against the 13 potential transmission of bloodborne pathogens that can occur when 14 used hypodermic syringes and needles are reused or when they 15 result in accidental injury. The individual selling or dispensing the 16 hypodermic syringe or needle, or an appropriate designee, shall 17 answer any questions the patient may have upon receiving the 18 written informational materials pursuant to this subsection.

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- 2. Section 1 of P.L.2017, c.135 (C.26:2H-81.1) is amended to read as follows:
 - 1. a. As used in this section:

"Family member" means a hospice care patient's spouse, parent, adult sibling, adult child, or adult grandchild.

"Health care representative" means a person, including a member of the patient's family, who is authorized to make health care decisions on behalf of a hospice care patient.

"Hospice care patient" means a person currently receiving hospice care services in a private home or an assisted living facility through a licensed hospice care program.

"Third party caregiver" means a person who:

- (1) is 18 years of age or older;
- (2) provides care or assistance to a hospice care patient; and
- (3) is not the patient's health care representative, a family member of the patient, or employed by the patient's hospice care program.
- b. A hospice care program licensed pursuant to P.L.1997, c.78 (C.26:2H-79 et seq.) may choose, but shall not be required, to accept for disposal, at such time as a hospice care patient ceases to use the <u>drug or</u> medication or ceases to receive hospice care services through the program, the hospice care patient's unused prescription <u>drugs and</u> medications. A hospice care program that chooses to accept unused prescription <u>drugs and</u> medications for disposal pursuant to this section shall:
- (1) Establish a written policy setting forth procedures for accepting and disposing of unused prescription <u>drugs and</u> medications;

- (2) Furnish a copy of the written policy to each patient, and to the patient's health care representative, at the time the patient is enrolled in the hospice care program, and designate a program representative who shall discuss the procedures and requirements for surrendering unused prescription <u>drugs and</u> medications with the patient and the patient's health care representative;
- (3) Accept <u>drugs and</u> medications prescribed and dispensed to the patient pursuant to the patient's hospice care plan, as well as any other prescription <u>drugs and</u> medications that the patient, or the patient's health care representative, chooses to surrender to the program;
- (4) Not accept any <u>drug or</u> medication for surrender except at such time as the patient ceases to use the <u>drug or</u> medication or ceases to receive hospice care services through the program; [and]
- (5) Obtain any certifications, authorizations, or waivers as may be required under State or federal law in order to accept and dispose of unused prescription <u>drugs and</u> medications pursuant to this section; and
- (6) (a) at the time the patient is enrolled in the hospice care program, at such time as any change is made to the patient's course of treatment that results in a change in the drugs or medications prescribed for the patient, or in the patient discontinuing the use of a prescription drug or medication, and at such time as the patient ceases to receive hospice care services through the program, provide the patient or the patient's health care representative with oral instructions and written informational materials advising that when unused, unwanted, or expired drugs and medications are not properly, safely, and promptly disposed of:
- (i) there is a risk that the drug or medication can be stolen, diverted, abused, misused, or accidentally ingested, which can pose a risk to the health and safety of the patient and other members of the patient's household;
- (ii) children are particularly at risk of accidentally ingesting unused, unwanted, and expired medications that have not been properly, safely, and promptly disposed of;
- (iii) when drugs or medications are disposed of in the household trash or flushed down the drain, the drugs and medications can leak into the ecosystem, which can have a potentially adverse or harmful effect on the environment; and
- (iv) when drugs or medications are disposed of in the household trash without the drug or medication having been rendered deactivated, inaccessible, or otherwise unpalatable, the drug or medication may be stolen by individuals seeking to divert, abuse, or misuse the drug or medication;
- 45 (b) (2) make available for purchase or at no cost an over-the-46 counter At-Home or Site-of-Use solution that meets the 47 requirements of paragraph (2) of subsection a. of section 1 of

- 1 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill); 2 and
- (c) provide the patient with oral and written instructions on how to properly, safely, and promptly dispose of unused, unwanted, or expired drugs and medications, which may include, but shall not be limited to, providing instructions concerning the use of an over-the-counter At-Home or Site-of-Use solution furnished to the patient pursuant to subparagraph (b) of this paragraph, and advising the patient of the availability of secure prescription medication drop-off receptacles and prescription medication take back programs.
 - c. At the time a hospice care patient ceases to receive hospice care services, a program representative shall provide a written request for surrender of unused [medication] drugs and medications to the patient or the patient's health care representative, which shall:

- (1) request that the patient or the patient's health care representative surrender any unused prescription <u>drugs or</u> medications that were prescribed and dispensed to the patient pursuant to the patient's hospice care plan;
- (2) offer to accept and dispose of any other prescription <u>drug or</u> medication which the patient will not use; and
- (3) urge that the patient or the patient's health care representative dispose of any unused prescription <u>drug or</u> medication that is not surrendered to the program in a safe and legal manner, so as to avoid the risk of theft, diversion, or accidental ingestion.
- d. No hospice care program may accept and dispose of an unused prescription <u>drug or</u> medication pursuant to this section unless the patient or the patient's health care representative authorizes, in writing, the surrender of the unused prescription <u>drug or</u> medication to the program; except that, if the patient is unable to provide written authorization and the patient does not have a health care representative, a third party caregiver may provide written authorization for the surrender. A hospice care program shall not accept an unused prescription <u>drug or</u> medication unless the <u>drug or</u> medication is identified for inclusion in the authorization for surrender.
- e. (1) Unused prescription <u>drugs and</u> medications surrendered to a hospice care program pursuant to this section shall be surrendered to a registered professional nurse or a licensed practical nurse employed by the program.
- (2) A nurse accepting the surrender of unused prescription [medication] drugs or medications pursuant to this section shall dispose of the drugs or medications at the site where hospice care was provided; in no case shall the nurse transport the unused prescription medications off-site for disposal or for any other purpose. The nurse may dispose of the unused drugs or medications using an over-the-counter At-Home or Site-of-Use solution that

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- 1 meets the requirements of paragraph (2) of subsection a. of section
 2 1 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this
 3 bill).
 - (3) A nurse who accepts and disposes of an unused prescription drug or medication pursuant to this section shall document:
 - (a) the name and quantity of each <u>drug or</u> medication surrendered;
 - (b) the name of the person authorizing the surrender, and the relationship of the person to the patient;
 - (c) the date and method of disposal; and

- (d) the quantity and type of any unused prescription <u>drug or</u> medication, of which the nurse is aware, that was prescribed and dispensed to the patient pursuant to the patient's hospice care plan, but was not surrendered to the program or otherwise disposed of by another person in the nurse's presence.
- (4) The person authorizing the surrender of <u>a drug or</u> medication shall be provided with the opportunity to review, verify, and sign the documentation required under paragraph (3) of this subsection.
- f. Nothing in this section shall prohibit any person from disposing of an unused prescription <u>drug or</u> medication by any means authorized by law, including, but not limited to, <u>disposing of the drug or medication pursuant to subparagraph</u> (b) of paragraph (6) of subsection b. of this section or surrendering the medication at a secure prescription medication drop-off receptacle.
- g. No person shall be subject to civil or criminal liability or professional disciplinary action for any act or omission undertaken in good faith consistent with the requirements of this section. (cf: P.L.2017, c.135, s.1)
- 3. (New section) The Division of Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety shall prepare written informational materials for distribution to patients by hospice care programs and pharmacy practice sites concerning the safe disposal of used hypodermic syringes and needles so as to prevent against the potential transmission of bloodborne pathogens that can occur when used hypodermic syringes and needles are reused or when they result in accidental injury. The written informational materials shall be made available through the division's Internet website and shall be distributed to hospice care programs and pharmacy practice sites upon request.
 - 4. This act shall take effect 90 days after the date of enactment.

STATEMENT

This bill requires each pharmacy practice site that dispenses prescription drugs, other than a long-term care pharmacy, to, when

dispensing to an individual located in this State a prescription drug or medication which is a controlled dangerous substance, and when dispensing any other prescription drug or medication as may be designated by the Commissioner of Health by regulation: (1) provide the patient with written informational materials advising that there are risks when unused, unwanted, or expired drugs and medications are not properly, safely, and promptly disposed of; (2) have available on-site, for purchase or at no cost to the patient, at least one consumer method for individuals to dispose of unwanted or expired prescription drugs, including, but not limited to over-the-counter drug disposal solutions for use at home and secured medication collection kiosks or boxes; and (3) provide the patient with written informational materials concerning how to properly, safely, and promptly dispose of unused, unwanted, or expired drugs and medications. The individual dispensing the prescription drug, or an appropriate designee, is to answer any questions the patient may have upon receiving the written informational materials pursuant to this paragraph.

The bill identifies certain aspects of federal law that may relate to the requirements of the bill and indicate that the household drug disposal solutions to be made available under the bill are to meet certain Department of Environmental Protection requirements concerning alternate disposal methodologies for medical waste that currently apply to the medical industry. Medication collection kiosks or boxes are to be marked or identified by prominent signage.

The bill requires that, any time a pharmacy practice site that dispenses prescription drugs, other than a long-term care pharmacy, sells or dispenses a hypodermic syringe or needle, regardless of whether the hypodermic syringe or needle is sold or dispensed pursuant to a prescription, the pharmacy practice site is to provide the patient with the written informational materials prepared by the Division pursuant to the bill's provisions.

Under the bill, if a patient is enrolled in the hospice care program, and if any change is made to the patient's course of treatment that results in a change in the drugs or medications prescribed for the patient, or in the patient discontinuing the use of a prescription drug or medication, the hospice care program is to: (1) provide the patient or the patient's health care representative with oral instructions and written informational materials advising that there are risks when unused, unwanted, or expired drugs and medications are not properly, safely, and promptly disposed of; (2) make available for purchase or at no cost to the patient an At-Home or Site-of-Use prescription medication disposal product, and (3) provide the patient with written informational materials concerning how to properly, safely, and promptly dispose of unused, unwanted, or expired drugs and medications.

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A nurse in the hospice care program may dispose of unused drugs or medications using an At-Home or Site-of-Use drug disposal solution.

The bill provides that the Division is to prepare written informational materials for distribution to patients by hospice care programs and pharmacy practice sites concerning the safe disposal of used hypodermic syringes and needles so as to prevent against the potential transmission of bloodborne pathogens that can occur when used hypodermic syringes and needles are reused or when they result in accidental injury. The written informational materials are to be made available through the Division's Internet website and are to be distributed to hospice care programs and pharmacy practice sites upon request.

This bill is named "Charlie's Law" after Charlie Van Tassel, a young man who struggled with addiction for many years before finally succumbing in 2013, at the age of 33. Charlie was an athlete and family prankster who loved music and dancing, had a terrific sense of humor, and was a beloved brother and son. It is the sponsor's intent to help reduce the risk that young people like Charlie will develop a substance use disorder, as well as to reduce the potential harms caused by the improper disposal of used hypodermic syringes and needles.

ASSEMBLY HEALTH AND SENIOR SERVICES COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 5667

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 5, 2019

The Assembly Health and Senior Services Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly Bill No. 5667.

As amended, this bill requires each pharmacy practice site that dispenses prescription drugs, other than a long-term care pharmacy, to, when dispensing to an individual located in this State a prescription drug or medication which is a controlled dangerous substance, and when dispensing any other prescription drug or medication as may be designated by the Commissioner of Health by regulation: (1) provide the patient with written informational materials advising that there are risks when unused, unwanted, or expired drugs and medications are not properly, safely, and promptly disposed of; (2) have available on-site, for purchase or at no cost to the patient, at least one consumer method for individuals to dispose of unwanted or expired prescription drugs, including, but not limited to over-the-counter drug disposal solutions for use at home and secured medication collection kiosks or boxes; and (3) provide the patient with written informational materials concerning how to properly, safely, and promptly dispose of unused, unwanted, or expired drugs and medications. The individual dispensing the prescription drug, or an appropriate designee, is to answer any questions the patient may have upon receiving the written informational materials pursuant to this paragraph.

The bill identifies certain aspects of federal law that may relate to the requirements of the bill and indicate that the household drug disposal solutions to be made available under the bill are to meet certain Department of Environmental Protection requirements concerning alternate disposal methodologies for medical waste that currently apply to the medical industry. Medication collection kiosks or boxes are to be marked or identified by prominent signage.

The bill requires that, any time a pharmacy practice site that dispenses prescription drugs, other than a long-term care pharmacy, sells or dispenses a hypodermic syringe or needle, regardless of whether the hypodermic syringe or needle is sold or dispensed pursuant to a prescription, the pharmacy practice site is to provide the patient with written information as incorporated in the drug

monograph and prepared by the Division of Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety (division) pursuant to the bill's provisions.

Under the bill, if a patient is enrolled in the hospice care program, and if any change is made to the patient's course of treatment that results in a change in the drugs or medications prescribed for the patient, or in the patient discontinuing the use of a prescription drug or medication, the hospice care program is to: (1) provide the patient or the patient's health care representative with oral instructions and written informational materials advising that there are risks when unused, unwanted, or expired drugs and medications are not properly, safely, and promptly disposed of; (2) make available for purchase or at no cost to the patient an at-home or site-of-use prescription medication disposal product, and (3) provide the patient with written informational materials concerning how to properly, safely, and promptly dispose of unused, unwanted, or expired drugs and medications.

A nurse in the hospice care program may dispose of unused drugs or medications using an at-home or site-of-use drug disposal solution.

The bill provides that the division is to amend the drug monograph to include information for distribution to patients by hospice care programs and pharmacy practice sites concerning the safe disposal of used hypodermic syringes and needles so as to prevent against the potential transmission of bloodborne pathogens that can occur when used hypodermic syringes and needles are reused or when they result in accidental injury.

This bill is named "Charlie's Law" after Charlie Van Tassel, a young man who struggled with addiction for many years before finally succumbing in 2013, at the age of 33.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:

The committee amendments:

- 1) make various technical changes as to usage, citation, and clarity;
- 2) remove a reference to municipal waste regulation;
- 3) remove the requirement that pharmacy practice sites request of manufacturers to represent that certain supplies are not toxic and in compliance with federal regulations;
- 4) provide that a pharmacy practice site that dispenses prescription drugs or hypodermic syringes or needles to a patient, provide the patient with written information as incorporated in the drug monograph and prepared by the division;
- 5) remove the requirement that certain written informational materials be prepared and made available through the division's Internet website;
- 6) require the division to amend the drug monograph to include information for the distribution to patients by hospice care

programs and pharmacy practice sites concerning the safe disposal of used hypodermic syringes and needles; and

7) remove the requirement that a manufacturer, supplier, or servicing agent ensures that methods of incineration follow federal recommendations.

ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint] **ASSEMBLY, No. 5667**

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 12, 2019

The Assembly Appropriations Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly Bill No. 5667 (1R).

As amended and reported by the committee, this bill requires each pharmacy practice site that dispenses prescription drugs, other than a long-term care pharmacy, to, when dispensing to an individual located in this State a prescription drug or medication which is a controlled dangerous substance, and when dispensing any other prescription drug or medication as may be designated by the Commissioner of Health by regulation: (1) provide the patient with written informational materials advising that there are risks when unused, unwanted, or expired drugs and medications are not properly, safely, and promptly disposed of; (2) have available onsite, for purchase or at no cost to the patient, at least one consumer method for individuals to dispose of unwanted or expired prescription drugs, including, but not limited to over-the-counter drug disposal solutions for use at home and secured medication collection kiosks or boxes; and (3) provide the patient with written informational materials concerning how to properly, safely, and promptly dispose of unused, unwanted, or expired drugs and medications. The individual dispensing the prescription drug, or an appropriate designee, is to answer any questions the patient may have upon receiving the written informational materials pursuant to this paragraph.

The bill requires household drug disposal solutions to alter the characteristics of the prescription drug through chemical, biological, or physical means so as to have a beneficial effect on the environment. Medication collection kiosks or boxes are to be marked or identified by prominent signage.

The bill requires that, any time a pharmacy practice site that dispenses prescription drugs, other than a long-term care pharmacy, sells or dispenses a hypodermic syringe or needle, regardless of whether the hypodermic syringe or needle is sold or dispensed pursuant to a prescription, the pharmacy practice site is to provide the patient with informational materials made available through the Internet website of the Department of Health.

Under the bill, if a patient is enrolled in the hospice care program, and if any change is made to the patient's course of treatment that results in a change in the drugs or medications prescribed for the patient, or in the patient discontinuing the use of a prescription drug or medication, the hospice care program is to: (1) provide the patient or the patient's health care representative with oral instructions and written informational materials advising that there are risks when unused, unwanted, or expired drugs and medications are not properly, safely, and promptly disposed of; (2) make available for purchase or at no cost to the patient an at-home or site-of-use prescription medication disposal product, and (3) provide the patient with written informational materials concerning how to properly, safely, and promptly dispose of unused, unwanted, or expired drugs and medications.

Under the bill, a nurse in the hospice care program may dispose of unused drugs or medications using an at-home or site-of-use drug disposal solution.

This bill is named "Charlie's Law" after Charlie Van Tassel, a young man who struggled with addiction for many years before finally succumbing in 2013, at the age of 33.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:

The committee amendments provide the following: 1) technical changes; 2) removal of references to certain laws and regulations; 3) disposal solutions are to alter the characteristics of prescription drugs through chemical, biological, or physical means so as to have a beneficial effect on the environment; and 4) and certain informational materials are to be made available through the Internet website of the Department of Health.

FISCAL IMPACT:

This bill is not certified as requiring a fiscal note.

SENATE, No. 3933

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

218th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JUNE 13, 2019

Sponsored by:

Senator ROBERT W. SINGER
District 30 (Monmouth and Ocean)
Senator NICHOLAS P. SCUTARI

District 22 (Middlesex, Somerset and Union)

Co-Sponsored by:

Senators A.R.Bucco and Greenstein

SYNOPSIS

"Charlie's Law"; requires pharmacy practice sites and hospice programs to furnish patients with information and means to safely dispose of unused prescription drugs and medications.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 8/26/2019)

AN ACT concerning prescription medications, supplementing Title 45 of the Revised Statutes, and amending P.L.2017, c.135.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. (New section) a. A pharmacy practice site that dispenses prescription drugs, other than a long-term care pharmacy, shall, when dispensing to an individual located in this State a prescription drug or medication which is a controlled dangerous substance, and when dispensing any other prescription drug or medication as may be designated by the Commissioner of Health by regulation:
- (1) provide the patient with written informational materials advising that when unused, unwanted, or expired drugs and medications are not properly, safely, and promptly disposed of:
- (a) there is a risk that the drug or medication can be stolen, diverted, abused, misused, or accidentally ingested, which can pose a risk to the health and safety of the patient and other members of the patient's household;
- (b) children are particularly at risk of accidentally ingesting unused, unwanted, and expired medications that have not been properly, safely, and promptly disposed of;
- (c) when drugs or medications are disposed of in the household trash or flushed down the drain, the drugs and medications can leak into the ecosystem, which can have a potentially adverse or harmful effect on the environment; and
- (d) when drugs or medications are disposed of in the household trash without the drug or medication having been rendered deactivated, inaccessible, or otherwise unpalatable, the drug or medication may be stolen by individuals seeking to divert, abuse, or misuse the drug or medication;
- (2) make available on-site, for purchase or at no cost to the patient, at least one consumer method for individuals to dispose of unwanted or expired prescription drugs, including, but not limited to over-the-counter At-Home or Site-of-Use solutions or secured medication collection kiosks or boxes, subject to the following requirements:
- (a) as defined by the "EPA household waste exclusion" at 40 C.F.R. 261.4(b)(1), pharmaceuticals are not regulated federally as hazardous wastes and are handled and are handled through municipal solid waste regulations thus are not subject to the federal RCRA hazardous waste regulations. All At-Home and Site-of-Use drug disposal products shall follow the "alternative or innovative technology" guidelines set forth in N.J.A.C.7:26-3A1, including altering the characteristics of the prescription drug through

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

1 chemical, biological, or physical means to as to have a beneficial 2 and long-term effect on the environment. In addition, At-Home and 3 Site-of-Use drug disposal products shall, pursuant to municipal 4 waste regulations, consist of a non-toxic composition, blend, 5 solution, or formulation that renders the active ingredients in the 6 prescription medication, as defined in 21 C.F.R. 210.3(b)(7) 7 unavailable and unusable for misuse and abuse;

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- (b) Secured medication collection kiosks or boxes shall follow federal Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) requirements for collected pharmaceuticals, pursuant to part 1317 of Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations, and shall be marked and identified by prominent signage;
- (c) any manufacturer of a non-toxic At-home or Site-of-Use composition for consumer drug disposal shall provide a method that renders the active ingredients in the prescription medication, as defined in 21 C.F.R. 210.3(b)(7), unusable so that the active ingredients cannot be transformed to a physical or chemical condition or transformed to the state of a controlled substance or controlled substance analog, as per 21 C.F.R. s.1317;
- (d) the manufacturer of an At-home or Site-of-Use composition or a secured medicine collection kiosk or box made available by a pharmacy pursuant to this paragraph shall represent to the pharmacy, upon request by the pharmacy, that none of the components or methods of disposal individually or as a blend or as a solution or as treatment and destruction facility are toxic, and that the composition or medicine collection kiosk or box follows waste regulations outlined by the federal Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) for municipal house hold waste disposal; and
- (e) the manufacturer, supplier, or servicing agent of a commercial collection program that uses secured medication collection kiosks or boxes shall follow the DEA requirements for collected pharmaceuticals, pursuant to part 1317 of Title 21 the Code of Federal Regulations, and shall ensure that methods of incineration follow the permitted hazardous waste combustor recommendations outlined by the federal Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Recourse Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) regulations for incineration of hazardous waste; and
- (3) provide the patient with written informational materials concerning how to properly, safely, and promptly dispose of unused, unwanted, or expired drugs and medications, which may include, but shall not be limited to, information concerning drug disposal options available pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection. The individual dispensing the prescription drug, or an appropriate designee, shall answer any questions the patient may have upon receiving the written informational materials pursuant to this paragraph.
- b. The requirements of subsection a. of this section shall apply 48 regardless of whether the prescription is an initial prescription or a

renewal or refill of an existing prescription, and regardless of whether the patient is a new or returning customer at the pharmacy practice site.

c. Any time a pharmacy practice site that dispenses prescription drugs, other than a long-term care pharmacy, sells or dispenses a hypodermic syringe or needle, regardless of whether the hypodermic syringe or needle is sold or dispensed pursuant to a prescription, the pharmacy practice site shall provide the patient with the written informational materials prepared by the Division of Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety pursuant to section 3 of this act concerning the safe disposal of used hypodermic syringes and needles so as to prevent against the potential transmission of bloodborne pathogens that can occur when used hypodermic syringes and needles are reused or when they result in accidental injury. The individual selling or dispensing the hypodermic syringe or needle, or an appropriate designee, shall answer any questions the patient may have upon receiving the written informational materials pursuant to this subsection.

- 2. Section 1 of P.L.2017, c.135 (C.26:2H-81.1) is amended to read as follows:
 - 1. a. As used in this section:

"Family member" means a hospice care patient's spouse, parent, adult sibling, adult child, or adult grandchild.

"Health care representative" means a person, including a member of the patient's family, who is authorized to make health care decisions on behalf of a hospice care patient.

"Hospice care patient" means a person currently receiving hospice care services in a private home or an assisted living facility through a licensed hospice care program.

"Third party caregiver" means a person who:

- (1) is 18 years of age or older;
 - (2) provides care or assistance to a hospice care patient; and
- (3) is not the patient's health care representative, a family member of the patient, or employed by the patient's hospice care program.
- b. A hospice care program licensed pursuant to P.L.1997, c.78 (C.26:2H-79 et seq.) may choose, but shall not be required, to accept for disposal, at such time as a hospice care patient ceases to use the <u>drug or</u> medication or ceases to receive hospice care services through the program, the hospice care patient's unused prescription <u>drugs and</u> medications. A hospice care program that chooses to accept unused prescription <u>drugs and</u> medications for disposal pursuant to this section shall:
- (1) Establish a written policy setting forth procedures for accepting and disposing of unused prescription <u>drugs and</u> medications;

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- (2) Furnish a copy of the written policy to each patient, and to the patient's health care representative, at the time the patient is enrolled in the hospice care program, and designate a program representative who shall discuss the procedures and requirements for surrendering unused prescription drugs and medications with the patient and the patient's health care representative;
- (3) Accept drugs and medications prescribed and dispensed to the patient pursuant to the patient's hospice care plan, as well as any other prescription drugs and medications that the patient, or the patient's health care representative, chooses to surrender to the program;
- (4) Not accept any <u>drug or</u> medication for surrender except at such time as the patient ceases to use the drug or medication or ceases to receive hospice care services through the program; [and]
- (5) Obtain any certifications, authorizations, or waivers as may be required under State or federal law in order to accept and dispose of unused prescription drugs and medications pursuant to this section; and
- (6) (a) at the time the patient is enrolled in the hospice care program, at such time as any change is made to the patient's course of treatment that results in a change in the drugs or medications prescribed for the patient, or in the patient discontinuing the use of a prescription drug or medication, and at such time as the patient ceases to receive hospice care services through the program, provide the patient or the patient's health care representative with oral instructions and written informational materials advising that when unused, unwanted, or expired drugs and medications are not properly, safely, and promptly disposed of:
- (i) there is a risk that the drug or medication can be stolen, diverted, abused, misused, or accidentally ingested, which can pose a risk to the health and safety of the patient and other members of the patient's household;
- (ii) children are particularly at risk of accidentally ingesting unused, unwanted, and expired medications that have not been properly, safely, and promptly disposed of;
- (iii) when drugs or medications are disposed of in the household trash or flushed down the drain, the drugs and medications can leak into the ecosystem, which can have a potentially adverse or harmful effect on the environment; and
- (iv) when drugs or medications are disposed of in the household trash without the drug or medication having been rendered deactivated, inaccessible, or otherwise unpalatable, the drug or medication may be stolen by individuals seeking to divert, abuse, or misuse the drug or medication;
- 45 (b) (2) make available for purchase or at no cost an over-the-46 counter At-Home or Site-of-Use solution that meets the requirements 47 of paragraph (2) of subsection a. of section 1 of P.L. , c. (C.)

48 (pending before the Legislature as this bill); and (c) provide the patient with oral and written instructions on how to properly, safely, and promptly dispose of unused, unwanted, or expired drugs and medications, which may include, but shall not be limited to, providing instructions concerning the use of an over-the-counter At-Home or Site-of-Use solution furnished to the patient pursuant to subparagraph (b) of this paragraph, and advising the patient of the availability of secure prescription medication drop-off receptacles and prescription medication take back programs.

- c. At the time a hospice care patient ceases to receive hospice care services, a program representative shall provide a written request for surrender of unused [medication] drugs and medications to the patient or the patient's health care representative, which shall:
- (1) request that the patient or the patient's health care representative surrender any unused prescription <u>drugs or</u> medications that were prescribed and dispensed to the patient pursuant to the patient's hospice care plan;
- (2) offer to accept and dispose of any other prescription <u>drug or</u> medication which the patient will not use; and
- (3) urge that the patient or the patient's health care representative dispose of any unused prescription <u>drug or</u> medication that is not surrendered to the program in a safe and legal manner, so as to avoid the risk of theft, diversion, or accidental ingestion.
- d. No hospice care program may accept and dispose of an unused prescription <u>drug or</u> medication pursuant to this section unless the patient or the patient's health care representative authorizes, in writing, the surrender of the unused prescription <u>drug or</u> medication to the program; except that, if the patient is unable to provide written authorization and the patient does not have a health care representative, a third party caregiver may provide written authorization for the surrender. A hospice care program shall not accept an unused prescription <u>drug or</u> medication unless the <u>drug or</u> medication is identified for inclusion in the authorization for surrender.
- e. (1) Unused prescription <u>drugs and</u> medications surrendered to a hospice care program pursuant to this section shall be surrendered to a registered professional nurse or a licensed practical nurse employed by the program.
- (2) A nurse accepting the surrender of unused prescription [Imedication] drugs or medications pursuant to this section shall dispose of the drugs or medications at the site where hospice care was provided; in no case shall the nurse transport the unused prescription medications off-site for disposal or for any other purpose. The nurse may dispose of the unused drugs or medications using an over-the-counter At-Home or Site-of-Use solution that meets the requirements of paragraph (2) of subsection a. of section 1 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
- 46 (3) A nurse who accepts and disposes of an unused prescription 47 <u>drug or medication pursuant to this section shall document:</u>
 - (a) the name and quantity of each drug or medication surrendered;

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- (b) the name of the person authorizing the surrender, and the relationship of the person to the patient;
 - (c) the date and method of disposal; and
- (d) the quantity and type of any unused prescription <u>drug or</u> medication, of which the nurse is aware, that was prescribed and dispensed to the patient pursuant to the patient's hospice care plan, but was not surrendered to the program or otherwise disposed of by another person in the nurse's presence.
- (4) The person authorizing the surrender of <u>a drug or</u> medication shall be provided with the opportunity to review, verify, and sign the documentation required under paragraph (3) of this subsection.
- f. Nothing in this section shall prohibit any person from disposing of an unused prescription <u>drug or</u> medication by any means authorized by law, including, but not limited to, <u>disposing of the drug or medication pursuant to subparagraph (b) of paragraph (6) of subsection b. of this section or surrendering the medication at a secure prescription medication drop-off receptacle.</u>
- g. No person shall be subject to civil or criminal liability or professional disciplinary action for any act or omission undertaken in good faith consistent with the requirements of this section.

(cf: P.L.2017, c.135, s.1)

3. (New section) The Division of Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety shall prepare written informational materials for distribution to patients by hospice care programs and pharmacy practice sites concerning the safe disposal of used hypodermic syringes and needles so as to prevent against the potential transmission of bloodborne pathogens that can occur when used hypodermic syringes and needles are reused or when they result in accidental injury. The written informational materials shall be made available through the division's Internet website and shall be distributed to hospice care programs and pharmacy practice sites upon request.

4. This act shall take effect 90 days after the date of enactment.

STATEMENT

This bill requires each pharmacy practice site that dispenses prescription drugs, other than a long-term care pharmacy, to, when dispensing to an individual located in this State a prescription drug or medication which is a controlled dangerous substance, and when dispensing any other prescription drug or medication as may be designated by the Commissioner of Health by regulation: (1) provide the patient with written informational materials advising that there are risks when unused, unwanted, or expired drugs and medications are not properly, safely, and promptly disposed of; (2)

have available on-site, for purchase or at no cost to the patient, at least one consumer method for individuals to dispose of unwanted or expired prescription drugs, including, but not limited to over-the-counter drug disposal solutions for use at home and secured medication collection kiosks or boxes; and (3) provide the patient with written informational materials concerning how to properly, safely, and promptly dispose of unused, unwanted, or expired drugs and medications. The individual dispensing the prescription drug, or an appropriate designee, is to answer any questions the patient may have upon receiving the written informational materials pursuant to this paragraph.

The bill identifies certain aspects of federal law that may relate to the requirements of the bill and indicate that the household drug disposal solutions to be made available under the bill are to meet certain Department of Environmental Protection requirements concerning alternate disposal methodologies for medical waste that currently apply to the medical industry. Medication collection kiosks or boxes are to be marked or identified by prominent signage.

The bill requires that, any time a pharmacy practice site that dispenses prescription drugs, other than a long-term care pharmacy, sells or dispenses a hypodermic syringe or needle, regardless of whether the hypodermic syringe or needle is sold or dispensed pursuant to a prescription, the pharmacy practice site is to provide the patient with the written informational materials prepared by the Division pursuant to the bill's provisions.

Under the bill, if a patient is enrolled in the hospice care program, and if any change is made to the patient's course of treatment that results in a change in the drugs or medications prescribed for the patient, or in the patient discontinuing the use of a prescription drug or medication, the hospice care program is to: (1) provide the patient or the patient's health care representative with oral instructions and written informational materials advising that there are risks when unused, unwanted, or expired drugs and medications are not properly, safely, and promptly disposed of; (2) make available for purchase or at no cost to the patient an At-Home or Site-of-Use prescription medication disposal product, and (3) provide the patient with written informational materials concerning how to properly, safely, and promptly dispose of unused, unwanted, or expired drugs and medications.

A nurse in the hospice care program may dispose of unused drugs or medications using an At-Home or Site-of-Use drug disposal solution.

The bill provides that the Division is to prepare written informational materials for distribution to patients by hospice care programs and pharmacy practice sites concerning the safe disposal of used hypodermic syringes and needles so as to prevent against the potential transmission of bloodborne pathogens that can occur when used hypodermic syringes and needles are reused or when

S3933 SINGER, SCUTARI

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they result in accidental injury. The written informational materials are to be made available through the Division's Internet website and are to be distributed to hospice care programs and pharmacy practice sites upon request.

This bill is named "Charlie's Law" after Charlie Van Tassel, a 5 young man who struggled with addiction for many years before 6 7 finally succumbing in 2013, at the age of 33. Charlie was an athlete 8 and family prankster who loved music and dancing, had a terrific 9 sense of humor, and was a beloved brother and son. It is the sponsor's intent to help reduce the risk that young people like 10 Charlie will develop a substance use disorder, as well as to reduce 11 12 the potential harms caused by the improper disposal of used 13 hypodermic syringes and needles.

SENATE HEALTH, HUMAN SERVICES AND SENIOR CITIZENS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 3933

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 12, 2019

The Senate Health, Human Services and Senior Citizens Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 3933.

As amended, this bill requires each pharmacy practice site that dispenses prescription drugs, other than a long-term care pharmacy, to, when dispensing to an individual located in this State a prescription drug or medication which is a controlled dangerous substance, and when dispensing any other prescription drug or medication as may be designated by the Commissioner of Health by regulation: (1) provide the patient with written informational materials advising that there are risks when unused, unwanted, or expired drugs and medications are not properly, safely, and promptly disposed of; (2) have available on-site, for purchase or at no cost to the patient, at least one consumer method for individuals to dispose of unwanted or expired prescription drugs, including, but not limited to over-the-counter drug disposal solutions for use at home and secured medication collection kiosks or boxes; and (3) provide the patient with written informational materials concerning how to properly, safely, and promptly dispose of unused, unwanted, or expired drugs and medications. The individual dispensing the prescription drug, or an appropriate designee, is to answer any questions the patient may have upon receiving the written informational materials pursuant to this paragraph.

As amended, the bill requires household drug disposal solutions to alter the characteristics of the prescription drug through chemical, biological, or physical means so as to have beneficial effect on the environment. Medication collection kiosks or boxes are to be marked or identified by prominent signage.

As amended, the bill requires that, any time a pharmacy practice site that dispenses prescription drugs, other than a long-term care pharmacy, sells or dispenses a hypodermic syringe or needle, regardless of whether the hypodermic syringe or needle is sold or dispensed pursuant to a prescription, the pharmacy practice site is to

provide the patient with informational materials made available through the Internet website of the Department of Health.

Under the bill, if a patient is enrolled in the hospice care program, and if any change is made to the patient's course of treatment that results in a change in the drugs or medications prescribed for the patient, or in the patient discontinuing the use of a prescription drug or medication, the hospice care program is to: (1) provide the patient or the patient's health care representative with oral instructions and written informational materials advising that there are risks when unused, unwanted, or expired drugs and medications are not properly, safely, and promptly disposed of; (2) make available for purchase or at no cost to the patient an at-home or site-of-use prescription medication disposal product, and (3) provide the patient with written informational materials concerning how to properly, safely, and promptly dispose of unused, unwanted, or expired drugs and medications.

A nurse in the hospice care program may dispose of unused drugs or medications using an at-home or site-of-use drug disposal solution.

This bill is named "Charlie's Law" after Charlie Van Tassel, a young man who struggled with addiction for many years before finally succumbing in 2013, at the age of 33.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:

The committee amendments remove a requirement that pharmacy practice sites request manufacturers to represent that certain supplies are not toxic and in compliance with federal regulations.

The committee amendments replace certain provisions concerning the requirements for drug disposal products with a requirement that household drug disposal solutions be capable of altering the characteristics of the prescription drug through chemical, biological, or physical means so as to have beneficial effect on the environment.

The committee amendments provide that a pharmacy practice site that dispenses prescription drugs or hypodermic syringes or needles to a patient, is to provide the patient with informational materials made available through the Internet website of the Department of Health. The committee amendments remove a requirement that written informational requirements be prepared by the Division of Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety.

The committee amendments remove a requirement that a manufacturer, supplier, or servicing agent ensures that methods of incineration follow federal recommendations.

The committee amendments make certain technical changes to remove citations and references to federal laws that have no substantive effect, correct certain other citations, and make various changes involving grammar and syntax.

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint] **SENATE, No. 3933**

with Senate Floor Amendments (Proposed by Senator SINGER)

ADOPTED: JANUARY 13, 2020

These Senate floor amendments remove a reference to alternative or innovative technology guidelines and municipal waste regulations, to provide that at-home and site-of-use drug disposal products are to be capable of altering the characteristics of the prescription drug through chemical, biological, or physical means so as to have a beneficial effect on the environment.

Governor Murphy Takes Action on Legislation

01/21/2020

TRENTON - Today, Governor Phil Murphy signed the following bills into law:

S-62/A-2478 (Singleton, Oroho/DeAngelo, Houghtaling, Space) – Requires certain contractors to register under "The Public Works Contractor Registration Act"

S-358/A-4587 (Rice/Sumter, Reynolds-Jackson) – Establishes database with certain information about individuals elected to public office in this State

S-376/A-3839 (Madden, Gopal/Moriarty, Lagana, Mukherji, Murphy) – Eliminates eligibility time limit on tuition benefits for spouses of certain public safety workers killed in performance of their duties

S-497/A-4626 (Vitale, Madden/Mosquera, McKnight, Vainieri Huttle) – Allows certain prior statements by children to be admitted into evidence in child abuse and termination of parental rights cases

S-498/ACS for A-3391 (Vitale, Oroho/DeCroce, Johnson, DiMaso) – Makes various changes to "Criminal Injuries Compensation Act of 1971"

S-521/A-4378 (T. Kean, C.A. Brown, Pou, Ruiz/Caputo, Mukherji, Vainieri Huttle) – Requires NJ State Council on Arts to establish "Artist District" designation and select certain municipalities or areas within municipalities for such designation

S-589/ACS for A-422 (Weinberg/Mosquera, Jones, Moriarty) – Requires Secretary of State to establish secure Internet website for online voter registration; authorizes use of digitized signatures from New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission's database

S-700/A-3836 (Ruiz, Cunningham/Schaer, Mukherji, Jasey) – "Higher Education Citizenship Equality Act"; defines domicile for dependent students for purpose of eligibility for State student grants and scholarships, and resident tuition rate

S-721/A-1751 (Greenstein, Cunningham, Diegnan/Quijano, Benson) – Authorizes use of certain electric school buses

S-758/A-1987 (Cunningham, Cruz-Perez/Sumter, Mukherji, Quijano) – Requires incarcerated individual from State to be counted at residential address for legislative redistricting purposes

S-765/A-541 (Cunningham, T. Kean, Ruiz/Mazzeo, Jasey, Vainieri Huttle, Sumter, Benson) – Prohibits Higher Education Student Assistance Authority from referring defaulted loans under New Jersey College Loans to Assist State Students (NJCLASS) Loan Program for certain actions if authority and borrower have entered into settlement agreement

S-782/A-1110 (Sarlo, Scutari/Downey, Houghtaling, Dancer) – Increases workers' compensation for loss of hand or foot

S-834 wGR/A-4186 (Scutari, Greenstein/Jones, Pintor Marin) – Prohibits resale of non-prescription diabetes test devices by pharmacists

S-939/A-3331 (Pou/Vainieri Huttle, Lopez, McKnight) – Requires forms and materials for individuals with developmental disabilities to be available in languages other than English

S-974/A-3040 (Singleton, T. Kean/Vainieri Huttle, Timberlake, Mosquera) – Requires newborn infants be screened for spinal muscular atrophy

- **S-1032/A-2389 (Vitale, Gopal/Schaer, Benson, Verrelli)** Concerns expansion of services provided by DHS mental health screening services
- **S-1146/A-2365 (Codey, Rice/Vainieri Huttle, Mukherji, Downey)** Requires hospital patient's medical record to include notation if patient is at increased risk of confusion, agitation, behavioral problems, and wandering due to dementia related disorder
- **S-1298/ACS for A-2972 (A.M. Bucco, Singleton/Mazzeo, Dunn, Space)** Permits municipalities to provide information on property tax bills concerning amount of local tax dollars saved through shared services
- **S-1318/A-3156 (Ruiz, Scutari/Lampitt, Mosquera)** Permits counties and non-governmental, community-based agencies to establish family justice centers which provide coordinated, multi-agency governmental and non-governmental assistance to victims of certain crimes and offenses, including domestic violence, and their family members
- **S-1505/A-1707 (Vitale/Vainieri Huttle, Lampitt, Benson, Mosquera)** Expands membership of NJ Task Force on Child Abuse and Neglect
- **S-1647/A-3181 (Diegnan, Codey/Conaway, Vainieri Huttle, Benson, Murphy)** Prohibits use of coupons, price rebates, and price reduction promotions in sales of tobacco and vapor products
- **S-1683/A-4267 (Smith, Greenstein/McKeon, Space, Wirths)** Concerns regulation of solid waste, hazardous waste, and soil and fill recycling industries
- S-1703/A-715 (Connors, Holzapfel/Gove, Rumpf, DiMaso) Exempts disabled veterans from beach buggy permit fees
- **S-1791/A-3414 (Weinberg/Johnson, Vainieri Huttle, Houghtaling)** Requires employers to disclose certain wage information to employees
- **S-1796/A-4693 (Addiego, Sweeney/Murphy)** Permits school district of residence to provide aid in-lieu-of transportation to pupil attending Marine Academy of Science and Technology provided certain conditions are met
- **S-1832/A-211 (Ruiz, Sarlo/Chiaravalloti, Zwicker, Pintor Marin)** Establishes loan redemption program and tuition reimbursement program for certain teachers of science, technology, engineering, and mathematics
- S-2267/A-3616 (Sweeney, Corrado/Burzichelli, Holley, Calabrese) Gives State lottery winners option of remaining anonymous indefinitely
- **S-2303/A-4843 (Sweeney, Ruiz, Cunningham/Wimberly, Karabinchak, Calabrese)** Requires establishment of Work and Learn Consortiums by certain educational institutions to establish certificate and degree programs identified in high labor-demand industries
- **S-2389 wGR/A-5449 (Singleton/Quijano, Downey, Houghtaling, Moriarty)** Requires New Jersey State Board of Pharmacy to establish prescription drug pricing disclosure website and certain pharmaceutical manufacturing companies to provide prescription drug price information
- **S-2428/A-4965 (Scutari/Quijano, Vainieri Huttle)** Requires that massage and bodywork therapists and employers carry professional liability insurance
- **S-2469/A-3745 (Singleton, Oroho/Wirths, Mazzeo, Space)** Prohibits person from contracting for public work if person is federally debarred from receiving federal contract
- **S-2511/A-4020 (Madden/Mazzeo, Murphy, Johnson)** Changes title of DEP "conservation officer" to "conservation police officer"
- **S-2521/A-4087 (Cryan, Greenstein/Vainieri Huttle, Lopez, Timberlake)** Requires reporting of inmate abuse by employees of State correctional facilities and establishes reporting and investigation program
- S-2522/A-4090 (Cryan, Greenstein/Vainieri Huttle, Lopez, Timberlake) Limits cross gender strip searches in

State correctional facilities

- **S-2532/A-4086 (Greenstein, Cruz-Perez/Vainieri Huttle, Lopez, Timberlake)** Requires correctional police officers receive 20 hours in-service training, including four hours in prevention of sexual misconduct, non-fraternization, and manipulation
- **S-2555/A-3990 (Gopal, Ruiz/Mukherji, Benson, Karabinchak)** Allows dependent students whose parents or guardians hold H-1B visas to qualify for in-State tuition at public institutions of higher education provided they meet certain criteria
- **S-2564/A-3519 (Turner, Singleton/Benson, McKnight, Jasey)** Establishes "Restorative Justice in Education Pilot Program" in Department of Education
- SCS for S-2599/ACS for A-1268 (Bateman, Beach/Tucker, Conaway, Lampitt, Quijano) Authorizes veterans' property tax exemption and veterans' property tax deduction for honorably discharged veterans of United States Armed Forces who did not serve in time of war or other emergency
- **S-2826/A-3274 (Greenstein/Vainieri Huttle, Dancer, Benson)** Requires institutions of higher education to offer cats and dogs no longer used for educational, research, or scientific purposes for adoption; designated the "Homes for Animal Heroes Act"
- S-2849/A-4590 (A.M. Bucco/DiMaio, Caputo, Dunn) Designates Seeing Eye® dog as State Dog
- **S-3036/A-1697 (Lagana, Scutari/Dancer, Downey)** Prohibits medical providers from reporting certain workers' compensation medical charges to collection and credit reporting agencies
- **S-3061/A-4603 (Ruiz, Greenstein/Lampitt, Mukherji, Benson)** Provides corporation business tax and gross income tax credits for businesses that participate in DOL registered apprenticeship programs; establishes grant program for tax-exempt organizations participating in DOL registered apprenticeship programs
- **S-3065/A-4657 (Ruiz, Singleton/Armato, Benson, Timberlake)** Establishes youth apprenticeship pilot program in Department of Education
- S-3067/A-4602 (Ruiz, Singleton/Lampitt, Reynolds-Jackson, Sumter) Establishes five year Apprentice Assistance and Support Services Pilot Program
- S-3116/A-4683 (Ruiz/Speight, Munoz, Tucker) Requires certain medical facilities to undertake end-of-life planning and training
- **S-3117/A-4685 (Ruiz/Speight, Pinkin, Munoz)** Requires emergency departments to take certain measures concerning palliative care for patients
- **S-3126/A-4107 (Gopal/Benson, DeCroce, Chiaravalloti)** Requires drivers to stop at railroad crossing when on-track equipment is approaching railroad crossing
- **S-3170/A-5145 (Cryan, Pou/Quijano, Milam, Land)** Increases prenotification time and requires severance pay in certain plant closings, transfers, and mass layoffs
- **S-3227/A-5261 (Gopal/Tully, Pinkin, Swain)** Requires restaurants to post signs advising customers to notify servers of food allergies; requires restaurant managers to complete food allergen training
- S-3265/A-3178 (Turner, Codey, Vitale/Conaway, Murphy, Vainieri Huttle) Prohibits sale or distribution of flavored vapor products

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- **S-3330 wGR/A-5066 (Addiego, Singleton/Jones, Vainieri Huttle, Lampitt, Murphy)** Establishes pilot program in DCF to study impact of child care services provided by community providers operating in public school facilities; requires community providers to meet certain criteria
- S-3422/A-6056 (Singer, T. Kean/Houghtaling, Downey, Vainieri Huttle) Requires declaration of Code Blue

alert when National Weather Service predicts temperatures of 32 degrees Fahrenheit or lower

S-3468/A-5105 (Sweeney, Singleton/Murphy, Karabinchak, Vainieri Huttle) – Establishes Task Force on Maximizing Employment for People with Disabilities

S-3511/A-5298 (Singer, T. Kean/Mukherji, Vainieri Huttle, Downey) – Authorizes certain health care and social service resources to be made available during Code Blue alert

S-3581/A-5963 (Singleton/Lopez, Quijano) – Prohibits certain business financing contracts that contain judgment by confession provisions

S-3685/A-5345 (Sarlo, Singleton/Mukherji, Conaway, McKnight) – Establishes program to increase participation of underrepresented students in New Jersey's science and engineering workforce

S-3756/A-6115 (Ruiz, Sarlo, O'Scanlon/Jasey, Jones, Wirths) – Requires limited purpose regional school districts to coordinate with constituent districts regarding school calendar and curriculum

S-3763/A-6116 (Addiego, Bateman, Sarlo/DeAngelo, Dancer, Space) – Renames joint meetings as regional service agencies; grandfathers existing joint meetings

S-3869/A-5561 (Sarlo/Burzichelli, Houghtaling) – Prohibits local governments from imposing fines on alarm companies in certain circumstances

S-3871/A-5427 (Bateman, Scutari/DePhillips, McKeon) – Adds member from Retired Judges Association of New Jersey to State Investment Council

SCS for S-3878/ACS for A-5394 (Ruiz, Weinberg, Cunningham/Moriarty, McKnight, Pinkin) – Reaffirms and clarifies that Attorney General and Division on Civil Rights may initiate actions in Superior Court to enforce "Law Against Discrimination"

S-3920 wGR/A-5552 (Pou/Wimberly, Sumter) – Concerns provision of energy to certain manufacturing facilities by providing exemptions to certain energy related taxes

S-3923/A-5680 (Madden, Singleton/Giblin, Timberlake, Murphy) – Concerns labor harmony agreements for hospitality projects

SCS for S-3939 and 3944/ACS for A-5681 and 5682 (Smith, Greenstein, Bateman, Codey/Pinkin, Lopez, McKeon) – Establishes Recycling Market Development Council

S-3985/A-5663 (Smith/McKeon, Pinkin, Vainieri Huttle) – Amends "Electric Discount and Energy Competition Act" to add definition of "open access offshore wind transmission facility" and revises law concerning "qualified offshore wind projects"

S-4025/A-5695 (Pou/Wimberly, Sumter) – Makes FY 2020 language allocation of \$1,000,000 appropriated to Grants for Urban Parks to Hinchliffe Stadium in Paterson

S-4162/A-6014 (Smith, Greenstein/Vainieri Huttle, Pinkin, Houghtaling) – Establishes NJ Climate Change Resource Center at Rutgers University; appropriates up to \$500,000

S-4165/A-4364 (Rice/Giblin, Caputo, Tucker) – Expands University Hospital board of directors membership from 11 to 13 members

S-4188/A-6075 (Beach/Murphy, Dancer, Lampitt) – "Lindsay's Law"; provides tax benefits to organ and bone marrow donors and their employers, and provides paid time off to donors who are State or local government employees

S-4200/A-5855 (Ruiz, Turner/Coughlin, Lampitt, Holley) – Requires State to pay difference between federal allocation and total cost of reduced price breakfast or lunch; appropriates \$4.5 million

S-4247/A-6049 (Gopal, O'Scanlon/Conaway, Houghtaling, Downey) – Establishes criteria for distribution of Fiscal Year 2020 funding to Community Food Bank of New Jersey and partner organizations

- **S-4264/A-5962 (Pou/Wimberly, Sumter, Calabrese)** Designates State Highway Route 19 as "William J. Pascrell Jr. Highway"
- **S-4275/A-6088 (Smith, Greenstein/Burzichelli)** Allows BPU to increase cost to customers of Class I renewable energy requirement for energy years 2022 through 2024, under certain conditions
- **S-4276/A-6109 (Corrado, Bateman/Armato, Calabrese, Land)** Appropriates \$32,153,936 to State Agriculture Development Committee, and amends 2017 appropriations for stewardship activities, for farmland preservation purposes
- **S-4277/A-6112 (Greenstein, Bateman/Freiman, Danielsen, Downey)** Appropriates \$5,000,000 from constitutionally dedicated CBT revenues to State Agriculture Development Committee for municipal planning incentive grants for farmland preservation purposes
- **S-4278/A-6108 (Greenstein, Bateman/Taliaferro, Karabinchak, Kennedy)** Appropriates \$21 million from constitutionally dedicated CBT revenues to State Agriculture Development Committee for county planning incentive grants for farmland preservation purposes
- **S-4279/A-6106 (Smith, Bateman/Houghtaling, Reynolds-Jackson, Pinkin)** Appropriates \$1,350,000 from constitutionally dedicated CBT revenues to State Agriculture Development Committee for grants to certain nonprofit organizations for farmland preservation purposes
- **S-4286/A-5890 (Vitale/Swain, Jones)** Clarifies procedures concerning collection of child support on behalf of child over age 19 when court has ordered such support
- **S-4309/A-6107 (Turner, Cruz-Perez/Mejia, Vainieri Huttle, Zwicker)** Appropriates \$13,902,723 from constitutionally dedicated CBT revenues to NJ Historic Trust for grants for certain historic preservation projects and associated administrative expenses
- **S-4310/A-6114 (Codey, Bateman/Carter, Murphy, Lopez)** Appropriates \$8,872,682 to DEP from constitutionally dedicated CBT revenues for grants to certain nonprofit entities to acquire or develop lands for recreation and conservation purposes
- **S-4311/A-6113 (Greenstein, Bateman/Speight, Mukherji, Verrelli)** Appropriates \$77,450,448 from constitutionally dedicated CBT revenues and various Green Acres funds to DEP for local government open space acquisition and park development projects
- **S-4312/A-6111 (Smith, Bateman/Giblin, Mazzeo, Land)** Appropriates \$36.143 million from constitutionally dedicated CBT revenues for recreation and conservation purposes to DEP for State capital and park development projects
- **S-4313/A-6110 (Corrado, Bateman/Moriarty, McKeon, Swain)** Appropriates \$33.915 million from constitutionally dedicated CBT revenues to DEP for State acquisition of lands for recreation and conservation purposes, including Blue Acres projects
- SCS for S-4315/ACS for A-6063 (Beach, Turner/Jones, Zwicker) Creates fund to reimburse local units of government for cost of certain mail-in ballot procedures; appropriates \$3,000,000
- SJR-51/AJR-189 (Rice, Turner/Verrelli, Reynolds-Jackson, Sumter) Establishes the "New Jersey State Commission on Urban Violence"
- **SJR-65/AJR-90 (Weinberg, Addiego/DiMaso, Vainieri Huttle, Schepisi)** Designates March 19th "Women in Public Office Day" in New Jersey
- **SJR-80/AJR-121 (Lagana, Weinberg/Jones, Benson, Chiaravalloti, DeCroce)** Urges federal government to adhere to commitment to improve Northeast Corridor rail infrastructure by providing funding to complete Gateway Program
- **SJR-125/AJR-169 (Gopal, Codey/Wolfe, Pinkin)** Designates the second week of October of each year as "Obesity Care Week" in NJ

A-344/S-1575 (Murphy, McKeon, Timberlake/Cruz-Perez, Singleton) – Revises certain aspects of the New Jersey Individual Development Account Program

A-1040/S-3928 (Houghtaling, Taliaferro/Andrzejczak) – Establishes NJ "Landowner of the Year" award program

A-1146/S-4330 (Wimberly, Holley/Pou, Singleton) – Establishes "New Jersey Investing in You Promise Neighborhood Commission"

A-1277/S-2629 (Tucker, Holley, Lopez/Singleton, Gopal) – Requires hospitals and homeless shelters to provide information on services and resources to individuals who are homeless or military veterans

A-1449/S-3168 (Benson, DeAngelo/Greenstein, Turner) – Provides job security to certain organ and bone marrow donors

A-1477/S-3228 (Chaparro, Vainieri Huttle, Benson, Jimenez, Mukherji, Downey/Gopal, Scutari) — Establishes Statewide Hit and Run Advisory Program to facilitate apprehension of persons fleeing motor vehicle accident scene; designated as "Zackhary's Law"

A-1478/S-1648 (Chaparro, Vainieri Huttle/Diegnan, T. Kean) – Revises law governing theater liquor licenses

A-1604/S-2734 (Conaway, Murphy, Jimenez/Singleton) - "Recreational Therapists Licensing Act"

A-1796/S-2609 (McKeon, Downey/Lagana, Gopal) – Prevents criminal defendant from asserting "gay and transgender panic" defense to murder charge in order to reduce charge to manslaughter committed in heat of passion

A-1924/S-2930 (Mukherji, A.M. Bucco, DeAngelo, DeCroce/Beach) – Exempts certain honorably discharged United States military veterans from initial insurance producer licensing fee

A-1992/S-1780 (Sumter, Benson, Vainieri Huttle, Houghtaling, Wimberly/Diegnan, Turner) – "New Jersey Call Center Jobs Act"

A-2183/S-1687 (Land, Johnson/Cruz-Perez, Andrzejczak) – "Music Therapist Licensing Act"

ACS for A-2431 wGR/SCS for S-1865 (Benson, Jimenez, DeCroce/Weinberg, T. Kean) – Requires health insurers to provide plans that limit patient cost-sharing concerning certain prescription drug coverage

ACS for A-2444 and S-2656/S-2081 (Benson, Lampitt, Pinkin, Mukherji/Turner, Singleton) – Provides for coverage of comprehensive tobacco cessation benefits in Medicaid

A-2767/S-2924 (Greenwald, Mosquera, McKnight/Greenstein, Singleton) – Amends certain provisions of sexual assault statute to clarify elements necessary for conviction

A-3312/S-1972 (Murphy, Lagana, Downey, Sumter/Gopal, Corrado) – Requires Legislature to adopt and distribute policy prohibiting sexual harassment; requires members, officers, and employees of Legislature to complete online training on policy once every two years

A-3670/S-995 (Benson, Giblin, Murphy/Vitale, Weinberg) – Provides for designation of acute stroke ready hospitals, establishes Stroke Care Advisory Panel and Statewide stroke database, and requires development of emergency medical services stroke care protocols

ACS for A-4136/SCS for S-2675 (Land, Milam/Andrzejczak, Van Drew) – Establishes Possession In Excess of Daily Limit Vessel License for black sea bass and summer flounder; dedicates fees therefrom to marine fisheries programs

A-4147/S-2744 (Lampitt, Houghtaling, Zwicker/Ruiz, Corrado) – Requires school districts and nonpublic schools to conduct audit of security features of buildings, grounds, and communication systems and to submit audit to NJ Office of Homeland Security and Preparedness and DOE

A-4150/S-2742 (Lampitt, Jones, Timberlake/Ruiz, Corrado) – Requires meeting between student and appropriate school personnel after multiple suspensions or proposed expulsion from public school to identify behavior or health difficulties

A-4151/S-2745 (Swain, Tully, Jasey/Ruiz, Corrado) – Requires school security training for persons employed by public and nonpublic schools in substitute capacity and for employees and volunteers of youth programs operated in school buildings

A-4260/S-4335 (Timberlake, Giblin, Tucker, Caputo/Pou, Scutari) – Prohibits sale of certain toy guns and imitation firearms

A-4370/S-2919 (Carroll/A.M. Bucco) – Increases membership of board of trustees of Washington Association of New Jersey

A-4377/S-2934 (Benson, Land, DeCroce/Greenstein) – Requires DOT and OIT to develop materials concerning capabilities of airports in NJ and establishes "Public Use Airports Task Force"

A-4517/S-4341 (Wimberly, Speight, Reynolds-Jackson/Singleton, Cunningham) – Establishes "New Jersey Eviction Crisis Task Force"

A-4529/S-3191 (Mazzeo, Armato/Gopal, Andrezejczak) – Concerns reimbursements to Superstorm Sandyimpacted homeowners subjected to contractor fraud

A-4563/S-3096 (Zwicker, Benson/Greenstein, Gill) – Prohibits use of bots to deceive person about origin and content of communication for certain commercial or election purposes

A-4564/S-3087 (Zwicker, Freiman/Greenstein) – Establishes "Voting Precinct Transparency Act;" requires filing of election district, county district, and municipal ward boundary data with Secretary of State for posting and download on official website with matching election results data

A-4699/S-2938 (Moriarty, Burzichelli, Bramnick/Turner) – Regulates annual report filing services

A-4803/S-4211 (Greenwald, Johnson, Pintor Marin/Cryan, Vitale) – Authorizes certain entities to directly bill Victims of Crime Compensation Office for counseling services provided to victims of firearm and stabbing crimes

A-4822/S-3408 (Wimberly, Tully, Swain/Singleton, Greenstein) – Permits municipalities to lease vacant municipal land for tiny home occupancy; directs DCA to enhance regulatory guidance on acceptable tiny home construction and use

A-4904 wGR/S-3347 (Mukherji, Quijano, Mazzeo/Cryan, Sweeney) — Concerns property taxes due and owing on real property owned by certain federal employees or contractors under certain circumstances

A-4954/S-3368 (Quijano, Murphy, Carter/Singleton, Greenstein) – Revises requirements for provision of counseling and support services to emergency services personnel

ACS for A-4972/SCS for S-1490 (Moriarty/Beach, Scutari) – Establishes certain consumer protections related to arbitration organizations

A-4978 wGR/S-3498 (Timberlake, Zwicker, Vainieri Huttle/Greenstein, Cryan) – Prohibits online education services from using and disclosing certain information, engaging in targeted advertising, and requires deletion of certain information in certain circumstances

A-5023/S-3467 (McKnight, Mukherji, Chaparro, Chiaravalloti/Cunningham) – Exempts from DOT permitting requirements certain signs not located in protected areas that have been approved by municipality

A-5028/S-3523 (Mukherji, Conaway, Pintor Marin/Vitale, Diegnan) – Establishes "James Nicholas Rentas's Law," revises "New Jersey SmokeFree Air Act"

A-5029/S-3522 (Sumter, Reynolds-Jackson, Johnson/Rice, T. Kean) – Requires New Jersey Office on Minority and Multicultural Health to study racial disparities on sexual and reproductive health of African-American women

A-5031/S-3455 (Speight, McKnight, Timberlake/Ruiz) – Requires hospital emergency departments to ask person of childbearing age about recent pregnancy history

A-5314/S-3692 (Zwicker, Milam, Mazzeo/Cryan, Ruiz) – Requires DHS to study social isolation occurring in certain population groups

A-5344/S-3833 (Mukherji, Vainieri Huttle, Milam/Gopal, Corrado) – Establishes uniform standard for acceptable proof of veteran status for veteran's ID cards and various State and local programs

A-5388/S-3895 (Speight, Pintor Marin, Greenwald/Greenstein, Ruiz) – Requires specialized in-service training regarding crime victims for police departments in certain high-crime areas

A-5389/S-3896 (Speight, Pintor Marin, Greenwald/Greenstein, Ruiz) – Requires training or experience in crime victims' rights for certain members of Victims of Crime Compensation Review Board

A-5432/S-3796 (Milam, Land/Andrzejczak) – Requires DEP Commissioner to establish individual transferable quota system for menhaden purse seine fishery

A-5445/S-3909 (Swain, Tully, Spearman/T. Kean, Corrado) – Requires AG to establish program to detect fentanyl in State's illegal drug supply and make information related to presence of fentanyl available in database accessible by law enforcement

A-5511/S-1852 (Spearman, Jones, Reynolds-Jackson/Turner, Cruz-Perez) – Revises certain penalties for illegal operation of snowmobile, all-terrain vehicle, or dirt bike

A-5580/S-3842 (Johnson, Moriarty, Greenwald/Weinberg, Sarlo) – Extends availability period for tax credits for certain expenses incurred for production of certain film and digital media content, raises annual cap related to film production, and provides for annual administration of film tax credits

A-5583/S-3919 (Pinkin, Lopez, Mukherji/Smith, Bateman) – Prohibits sale, lease, rent, or installation of certain equipment or products containing hydrofluorocarbons or other greenhouse gases

A-5630/S-3981 (Pintor Marin, Munoz, Reynolds-Jackson/Weinberg, Corrado) – Requires Civil Service Commission to establish and maintain hotline for State employees to submit reports of workplace discrimination and harassment

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A-5667/S-3933 (Mukherji, Vainieri Huttle, Armato, DeCroce, Karabinchak/Singer, Scutari) – "Charlie's Law"; requires pharmacy practice sites and hospice programs to furnish patients with information and means to safely dispose of unused prescription drugs and medications

A-5801/S-4064 (Coughlin, Houghtaling, Verrelli/Singleton, Sweeney) – Concerns responsibility of contractors for wage claims against subcontractors

A-5817/S-4263 (Mazzeo, Armato/Cunningham, Sweeney, C.A. Brown) – Allows certain persons to qualify for casino key employee license and casino employee registration

A-5916/S-4255 (Chiaravalloti, McKnight, Karabinchak/Cunningham, Weinberg) – Authorizes DOH to notify elected officials of financial distress of certain hospitals

A-5918/SCS for S-3741 and 4253 (Chiaravalloti, McKnight/Weinberg, Cunningham, Vitale) – Expands hospital reporting requirements

A-5970/S-4201 (Lopez, Speight, Chaparro/Codey) – Amends list of environmental infrastructure projects approved for long-term funding for FY2020 to include new projects, remove certain projects, and modify estimated loan amounts for certain projects

A-5971/S-4202 (Mukherji, Pintor Marin, Spearman/Bateman, Corrado) – Authorizes NJ Infrastructure Bank to expend additional sums to make loans for environmental infrastructure projects for FY2020

A-5972/S-4203 (Pinkin, Benson, Zwicker/Greenstein, Singleton) – Makes changes to New Jersey Infrastructure Bank's enabling act

A-5977/S-4282 (Greenwald, Downey, Vainieri Huttle/Vitale, Singleton) – Provides for establishment of Regional Health Hub Program as replacement to Accountable Care Organization Demonstration Project, and designates existing accountable care organizations and look-alike organizations as Regional Health Hubs

A-6119/S-4336 (Egan, Houghtaling/Madden) – Revises "The Public Works Contractor Registration Act" and amends definition of registered apprenticeship program

AJR-35/SJR-159 (McKnight, Chaparro, Chiaravalloti, DeCroce/Cunningham, Greenstein) – Designates third full week in March as "Domestic Violence Services Awareness Week" to bring awareness of services available to domestic violence victims

AJR-103/SJR-70 (Rooney, DePhillips, Murphy/Corrado) – Permanently designates January as "NUT Carcinoma Awareness Month" in New Jersey

AJR-118/SJR-157 (McKnight, Timberlake, McKeon/Pou, Madden) – Designates April of each year as "Financial Literacy Month" in New Jersey

AJR-180/SJR-112 (DeAngelo, McKnight, Murphy/Singleton, Corrado) —Designates February in each year as "Career and Technical Education Month" in New Jersey

Governor Murphy declined to sign the following bills, meaning they expire without becoming law:

S-691/A-657 (Ruiz, Pou/Jasey, Caputo, Pintor Marin, Sumter, Wimberly) – Requires that if a school district satisfies 80% or more of the required NJ Quality Single Accountability Continuum standards in an area of district effectiveness under State intervention, the State must return that area to local control

S-1083/A-544 (Cruz-Perez, Gopal/Mazzeo, Houghtaling, Holley, Dancer) – Establishes loan program and provides corporation business tax and gross income tax credits for establishment of new vineyards and wineries

S-2421/A-1030 (Smith, Bateman/Johnson, Kennedy, Benson, DeAngelo) – Concerns installation of electric vehicle charging stations in common interest communities

S-2425/A-3851 (Singleton, Andrzejczak/Conaway) - Revises law relating to common interest communities

S-2429/A-4028 (Scutari, Pou/Bramnick, Downey) – Requires automobile insurers to disclose policy limits upon request by an attorney under certain circumstances

S-2835/A-3926 (Singleton, Ruiz/Conaway, Lampitt, Murphy) – Requires public schools to administer written screenings for depression for students in certain grades

S-2897/A-1433 (Madden, Singer/Benson, Wimberly, Carter) – Requires DCA to establish procedures for inspection and abatement of mold hazards in residential buildings and school facilities, and certification programs for mold inspectors and mold hazard abatement workers

S-2957/A-4712 (Stack/Mukherji, Chaparro) – Establishes five-year moratorium on conversions of certain residential rental premises in qualified counties

S-2958/A-4535 (Sarlo, Oroho/Zwicker, DePhillips, DeCroce) – Establishes the "Energy Infrastructure Public-Private Partnership Act"

S-3062/A-2049 (Ruiz, Greenstein/Howarth, Benson, Murphy) – Provides corporation business tax and gross income tax credits for businesses that employ apprentices in DOL registered apprenticeships

S-3063/A-4655 (Ruiz/Armato, Vainieri Huttle, DeAngelo) – Provides tuition fee waiver apprenticeship courses

S-3137/A-1308 (Sweeney, Oroho, Singleton/Greenwald, Milam, Land) – The "Electronic Construction Procurement Act"

S-3252/A-4713 (Greenstein, Stack/DeAngelo, Quijano) – "New Townhouse Fire Safety Act"; requires automatic fire sprinkler systems in new townhomes

S-3263/A-4837 (T. Kean, Diegnan/Vainieri Huttle, Chiaravalloti, McKnight) – Revises and updates membership and purpose of Advisory Council on the Deaf and Hard of Hearing in DHS

S-3270/A-5095 (Pou/McKeon, Freiman, DeCroce) – Establishes certain requirements for stop loss insurance offered to small employers

S-3393/ACS for A-5384 and 5157 (Sarlo, Addiego/Mazzeo, Murphy, Houghtaling, Calabrese, Armato, Dancer) – Allows certain preserved farms to hold 14 special occasion events per year; imposes further event restrictions on residentially-exposed preserved farms

S-3770/A-6118 (Sarlo, Oroho, Sweeney/Greenwald, Jones) – Establishes "New Jersey Economic and Fiscal Policy Review Commission" to provide ongoing review of State and local tax structure, economic conditions, and related fiscal issues

S-3888/A-5585 (Ruiz/Dancer, Pintor Marin) – Extends document submission deadlines under Economic Redevelopment and Growth Grant program and Urban Transit Hub Tax Credit program

S-4035/A-5702 (Pou, Singleton/Wimberly, Reynolds-Jackson, Sumter) – Makes Fiscal Year 2020 supplemental appropriation of \$1,700,000 for Thomas Edison State University

S-4281/A-6094 (Smith, Diegnan/Danielsen, Pinkin) – Requires State to sell and convey to Educational Services Commission of New Jersey certain land and improvements known as Piscataway Regional Day School

S-4331/A-4727 (Diegnan, Madden/Karabinchak, Holley, Jones) – Requires person taking written examination for permit to watch video of rights and responsibilities of driver stopped by law enforcement; requires testing on rights and responsibilities of driver stopped by law enforcement

A-491/S-4340 (Jimenez/Sacco, Stack) – Enhances PFRS accidental death pension for surviving spouse by providing for minimum of \$50,000 annually

A-1044/S-1441 (Houghtaling, Downey, DiMaio, Space/Doherty, Madden) – Requires Director of Division of Taxation to examine feasibility of centralized property tax information system to verify property taxes paid by homestead property tax reimbursement claimants

A-1045/S-2856 (Houghtaling, Downey, Dancer/Gopal, Oroho) – Clarifies sales tax collection responsibilities of horse-boarding businesses in New Jersey

A-1526/S-1048 (Zwicker, Johnson/Vitale) - Concerns payment of independent contractors

A-2731/S-3407 (Taliaferro, Space/Sweeney, Oroho) – Removes statutory limitation on number of permits that may be issued by Division of Fish and Wildlife for the taking of beaver

A-4382/S-2815 (Pinkin, Lopez, Kennedy/Beach, Smith) – Requires paint producers to implement or participate in paint stewardship program

A-4463/S-3927 (Freiman, Egan, Karabinchak/Oroho, Andrzejczak) – Establishes "Electronic Permit Processing Review System"

A-4788/S-3880 (Karabinchak, Freiman, Calabrese/Diegnan) – Establishes expedited construction inspection program

A-5072/S-3496 (Karabinchak, Johnson, Mukherji/Greenstein, Cryan) – "Defense Against Porch Pirates Act"; creates new category of theft, with penalties including mandatory restitution and community service, for taking package delivered to residence by cargo carrier

A-5446/S-3907 (Land, Reynolds-Jackson, Verrelli/T. Kean, Lagana) - Requires reporting of opioid deaths

A-5629/S-3980 (Pintor Marin, Munoz/Weinberg, Corrado) – Clarifies provisions concerning disclosure of existence and content of discrimination or harassment complaints; requires certain disclosures to person against whom complaint is made

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ACS for A-5922 and 5923/SCS for S-4223 and 4224 (Conaway, Vainieri Huttle, Lopez, Pinkin/Vitale, Sweeney) – Revises requirements for sale of tobacco and vapor products; increases penalties for prohibited sales; increases fees for cigarette and vapor business licensure

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