# 20:33-10 + 20:33-11

#### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

NJSA 20:33-10 & 20:33-11 (Swastika	as & burning o		- prohibit placement on any
LAWS 1981	CHAPTER		82
Bill No. <u>A3549</u>			
Sponsor(s) Baer and others			
Date Introduced June 22, 1981	<del></del>		
Committee: Assembly			
Senate			
Amended during passage X	ex	No	Substituted for S3341 (not
Date of Passage: Assembly Ju	une 25, 1981		attached since identical to A3549)
SenateJ	une 29, 198 <b>1</b>	_	
Date of approval September 10, 19	981	_	
Following statements are attached if	available:		•
Sponsor statement	Yes	<b>XX</b>	(Below)
Committee Statement: Assembly	XXX	No	
Senate	<b>X</b> éšX	No	
Fiscal Note	xxes '	No	
Veto Message	XXX	No	
Message on signing	Yes	XX8	4
Following were printed:			
Reports	***	No	
Hearings	**	Ио	
_			

Sponsors' statement:

This bill criminalizes putting another in fear of bodily violence by acts such as placing a Nazi swastika or burning cross on public or private property,

This bill also criminalizes the defacement of private property or premises by

such acts.

Bill, conditionally vetoed by Governor (as mentioned in press release): A334(1980)

6/22/81

### ASSEMBLY, No. 3549

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

#### INTRODUCED JUNE 22, 1981

By Assemblymen BAER, RAND, FLYNN, SCHWARTZ, Assemblywoman KALIK, Assemblymen COWAN, JANISZEWSKI, MATTHEWS, W. BROWN, VAN WAGNER, THOMPSON, ZANGARI, McENROE, RILEY, DALTON, BURSTEIN, Assemblywoman GARVIN, Assemblymen CODEY, BATE, HOLLENBECK, BENNETT, BASSANO, CARDINALE, and KOSCO

#### (Without Reference)

An Act concerning crimes and supplementing Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
- 2 of New Jersey:
- 1. A person is guilty of crime of the third degree if he purposely,
- 2 knowingly or recklessly puts or attempts to put another in fear of
- 3 bodily violence by placing on public or private property a symbol,
- 4 an object, a characterization, an appellation or grafitti that exposes
- 5 another to threats of violence, contempt or hatred on the basis of
- 6 race, color, creed or religion, including, but not limited to a burning
- 7 cross or Nazi swastika. A person shall not be guilty of an attempt
- 8 unless his actions cause a serious and imminent likelihood of caus-
- 9 ing fear of unlawful bodily violence.
- 2. A person is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree if he pur-
- 2 posely defaces or damages, without authorization of the owner
- 3 or tenant, any private premises or property primarily used for
- 4 religious, educational, residential, memorial, charitable, or cemetery
- 5 purposes, or for assembly by persons of a particular race, color,
- 6 creed or religion by placing thereon a symbol, an object, a character-
- 7 ization, an appellation, or grafitti that exposes another to threat of
- 8 violence, contempt or hatred on the basis of race, color, creed or
- 9 religion, including, but not limited to, a burning cross or Nazi
- 10 swastika.
- 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

#### STATEMENT

This bill criminalizes putting another in fear of bodily violence by acts such as placing a Nazi swastika or burning cross on public or private property.

This bill also criminalizes the defacement of private property or premises by such acts.

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FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE
SEPTEMBER 10, 1981

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FOR FURTHER INFORMATION

DAVID DE MAIO (609) 292-8956

Governor Brendan Byrne today signed into law A-3549, sponsored by Assemblyman Byron M. Baer (D-Bergen) and commonly known as the "cross burning" or "anti-terrorism" bill, in a public ceremony at Congregation B'nai Yeshurun in Teaneck.

The bill outlaws on public or private property the burning of crosses, placing of swastikas and other religious or racially motivated acts generally used to terrorize minority groups.

Under the bill, defamatory acts which expose persons to threats of violence, contempt or hatred, and which deliberately or recklessly place them in fear of bodily harm are crimes of the third degree.

Similar acts defacing or damaging private property or property used primarily for religious, educational or charitable purposes are crimes of the fourth degree.

The bill, which was substituted for S-3341 on June 29, 1981, takes effect immediately. Governor Byrne had conditionally vetoed an earlier version of the bill for technical reasons.

Also sponsoring the legislation were: Senator Matthew Feldman (D-Bergen);

Assemblymen Walter Rand (D-Camden), William E. Flynn (D-Monmouth), David C. Schwartz

(D-Middlesex), Thomas F. Cowan (D-Hudson), Joseph V. Doria (D-Hudson), Robert C.

Janiszewski (D-Hudson), Willie Brown (D-Essex), Eugene H. Thompson (D-Essex), Jimmy

Zangari (D-Essex), Harry A. McEnroe (D-Essex), Richard Van Wagner (D-Monmouth),

Dennis L. Riley (D-Camden), Daniel J. Dalton (D-Gloucester), Albert Burstein (D-Bergen),

Richard J. Codey (D-Essex), William J. Bate (D-Passaic), Robert P. Hollenbeck (D-Bergen),

John O. Bennett (R-Monmouth), C. Louis Bassano (R-Union), Gerald Cardinale (R-Bergen),

Louis F. Kosco (R-Bergen), Michael J. Matthews (D-Atlantic). Also Assemblywomen

Hazel S. Gluck (R-Ocean), Barbara F. Kalik (D-Burlington), Mildred Barry Carvin

(D-Essex).

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