54: 4-122.9

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

(IJSA 54:4-122.9	(Property taxespermit choice of payment to the municipality or to a bank)		
LAUS OF	СНАРТ	ER <u>402</u>	
Bill No			
Sponsor(s) <u>A. Russo</u>			
Date Introduced Nov. 20, 1978			
Committee: Assembly Mun	icipal Govern	nment	
Senate County an	d Municipal (Government	
Amended during passage	Yes	xxx	Amendments during passag
Date of Passage: Assembly Jan.	3, 1980	-	denoted by asterisks
Senate <u>Sept</u> .	10, 1979	an a	
Date of approval Feb. 8, 1	980		
Following statements are attached	if available:		•
Sponsor statement	Yes	See	
Committee Statement: Assembly	Yes	2	
Senate	Yes		
Fiscal Note	X & X	No	
Veto hessage	X R x	~'o	
Hessage on signing	XXX	ilo	
Following were printed:			
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[OFFICIAL COPY REPRINT] SENATE, No. 1453

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED NOVEMBER 20, 1978

By Senator A. RUSSO

Referred to Committee on County and Municipal Government

AN ACT concerning the custody of certain public moneys and amending P. L. 1940, c. 257.

1 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 2 of New Jersey:

1 1. Section 9 of P. L. 1940, c. 257 (C. 54:4-122.9) is amended to 2 read as follows:

9. a. The local governing body of any municipality may, by
resolution, from time to time designate a bank or trust company
as "Official Tax Receiving Agency of

(insert name of municipality)," to receive *[all]* *current* tax 6 payments*, current water and sewer rents,* and other public 7 moneys "[instead of, but as agent for the collector] * "under the 8 8A supervision of the tax collector of the municipality*; and the SB local governing body shall have power to contract for the payment of a reasonable fee for such service. The local governing body 9 shall designate a bank or trust company commonly and generally 10used by residents of the municipality and shall give preference to 11 any one of such institutions as offers to render the service for the 12lowest net cost to the municipality. In the event that two or more $\mathbf{13}$ such offers are equal, preference shall be given to the bank or trust 14 company that has been the holder of the larger aggregate amount 15 of the municipality's evidences of indebtedness during the period 16 17 of 12 months next preceding.

b. [Whenever] * [Notwithstanding that a bank or trust company 18 has been designated as the official tax receiving agency for a mu-19 nicipality, pursuant to subsection "a." of this section, Lit shall be 20unlawful for] the collector [to] may also accept or receive any 21payments of taxes or other public moneys [otherwise than] in 22addition to the collection through such agency so long as such 23designation remains in force, and every tax bill shall be conspicu- $\mathbf{24}$ ously stamped or imprinted with a notice as follows: 25

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

26 "Your local governing body has designated $\mathbf{27}$ (name of bank or trust company) situated at, as the official tax receiving agency of the $\mathbf{28}$ 29 (name of municipality), to which [all] your tax payments [nust] may be made. The local tax collector [is not permitted by law to] 30 may also accept or receive any tax payments [so long as this des-31ignation remains in force]."]* *The Director of the Division of 32Local Government Services shall establish, in accordance with the 33"Administrative Procedure Act," (P. L. 1968, c. 410; C. 52:14B-1 34et seq.), rules and regulations to be followed in municipalities 35adopting the provisions of subsection a. of this section, which shall 36 include, but not be limited to: 37(1) Procedures for the appropriate and timely notification of 38

39 taxpayers of any such designation made;

40 (2) Provisions for the exercise of the supervision of the tax
41 collector over the receipt by the designated bank and trust com42 pany of public moneys as required under this section; and,

43 (3) Requirements or restrictions concerning the holding, use, 44 accounting, reporting, and payment to the municipality, of public

45 moneys received by such a designated bank or trust company.*

1 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

1 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

STATEMENT

Presently, the law provides that a municipality may designate a bank or trust company as the official tax receiving agency of the municipality. The law further requires that when such designation is made, it is unlawful for the tax collector of the municipality to receive tax payments.

This bill allows a municipality to offer its residents a choice of either direct payments of taxes to a bank or trust company or payments to the municipal tax collector directly. The long-term benefit of this amendment to the law would be in allowing the municipality to have the bank or trust company post payments by means of high speed automated transmission and in allowing the municipality to earn immediate interest on tax receipts by means of lock-box deposits.

5.1453 (1979)

ASSEMBLY MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 1453

[OFFICIAL COPY REPRINT]

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: NOVEMBER 26, 1979

Senate Bill No. 1453 (Official Copy Reprint) will permit a municipality to designate a bank or trust company, under the supervision of the tax collector of the municipality, as the "Official Tax Receiving Agency" for the municipality for all "current" tax payments, water and sewer rents and other public moneys. Under existing law, Section 9 of the P. L. 1940, c. 257, a bank or trust company could simply be designated as collector for all tax payments, without supervision from the tax collector. In essence, under existing law, the municipality was obliged to choose between the tax collector and the designated banks in regard to tax collection. As a result, few municipalities chose in favor of the banks because they were reluctant to diminish the position of tax collector particularly in respect to the collection of back taxes. On the other hand, they were obliged to forego some of the benefits which could be provided by banks as collectors of current taxes.

The bill as amended in the Senate has the support of the New Jersey League of Municipalities and the New Jersey Taxpayers Association.

SENATE COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO SENATE, No. 1453 with Senate committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 21, 1979

The Senate committee rewrote Senate Bill No. 1453 to provide that a municipality may designate a bank or trust company to receive current tax payments and current water and sewer rents under the supervision of the municipal tax collector.

The purpose of the bill is to permit municipalities to have a bank or trust company post payments by means of high speed automated transmission, and to earn immediate interest on tax receipts by means of lock-box receipts. It is believed the provisions of the bill would encourage more municipalities to do so. Presently, the law provides that a municipality may designate a bank or trust company as the official tax receiving agency of the municiaplity, but it also requires that when such designation is made, it is unlawful for the tax collector of the municipality to receive tax payments.

The committee amendments are essentially those proposed by the N. J. League of Municipalities and the N. J. Tax Collectors and Treasurer's Association as the condition for their support of the bill. The amendments would, however, go beyond the League's proposal in specifying the matters to be included in the rules and regulations to be established by the Director of Local Government Services.

The committee also received statements in support of the bill as amended, from:

Union County Director of Finance, Arthur J. Grisi First National State Bank of New Jersey