LEGISLATIVE HISTORY OF R.S.40:55-1.20 (Conditions to be required in acting upon Plats; Reservation of location and extent of School sites, Public parks and Playgrounds)

4

L.1953 - chap.433 - S22#, 620

Mar.16 - Introduced by McCay.

Apr.13 - Passed Senate.

June 22 - Passed Assembly, amended.

June 25 - Assembly amendment passed in Senate.

Aug.17 - Returned to Senate by Governor for reconsideration and amendment as recommended.

Sept.10 - Re-enacted with recommended amendment in both Senate and Assembly.

Sept.18 - Approved, chapter 433.

Statement on Bill.

S223 is a companion bill to S224 (copy of S223 enclosed) Sept.18 - S223 approved chap.434.

Hearings

No additional material on this act was located in Hearings.

GVB/EH Encl.

SENATE, No. 224

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED MARCH 16, 1953

By Mr. McCAY

Referred to Committee on Counties and Municipalities

- An Acr concerning municipalities in relation to municipal planning, repealing sections 40:55-1 to 40:55-21, inclusive, and supplementing chapter fifty-five of Title 40 of the Revised Statutes.
- 1 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New 2 Jersey:
- This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Municipal Planning
 Act (1953)."
- 1 2. As used in this act:
- 2 "Municipality" means any city, borough, town, township or village.
- 3 "Mayor" means the elected official who serves as the chief executive of
- 4 the municipality, whatever his official designation may be.
- 5 "Governing body" means the chief legislative body of the municipality.
- 6 In cities having a board of public works "governing body" means such 7 board.
- 8 "Plat" means the map of a subdivision.
- 9 "Subdivision" means the division of a lot, tract, or parcel of land into
- 10 two or more lots, sites or other divisions of land for the purpose, whether im-
- 11 mediate or future, of sale or building development; except that the follow-
- 12 ing divisions shall not be considered subdivisions within the meaning of
- 13 this act; provided, however, that no new streets or roads are involved:
- 14 divisions of land for agricultural purposes where the resulting parcels are



15 three acres or larger in size, divisions of property by testamentary or 16 intestate provisions, divisions of property upon court order or divisions of 17 property into no more than three lots among members of a family. Sub-18 division also includes resubdivision, and where appropriate to the context, 19 relates to the process of subdividing or to the lands or territory divided.

"Performance guarantee" means any security which may be accepted 21 under section twenty-two of this act in lieu of a requirement that certain 22 improvements be made before the planning board or other approving body 23 approves a plat, including performance bonds, escrow agreements, and other 24 similar collateral or surety agreements.

"Street" means any street, avenue, boulevard, road, lane, parkway, 26 viaduct, alley or other way which is an existing State, county, or municipal 27 roadway, or a street or way shown upon a plat heretofore approved pursuant 28 to law or approved by official action as provided in section seventeen of 29 this act or a street or way on a plat duly filed and recorded in the office of 30 the county recording officer prior to the appointment of a planning board 31 and the grant to such board of the power to review plats, and includes the 32 land between the street lines, whether improved or unimproved, and may 33 comprise pavement, shoulders, gutters, sidewalks, parking areas and other 34 areas within the street lines.

"Official map" means a map adopted in accordance with the Official Map
and Building Permit Act (1953). Such a map shall be deemed to be condusive with respect to the location and width of the streets, public parks and
playgrounds, and drainage rights-of-way shown thereon.

"Master plan" means a composite of the mapped and written proposals
to recommending the physical development of the municipality which shall have
the been duly adopted by the planning board under section ten of this act.

"Drainage right-of-way" means the lands required for the installation
43 of storm water sewers or drainage ditches, or required along a natural
44 stream or watercourse for preserving the channel and providing for the flow

 $_{45}$ of water therein to safeguard the public against flood damage in accordance $_{46}$ with chapter one of Title 58 of the Revised Statutes.

- "Circulation" means provision for the movement of people, goods, water, 48 sewage, or power by means of streets, highways, railways, waterways, air-49 ways, pipes, conduits, or other means, and including facilities for transit, 50 transportation and communication.
- 3. This act shall be construed most favorably to municipalities, its in-2 tention being to give all municipalities the fullest and most complete powers 3 possible concerning the subject matter hereof.
- Should any section or provision of this act be held to be unconstitu-5 tional or invalid, such determination shall not affect the constitutionality or 6 validity of the remainder hereof.
- The governing body may by ordinance grant any of the powers exercis8 able by a planning board to a planning board to be created under section
 9 four of this act, but no particular power may be exercised until expressly
 10 granted by ordinance and until compliance is made with the conditions, stand11 ards, procedures and regulations enumerated in the sections describing such
 12 power.
- 4. The governing body may by ordinance create a planning board of not 2 less than five nor more than nine members. The members shall consist of, 3 and be divided into, for convenience in designating the manner of appoint-4 ment, the four following classes:
- 5 Class I-mayor.
- 6 Class II—one of the officials of the municipality to be appointed
- 7 by the mayor.
- 8 Class III—a member of the governing body to be appointed by it.
- 9 Class IV—other citizens of the municipality to be appointed by the
- 10 mayor.
- When the board consists of less than seven members Class II shall be 12 omitted. All members of the board shall serve without compensation, and the 13 members of Class IV shall hold no other municipal office, except that one of

14 such members may be a member of the zoning board of adjustment and one
15 may be a member of the board of education. The terms of the members
16 composing Classes I and III shall correspond to their respective official
17 tenures. The term of the member composing Class II shall terminate with
18 the term of the mayor appointing him. The term of one member of Class IV
19 first appointed shall expire at the end of each year beginning at the end of
20 the first year. Thereafter the term of each shall be the same number of years
21 as there are members of Class IV on the board. If a vacancy in any class
22 shall occur otherwise than by expiration of term, it shall be filled by appoint
23 ment as above provided for the unexpired term. No member of the plan24 ning board shall be permitted to act on any matter in which he has, either
25 directly or indirectly, any personal or financial interest. Members may, after
26 a public hearing, be removed for inefficiency, neglect of duty, or malfeas27 ance in office by the officer or body appointing them.

- 5. The planning board shall elect a chairman from the members of Class IV and create and fill such other offices as it may determine. It may employ experts and a staff, and pay for their services and for such other expenses as may be necessary and proper, not exceeding in all, exclusive of 5 gifts, the amount appropriated by the governing body for its use.
- 6. The governing body of any municipality creating a planning board shall appropriate in the same manner as other appropriations are made, such money as in its discretion is necessary for the work of the planning board for the year for which the appropriation is made. The amount so appropriated shall be assessed, levied and collected in the same manner as 6 moneys appropriated for other current expenses in the municipality.
- 7. Whenever a hearing is required under any section of this chapter before action by a planning board, notice of the hearing shall be published in the official newspaper of the municipality or in a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality at least ten days prior to the hearing. In cases dealing with plat approval, notice of the hearing shall be mailed at least five

6 days prior thereto, addressed to the owners, as their names appear on the 7 municipal tax record, of adjoining property and property directly across the 8 street or streets from the property involved.

- The notice of hearing shall contain a brief description of the property 10 involved, a statement as to its location, a list of the maps and other docu11 ments to be considered, and a summary statement of the matters to be heard.
 12 Copies of the maps and other documents to be considered at the hearing shall 13 be filed in the office of the municipal clerk. Such copies shall be made available at such office for public inspection.
- Minutes of every such hearing shall be kept and shall include the names 16 of the persons appearing and addressing the board, and of the persons who 17 appear by attorney, agent or other representative, the action taken by the 18 board, the findings, if any, made by it and the reasons therefor. The minutes 19 shall thereafter be made available for inspection at the office of the munici-20 pal clerk. The failure of the planning board or the secretary thereof to 21 make a record of or file with the municipal clerk such minutes shall not be 22 a ground for setting aside the action of the planning board, provided such 23 action was duly recorded in the records of the planning board and such 24 record is made available upon request, to any person or persons desiring to 25 examine such record.
- 8. Wherever there is a planning board, such board shall have the addi-2 tional authority and duty of acting as the zoning commission under article 3 three of chapter fifty-five of Title 40 of the Revised Statutes.
- 9. After the appointment of a planning board, the mayor may appoint one or more persons as a citizens' advisory committee to assist or collabo3 rate with the planning board in its duties, but such person or persons shall have no power to vote or the other action required of the board. Such person or persons shall serve at the pleasure of the mayor.
- 1 10. The planning board may prepare, and after public hearing, adopt, 2 and from time to time amend, a master plan for the physical development of 3 the municipality which generally shall comprise land use, circulation, and a re-

4 port presenting the objectives, assumptions, standards and principals which 5 are embodied in the various interlocking portions of the master plan. The 6 master plan shall be a composite of the one or more mapped and written pro7 posals recommending the physical development of the municipality which 8 the planning board shall have adopted either as a whole or severally after 9 public hearing. Such master plan may include proposals for various stages 10 in the future development of the municipality.

1 11. In scope the master plan may cover proposals for: (a) the use of 2 land and buildings—residential, commercial, industrial, mining, agricultural, 3 park, and other like matters; (b) services—water supply, utilities, sewer-4 age, and other like matters; (c) transportation—streets, parking, public 5 transit, freight facilities, airports, and other like matters; (d) housing—6 residential standards, slum clearance and redevelopment, and other like matters; (e) conservation—water, forest, soil, flood control, and other like matters; (f) public and semipublic facilities—civic center, schools, libraries, 9 parks, playgrounds, fire houses, police structures, hospitals, and other like 10 matters; (g) the distribution and density of population; (h) other elements 11 of municipal growth and development.

The master plan may include in its scope areas outside the boundaries of the municipality which the planning board deems to bear an essential relation to the planning of the municipality. The studies in connection with the master plan shall be conducted wherever possible with the co-operation of adjacent planning agencies.

1 12. In the preparation of the master plan the planning board shall give 2 due consideration to the probable ability of the municipality to carry out, 3 over a period of years, the various public or quasi-public projects embraced 4 in the plan without the imposition of unreasonable francial burdens.

In such preparation, the planning board shall cause to be made careful and comprehensive surveys and studies of present conditions and the prospects for future growth of the municipality. The master plan shall be made with the general purpose of guiding and accomplishing a co-ordinated, ad-

9 justed and harmonious development of the municipality and its environs 10 which will, in accordance with present and future needs, best promote health, 11 safety, morals, order, convenience, prosperity and general welfare, as well as 12 efficiency and economy in the process of development and the maintenance of 13 property values previously established. To such end, the master plan shall 14 also include adequate provision for traffic and recreation, the promotion of 15 safety from fire and other dangers, adequate provision for light and air, 16 the promotion of good civic design and arrangements, the wise and efficient 17 expenditure of public funds, and adequate provision for public utilities and 18 other public requirements.

1 3. Whenever the planning board after public hearing shall have adopted 2 any portion of the master plan, the governing body or other public agency 3 having jurisdiction over the subject matter, before taking action necessitating the expenditure of any public funds, incidental to the location, character or extent of one or more projects thereof, shall refer action involving 6 such specific project or projects to the planning board for review and recomfa mendation, and shall not act thereon without such recommendation or until 7 forty-five days after such reference have elapsed without such recommendation. This requirement shall apply to action by a housing, parking, high-9 way or other authority, redevelopment agency, school board, or other sim-10 ilar public agency, Federal, State, county or municipal.

The governing body may by ordinance provide for the reference of any 12 other matter or class of matters to the planning board before final action 13 thereon by the public body or officer having final authority thereon, with or 14 without the provision that final action thereon shall not be taken until the 15 planning board has submitted its report, or until a specified period of time 16 has elapsed without such report having been made.

Whenever the planning board, pursuant to this act shall have made a 18 recommendation to another body, such recommendation may be overridden 19 only by a majority of the full membership of such other body.

The planning board shall have full power and authority to make such

21 investigations, maps and reports and recommendations in connection there-22 with relating to the planning and physical development of the municipality 23 as it deems desirable.

- 1 14. The governing body may by ordinance provide for the regulation of 2 subdivisions within the municipality by requiring the approval of the govern-3 ing body, by resolution, of all plats after favorable referral by the planning 4 board before such plats may be filed with the county recording officer and may 5 authorize and empower the planning board to review plats in accordance with 6 regulations, requirements and standards established by the governing body 7 and may further fix filing fees to be paid for by any applicant for subdivision 8 approval.
- In any ordinance creating a planning board or in any amendment or supplement thereto, provision may be made for the regulation of subdivisions within the municipality by approval of the planning board acting in lieu of the governing body of all plats before such plats may be filed with the county recording officer, provided such ordinance regulating subdivisions establishes regulations, requirements, and standards for plat approval by the planning board. If such power of approval is granted to the planning board, the procedures of the planning board under this act shall be required in connection with such approval, and the signature of the chairman of the planning board shall have the same force as the signature of the mayor.
- Any such ordinance may exempt from the requirement of local municipal approval, subdivisions wherein the number of new lots is less than a designated number, or plats that do not involve new streets, or such other classes of subdivisions as such ordinance shall designate. In all cases involving such exempted subdivisions, the mayor or planning board chairman, as the case may be, and the municipal clerk shall certify the exemption on the plat, deed, or instrument to be filed with the county recording officer.
- 1 15. A planning board may be empowered by the subdivision ordinance to 2 waive full notice and hearing and favorable referral by a majority of the 3 board on a subdivision if no new street is shown and if a subdivision com-

4 mittee of the planning board appointed by the chairman with the approval of 5 the board unanimously find no cause for review by the entire board or for un-6 favorable action upon the subdivision and such finding shall be deemed to be 7 favorable approval or referral by the planning board.

Before the planning board may take the action of favorable referral and 8 9 the governing body may approve subdivisions or before a planning board may 10 be authorized to grant final approval, the governing body shall adopt by ordi-11 nance, standards for approving the design of subdivisions and the required 12 street improvements, requirements for the submission of subdivision plats, 13 and the procedure to be followed by subdividers. Where there is a municipal 14 zoning ordinance, the standards in the subdivision ordinance with respect to 15 minimum lot sizes and lot area requirements shall be identical with the pro-16 visions of the zoning ordinance. Where a zoning ordinance contains no such 17 provisions or where there is no such ordinance, the standards including 18 minimum lot sizes and lot area requirements shall be specified in the sub-19 division ordinance. Copies of the subdivision ordinance and regulations 20 shall be made available to the public and shall be filed with the county re-21 cording officer. A reasonable charge may be made for such copies. A plat 22 shall be deemed to have been submitted when an application for approval has 23 been delivered to the municipal clerk in conformance with the printed require-24 ments governing the submission of subdivision plats.

- 1 16. Plats shall conform with the standards prescribed by chapter twenty-2 three of Title 46 of the Revised Statutes and any applicable ordinance not 3 inconsistent therewith.
- 1 17. No plat shall be accepted for filing by the county recording officer 2 until it has been approved by the governing body or the planning board, as 3 the case may be, if such approval is required by local ordinance, and such 4 approval has been endorsed on the instrument in such manner as the govern-5 ing body may designate.
- It shall be the duty of the county recording officer to notify the planning board in writing within three days of the filing of any plat approved by the

8 governing body or planning board, identifying such plat by its title, date of 9 filing, and official number.

1 18. The planning board, after hearing, may approve the plat, if so au2 thorized, or may recommend approval by giving favorable referral to the
3 governing body or may disapprove such plat. If the planning board disap4 proves any plat, the findings and reasons for such disapproval shall be
5 stated upon the records of the planning board and the applicant shall be
6 given a copy. If the planning board requires any substantial amendment in
7 the layout of improvements proposed by the subdivider that have been the
8 subject of a hearing, an amended plat must be submitted, and proceeded
9 upon as in the case of the original plat.

Where approval of a plat, map or plan of land is required by any officer 11 or body of a municipality, including a board of health under the provisions of 12 any other law or ordinance, such approval shall be certified on the plat 13 before the final plat shall be approved as a prerequisite to its acceptance for 14 filing by the county recording officer.

The planning board shall take action under this section within forty-five days after the submission of the final plat for approval, or within such further time as the applying party may agree to. Otherwise such plat shall be deemed to have been given favorable approval or referral to the governing body, and the certificate of the municipal clerk as to the date of the submission of the plat for approval or referral and as to the failure of the planning board to report action thereon within the aforesaid forty-five days or 22 such further time as agreed to by the applying party shall be issued on re-23 quest of the owner or his agent and shall be sufficient, in lieu of the written 24 endorsement or other evidence of favorable approval or referral herein 25 required.

Pollowing favorable referral by the planning board where referral is 27 required, the plat shall be submitted to the governing body for approval. 28 The governing body shall take action under this section not later than the 29 second regular meeting after the planning board submits the plat to the 30 manicipal clerk for transmission to the governing body, or within such 31 further time as the applying party may agree to. Otherwise such plat shall 32 be deemed to have been approved, and the certificate of the municipal clerk 33 as to the date of the submission of the plat for approval by the governing 34 body, and as to the failure of the governing body to act thereon not later 35 than the second regular meeting or such further time as agreed to by the 36 applying party, shall be issued on request of the owner or his agent and 37 shall be sufficient, in lieu of the written endorsement or other evidence of 33 approval herein required. If the governing body disapproves any plat, the 39 findings and reasons for such action shall be stated upon the records of the 40 governing body, and the applicant shall be given a copy.

- The governing body or the planning board, as the case may be, may tentatively approve a plat showing new streets or roads or the resubdivision of land along a mapped street. This tentative approval shall confer upon the applicant the following rights for a three-year period from the date of the tentative approval:
- 46 (1) that the general terms and conditions upon which the tentative approval was granted will not be changed.
- 48 (2) that the said applicant may submit on or before the expiration
 49 date the whole or part or parts of said plat for final approval.
- The final approval by the governing body or the planning board, as the 51 case may be, of a plat showing a new street or the resubdivision of land 52 along a mapped street shall expire ninety days from the date of such approval, unless within the period such plat shall have been duly filed by the 54 owner or his agent with the county recording officer. The governing body 55 for good cause shown may extend the time for plat filing for a period not to 56 exceed ninety days.
- 1 19. If the owner of any land proposed to be subdivided shall be 2 aggrieved by the action of the planning board, appeal in writing to 3 the governing body may be taken within ten days after the date

4 of the action of the planning board. A hearing thereon shall be had on notice 5 to all parties in interest, who shall be afforded an opportunity to be heard. 6 After such hearing the governing body may affirm or reverse the action of 7 the planning board by a recorded vote of a majority of the total members 8 thereof. The findings and reasons for the disposition of the appeal shall be 9 stated on the records of the governing body, and the applying party shall 10 be given a copy.

11 Nothing in this act shall be construed to restrict the right of any party

20. In acting upon plats the planning board shall require, among other conditions in the public interest, that the tract shall be adequately drained, and the streets shall be of sufficient width and suitable grade and suitably located to accommodate the prospective traffic, to provide access for fire-fighting equipment to buildings and to be co-ordinated so as to compose a convenient system, conforming to the official map, or if there is no official map, relating properly to the existing street system. Where the planning board after hearing has adopted portions of the master plan with proposals regarding the street system within the proposed subdivision, the board may require that the street shown conform in design and in width to the proposals shown on the master plan. No street of a width greater than fifty feet within the right-of-way lines may be required unless said street already has been shown on such master plan at the greater width, or already

The planning agency shall further require that all lots shown on the lots shall be adaptable for the intended purposes without danger to health or peril from flood, fire, erosion, or other menace.

14 has been shown in greater width on the official map.

If portions of the master plan contain proposals for drainage rights-of-19 way, schools, parks, or playgrounds within the proposed subdivision or in its 20 vicinity, or if standards for the allocation of portions of subdivisions for 21 drainage rights-of-way, school sites, park and playground purposes have 22 been adopted, before approving subdivisions the planning board may further 23 require that such drainage rights-of-way, school sites, parks or playgrounds 24 be shown in locations and of sizes suitable to their intended uses. The gov-25 erning body or the planning board shall be permitted to reserve the location 26 and extent of school sites, public parks and playgrounds shown on the 27 master plan or any part thereof for a period of one year after the approval 28 of the final plat or within such further time as agreed to by the applying 29 party. Unless during such one-year period or extension thereof the municipal-30 ity shall have entered into a contract to purchase or instituted condemnation 31 proceedings according to law, for said school site, park or playground, the 32 subdivider shall not be bound by the proposals for such areas shown on the 33 master plan. This provision shall not apply to the streets and roads or 34 drainage rights-of-way required for final approval of any plat and deemed 35 essential to the public welfare.

- 21. Before final approval of plats the governing body may require, in 2 accordance with the standards adopted by ordinance, the installation, or the 3 furnishing of a performance guarantee in lieu thereof, of any or all of the 4 following improvements it may deem to be necessary or appropriate: street 5 grading, pavement, gutters, curbs, sidewalks, street lighting, shade trees, 6 surveyor's monuments, water mains, culverts, storm sewers, sanitary sewers 7 or other means of sewage disposal, drainage structures, and such other sub-8 division improvements as the municipal governing body may find necessary 9 in the public interest.
- 22. The governing body may accept adequate performance guarantees for the purpose of assuring improvements, as provided in section twenty-3 one of this act and section three of the Official Map and Building Permit 4 Act (1953).
- The amount of any performance guarantee may be reduced by the gov-6 erning body by resolution when portions of the improvements have been 7 completed, and the time allowed for installation of the improvements for which 8 the performance guarantee has been provided may be extended by said body 9 by resolution.

If the required improvements shall not have been installed in accord-11 ance with the performance guarantee, the obligor and surety, if any, shall be 12 liable thereon to the municipality for the reasonable cost of the improve-13 ments not installed and upon the receipt of the proceeds thereof the munici-14 pality shall install such improvements.

23. If, before approval or favorable referral and approval have been betained, any person transfers or sells or agrees to sell, as owner or agent, any land which forms a part of a subdivision which, by ordinance, the planning board or the planning board and the governing body are required to act, such person shall be subject to a fine not to exceed two hundred dollars (\$200.00) or to imprisonment for not more than thirty days and each parcel, plot or lot so disposed of shall be deemed a separate violation.

- In addition to the foregoing, if the streets in the subdivision are not such that a structure on said land in the subdivision would meet the requirements for a building permit under section three of the Official Map and Building Permit Act (1953) the municipality may institute and maintain a civil action:
- 12 (1) For injunctive relief.
- 13 (2) To set aside and invalidate any conveyance made pursuant to such a
 14 contract or sale if a certificate of compliance has not been issued in accordance
 15 with section twenty-four of this act, but only if the municipality has a plan16 ning board or a committee thereof with power to act and which
- 17 (a) meets regularly on a monthly or more frequent basis, and
- (b) whose governing body has adopted standards and procedures in
 accordance with section twenty of this act.

In any such action the transferee, purchaser or grantee shall be entitled 21 to a lien upon the portion of the land from which the subdivision was made 22 that remains in the possession of the subdivider or his assigns or successors, 23 to secure the return of any deposit made, or purchase price paid, and also a 24 reasonable search fee, survey expense and title closing expense, if any. Any 25 such action must be brought within two years after the date of the recording 26 of the instrument of transfer, sale or conveyance of said land, or within six 27 years if unrecorded.

- 24. The prospective purchaser, prospective mortgagee, or any other per2 son interested in any land which forms part of a subdivision, or which, since
 3 the thirteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and fifty-one, formed
 4 part of such a subdivision, may apply in writing to the proper official or, if
 5 said official is unknown to the applicant, then to the clerk of the municipality,
 6 for the issuance of a certificate certifying whether or not such subdivision has
 7 been approved by the planning board or governing body. Such application
 8 shall contain a diagram showing the location and dimension of the land to be
 9 covered by the certificate, and the name of the owner thereof.
- The governing body of the municipality shall, by resolution, designate the municipal clerk, municipal engineer or some other official as the official who shall make and issue such certificates, and the official so designated shall issue such certificate within fifteen days after the receipt of such written application and the fees therefor. Said officials shall keep a duplicate copy of each certificate, consecutively numbered, including a statement of the fees therefor, including a statement of the fees therefor.
- 17 Each such certificate shall be designated a "certificate as to approval of 18 subdivision of land," and shall certify:
- a. Whether there exists in said municipality a duly established planning 20 board which meets regularly on a monthly or more frequent basis and 21 whether there is an ordinance controlling subdivisions of land, adopted under 22 the authority of this act.
- b. Whether the subdivision or resubdivision, as it relates to the land shown in said application, has been approved by the planning board or governing body, and, if so, the date of such approval.
- 26 c. Whether such subdivision or resubdivision, if the same has not been27 approved, is exempt from the requirement of approval as provided in this act.
- The official designated shall be entitled to demand and receive for each such certificate issued by him a reasonable fee, not in excess of those provided in sections fourteen and fifteen of chapter five of Title 54 of the Revised Statutes. The fees so collected by such official shall be paid by him to the municipality.

25. Any person who shall acquire for a valuable consideration an in-2 terest in the lands covered by any such certificate of approval of a sub-3 division in reliance upon the information therein contained shall hold such 4 interest free of any right, remedy or action which could be prosecuted or 5 maintained by the municipality pursuant to the provisions of section twenty-6 three of this act.

If the official designated to make and issue any such certificate fails to 8 issue the same within fifteen days after receipt of an application and the 9 fees therefor, any person acquiring an interest in the lands described in 10 such application shall hold such interest free of any right, remedy or action 11 which could be prosecuted or maintained by the municipality pursuant to 12 the provisions of section twenty-three of this act.

Any such application addressed to the municipal clerk of the municipality shall be deemed to be addressed to the proper designated official and the mu15 nicipality shall be bound thereby to the same extent as though the same 16 was addressed to the designated official.

26. This act shall apply only to municipalities having a planning board 18 or that create such a board in accordance with the provisions as outlined 19 herein.

27. Any municipal planning board created under the authority of law prior to the adoption of this act shall be continued by this act, and the mem3 bers appointed to said board shall continue in office until the completion of their terms, unless sooner terminated, and any action previously taken by said planning board shall be deemed to continue in full force and effect ex6 cept as hereinafter in this section provided.

All rules and regulations adopted by planning boards under the au8 thority of law regulating subdivision of lands shall continue in effect until
9 July first, one thousand nine hundred and fifty-four, unless prior thereto
10 the governing body of the municipality shall have adopted an ordinance pur11 suant to sections fourteen to twenty-three, inclusive, of this act, in which

12 event such rules and regulations shall cease to be in effect upon the date 13 such ordinance becomes effective.

- 28. Sections 40:55-1 to 40:55-21, both inclusive, of the Revised Statutes 2 are repealed.
- 29. This act shall take effect July first, one thousand nine hundred and 2 fifty-three.



This bill is a companion bill to VV' and . It is a direct result of the Governor's veto message in connection with Assembly Bill No. 463 of 1952, wherein he suggested that the planning enabling act be revised comprehensively, This is a co-operative bill for that revision prepared by representatives of the New Jersey Municipal Attorneys Institute, New Jersey Municipal Engineers Association, New Jersey Home Builders Society, New Jersey Real Estate Association, New Jersey Society of Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors, New Jersey State Federation of Official Planning Boards, the State Department of Health and the State Department of Conservation and

This revision removes conflicting, vague and contradictory elements in present legislation and at the same time corrects procedures of questionable legality. It strengthens the planning statutes and clarifies the responsibility of planning boards. It adheres to the principle of home rule and provides an entirely permissive set of legislation. Together, this and the companion bills will give a closely related set of legislation for the equitable control of land development.

Economic Development.

SENATE, No. 224

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15 three acres or larger in size, divisions of property by testamentary or 16 intestate provisions, divisions of property upon court order or divisions of 17 property into no more than three lots among members of a family. Sub-18 division also includes resubdivision, and where appropriate to the context, 19 relates to the process of subdividing or to the lands or territory divided.

"Performance guarantee" means any security which may be accepted under section twenty-two of this act in lieu of a requirement that certain improvements be made before the planning board or other approving body approves a plat, including performance bonds, escrow agreements, and other similar collateral or surety agreements.

"Street" means any street, avenue, boulevard, road, lane, parkway, 26 viaduct, alley or other way which is an existing State, county, or municipal 27 roadway, or a street or way shown upon a plat heretofore approved pursuant 28 to law or approved by official action as provided in section seventeen of 29 this act or a street or way on a plat duly filed and recorded in the office of 30 the county recording officer prior to the appointment of a planning board 31 and the grant to such board of the power to review plats, and includes the 32 land between the street lines, whether improved or unimproved, and may 33 comprise pavement, shoulders, gutters, sidewalks, parking areas and other 34 areas within the street lines.

"Official map" means a map adopted in accordance with the Official Map 36 and Building Permit Act (1953). Such a map shall be deemed to be con37 clusive with respect to the location and width of the streets, public parks and 38 playgrounds, and drainage rights-of-way shown thereon.

"Master plan" means a composite of the mapped and written proposals
to recommending the physical development of the municipality which shall have
the been duly adopted by the planning board under section ten of this act.

"Drainage right-of-way" means the lands required for the installation
does not storm water sewers or drainage ditches, or required along a natural
stream or watercourse for preserving the channel and providing for the flow

45 of water therein to safeguard the public against flood damage in accordance 46 with chapter one of Title 58 of the Revised Statutes.

- "Circulation" means provision for the movement of people, goods, water, 48 sewage, or power by means of streets, highways, railways, waterways, air-49 ways, pipes, conduits, or other means, and including facilities for transit, 50 transportation and communication.
- 3. This act shall be construed most favorably to municipalities, its in-2 tention being to give all municipalities the fullest and most complete powers 3 possible concerning the subject matter hereof.
- Should any section or provision of this act be held to be unconstitu-5 tional or invalid, such determination shall not affect the constitutionality or 6 validity of the remainder hereof.
- The governing body may by ordinance grant any of the powers exercis8 able by a planning board to a planning board to be created under section
 9 four of this act, but no particular power may be exercised until expressly
 10 granted by ordinance and until compliance is made with the conditions, stand11 ards, procedures and regulations enumerated in the sections describing such
 12 power.
- 4. The governing body may by ordinance create a planning board of not 2 less than five nor more than nine members. The members shall consist of, 3 and be divided into, for convenience in designating the manner of appoint-4 ment, the four following classes:
- 5 Class I—mayor.
- 6 Class II—one of the officials of the municipality to be appointed
- 7 by the mayor.
- 8 Class III—a member of the governing body to be appointed by it.
- 9 Class IV—other citizens of the municipality to be appointed by the
- 10 mayor.
- When the board consists of less than seven members Class II shall be 12 omitted. All members of the board shall serve without compensation, and the 13 members of Class IV shall hold no other municipal office, except that one of

such members may be a member of the zoning board of adjustment and one may be a member of the board of education. The terms of the members composing Classes I and III shall correspond to their respective official tenures. The term of the member composing Class II shall terminate with the term of the mayor appointing him. The term of one member of Class IV first appointed shall expire at the end of each year beginning at the end of the first year. Thereafter the term of each shall be the same number of years as there are members of Class IV on the board. If a vacancy in any class hall occur otherwise than by expiration of term, it shall be filled by appoint ment as above provided for the unexpired term. No member of the plantal plantal plantal permitted to act on any matter in which he has, either directly or indirectly, any personal or financial interest. Members may, after a public hearing, be removed for inefficiency, neglect of duty, or malfeastories in office by the officer or body appointing them.

- 5. The planning board shall elect a chairman from the members of Class IV and create and fill such other offices as it may determine. It may em3 ploy experts and a staff, and pay for their services and for such other ex4 penses as may be necessary and proper, not exceeding in all, exclusive of 5 gifts, the amount appropriated by the governing body for its use.
- 6. The governing body of any municipality creating a planning board shall appropriate in the same manner as other appropriations are made, such money as in its discretion is necessary for the work of the planning board for the year for which the appropriation is made. The amount so appropriated shall be assessed, levied and collected in the same manner as 6 moneys appropriated for other current expenses in the municipality.
- 7. Whenever a hearing is required under any section of this chapter before action by a planning board, notice of the hearing shall be published in the official newspaper of the municipality or in a newspaper of general cir-4 culation in the municipality at least ten days prior to the hearing. In cases dealing with plat approval, notice of the hearing shall be mailed at least five

6 days prior thereto, addressed to the owners, as their names appear on the 7 municipal tax record, of adjoining property and property directly across the 8 street or streets from the property involved.

- The notice of hearing shall contain a brief description of the property 10 involved, a statement as to its location, a list of the maps and other docu11 ments to be considered, and a summary statement of the matters to be heard.
 12 Copies of the maps and other documents to be considered at the hearing shall 13 be filed in the office of the municipal clerk. Such copies shall be made avail14 able at such office for public inspection.
- Minutes of every such hearing shall be kept and shall include the names 16 of the persons appearing and addressing the board, and of the persons who 17 appear by attorney, agent or other representative, the action taken by the 18 board, the findings, if any, made by it and the reasons therefor. The minutes 19 shall thereafter be made available for inspection at the office of the munici-20 pal clerk. The failure of the planning board or the secretary thereof to 21 make a record of or file with the municipal clerk such minutes shall not be 22 a ground for setting aside the action of the planning board, provided such 23 action was duly recorded in the records of the planning board and such 24 record is made available upon request, to any person or persons desiring to 25 examine such record.
 - 8. Wherever there is a planning board, such board shall have the addi-2 tional authority and duty of acting as the zoning commission under article 3 three of chapter lifty-five of Title 40 of the Revised Statutes.
 - 9. After the appointment of a planning board, the mayor may appoint 2 one or more persons as a citizens' advisory committee to assist or collabo3 rate with the planning board in its duties, but such person or persons shall 4 have no power to vote or take other action required of the board. Such person or persons shall serve at the pleasure of the mayor.
 - 1 10. The planning board may prepare, and after public hearing, adopt,
 2 and from time to time amend, a master plan for the physical development of
 3 the municipality which generally shall comprise land use, circulation, and a re-

4 port presenting the objectives, assumptions, standards and principals which 5 are embodied in the various interlocking portions of the master plan. The 6 master plan shall be a composite of the one or more mapped and written pro7 posals recommending the physical development of the municipality which 8 the planning board shall have adopted either as a whole or severally after 9 public hearing. Such master plan may include proposals for various stages 10 in the future development of the municipality.

1 11. In scope the master plan may cover proposals for: (a) the use of 2 land and buildings—residential, commercial, industrial, mining, agricultural, 3 park, and other like matters; (b) services—water supply, utilities, sewer-4 age, and other like matters; (c) transportation—streets, parking, public 5 transit, freight facilities, airports, and other like matters; (d) housing—6 residential standards, slum clearance and redevelopment, and other like matters; (e) conservation—water, forest, soil, flood control, and other like matters; (f) public and semipublic facilities—civic center, schools, libraries, 9 parks, playgrounds, fire houses, police structures, hospitals, and other like 10 matters; (g) the distribution and density of population; (h) other elements 11 of municipal growth and development.

The master plan may include in its scope areas outside the boundaries of the municipality which the planning board deems to bear an essential relation to the planning of the municipality. The studies in connection with the master plan shall be conducted wherever possible with the co-operation of adjacent planning agencies.

- 1 12. In the preparation of the master plan the planning board shall give 2 due consideration to the probable ability of the municipality to carry out, 3 over a period of years, the various public or quasi-public projects embraced 4 in the plan without the imposition of unreasonable financial burdens.
- In such preparation, the planning board shall cause to be made careful and comprehensive surveys and studies of present conditions and the prospects for future growth of the municipality. The master plan shall be made with the general purpose of guiding and accomplishing a co-ordinated, ad-

9 justed and harmonious development of the municipality and its environs 10 which will, in accordance with present and future needs, best promote health, 11 safety, morals, order, convenience, prosperity and general welfare, as well as 12 efficiency and economy in the process of development and the maintenance of 13 property values previously established. To such end, the master plan shall 14 also include adequate provision for traffic and recreation, the promotion of 15 safety from fire and other dangers, adequate provision for light and air, 16 the promotion of good civic design and arrangements, the wise and efficient 17 expenditure of public funds, and adequate provision for public utilities and 18 other public requirements.

1 3. Whenever the planning board after public hearing shall have adopted 2 any portion of the master plan, the governing body or other public agency 3 having jurisdiction over the subject matter, before taking action necessitat-4 ing the expenditure of any public funds, incidental to the location, character or extent of one or more projects thereof, shall refer action involving 6 such specific project or projects to the planning board for review and recommendation, and shall not act thereon without such recommendation or until 7 forty-five days after such reference have elapsed without such recommendation. This requirement shall apply to action by a housing, parking, high-9 way or other authority, redevelopment agency, school board, or other sim-10 ilar public agency, Federal, State, county or municipal.

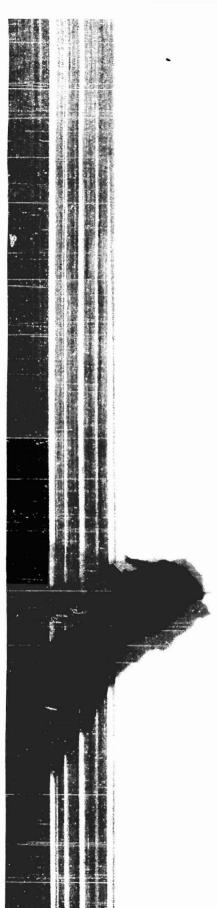
The governing body may by ordinance provide for the reference of any 12 other matter or class of matters to the planning board before final action 13 thereon by the public body or officer having final authority thereon, with or 14 without the provision that final action thereon shall not be taken until the 15 planning board has submitted its report, or until a specified period of time 16 has elapsed without such report having been made.

Whenever the planning board, pursuant to this act shall have made a 18 recommendation to another body, such recommendation may be overridden 19 only by a majority of the full membership of such other body.

20 The planning board shall have full power and authority to make such

21 investigations, maps and reports and recommendations in connection there-22 with relating to the planning and physical development of the municipality 23 as it deems desirable.

- 1 14. The governing body may by ordinance provide for the regulation of 2 subdivisions within the municipality by requiring the approval of the govern-3 ing body, by resolution, of all plats after favorable referral by the planning 4 board before such plats may be filed with the county recording officer and may 5 authorize and empower the planning board to review plats in accordance with 6 regulations, requirements and standards established by the governing body 7 and may further fix filing fees to be paid for by any applicant for subdivision 8 approval.
- In any ordinance creating a planning board or in any amendment or supplement thereto, provision may be made for the regulation of subdivisions within the municipality by approval of the planning board acting in lieu of the governing body of all plats before such plats may be filed with the county recording officer, provided such ordinance regulating subdivisions establishes regulations, requirements, and standards for plat approval by the planning board. If such power of approval is granted to the planning board, the professor of the planning board under this act shall be required in connection with such approval, and the signature of the chairman of the planning board shall have the same force as the signature of the mayor.
- Any such ordinance may exempt from the requirement of local municipal 20 approval, subdivisions wherein the number of new lots is less than a designated number, or plats that do not involve new streets, or such other classes 22 of subdivisions as such ordinance shall designate. In all cases involving such 23 exempted subdivisions, the mayor or planning board chairman, as the case 24 may be, and the municipal clerk shall certify the exemption on the plat, deed, 25 or instrument to be filed with the county recording officer.
- 1 15. A planning board may be empowered by the subdivision ordinance to 2 waive full notice and hearing and favorable referral by a majority of the 3 board on a subdivision if no new street is shown and if a subdivision com-



- 4 mittee of the planning board appointed by the chairman with the approval of 5 the board unanimously find no cause for review by the entire board or for un-6 favorable action upon the subdivision and such finding shall be deemed to be 7 favorable approval or referral by the planning board.
- Before the planning board may take the action of favorable referral and 9 the governing body may approve subdivisions or before a planning board may 10 be authorized to grant final approval, the governing body shall adopt by ordi-11 nance, standards for approving the design of subdivisions and the required 12 street improvements, requirements for the submission of subdivision plats, 13 and the procedure to be followed by subdividers. Where there is a municipal 14 zoning ordinance, the standards in the subdivision ordinance with respect to 15 minimum lot sizes and lot area requirements shall be identical with the pro-16 visions of the zoning ordinance. Where a zoning ordinance contains no such 17 provisions or where there is no such ordinance, the standards including 18 minimum lot sizes and lot area requirements shall be specified in the sub-19 division ordinance. Copies of the subdivision ordinance and regulations 20 shall be made available to the public and shall be filed with the county re-21 cording officer. A reasonable charge may be made for such copies. A plat 22 shall be deemed to have been submitted when an application for approval has 23 been delivered to the municipal clerk in conformance with the printed require-24 ments governing the submission of subdivision plats.
- 1 16. Plats shall conform with the standards prescribed by chapter twenty-2 three of Title 46 of the Revised Statutes and any applicable ordinance not 3 inconsistent therewith.
- 1 17. No plat shall be accepted for filing by the county recording officer
 2 until it has been approved by the governing body or the planning board, as
 3 the case may be, if such approval is required by local ordinance, and such
 4 approval has been endorsed on the instrument in such manner as the govern5 ing body may designate.
- It shall be the duty of the county recording officer to notify the planning board in writing within three days of the filing of any plat approved by the

8 governing body or planning board, identifying such plat by its title, date of 9 filing, and official number.

1 18. The planning board, after hearing, may approve the plat, if so au2 thorized, or may recommend approval by giving favorable referral to the
3 governing body or may disapprove such plat. If the planning board disap4 proves any plat, the findings and reasons for such disapproval shall be
5 stated upon the records of the planning board and the applicant shall be
6 given a copy. If the planning board requires any substantial amendment in
7 the layout of improvements proposed by the subdivider that have been the
8 subject of a hearing, an amended plat must be submitted, and proceeded
9 upon as in the case of the original plat.

Where approval of a plat, map or plan of land is required by any officer 11 or body of a municipality, including a board of health under the provisions of 12 any other law or ordinance, such approval shall be certified on the plat 13 before the final plat shall be approved as a prerequisite to its acceptance for 14 filing by the county recording officer.

The planning board shall take action under this section within forty-five days after the submission of the final plat for approval, or within such further time as the applying party may agree to. Otherwise such plat shall be deemed to have been given favorable approval or referral to the governing body, and the certificate of the municipal clerk as to the date of the submission of the plat for approval or referral and as to the failure of the planning board to report action thereon within the aforesaid forty-five days or 22 such further time as agreed to by the applying party shall be issued on re-23 quest of the owner or his agent and shall be sufficient, in lien of the written 24 endorsement or other evidence of favorable approval or referral herein 25 required.

Following favorable referral by the planning board where referral is 27 required, the plat shall be submitted to the governing body for approval. 28 The governing body shall take action under this section not later than the

29 second regular meeting after the planning board submits the plat to the 30 municipal clerk for transmission to the governing body, or within such 31 further time as the applying party may agree to. Otherwise such plat shall 32 be deemed to have been approved, and the certificate of the municipal clerk 33 as to the date of the submission of the plat for approval by the governing 34 body, and as to the failure of the governing body to act thereon not later 35 than the second regular meeting or such further time as agreed to by the 36 applying party, shall be issued on request of the owner or his agent and 37 shall be sufficient, in lieu of the written endorsement or other evidence of 38 approval herein required. If the governing body disapproves any plat, the 39 findings and reasons for such action shall be stated upon the records of the 40 governing body, and the applicant shall be given a copy.

- The governing body or the planning board, as the case may be, may the tentatively approve a plat showing new streets or roads or the resubdivision of land along a mapped street. This tentative approval shall confer upon the applicant the following rights for a three-year period from the date of the tentative approval:
- 46 (1) that the general terms and conditions upon which the tentative approval was granted will not be changed.
- 48 (2) that the said applicant may submit on or before the expiration 49 date the whole or part or parts of said plat for final approval.
- The final approval by the governing body or the planning board, as the 51 case may be, of a plat showing a new street or the resubdivision of land 52 along a mapped street shall expire ninety days from the date of such approval, unless within the period such plat shall have been duly filed by the 54 owner or his agent with the county recording officer. The governing body 55 for good cause shown may extend the time for plat filing for a period not to 56 exceed ninety days.
 - 1 19. If the owner of any land proposed to be subdivided shall be 2 aggrieved by the action of the planning board, appeal in writing to 3 the governing body may be taken within ten days after the date

4 of the action of the planning board. A hearing thereon shall be had on notice 5 to all parties in interest, who shall be afforded an opportunity to be heard. 6 After such hearing the governing body may affirm or reverse the action of 7 the planning board by a recorded vote of a majority of the total members 8 thereof. The findings and reasons for the disposition of the appeal shall be 9 stated on the records of the governing body, and the applying party shall 10 be given a copy.

11 Nothing in this act shall be construed to restrict the right of any party

12 to obtain a review by any court of competent jurisdiction according to law. 1 20. In acting upon plats the planning board shall require, among other 2 conditions in the public interest, that the tract shall be adequately drained, 3 and the streets shall be of sufficient width and suitable grade and suitably 4 located to accommodate the prospective traffic, to provide access for fire-5 fighting equipment to buildings and to be co-ordinated so as to compose a 6 convenient system, conforming to the official map, or if there is no official 7 map, relating properly to the existing street system. Where the planning 8 board after hearing has adopted portions of the master plan with pro-9 posals regarding the street system within the proposed subdivision, the 10 board may require that the street shown conform in design and in width to 11 the proposals shown on the master plan. No street of a width greater than 12 fifty feet within the right-of-way lines may be required unless said street 13 already has been shown on such master plan at the greater width, or already 14 has been shown in greater width on the official map.

The planning agency shall further require that all lots shown on the lots shall be adaptable for the intended purposes without danger to health or peril from flood, fire, erosion, or other menace.

If portions of the master plan contain proposals for drainage rights-of19 way, schools, parks, or playgrounds within the proposed subdivision or in its
20 vicinity, or if standards for the allocation of portions of subdivisions for
21 drainage rights-of-way, school sites, park and playground purposes have
22 been adopted, before approving subdivisions the planning board may further

23 require that such drainage rights-of-way, school sites, parks or playgrounds
24 be shown in locations and of sizes suitable to their intended uses. The gov25 erning body or the planning board shall be permitted to reserve the location
26 and extent of school sites, public parks and playgrounds shown on the
27 master plan or any part thereof for a period of one year after the approval
28 of the final plat or within such further time as agreed to by the applying
29 party. Unless during such one-year period or extension thereof the municipal30 ity shall have entered into a contract to purchase or instituted condemnation
31 proceedings according to law, for said school site, park or playground, the
32 subdivider shall not be bound by the proposals for such areas shown on the
33 master plan. This provision shall not apply to the streets and roads or
34 drainage rights-of-way required for final approval of any plat and deemed
35 essential to the public welfare.

- 21. Before final approval of plats the governing body may require, in 2 accordance with the standards adopted by ordinance, the installation, or the 3 furnishing of a performance guarantee in lieu thereof, of any or all of the 4 following improvements it may deem to be necessary or appropriate: street 5 grading, pavement, gutters, curbs, sidewalks, street lighting, shade trees, 6 surveyor's monuments, water mains, culverts, storm sewers, sanitary sewers 7 or other means of sewage disposal, drainage structures, and such other sub-8 division improvements as the municipal governing body may find necessary 9 in the public interest.
- 22. The governing body may accept adequate performance guarantees for the purpose of assuring improvements, as provided in section twenty-3 one of this act and section three of the Official Map and Building Permit 4 Act (1953).
- The amount of any performance guarantee may be reduced by the gov-6 erning body by resolution when portions of the improvements have been 7 completed, and the time allowed for installation of the improvements for which 8 the performance guarantee has been provided may be extended by said body 9 by resolution.

If the required improvements shall not have been installed in accord11 ance with the performance guarantee, the obligor and surety, if any, shall be
12 liable thereon to the municipality for the reasonable cost of the improve13 ments not installed and upon the receipt of the proceeds thereof the munici14 pality shall install such improvements.

- 23. If, before approval or favorable referral and approval have been betained, any person transfers or sells or agrees to sell, as owner or agent, any land which forms a part of a subdivision which, by ordinance, the planning board or the planning board and the governing body are required to act, such person shall be subject to a fine not to exceed two hundred dollars (\$200.00) or to imprisonment for not more than thirty days and each parcel, plot or lot so disposed of shall be deemed a separate violation.
- In addition to the foregoing, if the streets in the subdivision are not such that a structure on said land in the subdivision would meet the requirements for a building permit under section three of the Official Map and Building Permit Act (1953) the municipality may institute and maintain a civil action:
- 12 (1) For injunctive relief.
- 13 (2) To set aside and invalidate any conveyance made pursuant to such a
 14 contract or sale if a certificate of compliance has not been issued in accordance
 15 with section twenty-four of this act, but only if the municipality has a plan16 ning board or a committee thereof with power to act and which
- 17 (a) meets regularly on a monthly or more frequent basis, and
- (b) whose governing body has adopted standards and procedures in
 accordance with section twenty of this act.

In any such action the transferee, purchaser or grantee shall be catitled 21 to a lien upon the portion of the land from which the subdivision was made 22 that remains in the possession of the subdivider or his assigns or successors, 23 to secure the return of any deposit made or purchase price paid, and also a 24 reasonable search fee, survey expense and title closing expense, if any. Any 25 such action must be brought within two years after the date of the recording 26 of the instrument of transfer, sale or conveyance of said land, or within six 27 years if unrecorded.

24. The prospective purchaser, prospective mortgagee, or any other per2 son interested in any land which forms part of a subdivision, or which, since
3 the thirteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and fifty-one, formed
4 part of such a subdivision, may apply in writing to the proper official or, if
5 said official is unknown to the applicant, then to the clerk of the municipality,
6 for the issuance of a certificate certifying whether or not such subdivision has
7 been approved by the planning board or governing body. Such application
8 shall contain a diagram showing the location and dimension of the land to be
9 covered by the certificate, and the name of the owner thereof.

The governing body of the municipality shall, by resolution, designate the municipal clerk, municipal engineer or some other official as the official who shall make and issue such certificates, and the official so designated shall issue such certificate within fifteen days after the receipt of such written application and the fees therefor. Said officials shall keep a duplicate copy of cach certificate, consecutively numbered, including a statement of the fees charged, in a binder as a permanent record of his office.

Each such certificate shall be designated a "certificate as to approval of 18 subdivision of land," and shall certify:

a. Whether there exists in said municipality a duly established planning 20 board which meets regularly on a monthly or more frequent basis and 21 whether there is an ordinance controlling subdivisions of land, adopted under 22 the authority of this act.

b. Whether the subdivision or resubdivision, as it relates to the land shown in said application, has been approved by the planning board or governing body, and, if so, the date of such approval.

26 c. Whether such subdivision or resubdivision, if the same has not been 27 approved, is exempt from the requirement of approval as provided in this act.

The official designated shall be entitled to demand and receive for each such certificate issued by him a reasonable fee, not in excess of those provided in sections fourteen and fifteen of chapter five of Title 54 of the Revised Statutes. The fees so collected by such official shall be paid by him to the municipality.

25. Any person who shall acquire for a valuable consideration an in-2 terest in the lands covered by any such certificate of approval of a sub-3 division in reliance upon the information therein contained shall hold such 4 interest free of any right, remedy or action which could be prosecuted or 5 maintained by the municipality pursuant to the provisions of section twenty-6 three of this act.

If the official designated to make and issue any such certificate fails to 8 issue the same within fifteen days after receipt of an application and the 9 fees therefor, any person acquiring an interest in the lands described in 10 such application shall hold such interest free of any right, remedy or action 11 which could be prosecuted or maintained by the municipality pursuant to 12 the provisions of section twenty-three of this act.

Any such application addressed to the municipal clerk of the municipality shall be deemed to be addressed to the proper designated official and the mu15 nicipality shall be bound thereby to the same extent as though the same 16 was addressed to the designated official.

26. This act shall apply only to municipalities having a planning board 18 or that create such a board in accordance with the provisions as outlined 19 herein.

27. Any municipal planning board created under the authority of law prior to the adoption of this act shall be continued by this act, and the members appointed to said board shall continue in office until the completion of their terms, unless sooner terminated, and any action previously taken by said planning board shall be deemed to continue in full force and effect except as hereinafter in this section provided.

All rules and regulations adopted by planning boards under the au8 thority of law regulating subdivision of lands shall continue in effect until
9 July first, one thousand nine hundred and fifty-four, unless prior thereto
10 the governing body of the municipality shall have adopted an ordinance pur11 suant to sections fourteen to twenty-three, inclusive, of this act, in which

- 12 event such rules and regulations shall cease to be in effect upon the date
 13 such ordinance becomes effective.
- 28. Sections 40:55-1 to 40:55-21, both inclusive, of the Revised Statutes 2 are repealed.
- 29. This act shall take effect July first, one thousand nine hundred and 2 fifty-three.

[OFFICIAL COPY REPRINT]

ASSEMBLY AMENDMENTS TO

SENATE, No. 224

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

ADOPTED JUNE 22, 1953

Amend page 2, section 2, line 16, after the comma and before the words "divisions of property upon court order" insert the word "or".

Amend page 2, section 2, lines 16 and 17, strike out after the words "upon court order" the following: "or divisions of property into no more than three lots among members of a family" and insert a period after the words "court order".

Amend page 7, section 13, line 19, add the following sentence: "Whenever such other body shall have overridden a recommendation of the Planning Board such action shall not become final until the governing body shall approve the said action by a majority vote of membership of the governing body."

Amend page 11, section 19, line 1, strike out the entire line and substitute in place thereof the following: "If any person shall be".

Amend page 13, section 22, line 3, strike out the word "three" and insert in place thereof the word "ten".

Amend page 17, section 29, line 1, strike out the word "July" and insert in place thereof the word "January".

Amend page 17, section 29, line 2, strike out the word "fifty-three" and insert in place thereof the word "fifty-four".

SENATE, No. 224

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED MARCH 16, 1953

By Mr. McCAY

Referred to Committee on Counties and Municipalities

An Act concerning municipalities in relation to municipal planning, repealing sections 40:55-1 to 40:55-21, inclusive, and supplementing chapter fifty-five of Title 40 of the Revised Statutes.

- BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New 2 Jersey:
- 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Municipal Planning
- 2 Act (1953)."
- 1 2. As used in this act:
- 2 "Municipality" means any city, borough, town, township or village.
- 3 "Mayor" means the elected official who serves as the chief executive of
- 4 the municipality, whatever his official designation may be.
- 5 "Governing body" means the chief legislative body of the municipality.
- 6 In cities having a board of public works "governing body" means such
- 7 board.
- 8 "Plat" means the map of a subdivision.
- 9 "Subdivision" means the division of a lot, tract, or parcel of land into
- 10 two or more lots, sites or other divisions of land for the purpose, whether im-
- 11 mediate or future, of sale or building development; except that the follow-
- 12 ing divisions shall not be considered subdivisions within the meaning of
- 13 this act; provided, however, that no new streets or roads are involved:
- 14 divisions of land for agricultural purposes where the resulting parcels are



15 three acres or larger in size, divisions of property by testamentary or 16 intestate provisions, or divisions of property upon court order. Subdivision 17 also includes resubdivision, and where appropriate to the context, relates to 18-19 the process of subdividing or to the lands or territory divided.

"Performance guarantee" means any security which may be accepted 21 under section twenty-two of this act in lieu of a requirement that certain 22 improvements be made before the planning board or other approving body 23 approves a plat, including performance bonds, escrow agreements, and other 24 similar collateral or surety agreements.

"Street" means any street, avenue, boulevard, road, lane, parkway, 26 viaduct, alley or other way which is an existing State, county, or municipal 27 roadway, or a street or way shown upon a plat heretofore approved pursuant 28 to law or approved by official action as provided in section seventeen of 29 this act or a street or way on a plat duly filed and recorded in the office of 30 the county recording officer prior to the appointment of a planning board 31 and the grant to such board of the power to review plats, and includes the 32 land between the street lines, whether improved or unimproved, and may 33 comprise pavement, shoulders, gutters, sidewalks, parking areas and other 34 areas within the street lines.

"Official map" means a map adopted in accordance with the Official Map
and Building Permit Act (1953). Such a map shall be deemed to be conclusive with respect to the location and width of the streets, public parks and
playgrounds, and drainage rights-of-way shown thereon.

"Master plan" means a composite of the mapped and written proposals
recommending the physical development of the municipality which shall have
been duly adopted by the planning board under section ten of this act.

"Drainage right-of-way" means the lands required for the installation
43 of storm water sewers or drainage ditches, or required along a natural
44 stream or watercourse for preserving the channel and providing for the flow

45 of water therein to safeguard the public against flood damage in accordance 46 with chapter one of Title 58 of the Revised Statutes.

- "Circulation" means provision for the movement of people, goods, water, 48 sewage, or power by means of streets, highways, railways, waterways, air-49 ways, pipes, conduits, or other means, and including facilities for transit, 50 transportation and communication.
- 3. This act shall be construed most favorably to municipalities, its in-2 tention being to give all municipalities the fullest and most complete powers 3 possible concerning the subject matter hereof.
- 4 Should any section or provision of this act be held to be unconstitu-5 tional or invalid, such determination shall not affect the constitutionality or 6 validity of the remainder hereof.
- The governing body may by ordinance grant any of the powers exercis8 able by a planning board to a planning board to be created under section
 9 four of this act, but no particular power may be exercised until expressly
 10 granted by ordinance and until compliance is made with the conditions, stand11 ards, procedures and regulations enumerated in the sections describing such
 12 power.
- 4. The governing body may by ordinance create a planning board of not 2 less than five nor more than nine members. The members shall consist of, 3 and be divided into, for convenience in designating the manner of appoint-4 ment, the four following classes:
- 5 Class I—mayor.
- 6 Class II—one of the officials of the municipality to be appointed
- 7 by the mayor.
- 8 Class III—a member of the governing body to be appointed by it.
- 9 Class IV—other citizens of the municipality to be appointed by the
- 10 mayor.
- When the board consists of less than seven members Class II shall be 12 omitted. All members of the board shall serve without compensation, and the 13 members of Class IV shall hold no other municipal office, except that one of

14 such members may be a member of the zoning board of adjustment and one
15 may be a member of the board of education. The terms of the members
16 composing Classes I and III shall correspond to their respective official
17 tenures. The term of the member composing Class II shall terminate with
18 the term of the mayor appointing him. The term of one member of Class IV
19 first appointed shall expire at the end of each year beginning at the end of
20 the first year. Thereafter the term of each shall be the same number of years
21 as there are members of Class IV on the board. If a vacancy in any class
22 shall occur otherwise than by expiration of term, it shall be filled by appoint23 ment as above provided for the unexpired term. No member of the plan24 ning board shall be permitted to act on any matter in which he has, either
25 directly or indirectly, any personal or financial interest. Members may, after
26 a public hearing, be removed for inefficiency, neglect of duty, or malfeas27 ance in office by the officer or body appointing them.

- 5. The planning board shall elect a chairman from the members of Class IV and create and fill such other offices as it may determine. It may employ experts and a staff, and pay for their services and for such other expenses as may be necessary and proper, not exceeding in all, exclusive of 5 gifts, the amount appropriated by the governing body for its use.
- 6. The governing body of any municipality creating a planning board shall appropriate in the same manner as other appropriations are made, such money as in its discretion is necessary for the work of the planning board for the year for which the appropriation is made. The amount so appropriated shall be assessed, levied and collected in the same manner as 6 moneys appropriated for other current expenses in the municipality.
- 7. Whenever a hearing is required under any section of this chapter before action by a planning board, notice of the hearing shall be published in the official newspaper of the municipality or in a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality at least ten days prior to the hearing. In cases dealing with plat approval, notice of the hearing shall be mailed at least five

6 days prior thereto, addressed to the owners, as their names appear on the 7 municipal tax record, of adjoining property and property directly across the 8 street or streets from the property involved.

- The notice of hearing shall contain a brief description of the property 10 involved, a statement as to its location, a list of the maps and other docu11 ments to be considered, and a summary statement of the matters to be heard.
 12 Copies of the maps and other documents to be considered at the hearing shall 13 be filed in the office of the municipal clerk. Such copies shall be made available at such office for public inspection.
- Minutes of every such hearing shall be kept and shall include the names 16 of the persons appearing and addressing the board, and of the persons who 17 appear by attorney, agent or other representative, the action taken by the 18 board, the findings, if any, made by it and the reasons therefor. The minutes 19 shall thereafter be made available for inspection at the office of the munici-20 pal clerk. The failure of the planning board or the secretary thereof to 21 make a record of or file with the municipal clerk such minutes shall not be 22 a ground for setting aside the action of the planning board, provided such 23 action was duly recorded in the records of the planning board and such 24 record is made available upon request, to any person or persons desiring to 25 examine such record.
- 8. Wherever there is a planning board, such board shall have the addi-2 tional authority and duty of acting as the zoning commission under article 3 three of chapter fifty-five of Title 40 of the Revised Statutes.
- 9. After the appointment of a planning board, the mayor may appoint 2 one or more persons as a citizens' advisory committee to assist or collabo3 rate with the planning board in its duties, but such person or persons shall 4 have no power to vote or take other action required of the board. Such person or persons shall serve at the pleasure of the mayor.
- 1 10. The planning board may prepare, and after public hearing, adopt, 2 and from time to time amend, a master plan for the physical development of 3 the municipality which generally shall comprise land use, circulation, and a re-

4 port presenting the objectives, assumptions, standards and principals which 5 are embodied in the various interlocking portions of the master plan. The 6 master plan shall be a composite of the one or more mapped and written pro7 posals recommending the physical development of the municipality which 8 the planning board shall have adopted either as a whole or severally after 9 public hearing. Such master plan may include proposals for various stages 10 in the future development of the municipality.

1 11. In scope the master plan may cover proposals for: (a) the use of 2 land and buildings—residential, commercial, industrial, mining, agricultural, 3 park, and other like matters; (b) services—water supply, utilities, sewer-4 age, and other like matters; (c) transportation—streets, parking, public 5 transit, freight facilities, airports, and other like matters; (d) housing—6 residential standards, slum clearance and redevelopment, and other like matters; (e) conservation—water, forest, soil, flood control, and other like matters; (f) public and semipublic facilities—civic center, schools, libraries, 9 parks, playgrounds, fire houses, police structures, hospitals, and other like 10 matters; (g) the distribution and density of population; (h) other elements 11 of municipal growth and development.

The master plan may include in its scope areas outside the boundaries of the municipality which the planning board deems to bear an essential relation to the planning of the municipality. The studies in connection with the master plan shall be conducted wherever possible with the co-operation of adjacent planning agencies.

1 12. In the preparation of the master plan the planning board shall give 2 due consideration to the probable ability of the municipality to carry out, 3 over a period of years, the various public or quasi-public projects embraced 4 in the plan without the imposition of unreasonable financial burdens.

In such preparation, the planning board shall cause to be made careful and comprehensive surveys and studies of present conditions and the prospects for future growth of the municipality. The master plan shall be made with the general purpose of guiding and accomplishing a co-ordinated, ad-

9 justed and harmonious development of the municipality and its environs 10 which will, in accordance with present and future needs, best promote health, 11 safety, morals, order, convenience, prosperity and general welfare, as well as 12 efficiency and economy in the process of development and the maintenance of 13 property values previously established. To such end, the master plan shall 14 also include adequate provision for traffic and recreation, the promotion of 15 safety from fire and other dangers, adequate provision for light and air, 16 the promotion of good civic design and arrangements, the wise and efficient 17 expenditure of public funds, and adequate provision for public utilities and 18 other public requirements.

1 13. Whenever the planning board after public hearing shall have adopted 2 any portion of the master plan, the governing body or other public agency 3 having jurisdiction over the subject matter, before taking action necessitat-4 ing the expenditure of any public funds, incidental to the location, charac-5 ter or extent of one or more projects thereof, shall refer action involving 6 such specific project or projects to the planning board for review and recom-64 mendation, and shall not act thereon without such recommendation or until 7 forty-five days after such reference have elapsed without such recommenda-8 tion. This requirement shall apply to action by a housing, parking, high-9 way or other authority, redevelopment agency, school board, or other sim-10 ilar public agency, Federal, State, county or municipal.

The governing body may by ordinance provide for the reference of any 12 other matter or class of matters to the planning board before final action 13 thereon by the public body or officer having final authority thereon, with or 14 without the provision that final action thereon shall not be taken until the 15 planning board has submitted its report, or until a specified period of time 16 has elapsed without such report having been made.

Whenever the planning board, pursuant to this act shall have made a 18 recommendation to another body, such recommendation may be overridden 19 only by a majority of the full membership of such other body. Whenever such 20 other body shall have overridden a recommendation of the Planning Board



21 such action shall not become final until the governing body shall approve the 22 said action by a majority vote of membership of the governing body.

The planning board shall have full power and authority to make such investigations, maps and reports and recommendations in connection thereby with relating to the planning and physical development of the municipality as it deems desirable.

14. The governing body may by ordinance provide for the regulation of 2 subdivisions within the municipality by requiring the approval of the govern-3 ing body, by resolution, of all plats after favorable referral by the planning 4 board before such plats may be filed with the county recording officer and may 5 authorize and empower the planning board to review plats in accordance with 6 regulations, requirements and standards established by the governing body 7 and may further fix filing fees to be paid for by any applicant for subdivision 8 approval.

In any ordinance creating a planning board or in any amendment or supplement thereto, provision may be made for the regulation of subdivisions within the municipality by approval of the planning board acting in lieu of the governing body of all plats before such plats may be filed with the county recording officer, provided such ordinance regulating subdivisions establishes regulations, requirements, and standards for plat approval by the planning board. If such power of approval is granted to the planning board, the professor of the planning board under this act shall be required in connection with such approval, and the signature of the chairman of the planning board shall have the same force as the signature of the mayor.

Any such ordinance may exempt from the requirement of local municipal approval, subdivisions wherein the number of new lots is less than a designated number, or plats that do not involve new streets, or such other classes of subdivisions as such ordinance shall designate. In all cases involving such exempted subdivisions, the mayor or planning board chairman, as the case may be, and the municipal clerk shall certify the exemption on the plat, deed, or instrument to be filed with the county recording officer.

1 15. A planning board may be empowered by the subdivision ordinance to 2 waive full notice and hearing and favorable referral by a majority of the 3 board on a subdivision if no new street is shown and if a subdivision com-4 mittee of the planning board appointed by the chairman with the approval of 5 the board unanimously find no cause for review by the entire board or for un-6 favorable action upon the subdivision and such finding shall be deemed to be 7 favorable approval or referral by the planning board.

Before the planning board may take the action of favorable referral and 9 the governing body may approve subdivisions or before a planning board may 10 be authorized to grant final approval, the governing body shall adopt by ordi-11 nance, standards for approving the design of subdivisions and the required 12 street improvements, requirements for the submission of subdivision plats, 13 and the procedure to be followed by subdividers. Where there is a municipal 14 zoning ordinance, the standards in the subdivision ordinance with respect to 15 minimum lot sizes and lot area requirements shall be identical with the pro-16 visions of the zoning ordinance. Where a zoning ordinance contains no such 17 provisions or where there is no such ordinance, the standards including 18 minimum lot sizes and lot area requirements shall be specified in the sub-19 division ordinance. Copies of the subdivision ordinance and regulations 20 shall be made available to the public and shall be filed with the county re-21 cording officer. A reasonable charge may be made for such copies. A plat 22 shall be deemed to have been submitted when an application for approval has 23 been delivered to the municipal clerk in conformance with the printed require-24 ments governing the submission of subdivision plats.

- 1 16. Plats shall conform with the standards prescribed by chapter twenty-2 three of Title 46 of the Revised Statutes and any applicable ordinance not 3 inconsistent therewith.
- 1 17. No plat shall be accepted for filing by the county recording officer
 2 until it has been approved by the governing body or the planning board, as
 3 the case may be, if such approval is required by local ordinance, and such
 4 approval has been endorsed on the instrument in such manner as the govern5 ing body may designate.

It shall be the duty of the county recording officer to notify the planning board in writing within three days of the filing of any plat approved by the governing body or planning board, identifying such plat by its title, date of filing, and official number.

1 18. The planning board, after hearing, may approve the plat, if so au2 thorized, or may recommend approval by giving favorable referral to the
3 governing body or may disapprove such plat. If the planning board disap4 proves any plat, the findings and reasons for such disapproval shall be
5 stated upon the records of the planning board and the applicant shall be
6 given a copy. If the planning board requires any substantial amendment in
7 the layout of improvements proposed by the subdivider that have been the
8 subject of a hearing, an amended plat must be submitted, and proceeded
9 upon as in the case of the original plat.

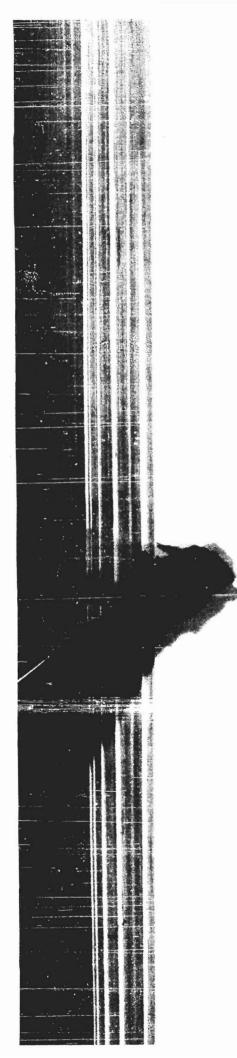
Where approval of a plat, map or plan of land is required by any officer or body of a municipality, including a board of health under the provisions of any other law or ordinance, such approval shall be certified on the plat before the final plat shall be approved as a prerequisite to its acceptance for filing by the county recording officer.

The planning board shall take action under this section within forty-five days after the submission of the final plat for approval, or within such further time as the applying party may agree to. Otherwise such plat shall be deemed to have been given favorable approval or referral to the governing body, and the certificate of the municipal clerk as to the date of the submission of the plat for approval or referral and as to the failure of the planning board to report action thereon within the aforesaid forty-five days or 22 such further time as agreed to by the applying party shall be issued on re-23 quest of the owner or his agent and shall be sufficient, in lieu of the written 24 endorsement or other evidence of favorable approval or referral herein 25 required.

Following favorable referral by the planning board where referral is 27 required, the plat shall be submitted to the governing body for approval. 28 The governing body shall take action under this section not later than the

29 second regular meeting after the planning board submits the plat to the 30 municipal clerk for transmission to the governing body, or within such 31 further time as the applying party may agree to. Otherwise such plat shall 32 be deemed to have been approved, and the certificate of the municipal clerk 33 as to the date of the submission of the plat for approval by the governing 34 body, and as to the failure of the governing body to act thereon not later 35 than the second regular meeting or such further time as agreed to by the 36 applying party, shall be issued on request of the owner or his agent and 37 shall be sufficient, in lieu of the written endorsement or other evidence of 38 approval herein required. If the governing body disapproves any plat, the 39 findings and reasons for such action shall be stated upon the records of the 40 governing body, and the applicant shall be given a copy.

- The governing body or the planning board, as the case may be, may tentatively approve a plat showing new streets or roads or the resubdivision of land along a mapped street. This tentative approval shall confer upon the applicant the following rights for a three-year period from the date of the tentative approval:
- 46 (1) that the general terms and conditions upon which the tentative 47 approval was granted will not be changed.
- 48 (2) that the said applicant may submit on or before the expiration 49 date the whole or part or parts of said plat for final approval.
- The final approval by the governing body or the planning board, as the 51 case may be, of a plat showing a new street or the resubdivision of land 52 along a mapped street shall expire ninety days from the date of such approval, unless within the period such plat shall have been duly filed by the 54 owner or his agent with the county recording officer. The governing body 55 for good cause shown may extend the time for plat filing for a period not to 56 exceed ninety days.
- 1 19. If any person shall be aggrieved by the action of the planning board, 2 appeal in writing to the governing body may be taken within ten days after 3 the date of the action of the planning board. A hearing thereon shall be had 4 on notice to all parties in interest, who shall be afforded an opportunity to



10

5 be heard. After such hearing the governing body may affirm or reverse the 6 action of the planning board by a recorded vote of a majority of the total 7 members thereof. The findings and reasons for the disposition of the appeal shall be stated on the records of the governing body, and the applying 9 party shall be given a copy.

Nothing in this act shall be construed to restrict the right of any party

11 to obtain a review by any court of competent jurisdiction according to law. 20. In acting upon plats the planning board shall require, among other 1 2 conditions in the public interest, that the tract shall be adequately drained. 3 and the streets shall be of sufficient width and suitable grade and suitably 4 located to accommodate the prospective traffic, to provide access for fire-5 fighting equipment to buildings and to be co-ordinated so as to compose a 6 convenient system, conforming to the official map, or if there is no official 7 map, relating properly to the existing street system. Where the planning 8 board after hearing has adopted portions of the master plan with pro-9 posals regarding the street system within the proposed subdivision, the 10 board may require that the street shown conform in design and in width to 11 the proposals shown on the master plan. No street of a width greater than 12 fifty feet within the right-of-way lines may be required unless said street 13 already has been shown on such master plan at the greater width, or already 14 has been shown in greater width on the official map.

The planning agency shall further require that all lots shown on the lots shall be adaptable for the intended purposes without danger to health or peril from flood, fire, erosion, or other menace.

If portions of the master plan contain proposals for drainage rights-of19 way, schools, parks, or playgrounds within the proposed subdivision or in its
20 vicinity, or if standards for the allocation of portions of subdivisions for
21 drainage rights-of-way, school sites, park and playground purposes have
22 been adopted, before approving subdivisions the planning board may further
23 require that such drainage rights-of-way, school sites, parks or playgrounds
24 be shown in locations and of sizes suitable to their intended uses. The gev25 erning body or the planning board shall be permitted to reserve the location

26 and extent of school sites, public parks and playgrounds shown on the 27 master plan or any part thereof for a period of one year after the approval 28 of the final plat or within such further time as agreed to by the applying 29 party. Unless during such one-year period or extension thereof the municipal-30 ity shall have entered into a contract to purchase or instituted condemnation 31 proceedings according to law, for said school site, park or playground, the 32 subdivider shall not be bound by the proposals for such areas shown on the 33 master plan. This provision shall not apply to the streets and roads or 34 drainage rights-of-way required for final approval of any plat and deemed 35 essential to the public welfare.

- 21. Before final approval of plats the governing body may require, in 2 accordance with the standards adopted by ordinance, the installation, or the 3 furnishing of a performance guarantee in lieu thereof, of any or all of the 4 following improvements it may deem to be necessary or appropriate: street 5 grading, pavement, gutters, curbs, sidewalks, street lighting, shade trees, 6 surveyor's monuments, water mains, culverts, storm sewers, sanitary sewers 7 or other means of sewage disposal, drainage structures, and such other sub-8 division improvements as the municipal governing body may find necessary 9 in the public interest.
- 22. The governing body may accept adequate performance guarantees for the purpose of assuring improvements, as provided in section twenty-3 one of this act and section ten of the Official Map and Building Permit Act 4 (1953).
- The amount of any performance guarantee may be reduced by the gov-6 erning body by resolution when portions of the improvements have been 7 completed, and the time allowed for installation of the improvements for which 8 the performance guarantee has been provided may be extended by said body 9 by resolution.
- 10 If the required improvements shall not have been installed in accord-11 ance with the performance guarante, the obligor and surety, if any, shall be 12 liable thereon to the municipality for the reasonable cost of the improve-

13 ments not installed and upon the receipt of the proceeds thereof the munici14 pality shall install such improvements.

23. If, before approval or favorable referral and approval have been betained, any person transfers or sells or agrees to sell, as owner or agent, any land which forms a part of a subdivision which, by ordinance, the planning board or the planning board and the governing body are required to act, such person shall be subject to a fine not to exceed two hundred dollars (\$200.00) or to imprisonment for not more than thirty days and each parcel, plot or lot so disposed of shall be deemed a separate violation.

In addition to the foregoing, if the streets in the subdivision are not such that a structure on said land in the subdivision would meet the requirements for a building permit under section three of the Official Map and Building Permit Act (1953) the municipality may institute and maintain a civil action:

12 (1) For injunctive relief.

13 (2) To set aside and invalidate any conveyance made pursuant to such a
14 contract or sale if a certificate of compliance has not been issued in accordance
15 with section twenty-four of this act, but only if the municipality has a plan16 ning board or a committee thereof with power to act and which

17 (a) meets regularly on a monthly or more frequent basis, and

(b) whose governing body has adopted standards and procedures in
 accordance with section twenty of this act.

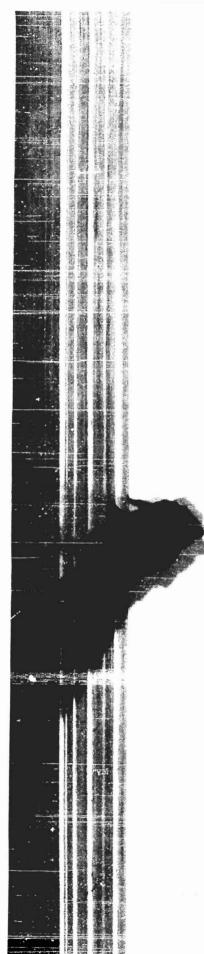
In any such action the transferee, purchaser or grantee shall be entitled 21 to a lieu upon the portion of the land from which the subdivision was made 22 that remains in the possession of the subdivider or his assigns or successors, 23 to secure the return of any deposit made or purchase price paid, and also a 24 reasonable search fee, survey expense and title closing expense, if any. Any 25 such action must be brought within two years after the date of the recording 26 of the instrument of transfer, sale or conveyance of said land, or within six 27 years if unrecorded.

24. The prospective purchaser, prospective mortgagee, or any other per-2 son interested in any land which forms part of a subdivision, or which, since 3 the thirteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and fifty-one, formed 4 part of such a subdivision, may apply in writing to the proper official or, if 5 said official is unknown to the applicant, then to the clerk of the municipality, 6 for the issuance of a certificate certifying whether or not such subdivision has 7 been approved by the planning board or governing body. Such application 8 shall contain a diagram showing the location and dimension of the land to be 9 covered by the certificate, and the name of the owner thereof.

The governing body of the municipality shall, by resolution, designate the municipal clerk, municipal engineer or some other official as the official who shall make and issue such certificates, and the official so designated shall issue such certificate within fifteen days after the receipt of such written application and the fees therefor. Said officials shall keep a duplicate copy of the each certificate, consecutively numbered, including a statement of the fees therefor, including a statement of the fees therefor, including a statement of the fees the charged, in a binder as a permanent record of his office.

Each such certificate shall be designated a "certificate as to approval of 18 subdivision of land," and shall certify:

- a. Whether there exists in said municipality a duly established planning 20 board which meets regularly on a monthly or more frequent basis and 21 whether there is an ordinance controlling subdivisions of land, adopted under 22 the authority of this act.
- b. Whether the subdivision or resubdivision, as it relates to the land shown in said application, has been approved by the planning board or governing body, and, if so, the date of such approval.
- 26 c. Whether such subdivision or resubdivision, if the same has not been
 27 approved, is exempt from the requirement of approval as provided in this act.
- The official designated shall be entitled to demand and receive for each 29 such certificate issued by him a reasonable fee, not in excess of those provided 30 in sections fourteen and fifteen of chapter five of Title 54 of the Revised 31 Statutes. The fees so collected by such official shall be paid by him to the 32 municipality.
- 25. Any person who shall acquire for a valuable consideration an in-2 terest in the lands covered by any such certificate of approval of a sub-3 division in reliance upon the information therein contained shall hold such



4 interest free of any right, remedy or action which could be prosecuted or 5 maintained by the municipality pursuant to the provisions of section twenty-6 three of this act.

If the official designated to make and issue any such certificate fails to sissue the same within fifteen days after receipt of an application and the fees therefor, any person acquiring an interest in the lands described in such application shall hold such interest free of any right, remedy or action which could be prosecuted or maintained by the municipality pursuant to the provisions of section twenty-three of this act.

Any such application addressed to the municipal clerk of the municipality shall be deemed to be addressed to the proper designated official and the mu15 nicipality shall be bound thereby to the same extent as though the same 16 was addressed to the designated official.

17 26. This act shall apply only to municipalities having a planning board 18 or that create such a board in accordance with the provisions as outlined 19 herein.

27. Any municipal planning board created under the authority of law prior to the adoption of this act shall be continued by this act, and the members appointed to said board shall continue in office until the completion of their terms, unless sooner terminated, and any action previously taken by said planning board shall be deemed to continue in full force and effect except as hereinafter in this section provided.

All rules and regulations adopted by planning boards under the au8 thority of law regulating subdivision of lands shall continue in effect until
9 July first, one thousand nine hundred and fifty-four, unless prior thereto
10 the governing body of the municipality shall have adopted an ordinance pur11 suant to sections fourteen to twenty-three, inclusive, of this act, in which
12 event such rules and regulations shall cease to be in effect upon the date
13 such ordinance becomes effective.

28. Sections 40:55-1 to 40:55-21, both inclusive, of the Revised Statutes 2 are repealed.

1 29. This act shall take effect January first, one thousand nine hundred 2 and fifty-four.

[THIRD OFFICIAL COPY REPRINT]

SENATE, No. 224

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED MARCH 16, 1953

By Mr. McCAY

Referred to Committee on Counties and Municipalities

- An Acr concerning municipalities in relation to municipal planning, repealing sections 40:55-1 to 40:55-21, inclusive, and supplementing chapter fifty-five of Title 40 of the Revised Statutes.
- 1 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New 2 Jersey:
- This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Municipal Planning
 Act (1953)."
- 1 2. As used in this act:
- 2 "Municipality" means any city, borough, town, township or village.
- 3 "Mayor" means the elected official who serves as the chief executive of
- 4 the municipality, whatever his official designation may be.
- 5 "Governing body" means the chief legislative body of the municipality.
- 6 In cities having a board of public works "governing body" means such
- 7 board.
- 8 "Plat" means the map of a subdivision.
- 9 "Subdivision" means the division of a lot, tract, or parcel of land into
- 10 two or more lots, sites or other divisions of land for the purpose, whether im-
- 11 mediate or future, of sale or building development; except that the follow-
- 12 ing divisions shall not be considered subdivisions within the meaning of
- 13 this act; provided, however, that no new streets or roads are involved:
- 14 divisions of land for agricultural purposes where the resulting parcels are



15 three acres or larger in size, divisions of property by testamentary or 16 intestate provisions, or divisions of property upon court order. Subdivision 17 also includes resubdivision, and where appropriate to the context, relates to 18-19 the process of subdividing or to the lands or territory divided.

"Performance guarantee" means any security which may be accepted 21 under section twenty-two of this act in lieu of a requirement that certain 22 improvements be made before the planning board or other approving body 23 approves a plat, including performance bonds, escrow agreements, and other 24 similar collateral or surety agreements.

"Street" means any street, avenue, boulevard, road, lane, parkway, 26 viaduct, alley or other way which is an existing State, county, or municipal 27 roadway, or a street or way shown upon a plat heretofore approved pursuant 28 to law or approved by official action as provided in section seventeen of 29 this act or a street or way on a plat duly filed and recorded in the office of 30 the county recording officer prior to the appointment of a planning board 31 and the grant to such board of the power to review plats, and includes the 32 land between the street lines, whether improved or unimproved, and may 33 comprise pavement, shoulders, gutters, sidewalks, parking areas and other 34 areas within the street lines.

"Official map" means a map adopted in accordance with the Official Map
and Building Permit Act (1953). Such a map shall be deemed to be conclusive with respect to the location and width of the streets, public parks and
playgrounds, and drainage rights-of-way shown thereon.

"Master plan" means a composite of the mapped and written proposals
to recommending the physical development of the municipality which shall have
the been duly adopted by the planning board under section ten of this act.

"Drainage right-of-way" means the lands required for the installation
43 of storm water sewers or drainage ditches, or required along a natural
44 stream or watercourse for preserving the channel and providing for the flow

45 of water therein to safeguard the public against flood damage in accordance 46 with chapter one of Title 58 of the Revised Statutes.

- "Circulation" means provision for the movement of people, goods, water, 48 sewage, or power by means of streets, highways, railways, waterways, air-49 ways, pipes, conduits, or other means, and including facilities for transit, 50 transportation and communication.
- 3. This act shall be construed most favorably to municipalities, its in-2 tention being to give all municipalities the fullest and most complete powers 3 possible concerning the subject matter hereof.
- 4 Should any section or provision of this act be held to be unconstitu-5 tional or invalid, such determination shall not affect the constitutionality or 6 validity of the remainder hereof.
- The governing body may by ordinance grant any of the powers exercis8 able by a planning board to a planning board continued by section twenty9 seven of this act or to be created under section four of this act, but no par10 ticular power may be exercised until expressly granted by ordinance and
 11 until compliance is made with the conditions, standards, procedures and
 12 regulations enumerated in the sections describing such power.
- 4. The governing body may by ordinance create a planning board of not 2 less than five nor more than nine members. The members shall consist of, 3 and be divided into, for convenience in designating the manner of appoint-4 ment, the four following classes:
- 5 Class I-mayor.
- 6 Class II—one of the officials of the municipality to be appointed
- 7 by the mayor.
- 8 Class III—a member of the governing body to be appointed by it.
- 9 Class IV—other citizens of the municipality to be appointed by the
- 10 mayor.
- When the board consists of less than seven members Class II shall be 12 omitted. All members of the board shall serve without compensation, and the 13 members of Class IV shall hold no other municipal office, except that one of

14 such members may be a member of the zoning board of adjustment and one 15 may be a member of the board of education. The terms of the members 16 composing Classes I and III shall correspond to their respective official 17 tenures. The term of the member composing Class II shall terminate with 18 the term of the mayor appointing him. The term of one member of Class IV 19 first appointed shall expire at the end of each year beginning at the end of 20 the first year. Thereafter the term of each shall be the same number of years 21 as there are members of Class IV on the board. If a vacancy in any class 22 shall occur otherwise than by expiration of term, it shall be filled by appoint 23 ment as above provided for the unexpired term. No member of the plan-24 ning board shall be permitted to act on any matter in which he has, either 25 directly or indirectly, any personal or financial interest. Members may, after 26 a public hearing, be removed for inefficiency, neglect of duty, or malfeas-27 ance in office by the officer or body appointing them.

- 5. The planning board shall elect a chairman from the members of Class V and create and fill such other offices as it may determine. It may ember a ploy experts and a staff, and pay for their services and for such other expenses as may be necessary and proper, not exceeding in all, exclusive of 5 gifts, the amount appropriated by the governing body for its use.
- 6. The governing body of any municipality creating a planning board shall appropriate in the same manner as other appropriations are made, such money as in its discretion is necessary for the work of the planning board for the year for which the appropriation is made. The amount so appropriated shall be assessed, levied and collected in the same manner as 6 moneys appropriated for other current expenses in the municipality.
- 7. Whenever a hearing is required under any section of this chapter 2 before action by a planning board, notice of the hearing shall be published 3 in the official newspaper of the municipality or in a newspaper of general cir-4 culation in the municipality at least ten days prior to the hearing. In cases 5 dealing with plat approval, notice of the hearing shall be mailed at least five

6 days prior thereto, addressed to the owners, as their names appear on the 7 municipal tax record, of adjoining property and property directly across the 8 street or streets from the property involved.

- The notice of hearing shall contain a brief description of the property 10 involved, a statement as to its location, a list of the maps and other documents to be considered, and a summary statement of the matters to be heard. 12 Copies of the maps and other documents to be considered at the hearing shall 13 be filed in the office of the municipal clerk. Such copies shall be made available at such office for public inspection.
- Minutes of every such hearing shall be kept and shall include the names 16 of the persons appearing and addressing the board, and of the persons who 17 appear by attorney, agent or other representative, the action taken by the 18 board, the findings, if any, made by it and the reasons therefor. The minutes 19 shall thereafter be made available for inspection at the office of the munici-20 pal clerk. The failure of the planning board or the secretary thereof to 21 make a record of or file with the municipal clerk such minutes shall not be 22 a ground for setting aside the action of the planning board, provided such 23 action was duly recorded in the records of the planning board and such 24 record is made available upon request, to any person or persons desiring to 25 examine such record.
- 8. Wherever there is a planning board, such board shall have the addi-2 tional authority and duty of acting as the zoning commission under article 3 three of chapter fifty-five of Title 40 of the Revised Statutes.
- 9. After the appointment of a planning board, the mayor may appoint 2 one or more persons as a citizens' advisory committee to assist or collabo3 rate with the planning board in its duties, but such person or persons shall 4 have no power to vote or take other action required of the board. Such per5 son or persons shall serve at the pleasure of the mayor.
- 1 10. The planning board may prepare, and after public hearing, adopt,
 2 and from time to time amend, a master plan for the physical development of
 3 the municipality which generally shall comprise land use, circulation, and a re-

4 port presenting the objectives, assumptions, standards and principals which 5 are embodied in the various interlocking portions of the master plan. The 6 master plan shall be a composite of the one or more mapped and written pro7 posals recommending the physical development of the municipality which 8 the planning board shall have adopted either as a whole or severally after 9 public hearing. Such master plan may include proposals for various stages 10 in the future development of the municipality.

1 11. In scope the master plan may cover proposals for: (a) the use of 2 land and buildings—residential, commercial, industrial, mining, agricultural, 3 park, and other like matters; (b) services—water supply, utilities, sewer-4 age, and other like matters; (c) transportation—streets, parking, public 5 transit, freight facilities, airports, and other like matters; (d) housing—6 residential standards, slum clearance and redevelopment, and other like matters; (e) conservation—water, forest, soil, flood control, and other like matters; (f) public and semipublic facilities—civic center, schools, libraries, 9 parks, playgrounds, fire houses, police structures, hospitals, and other like 10 matters; (g) the distribution and density of population; (h) other elements 11 of municipal growth and development.

The master plan may include in its scope areas outside the boundaries
of the municipality which the planning board deems to bear an essential relation to the planning of the municipality. The studies in connection with the
master plan shall be conducted wherever possible with the co-operation of
adjacent planning agencies.

1 12. In the preparation of the master plan the planning board shall give 2 due consideration to the probable ability of the municipality to carry out, 3 over a period of years, the various public or quasi-public projects embraced 4 in the plan without the imposition of unreasonable financial burdens.

In such preparation, the planning board shall cause to be made careful 6 and comprehensive surveys and studies of present conditions and the pros7 pects for future growth of the municipality. The master plan shall be made 8 with the general purpose of guiding and accomplishing a co-ordinated, ad-

9 justed and harmonious development of the municipality and its environs 10 which will, in accordance with present and future needs, best promote health, 11 safety, morals, order, convenience, prosperity and general welfare, as well as 12 efficiency and economy in the process of development and the maintenance of 13 property values previously established. To such end, the master plan shall 14 also include adequate provision for traffic and recreation, the promotion of 15 safety from fire and other dangers, adequate provision for light and air, 16 the promotion of good civic design and arrangements, the wise and efficient 17 expenditure of public funds, and adequate provision for public utilities and 18 other public requirements.

1 3. Whenever the planning board after public hearing shall have adopted 2 any portion of the master plan, the governing body or other public agency 3 having jurisdiction over the subject matter, before taking action necessitat-4 ing the expenditure of any public funds, incidental to the location, charac-5 ter or extent of one or more projects thereof, shall refer action involving 6 such specific project or projects to the planning board for review and recom-6 mendation, and shall not act thereon without such recommendation or until 7 forty-five days after such reference have elapsed without such recommenda-8 tion. This requirement shall apply to action by a housing, parking, high-9 way or other authority, redevelopment agency, school board, or other sim-10 ilar public agency, Federal, State, county or municipal.

The governing body may by ordinance provide for the reference of any 12 other matter or class of matters to the planning board before final action 13 thereon by any municipal public body or municipal officer having final au14 thority thereon, with or without the provision that final action thereon shall 15 not be taken until the planning board has submitted its report, or until a 16 specified period of time has elapsed without such report having been made.

Whenever the planning board, pursuant to this act shall have made a 18 recommendation to another body, such recommendation may be overridden 19 only by a majority of the full membership of such other body. Where the body 20 which shall have overridden a recommendation of the planning board is a mu-

21 nicipal body or agency, the action of such body shall not become final until 22 the governing body of the municipality shall, by majority vote, approve its 23 action in overriding the recommendation of the planning board.

The planning board shall have full power and authority to make such investigations, maps and reports and recommendations in connection therewith relating to the planning and physical development of the municipality as it deems desirable.

1 14. The governing body may by ordinance provide for the regulation of 2 subdivisions within the municipality by requiring the approval of the govern-3 ing body, by resolution, of all plats after favorable referral by the planning 4 board before such plats may be filed with the county recording officer and may 5 authorize and empower the planning board to review plats in accordance with 6 regulations, requirements and standards established by the governing body 7 and may further fix filing fees to be paid for by any applicant for subdivision 8 approval.

In any ordinance creating a planning board or in any amendment or supplement thereto, provision may be made for the regulation of subdivisions within the municipality by approval of the planning board acting in lieu of the governing body of all plats before such plats may be filed with the county recording officer, provided such ordinance regulating subdivisions establishes regulations, requirements, and standards for plat approval by the planning board. If such power of approval is granted to the planning board, the procedures of the planning board under this act shall be required in connection with such approval, and the signature of the chairman of the planning board shall have the same force as the signature of the mayor.

Any such ordinance may exempt from the requirement of local municipal approval, subdivisions wherein the number of new lots is less than a designated number, or plats that do not involve new streets, or such other classes of subdivisions as such ordinance shall designate. In all cases involving such exempted subdivisions, the mayor or planning board chairman, as the case may be, and the municipal clerk shall certify the exemption on the plat, deed, or instrument to be filed with the county recording officer.

Before the planning board may take the action of favorable referral and 8 9 the governing body may approve subdivisions or before a planning board may 10 be authorized to grant final approval, the governing body shall adopt by ordi-11 nance, standards for approving the design of subdivisions and the required 12 street improvements, requirements for the submission of subdivision plats, 13 and the procedure to be followed by subdividers. Where there is a municipal 14 zoning ordinance, the standards in the subdivision ordinance with respect to 15 minimum lot sizes and lot area requirements shall be identical with the pro-16 visions of the zoning ordinance. Where a zoning ordinance contains no such 17 provisions or where there is no such ordinance, the standards including 18 minimum lot sizes and lot area requirements shall be specified in the sub-19 division ordinance. Copies of the subdivision ordinance and regulations 20 shall be made available to the public and shall be filed with the county re-21 cording officer. A reasonable charge may be made for such copies. A plat 22 shall be deemed to have been submitted when an application for approval has 23 been delivered to the municipal clerk in conformance with the printed require-24 ments governing the submission of subdivision plats.

1 16. Plats shall conform with the standards prescribed by chapter twenty-2 three of Title 46 of the Revised Statutes, as amended or supplemented, and 3 any applicable ordinance not inconsistent therewith.

1 17. No plat shall be accepted for filing by the county recording officer
2 until it has been approved by the governing body or the planning board, as
3 the case may be, if such approval is required by local ordinance, and such
4 approval has been endorsed on the instrument in such manner as the govern5 ing body may designate.

It shall be the duty of the county recording officer to notify the planning board in writing within three days of the filing of any plat approved by the governing body or planning board, identifying such plat by its title, date of filing, and official number.

18. The planning board, after hearing, may approve the plat, if so authorized, or may recommend approval by giving favorable referral to the
governing body or may disapprove such plat. If the planning board disapproves any plat, the findings and reasons for such disapproval shall be
stated upon the records of the planning board and the applicant shall be
given a copy. If the planning board requires any substantial amendment in
the layout of improvements proposed by the subdivider that have been the
subject of a hearing, an amended plat must be submitted, and proceeded
upon as in the case of the original plat.

Where approval of a plat, map or plan of land is required by any officer or body of a municipality, including a board of health under the provisions of any other law or ordinance, such approval shall be certified on the plat before the final plat shall be approved as a prerequisite to its acceptance for filing by the county recording officer.

The planning board shall take action under this section within forty-five days after the submission of the final plat for approval, or within such further time as the applying party may agree to. Otherwise such plat shall be deemed to have been given favorable approval or referral to the governing body, and the certificate of the municipal clerk as to the date of the submission of the plat for approval or referral and as to the failure of the planning board to report action thereon within the aforesaid forty-five days or 22 such further time as agreed to by the applying party shall be issued on request of the owner or his agent and shall be sufficient, in lieu of the written 24 endorsement or other evidence of favorable approval or referral herein 25 required.

Following favorable referral by the planning board where referral is 27 required, the plat shall be submitted to the governing body for approval. 28 The governing body shall take action under this section not later than the

29 second regular meeting after the planning board submits the plat to the 30 municipal clerk for transmission to the governing body, or within such 31 further time as the applying party may agree to. Otherwise such plat shall 32 be deemed to have been approved, and the certificate of the municipal clerk 33 as to the date of the submission of the plat for approval by the governing 34 body, and as to the failure of the governing body to act thereon not later 35 than the second regular meeting or such further time as agreed to by the 36 applying party, shall be issued on request of the owner or his agent and 37 shall be sufficient, in lieu of the written endorsement or other evidence of 38 approval herein required. If the governing body disapproves any plat, the 39 findings and reasons for such action shall be stated upon the records of the 40 governing body, and the applicant shall be given a copy.

- The governing body or the planning board, as the case may be, may tentatively approve a plat showing new streets or roads or the resubdivision of land along a mapped street. This tentative approval shall confer upon the applicant the following rights for a three-year period from the date of the tentative approval:
- 46 (1) that the general terms and conditions upon which the tentative 47 approval was granted will not be changed.
- 48 (2) that the said applicant may submit on or before the expiration 49 date the whole or part or parts of said plat for final approval.
- The final approval by the governing body or the planning board, as the 51 case may be, of a plat showing a new street or the resubdivision of land 52 along a mapped street shall expire ninety days from the date of such approval, unless within the period such plat shall have been duly filed by the 54 owner or his agent with the county recording officer. The governing body 55 for good cause shown may extend the time for plat filing for a period not to 56 exceed ninety days.
 - 1 19. If any person shall be aggrieved by the action of the planning board, 2 appeal in writing to the governing body may be taken within ten days after 3 the date of the action of the planning board. A hearing thereon shall be had 4 on notice to all parties in interest, who shall be afforded an opportunity to

5 be heard. After such hearing the governing body may affirm or reverse the 6 action of the planning board by a recorded vote of a majority of the total 7 members thereof. The findings and reasons for the disposition of the appeal shall be stated on the records of the governing body, and the applying 9 party shall be given a copy.

Nothing in this act shall be construed to restrict the right of any party
11 to obtain a review by any court of competent jurisdiction according to law.
20. In acting upon plats the planning board shall require, among other
2 conditions in the public interest, that the tract shall be adequately drained,

4 located to accommodate the prospective traffic, to provide access for fire-

3 and the streets shall be of sufficient width and suitable grade and suitably

5 fighting equipment to buildings and to be co-ordinated so as to compose a

6 convenient system, conforming to the official map, or if there is no official

7 map, relating properly to the existing street system. Where the planning

8 board after hearing has adopted portions of the master plan with pro-

9 posals regarding the street system within the proposed subdivision, the

10 board may require that the street shown conform in design and in width to
11 the proposals shown on the master plan. No street of a width greater than

12 fifty feet within the right-of-way lines may be required unless said street

13 already has been shown on such master plan at the greater width, or already

14 has been shown in greater width on the official map.

The planning agency shall further require that all lots shown on the lots shall be adaptable for the intended purposes without danger to health or peril from flood, fire, erosion, or other menace.

If portions of the master plan contain proposals for drainage rights-of19 way, schools, parks, or playgrounds within the proposed subdivision or in its
20 vicinity, or if standards for the allocation of portions of subdivisions for
21 drainage rights-of-way, school sites, park and playground purposes have
22 been adopted, before approving subdivisions the planning board may further
23 require that such drainage rights-of-way, school sites, parks or playgrounds
24 be shown in locations and of sizes suitable to their intended uses. The gov25 erning body or the planning board shall be permitted to reserve the location

26 and extent of school sites, public parks and playgrounds shown on the 27 master plan or any part thereof for a period of one year after the approval 28 of the final plat or within such further time as agreed to by the applying 29 party. Unless during such one-year period or extension thereof the municipal-30 ity shall have entered into a contract to purchase or instituted condemnation 31 proceedings according to law, for said school site, park or playground, the 32 subdivider shall not be bound by the proposals for such areas shown on the 33 master plan. This provision shall not apply to the streets and roads or 34 drainage rights-of-way required for final approval of any plat and deemed 35 essential to the public welfare.

- 21. Before final approval of plats the governing body may require, in accordance with the standards adopted by ordinance, the installation, or the furnishing of a performance guarantee in lieu thereof, of any or all of the following improvements it may deem to be necessary or appropriate: street grading, pavement, gutters, curbs, sidewalks, street lighting, shade trees, surveyor's monuments, water mains, culverts, storm sewers, sanitary sewers or other means of sewage disposal, drainage structures, and such other substitution improvements as the municipal governing body may find necessary in the public interest.
- 22. The governing body may accept adequate performance guarantees for the purpose of assuring improvements, as provided in section twenty-3 one of this act and section ten of the Official Map and Building Permit Act 4 (1953).
- The amount of any performance guarantee may be reduced by the gov-6 erning body by resolution when portions of the improvements have been 7 completed, and the time allowed for installation of the improvements for which 8 the performance guarantee has been provided may be extended by said body 9 by resolution.
- 10 If the required improvements shall not have been installed in accord-11 ance with the performance guarantee, the obligor and surety, if any, shall be 12 liable thereon to the municipality for the reasonable cost of the improve-

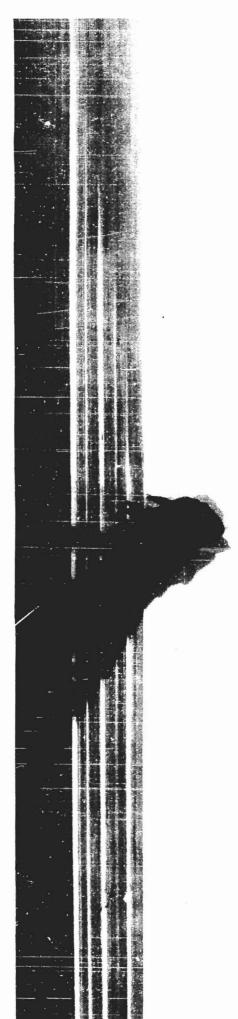
13 ments not installed and upon the receipt of the proceeds thereof the munici-14 pality shall install such improvements.

- 23. If, before approval or favorable referral and approval have been obtained, any person transfers or sells or agrees to sell, as owner or agent, any land which forms a part of a subdivision which, by ordinance, the planning board or the planning board and the governing body are required to act, such person shall be subject to a fine not to exceed two hundred dollars (\$200.00) or to imprisonment for not more than thirty days and each parcel, plot or lot so disposed of shall be deemed a separate violation.
- In addition to the foregoing, if the streets in the subdivision are not such that a structure on said land in the subdivision would meet the requirements for a building permit under section three of the Official Map and Building Permit Act (1953) the municipality may institute and maintain a civil action:
- 12 (1) For injunctive relief.

17

- 13 (2) To set aside and invalidate any conveyance made pursuant to such a
 14 contract or sale if a certificate of compliance has not been issued in accordance
 15 with section twenty-four of this act, but only if the municipality has a plan16 ning board or a committee thereof with power to act and which
 - (a) meets regularly on a monthly or more frequent basis, and
- (b) whose governing body has adopted standards and procedures in
 accordance with section twenty of this act.
- In any such action the transferee, purchaser or grantee shall be entitled 21 to a lien upon the portion of the land from which the subdivision was made 22 that remains in the possession of the subdivider or his assigns or successors, 23 to secure the return of any deposit made or purchase price paid, and also a 24 reasonable search fee, survey expense and title closing expense, if any. Any 25 such action must be brought within two years after the date of the recording 26 of the instrument of transfer, sale or conveyance of said land, or within six 27 years if unrecorded.
- 24. The prospective purchaser, prospective mortgagee, or any other per-2 son interested in any land which forms part of a subdivision, or which, since 3 the thirteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and fifty-one, formed

- 4 part of such a subdivision, may apply in writing to the proper official or, if
- 5 said official is unknown to the applicant, then to the clerk of the municipality,
- 6 for the issuance of a certificate certifying whether or not such subdivision has
- 7 been approved by the planning board or governing body. Such application
- 8 shall contain a diagram showing the location and dimension of the land to be
- 9 covered by the certificate, and the name of the owner thereof.
- 10 The governing body of the municipality shall, by resolution, designate
- 11 the municipal clerk, municipal engineer or some other official as the official
- 12 who shall make and issue such certificates, and the official so designated shall
- 13 issue such certificate within fifteen days after the receipt of such written
- 14 application and the fees therefor. Said officials shall keep a duplicate copy of
- 15 each certificate, consecutively numbered, including a statement of the fees
- 16 charged, in a binder as a permanent record of his office.
- 17 Each such certificate shall be designated a "certificate as to approval of
- 18 subdivision of land," and shall certify:
- 19 a. Whether there exists in said municipality a duly established planning
- 20 board which meets regularly on a monthly or more frequent basis and
- 21 whether there is an ordinance controlling subdivisions of land, adopted under
- 22 the authority of this act.
- 23 b. Whether the subdivision or resubdivision, as it relates to the land
- 24 shown in said application, has been approved by the planning board or gov-
- 25 erning body, and, if so, the date of such approval.
- 26 c. Whether such subdivision or resubdivision, if the same has not been
- 27 approved, is exempt from the requirement of approval as provided in this act.
- The official designated shall be entitled to demand and receive for each
- 29 such certificate issued by him a reasonable fee, not in excess of those provided
- 30 in sections fourteen and fifteen of chapter five of Title 54 of the Revised
- 31 Statutes. The fees so collected by such official shall be paid by him to the
- 32 municipality.
- 25. Any person who shall acquire for a valuable consideration an in-
- 2 terest in the lands covered by any such certificate of approval of a sub-
- 3 division in reliance upon the information therein contained shall hold such



4 interest free of any right, remedy or action which could be prosecuted or 5 maintained by the municipality pursuant to the provisions of section twenty-6 three of this act.

If the official designated to make and issue any such certificate fails to 8 issue the same within fifteen days after receipt of an application and the 9 fees therefor, any person acquiring an interest in the lands described in 10 such application shall hold such interest free of any right, remedy or action 11 which could be prosecuted or maintained by the municipality pursuant to 12 the provisions of section twenty-three of this act.

Any such application addressed to the municipal clerk of the municipality
14 shall be deemed to be addressed to the proper designated official and the mu15 nicipality shall be bound thereby to the same extent as though the same
16 was addressed to the designated official.

26. This act shall apply only to municipalities having a planning board 18 heretofore created pursuant to chapter fifty-five of Title 40 of the Revised 19 Statutes or hereafter created under the provisions of this act.

27. Any municipal planning board created under the authority of law prior to the adoption of this act shall be continued by this act, and the members appointed to said board shall continue in office until the completion of their terms, unless sooner terminated, and any action previously taken by said planning board shall be deemed to continue in full force and effect except as hereinafter in this section provided.

All rules and regulations adopted by planning boards under the au8 thority of law regulating subdivision of lands shall continue in effect until
9 July first, one thousand nine hundred and fifty-four, unless prior thereto
10 the governing body of the municipality shall have adopted an ordinance pur11 suant to this act for the regulation of subdivisions, in which event such
12 rules and regulations shall cease to be in effect upon the date such ordinance
13 becomes effective.

28. Sections 40:55-1 to 40:55-21, both inclusive, of the Revised Statutes 2 are repealed.

29. This act shall take effect January first, one thousand nine hundred
2 and fifty-four.

Amend page 4, section 10, line 3, after the word "map" where it first occurs by changing the comma to a semicolon and inserting a comma after the word "or" and after the word "map" at the end of the line.

Amend page 4, section 10, line 4, after the word "municipal" by inserting the words "street or".

Amend page 4, section 10, line 9, by changing the words "would require" to the word "required".

Amend page 5, section 12, line 4, by deleting the semicolon and inserting a comma.

Respectfully,

[SEAL] Attest: ALFRED E. DRISCOLL, Governor.

Russell E. Watson, Jr., Secretary to the Governor.

Senate Bill No. 224, entitled "An act concerning municipalities in relation to municipal planning, repealing sections 40:55-1 to 40:55-21, inclusive, and supplementing chapter fifty-five of Title 40 of the Revised Statutes,"

STATE OF NEW JERSEY,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
August 17, 1953.

SENATE BILL No. 224

To the Senate:

Pursuant to Article V, Section I, paragraph 14 (b) of the State Constitution, I am returning herewith, for reconsideration and with my objections, Senate Bill No. 224.

This bill and Senate Bill No. 223 are companion measures resulting from my veto message concerning Assembly Bill No. 463 of 1952. As one spokesman for local government in this State has said, last year's bill "would have set municipal planning back twenty-five years." Many organizations and individuals have made an outstanding contribution in the intervening year to provide New Jersey with completely modernized municipal planning statutes.

The present bills are the co-operative work of the following organizations of New Jersey: Municipal Attorneys Institute, Municipal Engineers Association, Home Builders Society, Real Estate Association, Society of Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors, State Federation of Official Planning Boards, and the State Departments of Health and Conservation and Economic Development. In the course of a large legislative problem such as this, it is to be expected that the varying views of many groups and individuals had to be reconciled, and that it is unlikely that the final draft as enacted by the Legislature will completely agree with the views of any one group. It is a real pleasure for me to acknowledge the valuable contribution to the public welfare which has been made by the special committee of individuals representing these organizations.

In the course of the give and take which the drafting of this type of legislation must imply, a few provisions have crept in which are susceptible of an interpretation which. I am sure, was not the intention of the sponsors. Section 13, for example, could be construed so as to become a source of conflict and discord between county, State and Federal agencies, which are concerned with county-wide, State-wide and even nation-wide planning problems, and the municipal planning board which should properly be empowered to make recommendations with respect to the projects of these other agencies. Other minor technical matters could also give trouble in the future.

Accordingly, I am returning Senate Bill No. 224 for reconsideration and with the recommendation that amendments be made to the bill (Second Official Copy Reprint) as follows:

Amend page 3, section 3, line 8, by inserting after "board" the words "continued by section 27 of this act or".

Amend page 7, section 13, line 13, by deleting before the word "public" the word "the" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "any municipal"; and before the word "officer" inserting the word "municipal".

Amend page 7, section 13, lines 19 and 20, by deleting the sentence beginning with the words "Whenever such" including all of line 20. Amend page 8, section 13, by deleting lines 21 and 22, inclusive, in their entirety and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"Where the body which shall have overridden a recommendation of the planning board is a municipal body or agency, the action of such body shall not become final until the governing body of the municipality shall, by majority vote, approve its action in overriding the recommendation of the planning board".

Amend page 9, section 16, line 2, after the word "Statutes" insert ", as amended or supplemented,".

Amend page 16, section 26, lines 18 and 19 by deleting all of said lines and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"heretofore created pursuant to Chapter 55 of Title 40 of the Revised Statutes or hereafter created under the provisions of this act".

Amend page 16, section 27, line 11, by deleting all of said line and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "suant to this act for the regulation of subdivisions, in which".

Respectfully,

[SEAL]
Attest:

ALFRED E. DRISCOLL, Governor.

Russell E. Watson, Jr., Secretary to the Governor.