#### 40:14A-4.2 and 40:14A-35

#### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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**LAWS OF:** 2017 **CHAPTER:** 290

**NJSA:** 40:14A-4.2 and 40:14A-35 (Requires certain State oversight of budgets of regional sewerage authorities.)

BILL NO: S848 (Substituted for A5339)

SPONSOR(S) Stack and others

DATE INTRODUCED: 1/12/2016

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: ---

**SENATE:** State Government, Wagering, Tourism & Historic Preservation

**Budget & Appropriations** 

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: No

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: 1/8/2018

**SENATE**: 12/18/2017

**DATE OF APPROVAL:** 1/16/2018

**FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:** 

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (Introduced version of bill enacted)
Yes

**S848** 

**SPONSOR'S STATEMENT:** (Begins on page 4 of introduced bill) Yes

**COMMITTEE STATEMENT:** ASSEMBLY: No

**SENATE:** Yes State Gov., Wagering, Tourism

& Historic Preservation

**Budget & Appropriations** 

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: Yes

A5339

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 4 of introduced bill) Yes

**COMMITTEE STATEMENT:** ASSEMBLY: No

SENATE: No

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: Yes

(continued)

VETO MESSAGE:	No
GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING:	No
FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:  To check for circulating copies, contact New Jersey State Govern Publications at the State Library (609) 278-2640 ext.103 or mailton	
REPORTS:	No
HEARINGS:	No
NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:	No

RH/CL

#### P.L. 2017, CHAPTER 290, *approved January 16*, *2018* Senate, No. 848

**AN ACT** concerning the budgets of regional sewerage authorities and amending and supplementing P.L.1946, c.138.

**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. (New section) a. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, the budget of every regional sewerage authority created pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1946, c.138 (C.40:14A-1 et seq.) shall be subject to the following provisions:
- (1) (a) The percentage of growth in the fee-funded appropriations in the annual budget of a regional sewerage authority shall not exceed two percent per year; and the amount billed to customers of the authority, or the amount billed to a local unit for its proportional share of the authority's expenses, as the case may be, shall not exceed that amount billed in the previous budget year to each customer or local unit, as the case may be, by more than two percent for a similar amount of use or service of the sewerage system.
- (b) A regional sewerage authority may add to the allowable growth in fee-funded appropriations in any one of the next three succeeding years, the amount of the difference between the maximum allowable increase in fee-funded appropriations for the current budget year pursuant to subparagraph (a) of this paragraph and the actual amount of fee-funded appropriations for the current budget year.
- (2) The percentage of growth in the fee-funded appropriations in the annual budget of a regional sewerage authority shall be determined without consideration of any amounts appropriated by the authority for:
- (a) capital expenditures, including payment of principal or interest on bonds authorized or issued pursuant to the "sewerage authorities law," P.L.1946, c.138 (C.40:14A-1 et seq.);
- (b) increases in pension contributions and accrued liability for pension contributions in excess of two percent over those expenditures for the previous budget year;
- (c) increases in health care costs equal to that portion of the actual increase in total health costs for the budget year that is in excess of two percent of total health care costs in the previous budget year, but is not in excess of the product of the total health care costs in the prior year and the average percentage increase of the State Health Benefits Program, P.L.1961, c.49 (C.52:14-17.25 et seq.), as annually determined by the Division of Pensions and Benefits in the Department of the Treasury;

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- (d) increases in energy cost expenditures in excess of two percent over those expenditures for the previous budget year;
- (e) extraordinary costs that are directly related to an emergency; and
- (f) expenditures for the cost of services mandated by any order of court, by any federal or State statute, or by administrative rule, directive, order, or other legally binding device issued by a State agency which identified the cost as a mandated expenditure on certification to the Local Finance Board by the State agency.
- (3) Notwithstanding the limitations imposed by paragraph (1) of this section, a regional sewerage authority may apply to the Local Finance Board for a waiver to increase its rents, rates, fees, and charges to levels sufficient to compensate for loss of revenues due to reductions in the use or service of the sewerage system.

As used this section, "emergency" shall mean any purpose which is not foreseen at the time of the adoption of the annual budget, or for which adequate provision was not made therein, to meet a pressing need for public expenditure to protect or promote the public health, safety, morals, or welfare.

b. After the budget of a regional sewerage authority has been approved by the members of the regional sewerage authority, the budget shall be forwarded to the Director of the Division of Local Government Services for review and approval.

The director shall review the budget to ensure that the budget conforms with the requirements of subsection a. of this section and the "Local Authorities Fiscal Control Law," P.L.1983, c.313 (C.40A:5A-1 et seq.), and that the budgeted expenditures are reasonable in cost and necessary for the performance of the regional sewerage authority.

If the director determines that the budget meets the requirements of this subsection, the director shall approve the budget. If the director does not approve the budget, the director shall return the budget to the members of the regional sewerage authority with written information concerning the reasons for the disapproval of the budget.

To the extent that the provisions of subsection a. of this section conflict with the provisions of the "Local Authorities Fiscal Control Law," P.L.1983, c.313 (C.40A:5A-1 et seq.), subsection a. of this section shall take precedence.

- 2. Section 35 of P.L.1946, c.138 (C.40:14A-35) is amended to read as follows:
- 35. [This act] Except as provided in section 1 of P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), P.L.1946, c.138 , (C.40:14A-1 et seq.) shall be construed liberally to effectuate the legislative intent and as complete and independent authority for the performance of each and every act and thing herein authorized, and a sewerage authority shall not be subject to regulation as to its service charges or as to any other matter whatsoever by any officer, board, agency, commission or other office of the State.
- 49 (cf: P.L.1946, c.138, s.35)

#### S848

[	3. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be applicable to
2	the next budget year following enactment.
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7	Requires certain State oversight of budgets of regional sewerage
3	authorities.

## SENATE, No. 848

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

## 217th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2016 SESSION

**Sponsored by:** 

Senator BRIAN P. STACK

**District 33 (Hudson)** 

Senator STEVEN V. OROHO

District 24 (Morris, Sussex and Warren)

Co-Sponsored by:

**Senator Beck** 

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Requires certain State oversight of budgets of regional sewerage authorities.

#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



**AN ACT** concerning the budgets of regional sewerage authorities and amending and supplementing P.L.1946, c.138.

**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. (New section) a. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, the budget of every regional sewerage authority created pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1946, c.138 (C.40:14A-1 et seq.) shall be subject to the following provisions:
- (1) (a) The percentage of growth in the fee-funded appropriations in the annual budget of a regional sewerage authority shall not exceed two percent per year; and the amount billed to customers of the authority, or the amount billed to a local unit for its proportional share of the authority's expenses, as the case may be, shall not exceed that amount billed in the previous budget year to each customer or local unit, as the case may be, by more than two percent for a similar amount of use or service of the sewerage system.
- (b) A regional sewerage authority may add to the allowable growth in fee-funded appropriations in any one of the next three succeeding years, the amount of the difference between the maximum allowable increase in fee-funded appropriations for the current budget year pursuant to subparagraph (a) of this paragraph and the actual amount of fee-funded appropriations for the current budget year.
- (2) The percentage of growth in the fee-funded appropriations in the annual budget of a regional sewerage authority shall be determined without consideration of any amounts appropriated by the authority for:
- (a) capital expenditures, including payment of principal or interest on bonds authorized or issued pursuant to the "sewerage authorities law," P.L.1946, c.138 (C.40:14A-1 et seq.);
- (b) increases in pension contributions and accrued liability for pension contributions in excess of two percent over those expenditures for the previous budget year;
- (c) increases in health care costs equal to that portion of the actual increase in total health costs for the budget year that is in excess of two percent of total health care costs in the previous budget year, but is not in excess of the product of the total health care costs in the prior year and the average percentage increase of the State Health Benefits Program, P.L.1961, c.49 (C.52:14-17.25 et seq.), as annually determined by the Division of Pensions and Benefits in the Department of the Treasury;
- (d) increases in energy cost expenditures in excess of two percent over those expenditures for the previous budget year;

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- 1 (e) extraordinary costs that are directly related to an emergency; 2 and
  - (f) expenditures for the cost of services mandated by any order of court, by any federal or State statute, or by administrative rule, directive, order, or other legally binding device issued by a State agency which identified the cost as a mandated expenditure on certification to the Local Finance Board by the State agency.
  - (3) Notwithstanding the limitations imposed by paragraph (1) of this section, a regional sewerage authority may apply to the Local Finance Board for a waiver to increase its rents, rates, fees, and charges to levels sufficient to compensate for loss of revenues due to reductions in the use or service of the sewerage system.

As used this section, "emergency" shall mean any purpose which is not foreseen at the time of the adoption of the annual budget, or for which adequate provision was not made therein, to meet a pressing need for public expenditure to protect or promote the public health, safety, morals, or welfare.

b. After the budget of a regional sewerage authority has been approved by the members of the regional sewerage authority, the budget shall be forwarded to the Director of the Division of Local Government Services for review and approval.

The director shall review the budget to ensure that the budget conforms with the requirements of subsection a. of this section and the "Local Authorities Fiscal Control Law," P.L.1983, c.313 (C.40A:5A-1 et seq.), and that the budgeted expenditures are reasonable in cost and necessary for the performance of the regional sewerage authority.

If the director determines that the budget meets the requirements of this subsection, the director shall approve the budget. If the director does not approve the budget, the director shall return the budget to the members of the regional sewerage authority with written information concerning the reasons for the disapproval of the budget.

To the extent that the provisions of subsection a. of this section conflict with the provisions of the "Local Authorities Fiscal Control Law," P.L.1983, c.313 (C.40A:5A-1 et seq.), subsection a. of this section shall take precedence.

- 2. Section 35 of P.L.1946, c.138 (C.40:14A-35) is amended to read as follows:
- 35. [This act] Except as provided in section 1 of P.L., c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), P.L.1946, c.138, (C.40:14A-1 et seq.) shall be construed liberally to effectuate the legislative intent and as complete and independent authority for the performance of each and every act and thing herein authorized, and a sewerage authority shall not be subject to regulation as to its service charges or as to any other matter whatsoever by any officer, board, agency, commission or other office of the State.
- 47 (cf: P.L.1946, c.138, s.35)

3. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be applicable to the next budget year following enactment.

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#### **STATEMENT**

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This bill provides for State oversight of annual budgets of regional sewerage authorities created pursuant to the "sewerage authorities law," P.L.1946, c.138 (C.40:14A-1 et seq.), by imposing certain limits on the growth of fee-funded appropriations in the annual budgets of authorities (and on increases in the amounts permitted to be billed to customers) and by requiring the review and approval of the annual budgets of authorities by the Director of the Division of Local Government Services.

Limits on Percentage of Growth and Amounts Billed to Customers. The bill limits the percentage of growth in the feefunded appropriations in the annual budget of a regional sewerage authority to not more than two percent per year, and stipulates that the amount billed to customers of the authority, or the amount billed to a local unit for its proportional share of the authority's expenses, is not permitted to exceed that amount billed in the previous budget year to each customer or local unit by more than two percent for comparable usage of the sewerage system. The bill provides that the limits imposed on the percentage of growth in the fee-funded appropriations in the annual budget of an authority are required to be determined without taking into consideration any amounts appropriated by the authority for: the payment of principal or interest on bonds issued under the "sewerage authorities law"; increases in pension and health care costs greater than two percent over the previous budget year; increases in energy costs greater than two percent over those expenditures for the previous budget year; and expenditures for costs mandated by federal and State law, administrative rules, and legal directives.

Additionally, the bill provides that the limits on the percentage of growth in the fee-funded appropriations and the amounts permitted to be billed to customers do not apply when an authority has incurred extraordinary costs directly related to an emergency. The bill defines an emergency as any purpose which is not foreseen at the time of the adoption of the annual budget, or for which adequate provision was not made therein, to meet a pressing need for public expenditure to protect or promote the public health, safety, or welfare. The bill permits an authority to seek a cap waiver from the Local Finance Board when its revenue declines due to reductions in the use of the sewerage system, and also allows the authority to "bank" any unused cap growth for use in any one of the next three succeeding budget years.

Review and Approval of Annual Budgets by Director of DLGS. The bill provides that after the budget of a regional sewerage

#### S848 STACK, OROHO

- authority is approved by the members of the authority, the budget 1 2 must be forwarded to the Director of the Division of Local 3 Government Services for review and approval. The bill requires the 4 director to review the budget to ensure that budgeted expenditures 5 for the authority meet the requirements of the bill, and the "Local 6 Authorities Fiscal Control Law," P.L.1983, c.313 (C.40A:5A-1 et 7 seq.), are reasonable in cost and necessary for the performance of the authority. If the director does not approve the budget, the bill 8 9 provides for the director to return the budget to the authority's 10 members with written information concerning the reasons for 11 disapproval.
- The bill takes effect immediately and is applicable to the next budget year following enactment.

## SENATE STATE GOVERNMENT, WAGERING, TOURISM & HISTORIC PRESERVATION COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 848

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: FEBRUARY 8, 2016

The Senate State Government, Wagering, Tourism and Historic Preservation Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 848

This bill provides for State oversight of annual budgets of regional sewerage authorities created pursuant to the "sewerage authorities law," P.L.1946, c.138 (C.40:14A-1 et seq.), by imposing certain limits on the growth of fee-funded appropriations in the annual budgets of authorities (and on increases in the amounts permitted to be billed to customers) and by requiring the review and approval of the annual budgets of authorities by the Director of the Division of Local Government Services.

Limits on Percentage of Growth and Amounts Billed to Customers.

The bill limits the percentage of growth in the fee-funded appropriations in the annual budget of a regional sewerage authority to not more than two percent per year, and provides that the amount billed to customers of the authority, or the amount billed to a local unit for its proportional share of the authority's expenses, is not permitted to exceed that amount billed in the previous budget year to each customer or local unit by more than two percent for comparable usage of the sewerage system. The bill provides that the limits imposed on the percentage of growth in the fee-funded appropriations in the annual budget of an authority are required to be determined without taking into consideration any amounts appropriated by the authority for: the payment of principal or interest on bonds issued under the "sewerage authorities law"; increases in pension and health care costs greater than two percent over the previous budget year; increases in energy costs greater than two percent over those expenditures for the previous budget year; and expenditures for costs mandated by federal and State law, administrative rules, and legal directives.

Additionally, the bill provides that the limits on the percentage of growth in the fee-funded appropriations and the amounts permitted to be billed to customers do not apply when an authority has incurred extraordinary costs directly related to an emergency. The bill defines an emergency as any purpose which is not foreseen at the time of the adoption of the annual budget, or for which adequate provision was not made therein, to meet a pressing need for public expenditure to

protect or promote the public health, safety, or welfare. The bill permits an authority to seek a cap waiver from the Local Finance Board when its revenue declines due to reductions in the use of the sewerage system, and also allows the authority to "bank" any unused cap growth for use in any one of the next three succeeding budget years.

Review and Approval of Annual Budgets by Director of DLGS.

The bill provides that after the budget of a regional sewerage authority is approved by the members of the authority, the budget must be forwarded to the Director of the Division of Local Government Services for review and approval. The bill requires the director to review the budget to ensure that budgeted expenditures for the authority meet the requirements of the bill, and the "Local Authorities Fiscal Control Law," P.L.1983, c.313 (C.40A:5A-1 et seq.), are reasonable in cost and necessary for the performance of the authority. If the director does not approve the budget, the bill provides for the director to return the budget to the authority's members with written information concerning the reasons for disapproval.

The bill takes effect immediately and is applicable to the next budget year following enactment.

This bill was pre-filed for introduction in the 2016-2017 session pending technical review. As reported, the bill includes the changes required by technical review, which has been performed.

#### SENATE BUDGET AND APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

#### SENATE, No. 848

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 4, 2017

The Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 848.

This bill provides for State oversight of annual budgets of regional sewerage authorities created pursuant to the "sewerage authorities law," P.L.1946, c.138 (C.40:14A-1 et seq.), by imposing certain limits on the growth of fee-funded appropriations in the annual budgets of authorities (and on increases in the amounts permitted to be billed to customers) and by requiring the review and approval of the annual budgets of authorities by the Director of the Division of Local Government Services.

Limits on Percentage of Growth and Amounts Billed to Customers.

The bill limits the percentage of growth in the fee-funded appropriations in the annual budget of a regional sewerage authority to not more than two percent per year, and provides that the amount billed to customers of the authority, or the amount billed to a local unit for its proportional share of the authority's expenses, is not permitted to exceed that amount billed in the previous budget year to each customer or local unit by more than two percent for comparable usage of the sewerage system. The bill provides that the limits imposed on the percentage of growth in the fee-funded appropriations in the annual budget of an authority are required to be determined without taking into consideration any amounts appropriated by the authority for: the payment of principal or interest on bonds issued under the "sewerage authorities law"; increases in pension and health care costs greater than two percent over the previous budget year; increases in energy costs greater than two percent over those expenditures for the previous budget year; and expenditures for costs mandated by federal and State law, administrative rules, and legal directives.

Additionally, the bill provides that the limits on the percentage of growth in the fee-funded appropriations and the amounts permitted to be billed to customers do not apply when an authority has incurred extraordinary costs directly related to an emergency. The bill defines an emergency as any purpose which is not foreseen at the time of the adoption of the annual budget, or for which adequate provision was not made therein, to meet a pressing need for public expenditure to protect or promote the public health, safety, or welfare. The bill permits an authority to seek a cap waiver from the Local Finance

Board when its revenue declines due to reductions in the use of the sewerage system, and also allows the authority to "bank" any unused cap growth for use in any one of the next three succeeding budget years.

Review and Approval of Annual Budgets by Director of DLGS.

The bill provides that after the budget of a regional sewerage authority is approved by the members of the authority, the budget must be forwarded to the Director of the Division of Local Government Services for review and approval. The bill requires the director to review the budget to ensure that budgeted expenditures for the authority meet the requirements of the bill, and the "Local Authorities Fiscal Control Law," P.L.1983, c.313 (C.40A:5A-1 et seq.), are reasonable in cost and necessary for the performance of the authority. If the director does not approve the budget, the bill provides for the director to return the budget to the authority's members with written information concerning the reasons for disapproval.

The bill takes effect immediately and is applicable to the next budget year following enactment.

#### **FISCAL IMPACT**:

The Office of Legislative Services notes that this bill may result in a minimal increase in State costs and indeterminate potential decrease in local expenditures and revenues. Revenues and expenditures of regional sewerage authorities may be lower than they otherwise would be due to the imposition of spending and revenue limitations. Local government entities that are members of an authority would potentially realize reduced costs because the bill limits the amount by which their share of authority expenses could increase. Sufficient data with which to quantify these impacts is unavailable at this time.

The Division of Local Government Services (DLGS) already employs staff to review budgets of local government entities subject to the "Local Authorities Fiscal Control Law," P.L.1983, c.313 (C.40A:5A-1 et seq.). Under the bill, the DLGS is responsible for verifying that the rate of authority spending and customer billing falls within the two percent cap. The DLGS should be able to perform these budget reviews with existing staff and office resources. It is not clear how much existing staff time would need to be dedicated to these additional review activities.

## LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE SENATE, No. 848 STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 12, 2017

217th LEGISLATURE

#### **SUMMARY**

Synopsis: Requires certain State oversight of budgets of regional sewerage

authorities.

**Type of Impact:** Increase in State costs.

Indeterminate impact on local finances.

Agencies Affected: Division of Local Government Services (Community Affairs),

regional sewerage authorities, and local government entities.

#### Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	<u>Year 1</u>	Year 2	Year 3	
State Cost	Minimal Potential Increase – See comments below			
Local Cost	Indeterminate Potential Decrease – See comments below			
Local Revenue	Indeterminate Potential Decrease – See comments below			

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) concludes that the enactment of this bill may cause revenues and expenditures of regional sewerage authorities to be lower than they otherwise would be due to the imposition of spending and revenue limitations. Sufficient data with which to quantify the potential impacts of these limitations is unavailable.
- Local government entities that are members of a regional sewerage authority would potentially realize reduced costs because the bill limits the amount by which their share of authority expenses could increase.
- The Division of Local Government Services (DLGS) is already required to review and
  approve the budgets of all local authorities. The bill requires the DLGS to verify that the rate
  of authority spending and customer billing remains within the two percent annual cap. The
  DLGS should be able to perform these budget reviews with existing staff and office
  resources.



#### **BILL DESCRIPTION**

Senate Bill No. 848 of 2016 provides for State oversight of annual budgets of regional sewerage authorities created pursuant to the "sewerage authorities law," P.L.1946, c.138 (C.40:14A-1 et seq.), by imposing certain limits on the growth of fee-funded appropriations in the annual budgets of authorities (and on increases on the amounts permitted to be billed to customers) and by requiring the review and approval of the annual budgets of regional sewerage authorities by the DLGS to ensure compliance with the restrictions on increases in fee-funded appropriations established by the bill.

#### Limits on Percentage of Growth and Amounts Billed to Customers

The bill limits the percentage of growth in the fee-funded appropriations in the annual budget of a regional sewerage authority to not more than two percent per year, and provides that the amount billed to customers of the authority, or the amount billed to a local unit for its proportional share of the authority's expenses, is not permitted to exceed that amount billed in the previous budget year to each customer or local unit by more than two percent for comparable usage of the sewerage system. The bill provides that the limits imposed on the percentage of growth in the fee-funded appropriations in the annual budget of an authority are required to be determined without taking into consideration any amounts appropriated by the authority for: the payment of principal and interest on bonds issued pursuant to the "sewerage authorities law"; increases in pension and health care costs greater than two percent over the previous budget year; increases in energy costs greater than two percent over those expenditures for the previous budget year; and expenditures for costs mandated by federal and State law, administrative rules, and legal directives.

Additionally, the bill provides that the limits on the percentage growth in the fee-funded appropriations and the amounts permitted to be billed to customers do not apply when an authority has incurred extraordinary costs directly related to an emergency. The bill defines an emergency as any purpose which is not foreseen at the time of the adoption of the annual budget, or for which adequate provision was not made therein to meet a pressing need for public expenditure to protect or promote the public health, safety, or welfare. The bill permits a regional sewerage to seek a cap waiver from the Local Finance Board when its revenue declines due to reductions in the use of the sewerage system, and also allows the authority to "bank" any unused cap growth for use in any one of the next three succeeding budget years.

#### Review and Approval of Annual Budgets by the Director of DLGS

The bill also provides that after the budget of a regional sewerage authority is approved by the members of the authority, it must be forwarded to the DLGS Director for review and approval. The bill requires the director to review the budget to ensure that budgeted expenditures for the authority to meet the requirements of the bill, and the "Local Authorities Fiscal Control Law," P.L.1983, c.313 (C.40A:5A-1 et seq.), are reasonable in cost and necessary for the performance of the authority. If the director does not approve the budget, the bill provides for the director to return the budget to the authority's members with information concerning the reasons for disapproval.

#### FISCAL ANALYSIS

#### **EXECUTIVE BRANCH**

None received.

#### OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) estimates that the restrictions on increases in regional sewerage authority fee-funded appropriations, and the amounts billed to regional sewerage authority customers and local units which are members of a regional sewerage authority, may result in smaller user fee increases than would otherwise occur under existing law, by indeterminate amounts. Regional sewerage authorities will potentially spend less and raise less revenue from users as a result of the limitations imposed by the bill. Municipalities that are members of regional sewerage authorities would be impacted by this bill because they are limited to the two percent cap on their share of authority costs. The degree of impact is indeterminate because it is not clear how much each of the authorities would increase rates if not subject to the two percent cap proposed by the bill.

The OLS notes that regional sewerage authority budget decisions that determine annual changes in user fees are affected by multiple factors, such as changes in sewerage flow levels, the authority's customer base, the provisions of labor contracts, costs of goods and services, levels of non-user fee revenues, and debt service requirements. It is reasonable to conclude that a reduction in the amount by which fee-funded appropriations are permitted to increase from year-to-year may comprise restraints on annual user fee increases, but it is not feasible to estimate the degree to which this is the case, or to quantify the amount by which fee-funded appropriations, and the amount billed to customers and members of the authority, will be lower due to the effect of the new cap and the provisions permitting the use of "cap banking."

Under the bill, the DLGS is responsible for reviewing the budget of each regional sewerage authority, ensuring that the fee-funded appropriations of the authority do not increase by more than two percent per year, that the assessment on customers or local units does not increase by more than two percent in a given year, subject to certain exceptions (e.g., debt service and limited increases in pension and health care costs). The OLS notes that the "Local Authorities Fiscal Control Law," P.L.1983, c.313 (C.40A:5A-1 et seq.) already requires DCA to annually review the budgets of all local authorities. The analytic task of determining whether budget appropriations or billed rates increase by more than two percent in a given year may be accomplished with existing DLGS staff and office resources.

There are eleven regional sewerage authorities that could be affected by Senate Bill No. 848: Atlantic Highlands-Highland Regional Sewerage Authority, Bayshore Regional Sewerage Authority, Manasquan River Regional Sewerage Authority, North Hudson Regional Sewerage Authority, Pequannock River Basin Regional Sewerage Authority, Plainfield Regional Sewerage Authority, Rockaway Valley Regional Sewerage Authority, Somerset-Raritan Regional Sewerage Authority, Southern Monmouth County Regional Sewerage Authority, Stony Brook Regional Sewerage Authority, and the Wanaque Valley Regional Sewerage Authority.

Section: Local Government

Analyst: Scott A. Brodsky

Senior Fiscal Analyst

Approved: Frank W. Haines III

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).

## ASSEMBLY, No. 5339

## **STATE OF NEW JERSEY**

## 217th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED DECEMBER 20, 2017

Sponsored by:
Assemblyman RAJ MUKHERJI
District 33 (Hudson)
Assemblywoman ANNETTE CHAPARRO
District 33 (Hudson)

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Requires certain State oversight of budgets of regional sewerage authorities.

#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.



**AN ACT** concerning the budgets of regional sewerage authorities and amending and supplementing P.L.1946, c.138.

**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. (New section) a. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, the budget of every regional sewerage authority created pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1946, c.138 (C.40:14A-1 et seq.) shall be subject to the following provisions:
- (1) (a) The percentage of growth in the fee-funded appropriations in the annual budget of a regional sewerage authority shall not exceed two percent per year; and the amount billed to customers of the authority, or the amount billed to a local unit for its proportional share of the authority's expenses, as the case may be, shall not exceed that amount billed in the previous budget year to each customer or local unit, as the case may be, by more than two percent for a similar amount of use or service of the sewerage system.
- (b) A regional sewerage authority may add to the allowable growth in fee-funded appropriations in any one of the next three succeeding years, the amount of the difference between the maximum allowable increase in fee-funded appropriations for the current budget year pursuant to subparagraph (a) of this paragraph and the actual amount of fee-funded appropriations for the current budget year.
- (2) The percentage of growth in the fee-funded appropriations in the annual budget of a regional sewerage authority shall be determined without consideration of any amounts appropriated by the authority for:
- (a) capital expenditures, including payment of principal or interest on bonds authorized or issued pursuant to the "sewerage authorities law," P.L.1946, c.138 (C.40:14A-1 et seq.);
- (b) increases in pension contributions and accrued liability for pension contributions in excess of two percent over those expenditures for the previous budget year;
- (c) increases in health care costs equal to that portion of the actual increase in total health costs for the budget year that is in excess of two percent of total health care costs in the previous budget year, but is not in excess of the product of the total health care costs in the prior year and the average percentage increase of the State Health Benefits Program, P.L.1961, c.49 (C.52:14-17.25 et seq.), as annually determined by the Division of Pensions and Benefits in the Department of the Treasury;
- (d) increases in energy cost expenditures in excess of two percent over those expenditures for the previous budget year;
- (e) extraordinary costs that are directly related to an emergency; and
- (f) expenditures for the cost of services mandated by any order of court, by any federal or State statute, or by administrative rule,

directive, order, or other legally binding device issued by a State agency which identified the cost as a mandated expenditure on certification to the Local Finance Board by the State agency.

(3) Notwithstanding the limitations imposed by paragraph (1) of this section, a regional sewerage authority may apply to the Local Finance Board for a waiver to increase its rents, rates, fees, and charges to levels sufficient to compensate for loss of revenues due to reductions in the use or service of the sewerage system.

As used this section, "emergency" shall mean any purpose which is not foreseen at the time of the adoption of the annual budget, or for which adequate provision was not made therein, to meet a pressing need for public expenditure to protect or promote the public health, safety, morals, or welfare.

b. After the budget of a regional sewerage authority has been approved by the members of the regional sewerage authority, the budget shall be forwarded to the Director of the Division of Local Government Services for review and approval.

The director shall review the budget to ensure that the budget conforms with the requirements of subsection a. of this section and the "Local Authorities Fiscal Control Law," P.L.1983, c.313 (C.40A:5A-1 et seq.), and that the budgeted expenditures are reasonable in cost and necessary for the performance of the regional sewerage authority.

If the director determines that the budget meets the requirements of this subsection, the director shall approve the budget. If the director does not approve the budget, the director shall return the budget to the members of the regional sewerage authority with written information concerning the reasons for the disapproval of the budget.

To the extent that the provisions of subsection a. of this section conflict with the provisions of the "Local Authorities Fiscal Control Law," P.L.1983, c.313 (C.40A:5A-1 et seq.), subsection a. of this section shall take precedence.

(cf: P.L.1946, c.138, s.35)

- 2. Section 35 of P.L.1946, c.138 (C.40:14A-35) is amended to read as follows:
- 35. [This act] Except as provided in section 1 of P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), P.L.1946, c.138 , (C.40:14A-1 et seq.) shall be construed liberally to effectuate the legislative intent and as complete and independent authority for the performance of each and every act and thing herein authorized, and a sewerage authority shall not be subject to regulation as to its service charges or as to any other matter whatsoever by any officer, board, agency, commission or other office of the State.

3. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be applicable to the next budget year following enactment.

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#### STATEMENT

This bill provides for State oversight of annual budgets of regional sewerage authorities created pursuant to the "sewerage authorities law," P.L.1946, c.138 (C.40:14A-1 et seq.), by imposing certain limits on the growth of fee-funded appropriations in the annual budgets of authorities (and on increases in the amounts permitted to be billed to customers) and by requiring the review and approval of the annual budgets of authorities by the Director of the Division of Local Government Services.

Limits on Percentage of Growth and Amounts Billed to Customers.

The bill limits the percentage of growth in the fee-funded appropriations in the annual budget of a regional sewerage authority to not more than two percent per year, and provides that the amount billed to customers of the authority, or the amount billed to a local unit for its proportional share of the authority's expenses, is not permitted to exceed that amount billed in the previous budget year to each customer or local unit by more than two percent for comparable usage of the sewerage system. The bill provides that the limits imposed on the percentage of growth in the fee-funded appropriations in the annual budget of an authority are required to be determined without taking into consideration any amounts appropriated by the authority for: the payment of principal or interest on bonds issued under the "sewerage authorities law"; increases in pension and health care costs greater than two percent over the previous budget year; increases in energy costs greater than two percent over those expenditures for the previous budget year; and expenditures for costs mandated by federal and State law, administrative rules, and legal directives.

Additionally, the bill provides that the limits on the percentage of growth in the fee-funded appropriations and the amounts permitted to be billed to customers do not apply when an authority has incurred extraordinary costs directly related to an emergency. The bill defines an emergency as any purpose which is not foreseen at the time of the adoption of the annual budget, or for which adequate provision was not made therein, to meet a pressing need for public expenditure to protect or promote the public health, safety, or welfare. The bill permits an authority to seek a cap waiver from the Local Finance Board when its revenue declines due to reductions in the use of the sewerage system, and also allows the authority to "bank" any unused cap growth for use in any one of the next three succeeding budget years.

Review and Approval of Annual Budgets by Director of DLGS.

The bill provides that after the budget of a regional sewerage authority is approved by the members of the authority, the budget must be forwarded to the Director of the Division of Local Government Services for review and approval. The bill requires the director to

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- review the budget to ensure that budgeted expenditures for the authority meet the requirements of the bill, and the "Local Authorities Fiscal Control Law," P.L.1983, c.313 (C.40A:5A-1 et seq.), are reasonable in cost and necessary for the performance of the authority. If the director does not approve the budget, the bill provides for the director to return the budget to the authority's members with written information concerning the reasons for disapproval.
- The bill takes effect immediately and is applicable to the next budget year following enactment.

# ASSEMBLY, No. 5339 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 217th LEGISLATURE

DATED: JANUARY 9, 2018

#### **SUMMARY**

Synopsis: Requires certain State oversight of budgets of regional sewerage

authorities.

**Type of Impact:** Increase in State costs.

Indeterminate impact on local finances.

Agencies Affected: Division of Local Government Services (Community Affairs),

regional sewerage authorities, and local government entities.

#### Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	Year 1	<u>Year 2</u>	Year 3	
State Cost	Minimal Potential Increase – See comments below			
<b>Local Cost</b>	Indeterminate Potential Increase – See comments below			
<b>Local Revenue</b>	Indeterminate Potential Increase – See comments below			

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) concludes that the enactment of this bill may cause revenues and expenditures of regional sewerage authorities to be lower than they otherwise would be due to the imposition of spending and revenue limitations. Sufficient data with which to quantify the potential impacts of these limitations is unavailable.
- Local government entities that are members of a regional sewerage authority would potentially realize reduced costs because the bill limits the amount by which their share of authority expenses could increase.

The Division of Local Government Services (DLGS) is already required to review and approve the budgets of all local authorities. The bill requires the DLGS to verify that the rate of authority spending and customer billing remains within the two percent annual cap. The DLGS should be able to perform these budget reviews with existing staff and office resources.

#### **BILL DESCRIPTION**

This bill provides for State oversight of annual budgets of regional sewerage authorities created pursuant to the "sewerage authorities law," P.L.1946, c.138 (C.40:14A-1 et seq.), by



imposing certain limits on the growth of fee-funded appropriations in the annual budgets of authorities (and on increases on the amounts permitted to be billed to customers) and by requiring the review and approval of the annual budgets of regional sewerage authorities by the Director of the Division of Local Government Services (DLGS) to ensure compliance with the restrictions on increases in fee-funded appropriations established by the bill.

#### Limits on Percentage of Growth and Amounts Billed to Customers

The bill limits the percentage of growth in the fee-funded appropriations in the annual budget of a regional sewerage authority to not more than two percent per year, and provides that the amount billed to customers of the authority, or the amount billed to a local unit for its proportional share of the authority's expenses, is not permitted to exceed that amount billed in the previous budget year to each customer or local unit by more than two percent for comparable usage of the sewerage system. The bill provides that the limits imposed on the percentage of growth in the fee-funded appropriations in the annual budget of an authority are required to be determined without taking into consideration any amounts appropriated by the authority for: the payment of principal and interest on bonds issued pursuant to the "sewerage authorities law"; increases in pension and health care costs greater than two percent over the previous budget year; increases in energy costs greater than two percent over those expenditures for the previous budget year; and expenditures for costs mandated by federal and State law, administrative rules, and legal directives.

Additionally, the bill provides that the limits on the percentage growth in the fee-funded appropriations and the amounts permitted to be billed to customers do not apply when an authority has incurred extraordinary costs directly related to a declared emergency. The bill defines an emergency as any purpose which is not foreseen at the time of the adoption of the annual budget, or for which adequate provision was not made therein to meet a pressing need for public expenditure to protect or promote the public health, safety, or welfare. The bill permits a regional sewerage to seek a cap waiver from the Local Finance Board when its revenue declines due to reductions in the use of the sewerage system, and also allows the authority to "bank" any unused cap growth for use in any one of the next three succeeding budget years.

#### Review and Approval of Annual Budgets by the Director of DLGS

The bill also provides that after the budget of a regional sewerage authority is approved by the members of the authority, it must be forwarded to the DLGS Director for review and approval. The bill requires the director to review the budget to ensure that budgeted expenditures for the authority to meet the requirements of the bill, and the "Local Authorities Fiscal Control Law," P.L.1983, c.313 (C.40A:5A-1 et seq.), are reasonable in cost and necessary for the performance of the authority. If the director does not approve the budget, the bill provides for the director to return the budget to the authority's members with information concerning the reasons for disapproval.

#### FISCAL ANALYSIS

#### **EXECUTIVE BRANCH**

None received.

#### OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The OLS estimates that the restrictions on increases in regional sewerage authority feefunded appropriations, and the amounts billed to regional sewerage authority customers and local units which are members of a regional sewerage authority, may result in lower user fee increases than would otherwise occur under existing law, by indeterminate amounts. Regional sewerage authorities will potentially spend less and raise less revenue from users as a result of the limitations imposed by the bill. Municipalities that are members of regional sewerage authorities would be impacted by this bill because they are limited to the two percent cap on their share of authority costs. The amount of the benefit they would receive cannot be known because it is not clear how much each of the authorities would increase rates if not subject to the two percent cap proposed by the bill.

The OLS notes that regional sewerage authority budget decisions that determine annual changes in user fees are affected by multiple factors, such as changes in sewerage flow levels, the authority's customer base, the provisions of labor contracts, costs of goods and services, levels of non-user fee revenues, and debt service requirements. It is reasonable to conclude that a reduction in the amount by which fee-funded appropriations are permitted to increase from year-to-year may comprise restraints on annual user fee increases, but it is not feasible to estimate the degree to which this is the case, or to quantify the amount by which fee-funded appropriations, and the amount billed to customers and members of the authority, will be lower due to the effect of the new cap and the provisions permitting the use of "cap banking."

Under the bill, the DLGS is responsible for reviewing the budget of each regional sewerage authority, ensuring that the fee-funded appropriations of the authority do not increase by more than two percent per year, that the assessment on customers or local units does not increase by more than two percent in a given year, subject to certain exceptions (e.g., debt service and limited increases in pension and health care costs). The OLS notes that the "Local Authorities Fiscal Control Law," P.L.1983, c.313 (C.40A:5A-1 et seq.) already requires DCA to annually review the budgets of all local authorities. The analytic task of determining whether budget expenditures or billed rates increase by more than two percent in a given year may be accomplished with existing DLGS staff and office resources.

There are eleven regional sewerage authorities that could be affected by this bill. They are the: Atlantic Highlands-Highland Regional Sewerage Authority, Bayshore Regional Sewerage Authority, Manasquan River Regional Sewerage Authority, North Hudson Regional Sewerage Authority, Pequannock River Basin Regional Sewerage Authority, Plainfield Regional Sewerage Authority, Rockaway Valley Regional Sewerage Authority, Somerset-Raritan Regional Sewerage Authority, Southern Monmouth County Regional Sewerage Authority, Stony Brook Regional Sewerage Authority, and the Wanaque Valley Regional Sewerage Authority.

Section: Local Government

Analyst: Scott A. Brodsky

Senior Fiscal Analyst

Approved: Frank W. Haines III

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).