LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

17:12B-128		
NJSA		
Laws of 1975 Chapter _	237	
Bill No. Al061		
Sponsor(s) Gorman, Stewart & He	erman	
Date Introduced Jan. 31, 1974		
Committee: Assembly Banking &	Insurance	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Senate Labor, Industry & Professions		
Amended during passage	N	0
Date of passage: Assembly May	9, 1974	
Senate April	28, 1975	
Date of approval October	24, 1975	<u></u>
Date of approval October 24, 1975 Following statements are attached if available: Sponsor statement Committee Statement: Assembly No Senate Yes Fiscal Note Veto message No Message on signing Following were printed: Reports No No No No No No No No No N		
Sponsor statement	Y II	
Committee Statement: Assembly	Y N	
Senate	Yes	
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Following were printed:		
Reports	Views N	
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10/4/76 MAY 1977 CHAPTER 237 LAWS OF N. J. 1975

APPROVED 10-24-75

ASSEMBLY, No. 1061

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED JANUARY 31, 1974

By Assemblymen GORMAN, STEWART and HERMAN

Referred to Committee on Banking and Insurance

An Act to amend the "Savings and Loan Act (1963)," approved August 30, 1963 (P. L. 1963, c. 144).

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
- 2 of New Jersey:
- 1 1. Section 128 of P. L. 1963, c. 144 (C. 17:12B-128) is amended
- 2 to read as follows:
- 3 128. General reserve, bad debt reserves and Federal insurance
- 4 reserve accounts.
- 5 (a) A general reserve account shall mean a reserve account
- 6 established and maintained for the purpose of absorbing losses.
- 7 Each State association shall establish such a general reserve
- 8 account.
- 9 (b) A bad debt reserve account shall mean a reserve account
- 10 established for the purpose of absorbing losses due to bad debts,
- 11 which may be established by each State association in addition to
- 12 the general reserve account defined in subsection (a) of this section,
- 13 but the establishment of such bad debt reserve account shall not
- 14 prohibit a State association from charging losses due to bad debts
- 15 to the general reserve account or any other available reserve ac-
- 16 count or the undivided profits account.
- 17 (c) "Federal insurance reserve account" shall mean a reserve
- 18 account established and maintained by an insured association in
- 19 accordance with the requirements of the Federal Savings and Loan
- 20 Insurance Corporation. Any insured association may maintain
- 21 such reserve account separately or may designate its general re-
- 22 serve account or the bad debt reserve account, or both, as its
- 23 Federal insurance reserve account.
- 24 (d) At the end of each accounting period and before the declara-
- 25 tion of any dividends, each State association shall transfer to the
- 26 general reserve account an amount equal to 5% of the State as-
- 27 sociation's net income for such accounting period, less any amounts
- 28 transferred for such period to the bad debt reserve account; pro-

29 vided, however, that the provisions of this subsection shall not

30 apply to any insured association, as defined in section 5 of this act.

31 (e) Any State association may at any time, in the discretion of 32 its board, transfer additional amounts beyond those required by 33 the provisions of this section, to any of the reserve accounts here-

34 inbefore mentioned, provided, that any amount transferred to the

35 general reserve account in excess of the minimum amount set forth

36 in this section may be used for the purposes of meeting the require-

37 ments of paragraph (d) of this section in subsequent accounting

38 periods within 5 calendar years from the year such excess amount

39 was transferred to the State association's reserve accounts; pro-

40 vided, however, if the State association is an insured association,

41 as defined in section 5 of this act, the time within which such excess

42 amounts may be used to meet the requirements of subsection (d) of

43 this section shall be the time permitted for such purposes under

44 the regulations promulgated by the Federal Savings and Loan In-

45 surance Corporation.

46 (f) Additions to any of the reserve accounts hereinbefore men-

47 tioned, whether required or discretionary, may be made by transfer

48 from the net income of the period for which such transfer is made,

49 from the undivided profits account or from any other unapportioned

50 profits.

51 (g) No transfer to the general reserve account, required by sub-

52 section (d) of this section, shall be required to be made so long as

53 either:

54 (1) the amount held in all reserve accounts of the State associa-

55 tion plus the undivided profits account, equals or exceeds an amount

56 equal to 6% of the State association's capital; or

57 (2) the State association is an insured association, as defined in

58 section 5 of this act, and has complied with the reserve requirements

59 promulgated by the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corpora-

60 tion for such accounting period.

61 (h) The board of a State association may, in its discretion, au-

62 thorize transfers, in whole or in part, from the bad debt reserve

63 account to the general reserve account or to the Federal insurance

64 reserve account and in addition the board may from time to time,

65 in its discretion, authorize the transfer of all or a part of the general

66 reserve account to the Federal insurance reserve account and,

67 provided further, that when the amount held in the general reserve

68 account exceeds 6% of the State association's capital because of a

69 decline in capital, the board of the State association, with the ap-

70 proval of the commissioner, may authorize the transfer of amounts

71 in excess of 6% of capital to the undivided profits account.

1 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

SENATE LABOR, INDUSTRY, AND PROFESSIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 1061

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: APRIL 7, 1975

Savings and loan associations are now required by the Savings and Loan Act to maintain reserves for losses in connection with loans and other investments. Five percent of the net earnings in each accounting period must be placed in the association's general reserve until it equals 6% of the association's total deposits. Once funds are placed in this account, they cannot be taken out except to meet losses on investments.

Assembly Bill No. 1061 would permit an association to transfer from its general reserve to its undivided profits account those amounts in excess of 6% of the association's savings when the percentage becomes more than 6% because of a shrinkage in savings.

Thus, certain associations that have developed high reserve ratios, because withdrawals have exceeded savings, would be able, with the approval of the Commissioner of Banking, to transfer excesses in the general reserve to pay dividends to shareholders.