# JA:85-5.1

LEGISLATIVE FACT SHEET

N.J.R.S. 2A:85-5.1

ON attempt to commit suicide -no longer criminal offense

(Repeals

) L1957, c.34

LAWS OF 1971

SENATE

INTRODUCED Pre-filed

STATEMENT

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE

HEARING

VETO

CHAPTER 450 Feb. 16, 1972

ASSEMBLY 265

By Jay, Deverin

YES

(NO)

YES

NO

See "Commentary" below from

NJ KA6.2 2B 1971a

n. J. Criminal Law Revision Commission.

Final Report. New Jewey Penal Code, vol. II.

Commentary & 20:11-6 "attempted Suicide", p.16

#### § 2C:11-6. COMMENTARY

1. Attempted Suicide. The common law treated both suicide and attempted suicide as a crime. See State v. Carney, 69 N.J.L. 478 (Sup. Ct. 1903). In 1957, our Legislature enacted a statute making attempted suicide a disorderly persons act violation. N.J.S. 2A:170-26.5. We recommend repeal of this statute because this is not an area in which the penal law can be effective and that its intrusions in such tragedies is an abuse. In our opinion, the existing civil commitment statutes are sufficient for this purpose.

### CHAPTER 450 LAWS OF N. J. 19. 2/ APPROVED 2-/6-72

## [OFFICIAL COPY REPRINT] ASSEMBLY, No. 265

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 1970 SESSION

By Assemblyman FAY

\*Lamending "An act concerning institutions and agencies, amending, supplementing and repealing parts of Title 30 of the Revised Statutes and supplements thereto," approved May 27, 1965 (P. L. 1965, c. 59)]\*, supplementing chapter 85 of Title 2A of the New Jersey Statutes, and repealing chapter 34 of the laws of 1957.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
- 2 of New Jersey:
- 1 \*[1. Section 21 of chapter 59 of the laws of 1965 (C. 30:4-26.3) is
- 2 amended to read as follows:
- 3 21. The board of chosen freeholders of every county in this State
- 4 shall designate one or more mental hospitals, as defined in this
- 5 chapter as hospitals to which a magistrate or judge of any court
- 6 upon application by a police official as set forth herein may issue
- 7 an order for an examination or for temporary hospitalization for
- 8 purposes of observation, examination and treatment. The board
- 9 of chosen freeholders shall make provision for the proper care and
- 10 maintenance of such persons so examined or hospitalized.
- 11 The constables and police officers in the several townships, cities,
- 12 and other municipalities shall be authorized to apprehend any per-
- 13 son whose behavior suggests the existence of a mental illness,
- 14 who shall on inspection be deemed to be dangerous to the public
- 15 or to himself and they shall immediately take such person or per-
- 16 sons so apprehended before the nearest county district court or
- 17 municipal court which shall in a summary way inquire and de-
- 18 termine whether an order for temporary hospitalization for pur-
- 19 poses of observation, examination and treatment until discharged
- 20 or removed therefrom as herein provided shall be issued.

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets Ithus I in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

21An order for temporary hospitalization for purposes of observa-22 tion, examination and treatment may be issued by a magistrate or 23judge of any court upon application by a police official and upon 24proof by him of the existence of the following circumstances: that 25 upon ascertaining the available facts, the police official has con-**26** cluded that the behavior of the person is such as to constitute a 27 peril to life, person or property and further that the person's 28behavior suggests the existence of a mental illness, that he had 29made inquiry as to the person's next-of-kin or friend and had found that either none were available or that they were unwilling 30 31 to apply for admission for the person; that he had made inquiry 32to determine whether a practicing physician had examined or would examine the person; that if a physician has, in fact, examined or 33 34 could examine the person, the physician has confirmed the need for 35 further examination, observation and treatment. An order for an examination at a mental hospital may be made in the absence of a 36medical examination if the court finds that no physician is able or 37 willing to conduct an examination into the patient's condition. 38

The aforesaid order when filed with the admitting physician of the hospital and upon his certification of the necessity for hospitalization shall be the warrant and authority for the admission and detention of the person for purposes of observation, examination and treatment for a temporary period not exceeding 15 days from date thereof, and the cost of such hospitalization shall be paid in the same manner as is provided in this Title for patients admitted or committed to mental hospitals. \*\*

- \*[2.]\* \*1.\* Any person who attempts to commit suicide shall not be guilty of a criminal offense, and such attempt shall not be an indictable offense.
- \*[3.]\* \*2.\* Any person who attempts to commit suicide shall fall under the jurisdiction of section 21 of chapter 59 of the laws of 1965 (C. 30:4-26.3) \*and subject to temporary hospitilization as provided herein\*.
- 1 \*[4.]\* \*3.\* Chapter 34 of the laws of 1957 is hereby repealed.
- \*[5.]\* \*4.\* This act shall take effect immediately.