54:40A-28 + 54:40A-28.1

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

NJSA54:40A-28			
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Sponsor(s) Patero and others			and the second s
Date Introduced Pre-filed			
Committee: Assembly Judiciary,	, Law, Pub	ic Safety 3	û gefense
Senate Revenue, Fi	inance & A	ocropriation	18
Amended during passage	Yes		Lents during passagr
Date of passage: Assembly //nr	·il 25, 19		ted by asterisks
Senate	v 23, 197	; •	
Date of approval August 24, 1	977	-	
Following statements are attach	ed if avai	lable:	
Sponsor statement	Yes	iko:	
Committee Statement: Assembly	A €&	No	Not Remove
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Veto message	Yes	No	P P
Message on signing	Yes	No	Department of the second
Following were printed:			7
Reports	Yes	No	3
Hearings	Yés	No	5
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ASSEMBLY, No. 535

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 1976 SESSION

By Assemblymen PATERO, HAMILTON, BORNHEIMER, DEV-ERIN, GREGORIO, GORMAN, SCHUCK, HERMAN, KARCHER, VAN WAGNER, HOLLENBECK, LEFANTE and WEIDEL

An Acr to amend and supplement the "Cigarette Tax Act," approved April 29, 1948 (P. L. 1948, c. 65).

- 1 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
- 2 of New Jersey:
- 1 1. Section 605 of P. L. 1948, c. 65 (C. 54:40A-28) is amended to
- 2 read as follows:
- 3 605. Any person who sells cigarettes without the stamp or stamps
- 4 required by this act being affixed thereto shall be guilty of a misde-
- 5 meanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than
- 6 [\$1,000.00] *[\$2,500.00]* *\$1,000.00*, or imprisoned for not more
- 7 than 1 year, or both, at the discretion of the court. Possession of
- 8 2,000 or more unstamped cigarettes by any person other than a
- 9 licensed distributor shall be prima facie evidence that the possessor
- 10 thereof has engaged in the sale of cigarettes without the stamp or
- 11 stamps required by this act having been affixed thereto and such
- 12 person shall be subject to the penalty provided by this section.]
- 1 2. (New section) Any person, other than a licensee permitted
- 2 under this act to possess any unstamped cigarettes, who possesses
- 3 2,000 but less than 20,000 cigarettes without the stamp or stamps
- 4 required by this act being affixed thereto shall be a disorderly
- 5 person, and upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than
- 6 *[\$2,500.00] * *\$500.00* or imprisoned for not more than 6 months,
- 7 or both, at the discretion of the court; and any such person who
- 8 possesses 20,000 or more cigarettes without the stamp or stamps
- 9 required by this act being affixed thereto shall be guilty of a
- 10 misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more
- 11 than *[\$5,000.00]* *\$1,000.00* or imprisoned for not more than
- 12 1 year, or both, at the discretion of the court.
- 1 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

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STATEMENT

This bill makes unlawful the possession of 2,000 or more cigarettes which do not bear New Jersey cigarette tax stamps.

The Appellate Division of the Superior Court affirmed an acquittal of a possessor of 44,000 unstamped cigarettes on the grounds that the law did not make possession alone under such circumstances a crime. State of New Jersey v. Oates, 122 N. J. Super. 473 (App. Div. 1973), petition for certification denied, 63 N. J. 499 (1973). The court strongly implied that the statutory language being deleted by this bill is unconstitutional, holding that mere possession could not be evidence of sale.

This bill is intended to close this defect in the Cigarette Tax Act and to make eigarette tax enforcement more effective by making possession alone a crime. The increase in penalties takes account of the economic realities of eigarette tax violations, whereby profits far in excess of the \$1,000.00 fine in the existing statute are often realized by violators of the statute. The fines provided by this bill will have greater deterrent value.

SENATE REVENUE, FINANCE AND APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 535

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 5, 1977

This bill proposes to amend and supplement the "Cigarette Tax Act" with regard to fines and penalties.

Currently any person who sells cigarettes without the required tax stamps is guilty of a misdemeanor and subject to a fine of up to \$1,000.00 or imprisonment for up to 1 year, or both. Possession of 2,000 or more unstamped cigarettes is *prima facie* evidence that the possessor is engaged in the sale of unstamped cigarettes.

As amended by the bill the *prima facie* evidence clause is deleted from the law.

The supplemental provisions of the bill establish that any person who possesses between 2,000 and 20,000 unstamped cigarettes is a disorderly person and subject to a fine of up to \$500.00 or imprisonment for up to 6 months, or both. Any person who possesses 20,000 or more unstamped cigarettes is guilty of a misdemeanor and subject to a fine of up to \$1,000.00 or imprisonment for up to 1 year, or both.

The Appellate Division of the Superior Court affirmed an acquittal of a possessor of 44,000 unstamped cigarettes on the grounds that the law did not make possession alone under such circumstances a crime. State of New Jersey v. Oates, 122 N. J. Super. 473 (App. Div. 1973), petition for certification denied, 63 N. J. 499 (1973). The court strongly implied that the statutory language being deleted by this bill is unconstitutional, holding that mere possession could not be evidence of sale.

This bill is intended to close this defect in the Cigarette Tax Act and to make cigarette tax enforcement more effective by making possession alone a crime.