13:1E-9; 13:1E-38 LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

NJSA <u>13:1E-9: 13:1E-38</u>	(Solid	(Solid Waste Management Acthazardous viclationscriminal penalties)				
LAUS OF	СНАРТЕ	ER	395		under mayore	
Bill NoA3473						
Sponsor(s)Lesniak and others						
Date Introduced <u>June 13, 1979</u>						
Committee: AssemblyEnergy & Na	tural Reso	urces			P Activity sutta	
Senate Energy & En	vironmen':				ر من من المراجع	
	Yes			Amendments	during passage	
Date of Passage: Assembly Dec. 10	<u>, 1979</u>			danoted by	asterisks	
Senate <u>Jan. 3.</u>	1980					
Date of approval Feb. 6,	1980					
Following statements are attached if	availablo:					
Sponsor statement	Yes	ack.	(Bel	ow)		
Committee Statement: Assembly	Yes	Хю	(DCT)	,		
Senate	Yes	XIIO				
Fiscal Note	Xxx	lio.				
Veto hessage	Xes	′ 'o				
Hessage on signing	Xes	10			•	
Following were printed:						
Reports	Yes	хю		·		
llearings	Yes	kho				
Sponsor's statement:						

This bill provides for criminal penalties for violation of the provisions of the "Solid Waste Management Act" that pertain to the disposal, treatment or storage of hazardous waste, and clarifies the definition of hazardous waste.

For background and recommendations see:

9/1/73

(over)

974.90 P777	•		Advisory Commission. Trenton, 1980.	
1980				

- 974.90 New Jersey. Hazardous Waste Advisory Commission.
 P777 Report: draft. November 14, 1979. Trenton, 1979.
 1979c
- 974.90 New Jersey. Hazardous Waste Advisory Commission.
 P777 Public hearing held 12-7-79. New Brunswick, 1979.
 1979

(Only 1 or 2 copies were transcribed. Public may see it at Asst. Commissioner Paul Arbesman's office. Department of Environmental Protection, Room 805, Labor and Industry Building, 292-8058) i.

974.90 Booz, Allen and Hamilton
P777 Hazardous waste management capacity development in the
1980a Delaware River basin and New Jersey: a program strategy.
Bethesda, Maryland, 1980.

395 7-6-80

[OFFICIAL COPY REPRINT] ASSEMBLY, No. 3473

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED JUNE 18, 1979

By Assemblymen LESNIAK, STEWART, OTLOWSKI and KARCHER

Referred to Committee on Energy and Natural Resources

AN ACT to amend the "Solid Waste Management Act" approved May 6, 1970 (P. L. 1970, c. 39, C. 13:1E-1 et seq.).

1 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 2 of New Jersey:

1 1. Section 9 of P. L. 1970, c. 39 (C. 13:1E-9) is amended to read 2 as follows:

9. a. All codes, rules and regulations adopted by the department
related to solid waste collection and disposal shall have the force
and effect of law. Such codes, rules and regulations shall be observed throughout the State and shall be enforced by the department and every local board of health.

b. The commissioner may institute an action or proceeding in the 8 Superior Court for injunctive and other relief, including the ap-9 pointment of a receiver for any solid waste collection or disposal 10 facility or operation, which is established or operated in violation of 11 this act, or of any code, rule or regulation promulgated pursuant to 12this act and said court may proceed in the action in a summary 13 manner. In any such proceeding the court may grant temporary or 14 14A interlocutory relief notwithstanding the provisions of R. S. 48:2-24. *Such relief may include, singly or in combination: 15

15_A (1) A temporary or permanent injunction;

15B (2) Assessment of the violator for the costs of any investigation, 15c inspection, or monitoring survey which led to the establishment of 15D the violation, and for the reasonable costs of preparing and liti-15E gating the case under this subsection;

15F (3) Assessment of the violator for any cost incurred by the State
15G in removing, correcting or terminating the adverse effects upon
15H water and air quality resulting from any violation of any provision
15I of this act or any rule, regulation or condition of approval for
15J which the action under this subsection may have been brought;

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

15K (4) Assessment against the violator of compensatory damages 15L for any loss or destruction of wildlife, fish or aquatic life, and for 15M any other actual damages caused by any violation of this act or any 15N rules, regulations or condition of approval established pursuant 150 to this act for which the action under this subsection may have 15P been brought. Assessments under this subsection shall be paid to 15Q the State Treasurer, or to the local board of health, as the case 15R may be, except that compensatory damages may be paid by specific 15S order of the court to any persons who have been aggrieved by the 15T violation.*

16 c. Any person who violates the provisions of this act or any code, rule or regulation promulgated pursuant to this act shall be liable 17to a penalty or not more than *[\$3,000.00] * *\$25,000.00* per day 18 19to be collected in a civil action commenced by a local board of health 20or the commissioner by a summary proceeding under The Penalty Enforcement Law (N. J. S. 2A:58-1 et seq.) in the Superior Court, 2122[County Court,] county district court, or a municipal court, all of 23which shall have jurisdiction to enforce said Penalty Enforcement 24Law in connection with this act. If the violation is of a continuing 25nature, each day during which it continues after the date given by 26which the violation must be eliminated in accordance with the order 27of the department shall constitute an additional, separate and 28distinct offense.

29d. The department is hereby authorized and empowered to com-30 promise and settle any claim for a penalty under this section in such amount in the discretion of the department as may appear appro-3132priate and equitable under all of the circumstances, including a 33 rebate of any such penalty paid up to 90% thereof where such 34person satisfies the department within 1 year or such other period as the department may deem reasonable that such violation has 35been eliminated or removed or that such order or injunction has 3637been met or satisfied, as the case may be.

e. Any person who * [wilfully or negligently violates the provi-38sions of this act pertaining to disposal, treatment, or storage of 3940hazardous waste shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a crime of the third degree for the first offense, and a crime of the second degree 41 for the second and each subsequent offense. Any person who know-4243ingly makes a false statement, representation, or certification in any application, record, or other document filed or required to be 44 maintained under this act, shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a 4546 crime of the fourth degree.]* *knowingly:

47 (1) Transports any hazardous waste to a facility which does not
48 have authorization from the department to accept such waste,

49 (2) Disposes, treats or stores hazardous waste without autho50 rization from the department,

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(3) Makes any false statement on any hazardous waste applica-5152tion, label, manifest, record, report, design or other document required to be submitted to the department shall, upon conviction, 53be guilty of a crime of the third degree and, notwithstanding the 54provisions of N. J. S. 2C:43-3, shall be subject to a fine of not more 55 than \$25,000.00 for the first offense and not more than \$50,000.00 56 for the second and each subsequent offense, in addition to any other 57appropriate disposition authorized by N. J. S. 2C:43-2.6. 5859f. Any person who recklessly:

(1) Transports any hazardous waste to a facility which does
not have authorization from the department to accept such waste,
(2) Disposes, treats or stores hazardous waste without authorization from the department,

(3) Makes any false statement on any hazardous waste application, label, manifest, record, report, design or other document
required to be submitted to the department, shall, upon conviction,
be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.*

1 2. Section 38 of P. L. 1970, c. 39 (C. 13:1E-38) is amended to 2 read as follows:

3 1. As used in this act, the following words and phrases shall
4 have the following meanings, unless the context clearly requires
5 another meaning:

a. "Bulk liquids" means liquid or semiliquid waste, including
petroleum products, which is contained within, or is discharged
from, any one vessel, tank or other container which has a capacity
or 20 or more gallons;

b. "Chemical waste" means a material normally generated by 10 or used in chemical, petrochemical, plastic, pharmaceutical, bio-11 12chemical or microbiological manufacturing processes or petroleum refining processes, which has been selected for waste disposal and 13which is known to hydrolize, ionize or decompose, which is soluble, 14 burns or oxidizes, or which may react with any of the waste 15materials which are introduced into the landfill, or which is buoyant 16on water, or which has a viscosity less than that of water or which 17produces a foul odor. Chemical waste may be either hazardous or 18**1**9 nonhazardous.

20 c. "Hazardous waste" means any waste *****[or other matter]* or 21 any combination *****[thereof]* [of waste] *****of waste* which poses a 22 present or potential threat to human health, living organisms or 23 the environment. "Hazardous waste" shall include, but not be 24 limited to, waste material that is toxic, corrosive, irritating, sensi-25 tizing, radioactive, biologically infectious, explosive or flammable;

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d. "Leachate" is a liquid that has been in contact with solid
waste and contains dissolved or suspended materials from that
solid waste.

29e. "Pesticide" means and includes any substance or mixture of 30substances labeled, designed, intended for or capable of use in 31preventing, destroying, repelling, sterilizing or mitigating any 32insects, rodents, nematodes, predatory animals, fungi, weeds and 33other forms of plant or animal life or viruses, except viruses on or in living man or other animals. "Pesticide" shall also include any 3435substance or mixture of substances labeled, designed or intended 36for use as a defoliant, desicant or plant regulator.

f. "Commercial solid waste facility" means any solid waste facility operated for profit which accepts any solid waste generated from any other source and is subject to the jurisdiction of the *Board of* Public Utilities [Commission] pursuant to the provisions of P. L. 1970, c. 40 (C. 48:13A-1 et seq.).

3. This act shall take effect * September 1, 1979] * *60 days
 following enactment*.

ASSEMBLY ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 3473

with Assembly committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 3, 1979

As amended by the Committee, this legislation would amend portions of the "Solid Waste Management Act" (P. L. 1970, c. 39; C. 13:1E-1 et seq.) to make the penalties for the violation of the State's solid waste and hazardous waste laws comparable to the penalties imposed by the Federal government pertaining to the illegal disposal, treatment or storage of hazardous waste.

In addition, the penalty section includes a criminal penalty for the violation of the hazardous waste provisions of said act, and clarifies the definition of hazardous waste.

SENATE ENERGY AND ENVIRONMENT COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO ASSEMBLY, No. 3473 [OFFICIAL COPY REPRINT]

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 17, 1979

This bill would amend the "Solid Waste Management Act" P. L. 1970, c. 39 (C. 13:1E-1 et seq.) to authorize criminal penalties for violations of State statutes, rules and regulations pertaining to the disposal, treatment or storage of hazardous waste. The extent of such criminal penalties would be determined by whether a violation was committed knowingly, or recklessly. In addition, this bill would broaden the judicial remedies available to the Department of Environmental Protection for any violations of P. L. 1970, c. 39, as amended and supplemented, or of any rules or regulations adopted pursuant thereto. These remedies include: (1) injunctive relief; (2) recovery of investigation, inspection, monitoring and litigation costs; (3) recovery of removal or corrective costs; and (4) recovery of actual damages and compensatory damages for loss or destruction of wildlife, or fish, or aquatic life.

This bill further increases the civil penalty provided by section 9 of P. L. 1970, c. 39 (C. 13:1E-9) from a present maximum of \$3,000.00 per day to a maximum of \$25,000.00 per day.