10	5-14.2	and	10:5-14.3

LESISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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Sponsor(s)Kern and Ed						
Date IntroducedPre_fil						
Committee: Assembly					-	
SenateLaw						
Amended during passage	Yes				during passage	
Date of Passage: Assembly	June 9, 1980			denoted by asterisks		
	July 28, 1980					
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## [OFFICIAL COPY REPRINT] ASSEMBLY, No. 465

81

8-21-80

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

#### PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 1980 SESSION

By Assemblymen KERN and EDWARDS

AN ACT concerning county civil rights offices and amending "A supplement to the 'Law Against Discrimination,' approved April 16, 1945 (P. L. 1945, c. 169)," approved June 6, 1977 (P. L. 1977, c. 121).

1 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 2 of New Jersey:

1 1. Section 1 of P. L. 1977, c. 121 (C. 10:5-14.2) is amended to 2 read as follows:

1. Any county, \*except as hereinafter provided\* or any munici-3 pality with a population of at least 200,000 in a county of the first 4 class, may, upon approval of the Attorney General, create and 5 establish, by ordinance or by resolution in counties not authorized 6 to act by ordinance, an office of civil rights to be administered by a 7 county or municipal director of civil rights who shall be appointed 8 by the appointing authority of the county or municipality. \*No 9 county in which a municipality has established an office of civil 10 rights prior to the effective date of this amendatory act shall here-11 after establish a civil rights office pursuant to this amendatory act.\* 12 In addition, the governing body may provide for the employment 1314 of such other officers including hearing examiners and attorneys, and employees as may be necessary or desirable for the proper 15conduct of the affairs of the office. The qualifications of the director, 16 hearing examiner and attorneys shall be subject to approval by 17 18 the Attorney General. A county or municipal office thus established shall have and exercise those powers to enforce the Law Against 19 Discrimination as may be delegated to it as provided in section 2 20 21 of this act.

1 2. Section 2 of P. L. 1977, c. 121 (C. 10:5-14.3) is amended to 2 read as follows:

3 2. Upon a finding that the public interest may be better served

4 thereby, the Attorney General may delegate to such county or

 $\mathbf{5}$ municipal office of civil rights the power to investigate complaints and conduct conciliation conferences, in accordance with the pro-6 visions of P. L. 1945, c. 169, § 13 (C. 10:5-14), and to proceed in a 7summary manner in accordance with the provisions of P. L. 1966, 8 9 c. 17, §6 (C. 10:5-14.1). In addition, the Attorney General may delegate to such county or municipal office of civil rights the power 10 11 to conduct hearings and in connection therewith, the power to subpena witnesses, administer oaths, take testimony and conduct dis-12 $\mathbf{13}$ covery procedures including the taking of interrogatories and oral depositions. The findings and conclusions of a county or municipal 1415office resulting from an exercise of the foregoing powers shall not constitute a final administrative decision, but shall be submitted to 16the Director of the Division on Civil Rights who may rely and act 17 thereupon in accordance with the provisions of P. L. 1945, c. 169, 18 19 §16 (C. 10:5-17). The Attorney General shall establish rules of 20practice to govern, expedite and effectuate the utilization of the  $\mathbf{21}$ foregoing powers by such county or municipal office. 1 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

9 c. 17, §6 (C. 10:5-14.1). In addition, the Attorney General may 10 delegate to such county or municipal office of civil rights the power 11 to conduct hearings and in connection therewith, the power to sub-12pena witnesses, administer oaths, take testimony and conduct discovery procedures including the taking of interrogatories and oral 13 14 depositions. The findings and conclusions of a county or municipal office resulting from an exercise of the foregoing powers shall not 15constitute a final administrative decision, but shall be submitted to 16 the Director of the Division on Civil Rights who may rely and act 17 thereupon in accordance with the provisions of P. L. 1945, c. 169,  $\mathbf{18}$ §16 (C. 10:5-17). The Attorney General shall establish rules of 19  $\mathbf{20}$ practice to govern, expedite and effectuate the utilization of the foregoing powers by such county or municipal office. 21

1 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

#### STATEMENT

This bill would allow counties to set up civil rights offices in the same manner currently allowed selected municipalities. It allows them authority to factfind, conciliate, and make recommendations, but reserves any final decision-making power to the State civil rights office.

The purpose of the bill is to set up a mechanism to help relieve the tremendous backlog of complaints in the State civil rights office.

A465 (1980)

## ASSEMBLY COUNTY GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE STATEMENT TO ASSEMBLY, No. 465

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

#### DATED: MAY 19, 1980

The purpose of this bill is to permit counties to establish and staff a county civil rights office. Under present law, only a municipality in a county of the first class with a population of at least 200,000 is permitted to establish such an office.

A county civil rights office established pursuant to this bill would, if the State Attorney General granted it the authority, be permitted to factfind, conciliate, and make recommendations, but all actual and final decision-making powers would be reserved for and maintained by the State civil rights office.

The committee at the sponsor's request, amended the bill to prohibit any county in which a municipality has already established a civil rights office from establishing a county civil rights office.

#### SENATE LAW, PUBLIC SAFETY AND DEFENSE COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

### ASSEMBLY, No. 465

with Assembly committee amendments

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

#### DATED: JUNE 23, 1980

This bill would permit counties to establish and staff county civil rights offices. Under present law, only a municipality in a county of the first class with a population of at least 200,000 is permitted to establish such an office.

A county civil rights office established pursuant to this bill would, if the State Attorney General granted it the authority, be permitted to factfind, conciliate, and make recommendations, but all actual and final decision-making powers would be reserved for and maintained by the State civil rights office.

The bill had been amended in the Assembly at the sponsor's request, to prohibit any county in which a municipality has already established a civil rights office from establishing a county civil rights office.

The purpose of the bill is to establish a mechanism to help relieve the tremendous backlog of complaints which have built up in the State civil rights offices.