V January 7, 1975 RCULATE. 396B-COPY 5 LEGISLATIVE HISTORY OF 39:6B-1 et seq. Compulsory motor vehicle insurance; liability insurance coverage; penalties) L. 1972, C. 197 gl - A802 Raymond and six others Conmittee on Insurance July 6 - Passed Assembly under emergency resolution, amended (55-4) July 17 - Passed Senate under emergency resolution (33-0) November 16 - Returned by governor with recommended amendments (enclosed) November 16 - Amended as recommended. November 20 - Re-enacted in Assembly (63-0) November 27 - Re-enacted in Senate (35-0) December 26 - Approved. Statement All versions of the bill are enclosed. Public hearings were held pursuant to Joint Resolution No. 4 of 1970. SJR 20 There was not, however, a public hearing on A802 specifically. 974.90

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move From

974.90 <u>Public Hearing before the NJ Commission to Study Certain</u> A939 <u>Automobile Insurance Matters, Including a "No-Fault Auto</u> 1971 <u>Accident Insurance Plan.</u> (4 vols.)

The following work may be useful as background. J368.5 Center for Analysis of Public Issues. C397 <u>Automobile Insurance in New Jersey</u>. (1970)

V.F.- N.J. - Insurance, Auto - No Fault (Beg. 1970)

JRM/ks

CHAPTER 197 - LAWS OF 1972 APPD://ND DEC. 26, 1972

[SECOND OFFICIAL COPY REPRINT] ASSEMBLY, No. 802

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED MARCH 6, 1972

By Assemblymen RAYMOND, DEVERIN, BORNHEIMER, FROUDE, HAMILTON, KLEIN and EWING

Referred to Committee on Insurance

AN ACT providing for compulsory motor vehicle insurance coverage **and supplementing Title 39 of the Revised Statutes**.

1 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 2 of New Jersey:

1 1. Every owner or registered owner of a motor vehicle registered 2 or principally garaged in this State shall maintain motor vehicle 3 liability insurance coverage, under provisions approved by the 4 Commissioner of Insurance, insuring against loss resulting from 5 liability imposed by law for bodily injury, death and property damage sustained by any person arising out of the ** [owenr-6 7 ship]** **ownership**, maintenance, operation or use of a motor 8 vehicle wherein such coverage shall be at least in: a. an amount or 9 limit of \$15,000.00, exclusive of interest and costs, on account of injury to, or death of, one person, in any one accident; and b. an 10 amount or limit, subject to such limit for any one person so injured 11 or killed, of \$30,000.00, exclusive of interest and costs, on account of 1213 injury to or death of, more than one person, in any one accident; and c. an amount or limit of \$5,000.00, exclusive of interest and 14 costs, for damage to property in any one accident. 15

2. Any owner, ** [operator] ** or * [rgeistrant] * *registrant* of a
motor vehicle registered or principally garaged in this
State who operates or causes to be operated a motor
vehicle upon any public road or highway in this State
* [knowingly] * without motor vehicle *liability* insurance
coverage **required by this act**, **and any operator who operates
or causes a motor vehicle to be operated and who knows or should
know from the attendant circumstances that the motor vehicle is
without motor vehicle liability insurance coverage required by this

9 act shall be subject, for the first offense, to a fine of not less than 10 \$50.00 nor more than \$200.00 or imprisonment for a term of not less than 30 days nor more than 3 months or both, in the discretion 11 12of the municipal judge, and shall forthwith forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period 1314 of 6 months from the date of conviction. Upon subsequent conviction, he shall be imprisoned for a term of 3 months and shall forfeit 15 16 his right to operate a motor vehicle for a period of 2 years from the date of his conviction, and, after the expiration of said period. 1718 he may make application to the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles for a license to operate a motor vehicle, which application 19 may be granted at the discretion of the director. The director's 2021discretion shall be based upon an assessment of the likelihood that 22the individual will operate or cause a motor vehicle to be operated 23in the future without the insurance coverage required by this act. $\mathbf{24}$ A complaint for violation of this act may be made to a municipal 25court at any time within 6 months after the date of the alleged offense.** ** [may upon conviction be fined not more than \$500.00, 26or imprisoned for not more than 6 months or both, as a disorderly 2728person, and shall forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the roads and highways of this State for a period of 1 year from 2930 the date of such conviction, and after the expiration of said period he may make application to the Director of the Division of Motor 3132Vehicles for a license to operate a motor vehicle which application may be granted at the discretion of the director. *Upon the expira-33 tion, cancellation, lapse or termination of a policy of motor vehicle 34liability insurance, covering any vehicle registered in this State, 35 36 the failure to renew or reinstate said policy or the failure to replace said policy with another motor vehicle liability policy, within 7 37 38 consecutive days after such expiration, cancellation, lapse or termi-39 nation shall create a presumption that said owner, operator or registrant had knowledge of the expiration, cancellation, lapse or 40 termination.* For a subsequent violation the motor vehicle in 41 42question may be subject to confiscation and may be seized by the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles or his agents or em-43 ployees or by any peace officer of the State when directed by the 44 director, his agents or employees to do so, without a warrant. The 45director shall immediately thereafter institute a proceeding for the 46 confiscation thereof in the County Court, county district court or 47 the municipal court within the jurisdiction in which the seizure is 48 49 made. The court may proceed in summary manner and may direct confiscation to the director; provided, however, that any person 50 claiming to be the holder of a mortgage, conditional sales contract, 51

52or other security interest in any such motor vehicle, the disposition 53 of which is provided for above, may present his petition so alleging and be heard, and in the event it appears to the court that the 54 motor vehicle in question was being operated in violation of section 551 of this act without the knowledge of the claimant and if such 56 claimant acquired his security interest in good faith, the court shall 57 either waive forfeiture in favor of such claimant and order the 5859 motor vehicle returned or delivered to such, or if it is found that the value thereof exceeds the amount of the claim, the court shall 60 order payment of the amount of the claim out of the proceeds of 61the sale.]** 62

1 3. This act shall take effect January 1, 1973.

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2. Any owner, operator or rgeistrant of a motor vehicle 1 registered or principally garaged in this State who operates or $\mathbf{2}$ causes to be operated a motor vehicle upon any public road or 3 highway in this State knowingly without motor vehicle insurance 4 5 coverage, may upon conviction be fined not more than \$500.00, or imprisoned for not more than 6 months or both, as a disorderly 6 person, and shall forfeit his right to operate a motor 7 vehicle over the roads and highways of this State for a period of 8 9 1 year from the date of such conviction, and after the expiration of 10 said period he may make application to the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles for a license to operate a motor vehicle 11

which application may be granted at the discretion of the director. 12For a subsequent violation the motor vehicle in question may be 13subject to confiscation and may be seized by the Director of the 14 Division of Motor Vehicles or his agents or employees or by any 15peace officer of the State when directed by the director, his agents 1617or employees to do so, without a warrant. The director shall immediately thereafter institute a proceeding for the confiscation 18 19 thereof in the County Court, county district court or the municipal court within the jurisdiction in which the seizure is made. The 2021court may proceed in summary manner and may direct confisca-22tion to the director; provided, however, that any person claiming 23to be the holder of a mortgage, conditional sales contract, or other security interest in any such motor vehicle, the disposition of which $\mathbf{24}$ 25is provided for above, may present his petition so alleging and be 26heard, and in the event it appears to the court that the motor 27vehicle in question was being operated in violation of section 1 of this act without the knowledge of the claimant and if such 2829claimant acquired his security interest in good faith, the court shall 30 either waive forfeiture in favor of such claimant and order the 31 motor vehicle returned or delivered to such, or if it is found that the value thereof exceeds the amount of the claim, the court shall 32order payment of the amount of the claim out of the proceeds of 3334 the sale.

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STATEMENT

Assembly, No. 667 provides for compulsory automobile insurance coverage for private passenger automobiles designed and used for the transportation of passengers, other than omnibuses and school buses as defined in R. S. 39:1-1. This bill would make insurance coverage compulsory for all motor vehicles and create uniformity of enforcement for the Division of Motor Vehicles.

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2. Any owner, operator or "[rgeistrant] * "registrant" of a 1 $\mathbf{2}$ motor vehicle registered or principally garaged in this 3 State who operates or causes to be operated a motor 4 vehicle upon any public road or highway in this State * knowingly]* without motor vehicle *liability* insurance 4a 5 coverage, may upon conviction be fined not more than \$500.00, or 6 imprisoned for not more than 6 months or both, as a disorderly person, and shall forfeit his right to operate a motor 7 8 vehicle over the roads and highways of this State for a period of 9 1 year from the date of such conviction, and after the expiration of EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law

said period he may make application to the Director of the 10 Division of Motor Vehicles for a license to operate a motor vehicle 11 which application may be granted at the discretion of the director. 1212A *Upon the expiration, cancellation, lapse or termination of a policy 12B of motor vehicle liability insurance, covering any vehicle registered 12c in this State, the failure to renew or reinstate said policy or the 12D failure to replace said policy with another motor vehicle liability 12E policy, within 7 consecutive days after such expiration, cancellation, 12F lapse or termination shall create a presumption that said owner, 12g operator or registrant had knowledge of the expiration, lapse termination.* \mathbf{For} subsequent 12_H cancellation, ora violation the motor vehicle in question may be subject 13to confiscation and may be seized by the Director of the 14 Division of Motor Vehicles or his agents or employees or by any 15 peace officer of the State when directed by the director, his agents 16 or employees to do so, without a warrant. The director shall im-17 18 mediately thereafter institute a proceeding for the confiscation thereof in the County Court, county district court or the municipal 19 court within the jurisdiction in which the seizure is made. The 20court may proceed in summary manner and may direct confisca-2122tion to the director; provided, however, that any person claiming 23 to be the holder of a mortgage, conditional sales contract, or other security interest in any such motor vehicle, the disposition of which 24is provided for above, may present his petition so alleging and be 25heard, and in the event it appears to the court that the motor 2627vehicle in question was being operated in violation of section 1 of this act without the knowledge of the claimant and if such 2829claimant acquired his security interest in good faith, the court shall 30 either waive forfeiture in favor of such claimant and order the motor vehicle returned or delivered to such, or if it is found that 31 the value thereof exceeds the amount of the claim, the court shall 32order payment of the amount of the claim out of the proceeds of 33 34 the sale.

1 3. This act shall take effect January 1, 1973.

STATE OF NEW JERSEY EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 802 (OCR)

To the General Assembly:

November 16, 1972

1.10

Pursuant to Article V, Section 1, Paragraph 14(b) of the Constitution, I herewith return Assembly Bill No. 802 (OCR) with my objections, for reconsideration.

This bill makes it a disorderly persons violation for an individual to operate or cause a motor vehicle to be operated in this State without the requisite liability insurance coverage. While I am in wholehearted agreement with the concept of compulsory insurance, I am of the opinion that it is more appropriate to treat this offense as a violation of Title 39 of the Revised Statutes. In that way, this offense will be handled in a similar manner to other serious violations of the motor vehicle laws such as reckless driving and driving under the influence of alcoholic beverages. In addition, the sanctions imposed should be amended to conform generally with other violations of Title 39 of the Revised Statutes. I further recommend that a provision be added to allow a complaint to be filed with the municipal court for a violation of this act at any time up to 6 months after the alleged offense.

These changes will make this law easier to administer for the Division of Motor Vehicles, other law enforcement agencies and the courts.

I also agree that the requirement of knowledge is an unnecessary burden upon law enforcement agencies with respect to owners and registrants, because they have it within their control to determine whether insurance coverage is in effect for their vehicle. However, the non-owner operator in many circumstances cannot readily make such a determination. Thus, Assembly Bill No. 802 (OCR) should be amended to require knowledge as element of the offense of operating without insurance in the case of a non-owner operator.

Furthermore, I previously signed into law P.L. 1972, C.70, the "New Jersey Automobile Reparation Reform Act" which contains a section imposing criminal penalties for operating an automobile without the insurance coverage required by that act. Since Assembly Bill No. 802 (OCR) is broader in scope, covering all motor vehicles not just automobiles, that act should be amended to delete Section 15(b) which will no longer be necessary if the amendments

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 802 (OCR)

contained in this message are acted upon favorably. In a similar vein, Section 15(c) of that act should also be deleted since the Director has the power to revoke or suspend for any violation of Title 39 of the Revised Statutes.

For the foregoing reasons, I herewith return Assembly Bill No. 802 (OCR) for reconsideration and recommend that it be amended as follows:

Page 1, Title, Line 2: After "coverage" before "." insert "and supplementing Title 39 of the Revised Statutes".

Page 1, Section 1, Line 6: Delete "owenrship" and insert in lieu thereof "ownership".

Page 1, Section 2, Line 1: Delete "operator".

Page 1, Section 2, Line 5: After "coverage" and before "," insert "required by this act".

After "," insert "and any operator who operates or causes a motor vehicle to be operated and who knows or should know from the attendant circumstances that the motor vehicle is without motor vehicle liability insurance coverage required by this act shall be subject, for the first offense, to a fine of not less than \$50.00 nor more than \$200.00 or imprisonment for a term of not less than 30 days nor more than 3 months or both, in the discretion of the municipal judge, and shall forthwith forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of 6 months from the date of conviction. Upon subsequent conviction, he shall be imprisoned for a term of 3 months and shall forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle for a period of 2 years from the date of his conviction, and, after the expiration of said period, he may make application to the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles for a license to operate a motor vehicle, which application may be granted at the discretion of the Director. The Director's discretion shall be based upon an assessment of the likelihood that the individual will operate or cause a motor vehicle to be operated in the future without the insurance coverage required by this act.

-2-

PARTY AND LANDARY AND

STATE OF NEW JERSEY EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 802

A complaint for violation of this act may be made to a municipal court at any time within 6 months after the date of the alleged offense."

Page 1, Section 2, Line 5: Delete "may upon conviction be fined not more than \$500.00, or".

Page 1, Section 2, Line 6: Delete Lines 6 through 9.

Page 2, Section 2, Line 10: Delete lines 10 through 34.

Respectfully, /s/ William T. Cahill GOVERNOR

[seal]

Attest:

/s/ Jean E. Mulford

Acting Secretary to the Governor

- 3-

FROM THE OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR

COENBER 26, 1972

FOR RELEASE: IMMEDIATE

Governor William T. Cahill signed into law today seven bills to supplement provisions of the new no-fault automobile insurance which goes into effect in New Jersey on January 1st. The Governor, who actively supported the no-fault package of legislation from its inception, commended the members of the Automobile Insurance Study Commission, Commissioner of Insurance Richard C. McDonough and the Legislature for their cooperation in passing this most important legislation.

The principal bill, sponsored by Assemblyman Eugene Raymond (R., Camden), amends the No-Fault Act to clarify certain questions that arose since its passage. The bill changes make it clear that medically indigent individuals who receive free or low cost medical care may include reasonable value of those services in calculating the \$200 "threshold" amount to determine if they have the right to sue for damages. They broaden the personal injury protection benefits provided. They make it clear that camper-type vehicles are covered by no-fault insurance, and allow senior citizens to receive "income producer" benefits beyond age 65 under certain circumstances if they are injured in an automobile accident.

In addition, the bill gives the Commissioner of Insurance the necessary power to promulgate rules and regulations to implement and enforce the act and sets up a time limit during which individuals must claim personal injury protection benefit

Bill <u>A-802</u>, also sponsored by Assemblyman Raymond, makes motor vehicle liability insurance coverage compulsory. Under this bill, any individual convicted of operating a motor vehicle in New Jersey without the minimum coverage can be punished by the courts as a disorderly person.

Another Raymond-sponsored measure, A-1007, requires all operators of motor vehicles in this State to carry an insurance identification card which demonstrates they have the required insurance coverage.