26:2F-1 et al

### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

HJSA 26:2F-1 et al (Amends LAUS OF 1977 Bill No. <u>A3552</u> Sponsor(s) <u>Cali and others</u>	new	formula	for dist	1966"establishes ribution of local <u>hea</u> lth aid)
Date Introduced Sept. 26, 1977				
Committee: Assembly				,
Senate <u>Revenue, Fi</u>	nance	& Approp	oriations	
Amended during passage	Yes		XXX	
Date of Passage: Assembly Oct. 3	<u>, 1977</u>	7		
Senate <u>Dec. 1</u>	<u>, 197</u>	7		
Date of approval Jan. 23, 197	8			
Following statements are attached in	f avail	able:		
Sponsor statement	Yes	XX	δX	and the second sec
Committee Statement: Assembly	XXXXX	[]	0	
Senate	Yes	X	6X	C.
Fiscal Note	XXX	11	0	
Veto Hessage	XXXX	Ţţ	0	er en internetien
Lessage on signing	Yes	X	ØX	
Following were printed:				
Reports	XXXX	И	0	
Hearings	XXXXX	11	0	

T

`.

٩

CHAPTER <u>332</u> LAWS OF N. J. 1977 APPROVED 1-23-78

## ASSEMBLY, No. 3552

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

#### INTRODUCED SEPTEMBER 26, 1977

By Assemblymen CALI, ADUBATO, Assemblywoman MISZKIE-WICZ, Assemblymen BATE, T. GALLO, KOPYCINSKI, BROWN, GREGORIO, ESPOSITO, BORNHEIMER, CODEY, YATES, COS-TELLO, PELLECCHIA, HOLLENBECK, CONTILLO, BURNS, MARTIN, BAER, SCHUCK, RAND, FROUDE, BURSTEIN, NEW-MAN, JACKMAN, PERSKIE, SHAPIRO, KARCHER, OTLOW-SKI, KOZLOSKI, FLYNN, VAN WAGNER and HAMILTON

(Without Reference) '

AN Act to amend and supplement the "State Health Aid Act of 1966," approved May 16, 1966 (P. L. 1966, c. 36) and repealing sections 2, 4, 5, 6 and 10 thereof.

1 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 2 of New Jersey:

1 1. Section 1 of P. L. 1966, c. 36 (C. 26:2F-1) is amended to  $2^{\circ}$  read as follows:

3 1. This act shall be known as the State Health Aid Act of 4 1966 Public Health Priority Funding Act of 1977.

1 2. (New section) The Legislature finds and declares that there exists in New Jersey a serious and increasing incidence of various 2 communicable and chronic diseases such as cancer, hypertension, 3 heart disease, diabetes, venereal disease, alcoholism and drug 4 abuse which requires a continuing commitment of public health 5 personnel and resources; and that there has been in recent years 6 a diminished financial support for agencies engaged in providing 7 primary prevention programs. 8

9 The Legislature also recognizes that there exists a framework 10 for the provision of such services at the municipal, regional and 11 county levels but that changing socio-economic, environmental and 12 technological conditions warrant a redirection of the ways of 13 addressing these health problems. The Legislature finds that EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law. 14 there should be provided funds to support certain public health15 priority activities.

1 3. Section 3 of P. L. 1966, c. 36 (C. 26:2F-3) is amended to 2 read as follows:

3. For the purposes of this act unless the context clearly re-quires a different meaning:

5 (a) "Local health agency" [shall mean and include a county, 6 district, regional, municipal or other local governmental agency 7 organized for the purpose of providing health services] means 8 any county, regional, municipal or other governmental agency 9 organized for the purpose of providing health services, adminis-10 tered by a full-time health officer and conducting a public health 11 program pursuant to law.

12 (b) "Commissioner" shall mean the State Commissioner of13 Health or his designee.

14 (c) "Special projects and development fund" shall mean the15 fund established in section 7 of this act.

(d) ["Certified health services" shall mean and include those 16 17specific administrative activities and health services as planned and provided in a municipality or municipalities by a local health 1819 agency or by a person or agency under contract with a local health agency which are approved and certified by the commissioner as 2021being recognized health services meeting personnel and program 22standards which the Public Health Council is hereby authorized 23to prescribe.]

24"Priority health services" means those core activities pertaining to communicable disease and chronic illness as contained 25in the "standards of performance" or supplemented from the list 26of recognized activities as contained in the "standards of per-27formance," and designated annually by the commissioner with the 28approval of the Public Health Council. For the purposes of this 29 subsection, "standards of performance" means the "Recognized 30Public Health Activities and Minimum Standards of Performance 31 32for Local Boards of Health in New Jersey'' as prescribed by the Public Health Council of the State Department of Health under 33 authority of P. L. 1947, c. 177 (C. 26:1A-1 et seq.). 34(e) ["State health aid"] "Public health priority fund" shall 35 36 mean State [aid] funds for [basic health services and State 37 equalization aid for local health purposes priority health services

38 to be rendered by local health agencies but shall not include grants

39 from the special projects and development fund.

40 (f) "Annual expenditures for health purposes" shall mean the
41 [sum expended] local effort as represented by the expenditures
42 by a local health agency for [certified] health services which
43 comply with the "standards of performance" excluding any sum
44 paid to the local health agency as [State health aid] public health
45 priority funds under the provisions of this act.

(g) ["Population"] (1) "Noninstitutional population" shall 46 mean the number of inhabitants of a municipality or a group of 47municipalities making up a local health agency jurisdiction as 48enumerated in the last Federal census, or by a special census made 49 by the Federal Bureau of the Census, or as estimated annually 50by the Department of [Conservation and Economic Development] 51Labor and Industry, whichever is the most recent, except that 52military personnel living on military reservations, inmates of 53Federal, State, and county institutions, and boarding students of 54[schools and] colleges and universities shall be excluded. 55

56 (2) "Special needs population" shall mean the sum of the 57 number of persons having income less than the poverty level and 58 the number of persons over the age of 65, as listed in the most 59 recent Federal census.

(h) "Full-time health officer" [shall mean a licensed health 60 officer employed by a local health agency to function as such during 61 all the working hours of the regularly scheduled work week of the 62 governmental unit to which the local health agency is attached and 63 not regularly employed during the working hours of that scheduled 64 work week in other activities for which he receives remuneration] 65means a holder of a license as a health officer issued by the State 66 Department of Health and who is employed by a local health agency 67 to function during all the working hours of the regularly scheduled 68 work week of the governmental unit to which the local health agency 69 is attached and not regularly employed during the working hours 70 of that scheduled work week in other activities for which he re-71 ceives remuneration. 72

(i) [The "foundation program" for each local health agency 73 shall be an amount equal to a capitation for the population within 74the jurisdiction of the local health agency.] Deleted by amendment. 75(j) [The "distribution table" shall mean a series of percent-76 ages of the foundation program establishing the minimum amounts 77 which should be budgeted by a local health agency for each func-78tional activity. The distribution table shall be prescribed by the 79 Public Health Council.] Deleted by amendment. 80

81 (k) "Criteria for participation" shall mean that a local health 82agency serving a minimum population of 25,000 is under the 83 administrative direction of a full-time health officer, and all other 84 employees are appropriately qualified and licensed as required 85 by law. The minimum population of 25,000 may be waived at the discretion of the commissioner in the case of a local health agency 86 which from the period beginning January 1, 1960, has carried on 87 88 and continues to carry on a comprehensive public health program under the direction of a full-time health officer. 89

1 4. (New section) Public health priority funds for each munici-2 pality within the local health agency shall be determined by the 3 following formula:

4 PHPF=(p/c factor × NIP × (2-RFS)) + (p/c factor × SNP)
5 PHPF ==Public health priority fund
6 p/c factor=Per capita amount deemed necessary to provide

priority health services

NIP == Noninstitutional population

8 SNP = Special needs population

6а

7

-The relative fair share factor of a municipality, RFS 9 and is the ratio that the equalized valuation of a 10 municipality divided by its noninstitutional popu-11 lation hears to the total equalized valuation of 12all municipalities divided by the noninstitutional 13population of the State. The equalized valuation 14for each municipality is the equalized valuation 15promulgated by the Director of the Division of 16 Taxation pursuant to P. L. 1954. c. 17 86 (C. 54:1-35.1) plus the amount determined by 18 dividing the sum of the amounts received by the 19 municiality for personal property tax replacement 20pursuant to P. L. 1966, c. 135 (C. 54:11D-1 et seq.) 21 and from public utility franchise and gross receipt 22taxes pursuant to P. L. 1940, c. 4 (C. 54:30A-16 23et seq.) by the equalized tax rate of the munici-24pality. The equalized tax rate of a municipality is 25determined by dividing the amount on which the  $\mathbf{26}$ local tax rate is computed, as indicated in the 27table of aggregates prepared pursuant to R. S. 2854:4-52, by the equalized valuation promulgated 29by the Director of the Division of Taxation. 30 For any municipality whose ratio is one-half or 31 less, its factor shall be zero. For any municipality 32whose ratio is greater than two, its factor is two. 33

5. (New section) Public health priority funds shall be used only for the support of priority health services provided by the local health agency, and shall not be provided for use in substitution for the mean annual expenditures for health purposes of the agency during the 2 years immediately preceding the year for which public health priority funds are requested.

1 6. Section 8 of P. L. 1966, c. 36 (C. 26:2F-8) is amended to read 2 as follows:

3 8. A local health agency may qualify for a grant under one or
4 more of the sections [4, 6, and 7] of this act.

1 7. Section 9 of P. L. 1966, c. 36 (C. 26:2F-9) is amended to read 2 as follows:

9. Pending final passage of the applicable General Appropria-3 tions Act, the commissioner shall notify each eligible local health 4 agency as to the priority health services and the amount of public 5 health priority funds estimated to be payable during the next State 6 fiscal year to provide these services. On or before a date set by the 7 commissioner [but not later than October 15 in each year], the 8 health officer of each local health agency, or in his absence another 9 person designated by the official body under which the local health 10agency operates, may submit an application for [State health aid] 11 public health priority funds for the [succeeding] year beginning 12July 1. The application shall include the budget of the agency, the 13plan of work[, the short-term objectives,] and such other informa-14 tion as the commissioner may require, to be presented in a form 15 prescribed by the commissioner. It shall be the responsibility of the 16applicant to describe in detail in the application how all the public 17health priority services will be met by the local health agency. The 18 application shall be certified, under the penalties of perjury, as 19 true to the best knowledge of the person making it. 20

1 8. Section 11 of P. L. 1966, c. 36 (C. 26:2F-11) is amended to 2 read as follows:

11. The sum payable as **[**State health aid] *public health priority* 3 funds to each local health agency shall be payable [one-quarter on 4 January 1, one-quarter on April 1, one-quarter on July 1, and  $\mathbf{5}$ one-quarter on September 1, on the basis of planned expenditures,  $\mathbf{6}$ provided that subsequent payments shall be adjusted so that pay-7 ment is made upon the basis of actual expenditures] one-half on 8 July 1, and one-half on January 1. Payments shall be made by the 9 State Treasurer upon certificate of the commissioner and warrant 10 of the Director of the Division of Budgeting and Accounting. 11

1 9. Section 12 of P. L. 1966, c. 36 (C. 26:2F-12) is amended to 2 read as follows:

3 12. In order to insure that the [State health aid is] public health 4 priority funds are expended in conformance with the provisions of this act, the commissioner shall, when he [deem] deems it in order, 5 have an audit made of the expenditures of moneys and of services 6 provided by the local health agency receiving [State health aid]  $\overline{7}$ public health priority funds and shall, when he shall deem it neces-8 sary, have examined all books, papers and vouchers of the agency 9 10 and its fiscal agent shall have free and unrestricted access thereto 11 for that purpose.

Following fiscal audits, all unexpended public health priority 12 funds and audit exceptions as determined by the commissioner shall 13 be returned to the State Department of Health within 3 months of 14 notification. Such funds shall be expended for priority health 14A services in accordance with the standards of performance and made 15available as special grants to local health agencies upon application 16 and amounts approved by the commissioner with concurrence of 17 the Public Health Council. 18

1 10. Section 13 of P. L. 1966, c. 36 (C. 26:2F-13) is amended to 2 read as follows:

13. When it has been determined that a local health agency fails 3 to provide [certified health services] priority health services in 4 accordance with standards of performance called for in its plan of  $\mathbf{5}$ work as stated in its application for [State health aid] public health 6 priority funds or ceases to comply with the criteria for participa-7 tion, [State health aid] public health priority funds may be 8 reduced or discontinued by the commissioner when, in his judgment, 9 such action serves to further the general purposes of this act. 10When it has been determined that a local health agency fails to meet 11 the dates established pursuant to sections 9 and 14 of P. L. 1966, 12c. 36 (C. 26:2F-9 and C. 26:2F-14) for submission of the application 13 for public health priority funds or required reports, public health 14 priority funds will be reduced by one day's allocation of the total 15 amount, for each day that the application or report is late. This 1617 penalty may be waived, or modified, at the discretion of the commissioner for good cause shown. The penalty may be imposed by 18 decreasing the local health agency allocation of public health funds 1920for the following year. 1

1 11. (New section) Unallocated public heath priority funds for 2 the fiscal year may be carried forward and made available in the 3 following fiscal year as special grants to local health agencies upon A 3 5 5 2 (1977)

. . . .

7

4 application by such agencies. The amounts of special grants shall be
5 approved by the commissioner with the concurrence of the Public
6 Health Council. Such special grants shall be made available to local
7 health agencies only for extraordinary purposes.

1 12. (New section) The commissioner shall have all the powers 2 necessary to make, establish and amend, after consultation with the 3 Public Health Council, such administrative rules as may be neces-4 sary, desirable or proper to carry out his powers and duties under 5 this act.

1 13. Section 14 of P. L. 1966, c. 36 (C. 26:2F-14) is amended to 2 read as follows:

3 14. Each local health agency receiving [State health aid] public 4 health priority funds shall on or before [February] October 15 in each year, following the year for which the [State health aid] 5public health priority funds [was] were received, prepare and file 6 with the commissioner an annual report for the preceding [calen-7 dar] State fiscal year. Such report shall state the condition of the 8 9 public health within the limits of its jurisdiction, noting therein any special cause for the deterioration of health or of hazard thereto, 10 11 and shall contain answers to any questions which may have been addressed to the local health agency by the commissioner. 12

1 14. Section 15 of P. L. 1966, c. 36 (C. 26:2F-15) is amended to 2 read as follows:

15. The [capitation] per capita factor for the purposes of this act shall be specified for each [calendar] year in the [immediately preceding] General [Appropriation] Appropriations Act or in a supplement thereto.

7 [The capitation for the year 1966 shall be \$1.50.]

1 15. Sections 2, 4, 5, 6 and 10 of P. L. 1966, c. 36 (C. 26:2F-2,

2 C. 26:2F-4, C. 26:2F-5, C. 26:2F-6 and C. 26:2F-10) are repealed.

1 16. This act shall take effect immediately.

#### STATEMENT

This bill substantially amends the State Health Aid Act of 1966. Its purpose is to direct the expenditure of State funds by local health agencies to those health services considered priority or critical in nature. Priority health services pertain primarily to communicable diseases and chronic illnesses, including cancer, heart disease, hypertension, venereal disease, drug abuse and alcoholism.

The bill ensures that not only will State funds be made available to provide priority health services to those persons in the senior citizen and poverty classifications, but also makes special provision for municipalities with limited resources.

#### SENATE REVENUE, FINANCE AND APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

## ASSEMBLY, No. 3552

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

#### DATED: NOVEMBER 21, 1977

This bill substantially amends the State Health Aid Act of 1966. Its purpose is to direct the expenditure of State funds by local health agencies to those health services considered priority or critical in nature. Priority health services pertain primarily to communicable diseases and chronic illnesses, including cancer, heart disease, hypertension, venereal disease, drug abuse and alcoholism.

Distribution of funding is based on a formula which takes into consideration general population modified by a ratio representing the per capita equalized valuation of the municipality compared to the per capita equalized valuation Statewide. Further, the formula gives special weight to the number of persons having income less than the poverty level and the number of persons over the age of 65.

This bill then makes State funds available for priority health services and makes special provision for municipalities with limited resources.

Assembly Bill No. 3414 OCR, approved October 31, 1977 (P. L. 1977, c. 277), makes an appropriation of \$2,425,824.00 for Local Health Services—State Aid, specifically identifying this bill, Assembly Bill No. 3552, as the bill establishing the distribution formula for those funds. That appropriation is effective concurrently with enactment of Assembly Bill No. 3552.

#### FROM THE OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR

JANUARY 23, 1978 FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ANNE BURNS 74.401

661

Governor Brendan Byrne today signed into law A-3552, sponsored by Assemblyman John Cali, which amends the State Health Aid Act of 1966, primarily by establishing a new formula for the distribution of local health aid.

In general, the new funding formula will give larger cities a slight increase in funding; smaller cities with high indigent or senior citizen populations -- higher funding, and smaller cities and towns with low indigency and senior citizen populations -lower funding.

The bill specifies the need to attack certain diseases at the local level, in particular, cancer, hypertension, heart disease, diabetes, venereal disease, alcoholism and drug abuse.

It also specifies that only agencies administered by a full-time health officer may be considered a "Local Health Agency."

The legislation defines a "special needs population" as the total of the number of people with incomes less than the poverty level and the number of persons over 65.

Enactment of this bill permits A-3414 to take effect. That bill appropriated \$2.4 million for local health aid.

> PROPERTY OF NEW JERSEY STATE LIBRARY

###

#### MAR 07 1978

185 W. State Street Trenton, N. J.