### 40A:65-4.1 & 40A:65-4.2 et al.

### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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**LAWS OF**: 2013 **CHAPTER**: 166

NJSA: 40A:65-4.1 & 40A:65-4.2 et al. (The "Common Sense Shared Services Pilot Program Act"; concerns shared

service agreements and joint contracts, in certain municipalities, for certain tenured local employees under

"Uniform Shared Services and Consolidation Act")

BILL NO: S533

**SPONSOR(S)** Norcross and others

**DATE INTRODUCED:** January 10, 2012

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Budget

**SENATE:** Community and Urban Affairs

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

**DATE OF PASSAGE:** ASSEMBLY: June 27, 2013

SENATE: August 19, 2013

**DATE OF APPROVAL:** October 16, 2013

FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (Senate Committee Substitute Second Reprint enacted)
Yes

**S533** 

**SPONSOR'S STATEMENT** (Begins on page 16 of introduced bill): Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes

**SENATE**: Yes

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: Yes 6-25-12

6-27-13

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: Yes 8-3-12

7-17-13

VETO MESSAGE: No

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING: No

(continued)

### **FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:**

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REPORTS: No

HEARINGS: No

NEWSPAPER ARTICLES: No

LAW/RWH

### P.L.2013, CHAPTER 166, approved October 16, 2013 Senate Committee Substitute (Second Reprint) for Senate, No. 533

1	AN ACT concerning certain shared service agreements under the
2	"Uniform Shared Services and Consolidation Act <sup>2</sup> , 2 and 2
3	designated as the "Common Sense Shared Services <sup>2</sup> Pilot
4	Program <sup>2</sup> Act <sup>2</sup> , <sup>2</sup> [and] <sup>2</sup> amending various parts of the
5	statutory law <sup>2</sup> , and supplementing P.L.2007, c.63 <sup>2</sup> .

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Common Sense Shared Services <sup>2</sup>Pilot Program<sup>2</sup> Act."

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- 13 2. Section 2 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-2) is amended to read 14 as follows:
  - 2. The Legislature finds and declares:
  - a. Historically, many specialized statutes have been enacted to permit shared services between local units for particular purposes.
  - b. Other laws, permitting a variety of shared services, including interlocal services agreements, joint meetings, and consolidated and regional services, exist but have not been very effective in promoting the broad use of shared services as a technique to reduce local expenses funded by property taxpayers.
  - c. It is appropriate for the Legislature to enact a new shared services statute that can be used to effectuate agreements between local units for any service or circumstance intended to reduce property taxes through the reduction of local expenses.
  - d. It is contrary to public policy that the tenure rights of certain local personnel should effectively prohibit shared services agreements for the services provided by those local personnel, thereby depriving property taxpayers of property tax relief.
- <sup>2</sup>e. In order to evaluate the efficiencies related to the sharing of 31 32 services of certain local personnel having tenure rights in office, it 33 is appropriate to create a pilot program in five counties of the State which embody urban, suburban, and rural characteristics to study 34 35 the sharing of the services of these personnel between

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows: 

Senate floor amendments adopted June 25, 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Assembly floor amendments adopted June 27, 2013.

1 municipalities by allowing for the dismissal of such a tenured local 2 official, as necessary, in order to promote and effectuate the sharing 3 of a service.2 4 (cf: P.L.2007, c.63, s.2) 5 6 <sup>2</sup>3. (New section) a. As used in this section: 7 "Local employee" means a tenured municipal clerk, assessor, 8 collector, chief financial officer, municipal treasurer, or principal 9 public works manager who is a municipal superintendent of public 10 works; 11 Pilot county" means Camden, Morris, Ocean, Sussex, and 12 Warren counties; and 13 "Pilot municipality" means a municipality located in a pilot 14 county that enters into a shared services agreement with another 15 pilot municipality pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 16 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.) for the services of a local employee. 17 b. There is established a pilot program to evaluate the efficiency 18 and functionality of the sharing of services of certain local 19 personnel having tenure rights in office. In pilot municipalities, 20 tenure rights shall not prohibit the sharing of services for a 21 municipal clerk, a chief financial officer, an assessor, a tax 22 collector, a municipal treasurer, or a municipal superintendent of 23 public works. Under the pilot program, municipalities located in 24 pilot counties may enter into shared services agreements, pursuant 25 to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.), for the services of tenured local employees, and provide for the dismissal 26 27 of any tenured local employees who are not selected to be service 28 providers under the shared services agreement. 29 In a shared service agreement between pilot municipalities for 30 the services of a municipal clerk, a chief financial officer, an 31 assessor, a tax collector, a municipal treasurer, or a municipal 32 superintendent of public works, the agent-party, as that term is defined in subsection d. of section 7 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-33 34 7), shall select for employment under the agreement one of the 35 employees of the pilot municipalities that are party to the agreement 36 who was employed in that same capacity by one of the pilot 37 municipalities prior to the approval of the agreement. 38 c. A tenured municipal clerk, chief financial officer, assessor, 39 tax collector, municipal superintendent of public works, or 40 municipal treasurer may be dismissed to effectuate the sharing of a 41 service entered into pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 42 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.), and such dismissal shall be deemed to be in the interest of the economy or efficiency of the participants in the 43 44 shared service agreement. A tenured municipal clerk, chief 45 financial officer, assessor, tax collector, municipal superintendent

of public works, or municipal treasurer who has been dismissed to

effectuate a shared service agreement entered into pursuant to the

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provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.) shall be reappointed to his or her former position, and shall regain his or her tenured status, if the shared service agreement is cancelled, or expires, within the two-year period immediately following the dismissal of that person.<sup>2</sup>

- <sup>2</sup>[3.] <u>4.</u><sup>2</sup> Section 4 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-4) is amended to read as follows:
- 4. a. (1) Any local unit may enter into an agreement with any other local unit or units to provide or receive any service that each local unit participating in the agreement is empowered to provide or receive within its own jurisdiction, including services incidental to the primary purposes of any of the participating local units <sup>2</sup>including services from licensed or certified professionals required by statute to be appointed <sup>2</sup>.

<sup>2</sup>In the case of pilot municipalities, tenure rights shall not prohibit the sharing of services for a municipal clerk, a chief financial officer, an assessor, a tax collector, a municipal treasurer, or a municipal superintendent of public works. The statutory requirements that each municipality must appoint a municipal clerk, a chief financial officer, an assessor, a tax collector, a municipal treasurer, a municipal engineer, and a principal public works manager shall, for those pilot municipalities, permit and include the provision of the services of any of those municipal employees through a shared service agreement pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.). The shared service agreement shall be subject to the provisions of subsection d. of this section and of section 3 of P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

In a shared service agreement between pilot municipalities for the services of a municipal clerk, a chief financial officer, an assessor, a tax collector, a municipal treasurer, or a municipal superintendent of public works, the agent-party, as that term is used in subsection d. of section 7 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-7), shall select for employment under the agreement one of the employees of the pilot municipalities that are party to the agreement who was employed in that same capacity prior to the approval of the agreement.<sup>2</sup>

(2) Notwithstanding any law, rule or regulation to the contrary, any agreement between local units for the provision of shared services shall be entered into pursuant to sections 1 to 37 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et al.); provided, however, that agreements regarding shared services that are otherwise regulated by statute, rule, or regulation are specifically excluded from sections 1 to 37 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et al.).

- 1 (3) The board is authorized to render a decision in the 2 determination of the statutory basis under which a specific shared 3 service is governed.
  - b. Any agreement entered into pursuant to this section shall be filed, for informational purposes, with the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs, together with an estimate of the cost savings anticipated to be achieved by the local units that are the parties to the agreement <sup>2</sup>in the case of an agreement between pilot municipalities<sup>2</sup>, pursuant to rules and regulations promulgated by the director.
  - c. <sup>2</sup>[A] In the case of a pilot municipality, a<sup>2</sup> tenured municipal clerk, chief financial officer, assessor, tax collector, municipal superintendent of public works, or municipal treasurer may be dismissed to effectuate the sharing of a service entered into pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.) and such dismissal shall be deemed to be in the interest of the economy or efficiency of the participants in the shared service agreement.
  - d. <sup>2</sup>[A] In the case of a pilot municipality, a<sup>2</sup> tenured municipal clerk, chief financial officer, assessor, tax collector, municipal superintendent of public works, or municipal treasurer who has been dismissed to effectuate a shared service agreement entered into pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.) shall be reappointed to his or her former position, and shall regain his or her tenured status, if the shared service agreement is cancelled, or expires, within the two-year period immediately following the dismissal of that person.

(cf: P.L.2007, c.63, s.4)

- <sup>2</sup>[<sup>1</sup>4.] <u>5.</u><sup>2</sup> Section 5 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-5) is amended to read as follows:
- 5. a. A local unit authorized to enter into an agreement under section 4 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-4) may do so by the adoption of a resolution. <sup>2</sup>[No] In the case of a shared service agreement between pilot municipalities, no<sup>2</sup> agreement shall be adopted until copies of the agreement shall be provided to all affected employees of the local units that are party to the agreement at least two weeks before adoption of the resolution, and a public hearing has been held on the agreement, so that all persons having an interest in the agreement shall have been given an opportunity to present comments or objections concerning the content of the agreement, or the effect of the agreement. During the public hearing, the local unit shall provide an overview of the terms of the agreement and an estimate of the cost savings anticipated to be achieved by the local units that are the parties to the agreement. A resolution adopted pursuant to this section or subsection b. of that section shall clearly

identify the agreement by reference and need not set forth the terms of the agreement in full.

- b. <sup>2</sup>[A] In the case of a shared services agreement between pilot municipalities, a<sup>2</sup> copy of the agreement shall be open to public inspection at the offices of the local unit [immediately after passage] at least two weeks prior to the adoption of a resolution to become a party to the agreement.
- c. The agreement shall take effect upon the adoption of appropriate resolutions by all the parties thereto, and execution of agreements authorized thereunder as set forth in the agreement.<sup>1</sup> (cf: P.L.2007, c.63, s.5)

- $^{1}$ [4.]  $^{2}$ [5. $^{1}$ ]  $6.^{2}$  Section 7 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-7) is amended to read as follows:
- 7. a. An agreement made pursuant to section 4 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-4) shall specify:
- (1) the specific services to be performed by one or more of the parties as agent for any other party or parties;
- (2) standards of the level, quality, and scope of performance, with assignment and allocation of responsibility for meeting those standards between or among the parties;
- (3) the estimated cost of the services throughout the duration of the agreement, with allocation of those costs to the parties, in dollar amounts or by formula, including a time schedule for periodic payment of installments for those allocations <sup>1</sup>, and <sup>2</sup>in the case of a shared service agreement between pilot municipalities, <sup>2</sup> an estimate of the cost savings anticipated to be achieved by the local units that are the parties to the agreement <sup>1</sup>. The specification may provide for the periodic modification of estimates or formulas contained therein in the light of actual experience and in accordance with procedures to be specified in the agreement;
- (4) the duration of the agreement, which shall be 10 years, unless otherwise agreed upon by the parties, but in no case shall the duration of any agreement <sup>2</sup>between pilot municipalities <sup>2</sup> be less than <sup>2</sup>[one year] two years<sup>2</sup>; and
  - (5) the procedure for payments to be made under the contract.
- b. In the case when all of the participating local units are municipalities, the agreement may provide that it shall not take effect until submitted to the voters of each municipality, and approved by a majority of the voters of each municipality voting at the referendum.
- c. The agreement may provide for binding arbitration or for binding fact-finding procedures to settle any disputes or questions which may arise between the parties as to the interpretation of the terms of the agreement or the satisfactory performance by any of

the parties of the services and other responsibilities required by the agreement.

- d. For the purposes of sections 4 through 13 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-4 through C.40A:65-13), any party performing a service under a shared service agreement is the general agent of any other party on whose behalf that service is performed pursuant to the agreement, and that agent-party has full powers of performance and maintenance of the service contracted for, and full powers to undertake any ancillary operation reasonably necessary or convenient to carry out its duties, obligations and responsibilities under the agreement. These powers include all powers of enforcement and administrative regulation which are, or may be, exercised by the party on whose behalf the agent-party acts pursuant to the agreement, except as the powers are limited by the terms of the agreement itself, and except that no contracting party shall be liable for any part or share of the cost of acquiring, constructing, or maintaining any capital facility acquired or constructed by an agent-party unless that part or share is provided for in the agreement, or in an amendment thereto ratified by the contracting parties in the manner provided in sections 1 to 37 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et al.) for entering into an agreement.
- e. Except as the terms of any agreement may explicitly or by necessary implication provide, any party to an agreement entered into pursuant to section 4 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-4) may enter into another agreement or agreements with any other eligible parties for the performance of any service or services pursuant to sections 1 to 37 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et al.). The participation in one agreement shall not bar participation with the same or other parties in any other agreement.
- f. Payment for services performed pursuant to an agreement shall be made by and to the parties, and at such intervals, as shall be provided in the agreement.
- g. In the event of any dispute as to the amount to be paid, the full amount to be paid as provided in subsection a. of this section shall be paid; but if through subsequent negotiation, arbitration or litigation the amount due shall be determined, agreed or adjudicated to be less than was actually so paid, then the party having received the payment shall forthwith repay the excess.

(cf: P.L.2007, c.63, s.7)

<sup>1</sup>[5.] <sup>2</sup>[6.<sup>1</sup>] 7.<sup>2</sup> N.J.S.40A:9-133 is amended to read as follows: 40A:9-133. a. In every municipality there shall be a municipal clerk appointed for a three-year term by the governing body of the municipality. The requirement that every municipality shall have a municipal clerk may be fulfilled by the sharing of a municipal clerk with another municipality or municipalities under a shared service agreement entered into pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63

- 1 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.), and such shared service agreement shall be
- 2 subject to the provisions of section 4 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-
- 3 4) <sup>2</sup>and, in the case of a shared service agreement between pilot
- 4 municipalities, section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the
- 5 <u>Legislature as this bill</u>)<sup>2</sup>. Commencing January 1 following the
- 6 third anniversary of the effective date of P.L.1997, c.279 (C.40A:9-
- 7 133.9 et al.), no person shall be appointed or reappointed as a
- 8 municipal clerk unless that person holds a registered municipal
- 9 clerk certificate issued pursuant to section 3 or section 4 of
- 10 P.L.1985, c.174 (C.40A:9-133.3 or C.40A:9-133.4).

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- b. For the purposes of tenure, the term of a municipal clerk shall be deemed to have begun as of the actual date upon which a person serving as municipal clerk is appointed. In the event of a vacancy in the office of municipal clerk, an appointment shall be made for a new term and not for the unexpired term. A reappointment of an incumbent municipal clerk made within 60 days following the expiration of the prior term shall not be considered to be a new appointment and the effective date of the reappointment shall date back to the date of expiration of the initial term of appointment.
- Within 90 days of the occurrence of a vacancy in the office of municipal clerk by reason of the departure of a registered municipal clerk, the governing body may appoint a person who does not hold a registered municipal clerk certificate to serve as acting municipal clerk for a period not to exceed one year and commencing on the date of the vacancy. Any person so appointed may, with the approval of the Director of the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs, be reappointed as acting municipal clerk for a maximum of two subsequent one-year terms following the termination of the temporary appointment. No local unit shall fill the position of acting municipal clerk for more than three consecutive years. Time served as acting municipal clerk may be credited toward the experience authorized as a substitute for the college education requirement pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1985, c.174 (C.40A:9-133.2). Time served as acting municipal clerk may not be credited as time served as municipal clerk for the purpose of acquiring tenure pursuant to section 7 of P.L.1985, c.174 (C.40A:9-133.7).
  - d. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1997,c.279).
  - e. The municipal clerk shall:
- (1) act as secretary of the municipal corporation and custodian of the municipal seal and of all minutes, books, deeds, bonds, contracts, and archival records of the municipal corporation. The governing body may, however, provide by ordinance that any other specific officer shall have custody of any specific other class of record;

- (2) act as secretary to the governing body, prepare meeting agendas at the discretion of the governing body, be present at all meetings of the governing body, keep a journal of the proceedings of every meeting, retain the original copies of all ordinances and resolutions, and record the minutes of every meeting;
- (3) serve as the chief administrative officer in all elections held in the municipality, subject to the requirements of Title 19 of the Revised Statutes:
- (4) serve as chief registrar of voters in the municipality, subject to the requirements of Title 19 of the Revised Statues;
- (5) serve as the administrative officer responsible for the acceptance of applications for licenses and permits and the issuance of licenses and permits, except where statute or municipal ordinance has delegated that responsibility to some other municipal officer;
- (6) serve as coordinator and records manager responsible for implementing local archives and records retention programs as mandated pursuant to Title 47 of the Revised Statutes;
- (7) perform such other duties as are now or hereafter imposed by statute, regulation or by municipal ordinance or regulation.
- f. If a governing body fails or refuses to comply with subsection a., b. or c. of this section, the director may order the governing body to comply by a date certain which shall afford the governing body a reasonable time within which to comply.

25 (cf: P.L.1997, c.279, s.1)

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# $^{1}$ [6.] $^{2}$ [7. $^{1}$ ] 8. $^{2}$ Section 7 of P.L.1985, c.174 (C.40A:9-133.7) is amended to read as follows:

- 7. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, any person who:
- a. Shall be reappointed municipal clerk subsequent to having received a registered municipal clerk certificate pursuant to P.L.1985, c.174 and having served as municipal clerk or performed the duties of municipal clerk for not less than three consecutive years immediately prior to such reappointment; or
- b. Shall have acquired tenure; shall hold office during good behavior and efficiency, and compliance with the continuing education requirements set forth in section 8 of P.L.1997, c.279 (C.40A:9-133.10), notwithstanding that such reappointment was for a fixed term of years; and shall not be removed therefrom for political reasons but only for good cause shown and after a proper hearing before the director or the director's designee. The removal of a registered municipal clerk shall be only upon a written complaint setting forth with specificity the charge or charges against the clerk. The complaint shall be filed with the director and a certified copy of the complaint shall be served upon the person so charged, with notice of a designated hearing date before the director

or the director's designee, which shall be not less than 30 days nor more than 60 days from the date of service of the complaint. Such date may be extended by the Superior Court for good cause shown upon the application of either party. The person so charged and the complainant shall have the right to be represented by counsel and the power to subpoena witnesses and documentary evidence together with discovery proceedings. The provisions of this section shall apply to every person actually in office as registered municipal clerk, whether or not in the classified service under Title 11A of the New Jersey Statutes (Civil Service).

For the purposes of this section, the definition of good cause for removal of a municipal clerk may include the failure of the clerk to meet the continuing education requirements set forth in section 8 of P.L.1997, c.279 (C.40A:9-133.10).

c. <sup>2</sup>[A] In the case of a shared service agreement between pilot municipalities, a<sup>2</sup> tenured municipal clerk may be dismissed to effectuate the sharing of a service entered into pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.) and such dismissal shall be deemed to be in the interest of the economy or efficiency of the participants in the shared service agreement. The removal of a municipal clerk under this subsection shall not require the <sup>2</sup>pilot<sup>2</sup> municipality to fulfill the requirements of section 7 of P.L.1985, c.174 (C.40A:9-133.7). Instead, the <sup>2</sup>pilot<sup>2</sup> municipality shall provide the clerk with a written copy of the shared service agreement entered into by the municipality, and a letter stating that the position of municipal clerk in the <sup>2</sup>pilot<sup>2</sup> municipality is being eliminated for reasons of economy or efficiency as the result of the shared service agreement.

Any such shared service agreement shall be subject to the provisions of section 4 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-4) and of section 3 of P.L., c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

(cf: P.L.1997, c.279, s.5)

<sup>1</sup>[7.] <sup>2</sup>[8.<sup>1</sup>] 9.<sup>2</sup> N.J.S.40A:9-134 is amended to read as follows: 40A:9-134. On or before December 31, 1985, any person holding the office of municipal clerk in any municipality and having held such office continuously for five years from the date of his original appointment shall have tenure in such office and shall not be removed therefrom except for good cause shown after a fair and impartial hearing.

For the purposes of this section, the definition of good cause for removal of a municipal clerk may include the failure of the clerk to meet the continuing education requirements set forth in section 8 of P.L.1997, c.279 (C.40A:9-133.10).

<sup>2</sup>[A] In the case of a shared service agreement between pilot municipalities, a<sup>2</sup> tenured municipal clerk may be dismissed to

1 effectuate the sharing of a service entered into pursuant to the 2 provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.) and such 3 dismissal shall be deemed to be in the interest of the economy or 4 efficiency of the participants in the shared service agreement. The 5 removal of a municipal clerk under this subsection shall not require the <sup>2</sup>pilot<sup>2</sup> municipality to fulfill the requirements of section 7 of 6 P.L.1985, c.174 (C.40A:9-133.7). Instead, the <sup>2</sup>pilot<sup>2</sup> municipality 7 shall provide the clerk with a written copy of the shared service 8 agreement entered into by the <sup>2</sup>pilot<sup>2</sup> municipality, and a letter 9 stating that the position of municipal clerk in the municipality is 10 being eliminated for reasons of economy or efficiency as the result 11

of the shared service agreement.

Any such shared service agreement shall be subject to the provisions of section 4 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-4) and section of P.L., c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

16 (cf: P.L.1997, c.279, s.6)

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<sup>1</sup>[8.] <sup>2</sup>[9.<sup>1</sup>] 10.<sup>2</sup> Section 2 of P.L.1977, c.39 (C.40A:9-140.8) is amended to read as follows:

- 2. a. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, any person who has served as the chief financial officer of a municipality for four consecutive years and who is reappointed as that municipality's chief financial officer shall be granted tenure of office upon filing with the clerk of the municipality and with the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs a notification evidencing his compliance with this section.
- b. Thereafter, the person shall continue to hold office during good behavior and efficiency, and shall not be removed therefrom except for just cause and then only after a public hearing upon a written complaint setting forth the charge or charges against him pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1977, c.39 (C.40A:9-140.9) or upon expiration or revocation of certification by the director pursuant to section 7 of P.L.1988, c.110 (C.40A:9-140.12).
- c. <sup>2</sup>[A] In the case of a shared service agreement between pilot 35 municipalities, a<sup>2</sup> tenured chief financial officer may be dismissed 36 to effectuate the sharing of a service entered into pursuant to the 37 provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.) and such 38 39 dismissal shall be deemed to be in the interest of the economy or 40 efficiency of the participants in the shared service agreement. The 41 removal of a chief financial officer under this section shall not require the <sup>2</sup>pilot<sup>2</sup> municipality to fulfill the requirements of 42 subsection b. of this section. Instead, the <sup>2</sup>pilot<sup>2</sup> municipality shall 43 provide the chief financial officer with a written copy of the shared 44 45 service agreement entered into by the <sup>2</sup>pilot<sup>2</sup> municipality, and a letter stating that the position of chief financial officer in the 46

1 <u>municipality is being eliminated for reasons of economy or</u> 2 <u>efficiency as the result of the shared service agreement.</u>

Any such shared service agreement shall be subject to the provisions of section 4 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-4) and section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) (cf: P.L.1991, c.175, s.6)

8 '[9.] <sup>2</sup>[10.<sup>1</sup>] 11.<sup>2</sup> Section 5 of

 <sup>1</sup>[9.] <sup>2</sup>[10.<sup>1</sup>] 11.<sup>2</sup> Section 5 of P.L.1988, c.110 (C. 40A:9-140.10) is amended to read as follows:

5. Notwithstanding the provisions of any law to the contrary, in every municipality there shall be a chief financial officer appointed by the governing body of the municipality. The requirement that every municipality shall have a chief financial officer may be fulfilled by the sharing of a chief financial officer with another municipality or municipalities under a shared service agreement entered into pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.). Any such shared service agreement shall be subject to the provisions of section 4 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-4) and, with respect to pilot municipalities, section 3 of P.L., c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). The term of office shall be four years, which shall run from January 1 in the year in which the chief financial officer is appointed. The compensation for the chief financial officer shall be separately set forth in a municipal salary ordinance.

If a governing body fails or refuses to comply with this section, and has received an order from the director to do so, the members of a governing body who willfully fail or refuse to comply shall each be subject to a personal penalty of \$25 for each day after the date fixed for final action that failure or refusal to comply continues. The amount of the penalty may be recovered by the director in the name of the State as a personal debt of the member of the governing body, and shall be paid, upon receipt, into the State Treasury.

<sup>2</sup>[A] In the case of a pilot municipality, a<sup>2</sup> tenured chief financial officer may be dismissed to effectuate the sharing of a service entered into pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.) and such dismissal shall be deemed to be in the interest of the economy or efficiency of the participants in the shared service agreement. The removal of a chief financial officer under this section shall not require the <sup>2</sup>pilot<sup>2</sup> municipality to fulfill the requirements of section 2 of P.L.1977, c.39 (C.40A:9-140.8). Instead, the <sup>2</sup>pilot<sup>2</sup> municipality shall provide the chief financial officer with a written copy of the shared service agreement entered into by the <sup>2</sup>pilot<sup>2</sup> municipality, and a letter stating that the position of chief financial officer in the <sup>2</sup>pilot<sup>2</sup> municipality is being eliminated for reasons of economy or efficiency as the result of the

1 shared service agreement. 2 (cf: P.L.1991, c.175, s.8) 3 <sup>1</sup>[10.] <sup>2</sup>[11.<sup>1</sup>] 12.<sup>2</sup> N.J.S.40A:9-141 is amended to read as 4 5 follows:

40A:9-141. Notwithstanding any other law the governing body or chief executive, as shall be appropriate to the form of government of the municipality, by ordinance, shall provide for the appointment of a municipal tax collector and the compensation of the tax collector shall be fixed in the manner otherwise provided by The requirement that every municipality shall have a municipal tax collector may be fulfilled by the sharing of a municipal tax collector with another municipality or municipalities under a shared service agreement entered into pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.). Any such shared service agreement shall be subject to the provisions of section 4 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-4) <sup>2</sup> and, with respect to pilot

17 18 municipalities, of section 3 of P.L., c. (C. (pending before the

<u>Legislature as this bill</u>)<sup>2</sup>. The governing body may, by resolution, 19 set appropriate hours of operation of the tax collector's office and 20

the work hours of the tax collector, commensurate with the 21

22 compensation paid to the tax collector, and all personnel assigned to

23 the tax collector's office. The office of municipal tax collector and 24 municipal treasurer, or municipal clerk may be held by the same

25 person.

26 (cf: P.L.2000, c.126, s.22)

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<sup>1</sup>[11.] <sup>2</sup>[12.<sup>1</sup>] 13.<sup>2</sup> Section 8 of P.L.1979, c.384 (C.40A:9-145.8) is amended to read as follows:

- 8. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, any person who:
- a. Shall be reappointed tax collector subsequent to having received a tax collector certificate pursuant to section 3 or 4 of P.L.1979, c.384, or holds a tax collector certificate issued pursuant to N.J.S.40A:9-141, section 2 of P.L.1979, c.384 (C.40A:9-145.2), and section 6 of P.L.1993, c.25 (C.40A:9-145.3a), and having served as tax collector or performed the duties of tax collector for not less than four consecutive years immediately prior to such reappointment; or,
- b. shall have acquired tenure; shall hold his office during good behavior, efficiency, and compliance with requirements for continuing education pursuant to sections 6 and 7 of P.L.1993, c.25 (C.40A:9-145.3a and C.40A:9-145.3b), notwithstanding that such reappointment was for a fixed term of years; and he shall not be removed therefrom for political reasons but only for good cause shown and after a proper hearing before the director or his designee.

- c. The removal of a municipal tax collector shall be only upon a written complaint setting forth with specificity the charge or charges against him. The complaint shall be filed with the municipal clerk and the director and a certified copy thereof shall be served upon the person so charged, with notice of a designated hearing date before the director or his designee, which shall be not less than 30 days nor more than 60 days from the date of service of the complaint. Such date may be extended by the Superior Court for good cause shown upon the application of either party. The person so charged and the complainant shall have the right to be represented by counsel and the power to subpena witnesses and documentary evidence together with discovery proceedings. The provisions of this section shall apply to every person actually in office as tax collector or performing the duties of tax collector whether or not in the classified service under Title 11A, Civil Service, of the New Jersey Statutes.
  - d. For the purposes of this section, the definition of good cause for removal of a tax collector may include the failure of a tax collector to meet the continuing education requirement set forth in sections 6 and 7 of P.L.1993, c.25 (C.40A:9-145.3a and C.40A:9-145.3b).
  - e. <sup>2</sup>[A] In the case of a pilot municipality, a<sup>2</sup> tenured tax collector may be dismissed to effectuate the sharing of a service entered into pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.) and such dismissal shall be deemed to be in the interest of the economy or efficiency of the participants in the shared service agreement. The removal of a tax collector under this subsection shall not require the <sup>2</sup>pilot<sup>2</sup> municipality to fulfill the requirements of section 8 of P.L.1979, c.384 (C.40A:9-145.8). Instead, the <sup>2</sup>pilot<sup>2</sup> municipality shall provide the tax collector with a written copy of the shared service agreement entered into by the <sup>2</sup>pilot<sup>2</sup> municipality, and a letter stating that the position of tax collector in the <sup>2</sup>pilot<sup>2</sup> municipality is being eliminated for reasons of economy or efficiency as the result of the shared service agreement.
  - Any such shared service agreement shall be subject to the provisions of section 4 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-4) and of section 3 of P.l., c. (C. )(pending before the Legislature as this bill).

(cf: P.L.1993, c.25, s.5)

**1**[12.] **2**[13.**1**] 14.**2** N.J.S.40A:9-146 is amended to read as follows:

40A:9-146. The governing body or chief executive, as shall be appropriate to the form of government of the municipality shall provide for the appointment of a tax assessor and such deputy tax assessors as it may determine necessary. The requirement that

1 every municipality shall have a tax assessor and any such deputy 2 tax assessors as it deems necessary may be fulfilled by the sharing 3 of a tax assessor and any necessary deputy tax assessors with 4 another municipality or municipalities under a shared service 5 agreement entered into pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 6 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.). Any such shared service agreement shall be 7 subject to the provisions of section 4 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-4) <sup>2</sup>and, with respect to pilot municipalities, of section 3 of P.L., 8 9 c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)<sup>2</sup>. The appointing authority may, by resolution or order as appropriate, set 10 the total number of weekly hours of operation of the tax assessor's 11 12 office and the total number of weekly work hours of the tax 13 assessor, commensurate with the compensation paid to the tax 14 assessor. The appointing authority shall not set the specific work 15 hours of the tax assessor. The governing body, by ordinance, shall 16 determine the amount of compensation of such assessors. 17 (cf: P.L.2000, c.126, s.23)

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<sup>1</sup>**[**13.**]** <sup>2</sup>**[**14.<sup>1</sup>**]** 15.<sup>2</sup> Section 7 of P.L.1967, c.44 (C.54:1-35.31) is amended to read as follows:

- 7. <u>a.</u> Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, every person
- (1) who, upon reappointment or re-election subsequent to having received a tax assessor certificate and having served as tax assessor or performed the duties of assessor for not less than four consecutive years immediately prior to such reappointment or reelection, or
- (2) who, on or before June 30, 1969, shall have received a tax assessor certificate while actually in office as assessor or performing the duties of an assessor, and who, on or before June 30, 1969, shall have served as assessor or performed the duties of assessor for not less than four consecutive years,

shall hold his position during good behavior and efficiency and compliance with requirements for continuing education pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1999, c.278 (C.54:1-35.25b), notwithstanding that such reappointment or re-election was for a fixed term of years, and he shall not be removed therefrom for political reasons but only for good cause shown and after a proper hearing before the director or his designee after due notice. A person who was formerly an assessor, a secretary of a board of assessors or a member of a board of assessors who shall have become by virtue of this amendatory and supplementary act, P.L.1981, c.393, a deputy tax assessor or an assessor, and who has not met the requirements of (1) or (2) above shall not be removed during his term in office for political reasons, but only for good cause shown and after a proper hearing before the director or his designee after due notice. In municipalities operating under forms of government where the assessor served at

the pleasure of the appointing authority for an unlimited term of office, receipt of a tax assessor certificate and continuance in service as assessor after completion of 4 consecutive years of service shall be deemed the equivalent of reappointment. The provisions of this section shall apply to every person actually in office as assessor or performing the duties of an assessor whether in the classified service under Title 11A, Civil Service, or in a municipality which has not adopted Title 11A, Civil Service. For the purpose of this section, "good cause" shall include the failure of a tax assessor to meet the continuing education requirement required by section 1 of P.L.1999, c.278 (C.54:1-35.25b), and such failure shall render a tax assessor ineligible for service as a tax assessor.

b. <sup>2</sup>[A] In the case of a pilot municipality, a<sup>2</sup> tenured tax assessor may be dismissed to effectuate the sharing of a service entered into pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.) and such dismissal shall be deemed to be in the interest of the economy or efficiency of the participants in the shared service agreement. The removal of a tax assessor under this subsection shall not require the <sup>2</sup>pilot<sup>2</sup> municipality to fulfill the requirements of subsection a. of this section. Instead, the <sup>2</sup>pilot<sup>2</sup> municipality shall provide the tax assessor with a written copy of the shared service agreement entered into by the <sup>2</sup>pilot<sup>2</sup> municipality, and a letter stating that the position of tax assessor in the <sup>2</sup>pilot<sup>2</sup> municipality is being eliminated for reasons of economy or efficiency as the result of the shared service agreement.

(cf: P.L.1999, c.278, s.2)

<sup>1</sup>[14.] <sup>2</sup>[15. N.J.S.40A:9-140 is amended to read as follows:

40A:9-140. In every municipality the governing body, by ordinance, shall provide for the appointment of a municipal engineer and fix his compensation in an annual salary or fixed fee basis or at an hourly rate and based upon actual time and expenses agreed on prior to the rendering of the services. The requirement that every municipality shall have a municipal engineer may be fulfilled by the sharing of a municipal engineer with another municipality or municipalities under a shared service agreement entered into pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.). Any such shared service agreement shall be subject to the provisions of section 4 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-4). No municipal engineer shall be compensated by receiving a percentage of the contract for which he renders services. Unless otherwise provided by law his term of office shall be 3 years.

44 (cf: P.L.1975, c.285, s.1)]<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>[15.] <u>16.</u> N.J.S.40A:9-152 is amended to read as follows:

40A:9-152. a. Whenever a person has or shall have held the office of municipal treasurer for 10 consecutive years, the governing body of the municipality may grant tenure in office to such person. In the event the governing body fails to grant tenure in office to a municipal treasurer who has held that office for 10 consecutive years, a petition may be filed for a referendum vote on the question of whether the municipal treasurer shall continue to hold office during good behavior and efficiency, and shall not be removed therefrom except for just cause and then only after public hearing upon a written complaint setting forth the charge or charges against him. The petition shall be signed by at least 10% of the registered voters of the municipality and filed with the municipal Upon the filing of the petition the question shall be clerk. submitted to the voters at the next general election which shall occur not less than 60 days thereafter. The municipal clerk shall cause the question to be placed upon the official ballot to be used at the general election in the manner provided by law in substantially the following form: "Shall the municipal treasurer continue to hold office during good behavior and efficiency and not be removed therefrom except for just cause and then only after public hearing upon a written complaint setting forth the charge or charges against 

Immediately to the left of the question there shall be printed the words "Yes" and "No", each with a square, in either of which the voter may make a cross (x), or a plus sign (+) or check mark (X) according to his choice. There shall also be printed the following: "Place a cross (x), or a plus sign (+) or check mark (X) in one of the above squares indicating your choice." Where voting machines are used, voting thereon shall be equivalent to the foregoing.

The election shall be held in accordance with the general law relating to public questions to be voted on in a single municipality at elections as provided for by Title 19 (Elections) of the Revised Statutes.

b. <sup>2</sup>[A] In the case of a pilot municipality, a<sup>2</sup> tenured municipal treasurer may be dismissed to effectuate the sharing of a service entered into pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.) and such dismissal shall be deemed to be in the interest of the economy or efficiency of the participants in the shared service agreement. The removal of a municipal treasurer under this subsection shall not require the <sup>2</sup>pilot<sup>2</sup> municipality to fulfill the requirements of N.J.S.40A:9-152.1. Instead, the <sup>2</sup>pilot<sup>2</sup> municipality shall provide the municipal treasurer with a written copy of the shared service agreement entered into by the <sup>2</sup>pilot<sup>2</sup> municipality, and a letter stating that the position of municipal treasurer in the <sup>2</sup>pilot<sup>2</sup> municipality is being eliminated for reasons of economy or efficiency as the result of the shared service agreement. Any such shared service agreement shall be subject to

the provisions of section 4 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-4) <sup>2</sup>and section 3 of P.L., c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) <sup>2</sup>.

(cf: N.J.S.40A:9-152)

- <sup>1</sup>[16.] <u>17.</u> Section 7 of P.L.1991,c.258 (C.40A:9-154.6g) is amended to read as follows:
- 7. a. Commencing January 1, 1997, the governing body or chief executive officer of each municipality, as appropriate, shall appoint a principal public works manager for that municipality. The requirement that every municipality shall have a principal public works manager may be fulfilled by the sharing of a principal public works manager with another municipality or municipalities under a shared service agreement entered into pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.).
- b. No person shall be selected to perform the duties of a principal public works manager unless he holds a public works manager certificate issued pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1991, c.258 (C.40A:9-154.6c), which certificate has not been revoked or suspended in accordance with the provisions of subsection b. of section 6 of P.L.1991, c.258 (C.40A:9-154.6f).
- c. When a vacancy occurs in a position in which the duties of principal public works manager are performed, the governing body or chief executive officer, as appropriate, may select, for a period not to exceed one year and commencing on the date of the vacancy, a person who does not hold a certified public works manager certificate to perform on an interim basis, the duties of a principal public works manager. Any person so selected may be selected as principal public works manager for one additional year; provided, however, that no person shall perform on an interim basis, the duties of a temporary principal public works manager for more than two years in any municipality, and also provided that, in a municipality operating under the provisions of Title 11A, the Civil Service Act, no person so selected on an interim basis shall be required to perform out-of-title work.
- d. Any municipality that conducts minimal or no public works activity may apply to the director for an exemption from this section. Such exemptions shall be valid for five years from the date of issuance, at which time the municipality must reapply for an exemption or select a person to perform the duties of a principal public works manager. Upon receipt of an application for exemption, the director shall have the public works advisory board review the application and make a recommendation to the director for approval or denial. If the director for good cause disagrees with the recommendation, he shall advise the public works advisory board of his decision and take any action he deems appropriate.

1 e. If a governing body or mayor fails or refuses to comply with 2 this section, and has received an order from the director to do so, 3 the members of a governing body or mayor who willfully fail or 4 refuse to comply shall each be subject to a personal penalty of \$25 5 for each day after the date fixed for final action that failure or refusal to comply continues. The amount for the penalty may be 6 7 recovered by the director in the name of the State as a personal debt 8 of the member of the governing body or mayor, and shall be paid, 9 upon receipt, into the State Treasury.

10 (cf: P.L.1995, c.46, s.6)

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- <sup>1</sup>[17.] <u>18.</u> Section 2 of P.L.1981, c.383 (C.40A:9-154.6) is amended to read as follows:
- 2. <u>a.</u> A person holding office, position or employment as full-time municipal superintendent of public works who has held the office, position or employment continuously for 5 years or more shall continue to hold the office, position or employment, notwithstanding he is serving for a fixed term, during good behavior and efficiency and shall not be removed therefrom for political or other reasons except for good cause, upon written charges filed with the municipal clerk and after a public, fair and impartial hearing; except that the governing body of the municipality shall first pass an ordinance authorizing the tenure of office herein provided. The person may be retired when he shall have attained 70 years of age.
- b. <u>Municipalities may share the services of a municipal superintendent of public works through a shared service agreement pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.).</u>

A tenured municipal superintendent of public works may be dismissed <sup>2</sup>by a pilot municipality<sup>2</sup> to effectuate the sharing of a service for a municipal superintendent of public works entered into pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.) <sup>2</sup>and section 3 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill),<sup>2</sup> and such dismissal shall be deemed to be in the interest of the economy or efficiency of the participants in the shared service agreement. The removal of a municipal superintendent of public works under this subsection shall not require the <sup>2</sup>pilot<sup>2</sup> municipality to fulfill the requirements of subsection a. of this section. Instead, the <sup>2</sup>pilot<sup>2</sup> municipality shall provide the municipal superintendent of public works with a written copy of the shared service agreement entered into by the <sup>2</sup>pilot<sup>2</sup> municipality, and a letter stating that the position of municipal superintendent of public works in the <sup>2</sup>pilot<sup>2</sup> municipality is being eliminated for reasons of economy or efficiency as the result of the shared service agreement.

Any such shared service agreement shall be subject to the provisions of section 4 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-4) <sup>2</sup>and, with

### [2R] SCS for **S533**

1	respect to pilot municipalities, section 3 of P.L. , c. (C. )
2	(pending before the Legislature as this bill) <sup>2</sup> .
3	(P.L.1981, c.383, s.2)
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5	<sup>1</sup> [18.] <u>19.</u> This act shall take effect immediately.
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10	The "Common Sense Shared Services Pilot Program Act";
11	concerns shared service agreements and joint contracts, in certain
12	municipalities, for certain tenured local employees under "Uniform
13	Shared Services and Consolidation Act."

## SENATE, No. 533

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

### 215th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2012 SESSION

Sponsored by: Senator DONALD NORCROSS District 5 (Camden and Gloucester)

### **SYNOPSIS**

The "Common Sense Shared Services Act"; concerns shared service agreements and joint contracts for certain local personnel under "Uniform Shared Services and Consolidation Act."

### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel



AN ACT concerning certain shared service agreements under the
"Uniform Shared Services and Consolidation Act" and
designated as the "Common Sense Shared Services Act" and
amending various parts of the statutory law.

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**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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9 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Common 10 Sense Shared Services Act."

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- 2. Section 2 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-2) is amended to read as follows:
  - 2. The Legislature finds and declares:
- a. Historically, many specialized statutes have been enacted to permit shared services between local units for particular purposes.
- b. Other laws, permitting a variety of shared services, including interlocal services agreements, joint meetings, and consolidated and regional services, exist but have not been very effective in promoting the broad use of shared services as a technique to reduce local expenses funded by property taxpayers.
- c. It is appropriate for the Legislature to enact a new shared services statute that can be used to effectuate agreements between local units for any service or circumstance intended to reduce property taxes through the reduction of local expenses.
- d. It is contrary to public policy that the tenure rights of certain local personnel should effectively prohibit shared services agreements for the services provided by those local personnel, thereby depriving property taxpayers of property tax relief.
- 30 (cf: P.L.2007, c.63, s.2)

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- 32 3. Section 4 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-4) is amended to read as follows:
  - 4. a. (1) Any local unit may enter into an agreement with any other local unit or units to provide or receive any service that each local unit participating in the agreement is empowered to provide or receive within its own jurisdiction, including services incidental to the primary purposes of any of the participating local units
- Tenure rights shall not prohibit the sharing of services for a municipal clerk, a chief financial officer, an assessor, or a tax collector.
- The statutory requirements that each municipality must appoint a municipal clerk, a chief financial officer, an assessor, a tax collector, a municipal engineer and a principal public works

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- 1 manager shall permit and include the provision of the services of
  2 any of those municipal employees through a shared service
  3 agreement pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1
  4 et seq.).
  - (2) Notwithstanding any law, rule or regulation to the contrary, any agreement between local units for the provision of shared services shall be entered into pursuant to sections 1 to 37 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et al.); provided, however, that agreements regarding shared services that are otherwise regulated by statute, rule, or regulation are specifically excluded from sections 1 to 37 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et al.).
  - (3) The board is authorized to render a decision in the determination of the statutory basis under which a specific shared service is governed.
  - b. Any agreement entered into pursuant to this section shall be filed, for informational purposes, with the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs, pursuant to rules and regulations promulgated by the director.
  - c. In the case of a tenured municipal clerk, chief financial officer, assessor, or tax collector, the dismissal of such a tenured employee that is necessary to effectuate the sharing of a service entered into pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.) shall be deemed to be a just cause, or good cause, as appropriate, for the dismissal of that employee.

25 (cf: P.L.2007, c.63, s.4)

- 4. Section 8 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-8) is amended to read as follows:
- 8. a. Whenever two or more local units enter into an agreement, pursuant to section 4 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-4), for the shared provision of law enforcement services, or fire protection services by a paid fire department, within their respective jurisdictions, the agreement shall recognize and preserve the seniority, tenure, and pension rights of every full-time law enforcement officer or <u>firefighter</u> who is employed by each of the participating local units and who is in good standing at the time the ordinance authorizing the agreement is adopted, and none of those law enforcement officers or firefighters shall be terminated, except for cause; provided, however, this provision shall not be construed to prevent or prohibit a merged law enforcement entity or <u>fire department</u> from reducing force as provided by law for reasons of economy and efficiency.
  - b. To provide for the efficient administration and operation of the shared law enforcement services, or fire protection services, within the participating local units, the agreement may provide for the appointment of a chief of police or other chief law enforcement officer, or fire chief. In that case, the agreement shall identify the

appropriate authority to whom the chief of police or other chief law enforcement officer, or fire chief, reports and also shall provide that any person who is serving as the chief of police or other chief law enforcement officer, or fire chief, in one of the participating local units at the time the contract is adopted may elect either:

- (1) to accept a demotion of no more than one rank without any loss of seniority rights, impairment of tenure, or pension rights; or
  - (2) to retire from service.

A person who elects retirement shall not be demoted, but shall retain the rank of chief of police or other chief law enforcement officer, or fire chief, and shall be given terminal leave for a period of one month for each five-year period of past service as a law enforcement officer, or firefighter, with a participating local unit. During the terminal leave, the person shall continue to receive full compensation and shall be entitled to all benefits, including any increases in compensation or benefits, that he may have been entitled to if he had remained on active duty.

- c. Whenever the participating local units have adopted or are deemed to have adopted Title 11A, Civil Service, of the New Jersey Statutes with regard to the provision of law enforcement services, or fire protection services, and the agreement provides for the appointment of a chief of police or other chief law enforcement officer, or fire chief, the position of chief of police or other chief law enforcement officer, or fire chief, shall be in the career service.
- 25 (cf: P. L.2007, c.63, s.8)

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- 5. Section 17 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.C.40A:65-17) is amended to read as follows:
- 17. a. Whenever the governing bodies of two or more local units enter into a joint contract for the joint operation of law enforcement services, or fire protection services by a paid fire department, within their respective jurisdictions, the contract shall recognize and preserve the seniority, tenure, and pension rights of every full-time law enforcement officer or firefighter who is employed by each of the contracting local units and who is in good standing at the time the ordinance or resolution, as the case may be, authorizing the contract is adopted, and none of those law enforcement officers, or firefighters, shall be terminated, except for cause; provided, however, this provision shall not be construed to prevent or prohibit a merged law enforcement entity, or fire department, from reducing force as provided by law for reasons of economy and efficiency.
- b. (1) To provide for the efficient administration and operation of the joint law enforcement services, or fire protection services, within the participating local units, the joint contract may provide for the appointment of a chief of police or other chief law enforcement officer, or fire chief. In that case, the joint contract

shall identify the appropriate authority to whom the chief of police or other chief law enforcement officer, or fire chief, reports and also shall provide that any person who is serving as the chief of police or other chief law enforcement officer, or fire chief, in one of the participating local units at the time the joint contract is adopted may elect either:

- (a) to accept a demotion of no more than one rank without any loss of seniority rights, impairment of tenure, or pension rights; or
  - (b) to retire from service.
- (2) Any person who elects retirement shall not be demoted but shall retain the rank of chief of police or other chief law enforcement officer, or fire chief, and shall be given terminal leave for a period of one month for each five-year period of past service as a law enforcement officer, or fire fighter, with the participating local unit. During the terminal leave, the person shall continue to receive full compensation and shall be entitled to all benefits, including any increases in compensation or benefits, that he may have been entitled to if he had remained on active duty.
- c. Whenever the participating local units have adopted or are deemed to have adopted Title 11A, Civil Service, of the New Jersey Statutes with regard to the provision of law enforcement services, or fire protection services, and the contract provides for the appointment of a chief of police or other chief law enforcement officer, or fire chief, the position of chief law enforcement officer, or fire chief, shall be in the career service.

(cf: P.L.2007, c.63, s.17)

### 6. N.J.S.40A:9-133 is amended to read as follows:

40A:9-133. a. In every municipality there shall be a municipal clerk appointed for a three-year term by the governing body of the municipality. The requirement that every municipality shall have a municipal clerk may be fulfilled by the sharing of a municipal clerk with another municipality or municipalities under a shared service agreement or a joint contract for a joint meeting entered into pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.). Commencing January 1 following the third anniversary of the effective date of P.L.1997, c.279 (C.40A:9-133.9 et al.), no person shall be appointed or reappointed as a municipal clerk unless that person holds a registered municipal clerk certificate issued pursuant to section 3 or section 4 of P.L.1985, c.174 (C.40A:9-133.3 or C.40A:9-133.4).

b. For the purposes of tenure, the term of a municipal clerk shall be deemed to have begun as of the actual date upon which a person serving as municipal clerk is appointed. In the event of a vacancy in the office of municipal clerk, an appointment shall be made for a new term and not for the unexpired term. A reappointment of an incumbent municipal clerk made within 60

days following the expiration of the prior term shall not be considered to be a new appointment and the effective date of the reappointment shall date back to the date of expiration of the initial term of appointment.

- 5 Within 90 days of the occurrence of a vacancy in the office of municipal clerk by reason of the departure of a registered 6 7 municipal clerk, the governing body may appoint a person who does 8 not hold a registered municipal clerk certificate to serve as acting 9 municipal clerk for a period not to exceed one year and 10 commencing on the date of the vacancy. Any person so appointed 11 may, with the approval of the Director of the Division of Local 12 Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs, be 13 reappointed as acting municipal clerk for a maximum of two 14 subsequent one-year terms following the termination of the 15 temporary appointment. No local unit shall fill the position of 16 acting municipal clerk for more than three consecutive years. Time 17 served as acting municipal clerk may be credited toward the 18 experience authorized as a substitute for the college education 19 requirement pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1985, c.174 (C.40A:9-20 133.2). Time served as acting municipal clerk may not be credited 21 as time served as municipal clerk for the purpose of acquiring 22 tenure pursuant to section 7 of P.L.1985, c.174 (C.40A:9-133.7).
  - d. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1997,c.279).
  - e. The municipal clerk shall:

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- (1) act as secretary of the municipal corporation and custodian of the municipal seal and of all minutes, books, deeds, bonds, contracts, and archival records of the municipal corporation. The governing body may, however, provide by ordinance that any other specific officer shall have custody of any specific other class of record;
- (2) act as secretary to the governing body, prepare meeting agendas at the discretion of the governing body, be present at all meetings of the governing body, keep a journal of the proceedings of every meeting, retain the original copies of all ordinances and resolutions, and record the minutes of every meeting;
- (3) serve as the chief administrative officer in all elections held in the municipality, subject to the requirements of Title 19 of the Revised Statutes;
- (4) serve as chief registrar of voters in the municipality, subject to the requirements of Title 19 of the Revised Statues;
- 41 (5) serve as the administrative officer responsible for the 42 acceptance of applications for licenses and permits and the issuance 43 of licenses and permits, except where statute or municipal 44 ordinance has delegated that responsibility to some other municipal 45 officer;

- (6) serve as coordinator and records manager responsible for implementing local archives and records retention programs as mandated pursuant to Title 47 of the Revised Statutes;
- (7) perform such other duties as are now or hereafter imposed by statute, regulation or by municipal ordinance or regulation.
- f. If a governing body fails or refuses to comply with subsection a., b. or c. of this section, the director may order the governing body to comply by a date certain which shall afford the governing body a reasonable time within which to comply.

(cf: P.L.1997, c.279, s.1)

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- 7. Section 7 of P.L.1985, c.174 (C.40A:9-133.7) is amended to read as follows:
- 7. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, any person who:
- a. Shall be reappointed municipal clerk subsequent to having received a registered municipal clerk certificate pursuant to P.L.1985, c.174 and having served as municipal clerk or performed the duties of municipal clerk for not less than three consecutive years immediately prior to such reappointment; or
- b. Shall have acquired tenure; shall hold office during good behavior and efficiency, and compliance with the continuing education requirements set forth in section 8 of P.L.1997, c.279 (C.40A:9-133.10), notwithstanding that such reappointment was for a fixed term of years; and shall not be removed therefrom for political reasons but only for good cause shown and after a proper hearing before the director or the director's designee. The removal of a registered municipal clerk shall be only upon a written complaint setting forth with specificity the charge or charges against the clerk. The complaint shall be filed with the director and a certified copy of the complaint shall be served upon the person so charged, with notice of a designated hearing date before the director or the director's designee, which shall be not less than 30 days nor more than 60 days from the date of service of the complaint. Such date may be extended by the Superior Court for good cause shown upon the application of either party. The person so charged and the complainant shall have the right to be represented by counsel and the power to subpoena witnesses and documentary evidence together with discovery proceedings. The provisions of this section shall apply to every person actually in office as registered municipal clerk, whether or not in the classified service under Title 11A of the New Jersey Statutes (Civil Service).
- For the purposes of this section, the definition of good cause for removal of a municipal clerk may include the failure of the clerk to meet the continuing education requirements set forth in section 8 of P.L.1997,c.279 (C.40A:9-133.10).

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c. For the purposes of this section, the definition of good cause for removal of a municipal clerk shall include the elimination of the position of municipal clerk in the municipality as the result of the municipality's entering into a shared service agreement or a joint contract for a joint meeting for municipal clerk services with another municipality or municipalities pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.). The removal of a municipal clerk under this subsection shall not require the municipality to fulfill the requirements of subsection b. of this section. Instead, the municipality shall provide the clerk with a written copy of the shared service agreement or joint contract for a joint meeting entered into by the municipality, and a letter stating that the position of municipal clerk in the municipality is being eliminated as the result of the shared service agreement or joint contract for a joint meeting.

16 (cf: P.L.1997, c.279, s.5)

### 8. N.J.S.40A:9-134 is amended to read as follows:

40A:9-134. On or before December 31, 1985, any person holding the office of municipal clerk in any municipality and having held such office continuously for five years from the date of his original appointment shall have tenure in such office and shall not be removed therefrom except for good cause shown after a fair and impartial hearing.

For the purposes of this section, the definition of good cause for removal of a municipal clerk may include the failure of the clerk to meet the continuing education requirements set forth in section 8 of P.L.1997, c.279 (C.40A:9-133.10).

For the purposes of this section, the definition of good cause for removal of a municipal clerk shall include the elimination of the position of municipal clerk in the municipality as the result of the municipality's entering into a shared service agreement or a joint contract for a joint meeting for the provision of municipal clerk services with another municipality or municipalities pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.). The removal of a municipal clerk under this section shall not require the municipality to fulfill the requirements of subsection b. of section 7 of P.L.1985, c.174 (C.40A:9-133.7). Instead, the municipality shall provide the clerk with a written copy of the shared service agreement or joint contract for a joint meeting entered into by the municipality, and a letter stating that the position of municipal clerk in the municipality is being eliminated as the result of the shared service agreement or joint contract for a joint meeting.

(cf: P.L.1997, c.279, s.6)

46 9. Section 2 of P.L.1977, c.39 (C.40A:9-140.8) is amended to 47 read as follows:

- 1 a. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the 2 contrary, any person who has served as the chief financial officer of 3 a municipality for four consecutive years and who is reappointed as 4 that municipality's chief financial officer shall be granted tenure of 5 office upon filing with the clerk of the municipality and with the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of 6 7 Community Affairs a notification evidencing his compliance with 8 this section.
  - b. Thereafter, the person shall continue to hold office during good behavior and efficiency, and shall not be removed therefrom except for just cause and then only after a public hearing upon a written complaint setting forth the charge or charges against him pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1977, c.39 (C.40A:9-140.9) or upon expiration or revocation of certification by the director pursuant to section 7 of P.L.1988, c.110 (C.40A:9-140.12).
  - c. For the purposes of this section, the definition of just cause for removal of a chief financial officer shall include the elimination of the position of chief financial officer in the municipality as the result of the municipality's entering into a shared service agreement or a joint contract for a joint meeting for the provision of chief financial officer services with another municipality or municipalities pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.). The removal of a chief financial officer under this subsection shall not require the municipality to fulfill the requirements of section 3 of P.L.1977, c.39 (C.40A:9-140.9). Instead, the municipality shall provide the chief financial officer with a written copy of the shared service agreement or joint meeting agreement entered into by the municipality, and a letter stating that the position of chief financial officer in the municipality is being eliminated as the result of the shared service agreement or joint meeting agreement.

32 (cf: P.L.1991, c.175, s.6)

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- 34 10. Section 5 of P.L.1988, c.110 (C. 40A:9-140.10) is amended 35 to read as follows:
  - 5. Notwithstanding the provisions of any law to the contrary, in every municipality there shall be a chief financial officer appointed by the governing body of the municipality. The requirement that every municipality shall have a chief financial officer may be fulfilled by the sharing of a chief financial officer with another municipality or municipalities under a shared service agreement or a joint contract for a joint meeting agreement entered into pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.). The term of office shall be four years, which shall run from January 1 in the year in which the chief financial officer is appointed. The compensation for the chief financial officer shall be separately set forth in a municipal salary ordinance.

1 If a governing body fails or refuses to comply with this section, 2 and has received an order from the director to do so, the members 3 of a governing body who willfully fail or refuse to comply shall 4 each be subject to a personal penalty of \$25 for each day after the 5 date fixed for final action that failure or refusal to comply 6 continues. The amount of the penalty may be recovered by the 7 director in the name of the State as a personal debt of the member 8 of the governing body, and shall be paid, upon receipt, into the 9 State Treasury.

10 For the purposes of this section, the definition of just cause for 11 removal of a chief financial officer shall include the elimination of 12 the position of chief financial officer in the municipality as the 13 result of the municipality's entering into a shared service agreement 14 or a joint contract for a joint meeting for the provision of chief 15 financial officer services with another municipality or 16 municipalities pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 17 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.). The removal of a chief financial officer under 18 this section shall not require the municipality to fulfill the 19 requirements of subsection a. of section 3 of P.L.1977, c.39 20 (C.40A:9-140.9). Instead, the municipality shall provide the chief 21 financial officer with a written copy of the shared service agreement 22 or joint meeting agreement entered into by the municipality, and a 23 letter stating that the position of chief financial officer in the 24 municipality is being eliminated as the result of the shared service 25 agreement or joint meeting agreement.

(cf: P.L.1991, c.175, s.8)

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### 11. N.J.S.40A:9-141 is amended to read as follows:

29 40A:9-141. Notwithstanding any other law the governing body 30 or chief executive, as shall be appropriate to the form of 31 government of the municipality, by ordinance, shall provide for the 32 appointment of a municipal tax collector and the compensation of 33 the tax collector shall be fixed in the manner otherwise provided by 34 law. The requirement that every municipality shall have a 35 municipal tax collector may be fulfilled by the sharing of a 36 municipal tax collector with another municipality or municipalities 37 under a shared service agreement or a joint contract for a joint 38 meeting entered into pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 39 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.). The governing body may, by resolution, set 40 appropriate hours of operation of the tax collector's office and the 41 work hours of the tax collector, commensurate with the 42 compensation paid to the tax collector, and all personnel assigned to 43 the tax collector's office. The office of municipal tax collector and 44 municipal treasurer, or municipal clerk may be held by the same 45 person.

46 (cf: P.L.2000, c.126, s.22)

1 12. Section 8 of P.L.1979, c.384 (C.40A:9-145.8) is amended to 2 read as follows:

- 8. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, any person who:
- a. Shall be reappointed tax collector subsequent to having received a tax collector certificate pursuant to section 3 or 4 of P.L.1979, c.384, or holds a tax collector certificate issued pursuant to N.J.S.40A:9-141, section 2 of P.L.1979, c.384 (C.40A:9-145.2), and section 6 of P.L.1993, c.25 (C.40A:9-145.3a), and having served as tax collector or performed the duties of tax collector for not less than four consecutive years immediately prior to such reappointment; or,
  - b. shall have acquired tenure; shall hold his office during good behavior, efficiency, and compliance with requirements for continuing education pursuant to sections 6 and 7 of P.L.1993, c.25 (C.40A:9-145.3a and C.40A:9-145.3b), notwithstanding that such reappointment was for a fixed term of years; and he shall not be removed therefrom for political reasons but only for good cause shown and after a proper hearing before the director or his designee.
- The removal of a municipal tax collector shall be only upon a written complaint setting forth with specificity the charge or charges against him. The complaint shall be filed with the municipal clerk and the director and a certified copy thereof shall be served upon the person so charged, with notice of a designated hearing date before the director or his designee, which shall be not less than 30 days nor more than 60 days from the date of service of the complaint. Such date may be extended by the Superior Court for good cause shown upon the application of either party. The person so charged and the complainant shall have the right to be represented by counsel and the power to subpena witnesses and documentary evidence together with discovery proceedings. The provisions of this section shall apply to every person actually in office as tax collector or performing the duties of tax collector whether or not in the classified service under Title 11A, Civil Service, of the New Jersey Statutes.
  - d. For the purposes of this section, the definition of good cause for removal of a tax collector may include the failure of a tax collector to meet the continuing education requirement set forth in sections 6 and 7 of P.L.1993, c.25 (C.40A:9-145.3a and C.40A:9-145.3b).
  - e. For the purposes of this section, the definition of good cause for removal of a tax collector shall include the elimination of the position of tax collector in the municipality as the result of the municipality's entering into a shared service agreement or a joint contract for a joint meeting for the provision of tax collector services with another municipality or municipalities pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.). The removal of

- 1 <u>a tax collector under this section shall not require the municipality</u>
- 2 to fulfill the requirements of section 8 of P.L.1979, c.384 (C.40A:9-
- 3 145.8). Instead, the municipality shall provide the tax collector
- 4 with a written copy of the shared service agreement or joint contract
- 5 for a joint meeting entered into by the municipality, and a letter
- 6 stating that the position of tax collector in the municipality is being
- 7 eliminated as the result of the shared service agreement or joint
- 8 contract for a joint meeting.
- 9 (cf: P.L.1993, c.25, s.5)

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- 13. N.J.S.40A:9-146 is amended to read as follows:
- 40A:9-146. The governing body or chief executive, as shall be appropriate to the form of government of the municipality shall provide for the appointment of a tax assessor and such deputy tax assessors as it may determine necessary. The requirement that every municipality shall have a tax assessor and any such deputy tax assessors as it deems necessary may be fulfilled by the sharing of a tax assessor and any necessary deputy tax assessors with another municipality or municipalities under a shared service agreement or joint contract for a joint meeting entered into pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.). The appointing authority may, by resolution or order as appropriate, set the total number of weekly hours of operation of the tax assessor's office and the total number of weekly work hours of the tax assessor, commensurate with the compensation paid to the tax assessor. The appointing authority shall not set the specific work hours of the tax assessor. The governing body, by ordinance, shall determine the amount of compensation of such assessors.
- 29 (cf: P.L.2000, c.126, s.23)

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- 31 14. Section 7 of P.L.1967, c.44 (C.54:1-35.31) is amended to 32 read as follows:
  - 7. <u>a.</u> Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, every person
  - (1) who, upon reappointment or re-election subsequent to having received a tax assessor certificate and having served as tax assessor or performed the duties of assessor for not less than four consecutive years immediately prior to such reappointment or re-election, or
  - (2) who, on or before June 30, 1969, shall have received a tax assessor certificate while actually in office as assessor or performing the duties of an assessor, and who, on or before June 30, 1969, shall have served as assessor or performed the duties of assessor for not less than four consecutive years,
- shall hold his position during good behavior and efficiency and compliance with requirements for continuing education pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1999, c.278 (C.54:1-35.25b), notwithstanding that

such reappointment or re-election was for a fixed term of years, and he shall not be removed therefrom for political reasons but only for good cause shown and after a proper hearing before the director or his designee after due notice. A person who was formerly an assessor, a secretary of a board of assessors or a member of a board of assessors who shall have become by virtue of this amendatory and supplementary act, P.L.1981, c.393, a deputy tax assessor or an assessor, and who has not met the requirements of (1) or (2) above shall not be removed during his term in office for political reasons, but only for good cause shown and after a proper hearing before the director or his designee after due notice. In municipalities operating under forms of government where the assessor served at the pleasure of the appointing authority for an unlimited term of office, receipt of a tax assessor certificate and continuance in service as assessor after completion of 4 consecutive years of service shall be deemed the equivalent of reappointment. provisions of this section shall apply to every person actually in office as assessor or performing the duties of an assessor whether in the classified service under Title 11A, Civil Service, or in a municipality which has not adopted Title 11A, Civil Service. For the purpose of this section, "good cause" shall include the failure of a tax assessor to meet the continuing education requirement required by section 1 of P.L.1999, c.278 (C.54:1-35.25b), and such failure shall render a tax assessor ineligible for service as a tax assessor.

b. For the purposes of this section, the definition of good cause for removal of a tax assessor shall include the elimination of the position of tax assessor in the municipality as the result of the municipality's entering into a shared service agreement or a joint contract for a joint meeting for the provision of tax assessor services with another municipality or municipalities pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.). The removal of a tax collector under subsection a. of this section shall not require the municipality to fulfill the requirements of that section. Instead, the municipality shall provide the tax assessor with a written copy of the shared service agreement or joint contract for a joint meeting entered into by the municipality, and a letter stating that the position of tax assessor in the municipality is being eliminated as the result of the shared service agreement or joint contract for a joint meeting.

(cf: P.L.1999, c.278, s.2)

15. N.J.S.40A:9-140 is amended to read as follows:

40A:9-140. In every municipality the governing body, by ordinance, shall provide for the appointment of a municipal engineer and fix his compensation in an annual salary or fixed fee basis or at an hourly rate and based upon actual time and expenses

agreed on prior to the rendering of the services. The requirement 1 2 that every municipality shall have a municipal engineer may be 3 fulfilled by the sharing of a municipal engineer with another 4 municipality or municipalities under a shared service agreement or 5 joint contract for a joint meeting entered into pursuant to the 6 provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.). No municipal 7 engineer shall be compensated by receiving a percentage of the 8 contract for which he renders services. Unless otherwise provided 9 by law his term of office shall be 3 years.

(cf: P.L.1975, c.285, s.1)

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### 16. N.J.S.40A:9-152 is amended to read as follows:

40A:9-152. Whenever a person has or shall have held the office of municipal treasurer for 10 consecutive years, the governing body of the municipality may grant tenure in office to such person. In the event the governing body fails to grant tenure in office to a municipal treasurer who has held that office for 10 consecutive years, a petition may be filed for a referendum vote on the question of whether the municipal treasurer shall continue to hold office during good behavior and efficiency, and shall not be removed therefrom except for just cause and then only after public hearing upon a written complaint setting forth the charge or charges against him. The petition shall be signed by at least 10% of the registered voters of the municipality and filed with the municipal clerk. Upon the filing of the petition the question shall be submitted to the voters at the next general election which shall occur not less than 60 days thereafter. The municipal clerk shall cause the question to be placed upon the official ballot to be used at the general election in the manner provided by law in substantially the following form: "Shall the municipal treasurer continue to hold office during good behavior and efficiency and not be removed therefrom except for just cause and then only after public hearing upon a written complaint setting forth the charge or charges against him?"

Immediately to the left of the question there shall be printed the words "Yes" and "No", each with a square, in either of which the voter may make a cross ( x ), or a plus sign (+) or check mark ( X ) according to his choice. There shall also be printed the following: "Place a cross ( x ), or a plus sign (+) or check mark ( X ) in one of the above squares indicating your choice." Where voting machines are used, voting thereon shall be equivalent to the foregoing.

The election shall be held in accordance with the general law relating to public questions to be voted on in a single municipality at elections as provided for by Title 19 (Elections) of the Revised Statutes.

For the purposes of this section, the definition of good cause for removal of a tenured municipal treasurer shall include the elimination of the position of municipal treasurer in the

- 1 municipality as the result of the municipality's entering into a
- 2 shared service agreement or a joint contract for a joint meeting for
- 3 the provision of municipal treasurer services with another
- 4 <u>municipality</u> or <u>municipalities</u> pursuant to the provisions of
- 5 P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.). The removal of a tenured
- 6 <u>municipal treasurer under this section shall not require the</u>
- 7 municipality to fulfill the requirements of N.J.S.40A:9-152.1.
  8 Instead, the municipality shall provide the municipal treasurer with
- 8 <u>Instead, the municipality shall provide the municipal treasurer with</u> 9 <u>a written copy of the shared service agreement or joint contract for</u>
- 10 a joint meeting entered into by the municipality, and a letter stating
- that the position of municipal treasurer in the municipality is being
- 12 eliminated as the result of the shared service agreement or joint
- 13 contract for a joint meeting.
- 14 (cf: N.J.S.40A:9-152)

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- 17. Section 7 of P.L.1991,c.258 (C.40A:9-154.6g) is amended to read as follows:
- 17 read as follows:
  18 7. a. Commencing January 1, 1997, the governing body or
- chief executive officer of each municipality, as appropriate, shall appoint a principal public works manager for that municipality.
- 21 The requirement that every municipality shall have a principal
- public works manager may be fulfilled by the sharing of a principal
- public works manager with another municipality or municipalities
- 24 under a shared service agreement or joint contract for a joint
- 25 meeting entered into pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63
- 26 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.).
  - b. No person shall be selected to perform the duties of a principal public works manager unless he holds a public works manager certificate issued pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1991, c.258 (C.40A:9-154.6c), which certificate has not been revoked or
- 30 (C.40A:9-154.6c), which certificate has not been revoked or 31 suspended in accordance with the provisions of subsection b. of
- 32 section 6 of P.L.1991, c.258 (C.40A:9-154.6f).
- c. When a vacancy occurs in a position in which the duties of
- 34 principal public works manager are performed, the governing body
- or chief executive officer, as appropriate, may select, for a period
- 36 not to exceed one year and commencing on the date of the vacancy,
- 37 a person who does not hold a certified public works manager
- certificate to perform on an interim basis, the duties of a principal public works manager. Any person so selected may be selected as
- public works manager. Any person so selected may be selected as principal public works manager for one additional year; provided,
- 41 however, that no person shall perform on an interim basis, the
- duties of a temporary principal public works manager for more than
- 43 two years in any municipality, and also provided that, in a
- 44 municipality operating under the provisions of Title 11A, the Civil
- 45 Service Act, no person so selected on an interim basis shall be
- 46 required to perform out-of-title work.

- d. Any municipality that conducts minimal or no public works activity may apply to the director for an exemption from this section. Such exemptions shall be valid for five years from the date of issuance, at which time the municipality must reapply for an exemption or select a person to perform the duties of a principal public works manager. Upon receipt of an application for exemption, the director shall have the public works advisory board review the application and make a recommendation to the director for approval or denial. If the director for good cause disagrees with the recommendation, he shall advise the public works advisory board of his decision and take any action he deems appropriate.
- e. If a governing body or mayor fails or refuses to comply with this section, and has received an order from the director to do so, the members of a governing body or mayor who willfully fail or refuse to comply shall each be subject to a personal penalty of \$25 for each day after the date fixed for final action that failure or refusal to comply continues. The amount for the penalty may be recovered by the director in the name of the State as a personal debt of the member of the governing body or mayor, and shall be paid, upon receipt, into the State Treasury.

(cf: P.L.1995, c.46, s.6)

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18. This act shall take effect immediately.

## STATEMENT

This bill, the "Common Sense Shared Services Act," revises current law to ensure that certain, statutorily-required municipal officials who earn tenure in their positions do not stand in the way of a shared service agreement, or joint contract for a joint meeting, for the provision of local services, to help control property taxes.

The bill would require that notwithstanding the statutory requirements that every municipality appoint a municipal clerk, chief financial officer, assessor, tax collector, public works manager, and municipal engineer, those requirements may be fulfilled by the sharing of those personnel with another municipality or municipalities under a shared service agreement or joint contract for a joint meeting entered into pursuant to the provisions of the "Uniform Shared Services and Consolidation Act," P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.).

The bill also provides that, notwithstanding the tenure in office that can be earned by a municipal clerk, chief financial officer, assessor, tax collector, public works manager, and municipal treasurer (a municipal engineer is not able to earn tenure under current law), these personnel may be removed from office to effectuate a shared service agreement or a joint contract for a joint

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meeting for the services of their positions. The bill requires that the definition of good cause, or just cause, as the case may be, for removal of one of these tenured local officials, shall include the elimination of the position in the municipality as the result of the municipality's entering into a shared service agreement or a joint contract for a joint meeting for the provision of municipal treasurer services with another municipality or municipalities pursuant to the provisions of the "Uniform Shared Services and Consolidation Act." The bill further requires that the removal of a tenured local official shall not require a municipality to fulfill the requirements of current law regarding the removal of a tenured official; instead, a municipality simply must provide the tenured local official with a written copy of the shared service agreement or joint contract for a joint meeting entered into by the municipality, together with a letter stating that the tenured official's position in the municipality is being eliminated as the result of the shared service agreement or joint contract for a joint meeting.

Finally, the bill authorizes municipalities to enter into shared service agreements or joint contracts for joint meetings for fire protection purposes (the fire departments must be paid fire departments, not volunteer or part-paid departments), and allows for the recognition and preservation of the seniority, pension rights and tenure of every full-time firefighter involved in the shared service or joint meeting.

The purpose of this bill is to remove any impediment to the sharing of the services of the afore-mentioned tenured local officials, and to authorize the sharing of firefighter personnel, either by a shared service agreement or by a joint contract for a joint meeting, in order to ensure that local property taxpayers can be provided with more efficient, and less-costly, local government services.

## SENATE COMMUNITY AND URBAN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

# STATEMENT TO

# SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE, No. 533

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: FEBRUARY 27, 2012

The Senate Community and Urban Affairs Committee reports favorably a Senate Committee Substitute for Senate, No. 533.

This bill, the "Common Sense Shared Services Act," revises current law to ensure that certain, statutorily-required municipal officials who earn tenure in their positions do not stand in the way of a shared service agreement for the provision of local services, to help control property taxes.

The bill would require that notwithstanding the statutory requirements that every municipality appoint a municipal clerk, chief financial officer, assessor, tax collector, principal public works manager, and municipal engineer, those requirements may be fulfilled by the sharing of those personnel with another municipality or municipalities under a shared service agreement entered into pursuant to the provisions of the "Uniform Shared Services and Consolidation Act," P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.).

The bill also provides that, notwithstanding the tenure in office that can be earned by a municipal clerk, chief financial officer, assessor, tax collector, superintendent of public works, and municipal treasurer, these personnel may be removed from office to effectuate a shared service agreement for the services of their positions. The bill requires that such a tenured local official may be dismissed to effectuate the sharing of a service entered into pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.) and such dismissal shall be deemed to be in the interest of the economy or efficiency of the participants in the shared service agreement. The removal of such a tenured local official would not require a municipality to fulfill any statutory requirements concerning the removal of such a tenured official. Instead, the municipality shall provide the tenured local official with a written copy of the shared service agreement entered into by the municipality, and a letter stating that the position of the tenured local official in the municipality is being eliminated for reasons of economy or efficiency as the result of the shared service agreement.

Under the bill, the duration of any shared service agreement under which a tenured municipal clerk, chief financial officer, assessor, tax collector, municipal treasurer, or superintendent of public works has been dismissed in order to effectuate a shared service agreement under P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.) cannot be less than one year. The bill also provides that such a tenured official must be reappointed to his or her former position, and shall regain his or her tenured status, if the shared service agreement is cancelled, or expires, within the two-year period immediately following the dismissal of that person.

The purpose of this bill is to remove any impediment to the sharing of the services of the afore-mentioned local officials in order to ensure that local property taxpayers can be provided with more efficient, and less-costly, local government services.

## STATEMENT TO

# SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE, No. 533

with Senate Floor Amendments (Proposed by Senator NORCROSS)

ADOPTED: JUNE 25, 2012

These proposed floor amendments would revise provisions of the "Uniform Shared Services and Consolidation Act," sections 1 through 35 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 through C.40A:65-35) to require that:

- an estimate of the cost savings anticipated to be achieved by the local units that are the parties to a shared services agreement must be filed with the copy of the agreement required to be sent to the Division of Local Government Services for its information when a shared services agreement is entered into under the "Uniform Shared Services and Consolidation Act."
- in a shared service agreement for the services of a municipal clerk, a chief financial officer, an assessor, a tax collector, a municipal treasurer, or a municipal superintendent of public works, the agent-party (defined in the law as a party that performs a service under a shared service agreement) must select for employment under the agreement one of the employees of the local units that are party to the agreement who was employed in that same capacity prior to the approval of the agreement;
- at least two weeks before the adoption of the resolution authorizing a shared services agreement, a local governing body must provide a copy of the agreement to all affected employees of the local units that are party to the agreement, and a copy of the agreement must be open to public inspection at the offices of the local unit; and
- a public hearing must be held on the agreement, so that all persons having an interest in the agreement have an opportunity to present comments or objections concerning the content of the agreement, or the effect of the agreement. The amendments requires that during the public hearing, the local unit must provide an overview of the terms of the agreement and an estimate of the cost savings anticipated to be achieved by the local units that are the parties to the agreement.

# LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE

[First Reprint]

## SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE, No. 533

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY 215th LEGISLATURE

DATED: AUGUST 3, 2012

### **SUMMARY**

**Synopsis:** The "Common Sense Shared Services Act"; concerns shared service

agreements for certain local service personnel under "Uniform Shared

Services and Consolidation Act."

**Type of Impact:** Indeterminate impact on municipal expenditures.

**Agencies Affected:** Municipalities

#### Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	Year 1	<u>Year 2</u>	Year 3
Local Cost	Indeterminate Impact – See comments below		

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) has determined that the enactment of the First Reprint to the Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 533 would have an indeterminate impact on municipal finances.
- The implementation of a shared services agreement or joint meeting could, over the long-term, result in a reduction in costs incurred by those entities to provide for functions currently executed by tenured local officials affected by this legislation.
- The bill may reduce certain financial and procedural obstacles to the voluntary implementation of these types of service delivery initiatives by exempting municipalities from current statutory requirements regarding the removal of tenured local officials.
- Municipalities that enter into shared services agreements and joint meetings may incur significant up-front costs in the form of terminal leave payments and compensation for unused leave.



### **BILL DESCRIPTION**

The First Reprint to the Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 533 of 2012, the "Common Sense Shared Services Act," revises current law to ensure that certain statutorily-required municipal officials who earn tenure in their positions do not stand in the way of a shared service agreement for the provision of local services, intended to help control property taxes. This bill requires that notwithstanding the statutory requirements that every municipality appoint a municipal clerk, chief financial officer, assessor, tax collector, principal public works manager, and municipal engineer, those requirements may be fulfilled by the sharing of those personnel with another municipality or municipalities under a shared service agreement entered into pursuant to the provisions of the "Uniform Shared Services and Consolidation Act," P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.).

This legislation also provides, that notwithstanding the tenure in office that can be earned by a municipal clerk, chief financial officer, assessor, tax collector, superintendent of public works, and municipal treasurer, those personnel may be removed from office to effectuate a shared services agreement for the services of their positions. The bill requires that such a tenured official may be dismissed to effectuate the sharing of a service pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.) and such dismissal shall be deemed to be in the interest of the economy or efficiency of the participants in the shared service agreement. The removal of such a tenured local official would not require a municipality to fulfill any statutory requirements concerning the removal of such a tenured official under other circumstances. Instead, the municipality would provide the tenured local official with a written copy of the shared service agreement entered into by the municipality, and a letter stating that the position of the tenured local official in the municipality is being eliminated for reasons of economy or efficiency as the result of the shared service agreement.

As amended, the bill requires that an estimate of the cost savings anticipated to be achieved by the local units that are parties to the shared services agreement must be filed with the copy of the agreement required to be sent to the Division of Local Government Services. All employees of the local units that are affected by the agreement must be provided with a copy of the agreement at least two weeks before the adoption of a resolution authorizing the shared service. A copy of the agreement must also be available for public inspection at the offices of the local unit. A public hearing must be held on the agreement, prior to its adoption, and the local unit must provide an overview of its terms and an estimate of the anticipated cost savings at that time.

Under the bill, the duration of any shared service agreement under which a tenured municipal clerk, chief financial officer, assessor, tax collector, municipal treasurer, or superintendent of public works has been dismissed in order to effectuate a shared services agreement under P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.) cannot be less than one year. The service provider must select for employment under the agreement an employee of one of the local units party to the agreement who was employed in the same capacity prior to its approval. The bill also provides that such a tenured official must be reappointed to his or her former position, and shall regain his or her tenured status, if the shared service agreement is cancelled or expires, within the two-year period immediately following the dismissal of that person.

#### FISCAL ANALYSIS

#### EXECUTIVE BRANCH

None received.

#### OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The OLS has determined that the enactment of the First Reprint to the Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 533 would have an indeterminate impact on local expenditures. The consolidation of two or more offices currently held by a tenured municipal official, or the implementation of a joint meeting or shared services agreement to provide for the functions and services currently executed by those officials, could result in a reduction in costs incurred by those entities. The OLS cannot determine the total amount of savings that would result from the implementation of the bill because that amount would be affected by the details of each consolidation, joint meeting, and shared service agreement. Local units that enter into a joint meeting or shared service agreement may experience reductions in costs associated with equipment, maintenance, and personnel. There are a number of factors that affect the amount of cost savings that would result from consolidation and the sharing of services, such as the size of the entities to be consolidated and type of service to be shared. To the extent the bill exempts municipalities that enter into an agreement for the sharing of services provided by tenured local officials from any statutory requirements concerning the removal of that official, the bill may reduce certain financial and procedural obstacles to the voluntary implementation of these types of service delivery initiatives.

Any municipality that consolidates or enters into a shared services agreement or joint meeting may incur significant up-front costs that would be greater than any savings in the initial period following its implementation. For example, a municipality is required to issue terminal leave payments to employees terminated for reasons of economy or efficiency. Current law requires the local unit that is providing the service under a joint meeting or shared services agreement to provide each employee who is terminated for reasons of economy or efficiency with a payment of one month of their regular base salary at the time of termination for each five-year period of past service with the local unit. Also, a tenured local official removed in order to effectuate a shared services agreement must also be paid compensation for any unused leave, such as sick time and vacation time, in accordance with any contractual provisions, municipal ordinances, and State laws in effect at the time their employment is terminated.

Section: Local Government

Analyst: Scott Brodsky

Senior Fiscal Analyst

Approved: David J. Rosen

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).

## ASSEMBLY BUDGET COMMITTEE

### STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint]

# SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE SENATE, No. 533

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 20, 2013

The Assembly Budget Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 533(SCS/1R).

The bill is entitled the "Common Sense Shared Services Act." The bill modifies current law to ensure that certain statutorily-required tenure-earning municipal officials do not impede the use of shared service agreements for local services as a means of controlling property taxes.

The bill directs that at least two weeks before the adoption of a resolution authorizing a shared services agreement, a local governing body must provide a copy of the agreement to all affected employees of the local units that are party to the agreement, and a copy of the agreement must be open to public inspection at the offices of the local unit. The bill further directs that a public hearing must be held on the agreement, so that all persons having an interest in the agreement have an opportunity to present comments or objections concerning the content of the agreement, or the effect of the agreement. The bill requires that during the public hearing, the local unit must provide an overview of the terms of the agreement and an estimate of the cost savings anticipated to be achieved by the local units entering the agreement.

The bill requires that notwithstanding the statutory requirements that every municipality appoint a municipal clerk, chief financial officer, assessor, tax collector, principal public works manager, and municipal engineer, those requirements may be fulfilled by the sharing of those personnel with another municipality under a shared service agreement entered into pursuant to the provisions of the "Uniform Shared Services and Consolidation Act," P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.).

The bill also provides that, notwithstanding the tenure in office that can be earned by a municipal clerk, chief financial officer, assessor, tax collector, superintendent of public works, and municipal treasurer, these personnel may be removed from office to effectuate a shared service agreement for the services of their positions. The bill requires that such a tenured local official may be dismissed to effectuate the sharing of a service entered into pursuant to the "Uniform Shared Services and Consolidation Act" and such dismissal shall be deemed to be in the interest of the economy or efficiency of the participants in the shared service agreement. The removal of such a tenured local official would not require a municipality to fulfill any statutory requirements concerning the removal of such a tenured official. Instead, the municipality shall provide the tenured local official with a written copy of the shared service agreement entered into by the municipality, and a letter stating that the position of the tenured local official in the municipality is being eliminated for reasons of economy or efficiency as the result of the shared service agreement.

Under the bill, the duration of any shared service agreement under which a tenured municipal clerk, chief financial officer, assessor, tax collector, municipal treasurer, or superintendent of public works has been dismissed in order to effectuate a shared service agreement under the "Uniform Shared Services and Consolidation Act" cannot be less than one year. The bill also provides that such a tenured official must be reappointed to his or her former position, and shall regain his or her tenured status, if the shared service agreement is cancelled, or expires, within the two-year period immediately following the dismissal of that person.

The bill specifies that in a shared service agreement for the services of a municipal clerk, a chief financial officer, an assessor, a tax collector, a municipal treasurer, or a municipal superintendent of public works, the agent-party must select for employment under the agreement one of the employees of the local units entering the agreement who was employed in that same capacity prior to the approval of the agreement.

The bill also requires an estimate of the cost savings, anticipated to be achieved by the local units that are entering the shared services agreement, to be filed with a copy of the agreement with the Division of Local Government Services.

As reported by the committee, Senate Bill No. 533(SCS/1R) is identical to Assembly Bill No. 1401 as substituted and reported by the committee.

### **FISCAL IMPACT**:

The bill is likely to have an indeterminate impact on municipal finances. The implementation of a shared services agreement or joint meeting could, over the long-term, result in a reduction in costs incurred by those entities to provide for functions currently executed by tenured local officials affected by this legislation. Local units that enter into a joint meeting or shared service agreement may experience reductions in costs associated with equipment, maintenance, and personnel. There are a number of factors that affect that amount of

cost savings that would result from consolidation and the sharing of services, such as the size of the entities to be consolidated and the type of service to be shared. The bill may also reduce certain financial procedural obstacles to the voluntary implementation of these types of service delivery initiatives by exempting municipalities from current statutory requirements regarding the removal of tenured local officials. Finally, municipalities that enter into shared services agreements and joint meetings may incur significant up-front costs in the form of terminal leave payments and compensation for unused leave.

# STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint]

# SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE, No. 533

with Assembly Floor Amendments (Proposed by Assemblyman WILSON)

ADOPTED: JUNE 27, 2013

These floor amendments convert the bill into a pilot program to take place in Camden, Morris, Ocean, Sussex and Warren counties.

# LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE

[Second Reprint]

# SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE, No. 533

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY 215th LEGISLATURE

**DATED: JULY 17, 2013** 

### **SUMMARY**

**Synopsis:** The "Common Sense Shared Services Pilot Program Act"; concerns

shared service agreements and joint contracts, in certain municipalities, for certain tenured local employees under "Uniform

Shared Services and Consolidation Act."

Type of Impact: Indeterminate impact on municipal expenditures incurred by pilot

municipalities in pilot counties.

**Agencies Affected:** Pilot municipalities.

### Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
Local Cost	Indeterminate Impact – See comments below		

- The Office of Legislative Services has determined that the enactment of the Second Reprint to the Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 533 would have an indeterminate impact on the finances of pilot municipalities.
- The implementation of a shared services agreement or joint meeting could, over the longterm, result in a reduction in costs incurred by pilot municipalities to provide for functions currently executed by tenured officials affected by this legislation.
- The bill may reduce certain financial and procedural obstacles to the voluntary implementation of these types of service delivery initiatives by exempting municipalities from current statutory requirements regarding the removal of tenured local officials.
- Municipalities that enter into shared services agreements and joint meetings may incur significant up-front costs in the form of terminal leave payments and compensation for unused leave.



### **BILL DESCRIPTION**

The Second Reprint to the Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 533 of 2012, the "Common Sense Shared Services Pilot Program Act," revises current law to establish a pilot program that allows municipalities in five "pilot counties" (Camden, Morris, Ocean, Sussex, and Warren) to enter into agreements that allow for the sharing of services provided by certain statutorily-required municipal officials (municipal clerk, chief financial officers, assessors, tax collector, principal public works manager, and superintendent of public works). The sharing of these personnel would be accomplished under a shared services agreement entered into pursuant to the provisions of the "Uniform Shared Services and Consolidation Act," P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 et seq.). The amended committee substitute defines a "pilot municipality" as a municipality located in a pilot county that enters into a shared services agreement pursuant to the "Uniform Shared Services and Consolidation Act," for the services of a local employee.

This legislation also provides, that notwithstanding the tenure in office that can be earned by a municipal clerk, chief financial officer, assessor, tax collector, superintendent of public works, and municipal treasurer in a pilot municipality, those personnel may be removed from office to effectuate a shared services agreement for the services of their positions. The amended committee substitute requires that a tenured official may be dismissed to effectuate the sharing of a service pursuant to the provisions of the "Uniform Shared Services and Consolidation Act," and such dismissal shall be deemed to be in the interest of the economy or efficiency of the participants in the shared services agreement. The removal of the tenured official would not require a pilot municipality to fulfill any statutory requirements concerning the removal of that tenured official under other circumstances. Instead, the pilot municipality would provide the tenured official with a written copy of the shared services agreement and a letter stating that the position of the tenured official in the pilot municipality is being eliminated for reasons of economy or efficiency as the result of the shared services agreement.

As amended, the committee substitute requires that an estimate of the cost savings anticipated to be achieved by the local units that are parties to the shared services agreement must be filed with the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs. All employees of pilot municipalities affected by the agreement must be provided with a copy of the agreement at least two weeks before the adoption of a resolution authorizing the shared service. A copy of the agreement must also be available for public inspection at the office of the pilot municipality. A public hearing must be held on the agreement, and the pilot municipality must provide an overview of its terms and an estimate of the anticipated savings at that time.

Under the amended committee substitute, the duration of any shared services agreement under which a tenured municipal clerk, chief financial officer, assessor, tax collector, principal public works manager, and superintendent of public works has been dismissed in order to effectuate a shared services agreement under the "Uniform Shared Services and Consolidation Act," cannot be less than two years. The service provider must select, for employment under the agreement, an employee of one of the pilot municipalities party to the agreement who was employed in the same capacity prior to the approval of the agreement. The amended committee substitute also provides that such a tenured official must be reappointed to his or her former position, and shall remain in his or her tenured status, if the shared services agreement is cancelled or expires within the two-year period immediately following the dismissal of that person.

#### FISCAL ANALYSIS

#### **EXECUTIVE BRANCH**

None received.

#### OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The Office of Legislative Services has determined that the enactment of the Second Reprint to the Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 533 would have an indeterminate impact on expenditures incurred by pilot municipalities. The consolidation of two or more offices currently held by a tenured municipal official, or the implementation of a joint meeting or shared services agreement to provide for the functions and services currently executed by those officials, could result in a reduction in costs incurred by those entities. The OLS cannot determine the total amount of savings that would result from the implementation of the amended committee substitute because that amount would be affected by the details of each consolidation, joint meeting, and shared services agreement. Pilot municipalities that enter into a joint meeting or shared services agreement may experience reductions in costs associated with equipment, maintenance, and personnel. There are a number of factors that affect the amount of cost savings that would result from consolidation and the sharing of services, such as the size of the entities to be consolidated and type of service to be shared. To the extent the amended committee substitute exempts pilot municipalities that enter into an agreement for the sharing of services provided by tenured local officials from any statutory requirements concerning the removal of that official, the amended committee substitute may reduce certain financial and procedural obstacles to the voluntary implementation of these types of service delivery initiatives.

Any pilot municipality that consolidates or enters into a shared services agreement or joint meeting may incur significant up-front costs that would be greater than any savings in the initial period following its implementation. For example, all municipalities are required to issue terminal leave payments to employees terminated for reasons of economy or efficiency. Current law requires the local unit that is providing the service under a joint meeting or shared services agreement to provide each employee who is terminated for reasons of economy or efficiency with a payment of one month of their regular base salary at the time of termination for each five-year period of past service with the local unit. Also, a tenured local official removed in order to effectuate a shared services agreement must also be paid compensation for any unused leave, such as sick time and vacation time, in accordance with any contractual provisions, municipal ordinances, and State laws in effect at the time their employment is terminated.

Section: Local Government

Analyst: Scott A. Brodsky

Senior Fiscal Analyst

Approved: David J. Rosen

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).