26:2H-5.1g et. al

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LAWS OF: 2017 **CHAPTER:** 294 NJSA: 26:2H-5.1g et. al (Requires DOH to establish single license for facilities providing integrated behavioral and physical health care.) S1710 **BILL NO:** (Substituted for A3475) **SPONSOR(S)** Vitale and others DATE INTRODUCED: 2/16/2016 **COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY:** Health, Human Services & Senior Citizens SENATE: AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Nο **DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY:** 1/8/2018 SENATE: 12/18/2017 DATE OF APPROVAL: 1/16/2018 FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE: FINAL TEXT OF BILL (Senate Substitute for Senate, No. 1710, enacted) Yes S1710 **SPONSOR'S STATEMENT:** (Begins on page 2 of introduced bill) Yes **COMMITTEE STATEMENT:** ASSEMBLY: No SENATE: Yes (Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, may possibly be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us) FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No **LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE:** No A3475 SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 2 of introduced bill) Yes **COMMITTEE STATEMENT:** ASSEMBLY: Yes SENATE: No (Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us) FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

(continued)

No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE:

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RH/CL		

P.L. 2017, CHAPTER 294, *approved January 16*, *2018*Senate Substitute for Senate, No. 1710

1 **AN ACT** concerning health care facility licensure and amending and supplementing P.L.1971, c.136.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. Section 1 of P.L.1971, c.136 (C.26:2H-1) is amended to read as follows:
- 9 1. It is hereby declared to be the public policy of the State that 10 hospital and related health care services and behavioral health care 11 services of the highest quality, of demonstrated need, efficiently 12 provided and [properly utilized] accessible at a reasonable cost are 13 of vital concern to the public health. It is further declared that 14 integrating physical and behavioral health care is the most effective 15 way to improve the health of individuals and the population at 16 <u>large</u>. In order to provide for the protection and promotion of the 17 health of the inhabitants of the State, the [State] Department of 18 Health shall have the central responsibility for the development and 19 administration of the State's policy with respect to health planning, 20 hospital and related health care services and health care facility cost 21 containment programs, behavioral health treatment and prevention 22 programs, and all public and private institutions, whether State, 23 county, municipal, incorporated or not incorporated, serving 24 principally as residential health care facilities, nursing or maternity 25 homes, or as facilities for the prevention, diagnosis, care, or treatment of human disease, mental illness, substance use disorder, 26 27 pain, injury, deformity, or physical condition, shall be subject to the

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- 2 G / 2 CDI 1071 126 (C26 2H 2) '
- 31 2. Section 2 of P.L.1971, c.136 (C.26:2H-2) is amended to read 32 as follows:
 - 2. The following words or phrases, as used in this act, shall have the following meanings, unless the context otherwise requires:
 - a. "Health care facility" means the facility or institution, whether public or private, that is engaged principally in providing services for health maintenance organizations, diagnosis, or treatment of human disease, pain, injury, deformity, or physical condition, including, but not limited to, a general hospital, special

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

provisions of this act.

(cf: P.L.1992, c.160, s.21)

1 hospital, mental hospital, public health center, diagnostic center, 2 treatment center, rehabilitation center, extended care facility, skilled 3 nursing home, nursing home, intermediate care facility, tuberculosis 4 hospital, chronic disease hospital, maternity hospital, outpatient 5 clinic, dispensary, home health care agency, residential health care 6 facility, dementia care home, and bioanalytical laboratory (except 7 as specifically excluded hereunder), or central services facility 8 serving one or more such institutions but excluding institutions that 9 provide healing solely by prayer and excluding such bioanalytical 10 laboratories as are independently owned and operated, and are not 11 owned, operated, managed, or controlled, in whole or in part, 12 directly or indirectly by any one or more health care facilities, and 13 the predominant source of business of which is not by contract with 14 health care facilities within the State of New Jersey and which 15 solicit or accept specimens and operate predominantly in interstate 16 commerce.

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- "Health care service" means the preadmission, outpatient, inpatient, and postdischarge care provided in or by a health care facility, and such other items or services as are necessary for such care, which are provided by or under the supervision of a physician for the purpose of health maintenance organizations, diagnosis, or treatment of human disease, pain, injury, disability, deformity, or physical condition, including, but not limited to, nursing service, home care nursing, and other paramedical service, ambulance service, service provided by an intern, resident in training or physician whose compensation is provided through agreement with a health care facility, laboratory service, medical social service, drugs, biologicals, supplies, appliances, equipment, bed and board, but excluding services provided by a physician in his private practice, except as provided in sections 7 and 12 of P.L.1971, c.136 (C.26:2H-7 and 26:2H-12), or by practitioners of healing solely by prayer, and services provided by first aid, rescue and ambulance squads as defined in the "New Jersey Highway Traffic Safety Act of 1987," P.L.1987, c.284 (C.27:5F-18 et seq.).
- c. "Construction" means the erection, building, or substantial acquisition, alteration, reconstruction, improvement, renovation, extension, or modification of a health care facility, including its equipment, the inspection and supervision thereof; and the studies, surveys, designs, plans, working drawings, specifications, procedures, and other actions necessary thereto.
- d. "Board" means the Health Care Administration Board established pursuant to this act.
 - e. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1998, c.43).
 - f. "Government agency" means a department, board, bureau, division, office, agency, public benefit, or other corporation, or any other unit, however described, of the State or political subdivision thereof.

- g. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1991, c.187).
- 2 h. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1991, c.187).

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- i. "Department" means the Department of Health.
 - j. "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Health.
- 5 k. "Preliminary cost base" means that proportion of a hospital's 6 current cost which may reasonably be required to be reimbursed to 7 a properly utilized hospital for the efficient and effective delivery of 8 appropriate and necessary health care services of high quality 9 required by such hospital's mix of patients. The preliminary cost 10 base initially may include costs identified by the commissioner and 11 approved or adjusted by the commission as being in excess of that 12 proportion of a hospital's current costs identified above, which 13 excess costs shall be eliminated in a timely and reasonable manner 14 prior to certification of the revenue base. The preliminary cost base 15 shall be established in accordance with regulations proposed by the 16 commissioner and approved by the board.
 - 1. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1992, c.160).
 - m. "Provider of health care" means an individual (1) who is a direct provider of health care service in that the individual's primary activity is the provision of health care services to individuals or the administration of health care facilities in which such care is provided and, when required by State law, the individual has received professional training in the provision of such services or in such administration and is licensed or certified for such provision or administration; or (2) who is an indirect provider of health care in that the individual (a) holds a fiduciary position with, or has a fiduciary interest in, any entity described in subparagraph b(ii) or subparagraph b(iv); provided, however, that a member of the governing body of a county or any elected official shall not be deemed to be a provider of health care unless he is a member of the board of trustees of a health care facility or a member of a board, committee or body with authority similar to that of a board of trustees, or unless he participates in the direct administration of a health care facility; or (b) received, either directly or through his spouse, more than one-tenth of his gross annual income for any one or more of the following:
 - (i) Fees or other compensation for research into or instruction in the provision of health care services;
 - (ii) Entities engaged in the provision of health care services or in research or instruction in the provision of health care services;
 - (iii) Producing or supplying drugs or other articles for individuals or entities for use in the provision of or in research into or instruction in the provision of health care services;
 - (iv) Entities engaged in producing drugs or such other articles.
 - n. "Private long-term health care facility" means a nursing home, skilled nursing home, or intermediate care facility presently in operation and licensed as such prior to the adoption of the 1967

- 1 Life Safety Code by the Department of Health in 1972 and which
- 2 has a maximum 50-bed capacity and which does not accommodate
- 3 Medicare or Medicaid patients.
 - o. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1998, c.43).
- p. "State Health Planning Board" means the board established pursuant to section 33 of P.L.1991, c.187 (C.26:2H-5.7) to conduct certificate of need review activities.
- q. "Integrated health care" means the systematic coordination
 of general and behavioral healthcare. This care may address mental
 illnesses, substance use disorders, health behaviors including their
 contributions to chronic medical illnesses, life stressors and crises,
 stress-related physical symptoms, and ineffective patterns of health
 care utilization.
- 14 (cf: P.L.2015, c.125, s.1)

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- 3. (New section) a. Pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure
- 17 Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), the Commissioner of 18 Health shall adopt regulations necessary to develop an integrated
- licensing system in which facilities licensed under the authority of
- 20 P.L.1971, c.136 (C.26:2H-1 et seq.); P.L.1957, c.146 (C.30:9A-1 et
- 21 seq.); P.L.1975, c.305 (C.26:2B-7 et seq.); sections 5 and 6 of
- 22 P.L.1989, c.51 (C.26:2BB-5 and C.26:2BB-6); P.L.1969, c.152
- 23 (C.26:2G-1 et seq.); or Reorganization Plan No. 001-2017 may
- 24 provide primary care, mental health care, or substance use disorder
- 25 treatment services, or a combination of such services, under a single
- 26 license.

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- b. The regulations shall:
- (1) identify services authorized to be provided as primary care, mental health care, or substance use disorder treatment pursuant to an integrated health care facility license;
- (2) require a single integrated health care facility license for a facility, which license shall specify the scope of primary care, mental health care, and substance use disorder treatment services that the facility is authorized to provide under the integrated health care facility license;
- (3) permit a facility to hold a designation as an ambulatory care facility, community mental health program, substance use disorder treatment facility, or other type of facility recognized under State or federal law under the integrated health care facility license without requiring a separate license;
- (4) identify staffing requirements consistent with staff members' scope of professional practice and credentials;
- (5) establish standards for information sharing among providers and among core and non-core team members;
- 45 (6) establish requirements for collection of data on identified 46 outcome measures;

- (7) permit sharing of clinical space, administrative staff, medical records storage, and other facility resources among different categories of services, unless a separation is necessary to protect the health and safety of patients or the public or to comply with federal or State health privacy laws and regulations; and
- (8) establish application requirements, compliance inspections, investigations, and enforcement actions, including but not limited to fees and penalties.
 - c. In developing the regulations, the commissioner shall:
- (1) consult with the Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services in the Department of Human Services to develop policies that minimize barriers to participation and reimbursement in the Medicaid and NJ FamilyCare programs faced by licensed facilities for all qualifying services; and
 - (2) promote policies that:
- (a) support an effective and efficient administration of a full range of integrated, comprehensive health care;
- (b) support providers' identification of risk factors for mental illness and substance use disorders, which may include physical health diagnoses;
 - (c) support an increased awareness of prevention and treatment;
- (d) reduce the stigma associated with receiving behavioral health treatment;
- (e) will lead to improved access to mental health care and substance use disorder treatment services for all persons;
- (f) will lead to improved general health and wellness, including physical health, mental health, and substance use disorders, and prevent chronic disease; and
- (g) will leverage partnerships with local health authorities, employers, faith-based organizations, and others involved in promoting community health.
- 4. This act shall take effect on the first day of the thirteenth month next following the date of enactment, except that the Commissioner of Health may take any anticipatory administrative action in advance as shall be necessary for the implementation of this act.

STATEMENT

 This Senate floor substitute require the Department of Health (DOH) to establish a single license for facilities providing integrated behavioral and physical health care. The substitute builds upon Reorganization Plan No. 001-2017, which transferred the Division of Mental Health and Addiction Services from the Department of Human Services (DHS) to the DOH, to create an

integrated licensing system for facilities that previously would have had to obtain licenses from multiple state agencies to provide the full range of health care services their patients require.

4 The substitute requires the DOH to establish a new integrated 5 health care facility licensing system under which facilities will 6 provide primary care, mental health care, substance use disorder 7 treatment, or a combination of such services under a single license. 8 The DOH would have broad authority to set standards for facilities 9 holding an integrated health care facility license, similar to its 10 authority over other health care facilities. The licensing system 11 described in the legislation differs from the existing licensing 12 regime most notably in that it requires a single integrated health 13 care facility license for a facility that specifies the scope of services 14 provided, rather than separate licenses for different services; and 15 that it explicitly permit sharing of clinical space, administrative 16 staff, medical records storage, and other facility resources among 17 different categories of services, unless a separation is necessary to 18 protect the health and safety of patients and the public or to comply 19 with federal or State health privacy laws and regulations.

The substitute bill also requires that the DOH will consider several factors not directly related to facility licensure. In developing regulations for the integrated health care facility licensing system, the DOH will consult with the Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services to develop policies that minimize barriers to participation and reimbursement in the Medicaid and NJ FamilyCare programs faced by licensed facilities for all qualifying services. Additionally, the DOH will promote policies that:

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- support an effective and efficient administration of a full range
 of integrated, comprehensive health care;
- support providers' identification of risk factors for mental
 illness and substance use disorders, which may include physical
 health diagnoses;
- support an increased awareness of prevention and treatment;
- reduce the stigma associated with receiving behavioral health treatment;
- will lead to improved access to mental health care and substance
 use disorder treatment services for all persons;
- will lead to improved general health and wellness, including
 physical health, mental health, and substance use disorders, and
 prevent chronic disease; and
- will leverage partnerships with local health authorities,
 employers, faith-based organizations, and others involved in
 promoting community health.

SS for **S1710**

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3	Requires DOH to establish single license for facilities providing
4	integrated behavioral and physical health care.

SENATE, No. 1710

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

217th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 16, 2016

Sponsored by:

Senator JOSEPH F. VITALE

District 19 (Middlesex)

Senator ROBERT W. SINGER

District 30 (Monmouth and Ocean)

SYNOPSIS

Provides for licensure of ambulatory care facilities to provide integrated primary care services including behavioral health care.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



S1710 VITALE, SINGER

1	AN ACT concerning behavioral health care services provided by
2	ambulatory care facilities and supplementing Title 26 of the
3	Revised Statutes

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. In order to ensure that ambulatory care facilities that are licensed to provide primary health care services pursuant to N.J.A.C.8:43A are able to provide their patients with integrated primary health care services that include behavioral health care, the Commissioner of Health, in consultation with the Commissioner of Human Services, shall adopt regulations, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), to allow an ambulatory care facility to apply for a modifier to its license to allow it to provide limited behavioral health care services under its ambulatory care facility license, without a license to operate a mental health program or a substance abuse treatment

Behavioral health care services authorized under this section shall include outpatient mental health and substance abuse treatment services for individuals who exhibit either mild or moderate symptoms of a behavioral health disorder. Such treatment services shall include, but need not be limited to: assessment and evaluation; referral, linkage, and follow-up; individual, group, and family therapy; psychiatric evaluation; medication services; and medication monitoring.

facility issued by the Department of Human Services.

Behavioral health care services authorized under this section shall be provided by an individual who is licensed to practice as a physician, physician assistant, advanced practice nurse, psychologist, certified or licensed substance abuse counselor, licensed professional counselor, licensed marriage and family therapist, or clinical social worker.

2. An ambulatory care facility that is authorized under its current license to provide integrated primary health care services that include behavioral health care services on the effective date of this act shall be deemed to be in compliance with the requirements for a license modifier established pursuant to this act, and shall be granted a license modifier upon its application to the Department of Health.

3. This act shall take effect immediately.

STATEMENT

This bill allows ambulatory care facilities, including Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHCs), to provide integrated primary

S1710 VITALE, SINGER

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health care services, including behavioral health care services,
under a single license.

3 The bill requires the Commissioner of Health, in consultation with the Commissioner of Human Services, to adopt regulations to 4 5 allow an ambulatory care facility to apply for a modifier to its license to allow it to provide, under its ambulatory care facility 6 7 license, limited behavioral health care services for individuals who 8 exhibit either mild or moderate symptoms of a behavioral health 9 disorder. Authorized treatment services will include, but need not 10 be limited to: assessment and evaluation; referral, linkage, and 11 follow-up; individual, group, and family therapy; psychiatric 12 evaluation; medication services; and medication monitoring. Under the bill, these services are to be provided by a licensed physician, 13 14 physician assistant, advanced practice nurse, psychologist, certified 15 or licensed substance abuse counselor, licensed professional 16 counselor, licensed marriage and family therapist, or clinical social 17 worker.

In general, providers of behavioral health services are licensed by the Department of Human Services and ambulatory care facilities are licensed by the Department of Health. The bill will allow a single license to include all primary health care services, permitting greater coordination between traditional primary health care staff and behavioral health care staff and improving integration of health care services at ambulatory care facilities.

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SENATE HEALTH, HUMAN SERVICES AND SENIOR CITIZENS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 1710

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: FEBRUARY 29, 2016

The Senate Health, Human Services and Senior Citizens Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 1710.

This bill allows ambulatory care facilities, including Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHCs), to provide integrated primary health care services, including behavioral health care services, under a single license.

The bill requires the Commissioner of Health, in consultation with the Commissioner of Human Services, to adopt regulations to allow an ambulatory care facility to apply for a modifier to its license to allow it to provide, under its ambulatory care facility license, limited behavioral health care services for individuals who exhibit either mild or moderate symptoms of a behavioral health disorder. Authorized treatment services will include, but need not be limited to: assessment and evaluation; referral, linkage, and follow-up; individual, group, and family therapy; psychiatric evaluation; medication services; and medication monitoring. Under the bill, these services are to be provided by a licensed physician, physician assistant, advanced practice nurse, psychologist, certified or licensed substance abuse counselor, licensed professional counselor, licensed marriage and family therapist, or clinical social worker.

In general, providers of behavioral health services are licensed by the Department of Human Services and ambulatory care facilities are licensed by the Department of Health. The bill will allow a single license to include all primary health care services, permitting greater coordination between traditional primary health care staff and behavioral health care staff and improving integration of health care services at ambulatory care facilities.

ASSEMBLY, No. 3475

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

217th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MARCH 14, 2016

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman VINCENT MAZZEO

District 2 (Atlantic)

Assemblywoman VALERIE VAINIERI HUTTLE

District 37 (Bergen)

Assemblyman JOSEPH A. LAGANA

District 38 (Bergen and Passaic)

Co-Sponsored by:

Assemblywoman N.Munoz

SYNOPSIS

Provides for licensure of ambulatory care facilities to provide integrated primary care services including behavioral health care.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 5/13/2016)

A3475 MAZZEO, VAINIERI HUTTLE

1 AN ACT concerning behavioral health care services provided by 2 ambulatory care facilities and supplementing Title 26 of the 3 Revised Statutes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. In order to ensure that ambulatory care facilities that are licensed to provide primary health care services pursuant to N.J.A.C.8:43A are able to provide their patients with integrated primary health care services that include behavioral health care, the Commissioner of Health, in consultation with the Commissioner of Human Services, shall adopt regulations, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), to allow an ambulatory care facility to apply for a modifier to its license to allow it to provide limited behavioral health care services under its ambulatory care facility license, without a license to operate a mental health program or a substance abuse treatment facility issued by the Department of Human Services.

Behavioral health care services authorized under this section shall include outpatient mental health and substance abuse treatment services for individuals who exhibit either mild or moderate symptoms of a behavioral health disorder. Such treatment services shall include, but need not be limited to: assessment and evaluation; referral, linkage, and follow-up; individual, group, and family therapy; psychiatric evaluation; medication services; and medication monitoring.

Behavioral health care services authorized under this section shall be provided by an individual who is licensed to practice as a physician, physician assistant, advanced practice nurse, psychologist, certified or licensed substance abuse counselor, licensed professional counselor, licensed marriage and family therapist, or clinical social worker.

2. An ambulatory care facility that is authorized under its current license to provide integrated primary health care services that include behavioral health care services on the effective date of this act shall be deemed to be in compliance with the requirements for a license modifier established pursuant to this act, and shall be granted a license modifier upon its application to the Department of Health.

3. This act shall take effect immediately.

STATEMENT

This bill allows ambulatory care facilities, including Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHCs), to provide integrated primary

A3475 MAZZEO, VAINIERI HUTTLE

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health care services, including behavioral health care services,under a single license.

3 The bill requires the Commissioner of Health, in consultation with the Commissioner of Human Services, to adopt regulations to 4 5 allow an ambulatory care facility to apply for a modifier to its license to allow it to provide, under its ambulatory care facility 6 7 license, limited behavioral health care services for individuals who 8 exhibit either mild or moderate symptoms of a behavioral health 9 disorder. Authorized treatment services will include, but need not 10 be limited to: assessment and evaluation; referral, linkage, and 11 follow-up; individual, group, and family therapy; psychiatric 12 evaluation; medication services; and medication monitoring. Under the bill, these services are to be provided by a licensed physician, 13 14 physician assistant, advanced practice nurse, psychologist, certified 15 or licensed substance abuse counselor, licensed professional 16 counselor, licensed marriage and family therapist, or clinical social 17 worker.

In general, providers of behavioral health services are licensed by the Department of Human Services and ambulatory care facilities are licensed by the Department of Health. The bill will allow a single license to include all primary health care services, permitting greater coordination between traditional primary health care staff and behavioral health care staff and improving integration of health care services at ambulatory care facilities.

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ASSEMBLY HEALTH AND SENIOR SERVICES COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, No. 3475

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 18, 2017

The Assembly Health and Senior Services Committee reports favorably an Assembly committee substitute for Assembly Bill No. 3475.

This committee substitute requires the Department of Health (DOH) to establish a single license for facilities providing integrated behavioral and physical health care. The substitute builds upon Reorganization Plan No. 001-2017, which transferred the Division of Mental Health and Addiction Services from the Department of Human Services (DHS) to the DOH, to create an integrated licensing system for facilities that previously would have had to obtain licenses from multiple state agencies to provide the full range of health care services their patients require.

The substitute requires the DOH to establish a new integrated health care facility licensing system under which facilities will provide primary care, mental health care, substance use disorder treatment, or a combination of such services under a single license. The DOH will have broad authority to set standards for facilities holding an integrated health care facility license, similar to its authority over other health care facilities. The licensing system described in the legislation differs from the existing licensing regime most notably in that it requires a single integrated health care facility license for a facility that specifies the scope of services provided, rather than separate licenses for different services; and that it expressly permits sharing of clinical space, administrative staff, medical records storage, and other facility resources among different categories of services, unless a separation is necessary to protect the health and safety of patients and the public or to comply with federal or State health privacy laws and regulations.

The substitute bill also requires the DOH to consider several factors not directly related to facility licensure. In developing regulations for the integrated health care facility licensing system, the DOH will consult with the Division of Medical Assistance and Health Services to develop policies that minimize barriers to participation and reimbursement in the Medicaid and NJ FamilyCare programs faced by licensed facilities for all qualifying services. Additionally, the DOH will promote policies that:

- support an effective and efficient administration of a full range of integrated, comprehensive health care;
- support providers' identification of risk factors for mental illness and substance use disorders, which may include physical health diagnoses;
- support an increased awareness of prevention and treatment;
- reduce the stigma associated with receiving behavioral health treatment;
- will lead to improved access to mental health care and substance use disorder treatment services for all persons;
- will lead to improved general health and wellness, including physical health, mental health, and substance use disorders, and prevent chronic disease; and
- will leverage partnerships with local health authorities, employers, faith-based organizations, and others involved in promoting community health.