# 56:8-95.1 to 56:95.3 <br> LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST <br> Compiled by the NJ State Law Library 

LAWS OF: 2015 CHAPTER: 7
NJSA: $\quad$ 56:8-95.1 to 56:-95.3 (Establishes additional requirements, and penalties for failure to comply, concerning information to be provided to persons purchasing cats or dogs from pet shops)

BILL NO: S1870 (Substituted for A3306)
SPONSOR(S) Holzapfel and others
DATE INTRODUCED: March 27, 2014
COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Agricultural and Natural Resources
SENATE: Economic Growth
AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes
DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: December 18, 2014

SENATE: December 18, 2014
DATE OF APPROVAL: February 5, 2015
FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (Second reprint enacted)
S1870

| SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 7 of introduced bill) | Yes |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| COMMITTEE STATEMENT: | ASSEMBLY: | Yes |
|  | SENATE: | Yes |

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, may possibly be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: Yes
LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

A3306

| SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 7 of introduced bill) | Yes |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| COMMITTEE STATEMENT: | ASSEMBLY: | Yes |
|  | SENATE: | No |
| FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: | Yes |  |
| LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: | (continued) | No |

VETO MESSAGE: ..... No
GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING: ..... No

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:
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HEARINGS: No
NEWSPAPER ARTICLES: ..... Yes
"Christie signs law that aims to combat kitten, puppy mills," The Trenton Times, 2-6-15

## P.L.2015, CHAPTER 7, approved February 5, 2015

Senate, No. 1870 (Second Reprint)

> An ACt concerning the sale of cats and dogs, and amending and supplementing P.L.1999, c. 336.

> Be It Enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:
> ${ }^{1}$ 1. Section 2 of P.L.1999, c. 336 (C.56:8-93) is amended to read as follows:
> 2. As used in [sections 1 through 5 of this act] P.L.1999, c. 336 (C.56:8-92 et al.) ${ }^{2}$ [and P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) $]^{2}$ :
> "Animal" means a cat or $\operatorname{dog}[;]$.
> "Breeder" means any person, firm, corporation, or organization in the business of breeding cats or dogs.
> "Broker" means any person, firm, corporation, or organization who sells a cat or dog to a pet shop, whether or not the broker is also the breeder of the cat or dog.

"Consumer" means a person purchasing a cat or $\operatorname{dog}[;]$ not for the purposes of resale.
"Director" means the Director of the Division of Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety [;].
"Division" means the Division of Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety [;].
"Pet dealer" means any person engaged in the ordinary course of business in the sale of cats or dogs to the public for profit or any person who sells or offers for sale more than five cats or dogs in one year [;].
"Pet shop" means a pet shop as defined in section 1 of P.L.1941, c. 151 (C.4:19-15.1) [; ].
"Quarantine" means to hold in segregation from the general population any cat or dog because of the presence or suspected presence of a contagious or infectious disease [;].
"Unfit for purchase" means any disease, deformity, injury, physical condition, illness or defect which is congenital or hereditary and severely affects the health of the animal, or which was manifest, capable of diagnosis or likely contracted on or before

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.
Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:
${ }^{1}$ Senate SEG committee amendments adopted June 9, 2014.
${ }^{2}$ Assembly floor amendments adopted December 15, 2014.
the sale and delivery of the animal to the consumer. The death of an animal within 14 days of its delivery to the consumer, except by death by accident or as a result of injuries sustained during that period, shall mean the animal was unfit for purchase [; and].
"USDA" means the United States Department of Agriculture.
"USDA license number" means the license number issued to a breeder or broker by the United States Department of Agriculture pursuant to the federal "Animal Welfare Act," 7 U.S.C. s. 2131 et seq., or any rules or regulations adopted pursuant thereto.
"Veterinarian" means a veterinarian licensed to practice in the State of New Jersey. ${ }^{1}$ (cf: P.L.1999, c.336, s.2)
${ }^{2}$ [ ${ }^{1}$ [1.] 2. ${ }^{1}$ Section 4 of P.L.1999, c. 336 (C.56:8-95) is amended to read as follows:
4. a. Notwithstanding the provisions of any rule or regulation adopted pursuant to Title 56 of the Revised Statutes as such provisions are applied to pet shops, and without limiting the prosecution of any other practices which may be unlawful pursuant to Title 56 of the Revised Statutes, it shall be a deceptive practice for any owner or operator of a pet shop, or employee thereof, to sell animals within the State without complying with the provisions and requirements of this section ${ }^{1}$ and section 3 of P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) ${ }^{1}$.
b. Within five days prior to the offering for sale of any animal, the owner or operator of a pet shop, or employee thereof, shall have the animal examined by a veterinarian licensed to practice in the State. The name and address of the examining veterinarian, together with the findings made and treatment, if any, ordered as a result of the examination, shall be noted on the animal history and health certificate for each animal as required by regulations adopted pursuant to Title 56 of the Revised Statutes. If ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$ [fourteen] $14{ }^{1}$ days have passed since the last veterinarian examination of the animal, the owner or operator of the pet shop, or employee thereof, shall have the animal reexamined by a veterinarian licensed to practice in the State as provided for in subsection g. of this section, except as otherwise provided in that subsection.
c. [Each cage in a] Every pet shop [shall have a label identifying the sex and breed of each animal kept in the cage, the date and place of birth of each animal, and the] ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$ [or pet dealer $]^{\mathbf{1}}$ offering ${ }^{1}$ [cats or dogs $]$ animals ${ }^{1}$ for sale shall post on the cage or enclosure for each ${ }^{1}$ [cat or dog] animal ${ }^{1}$ in the cage or enclosure, in a conspicuous location on the cage or enclosure, a sign declaring:
(1) The date and place of birth of each ${ }^{1}$ [cat or dog] animal ${ }^{1}{ }_{2}$ and the actual age, or approximate age as established by a veterinarian, of the ${ }^{1}$ [cat or $\left.\operatorname{dog}\right]$ animal ${ }^{1}$;
(2) The sex, color markings, and other identifier information of the ${ }^{1}$ [cat or $\operatorname{dog}$ ] animal ${ }^{1}$, including any tag, tattoo, collar number, or microchip information;
(3) The name and address of the veterinarian attending to the animal and the date of the initial examination of the animal [.];
(4) The first and last name of the breeder ${ }^{1}$ of the animal ${ }^{1}$, the full street address of where the breeder is doing business, the telephone number of the breeder, and ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}[$, if the breeder of the cat or dog is a dealer or breeder licensed by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), $\mathbf{1}^{1}$ the breeder's USDA license number;
(5) ${ }^{1}$ The first and last name of the broker of the animal, the full street address of where the broker is doing business, the telephone number of the broker, and the USDA license number of the broker if applicable and different from the USDA license number provided pursuant to paragraph (4) of this subsection;
(6) ${ }^{1}$ The first and last name of the owner or operator of the pet shop ${ }^{1}$ [or pet dealer business $]^{1}$, the full street address of where the pet shop ${ }^{1}$ [or pet dealer] ${ }^{1}$ is incorporated, the telephone number of the transporter or carrier of the ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$ [cat or $\operatorname{dog}$ ] animal ${ }^{1}$, if any or different from the breeder named in paragraph (4) ${ }^{1}$ or the broker named in paragraph (5) ${ }^{1}$ of this subsection; and
${ }^{1}$ (6) For each cat or dog bred by a USDA licensed dealer or breeder, ] (7) The USDA inspection reports for the prior two years for the breeder and the broker of the animal, and ${ }^{1}$ the statement "View the USDA inspection reports for the breeder for this ${ }^{1}$ [cat or dog】 animal and any broker that sold this animal to this pet shop ${ }^{1}$ by ${ }^{1}$ [logging onto http://acissearch.aphis.usda.gov/LPASearch/faces/LPASear ch, entering the last name of the breeder, state in which the breeder is doing business, and USDA license number of the breeder, and press search] contacting the USDA through the Internet ${ }^{1}$. You are also entitled to receive information about the breeder's ${ }^{1}$ or broker's ${ }^{1}$ history through the federal Freedom of Information Act ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$ [by calling (301) 851-4102 $\mathbf{]}^{\mathbf{1}}$. Charges may apply."

The owner or operator of the pet shop ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}[\text { or pet dealer }]^{\mathbf{1}}$ shall keep this information up-to-date, ensure that the ${ }^{1}$ appropriate ${ }^{1}$ website and contact telephone number are functioning ${ }^{1}$, post the current website and telephone number ${ }^{1}$, and make changes to the signage as necessary so that the consumer has access to the correct information at all times.
d. The owner or operator of a pet shop, or employee thereof, shall quarantine any animal diagnosed as suffering from a contagious or infectious disease, illness, or condition and may not sell such an animal until such time as a veterinarian licensed to practice in the State treats the animal and determines that such animal is free of clinical signs of infectious disease or that the
animal is fit for sale. All animals required to be quarantined pursuant to this subsection shall be placed in a quarantine area, separated from the general animal population of the pet shop.
e. The owner or operator of a pet shop, or designated employee thereof, may inoculate and vaccinate animals prior to purchase only upon the order of a veterinarian. No owner or operator of a pet shop, or employee thereof, may represent, directly or indirectly, that the owner or operator of the pet shop, or any employee thereof, other than a veterinarian, is qualified to, directly or indirectly, diagnose, prognose, treat, or administer for, prescribe any treatment for, operate concerning, manipulate or apply any apparatus or appliance for addressing, any disease, pain, deformity, defect, injury, wound ${ }_{2}^{1}{ }_{2}^{1}$ or physical condition of any animal after purchase of the animal, for the prevention of, or to test for, the presence of any disease, pain, deformity, defect, injury, wound ${ }_{2}^{11}$ or physical condition in an animal after its purchase. These prohibitions include, but are not limited to, the giving of inoculations or vaccinations after purchase, the diagnosing, prescribing ${ }_{2}^{1}{ }_{2}^{1}$ and dispensing of medication to animals ${ }_{2}^{1}{ }_{2}^{1}$ and the prescribing of any diet or dietary supplement as treatment for any disease, pain, deformity, defect, injury, wound ${ }_{2}^{11}$ or physical condition.
f. The Director of the Division of Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety shall provide each owner or operator of a pet shop with notification forms, to be signed by the owner or operator of the pet shop, or employee thereof, and the consumer at the time of purchase of an animal. The notification form shall provide the following:
(1) The full text of the rights and responsibilities provided for in subsection h. of this section;
(2) The full text and description of the recourse to which the consumer is entitled pursuant to subsection i. of this section;
(3) The statement that it is the responsibility of the consumer to obtain such certification within the required amount of time provided by subsection $h$. of this section;
(4) The full text of the rights and responsibilities of the owner or operator of the pet shop, and the employees thereof, and the consumer provided in subsection 1. of this section; ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$ [and] ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$
(5) The notification, reporting and enforcement provisions provided in section 5 of P.L.1999, c. 336 (C.56:8-96), including the name and address of the local health authority with jurisdiction over the pet shop ${ }^{1}$; and
(6) The name, full street address, telephone number, and USDA license number of the breeder of the animal and the broker of the animal, if the broker is different from the breeder, with an attestation by the owner or operator of the pet shop that, as of the date of purchase of the animal by the pet shop, which shall be specified in the attestation, the breeder and the broker of the animal
were in compliance with the requirements concerning the
maintenance and care of animals and the sanitary operation of
kennels, pet shops, shelters and pounds established in rules and
regulations adopted pursuant to section 14 of P.L.1941, c. 152
$(\mathrm{C} .4: 19-15.14)$, as required pursuant to section 3 of P.L.
c. $\left(\mathrm{C} . \quad\right.$ (pending before the Legislature as this bill) ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$.
The owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, shall obtain the signature of the consumer on the form and shall also $\operatorname{sign}{ }^{\mathbf{1}}$ and date ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$ the form at the time of purchase of an animal ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$ by the consumer ${ }^{1}$, and shall provide the consumer with a signed copy of the form and retain a copy of the form on the pet shop premises. Copies of all such notices shall be readily available for inspection by an authorized representative of the Division of Consumer Affairs, upon request. No pet shop owner or operator, or employee thereof, may construe or use the signed notification form required pursuant to this subsection as an abdication of the right to recourse provided for in subsection i., or as a selection of recourse pursuant to subsection k . of this section.
g. The owner or operator of a pet shop, or an employee thereof, shall have any animal that has been examined more than 14 days prior to the date of purchase, reexamined by a veterinarian for the purpose of disclosing its condition, within 72 hours of the delivery of the animal to the consumer, unless the consumer has waived the right to the reexamination in writing. The owner or operator of a pet shop, or an employee thereof, shall provide a copy of the written waiver to the consumer prior to the signing of any ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$ [contact] contract $^{1}$ or agreement to purchase the animal and the written waiver shall be in the form established by the director by regulation.
$h$. If at any time within 14 days after the sale and delivery of an animal to a consumer, the animal becomes sick or dies and a veterinarian certifies, within the 14 days after the date of purchase of the animal by the consumer, that the animal is unfit for purchase due to a non-congenital cause or condition, or that the animal died from causes other than an accident, the consumer is entitled to the recourse described in subsection $i$. of this section.

If the animal becomes sick or dies within 180 days after the date of purchase and a veterinarian certifies, within the 180 days after the date of purchase of the animal by the consumer, that the animal is unfit for sale due to a congenital or hereditary cause or condition, or a sickness brought on by a congenital or hereditary cause or condition, or died from such a cause or condition or sickness, the consumer shall be entitled to the recourse provided in subsection $i$. of this section.

It shall be the responsibility of the consumer to obtain such certification within the required amount of time provided by this subsection, unless the owner or operator of the pet shop, or the employee thereof selling the animal to the consumer, fails to provide the notice required pursuant to subsection $f$. of this section.

If the owner or operator of the pet shop, or the employee thereof, fails to provide the required notice, the consumer shall be entitled to the recourse provided for in subsection i. of this section.
i. Only the consumer shall have the sole authority to determine the recourse the consumer wishes to select and accept, provided that the recourse selected is one of the following:
(1) The right to return the animal and receive a full refund of the purchase price, including sales tax, plus the reimbursement of the veterinary fees, including the cost of the veterinarian certification, incurred prior to the receipt by the consumer of the veterinarian certification;
(2) The right to retain the animal and to receive reimbursement for veterinary fees incurred prior to the consumer's receipt of the veterinarian certification, plus the future cost of veterinary fees to be incurred in curing or attempting to cure the animal, including the cost of the veterinarian certification;
(3) The right to return the animal and to receive in exchange an animal of the consumer's choice, of equivalent value, plus reimbursement of veterinary fees, including the cost of the veterinarian certification, incurred prior to the consumer's receipt of the veterinarian certification; or
(4) In the event of the death of the animal from causes other than an accident, the right to a full refund of the purchase price of the animal, including sales tax, or another animal of the consumer's choice of equivalent value, plus reimbursement of veterinary fees, including the cost of the veterinarian certification, incurred prior to the death of the animal.

The consumer shall be entitled to be reimbursed an amount for veterinary fees up to and including two times the purchase price, including sales tax, of the sick or dead animal. No reimbursement of veterinary fees shall exceed two times the purchase price, including sales tax, of the sick or dead animal.
j. The veterinarian shall provide to the consumer in writing and within the seven days after the consumer consults with the veterinarian any certification that is appropriate pursuant to this section upon the determination that such certification is appropriate. The certification shall include:
(1) The name of the owner;
(2) The date or dates of examination;
(3) The breed, color, sex ${ }_{2}^{1}$ and age of the animal;
(4) A statement of the findings of the veterinarian;
(5) A statement that the veterinarian certifies the animal to be "unfit for purchase";
(6) An itemized statement of veterinary fees incurred as of the date of certification;
(7) If the animal may be curable, an estimate of the possible cost to cure, or attempt to cure, the animal;
(8) If the animal has died, a statement establishing the probable cause of death; and
(9) The name and address of the certifying veterinarian and the date of the certification.
k. Upon the presentation of the veterinarian certification required in subsection j . of this section to the pet shop, the consumer shall select the recourse to be provided and the owner or operator of the pet shop, or the employee thereof, shall confirm the selection of recourse in writing. The confirmation of the selection shall be signed by the owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, and the consumer and a copy of the signed confirmation shall be given to the consumer and retained by the owner or operator of the pet shop, or employee thereof, on the pet shop premises. The confirmation of the selection shall be in the form established by the director by regulation.

1. The owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, shall comply with the selection of recourse by the consumer no later than 10 days after the receipt of the veterinarian certification and the signed confirmation of selection of recourse form. In the event the owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, wishes to contest the selection of recourse of the consumer, the owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, shall notify the consumer and the director in writing within the five days after the receipt of the veterinarian certification and the signed confirmation of selection of recourse form. After notification to the consumer and the director of the division, the owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, may require the consumer to produce the animal for examination by a veterinarian chosen by the owner or operator of the pet shop, or employee thereof, at a mutually convenient time and place, except if the animal has died and was required to be cremated for public health reasons. The director shall set, upon receipt of such notice of contest on the part of the owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, a hearing date and hold a hearing, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c. 410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) and the Uniform Administrative Procedure Rules adopted pursuant thereto, to determine whether the recourse selected by the consumer should be allowed. The consumer and the owner or operator of the pet shop, or employee thereof, shall be entitled to any appeal of the decision resulting from the hearing as may be provided for under the law, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, but upon the exhaustion of such remedies and recourse, the consumer and the owner or operator of the pet shop shall comply with the final decision rendered.
m . Any owner or operator of a pet shop, or employee thereof, shall be guilty of a deceptive practice if the owner or operator, or employee thereof, secures or attempts to secure a waiver of any of
the provisions of this section except as specifically authorized under subsection g . of this section.
n. The owner of a pet shop shall be responsible and liable for any recourse or reimbursement due to a consumer because of violations of any provisions of this section by the owner or operator of the pet shop, or any employee thereof, or because of any document signed pursuant to this section by the owner or operator of the pet shop, or any employee thereof.
o. Any pet ${ }^{1}$ [dealer $]$ shop ${ }^{1}$ in the State advertising for sale ${ }^{1}$ [a cat or $\operatorname{dog}$ ] an animal ${ }^{1}$ bred by a USDA licensed breeder through print or electronic means, including those posted on the Internet or a website, shall continuously display the name, state of residence, and USDA license number of the breeder of the ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$ [cat or dog] animal ${ }^{1}$ in the advertisement so that this information is easily legible to the consumer.
(cf: P.L.1999, c.336, s.4)] ${ }^{\mathbf{2}}$
${ }^{2}$ 2. Section 4 of P.L.1999, c. 336 (C.56:8-95) is amended to read as follows:
2. a. Notwithstanding the provisions of any rule or regulation adopted pursuant to Title 56 of the Revised Statutes as such provisions are applied to pet shops, and without limiting the prosecution of any other practices which may be unlawful pursuant to Title 56 of the Revised Statutes, it shall be a deceptive practice for any owner or operator of a pet shop, or employee thereof, to sell animals within the State without complying with the provisions and requirements of this section and section 3 of P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) .
b. Within five days prior to the offering for sale of any animal, the owner or operator of a pet shop, or employee thereof, shall have the animal examined by a veterinarian licensed to practice in the State. The name and address of the examining veterinarian, together with the findings made and treatment, if any, ordered as a result of the examination, shall be noted on the animal history and health certificate for each animal as required by regulations adopted pursuant to Title 56 of the Revised Statutes. If [fourteen] 14 days have passed since the last veterinarian examination of the animal, the owner or operator of the pet shop, or employee thereof, shall have the animal reexamined by a veterinarian licensed to practice in the State as provided for in subsection g. of this section, except as otherwise provided in that subsection.
c. [Each cage in a] Every pet shop [shall have a label identifying the sex and breed of each animal kept in the cage, the date and place of birth of each animal, and the $\mathbf{]}$ offering animals for sale shall post, in a conspicuous location on the cage or enclosure for each animal in the cage or enclosure, a sign declaring:
(1) The date and place of birth of each animal, and the actual age, or approximate age as established by a veterinarian, of the animal;
(2) The sex, color markings, and other identifying information of the animal, including any tag, tattoo, collar number, or microchip information;
(3) The name and address of the veterinarian attending to the animal while the animal is in the custody of the pet shop, and the date of the initial examination of the animal ;
(4) The first and last name of the breeder of the animal, the full street address of where the breeder is doing business, an email address, if available, by which to contact the breeder, the breeder's USDA license number, and, if the breeder is required to be licensed in the state in which the breeder is located, the breeder's state license number;
(5) If the broker is different from the breeder, the first and last name of the broker of the animal, the full street address of where the broker is doing business, an email address, if available, by which to contact the broker, the USDA license number of the broker, and, if the broker is required to be licensed in the state in which the broker is located, the broker's state license number; and
(6) The statement "Know Your Rights" in bold type face and no less than 12 point type, followed by the statement in no less than 10 point type, "State law requires that every pet shop offering cats or dogs for sale post in a conspicuous location on or near each cat or dog's cage or enclosure the USDA inspection reports for the breeder and broker of each cat or dog for the two years prior to the first day that the cat or dog is offered for sale. If you do not see a required inspection report, please request the report from the pet shop. If you have any concerns, please contact the New Jersey Division of Consumer Affairs, 124 Halsey St., Newark, NJ 07102, (973) 504-6200. You may also view these and other USDA inspection reports for the breeder and broker of each cat or $\operatorname{dog}$ on the USDA Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS) website. You are entitled to receive additional information from APHIS about the breeder's or broker's history through the federal Freedom of Information Act."

Every pet shop offering animals for sale shall also post, in a conspicuous location on or near the cage or enclosure for each animal in the cage or enclosure, the USDA inspection reports for the breeder and the broker of the animal for the two years prior to the first day that the animal is offered for sale by the pet shop.

The owner or operator of the pet shop shall regularly update the information required to be posted pursuant to this subsection and make changes as necessary to all signage required by this subsection so that the public has access to the correct information at all times.
d. The owner or operator of a pet shop, or employee thereof, shall quarantine any animal diagnosed as suffering from a contagious or infectious disease, illness, or condition and may not sell such an animal until such time as a veterinarian licensed to practice in the State treats the animal and determines that such animal is free of clinical signs of infectious disease or that the animal is fit for sale. All animals required to be quarantined pursuant to this subsection shall be placed in a quarantine area, separated from the general animal population of the pet shop.
e. The owner or operator of a pet shop, or designated employee thereof, may inoculate and vaccinate animals prior to purchase only upon the order of a veterinarian. No owner or operator of a pet shop, or employee thereof, may represent, directly or indirectly, that the owner or operator of the pet shop, or any employee thereof, other than a veterinarian, is qualified to, directly or indirectly, diagnose, prognose, treat, or administer for, prescribe any treatment for, operate concerning, manipulate or apply any apparatus or appliance for addressing, any disease, pain, deformity, defect, injury, wound ${ }_{2}$ or physical condition of any animal after purchase of the animal, for the prevention of, or to test for, the presence of any disease, pain, deformity, defect, injury, wound, or physical condition in an animal after its purchase. These prohibitions include, but are not limited to, the giving of inoculations or vaccinations after purchase, the diagnosing, prescribing, and dispensing of medication to animals, and the prescribing of any diet or dietary supplement as treatment for any disease, pain, deformity, defect, injury, wound, or physical condition.
f. The Director of the Division of Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety shall provide each owner or operator of a pet shop with notification forms, to be signed by the owner or operator of the pet shop, or employee thereof, and the consumer at the time of purchase of an animal. The notification form shall provide the following:
(1) The full text of the rights and responsibilities provided for in subsection $h$. of this section;
(2) The full text and description of the recourse to which the consumer is entitled pursuant to subsection i. of this section;
(3) The statement that it is the responsibility of the consumer to obtain such certification within the required amount of time provided by subsection $h$. of this section;
(4) The full text of the rights and responsibilities of the owner or operator of the pet shop, and the employees thereof, and the consumer provided in subsection 1. of this section; [and]
(5) The notification, reporting and enforcement provisions provided in section 5 of P.L.1999, c. 336 (C.56:8-96), including the name and address of the local health authority with jurisdiction over the pet shop;
(6) The name, full street address, email address, if available, and USDA license number of the breeder of the animal and the broker of the animal, if the broker is different from the breeder;
(7) The breeder's state license number, if the breeder is required to be licensed in the state in which the breeder is located, and, if the broker is different from the breeder and the broker is required to be licensed in the state in which the broker is located, the broker's state license number; and
(8) An attestation by the owner or operator of the pet shop that, as of the date of purchase of the animal by the pet shop, which shall be specified in the attestation, the breeder and the broker of the animal were in compliance with the requirements concerning the maintenance and care of animals and the sanitary operation of kennels, pet shops, shelters and pounds established in rules and regulations adopted pursuant to section 14 of P.L.1941, c. 151 (C.4:19-15.14), as required pursuant to section 3 of P.L., c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

The owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, shall obtain the signature of the consumer on the form and shall also sign and date the form at the time of purchase of an animal by the consumer, and shall provide the consumer with a signed copy of the form and retain a copy of the form on the pet shop premises. Copies of all such notices shall be readily available for inspection by an authorized representative of the Division of Consumer Affairs, upon request. No pet shop owner or operator, or employee thereof, may construe or use the signed notification form required pursuant to this subsection as an abdication of the right to recourse provided for in subsection i., or as a selection of recourse pursuant to subsection k . of this section.
g. The owner or operator of a pet shop, or an employee thereof, shall have any animal that has been examined more than 14 days prior to the date of purchase, reexamined by a veterinarian for the purpose of disclosing its condition, within 72 hours of the delivery of the animal to the consumer, unless the consumer has waived the right to the reexamination in writing. The owner or operator of a pet shop, or an employee thereof, shall provide a copy of the written waiver to the consumer prior to the signing of any [contact] contract or agreement to purchase the animal and the written waiver shall be in the form established by the director by regulation.
h. If at any time within 14 days after the sale and delivery of an animal to a consumer, the animal becomes sick or dies and a veterinarian certifies, within the 14 days after the date of purchase of the animal by the consumer, that the animal is unfit for purchase due to a non-congenital cause or condition, or that the animal died from causes other than an accident, the consumer is entitled to the recourse described in subsection i. of this section.

If the animal becomes sick or dies within 180 days after the date of purchase and a veterinarian certifies, within the 180 days after
the date of purchase of the animal by the consumer, that the animal is unfit for sale due to a congenital or hereditary cause or condition, or a sickness brought on by a congenital or hereditary cause or condition, or died from such a cause or condition or sickness, the consumer shall be entitled to the recourse provided in subsection i. of this section.

It shall be the responsibility of the consumer to obtain such certification within the required amount of time provided by this subsection, unless the owner or operator of the pet shop, or the employee thereof selling the animal to the consumer, fails to provide the notice required pursuant to subsection f . of this section. If the owner or operator of the pet shop, or the employee thereof, fails to provide the required notice, the consumer shall be entitled to the recourse provided for in subsection i. of this section.
i. Only the consumer shall have the sole authority to determine the recourse the consumer wishes to select and accept, provided that the recourse selected is one of the following:
(1) The right to return the animal and receive a full refund of the purchase price, including sales tax, plus the reimbursement of the veterinary fees, including the cost of the veterinarian certification, incurred prior to the receipt by the consumer of the veterinarian certification;
(2) The right to retain the animal and to receive reimbursement for veterinary fees incurred prior to the consumer's receipt of the veterinarian certification, plus the future cost of veterinary fees to be incurred in curing or attempting to cure the animal, including the cost of the veterinarian certification;
(3) The right to return the animal and to receive in exchange an animal of the consumer's choice, of equivalent value, plus reimbursement of veterinary fees, including the cost of the veterinarian certification, incurred prior to the consumer's receipt of the veterinarian certification; or
(4) In the event of the death of the animal from causes other than an accident, the right to a full refund of the purchase price of the animal, including sales tax, or another animal of the consumer's choice of equivalent value, plus reimbursement of veterinary fees, including the cost of the veterinarian certification, incurred prior to the death of the animal.

The consumer shall be entitled to be reimbursed an amount for veterinary fees up to and including two times the purchase price, including sales tax, of the sick or dead animal. No reimbursement of veterinary fees shall exceed two times the purchase price, including sales tax, of the sick or dead animal.
j. The veterinarian shall provide to the consumer in writing and within the seven days after the consumer consults with the veterinarian any certification that is appropriate pursuant to this section upon the determination that such certification is appropriate. The certification shall include:
(1) The name of the owner;
(2) The date or dates of examination;
(3) The breed, color, sex, and age of the animal;
(4) A statement of the findings of the veterinarian;
(5) A statement that the veterinarian certifies the animal to be "unfit for purchase";
(6) An itemized statement of veterinary fees incurred as of the date of certification;
(7) If the animal may be curable, an estimate of the possible cost to cure, or attempt to cure, the animal;
(8) If the animal has died, a statement establishing the probable cause of death; and
(9) The name and address of the certifying veterinarian and the date of the certification.
k. Upon the presentation of the veterinarian certification required in subsection j . of this section to the pet shop, the consumer shall select the recourse to be provided and the owner or operator of the pet shop, or the employee thereof, shall confirm the selection of recourse in writing. The confirmation of the selection shall be signed by the owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, and the consumer and a copy of the signed confirmation shall be given to the consumer and retained by the owner or operator of the pet shop, or employee thereof, on the pet shop premises. The confirmation of the selection shall be in the form established by the director by regulation.

1. The owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, shall comply with the selection of recourse by the consumer no later than 10 days after the receipt of the veterinarian certification and the signed confirmation of selection of recourse form. In the event the owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, wishes to contest the selection of recourse of the consumer, the owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, shall notify the consumer and the director in writing within the five days after the receipt of the veterinarian certification and the signed confirmation of selection of recourse form. After notification to the consumer and the director of the division, the owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, may require the consumer to produce the animal for examination by a veterinarian chosen by the owner or operator of the pet shop, or employee thereof, at a mutually convenient time and place, except if the animal has died and was required to be cremated for public health reasons. The director shall set, upon receipt of such notice of contest on the part of the owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, a hearing date and hold a hearing, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c. 410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) and the Uniform Administrative Procedure Rules adopted pursuant thereto, to determine whether the recourse selected by the consumer should be allowed. The consumer and the owner or
operator of the pet shop, or employee thereof, shall be entitled to any appeal of the decision resulting from the hearing as may be provided for under the law, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, but upon the exhaustion of such remedies and recourse, the consumer and the owner or operator of the pet shop shall comply with the final decision rendered.
m . Any owner or operator of a pet shop, or employee thereof, shall be guilty of a deceptive practice if the owner or operator, or employee thereof, secures or attempts to secure a waiver of any of the provisions of this section except as specifically authorized under subsection g . of this section.
n. The owner of a pet shop shall be responsible and liable for any recourse or reimbursement due to a consumer because of violations of any provisions of this section by the owner or operator of the pet shop, or any employee thereof, or because of any document signed pursuant to this section by the owner or operator of the pet shop, or any employee thereof.
o. Any pet shop in the State advertising for sale an animal bred by a USDA licensed breeder through print or electronic means, including those posted on the Internet or a website, shall continuously display the name, state of residence, and USDA license number of the breeder of the animal in the advertisement so that this information is easily legible to the consumer. ${ }^{2}$ (cf: P.L.1999, c.336, s.4)
${ }^{2}$ [ ${ }^{3}$. (New section) a. No pet shop shall sell or offer for sale, or purchase for resale, any animal purchased from any breeder or broker who:
(1) is not in compliance with the requirements concerning the maintenance and care of animals and the sanitary operation of kennels, pet shops, shelters and pounds established in rules and regulations adopted pursuant to section 14 of P.L.1941, c. 152 (C.4:19-15.14) at the time of purchase of the animal by the pet shop;
(2) is not in possession of a current license issued by the USDA under 9 C.F.R. s.1. 1 et seq., or by any applicable state agency;
(3) has been cited on a USDA inspection report for a direct violation of the federal "Animal Welfare Act," 7 U.S.C. s. 2131 et seq., or the corresponding federal animal welfare regulations at 9 C.F.R. s.1.1 et seq., during the two-year period prior to the purchase of the animal by the pet shop;
(4) has been cited on a USDA inspection report during the twoyear period prior to the purchase of the animal by the pet shop for three or more indirect violations of the federal "Animal Welfare Act," 7 U.S.C. s. 2131 et seq., or the corresponding federal animal welfare regulations at 9 C.F.R. s.1.1 et seq., that pertain to the health and welfare of the animal, but indirect violations of an administrative nature shall not apply;
(5) is cited on the two most recent USDA inspection reports prior to the purchase of the animal by the pet shop for no-access violations pursuant to enforcement of the federal "Animal Welfare Act," 7 U.S.C. s. 2131 et seq., or the corresponding federal animal welfare regulations at 9 C.F.R. s.1.1 et seq.; or
(6) directly or indirectly obtained an animal from a breeder, broker, or other person, firm, corporation, or organization to whom paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of this subsection applies.
b. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as prohibiting or otherwise preventing a pet shop from:
(1) purchasing for resale or adoption, selling, or offering for adoption, an animal purchased or otherwise obtained from a publicly operated animal control facility, an animal rescue organization or pound as defined in section 1 of P.L.1941, c. 151 (C.4:19-15.1), or a shelter as defined in that section of law whose primary mission and practice is the placement of abandoned, unwanted, neglected, or abused animals and that is also a tax exempt organization under paragraph (3) of subsection (c) of section 501 of the federal Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. s.501), or any subsequent corresponding sections of the federal Internal Revenue Code, as from time to time amended; or
(2) transferring adopted animals to or from any entity enumerated in paragraph (1) of this subsection to or from any pet shop.
c. Every pet shop shall submit, annually and no later than May 1 of each year, a report to the municipality in which it is located and licensed, providing:
(1) the name, full street address, telephone number, and USDA license number of -
(a) the breeder of each animal offered for sale by the pet shop,
(b) any broker from whom the pet shop purchased an animal; and
(c) each person, firm, corporation, or organization who purchased or sold for the purposes of resale each animal offered for sale by the pet shop in the lifetime of the animal; and
(2) the total number of animals purchased from each breeder and broker. ${ }^{1} \mathbf{J}^{\mathbf{2}}$
${ }^{2} 3$. (New section) a. No pet shop shall sell or offer for sale, or purchase for resale whether or not actually offered for sale by the pet shop, any animal purchased from any breeder or broker who:
(1) is not in compliance with the requirements concerning the maintenance and care of animals and the sanitary operation of kennels, pet shops, shelters and pounds established in rules and regulations adopted pursuant to section 14 of P.L.1941, c. 151 (C.4:19-15.14) at the time of purchase of the animal by the pet shop;
(2) is not in possession of a current license issued by the USDA pursuant to 9 C.F.R. s.1.1 et seq.;
(3) is not in possession of all other licenses required for a breeder or broker by the state in which the breeder or broker is located;
(4) has been cited on a USDA inspection report for a direct violation of the federal "Animal Welfare Act," 7 U.S.C. s. 2131 et seq., or the corresponding federal animal welfare regulations at 9 C.F.R. s.1.1 et seq., during the two-year period prior to the purchase of the animal by the pet shop;
(5) has been cited on a USDA inspection report during the twoyear period prior to the purchase of the animal by the pet shop for three or more indirect violations of the federal "Animal Welfare Act," 7 U.S.C. s. 2131 et seq., or the corresponding federal animal welfare regulations at sections $2.4,2.40,2.50$ through $2.55,2.60$, 2.75 through 2.80 , 2.130 through 2.132, 3.1 through 3.19 , or 3.125 through 3.142 of Title 9 of the Code of Federal Regulations;
(6) is cited on the two most recent USDA inspection reports prior to the purchase of the animal by the pet shop for no-access violations pursuant to enforcement of the federal "Animal Welfare Act," 7 U.S.C. s. 2131 et seq., or the corresponding federal animal welfare regulations at 9 C.F.R. s.1.1 et seq.; or
(7) directly or indirectly obtained the animal from a breeder, broker, or other person, firm, corporation, or organization to whom paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), or (6) of this subsection applies.
b. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as prohibiting or otherwise preventing a pet shop from:
(1) purchasing for resale or adoption, selling, or offering for adoption, an animal purchased or otherwise obtained from -
(a) a publicly operated animal control facility,
(b) an animal rescue organization or pound as defined in section 1 of P.L.1941, c. 151 (C.4:19-15.1), or
(c) a shelter as defined in section 1 of P.L.1941, c. 151 (C.4:1915.1) whose primary mission and practice is the placement of abandoned, unwanted, neglected, or abused animals and that is also a tax exempt organization under paragraph (3) of subsection (c) of section 501 of the federal Internal Revenue Code ( 26 U.S.C. s.501), or any subsequent corresponding sections of the federal Internal Revenue Code, as from time to time amended; or
(2) transferring adopted animals to or from any entity enumerated in paragraph (1) of this subsection or to or from any pet shop.
c. Every pet shop shall submit, annually and no later than May 1 of each year, a report to the municipality in which it is located and licensed, providing:
(1) the name, full street address, email address, if available, and USDA license number of -
(a) any breeder from which the pet shop purchased an animal, whether or not the pet shop offered the animal for sale,
(b) any breeder that bred an animal that the pet shop purchased from a broker, whether or not the pet shop offered the animal for sale, and
(c) any broker from which the pet shop purchased an animal, whether or not the pet shop offered the animal for sale;
(2) if a breeder whose identity the pet shop is required to report pursuant to subparagraph (a) or (b) of paragraph (1) of this subsection is required to be licensed in the state in which the breeder is located, the breeder's state license number;
(3) if a broker whose identity the pet shop is required to report pursuant to subparagraph (c) of paragraph (1) of this subsection is different from any breeder whose identity the pet shop is required to report pursuant to subparagraphs (a) or (b) of paragraph (1) of this subsection, and the broker is required to be licensed in the state in which the broker is located, the broker's state license number; and
(4) the total number of animals for each breeder and broker for which the pet shop has reporting requirements pursuant to subparagraphs (a), (b), and (c) of paragraph (1) of this subsection. ${ }^{2}$

[^0]${ }^{1}$ [2.] 5. ${ }^{1}$ (New section) Any person ${ }^{2}$ [violating] who violates ${ }^{2}$ subsection c. of section 4 of P.L.1999, c. 336 (C.56:8-95) ${ }^{1}$ or section 3 of P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) ${ }^{1}$ ${ }^{2}$, and any owner or operator who fails to provide information or provides false information pursuant to the requirements of subsection f . of section 4 of P.L.1999, c. 336 (C.56:8-95), ${ }^{2}$, shall be subject to a fine of $\$ 500$ for each violation, to be collected by the division in a civil action by a summary proceeding under the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c. 274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq).
${ }^{1}$ [3.] 6. ${ }^{1}$ This act shall take effect ${ }^{2}$ [immediately] on the first day of the fourth month following the date of enactment ${ }^{2}$.

S1870 [2R]

## 1

Establishes additional requirements, and penalties for failure to comply, concerning information to be provided to persons purchasing cats or dogs from pet shops.

## SENATE, No. 1870

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY 216th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MARCH 27, 2014

Sponsored by:<br>Senator JAMES W. HOLZAPFEL<br>District 10 (Ocean)<br>Senator ROBERT W. SINGER<br>District 30 (Monmouth and Ocean)<br>Co-Sponsored by:<br>Senators Bateman, T.Kean and Stack

## SYNOPSIS

Establishes additional requirements, and penalties for failure to comply, concerning information to be provided to persons purchasing cats or dogs from pet shops or pet dealers.

## CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.

(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 6/3/2014)

AN ACT concerning the sale of cats and dogs, and amending and supplementing P.L.1999, c. 336 .

Be It Enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. Section 4 of P.L.1999, c. 336 (C.56:8-95) is amended to read as follows:
2. a. Notwithstanding the provisions of any rule or regulation adopted pursuant to Title 56 of the Revised Statutes as such provisions are applied to pet shops, and without limiting the prosecution of any other practices which may be unlawful pursuant to Title 56 of the Revised Statutes, it shall be a deceptive practice for any owner or operator of a pet shop, or employee thereof, to sell animals within the State without complying with the provisions and requirements of this section.
b. Within five days prior to the offering for sale of any animal, the owner or operator of a pet shop, or employee thereof, shall have the animal examined by a veterinarian licensed to practice in the State. The name and address of the examining veterinarian, together with the findings made and treatment, if any, ordered as a result of the examination, shall be noted on the animal history and health certificate for each animal as required by regulations adopted pursuant to Title 56 of the Revised Statutes. If fourteen days have passed since the last veterinarian examination of the animal, the owner or operator of the pet shop, or employee thereof, shall have the animal reexamined by a veterinarian licensed to practice in the State as provided for in subsection g. of this section, except as otherwise provided in that subsection.
c. [Each cage in a] Every pet shop [shall have a label identifying the sex and breed of each animal kept in the cage, the date and place of birth of each animal, and the] or pet dealer offering cats or dogs for sale shall post on the cage or enclosure for each cat or dog in the cage or enclosure, in a conspicuous location on the cage or enclosure, a sign declaring:
(1) The date and place of birth of each cat or dog, and the actual age, or approximate age as established by a veterinarian, of the cat or dog;
(2) The sex, color markings, and other identifier information of the cat or dog, including any tag, tattoo, collar number, or microchip information;
(3) The name and address of the veterinarian attending to the animal and the date of the initial examination of the animal [.] ;
(4) The first and last name of the breeder, the full street address of where the breeder is doing business, the telephone number of the
[^1]Matter underlined thus is new matter.

## S1870 HOLZAPFEL, SINGER

## breeder, and, if the breeder of the cat or $\operatorname{dog}$ is a dealer or breeder

 licensed by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), the breeder's USDA license number;(5) The first and last name of the owner or operator of the pet shop or pet dealer business, the full street address of where the pet shop or pet dealer is incorporated, the telephone number of the transporter or carrier of the cat or dog, if any or different from the breeder named in paragraph (4) of this subsection; and
(6) For each cat or dog bred by a USDA licensed dealer or breeder, the statement - "View the USDA inspection reports for the breeder for this cat or dog by logging onto http://acissearch.aphis.usda.gov/LPASearch/faces/LPASearch, entering the last name of the breeder, state in which the breeder is doing business, and USDA license number of the breeder, and press search. You are also entitled to receive information about the breeder's history through the federal Freedom of Information Act by calling (301) 851-4102. Charges may apply."

The owner or operator of the pet shop or pet dealer shall keep this information up-to-date, ensure that the website and contact telephone number are functioning, and make changes to the signage as necessary so that the consumer has access to the correct information at all times.
d. The owner or operator of a pet shop, or employee thereof, shall quarantine any animal diagnosed as suffering from a contagious or infectious disease, illness, or condition and may not sell such an animal until such time as a veterinarian licensed to practice in the State treats the animal and determines that such animal is free of clinical signs of infectious disease or that the animal is fit for sale. All animals required to be quarantined pursuant to this subsection shall be placed in a quarantine area, separated from the general animal population of the pet shop.
e. The owner or operator of a pet shop, or designated employee thereof, may inoculate and vaccinate animals prior to purchase only upon the order of a veterinarian. No owner or operator of a pet shop, or employee thereof, may represent, directly or indirectly, that the owner or operator of the pet shop, or any employee thereof, other than a veterinarian, is qualified to, directly or indirectly, diagnose, prognose, treat, or administer for, prescribe any treatment for, operate concerning, manipulate or apply any apparatus or appliance for addressing, any disease, pain, deformity, defect, injury, wound or physical condition of any animal after purchase of the animal, for the prevention of, or to test for, the presence of any disease, pain, deformity, defect, injury, wound or physical condition in an animal after its purchase. These prohibitions include, but are not limited to, the giving of inoculations or vaccinations after purchase, the diagnosing, prescribing and dispensing of medication to animals and the prescribing of any diet or dietary supplement as
treatment for any disease, pain, deformity, defect, injury, wound or physical condition.
f. The Director of the Division of Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety shall provide each owner or operator of a pet shop with notification forms, to be signed by the owner or operator of the pet shop, or employee thereof, and the consumer at the time of purchase of an animal. The notification form shall provide the following:
(1) The full text of the rights and responsibilities provided for in subsection h. of this section;
(2) The full text and description of the recourse to which the consumer is entitled pursuant to subsection i. of this section;
(3) The statement that it is the responsibility of the consumer to obtain such certification within the required amount of time provided by subsection $h$. of this section;
(4) The full text of the rights and responsibilities of the owner or operator of the pet shop, and the employees thereof, and the consumer provided in subsection 1. of this section; and
(5) The notification, reporting and enforcement provisions provided in section 5 of P.L.1999, c. 336 (C.56:8-96), including the name and address of the local health authority with jurisdiction over the pet shop.

The owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, shall obtain the signature of the consumer on the form and shall also sign the form at the time of purchase of an animal, and shall provide the consumer with a signed copy of the form and retain a copy of the form on the pet shop premises. Copies of all such notices shall be readily available for inspection by an authorized representative of the Division of Consumer Affairs, upon request. No pet shop owner or operator, or employee thereof, may construe or use the signed notification form required pursuant to this subsection as an abdication of the right to recourse provided for in subsection i., or as a selection of recourse pursuant to subsection $k$. of this section.
g. The owner or operator of a pet shop, or an employee thereof, shall have any animal that has been examined more than 14 days prior to the date of purchase, reexamined by a veterinarian for the purpose of disclosing its condition, within 72 hours of the delivery of the animal to the consumer, unless the consumer has waived the right to the reexamination in writing. The owner or operator of a pet shop, or an employee thereof, shall provide a copy of the written waiver to the consumer prior to the signing of any contact or agreement to purchase the animal and the written waiver shall be in the form established by the director by regulation.
h. If at any time within 14 days after the sale and delivery of an animal to a consumer, the animal becomes sick or dies and a veterinarian certifies, within the 14 days after the date of purchase of the animal by the consumer, that the animal is unfit for purchase due to a non-congenital cause or condition, or that the animal died
from causes other than an accident, the consumer is entitled to the recourse described in subsection i. of this section.

If the animal becomes sick or dies within 180 days after the date of purchase and a veterinarian certifies, within the 180 days after the date of purchase of the animal by the consumer, that the animal is unfit for sale due to a congenital or hereditary cause or condition, or a sickness brought on by a congenital or hereditary cause or condition, or died from such a cause or condition or sickness, the consumer shall be entitled to the recourse provided in subsection i. of this section.

It shall be the responsibility of the consumer to obtain such certification within the required amount of time provided by this subsection, unless the owner or operator of the pet shop, or the employee thereof selling the animal to the consumer, fails to provide the notice required pursuant to subsection f . of this section. If the owner or operator of the pet shop, or the employee thereof, fails to provide the required notice, the consumer shall be entitled to the recourse provided for in subsection i. of this section.
i. Only the consumer shall have the sole authority to determine the recourse the consumer wishes to select and accept, provided that the recourse selected is one of the following:
(1) The right to return the animal and receive a full refund of the purchase price, including sales tax, plus the reimbursement of the veterinary fees, including the cost of the veterinarian certification, incurred prior to the receipt by the consumer of the veterinarian certification;
(2) The right to retain the animal and to receive reimbursement for veterinary fees incurred prior to the consumer's receipt of the veterinarian certification, plus the future cost of veterinary fees to be incurred in curing or attempting to cure the animal, including the cost of the veterinarian certification;
(3) The right to return the animal and to receive in exchange an animal of the consumer's choice, of equivalent value, plus reimbursement of veterinary fees, including the cost of the veterinarian certification, incurred prior to the consumer's receipt of the veterinarian certification; or
(4) In the event of the death of the animal from causes other than an accident, the right to a full refund of the purchase price of the animal, including sales tax, or another animal of the consumer's choice of equivalent value, plus reimbursement of veterinary fees, including the cost of the veterinarian certification, incurred prior to the death of the animal.

The consumer shall be entitled to be reimbursed an amount for veterinary fees up to and including two times the purchase price, including sales tax, of the sick or dead animal. No reimbursement of veterinary fees shall exceed two times the purchase price, including sales tax, of the sick or dead animal.

## S1870 HOLZAPFEL, SINGER

j. The veterinarian shall provide to the consumer in writing and within the seven days after the consumer consults with the veterinarian any certification that is appropriate pursuant to this section upon the determination that such certification is appropriate. The certification shall include:
(1) The name of the owner;
(2) The date or dates of examination;
(3) The breed, color, sex and age of the animal;
(4) A statement of the findings of the veterinarian;
(5) A statement that the veterinarian certifies the animal to be "unfit for purchase";
(6) An itemized statement of veterinary fees incurred as of the date of certification;
(7) If the animal may be curable, an estimate of the possible cost to cure, or attempt to cure, the animal;
(8) If the animal has died, a statement establishing the probable cause of death; and
(9) The name and address of the certifying veterinarian and the date of the certification.
k. Upon the presentation of the veterinarian certification required in subsection j . of this section to the pet shop, the consumer shall select the recourse to be provided and the owner or operator of the pet shop, or the employee thereof, shall confirm the selection of recourse in writing. The confirmation of the selection shall be signed by the owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, and the consumer and a copy of the signed confirmation shall be given to the consumer and retained by the owner or operator of the pet shop, or employee thereof, on the pet shop premises. The confirmation of the selection shall be in the form established by the director by regulation.

1. The owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, shall comply with the selection of recourse by the consumer no later than 10 days after the receipt of the veterinarian certification and the signed confirmation of selection of recourse form. In the event the owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, wishes to contest the selection of recourse of the consumer, the owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, shall notify the consumer and the director in writing within the five days after the receipt of the veterinarian certification and the signed confirmation of selection of recourse form. After notification to the consumer and the director of the division, the owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, may require the consumer to produce the animal for examination by a veterinarian chosen by the owner or operator of the pet shop, or employee thereof, at a mutually convenient time and place, except if the animal has died and was required to be cremated for public health reasons. The director shall set, upon receipt of such notice of contest on the part of the owner or operator of the pet shop, or an

## S1870 HOLZAPFEL, SINGER

employee thereof, a hearing date and hold a hearing, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c. 410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) and the Uniform Administrative Procedure Rules adopted pursuant thereto, to determine whether the recourse selected by the consumer should be allowed. The consumer and the owner or operator of the pet shop, or employee thereof, shall be entitled to any appeal of the decision resulting from the hearing as may be provided for under the law, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, but upon the exhaustion of such remedies and recourse, the consumer and the owner or operator of the pet shop shall comply with the final decision rendered.
m . Any owner or operator of a pet shop, or employee thereof, shall be guilty of a deceptive practice if the owner or operator, or employee thereof, secures or attempts to secure a waiver of any of the provisions of this section except as specifically authorized under subsection g . of this section.
n. The owner of a pet shop shall be responsible and liable for any recourse or reimbursement due to a consumer because of violations of any provisions of this section by the owner or operator of the pet shop, or any employee thereof, or because of any document signed pursuant to this section by the owner or operator of the pet shop, or any employee thereof.
o. Any pet dealer in the State advertising for sale a cat or dog bred by a USDA licensed breeder through print or electronic means, including those posted on the Internet or a website, shall continuously display the name, state or residence, and USDA license number of the breeder of the cat or dog in the advertisement so that this information is easily legible to the consumer. (cf: P.L.1999, c.336, s.4)
2. (New section) Any person violating subsection c. of section 4 of P.L.1999, c. 336 (C.56:8-95) shall be subject to a fine of $\$ 500$ for each violation, to be collected by the division in a civil action by a summary proceeding under the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c. 274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq).
3. This act shall take effect immediately.

## STATEMENT

The bill establishes additional requirements under the "Pet Purchase Protection Act" to provide breeder information to the consumer about each cat or dog being offered for sale. The bill requires this information to be posted on each cage or enclosure in a pet shop or pet dealer premises and in Internet and print advertisements. The bill also requires the posting of directions for accessing electronically the United States Department of

## S1870 HOLZAPFEL, SINGER

1 Agriculture (USDA) inspection reports for breeders licensed by the 2 USDA. The bill establishes a $\$ 500$ penalty for failure to comply 3 with these requirements.

# SENATE ECONOMIC GROWTH COMMITTEE 

## STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 1870

with committee amendments

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 9, 2014

The Senate Economic Growth Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 1870.

As amended and reported, the bill establishes additional requirements under the Pet Purchase Protection Act to provide breeder information to the consumer about each cat or dog being offered for sale in a pet shop. The bill requires this information to be posted on each cage or enclosure in a pet shop and in Internet and print advertisements. The Pet Purchase Protection Act defines "animal" as a cat or a dog and therefore "animal" refers to cats or dogs throughout the bill.

More specifically, the bill also requires the posting of the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) inspection reports for the breeder and the broker of the animal for the prior two years, and the statement: "View the USDA inspection reports for the breeder for this animal and any broker that sold animal to this pet shop by contacting the USDA through the Internet. You are also entitled to receive information about the breeder's or broker's history through the federal Freedom of Information Act. Charges may apply." Under the bill, the owner or operator of the pet shop is also required to keep this information up-to-date, ensure that the appropriate website and contact telephone number are functioning, post the current website and telephone number, and make changes to the signage as necessary so that the consumer has access to the correct information at all times.

The bill further prohibits any pet shop from selling or offering for sale, or purchasing for resale, any animal purchased from any breeder or broker to whom specific items enumerated under subsection a. of section 3 of the bill apply. However, the bill provides that this prohibition does not affect the pet shop buying, selling, or offering for adoption any animal from, or transferring any animal to or from, publicly operated animal control facilities, animal rescue organizations or pounds, or shelters that are tax exempt organizations with the primary mission and practice of placing abandoned, unwanted, neglected or abused animals.

Furthermore, the bill requires each pet shop to report annually no later than May 1 certain information concerning purchase of animals
by the pet shop and the breeders and brokers it deals with, as enumerated in subsection c. of section 3 of the bill. Finally, the bill specifies that additional local restrictions on pet shops or pet sales may be imposed and enforced locally, and the bill establishes a $\$ 500$ penalty for failure to comply with the requirements and prohibitions established under the bill.

The committee amended the bill to: 1) require each pet shop to post on each animal's cage or enclosure the last two USDA inspection reports for the breeder and the broker of the animal; 2) remove the statutory reference to the specific website and instructions on accessing it but require the owner to post website, make sure it is working, and keep signage current for consumers; 3) require the owner or operator of the pet shop to attest to the consumer that the breeder and broker of the animal were in compliance with the maintenance and care of animals and the sanitary operation of kennels, pet shops, shelters and pounds established by State law and regulations at the time the pet shop purchased the animal from the breeder or broker; 4) establish a prohibition for any pet shop to sell, offer for sale, or purchase for resale an animal from a breeder or broker who -a) is not in compliance at the time of purchase of the animal by the pet shop with the requirements concerning the maintenance and care of animals and the sanitary operation of kennels, pet shops, shelters and pounds established under State law and regulations; b) is not in possession of a current license issued by the USDA or by any applicable state agency; c) has been cited on a USDA inspection report for a direct violation of the federal "Animal Welfare Act," or the corresponding federal animal welfare regulations, during the two-year period prior to the purchase of the animal by the pet shop; d) has been cited on a USDA inspection report during the two-year period prior to the purchase of the animal by the pet shop for three or more indirect violations of that federal law, not including administrative indirect violations; e) is cited on the two most recent USDA inspection reports prior to the purchase of the animal by the pet shop for no-access violations pursuant to enforcement of that federal law; or f) directly or indirectly obtained an animal from a breeder, broker, or other person, firm, corporation, or organization to whom any of the stipulations of a) through e) apply; 5) clarify that the prohibition does not apply to buying, selling, or offering for adoption animals from, or transferring animals to or from, publicly operated animal control facilities, animal rescue organizations, pounds, shelters whose primary mission and practice is the placement of abandoned, unwanted, neglected or abused animals and are also federal tax exempt organizations; 6) require each pet shop to annually report the name, address, telephone number, and USDA license number of the breeder of each animal offered for sale by the pet shop, any broker from whom the pet shop purchased an animal, and each person, firm, corporation, or organization who purchased or sold for the purposes of resale each animal offered for
sale by the pet shop in the lifetime of the cat or dog; 7) require each pet shop to annually report the total number of animals purchased from each breeder and broker; 8) specify that the bill does not prevent additional local restrictions on pet shops or pet sales from being imposed and enforced locally; and 9) make a reference and spelling correction.

# ASSEMBLY AGRICULTURE AND NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE 

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint]<br>SENATE, No. 1870

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: SEPTEMBER 22, 2014


#### Abstract

The Assembly Agriculture and Natural Resources Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 1870 (1R).

The bill establishes additional requirements under the "Pet Purchase Protection Act" to provide breeder information to the consumer about each cat or dog being offered for sale in a pet shop. The bill requires this information to be posted on each cage or enclosure in a pet shop and in Internet and print advertisements. The "Pet Purchase Protection Act" defines "animal" as a cat or a dog and therefore the term "animal" refers to cats or dogs throughout the bill.

More specifically, the bill requires the posting of the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) inspection reports for the breeder and the broker of the animal for the prior two years, and the statement: "View the USDA inspection reports for the breeder for this animal and any broker that sold this animal to this pet shop by contacting the USDA through the Internet. You are also entitled to receive information about the breeder's or broker's history through the federal Freedom of Information Act. Charges may apply." Under the bill, the owner or operator of the pet shop is also required to keep this information up-to-date, ensure that the appropriate website and contact telephone number are functioning, post the current website and telephone number, and make changes to the signage as necessary so that the consumer has access to the correct information at all times.

The bill further prohibits any pet shop from selling or offering for sale, or purchasing for resale, any animal purchased from any breeder or broker to whom specific items enumerated under subsection a. of section 3 of the bill apply. However, the bill provides that this prohibition does not affect the pet shop buying, selling, or offering for adoption any animal from, or transferring any animal to or from, publicly operated animal control facilities, animal rescue organizations or pounds, or shelters that are tax exempt organizations with the primary mission and practice of placing abandoned, unwanted, neglected, or abused animals.

Furthermore, the bill requires each pet shop to report annually no later than May 1 certain information concerning the purchase of


animals by the pet shop and the breeders and brokers it deals with, as enumerated in subsection c. of section 3 of the bill. Finally, the bill specifies that additional local restrictions on pet shops or pet sales may be imposed and enforced locally, and the bill establishes a $\$ 500$ penalty for failure to comply with the requirements and prohibitions established under the bill.

The bill is identical to Assembly Bill No. 3306 as amended and also reported by the committee.

# STATEMENT TO 

# [First Reprint] <br> SENATE, No. 1870 

with Assembly Floor Amendments<br>(Proposed by Assemblyman MCGUCKIN)

ADOPTED: DECEMBER 15, 2014

These floor amendments would:
(1) clarify and expand the information a pet shop must provide on the sign it posts on cages and enclosures for animals pursuant to subsection c. of section 2 of the bill;
(2) clarify and expand the information contained in the notification form provided by the Division of Consumer Affairs to each owner or operator of a pet shop pursuant to subsection f . of section 2 of the bill;
(3) specify that the prohibition in subsection a. of section 3 of the bill on purchasing an animal for resale in certain circumstances applies whether or not the animal is actually offered for sale by the pet shop;
(4) clarify the circumstances under which a pet shop may not sell, offer for sale, or purchase for resale certain animals;
(5) clarify the information that must be provided on the annual report pet shops must submit to municipalities pursuant to subsection c. of section 3 of the bill;
(6) specify that the bill does not limit municipalities, counties, local health agencies, or municipal or county boards of health from placing additional obligations on pet shops, or restrictions on pet shop sales;
(7) specify that any owner or operator who fails to provide information or provides false information pursuant to requirements of the "Pet Purchase Protection Act," shall be subject to the $\$ 500$ fine established in section 5 of this bill;
(8) change the effective date to the first day of the fourth month following the date of enactment; and
(9) make other clarifying and technical corrections to the bill.

# ASSEMBLY, No. 3306 <br> STATE OF NEW JERSEY 216th LEGISLATURE 

INTRODUCED JUNE 5, 2014

Sponsored by:<br>Assemblyman GREGORY P. MCGUCKIN<br>District 10 (Ocean)<br>Assemblyman DAVID W. WOLFE<br>District 10 (Ocean)<br>Assemblyman THOMAS P. GIBLIN<br>District 34 (Essex and Passaic)<br>Assemblyman SEAN T. KEAN<br>District 30 (Monmouth and Ocean)<br>Assemblyman RAJ MUKHERJI<br>District 33 (Hudson)<br>Assemblyman BOB ANDRZEJCZAK<br>District 1 (Atlantic, Cape May and Cumberland)<br>Co-Sponsored by:<br>Assemblywoman Pinkin, Assemblymen Garcia and Benson

## SYNOPSIS

Establishes additional requirements, and penalties for failure to comply, concerning information to be provided to persons purchasing cats or dogs from pet shops or pet dealers.

## CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.

(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 9/23/2014)

## A3306 MCGUCKIN, WOLFE

2
AN ACT concerning the sale of cats and dogs, and amending and supplementing P.L.1999, c. 336 .

Be It Enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. Section 4 of P.L.1999, c. 336 (C.56:8-95) is amended to read as follows:
2. a. Notwithstanding the provisions of any rule or regulation adopted pursuant to Title 56 of the Revised Statutes as such provisions are applied to pet shops, and without limiting the prosecution of any other practices which may be unlawful pursuant to Title 56 of the Revised Statutes, it shall be a deceptive practice for any owner or operator of a pet shop, or employee thereof, to sell animals within the State without complying with the provisions and requirements of this section.
b. Within five days prior to the offering for sale of any animal, the owner or operator of a pet shop, or employee thereof, shall have the animal examined by a veterinarian licensed to practice in the State. The name and address of the examining veterinarian, together with the findings made and treatment, if any, ordered as a result of the examination, shall be noted on the animal history and health certificate for each animal as required by regulations adopted pursuant to Title 56 of the Revised Statutes. If fourteen days have passed since the last veterinarian examination of the animal, the owner or operator of the pet shop, or employee thereof, shall have the animal reexamined by a veterinarian licensed to practice in the State as provided for in subsection g. of this section, except as otherwise provided in that subsection.
c. [Each cage in a] Every pet shop [shall have a label identifying the sex and breed of each animal kept in the cage, the date and place of birth of each animal, and the] or pet dealer offering cats or dogs for sale shall post on the cage or enclosure for each cat or dog in the cage or enclosure, in a conspicuous location on the cage or enclosure, a sign declaring:
(1) The date and place of birth of each cat or dog, and the actual age, or approximate age as established by a veterinarian, of the cat or dog;
(2) The sex, color markings, and other identifier information of the cat or dog, including any tag, tattoo, collar number, or microchip information;
(3) The name and address of the veterinarian attending to the animal and the date of the initial examination of the animal [.];
(4) The first and last name of the breeder, the full street address of where the breeder is doing business, the telephone number of the
[^2]Matter underlined thus is new matter.

## A3306 MCGUCKIN, WOLFE

breeder, and, if the breeder of the cat or $\operatorname{dog}$ is a dealer or breeder licensed by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), the breeder's USDA license number;
(5) The first and last name of the owner or operator of the pet shop or pet dealer business, the full street address of where the pet shop or pet dealer is incorporated, the telephone number of the transporter or carrier of the cat or dog, if any or different from the breeder named in paragraph (4) of this subsection; and
(6) For each cat or dog bred by a USDA licensed dealer or breeder, the statement - "View the USDA inspection reports for the breeder for this cat or dog by logging onto http://acissearch.aphis.usda.gov/LPASearch/faces/LPASearch, entering the last name of the breeder, state in which the breeder is doing business, and USDA license number of the breeder, and press search. You are also entitled to receive information about the breeder's history through the federal Freedom of Information Act by calling (301) 851-4102. Charges may apply."

The owner or operator of the pet shop or pet dealer shall keep this information up-to-date, ensure that the website and contact telephone number are functioning, and make changes to the signage as necessary so that the consumer has access to the correct information at all times.
d. The owner or operator of a pet shop, or employee thereof, shall quarantine any animal diagnosed as suffering from a contagious or infectious disease, illness, or condition and may not sell such an animal until such time as a veterinarian licensed to practice in the State treats the animal and determines that such animal is free of clinical signs of infectious disease or that the animal is fit for sale. All animals required to be quarantined pursuant to this subsection shall be placed in a quarantine area, separated from the general animal population of the pet shop.
e. The owner or operator of a pet shop, or designated employee thereof, may inoculate and vaccinate animals prior to purchase only upon the order of a veterinarian. No owner or operator of a pet shop, or employee thereof, may represent, directly or indirectly, that the owner or operator of the pet shop, or any employee thereof, other than a veterinarian, is qualified to, directly or indirectly, diagnose, prognose, treat, or administer for, prescribe any treatment for, operate concerning, manipulate or apply any apparatus or appliance for addressing, any disease, pain, deformity, defect, injury, wound or physical condition of any animal after purchase of the animal, for the prevention of, or to test for, the presence of any disease, pain, deformity, defect, injury, wound or physical condition in an animal after its purchase. These prohibitions include, but are not limited to, the giving of inoculations or vaccinations after purchase, the diagnosing, prescribing and dispensing of medication to animals and the prescribing of any diet or dietary supplement as

## A3306 MCGUCKIN, WOLFE

4
treatment for any disease, pain, deformity, defect, injury, wound or physical condition.
f. The Director of the Division of Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety shall provide each owner or operator of a pet shop with notification forms, to be signed by the owner or operator of the pet shop, or employee thereof, and the consumer at the time of purchase of an animal. The notification form shall provide the following:
(1) The full text of the rights and responsibilities provided for in subsection $h$. of this section;
(2) The full text and description of the recourse to which the consumer is entitled pursuant to subsection i. of this section;
(3) The statement that it is the responsibility of the consumer to obtain such certification within the required amount of time provided by subsection $h$. of this section;
(4) The full text of the rights and responsibilities of the owner or operator of the pet shop, and the employees thereof, and the consumer provided in subsection 1. of this section; and
(5) The notification, reporting and enforcement provisions provided in section 5 of P.L.1999, c. 336 (C.56:8-96), including the name and address of the local health authority with jurisdiction over the pet shop.

The owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, shall obtain the signature of the consumer on the form and shall also sign the form at the time of purchase of an animal, and shall provide the consumer with a signed copy of the form and retain a copy of the form on the pet shop premises. Copies of all such notices shall be readily available for inspection by an authorized representative of the Division of Consumer Affairs, upon request. No pet shop owner or operator, or employee thereof, may construe or use the signed notification form required pursuant to this subsection as an abdication of the right to recourse provided for in subsection i., or as a selection of recourse pursuant to subsection $k$. of this section.
g. The owner or operator of a pet shop, or an employee thereof, shall have any animal that has been examined more than 14 days prior to the date of purchase, reexamined by a veterinarian for the purpose of disclosing its condition, within 72 hours of the delivery of the animal to the consumer, unless the consumer has waived the right to the reexamination in writing. The owner or operator of a pet shop, or an employee thereof, shall provide a copy of the written waiver to the consumer prior to the signing of any contact or agreement to purchase the animal and the written waiver shall be in the form established by the director by regulation.
h. If at any time within 14 days after the sale and delivery of an animal to a consumer, the animal becomes sick or dies and a veterinarian certifies, within the 14 days after the date of purchase of the animal by the consumer, that the animal is unfit for purchase due to a non-congenital cause or condition, or that the animal died
from causes other than an accident, the consumer is entitled to the recourse described in subsection i. of this section.

If the animal becomes sick or dies within 180 days after the date of purchase and a veterinarian certifies, within the 180 days after the date of purchase of the animal by the consumer, that the animal is unfit for sale due to a congenital or hereditary cause or condition, or a sickness brought on by a congenital or hereditary cause or condition, or died from such a cause or condition or sickness, the consumer shall be entitled to the recourse provided in subsection i. of this section.

It shall be the responsibility of the consumer to obtain such certification within the required amount of time provided by this subsection, unless the owner or operator of the pet shop, or the employee thereof selling the animal to the consumer, fails to provide the notice required pursuant to subsection f . of this section. If the owner or operator of the pet shop, or the employee thereof, fails to provide the required notice, the consumer shall be entitled to the recourse provided for in subsection i. of this section.
i. Only the consumer shall have the sole authority to determine the recourse the consumer wishes to select and accept, provided that the recourse selected is one of the following:
(1) The right to return the animal and receive a full refund of the purchase price, including sales tax, plus the reimbursement of the veterinary fees, including the cost of the veterinarian certification, incurred prior to the receipt by the consumer of the veterinarian certification;
(2) The right to retain the animal and to receive reimbursement for veterinary fees incurred prior to the consumer's receipt of the veterinarian certification, plus the future cost of veterinary fees to be incurred in curing or attempting to cure the animal, including the cost of the veterinarian certification;
(3) The right to return the animal and to receive in exchange an animal of the consumer's choice, of equivalent value, plus reimbursement of veterinary fees, including the cost of the veterinarian certification, incurred prior to the consumer's receipt of the veterinarian certification; or
(4) In the event of the death of the animal from causes other than an accident, the right to a full refund of the purchase price of the animal, including sales tax, or another animal of the consumer's choice of equivalent value, plus reimbursement of veterinary fees, including the cost of the veterinarian certification, incurred prior to the death of the animal.

The consumer shall be entitled to be reimbursed an amount for veterinary fees up to and including two times the purchase price, including sales tax, of the sick or dead animal. No reimbursement of veterinary fees shall exceed two times the purchase price, including sales tax, of the sick or dead animal.

## A3306 MCGUCKIN, WOLFE

6
j. The veterinarian shall provide to the consumer in writing and within the seven days after the consumer consults with the veterinarian any certification that is appropriate pursuant to this section upon the determination that such certification is appropriate. The certification shall include:
(1) The name of the owner;
(2) The date or dates of examination;
(3) The breed, color, sex and age of the animal;
(4) A statement of the findings of the veterinarian;
(5) A statement that the veterinarian certifies the animal to be "unfit for purchase";
(6) An itemized statement of veterinary fees incurred as of the date of certification;
(7) If the animal may be curable, an estimate of the possible cost to cure, or attempt to cure, the animal;
(8) If the animal has died, a statement establishing the probable cause of death; and
(9) The name and address of the certifying veterinarian and the date of the certification.
k. Upon the presentation of the veterinarian certification required in subsection j . of this section to the pet shop, the consumer shall select the recourse to be provided and the owner or operator of the pet shop, or the employee thereof, shall confirm the selection of recourse in writing. The confirmation of the selection shall be signed by the owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, and the consumer and a copy of the signed confirmation shall be given to the consumer and retained by the owner or operator of the pet shop, or employee thereof, on the pet shop premises. The confirmation of the selection shall be in the form established by the director by regulation.

1. The owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, shall comply with the selection of recourse by the consumer no later than 10 days after the receipt of the veterinarian certification and the signed confirmation of selection of recourse form. In the event the owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, wishes to contest the selection of recourse of the consumer, the owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, shall notify the consumer and the director in writing within the five days after the receipt of the veterinarian certification and the signed confirmation of selection of recourse form. After notification to the consumer and the director of the division, the owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, may require the consumer to produce the animal for examination by a veterinarian chosen by the owner or operator of the pet shop, or employee thereof, at a mutually convenient time and place, except if the animal has died and was required to be cremated for public health reasons. The director shall set, upon receipt of such notice of contest on the part of the owner or operator of the pet shop, or an
employee thereof, a hearing date and hold a hearing, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c. 410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) and the Uniform Administrative Procedure Rules adopted pursuant thereto, to determine whether the recourse selected by the consumer should be allowed. The consumer and the owner or operator of the pet shop, or employee thereof, shall be entitled to any appeal of the decision resulting from the hearing as may be provided for under the law, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, but upon the exhaustion of such remedies and recourse, the consumer and the owner or operator of the pet shop shall comply with the final decision rendered.
m . Any owner or operator of a pet shop, or employee thereof, shall be guilty of a deceptive practice if the owner or operator, or employee thereof, secures or attempts to secure a waiver of any of the provisions of this section except as specifically authorized under subsection g . of this section.
n. The owner of a pet shop shall be responsible and liable for any recourse or reimbursement due to a consumer because of violations of any provisions of this section by the owner or operator of the pet shop, or any employee thereof, or because of any document signed pursuant to this section by the owner or operator of the pet shop, or any employee thereof.
o. Any pet dealer in the State advertising for sale a cat or dog bred by a USDA licensed breeder through print or electronic means, including those posted on the Internet or a website, shall continuously display the name, state or residence, and USDA license number of the breeder of the cat or dog in the advertisement so that this information is easily legible to the consumer. (cf: P.L.1999, c.336, s.4)
2. (New section) Any person violating subsection c. of section 4 of P.L.1999, c. 336 (C.56:8-95) shall be subject to a fine of $\$ 500$ for each violation, to be collected by the division in a civil action by a summary proceeding under the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c. 274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq).
3. This act shall take effect immediately.

## STATEMENT

The bill establishes additional requirements under the "Pet Purchase Protection Act" to provide breeder information to the consumer about each cat or dog being offered for sale. The bill requires this information to be posted on each cage or enclosure in a pet shop or pet dealer premises and in Internet and print advertisements. The bill also requires the posting of directions for accessing electronically the United States Department of

## A3306 MCGUCKIN, WOLFE

8
1 Agriculture (USDA) inspection reports for breeders licensed by the 2 USDA. The bill establishes a $\$ 500$ penalty for failure to comply 3 with these requirements.

# ASSEMBLY AGRICULTURE AND NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE 

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 3306
with committee amendments

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: SEPTEMBER 22, 2014

The Assembly Agriculture and Natural Resources Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly Bill No. 3306.

As amended, the bill establishes additional requirements under the "Pet Purchase Protection Act" to provide breeder information to the consumer about each cat or dog being offered for sale in a pet shop. The bill requires this information to be posted on each cage or enclosure in a pet shop and in Internet and print advertisements. The "Pet Purchase Protection Act" defines "animal" as a cat or a dog and therefore the term "animal" refers to cats or dogs throughout the bill.

More specifically, the bill requires the posting of the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) inspection reports for the breeder and the broker of the animal for the prior two years, and the statement: "View the USDA inspection reports for the breeder for this animal and any broker that sold this animal to this pet shop by contacting the USDA through the Internet. You are also entitled to receive information about the breeder's or broker's history through the federal Freedom of Information Act. Charges may apply." Under the bill as amended, the owner or operator of the pet shop is also required to keep this information up-to-date, ensure that the appropriate website and contact telephone number are functioning, post the current website and telephone number, and make changes to the signage as necessary so that the consumer has access to the correct information at all times.

The bill further prohibits any pet shop from selling or offering for sale, or purchasing for resale, any animal purchased from any breeder or broker to whom specific items enumerated under subsection a. of section 3 of the bill apply. However, the bill, as amended, provides that this prohibition does not affect the pet shop buying, selling, or offering for adoption any animal from, or transferring any animal to or from, publicly operated animal control facilities, animal rescue organizations or pounds, or shelters that are tax exempt organizations with the primary mission and practice of placing abandoned, unwanted, neglected, or abused animals.

Furthermore, the bill requires each pet shop to report annually no later than May 1 certain information concerning the purchase of animals by the pet shop and the breeders and brokers it deals with, as enumerated in subsection c. of section 3 of the bill. Finally, the bill specifies that additional local restrictions on pet shops or pet sales may be imposed and enforced locally, and the bill establishes a $\$ 500$ penalty for failure to comply with the requirements and prohibitions established under the bill.

As amended, the bill is identical to Senate Bill No. 1870 (1R) of 2014-15 as also reported by the committee.

## COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

The committee amendments:

1) require posting on each animal's cage or enclosure the last two USDA inspection reports for the breeder and the broker of the animal;
2) delete the reference to the specific website and instructions on accessing it;
3) require the owner or operator of the pet shop to post a website, ensure it is working, and keep signage current for consumers;
4) require the owner or operator of the pet shop to attest to the consumer that, at the time the pet shop purchased the animal from the breeder or broker, the breeder and broker of the animal were in compliance with State requirements for maintenance and care of animals and the sanitary operation of kennels, pet shops, shelters and pounds;
5) prohibit any pet shop to sell, offer for sale, or purchase for resale an animal from a breeder or broker who -
a) is not in compliance at the time of purchase of the animal by the pet shop with the State requirements enumerated in 4) above;
b) is not in possession of a current license issued by the USDA or by any applicable state agency;
c) has been cited on a USDA inspection report for a direct violation of the federal "Animal Welfare Act," or the corresponding federal animal welfare regulations, during the two-year period prior to the purchase of the animal by the pet shop;
d) has been cited on a USDA inspection report during the twoyear period prior to the purchase of the animal by the pet shop for three or more indirect violations of that federal law, not including administrative indirect violations;
e) is cited on the two most recent USDA inspection reports prior to the purchase of the animal by the pet shop for no-access violations pursuant to enforcement of that federal law; or
f) directly or indirectly obtained an animal from a breeder, broker, or other person, firm, corporation, or organization to whom any of the stipulations of a) through e) apply;
6) exempts from the prohibition buying, selling, or offering for adoption animals from, or transferring animals to or from, publicly
operated animal control facilities, animal rescue organizations, pounds, or shelters whose primary mission and practice is the placement of abandoned, unwanted, neglected or abused animals and are also federal tax exempt organizations;
7) require each pet shop to annually report the name, address, telephone number, and USDA license number of the breeder of each animal offered for sale by the pet shop, any broker from whom the pet shop purchased an animal, and each person, firm, corporation, or organization who purchased or sold for the purposes of resale each animal offered for sale by the pet shop in the lifetime of the cat or dog;
8) require each pet shop to annually report the total number of animals purchased from each breeder and broker;
9) specify that the bill does not prevent additional local restrictions on pet shops or pet sales from being imposed and enforced locally; and
10) make technical corrections to the bill.

# ASSEMBLY SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, No. 3306 <br> <br> STATE OF NEW JERSEY <br> <br> STATE OF NEW JERSEY 216th LEGISLATURE 

 216th LEGISLATURE}

ADOPTED DECEMBER 15, 2014

Sponsored by:
Assemblyman GREGORY P. MCGUCKIN
District 10 (Ocean)
Assemblyman DAVID W. WOLFE
District 10 (Ocean)
Assemblyman THOMAS P. GIBLIN
District 34 (Essex and Passaic)
Assemblyman SEAN T. KEAN
District 30 (Monmouth and Ocean)
Assemblyman RAJ MUKHERJI
District 33 (Hudson)
Assemblyman BOB ANDRZEJCZAK
District 1 (Atlantic, Cape May and Cumberland)

Co-Sponsored by:
Assemblywoman Pinkin, Assemblymen Garcia, Benson, Eustace and Assemblywoman Rodriguez-Gregg

SYNOPSIS
Establishes additional requirements, and penalties for failure to comply, concerning information to be provided to persons purchasing cats or dogs from pet shops.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT
Substitute as adopted by the General Assembly.

AN ACT concerning the sale of cats and dogs, and amending and supplementing P.L.1999, c. 336 .

Be It Enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. Section 2 of P.L.1999, c. 336 (C.56:8-93) is amended to read as follows:
2. As used in [sections 1 through 5 of this act] P.L.1999, c. 336 (C.56:8-92 et al.):
"Animal" means a cat or dog [;].
"Breeder" means any person, firm, corporation, or organization in the business of breeding cats or dogs.
"Broker" means any person, firm, corporation, or organization who sells a cat or dog to a pet shop, whether or not the broker is also the breeder of the cat or dog.
"Consumer" means a person purchasing a cat or $\operatorname{dog}[;]$ not for the purposes of resale.
"Director" means the Director of the Division of Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety [;].
"Division" means the Division of Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety [; ].
"Pet dealer" means any person engaged in the ordinary course of business in the sale of cats or dogs to the public for profit or any person who sells or offers for sale more than five cats or dogs in one year $[;]$.
"Pet shop" means a pet shop as defined in section 1 of P.L.1941, c. 151 (C.4:19-15.1) [; ].
"Quarantine" means to hold in segregation from the general population any cat or dog because of the presence or suspected presence of a contagious or infectious disease $[\mathbf{j}$.
"Unfit for purchase" means any disease, deformity, injury, physical condition, illness or defect which is congenital or hereditary and severely affects the health of the animal, or which was manifest, capable of diagnosis or likely contracted on or before the sale and delivery of the animal to the consumer. The death of an animal within 14 days of its delivery to the consumer, except by death by accident or as a result of injuries sustained during that period, shall mean the animal was unfit for purchase [; and].
"USDA" means the United States Department of Agriculture.
"USDA license number" means the license number issued to a breeder or broker by the United States Department of Agriculture pursuant to the federal "Animal Welfare Act," 7 U.S.C.s. 2131 et seq., or any rules or regulations adopted pursuant thereto.

[^3]"Veterinarian" means a veterinarian licensed to practice in the State of New Jersey. (cf: P.L.1999, c.336, s.2)
2. Section 4 of P.L.1999, c. 336 (C.56:8-95) is amended to read as follows:
4. a. Notwithstanding the provisions of any rule or regulation adopted pursuant to Title 56 of the Revised Statutes as such provisions are applied to pet shops, and without limiting the prosecution of any other practices which may be unlawful pursuant to Title 56 of the Revised Statutes, it shall be a deceptive practice for any owner or operator of a pet shop, or employee thereof, to sell animals within the State without complying with the provisions and requirements of this section and section 3 of P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) .
b. Within five days prior to the offering for sale of any animal, the owner or operator of a pet shop, or employee thereof, shall have the animal examined by a veterinarian licensed to practice in the State. The name and address of the examining veterinarian, together with the findings made and treatment, if any, ordered as a result of the examination, shall be noted on the animal history and health certificate for each animal as required by regulations adopted pursuant to Title 56 of the Revised Statutes. If [fourteen] 14 days have passed since the last veterinarian examination of the animal, the owner or operator of the pet shop, or employee thereof, shall have the animal reexamined by a veterinarian licensed to practice in the State as provided for in subsection $g$. of this section, except as otherwise provided in that subsection.
c. [Each cage in a] Every pet shop [shall have a label identifying the sex and breed of each animal kept in the cage, the date and place of birth of each animal, and the] offering animals for sale shall post, in a conspicuous location on the cage or enclosure for each animal in the cage or enclosure, a sign declaring:
(1) The date and place of birth of each animal, and the actual age, or approximate age as established by a veterinarian, of the animal;
(2) The sex, color markings, and other identifying information of the animal, including any tag, tattoo, collar number, or microchip information;
(3) The name and address of the veterinarian attending to the animal while the animal is in the custody of the pet shop, and the date of the initial examination of the animal ;
(4) The first and last name of the breeder of the animal, the full street address of where the breeder is doing business, an email address, if available, by which to contact the breeder, the breeder's USDA license number, and, if the breeder is required to be licensed
in the state in which the breeder is located, the breeder's state license number;
(5) If the broker is different from the breeder, the first and last name of the broker of the animal, the full street address of where the broker is doing business, an email address, if available, by which to contact the broker, the USDA license number of the broker, and, if the broker is required to be licensed in the state in which the broker is located, the broker's state license number; and
(6) The statement "Know Your Rights" in bold type face and no less than 12 point type, followed by the statement in no less than 10 point type, "State law requires that every pet shop offering cats or dogs for sale post in a conspicuous location on or near each cat or dog's cage or enclosure the USDA inspection reports for the breeder and broker of each cat or dog for the two years prior to the first day that the cat or dog is offered for sale. If you do not see a required inspection report, please request the report from the pet shop. If you have any concerns, please contact the New Jersey Division of Consumer Affairs, 124 Halsey St., Newark, NJ 07102, (973) 504-6200. You may also view these and other USDA inspection reports for the breeder and broker of each cat or dog on the USDA Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS) website. You are entitled to receive additional information from APHIS about the breeder's or broker's history through the federal Freedom of Information Act."

Every pet shop offering animals for sale shall also post, in a conspicuous location on or near the cage or enclosure for each animal in the cage or enclosure, the USDA inspection reports for the breeder and the broker of the animal for the two years prior to the first day that the animal is offered for sale by the pet shop.

The owner or operator of the pet shop shall regularly update the information required to be posted pursuant to this subsection and make changes as necessary to all signage required by this subsection so that the public has access to the correct information at all times.
d. The owner or operator of a pet shop, or employee thereof, shall quarantine any animal diagnosed as suffering from a contagious or infectious disease, illness, or condition and may not sell such an animal until such time as a veterinarian licensed to practice in the State treats the animal and determines that such animal is free of clinical signs of infectious disease or that the animal is fit for sale. All animals required to be quarantined pursuant to this subsection shall be placed in a quarantine area, separated from the general animal population of the pet shop.
e. The owner or operator of a pet shop, or designated employee thereof, may inoculate and vaccinate animals prior to purchase only upon the order of a veterinarian. No owner or operator of a pet shop, or employee thereof, may represent, directly or indirectly, that
the owner or operator of the pet shop, or any employee thereof, other than a veterinarian, is qualified to, directly or indirectly, diagnose, prognose, treat, or administer for, prescribe any treatment for, operate concerning, manipulate or apply any apparatus or appliance for addressing, any disease, pain, deformity, defect, injury, wound, or physical condition of any animal after purchase of the animal, for the prevention of, or to test for, the presence of any disease, pain, deformity, defect, injury, wound, or physical condition in an animal after its purchase. These prohibitions include, but are not limited to, the giving of inoculations or vaccinations after purchase, the diagnosing, prescribing, and dispensing of medication to animals, and the prescribing of any diet or dietary supplement as treatment for any disease, pain, deformity, defect, injury, wound, or physical condition.
f. The Director of the Division of Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety shall provide each owner or operator of a pet shop with notification forms, to be signed by the owner or operator of the pet shop, or employee thereof, and the consumer at the time of purchase of an animal. The notification form shall provide the following:
(1) The full text of the rights and responsibilities provided for in subsection h . of this section;
(2) The full text and description of the recourse to which the consumer is entitled pursuant to subsection i. of this section;
(3) The statement that it is the responsibility of the consumer to obtain such certification within the required amount of time provided by subsection $h$. of this section;
(4) The full text of the rights and responsibilities of the owner or operator of the pet shop, and the employees thereof, and the consumer provided in subsection 1. of this section; [and]
(5) The notification, reporting and enforcement provisions provided in section 5 of P.L.1999, c. 336 (C.56:8-96), including the name and address of the local health authority with jurisdiction over the pet shop;
(6) The name, full street address, email address, if available, and USDA license number of the breeder of the animal and the broker of the animal, if the broker is different from the breeder;
(7) The breeder's state license number, if the breeder is required to be licensed in the state in which the breeder is located, and, if the broker is different from the breeder and the broker is required to be licensed in the state in which the broker is located, the broker's state license number; and
(8) An attestation by the owner or operator of the pet shop that, as of the date of purchase of the animal by the pet shop, which shall be specified in the attestation, the breeder and the broker of the animal were in compliance with the requirements concerning the maintenance and care of animals and the sanitary operation of
kennels, pet shops, shelters and pounds established in rules and regulations adopted pursuant to section 14 of P.L.1941, c. 151 (C.4:19-15.14), as required pursuant to section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

The owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, shall obtain the signature of the consumer on the form and shall also sign and date the form at the time of purchase of an animal by the consumer, and shall provide the consumer with a signed copy of the form and retain a copy of the form on the pet shop premises. Copies of all such notices shall be readily available for inspection by an authorized representative of the Division of Consumer Affairs, upon request. No pet shop owner or operator, or employee thereof, may construe or use the signed notification form required pursuant to this subsection as an abdication of the right to recourse provided for in subsection i., or as a selection of recourse pursuant to subsection k . of this section.
g. The owner or operator of a pet shop, or an employee thereof, shall have any animal that has been examined more than 14 days prior to the date of purchase, reexamined by a veterinarian for the purpose of disclosing its condition, within 72 hours of the delivery of the animal to the consumer, unless the consumer has waived the right to the reexamination in writing. The owner or operator of a pet shop, or an employee thereof, shall provide a copy of the written waiver to the consumer prior to the signing of any [contact] contract or agreement to purchase the animal and the written waiver shall be in the form established by the director by regulation.
h. If at any time within 14 days after the sale and delivery of an animal to a consumer, the animal becomes sick or dies and a veterinarian certifies, within the 14 days after the date of purchase of the animal by the consumer, that the animal is unfit for purchase due to a non-congenital cause or condition, or that the animal died from causes other than an accident, the consumer is entitled to the recourse described in subsection i. of this section.

If the animal becomes sick or dies within 180 days after the date of purchase and a veterinarian certifies, within the 180 days after the date of purchase of the animal by the consumer, that the animal is unfit for sale due to a congenital or hereditary cause or condition, or a sickness brought on by a congenital or hereditary cause or condition, or died from such a cause or condition or sickness, the consumer shall be entitled to the recourse provided in subsection i. of this section.

It shall be the responsibility of the consumer to obtain such certification within the required amount of time provided by this subsection, unless the owner or operator of the pet shop, or the employee thereof selling the animal to the consumer, fails to provide the notice required pursuant to subsection $f$. of this section. If the owner or operator of the pet shop, or the employee thereof,
fails to provide the required notice, the consumer shall be entitled to the recourse provided for in subsection $i$. of this section.
i. Only the consumer shall have the sole authority to determine the recourse the consumer wishes to select and accept, provided that the recourse selected is one of the following:
(1) The right to return the animal and receive a full refund of the purchase price, including sales tax, plus the reimbursement of the veterinary fees, including the cost of the veterinarian certification, incurred prior to the receipt by the consumer of the veterinarian certification;
(2) The right to retain the animal and to receive reimbursement for veterinary fees incurred prior to the consumer's receipt of the veterinarian certification, plus the future cost of veterinary fees to be incurred in curing or attempting to cure the animal, including the cost of the veterinarian certification;
(3) The right to return the animal and to receive in exchange an animal of the consumer's choice, of equivalent value, plus reimbursement of veterinary fees, including the cost of the veterinarian certification, incurred prior to the consumer's receipt of the veterinarian certification; or
(4) In the event of the death of the animal from causes other than an accident, the right to a full refund of the purchase price of the animal, including sales tax, or another animal of the consumer's choice of equivalent value, plus reimbursement of veterinary fees, including the cost of the veterinarian certification, incurred prior to the death of the animal.

The consumer shall be entitled to be reimbursed an amount for veterinary fees up to and including two times the purchase price, including sales tax, of the sick or dead animal. No reimbursement of veterinary fees shall exceed two times the purchase price, including sales tax, of the sick or dead animal.
j. The veterinarian shall provide to the consumer in writing and within the seven days after the consumer consults with the veterinarian any certification that is appropriate pursuant to this section upon the determination that such certification is appropriate. The certification shall include:
(1) The name of the owner;
(2) The date or dates of examination;
(3) The breed, color, sex and age of the animal;
(4) A statement of the findings of the veterinarian;
(5) A statement that the veterinarian certifies the animal to be "unfit for purchase";
(6) An itemized statement of veterinary fees incurred as of the date of certification;
(7) If the animal may be curable, an estimate of the possible cost to cure, or attempt to cure, the animal;
(8) If the animal has died, a statement establishing the probable cause of death; and
(9) The name and address of the certifying veterinarian and the date of the certification.
k. Upon the presentation of the veterinarian certification required in subsection j . of this section to the pet shop, the consumer shall select the recourse to be provided and the owner or operator of the pet shop, or the employee thereof, shall confirm the selection of recourse in writing. The confirmation of the selection shall be signed by the owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, and the consumer and a copy of the signed confirmation shall be given to the consumer and retained by the owner or operator of the pet shop, or employee thereof, on the pet shop premises. The confirmation of the selection shall be in the form established by the director by regulation.

1. The owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, shall comply with the selection of recourse by the consumer no later than 10 days after the receipt of the veterinarian certification and the signed confirmation of selection of recourse form. In the event the owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, wishes to contest the selection of recourse of the consumer, the owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, shall notify the consumer and the director in writing within the five days after the receipt of the veterinarian certification and the signed confirmation of selection of recourse form. After notification to the consumer and the director of the division, the owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, may require the consumer to produce the animal for examination by a veterinarian chosen by the owner or operator of the pet shop, or employee thereof, at a mutually convenient time and place, except if the animal has died and was required to be cremated for public health reasons. The director shall set, upon receipt of such notice of contest on the part of the owner or operator of the pet shop, or an employee thereof, a hearing date and hold a hearing, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c. 410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) and the Uniform Administrative Procedure Rules adopted pursuant thereto, to determine whether the recourse selected by the consumer should be allowed. The consumer and the owner or operator of the pet shop, or employee thereof, shall be entitled to any appeal of the decision resulting from the hearing as may be provided for under the law, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, but upon the exhaustion of such remedies and recourse, the consumer and the owner or operator of the pet shop shall comply with the final decision rendered.
m . Any owner or operator of a pet shop, or employee thereof, shall be guilty of a deceptive practice if the owner or operator, or employee thereof, secures or attempts to secure a waiver of any of
the provisions of this section except as specifically authorized under subsection g . of this section.
n. The owner of a pet shop shall be responsible and liable for any recourse or reimbursement due to a consumer because of violations of any provisions of this section by the owner or operator of the pet shop, or any employee thereof, or because of any document signed pursuant to this section by the owner or operator of the pet shop, or any employee thereof.
o. Any pet shop in the State advertising for sale an animal bred by a USDA licensed breeder through print or electronic means, including those posted on the Internet or a website, shall continuously display the name, state of residence, and USDA license number of the breeder of the animal in the advertisement so that this information is easily legible to the consumer.
(cf: P.L.1999, c.336, s.4)
2. (New section) a. No pet shop shall sell or offer for sale, or purchase for resale whether or not actually offered for sale by the pet shop, any animal purchased from any breeder or broker who:
(1) is not in compliance with the requirements concerning the maintenance and care of animals and the sanitary operation of kennels, pet shops, shelters and pounds established in rules and regulations adopted pursuant to section 14 of P.L.1941, c. 151 (C.4:19-15.14) at the time of purchase of the animal by the pet shop;
(2) is not in possession of a current license issued by the USDA pursuant to 9 C.F.R. s.1.1 et seq.;
(3) is not in possession of all other licenses required for a breeder or broker by the state in which the breeder or broker is located;
(4) has been cited on a USDA inspection report for a direct violation of the federal "Animal Welfare Act," 7 U.S.C. s. 2131 et seq., or the corresponding federal animal welfare regulations at 9 C.F.R. s.1.1 et seq., during the two-year period prior to the purchase of the animal by the pet shop;
(5) has been cited on a USDA inspection report during the twoyear period prior to the purchase of the animal by the pet shop for three or more indirect violations of the federal "Animal Welfare Act," 7 U.S.C. s. 2131 et seq., or the corresponding federal animal welfare regulations at sections $2.4,2.40,2.50$ through $2.55,2.60$, 2.75 through $2.80,2.130$ through $2.132,3.1$ through 3.19 , or 3.125 through 3.142 of Title 9 of the Code of Federal Regulations;
(6) is cited on the two most recent USDA inspection reports prior to the purchase of the animal by the pet shop for no-access violations pursuant to enforcement of the federal "Animal Welfare Act," 7 U.S.C. s. 2131 et seq., or the corresponding federal animal welfare regulations at 9 C.F.R. s.1.1 et seq.; or
(7) directly or indirectly obtained the animal from a breeder, broker, or other person, firm, corporation, or organization to whom paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), or (6) of this subsection applies.
b. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as prohibiting or otherwise preventing a pet shop from:
(1) purchasing for resale or adoption, selling, or offering for adoption, an animal purchased or otherwise obtained from -
(a) a publicly operated animal control facility,
(b) an animal rescue organization or pound as defined in section 1 of P.L.1941, c. 151 (C.4:19-15.1), or
(c) a shelter as defined in section 1 of P.L.1941, c. 151 (C.4:1915.1) whose primary mission and practice is the placement of abandoned, unwanted, neglected, or abused animals and that is also a tax exempt organization under paragraph (3) of subsection (c) of section 501 of the federal Internal Revenue Code ( 26 U.S.C. s.501), or any subsequent corresponding sections of the federal Internal Revenue Code, as from time to time amended; or
(2) transferring adopted animals to or from any entity enumerated in paragraph (1) of this subsection or to or from any pet shop.
c. Every pet shop shall submit, annually and no later than May 1 of each year, a report to the municipality in which it is located and licensed, providing:
(1) the name, full street address, email address, if available, and USDA license number of -
(a) any breeder from which the pet shop purchased an animal, whether or not the pet shop offered the animal for sale,
(b) any breeder that bred an animal that the pet shop purchased from a broker, whether or not the pet shop offered the animal for sale, and
(c) any broker from which the pet shop purchased an animal, whether or not the pet shop offered the animal for sale;
(2) if a breeder whose identity the pet shop is required to report pursuant to subparagraph (a) or (b) of paragraph (1) of this subsection is required to be licensed in the state in which the breeder is located, the breeder's state license number;
(3) if a broker whose identity the pet shop is required to report pursuant to subparagraph (c) of paragraph (1) of this subsection is different from any breeder whose identity the pet shop is required to report pursuant to subparagraphs (a) or (b) of paragraph (1) of this subsection, and the broker is required to be licensed in the state in which the broker is located, the broker's state license number; and
(4) the total number of animals for each breeder and broker for which the pet shop has reporting requirements pursuant to subparagraphs (a), (b), and (c) of paragraph (1) of this subsection.
3. (New section) No provision of P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall be construed to limit or restrict any municipality, county, local health agency, or municipal or county board of health from enacting or enforcing, or interfere with the implementation of, or otherwise invalidate, any law, ordinance, rule, or regulation that places additional obligations on pet shops or restrictions on pet shops or pet shop sales.
4. (New section) Any person who violates subsection c. of section 4 of P.L.1999, c. 336 (C.56:8-95) or section 3 of P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), and any owner or operator who fails to provide information or provides false information pursuant to the requirements of subsection f . of section 4 of P.L.1999, c. 336 (C.56:8-95), shall be subject to a fine of $\$ 500$ for each violation, to be collected by the division in a civil action by a summary proceeding under the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c. 274 (C.2A:58-10 et seq).
5. This act shall take effect on the first day of the fourth month following the date of enactment.

## STATEMENT

This floor substitute establishes additional requirements under the "Pet Purchase Protection Act" to provide breeder and broker information to the consumer about each cat or dog being offered for sale in a pet shop. The floor substitute requires this information to be posted on each cage or enclosure in a pet shop and in Internet and print advertisements. The "Pet Purchase Protection Act" defines "animal" as a cat or a dog and therefore the term "animal" refers to cats or dogs throughout the floor substitute.

More specifically, the floor substitute requires the posting of the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) inspection reports for the breeder and the broker of the animal for the prior two years, specific information for the breeder and broker as specified in section 4 of the "Pet Purchase Protection Act," and the statement "Know Your Rights" in bold type face and no less than 12 point type, followed by the statement in no less than 10 point type:
"State law requires that every pet shop offering cats or dogs for sale post in a conspicuous location on or near each cat or dog's cage or enclosure the USDA inspection reports for the breeder and broker of each cat or dog for the two years prior to the first day that the cat or dog is offered for sale. If you do not see a required inspection report, please request the report from the pet shop. If you have any concerns, please contact the New Jersey Division of Consumer Affairs, 124 Halsey St., Newark, NJ 07102, (973) 504-
6200. You may also view these and other USDA inspection reports for the breeder and broker of each cat or dog on the USDA Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS) website. You are entitled to receive additional information from APHIS about the breeder's or broker's history through the federal Freedom of Information Act."

The floor substitute further prohibits any pet shop from selling or offering for sale, or purchasing for resale, any animal purchased from any breeder or broker to whom specific items enumerated under subsection a. of section 3 of the floor substitute apply. However, the floor substitute provides that this prohibition does not affect the pet shop buying, selling, or offering for adoption any animal from, or transferring any animal to or from, publicly operated animal control facilities, animal rescue organizations or pounds, or shelters that are tax exempt organizations with the primary mission and practice of placing abandoned, unwanted, neglected, or abused animals.

Furthermore, the floor substitute requires each pet shop to report annually no later than May 1 certain information concerning the purchase of animals by the pet shop and the breeders and brokers it deals with, as enumerated in subsection c. of section 3 of the floor substitute.

Finally, the floor substitute specifies that additional local restrictions on pet shops or pet shop sales may be imposed and enforced locally, and the floor substitute establishes a $\$ 500$ penalty for failure to comply with the requirements and prohibitions established under the floor substitute and failure to provide information or providing false information pursuant to subsection f . of section 4 of the "Pet Purchase Protection Act."

## America's News

## CHRISTIE SIGNS LAW THAT AIMS TO COMBAT KITTEN, PUPPY MILLS

Times, The (Trenton, NJ) - February 6, 2015
Author/Byline: <p>By Matt Friedman, NJ Advance Media for NJ.com Edition: The Trenton Times Section: Politics Page: AT
trenton
Pet stores in New Jersey will soon be required to give customers a better idea of where the puppies and kittens they are selling come from.

Gov. Chris Christie on Thursday signed legislation that is intended to combat "puppy mills," or large-scale breeders that emphasize profit over animal welfare.

The bill (S1870) would require every pet store selling cats and dogs to post information about their breeders and brokers on their enclosures, including names and addresses, and make available the last two years of their U.S. Agriculture Department inspection reports.

Pet shops would also be banned from selling cats and dogs from breeders who are not in compliance with New Jersey's requirements on the care of animals, or who have been cited by the USDA for a violation of the "Animal Welfare Act."
"This new law is critical to our continued effort to end the inhumane treatment of dogs in commercial breeding facilities that exploit both dogs and consumers in pursuit of profit, Debora Bresch, senior director of ASPCA Government Relations for the Mid-Atlantic region, said in a statement.

The bill, which breezed through the Legislature without opposition, was championed by Bruce Springsteen's daughter in a letter to Christie.

Stores face $\$ 500$ fines for each violation of the new law, which takes effect in the summer.
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[^0]:    14. (New section) No provision of P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall be construed to limit or restrict any municipality, county, ${ }^{2}$ local health agency, ${ }^{2}$ or municipal or county board of health from enacting or enforcing, or interfere with the implementation of, or otherwise invalidate, any law, ordinance, rule, or regulation that places additional ${ }^{2}$ obligations on pet shops or ${ }^{2}$ restrictions on pet shops or pet ${ }^{2}$ shop $^{2}$ sales. ${ }^{1}$
[^1]:    EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

[^2]:    EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

[^3]:    EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

