17B:30-17, 17B:30-20, 17:29B-7

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

(Penalties for violations of the unfair trade practices provisions of Life & Health Insurance Code)

NJSA 17B:30-17, 17B:30-20, 17:29B-7		of Life a hearth modules sous,
LAWS 1981	CHAPTER 452	
Bill No. A1385		
Sponsor(s) Bornheimer		
Date Introduced March 13, 1980	especiale en principalità	
Committee: Assembly Banking and Insurance		
Senate Labor	die fehilik besiden der de kontrol op de	
Amended during passage Yes Date of Passage: Assembly May 1, 19		Amendments during passage denoted by asterisks
Senate June 29.		
Date of approval lan. 11, 1982		
Following statements are attached if a	vailable:	
Sponsor statement Y	es XX	Also attached: Assembly amendments, adopted 11-23-81 and 4-28-80 and Senate amendments, adopted 6-25-81
Committee Statement: Assembly Y	es K&	
Senate Y	es XX	(with statements)
Fiscal Note	¥X No	
Veto Message	¢(\$\ No	
Message on signing	No.	
Following were printed:		
Reports	exex No	
Hearings XX	eex no	
Recommendations of National Association of Insurance Commissioners (as mentioned in Assembly committee statement):		
Niars Corporation. ***********************************		

6/22/81

452 1-11-82

[THIRD OFFICIAL COPY REPRINT]

ASSEMBLY, No. 1385

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED MARCH 13, 1980

By Assemblymen BORNHEIMER, PATERNITI, PATERO, KAR-CHER, MAYS, T. GALLO, KOSCO, D. GALLO, HURLEY and KAVANAUGH

Referred to Committee on Banking and Insurance

An Acr to provide civil penalties for engaging in unfair methods of competition or unfair or deceptive acts or practices under the Life and Health Insurance Code **and Property-Casualty Insurance Code** and amending N. J. S. 17B:30-17 and N. J. S. 17B:30-20 **and P. L. 1947, c. 379**.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
- 2 of New Jersey:
- 1 1. N. J. S. 17B:30-17 is amended to read as follows:
- 2 17B:30-17. a. If the commissioner has reason to believe that
- 3 any person has been engaged or is engaging in this State in any
- 4 unfair method of competition, or any unfair or deceptive act or
- 5 practice expressly prohibited in this chapter, and that a proceeding
- 6 by him in respect thereto would be to the interest of the public,
- 7 he shall issue and serve upon such person a statement of the charges
- 8 in that respect and a notice of a hearing thereon as provided in the
- 9 Administrative Procedure Act (P. L. 1968, c. 410) and any rules
- 10 adopted thereunder.
- 11 b. If, after such hearing, the commissioner shall determine that
- 12 the method of competition or the act or practice in question is
- 13 defined in this chapter and that the person complained of has en-
- 14 gaged in such method of competition, act or practice in violation
- 15 of this chapter, he shall make his findings in writing and shall issue
- 16 and cause to be served upon the person charged with the violation
- 17 an order requiring such person to cease and desist from engaging
- in such method of competition, act or practice and the commissioner may order payment of a penalty not to exceed \$1,000.00 for *The
- old Argumus gan and and art to surm at he language, no are to de-
- 20 first violation and \$2,000.00 for each subsequent violation of this
- 21 chapter.]* ****[*each and every act or violation but not to exceed

 EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill
 is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

22 an aggregate penalty of \$10,000.00 unless the person knew or rea-22A sonably should have known he was in violation of this chapter, in 22B which case the penalty shall be not more than \$5,000.00 for each 22c and every act or violation *** **** *** the first violation and 23 \$2,000.00 for each subsequent violation of this chapter**** 23A ****each and every act or violation ***** [but not to exceed an 23B aggregate penalty of \$10,000.00]***** unless the person knew or 23c reasonably should have known he was in violation of this chapter, 23D in which case the penalty shall be not more than \$5,000.00 for every 23E act or violation ***** [but not to exceed an aggregate penalty of 23_F \$50,000.00 in any 6 month period**** ** ** ** but not to exceed 23g an aggregate penalty of \$50,000.00 in any 6 month period ** The 23H penalty shall be collected by the commissioner in the name of the 231 State in a summary proceeding in accordance with the "penalty 235 enforcement law" (N. J. S. 2A:58-1 et seq.).

- c. Until the expiration of the time limited for judicial review, 24 if no proceeding for review has been instituted within such time or, 25 26if a proceeding for review has been instituted within such time, 27then until the transcript of the record in the proceeding has been filed in the Superior Court, as hereinafter provided, the commis-28 29sioner may at any time, upon such notice and in such manner as 30 he shall deem proper, modify or set aside in whole or in part any order issued by him under this section. 31
- 32 d. After the expiration of the time limited for judicial review if no such proceeding has been instituted within such time, the com-33 missioner may at any time, after notice and opportunity for hear-34 ing, reopen and alter, modify or set aside, in whole or in part, any 35 order issued by him under this section, whenever in his opinion 36 the facts or the laws have so changed as to require such action or 37 38 if the public interest shall so require.
- e. No order or proceeding, or absence of such order or pro-39 ceeding of the commissioner pursuant to this chapter or order of 40 court to enforce such order, if made, shall in any way relieve or 41 absolve any person affected thereby from any other liability, pen-42 alty or forfeiture provided by another law. 43
- 1 2. N. J. S. 17B:30-20 is amended to read as follows:
- 17B:30-20. Any person who violates a cease and desist order of 2 the commissioner issued under this chapter shall be liable to a 3 penalty not exceeding \$5,000.00 for each violation, to be collected 4 by the commissioner in the name of the State in a summary pro-5 ceeding in accordance with the Penalty Enforcement Law (N. J. S. 2A:58-1 et seq.). The commissioner in his discretion may revoke or suspend the license or certificate of authority of any such person.

*3. Section 7 of P. L. 1947, c. 379 (C. 17:29B-7) is amended toread as follows:

3 7. (a) If, after such hearing, the commissioner shall determine 4 that the method of competition or the act or practice in question is defined in section four and that the person complained of has en-5 gaged in such method of competition, act or practice in violation 6 of this act, he shall make his findings in writing and shall issue and 7 8 cause to be served upon the person charged with the violation an order requiring such person to cease and desist from engaging in 9 10 such method of competition, act or practice and the commissioner may order payment of a penalty not to exceed \$1,000.00 for *** [each 11 and every act or violation but not to exceed an aggregate penalty 12 of \$10,000.00 unless the person knew or reasonably should have 13 known he was in violation of this chapter, in which case the penalty 14 shall be not more than \$5,000.00 for each and every act or viola-15tion *** *** the first violation and \$2,000.00 for each subse-16 quent violation of this act*** **** each and every act or 17 violation ***** [but not to exceed an aggregate penalty of 18 \$10,000.00 *** unless the person knew or reasonably should have 19 19A known he was in violation of this chapter, in which case the penalty 19B shall be not more than \$5,000.00 for every act or violation ****** Lbut 19c not to exceed an aggregate penalty of \$50,000.00 in any 6 month 19d period**** ** ** ** ** but not to exceed an aggregate penalty of 19E \$50,000.00 in any 6 month period ***. The penalty shall be collected 19_F by the commissioner in the name of the State in a summary pro-19G ceeding in accordance with "the penalty enforcement law" 19н (N. J. S. 2A:58-1 et seq.).

- 20 (b) Until the expiration of the time limited for judicial review, if no proceeding for review has been instituted within such time or. 21 if a proceeding for review has been instituted within such time, then 22until the transcript of the record in the proceeding has been filed 23in the Superior Court, as hereinafter provided, the commissioner 24 may at any time, upon such notice and in such manner as he shall 25 26 deem proper, modify or set aside in whole or in part any order issued by him under this section. 27
- (c) After the expiration of the time limited for judicial review if no such proceeding has been instituted within such time, the commissioner may at any time, after notice and opportunity for hearing, reopen and alter, modify or set aside, in whole or in part, any order issued by him under this section, whenever in his opinion the facts or the laws have so changed as to require such action or if the public interest shall so require.*
- 1 *[3.]* *4.* This act shall take effect immediately.

c. Until the expiration of the time limited for judicial review,
if no proceeding for review has been instituted within such time or,

26 if a proceeding for review has been instituted within such time,

27 then until the transcript of the record in the proceeding has been

28 filed in the Superior Court, as hereinafter provided, the commis-

29 sioner may at any time, upon such notice and in such manner as

30 he shall deem proper, modify or set aside in whole or in part any

31 order issued by him under this section.

32 d. After the expiration of the time limited for judicial review

33 if no such proceeding has been instituted within such time, the com-

34 missioner may at any time, after notice and opportunity for hear-

35 ing, reopen and alter, modify or set aside, in whole or in part, any

36 order issued by him under this section, whenever in his opinion

37 the facts or the laws have so changed as to require such action or

38 if the public interest shall so require.

39 e. No order or proceeding, or absence of such order or pro-

40 ceeding of the commissioner pursuant to this chapter or order of

41 court to enforce such order, if made, shall in any way relieve or

42 absolve any person affected thereby from any other liability, pen-

43 alty or forfeiture provided by another law.

2. N. J. S. 17B:30-20 is amended to read as follows:

2 17B:30-20. Any person who violates a cease and desist order of

3 the commissioner issued under this chapter shall be liable to a

4 penalty not exceeding \$5,000.00 for each violation, to be collected

5 by the commissioner in the name of the State in a summary pro-

6 ceeding in accordance with the Penalty Enforcement Law (N. J. S.

7 2A:58-1 et seq.). The commissioner in his discretion may revoke

8 or suspend the license or certificate of authority of any such person.

1 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

STATEMENT

This bill gives the Commissioner of Insurance the authority to impose penalties for violations of the unfair trade practice provisions of the Life and Health Insurance Code, Title 17B of the New Jersey Statutes. A penalty of up to \$1,000.00 may be imposed for the first violation and up to \$2,000.00 for each subsequent violation.

Under current law, the commissioner may impose penalties only after a cease and desist order has been violated. There is no penalty for the initial violations of the unfair trade practice provisions.

This bill also clarifies that the \$5,000.00 penalty for violation of a cease and desist order is for each violation of the order.

A1385 (1981)

ASSEMBLY BANKING AND INSURANCE COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 1385

with Assembly committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: APRIL 21, 1980

This legislation amends the Chapter 30 of Title 17B, which regulates trade practices with respect to life insurance; the bill provides for penalties not to exceed \$1,000.00 for the first violation and \$2,000.00 for each subsequent violation if the insurer or other person has violated this act.

The unfair trade practices section of Title 17B prohibits discrimination in the making of rates, misrepresentations and false advertising of policies or annuity contracts, the filing of false financial statements, prohibits "twisting," or the inducing of individuals to cancel one contract of insurance in order to purchase another, as will as certain other practices which are delineated in the law. At present, the Commissioner of Insurance has the authority to hold a hearing and issue a cease and desist order, but he does not have the authority to levy and fine except a fine of \$5,000.00 for the violation of a cease and desist order. This legislation would permit him, after a hearing, to levy a fine for the violation itself.

The Assembly Banking and Insurance Committee has amended the legislation in two respects. The committee has included property and casualty insurance within the purview of the bill and has modified the penalty section to place an aggregate limit of \$10,000.00 on the fine unless the person knew or should have known he was in violation of the act. In the latter case the penalty would be \$5,000.00 for each violation up to an aggregate of \$50,000.00. These modifications are consonant with the recommendations of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners.

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ASSEMBLY AMENDMENTS TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 1385

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STATE OF NEW JERSEY

ADOPTED APRIL 28, 1980

Amend page 1, title, line 3, after "Code", insert "and Property-Casualty Insurance Code".

Amend page 1, title, line 4, after "N. J. S. 17B:30-20", insert "and P. L. 1947, c. 379".

Amend page 2, section 1, lines 23B and 23c, omit "but not to exceed an aggregate penalty of \$50,000.00 in any 6 month period".

Amend page 3, section 3, lines 16 and 17, omit "but not to exceed an aggregate penalty of \$50,000.00 in any 6 month period".

STATEMENT

The first two amendments would amend the title of the bill to reflect the committee's inclusion of an amendment to P. L. 1947, c. 379, which regulates the trade practices of property-casualty insurers.

The second two amendments would remove the ceiling on the aggregate amount of fines for knowing violations of the law. This change is intended to protect insurance consumers from knowing violations of the unfair trade practices acts. While a cap on the penalty for inadvertent violations protects companies from huge fines resulting from repetition of an inadvertent error in numerous mailings, there appears to be no reason to cap fines for knowing violations of these laws which are designed to protect insurance consumers.

THM TIBLAHA COL SENATE LABOR, INDUSTRY AND PROFESSIONS STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 1385

with Assembly committee amendment and Assembly amendment

NEW JERSEY STATE OF

DATED: JUNE 8, 1981

This bill would provide civil penalties for engaging in unfair methods of competition or unfair or deceptive acts or practices under the Life and Health Insurance Code and the Property-Casualty Insurance Code. As amended by the Senate Labor, Industry, and Professions Committee, the Commissioner of Insurance would be authorized to levy a fine against an offender of up to \$1,000.00 for the first violation, and \$2,000.00 for each subsequent violation.

Nothing in the bill is intended to blur the distinction in current law (C. 17:29B-4) between unfair methods of competition, or unfair or deceptive acts, and unfair claim settlement practices. While a single unfair method of competition may result in the assessment of a penalty, it is the committee's understanding that unfair claim settlement practices would be punished when committed or performed "with such frequency as to indicate a general business practice."

At present, the commissioner has the authority to hold a hearing and issue a cease and desist order, but he does not have the authority to levy any fine except a fine of \$5,000.00 for the violation of a cease and desist order. This bill would permit him, after a hearing, to levy a fine for the violation itself.

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SENATE AMENDMENTS TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 1385

[SENATE REPRINT]

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STATE OF NEW JERSEY

ADOPTED JUNE 25, 1981

Amend page 2, section 1, lines 22c-23, omit "the first violation and \$2,000.00 for each subsequent violation of this chapter", insert "each and every act or violation but not to exceed an aggregate penalty of \$10,000.00 unless the person knew or reasonably should have known he was in violation of this chapter, in which case the penalty shall be not more than \$5,000.00 for every act or violation but not to exceed an aggregate penalty of \$50,000.00 in any 6 month period".

Amend page 2, section 3, lines 16-17, omit "the first violation and \$2,000.00 for each subsequent violation of this act", insert "each and every act or violation but not to exceed an aggregate penalty of \$10,000.00 unless the person knew or reasonably should have known he was in violation of this chapter, in which case the penalty shall be not more than \$5,000.00 for every act or violation but not to exceed an aggregate penalty of \$50,000.00 in any 6 month period".

STATEMENT

These amendments reimpose the caps on fines.

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ASSEMBLY AMENDMENTS TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 1385

[SECOND OFFICIAL COPY REPRINT]

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

ADOPTED NOVEMBER 23, 1981

Amend page 2, section 1, lines 23A, B, omit "but not to exceed an aggregate penalty of \$10,000.00".

Amend page 2, section 1, lines 23E, F, omit "but not to exceed an aggregate penalty of \$50,000.00 in any 6 month period".

Amend page 3, section 3, line 18, omit "but not to exceed an aggregate penalty of \$10,000.00".

Amend page 3, section 3, lines 19B, c, omit "but not to exceed an aggregate penalty of \$50,000.00 in any 6 month period".

STATEMENT

The amendment would remove the ceiling on the aggregate amount of fines that may be levied by the commissioner for knowing and unknowing violations of the law. This change is intended to give the commissioner the authority to take the profit out of a company's violations whether knowing or unknowing. This protects consumers as it encourages insurers to be cognizant of the law, makes regulatory responsibilities more practical to administer by providing for an adequate intermediate remedy, and may be fairer to an insurer who is willing to consent to a penalty in lieu of a potentially more costly hearing process.