37:1-13

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF: 2013 **CHAPTER:** 243

NJSA: 37:1-13 (Authorizes certified celebrants to solemnize marriages and civil unions)

BILL NO: A2201 (Substituted for S2155)

SPONSOR(S) Chivikula and others

DATE INTRODUCED: February 2, 2012

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Judiciary

SENATE: Judiciary

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: January 13, 2014

SENATE: January 9, 2014

DATE OF APPROVAL: January 17, 2014

FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (first reprint enacted)

Yes

A2201

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 2 of introduced bill)

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes

SENATE: Yes

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

S2155

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 2 of introduced bill)

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: No

SENATE: Yes

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCALESTIMATE: No

(continued)

	VETO MESSAGE:	No				
	GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING:	No				
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LAW/KR

P.L.2013, CHAPTER 243, approved January 17, 2014 Assembly, No. 2201 (First Reprint)

1 AN ACT concerning marriages and civil unions and amending 2 R.S.37:1-13.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. R.S.37:1-13 is amended to read as follows:
- 8 37:1-13. ¹a. ¹ Authorization to solemnize marriages and civil

9 unions. 10 Each judge of the United States Court of Appeals for the Third 11 Circuit, each judge of a federal district court, United States

- 12 magistrate, judge of a municipal court, judge of the Superior Court, 13 judge of a tax court, retired judge of the Superior Court or Tax
- 14 Court, or judge of the Superior Court or Tax Court, the former
- 15 County Court, the former County Juvenile and Domestic Relations
- 16 Court, or the former County District Court who has resigned in
- 17 good standing, surrogate of any county, county clerk and any mayor
- 18 or the deputy mayor when authorized by the mayor, or chairman of
- any township committee or village president of this State, [and] 19
- every [minister] member of the clergy of every religion 1,1 and any 20
- civil celebrant who is ¹ [trained and] ¹ certified ¹by the Secretary of 21
- State¹ to solemnize marriages or civil unions ¹ [from an established 22
- 23 non-denominational or educational non-profit organization
- 24 <u>dedicated to training such individuals</u> <u>as set forth in subsection b.</u>
- of this section¹, are hereby authorized to solemnize marriages or 25
- 26 civil unions between such persons as may lawfully enter into the
- 27 matrimonial relation or civil union; and every religious society,
- 28 institution or organization in this State may join together in
- 29 marriage or civil union such persons according to the rules and
- 30 customs of the society, institution or organization.
- ¹b. A civil celebrant shall be authorized to solemnize marriages 31 or civil unions if certified to do so by the Secretary of State. 32
- 33 (1) A civil celebrant shall receive a certification from the Secretary of State to solemnize marriages or civil unions if the 34 35 celebrant:
- 36 (a) is at least 18 years of age and has graduated from a 37 secondary school in this State or another state;
- 38 (b) has completed a civil celebrant course offered by a non-39 denominational or educational charitable organization that is 40 registered with the State under the "Charitable Registration and

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹Senate SJU committee amendments adopted December 16, 2013.

- 1 Investigation Act," P.L.1994, c.16 (C.45:17A-18 et seq.), and which 2 course:
- 3 (i) includes classes that meet weekly or with more frequency, 4 either administered in person or by other means, over a period of 5 not less than six months; and
 - (ii) educates on topics including, but not limited to, celebrant philosophy and history, ceremonial structure, and ceremonial presentations; and
 - (c) (i) submits a completed application form, developed by the secretary pursuant to regulation, which includes the name and address of the celebrant-applicant along with any other relevant information on the celebrant-applicant required by the secretary, and supporting documentation with respect to all certification requirements set forth in this subsection; and
 - (ii) pays to the Department of State, at the time of submitting the completed application, a fee of not less than \$50 or more than \$75, as determined by the secretary by regulation, to cover costs for processing applications, producing and issuing certificates, and maintaining records on applications and certificates issued or denied.
 - (2) (a) A celebrant-applicant shall not be authorized to solemnize marriages or civil unions until the application for certification is approved and the certificate received from the secretary.
 - (b) A civil celebrant who has received a certification from the secretary may have that certification revoked, through a hearing before an administrative law judge, if the secretary determines that any information provided in the celebrant's application was inaccurate or otherwise did not comply with the certification requirements set forth in this subsection. A civil celebrant subject to a revocation hearing before an administrative law judge or any appeal thereof shall not be authorized to solemnize marriages or civil unions, and shall only again be authorized to do so if a final determination is made permitting the civil celebrant to retain the certification.¹
- 36 (cf: P.L.2006, c.103, s.17)

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2. This act shall take effect ¹[immediately] on the first day of the fourth month next following enactment, but the Secretary of State may take any anticipatory administrative action in advance thereof as determined necessary to implement this act¹.

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46 Authorizes certified celebrants to solemnize marriages and civil 47 unions.

ASSEMBLY, No. 2201

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

215th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 2, 2012

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman UPENDRA J. CHIVUKULA District 17 (Middlesex and Somerset)

SYNOPSIS

Authorizes certified celebrants to solemnize marriages and civil unions.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



1	AN ACT concerning marriages and civil unions and amending
2	R.S.37:1-13.
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4	BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State

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of New Jersey:

1. R.S.37:1-13 is amended to read as follows:

37:1-13. Authorization to solemnize marriages and civil unions.

Each judge of the United States Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit, each judge of a federal district court, United States magistrate, judge of a municipal court, judge of the Superior Court, judge of a tax court, retired judge of the Superior Court or Tax Court, or judge of the Superior Court or Tax Court, the former County Court, the former County Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court, or the former County District Court who has resigned in good standing, surrogate of any county, county clerk and any mayor or the deputy mayor when authorized by the mayor, or chairman of any township committee or village president of this State, [and] every [minister] member of the clergy of every religion and any civil celebrant who is trained and certified to solemnize marriages or civil unions from an established non-denominational or educational non-profit organization dedicated to training such individuals, are hereby authorized to solemnize marriages or civil unions between such persons as may lawfully enter into the matrimonial relation or civil union; and every religious society, institution or organization in this State may join together in marriage or civil union such persons according to the rules and customs of the society, institution or organization.

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(cf: P.L.2006, c.103, s.17)

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2. This act shall take effect immediately.

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STATEMENT

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Under current law, marriages may be solemnized by various public officials and by "every minister of every religion."

This bill would add to this list of individuals any civil celebrant who is trained and certified to solemnize marriages or civil unions from an established non-denominational or educational non-profit organization dedicated to training such individuals would be authorized to solemnize marriages or civil unions in New Jersey.

The non-sectarian celebrant movement began in Australia and New Zealand in the 1970's. According to the website of one of these organizations, the Celebrant Foundation and Institute,

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

A2201 CHIVUKULA

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- celebrants are trained there to officiate at many life events, including engagements, weddings, baby welcomings, adoptions, anniversaries, funerals, memorials, and other "transition ceremonies." The organization states that 400 certified celebrants in North America and Europe officiate at over 3,000 ceremonies a year.
- In addition to authorizing certified celebrants to solemnize marriages, the bill would also modernize the language referring to "every minister of every religion," changing the phrase to "every member of the clergy of every religion."

ASSEMBLY JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 2201

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MARCH 12, 2012

The Assembly Judiciary Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No.2201.

Under current law, marriages may be solemnized by various public officials and by "every minister of every religion."

This bill would add to this list of individuals any civil celebrant who is trained and certified to solemnize marriages or civil unions from an established non-denominational or educational non-profit organization dedicated to training such individuals would be authorized to solemnize marriages or civil unions in New Jersey.

The non-sectarian celebrant movement began in Australia and New Zealand in the 1970's. According to the website of one of these organizations, the Celebrant Foundation and Institute, celebrants are trained there to officiate at many life events, including engagements, weddings, baby welcomings, adoptions, anniversaries, funerals, memorials, and other "transition ceremonies." The organization states that 400 certified celebrants in North America and Europe officiate at over 3,000 ceremonies a year.

In addition to authorizing certified celebrants to solemnize marriages, the bill would also modernize the language referring to "every minister of every religion," changing the phrase to "every member of the clergy of every religion."

SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 2201

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 16, 2013

The Senate Judiciary Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly Bill No. 2201.

This bill, as amended, would authorize civil celebrants who are certified by the Secretary of State to solemnize marriages or civil unions. In order to be certified, a civil celebrant would have to meet the following criteria:

- (1) be at least 18 years of age and a graduate of a secondary school (i.e., high school) in this State or another state;
- (2) have completed a civil celebrant course, lasting not less than six months and with classes that met at least weekly, as offered by a non-denominational or educational charitable organization that is registered with the State under the "Charitable Registration and Investigation Act," P.L.1994, c.16 (C.45:17A-18 et seq.);
- (3) submit a completed application form, developed by the Secretary of State by regulation, along with supporting documentation concerning all certification requirements; and
- (4) pay, at the time of submitting the application, a fee of not less than \$50 and not more than \$75, as determined by regulation, to cover costs for processing applications, producing and issuing certificates, and maintaining records on applications and certificates issued or denied.

A celebrant-applicant would not be authorized to solemnize marriages or civil unions until the application for certification is approved and the certificate received from the Secretary of State.

A civil celebrant who received a certification from the secretary could have that certification revoked, through a hearing before an administrative law judge, if the secretary determines that any information provided in the celebrant's application was inaccurate or otherwise did not comply with the certification requirements set forth in the bill. A civil celebrant subject to a revocation hearing before an administrative law judge or any appeal thereof would not be authorized to solemnize marriages or civil unions, and would only again be authorized to do so if a final determination is made permitting the civil celebrant to retain the certification.

Additionally, besides authorizing certified civil celebrants to solemnize marriages or civil unions, the bill would modernize language in the current law permitting solemnization by "every minister of every religion" by changing the phrase to "every member of the clergy of every religion."

The committee amendments to the bill:

- provide for the certification of civil celebrants by the Secretary of State in order for such celebrants to be authorized to solemnize marriages or civil unions;
- establish the criteria for the certification of civil celebrants, as detailed above; and
- update the effective date of the bill due to the changes presented in the amendments, to delay the effective date to the first day of the fourth month next following enactment, and permit the Secretary of State to take any anticipatory administrative action in advance of that date as determined necessary to implement the bill's provisions.

The bill, as amended and reported by the committee, is identical to Senate Bill No. 2155, also amended and reported by the committee today.

SENATE, No. 2155

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

215th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JULY 30, 2012

Sponsored by: Senator LORETTA WEINBERG District 37 (Bergen)

Co-Sponsored by: Senator B.Smith

SYNOPSIS

Authorizes certified celebrants to solemnize marriages and civil unions.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



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1	AN ACT	concerning	marriages	and	civil	unions	and	amending
2	R.S.37	:1-13.						

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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1. R.S.37:1-13 is amended to read as follows:

37:1-13. Authorization to solemnize marriages and civil unions.

Each judge of the United States Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit, each judge of a federal district court, United States magistrate, judge of a municipal court, judge of the Superior Court, judge of a tax court, retired judge of the Superior Court or Tax Court, or judge of the Superior Court or Tax Court, the former County Court, the former County Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court, or the former County District Court who has resigned in good standing, surrogate of any county, county clerk and any mayor or the deputy mayor when authorized by the mayor, or chairman of any township committee or village president of this State, [and] every [minister] member of the clergy of every religion and any civil celebrant who is trained and certified to solemnize marriages or civil unions from an established non-denominational or educational non-profit organization dedicated to training such individuals, are hereby authorized to solemnize marriages or civil unions between such persons as may lawfully enter into the matrimonial relation or civil union; and every religious society, institution or organization in this State may join together in marriage or civil union such persons according to the rules and customs of the society, institution or organization.

(cf: P.L.2006, c.103, s.17)

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STATEMENT

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S2155 WEINBERG

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- celebrants are trained there to officiate at many life events, including engagements, weddings, baby welcomings, adoptions, anniversaries, funerals, memorials, and other "transition ceremonies." The organization states that 400 certified celebrants in North America and Europe officiate at over 3,000 ceremonies a year.
- In addition to authorizing certified celebrants to solemnize marriages, the bill would also modernize the language referring to "every minister of every religion," changing the phrase to "every member of the clergy of every religion."

SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 2155

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 16, 2013

The Senate Judiciary Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 2155.

This bill, as amended, would authorize civil celebrants who are certified by the Secretary of State to solemnize marriages or civil unions. In order to be certified, a civil celebrant would have to meet the following criteria:

- (1) be at least 18 years of age and a graduate of a secondary school (i.e., high school) in this State or another state;
- (2) have completed a civil celebrant course, lasting not less than six months and with classes that met at least weekly, as offered by a non-denominational or educational charitable organization that is registered with the State under the "Charitable Registration and Investigation Act," P.L.1994, c.16 (C.45:17A-18 et seq.);
- (3) submit a completed application form, developed by the Secretary of State by regulation, along with supporting documentation concerning all certification requirements; and
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- update the effective date of the bill due to the changes presented in the amendments, to delay the effective date to the first day of the fourth month next following enactment, and permit the Secretary of State to take any anticipatory administrative action in advance of that date as determined necessary to implement the bill's provisions.

The bill, as amended and reported by the committee, is identical to Assembly Bill No. 2201, also amended and reported by the committee today.