13:1E-92 et al

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

NJSA:

13:1E-92 et al

"Clean Communities and

Recycling Act"

LAWS OF:

1985

CHAPTER

533

BILL NO:

A2003

Sponsor(s):

Marsella and others

Date Introduced: May 14, 1984

Committee: Assembly:

Revenue, Finance and Appropriations; Energy and Natural

Resources

Senate:

Revenue, Finance and Appropriations, Energy and Environment

Amended during passage: Yes

Assembly Committee Substitute (2nd

OCR) enacted.

Date of Passage:

Assembly:

June 27, 1985

Senate:

January 13, 1986

Date of Approval:

January 21, 1986

Fellowing statements are attached if available:

Sponsor statement:

Yes

Committee statement:

Yes

6-24-85 and 4-29-85

Senate

Assembly

Yes

12-11-85 and 1-13-86

Fiscal Note:

-No-

Veto Message:

Yes

Message on Signing: Following were printed:

Reports:

No

Hearings:

No

Attached:

(OVER)

[&]quot;Governor to sign tax on business to help curb litter," Bergen Record, 1-14-86.

[&]quot;Governor signs 'litter tax' bill," Trenton Times, 1-22-86. PAI

[&]quot;Litter tax' at heart of N.J. cleanup debate," Trenton Times, 1-27-86. A3
"State to begin collecting litter tax from businesses," 4-21-86, Trenton Times.

974.90 New Jersey. Office of Recycling.
P777 Recycling in the 1980's: progress
1985n report and program recommendations... October, 1984.
Trenton, 1984.
(see pp. 38-39).

;

[OFFICIAL COPY REPRINT] ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

ASSEMBLY, No. 2003

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

ADOPTED APRIL 29, 1985

An Act to amend the title of "A Supplement to the "Solid Waste Management Act," approved May 6, 1970 (P. L. 1970, c. 39; C. 13:1E-1 et seq.), as said short title was amended by P. L. 1975, c. 326," approved September 9, 1981 (P. L. 1981, c. 278), so that the same shall read "An act concerning litter pickup and removal and the recycling of waste materials, supplementing P. L. 1970, c. 39 (C. 13:1E-1 et seq.)," to amend and supplement the body of said act, to amend R. S. 39:5-41 and to make appropriations.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
- 2 of New Jersey:
- 1. The title of P. L. 1981, c. 278 is amended to read as follows:
- 2 A Supplement to the "Solid Waste Management Act," approved
- 3 May 6, 1970 (An act concerning litter pickup and removal and
- 4 the recycling of waste materials and supplementing P. L. 1970, c.
- 5 39[;] (C. 13:1E-1 et seq.)[, as said short title was amended by
- 6 P. L. 1975, c. 326**]**.
- 2. Section 1 of P. L. 1981, c. 278 (C. 13:1E-92) is amended to
- 2 read as follows:
- 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Clean Com-
- 2 munities and Recycling Act."
- 3. Section 2 of P. L. 1981, c. 278 (C. 13:1E-93) is amended to
- 2 read as follows:
- 3 2. The Legislature finds that New Jersey must continue to seek
- 4 solutions to its energy, environmental and economic problems;
- 5 that solutions to these problems require proper solid waste and
- 6 resource recovery management; that the generation of municipal
- 7 solid waste is increasing while landfill capacity is decreasing; that
- 8 the siting of environmentally secure landfills is an area of serious

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter printed in italics thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in asterisks or stars has been adopted as follows:

*—Assembly committee amendments adopted June 24, 1985.

9 concern and limited choice; and that the disposal of solid waste

10 materials is wasteful of valuable resources.

11 The Legislature further finds that the recycling of waste mate-

12 rials decreases waste flow to landfill sites, recovers valuable re-

13 sources, conserves energy in the manufacturing process, and offers

14 a supply of domestic raw materials for the State's industries;

15 that a comprehensive recycling plan and program is necessary to

16 achieve the maximum practicable recovery of reusable materials

17 from solid waste in this State; and that such a plan will reduce

18 the amount of waste to landfills, conserve energy and resources,

19 and recover materials for industrial uses.

20 The Legislature finds that an uncluttered landscape is among the

21 most priceless heritages which New Jersey can bequeath to poster-

22 ity; that it is the duty of government to promote and encourage

23 a clean and safe environment; that the proliferation and accumula-

24 tion of carelessly discarded litter may pose a threat to the public

25 health and safety; that the litter problem is especially serious in a

26 State as densely populated and heavily traveled as New Jersey;

27 and that unseemly litter has an adverse economic effect on New

28 Jersey by making the State less attractive to tourists and new in-

29 dustry and residents.

30 The Legislature, therefore, declares it to be in the energy,

31 environmental, and economic interests of the State of New Jersey

32 to implement a comprehensive Statewide recycling and litter abate-

33 ment and removal pickup plan.

4. Section 3 of P. L. 1981, c. 278 (C. 13:1E-94) is amended to

2 read as follows:

3 3. As used in this act:

4 a. "Department" means the State Department of Environmental

5 Protection;

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6 [a.] b. "Division" means the Division of Taxation in the Depart-

7 ment of the Treasury;

8 [b.] c. "Director" means the Director of the Division of Taxa-

9 tion in the Department of the Treasury;

10 d. "Litter" means any discarded, used or unconsumed substance

11 or waste material, whether made of aluminum, glass, plastic, rubber,

12 paper, or other natural or synthetic material, or any combination

13 thereof including, but not limited to, any bottle, jar or can, or any

14 top, cap or detachable tab of any bottle, jar or can, any unlighted

15 cigarette, cigar, match or any flaming or glowing material or any

16 garbage, trash, refuse, debris, rubbish, grass clippings or other

17 lawn or garden waste, newspaper, magazines, glass, metal, plastic

18 or paper containers or other packaging or construction material

- 19 but does not include the waste of the primary processes of mining
- 20 or other extraction processes, logging, sawmilling, farming or
- 21 manufacturing;
- 22 e. "Litter-generating products" means goods which are produced,
- 23 distributed, or purchased in disposable containers, packages or
- 24 wrappings, and shall include items which are not usually sold in
- 25 packages, containers, or wrappings but which are commonly dis-
- 26 carded in public places, or any other goods of an unsightly or un-
- 27 sanitary nature commonly thrown, dropped, discarded, placed, or
- 28 deposited by a person on public property, or on private property
- 29 not owned by him*[,]* including*[, but not limited to,]* the
- 29A following:
- 30 (1) Beer and other malt beverages;
- 31 (2) Cigarettes and tobacco products;
- 32 (3) Cleaning agents and toiletries;
- 33 (4) Distilled spirits;
- 34 (5) Food for human or pet consumption;
- 35 (6) Glass containers;
- 36 (7) Groceries;
- 37 (8) Metal containers;
- 38 (9) Motor vehicle *[parts]* *tires*;
- 39 (10) Newsprint and magazine paper stock;
- 40^{\(\dagger)} (11) Nondrug drugstore sundry products;
- 41 (12) Paper products and household paper;
- 42 (13) Plastic or fiber containers made of synthetic material*, but
- 42A not including any container which is routinely reused, has a useful
- 42B life of more than one year and is ordinarily sold empty at retail*;
- 43 (14) Soft drinks and carbonated waters; *[and]*
- 44 (15) Wine; *and*
- *(16) Any other category of products as may be designated by 44B the department following a public hearing;*
- f. "Litter receptacle" means a container suitable for the depositing of litter.
- 47 [c.] g. "Municipality" means any city, borough, town, township
- 48 or village situated within the boundaries of this State;
- 49 h. "Public place" means any area that is used or held out for
- 50 use by the public whether owned or operated by public or private
- 51 interests.
- 52 [d.] i. "Recycling" means any process by which materials which
- 53 would otherwise become solid waste are collected, separated or
- 54 processed and returned to the economic mainstream in the form
- 55 of raw materials or products;

j. "Sold within the State" or "sales within the State" means all 56 57 sales of retailers engaged in business within the State and, in the 58 case of manufacturers, wholesalers and distributors, all sales of 59 products for use and consumption within the State. It shall be pre-60 sumed that all sales of manufacturers, wholesalers and distributors 61 sold within the State are for use and consumption within the State 62unless the taxpayer shows that the products are shipped out of state 63 for out-of-State use;

[e.] k. "Tax period" means every calendar month or any other period as may be prescribed by rule and regulation adopted by the director, on the basis of which the owner or operator of a sanitary landfill facility is required to report to the director pursuant to this act;

69 **[f.]** l. "Taxpayer" means the owner or operator of a sanitary 70 landfill facility or the manufacturer, wholesaler, distributor, or re71 tailer of litter-generating products subject to the tax provisions of 72 this act.

5. Section 5 of P. L. 1971, c. 278 (C. 13:1E-96) is amended to 2 read as follows:

3 5. a. The State Recycling Fund (hereinafter referred to as the 4 "fund") is established as a nonlapsing, revolving fund. The fund shall be administered jointly by the Department of Energy and the 5 6 Department of Environmental Protection, and shall be credited with all tax revenue collected by the division pursuant to section 4 7 8 of [this supplementary act] P. L. 1981, c. 278 (C. 13:1E-95). Interest received on moneys in the fund and sums received as repay-9 ment of principal and interest on outstanding loans made from the 10 fund shall be credited to the fund. The Department of Energy and 11 the Department of Environmental Protection, in their administra-12 tion of the fund, are authorized to assign to the New Jersey Eco-13 nomic Development Authority the responsibility for making credit 14 evaluations of applicants for loans, for servicing loans on behalf 15 16 of the two departments, and, the provisions of any other law to the contrary notwithstanding, for making recommendations as to the 17 approval or denial of loans pursuant to this section. The depart-18 ments are further authorized to pay or reimburse the authority in 19 the amounts as the departments jointly agree are appropriate for 20 all services rendered by the authority in connection with any as-21signment of responsibility under the terms of this section out of 22 23 moneys held in the fund for loans and the loan guarantee program. b. Moneys in the fund shall be allocated and used for the follow-24

ing purposes and no others:

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(1) Not less than 45% of the estimated annual balance of the 26 fund shall be used for the annual expenses of a five-year program 2728 for recycling grants to municipalities. The amount of these grants shall be calculated, for the purposes of the first grant to a particular 29 municipality, on the basis of the total number of tons of materials 30 31 annually recycled from residential and commercial sources within 32that municipality. Thereafter, subsequent grants to a municipality 33 shall be calculated on the basis of the increase in the total number of tons of such materials from the total in the preceding year, 34 35except that no such grant shall exceed \$25.00 per ton of materials 36 recycled. For the purpose of calculating subsequent annual grants to municipalities pursuant to this subsection, not less than 15% of 37 the estimated annual balance of the fund shall be allocated on the 38 basis of the total number of tons of wastepaper recycled in the 39 **4**0 preceding year, not less than 15% of the estimated annual balance of the fund shall be allocated on the basis of the total number of 41 tons of glass recycled in the preceding year, and not less than 15%**4**2 43 of the estimated annual balance of the fund shall be allocated on the basis of the total number of tons of other materials recycled in 44 the preceding year. 45 46

To be eligible for a grant pursuant to this subsection, a municipality shall demonstrate that the materials recycled by the municipal recycling program were not diverted from a commercial recycling program already in existence on the effective date of the ordinance establishing the municipal recycling program.

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To be eligible for a subsequent annual grant pursuant to this subsection, a municipality shall demonstrate that at least two types of materials are currently recycled, or will be recycled in the succeeding grant year by the municipal recycling program. No recycling grant to any municipality shall be used for constructing or operating any facility for the baling of wastepaper or for the shearing, baling or shredding of ferrous or nonferrous materials;

- (2) Not less than 20% of the estimated annual balance of the fund shall be used to provide low interest loans and to establish a sufficient reserve for a loan guarantee program for recycling businesses and industries;
- (3) Not more than 10% of the estimated annual balance of the fund shall be used for State recycling program planning and program funding, including the administrative expenses thereof;
- 65 (4) Not more than 10% of the estimated annual balance of the 66 fund shall be used for county and municipal recycling program 67 planning and program funding, including the administrative ex-

68 penses thereof; and

69 (5) Not less than 15% of the estimated annual balance of the 70 fund shall be used for a public information and education program 71 concerning recycling [and anti-litter] activities.

6. (New section) a. There is levied upon each person engaged 1 2 in business in the State as a manufacturer, wholesaler, or distribu-3 tor of litter-generating products a tax of 3/100 of 1% (.0003) on sales *of those products* within the State, and each person engaged 4 in business in the State as a retailer of litter-generating products a tax of *[2.25]* *3*/100 of 1% *[(.000225)]* *(.0003)* on sales 6 *of those products* within the State, except *[that the first 7 8 \$100,00.00]* *any retailer with less than \$250,000.00* in annual retail sales of litter-generating products is exempt from this tax. A sale by a wholesaler or distributor to another wholesaler or dis-10 tributor *[or] * *,* a sale by a company to another company owned 11 11A wholly by the same individuals or companies, *or a sale by a whole-11B saler or distributor owned cooperatively by retailers to those re-11c tailers* is not subject to tax under this amendatory and supple-11D mentary act.

Every person subject to this tax shall, on or before March 15, 1986, and on or before March 15, of each year thereafter, prepare and file a return, under oath, for the preceding calendar year with the director on forms and containing any information as the director shall prescribe. The return shall indicate the dollar value of the sales within the State of litter-generating products and at the same time the person shall pay the full amount of tax due.

For the purpose of this amendatory and supplementary act, 20 "retailer" includes those restaurants one of whose principal activi-21 ties consists of selling for consumption off the premises of the 22 vendor, a meal or food prepared and ready to be eaten.

b. If a return required by this amendatory and supplementary 23 act is not filed, or if a return when filed is incorrect or insufficient 24 in the opinion of the director, the amount of tax due shall be deter-25 26 mined by the director from whatever information may be available. Notice of the determination shall be given to the taxpayer liable 27for the payment of the tax. The determination shall finally and 28 irrevocably fix the tax unless the person against whom it is assessed, 29within 30 days after receiving notice of the determination, shall 30 apply to the director for a hearing, or unless the director on his 31 32 own motion shall redetermine the same. After the hearing the 33 director shall give notice of his determination to the person to whom the tax is assessed. 34

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c. Any taxpayer who shall fail to file his return when due or to pay any tax when the tax becomes due, as herein provided, shall be subject to such penalties and interest as provided in the "State Tax Uniform Procedure Law," R. S. 54:48–1 et seq. If the director determines that the failure to comply with any provision of this section was excusable under the circumstances, he may remit any part of the penalty as shall be appropriate under the circumstances.

- d. (1) Any person failing to file a return, failing to pay the tax, 42 or filing or causing to be filed, or making or causing to be made, 43 44 or giving or causing to be given any return, certificate, affidavit, representation, information, testimony or statement required or 45 46 authorized by this amendatory and supplementary act, or rules or regulations adopted hereunder which is willfully false, or failing to 47 keep any records required by this amendatory and supplementary 48 act or rules and regulations adopted hereunder, shall, in addition 49 to any other penalties herein or elsewhere prescribed, be guilty of 50 a crime of the fourth degree. 51
- 52 (2) The certificate of the director to the effect that a tax has not 53 been paid, that a return has not been filed, that information has not 54 been supplied or that inaccurate information has been supplied 55 pursuant to the provisions of this amendatory and supplementary 56 act or rules or regulations adopted hereunder shall be presumptive 57 evidence of a violation thereof.
- e. In addition to the other powers granted by this section, the director may:
- (1) Delegate to any officer or employee of his division those of powers and duties as he may deem necessary to carry out efficiently the provisions of this section, and the person or persons to whom the powers has been delegated shall possess and may exercise all of the powers and perform all of the duties delegated by the director; and
- 66 (2) Prescribe and distribute all necessary forms for the imple-67 mentation of this section.
- 68 f. The tax imposed by this section shall be governed in all re-69 spects by the provisions of the "State Tax Uniform Procedure 70 Law," R. S. 54:48-1 et seq., unless otherwise provided by a specific 71 provision of this section.
- 7. (New section) The Clean Communities Account is established as a nonlapsing, revolving fund in the Department of the Treasury to carry out the purposes of this amendatory and supplementary act. The Clean Communities Account shall be administered by the Department of Environmental Protection and credited with all

- 6 taxes and penalties levied or imposed pursuant to sections 6, 8,
- 7 and 13 of this amendatory and supplementary act, any sums received
- 8 as voluntary contributions from private sources, and interest re-
- 9 ceived on moneys in the account shall be credited to the account.
- 10 Moneys in the Clean Communities Account shall be allocated and
- 11 used for the following purposes and no others:
- 12 a. 5% of the estimated annual balance of the account shall be
- 13 used for a litter patrol program to employ youth from the State
- 14 to pick up and remove litter from State owned places and areas
- 15 that are accessible to the public;
- b. 80% of the estimated annual balance of the account shall be
- 17 used for the annual expenses of providing grants to municipalities
- 18 for litter pickup and removal programs, which employ youth,
- 19 among others.
- 20 To be eligible for a grant pursuant to this subsection, a munici-
- 21 pality shall demonstrate that the governing body thereof has
- 22 adopted an ordinance or regulation in conformity with the pur-
- 23 poses and provisions of this amendatory and supplementary act
- 24 and is actively engaged in a litter pickup and removal program
- 25 approved by the department. Approval shall not be granted unless
- 26 (1) the plan provides new employment, and (2) the plan demon-
- 27 strates it is in addition to or supplements existing litter pickup and
- 28 removal activities in the municipality. The amount of these grants
- 29 shall be calculated based on the proportion which the population
- 30 of a qualifying municipality bears to the total State population,
- 31 except that no eligible municipality shall receive less than 0.1% of
- 32 the amount apportioned for this purpose. Population shall be de-
- 33 termined using the most recent federal decennial population esti-
- 34 mates for New Jersey and its municipalities filed in the office of
- 35 the Secretary of State;
- 36 c. 5% of the estimated annual balance of the account shall be
- 37 used for State litter control program planning and program fund-
- 38 ing, including the administrative expenses thereof and for a public
- 39 information and education program concerning antilittering activi-
- 40 ties;
- 41 d. 10% of the estimated annual balance of the account shall be
- 42 used for the annual expenses of providing grants to counties for
- 43 litter pickup and removal programs, which employ youth, among
- 44 others.
- 45 To be eligible for a grant pursuant to this subsection, a county
- 46 shall demonstrate that the governing body thereof has adopted an
- 47 ordinance or regulation in conformity with the purposes and pro-

visions of this amendatory and supplementary act and is actively 48 49 engaged in a litter pickup and removal program approved by the department. Approval shall not be granted unless (1) the plan 50 provides new employment, and (2) the plan demonstrates it is in 51addition to or supplements existing litter pickup and removal 52 53 activities in the county. The amount of these grants shall be calculated based on the proportion which the population of a quali-54 fying county bears to the total State population, except that no 55 eligible county shall receive less than 0.1% of the amount appor-56tioned for this purpose. Population shall be determined using the 57

most recent federal decennial population estimates for New Jersey 58

and its municipalities in the office of the Secretary of State. 59

8. a. A person who throws, drops, discards or otherwise places 1 any litter of any nature upon public or private property other than in a litter receptacle commits a petty disorderly persons offense. 3 The Superior Court and every municipal court shall have juris-4 diction to enforce this section. The State, or any municipality may institute proceedings under this section. If a money judgment is 6 rendered against a defendant, the payment made to the court shall 7 be remitted to the chief financial officer of the municipality wherein the violation occurred to be used by the municipality to help finance litter control activities in addition to or supplementing existing 10

litter pickup and removal activities in the municipality. 11. b. If a person violates subsection a. of this section the court 12 may, in addition to the penalty provided under that subsection, 13 direct the person to perform community service, including litter 14 pickup and removal from any public property, or any private 15 property with permission of the owner, upon which the person 16 deposited litter, for a term of not less than 20 hours nor more 17 than 40 hours.

9. (New section) In addition to the duties and responsibilities 1 hereinbefore provided, the department shall: 2

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a. Serve as the coordinating agency between the various indus-3 try and business organizations seeking to aid in the antilitter 4 effort; 5

b. Recommend to local governing bodies that they adopt resolu-6 tions or ordinances, as appropriate, in conformity with the purposes and provisions of this amendatory and supplementary act and assist these bodies in the preparation of the ordinances and 9 10 resolutions;

c. Encourage and cooperate with all local voluntary and govern-11 ment antilitter campaigns attempting to focus public attention on

- 13 the State litter pickup and removal program;
- 14 d. Investigate the availability of, and apply for, funds available
- 15 from any private or public source to be used in the litter pickup
- 16 and removal program provided for in this amendatory and supple-
- 17 mentary act;
- 18 e. Investigate the successful methods of other litter pickup and
- 19 removal programs, encourage the use of litter receptacles, and
- 20 evaluate their possible incorporation into the New Jersey litter
- 21 pickup and removal program;
- 22 f. Conduct a litter survey within six months of the effective date
- 23 of this amendatory and supplementary act and annually thereafter.
- 1 10. (New section) The department shall report to the Legisla-
- 2 ture on its proposed plan of litter pickup and removal not later
- 3 than six months after the effective date of this amendatory and
- 4 supplementary act, and annually thereafter, upon the success of
- 5 the plan in reducing litter in New Jersey, and any recommendations
- 6 for improvements.
- 1 11. (New section) The department may enter into contracts with
- 2 other State agencies, local agencies, or local governing bodies, and
- 3 shall adopt, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P. L.
- 4 1968, c. 410 (C. 52:14B-1 et seq.), any rules and regulations neces-
- 5 sary to implement the provisions of this amendatory and supple-
- 6 mentary act relating to litter pickup and removal.
- 1 12. (New section) No beverage shall be sold within the State in
- 2 a metal container designed and constructed so that the container
- 3 is opened by detaching a metal ring or tab, except if the tab is made
- 4 of tape, foil, or other soft material; or in metal beverage containers
- 5 connected to each other by a separate device made of plastic which
- 6 does not decompose by photodegradation, chemical degradation, or
- 7 biodegradation. For the purposes of this section, "beverage" means
- 8 alcoholic beverages, including beer or other malt beverages, liquor,
- 9 wine, vermouth and sparkling wine, and nonalcoholic beverages,
- 10 including fruit juice, mineral water and soda water and similar
- 11 nonalcoholic carbonated drinks intended for human consumption.
- 1 13. (New section) Every person convicted of a violation of this
- 2 amendatory and supplementary act for which no penalty is spe-
- 3 cifically provided is subject to a fine of not more than \$100.00 for
- 4 each violation. If the violation is of a continuing nature, each day
- 5 during which it continues constitutes a separate and distinct of-
- 6 fense.
- 1 14. (New section) The tax imposed pursuant to section 6 of this
- 2 amendatory and supplementary act shall not be due and payable

11 if, and as long as, any State of New Jersey or federal law, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, requiring a deposit 5 on, or establishing a refund value for, any litter-generating prod-6 ucts shall be in effect. 1 15. (New section) On or before October 1, 1985, or in the case 2 of persons commencing or opening new places of business after 3 that date, within 30 days after the commencement or opening, every person subject to tax under the litter pickup and removal 4 provisions of this amendatory and supplementary act shall file with the director a certificate of registration in a form prescribed by 6 7 him. Any person who is registered under any law administered by the division of taxation or who is subject to and files returns 8 under any of these laws shall be excused from compliance with the 9 requirements of this section. 10 1 16. Additional expenditures or incremental costs necessary and reasonably incurred by a municipality for the abatement and con- 2 trol of litter or any other antilittering activities as a direct result 3 of the implementation of P. L. 1985, c. (C. pending before the Legislature as this Assembly Committee Sub-5 stitute) shall, for the purposes of P. L. 1976, c. 68 (C. 40A:4-45.1 6 et seq.), be considered expenditures mandated by State law. 7 17. (New section) a. There is appropriated to the Division of 1 Taxation in the Department of the Treasury a sum of \$500,000.00 or so much thereof as shall be required to carry out the provisions 3 of this amendatory and supplementary act concerning litter pickup 4and removal and administration from the effective date hereof 5 through the period ending June 30, 1986. 6 b. There is appropriated to the Department of Environmental 7 Protection the sum of \$500,000.00 or so much thereof as shall be 8 required to carry out the provisions of this amendatory and supple-9 mentary act concerning litter pickup and removal and adminis-1.0 tration from the effective date hereof through the period ending 11 June 30, 1986. 12c. In addition to the foregoing, there is appropriated the sum of \$10,000,000.00 into the Clean Communities Account for the purposes set forth in section 7 of this amendatory and supplementary act, less any amount of tax collected by the Division of Taxation

13 14 15 16 pursuant to section 6 of this amendatory and supplementary act. 17 18. R. S. 39:5-41 is amended to read as follows: 1

39:5-41. a. All fines, penalties and forfeitures imposed and 2 collected under authority of law for any violations of R. S. 39:4-63 3 and R. S. 39:4-64, shall be forwarded by the judge to whom the

same have been paid to the proper financial officer of the munici-6 pality wherein the violation occurred, to be used by the municipality to help finance litter control activities in addition to or supplement-7 8 ing existing litter pickup and removal activities in the municipality. 9 b. Except as otherwise provided by subsection a. of this section, [All] all fines, penalties and forfeitures imposed and collected 10 11 under authority of law for any violations of the provisions of this Title, other than those violations in which the complainant is the 12director, a member of his staff, a member of the State Police, an 13inspector of the Board of Public Utilities, or a law enforcement 14 15 officer of any other State agency, shall be forwarded by the judge to whom the same have been paid to the proper financial officer of 16 the county wherein they were collected, to be used by the county as 17 a fund for the construction, reconstruction, maintenance and repair 18 of roads and bridges, snow removal, the acquisition and purchase 19 of rights-of-way, and the purchase, replacement and repair of 20 equipment for use on said roads and bridges therein. Whenever the 21 amount of moneys to be forwarded to the counties pursuant to 22this section rises above the level forwarded to them in fiscal year 231980, the increase, up to the amount forwarded to the counties, shall 2425 be forwarded to the proper financial officer of the respective municipalities wherein the violations occurred, to be used by the munici-26 palities as a fund for general municipal use and to defray the cost 27 of operating the municipal court. When the amount of moneys for-28 warded to the municipalities equals the amount forwarded to the 29counties, any additional increase shall be paid one-half to the county 30 wherein the funds were collected and one-half to the municipality 31wherein the funds were collected. 3233

Whenever any county has deposited moneys collected pursuant to this section in a special trust fund in lieu of expending the same for the purposes authorized by this section, it may withdraw from said special trust fund in any year an amount which is not in excess of the amount expended by the county over the immediately preceding three-year period from general county revenues for said purposes. Such moneys withdrawn from the trust fund shall be accounted for and used as are other general county revenues.

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1 19. This act shall take effect on the first day of the third calendar 2 month next following enactment.

[SECOND OFFICIAL COPY REPRINT] ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

ASSEMBLY, No. 2003

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

ADOPTED APRIL 29, 1985

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- 2. Section 1 of P. L. 1981, c. 278 (C. 13:1E-92) is amended to
- 2 read as follows:
- 1 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Clean Com-
- 2 munities and Recycling Act."
- 3. Section 2 of P. L. 1981, c. 278 (C. 13:1E-93) is amended to
- 2 read as follows:
- 3 2. The Legislature finds that New Jersey must continue to seek
- 4 solutions to its energy, environmental and economic problems;
- 5 that solutions to these problems require proper solid waste and
- 6 resource recovery management; that the generation of municipal

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter printed in italies thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in asterisks or stars has been adopted as follows:

- *—Assembly committee amendments adopted June 24, 1985.
- * *---Senate committee amendments adopted December 12, 1985.
- ***—Senate committee amendments adopted January 13, 1986.

- 7 solid waste is increasing while landfill capacity is decreasing; that
- 8 the siting of environmentally secure landfills is an area of serious
- 9 concern and limited choice; and that the disposal of solid waste
- 10 materials is wasteful of valuable resources.
- 11 The Legislature further finds that the recycling of waste mate-
- 12 rials decreases waste flow to landfill sites, recovers valuable re-
- 13 sources, conserves energy in the manufacturing process, and offers
- 14 a supply of domestic raw materials for the State's industries;
- 15 that a comprehensive recycling plan and program is necessary to
- 16 achieve the maximum practicable recovery of reusable materials
- 17 from solid waste in this State; and that such a plan will reduce
- 18 the amount of waste to landfills, conserve energy and resources,
- 19 and recover materials for industrial uses.
- 20 The Legislature finds that an uncluttered landscape is among the
- 21 most priceless heritages which New Jersey can bequeath to poster-
- 22 ity; that it is the duty of government to promote and encourage
- 23 a clean and safe environment; that the proliferation and accumula-
- 24 tion of carelessly discarded litter may pose a threat to the public
- 25 health and safety; that the litter problem is especially serious in a
- 26 State as densely populated and heavily traveled as New Jersey;
- 27 and that unseemly litter has an adverse economic effect on New
- 28 Jersey by making the State less attractive to tourists and new in-
- 29 dustry and residents.
- 30 The Legislature, therefore, declares it to be in the energy,
- 31 environmental, and economic interests of the State of New Jersey
- 32 to implement a comprehensive Statewide recycling ***plan*** and
- 33 ***to establish a clean communities account to develop resources
- 34 to be used in a^{***} litter abatement and removal pickup plan $^{***}as$
- 35 provided for by law***.
- 4. Section 3 of P. L. 1981, c. 278 (C. 13:1E-94) is amended to
- 2 read as follows:
- 3 3. As used in this act:
- 4 a. "Department" means the State Department of Environmental
- 5 Protection;
- 6 [a.] b. "Division" means the Division of Taxation in the Depart-
- 7 ment of the Treasury;
- 8 [b.] c. "Director" means the Director of the Division of Taxa-
- 9 tion in the Department of the Treasury;
- 10 d. "Litter" means any ** [discarded,]** used or unconsumed
- 11 substance or waste material **which has been discarded** whether
- 12 made of aluminum, glass, plastic, rubber, paper, or other natural
- 13 or synthetic material, or any combination thereof including, but

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not limited to, any bottle, jar or can, or any top, cap or detachable
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    tab of any bottle, jar or can, any unlighted cigarette, cigar, match
    or any flaming or glowing material or any garbage, trash, refuse,
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     debris, rubbish, grass clippings or other lawn or garden waste,
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    newspaper, magazines, glass, metal, plastic or paper containers or
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     other packaging or construction material but does not include the
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    waste of the primary processes of mining or other extraction proc-
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     esses, logging, sawmilling, farming or manufacturing;
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       e. "Litter-generating products" means **the following specific**
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    goods which are produced, distributed, or purchased in disposable
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     containers, packages or wrappings**[, and shall include items]**
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     **; or ** which are not usually sold in packages, containers, or
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    wrappings but which are commonly discarded in public places**[,]
     ** **; ** or ** [any other goods] ** ** which are ** of an unsightly or
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    unsanitary nature commonly thrown, dropped, discarded, placed,
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     or deposited by a person on public property, or on private property
29A not owned by him*[,]* **[including*[, but not limited to,]* the
29B following **:
      (1) Beer and other malt beverages;
      (2) Cigarettes and tobacco products;
       (3) Cleaning agents and toiletries;
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       (4) Distilled spirits;
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       (5) Food for human or pet consumption;
       (6) Glass containers **sold as such **;
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       (7) Groceries;
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       (8) Metal containers **sold as such **;
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      (9) Motor vehicle *[parts]* *tires*;
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      (10) Newsprint and magazine paper stock;
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      (11) Nondrug drugstore sundry products;
      (12) Paper products and household paper;
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      (13) Plastic or fiber containers made of synthetic material **and
42A sold as such ** *, but not including any container which is routinely
42B reused, has a useful life of more than one year and is ordinarily
42c sold empty at retail*;
      (14) Soft drinks and carbonated waters; *[and]* ***and***
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      (15) Wine; ***[*and*]***
      *** [*(16) Any other category of products ** [as may be desig-
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44B nated by the department following a public hearing ** ** which
44c may be determined to include a litter-generating product by the de-
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44D partment following a public hearing conducted pursuant to the 44E "Administrative Procedure Act," P. L. 1968, c. 410 (C. 52:14B-1

44F et seq.)**;]***

- 45 f. "Litter receptacle" means a container suitable for the deposit-46 ing of litter.
- 47 [c.] g. "Municipality" means any city, borough, town, township 48 or village situated within the boundaries of this State;
- 49 h. "Public place" means any area that is used or held out for 50 use by the public whether owned or operated by public or private
- 51 interests.
- 52 [d.] i. "Recycling" means any process by which materials which
- 53 would otherwise become solid waste are collected, separated or
- 54 processed and returned to the economic mainstream in the form
- 55 of raw materials or products;
- j. "Sold within the State" or "sales within the State" means all
- 57 sales of retailers engaged in business within the State and, in the
- 58 case of manufacturers, wholesalers and distributors, all sales of
- 59 products for use and consumption within the State. It shall be pre-
- 60 sumed that all sales of manufacturers, wholesalers and distributors
- 61 sold within the State are for use and consumption within the State
- 62 unless the taxpayer shows that the products are shipped out of state
- 63 for out-of-State use;
- 64 [e.] k. "Tax period" means every calendar month or any other
- 65 period as may be prescribed by rule and regulation adopted by the
 - 6 director, on the basis of which the owner or operator of a sanitary
- 67 landfill facility is required to report to the director pursuant to
- 68 this act;
- 69 [f.] l. "Taxpayer" means the owner or operator of a sanitary
- 70 landfill facility or the manufacturer, wholesaler, distributor, or re-
- 71 tailer of litter-generating products subject to the tax provisions of
- 72 ** [this act] ** **section 4 of P. L. 1981, c. 278 (C. 13:1E-95) or
- 73 section 6 of P. L. 1985, c. (C. (now pending be-
- 74 fore the Legislature as this Senate Reprint to this Assembly
- 75 Committee Substitute (OCR)), as the case may be**.
- 5. Section 5 of P. L. **[1971]** **1981**, c. 278 (C. 13:1E-96)
- 2 is amended to read as follows:
- 3 5. a. The State Recycling Fund (hereinafter referred to as the
- 4 "fund") is established as a nonlapsing, revolving fund. The fund
- 5 shall be administered jointly by the Department of Energy and the
- 6 Department of Environmental Protection, and shall be credited
- 7 with all tax revenue collected by the division pursuant to section 4
- 8 of [this supplementary act] P. L. 1981, c. 278 (C. 13:1E-95). In-
- 9 terest received on moneys in the fund and sums received as repay-
- 10 ment of principal and interest on outstanding loans made from the
- 11 fund shall be credited to the fund. The Department of Energy and
- 12 the Department of Environmental Protection, in their administra-

13 tion of the fund, are authorized to assign to the New Jersey Eco-14 nomic Development Authority the responsibility for making credit evaluations of applicants for loans, for servicing loans on behalf 15 of the two departments, and, the provisions of any other law to the 16 contrary notwithstanding, for making recommendations as to the 17 approval or denial of loans pursuant to this section. The depart-18 ments are further authorized to pay or reimburse the authority in 19 the amounts as the departments jointly agree are appropriate for 20 all services rendered by the authority in connection with any as-21 signment of responsibility under the terms of this section out of 2223 moneys held in the fund for loans and the loan guarantee program.

b. Moneys in the fund shall be allocated and used for the following purposes and no others:

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(1) Not less than 45% of the estimated annual balance of the fund shall be used for the annual expenses of a five-year program for recycling grants to municipalities. The amount of these grants shall be calculated ** [, for the purposes of the first grant to a particular municipality,]** on the basis of the total number of tons of materials annually recycled from residential and commercial sources within that municipality**[. Thereafter, subsequent grants to a municipality shall be calculated on the basis of the increase in the total number of tons of such materials from the total in the preceding year **, except that no such grant shall exceed \$25.00 per ton of materials recycled. **[For the purpose of calculating subsequent annual grants to municipalities pursuant to this subsection, not less than 15% of the estimated annual balance of the fund shall be allocated on the basis of the total number of tons of wastepaper recycled in the preceding year, not less than 15% of the estimated annual balance of the fund shall be allocated on the basis of the total number of tons of glass recycled in the preceding year, and not less than 15% of the estimated annual balance of the fund shall be allocated on the basis of the total number of tons of other materials recycled in the preceding year. "* The depart-45A ments may allocate a portion of these grant moneys as bonus grants 45B to municipalities that demonstrate high recovery rates in their re-45c cycling programs. The departments shall issue guidelines estab-450 lishing a formula defining a high recovery rate and shall announce 45E each year the total amount of moneys available in the bonus grant 45r fund.**

46 To be eligible for a grant pursuant to this subsection, a munici-47 pality shall demonstrate that the materials recycled by the municipal recycling program were not diverted from a commercial re49 cycling program already in existence on the effective date of the 50 ordinance establishing the municipal recycling program.

To be eligible for a subsequent annual grant pursuant to this subsection, a municipality shall demonstrate that at least two types of materials are currently recycled, or will be recycled in the succeeding grant year by the municipal recycling program. No recycling grant to any municipality shall be used for constructing or operating any facility for the baling of wastepaper or for the shearing, baling or shredding of ferrous or nonferrous materials;

- 58 (2) Not less than 20% of the estimated annual balance of the 59 fund shall be used to provide low interest loans and to establish a 60 sufficient reserve for a loan guarantee program for recycling busi-61 nesses and industries;
- 62 (3) Not more than 10% of the estimated annual balance of the 63 fund shall be used for State recycling program planning and pro-64 gram funding, including the administrative expenses thereof;
- 65 (4) Not more than 10% of the estimated annual balance of the 66 fund shall be used for county and municipal recycling program 67 planning and program funding, including the administrative ex-68 penses thereof; and
- 69 (5) Not less than 15% of the estimated annual balance of the 70 fund shall be used for a public information and education program 71 concerning recycling [and anti-litter] activities.
- 1 6. (New section) a. There is levied upon each person engaged in business in the State as a manufacturer, wholesaler, or distribu-2 tor of litter-generating products a tax of 3/100 of 1% (.0003) on 3 sales *of those products* within the State, and each person engaged 4 in business in the State as a retailer of litter-generating products 5 a tax of *[2.25]* **[*3*/100]** **2.25/100** of 1% *[(.000225)]* 6 **[*(.0003)*]** **(.000225)** on sales *of those products* within 7 the State, except *[that the first \$100,000.00]* *any retailer with 8 9less than \$250,000.00* in annual retail sales of litter-generating 10 products is exempt from this tax. A sale by a wholesaler or distributor to another wholesaler or distributor *[or]* *,* a sale by 11 a company to another company owned wholly by the same indi-12 viduals or companies, *or a sale by a wholesaler or distributor 13 owned cooperatively by retailers to those retailers* is not subject 14 to tax under this amendatory and supplementary act. **For the 15 purposes of this amendatory and supplementary act, "retailer" 16 includes restaurants one of the principal activities of which con-17 sists of selling for consumption off the premises of the restaurant 18 a meal or food prepared and ready to be eaten.** 19

**b. On or before October 1, 1986, or in the case of a person

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commencing or opening a new place of business after that date, within 30 days after the commencement or opening, every person subject to the tax imposed pursuant to this amendatory and supplementary act shall file with the director a certificate of registra-tion on a form prescribed by the director. Any person who is registered under any law administered by the division or who is subject to and files returns under any of these laws shall not be required to comply with the provsions of this subsection.**

c. Every person subject to this tax shall, on or before March 15, **[1986] ** **1987 **, and on or before March 15 ** [,] ** of each year thereafter, prepare and file a return, under oath, for the pre-ceding calendar year with the director on forms and containing any information as the director shall prescribe. The return shall indi-cate the dollar value of the sales within the State of litter-generating products and at the same time the person shall pay the full amount of tax due.

** For the purpose of this amendatory and supplementary act, "retailer" includes those restaurants one of whose principal activities consists of selling for consumption off the premises of the vendor, a meal or food prepared and ready to be eaten. **

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[b.] **d.** If a return required by this amendatory and supplementary act is not filed, or if a return when filed is incorrect or insufficient in the opinion of the director, the amount of tax due shall be determined by the director from whatever information may be available. Notice of the determination shall be given to the taxpayer liable for the payment of the tax. The determination shall finally and irrevocably fix the tax unless the person against whom it is assessed, within 30 days after receiving notice of the determination, shall apply to the director for a hearing, or unless the director on his own motion shall redetermine the same. After the hearing the director shall give notice of his determination to the person to whom the tax is assessed.

[c.] **e.** Any taxpayer who shall fail to file his return when due or to pay any tax when the tax becomes due, as herein provided, shall be subject to such penalties and interest as pro-vided in the "State Tax Uniform Procedure Law," R. S. 54:48-1 et seq. If the director determines that the failure to comply with any provision of this section was excusable under the circumstances, he may remit any part of the penalty as shall be appropriate under the circumstances.

61 **[d.]** **f.** (1) Any person failing to file a return, failing 62 to pay the tax, or filing or causing to be filed, or making or causing

to be made, or giving or causing to be given any return, certificate, affidavit, representation, information, testimony or statement required or authorized by this amendatory and supplementary act, or rules or regulations adopted hereunder which is willfully false, or failing to keep any records required by this amendatory and supplementary act or rules and regulations adopted hereunder,

69 shall, in addition to any other penalties herein or elsewhere pre-

70 scribed, be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.

- 71 (2) The certificate of the director to the effect that a tax has not been paid, that a return has not been filed, that information has not been supplied or that inaccurate information has been supplied pursuant to the provisions of this amendatory and supplementary act or rules or regulations adopted hereunder shall be presumptive evidence of a violation thereof.
- 77 **[e.]** **g.** In addition to the other powers granted by this 78 section, the director may:
- 79 (1) Delegate to any officer or employee of his division those 80 powers and duties as he may deem necessary to carry out efficiently 81 the provisions of this section, and the person or persons to whom 82 the powers has been delegated shall possess and may exercise all 83 of the powers and perform all of the duties delegated by the 84 director; **[and]**
- 85 (2) Prescribe and distribute all necessary forms for the imple-86 mentation of this section**[.]** **; and**
- **(3) Adopt any rules and regulations necessary for the imple-88 mentation of this amendatory and supplementary act.**
- **If.J** **h.** The tax imposed by this section shall be gov-90 erned in all respects by the provisions of the "State Tax Uniform 91 Procedure Law," R. S. 54:48-1 et seq., unless otherwise provided 92 by a specific provision of this section.
- 7. (New section) The Clean Communities Account is established 1 2 as a nonlapsing, revolving fund in the Department of the Treasury to carry out the purposes of this amendatory and supplementary 3 act. The Clean Communities Account shall be administered by the *** [Department of Environmental Protection] *** *** State Treasurer*** and credited***, in addition to any appropriations made thereto,*** with all taxes and penalties levied or imposed pursuant to sections 6**[, 8,]** and ***[13]*** ***10*** of this amendatory and supplementary act, **and** any sums received as voluntary contributions from private sources**[, and interest]** **. Interest** received on moneys in the account shall be credited to the 11A account. Moneys in the Clean Communities Account shall be allo-11B cated and used *** [for the following purposes and no others:

12 a. 5% of the estimated annual balance of the account shall be 13 used for a litter patrol program to employ youth from the State 14 to pick up and remove litter from State owned places and areas that are accessible to the public; 15 b. **\[80\%\]** **90\%** of the estimated annual balance of the 16 17 account shall be used for the annual expenses of providing grants to municipalities **with a population of 30,000 or more for munici-18 pal litter pickup and removal programs, and to counties for county 19A litter pickup and removal programs and ** for litter pickup and 19B removal programs **in municipalities with a population of less 19c than 30,000**, which employ youth, among others. 20 To be eligible for a grant pursuant to this subsection, a munici-21pality **or county** shall demonstrate that the governing body thereof has adopted an ordinance or regulation **or regional plan** 2223in conformity with the purposes and provisions of this amendatory and supplementary act and is actively engaged in a litter pickup 2425 and removal program approved by the department. Approval shall not be granted unless (1) the plan provides new employment ** \(\bar{\mathbf{I}} \), 26 and ** **; ** (2) the plan demonstrates it is in addition to or sup-27 28 plements existing litter pickup and removal activities in the mu-29 nicipality **or county, as the case may be; and (3) the county or the municipality certifies that that portion of the litter picked up 30 with a grant made pursuant to this subsection which is recyclable 31 shall be recycled**. The amount of these grants shall be calculated 32A based on the proportion which the population of a qualifying mu-32B nicipality **or county** bears to the total State population, except 32c that no eligible municipality **with a population of 3,000 or more ** shall receive less than 0.1% of the amount apportioned for this purpose. Population shall be determined using the most recent 34 federal decennial population estimates for New Jersey and its 35A municipalities filed in the office of the Secretary of State; 36 c. 5% of the estimated annual balance of the account shall be used for ** [State litter control program planning and program 37 38 funding, including the administrative expenses thereof and for a public information and education program concerning antilittering 39 activities;] ** **a State public information module concerning anti-**4**0 40A littering activities which shall be developed and distributed by the 40B Department of Education for use Statewide in the State's school 40c systems**]*** ***as provided by law***. 41 ** [d. 10% of the estimated annual balance of the account shall be used for the annual expenses of providing grants to counties for 42 litter pickup and removal programs, which employ youth, among **4**3

others.

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45 To be eligible for a grant pursuant to this subsection, a county 46 shall demonstrate that the governing body thereof has adopted an ordinance or regulation in conformity with the purposes and pro-48 visions of this amendatory and supplementary act and is actively **4**9 engaged in a litter pickup and removal program approved by the department. Approval shall not be granted unless (1) the plan 50 51 provides new employment, and (2) the plan demonstrates it is in 52 addition to or supplements existing litter pickup and removal activities in the county. The amount of these grants shall be cal-53 54 culated based on the proportion which the population of a qualifying county bears to the total State population, except that no 55 56 eligible county shall receive less than 0.1% of the amount appor-57 tioned for this purpose. Population shall be determined using the most recent federal decennial population estimates for New Jersey 58 and its municipalities in the office of the Secretary of State. 1** **5**9

8. (New section) a. A person who throws, drops, diseards or otherwise places any litter of any nature upon public or private property other than in a litter receptacle commits a petty disorderly persons offense. The Superior Court and every municipal court shall have jurisdiction to enforce this section. The State, or any municipality may institute proceedings under this section. If a money judgment is rendered against a defendant, the payment made to the court shall be remitted to the chief financial officer of the municipality wherein the violation occurred to be used by the municipality to help finance litter control activities in addition to or supplementing existing litter pickup and removal activities in the municipality.

b. If a person violates subsection a. of this section the court may, in addition to the penalty provided under that subsection, direct the person to perform community service, including litter pickup and removal from any public property, or any private property with permission of the owner, upon which the person deposited litter, for a term of not less than 20 hours nor more than 40 hours.

1 *** [9. (New section) In addition to the duties and responsibili-2 ties hereinbefore provided, the department shall:

a. Serve as the coordinating agency between the various indus-4 try and business organizations seeking to aid in the antilitter 5 effort;

b. Recommend to local governing bodies that they adopt resolutions or ordinances, as appropriate, in conformity with the purposes and provisions of this amendatory and supplementary act

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- and assist these bodies in the preparation of the ordinances and 10 resolutions;
- 11 c. Encourage and cooperate with all local voluntary and govern-
- 12 ment antilitter campaigns attempting to focus public attention on
- 13 the State litter pickup and removal program;
- 14 d. Investigate the availability of, and apply for, funds available
- from any private or public source to be used in the litter pickup 15
- and removal program provided for in this amendatory and supple-16
- mentary act; 17
- 18 e. Investigate the successful methods of other litter pickup and
- 19 removal programs, encourage the use of litter receptacles, and
- 20 evaluate their possible incorporation into the New Jersey litter
- pickup and removal program; 21
- f. Conduct a litter survey within ** [six month] ** ** one year ** **2**2
- 23 of the effective date of this amendatory and supplementary act
- 24and annually thereafter.
- 1 10. (New section) The department shall report to the Legisla-
- 2 ture on its proposed plan of litter pickup and removal not later
- than **[six months] ** ** one year ** after the effective date of 3
- 4 this amendatory and supplementary act, and ** [annually] **
- **every 18 months** thereafter, upon the success of the plan in
- 6reducing litter in New Jersey, and any recommendations for im-
- provenients. 7
- 1 11. (New section) The department may enter into contracts with
- other State agencies, local agencies, or local governing bodies, and
- shall adopt, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P. L. 3
- 1968, c. 410 (C. 52:14B-1 et seq.), any rules and regulations neces-
- sary to implement the provisions of this amendatory and supple-
- mentary act relating to litter pickup and removal.]*** 6
- ***[12.]*** ***9.*** (New section) No beverage shall be sold 1
- $\mathbf{2}$ within the State in a metal container designed and constructed so
- that the container is opened by detaching a metal ring or tab, ex-3
- cept if the tab is made of tape, foil, or other soft material; or in
- metal beverage containers connected to each other by a separate
- device made of plastic which does not decompose by photodegrada-6
- 7 tion, chemical degradation, or biodegradation. For the purposes of
- this section, "beverage" means alcoholic beverages, including beer
- or other malt beverages, liquor, wine, vermouth and sparkling wine, 9
- and nonalcoholic beverages, including fruit juice, mineral water and 10
- soda water and similar nonalcoholic carbonated drinks intended for
- 12 human consumption.
- ***[13.]*** ****10.*** (New section) Every person convicted of 1

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2 a violation of this amendatory and supplementary act for which no
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3 penalty is specifically provided is subject to a fine of not more than

\$100.00 for each violation. If the violation is of a continuing nature,

each day during which it continues constitutes a separate and is-

6 tinct offense.

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1 *** [14.]*** ****11.*** (New section) The tax imposed pursuant

2 to section 6 of this amendatory and supplementary act shall not be

3 due and payable if, and as long as, any State of New Jersey or

federal law, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto,

requiring a deposit on, or establishing a refund value for, any

6 litter-generating products shall be in effect.

1 **[15. (New section) On or before October 1, 1985, or in the case

2 of persons commencing or opening new places of business after

3 that date, within 30 days after the commencement or opening,

4 every person subject to tax under the litter pickup and removal

5 provisions of this amendatory and supplementary act shall file with

6 the director a certificate of registration in a form prescribed by

7 him. Any person who is registered under any law administered by

B the division of taxation or who is subject to and files returns

9 under any of these laws shall be excused from compliance with the

10 requirements of this section.]**

1 **[16.]** ***[**15.**]*** ***12.*** (New section) Additional

2 expenditures or incremental costs necessary and reasonably in-

3 curred by a municipality **or county** for the abatement and con-

4 trol of litter or any other antilittering activities as a direct result of

5 the implementation of P. L. 1985, c. (C.) (now pending

6 before the Legislature as this **Senate Reprint to ** Assembly

Committee Substitute ** OCR^{**}) shall, for the purposes of P. L.

8 1976, c. 68 (C. 40A:4-45.1 et seq.), be considered expenditures

9 mandated by State law.

1 **[17. (New section) a. There is appropriated to the Division of

2 Taxation in the Department of the Treasury a sum of \$500,000.00

3 or so much thereof as shall be required to carry out the provisions

4 of this amendatory and supplementary act concerning litter pickup

5 and removal and administration from the effective date hereof

6 through the period ending June 30, 1986.

7 b. There is appropriated to the Department of Environmental

8 Protection the sum of \$500,000.00 or so much thereof as shall be

9 required to carry out the provisions of this amendatory and supple-

10 mentary act concerning litter pickup and removal and adminis-

11 tration from the effective date hereof through the period ending

12 June 30, 1986.

13 c. In addition to the foregoing, there is appropriated the sum of

\$10,000,000.00 into the Clean Communities Account for the pur-1.5 poses set forth in section 7 of this amendatory and supplementary act, less any amount of tax collected by the Division of Taxation 16 17 pursuant to section 6 of this amendatory and supplementary act.]** 1 **[18.]** ***[**16.**]*** ***13.*** R. S. 39:5-41 is amended to la read as follows: 2 39:5-41. a. All fines, penalties and forfeitures imposed and 3 collected under authority of law for any violations of R. S. 39:4-63 4 and R. S. 39:4-64, shall be forwarded by the judge to whom the same have been paid to the proper financial officer of the municipality wherein the violation occurred, to be used by the municipality 7 to help finance litter control activities in addition to or supplement-8 ing existing litter pickup and removal activities in the municipality. 9 b. Except as otherwise provided by subsection a. of this section, 10 [All] all fines, penalties and forfeitures imposed and collected 11 under authority of law for any violations of the provisions of this Title, other than those violations in which the complainant is the 12 director, a member of his staff, a member of the State Police, an 13 inspector of the Board of Public Utilities, or a law enforcement 14 officer of any other State agency, shall be forwarded by the judge 15 to whom the same have been paid to the proper financial officer of 16 the county wherein they were collected, to be used by the county as 17 18 a fund for the construction, reconstruction, maintenance and repair of roads and bridges, snow removal, the acquisition and purchase 19 20 of rights-of-way, and the purchase, replacement and repair of equipment for use on said roads and bridges therein. Whenever the 21 22 amount of moneys to be forwarded to the counties pursuant to 23 this section rises above the level forwarded to them in fiscal year 1980, the increase, up to the amount forwarded to the counties, shall 24 be forwarded to the proper financial officer of the respective munici-25 palities wherein the violations occurred, to be used by the munici-26 palities as a fund for general municipal use and to defray the cost 27 of operating the municipal court. When the amount of moneys for-28 warded to the municipalities equals the amount forwarded to the 29 counties, any additional increase shall be paid one-half to the county 30 31 wherein the funds were collected and one-half to the municipality wherein the funds were collected. 32 Whenever any county has deposited moneys collected pursuant 33 to this section in a special trust fund in lieu of expending the same 34 for the purposes authorized by this section, it may withdraw from 35 said special trust fund in any year an amount which is not in excess 36 37 of the amount expended by the county over the immediately pre-38 ceding three-year period from general county revenues for said

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purposes. Such moneys withdrawn from the trust fund shall be accounted for and used as are other general county revenues.

***[**17.]*** ***14.*** There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury the sum of ***[500,000.00]*** ***$225,000.00***, to imple-
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4 ment the provisions of this amendatory and supplementary act 5 concerning the taxation of litter-generating products.

****[18. There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department of Environmental Protection the sum of \$500,000.00, to implement the provisions of this amendatory and supplementary act concerning litter pickup and removal.

1 19. There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Clean 2 Communities Account established pursuant to section 7 of this 3 amendatory and supplementary act the sum of \$10,000,000.00, to 4 be used by the department for the purposes set forth in section 5 of P. L. 1981, c. 278 (C. 13:1E-96). The amount appropriated 6 pursuant to this section shall be repaid to the General Fund, from 7 monies deposited in the Clean Communities Account, in annual 8 installments beginning July 1, 1987 and annually thereafter until 9 the full amount is repaid according to a schedule of repayments 10 determined by the State Treasurer.**]****

[19.] ***[**20.**]*** ***15.*** This act shall take effect 1 2 **[on the first day of the third calendar month next]** **90 days** following enactment ** and ***subsection a. of*** section 6 of this act shall expire December 31, 1989. *** However, this shall 5 not affect any obligation, lien or duty to pay taxes which may be due with respect to the imposition of any levy, or interest or penalties which may accrue by virtue of any assessment, which may be made with respect to taxes levied for any taxable year or part of a taxable year, prior to January 1, 1990, nor shall this expiration 9 affect the legal authority to assess and collect the taxes which may 10 be due and payable under section 6 of P. L. 1985, c. ' (C. 11 12 (now pending before the Legislature as this Assembly Committee Substitute), as the case may be, together with such interest and 13 penalties as would accrue thereon under section 6 of P. L. 1985, 14) (now pending before the Legislature as this As-(C.15 sembly Committee Substitute), nor shall this provision invalidate 16 any assessment or affect any proceeding for the enforcement 17 thereof.*** The department and the division shall take any action 18 necessary or appropriate for the timely implementation of this 19 amendatory and supplementary act prior to its effective date**.

ASSEMBLY, No. 2003

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED MAY 14, 1984

By Assemblymen MARSELLA, RILEY, Assemblywomen FORD, PERUN and WALKER

An Acr concerning litter control, imposing a tax on litter-generating products, establishing an offense of littering, and supplementing Title 54 of the Revised Statutes and Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes.

- 1 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
- 2 of New Jersey:
- 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Litter Control
- 2 Tax Act of 1984."
- 1 2. The Legislature finds that an uncluttered landscape is among
- 2 the most priceless heritages which New Jersey can bequeath to
- 3 posterity; that it is the duty of government to promote and en-
- 4 courage a clean and safe environment; that the proliferation and
- 5 accumulation of carelessly discarded litter may pose a threat to
- 6 the public health and safety; that the litter problem is especially
- 7 serious in a State as densely populated and heavily traveled as
- 8 New Jersey; and that unseemly litter has an adverse economic
- 9 effect on New Jersey by making the State less attrative to tourists
- 10 and new industry and residents.
- 11 The Legislature therefore declares it to be in the environmental
- 12 and economic interest of the State of New Jersey to implement a
- 13 comprehensive Statewide litter abatement and control program.
- 1 3. As used in this act:
- a. "Division" means the Division of Taxation in the Department
- 3 of the Treasury;
- b. "Director" means the Director of the Division of Taxation in
- 5 the Department of the Treasury;

- 6 c. "Litter" means any discarded, used or unconsumed substance
- 7 or waste material, whether made of aluminum, glass, plastic, rub-
- 8 ber, paper, or other natural or synthetic material, or any combina-
- 9 tion thereof, including, but not limited to, any bottle, jar, or can,
- 10 or any top, cap, or detachable tab of any bottle, jar, or can, any
- 11 unlighted cigarette, cigar, match, or any flaming or glowing ma-
- 12 terial or any garbage, trash, refuse, debris, rubbish, grass clippings
- 13 or other lawn or garden waste, newspaper, magazines, glass, metal,
- 14 plastic or paper containers or other packaging or construction
- 15 material, but does not include the waste of the primary processes
- 16 of mining or other extraction processes, logging, sawmilling, farm-
- 17 ing or manufacturing;
- 18 d. "Litter-generating products" means goods which are pro-
- 19 duced, distributed, or purchased in disposable containers, packages
- 20 or wrappings, and shall include items which are not usually sold
- 21 in packages, containers, or wrappings but which are commonly
- 22 discarded in public places, including, but not limited to:
- 23 (1) Beer and other malt beverages;
- 24 (2) Cigarettes and tobacco products;
- 25 (3) Cleaning agents and toiletries;
- 26 (4) Distilled spirits;
- 27 (5) Food for human or pet consumption;
- 28 (6) Glass containers;
- 29 (7) Groceries
- 30 (8) Metal containers;
- 31 (9) Motor vehicle parts;
- 32 (10) Newspapers and magazines;
- 33 (11) Nondrug drugstore sundry products;
- 34 (12) Paper products and household paper;
- 35 (13) Plastic or fiber containers made of synthetic material;
- 36 (14) Soft drinks and carbonated waters; and
- 37 (15) Wine.
- 38 e. "Sold within the State" or "sales within the State" means all
- 39 sales of retailers engaged in business within the State and, in the
- 40 case of manufacturers, wholesalers and distributors, all sales of
- 41 products for use and consumption within the State;
- 42 f. "Tax period" means every calendar month or any other period
- 43 as may be prescribed by rule and regulation adopted by the
- 44 director, on the basis of which the manufacturer, wholesaler, dis-
- 45 tributor, or retailer of litter-generating products is required to
- 46 report to the director pursuant to this act;
- 47 g. "Taxpayer" means the manufacturer, wholesaler, distributor,
- 48 or retailer of litter-generating products subject to the tax pro-
- 49 visions of this act.

- 4. a. There is levied upon each person in the State engaged in
- 2 business as a manufacturer, wholesaler, or distributor of litter-
- 3 generating products a tax of \$150.00 per \$1,000,000.00, or fraction
- 4 thereof, on sales within the State, and each person in the State
- 5 engaged in business as a retailer of litter-generating products a tax
- 6 of \$100.00 per \$1,000,000.00, or fraction thereof, on sales within the
- 7 State, except that the first \$50,000.00 in annual retail sales of litter-
- 8 generating products is exempt from this tax. The total tax liability
- 9 of any manufacturer, wholesaler, distributor, or retailer pursuant
- 10 to this section shall not exceed \$20,000.00.
- 11 (1) In the case of litter-generating products manufactured out-
- 12 side of the State for final use and consumption in New Jersey which
- 13 are subject to multiple transfers between manufacturers, whole-
- 14 salers, distributors or retailers, the same product shall be taxed
- 15 at the point of the first transfer within the State, and the first
- 16 in-State transferee shall be the taxpayer for the purposes of
- 17 this act.
- 18 (2) In the case of litter-generating products manufactured within
- 19 the State for final use and consumption in New Jersey, the same
- 20 product shall be taxed at the point of the first transfer within the
- 21 State and the manufacturer shall be the taxpayer for the purposes
- 22 of this act.
- 23 Every person subject to this tax shall, on or before the 20th
- 24 day of the month following the close of each tax period, render a
- 25 return under oath to the director, on forms to be prescribed by the
- 26 director, indicating the dollar value of the sales within the State
- 27 of litter-generating products and at the same time shall pay the
- 28 full amount of the tax due.
- 29 b. If a return required by this act is not filed, or if a return
- 30 when filed is incorrect or insufficient in the opinion of the director,
- 31 the amount of tax due shall be determined by the director from
- 32 whatever information may be available. Notice of the determina-
- 33 tion shall be given to the taxpayer liable for the payment of the
- 34 tax. The determination shall finally and irrevocably fix the tax
- 35 unless the person against whom it is assessed, within 30 days after
- 36 receiving notice of the determination, shall apply to the director
- 37 for a hearing, or unless the director on his own motion shall re-
- 38 determine the same. After the hearing the director shall give notice
- 39 of his determination to the person to whom the tax is assessed.
- 40 c. A taxpayer who fails to file his return when due or to pay
- 41 any tax when the tax becomes due, shall be subject to the penalties
- 42 and interest provided in the "State Tax Uniform Procedure Law,"
- 43 (R. S. 54:48-1 et seq.).

44 If the director determines that the failure to comply with any

45 provision of this section was excusable under the circumstances,

46 he may remit any part of the penalty as shall be appropriate under

47 the circumstances.

d. (1) Any person failing to file a return, failing to pay the tax,

49 or filing or causing to be filed, or making or causing to be made,

50 or giving or causing to be given any return, certificate, affidavit,

51 representation, information, testimony or statement required or

52 authorized by this act, or rules or regulations adopted hereunder

53 which is willfully false, or failing to keep any records required

54 by this act or rules and regulations adopted hereunder, shall, in

55 addition to any other penalties herein or elsewhere prescribed, be

56 guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.

57 (2) The certificate of the director to the effect that a tax has not

58 been paid, that a return has not been filed, that information has

59 not been supplied or that inaccurate information has been supplied

pursuant to the provisions of this act or rules or regulations

61 adopted hereunder shall be presumptive evidence of a violation

62 thereof.

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e. In addition to the other powers granted by this section, the

64 director may:

65 (1) Delegate to any officer or employee of his division those

66 powers and duties as he may deem necessary to carry out efficiently

67 the provisions of this section, and the person or persons to whom

68 the powers has been delegated shall possess and may exercise

69 all of the powers and perform all of the duties delegated by the

70 director; and

71 (2) Prescribe and distribute all necessary forms for the imple-

72 mentation of this section.

73 f. The tax imposed by this section shall be governed in all respects

74 by the provisions of the "State Tax Uniform Procedure Law,"

75 (R. S. 54:48-1 et seq.), unless otherwise provided by a specific pro-

76 vision of this section.

1 5. The Litter Abatement and Control Account is established as

2 a nonlapsing, revolving fund in the Department of the Treasury

3 to carry out the purposes of this act. The Litter Abatement and

4 Control Account shall be credited with all taxes and penalties

5 levied or imposed pursuant to sections 4 and 6 of this act, any sums

6 received as voluntary contributions from private sources, and

7 interest received on moneys in the account shall be credited to

8 the account.

9 Moneys in the Litter Abatement and Control Account shall be

allocated and used only for the following purposes:

11 a. Not less than 75% of the estimated annual balance of the

12account shall be used for the annual expenses of providing grants

to municipalities for litter abatement and control programs. The 13

14 amount of these grants shall be calculated on a per capita basis,

except that no eligible municipality shall receive less than 0.1% 15

of the amount apportioned for this purpose. 16

17 To be eligible for a grant pursuant to this subsection, a munici-

18 pality shall demonstrate that the governing body thereof has

19 adopted an ordinance or regulation in conformity with the pur-

20 poses and provisions of this act and is actively engaged in an anti-

21 litter campaign and litter abatement and control program which

22 meets the minimum standards and guidelines recommended by the

23 Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to section 8 of

24 this act;

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25 b. Not more than 10% of the estimated annual balance of the

account shall be used for the annual expenses of providing grants 26

27 to counties to remove litter from county highways, parks and

recreation areas. The amount of these grants shall be calculated 28

29 on a per capita basis;

30 c. Not more than 5% of the estimated annual balance of the

account shall be used for State litter abatement and control pro-

gram planning and funding, including a public information and 32

education program concerning anti-litter activities; 33

d. Not more than 5% of the estimated annual balance of the 34

account shall be used for a State litter abatement and control pro-

gram to remove litter from State highways, parks, and recreation

areas that are most visible to the public; and

e. Not more than 5% of the estimated annual balance of the

account shall be used for the annual expenses of a supplemental

municipal recycling grant program. The amount of these grants 40

shall be calculated on a per capita basis. To be eligible for a grant 41

42 pursuant to this subsection, the governing body of the municipality shall demonstrate that the municipality has established a public

or private community recycling program consistent with the goals 44

of the Statewide recycling plan and the provisions of section 5 of 45

P. L. 1981, c. 278 (C. 13:1E-96). 46

6. a. A person who knowingly throws, drops, discards or other-1

wise places litter upon public or private property other than in an 2

authorized litter receptacle commits a petty disorderly persons 3

4 offense.

b. If a person violates subsection a. of this section the court may, 5

6 in addition to the penalty provided under that subsection, direct

- 7 the person to remove litter from any public property, or any private
- 8 property with permission of the owner, upon which the person
- 9 deposited litter. The person shall remove litter for a term of not
- 10 less than 20 hours nor more than 40 hours. The State, its political
- 11 subdivisions and the private property owner shall not be liable in
- 12 a civil action to respond in damages as a result of any acts of
- 13 commission or omission arising out of or in the course of the
- 14 removal of litter by a person pursuant to this subsection, nor shall
- 15 those parties be subject to any law governing the provision of
- 16 labor, workers' compensation, conditions of employment or insur-
- 17 ance with respect to the person's work.
- 18 c. Nothing in this section shall be construed to preempt the
- 19 authority of a local government unit to enact and enforce an
- 20 ordinance or other local law or regulation which prohibits littering
- 21 and penalizes a violator thereof.
- 7. a. Additional expenditures or incremental costs necessary and
- 2 reasonably incurred by a municipality for the abatement and
- 3 control of litter or any other anti-littering activities as a direct
- 4 result of the implementation of this act shall, for the purposes
- 5 of P. L. 1976, c. 68 (C. 40A:4-45.1 et seq.), be considered expendi-
- 6 tures mandated by State law.
- 7 b. The Division of Local Government Services in the Department
- 8 of Community Affairs shall, when reviewing the annual budget of
- 9 any municipality, county, or agency thereof which is engaged in a
- 10 litter abatement and control program funded in whole or in part
- 11 from moneys apportioned pursuant to section 5 of this act, certify
- 12 that these funds have been expended for this purpose, and no
- 13 others, in that annual budget.

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- 8. The Commissioner of Environmental Protection, within 90
- 2 days and pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P. L.
- 3 1968, c. 410 (C. 52:14B-1 et seq.), shall adopt rules and regulations
- 4 establishing minimum standards and guidelines for municipal
- 5 anti-litter campaigns and litter abatement and control programs.
- 9. In carrying out its responsibilities under this act, the Depart-
- 2 ment of Environmental Protection shall:
- 3 a. Serve as the coordinating agency between the various industry
- 4 and business organizations seeking to aid in the anti-litter effort;
- 5 b. Prepare a model anti-litter ordinance and assist local govern-
- 6 ing bodies, as appropriate, in the preparation of ordinances;
- 7 c. Encourage and cooperate with all local voluntary and govern-
- 8 ment anti-litter campaigns attempting to focus public attention on
- 9 local litter abatement and control programs;
- d. Investigate the availability of, and apply for, funds available
- 11 from any private or public source to be used in local litter abate-
- 12 ment and control programs; and

e. Prepare a report, to be submitted to the Governor and the 13 Legislature one year from the effective date of this act and an-14 nually thereafter, from information gathered from the Division 15of Local Government Services and the governing bodies of mu-16 17 nicipalities, containing an audit of the Litter Abatement and Control Account and an evaluation of the effectiveness of the program, 18 together with recommendations for legislative or administrative 19 action deemed necessary or appropriate. 20

10. The tax imposed pursuant to section 4 of this act is not due and payable if any State or federal law, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, requiring a deposit on, or establishing a refund value for, any litter-generating products is in effect.

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1 11. This act shall take effect on the 90th day following enactment.

Sponsor STATEMENT TO A 2003

(1984)

The purpose of this bill is to protect New Jersey landscape from the unsightly accumulation and prolifieration of carelessly discarded litter. The positive perceptions which can be expected to result from this concerted effort by the State, counties and municipalities in cooperation with business, industry and labor can contribute to the creation of favorable economic climate.

To this end, the bill would impose a tax on manufacturers, whole-salers, and distributors of litter-generating products at the rate of \$150.00 per \$1,000,000.00 of sales within the State, and on retailers of litter-generating products a tax of \$100.00 per \$1,000,000.00 sales within the State in excess of \$50,000.00 in sales per year. A \$20,000.00 cap is imposed on the tax liability of any taxpayer. The receipts of this tax shall be used to implement and fund municipal litter control prevention and elimination programs. Approximately 75% of the estimated annual balance of the moneys in the Litter Abatement and Control Account established by the act would be used to provide grants to municipalities to assist in litter abatement and control programs and other anti-littering activities.

This bill would make littering of public or private places a petty disorderly offense, which subjects the individual to a fine of up to \$500.00, which would be deposited in the account, and authorizes judges to order offenders to pick up litter for a period of not less than 20 nor more than 40 hours as an additional penalty.

ASSEMBLY REVENUE, FINANCE AND APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON OF T

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

ASSEMBLY, No. 2003

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 24, 1985

Provisions:

As amended, this bill entitled the "Clean Community and Recycling Act" imposes a tax on manufacturers, wholesalers, retailers and distributors of litter-generating products, at a rate of $\%_{00}$ of 1% of sales within the State. Retailers with less than \$250,000.00 in annual retail sales are exempt.

The receipts of this tax shall be used to implement and fund a Statewide program of litter prevention and elimination. Of the money collected by the tax, penalties, and contributions, 5% would be used for a State litter program to employ youth to pick up litter, 80% would be used to give grants to municipalities and 10% for counties for similar programs approved by the Department of Environmental Protection, and 5% would be used for State litter control program planning.

This bill would make littering of public places a petty disorderly offense, which subjects the individual to a fine of up to \$500.00, and authorizes judges to order offenders to pick up litter for a specified number of hours as an additional penalty.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The bill provides \$10,000,000.00 for implementing the program. Tax revenues generated would thereafter be used to reimburse the General Fund. The Division of Taxation and the Department of Environmental Protection each would be appropriated \$500,000.00 for administrative costs.

The Division of Taxation estimated revenue in the range of \$10 million to \$15 million annually.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:

The committee amended the bill, inconcurrence with the sponsor and the Division of Taxation, to tax all types of businesses at the same rate and to exempt the small retailers with less than \$250,000.00 in annual retail sales.

The committee favorably reports this bill, as amended.

ASSEMBLY ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE

GTATEMENT TO
ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

ASSEMBLY, No. 2003

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: APRIL 29, 1985

This bill would expand and extend the existing "Recycling Act" and the municipal recycling grant program to encompass litter control programs. The purpose of this bill is to protect the New Jersey landscape from the unsightly accumulation and proliferation of carelessly discarded litter. The positive perceptions which can be expected to result from this concerted effort by the State, counties and municipalities in cooperation with business, industry and labor can contribute to the creation of a favorable economic climate.

This "Clean Communities and Recycling Act" would impose a tax on manufacturers, wholesalers, and distributors of litter-generating products, at a rate of 3/100 of one percent of sales within the State, and on retailers of litter-generating products at a tax of 2.25/100 of one percent of sales within the State in excess of \$100,000.00 per year.

The receipts of this tax shall be used to implement and fund a Statewide program of litter prevention and elimination. Of the money collected by the tax, penalties, and contributions, 5% would be used for a State litter program to employ youth to pick up litter, 80% would be used to give grants to municipalities and 10% for counties for similar programs approved by the Department of Environmental Protection, and 5% would be used for State litter control program planning.

This bill would make littering of public places a petty disorderly offense, which subjects the individual to a fine of up to \$500.00, and authorizes judges to order offenders to pick up litter for a specified number of hours as an additional penalty.

In addition, the bin would channel fines collected from littering back to the municipality in which the violation occurred to support municipal litter control activities in addition to or as a supplement to existing litter control activities.

Finally, the bill would provide \$10,000,000.00 for implementing the program. Tax revenues generated would thereafter be used to reimburse the General Fund. \$500,000.00 would be appropriated to both the Division of Taxation and the Department of Environmental Protection for administrative costs.

The committee reported this bill without recommendation.

SENATE ENERGY AND ENVIRONMENT COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

ASSEMBLY, No. 2003

[OFFICIAL COPY REPRINT]

with Senate committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: DECEMBER 11, 1985

This bill would establish a State-wide anti-litter program, administered by the Department of Environmental Protection, and funded by a tax on the sale of litter-generating products imposed and collected by the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury.

As amended by the committee, this bill imposes a tax of .03% (.0003) on sales of litter-generating products by manufacturers and wholsalers of these products. (This is equivalent to a tax of \$300.00 per \$1 million of sales.) Retailers of litter-generating products would be subject to a tax of .0225% (.000225) on sales of litter-generating products. (\$225.00 per \$1 million of sales.) This bill includes the following as litter-generating products: beer and malt beverages, cigarettes and tobacco products, cleaning agents and toiletries, distilled spirits, food for human or pet consumption, motor vehicle tires, newsprint and magazine paper stock, glass, metal, and plastic containers when sold as such, drugstore sundry products, soft drinks, and wine. The Department of Environmental Protection would be authorized to add to the list of litter-generating products after a public hearing on the proposed additions. This tax is paid once a year beginning in 1987, and all revenues would be deposited in a special Clean Communities Account in the Treasury. This tax would expire after three tax years.

The Department of Environmenal Protection would use 90% of the monies in the Clean Communities Account for grants to municipalities and counties for anti-litter programs. Municipalities with a population of 30,000 or more would be eligible for a direct grant from the department; municipalities of under 30,000 would receive grants through their respective counties. Each municipality with a population over 3,000 shall receive at least .1% of the monies in the fund. To receive an anti-littering grant a county or municipality must show that the nies will be used to supplement exists with a population with the grant monies.

will be recycled if the litter is recyclable. Five percent of the fund will be used for anti-litter programs for State-owned property, and 5% of the fund for anti-litter education.

This bill also makes littering a petty disorderly offense and imposes a penalty of \$100.00 for a violation of the provisions of this bill. Fines collected for a violation of the provisions of this bill would be deposited in the Clean Communities Account. In addition, this bill prohibits the sale of beverages with a detachable flip top, or metal beverage containers bound together by plastic ring binders. This bill also provides that fines assessed for littering from an automobile be forwarded to the municipality in which the littering took place.

Finally, this bill appropriates \$500,000.00 to the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury, and \$500,000.00 to the Department of Environmental Protection to implement the provisions of this bill. This bill makes an additional appropriation of \$10,000,000.00 from the General Fund to the Clean Communities Account to provide the anti-litter program with intitial funding. This appropriation would be repaid in annual installments to the General Fund from the proceeds of the tax on litter-generating products.

SENATE REVENUE, FINANCE AND APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

ASSEMBLY, No. 2003

with Assembly committee amendments and Senate committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JANUARY 13, 1986

The committee reported Assembly Bill No. 2003 AcsAcaSca favorably, with amendments.

As amended, the bill establishes a State litter tax, the proceeds of which shall be dedicated to litter control activities.

Under current law, there are various programs for the management and control of solid waste in this State. Among the most recent is the "Recycling Act," P. L. 1981, c. 278 (C. 13:1E-92 et seq.), which establishes a State Recycling Fund to encourage local recycling activities. Revenue for the fund is raised through the imposition of a recycling tax against operators of sanitary landfills. However, while the "Recycling Act" promotes the collection and processing of substantial quantities of certain solid waste products, there is currently no statutory funding mechanism for encouraging and aiding general litter control activities.

This bill amends and supplements the "Recycling Act," to impose a tax on the sale of litter-generating products by manufacturers, wholesalers, distributors and retailers. The appropriate products include: beer, tobacco products, cleaning agents and toiletries, distilled spirits, food for human or pet consumption, motor vehicle tires, newsprint and magazine paper stock, plastic and fiber containers when sold as such, drugstore sundry products, soft drinks, and wine.

Manufacturers, wholesalers and distributors shall be subject to the tax at a .03 (.0003) rate; retailers shall be subject to the tax at a .0225 (.000225) rate. Thus, manufacturers and wholesalers shall pay \$300.00 per \$1 million in sales, and retailers shall pay \$225.00 per \$1 million in sales. The bill provides for the following exemptions and exceptions:

- a. Retailers with less than \$250,000.00 in annual sales of litter-generating products;
- b. Sales by wholesalers or distributors to other wholesalers or distributors;
- c. Sales by a company to another company under the same owner-ship; and

d. Sales by wholesalers or distributors owned cooperatively by retailers, which sales are made to those retailers.

The tax shall be paid once per year, beginning in 1987. All revenues shall be deposited in a special Clean Communities Account, in the Department of the Treasury. The account shall be administered by the State Treasurer, and monies therein shall be used for a litter control program to be established by law. The tax shall expire after three tax years.

The experiences of other states have shown that the imposition of a litter tax imposes additional collection and enforcement costs on taxing agencies. Thus, the bill appropriates \$225,000.00 to the Division of Taxation, in the Department of the Treasury, for initial administrative costs.

In addition to imposing the litter tax, the bill supplements existing law to make littering a petty disorderly persons offense, and imposes a maximum penalty of \$100.00 for each violation of the provisions of this bill unless penalties are provided under related law. Fines collected for a violation of the provisions of this bill shall be deposited in the Clean Communities Account. The bill also prohibits the sale of beverages with a detachable flip top, or metal beverage containers bound together by plastic ring binders. Finally, the bill amends R. S. 39:5-41 to provide that fines imposed for littering from automobiles be forwarded to the municipality in which the littering occurred, to be used for litter control activities.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:

The committee amended the bill to remove provisions establishing a specific grant program for local litter control, and to remove provisions for State anti-litter programs and anti-litter education. For this reason, the committee amendments also remove an initial program appropriation of \$10 million to the Department of Environmental Protection, and a \$500,000.00 administrative appropriation to that department. Finally, the committee amendments reduce from \$500,000.00 to \$225,000.00 the administrative appropriation to the Division of Taxation.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The Division of Taxation estimates that a tax of this nature would yield between \$12 and \$15 million per year, representing total taxable sales of \$40 to \$50 billion. The division bases its estimate, in part, on the experience from Washington State which has a similar tax that yields approximately \$2 million per year on a narrower base and with considerably lower rates.

The committee amendments reduce, by \$10,775,000.00, the amount appropriated by the bill.

FISCAL NOTE TO OFFICIAL COPY REPRINT TO ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

ASSEMBLY, No. 2003

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: NOVEMBER 20, 1985

The Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill No. 2003 of 1984, as amended by the Assembly Revenue, Finance and Appropriations Committee:

- Imposes a tax on manufacturers, wholesalers, distributors and retailers of litter-generating products;
- Establishes a Clean Communities Account;
- Authorizes the expenditure of funds for municipal, county and State litter removal programs;
- Appropriates \$11 million from the General Fund, of which \$10 million is for a Clean Communities Account and \$1 million is for State administration of the tax and the anti-litter programs; and
- Makes littering a petty disorderly persons offense which carries a fine of up to \$500.

The tax rate on manufacturers, wholesalers, distributors and retailers of litter-generating products is set at 3/100 of 1 percent (.0003) on sales of those products within the State. However, the bill, as amended, exempts retailers with less than \$250,000 in annual sales.

The Division of Taxation, Department of the Treasury, estimates that the tax would yield between \$12 and \$15 million, representing total taxable sales of \$40 to \$50 billion. The division bases its estimate, in part, on the experience from Washington State which has a similar tax that yields approximately \$2 million per year. This bill provides for a tax base that is broader and a tax rate that is higher than Washington State; and it is on this basis that the division formulates its revenue estimate.

The bill establishes a Clean Communities Account as a non-lapsing, revolving fund in the Department of the Treasury. Revenues generated by the anti-littering tax will be credited to this account which the Department of Environmental Protection will administer. Furthermore, the bill appropriates \$10,000,000 from the General Fund to the Clean Communities Account. The taxes generated would be used to reimburse the General Fund.

The bill provides that the monies in the Clean Communities Account be alocated and used solely for the following purposes:

- 80 percent, or approximately \$9.6 to \$12 million, for grants to municipalities for litter pickup and removal programs;
- 10 percent, or approximately \$1.2 to \$1.5 million, for similar grants to counties;
- 5 percent, or approximately \$600,000 to \$750,000, for a State litter program employing youth to remove litter from State-owned places, and
- 5 percent, or approximately \$600,000 to \$750,000, for litter control planning and an anti-littering education program.

In addition to the \$10 million appropriation to the Clean Communities Account, the bill appropriates \$500,000 to the Division of Taxation and \$500,000 to the Department of Environmental Protection for administrative expenses associated with collecting the tax and administering the activities authorized for the Clean Communities Account, respectively.

Finally, the bill makes littering a petty disorderly persons offense which carries a fine of up to \$500. No estimate is available regarding the amount of money that might be generated from this provision.

The Office of Legislative Services concurs with the revenue estimate of \$12 to \$15 million from the litter tax.

This fiscal note has been prepared pursuant to P. L. 1980, c. 67.



OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR NEWS RELEASE

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Release: TUES., JAN. 21, 1986

Governor Thomas H. Kean today signed legislation to impose a tax upon firms which manufacture, distribute or sell products which are commonly discarded as litter, with the proceeds to be used to promote anti-litter and recycling programs at the local level.

The so-called "litter tax," A-2003, was sponsored in the Assembly by Assemblyman Anthony Marsella, D-Camden. An identical bill, S-2670, was sponsored in the Senate by Senator James Hurley, R-Cumberland.

The bill imposes a tax of \$300 per \$1 million of sales on manufacturers, distributors and wholesalers of litter generating products, and a tax of \$225 per \$1 million of sales on retailers of litter generating products. Retailers with less than \$250,000 in annual sales are exempt from the tax.

It is estimated that the tax will produce between \$10 and \$15 million annually.

The other major provisions in the bill include:

- * A ban on the sale of beverages in metal containers with so-called "pop top" pull tabs.
- * A ban on the use of plastic connectors commonly used in six-pack units, unless the connector is degradeable.
 - * Establishing littering as a petty disorderly persons offense.
 - * A provision that the law expire on December 31, 1989.

"This legislation is a major step toward solving the increasing problem of the littering of our environment," Kean said. "It places the responsibility in its proper place --- the manufacturers, distributors and retailers of litter generating products --- and establishes appropriate penalties for those who litter."

"It does not impose a financial hardship on any business in New Jersey, yet it addresses a major environmental problem in a significant manner," the Governor said.

The legislation is effective in 90 days.

Kean also signed <u>S-2699</u>, sponsored by Senator John Russo, D-Ocean, to appropriate \$26,801,000 in bond issue funds to the Department of Human Services for renovations and improvements to its facilities and for community mental health services grants.

The funds, drawn from the \$60 million Human Services Facilities

Construction Bond Act of 1984, break down as follows:

- *\$7 million for renovation and improvement of mental health facilities.
- *\$800,000 for community grants for mental health services, including group homes.
- *\$10.7 million for renovation and improvement of facilities for the mentally retarded.
- *\$900,000 for community grants for renovation and improvement of group homes for the mentally retarded.
 - *\$50,000 for improvements in veterans' facilities.
 - *\$1 million for planning and design of a nursing facility for veterans.
- *\$1.5 millin for renovation and improvements of youth facilities operated by the Division of Youth and Family Services.

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