43:21-7

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF: 2013 **CHAPTER**: 75

NJSA: 43:21-7 (Eliminates 10% surcharge on employer UI taxes during fiscal year 2014)

BILL NO: S2404 (Substituted for A4112)

SPONSOR(S) Madden and others

DATE INTRODUCED: December 20, 2012

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Appropriations

SENATE: Labor

Budget and Appropriations

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: No

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: June 20, 2013

SENATE: February 7, 2013

DATE OF APPROVAL: June 28, 2013

FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (Introduced version of bill enacted)

S2404

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 26 of introduced bill)

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes

SENATE: Yes Labor

Budget and Approp.

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: Yes

A4112/3675

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT A4112: (Begins on page 26 of introduced bill) Yes

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT A3675: (Begins on page 26 of introduced bill) Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes Labor

Appropriations

SENATE: No

(continued)

	FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT:	No
	LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE:	Yes
	VETO MESSAGE:	No
	GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING:	No
FOLLO	OWING WERE PRINTED:	
	To check for circulating copies, contact New Jersey State Government Publications at the State Library (609) 278-2640 ext.103 or mailto:refdesk@njstateli	b.org
	REPORTS:	No
	HEARINGS:	No
	NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:	No

LAW/KR

P.L.2013, CHAPTER 75, *approved June 28*, *2013* Senate, No. 2404

AN ACT concerning unemployment compensation contributions paid by certain employers and amending R.S.43:21-7.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. R.S.43:21-7 is amended to read as follows:
- Contributions.
- Contributions. Employers other than governmental 43:21-7. entities, whose benefit financing provisions are set forth in section 4 of P.L.1971, c.346 (C.43:21-7.3), and those nonprofit organizations liable for payment in lieu of contributions on the basis set forth in section 3 of P.L.1971, c.346 (C.43:21-7.2), shall pay to the controller for the unemployment compensation fund, contributions as set forth in subsections (a), (b) and (c) hereof, and the provisions of subsections (d) and (e) shall be applicable to all employers, consistent with the provisions of the "unemployment compensation law" and the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.).
 - (a) Payment.
 - (1) Contributions shall accrue and become payable by each employer for each calendar year in which he is subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), with respect to having individuals in his employ during that calendar year, at the rates and on the basis hereinafter set forth. Such contributions shall become due and be paid by each employer to the controller for the fund, in accordance with such regulations as may be prescribed, and shall not be deducted, in whole or in part, from the remuneration of individuals in his employ.
 - (2) In the payment of any contributions, a fractional part of a cent shall be disregarded unless it amounts to \$0.005 or more, in which case it shall be increased to \$0.01.
 - (b) Rate of contributions. Each employer shall pay the following contributions:
 - (1) For the calendar year 1947, and each calendar year thereafter, 2 7/10% of wages paid by him during each such calendar year, except as otherwise prescribed by subsection (c) of this section.
 - (2) The "wages" of any individual, with respect to any one employer, as the term is used in this subsection (b) and in subsections (c), (d) and (e) of this section 7, shall include the first \$4,800.00 paid during calendar year 1975, for services performed

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

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either within or without this State; provided that no contribution shall be required by this State with respect to services performed in another state if such other state imposes contribution liability with respect thereto. If an employer (hereinafter referred to as a successor employer) during any calendar year acquires substantially all the property used in a trade or business of another employer (hereinafter referred to as a predecessor), or used in a separate unit of a trade or business of a predecessor, and immediately after the acquisition employs in his trade or business an individual who immediately prior to the acquisition was employed in the trade or business of such predecessors, then, for the purpose of determining whether the successor employer has paid wages with respect to employment equal to the first \$4,800.00 paid during calendar year 1975, any wages paid to such individual by such predecessor during such calendar year and prior to such acquisition shall be considered as having been paid by such successor employer.

- (3) For calendar years beginning on and after January 1, 1976, the "wages" of any individual, as defined in the preceding paragraph (2) of this subsection (b), shall be established and promulgated by the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development on or before September 1 of the preceding year and shall be, 28 times the Statewide average weekly remuneration paid to workers by employers, as determined under R.S.43:21-3(c), raised to the next higher multiple of \$100.00 if not already a multiple thereof, provided that if the amount of wages so determined for a calendar year is less than the amount similarly determined for the preceding year, the greater amount will be used; provided, further, that if the amount of such wages so determined does not equal or exceed the amount of wages as defined in subsection (b) of section 3306 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. s.3306(b)), the wages as determined in this paragraph in any calendar year shall be raised to equal the amount established under the "Federal Unemployment Tax Act," chapter 23 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. s.3301 et seq.), for that calendar year.
 - (c) Future rates based on benefit experience.
- (1) A separate account for each employer shall be maintained and this shall be credited with all the contributions which he has paid on his own behalf on or before January 31 of any calendar year with respect to employment occurring in the preceding calendar year; provided, however, that if January 31 of any calendar year falls on a Saturday or Sunday, an employer's account shall be credited as of January 31 of such calendar year with all the contributions which he has paid on or before the next succeeding day which is not a Saturday or Sunday. But nothing in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) shall be construed to grant any employer or individuals in his service prior claims or rights to the amounts paid by him into the fund either on his own behalf or on behalf of such

individuals. Benefits paid with respect to benefit years commencing on and after January 1, 1953, to any individual on or before December 31 of any calendar year with respect to unemployment in such calendar year and in preceding calendar years shall be charged against the account or accounts of the employer or employers in whose employment such individual established base weeks constituting the basis of such benefits, except that, with respect to benefit years commencing after January 4, 1998, an employer's account shall not be charged for benefits paid to a claimant if the claimant's employment by that employer was ended in any way which, pursuant to subsection (a), (b), (c), (f), (g) or (h) of R.S.43:21-5, would have disqualified the claimant for benefits if the claimant had applied for benefits at the time when that employment ended. Benefits paid under a given benefit determination shall be charged against the account of the employer to whom such determination relates. When each benefit payment is made, notification shall be promptly provided to each employer included in the unemployment insurance monetary calculation of benefits. Such notification shall identify the employer against whose account the amount of such payment is being charged, shall show at least the name and social security account number of the claimant and shall specify the period of unemployment to which said benefit payment applies.

An annual summary statement of unemployment benefits charged to the employer's account shall be provided.

- (2) Regulations may be prescribed for the establishment, maintenance, and dissolution of joint accounts by two or more employers, and shall, in accordance with such regulations and upon application by two or more employers to establish such an account, or to merge their several individual accounts in a joint account, maintain such joint account as if it constituted a single employer's account.
- (3) No employer's rate shall be lower than 5.4% unless assignment of such lower rate is consistent with the conditions applicable to additional credit allowance for such year under section 3303(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. s.3303(a)(1)), any other provision of this section to the contrary notwithstanding.
- (4) Employer Reserve Ratio. (A) Each employer's rate shall be 2 8/10%, except as otherwise provided in the following provisions. No employer's rate for the 12 months commencing July 1 of any calendar year shall be other than 2 8/10%, unless as of the preceding January 31 such employer shall have paid contributions with respect to wages paid in each of the three calendar years immediately preceding such year, in which case such employer's rate for the 12 months commencing July 1 of any calendar year shall be determined on the basis of his record up to the beginning of such calendar year, the

total of all his contributions, paid on his own behalf, for all past years exceeds the total benefits charged to his account for all such years, his contribution rate shall be:

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- (1) 2 5/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 4%, but less than 5%, of his average annual payroll (as defined in paragraph (2), subsection (a) of R.S.43:21-19);
- (2) 2 2/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 5%, but is less than 6%, of his average annual payroll;
- 9 (3) 1 9/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 6%, but is less than 7%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (4) 1 6/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 7%, but is less than 8%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (5) 1 3/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 8%, but is less than 9%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (6) 1%, if such excess equals or exceeds 9%, but is less than 10%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (7) 7/10 of 1%, if such excess equals or exceeds 10%, but is less than 11%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (8) 4/10 of 1%, if such excess equals or exceeds 11% of his average annual payroll.
 - (B) If the total of an employer's contributions, paid on his own behalf, for all past periods for the purposes of this paragraph (4), is less than the total benefits charged against his account during the same period, his rate shall be:
- 25 (1) 4%, if such excess is less than 10% of his average annual payroll;
 - (2) 4 3/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 10%, but is less than 20%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (3) 4 6/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 20% of his average annual payroll.
 - (C) Specially assigned rates.
 - (i) If no contributions were paid on wages for employment in any calendar year used in determining the average annual payroll of an employer eligible for an assigned rate under this paragraph (4), the employer's rate shall be specially assigned as follows:
 - if the reserve balance in its account is positive, its assigned rate shall be the highest rate in effect for positive balance accounts for that period, or 5.4%, whichever is higher, and
 - if the reserve balance in its account is negative, its assigned rate shall be the highest rate in effect for deficit accounts for that period.
 - (ii) If, following the purchase of a corporation with little or no activity, known as a corporate shell, the resulting employing unit operates a new or different business activity, the employing unit shall be assigned a new employer rate.
- 45 (iii) Entities operating under common ownership, management or 46 control, when the operation of the entities is not identifiable, 47 distinguishable and severable, shall be considered a single employer 48 for the purposes of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.).

(D) The contribution rates prescribed by subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph (4) shall be increased or decreased in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (5) of this subsection (c) for experience rating periods through June 30, 1986.

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(5) (A) Unemployment Trust Fund Reserve Ratio. If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance in the unemployment trust fund equals or exceeds 4% but is less than 7% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by 3/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraph (3) or (4) of this subsection. If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance of the unemployment trust fund exceeds 2 1/2% but is less than 4% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by 6/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraph (3) or (4) of this subsection.

If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance of the unemployment trust fund is less than 2 1/2% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer: (1) eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by (i) 6/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraph (3), (4)(A) or (4)(B) of this subsection, and (ii) an additional amount equal to 20% of the total rate established herein, provided, however, that the final contribution rate for each employer shall be computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof; (2) not eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by 6/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraph (4) of this subsection. For the period commencing July 1, 1984 and ending June 30, 1986, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions under R.S.43:21-7 shall be increased by a factor of 10% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof.

(B) If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance in the unemployment trust fund equals or exceeds 10% but is less than 12 1/2% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit

experience, shall be reduced by 3/10 of 1% under the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraphs (3) and (4) of this subsection; provided that in no event shall the contribution rate of any employer be reduced to less than 4/10 of 1%. If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance in the unemployment trust fund equals or exceeds 12 1/2% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be reduced by 6/10 of 1% if his account for all past periods reflects an excess of contributions paid over total benefits charged of 3% or more of his average annual payroll, otherwise by 3/10 of 1% under the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraphs (3) and (4) of this subsection; provided that in no event shall the contribution rate of any employer be reduced to less than 4/10 of 1%.

- (C) The "balance" in the unemployment trust fund, as the term is used in subparagraphs (A) and (B) above, shall not include moneys credited to the State's account under section 903 of the Social Security Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. s.1103), during any period in which such moneys are appropriated for the payment of expenses incurred in the administration of the "unemployment compensation law."
- (D) Prior to July 1 of each calendar year the controller shall determine the Unemployment Trust Fund Reserve Ratio, which shall be calculated by dividing the balance of the unemployment trust fund as of the prior March 31 by total taxable wages reported to the controller by all employers as of March 31 with respect to their employment during the last calendar year.
 - (E) (i) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1997, c.263).
- (ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2001, c.152).

- (iii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2003, c.107).
- (iv) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2004, c.45).
- (v) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2008, c.17).
 - (vi) [With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2004, and before July 1, 2011, the new employer rate or the unemployment experience rate of an employer under this section shall be the rate which appears in the column headed by the Unemployment Trust Fund Reserve Ratio as of the applicable calculation date and on the line with the Employer Reserve Ratio, as defined in paragraph (4) of this subsection (R.S.43:21-7 (c)(4)), as set forth in the following table:

EXPERIENCE RATING TAX TABLE

45	Fu	ind Reser	ve Rati	o ¹		
46		1.40%	1.00%	0.75%	0.50%	0.49%
47	Employer	and	to	to	to	and
48	Reserve	Over	1.39%	0.99%	0.74%	Under

1	Ratio ²	A	В	C	D	Е
2	Positive Reserve Ratio:					
3	17% and over	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	1.2
4	16.00% to 16.99%	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	1.2
5	15.00% to 15.99%	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.7	1.2
6	14.00% to 14.99%	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.2
7	13.00% to 13.99%	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.2
8	12.00% to 12.99%	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2
9	11.00% to 11.99%	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2
10	10.00% to 10.99%	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.6
11	9.00% to 9.99%	1.0	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.9
12	8.00% to 8.99%	1.3	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.3
13	7.00% to 7.99%	1.4	1.8	2.2	2.4	2.6
14	6.00% to 6.99%	1.7	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.0
15	5.00% to 5.99%	1.9	2.4	2.8	3.1	3.4
16	4.00% to 4.99%	2.0	2.6	3.1	3.4	3.7
17	3.00% to 3.99%	2.1	2.7	3.2	3.6	3.9
18	2.00% to 2.99%	2.2	2.8	3.3	3.7	4.0
19	1.00% to 1.99%	2.3	2.9	3.4	3.8	4.1
20	0.00% to 0.99%	2.4	3.0	3.6	4.0	4.3
21	Deficit Reserve Ratio:					
22	-0.00% to -2.99%	3.4	4.3	5.1	5.6	6.1
23	-3.00% to -5.99%	3.4	4.3	5.1	5.7	6.2
24	-6.00% to -8.99%	3.5	4.4	5.2	5.8	6.3
25	-9.00% to-11.99%	3.5	4.5	5.3	5.9	6.4
26	-12.00% to-14.99%	3.6	4.6	5.4	6.0	6.5
27	-15.00% to-19.99%	3.6	4.6	5.5	6.1	6.6
28	-20.00% to-24.99%	3.7	4.7	5.6	6.2	6.7
29	-25.00% to-29.99%	3.7	4.8	5.6	6.3	6.8
30	-30.00% to-34.99%	3.8	4.8	5.7	6.3	6.9
31	-35.00% and under	5.4	5.4	5.8	6.4	7.0
32	New Employer Rate	2.8	2.8	2.8	3.1	3.4

¹Fund balance as of March 31 as a percentage of taxable wages in the prior calendar year.

²Employer Reserve Ratio (Contributions minus benefits as a percentage of employer's taxable wages) [1 (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

(vii) With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2011, the new employer rate or the unemployment experience rate of an employer under this section shall be the rate which appears in the column headed by the Unemployment Trust Fund Reserve Ratio as of the applicable calculation date and on the line with the Employer Reserve Ratio, as defined in paragraph (4) of this subsection (R.S.43:21-7 (c)(4)), as set forth in the following table:

1	EXPERIENCE RATING TAX TABLE								
2	Fund Reserve Ratio ¹								
3		3.50%	3.00%	2.5%	2.0%	1.99%			
4	Employer	and	to	to	to	and			
5	Reserve	Over	3.49%	2.99%	2.49%	Under			
6	Ratio ²	A	В	C	D	E			
7	Positive Reserve Ratio:								
8	17% and over	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	1.2			
9	16.00% to 16.99%	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	1.2			
10	15.00% to 15.99%	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.7	1.2			
11	14.00% to 14.99%	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.2			
12	13.00% to 13.99%	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.2			
13	12.00% to 12.99%	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2			
14	11.00% to 11.99%	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2			
15	10.00% to 10.99%	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.6			
16	9.00% to 9.99%	1.0	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.9			
17	8.00% to 8.99%	1.3	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.3			
18	7.00% to 7.99%	1.4	1.8	2.2	2.4	2.6			
19	6.00% to 6.99%	1.7	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.0			
20	5.00% to 5.99%	1.9	2.4	2.8	3.1	3.4			
21	4.00% to 4.99%	2.0	2.6	3.1	3.4	3.7			
22	3.00% to 3.99%	2.1	2.7	3.2	3.6	3.9			
23	2.00% to 2.99%	2.2	2.8	3.3	3.7	4.0			
24	1.00% to 1.99%	2.3	2.9	3.4	3.8	4.1			
25	0.00% to 0.99%	2.4	3.0	3.6	4.0	4.3			
26	Deficit Reserve Ratio:								
27	-0.00% to -2.99%	3.4	4.3	5.1	5.6	6.1			
28	-3.00% to -5.99%	3.4	4.3	5.1	5.7	6.2			
29	-6.00% to -8.99%	3.5	4.4	5.2	5.8	6.3			
30	-9.00% to-11.99%	3.5	4.5	5.3	5.9	6.4			
31	-12.00% to-14.99%	3.6	4.6	5.4	6.0	6.5			
32	-15.00% to-19.99%	3.6	4.6	5.5	6.1	6.6			
33	-20.00% to-24.99%	3.7	4.7	5.6	6.2	6.7			
34	-25.00% to-29.99%	3.7	4.8	5.6	6.3	6.8			
35	-30.00% to-34.99%	3.8	4.8	5.7	6.3	6.9			
36	-35.00% and under	5.4	5.4	5.8	6.4	7.0			
37	New Employer Rate	2.8	2.8	2.8	3.1	3.4			
38	¹ Fund balance as of Mar	ch 31 a	ıs a per	centage	e of tax	able wa			

¹Fund balance as of March 31 as a percentage of taxable wages in the prior calendar year.

- (F) (i) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1997, c.263).
- (ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2008, c.17).

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44 (iii) [With respect to experience rating years beginning on or 45 after July 1, 2004 and before July 1, 2011, if the fund reserve ratio, 46 based on the fund balance as of the prior March 31, is less than 47 0.50%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay 48 contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this

²Employer Reserve Ratio (Contributions minus benefits as a percentage of employer's taxable wages).

paragraph (5), shall be increased by a factor of 10% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof **1** (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

- (iv) With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2011 and before July 1, 2013, if the fund reserve ratio, based on the fund balance as of the prior March 31, is less than 1.0%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be increased by a factor of 10% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof.
- (v) With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2014, if the fund reserve ratio, based on the fund balance as of the prior March 31, is less than 1.0%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be increased by a factor of 10% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof.
- (G) On or after January 1, 1993, notwithstanding any other provisions of this paragraph (5), the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be decreased by 0.1%, except that, during any experience rating year starting before January 1, 1998 in which the fund reserve ratio is equal to or greater than 7.00% or during any experience rating year starting on or after January 1, 1998, in which the fund reserve ratio is equal to or greater than 3.5%, there shall be no decrease pursuant to this subparagraph (G) in the contribution of any employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.00% or under.
- (H) On and after January 1, 1998 until December 31, 2000 and on or after January 1, 2002 until June 30, 2006, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be decreased by a factor, as set out below, computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10%, except that, if an employer has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under, the employer's rate of contribution shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) to less than 5.4%:
- From January 1, 1998 until December 31, 1998, a factor of 12%;
- From January 1, 1999 until December 31, 1999, a factor of 10%;
- 40 From January 1, 2000 until December 31, 2000, a factor of 7%;
- 41 From January 1, 2002 until March 31, 2002, a factor of 36%;
- 42 From April 1, 2002 until June 30, 2002, a factor of 85%;
- 43 From July 1, 2002 until June 30, 2003, a factor of 15%;
- 44 From July 1, 2003 until June 30, 2004, a factor of 15%;
- 45 From July 1, 2004 until June 30, 2005, a factor of 7%;
- 46 From July 1, 2005 until December 31, 2005, a factor of 16%; and
- 47 From January 1, 2006 until June 30, 2006, a factor of 34%.

The amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by this subparagraph (H) shall be in addition to the amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by subparagraph (G) of this paragraph (5), except that the rate of contribution of an employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) to less than 5.4% and the rate of contribution of any other employer shall not be reduced to less than 0.0%.

(I) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2008, c.17).

- (J) On or after July 1, 2001, notwithstanding any other provisions of this paragraph (5), the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be decreased by 0.0175%, except that, during any experience rating year starting on or after July 1, 2001, in which the fund reserve ratio is equal to or greater than 3.5%, there shall be no decrease pursuant to this subparagraph (J) in the contribution of any employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.00% or under. The amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by this subparagraph (J) shall be in addition to the amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by subparagraphs (G) and (H) of this paragraph (5), except that the rate of contribution of an employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (J) to less than 5.4% and the rate of contribution of any other employer shall not be reduced to less than 0.0%.
- (K) With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2009, if the fund reserve ratio, based on the fund balance as of the prior March 31, is:
- (i) Equal to or greater than 5.00% but less than 7.5%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be reduced by a factor of 25% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof except that there shall be no decrease pursuant to this subparagraph (K) in the contribution of any employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of 35.00% or under;
- (ii) Equal to or greater than 7.5%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be reduced by a factor of 50% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof except that there shall be no decrease pursuant to this subparagraph (K) in the contribution of any employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of 35.00% or under.
- (L) Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (5) and notwithstanding the actual fund reserve ratio, the contribution rate for employers liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be, for fiscal year 2011, the rates set by column "C" of the table in that subparagraph.

(M) Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (5) and notwithstanding the actual fund reserve ratio, the contribution rate for employers liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be, for fiscal year 2012, the rates set by column "D" of the table in that subparagraph.

(N) Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (5) and notwithstanding the actual fund reserve ratio, the contribution rate for employers liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be, for fiscal year 2013, the rates set by column "E" of the table in that subparagraph.

(6) Additional contributions.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any employer who has been assigned a contribution rate pursuant to subsection (c) of this section for the year commencing July 1, 1948, and for any year commencing July 1 thereafter, may voluntarily make payment of additional contributions, and upon such payment shall receive a recomputation of the experience rate applicable to such employer, including in the calculation the additional contribution so made, except that, following a transfer as described under R.S.43:21-7(c)(7)(D), neither the predecessor nor successor in interest shall be eligible to make a voluntary payment of additional contributions during the year the transfer occurs and the next full calendar year. Any such additional contribution shall be made during the 30-day period following the notification to the employer of his contribution rate as prescribed in this section, unless, for good cause, the time for payment has been extended by the controller for not to exceed an additional 60 days; provided that in no event may such payments which are made later than 120 days after the beginning of the year for which such rates are effective be considered in determining the experience rate for the year in which the payment is made. Any employer receiving any extended period of time within which to make such additional payment and failing to make such payment timely shall be, in addition to the required amount of additional payment, liable for a penalty of 5% thereof or \$5.00, whichever is greater, not to exceed \$50.00. Any adjustment under this subsection shall be made only in the form of credits against accrued or future contributions.

(7) Transfers.

(A) Upon the transfer of the organization, trade or business, or substantially all the assets of an employer to a successor in interest, whether by merger, consolidation, sale, transfer, descent or otherwise, the controller shall transfer the employment experience of the predecessor employer to the successor in interest, including credit for past years, contributions paid, annual payrolls, benefit charges, et cetera, applicable to such predecessor employer, pursuant to regulation, if it is determined that the employment experience of the predecessor employer with respect to the organization, trade, assets or business which has been transferred

may be considered indicative of the future employment experience of the successor in interest. The successor in interest may, within four months of the date of such transfer of the organization, trade, assets or business, or thereafter upon good cause shown, request a reconsideration of the transfer of employment experience of the predecessor employer. The request for reconsideration shall demonstrate, to the satisfaction of the controller, that the employment experience of the predecessor is not indicative of the future employment experience of the successor.

- (B) An employer who transfers part of his or its organization, trade, assets or business to a successor in interest, whether by merger, consolidation, sale, transfer, descent or otherwise, may jointly make application with such successor in interest for transfer of that portion of the employment experience of the predecessor employer relating to the portion of the organization, trade, assets or business transferred to the successor in interest, including credit for past years, contributions paid, annual payrolls, benefit charges, et cetera, applicable to such predecessor employer. The transfer of employment experience may be allowed pursuant to regulation only if it is found that the employment experience of the predecessor employer with respect to the portion of the organization, trade, assets or business which has been transferred may be considered indicative of the future employment experience of the successor in interest. Credit shall be given to the successor in interest only for the years during which contributions were paid by the predecessor employer with respect to that part of the organization, trade, assets or business transferred.
- (C) A transfer of the employment experience in whole or in part having become final, the predecessor employer thereafter shall not be entitled to consideration for an adjusted rate based upon his or its experience or the part thereof, as the case may be, which has thus been transferred. A successor in interest to whom employment experience or a part thereof is transferred pursuant to this subsection shall, as of the date of the transfer of the organization, trade, assets or business, or part thereof, immediately become an employer if not theretofore an employer subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.).
- (D) If an employer transfers in whole or in part his or its organization, trade, assets or business to a successor in interest, whether by merger, consolidation, sale, transfer, descent or otherwise and both the employer and successor in interest are at the time of the transfer under common ownership, management or control, then the employment experience attributable to the transferred business shall also be transferred to and combined with the employment experience of the successor in interest. The transfer of the employment experience is mandatory and not subject to appeal or protest.

- (E) The transfer of part of an employer's employment experience to a successor in interest shall become effective as of the first day of the calendar quarter following the acquisition by the successor in interest. As of the effective date, the successor in interest shall have its employer rate recalculated by merging its existing employment experience, if any, with the employment experience acquired. If the successor in interest is not an employer as of the date of acquisition, it shall be assigned the new employer rate until the effective date of the transfer of employment experience.
- (F) Upon the transfer in whole or in part of the organization, trade, assets or business to a successor in interest, the employment experience shall not be transferred if the successor in interest is not an employer at the time of the acquisition and the controller finds that the successor in interest acquired the business solely or primarily for the purpose of obtaining a lower rate of contributions.
- (d) Contributions of workers to the unemployment compensation fund and the State disability benefits fund.
- (1) (A) For periods after January 1, 1975, each worker shall contribute to the fund 1% of his wages with respect to his employment with an employer, which occurs on and after January 1, 1975, after such employer has satisfied the condition set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer; provided, however, that such contributions shall be at the rate of 1/2 of 1% of wages paid with respect to employment while the worker is in the employ of the State of New Jersey, or any governmental entity or instrumentality which is an employer as defined under R.S.43:21-19(h)(5), or is covered by an approved private plan under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" or while the worker is exempt from the provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" under section 7 of that law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31).
- (B) Effective January 1, 1978 there shall be no contributions by workers in the employ of any governmental or nongovernmental employer electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions unless the employer is covered by the State plan under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-25 et al.), and in that case contributions shall be at the rate of 1/2 of 1%, except that commencing July 1, 1986, workers in the employ of any nongovernmental employer electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions shall be required to make contributions to the fund at the same rate prescribed for workers of other nongovernmental employers.
- (C) (i) Notwithstanding the above provisions of this paragraph (1), during the period starting July 1, 1986 and ending December 31, 1992, each worker shall contribute to the fund 1.125% of wages paid with respect to his employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer

1 as defined under R.S.43:21-19(h)(6), regardless of whether that 2 nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit 3 costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of 4 contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set 5 forth in subsection R.S.43:21-19(h) with respect to becoming an 6 employer. Contributions, however, shall be at the rate of 0.625% 7 while the worker is covered by an approved private plan under the 8 "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" or while the worker is exempt 9 under section 7 of that law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or any 10 other provision of that law; provided that such contributions shall 11 be at the rate of 0.625% of wages paid with respect to employment 12 with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or 13 instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of 14 contributions and which is covered by the State plan under the 15 "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," except that, while the worker 16 is exempt from the provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits 17 Law" under section 7 of that law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or 18 any other provision of that law, or is covered for disability benefits 19 by an approved private plan of the employer, the contributions to 20 the fund shall be 0.125%.

(ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1995, c.422.)

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(D) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this paragraph (1), 22 23 during the period starting January 1, 1993 and ending June 30, 24 1994, each worker shall contribute to the unemployment 25 compensation fund 0.5% of wages paid with respect to the worker's 26 employment with a governmental employer electing or required to 27 pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a 28 nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under 29 paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of 30 whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance 31 its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in 32 lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions 33 set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming 34 an employer. No contributions, however, shall be made by the 35 worker while the worker is covered by an approved private plan 36 under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 37 (C.43:21-25 et al.) or while the worker is exempt under section 7 of 38 P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or any other provision of that law; 39 provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.50% of 40 wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New 41 Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing 42 or required to make payments in lieu of contributions and which is 43 covered by the State plan under the "Temporary Disability Benefits 44 Law," except that, while the worker is exempt from the provisions 45 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" under section 7 of that 46 law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or any other provision of that 47 law, or is covered for disability benefits by an approved private plan 48 of the employer, no contributions shall be made to the fund.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 1996 and ending March 31, 1996, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.60% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 1998 and ending December 31, 1998, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.10% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 1999 until December 31, 1999, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.15% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 2000 until December 31, 2001, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.20% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with

a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 2002 until June 30, 2004, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.1825% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or a nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.0825% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on and after July 1, 2004, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.3825% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.0825% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

(E) Each employer shall, notwithstanding any provision of law in this State to the contrary, withhold in trust the amount of his workers' contributions from their wages at the time such wages are paid, shall show such deduction on his payroll records, shall furnish such evidence thereof to his workers as the division or controller may prescribe, and shall transmit all such contributions, in addition

1 to his own contributions, to the office of the controller in such 2 manner and at such times as may be prescribed. If any employer 3 fails to deduct the contributions of any of his workers at the time 4 their wages are paid, or fails to make a deduction therefor at the 5 time wages are paid for the next succeeding payroll period, he alone 6 shall thereafter be liable for such contributions, and for the purpose 7 of R.S.43:21-14, such contributions shall be treated as employer's 8 contributions required from him.

(F) As used in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), except when the context clearly requires otherwise, the term "contributions" shall include the contributions of workers pursuant to this section.

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11 12 (G) (i) Each worker shall, starting on July 1, 1994 and ending on 13 December 31, 2011, contribute to the State disability benefits fund 14 an amount equal to 0.50% of wages paid with respect to the 15 worker's employment with a government employer electing or 16 required to pay contributions to the State disability benefits fund or 17 nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization 18 which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection 19 (h) of R.S.43:21-19, unless the employer is covered by an approved 20 private disability plan or is exempt from the provisions of the 21 "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 22 et al.) under section 7 of that law (C.43:21-31) or any other 23 provision of that law. Each worker, with respect to the worker's 24 employment with a government employer electing or required to 25 pay contributions to the State disability benefits fund or 26 nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization 27 which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection 28 (h) of R.S.43:21-19, unless the employer is covered by an approved 29 private disability plan or is exempt from the provisions of the 30 "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 31 et al.) under section 7 of that law (C.43:21-31) or any other 32 provision of that law, shall, for calendar year 2012 and each 33 subsequent calendar year, make contributions to the State disability 34 benefits fund at the annual rate of contribution necessary to obtain a 35 total amount of contributions, which, when added to employer 36 contributions made to the State disability benefits fund pursuant to 37 subsection (e) of this section, is equal to 120% of the benefits paid 38 for periods of disability, excluding periods of family temporary 39 disability, during the immediately preceding calendar year plus an 40 amount equal to 100% of the cost of administration of the payment 41 of those benefits during the immediately preceding calendar year, 42 less the amount of net assets remaining in the State disability 43 benefits fund, excluding net assets remaining in the "Family 44 Temporary Disability Leave Account" of that fund, as of December 45 31 of the immediately preceding year. The rates of employer 46 contributions determined pursuant to subsection (e) of this section 47 for any year shall be determined prior to the determination of the 48 rate of employee contributions pursuant to this subparagraph (i) and

any consideration of employee contributions in determining employer rates for any year shall be based on amounts of employee contributions made prior to the year to which the rate of employee contributions applies and shall not be based on any projection or estimate of the amount of employee contributions for the year to which that rate applies.

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7 (ii) Each worker shall contribute to the State disability benefits 8 fund, in addition to any amount contributed pursuant to 9 subparagraph (i) of this paragraph (1)(G), an amount equal to, 10 during calendar year 2009, 0.09%, and during calendar year 2010 11 0.12%, of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with 12 any covered employer, including a governmental employer which is 13 an employer as defined under R.S.43:21-19(h)(5), unless the 14 employer is covered by an approved private disability plan for 15 benefits during periods of family temporary disability leave. The 16 contributions made pursuant to this subparagraph (ii) to the State 17 disability benefits fund shall be deposited into an account of that 18 fund reserved for the payment of benefits during periods of family 19 temporary disability leave as defined in section 3 of the "Temporary 20 Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-27) and for the 21 administration of those payments and shall not be used for any other 22 purpose. This account shall be known as the "Family Temporary 23 Disability Leave Account." For calendar year 2011 and each 24 subsequent calendar year, the annual rate of contribution to be paid 25 by workers pursuant to this subparagraph (ii) shall be the rate 26 necessary to obtain a total amount of contributions equal to 125% of 27 the benefits paid for periods of family temporary disability leave 28 during the immediately preceding calendar year plus an amount 29 equal to 100% of the cost of administration of the payment of those 30 benefits during the immediately preceding calendar year, less the 31 amount of net assets remaining in the account as of December 31 of 32 the immediately preceding year. Necessary administrative costs 33 shall include the cost of an outreach program to inform employees 34 of the availability of the benefits and the cost of issuing the reports 35 required or permitted pursuant to section 13 of P.L.2008, c.17 36 (C.43:21-39.4). No monies, other than the funds in the "Family 37 Temporary Disability Leave Account," shall be used for the 38 payment of benefits during periods of family temporary disability 39 leave or for the administration of those payments, with the sole 40 exception that, during calendar years 2008 and 2009, a total amount 41 not exceeding \$25 million may be transferred to that account from 42 the revenues received in the State disability benefits fund pursuant 43 to subparagraph (i) of this paragraph (1)(G) and be expended for 44 payments and their administration, those including 45 administration of the collection of contributions made pursuant to 46 this subparagraph (ii) and any other necessary administrative costs. 47 Any amount transferred to the account pursuant to this 48 subparagraph (ii) shall be repaid during a period beginning not later

- 1 than January 1, 2011 and ending not later than December 31, 2015.
- 2 No monies, other than the funds in the "Family Temporary
- 3 Disability Leave Account," shall be used under any circumstances
- 4 after December 31, 2009, for the payment of benefits during periods
- 5 of family temporary disability leave or for the administration of
- 6 those payments, including for the administration of the collection of
- 7 contributions made pursuant to this subparagraph (ii).
- 8 (2) (A) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1984, c.24.)
- 9 (B) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1984, c.24.)

- (C) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)
- 11 (D) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)
- 12 (E) (i) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)
- 13 (ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1996, c.28.)
 - (iii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)
- 14 15 (3) (A) If an employee receives wages from more than one 16 employer during any calendar year, and either the sum of his 17 contributions deposited in and credited to the State disability 18 benefits fund plus the amount of his contributions, if any, required 19 towards the costs of benefits under one or more approved private 20 plans under the provisions of section 9 of the "Temporary Disability 21 Benefits Law" (C.43:21-33) and deducted from his wages, or the 22 sum of such latter contributions, if the employee is covered during 23 such calendar year only by two or more private plans, exceeds an 24 amount equal to 1/2 of 1% of the "wages" determined in accordance 25 with the provisions of R.S.43:21-7(b)(3) during the calendar years 26 beginning on or after January 1, 1976 or, during calendar year 2012 27 or any subsequent calendar year, the total amount of his 28 contributions for the year exceeds the amount set by the annual rate 29 of contribution determined by the Commissioner of Labor and 30 Workforce Development pursuant to subparagraph (i) of paragraph 31 (1)(G) of this subsection (d), the employee shall be entitled to a 32 refund of the excess if he makes a claim to the controller within two 33 years after the end of the calendar year in which the wages are 34 received with respect to which the refund is claimed and establishes 35 his right to such refund. Such refund shall be made by the controller 36 from the State disability benefits fund. No interest shall be allowed 37 or paid with respect to any such refund. The controller shall, in 38 accordance with prescribed regulations, determine the portion of the 39 aggregate amount of such refunds made during any calendar year 40 which is applicable to private plans for which deductions were made under section 9 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" 41 42 (C.43:21-33) such determination to be based upon the ratio of the amount of such wages exempt from contributions to such fund, as 43 44 provided in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of this subsection 45 with respect to coverage under private plans, to the total wages so 46 exempt plus the amount of such wages subject to contributions to 47 the disability benefits fund, as provided in subparagraph (G) of 48 paragraph (1) of this subsection. The controller shall, in accordance

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with prescribed regulations, prorate the amount so determined among the applicable private plans in the proportion that the wages covered by each plan bear to the total private plan wages involved in such refunds, and shall assess against and recover from the employer, or the insurer if the insurer has indemnified the employer with respect thereto, the amount so prorated. The provisions of R.S.43:21-14 with respect to collection of employer contributions shall apply to such assessments. The amount so recovered by the controller shall be paid into the State disability benefits fund.

(B) If an employee receives wages from more than one employer during any calendar year, and the sum of his contributions deposited in the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" of the State disability benefits fund plus the amount of his contributions, if any, required towards the costs of family temporary disability leave benefits under one or more approved private plans under the provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-25 et al.) and deducted from his wages, exceeds an amount equal to, during calendar year 2009, 0.09% of the "wages" determined in accordance with the provisions of R.S.43:21-7(b)(3), or during calendar year 2010, 0.12% of those wages, or, during calendar year 2011 or any subsequent calendar year, the percentage of those wages set by the annual rate of contribution determined by the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (1)(G) of this subsection (d), the employee shall be entitled to a refund of the excess if he makes a claim to the controller within two years after the end of the calendar year in which the wages are received with respect to which the refund is claimed and establishes his right to the refund. The refund shall be made by the controller from the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" of the State disability benefits fund. No interest shall be allowed or paid with respect to any such refund. The controller shall, in accordance with prescribed regulations, determine the portion of the aggregate amount of the refunds made during any calendar year which is applicable to private plans for which deductions were made under section 9 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-33), with that determination based upon the ratio of the amount of such wages exempt from contributions to the fund, as provided in paragraph (1)(B) of this subsection (d) with respect to coverage under private plans, to the total wages so exempt plus the amount of such wages subject to contributions to the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" of the State disability benefits fund, as provided in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (1)(G) of this subsection (d). The controller shall, in accordance with prescribed regulations, prorate the amount so determined among the applicable private plans in the proportion that the wages covered by each plan bear to the total private plan wages involved in such refunds, and shall assess against and recover from the employer, or the insurer if the insurer has

- 1 indemnified the employer with respect thereto, the prorated amount.
- 2 The provisions of R.S.43:21-14 with respect to collection of
- 3 employer contributions shall apply to such assessments. The
- 4 amount so recovered by the controller shall be paid into the "Family
- 5 Temporary Disability Leave Account" of the State disability
- 6 benefits fund.

- (4) If an individual does not receive any wages from the employing unit which for the purposes of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) is treated as his employer, or receives his wages from some other employing unit, such employer shall nevertheless be liable for such individual's contributions in the first instance; and after payment thereof such employer may deduct the amount of such contributions from any sums payable by him to such employing unit, or may recover the amount of such contributions from such employing unit, or, in the absence of such an employing unit, from such individual, in a civil action; provided proceedings therefor are instituted within three months after the date on which such contributions are payable. General rules shall be prescribed whereby such an employing unit may recover the amount of such contributions from such individuals in the same manner as if it were the employer.
- (5) Every employer who has elected to become an employer subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), or to cease to be an employer subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), pursuant to the provisions of R.S.43:21-8, shall post and maintain printed notices of such election on his premises, of such design, in such numbers, and at such places as the director may determine to be necessary to give notice thereof to persons in his service.
- (6) Contributions by workers, payable to the controller as herein provided, shall be exempt from garnishment, attachment, execution, or any other remedy for the collection of debts.
- (e) Contributions by employers to the State disability benefits fund.
- (1) Except as hereinafter provided, each employer shall, in addition to the contributions required by subsections (a), (b), and (c) of this section, contribute 1/2 of 1% of the wages paid by such employer to workers with respect to employment unless he is not a covered employer as defined in subsection (a) of section 3 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-27 (a)), except that the rate for the State of New Jersey shall be 1/10 of 1% for the calendar year 1980 and for the first six months of 1981. Prior to July 1, 1981 and prior to July 1 each year thereafter, the controller shall review the experience accumulated in the account of the State of New Jersey and establish a rate for the next following fiscal year which, in combination with worker contributions, will produce sufficient revenue to keep the account in balance; except that the rate so established shall not be less than 1/10 of 1%. Such contributions shall become due and be paid by the employer to the

controller for the State disability benefits fund as established by law, in accordance with such regulations as may be prescribed, and shall not be deducted, in whole or in part, from the remuneration of individuals in his employ. In the payment of any contributions, a fractional part of a cent shall be disregarded unless it amounts to \$0.005 or more, in which case it shall be increased to \$0.01.

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- (2) During the continuance of coverage of a worker by an approved private plan of disability benefits under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," the employer shall be exempt from the contributions required by paragraph (1) above with respect to wages paid to such worker.
- (3) (A) The rates of contribution as specified in paragraph (1) above shall be subject to modification as provided herein with respect to employer contributions due on and after July 1, 1951.
- (B) A separate disability benefits account shall be maintained for each employer required to contribute to the State disability benefits fund and such account shall be credited with contributions deposited in and credited to such fund with respect to employment occurring on and after January 1, 1949. Each employer's account shall be credited with all contributions paid on or before January 31 of any calendar year on his own behalf and on behalf of individuals in his service with respect to employment occurring in preceding calendar years; provided, however, that if January 31 of any calendar year falls on a Saturday or Sunday an employer's account shall be credited as of January 31 of such calendar year with all the contributions which he has paid on or before the next succeeding day which is not a Saturday or Sunday. But nothing in this act shall be construed to grant any employer or individuals in his service prior claims or rights to the amounts paid by him to the fund either on his own behalf or on behalf of such individuals. Benefits paid to any covered individual in accordance with Article III of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" on or before December 31 of any calendar year with respect to disability in such calendar year and in preceding calendar years shall be charged against the account of the employer by whom such individual was employed at the commencement of such disability or by whom he was last employed, if out of employment.
- (C) The controller may prescribe regulations for the establishment, maintenance, and dissolution of joint accounts by two or more employers, and shall, in accordance with such regulations and upon application by two or more employers to establish such an account, or to merge their several individual accounts in a joint account, maintain such joint account as if it constituted a single employer's account.
- (D) Prior to July 1 of each calendar year, the controller shall make a preliminary determination of the rate of contribution for the 12 months commencing on such July 1 for each employer subject to the contribution requirements of this subsection (e).

(1) Such preliminary rate shall be 1/2 of 1% unless on the preceding January 31 of such year such employer shall have been a covered employer who has paid contributions to the State disability benefits fund with respect to employment in the three calendar years immediately preceding such year.

- (2) If the minimum requirements in subparagraph (D) (1) above have been fulfilled and the credited contributions exceed the benefits charged by more than \$500.00, such preliminary rate shall be as follows:
- (i) 2/10 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 exceeds 1% but is less than 1 1/4% of his average annual payroll as defined in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.);
- (ii) 15/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1 1/4% but is less than 1 1/2% of his average annual payroll;
- (iii) 1/10 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1 1/2% of his average annual payroll.
- (3) If the minimum requirements in subparagraph (D) (1) above have been fulfilled and the contributions credited exceed the benefits charged but by not more than \$500.00 plus 1% of his average annual payroll, or if the benefits charged exceed the contributions credited but by not more than \$500.00, the preliminary rate shall be 1/4 of 1%.
- (4) If the minimum requirements in subparagraph (D) (1) above have been fulfilled and the benefits charged exceed the contributions credited by more than \$500.00, such preliminary rate shall be as follows:
- (i) 35/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 is less than 1/4 of 1% of his average annual payroll;
- (ii) 45/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1/4 of 1% but is less than 1/2 of 1% of his average annual payroll;
- (iii) 55/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1/2 of 1% but is less than 3/4 of 1% of his average annual payroll;
- (iv) 65/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 3/4 of 1% but is less than 1% of his average annual payroll;
- (v) 75/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1% of his average annual payroll.
- (5) Determination of the preliminary rate as specified in subparagraphs (D)(2), (3) and (4) above shall be subject, however, to the condition that it shall in no event be decreased by more than 1/10 of 1% of wages or increased by more than 2/10 of 1% of wages from the preliminary rate determined for the preceding year in accordance with subparagraph (D) (1), (2), (3) or (4), whichever shall have been applicable.
- (E) (1) Prior to July 1 of each calendar year the controller shall determine the amount of the State disability benefits fund as of December 31 of the preceding calendar year, increased by the contributions paid thereto during January of the current calendar year with respect to employment occurring in the preceding

- 1 calendar year. If such amount exceeds the net amount withdrawn 2 from the unemployment trust fund pursuant to section 23 of the 3 "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-47) 4 plus the amount at the end of such preceding calendar year of the 5 unemployment disability account as defined in section 22 of said 6 law (C.43:21-46), such excess shall be expressed as a percentage of 7 the wages on which contributions were paid to the State disability 8 benefits fund on or before January 31 with respect to employment 9 in the preceding calendar year.
 - (2) The controller shall then make a final determination of the rates of contribution for the 12 months commencing July 1 of such year for employers whose preliminary rates are determined as provided in subparagraph (D) hereof, as follows:

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- (i) If the percentage determined in accordance with subparagraph (E)(1) of this paragraph equals or exceeds 1 1/4%, the final employer rates shall be the preliminary rates determined as provided in subparagraph (D) hereof, except that if the employer's preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(2) or subparagraph (D)(3) hereof, the final employer rate shall be the preliminary employer rate decreased by such percentage of excess taken to the nearest 5/100 of 1%, but in no case shall such final rate be less than 1/10 of 1%.
- (ii) If the percentage determined in accordance with subparagraph (E)(1) of this paragraph equals or exceeds 3/4 of 1% and is less than $1\ 1/4$ of 1%, the final employer rates shall be the preliminary employer rates.
- (iii) If the percentage determined in accordance subparagraph (E)(1) of this paragraph is less than 3/4 of 1%, but in excess of 1/4 of 1%, the final employer rates shall be the preliminary employer rates determined as provided in subparagraph (D) hereof increased by the difference between 3/4 of 1% and such percentage taken to the nearest 5/100 of 1%; provided, however, that no such final rate shall be more than 1/4 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(2) hereof, more than 1/2 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(1) and subparagraph (D)(3) hereof, nor more than 3/4 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(4) hereof.
- (iv) If the amount of the State disability benefits fund determined as provided in subparagraph (E)(1) of this paragraph is equal to or less than 1/4 of 1%, then the final rate shall be 2/5 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(2) hereof, 7/10 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(1) and subparagraph (D)(3) hereof, and 1.1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(4) hereof. Notwithstanding any other provision of

law or any determination made by the controller with respect to any
12-month period commencing on July 1, 1970, the final rates for all
employers for the period beginning January 1, 1971, shall be as set
forth herein

- (F) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this subsection (e), the rate of contribution paid to the State disability benefits fund by each covered employer as defined in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of section 3 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-27), shall be determined as if:
- (i) No disability benefits have been paid with respect to periods of family temporary disability leave;
- (ii) No worker paid any contributions to the State disability benefits fund pursuant to paragraph (1)(G)(ii) of subsection (d) of this section; and
- (iii) No amounts were transferred from the State disability benefits fund to the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" pursuant to paragraph (1)(G)(ii) of subsection (d) of this section. (cf: P.L.2011, c.88, s.1)

2. This act shall take effect immediately.

STATEMENT

This bill reduces the unemployment insurance (UI) tax rates which will be imposed on employers during fiscal year 2014 by setting them based on the "E" column of the UI tax table in R.S.43:21-7, but without the 10% surcharge provided by that law. The UI tax rate which is being charged to employers during FY 2013 is based on column "E" of the tax table. Because the UI trust fund is currently in deficit, the tax rate, under current law, would increase, starting on July 1, 2013, to the highest tax rates set by the law, the rates found in the "E" column, plus an additional 10% surcharge. The bill reduces the UI tax burden on employers by preventing the 10% surcharge from taking effect in fiscal year 2014.

Eliminates 10% surcharge on employer UI taxes during fiscal year 2014.

SENATE, No. 2404

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

215th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED DECEMBER 20, 2012

Sponsored by:

Senator FRED H. MADDEN, JR.

District 4 (Camden and Gloucester)

Senator STEVEN V. OROHO

District 24 (Morris, Sussex and Warren)

Assemblyman TIMOTHY J. EUSTACE

District 38 (Bergen and Passaic)

Assemblyman TROY SINGLETON

District 7 (Burlington)

Assemblywoman CONNIE WAGNER

District 38 (Bergen and Passaic)

Assemblywoman ALISON LITTELL MCHOSE

District 24 (Morris, Sussex and Warren)

Assemblyman JOSEPH V. EGAN

District 17 (Middlesex and Somerset)

Assemblyman CRAIG J. COUGHLIN

District 19 (Middlesex)

Co-Sponsored by:

Senators Addiego, Beach, Gordon, Pou, Turner, Assemblywoman Handlin, Assemblymen Dancer, Diegnan, Space, Albano, Gusciora and Assemblywoman Caride

SYNOPSIS

Eliminates 10% surcharge on employer UI taxes during fiscal year 2014.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.

(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 6/21/2013)

AN ACT concerning unemployment compensation contributions paid by certain employers and amending R.S.43:21-7.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. R.S.43:21-7 is amended to read as follows:
- 8 Contributions.
- Contributions. Employers other than governmental 43:21-7. entities, whose benefit financing provisions are set forth in section 4 of P.L.1971, c.346 (C.43:21-7.3), and those nonprofit organizations liable for payment in lieu of contributions on the basis set forth in section 3 of P.L.1971, c.346 (C.43:21-7.2), shall pay to the controller for the unemployment compensation fund, contributions as set forth in subsections (a), (b) and (c) hereof, and the provisions of subsections (d) and (e) shall be applicable to all employers, consistent with the provisions of the "unemployment compensation law" and the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.).
 - (a) Payment.
 - (1) Contributions shall accrue and become payable by each employer for each calendar year in which he is subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), with respect to having individuals in his employ during that calendar year, at the rates and on the basis hereinafter set forth. Such contributions shall become due and be paid by each employer to the controller for the fund, in accordance with such regulations as may be prescribed, and shall not be deducted, in whole or in part, from the remuneration of individuals in his employ.
 - (2) In the payment of any contributions, a fractional part of a cent shall be disregarded unless it amounts to \$0.005 or more, in which case it shall be increased to \$0.01.
 - (b) Rate of contributions. Each employer shall pay the following contributions:
 - (1) For the calendar year 1947, and each calendar year thereafter, 2 7/10% of wages paid by him during each such calendar year, except as otherwise prescribed by subsection (c) of this section.
 - (2) The "wages" of any individual, with respect to any one employer, as the term is used in this subsection (b) and in subsections (c), (d) and (e) of this section 7, shall include the first \$4,800.00 paid during calendar year 1975, for services performed either within or without this State; provided that no contribution shall be required by this State with respect to services performed in another state if such other state imposes contribution liability with

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

1 respect thereto. If an employer (hereinafter referred to as a 2 successor employer) during any calendar year acquires substantially 3 all the property used in a trade or business of another employer 4 (hereinafter referred to as a predecessor), or used in a separate unit 5 of a trade or business of a predecessor, and immediately after the 6 acquisition employs in his trade or business an individual who 7 immediately prior to the acquisition was employed in the trade or 8 business of such predecessors, then, for the purpose of determining 9 whether the successor employer has paid wages with respect to 10 employment equal to the first \$4,800.00 paid during calendar year 11 1975, any wages paid to such individual by such predecessor during 12 such calendar year and prior to such acquisition shall be considered 13 as having been paid by such successor employer.

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- (3) For calendar years beginning on and after January 1, 1976, the "wages" of any individual, as defined in the preceding paragraph (2) of this subsection (b), shall be established and promulgated by the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development on or before September 1 of the preceding year and shall be, 28 times the Statewide average weekly remuneration paid to workers by employers, as determined under R.S.43:21-3(c), raised to the next higher multiple of \$100.00 if not already a multiple thereof, provided that if the amount of wages so determined for a calendar year is less than the amount similarly determined for the preceding year, the greater amount will be used; provided, further, that if the amount of such wages so determined does not equal or exceed the amount of wages as defined in subsection (b) of section 3306 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. s.3306(b)), the wages as determined in this paragraph in any calendar year shall be raised to equal the amount established under the "Federal Unemployment Tax Act," chapter 23 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. s.3301 et seq.), for that calendar year.
 - (c) Future rates based on benefit experience.
- (1) A separate account for each employer shall be maintained and this shall be credited with all the contributions which he has paid on his own behalf on or before January 31 of any calendar year with respect to employment occurring in the preceding calendar year; provided, however, that if January 31 of any calendar year falls on a Saturday or Sunday, an employer's account shall be credited as of January 31 of such calendar year with all the contributions which he has paid on or before the next succeeding day which is not a Saturday or Sunday. But nothing in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) shall be construed to grant any employer or individuals in his service prior claims or rights to the amounts paid by him into the fund either on his own behalf or on behalf of such individuals. Benefits paid with respect to benefit years commencing on and after January 1, 1953, to any individual on or before December 31 of any calendar year with respect to unemployment in

such calendar year and in preceding calendar years shall be charged against the account or accounts of the employer or employers in whose employment such individual established base weeks constituting the basis of such benefits, except that, with respect to benefit years commencing after January 4, 1998, an employer's account shall not be charged for benefits paid to a claimant if the claimant's employment by that employer was ended in any way which, pursuant to subsection (a), (b), (c), (f), (g) or (h) of R.S.43:21-5, would have disqualified the claimant for benefits if the claimant had applied for benefits at the time when that employment ended. Benefits paid under a given benefit determination shall be charged against the account of the employer to whom such determination relates. When each benefit payment is made, notification shall be promptly provided to each employer included in the unemployment insurance monetary calculation of benefits. Such notification shall identify the employer against whose account the amount of such payment is being charged, shall show at least the name and social security account number of the claimant and shall specify the period of unemployment to which said benefit payment applies.

An annual summary statement of unemployment benefits charged to the employer's account shall be provided.

- (2) Regulations may be prescribed for the establishment, maintenance, and dissolution of joint accounts by two or more employers, and shall, in accordance with such regulations and upon application by two or more employers to establish such an account, or to merge their several individual accounts in a joint account, maintain such joint account as if it constituted a single employer's account.
- (3) No employer's rate shall be lower than 5.4% unless assignment of such lower rate is consistent with the conditions applicable to additional credit allowance for such year under section 3303(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. s.3303(a)(1)), any other provision of this section to the contrary notwithstanding.
- (4) Employer Reserve Ratio. (A) Each employer's rate shall be 2 8/10%, except as otherwise provided in the following provisions. No employer's rate for the 12 months commencing July 1 of any calendar year shall be other than 2 8/10%, unless as of the preceding January 31 such employer shall have paid contributions with respect to wages paid in each of the three calendar years immediately preceding such year, in which case such employer's rate for the 12 months commencing July 1 of any calendar year shall be determined on the basis of his record up to the beginning of such calendar year. If, at the beginning of such calendar year, the total of all his contributions, paid on his own behalf, for all past years exceeds the total benefits charged to his account for all such years, his contribution rate shall be:

- 1 (1) 2 5/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 4%, but less than 2 5%, of his average annual payroll (as defined in paragraph (2), 3 subsection (a) of R.S.43:21-19);
 - (2) 2 2/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 5%, but is less than 6%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (3) 1 9/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 6%, but is less than 7%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (4) 1 6/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 7%, but is less than 8%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (5) 1 3/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 8%, but is less than 9%, of his average annual payroll;
- 12 (6) 1%, if such excess equals or exceeds 9%, but is less than 10%, of his average annual payroll; 13
 - (7) 7/10 of 1%, if such excess equals or exceeds 10%, but is less than 11%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (8) 4/10 of 1%, if such excess equals or exceeds 11% of his average annual payroll.
 - (B) If the total of an employer's contributions, paid on his own behalf, for all past periods for the purposes of this paragraph (4), is less than the total benefits charged against his account during the same period, his rate shall be:
- (1) 4%, if such excess is less than 10% of his average annual 22 23 payroll;
 - (2) 4 3/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 10%, but is less than 20%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (3) 4 6/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 20% of his average annual payroll.
 - (C) Specially assigned rates.

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- (i) If no contributions were paid on wages for employment in any calendar year used in determining the average annual payroll of an employer eligible for an assigned rate under this paragraph (4), the employer's rate shall be specially assigned as follows:
- if the reserve balance in its account is positive, its assigned rate shall be the highest rate in effect for positive balance accounts for that period, or 5.4%, whichever is higher, and
- if the reserve balance in its account is negative, its assigned rate shall be the highest rate in effect for deficit accounts for that period.
- (ii) If, following the purchase of a corporation with little or no activity, known as a corporate shell, the resulting employing unit operates a new or different business activity, the employing unit shall be assigned a new employer rate.
- 42 (iii) Entities operating under common ownership, management or 43 control, when the operation of the entities is not identifiable, 44 distinguishable and severable, shall be considered a single employer for the purposes of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.).
- 46 (D) The contribution rates prescribed by subparagraphs (A) and 47 (B) of this paragraph (4) shall be increased or decreased in

accordance with the provisions of paragraph (5) of this subsection (c) for experience rating periods through June 30, 1986.

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(5) (A) Unemployment Trust Fund Reserve Ratio. If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance in the unemployment trust fund equals or exceeds 4% but is less than 7% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by 3/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraph (3) or (4) of this subsection. If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance of the unemployment trust fund exceeds 2 1/2% but is less than 4% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by 6/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraph (3) or (4) of this subsection.

If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance of the unemployment trust fund is less than 2 1/2% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer: (1) eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by (i) 6/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraph (3), (4)(A) or (4)(B) of this subsection, and (ii) an additional amount equal to 20% of the total rate established herein, provided, however, that the final contribution rate for each employer shall be computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof; (2) not eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by 6/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraph (4) of this subsection. For the period commencing July 1, 1984 and ending June 30, 1986, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions under R.S.43:21-7 shall be increased by a factor of 10% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof.

(B) If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance in the unemployment trust fund equals or exceeds 10% but is less than 12 1/2% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be reduced by 3/10 of 1% under the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraphs (3)

S2404 MADDEN, OROHO

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1 and (4) of this subsection; provided that in no event shall the 2 contribution rate of any employer be reduced to less than 4/10 of 3 1%. If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance in the 4 unemployment trust fund equals or exceeds 12 1/2% of the total 5 taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to 6 employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution 7 rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer eligible for a 8 contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be 9 reduced by 6/10 of 1% if his account for all past periods reflects an 10 excess of contributions paid over total benefits charged of 3% or 11 more of his average annual payroll, otherwise by 3/10 of 1% under 12 the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of 13 paragraphs (3) and (4) of this subsection; provided that in no event 14 shall the contribution rate of any employer be reduced to less than 15 4/10 of 1%.

- (C) The "balance" in the unemployment trust fund, as the term is used in subparagraphs (A) and (B) above, shall not include moneys credited to the State's account under section 903 of the Social Security Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. s.1103), during any period in which such moneys are appropriated for the payment of expenses incurred in the administration of the "unemployment compensation law."
- (D) Prior to July 1 of each calendar year the controller shall determine the Unemployment Trust Fund Reserve Ratio, which shall be calculated by dividing the balance of the unemployment trust fund as of the prior March 31 by total taxable wages reported to the controller by all employers as of March 31 with respect to their employment during the last calendar year.
 - (E) (i) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1997, c.263).
- (ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2001, c.152).
- 31 (iii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2003, c.107).
- 32 (iv) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2004, c.45).
- 33 (v) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2008, c.17).
 - (vi) [With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2004, and before July 1, 2011, the new employer rate or the unemployment experience rate of an employer under this section shall be the rate which appears in the column headed by the Unemployment Trust Fund Reserve Ratio as of the applicable calculation date and on the line with the Employer Reserve Ratio, as defined in paragraph (4) of this subsection (R.S.43:21-7 (c)(4)), as set forth in the following table:

EXPERIENCE RATING TAX TABLE

43	Fund Reserve Ratio ¹						
44		1.40%	1.00%	0.75%	0.50%	0.49%	
45	Employer	and	to	to	to	and	
46	Reserve	Over	1.39%	0.99%	0.74%	Under	
47	Ratio ²	A	В	C	D	E	

48 Positive Reserve Ratio:

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1	17% and over	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	1.2
2	16.00% to 16.99%	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	1.2
3	15.00% to 15.99%	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.7	1.2
4	14.00% to 14.99%	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.2
5	13.00% to 13.99%	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.2
6	12.00% to 12.99%	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2
7	11.00% to 11.99%	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2
8	10.00% to 10.99%	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.6
9	9.00% to 9.99%	1.0	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.9
10	8.00% to 8.99%	1.3	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.3
11	7.00% to 7.99%	1.4	1.8	2.2	2.4	2.6
12	6.00% to 6.99%	1.7	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.0
13	5.00% to 5.99%	1.9	2.4	2.8	3.1	3.4
14	4.00% to 4.99%	2.0	2.6	3.1	3.4	3.7
15	3.00% to 3.99%	2.1	2.7	3.2	3.6	3.9
16	2.00% to 2.99%	2.2	2.8	3.3	3.7	4.0
17	1.00% to 1.99%	2.3	2.9	3.4	3.8	4.1
18	0.00% to 0.99%	2.4	3.0	3.6	4.0	4.3
19	Deficit Reserve Ratio:					
20	-0.00% to -2.99%	3.4	4.3	5.1	5.6	6.1
21	-3.00% to -5.99%	3.4	4.3	5.1	5.7	6.2
22	-6.00% to -8.99%	3.5	4.4	5.2	5.8	6.3
23	-9.00% to-11.99%	3.5	4.5	5.3	5.9	6.4
24	-12.00% to-14.99%	3.6	4.6	5.4	6.0	6.5
25	-15.00% to-19.99%	3.6	4.6	5.5	6.1	6.6
26	-20.00% to-24.99%	3.7	4.7	5.6	6.2	6.7
27	-25.00% to-29.99%	3.7	4.8	5.6	6.3	6.8
28	-30.00% to-34.99%	3.8	4.8	5.7	6.3	6.9
29	-35.00% and under	5.4	5.4	5.8	6.4	7.0
30	New Employer Rate	2.8	2.8	2.8	3.1	3.4

¹Fund balance as of March 31 as a percentage of taxable wages in the prior calendar year.

²Employer Reserve Ratio (Contributions minus benefits as a percentage of employer's taxable wages) [1 (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

(vii) With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2011, the new employer rate or the unemployment experience rate of an employer under this section shall be the rate which appears in the column headed by the Unemployment Trust Fund Reserve Ratio as of the applicable calculation date and on the line with the Employer Reserve Ratio, as defined in paragraph (4) of this subsection (R.S.43:21-7 (c)(4)), as set forth in the following table:

EXPERIENCE RATING TAX TABLE

45	Fu	nd Reser	ve Ratio	o ¹		
46		3.50%	3.00%	2.5%	2.0%	1.99%
47	Employer	and	to	to	to	and
48	Reserve	Over	3.49%	2.99%	2.49%	Under

1	Ratio ²	A	В	C	D	E
2	Positive Reserve Ratio:					
3	17% and over	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	1.2
4	16.00% to 16.99%	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	1.2
5	15.00% to 15.99%	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.7	1.2
6	14.00% to 14.99%	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.2
7	13.00% to 13.99%	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.2
8	12.00% to 12.99%	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2
9	11.00% to 11.99%	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2
10	10.00% to 10.99%	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.6
11	9.00% to 9.99%	1.0	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.9
12	8.00% to 8.99%	1.3	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.3
13	7.00% to 7.99%	1.4	1.8	2.2	2.4	2.6
14	6.00% to 6.99%	1.7	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.0
15	5.00% to 5.99%	1.9	2.4	2.8	3.1	3.4
16	4.00% to 4.99%	2.0	2.6	3.1	3.4	3.7
17	3.00% to 3.99%	2.1	2.7	3.2	3.6	3.9
18	2.00% to 2.99%	2.2	2.8	3.3	3.7	4.0
19	1.00% to 1.99%	2.3	2.9	3.4	3.8	4.1
20	0.00% to 0.99%	2.4	3.0	3.6	4.0	4.3
21	Deficit Reserve Ratio:					
22	-0.00% to -2.99%	3.4	4.3	5.1	5.6	6.1
23	-3.00% to -5.99%	3.4	4.3	5.1	5.7	6.2
24	-6.00% to -8.99%	3.5	4.4	5.2	5.8	6.3
25	-9.00% to-11.99%	3.5	4.5	5.3	5.9	6.4
26	-12.00% to-14.99%	3.6	4.6	5.4	6.0	6.5
27	-15.00% to-19.99%	3.6	4.6	5.5	6.1	6.6
28	-20.00% to-24.99%	3.7	4.7	5.6	6.2	6.7
29	-25.00% to-29.99%	3.7	4.8	5.6	6.3	6.8
30	-30.00% to-34.99%	3.8	4.8	5.7	6.3	6.9
31	-35.00% and under	5.4	5.4	5.8	6.4	7.0
32	New Employer Rate	2.8	2.8	2.8	3.1	3.4

¹Fund balance as of March 31 as a percentage of taxable wages in the prior calendar year.

- (F) (i) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1997, c.263).
 - (ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2008, c.17).

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(iii) [With respect to experience rating years beginning on or 39 after July 1, 2004 and before July 1, 2011, if the fund reserve ratio, 40 41 based on the fund balance as of the prior March 31, is less than 0.50%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay 42 contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this 43 44 paragraph (5), shall be increased by a factor of 10% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof 45 46 (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the 47 Legislature as this bill).

²Employer Reserve Ratio (Contributions minus benefits as a percentage of employer's taxable wages).

(iv) With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2011 and before July 1, 2013, if the fund reserve ratio, based on the fund balance as of the prior March 31, is less than 1.0%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be increased by a factor of 10% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof.

- (v) With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2014, if the fund reserve ratio, based on the fund balance as of the prior March 31, is less than 1.0%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be increased by a factor of 10% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof.
- (G) On or after January 1, 1993, notwithstanding any other provisions of this paragraph (5), the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be decreased by 0.1%, except that, during any experience rating year starting before January 1, 1998 in which the fund reserve ratio is equal to or greater than 7.00% or during any experience rating year starting on or after January 1, 1998, in which the fund reserve ratio is equal to or greater than 3.5%, there shall be no decrease pursuant to this subparagraph (G) in the contribution of any employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.00% or under.
- (H) On and after January 1, 1998 until December 31, 2000 and on or after January 1, 2002 until June 30, 2006, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be decreased by a factor, as set out below, computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10%, except that, if an employer has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under, the employer's rate of contribution shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) to less than 5.4%:
- From January 1, 1998 until December 31, 1998, a factor of 12%;
- From January 1, 1999 until December 31, 1999, a factor of 10%;
- From January 1, 2000 until December 31, 2000, a factor of 7%;
- 37 From January 1, 2002 until March 31, 2002, a factor of 36%;
- 38 From April 1, 2002 until June 30, 2002, a factor of 85%;
- 39 From July 1, 2002 until June 30, 2003, a factor of 15%;
- 40 From July 1, 2003 until June 30, 2004, a factor of 15%;
- 41 From July 1, 2004 until June 30, 2005, a factor of 7%;
- From July 1, 2005 until December 31, 2005, a factor of 16%; and
- 43 From January 1, 2006 until June 30, 2006, a factor of 34%.
- The amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by this subparagraph (H) shall be in addition to the amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by subparagraph (G) of this paragraph (5), except that the rate of

contribution of an employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of

negative 35.0% or under shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) to less than 5.4% and the rate of contribution of any other employer shall not be reduced to less than 0.0%.

(I) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2008, c.17).

- (J) On or after July 1, 2001, notwithstanding any other provisions of this paragraph (5), the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be decreased by 0.0175%, except that, during any experience rating year starting on or after July 1, 2001, in which the fund reserve ratio is equal to or greater than 3.5%, there shall be no decrease pursuant to this subparagraph (J) in the contribution of any employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.00% or under. The amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by this subparagraph (J) shall be in addition to the amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by subparagraphs (G) and (H) of this paragraph (5), except that the rate of contribution of an employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (J) to less than 5.4% and the rate of contribution of any other employer shall not be reduced to less than 0.0%.
 - (K) With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2009, if the fund reserve ratio, based on the fund balance as of the prior March 31, is:
 - (i) Equal to or greater than 5.00% but less than 7.5%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be reduced by a factor of 25% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof except that there shall be no decrease pursuant to this subparagraph (K) in the contribution of any employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of 35.00% or under;
 - (ii) Equal to or greater than 7.5%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be reduced by a factor of 50% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof except that there shall be no decrease pursuant to this subparagraph (K) in the contribution of any employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of 35.00% or under.
 - (L) Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (5) and notwithstanding the actual fund reserve ratio, the contribution rate for employers liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be, for fiscal year 2011, the rates set by column "C" of the table in that subparagraph.
- (M) Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (5) and notwithstanding the actual fund reserve ratio, the contribution rate for employers liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be, for fiscal year 2012, the rates set by column "D" of the table in that subparagraph.

(N) Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (5) and notwithstanding the actual fund reserve ratio, the contribution rate for employers liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be, for fiscal year 2013, the rates set by column "E" of the table in that subparagraph.

(6) Additional contributions.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any employer who has been assigned a contribution rate pursuant to subsection (c) of this section for the year commencing July 1, 1948, and for any year commencing July 1 thereafter, may voluntarily make payment of additional contributions, and upon such payment shall receive a recomputation of the experience rate applicable to such employer, including in the calculation the additional contribution so made, except that, following a transfer as described under R.S.43:21-7(c)(7)(D), neither the predecessor nor successor in interest shall be eligible to make a voluntary payment of additional contributions during the year the transfer occurs and the next full calendar year. Any such additional contribution shall be made during the 30-day period following the notification to the employer of his contribution rate as prescribed in this section, unless, for good cause, the time for payment has been extended by the controller for not to exceed an additional 60 days; provided that in no event may such payments which are made later than 120 days after the beginning of the year for which such rates are effective be considered in determining the experience rate for the year in which the payment is made. Any employer receiving any extended period of time within which to make such additional payment and failing to make such payment timely shall be, in addition to the required amount of additional payment, liable for a penalty of 5% thereof or \$5.00, whichever is greater, not to exceed \$50.00. Any adjustment under this subsection shall be made only in the form of credits against accrued or future contributions.

(7) Transfers.

(A) Upon the transfer of the organization, trade or business, or substantially all the assets of an employer to a successor in interest, whether by merger, consolidation, sale, transfer, descent or otherwise, the controller shall transfer the employment experience of the predecessor employer to the successor in interest, including credit for past years, contributions paid, annual payrolls, benefit charges, et cetera, applicable to such predecessor employer, pursuant to regulation, if it is determined that the employment experience of the predecessor employer with respect to the organization, trade, assets or business which has been transferred may be considered indicative of the future employment experience of the successor in interest. The successor in interest may, within four months of the date of such transfer of the organization, trade, assets or business, or thereafter upon good cause shown, request a reconsideration of the transfer of employment experience of the

predecessor employer. The request for reconsideration shall demonstrate, to the satisfaction of the controller, that the employment experience of the predecessor is not indicative of the future employment experience of the successor.

- (B) An employer who transfers part of his or its organization, trade, assets or business to a successor in interest, whether by merger, consolidation, sale, transfer, descent or otherwise, may jointly make application with such successor in interest for transfer of that portion of the employment experience of the predecessor employer relating to the portion of the organization, trade, assets or business transferred to the successor in interest, including credit for past years, contributions paid, annual payrolls, benefit charges, et cetera, applicable to such predecessor employer. The transfer of employment experience may be allowed pursuant to regulation only if it is found that the employment experience of the predecessor employer with respect to the portion of the organization, trade, assets or business which has been transferred may be considered indicative of the future employment experience of the successor in interest. Credit shall be given to the successor in interest only for the years during which contributions were paid by the predecessor employer with respect to that part of the organization, trade, assets or business transferred.
- (C) A transfer of the employment experience in whole or in part having become final, the predecessor employer thereafter shall not be entitled to consideration for an adjusted rate based upon his or its experience or the part thereof, as the case may be, which has thus been transferred. A successor in interest to whom employment experience or a part thereof is transferred pursuant to this subsection shall, as of the date of the transfer of the organization, trade, assets or business, or part thereof, immediately become an employer if not theretofore an employer subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.).
- (D) If an employer transfers in whole or in part his or its organization, trade, assets or business to a successor in interest, whether by merger, consolidation, sale, transfer, descent or otherwise and both the employer and successor in interest are at the time of the transfer under common ownership, management or control, then the employment experience attributable to the transferred business shall also be transferred to and combined with the employment experience of the successor in interest. The transfer of the employment experience is mandatory and not subject to appeal or protest.
- (E) The transfer of part of an employer's employment experience to a successor in interest shall become effective as of the first day of the calendar quarter following the acquisition by the successor in interest. As of the effective date, the successor in interest shall have its employer rate recalculated by merging its existing employment experience, if any, with the employment experience acquired. If the

successor in interest is not an employer as of the date of acquisition, it shall be assigned the new employer rate until the effective date of the transfer of employment experience.

- (F) Upon the transfer in whole or in part of the organization, trade, assets or business to a successor in interest, the employment experience shall not be transferred if the successor in interest is not an employer at the time of the acquisition and the controller finds that the successor in interest acquired the business solely or primarily for the purpose of obtaining a lower rate of contributions.
- (d) Contributions of workers to the unemployment compensation fund and the State disability benefits fund.
- (1) (A) For periods after January 1, 1975, each worker shall contribute to the fund 1% of his wages with respect to his employment with an employer, which occurs on and after January 1, 1975, after such employer has satisfied the condition set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer; provided, however, that such contributions shall be at the rate of 1/2 of 1% of wages paid with respect to employment while the worker is in the employ of the State of New Jersey, or any governmental entity or instrumentality which is an employer as defined under R.S.43:21-19(h)(5), or is covered by an approved private plan under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" or while the worker is exempt from the provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" under section 7 of that law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31).
- (B) Effective January 1, 1978 there shall be no contributions by workers in the employ of any governmental or nongovernmental employer electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions unless the employer is covered by the State plan under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-25 et al.), and in that case contributions shall be at the rate of 1/2 of 1%, except that commencing July 1, 1986, workers in the employ of any nongovernmental employer electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions shall be required to make contributions to the fund at the same rate prescribed for workers of other nongovernmental employers.
- (C) (i) Notwithstanding the above provisions of this paragraph (1), during the period starting July 1, 1986 and ending December 31, 1992, each worker shall contribute to the fund 1.125% of wages paid with respect to his employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under R.S.43:21-19(h)(6), regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection R.S.43:21-19(h) with respect to becoming an employer. Contributions, however, shall be at the rate of 0.625%

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1 while the worker is covered by an approved private plan under the 2 "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" or while the worker is exempt 3 under section 7 of that law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or any 4 other provision of that law; provided that such contributions shall 5 be at the rate of 0.625% of wages paid with respect to employment 6 with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or 7 instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of 8 contributions and which is covered by the State plan under the 9 "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," except that, while the worker 10 is exempt from the provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits 11 Law" under section 7 of that law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or 12 any other provision of that law, or is covered for disability benefits 13 by an approved private plan of the employer, the contributions to 14 the fund shall be 0.125%.

(ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1995, c.422.)

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16 (D) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this paragraph (1), 17 during the period starting January 1, 1993 and ending June 30, 18 1994, each worker shall contribute to the unemployment 19 compensation fund 0.5% of wages paid with respect to the worker's 20 employment with a governmental employer electing or required to 21 pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a 22 nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under 23 paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of 24 whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance 25 its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in 26 lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions 27 set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming 28 an employer. No contributions, however, shall be made by the 29 worker while the worker is covered by an approved private plan 30 under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 31 (C.43:21-25 et al.) or while the worker is exempt under section 7 of 32 P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or any other provision of that law; 33 provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.50% of 34 wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New 35 Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing 36 or required to make payments in lieu of contributions and which is 37 covered by the State plan under the "Temporary Disability Benefits 38 Law," except that, while the worker is exempt from the provisions 39 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" under section 7 of that 40 law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or any other provision of that 41 law, or is covered for disability benefits by an approved private plan 42 of the employer, no contributions shall be made to the fund.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 1996 and ending March 31, 1996, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.60% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection

(h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 1998 and ending December 31, 1998, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.10% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 1999 until December 31, 1999, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.15% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 2000 until December 31, 2001, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.20% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions,

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after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

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Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 2002 until June 30, 2004, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.1825% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or a nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.0825% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on and after July 1, 2004, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.3825% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.0825% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

(E) Each employer shall, notwithstanding any provision of law in this State to the contrary, withhold in trust the amount of his workers' contributions from their wages at the time such wages are paid, shall show such deduction on his payroll records, shall furnish such evidence thereof to his workers as the division or controller may prescribe, and shall transmit all such contributions, in addition to his own contributions, to the office of the controller in such manner and at such times as may be prescribed. If any employer fails to deduct the contributions of any of his workers at the time their wages are paid, or fails to make a deduction therefor at the time wages are paid for the next succeeding payroll period, he alone shall thereafter be liable for such contributions, and for the purpose

of R.S.43:21-14, such contributions shall be treated as employer's contributions required from him.

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(F) As used in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), except when the context clearly requires otherwise, the term "contributions" shall include the contributions of workers pursuant to this section.

(G) (i) Each worker shall, starting on July 1, 1994 and ending on December 31, 2011, contribute to the State disability benefits fund an amount equal to 0.50% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a government employer electing or required to pay contributions to the State disability benefits fund or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, unless the employer is covered by an approved private disability plan or is exempt from the provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.) under section 7 of that law (C.43:21-31) or any other provision of that law. Each worker, with respect to the worker's employment with a government employer electing or required to pay contributions to the State disability benefits fund or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, unless the employer is covered by an approved private disability plan or is exempt from the provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.) under section 7 of that law (C.43:21-31) or any other provision of that law, shall, for calendar year 2012 and each subsequent calendar year, make contributions to the State disability benefits fund at the annual rate of contribution necessary to obtain a total amount of contributions, which, when added to employer contributions made to the State disability benefits fund pursuant to subsection (e) of this section, is equal to 120% of the benefits paid for periods of disability, excluding periods of family temporary disability, during the immediately preceding calendar year plus an amount equal to 100% of the cost of administration of the payment of those benefits during the immediately preceding calendar year, less the amount of net assets remaining in the State disability benefits fund, excluding net assets remaining in the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" of that fund, as of December 31 of the immediately preceding year. The rates of employer contributions determined pursuant to subsection (e) of this section for any year shall be determined prior to the determination of the rate of employee contributions pursuant to this subparagraph (i) and any consideration of employee contributions in determining employer rates for any year shall be based on amounts of employee contributions made prior to the year to which the rate of employee contributions applies and shall not be based on any projection or estimate of the amount of employee contributions for the year to which that rate applies.

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1 (ii) Each worker shall contribute to the State disability benefits 2 fund, in addition to any amount contributed pursuant to 3 subparagraph (i) of this paragraph (1)(G), an amount equal to, 4 during calendar year 2009, 0.09%, and during calendar year 2010 5 0.12%, of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with 6 any covered employer, including a governmental employer which is an employer as defined under R.S.43:21-19(h)(5), unless the 7 8 employer is covered by an approved private disability plan for 9 benefits during periods of family temporary disability leave. The 10 contributions made pursuant to this subparagraph (ii) to the State 11 disability benefits fund shall be deposited into an account of that 12 fund reserved for the payment of benefits during periods of family 13 temporary disability leave as defined in section 3 of the "Temporary 14 Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-27) and for the 15 administration of those payments and shall not be used for any other 16 purpose. This account shall be known as the "Family Temporary 17 Disability Leave Account." For calendar year 2011 and each 18 subsequent calendar year, the annual rate of contribution to be paid 19 by workers pursuant to this subparagraph (ii) shall be the rate 20 necessary to obtain a total amount of contributions equal to 125% of 21 the benefits paid for periods of family temporary disability leave 22 during the immediately preceding calendar year plus an amount 23 equal to 100% of the cost of administration of the payment of those 24 benefits during the immediately preceding calendar year, less the 25 amount of net assets remaining in the account as of December 31 of 26 the immediately preceding year. Necessary administrative costs 27 shall include the cost of an outreach program to inform employees 28 of the availability of the benefits and the cost of issuing the reports 29 required or permitted pursuant to section 13 of P.L.2008, c.17 30 (C.43:21-39.4). No monies, other than the funds in the "Family 31 Temporary Disability Leave Account," shall be used for the 32 payment of benefits during periods of family temporary disability 33 leave or for the administration of those payments, with the sole 34 exception that, during calendar years 2008 and 2009, a total amount 35 not exceeding \$25 million may be transferred to that account from 36 the revenues received in the State disability benefits fund pursuant 37 to subparagraph (i) of this paragraph (1)(G) and be expended for 38 their those payments and administration, including 39 administration of the collection of contributions made pursuant to 40 this subparagraph (ii) and any other necessary administrative costs. 41 Any amount transferred to the account pursuant to this 42 subparagraph (ii) shall be repaid during a period beginning not later 43 than January 1, 2011 and ending not later than December 31, 2015. 44 No monies, other than the funds in the "Family Temporary 45 Disability Leave Account," shall be used under any circumstances 46 after December 31, 2009, for the payment of benefits during periods 47 of family temporary disability leave or for the administration of

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those payments, including for the administration of the collection of contributions made pursuant to this subparagraph (ii).

- 3 (2) (A) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1984, c.24.)
- 4 (B) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1984, c.24.)
- 5 (C) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)
- 6 (D) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)
- 7 (E) (i) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)
- 8 (ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1996, c.28.)
- 9 (iii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)

10 (3) (A) If an employee receives wages from more than one 11 employer during any calendar year, and either the sum of his 12 contributions deposited in and credited to the State disability 13 benefits fund plus the amount of his contributions, if any, required towards the costs of benefits under one or more approved private 14 15 plans under the provisions of section 9 of the "Temporary Disability 16 Benefits Law" (C.43:21-33) and deducted from his wages, or the 17 sum of such latter contributions, if the employee is covered during 18 such calendar year only by two or more private plans, exceeds an 19 amount equal to 1/2 of 1% of the "wages" determined in accordance 20 with the provisions of R.S.43:21-7(b)(3) during the calendar years 21 beginning on or after January 1, 1976 or, during calendar year 2012 22 or any subsequent calendar year, the total amount of his 23 contributions for the year exceeds the amount set by the annual rate 24 of contribution determined by the Commissioner of Labor and 25 Workforce Development pursuant to subparagraph (i) of paragraph 26 (1)(G) of this subsection (d), the employee shall be entitled to a 27 refund of the excess if he makes a claim to the controller within two 28 years after the end of the calendar year in which the wages are 29 received with respect to which the refund is claimed and establishes 30 his right to such refund. Such refund shall be made by the controller 31 from the State disability benefits fund. No interest shall be allowed 32 or paid with respect to any such refund. The controller shall, in 33 accordance with prescribed regulations, determine the portion of the 34 aggregate amount of such refunds made during any calendar year 35 which is applicable to private plans for which deductions were made under section 9 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" 36 37 (C.43:21-33) such determination to be based upon the ratio of the 38 amount of such wages exempt from contributions to such fund, as 39 provided in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of this subsection 40 with respect to coverage under private plans, to the total wages so 41 exempt plus the amount of such wages subject to contributions to 42 the disability benefits fund, as provided in subparagraph (G) of 43 paragraph (1) of this subsection. The controller shall, in accordance 44 with prescribed regulations, prorate the amount so determined 45 among the applicable private plans in the proportion that the wages 46 covered by each plan bear to the total private plan wages involved 47 in such refunds, and shall assess against and recover from the 48 employer, or the insurer if the insurer has indemnified the employer

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with respect thereto, the amount so prorated. The provisions of R.S.43:21-14 with respect to collection of employer contributions shall apply to such assessments. The amount so recovered by the controller shall be paid into the State disability benefits fund.

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5 (B) If an employee receives wages from more than one employer 6 during any calendar year, and the sum of his contributions deposited 7 in the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" of the State 8 disability benefits fund plus the amount of his contributions, if any, 9 required towards the costs of family temporary disability leave 10 benefits under one or more approved private plans under the 11 provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-25 12 et al.) and deducted from his wages, exceeds an amount equal to, 13 during calendar year 2009, 0.09% of the "wages" determined in 14 accordance with the provisions of R.S.43:21-7(b)(3), or during 15 calendar year 2010, 0.12% of those wages, or, during calendar year 16 2011 or any subsequent calendar year, the percentage of those 17 wages set by the annual rate of contribution determined by the 18 Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development pursuant to 19 subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (1)(G) of this subsection (d), the 20 employee shall be entitled to a refund of the excess if he makes a 21 claim to the controller within two years after the end of the calendar 22 year in which the wages are received with respect to which the 23 refund is claimed and establishes his right to the refund. The refund 24 shall be made by the controller from the "Family Temporary 25 Disability Leave Account" of the State disability benefits fund. No 26 interest shall be allowed or paid with respect to any such refund. 27 The controller shall, in accordance with prescribed regulations, 28 determine the portion of the aggregate amount of the refunds made 29 during any calendar year which is applicable to private plans for 30 which deductions were made under section 9 of the "Temporary 31 Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-33), with that determination 32 based upon the ratio of the amount of such wages exempt from 33 contributions to the fund, as provided in paragraph (1)(B) of this 34 subsection (d) with respect to coverage under private plans, to the 35 total wages so exempt plus the amount of such wages subject to 36 contributions to the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" 37 of the State disability benefits fund, as provided in subparagraph (ii) 38 of paragraph (1)(G) of this subsection (d). The controller shall, in 39 accordance with prescribed regulations, prorate the amount so 40 determined among the applicable private plans in the proportion 41 that the wages covered by each plan bear to the total private plan 42 wages involved in such refunds, and shall assess against and recover from the employer, or the insurer if the insurer has 43 44 indemnified the employer with respect thereto, the prorated amount. 45 The provisions of R.S.43:21-14 with respect to collection of 46 employer contributions shall apply to such assessments. The 47 amount so recovered by the controller shall be paid into the "Family

1 Temporary Disability Leave Account" of the State disability 2 benefits fund.

- (4) If an individual does not receive any wages from the employing unit which for the purposes of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) is treated as his employer, or receives his wages from some other employing unit, such employer shall nevertheless be liable for such individual's contributions in the first instance; and after payment thereof such employer may deduct the amount of such contributions from any sums payable by him to such employing unit, or may recover the amount of such contributions from such employing unit, or, in the absence of such an employing unit, from such individual, in a civil action; provided proceedings therefor are instituted within three months after the date on which such contributions are payable. General rules shall be prescribed whereby such an employing unit may recover the amount of such contributions from such individuals in the same manner as if it were the employer.
- (5) Every employer who has elected to become an employer subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), or to cease to be an employer subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), pursuant to the provisions of R.S.43:21-8, shall post and maintain printed notices of such election on his premises, of such design, in such numbers, and at such places as the director may determine to be necessary to give notice thereof to persons in his service.
- (6) Contributions by workers, payable to the controller as herein provided, shall be exempt from garnishment, attachment, execution, or any other remedy for the collection of debts.
- (e) Contributions by employers to the State disability benefits fund.
- (1) Except as hereinafter provided, each employer shall, in addition to the contributions required by subsections (a), (b), and (c) of this section, contribute 1/2 of 1% of the wages paid by such employer to workers with respect to employment unless he is not a covered employer as defined in subsection (a) of section 3 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-27 (a)), except that the rate for the State of New Jersey shall be 1/10 of 1% for the calendar year 1980 and for the first six months of 1981. Prior to July 1, 1981 and prior to July 1 each year thereafter, the controller shall review the experience accumulated in the account of the State of New Jersey and establish a rate for the next following fiscal year which, in combination with worker contributions, will produce sufficient revenue to keep the account in balance; except that the rate so established shall not be less than 1/10 of 1%. Such contributions shall become due and be paid by the employer to the controller for the State disability benefits fund as established by law, in accordance with such regulations as may be prescribed, and shall not be deducted, in whole or in part, from the remuneration of individuals in his employ. In the payment of any contributions, a

fractional part of a cent shall be disregarded unless it amounts to \$0.005 or more, in which case it shall be increased to \$0.01.

- (2) During the continuance of coverage of a worker by an approved private plan of disability benefits under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," the employer shall be exempt from the contributions required by paragraph (1) above with respect to wages paid to such worker.
- (3) (A) The rates of contribution as specified in paragraph (1) above shall be subject to modification as provided herein with respect to employer contributions due on and after July 1, 1951.
- (B) A separate disability benefits account shall be maintained for each employer required to contribute to the State disability benefits fund and such account shall be credited with contributions deposited in and credited to such fund with respect to employment occurring on and after January 1, 1949. Each employer's account shall be credited with all contributions paid on or before January 31 of any calendar year on his own behalf and on behalf of individuals in his service with respect to employment occurring in preceding calendar years; provided, however, that if January 31 of any calendar year falls on a Saturday or Sunday an employer's account shall be credited as of January 31 of such calendar year with all the contributions which he has paid on or before the next succeeding day which is not a Saturday or Sunday. But nothing in this act shall be construed to grant any employer or individuals in his service prior claims or rights to the amounts paid by him to the fund either on his own behalf or on behalf of such individuals. Benefits paid to any covered individual in accordance with Article III of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" on or before December 31 of any calendar year with respect to disability in such calendar year and in preceding calendar years shall be charged against the account of the employer by whom such individual was employed at the commencement of such disability or by whom he was last employed, if out of employment.
- (C) The controller may prescribe regulations for the establishment, maintenance, and dissolution of joint accounts by two or more employers, and shall, in accordance with such regulations and upon application by two or more employers to establish such an account, or to merge their several individual accounts in a joint account, maintain such joint account as if it constituted a single employer's account.
- (D) Prior to July 1 of each calendar year, the controller shall make a preliminary determination of the rate of contribution for the 12 months commencing on such July 1 for each employer subject to the contribution requirements of this subsection (e).
- (1) Such preliminary rate shall be 1/2 of 1% unless on the preceding January 31 of such year such employer shall have been a covered employer who has paid contributions to the State disability

- benefits fund with respect to employment in the three calendar years immediately preceding such year.
- 3 (2) If the minimum requirements in subparagraph (D) (1) above 4 have been fulfilled and the credited contributions exceed the 5 benefits charged by more than \$500.00, such preliminary rate shall 6 be as follows:
- 7 (i) 2/10 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 exceeds 1% but is less than 1 1/4% of his average annual payroll as defined in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.);

- (ii) 15/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1 1/4% but is less than 1 1/2% of his average annual payroll;
- (iii) 1/10 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1 1/2% of his average annual payroll.
- (3) If the minimum requirements in subparagraph (D) (1) above have been fulfilled and the contributions credited exceed the benefits charged but by not more than \$500.00 plus 1% of his average annual payroll, or if the benefits charged exceed the contributions credited but by not more than \$500.00, the preliminary rate shall be 1/4 of 1%.
- (4) If the minimum requirements in subparagraph (D) (1) above have been fulfilled and the benefits charged exceed the contributions credited by more than \$500.00, such preliminary rate shall be as follows:
- (i) 35/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 is less than 1/4 of 1% of his average annual payroll;
- (ii) 45/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1/4 of 1% but is less than 1/2 of 1% of his average annual payroll;
- (iii) 55/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1/2 of 1% but is less than 3/4 of 1% of his average annual payroll;
- (iv) 65/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 3/4 of 1% but is less than 1% of his average annual payroll;
- (v) 75/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1% of his average annual payroll.
- (5) Determination of the preliminary rate as specified in subparagraphs (D)(2), (3) and (4) above shall be subject, however, to the condition that it shall in no event be decreased by more than 1/10 of 1% of wages or increased by more than 2/10 of 1% of wages from the preliminary rate determined for the preceding year in accordance with subparagraph (D) (1), (2), (3) or (4), whichever shall have been applicable.
- (E) (1) Prior to July 1 of each calendar year the controller shall determine the amount of the State disability benefits fund as of December 31 of the preceding calendar year, increased by the contributions paid thereto during January of the current calendar year with respect to employment occurring in the preceding calendar year. If such amount exceeds the net amount withdrawn from the unemployment trust fund pursuant to section 23 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-47)

plus the amount at the end of such preceding calendar year of the unemployment disability account as defined in section 22 of said law (C.43:21-46), such excess shall be expressed as a percentage of the wages on which contributions were paid to the State disability benefits fund on or before January 31 with respect to employment in the preceding calendar year.

- (2) The controller shall then make a final determination of the rates of contribution for the 12 months commencing July 1 of such year for employers whose preliminary rates are determined as provided in subparagraph (D) hereof, as follows:
- (i) If the percentage determined in accordance with subparagraph (E)(1) of this paragraph equals or exceeds 1 1/4%, the final employer rates shall be the preliminary rates determined as provided in subparagraph (D) hereof, except that if the employer's preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(2) or subparagraph (D)(3) hereof, the final employer rate shall be the preliminary employer rate decreased by such percentage of excess taken to the nearest 5/100 of 1%, but in no case shall such final rate be less than 1/10 of 1%.
- (ii) If the percentage determined in accordance with subparagraph (E)(1) of this paragraph equals or exceeds 3/4 of 1% and is less than 1 1/4 of 1%, the final employer rates shall be the preliminary employer rates.
- (iii) If the percentage determined in accordance with subparagraph (E)(1) of this paragraph is less than 3/4 of 1%, but in excess of 1/4 of 1%, the final employer rates shall be the preliminary employer rates determined as provided in subparagraph (D) hereof increased by the difference between 3/4 of 1% and such percentage taken to the nearest 5/100 of 1%; provided, however, that no such final rate shall be more than 1/4 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(2) hereof, more than 1/2 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(1) and subparagraph (D)(3) hereof, nor more than 3/4 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(4) hereof.
- (iv) If the amount of the State disability benefits fund determined as provided in subparagraph (E)(1) of this paragraph is equal to or less than 1/4 of 1%, then the final rate shall be 2/5 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(2) hereof, 7/10 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(1) and subparagraph (D)(3) hereof, and 1.1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(4) hereof. Notwithstanding any other provision of law or any determination made by the controller with respect to any 12-month period commencing on July 1, 1970, the final rates for all

1	employers for the period beginning January 1, 1971, shall be as set
2	forth herein.
3	(F) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this subsection (e),

- (F) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this subsection (e), the rate of contribution paid to the State disability benefits fund by each covered employer as defined in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of section 3 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-27), shall be determined as if:
- (i) No disability benefits have been paid with respect to periods of family temporary disability leave;
- (ii) No worker paid any contributions to the State disability benefits fund pursuant to paragraph (1)(G)(ii) of subsection (d) of this section; and
- (iii) No amounts were transferred from the State disability benefits fund to the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" pursuant to paragraph (1)(G)(ii) of subsection (d) of this section.

16 (cf: P.L.2011, c.88, s.1)

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2. This act shall take effect immediately.

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STATEMENT

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This bill reduces the unemployment insurance (UI) tax rates which will be imposed on employers during fiscal year 2014 by setting them based on the "E" column of the UI tax table in R.S.43:21-7, but without the 10% surcharge provided by that law. The UI tax rate which is being charged to employers during FY 2013 is based on column "E" of the tax table. Because the UI trust fund is currently in deficit, the tax rate, under current law, would increase, starting on July 1, 2013, to the highest tax rates set by the law, the rates found in the "E" column, plus an additional 10% surcharge. The bill reduces the UI tax burden on employers by preventing the 10% surcharge from taking effect in fiscal year 2014.

SENATE LABOR COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 2404

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JANUARY 14, 2013

The Senate Labor Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 2404.

This bill reduces the unemployment insurance (UI) tax rates which will be imposed on employers during fiscal year (FY) 2014 by setting them based on the "E" column of the UI tax table in R.S.43:21-7, but without the 10% surcharge provided by that law. The UI tax rate which is being charged to employers during FY 2013 is based on column "E" of the tax table. Because the UI trust fund is currently in deficit, the tax rate, under current law, would increase, starting on July 1, 2013, to the highest tax rates set by the law, the rates found in the "E" column, plus an additional 10% surcharge. The bill reduces the UI tax burden on employers by preventing the 10% surcharge from taking effect during FY 2014. The bill in effect suspends the 10% surcharge for the single fiscal year of 2014. Under the bill (as under current law), if the UI trust fund remains in deficit, the 10% surcharge will be imposed in FY 2015 (beginning July 1, 2014) as well as in any subsequent fiscal years for which the UI trust fund has a negative balance.

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE SENATE, No. 2404 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 215th LEGISLATURE

DATED: JANUARY 18, 2013

SUMMARY

Synopsis: Eliminates 10 percent surcharge on employer UI taxes during fiscal

year 2014.

Type of Impact: Revenue loss for the unemployment insurance compensation trust

fund (UI trust fund).

Agencies Affected: Department of Labor and Workforce Development

Fiscal Impact	<u>Fiscal Year 2014</u>
Reduction in State Revenue	
UI trust fund	(\$300 million)

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) estimates that the elimination of the 10 percent surcharge proposed in this bill will result in a reduction of an estimated \$300 million in revenue anticipated to be collected for the unemployment insurance (UI) trust fund in fiscal year 2014.
- The OLS notes that the \$300 million reduction may result in the State borrowing additional funds from the federal government to provide unemployment benefits. The loan from the federal government has two costs for a majority of employers in the State: an increase in the federal unemployment tax for the time period that the State has an outstanding loan, and the repayment of the interest which accrues on the balance of that loan.

BILL DESCRIPTION

Senate Bill No. 2404 of 2012 reduces the UI tax rates which will be imposed on employers during fiscal year 2014 by setting them based on the "E" column of the UI tax table in R.S.43:21-7, but without the 10 percent surcharge provided by that law. The UI tax rate which is being charged to employers during fiscal year 2013 is based on column "E" of the tax table. Because the UI trust fund is currently in deficit, the tax rate, under current law, would increase starting on July 1, 2013, to the highest tax rates set by the law, the rates found in the "E" column



plus an additional 10 percent surcharge. The bill reduces the UI tax burden on employers by delaying the 10 percent surcharge from taking effect until the beginning of fiscal year 2015 (July 1, 2014).

FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

None received.

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The OLS estimates that Senate Bill No. 2404 will result in a reduction of an estimated \$300 million in revenue anticipated to be collected for the UI trust fund in fiscal year 2014 (beginning July 1, 2013). This estimate is based on analysis of data provided to the OLS from the Department of Labor and Workforce Development in their yearly cash flow analysis of the UI trust fund. The department estimated that the UI trust fund will collect approximately \$3 billion from employer contributions in fiscal year 2014 if the tax rate is set at the "E" column plus 10 percent. A reduction in the collection amount by 10 percent results in a reduction of the total tax collected by \$300 million.

Additionally, the OLS notes that the \$300 million reduction may result in the State borrowing additional funds from the federal government to provide unemployment benefits. The loan from the federal government has two costs related to it: an increase in the federal unemployment tax on employers for the time period that the State has an outstanding loan and an increase in accrued interest on the balance of that loan. Both of these costs are paid by employers in the State who pay unemployment insurance tax on their employees. The State and a majority of governmental entities in the State are reimbursable employers for unemployment insurance and as such, do not pay the additional costs for the outstanding loan or the accrued interest.

The elimination of the 10 percent surcharge may have an impact on the repayment of the federal loan to the UI trust fund. Pursuant to Sections 3302(c)(2) and 3302 (d)(3) of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act (FUTA), when a state has borrowed from the federal government and the loan is still outstanding on September 30 in the second year after the state first borrowed the money, then the employers' federal unemployment tax is essentially increased to pay back the principal of that loan the next calendar year. Employers in New Jersey have been paying additional federal unemployment tax since calendar year 2012 to repay the balance of the loan. The department's analysis indicates that, if the current tax structure is maintained, the UI trust fund will not have an outstanding balance to the federal government on September 30, 2013 and employers will no longer be subject to an increase in their federal unemployment tax as of January 2014. However, if the 10 percent surcharge is eliminated, the loan may not be paid off by September 30, 2013 and the increase in the federal unemployment tax will continue through calendar year 2014. However, the loan could also be paid off through a direct appropriation. The State could appropriate general funds to pay the loan and ensure that employers are not taxed the additional federal unemployment tax in 2014. The OLS cannot predict the behavior of the executive branch in this regard. Additionally, all of the estimates provided by the department are subject to change and the margins are so narrow, it is not possible for the OLS to predict the UI trust fund balance on September 30, 2013 at this time.

The reduction in revenue from the elimination of the 10 percent surcharge will also most likely result in the State borrowing additional funds from the federal government to pay benefits. The State must then repay this amount with accrued interest. The interest costs are charged to employers through an additional assessment paid on September 30 of each year. Two payments have been paid to the federal government for accrued interest in September 2011 and 2012. However, due to uncertainty on the amount to be borrowed, it is not possible to determine the costs of related interest.

In summary, the elimination of the surcharge will result in an estimated \$300 million reduction in revenue to be collected for the UI trust fund. The reduction may result in future increased costs for most employers in the State due to an increase in federal unemployment tax and in additional accrued interest.

Section: Commerce, Labor and Industry

Analyst: Robin C. Ford

Senior Fiscal Analyst

Approved: David J. Rosen

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).

SENATE BUDGET AND APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 2404

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: FEBRUARY 4, 2013

The Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 2404.

This bill reduces the unemployment insurance (UI) tax burden on employers during fiscal year (FY) 2014 by delaying the 10 percent surcharge that would otherwise take effect on July 1, 2013. Under the bill, the tax rate imposed on employers next fiscal year would remain at the FY 2013 level, and thus continue to be based on the "E" column of the UI tax table pursuant to R.S.43:21-7 and would not be subject to the surcharge.

Because the UI trust fund is currently in deficit, the tax rate, under current law, would increase, starting on July 1, 2013, to the highest statutory tax rates, the rates found in the "E" column, plus an additional 10% surcharge. This bill reduces the UI tax burden on employers by suspending the 10% surcharge for the single Fiscal Year of 2014. Under the bill (as under current law), if the UI reserve fund ratio, based on the fund balance as of the prior March 31, is less than 1%, the 10% surcharge would be imposed in FY 2015 (beginning July 1, 2014) as well as in any subsequent fiscal years for which the UI trust fund has a negative balance, absent further legislative action.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The OLS estimates that this bill will result in an estimated \$300 million reduction in revenue to be collected for the UI trust fund. The reduction may result in future increased costs for most employers in the State due to an increase in federal unemployment tax and in additional accrued interest as explained further below.

The estimated reduction in revenue to be collected by the UI trust fund in fiscal year 2014 (beginning July 1, 2013) is based on an analysis of data provided by the Department of Labor and Workforce Development in their yearly cash flow analysis of the UI trust fund. The department estimated that the UI trust fund will collect approximately \$3 billion from employer contributions in fiscal year 2014 if the tax rate is set at the "E" column plus 10 percent. A reduction in the collection amount by 10 percent results in a reduction of the total tax collected by \$300 million.

Additionally, the OLS notes that the \$300 million reduction may result in the State borrowing additional funds from the federal

government to provide unemployment benefits. The loan from the federal government has two costs related to it: an increase in the federal unemployment tax on employers for the time period that the State has an outstanding loan and an increase in accrued interest on the balance of that loan. Both of these costs are paid by employers in the State who pay unemployment insurance tax on their employees. The State and a majority of governmental entities in the State are reimbursable employers for unemployment insurance and as such, do not pay the additional costs for the outstanding loan or the accrued interest.

The elimination of the 10 percent surcharge may have an impact on the repayment of the federal loan to the UI trust fund. Pursuant to Sections 3302(c)(2) and 3302 (d)(3) of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act (FUTA), when a state has borrowed from the federal government and the loan is still outstanding on September 30 in the second year after the state first borrowed the money, then the employers' federal unemployment tax is essentially increased to pay back the principal of that loan the next calendar year. Employers in New Jersey have been paying additional federal unemployment tax since calendar year 2012 to repay the balance of the loan. The department's analysis indicates that, if the current tax structure is maintained, the UI trust fund will not have an outstanding balance to the federal government on September 30, 2013 and employers will no longer be subject to an increase in their federal unemployment tax as of January 2014. However, if the 10 percent surcharge is eliminated, the loan may not be paid off by September 30, 2013 and the increase in the federal unemployment tax will continue through calendar year 2014. However, the loan could also be paid off through a direct appropriation. The State could appropriate general funds to pay the loan and ensure that employers are not taxed the additional federal unemployment tax in 2014. The OLS cannot predict the behavior of the executive branch in this regard. Additionally, all of the estimates provided by the department are subject to change and the margins are so narrow, it is not possible for the OLS to predict the UI trust fund balance on September 30, 2013 at this time.

The reduction in revenue from the elimination of the 10 percent surcharge will also most likely result in the State borrowing additional funds from the federal government to pay benefits. The State must then repay this amount with accrued interest. The interest costs are charged to employers through an additional assessment paid on September 30 of each year. Two payments have been paid to the federal government for accrued interest in September 2011 and 2012. However, due to uncertainty on the amount to be borrowed, it is not possible to determine the costs of related interest.

ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 2404

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 6, 2013

The Assembly Appropriations Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 2404.

This bill reduces the amount of unemployment insurance (UI) taxes imposed on employers by eliminating, during fiscal year 2014, the 10% surcharge which would otherwise be imposed pursuant to R.S.43:21-7. Without the changes made by the bill, current law imposes that 10% surcharge during fiscal year 2014, because the UI trust fund reserve ratio is currently less than 1%. The bill also restores, for all years after fiscal year 2014, the provision of the law that provides for the imposition of the 10% surcharge whenever the UI trust fund reserve ratio is less than 1%.

As reported, this bill is identical to Assembly Bill Nos. 4112 and 3675 (ACS), as also reported by the committee.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) estimates this bill will result in a \$300 million reduction in revenue to be collected for the UI trust fund. The reduction may result in future increased costs for most employers in the State due to an increase in federal unemployment tax and in additional accrued interest.

The estimated reduction in revenue to be collected by the UI trust fund in fiscal year 2014 is based on an analysis of data provided by the Department of Labor and Workforce Development in its yearly analysis of the UI trust fund. The department estimated that the UI trust fund will collect approximately \$3 billion from employer contributions in fiscal year 2014 if the tax rate is set at the "E" column plus 10 percent. A reduction in the collection amount by 10 percent results in a reduction of the total tax collected by \$300 million.

Additionally, the OLS notes that the \$300 million reduction may result in the State borrowing additional funds from the federal government to provide unemployment benefits. The loan from the federal government has two costs related to it: an increase in the federal unemployment tax on employers for the time period that the State has an outstanding loan and an increase in accrued interest on the balance of that loan. Both of these costs are paid by employers in the State who pay unemployment insurance tax on their employees. The State and a majority of governmental entities in the State are

reimbursable employers for unemployment insurance and do not pay the additional costs for the outstanding loan or the accrued interest.

The elimination of the 10 percent surcharge may have an impact on the repayment of the federal loan to the UI trust fund. Pursuant to federal law, when a state has borrowed from the federal government and the loan is still outstanding on September 30 in the second year after the state first borrowed the money, then the employers' federal unemployment tax is essentially increased to pay back the principal of that loan the next calendar year. Employers in New Jersey have been paying additional federal unemployment tax since calendar year 2012 to repay the balance of the loan. The department's analysis indicates that, if the current tax structure is maintained, the UI trust fund will not have an outstanding balance to the federal government on September 30, 2013 and employers will no longer be subject to an increase in their federal unemployment tax as of January 2014. However, if the 10 percent surcharge is eliminated, the loan may not be paid off by September 30, 2013 and the increase in the federal unemployment tax will continue through calendar year 2014. However, the loan could also be paid off through a direct appropriation. The State could appropriate general funds to pay the loan and ensure that employers are not taxed the additional federal unemployment tax in 2014. The OLS cannot predict the behavior of the Executive in this regard. Additionally, all of the estimates provided by the department are subject to change and the margins are so narrow, it is not possible for the OLS to predict the UI trust fund balance on September 30, 2013 at this time.

The reduction in revenue from the elimination of the 10 percent surcharge may also result in the State borrowing additional funds from the federal government to pay benefits. The State must then repay this amount with accrued interest. The interest costs are charged to employers through an additional assessment paid on September 30 of each year. Two payments have been paid to the federal government for accrued interest in September 2011 and 2012. However, due to uncertainty on the amount to be borrowed, it is not possible to determine the costs of related interest.

ASSEMBLY, No. 4112

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

215th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MAY 13, 2013

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman TIMOTHY J. EUSTACE
District 38 (Bergen and Passaic)
Assemblyman TROY SINGLETON
District 7 (Burlington)
Assemblywoman CONNIE WAGNER
District 38 (Bergen and Passaic)
Assemblyman JOSEPH V. EGAN
District 17 (Middlesex and Somerset)

SYNOPSIS

Suspends 10% surcharge on employer UI taxes for one year.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



AN ACT concerning a surcharge on employer unemployment compensation taxes and amending R.S.43:21-7.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. R.S.43:21-7 is amended to read as follows:
- 43:21-7. Contributions. Employers other than governmental entities, whose benefit financing provisions are set forth in section 4 of P.L.1971, c.346 (C.43:21-7.3), and those nonprofit organizations liable for payment in lieu of contributions on the basis set forth in section 3 of P.L.1971, c.346 (C.43:21-7.2), shall pay to the controller for the unemployment compensation fund, contributions as set forth in subsections (a), (b) and (c) hereof, and the provisions of subsections (d) and (e) shall be applicable to all employers, consistent with the provisions of the "unemployment compensation law" and the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.).
 - (a) Payment.
 - (1) Contributions shall accrue and become payable by each employer for each calendar year in which he is subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), with respect to having individuals in his employ during that calendar year, at the rates and on the basis hereinafter set forth. Such contributions shall become due and be paid by each employer to the controller for the fund, in accordance with such regulations as may be prescribed, and shall not be deducted, in whole or in part, from the remuneration of individuals in his employ.
 - (2) In the payment of any contributions, a fractional part of a cent shall be disregarded unless it amounts to \$0.005 or more, in which case it shall be increased to \$0.01.
 - (b) Rate of contributions. Each employer shall pay the following contributions:
 - (1) For the calendar year 1947, and each calendar year thereafter, 2 7/10% of wages paid by him during each such calendar year, except as otherwise prescribed by subsection (c) of this section.
 - (2) The "wages" of any individual, with respect to any one employer, as the term is used in this subsection (b) and in subsections (c), (d) and (e) of this section 7, shall include the first \$4,800.00 paid during calendar year 1975, for services performed either within or without this State; provided that no contribution shall be required by this State with respect to services performed in another state if such other state imposes contribution liability with respect thereto. If an employer (hereinafter referred to as a

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

A4112 EUSTACE, SINGLETON

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1 successor employer) during any calendar year acquires substantially 2 all the property used in a trade or business of another employer 3 (hereinafter referred to as a predecessor), or used in a separate unit 4 of a trade or business of a predecessor, and immediately after the 5 acquisition employs in his trade or business an individual who 6 immediately prior to the acquisition was employed in the trade or 7 business of such predecessors, then, for the purpose of determining 8 whether the successor employer has paid wages with respect to 9 employment equal to the first \$4,800.00 paid during calendar year 10 1975, any wages paid to such individual by such predecessor during 11 such calendar year and prior to such acquisition shall be considered 12 as having been paid by such successor employer.

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- (3) For calendar years beginning on and after January 1, 1976, the "wages" of any individual, as defined in the preceding paragraph (2) of this subsection (b), shall be established and promulgated by the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development on or before September 1 of the preceding year and shall be, 28 times the Statewide average weekly remuneration paid to workers by employers, as determined under R.S.43:21-3(c), raised to the next higher multiple of \$100.00 if not already a multiple thereof, provided that if the amount of wages so determined for a calendar year is less than the amount similarly determined for the preceding year, the greater amount will be used; provided, further, that if the amount of such wages so determined does not equal or exceed the amount of wages as defined in subsection (b) of section 3306 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. s.3306(b)), the wages as determined in this paragraph in any calendar year shall be raised to equal the amount established under the "Federal Unemployment Tax Act," chapter 23 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. s.3301 et seq.), for that calendar year.
 - (c) Future rates based on benefit experience.
- (1) A separate account for each employer shall be maintained and this shall be credited with all the contributions which he has paid on his own behalf on or before January 31 of any calendar year with respect to employment occurring in the preceding calendar year; provided, however, that if January 31 of any calendar year falls on a Saturday or Sunday, an employer's account shall be credited as of January 31 of such calendar year with all the contributions which he has paid on or before the next succeeding day which is not a Saturday or Sunday. But nothing in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) shall be construed to grant any employer or individuals in his service prior claims or rights to the amounts paid by him into the fund either on his own behalf or on behalf of such individuals. Benefits paid with respect to benefit years commencing on and after January 1, 1953, to any individual on or before December 31 of any calendar year with respect to unemployment in such calendar year and in preceding calendar years shall be charged

against the account or accounts of the employer or employers in whose employment such individual established base weeks constituting the basis of such benefits, except that, with respect to benefit years commencing after January 4, 1998, an employer's account shall not be charged for benefits paid to a claimant if the claimant's employment by that employer was ended in any way which, pursuant to subsection (a), (b), (c), (f), (g) or (h) of R.S.43:21-5, would have disqualified the claimant for benefits if the claimant had applied for benefits at the time when that employment ended. Benefits paid under a given benefit determination shall be charged against the account of the employer to whom such determination relates. When each benefit payment is made, notification shall be promptly provided to each employer included in the unemployment insurance monetary calculation of benefits. Such notification shall identify the employer against whose account the amount of such payment is being charged, shall show at least the name and social security account number of the claimant and shall specify the period of unemployment to which said benefit payment applies.

An annual summary statement of unemployment benefits charged to the employer's account shall be provided.

- (2) Regulations may be prescribed for the establishment, maintenance, and dissolution of joint accounts by two or more employers, and shall, in accordance with such regulations and upon application by two or more employers to establish such an account, or to merge their several individual accounts in a joint account, maintain such joint account as if it constituted a single employer's account.
- (3) No employer's rate shall be lower than 5.4% unless assignment of such lower rate is consistent with the conditions applicable to additional credit allowance for such year under section 3303(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. s.3303(a)(1)), any other provision of this section to the contrary notwithstanding.
- (4) Employer Reserve Ratio. (A) Each employer's rate shall be 2 8/10%, except as otherwise provided in the following provisions. No employer's rate for the 12 months commencing July 1 of any calendar year shall be other than 2 8/10%, unless as of the preceding January 31 such employer shall have paid contributions with respect to wages paid in each of the three calendar years immediately preceding such year, in which case such employer's rate for the 12 months commencing July 1 of any calendar year shall be determined on the basis of his record up to the beginning of such calendar year. If, at the beginning of such calendar year, the total of all his contributions, paid on his own behalf, for all past years exceeds the total benefits charged to his account for all such years, his contribution rate shall be:

- 1 (1) 2 5/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 4%, but less than 2 5%, of his average annual payroll (as defined in paragraph (2), subsection (a) of R.S.43:21-19);
 - (2) 2 2/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 5%, but is less than 6%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (3) 1 9/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 6%, but is less than 7%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (4) 1 6/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 7%, but is less than 8%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (5) 1 3/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 8%, but is less than 9%, of his average annual payroll;
- 12 (6) 1%, if such excess equals or exceeds 9%, but is less than 13 10%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (7) 7/10 of 1%, if such excess equals or exceeds 10%, but is less than 11%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (8) 4/10 of 1%, if such excess equals or exceeds 11% of his average annual payroll.
 - (B) If the total of an employer's contributions, paid on his own behalf, for all past periods for the purposes of this paragraph (4), is less than the total benefits charged against his account during the same period, his rate shall be:
- 22 (1) 4%, if such excess is less than 10% of his average annual 23 payroll;
 - (2) 4 3/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 10%, but is less than 20%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (3) 4 6/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 20% of his average annual payroll.
 - (C) Specially assigned rates.

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- (i) If no contributions were paid on wages for employment in any calendar year used in determining the average annual payroll of an employer eligible for an assigned rate under this paragraph (4), the employer's rate shall be specially assigned as follows:
- if the reserve balance in its account is positive, its assigned rate shall be the highest rate in effect for positive balance accounts for that period, or 5.4%, whichever is higher, and
- if the reserve balance in its account is negative, its assigned rate shall be the highest rate in effect for deficit accounts for that period.
- (ii) If, following the purchase of a corporation with little or no activity, known as a corporate shell, the resulting employing unit operates a new or different business activity, the employing unit shall be assigned a new employer rate.
- 42 (iii) Entities operating under common ownership, management or 43 control, when the operation of the entities is not identifiable, 44 distinguishable and severable, shall be considered a single employer 45 for the purposes of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.).
- 46 (D) The contribution rates prescribed by subparagraphs (A) and 47 (B) of this paragraph (4) shall be increased or decreased in

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accordance with the provisions of paragraph (5) of this subsection (c) for experience rating periods through June 30, 1986.

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(5) (A) Unemployment Trust Fund Reserve Ratio. If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance in the unemployment trust fund equals or exceeds 4% but is less than 7% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by 3/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraph (3) or (4) of this subsection. If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance of the unemployment trust fund exceeds 2 1/2% but is less than 4% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by 6/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraph (3) or (4) of this subsection.

If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance of the unemployment trust fund is less than 2 1/2% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer: (1) eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by (i) 6/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraph (3), (4)(A) or (4)(B) of this subsection, and (ii) an additional amount equal to 20% of the total rate established herein, provided, however, that the final contribution rate for each employer shall be computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof; (2) not eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by 6/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraph (4) of this subsection. For the period commencing July 1, 1984 and ending June 30, 1986, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions under R.S.43:21-7 shall be increased by a factor of 10% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof.

(B) If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance in the unemployment trust fund equals or exceeds 10% but is less than 12 1/2% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be reduced by 3/10 of 1% under the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraphs (3)

1 and (4) of this subsection; provided that in no event shall the 2 contribution rate of any employer be reduced to less than 4/10 of 3 1%. If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance in the 4 unemployment trust fund equals or exceeds 12 1/2% of the total 5 taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to 6 employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution 7 rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer eligible for a 8 contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be 9 reduced by 6/10 of 1% if his account for all past periods reflects an 10 excess of contributions paid over total benefits charged of 3% or 11 more of his average annual payroll, otherwise by 3/10 of 1% under 12 the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraphs (3) and (4) of this subsection; provided that in no event 13 14 shall the contribution rate of any employer be reduced to less than 15 4/10 of 1%.

- (C) The "balance" in the unemployment trust fund, as the term is used in subparagraphs (A) and (B) above, shall not include moneys credited to the State's account under section 903 of the Social Security Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. s.1103), during any period in which such moneys are appropriated for the payment of expenses incurred in the administration of the "unemployment compensation law."
- (D) Prior to July 1 of each calendar year the controller shall determine the Unemployment Trust Fund Reserve Ratio, which shall be calculated by dividing the balance of the unemployment trust fund as of the prior March 31 by total taxable wages reported to the controller by all employers as of March 31 with respect to their employment during the last calendar year.
 - (E) (i) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1997, c.263).
- 30 (ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2001, c.152).

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- (iii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2003, c.107).
- 32 (iv) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2004, c.45).
- 33 (v) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2008, c.17).
 - (vi) [With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2004, and before July 1, 2011, the new employer rate or the unemployment experience rate of an employer under this section shall be the rate which appears in the column headed by the Unemployment Trust Fund Reserve Ratio as of the applicable calculation date and on the line with the Employer Reserve Ratio, as defined in paragraph (4) of this subsection (R.S.43:21-7 (c)(4)), as set forth in the following table:

A4112 EUSTACE, SINGLETON

1	EXPERIENCE RATING TAX TABLE									
2	Fund Reserve Ratio ¹									
3		1.40%	1.00%	0.75%	0.50%	0.49%				
4	Employer	and	to	to	to	and				
5	Reserve	Over	1.39%	0.99%	0.74%	Under				
6	Ratio ²	A	В	C	D	E				
7	Positive Reserve Ratio:									
8	17% and over	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	1.2				
9	16.00% to 16.99%	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	1.2				
10	15.00% to 15.99%	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.7	1.2				
11	14.00% to 14.99%	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.2				
12	13.00% to 13.99%	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.2				
13	12.00% to 12.99%	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2				
14	11.00% to 11.99%	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2				
15	10.00% to 10.99%	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.6				
16	9.00% to 9.99%	1.0	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.9				
17	8.00% to 8.99%	1.3	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.3				
18	7.00% to 7.99%	1.4	1.8	2.2	2.4	2.6				
19	6.00% to 6.99%	1.7	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.0				
20	5.00% to 5.99%	1.9	2.4	2.8	3.1	3.4				
21	4.00% to 4.99%	2.0	2.6	3.1	3.4	3.7				
22	3.00% to 3.99%	2.1	2.7	3.2	3.6	3.9				
23	2.00% to 2.99%	2.2	2.8	3.3	3.7	4.0				
24	1.00% to 1.99%	2.3	2.9	3.4	3.8	4.1				
25	0.00% to 0.99%	2.4	3.0	3.6	4.0	4.3				
26	Deficit Reserve Ratio:									
27	-0.00% to -2.99%	3.4	4.3	5.1	5.6	6.1				
28	-3.00% to -5.99%	3.4	4.3	5.1	5.7	6.2				
29	-6.00% to -8.99%	3.5	4.4	5.2	5.8	6.3				
30	-9.00% to-11.99%	3.5	4.5	5.3	5.9	6.4				
31	-12.00% to-14.99%	3.6	4.6	5.4	6.0	6.5				
32	-15.00% to-19.99%	3.6	4.6	5.5	6.1	6.6				
33	-20.00% to-24.99%	3.7	4.7	5.6	6.2	6.7				
34	-25.00% to-29.99%	3.7	4.8	5.6	6.3	6.8				
35	-30.00% to-34.99%	3.8	4.8	5.7	6.3	6.9				
36	-35.00% and under	5.4	5.4	5.8	6.4	7.0				
37	New Employer Rate	2.8	2.8	2.8	3.1	3.4				
38	¹ Fund balance as of Mar	ch 31 a	ıs a per	centage	e of tax	able wa				
20	1 . 1 1									

¹Fund balance as of March 31 as a percentage of taxable wages in the prior calendar year.

²Employer Reserve Ratio (Contributions minus benefits as a percentage of employer's taxable wages) [1 (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

(vii) With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2011, the new employer rate or the unemployment experience rate of an employer under this section shall be the rate which appears in the column headed by the Unemployment Trust Fund Reserve Ratio as of the applicable calculation date and on the line with the Employer Reserve Ratio, as defined in paragraph (4)

A4112 EUSTACE, SINGLETON

1	of this subsection (R.S.43:21-7 (c)(4)), as set forth in the following									
2	table:									
3	EXPERIENCE RATING TAX TABLE									
4	Fund Reserve Ratio ¹									
5		3.50%	3.00%	2.5%	2.0%	1.99%				
6	Employer	and	to	to	to	and				
7	Reserve	Over	3.49%	2.99%	2.49%	Under				
8	Ratio ²	A	В	C	D	E				
9	Positive Reserve Ratio:									
10	17% and over	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	1.2				
11	16.00% to 16.99%	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	1.2				
12	15.00% to 15.99%	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.7	1.2				
13	14.00% to 14.99%	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.2				
14	13.00% to 13.99%	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.2				
15	12.00% to 12.99%	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2				
16	11.00% to 11.99%	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2				
17	10.00% to 10.99%	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.6				
18	9.00% to 9.99%	1.0	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.9				
19	8.00% to 8.99%	1.3	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.3				
20	7.00% to 7.99%	1.4	1.8	2.2	2.4	2.6				
21	6.00% to 6.99%	1.7	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.0				
22	5.00% to 5.99%	1.9	2.4	2.8	3.1	3.4				
23	4.00% to 4.99%	2.0	2.6	3.1	3.4	3.7				
24	3.00% to 3.99%	2.1	2.7	3.2	3.6	3.9				
25	2.00% to 2.99%	2.2	2.8	3.3	3.7	4.0				
26	1.00% to 1.99%	2.3	2.9	3.4	3.8	4.1				
27	0.00% to 0.99%	2.4	3.0	3.6	4.0	4.3				
28	Deficit Reserve Ratio:									
29	-0.00% to -2.99%	3.4	4.3	5.1	5.6	6.1				
30	-3.00% to -5.99%	3.4	4.3	5.1	5.7	6.2				
31	-6.00% to -8.99%	3.5	4.4	5.2	5.8	6.3				
32	-9.00% to-11.99%	3.5	4.5	5.3	5.9	6.4				
33	-12.00% to-14.99%	3.6	4.6	5.4	6.0	6.5				
34	-15.00% to-19.99%	3.6	4.6	5.5	6.1	6.6				
35	-20.00% to-24.99%	3.7	4.7	5.6	6.2	6.7				
36	-25.00% to-29.99%	3.7	4.8	5.6	6.3	6.8				
37	-30.00% to-34.99%	3.8	4.8	5.7	6.3	6.9				
38	-35.00% and under	5.4	5.4	5.8	6.4	7.0				
39	New Employer Rate	2.8	2.8	2.8	3.1	3.4				
40	¹ Fund balance as of March 31 as a percentage of taxable wages									
41	in the prior calendar year.									
42	² Employer Reserve Rat	io (Co	ntributi	ons mi	nus be	nefits as a				
43	percentage of employer's taxable wages).									
44	(F) (i) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1997, c.263).									
45	(ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2008, c.17).									

⁽ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2008, c.17).

⁴⁶ (iii) $\[$ With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2004 and before July 1, 2011, if the fund reserve ratio, 47

- 1 based on the fund balance as of the prior March 31, is less than
- 2 0.50%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay
- 3 contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this
- 4 paragraph (5), shall be increased by a factor of 10% computed to
- 5 the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof]
- 6 (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
- 8 (iv) With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after
 9 July 1, 2011 and before July 1, 2013, if the fund reserve ratio, based
 10 on the fund balance as of the prior March 31, is less than 1.0%, the
 11 contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as
 12 computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be
 13 increased by a factor of 10% computed to the nearest multiple of
 14 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof.

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- (v) With respect to any experience rating year beginning on or after July 1, 2014, if the fund reserve ratio, based on the fund balance on the prior March 31, is less than 1.0%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed pursuant to subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be increased by a factor of 10%, computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10%.
- (G) On or after January 1, 1993, notwithstanding any other provisions of this paragraph (5), the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be decreased by 0.1%, except that, during any experience rating year starting before January 1, 1998 in which the fund reserve ratio is equal to or greater than 7.00% or during any experience rating year starting on or after January 1, 1998, in which the fund reserve ratio is equal to or greater than 3.5%, there shall be no decrease pursuant to this subparagraph (G) in the contribution of any employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.00% or under.
- (H) On and after January 1, 1998 until December 31, 2000 and on or after January 1, 2002 until June 30, 2006, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be decreased by a factor, as set out below, computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10%, except that, if an employer has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under, the employer's rate of contribution shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) to less than 5.4%:
- From January 1, 1998 until December 31, 1998, a factor of 12%;
- From January 1, 1999 until December 31, 1999, a factor of 10%;
- From January 1, 2000 until December 31, 2000, a factor of 7%;
- 44 From January 1, 2002 until March 31, 2002, a factor of 36%;
- 45 From April 1, 2002 until June 30, 2002, a factor of 85%;
- 46 From July 1, 2002 until June 30, 2003, a factor of 15%;
- 47 From July 1, 2003 until June 30, 2004, a factor of 15%;
- 48 From July 1, 2004 until June 30, 2005, a factor of 7%;

From July 1, 2005 until December 31, 2005, a factor of 16%; and From January 1, 2006 until June 30, 2006, a factor of 34%.

The amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by this subparagraph (H) shall be in addition to the amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by subparagraph (G) of this paragraph (5), except that the rate of contribution of an employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) to less than 5.4% and the rate of contribution of any other employer shall not be reduced to less than 0.0%.

(I) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2008, c.17).

- (J) On or after July 1, 2001, notwithstanding any other provisions of this paragraph (5), the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be decreased by 0.0175%, except that, during any experience rating year starting on or after July 1, 2001, in which the fund reserve ratio is equal to or greater than 3.5%, there shall be no decrease pursuant to this subparagraph (J) in the contribution of any employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.00% or under. The amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by this subparagraph (J) shall be in addition to the amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by subparagraphs (G) and (H) of this paragraph (5), except that the rate of contribution of an employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (J) to less than 5.4% and the rate of contribution of any other employer shall not be reduced to less than 0.0%.
- (K) With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2009, if the fund reserve ratio, based on the fund balance as of the prior March 31, is:
- (i) Equal to or greater than 5.00% but less than 7.5%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be reduced by a factor of 25% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof except that there shall be no decrease pursuant to this subparagraph (K) in the contribution of any employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of 35.00% or under;
- (ii) Equal to or greater than 7.5%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be reduced by a factor of 50% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof except that there shall be no decrease pursuant to this subparagraph (K) in the contribution of any employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of 35.00% or under.
- (L) Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (5) and notwithstanding the actual fund reserve ratio, the contribution rate for employers liable to pay contributions, as computed under

subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be, for fiscal year 2011, the rates set by column "C" of the table in that subparagraph.

- (M) Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (5) and notwithstanding the actual fund reserve ratio, the contribution rate for employers liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be, for fiscal year 2012, the rates set by column "D" of the table in that subparagraph.
- (N) Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (5) and notwithstanding the actual fund reserve ratio, the contribution rate for employers liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be, for fiscal year 2013, the rates set by column "E" of the table in that subparagraph.
 - (6) Additional contributions.

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Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any employer who has been assigned a contribution rate pursuant to subsection (c) of this section for the year commencing July 1, 1948, and for any year commencing July 1 thereafter, may voluntarily make payment of additional contributions, and upon such payment shall receive a recomputation of the experience rate applicable to such employer, including in the calculation the additional contribution so made, except that, following a transfer as described under R.S.43:21-7(c)(7)(D), neither the predecessor nor successor in interest shall be eligible to make a voluntary payment of additional contributions during the year the transfer occurs and the next full calendar year. Any such additional contribution shall be made during the 30-day period following the notification to the employer of his contribution rate as prescribed in this section, unless, for good cause, the time for payment has been extended by the controller for not to exceed an additional 60 days; provided that in no event may such payments which are made later than 120 days after the beginning of the year for which such rates are effective be considered in determining the experience rate for the year in which the payment is made. Any employer receiving any extended period of time within which to make such additional payment and failing to make such payment timely shall be, in addition to the required amount of additional payment, liable for a penalty of 5% thereof or \$5.00, whichever is greater, not to exceed \$50.00. Any adjustment under this subsection shall be made only in the form of credits against accrued or future contributions.

- (7) Transfers.
- (A) Upon the transfer of the organization, trade or business, or substantially all the assets of an employer to a successor in interest, whether by merger, consolidation, sale, transfer, descent or otherwise, the controller shall transfer the employment experience of the predecessor employer to the successor in interest, including credit for past years, contributions paid, annual payrolls, benefit charges, et cetera, applicable to such predecessor employer, pursuant to regulation, if it is determined that the employment

experience of the predecessor employer with respect to the organization, trade, assets or business which has been transferred may be considered indicative of the future employment experience of the successor in interest. The successor in interest may, within four months of the date of such transfer of the organization, trade, assets or business, or thereafter upon good cause shown, request a reconsideration of the transfer of employment experience of the predecessor employer. The request for reconsideration shall demonstrate, to the satisfaction of the controller, that the employment experience of the predecessor is not indicative of the future employment experience of the successor.

- (B) An employer who transfers part of his or its organization, trade, assets or business to a successor in interest, whether by merger, consolidation, sale, transfer, descent or otherwise, may jointly make application with such successor in interest for transfer of that portion of the employment experience of the predecessor employer relating to the portion of the organization, trade, assets or business transferred to the successor in interest, including credit for past years, contributions paid, annual payrolls, benefit charges, et cetera, applicable to such predecessor employer. The transfer of employment experience may be allowed pursuant to regulation only if it is found that the employment experience of the predecessor employer with respect to the portion of the organization, trade, assets or business which has been transferred may be considered indicative of the future employment experience of the successor in interest. Credit shall be given to the successor in interest only for the years during which contributions were paid by the predecessor employer with respect to that part of the organization, trade, assets or business transferred.
- (C) A transfer of the employment experience in whole or in part having become final, the predecessor employer thereafter shall not be entitled to consideration for an adjusted rate based upon his or its experience or the part thereof, as the case may be, which has thus been transferred. A successor in interest to whom employment experience or a part thereof is transferred pursuant to this subsection shall, as of the date of the transfer of the organization, trade, assets or business, or part thereof, immediately become an employer if not theretofore an employer subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.).
- (D) If an employer transfers in whole or in part his or its organization, trade, assets or business to a successor in interest, whether by merger, consolidation, sale, transfer, descent or otherwise and both the employer and successor in interest are at the time of the transfer under common ownership, management or control, then the employment experience attributable to the transferred business shall also be transferred to and combined with the employment experience of the successor in interest. The transfer

of the employment experience is mandatory and not subject to appeal or protest.

- (E) The transfer of part of an employer's employment experience to a successor in interest shall become effective as of the first day of the calendar quarter following the acquisition by the successor in interest. As of the effective date, the successor in interest shall have its employer rate recalculated by merging its existing employment experience, if any, with the employment experience acquired. If the successor in interest is not an employer as of the date of acquisition, it shall be assigned the new employer rate until the effective date of the transfer of employment experience.
- (F) Upon the transfer in whole or in part of the organization, trade, assets or business to a successor in interest, the employment experience shall not be transferred if the successor in interest is not an employer at the time of the acquisition and the controller finds that the successor in interest acquired the business solely or primarily for the purpose of obtaining a lower rate of contributions.
- (d) Contributions of workers to the unemployment compensation fund and the State disability benefits fund.
- (1) (A) For periods after January 1, 1975, each worker shall contribute to the fund 1% of his wages with respect to his employment with an employer, which occurs on and after January 1, 1975, after such employer has satisfied the condition set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer; provided, however, that such contributions shall be at the rate of 1/2 of 1% of wages paid with respect to employment while the worker is in the employ of the State of New Jersey, or any governmental entity or instrumentality which is an employer as defined under R.S.43:21-19(h)(5), or is covered by an approved private plan under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" or while the worker is exempt from the provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" under section 7 of that law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31).
- (B) Effective January 1, 1978 there shall be no contributions by workers in the employ of any governmental or nongovernmental employer electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions unless the employer is covered by the State plan under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-25 et al.), and in that case contributions shall be at the rate of 1/2 of 1%, except that commencing July 1, 1986, workers in the employ of any nongovernmental employer electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions shall be required to make contributions to the fund at the same rate prescribed for workers of other nongovernmental employers.
- (C) (i) Notwithstanding the above provisions of this paragraph (1), during the period starting July 1, 1986 and ending December 31, 1992, each worker shall contribute to the fund 1.125% of wages paid with respect to his employment with a governmental employer

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1 electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental 2 employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer 3 as defined under R.S.43:21-19(h)(6), regardless of whether that 4 nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit 5 costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of 6 contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set 7 forth in subsection R.S.43:21-19(h) with respect to becoming an 8 employer. Contributions, however, shall be at the rate of 0.625% 9 while the worker is covered by an approved private plan under the 10 "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" or while the worker is exempt 11 under section 7 of that law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or any 12 other provision of that law; provided that such contributions shall 13 be at the rate of 0.625% of wages paid with respect to employment 14 with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or 15 instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of 16 contributions and which is covered by the State plan under the 17 "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," except that, while the worker 18 is exempt from the provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits 19 Law" under section 7 of that law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or 20 any other provision of that law, or is covered for disability benefits by an approved private plan of the employer, the contributions to 21 22 the fund shall be 0.125%.

(ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1995, c.422.)

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24 (D) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this paragraph (1), 25 during the period starting January 1, 1993 and ending June 30, 26 1994, each worker shall contribute to the unemployment 27 compensation fund 0.5% of wages paid with respect to the worker's 28 employment with a governmental employer electing or required to 29 pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a 30 nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under 31 paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of 32 whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance 33 its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in 34 lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions 35 set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming 36 an employer. No contributions, however, shall be made by the 37 worker while the worker is covered by an approved private plan 38 under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 39 (C.43:21-25 et al.) or while the worker is exempt under section 7 of 40 P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or any other provision of that law; 41 provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.50% of 42 wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New 43 Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing 44 or required to make payments in lieu of contributions and which is 45 covered by the State plan under the "Temporary Disability Benefits 46 Law," except that, while the worker is exempt from the provisions 47 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" under section 7 of that 48 law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or any other provision of that

law, or is covered for disability benefits by an approved private plan of the employer, no contributions shall be made to the fund.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 1996 and ending March 31, 1996, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.60% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 1998 and ending December 31, 1998, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.10% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 1999 until December 31, 1999, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.15% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 2000 until December 31, 2001, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.20% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 2002 until June 30, 2004, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.1825% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or a nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.0825% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on and after July 1, 2004, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.3825% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.0825% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

(E) Each employer shall, notwithstanding any provision of law in this State to the contrary, withhold in trust the amount of his workers' contributions from their wages at the time such wages are

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1 paid, shall show such deduction on his payroll records, shall furnish 2 such evidence thereof to his workers as the division or controller 3 may prescribe, and shall transmit all such contributions, in addition 4 to his own contributions, to the office of the controller in such 5 manner and at such times as may be prescribed. If any employer 6 fails to deduct the contributions of any of his workers at the time 7 their wages are paid, or fails to make a deduction therefor at the 8 time wages are paid for the next succeeding payroll period, he alone 9 shall thereafter be liable for such contributions, and for the purpose 10 of R.S.43:21-14, such contributions shall be treated as employer's 11 contributions required from him.

(F) As used in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), except when the context clearly requires otherwise, the term "contributions" shall include the contributions of workers pursuant to this section.

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15 (G) (i) Each worker shall, starting on July 1, 1994 and ending on 16 December 31, 2011, contribute to the State disability benefits fund 17 an amount equal to 0.50% of wages paid with respect to the 18 worker's employment with a government employer electing or 19 required to pay contributions to the State disability benefits fund or 20 nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization 21 which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection 22 (h) of R.S.43:21-19, unless the employer is covered by an approved 23 private disability plan or is exempt from the provisions of the 24 "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 25 et al.) under section 7 of that law (C.43:21-31) or any other 26 provision of that law. Each worker, with respect to the worker's 27 employment with a government employer electing or required to 28 pay contributions to the State disability benefits fund or 29 nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization 30 which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection 31 (h) of R.S.43:21-19, unless the employer is covered by an approved 32 private disability plan or is exempt from the provisions of the 33 "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 34 et al.) under section 7 of that law (C.43:21-31) or any other 35 provision of that law, shall, for calendar year 2012 and each 36 subsequent calendar year, make contributions to the State disability 37 benefits fund at the annual rate of contribution necessary to obtain a 38 total amount of contributions, which, when added to employer 39 contributions made to the State disability benefits fund pursuant to 40 subsection (e) of this section, is equal to 120% of the benefits paid 41 for periods of disability, excluding periods of family temporary 42 disability, during the immediately preceding calendar year plus an 43 amount equal to 100% of the cost of administration of the payment 44 of those benefits during the immediately preceding calendar year, 45 less the amount of net assets remaining in the State disability 46 benefits fund, excluding net assets remaining in the "Family 47 Temporary Disability Leave Account" of that fund, as of December 48 31 of the immediately preceding year. The rates of employer

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1 contributions determined pursuant to subsection (e) of this section 2 for any year shall be determined prior to the determination of the 3 rate of employee contributions pursuant to this subparagraph (i) and 4 any consideration of employee contributions in determining 5 employer rates for any year shall be based on amounts of employee 6 contributions made prior to the year to which the rate of employee 7 contributions applies and shall not be based on any projection or 8 estimate of the amount of employee contributions for the year to 9 which that rate applies.

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(ii) Each worker shall contribute to the State disability benefits fund, in addition to any amount contributed pursuant to subparagraph (i) of this paragraph (1)(G), an amount equal to, during calendar year 2009, 0.09%, and during calendar year 2010 0.12%, of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with any covered employer, including a governmental employer which is an employer as defined under R.S.43:21-19(h)(5), unless the employer is covered by an approved private disability plan for benefits during periods of family temporary disability leave. The contributions made pursuant to this subparagraph (ii) to the State disability benefits fund shall be deposited into an account of that fund reserved for the payment of benefits during periods of family temporary disability leave as defined in section 3 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-27) and for the administration of those payments and shall not be used for any other purpose. This account shall be known as the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account." For calendar year 2011 and each subsequent calendar year, the annual rate of contribution to be paid by workers pursuant to this subparagraph (ii) shall be the rate necessary to obtain a total amount of contributions equal to 125% of the benefits paid for periods of family temporary disability leave during the immediately preceding calendar year plus an amount equal to 100% of the cost of administration of the payment of those benefits during the immediately preceding calendar year, less the amount of net assets remaining in the account as of December 31 of the immediately preceding year. Necessary administrative costs shall include the cost of an outreach program to inform employees of the availability of the benefits and the cost of issuing the reports required or permitted pursuant to section 13 of P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.4). No monies, other than the funds in the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account," shall be used for the payment of benefits during periods of family temporary disability leave or for the administration of those payments, with the sole exception that, during calendar years 2008 and 2009, a total amount not exceeding \$25 million may be transferred to that account from the revenues received in the State disability benefits fund pursuant to subparagraph (i) of this paragraph (1)(G) and be expended for their payments and administration, administration of the collection of contributions made pursuant to

- this subparagraph (ii) and any other necessary administrative costs.
- 2 Any amount transferred to the account pursuant to this
- 3 subparagraph (ii) shall be repaid during a period beginning not later
- 4 than January 1, 2011 and ending not later than December 31, 2015.
- 5 No monies, other than the funds in the "Family Temporary
- 6 Disability Leave Account," shall be used under any circumstances
- 7 after December 31, 2009, for the payment of benefits during periods
- 8 of family temporary disability leave or for the administration of
- 9 those payments, including for the administration of the collection of
- 10 contributions made pursuant to this subparagraph (ii).
- 11 (2) (A) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1984, c.24.)
- 12 (B) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1984, c.24.)
- 13 (C) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)
- 14 (D) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)
- 15 (E) (i) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)
- 16 (ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1996, c.28.)
- 17 (iii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)

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18 (3) (A) If an employee receives wages from more than one 19 employer during any calendar year, and either the sum of his 20 contributions deposited in and credited to the State disability 21 benefits fund plus the amount of his contributions, if any, required 22 towards the costs of benefits under one or more approved private 23 plans under the provisions of section 9 of the "Temporary Disability 24 Benefits Law" (C.43:21-33) and deducted from his wages, or the 25 sum of such latter contributions, if the employee is covered during 26 such calendar year only by two or more private plans, exceeds an 27 amount equal to 1/2 of 1% of the "wages" determined in accordance 28 with the provisions of R.S.43:21-7(b)(3) during the calendar years 29 beginning on or after January 1, 1976 or, during calendar year 2012 30 or any subsequent calendar year, the total amount of his 31 contributions for the year exceeds the amount set by the annual rate 32 of contribution determined by the Commissioner of Labor and 33 Workforce Development pursuant to subparagraph (i) of paragraph 34 (1)(G) of this subsection (d), the employee shall be entitled to a 35 refund of the excess if he makes a claim to the controller within two 36 years after the end of the calendar year in which the wages are 37 received with respect to which the refund is claimed and establishes 38 his right to such refund. Such refund shall be made by the controller 39 from the State disability benefits fund. No interest shall be allowed 40 or paid with respect to any such refund. The controller shall, in 41 accordance with prescribed regulations, determine the portion of the 42 aggregate amount of such refunds made during any calendar year 43 which is applicable to private plans for which deductions were 44 made under section 9 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" 45 (C.43:21-33) such determination to be based upon the ratio of the 46 amount of such wages exempt from contributions to such fund, as 47 provided in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of this subsection

with respect to coverage under private plans, to the total wages so

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exempt plus the amount of such wages subject to contributions to the disability benefits fund, as provided in subparagraph (G) of paragraph (1) of this subsection. The controller shall, in accordance with prescribed regulations, prorate the amount so determined among the applicable private plans in the proportion that the wages covered by each plan bear to the total private plan wages involved in such refunds, and shall assess against and recover from the employer, or the insurer if the insurer has indemnified the employer with respect thereto, the amount so prorated. The provisions of R.S.43:21-14 with respect to collection of employer contributions shall apply to such assessments. The amount so recovered by the controller shall be paid into the State disability benefits fund.

(B) If an employee receives wages from more than one employer during any calendar year, and the sum of his contributions deposited in the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" of the State disability benefits fund plus the amount of his contributions, if any, required towards the costs of family temporary disability leave benefits under one or more approved private plans under the provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-25 et al.) and deducted from his wages, exceeds an amount equal to, during calendar year 2009, 0.09% of the "wages" determined in accordance with the provisions of R.S.43:21-7(b)(3), or during calendar year 2010, 0.12% of those wages, or, during calendar year 2011 or any subsequent calendar year, the percentage of those wages set by the annual rate of contribution determined by the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (1)(G) of this subsection (d), the employee shall be entitled to a refund of the excess if he makes a claim to the controller within two years after the end of the calendar year in which the wages are received with respect to which the refund is claimed and establishes his right to the refund. The refund shall be made by the controller from the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" of the State disability benefits fund. No interest shall be allowed or paid with respect to any such refund. The controller shall, in accordance with prescribed regulations, determine the portion of the aggregate amount of the refunds made during any calendar year which is applicable to private plans for which deductions were made under section 9 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-33), with that determination based upon the ratio of the amount of such wages exempt from contributions to the fund, as provided in paragraph (1)(B) of this subsection (d) with respect to coverage under private plans, to the total wages so exempt plus the amount of such wages subject to contributions to the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" of the State disability benefits fund, as provided in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (1)(G) of this subsection (d). The controller shall, in accordance with prescribed regulations, prorate the amount so determined among the applicable private plans in the proportion

- that the wages covered by each plan bear to the total private plan wages involved in such refunds, and shall assess against and recover from the employer, or the insurer if the insurer has indemnified the employer with respect thereto, the prorated amount. The provisions of R.S.43:21-14 with respect to collection of employer contributions shall apply to such assessments. The amount so recovered by the controller shall be paid into the "Family
- 8 Temporary Disability Leave Account" of the State disability
 9 benefits fund.
 10 (4) If an individual does not receive any wages from the
 11 employing unit which for the purposes of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1)

- employing unit which for the purposes of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) is treated as his employer, or receives his wages from some other employing unit, such employer shall nevertheless be liable for such individual's contributions in the first instance; and after payment thereof such employer may deduct the amount of such contributions from any sums payable by him to such employing unit, or may recover the amount of such contributions from such employing unit, or, in the absence of such an employing unit, from such individual, in a civil action; provided proceedings therefor are instituted within three months after the date on which such contributions are payable. General rules shall be prescribed whereby such an employing unit may recover the amount of such contributions from such individuals in the same manner as if it were the employer.
- (5) Every employer who has elected to become an employer subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), or to cease to be an employer subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), pursuant to the provisions of R.S.43:21-8, shall post and maintain printed notices of such election on his premises, of such design, in such numbers, and at such places as the director may determine to be necessary to give notice thereof to persons in his service.
- (6) Contributions by workers, payable to the controller as herein provided, shall be exempt from garnishment, attachment, execution, or any other remedy for the collection of debts.
- (e) Contributions by employers to the State disability benefits fund.
- (1) Except as hereinafter provided, each employer shall, in addition to the contributions required by subsections (a), (b), and (c) of this section, contribute 1/2 of 1% of the wages paid by such employer to workers with respect to employment unless he is not a covered employer as defined in subsection (a) of section 3 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-27 (a)), except that the rate for the State of New Jersey shall be 1/10 of 1% for the calendar year 1980 and for the first six months of 1981. Prior to July 1, 1981 and prior to July 1 each year thereafter, the controller shall review the experience accumulated in the account of the State of New Jersey and establish a rate for the next following fiscal year which, in combination with worker contributions, will produce

1 sufficient revenue to keep the account in balance; except that the 2 rate so established shall not be less than 1/10 of 1%. Such 3 contributions shall become due and be paid by the employer to the 4 controller for the State disability benefits fund as established by 5 law, in accordance with such regulations as may be prescribed, and 6 shall not be deducted, in whole or in part, from the remuneration of 7 individuals in his employ. In the payment of any contributions, a 8 fractional part of a cent shall be disregarded unless it amounts to 9 \$0.005 or more, in which case it shall be increased to \$0.01.

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- (2) During the continuance of coverage of a worker by an approved private plan of disability benefits under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," the employer shall be exempt from the contributions required by paragraph (1) above with respect to wages paid to such worker.
- (3) (A) The rates of contribution as specified in paragraph (1) above shall be subject to modification as provided herein with respect to employer contributions due on and after July 1, 1951.
- (B) A separate disability benefits account shall be maintained for each employer required to contribute to the State disability benefits fund and such account shall be credited with contributions deposited in and credited to such fund with respect to employment occurring on and after January 1, 1949. Each employer's account shall be credited with all contributions paid on or before January 31 of any calendar year on his own behalf and on behalf of individuals in his service with respect to employment occurring in preceding calendar years; provided, however, that if January 31 of any calendar year falls on a Saturday or Sunday an employer's account shall be credited as of January 31 of such calendar year with all the contributions which he has paid on or before the next succeeding day which is not a Saturday or Sunday. But nothing in this act shall be construed to grant any employer or individuals in his service prior claims or rights to the amounts paid by him to the fund either on his own behalf or on behalf of such individuals. Benefits paid to any covered individual in accordance with Article III of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" on or before December 31 of any calendar year with respect to disability in such calendar year and in preceding calendar years shall be charged against the account of the employer by whom such individual was employed at the commencement of such disability or by whom he was last employed, if out of employment.
- (C) The controller may prescribe regulations for the establishment, maintenance, and dissolution of joint accounts by two or more employers, and shall, in accordance with such regulations and upon application by two or more employers to establish such an account, or to merge their several individual accounts in a joint account, maintain such joint account as if it constituted a single employer's account.

(D) Prior to July 1 of each calendar year, the controller shall make a preliminary determination of the rate of contribution for the 12 months commencing on such July 1 for each employer subject to the contribution requirements of this subsection (e).

- (1) Such preliminary rate shall be 1/2 of 1% unless on the preceding January 31 of such year such employer shall have been a covered employer who has paid contributions to the State disability benefits fund with respect to employment in the three calendar years immediately preceding such year.
- (2) If the minimum requirements in subparagraph (D) (1) above have been fulfilled and the credited contributions exceed the benefits charged by more than \$500.00, such preliminary rate shall be as follows:
- (i) 2/10 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 exceeds 1% but is less than 1 1/4% of his average annual payroll as defined in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.);
- (ii) 15/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1 1/4% but is less than 1 1/2% of his average annual payroll;
- (iii) 1/10 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1 1/2% of his average annual payroll.
- (3) If the minimum requirements in subparagraph (D) (1) above have been fulfilled and the contributions credited exceed the benefits charged but by not more than \$500.00 plus 1% of his average annual payroll, or if the benefits charged exceed the contributions credited but by not more than \$500.00, the preliminary rate shall be 1/4 of 1%.
- (4) If the minimum requirements in subparagraph (D) (1) above have been fulfilled and the benefits charged exceed the contributions credited by more than \$500.00, such preliminary rate shall be as follows:
- (i) 35/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 is less than 1/4 of 1% of his average annual payroll;
- (ii) 45/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1/4 of 1% but is less than 1/2 of 1% of his average annual payroll;
- (iii) 55/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1/2 of 1% but is less than 3/4 of 1% of his average annual payroll;
- (iv) 65/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 3/4 of 1% but is less than 1% of his average annual payroll;
- (v) 75/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1% of his average annual payroll.
- (5) Determination of the preliminary rate as specified in subparagraphs (D)(2), (3) and (4) above shall be subject, however, to the condition that it shall in no event be decreased by more than 1/10 of 1% of wages or increased by more than 2/10 of 1% of wages from the preliminary rate determined for the preceding year in accordance with subparagraph (D) (1), (2), (3) or (4), whichever shall have been applicable.

- (E) (1) Prior to July 1 of each calendar year the controller shall determine the amount of the State disability benefits fund as of December 31 of the preceding calendar year, increased by the contributions paid thereto during January of the current calendar year with respect to employment occurring in the preceding calendar year. If such amount exceeds the net amount withdrawn from the unemployment trust fund pursuant to section 23 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-47) plus the amount at the end of such preceding calendar year of the unemployment disability account as defined in section 22 of said law (C.43:21-46), such excess shall be expressed as a percentage of the wages on which contributions were paid to the State disability benefits fund on or before January 31 with respect to employment in the preceding calendar year.
 - (2) The controller shall then make a final determination of the rates of contribution for the 12 months commencing July 1 of such year for employers whose preliminary rates are determined as provided in subparagraph (D) hereof, as follows:

- (i) If the percentage determined in accordance with subparagraph (E)(1) of this paragraph equals or exceeds 1 1/4%, the final employer rates shall be the preliminary rates determined as provided in subparagraph (D) hereof, except that if the employer's preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(2) or subparagraph (D)(3) hereof, the final employer rate shall be the preliminary employer rate decreased by such percentage of excess taken to the nearest 5/100 of 1%, but in no case shall such final rate be less than 1/10 of 1%.
- (ii) If the percentage determined in accordance with subparagraph (E)(1) of this paragraph equals or exceeds 3/4 of 1% and is less than $1\ 1/4$ of 1%, the final employer rates shall be the preliminary employer rates.
- (iii) If the percentage determined in accordance with subparagraph (E)(1) of this paragraph is less than 3/4 of 1%, but in excess of 1/4 of 1%, the final employer rates shall be the preliminary employer rates determined as provided in subparagraph (D) hereof increased by the difference between 3/4 of 1% and such percentage taken to the nearest 5/100 of 1%; provided, however, that no such final rate shall be more than 1/4 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(2) hereof, more than 1/2 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(1) and subparagraph (D)(3) hereof, nor more than 3/4 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(4) hereof.
- (iv) If the amount of the State disability benefits fund determined as provided in subparagraph (E)(1) of this paragraph is equal to or less than 1/4 of 1%, then the final rate shall be 2/5 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in

- subparagraph (D)(2) hereof, 7/10 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(1) and subparagraph (D)(3) hereof, and 1.1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(4) hereof. Notwithstanding any other provision of law or any determination made by the controller with respect to any 12-month period commencing on July 1, 1970, the final rates for all employers for the period beginning January 1, 1971, shall be as set forth herein.
 - (F) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this subsection (e), the rate of contribution paid to the State disability benefits fund by each covered employer as defined in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of section 3 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-27), shall be determined as if:
 - (i) No disability benefits have been paid with respect to periods of family temporary disability leave;
 - (ii) No worker paid any contributions to the State disability benefits fund pursuant to paragraph (1)(G)(ii) of subsection (d) of this section; and
 - (iii) No amounts were transferred from the State disability benefits fund to the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" pursuant to paragraph (1)(G)(ii) of subsection (d) of this section. (cf: P.L.2011, c.88, s.1)

2. This act shall take effect immediately.

STATEMENT

This bill reduces the amount of unemployment insurance (UI) taxes imposed on employers by eliminating, during the fiscal year 2014, the 10% surcharge which would otherwise be imposed pursuant to R.S.43:21-7. Without the changes made by this bill, the current law imposes that 10% surcharge during fiscal year 2014, because the UI trust fund reserve ratio is currently less than 1.0%. The bill also restores, for all years after fiscal year 2014, the provision of the law that triggers that surcharge whenever the UI trust fund reserve ratio is less than 1.0%.

ASSEMBLY LABOR COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, Nos. 4112 and 3675

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 13, 2013

The Assembly Labor Committee reports favorably Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill Nos. 4112 and 3675.

This committee substitute reduces the amount of unemployment insurance (UI) taxes imposed on employers by eliminating, during the fiscal year 2014, the 10% surcharge which would otherwise be imposed pursuant to R.S.43:21-7. Without the changes made by this committee substitute, the current law imposes that 10% surcharge during fiscal year 2014, because the UI trust fund reserve ratio is currently less than 1.0%. The committee substitute also restores, for all years after fiscal year 2014, the provision of the law that triggers that surcharge whenever the UI trust fund reserve ratio is less than 1.0%.

Fiscal Impact:

The OLS estimates that this committee substitute will result in an estimated \$300 million reduction in revenue to be collected for the UI trust fund. The reduction may result in future increased costs for most employers in the State due to an increase in federal unemployment tax and in additional accrued interest as explained further below.

The estimated reduction in revenue to be collected by the UI trust fund in fiscal year 2014 (beginning July 1, 2013) is based on an analysis of data provided by the Department of Labor and Workforce Development in their yearly cash flow analysis of the UI trust fund. The department estimated that the UI trust fund will collect approximately \$3 billion from employer contributions in fiscal year 2014 if the tax rate is set at the "E" column plus 10 percent. A reduction in the collection amount by 10 percent results in a reduction of the total tax collected by \$300 million.

Additionally, the OLS notes that the \$300 million reduction may result in the State borrowing additional funds from the federal government to provide unemployment benefits. The loan from the federal government has two costs related to it: an increase in the federal unemployment tax on employers for the time period that the State has an outstanding loan and an increase in accrued interest on the balance of that loan. Both of these costs are paid by employers in the

State who pay unemployment insurance tax on their employees. The State and a majority of governmental entities in the State are reimbursable employers for unemployment insurance and as such, do not pay the additional costs for the outstanding loan or the accrued interest.

The elimination of the 10 percent surcharge may have an impact on the repayment of the federal loan to the UI trust fund. Pursuant to Sections 3302(c)(2) and 3302 (d)(3) of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act (FUTA), when a state has borrowed from the federal government and the loan is still outstanding on September 30 in the second year after the state first borrowed the money, then the employers' federal unemployment tax is essentially increased to pay back the principal of that loan the next calendar year. Employers in New Jersey have been paying additional federal unemployment tax since calendar year 2012 to repay the balance of the loan. The department's analysis indicates that, if the current tax structure is maintained, the UI trust fund will not have an outstanding balance to the federal government on September 30, 2013 and employers will no longer be subject to an increase in their federal unemployment tax as of January 2014. However, if the 10 percent surcharge is eliminated, the loan may not be paid off by September 30, 2013 and the increase in the federal unemployment tax will continue through calendar year 2014. However, the loan could also be paid off through a direct appropriation. The State could appropriate general funds to pay the loan and ensure that employers are not taxed the additional federal unemployment tax in 2014. The OLS cannot predict the behavior of the Executive Branch in this regard. Additionally, all of the estimates provided by the department are subject to change and the margins are so narrow, it is not possible for the OLS to predict the UI trust fund balance on September 30, 2013 at this time.

The reduction in revenue from the elimination of the 10 percent surcharge will also most likely result in the State borrowing additional funds from the federal government to pay benefits. The State must then repay this amount with accrued interest. The interest costs are charged to employers through an additional assessment paid on September 30 of each year. Two payments have been paid to the federal government for accrued interest in September 2011 and 2012. However, due to uncertainty on the amount to be borrowed, it is not possible to determine the costs of related interest.

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

ASSEMBLY, Nos. 4112 and 3675 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 215th LEGISLATURE

DATED: JUNE 6, 2013

SUMMARY

Synopsis: Eliminates 10 percent surcharge on employer UI taxes during fiscal

year 2014.

Type of Impact: Revenue loss for the unemployment insurance compensation trust

fund (UI trust fund).

Agencies Affected: Department of Labor and Workforce Development

Fiscal Impact	<u>Fiscal Year 2014</u>
Reduction in State Revenue	
UI trust fund	(\$300 million)

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) estimates that the elimination of the 10 percent surcharge proposed in this bill will result in a reduction of an estimated \$300 million in revenue anticipated to be collected for the unemployment insurance (UI) trust fund in fiscal year 2014.
- The OLS notes that the \$300 million reduction may result in the State borrowing additional funds from the federal government to provide unemployment benefits. The loan from the federal government has two costs for a majority of employers in the State: an increase in the federal unemployment tax for the time period that the State has an outstanding loan, and the repayment of the interest which accrues on the balance of that loan.

BILL DESCRIPTION

Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill Nos. 4112 and 3675 of 2013 reduces the UI tax rates which will be imposed on employers during fiscal year 2014 by setting them based on the "E" column of the UI tax table in R.S.43:21-7, but without the 10 percent surcharge provided by that law. The UI tax rate which is being charged to employers during fiscal year 2013 is based on column "E" of the tax table. Because the UI trust fund is currently in deficit, the tax rate, under current law, would increase starting on July 1, 2013, to the highest tax rates set by the law, the rates found in the "E" column plus an additional 10 percent surcharge. The



bill reduces the UI tax burden on employers by delaying the 10 percent surcharge from taking effect until the beginning of fiscal year 2015 (July 1, 2014).

FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

None received.

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The OLS estimates that the Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill Nos. 4112 and 3675 will result in a reduction of an estimated \$300 million in revenue anticipated to be collected for the UI trust fund in fiscal year 2014 (beginning July 1, 2013). This estimate is based on analysis of data provided to the OLS from the Department of Labor and Workforce Development in their yearly cash flow analysis of the UI trust fund. The department estimated that the UI trust fund will collect approximately \$3 billion from employer contributions in fiscal year 2014 if the tax rate is set at the "E" column plus 10 percent. A reduction in the collection amount by 10 percent results in a reduction of the total tax collected by \$300 million.

Additionally, the OLS notes that the \$300 million reduction may result in the State borrowing additional funds from the federal government to provide unemployment benefits. The loan from the federal government has two costs related to it: an increase in the federal unemployment tax on employers for the time period that the State has an outstanding loan and an increase in accrued interest on the balance of that loan. Both of these costs are paid by employers in the State who pay unemployment insurance tax on their employees. The State and a majority of governmental entities in the State are reimbursable employers for unemployment insurance and as such, do not pay the additional costs for the outstanding loan or the accrued interest

The elimination of the 10 percent surcharge may have an impact on the repayment of the federal loan to the UI trust fund. Pursuant to Sections 3302(c)(2) and 3302 (d)(3) of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act (FUTA), when a state has borrowed from the federal government and the loan is still outstanding on September 30 in the second year after the state first borrowed the money, then the employers' federal unemployment tax is essentially increased to pay back the principal of that loan the next calendar year. Employers in New Jersey have been paying additional federal unemployment tax since calendar year 2012 to repay the balance of the loan. The department's analysis indicates that, if the current tax structure is maintained, the UI trust fund will not have an outstanding balance to the federal government on September 30, 2013 and employers will no longer be subject to an increase in their federal unemployment tax as of January 2014. However, if the 10 percent surcharge is eliminated, the loan may not be paid off by September 30, 2013 and the increase in the federal unemployment tax will continue through calendar year 2014. However, the loan could also be paid off through a direct appropriation. The State could appropriate general funds to pay the loan and ensure that employers are not taxed the additional federal unemployment tax in 2014. The OLS cannot predict the behavior of the executive branch in this regard. Additionally, all of the estimates provided by the department are subject to change and the margins are so narrow, it is not possible for the OLS to predict the UI trust fund balance on September 30, 2013 at this time.

The reduction in revenue from the elimination of the 10 percent surcharge will also most likely result in the State borrowing additional funds from the federal government to pay benefits. The State must then repay this amount with accrued interest. The interest costs are charged to employers through an additional assessment paid on September 30 of each year. Two payments have been paid to the federal government for accrued interest in September 2011 and 2012. However, due to uncertainty on the amount to be borrowed, it is not possible to determine the costs of related interest.

In summary, the elimination of the surcharge will result in an estimated \$300 million reduction in revenue to be collected for the UI trust fund. The reduction may result in future increased costs for most employers in the State due to an increase in federal unemployment tax and in additional accrued interest.

Section: Commerce, Labor and Industry

Analyst: Robin C. Ford

Senior Fiscal Analyst

Approved: David J. Rosen

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).

ASSEMBLY APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, Nos. 4112 and 3675 (ACS)

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 6, 2013

The Assembly Appropriations Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill Nos. 4112 and 3675 (ACS).

This bill reduces the amount of unemployment insurance (UI) taxes imposed on employers by eliminating, during fiscal year 2014, the 10% surcharge which would otherwise be imposed pursuant to R.S.43:21-7. Without the changes made by the bill, current law imposes that 10% surcharge during fiscal year 2014, because the UI trust fund reserve ratio is currently less than 1%. The bill also restores, for all years after fiscal year 2014, the provision of the law that provides for the imposition of the 10% surcharge whenever the UI trust fund reserve ratio is less than 1%.

As reported, this bill is identical to Senate Bill No. 2404, as also reported by the committee.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) estimates this bill will result in a \$300 million reduction in revenue to be collected for the UI trust fund. The reduction may result in future increased costs for most employers in the State due to an increase in federal unemployment tax and in additional accrued interest.

The estimated reduction in revenue to be collected by the UI trust fund in fiscal year 2014 is based on an analysis of data provided by the Department of Labor and Workforce Development in its yearly analysis of the UI trust fund. The department estimated that the UI trust fund will collect approximately \$3 billion from employer contributions in fiscal year 2014 if the tax rate is set at the "E" column plus 10 percent. A reduction in the collection amount by 10 percent results in a reduction of the total tax collected by \$300 million.

Additionally, the OLS notes that the \$300 million reduction may result in the State borrowing additional funds from the federal government to provide unemployment benefits. The loan from the federal government has two costs related to it: an increase in the federal unemployment tax on employers for the time period that the State has an outstanding loan and an increase in accrued interest on the balance of that loan. Both of these costs are paid by employers in the

State who pay unemployment insurance tax on their employees. The State and a majority of governmental entities in the State are reimbursable employers for unemployment insurance and do not pay the additional costs for the outstanding loan or the accrued interest.

The elimination of the 10 percent surcharge may have an impact on the repayment of the federal loan to the UI trust fund. Pursuant to federal law, when a state has borrowed from the federal government and the loan is still outstanding on September 30 in the second year after the state first borrowed the money, then the employers' federal unemployment tax is essentially increased to pay back the principal of that loan the next calendar year. Employers in New Jersey have been paying additional federal unemployment tax since calendar year 2012 to repay the balance of the loan. The department's analysis indicates that, if the current tax structure is maintained, the UI trust fund will not have an outstanding balance to the federal government on September 30, 2013 and employers will no longer be subject to an increase in their federal unemployment tax as of January 2014. However, if the 10 percent surcharge is eliminated, the loan may not be paid off by September 30, 2013 and the increase in the federal unemployment tax will continue through calendar year 2014. However, the loan could also be paid off through a direct appropriation. The State could appropriate general funds to pay the loan and ensure that employers are not taxed the additional federal unemployment tax in 2014. The OLS cannot predict the behavior of the Executive in this regard. Additionally, all of the estimates provided by the department are subject to change and the margins are so narrow, it is not possible for the OLS to predict the UI trust fund balance on September 30, 2013 at this time.

The reduction in revenue from the elimination of the 10 percent surcharge may also result in the State borrowing additional funds from the federal government to pay benefits. The State must then repay this amount with accrued interest. The interest costs are charged to employers through an additional assessment paid on September 30 of each year. Two payments have been paid to the federal government for accrued interest in September 2011 and 2012. However, due to uncertainty on the amount to be borrowed, it is not possible to determine the costs of related interest.

ASSEMBLY, No. 3675

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

215th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JANUARY 14, 2013

Sponsored by:

Assemblywoman ALISON LITTELL MCHOSE District 24 (Morris, Sussex and Warren) Assemblyman TROY SINGLETON District 7 (Burlington) Assemblyman CRAIG J. COUGHLIN District 19 (Middlesex)

Co-Sponsored by:

Assemblywoman Handlin, Assemblymen Dancer, Diegnan and Space

SYNOPSIS

Eliminates 10% surcharge on employer UI taxes during fiscal year 2014.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 5/14/2013)

AN ACT concerning unemployment compensation contributions paid by certain employers and amending R.S.43:21-7.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. R.S.43:21-7 is amended to read as follows:
- 8 Contributions.
- 43:21-7. Contributions. Employers other than governmental entities, whose benefit financing provisions are set forth in section 4 of P.L.1971, c.346 (C.43:21-7.3), and those nonprofit organizations liable for payment in lieu of contributions on the basis set forth in section 3 of P.L.1971, c.346 (C.43:21-7.2), shall pay to the controller for the unemployment compensation fund, contributions as set forth in subsections (a), (b) and (c) hereof, and the provisions of subsections (d) and (e) shall be applicable to all employers, consistent with the provisions of the "unemployment compensation law" and the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 et al.).
 - (a) Payment.
 - (1) Contributions shall accrue and become payable by each employer for each calendar year in which he is subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), with respect to having individuals in his employ during that calendar year, at the rates and on the basis hereinafter set forth. Such contributions shall become due and be paid by each employer to the controller for the fund, in accordance with such regulations as may be prescribed, and shall not be deducted, in whole or in part, from the remuneration of individuals in his employ.
 - (2) In the payment of any contributions, a fractional part of a cent shall be disregarded unless it amounts to \$0.005 or more, in which case it shall be increased to \$0.01.
 - (b) Rate of contributions. Each employer shall pay the following contributions:
 - (1) For the calendar year 1947, and each calendar year thereafter, 2 7/10% of wages paid by him during each such calendar year, except as otherwise prescribed by subsection (c) of this section.
 - (2) The "wages" of any individual, with respect to any one employer, as the term is used in this subsection (b) and in subsections (c), (d) and (e) of this section 7, shall include the first \$4,800.00 paid during calendar year 1975, for services performed either within or without this State; provided that no contribution shall be required by this State with respect to services performed in another state if such other state imposes contribution liability with

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

A3675 MCHOSE, SINGLETON

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1 respect thereto. If an employer (hereinafter referred to as a 2 successor employer) during any calendar year acquires substantially 3 all the property used in a trade or business of another employer 4 (hereinafter referred to as a predecessor), or used in a separate unit 5 of a trade or business of a predecessor, and immediately after the 6 acquisition employs in his trade or business an individual who 7 immediately prior to the acquisition was employed in the trade or 8 business of such predecessors, then, for the purpose of determining 9 whether the successor employer has paid wages with respect to 10 employment equal to the first \$4,800.00 paid during calendar year 11 1975, any wages paid to such individual by such predecessor during 12 such calendar year and prior to such acquisition shall be considered 13 as having been paid by such successor employer.

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- (3) For calendar years beginning on and after January 1, 1976, the "wages" of any individual, as defined in the preceding paragraph (2) of this subsection (b), shall be established and promulgated by the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development on or before September 1 of the preceding year and shall be, 28 times the Statewide average weekly remuneration paid to workers by employers, as determined under R.S.43:21-3(c), raised to the next higher multiple of \$100.00 if not already a multiple thereof, provided that if the amount of wages so determined for a calendar year is less than the amount similarly determined for the preceding year, the greater amount will be used; provided, further, that if the amount of such wages so determined does not equal or exceed the amount of wages as defined in subsection (b) of section 3306 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. s.3306(b)), the wages as determined in this paragraph in any calendar year shall be raised to equal the amount established under the "Federal Unemployment Tax Act," chapter 23 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. s.3301 et seq.), for that calendar year.
 - (c) Future rates based on benefit experience.
- (1) A separate account for each employer shall be maintained and this shall be credited with all the contributions which he has paid on his own behalf on or before January 31 of any calendar year with respect to employment occurring in the preceding calendar year; provided, however, that if January 31 of any calendar year falls on a Saturday or Sunday, an employer's account shall be credited as of January 31 of such calendar year with all the contributions which he has paid on or before the next succeeding day which is not a Saturday or Sunday. But nothing in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) shall be construed to grant any employer or individuals in his service prior claims or rights to the amounts paid by him into the fund either on his own behalf or on behalf of such individuals. Benefits paid with respect to benefit years commencing on and after January 1, 1953, to any individual on or before December 31 of any calendar year with respect to unemployment in

such calendar year and in preceding calendar years shall be charged against the account or accounts of the employer or employers in whose employment such individual established base weeks constituting the basis of such benefits, except that, with respect to benefit years commencing after January 4, 1998, an employer's account shall not be charged for benefits paid to a claimant if the claimant's employment by that employer was ended in any way which, pursuant to subsection (a), (b), (c), (f), (g) or (h) of R.S.43:21-5, would have disqualified the claimant for benefits if the claimant had applied for benefits at the time when that employment ended. Benefits paid under a given benefit determination shall be charged against the account of the employer to whom such determination relates. When each benefit payment is made, notification shall be promptly provided to each employer included in the unemployment insurance monetary calculation of benefits. Such notification shall identify the employer against whose account the amount of such payment is being charged, shall show at least the name and social security account number of the claimant and shall specify the period of unemployment to which said benefit payment applies.

An annual summary statement of unemployment benefits charged to the employer's account shall be provided.

- (2) Regulations may be prescribed for the establishment, maintenance, and dissolution of joint accounts by two or more employers, and shall, in accordance with such regulations and upon application by two or more employers to establish such an account, or to merge their several individual accounts in a joint account, maintain such joint account as if it constituted a single employer's account.
- (3) No employer's rate shall be lower than 5.4% unless assignment of such lower rate is consistent with the conditions applicable to additional credit allowance for such year under section 3303(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. s.3303(a)(1)), any other provision of this section to the contrary notwithstanding.
- (4) Employer Reserve Ratio. (A) Each employer's rate shall be 2 8/10%, except as otherwise provided in the following provisions. No employer's rate for the 12 months commencing July 1 of any calendar year shall be other than 2 8/10%, unless as of the preceding January 31 such employer shall have paid contributions with respect to wages paid in each of the three calendar years immediately preceding such year, in which case such employer's rate for the 12 months commencing July 1 of any calendar year shall be determined on the basis of his record up to the beginning of such calendar year. If, at the beginning of such calendar year, the total of all his contributions, paid on his own behalf, for all past years exceeds the total benefits charged to his account for all such years, his contribution rate shall be:

- 1 (1) 2 5/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 4%, but less than 2 5%, of his average annual payroll (as defined in paragraph (2), 3 subsection (a) of R.S.43:21-19);
 - (2) 2 2/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 5%, but is less than 6%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (3) 1 9/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 6%, but is less than 7%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (4) 1 6/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 7%, but is less than 8%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (5) 1 3/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 8%, but is less than 9%, of his average annual payroll;
- 12 (6) 1%, if such excess equals or exceeds 9%, but is less than 10%, of his average annual payroll; 13
 - (7) 7/10 of 1%, if such excess equals or exceeds 10%, but is less than 11%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (8) 4/10 of 1%, if such excess equals or exceeds 11% of his average annual payroll.
 - (B) If the total of an employer's contributions, paid on his own behalf, for all past periods for the purposes of this paragraph (4), is less than the total benefits charged against his account during the same period, his rate shall be:
- (1) 4%, if such excess is less than 10% of his average annual 22 23 payroll;
 - (2) 4 3/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 10%, but is less than 20%, of his average annual payroll;
 - (3) 4 6/10%, if such excess equals or exceeds 20% of his average annual payroll.
 - (C) Specially assigned rates.

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- (i) If no contributions were paid on wages for employment in any calendar year used in determining the average annual payroll of an employer eligible for an assigned rate under this paragraph (4), the employer's rate shall be specially assigned as follows:
- if the reserve balance in its account is positive, its assigned rate shall be the highest rate in effect for positive balance accounts for that period, or 5.4%, whichever is higher, and
- if the reserve balance in its account is negative, its assigned rate shall be the highest rate in effect for deficit accounts for that period.
- (ii) If, following the purchase of a corporation with little or no activity, known as a corporate shell, the resulting employing unit operates a new or different business activity, the employing unit shall be assigned a new employer rate.
- 42 (iii) Entities operating under common ownership, management or control, when the operation of the entities is not identifiable, 44 distinguishable and severable, shall be considered a single employer for the purposes of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.).
 - (D) The contribution rates prescribed by subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph (4) shall be increased or decreased in

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accordance with the provisions of paragraph (5) of this subsection (c) for experience rating periods through June 30, 1986.

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(5) (A) Unemployment Trust Fund Reserve Ratio. If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance in the unemployment trust fund equals or exceeds 4% but is less than 7% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by 3/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraph (3) or (4) of this subsection. If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance of the unemployment trust fund exceeds 2 1/2% but is less than 4% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by 6/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraph (3) or (4) of this subsection.

If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance of the unemployment trust fund is less than 2 1/2% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer: (1) eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by (i) 6/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraph (3), (4)(A) or (4)(B) of this subsection, and (ii) an additional amount equal to 20% of the total rate established herein, provided, however, that the final contribution rate for each employer shall be computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof; (2) not eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be increased by 6/10 of 1% over the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraph (4) of this subsection. For the period commencing July 1, 1984 and ending June 30, 1986, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions under R.S.43:21-7 shall be increased by a factor of 10% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof.

(B) If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance in the unemployment trust fund equals or exceeds 10% but is less than 12 1/2% of the total taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer eligible for a contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be reduced by 3/10 of 1% under the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraphs (3)

1 and (4) of this subsection; provided that in no event shall the 2 contribution rate of any employer be reduced to less than 4/10 of 3 1%. If on March 31 of any calendar year the balance in the 4 unemployment trust fund equals or exceeds 12 1/2% of the total 5 taxable wages reported to the controller as of that date in respect to 6 employment during the preceding calendar year, the contribution 7 rate, effective July 1 following, of each employer eligible for a 8 contribution rate calculation based upon benefit experience, shall be 9 reduced by 6/10 of 1% if his account for all past periods reflects an 10 excess of contributions paid over total benefits charged of 3% or 11 more of his average annual payroll, otherwise by 3/10 of 1% under 12 the contribution rate otherwise established under the provisions of paragraphs (3) and (4) of this subsection; provided that in no event 13 14 shall the contribution rate of any employer be reduced to less than 15 4/10 of 1%.

- (C) The "balance" in the unemployment trust fund, as the term is used in subparagraphs (A) and (B) above, shall not include moneys credited to the State's account under section 903 of the Social Security Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. s.1103), during any period in which such moneys are appropriated for the payment of expenses incurred in the administration of the "unemployment compensation law."
- (D) Prior to July 1 of each calendar year the controller shall determine the Unemployment Trust Fund Reserve Ratio, which shall be calculated by dividing the balance of the unemployment trust fund as of the prior March 31 by total taxable wages reported to the controller by all employers as of March 31 with respect to their employment during the last calendar year.
 - (E) (i) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1997, c.263).
- 30 (ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2001, c.152).

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- 31 (iii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2003, c.107).
- 32 (iv) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2004, c.45).
- 33 (v) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2008, c.17).
 - (vi) [With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2004, and before July 1, 2011, the new employer rate or the unemployment experience rate of an employer under this section shall be the rate which appears in the column headed by the Unemployment Trust Fund Reserve Ratio as of the applicable calculation date and on the line with the Employer Reserve Ratio, as defined in paragraph (4) of this subsection (R.S.43:21-7 (c)(4)), as set forth in the following table:

A3675 MCHOSE, SINGLETON

1	EXPERIENCE RATING TAX TABLE										
2	Fund Reserve Ratio ¹										
3		1.40%	1.00%	0.75%	0.50%	0.49%					
4	Employer	and	to	to	to	and					
5	Reserve	Over	1.39%	0.99%	0.74%	Under					
6	Ratio ²	A	В	C	D	E					
7	Positive Reserve Ratio:										
8	17% and over	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	1.2					
9	16.00% to 16.99%	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	1.2					
10	15.00% to 15.99%	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.7	1.2					
11	14.00% to 14.99%	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.2					
12	13.00% to 13.99%	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.2					
13	12.00% to 12.99%	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2					
14	11.00% to 11.99%	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2					
15	10.00% to 10.99%	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.6					
16	9.00% to 9.99%	1.0	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.9					
17	8.00% to 8.99%	1.3	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.3					
18	7.00% to 7.99%	1.4	1.8	2.2	2.4	2.6					
19	6.00% to 6.99%	1.7	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.0					
20	5.00% to 5.99%	1.9	2.4	2.8	3.1	3.4					
21	4.00% to 4.99%	2.0	2.6	3.1	3.4	3.7					
22	3.00% to 3.99%	2.1	2.7	3.2	3.6	3.9					
23	2.00% to 2.99%	2.2	2.8	3.3	3.7	4.0					
24	1.00% to 1.99%	2.3	2.9	3.4	3.8	4.1					
25	0.00% to 0.99%	2.4	3.0	3.6	4.0	4.3					
26	Deficit Reserve Ratio:										
27	-0.00% to -2.99%	3.4	4.3	5.1	5.6	6.1					
28	-3.00% to -5.99%	3.4	4.3	5.1	5.7	6.2					
29	-6.00% to -8.99%	3.5	4.4	5.2	5.8	6.3					
30	-9.00% to-11.99%	3.5	4.5	5.3	5.9	6.4					
31	-12.00% to-14.99%	3.6	4.6	5.4	6.0	6.5					
32	-15.00% to-19.99%	3.6	4.6	5.5	6.1	6.6					
33	-20.00% to-24.99%	3.7	4.7	5.6	6.2	6.7					
34	-25.00% to-29.99%	3.7	4.8	5.6	6.3	6.8					
35	-30.00% to-34.99%	3.8	4.8	5.7	6.3	6.9					
36	-35.00% and under	5.4	5.4	5.8	6.4	7.0					
37	New Employer Rate	2.8	2.8	2.8	3.1	3.4					
38	¹ Fund balance as of Mar	ch 31 a	as a per	centage	e of tax	able wa					

¹Fund balance as of March 31 as a percentage of taxable wages in the prior calendar year.

²Employer Reserve Ratio (Contributions minus benefits as a percentage of employer's taxable wages) [(Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

(vii) With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2011, the new employer rate or the unemployment experience rate of an employer under this section shall be the rate which appears in the column headed by the Unemployment Trust Fund Reserve Ratio as of the applicable calculation date and on the line with the Employer Reserve Ratio, as defined in paragraph (4)

A3675 MCHOSE, SINGLETON

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1	of this subsection (R.S.43:21-7 (c)(4)), as set forth in the following										
2	table:										
3	EXPERIENCE RATING TAX TABLE										
4	Fund Reserve Ratio ¹										
5			3.00%	2.5%	2.0%	1.99%					
6	Employer	and	to	to	to	and					
7	Reserve	Over	3.49%	2.99%	2.49%	Under					
8	Ratio ²	A	В	C	D	E					
9	Positive Reserve Ratio:										
10	17% and over	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	1.2					
11	16.00% to 16.99%	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	1.2					
12	15.00% to 15.99%	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.7	1.2					
13	14.00% to 14.99%	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.2					
14	13.00% to 13.99%	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.2					
15	12.00% to 12.99%	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2					
16	11.00% to 11.99%	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2					
17	10.00% to 10.99%	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.6					
18	9.00% to 9.99%	1.0	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.9					
19	8.00% to 8.99%	1.3	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.3					
20	7.00% to 7.99%	1.4	1.8	2.2	2.4	2.6					
21	6.00% to 6.99%	1.7	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.0					
22	5.00% to 5.99%	1.9	2.4	2.8	3.1	3.4					
23	4.00% to 4.99%	2.0	2.6	3.1	3.4	3.7					
24	3.00% to 3.99%	2.1	2.7	3.2	3.6	3.9					
25	2.00% to 2.99%	2.2	2.8	3.3	3.7	4.0					
26	1.00% to 1.99%	2.3	2.9	3.4	3.8	4.1					
27	0.00% to 0.99%	2.4	3.0	3.6	4.0	4.3					
28	Deficit Reserve Ratio:										
29	-0.00% to -2.99%	3.4	4.3	5.1	5.6	6.1					
30	-3.00% to -5.99%	3.4	4.3	5.1	5.7	6.2					
31	-6.00% to -8.99%	3.5	4.4	5.2	5.8	6.3					
32	-9.00% to-11.99%	3.5	4.5	5.3	5.9	6.4					
33	-12.00% to-14.99%	3.6	4.6	5.4	6.0	6.5					
34	-15.00% to-19.99%	3.6	4.6	5.5	6.1	6.6					
35	-20.00% to-24.99%	3.7	4.7	5.6	6.2	6.7					
36	-25.00% to-29.99%	3.7	4.8	5.6	6.3	6.8					
37	-30.00% to-34.99%	3.8	4.8	5.7	6.3	6.9					
38	-35.00% and under	5.4	5.4	5.8	6.4	7.0					
39	New Employer Rate	2.8	2.8	2.8	3.1	3.4					
40	¹ Fund balance as of Mar	ch 31 a	is a per	centage	e of tax	able wages					
41	in the prior calendar year.										
42	² Employer Reserve Ratio (Contributions minus benefits as a										
43	percentage of employer's taxable wages).										
44	(F) (i) (Deleted by amend				3).						
15	(ii) (Dalated by amandment D.J. 2009, a 17)										

⁽ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2008, c.17).

^{46 (}iii) [With respect to experience rating years beginning on or 47 after July 1, 2004 and before July 1, 2011, if the fund reserve ratio,

- 1 based on the fund balance as of the prior March 31, is less than
- 2 0.50%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay
- 3 contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this
- 4 paragraph (5), shall be increased by a factor of 10% computed to
- 5 the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof]
- 6 (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

- (iv) With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2011 and before July 1, 2013, if the fund reserve ratio, based on the fund balance as of the prior March 31, is less than 1.0%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be increased by a factor of 10% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof.
 - (v) With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2014, if the fund reserve ratio, based on the fund balance as of the prior March 31, is less than 1.0%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be increased by a factor of 10% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof.
- (G) On or after January 1, 1993, notwithstanding any other provisions of this paragraph (5), the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be decreased by 0.1%, except that, during any experience rating year starting before January 1, 1998 in which the fund reserve ratio is equal to or greater than 7.00% or during any experience rating year starting on or after January 1, 1998, in which the fund reserve ratio is equal to or greater than 3.5%, there shall be no decrease pursuant to this subparagraph (G) in the contribution of any employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.00% or under.
- (H) On and after January 1, 1998 until December 31, 2000 and on or after January 1, 2002 until June 30, 2006, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be decreased by a factor, as set out below, computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10%, except that, if an employer has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under, the employer's rate of contribution shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) to less than 5.4%:
- From January 1, 1998 until December 31, 1998, a factor of 12%;
- From January 1, 1999 until December 31, 1999, a factor of 10%;
- From January 1, 2000 until December 31, 2000, a factor of 7%;
- 44 From January 1, 2002 until March 31, 2002, a factor of 36%;
- 45 From April 1, 2002 until June 30, 2002, a factor of 85%;
- 46 From July 1, 2002 until June 30, 2003, a factor of 15%;
- 47 From July 1, 2003 until June 30, 2004, a factor of 15%;
- 48 From July 1, 2004 until June 30, 2005, a factor of 7%;

From July 1, 2005 until December 31, 2005, a factor of 16%; and From January 1, 2006 until June 30, 2006, a factor of 34%.

The amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by this subparagraph (H) shall be in addition to the amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by subparagraph (G) of this paragraph (5), except that the rate of contribution of an employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (H) to less than 5.4% and the rate of contribution of any other employer shall not be reduced to less than 0.0%.

(I) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2008, c.17).

- (J) On or after July 1, 2001, notwithstanding any other provisions of this paragraph (5), the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be decreased by 0.0175%, except that, during any experience rating year starting on or after July 1, 2001, in which the fund reserve ratio is equal to or greater than 3.5%, there shall be no decrease pursuant to this subparagraph (J) in the contribution of any employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.00% or under. The amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by this subparagraph (J) shall be in addition to the amount of the reduction in the employer contributions stipulated by subparagraphs (G) and (H) of this paragraph (5), except that the rate of contribution of an employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of negative 35.0% or under shall not be reduced pursuant to this subparagraph (J) to less than 5.4% and the rate of contribution of any other employer shall not be reduced to less than 0.0%.
- (K) With respect to experience rating years beginning on or after July 1, 2009, if the fund reserve ratio, based on the fund balance as of the prior March 31, is:
- (i) Equal to or greater than 5.00% but less than 7.5%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be reduced by a factor of 25% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof except that there shall be no decrease pursuant to this subparagraph (K) in the contribution of any employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of 35.00% or under;
- (ii) Equal to or greater than 7.5%, the contribution rate for each employer liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be reduced by a factor of 50% computed to the nearest multiple of 1/10% if not already a multiple thereof except that there shall be no decrease pursuant to this subparagraph (K) in the contribution of any employer who has a deficit reserve ratio of 35.00% or under.
- (L) Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (5) and notwithstanding the actual fund reserve ratio, the contribution rate for employers liable to pay contributions, as computed under

subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be, for fiscal year 2011, the rates set by column "C" of the table in that subparagraph.

- (M) Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (5) and notwithstanding the actual fund reserve ratio, the contribution rate for employers liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be, for fiscal year 2012, the rates set by column "D" of the table in that subparagraph.
- (N) Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (5) and notwithstanding the actual fund reserve ratio, the contribution rate for employers liable to pay contributions, as computed under subparagraph (E) of this paragraph (5), shall be, for fiscal year 2013, the rates set by column "E" of the table in that subparagraph.

(6) Additional contributions.

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Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any employer who has been assigned a contribution rate pursuant to subsection (c) of this section for the year commencing July 1, 1948, and for any year commencing July 1 thereafter, may voluntarily make payment of additional contributions, and upon such payment shall receive a recomputation of the experience rate applicable to such employer, including in the calculation the additional contribution so made, except that, following a transfer as described under R.S.43:21-7(c)(7)(D), neither the predecessor nor successor in interest shall be eligible to make a voluntary payment of additional contributions during the year the transfer occurs and the next full calendar year. Any such additional contribution shall be made during the 30-day period following the notification to the employer of his contribution rate as prescribed in this section, unless, for good cause, the time for payment has been extended by the controller for not to exceed an additional 60 days; provided that in no event may such payments which are made later than 120 days after the beginning of the year for which such rates are effective be considered in determining the experience rate for the year in which the payment is made. Any employer receiving any extended period of time within which to make such additional payment and failing to make such payment timely shall be, in addition to the required amount of additional payment, liable for a penalty of 5% thereof or \$5.00, whichever is greater, not to exceed \$50.00. Any adjustment under this subsection shall be made only in the form of credits against accrued or future contributions.

(7) Transfers.

(A) Upon the transfer of the organization, trade or business, or substantially all the assets of an employer to a successor in interest, whether by merger, consolidation, sale, transfer, descent or otherwise, the controller shall transfer the employment experience of the predecessor employer to the successor in interest, including credit for past years, contributions paid, annual payrolls, benefit charges, et cetera, applicable to such predecessor employer, pursuant to regulation, if it is determined that the employment

A3675 MCHOSE, SINGLETON

experience of the predecessor employer with respect to the organization, trade, assets or business which has been transferred may be considered indicative of the future employment experience of the successor in interest. The successor in interest may, within four months of the date of such transfer of the organization, trade, assets or business, or thereafter upon good cause shown, request a reconsideration of the transfer of employment experience of the predecessor employer. The request for reconsideration shall demonstrate, to the satisfaction of the controller, that the employment experience of the predecessor is not indicative of the future employment experience of the successor.

- (B) An employer who transfers part of his or its organization, trade, assets or business to a successor in interest, whether by merger, consolidation, sale, transfer, descent or otherwise, may jointly make application with such successor in interest for transfer of that portion of the employment experience of the predecessor employer relating to the portion of the organization, trade, assets or business transferred to the successor in interest, including credit for past years, contributions paid, annual payrolls, benefit charges, et cetera, applicable to such predecessor employer. The transfer of employment experience may be allowed pursuant to regulation only if it is found that the employment experience of the predecessor employer with respect to the portion of the organization, trade, assets or business which has been transferred may be considered indicative of the future employment experience of the successor in interest. Credit shall be given to the successor in interest only for the years during which contributions were paid by the predecessor employer with respect to that part of the organization, trade, assets or business transferred.
- (C) A transfer of the employment experience in whole or in part having become final, the predecessor employer thereafter shall not be entitled to consideration for an adjusted rate based upon his or its experience or the part thereof, as the case may be, which has thus been transferred. A successor in interest to whom employment experience or a part thereof is transferred pursuant to this subsection shall, as of the date of the transfer of the organization, trade, assets or business, or part thereof, immediately become an employer if not theretofore an employer subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.).
- (D) If an employer transfers in whole or in part his or its organization, trade, assets or business to a successor in interest, whether by merger, consolidation, sale, transfer, descent or otherwise and both the employer and successor in interest are at the time of the transfer under common ownership, management or control, then the employment experience attributable to the transferred business shall also be transferred to and combined with the employment experience of the successor in interest. The transfer

of the employment experience is mandatory and not subject to appeal or protest.

- (E) The transfer of part of an employer's employment experience to a successor in interest shall become effective as of the first day of the calendar quarter following the acquisition by the successor in interest. As of the effective date, the successor in interest shall have its employer rate recalculated by merging its existing employment experience, if any, with the employment experience acquired. If the successor in interest is not an employer as of the date of acquisition, it shall be assigned the new employer rate until the effective date of the transfer of employment experience.
- (F) Upon the transfer in whole or in part of the organization, trade, assets or business to a successor in interest, the employment experience shall not be transferred if the successor in interest is not an employer at the time of the acquisition and the controller finds that the successor in interest acquired the business solely or primarily for the purpose of obtaining a lower rate of contributions.
- (d) Contributions of workers to the unemployment compensation fund and the State disability benefits fund.
- (1) (A) For periods after January 1, 1975, each worker shall contribute to the fund 1% of his wages with respect to his employment with an employer, which occurs on and after January 1, 1975, after such employer has satisfied the condition set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer; provided, however, that such contributions shall be at the rate of 1/2 of 1% of wages paid with respect to employment while the worker is in the employ of the State of New Jersey, or any governmental entity or instrumentality which is an employer as defined under R.S.43:21-19(h)(5), or is covered by an approved private plan under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" or while the worker is exempt from the provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" under section 7 of that law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31).
- (B) Effective January 1, 1978 there shall be no contributions by workers in the employ of any governmental or nongovernmental employer electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions unless the employer is covered by the State plan under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-25 et al.), and in that case contributions shall be at the rate of 1/2 of 1%, except that commencing July 1, 1986, workers in the employ of any nongovernmental employer electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions shall be required to make contributions to the fund at the same rate prescribed for workers of other nongovernmental employers.
- (C) (i) Notwithstanding the above provisions of this paragraph (1), during the period starting July 1, 1986 and ending December 31, 1992, each worker shall contribute to the fund 1.125% of wages paid with respect to his employment with a governmental employer

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1 electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental 2 employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer 3 as defined under R.S.43:21-19(h)(6), regardless of whether that 4 nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit 5 costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of 6 contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set 7 forth in subsection R.S.43:21-19(h) with respect to becoming an 8 employer. Contributions, however, shall be at the rate of 0.625% 9 while the worker is covered by an approved private plan under the 10 "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" or while the worker is exempt 11 under section 7 of that law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or any 12 other provision of that law; provided that such contributions shall 13 be at the rate of 0.625% of wages paid with respect to employment 14 with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or 15 instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of 16 contributions and which is covered by the State plan under the 17 "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," except that, while the worker 18 is exempt from the provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits 19 Law" under section 7 of that law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or 20 any other provision of that law, or is covered for disability benefits by an approved private plan of the employer, the contributions to 21 22 the fund shall be 0.125%.

(ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1995, c.422.)

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24 (D) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this paragraph (1), 25 during the period starting January 1, 1993 and ending June 30, 26 1994, each worker shall contribute to the unemployment 27 compensation fund 0.5% of wages paid with respect to the worker's 28 employment with a governmental employer electing or required to 29 pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a 30 nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under 31 paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of 32 whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance 33 its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in 34 lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions 35 set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming 36 an employer. No contributions, however, shall be made by the 37 worker while the worker is covered by an approved private plan 38 under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 39 (C.43:21-25 et al.) or while the worker is exempt under section 7 of 40 P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or any other provision of that law; 41 provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.50% of 42 wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New 43 Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing 44 or required to make payments in lieu of contributions and which is 45 covered by the State plan under the "Temporary Disability Benefits 46 Law," except that, while the worker is exempt from the provisions 47 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" under section 7 of that 48 law, P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-31) or any other provision of that

law, or is covered for disability benefits by an approved private plan of the employer, no contributions shall be made to the fund.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 1996 and ending March 31, 1996, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.60% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 1998 and ending December 31, 1998, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.10% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 1999 until December 31, 1999, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.15% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 2000 until December 31, 2001, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.20% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.10% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on January 1, 2002 until June 30, 2004, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.1825% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or a nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.0825% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

Each worker shall, starting on and after July 1, 2004, contribute to the unemployment compensation fund 0.3825% of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with a governmental employer electing or required to pay contributions or nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19, regardless of whether that nonprofit organization elects or is required to finance its benefit costs with contributions to the fund or by payments in lieu of contributions, after that employer has satisfied the conditions set forth in subsection (h) of R.S.43:21-19 with respect to becoming an employer, provided that the contributions shall be at the rate of 0.0825% of wages paid with respect to employment with the State of New Jersey or any other governmental entity or instrumentality electing or required to make payments in lieu of contributions.

(E) Each employer shall, notwithstanding any provision of law in this State to the contrary, withhold in trust the amount of his workers' contributions from their wages at the time such wages are

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1 paid, shall show such deduction on his payroll records, shall furnish 2 such evidence thereof to his workers as the division or controller 3 may prescribe, and shall transmit all such contributions, in addition 4 to his own contributions, to the office of the controller in such 5 manner and at such times as may be prescribed. If any employer 6 fails to deduct the contributions of any of his workers at the time 7 their wages are paid, or fails to make a deduction therefor at the 8 time wages are paid for the next succeeding payroll period, he alone 9 shall thereafter be liable for such contributions, and for the purpose 10 of R.S.43:21-14, such contributions shall be treated as employer's 11 contributions required from him.

(F) As used in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), except when the context clearly requires otherwise, the term "contributions" shall include the contributions of workers pursuant to this section.

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15 (G) (i) Each worker shall, starting on July 1, 1994 and ending on 16 December 31, 2011, contribute to the State disability benefits fund 17 an amount equal to 0.50% of wages paid with respect to the 18 worker's employment with a government employer electing or 19 required to pay contributions to the State disability benefits fund or 20 nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization 21 which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection 22 (h) of R.S.43:21-19, unless the employer is covered by an approved 23 private disability plan or is exempt from the provisions of the 24 "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 25 et al.) under section 7 of that law (C.43:21-31) or any other 26 provision of that law. Each worker, with respect to the worker's 27 employment with a government employer electing or required to 28 pay contributions to the State disability benefits fund or 29 nongovernmental employer, including a nonprofit organization 30 which is an employer as defined under paragraph (6) of subsection 31 (h) of R.S.43:21-19, unless the employer is covered by an approved 32 private disability plan or is exempt from the provisions of the 33 "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-25 34 et al.) under section 7 of that law (C.43:21-31) or any other 35 provision of that law, shall, for calendar year 2012 and each 36 subsequent calendar year, make contributions to the State disability 37 benefits fund at the annual rate of contribution necessary to obtain a 38 total amount of contributions, which, when added to employer 39 contributions made to the State disability benefits fund pursuant to 40 subsection (e) of this section, is equal to 120% of the benefits paid 41 for periods of disability, excluding periods of family temporary 42 disability, during the immediately preceding calendar year plus an 43 amount equal to 100% of the cost of administration of the payment 44 of those benefits during the immediately preceding calendar year, 45 less the amount of net assets remaining in the State disability 46 benefits fund, excluding net assets remaining in the "Family 47 Temporary Disability Leave Account" of that fund, as of December 48 31 of the immediately preceding year. The rates of employer

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1 contributions determined pursuant to subsection (e) of this section 2 for any year shall be determined prior to the determination of the 3 rate of employee contributions pursuant to this subparagraph (i) and 4 any consideration of employee contributions in determining 5 employer rates for any year shall be based on amounts of employee 6 contributions made prior to the year to which the rate of employee 7 contributions applies and shall not be based on any projection or 8 estimate of the amount of employee contributions for the year to 9 which that rate applies.

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(ii) Each worker shall contribute to the State disability benefits fund, in addition to any amount contributed pursuant to subparagraph (i) of this paragraph (1)(G), an amount equal to, during calendar year 2009, 0.09%, and during calendar year 2010 0.12%, of wages paid with respect to the worker's employment with any covered employer, including a governmental employer which is an employer as defined under R.S.43:21-19(h)(5), unless the employer is covered by an approved private disability plan for benefits during periods of family temporary disability leave. The contributions made pursuant to this subparagraph (ii) to the State disability benefits fund shall be deposited into an account of that fund reserved for the payment of benefits during periods of family temporary disability leave as defined in section 3 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-27) and for the administration of those payments and shall not be used for any other purpose. This account shall be known as the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account." For calendar year 2011 and each subsequent calendar year, the annual rate of contribution to be paid by workers pursuant to this subparagraph (ii) shall be the rate necessary to obtain a total amount of contributions equal to 125% of the benefits paid for periods of family temporary disability leave during the immediately preceding calendar year plus an amount equal to 100% of the cost of administration of the payment of those benefits during the immediately preceding calendar year, less the amount of net assets remaining in the account as of December 31 of the immediately preceding year. Necessary administrative costs shall include the cost of an outreach program to inform employees of the availability of the benefits and the cost of issuing the reports required or permitted pursuant to section 13 of P.L.2008, c.17 (C.43:21-39.4). No monies, other than the funds in the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account," shall be used for the payment of benefits during periods of family temporary disability leave or for the administration of those payments, with the sole exception that, during calendar years 2008 and 2009, a total amount not exceeding \$25 million may be transferred to that account from the revenues received in the State disability benefits fund pursuant to subparagraph (i) of this paragraph (1)(G) and be expended for their payments and administration, administration of the collection of contributions made pursuant to

- this subparagraph (ii) and any other necessary administrative costs.
- 2 Any amount transferred to the account pursuant to this
- 3 subparagraph (ii) shall be repaid during a period beginning not later
- 4 than January 1, 2011 and ending not later than December 31, 2015.
- 5 No monies, other than the funds in the "Family Temporary
- 6 Disability Leave Account," shall be used under any circumstances
- 7 after December 31, 2009, for the payment of benefits during periods
- 8 of family temporary disability leave or for the administration of
- 9 those payments, including for the administration of the collection of
- 10 contributions made pursuant to this subparagraph (ii).
- 11 (2) (A) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1984, c.24.)
- 12 (B) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1984, c.24.)
- 13 (C) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)
- (D) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)
 (E) (i) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)
- (ii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1996, c.28.)
- 17 (iii) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1994, c.112.)
- 18 (3) (A) If an employee receives wages from more than one 19 employer during any calendar year, and either the sum of his 20 contributions deposited in and credited to the State disability 21 benefits fund plus the amount of his contributions, if any, required 22 towards the costs of benefits under one or more approved private 23 plans under the provisions of section 9 of the "Temporary Disability 24 Benefits Law" (C.43:21-33) and deducted from his wages, or the 25 sum of such latter contributions, if the employee is covered during 26 such calendar year only by two or more private plans, exceeds an 27 amount equal to 1/2 of 1% of the "wages" determined in accordance 28 with the provisions of R.S.43:21-7(b)(3) during the calendar years 29 beginning on or after January 1, 1976 or, during calendar year 2012 30 or any subsequent calendar year, the total amount of his 31 contributions for the year exceeds the amount set by the annual rate 32 of contribution determined by the Commissioner of Labor and 33 Workforce Development pursuant to subparagraph (i) of paragraph 34 (1)(G) of this subsection (d), the employee shall be entitled to a 35 refund of the excess if he makes a claim to the controller within two 36 years after the end of the calendar year in which the wages are 37 received with respect to which the refund is claimed and establishes 38 his right to such refund. Such refund shall be made by the controller 39 from the State disability benefits fund. No interest shall be allowed 40 or paid with respect to any such refund. The controller shall, in 41 accordance with prescribed regulations, determine the portion of the 42 aggregate amount of such refunds made during any calendar year 43 which is applicable to private plans for which deductions were 44 made under section 9 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" 45 (C.43:21-33) such determination to be based upon the ratio of the 46 amount of such wages exempt from contributions to such fund, as 47 provided in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of this subsection 48 with respect to coverage under private plans, to the total wages so

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exempt plus the amount of such wages subject to contributions to the disability benefits fund, as provided in subparagraph (G) of paragraph (1) of this subsection. The controller shall, in accordance with prescribed regulations, prorate the amount so determined among the applicable private plans in the proportion that the wages covered by each plan bear to the total private plan wages involved in such refunds, and shall assess against and recover from the employer, or the insurer if the insurer has indemnified the employer with respect thereto, the amount so prorated. The provisions of R.S.43:21-14 with respect to collection of employer contributions shall apply to such assessments. The amount so recovered by the controller shall be paid into the State disability benefits fund.

(B) If an employee receives wages from more than one employer during any calendar year, and the sum of his contributions deposited in the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" of the State disability benefits fund plus the amount of his contributions, if any, required towards the costs of family temporary disability leave benefits under one or more approved private plans under the provisions of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-25 et al.) and deducted from his wages, exceeds an amount equal to, during calendar year 2009, 0.09% of the "wages" determined in accordance with the provisions of R.S.43:21-7(b)(3), or during calendar year 2010, 0.12% of those wages, or, during calendar year 2011 or any subsequent calendar year, the percentage of those wages set by the annual rate of contribution determined by the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development pursuant to subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (1)(G) of this subsection (d), the employee shall be entitled to a refund of the excess if he makes a claim to the controller within two years after the end of the calendar year in which the wages are received with respect to which the refund is claimed and establishes his right to the refund. The refund shall be made by the controller from the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" of the State disability benefits fund. No interest shall be allowed or paid with respect to any such refund. The controller shall, in accordance with prescribed regulations, determine the portion of the aggregate amount of the refunds made during any calendar year which is applicable to private plans for which deductions were made under section 9 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-33), with that determination based upon the ratio of the amount of such wages exempt from contributions to the fund, as provided in paragraph (1)(B) of this subsection (d) with respect to coverage under private plans, to the total wages so exempt plus the amount of such wages subject to contributions to the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" of the State disability benefits fund, as provided in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (1)(G) of this subsection (d). The controller shall, in accordance with prescribed regulations, prorate the amount so determined among the applicable private plans in the proportion

that the wages covered by each plan bear to the total private plan wages involved in such refunds, and shall assess against and recover from the employer, or the insurer if the insurer has indemnified the employer with respect thereto, the prorated amount. The provisions of R.S.43:21-14 with respect to collection of employer contributions shall apply to such assessments. The amount so recovered by the controller shall be paid into the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" of the State disability

benefits fund.

- (4) If an individual does not receive any wages from the employing unit which for the purposes of this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.) is treated as his employer, or receives his wages from some other employing unit, such employer shall nevertheless be liable for such individual's contributions in the first instance; and after payment thereof such employer may deduct the amount of such contributions from any sums payable by him to such employing unit, or may recover the amount of such contributions from such employing unit, or, in the absence of such an employing unit, from such individual, in a civil action; provided proceedings therefor are instituted within three months after the date on which such contributions are payable. General rules shall be prescribed whereby such an employing unit may recover the amount of such contributions from such individuals in the same manner as if it were the employer.
- (5) Every employer who has elected to become an employer subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), or to cease to be an employer subject to this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.), pursuant to the provisions of R.S.43:21-8, shall post and maintain printed notices of such election on his premises, of such design, in such numbers, and at such places as the director may determine to be necessary to give notice thereof to persons in his service.
- (6) Contributions by workers, payable to the controller as herein provided, shall be exempt from garnishment, attachment, execution, or any other remedy for the collection of debts.
- (e) Contributions by employers to the State disability benefits fund.
- (1) Except as hereinafter provided, each employer shall, in addition to the contributions required by subsections (a), (b), and (c) of this section, contribute 1/2 of 1% of the wages paid by such employer to workers with respect to employment unless he is not a covered employer as defined in subsection (a) of section 3 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" (C.43:21-27 (a)), except that the rate for the State of New Jersey shall be 1/10 of 1% for the calendar year 1980 and for the first six months of 1981. Prior to July 1, 1981 and prior to July 1 each year thereafter, the controller shall review the experience accumulated in the account of the State of New Jersey and establish a rate for the next following fiscal year which, in combination with worker contributions, will produce

1 sufficient revenue to keep the account in balance; except that the 2 rate so established shall not be less than 1/10 of 1%. Such 3 contributions shall become due and be paid by the employer to the 4 controller for the State disability benefits fund as established by 5 law, in accordance with such regulations as may be prescribed, and 6 shall not be deducted, in whole or in part, from the remuneration of 7 individuals in his employ. In the payment of any contributions, a 8 fractional part of a cent shall be disregarded unless it amounts to 9 \$0.005 or more, in which case it shall be increased to \$0.01.

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- (2) During the continuance of coverage of a worker by an approved private plan of disability benefits under the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," the employer shall be exempt from the contributions required by paragraph (1) above with respect to wages paid to such worker.
- (3) (A) The rates of contribution as specified in paragraph (1) above shall be subject to modification as provided herein with respect to employer contributions due on and after July 1, 1951.
- (B) A separate disability benefits account shall be maintained for each employer required to contribute to the State disability benefits fund and such account shall be credited with contributions deposited in and credited to such fund with respect to employment occurring on and after January 1, 1949. Each employer's account shall be credited with all contributions paid on or before January 31 of any calendar year on his own behalf and on behalf of individuals in his service with respect to employment occurring in preceding calendar years; provided, however, that if January 31 of any calendar year falls on a Saturday or Sunday an employer's account shall be credited as of January 31 of such calendar year with all the contributions which he has paid on or before the next succeeding day which is not a Saturday or Sunday. But nothing in this act shall be construed to grant any employer or individuals in his service prior claims or rights to the amounts paid by him to the fund either on his own behalf or on behalf of such individuals. Benefits paid to any covered individual in accordance with Article III of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law" on or before December 31 of any calendar year with respect to disability in such calendar year and in preceding calendar years shall be charged against the account of the employer by whom such individual was employed at the commencement of such disability or by whom he was last employed, if out of employment.
- (C) The controller may prescribe regulations for the establishment, maintenance, and dissolution of joint accounts by two or more employers, and shall, in accordance with such regulations and upon application by two or more employers to establish such an account, or to merge their several individual accounts in a joint account, maintain such joint account as if it constituted a single employer's account.

(D) Prior to July 1 of each calendar year, the controller shall make a preliminary determination of the rate of contribution for the 12 months commencing on such July 1 for each employer subject to the contribution requirements of this subsection (e).

- (1) Such preliminary rate shall be 1/2 of 1% unless on the preceding January 31 of such year such employer shall have been a covered employer who has paid contributions to the State disability benefits fund with respect to employment in the three calendar years immediately preceding such year.
- (2) If the minimum requirements in subparagraph (D) (1) above have been fulfilled and the credited contributions exceed the benefits charged by more than \$500.00, such preliminary rate shall be as follows:
- (i) 2/10 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 exceeds 1% but is less than 1 1/4% of his average annual payroll as defined in this chapter (R.S.43:21-1 et seq.);
- (ii) 15/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1 1/4% but is less than 1 1/2% of his average annual payroll;
- (iii) 1/10 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1 1/2% of his average annual payroll.
- (3) If the minimum requirements in subparagraph (D) (1) above have been fulfilled and the contributions credited exceed the benefits charged but by not more than \$500.00 plus 1% of his average annual payroll, or if the benefits charged exceed the contributions credited but by not more than \$500.00, the preliminary rate shall be 1/4 of 1%.
- (4) If the minimum requirements in subparagraph (D) (1) above have been fulfilled and the benefits charged exceed the contributions credited by more than \$500.00, such preliminary rate shall be as follows:
- (i) 35/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 is less than 1/4 of 1% of his average annual payroll;
- (ii) 45/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1/4 of 1% but is less than 1/2 of 1% of his average annual payroll;
- (iii) 55/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1/2 of 1% but is less than 3/4 of 1% of his average annual payroll;
- (iv) 65/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 3/4 of 1% but is less than 1% of his average annual payroll;
- (v) 75/100 of 1% if such excess over \$500.00 equals or exceeds 1% of his average annual payroll.
 - (5) Determination of the preliminary rate as specified in subparagraphs (D)(2), (3) and (4) above shall be subject, however, to the condition that it shall in no event be decreased by more than 1/10 of 1% of wages or increased by more than 2/10 of 1% of wages from the preliminary rate determined for the preceding year in accordance with subparagraph (D) (1), (2), (3) or (4), whichever shall have been applicable.

- (E) (1) Prior to July 1 of each calendar year the controller shall determine the amount of the State disability benefits fund as of December 31 of the preceding calendar year, increased by the contributions paid thereto during January of the current calendar year with respect to employment occurring in the preceding calendar year. If such amount exceeds the net amount withdrawn from the unemployment trust fund pursuant to section 23 of the "Temporary Disability Benefits Law," P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-47) plus the amount at the end of such preceding calendar year of the unemployment disability account as defined in section 22 of said law (C.43:21-46), such excess shall be expressed as a percentage of the wages on which contributions were paid to the State disability benefits fund on or before January 31 with respect to employment in the preceding calendar year.
 - (2) The controller shall then make a final determination of the rates of contribution for the 12 months commencing July 1 of such year for employers whose preliminary rates are determined as provided in subparagraph (D) hereof, as follows:
 - (i) If the percentage determined in accordance with subparagraph (E)(1) of this paragraph equals or exceeds 1 1/4%, the final employer rates shall be the preliminary rates determined as provided in subparagraph (D) hereof, except that if the employer's preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(2) or subparagraph (D)(3) hereof, the final employer rate shall be the preliminary employer rate decreased by such percentage of excess taken to the nearest 5/100 of 1%, but in no case shall such final rate be less than 1/10 of 1%.
 - (ii) If the percentage determined in accordance with subparagraph (E)(1) of this paragraph equals or exceeds 3/4 of 1% and is less than $1\ 1/4$ of 1%, the final employer rates shall be the preliminary employer rates.
 - (iii) If the percentage determined in accordance with subparagraph (E)(1) of this paragraph is less than 3/4 of 1%, but in excess of 1/4 of 1%, the final employer rates shall be the preliminary employer rates determined as provided in subparagraph (D) hereof increased by the difference between 3/4 of 1% and such percentage taken to the nearest 5/100 of 1%; provided, however, that no such final rate shall be more than 1/4 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(2) hereof, more than 1/2 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(1) and subparagraph (D)(3) hereof, nor more than 3/4 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(4) hereof.
 - (iv) If the amount of the State disability benefits fund determined as provided in subparagraph (E)(1) of this paragraph is equal to or less than 1/4 of 1%, then the final rate shall be 2/5 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in

- subparagraph (D)(2) hereof, 7/10 of 1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(1) and subparagraph (D)(3) hereof, and 1.1% in the case of an employer whose preliminary rate is determined as provided in subparagraph (D)(4) hereof. Notwithstanding any other provision of law or any determination made by the controller with respect to any 12-month period commencing on July 1, 1970, the final rates for all employers for the period beginning January 1, 1971, shall be as set forth herein.
 - (F) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this subsection (e), the rate of contribution paid to the State disability benefits fund by each covered employer as defined in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of section 3 of P.L.1948, c.110 (C.43:21-27), shall be determined as if:
 - (i) No disability benefits have been paid with respect to periods of family temporary disability leave;
 - (ii) No worker paid any contributions to the State disability benefits fund pursuant to paragraph (1)(G)(ii) of subsection (d) of this section; and
 - (iii) No amounts were transferred from the State disability benefits fund to the "Family Temporary Disability Leave Account" pursuant to paragraph (1)(G)(ii) of subsection (d) of this section. (cf. P.L.2011, c.88, s.1)

2. This act shall take effect immediately.

STATEMENT

This bill reduces the unemployment insurance (UI) tax rates which will be imposed on employers during fiscal year 2014 by setting them based on the "E" column of the UI tax table in R.S.43:21-7, but without the 10% surcharge provided by that law. The UI tax rate which is being charged to employers during FY 2013 is based on column "E" of the tax table. Because the UI trust fund is currently in deficit, the tax rate, under current law, would increase, starting on July 1, 2013, to the highest tax rates set by the law, the rates found in the "E" column, plus an additional 10% surcharge. The bill reduces the UI tax burden on employers by preventing the 10% surcharge from taking effect in fiscal year 2014.