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LAWS OF: 1985
CHAPTER: 236
Bill No: A2885
Sponsors): Adubato and others
Date Introduced: November 19, 1984
Committee: Assembly: Banking and Ingurance
Senate: Labor, Industry and Professions


Following statements are attached if available:

| Sponsor statement: | Yes | Attached: Senate amendments, <br> adopted 6-27-85 (with statement) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Committee Statement: | Assembly: Yes |  |
|  | Senate: | Yes |
| Fiscal Note: |  | No |
| Veto Message: | No |  |
| Message on signing: |  | Yes |

Following were printed:
Reports: No
Hearings: No
See newspaper clipping file, " NJ --Insurance, Health -1984--'" in New Jersey
Reference Department
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## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

## INTRODUCED NOVEMBER 19, 1984

By Assemblymen M. ADUBATO, LaROCCA, KOSCO, LOVEYS and DEVERIN

> An Act **[concerning]****providing for** *the establishment of nonprofit health service corporations **, including the merging of a medical service corporation** and* **[the regulation of $\mathbf{]}^{* *}$ ** $a^{* *}$ hospital service **[corporations and medical service corporations, and amending $]^{* *}{ }^{* *}$ corporation to qualify as a health service corporation, supplementing** P. L. 1938, c. 366**[,]***(C. $17: 48-1$ et seq.) and** P. L. 1940, c. 74**[, P. L. 1964, c. 104 and P. L. 1964, c. 105$]^{* * * *(C . ~ 17: 48-1 ~ e t ~ s e q .) ~}{ }^{* *}$ *and supplementing Title 17 of the Revised Statutes*.

Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:
** [*1. (New section) General definitions. As used in sections 1 through 30a of this act:
a. "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Insurance.
b. "Health service corporation" means a corporation organized, without capital stock and not for profit, for the purpose of (1) establishing, maintaining and operating a health service plan and (2) supplying services in connection with (a) the providing of health care or (b) conducting the business of insurance.
c. "Health service plan" means a plan under which contracts are issued providing complete or partial prepayment or postpayment of health care services and supplies eligible under the contracts for a given period to persons covered under the contracts where arrangements are made for payment for health care services and supplies directly to the provider thereof or to a covered person under those contracts.
d. "Provider" means a provider of health care services and shall include but not be limited to:
(1) A health service corporation, medical service corporation or hospital service corporation; (2) a hospital or health care ${ }^{* *}$
Explanation-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter printed in italics thus is new matter.
Matter enclosed in asterisks or stars has been adopted as follows:
*-Senate committee amendments adopted February 25, 1985.
**-Senate amendments adopted June 27, 1985.
**[facility under contract with either a health service corporation or a hospital service corporation to provide health care services or supplies to persons who become subscribers under contracts with corporations; (3) a hospital or health care facility which is maintained by a state or any of its political subdivisions: (4) a hospital or health care facility licensed by the Department of Health; (5) other hospitals or health care facilities as designated by the Department of Health to provide health care services; (6) a registered nursing home providing convalescent care ; (7) a nonprofit visiting nurse organization providing health care services other than in a hospital; (8) hospitals or other health care facilities located in other states, which are subject to the supervision of those states, which, if located in this State, would be eligible to be licensed by the Department of Health; (9) nonprofit hospital, medical or health service plans of other states approved by the commissioner; (10) physicians licensed to practice medicine and surgery; (11) licensed chiropractors; (12) licensed dentists; (13) licensed optometrists; (14) licensed pharmacists; (15) licensed chiropolists; (16) registered bio-analytical laboratories; (17) licensed psychologists; (18) registered physical therapists ; (19) certified nurse-midwives; (20) registered professional nurses; and (21) licensed health maintenance organizations.
e. "Subscriber" means a person to whom a subscription certificate is issued by a health service corporation, or its subsidiaries or affiliates, and includes "policyholder" under a group contract where the context so requires.
f. "Group policy" means a group contract or individual group certificate delivered or issued for delivery by a health service corporation.
g. "Insurer" means the health service corporation issuing a group contract or an individual group certificate.
h. "Insurance," "Insurers" and "Insured" refer to coverage under a group contract or individual group certificate on a premiumpaying basis.
i. "Premium" means a premium or other consideration payable for coverage under a group contract or individual group certificate.
j. "Medicare" means health services benefits received pursuant to Subchapter XVIII of the United States Social Security Act Pub. L. 89-97 (42 U. S. C., § 1395 et seq.).
k. "Total disability of an employee or member" exists only while the employee or member (a) is not engaged in any gainful occupation, and (b) is completely unable, due to sickness or in- [**
*"Ljury or both, to engage in any and every gainful occupation for which the person is reasonably fitted by education, training, or experience.

1. "Elective surgical procedure" means any nonemergency surgical procedure which may be scheduled at the convenience of the patient or the surgeon without jeopardizing the patient's life or causing serious impairment to the patient's bodily functions.
m . "Second surgical opinion" means an opinion of an eligible physician based on that physician's examination of a person for the purpose of evaluating the medical advisability of that person undergoing an elective surgical procedure. The examination must be performed after another physician licensed to practice medicine and surgery has recommended a surgical procedure, but prior to the performance of the surgical procedure.
2. "Eligible physician" means a physician licensed to practice medicine and surgery who holds the rank of Diplomate of an American Board (M.D.) or Certified Specialist (D.O.) in the surgical or medical specialty for which surgery is proposed. The program may be limited to eligible physicians who have agreed to participate in the corporation's second surgical opinion program.
3. (New section) Operation as nonprofit corporation; who may operate health service plan; certificate of authority.
a. No health service corporation shall be converted into a corporation organized for pecuniary profit. Every health service corporation shall be operated for the benefit of its subscribers.
b. No person, firm, association or corporation, other than a health service corporation or an insurance company authorized to transact life or health insurance business in accordance with Title 17B of the New Jersey Statutes or the kinds of insurance specified in subsection d. of R. S. $17: 17-1$, shall establish, maintain or operate a health service plan. No person, firm, association or corporation other than a health service corporation, a hospital service corporation to the extent permitted by P. L. 1938, c. 366 (C. 17:48-1 et seq.), a medical service corporation to the extent permitted by P. L. 1940, c. 74 (C. 17:48A-1 et seq.), a dental service corporation to the extent permitted by P. L. 1968, c. 305 (C. $17: 48 \mathrm{C}-1$ et seq.), or an insurance company authorized to transact life or health insurance business or the kinds of insurance specified in subsection d . of R. S. 17:17-1, shall otherwise contract in this State with persons to pay or to provide for health services on the basis of premiums or other valuable considerations to be collected by the person, firm, association or corporation from any persons for the issuance of the contracts. This section shall not be construed as preventing the exercise of any authority or privilege granted to any corporation]**
**[by a certificate of authority issued by the commissioner pursuant to any law of this State, or as preventing any person, firm, association or corporation from furnishing health servioes required under any worker's compensation law, or law pertaining to health maintenance organizations, or as otherwise provided by law.
c. A health service corporation shall have the power to reinsure any risks taken or assumed by a hospital service corporation or a medical service corporation and, in connection therewith, to accept and take over all or any part of the reserves, surplus and other assets of a hospital service corporation or medical service corporation. In addition, a health service corporation may make surplus loans to a hospital service corporation or medical service corporation.
d. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a health service corporation shall possess and may exercise all the powers and enjoy all the rights and privileges heretofore or hereafter granted to hospital service corporations, medical service corporations, dental service corporations or health maintenance organizations by any law of this State, and may control and operate one or more of these corporations in accordance with the laws applicable thereto. This control and operation by a health service corporation (1) may be accomplished through agreements which (a) set forth the terms, conditions, limitations and restrictions upon which the corporation so controlled and operated relinquishes authority over management, operations and administration to the health service corporation or (b) limit the powers of a health service corporation; and (2) shall not be deemed an unfair or unlawful trade practice or discrimination under chapter 30 of Title 17B of the New Jersey Statutes (N. J. S. 17B:30-1 et seq.).
e. No health service corporation shall have the power, directly or through a subsidiary or affiliate, to underwrite life insurance as defined in Title 17B of the New Jersey Statutes.
f. No health service corporation shall solicit subscribers or enter into any contract with any subscriber until it has reoeived from the commissioner a certificate of authority to do so.
4. (New section) Issuance of certificate of authority; eonditions and requirements; filing oopy of certificate of incorporation; qualification and selection of directors.
a. A health service corporation of this State seeking a certificate of authority shall file in the Department of Insurance a certified copy of its certificate of incorporation, a copy of its bylaws and a statement of its financial condition in the form and detail required by the commissioner, signed and sworn to by its president and]**
** [secretary or other proper officers. The certificate of athority shall be issued when the commissioner is satisfied, on the basis of examination or otherwise, that the health service corporation has complied with the requirements of this act that its condition or methods of operation are not such as would render its operations hazardous to the public or to its subscribers, and that the issuance of the certificate of authority would not be contrary to the public interest. No change in, amendment to, alteration in, addition to, or substitution for any document, instrument or other paper so filed shall become operative or effective until it shall also have been filed in a similar manner. No certificate of authority shall be issued to a health service corporation not incorporated under the laws of this State.
b. No certificate of authority shall be issued to any health service corporation except on receipt of evidence by the commissioner that the corporation is in possession of unencumbered funds of not less than $\$ 100,000.00$ to be held in cash or in a bank to the credit of the corporation.
c. No certificate of authority shall be issued to any health service corporation unless the bylaws provide that the board of directors of the health service corporation shall be composed of persons reasonably representative of the participating hospitals and other providers of health care services of the corporation, its subscribers and the general public, as follows:
(1) Not more than one-third of the directors of a health service corporation shall be persons who are trustees, directors or employees of a corporation organized for hospital purposes, or are participating providers of health care services, other than physicians employed on a full-time basis in the fields of public health, public welfare, medical research or medical education.
(2) Of the directors not included in the classification set forth in paragraph (1), one-half in number, as nearly as possible, shall be persons (a) who have coverage under a contract or contracts issued by the health service carporation, its subsidiaries or affiliates, (b) who are generally representative of broad segments of the subscribers covered under contracts issued by the corporations and (c) who, or whase spouse or minor children, are not officers, directors or owners of more than $10 \%$ of the stock of a corporation whose aggregate sales to hospitals, other health care facilities or other providers of health care services exceed $5 \%$ of its total sales; and one-half in number, as nearly as possible, shall be persons whose background and experience indicate that they are qualified to act in the broad public interest, who may or may not have]"*
**[coverage under a contract or contracts issued by the health service corporation, and who, or whose spouse or minor children, are not officers, directors or owners of more than $10 \%$ of the stock of a corporation whose aggregate sales to hospitals, other health care facilities or other providers of health care services exceed $5 \%$ of its total sales.

In addition to the aforementioned persons, the board of directors of a health service corporation shall also be composed of three public members, one of whom shall be appointed by the Governor, one shall be appointed by the Speaker of the General Assembly and one shall be appointed by the President of the Senate. The three public members shall be appointed for four year terms. Vacancies for unexpired terms shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments for the remainder of the terms only.
d. Each health service corporation shall have an executive committee the members of which shall be composed, as nearly as practicable, of an equal number of (1) representatives of the participating hospitals and other providers of health care services of the corporation, (2) its subscribers and (3) the general public.
e. Any health service corporation which is organized by an existing hospital service corporation and an existing medical service corporation, both operating under certificates of authority issued pursuant to section 3 of P. L. 1938, c. 366 (C. $17: 48-3$ ) and section 3 of P. L. 1940, c. 74 (C. $17: 48 \mathrm{~A}-3$ ), respectively, shall have a board of directors satisfying the requirements of subsection c. of this section composed of (1) the number of directors specified in its certificate of incorporation or bylaws, of whom two-thirds shall be selected by the hospital service corporation and one-third shall be selected by the medical service corporation, each group of which shall as nearly as practicable satisfy the requirements of subsection c. of this section, and (2) three public members as provided in that subsection c. If the hospital service corporation or medical service corporation shall not be in existence at the time it becomes necessary to select directors of the health service corporation; then the selection shall be made in accordance with the bylaws' of the health service corporation. Except in the case of the three pubic members, the board of the health service corporation shall be notified within seven days of the nomination of any person as a candidate for the board of directors of either the hospital service corporation or the medical service corporation which organized the health service corporation, and may within 30 days of receipt of notice disapprove the nomination of that candidate. Any candidate nominated for either of those boards who is disapproved by $\mathbf{1}^{* *}$ 110 medical service corporation is not in existence at the time it be111 comes necessary to fill the vacancy, the vacancy shall be filled in
112 accordance with the bylaws of the health service corporation. Not
113 more than 10 days after the selection of a person as a director of
114 a health service corporation, the corporation shall furnish, in writ-
115 ing, the following information to the commissioner: the name and
116 address of the person so elected; whether the person is repre-
117 sentative of the participating providers of health care services of
118 the corporation, or its subscribers or the general public, and is
119 qualified to serve under the provisions of this section; and a bio-
**[the board of the health service corporation pursuant to this section shall not stand for election to the board of directors for which he or she was nominated, and a new candidate shall be nominated within 30 days and approved in accordance with the provisions of this subsection
f. Compliance with the provisions of this section shall be under the supervision of the commissioner. Within 10 days after a vacancy in the board of directors of a health service corporation shall occur, the corporation shall notify the commissioner in writing that a vacancy exists. If the board of the health service corporation has been constituted pursuant to the provisions of subsection e. of this section, the vacancy in the board of directors shall be filled by the hospital service corporation or medical service corporation, as the case may be, which selected the director whose seat on the graphical statement on the person. If the commissioner finds after hearing, that the composition of the board of directors of health service corporation is not in compliance with the provisions of this section, he may direct that the board of directors be reconstituted in accordance with his findings.
4. (New section) Provisions applicable to group contracts. The provisions of this act shall apply to group contracts except that sections 5 and 16 of this act shall not apply.
5. (New section) Individual contracts; certificates; contents.
a. Every individual contract made by a health service corporation shall provide coverage for a specified period. The contract may provide that it shall be automatically renewed from year to year unless there shall have been at least 30 days prior written notice of termination by either the subscriber or the health service corporation. In the absence of fraud or material misrepresentation in the application for a contract or for reinstatement, no contract with an individual subscriber shall be terminated by the health service corporation unless all contracts of the same type, in the $]^{* *}$
** [same group or covering the same classification of persons are terminated under the same conditions.
b. No contract between any health service corporation and a subscriber shall entitle more than one person to coverage, except that a contract issued as a family contract may provide that coverage will be furnished to a husband and wife, or husband, wife and their dependent child or children, or the subscriber and his, or her, dependent child or children. An adult dependent of a subscriber may also be included for coverage under the contract of the subscriber.
c. Whenever, pursuant to the provisions of an individual contract issued by a health service corporation, the former spouse of a named subscriber under a contract is no longer entitled to coverage as an eligible dependent by reason of divorce, separate coverage for the former spouse shall be made available by the health service corporation on an individual basis under the following conditions:
(1) Application for coverage shall be made to the health service corporation by or on behalf of a former spouse no later than 31 days following the date his or her coverage under the prior contract terminated.
(2) No new evidence of insurability shall be required in connection with the application for coverage but any health exception, limitation or exclusion applicable to the former spouse under the prior coverage may, at the option of the health service corporation, be carried over to the new coverage.
(3) The effective date of the new coverage shall be the day following the date on which the former spouse's coverage under the prior contract terminated.
(4) The benefits provided under the coverage offered to the former spouse shall be at least equal to the basic benefits provided in contracts then being offered by the health service corporation to new individual applicants of the same age and family status.
d. Family type contracts shall provide that the services applicable for children shall be payable with respect to a newly-born child of the subscriber, or his or her spouse from the moment of birth. Coverage for newly-born children shall consist of coverage of injury or sickness including the necessary care and treatment of medically diagnosed congenital defects and abnormalities. If a subscription payment is required to provide coverage for a child, the contract may require that notification of birth of a newly-born child and the required payment must be furnished to the health service corporation within 31 days after the date of birth in order to have the coverage continue beyond such 31-day period.]**
${ }^{* *}$ [e. Nonfamify type contracts which provide for services to the subscriber but not to family members or dependents of that subscriber shall also provide coverage to newly-born children of the subscriber which shall commence with the moment of birth of each child and shall consist of coverage of injury or sickness, imeluding the necessary care and treatment of medically diagnosed congenital defects and abnormalifies, if application therefor and payment of the required subscription amount are made to include in the contract the coverage described in subsection d. of this section within 31 days from the date of birth of a newborn child.
f. Coverage of an umarried child, covered by the contract prior to attaimment of age 19, who is incapable of self-sustaining employment by reason of mental retardation or physical handicap and who became so incapable prior to attainment of age 19 and who is chiefly dependent upon such subscriber for support and maintenance, shall not terminate while the contract remains in force and the dependent remains in that condition, if the subscriber has within 31 days of the dependent's attainment of the termination age submitted proof of the dependent's incapacity as described herein. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply retrospectively or prospectively to require a health service corporation to insure as a covered dependent any mentally retarded or physically handicapped child of the applicant where the contract is underwritten on evidence of insurability based on health factors required to be set forth in the application. A contract heretofore or hereafter issued may, however, specifically exclude a mentally retarded or physically handicapped child from coverage.
g. Every individual contract entered into between a health service corporation and a subscriber shall be in writing and a certificate stating the terms and conditions thereof shall be furnished to the subscriber to be kept by him. No subscription certificate shall be made, issued or delivered in this State unless it contains the following provisions:
(1) A statement of the contract rate, or amount payable to the health service corporation by or on behalf of the subscriber for the period of coverage and of the time or times at which, and the manner in which, the amount is to be paid, and a provision requiring 30 days written notice to the subscriber before any change in the contract, including a change in the amount of the subscription rate, shall take effect;
(2) A statement of the nature of the health services to be furnished or paid for and the period during which they will be furnished or paid for, and, if there are any services to be ex- ${ }^{* *}$

97 ** [pected, or for which benefits are limited, a detailed statement of 98 the exceptions printed as hereinafter specified;
99 (3) A statement of the terms and conditions, if any, upon which 100 the contract may be amended on approval of the commissioner or
101 cancelled, or otherwise terminated at the option of either party.
102 Any notice to the subscriber shall be sent by mail to the subscriber's
103 address as shown at the time on the health service plan's record, 104 except that, in the case of persons for whom payment under their 105 contracts is made through a remitting agent, notice may be sent 106 to the remitting agent, in which case it shall be the responsibility 107 of the remitting agent to notify the subscriber. The notice herein 108 required shall be sent at least 30 days before the amendment, 109 cancellation or termination of the contract takes effect. A rider or 110 endorsement accompanying the notice, and amending the rates or 111 other provisions of the contract, shall be deemed to be a part of 112 the contract as of the effective date of the rider or endorsement; 113 (4) A statement that the contract includes the endorsements 114 thereon and attached papers, if any, and contains the entire 115 contract;
116 (5) A statement that no statement by the subscriber in his 117 application for a contract shall avoid the contract or be used in 118 any legal proceeding thereunder, unless the application, or an 119 exact copy thereof is included in, or attached to, the contract, and 120 that no agent or representative of the health service corporation, 121 other than an officer or officers designated therein, is authorized to 122 change the contract or waive any of its provisions;
123 (6) A statement that if the subscriber defaults in making any 124 payment under the contract, the subsequent acceptance of a pay125 ment by the health service corporation or by one of its duly au-
126 thorized agents shall reinstate the contract, but with respect to
127 sickness and injury may cover only a sickness first manifested more
128 than 10 days after the date of the acceptance;
129 (7) A statement of the period of grace allowed the subscriber 130 for making any payment due under the contract. Such period shall 131 be not less than 10 days.
132 h. A contract may contain a provision that all health services 133 furnished or paid for by a health service corporation shall be in 134 accordance with the accepted medical practices in the community 135 at the time, but the health service corporation shall not be liable
136 for injuries resulting from negligence, misfeasance, malfeasance,
137 nonfeasance or malpractice on the part of any officer or employee
138 or on the part of any provider of health care services in the course
139 of rendering such health care services to subscribers.]**
**[i. In every contract made, issued or delivered in this State:
141 (1) All printed portions shall be plainly printed in type of which 142 the face is not smaller than 10 point;
143 (2) There shall be a brief description of the contract on its first
144 page and on its filing back in type of which the face is not smaller
145 than 14 point;
146 (3) The exceptions of the contract shall appear with the same 147 prominence as the benefits to which they apply; and
148 (4) If the contract contains any provision purporting to make 149 any portion of the articles, constitutions or bylaws of the corpora150 tion a part of the contract, that portion shall be set forth in full.
6. (New section) Benefits for treatment of alcoholism. No group or individual contract providing health service coverage shall be delivered, issued, executed or renewed in this State, or approved for issuance or renewal in this State by the commissioner, unless the contract provides benefits to any subscriber or other person covered thereunder for expenses incurred in connection with the treatment ol alcoholism when prescribed by a doctor of medicine. Benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other sickness under the contract.

Every contract shall include benefits for the treatment of alcoholism as are hereinafter set forth:
a. Inpatient or outpatient care in a health care facility licensed pursuant to P. L. 1971, c. 136 (C. $26: 2 \mathrm{H}-1$ et seq.);
b. Treatment at a detoxification facility licensed pursuant to section 8 of P. L. 1975, c. 305 (C. $26: 2 \mathrm{~B}-14$ );
c. Confinement as an inpatient or outpatient at a licensed, certified, or State approved residential treatment facility, under a program which meets minimum standards of care equivalent to those prescribed by the Joint Commission on Hospital Accreditation.

Treatment or confinement at any facility shall not preclude further or additional treatment at any other eligible facility, if the benefit days used do not exceed the total number of benefit days provided for any other sickness under the contract.
6a. (New section) Benefits for reconstructive breast surgery. No group or individual contract providing health service coverage shall be delivered, issued, executed or renewed in this State, or approved for issuance or renewal in this State by the commissioner, unless the contract provides benefits to any subscriber or other person covered thereunder for reconstructive breast surgery, including but not limited to: the cost of prostheses and, under any contract providing out-of-hospital or outpatient X-ray or radiation therapy, $\mathbf{1}^{* *}$
**[benefits for out-of-hospital or outpationt chemotherapy follewing surgical procedures in connection with the treatment of breast cancer shall be included as a part of the out-of-hospital or outpatient X-ray or radiation therapy benefit. These benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other sickness under the contract.
7. (New section) Second surgical opinion program. A health service corpozation issuing a group or individual contract in accordance with this act which provides payment for surgical services rendered to a person while confined in a hospital as an inpatient, shall make available benefits for a second surgical opinion for elective surgical procedures, which would require an inpatient admission to a hospital. In the case of a group contract, benefits for a second surgical opinion shally be available only if requested by the group policyholder.
8. (New section) Payment for second surgical opinion. A second surgical opinion program shall provide for payment for the second surgical opinion of an eligible physician and for essential laboratory and X-ray services incidental thereto.
9. (New section) Third surgical opinion. If a second surgical opinion does not confirm that the proposed elective surgical procedure is medically advisable, the program shall cover a third surgical opinion in the same manner as the second opinion.
10. (New section). Exclusion of benefits. A second surgicel opinion program may exclude benefits.a. while a patient is eqnfined in a hospital as an inpatient for any surgical procedure not covered by the group or individual contract, and, b. for surgical procedures in the following categories: coswetic surgery, preguancyrelated supgery, dental surgery, podiatric surgery, and sterilizations,
11. (New section) Physicians fumishing opinion and performing surgical procedure ; payment. If a physician who furnishes a second or third surgical opinion also performs the surgical procedure, the second surgical opinion program need mot provide payment for the second or thipd opinion services.
12. (New section), Group contracts; issuance; deseription; benefits; employees defined. a. A health service cofporation may issue to a polioyholder a group contract, eovering at least two employees or members at the date of issue, if it conforms to the following description:
(1) A contriact issued to an employen on to the trustees of a fund established by one on mone empleyers, or issued to a labon union or to an association formed for purposes other than olbtainiug a group contract, or issued to the trustees; of a fund established by one or more labor unions, or by one or more employers and one or mone $]^{* *}$
** Llabor unions, covering the employees or members of associations or labor unions; or
(2) A contract issued to cover any other group which the commissioner determines may be covered in accordance with sound underwriting principles.
b. Benefits may be provided for one or more members of the families or one or mone dependents of persons who may be covered under a group contract referred to in paragraph (1) or (2) of subr section a. of this section.
c. Family type coverage shall provide that the coverage applicable for children shall be payable with respect to a newly-born child of the subscriber, or his or her spouse from the moment of hirth. The coverage for newly-born children shall consist of coverage of injury or sickness including the necessary care and treatment of medically diagnosed congenital defects and abnormalities. If a subscription payment is required to obtain coverage for a child, the contract may require that notification of birth of a newlybom child and the required payment shall be furnished to the health service corporation within 31 days after the date of birth in order to have the coverage continue beyond that 31 -day period.
d. Non-family type coverage, other than under contracts which provide no dependent coverage whatsoever for the subscriber's class, shall also provide coverage for newly-born children of the sulascriber, which coverage shall commence with the moment of birth of each child and shall consist of coverage of injury or sickmess, including the necessary care and treatment of medically diagnosed congenital defects and abnormalities, if application thevefor and payment of the required subscription amount axe made to include in the contract the coverage described in sabsection $c$. of this section within 31 days from the date of birth of a newborn child.
e. Coverage of an unmarried child, covered by the contract prior to attainment of age 19, who is incapable of self-sustaining employment by reason of mental retardation or physical handicap and who became so incapable prior to attainment of age. 19 and who is chiefty dependent upon the covered employee or member for support and mainterance, shall not termisate while the coverage of the employee or member remains in force and the dependent remaims in that condition, if the employee or member has within 31 days of the dependent's attainment of the termination age submitted proof of the dependent's incapacity as described herein. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply retrospectively or prospectively to require a health service corposation to insure as a covered depen-]**
**[dent any mentally retarded or physically handicapped child of the applicant where the contract is underwritten on evidence of insurability based on health factors required to be set forth in the application. Any contract heretofore or hereafter issued may, however, specifically exclude a mentally retarded or physically handicapped child from coverage.
f. Any group contract which contains provisions for the payment by the insurer of benefits for members of the family or dependents of a person in the insured group shall provide that, subject to payment of the appropriate premium, family members or dependents are permitted to have coverage continued for at least 180 days after the death of the person in the insured group.
g. The contract may provide that the term "employees" shall include as employees of a single employer the employees of one or more subsidiary corporations and the employees, individual proprietors and partners of affiliated corporations, proprietorships and partnerships if the business of the employer and those corporations, proprietorships or partnerships is under common control through stock ownership, contract or otherwise. The contract may provide that the term "employees" shall include the individual proprietor or partners of an individual proprietorship or a partnership. The contract may provide that the term "employees" shall include retired employees. A contract issued to trustees may provide that the term "employees" shall include the trustees or their employees, or both, if their duties are principally connected with the trusteeship. A contract issued to the trustees of a fund established by the members of an association of employers may provide that the term "employees" shall include the employees of the association.
13. (New section) Group contract form. Every group contract entered into by a health service corporation with a policyholder shall be in writing and a contract form stating the terms and conditions thereof shall be furnished to the policyholder to be kept by him. No group contract form shall be used unless it contains the following provisions:
a. A statement of the contract rate payable to the health service corporation by or on behalf of the policyholder for the original period of coverage, the time or times at which, and the manner in which, the contract rate due is to be paid, and the basis, if any, on which the rate may subsequently be adjusted;
b. A provision that all contract rates due under the contract shall be paid by the policyholder, or by the designated representative of the policyholder, to the health service corporation on or before]**
**[the due date thereof or within the period of grace as may be specified therein;
c. A statement of the nature of the coverage to he provided and the period during which it will be provided, and, if there are any exclusions from coverage, a detailed statement of exclusions;
d. A provision that the contract, any endorsements or riders thereto, the application of the policyholder in whose name the contract is issued, a copy of which shall be attached to the contract, and the individual applications, if any, of the employees or members shall constitute the entire contract between the parties and that all statements contained in any application for coverage shall be deemed representations and not warranties;
e. A provision that there shall be issued to the policyholder, for delivery to the employee or member, a certificate or other document which sets forth or summarizes the essential features of the coverage including the time, place and method for making claims for benefits ;
f. A provision that all new employees or new members, as the case may be, in the groups or classes eligible for the coverage shall be added to the eligible groups or classes ; and
g. A statement of the terms and conditions, if any, upon which the contract may be terminated or amended. Any notice to the policyholder shall be effective if sent by mail to the policyholder's address as shown at the time on the corporation's records. The notice to the policyholder as herein required shall be sent at least 30 days before the termination or amendment of the contract takes effect.
h. Any group contract may contain a provision that all services covered by a health service corporation shall be in accordance with the accepted medical practices in the community at the time, but the health service corporation shall not be liable for injuries resulting from negligence, misfeasance, malfeasance, nonfeasance or malpractice on the part of any officer or employee or on the part of any health care provider in the course of rendering health care services to covered persons.
14. (New section) Joint agreements and combined contracts. A health service corporation of this State may, with the participation of any other corporation, including but not limited to a hospital service corporation or a medical service corporation, a: jointly issue individual or group contracts for health care and other benefits, including complete employee welfare and employee benefit programs, or b. jointly enter into contracts to provide or receive services in connection with the providing of health care $]^{* *}$.
**Lor conducting the kusiness of insurance, including entering into service contracts only with automobile insurers concerning medical expense benefits coverage provided in accordance with section 4 of P. L. 1972, c. 70 (C. $39: 6 \mathrm{~A}-4$ ). Agreements between a health service corporation and other corporations pursuant to this section may provide for experience rating, for a sharing, except with respect to life insurance as defined in N. J. S. 17B:17-3, of the premiums, claims, and expenses by the participating corporations; or, subject to regulation by the commissioner, for acceptance or ceding of the whole or portions of risks on a reinsurance hasis, except that a health service corporation may not accept risks on a reinsurance basis which it may not accept on a primary basis pursuant to its powers as a health service corporation, and may not under any circumstances act as reinsurer of life insurance. Agreements made pursuant to this section shall be filed with and approved by the commissioner before becoming effective. Any corporation which is a party to an agreement made pursuant to this section may act an agent for another party to the agreement without being required to obtain a license as an agent. "Automobile" means an automobile as defined in section 2 of P. L. 1972, c. 70 (C. $39: 6 \mathrm{~A}-2$ ).
15. (New section) Adjustment of rates; rating formulas.
a. A group contract, covering at least 50 employees or memhers, may provide for the adjustment of the rate of premium at the end of the first year or any subsequent year of insurance thereunder based on the experience thereunder both past and contemplated. No health service corporation shall use any form of experience rating plan until it shall have filed with the commissioner the formulas to be used and the classes of groups to which they are to apply. The commissioner may disapprove the formulas or classes at any time if he finds that the rates produced thereby are excessive, inadequate or unfarily discriminatory or that the formulas or classes are such as to prejudice the interests of persons who are eligible for coverage under contracts with the health service corporation and who are not subject to experience rating.
b. Excluding those rating formulas applicable to groups the employees or members of which are located in more than one state and which are underwritten in participation with other corporations of other states, no rating formula shall be approved by the commissioner, unless it provides that the experience rated groups will be assessed a reasonable community charge. A rating formula may provide for the allowance of an equitable discount in the event the policyholder agrees to perform certain administrative and record keeping functions in connection with the routine mainte-1**
${ }^{* *}$ [nance of the group account.
c. Nothing in this section shall preclude the health service corporation from incorporating in the rate formula those claim cost and utilization trend factors as it deems necessary in its discretion so long as the rates produced are self-supporting and the formulas for classes do not prejudice the interests of persons who are eligible for coverage under contracts with the health service corporation which are not subject to experience rating.
d. For experience rated groups of 50 to 99 employees or members, the commissioner shall have the authority to determine that rates charged depart from community rates in such a way as to assure continuity of rating principles with the community rated and experience rated groups of 100 or more.
16. (New section) Review of rates. No health service corporation shall issue contracts which are not experience rated until it shall have filed with the commissioner a full schedule of the rates which are to apply to those contracts. The commissioner may disapprove the schedule at anytime, if he finds that rates are excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory.
17. (New section) Group contract or individual group certificate; total disability of employee or member; continuation of coverage; conditions. A group contract or individual group certificate delivered or issued for delivery in this State which covers employees or members and their dependents for health services on an expense incurred or service basis, other than for specific diseases or for accidental injuries only, shall provide that employees or members whose coverage under the group contract or individual group certificate would otherwise terminate because of termination of employment or membership due to total disability of the employee or member, shall be entitled to continue their health services coverage under that group contract or individual group certificate for themselves and their eligible dependents, subject to all of the group contract's or individual group certificate's terms and conditions applicable to that coverage and subject to the following conditions:
a. Continuation shall only be available to an employee or member who has been continuously covered under the group contract or individual group certificate during the entire three month period ending with the termination.
b. Continuation shall be available for a person who is covered by or eligible for Medicare, subject to any nonduplication of benefits provisions of the group contract or individual group certificate.]**
**[c. In addition to hospital, medical-surgical, or major medical benefits, continuation shall include any other health care expense benefit, including dental, vision care, or prescription drug benefits available through the insured group.
d. An employee or member electing continuation shall pay to the group contract holder or his employer, on a monthly basis in advance, the amount of contribution required by the contract holder or employer, but not more than the group rate for the coverage being continued under the group contract or individual group certificate on the due date of each payment. The employee's or member's written election for continuation, together with the first contribution required to establish contributions on a monthly basis in advance, shall be given to the contract holder or employer within 31 days of the date the employee's or member's coverage would otherwise terminate.
e. Continuation of coverage under the group contract or individual group certificate for any person shall terminate at the first to occur of the following:
(1) Failure of the former employee or nember to make timely payment of a required contribution. Termination shall occur at the end of the period for which contributions were made.
(2) The date the employee again becomes employed and eligible for benefits under another group plan providing health services benefits, or in the case of a qualified eligible dependent, the date the dependent becomes employed and eligible for those benefits.
(3) The date on which the group contract or individual group certificate is terminated or, in the case of an employee, the date his employer terminates participation under the group contract or individual group certificate, except that:
(a) The employee or member shall have the right to become covered under any new group contract or individual group certificate contracted for by the employer, for the balance of the period that he would have remained covered under the prior group contract or individual group certificate in accordance with this act had a termination of a group not occurred;
(b) The minimum level of benefits to be provided by the other group contract or individual group certificate shall be the applicable level of benefits of the prior group contract or individual group certificate reduced by any benefits payable under that prior group contract or individual group certificate; and
(c) The prior group contract or individual group certificate shall continue to provide benefits to the extent of its accrued]**
** Lliabilities and extension of henefits, but only when replacement occurred.
f. Whenever, pursuant to the provisions of a group contract issued by a health service corporation, the former spouse of an employee or member of a policyholder under the group contract is no longer entitled to coverage as an eligible dependent by reason of divorce, separate coverage for the former spouse shall be made available by the health service corporation on an individual nongroup basis under the following conditions:
(1) Application for nongroup coverage shall be made to the health service corporation by or on behalf of the former spouse no later than 31 days following the date his or her coverage under the prior group contract terminated.
(2) No new evidence of insurability shall be required in connection with the application for nongroup coverage but any health exception, limitation or exclusion applicable to the former spouse under the prior coverage may, at the option of the health service corporation, be carried over to the new nongroup coverage.
(3) The effective date of the new coverage shall be the day following the date on which the former spouse's coverage under the prior group contract terminated.
(4) The benefits provided under the nongroup coverage issued to such former spouse shall be at least equal to the basic benefits provided in contracts then being issued by the health service corporation to new nongroup applicants of the same age and family status.
g. A notification of the continuation privilege shall be included in any individual group certificate or employee booklet.
18. (New section) Participating providers of health care services; approval of rates of payment to hospitals.
a. A heaith care service corporation may enter into agreements with providers of health care services whereby the providers become participating providers of health care services of that health service plan. Every such agreement shall provide for coverage of eligible health care services rendered to subscribers and covered dependents to the end of the subscription certificate year; that 30 days written notice of termination of the agreement may be given to the health service corporation at any time by any participating. provider of health care services, but shall not apply to a subscription certificate in force at the time of notice until the first date thereafter when the subscription certificate may properly be terminated by the health service corporation, and that the agreement of the provider of health care services to render services to the $]^{* *}$
** Lend of any certificate year shall not be affected by cessation of the transaction of business by reason of appropriate resolution of the board of trustees, or directors of the health service corporation, injunction issued by a court of competent authority, legislative act or by any other exercise of judicial, administrative or legislative authority. This requirement shall not apply to any subscription certificate which is not maintained in force by the payment of premiums required thereby.
b. A participating provider of health care services is one who agrees in writing to render health care services to or for persons covered by a contract or contracts issued by a health service corporation in return for which a health care service corporation agrees to make payment directly to the participating provider. No person or facility shall become a participating provider of health care services unless he shall be legally authorized to provide health care services or supplies in this State.
c. A health service corporation may enter into agreements with other corporations licensed under the laws of other states to provide for reciprocal payment for health care services to their respective subscribers rendered in the area served by the other corporation.
d. A health service corporation may select providers of health care services as it may desire with which to contract, and may establish its own contracting criteria for the providers as it shall determine, but contractual rates of payment to any hospital or health care facility shall be approved as to reasonableness by the Hospital Rate Setting Commission pursuant to section 18 of P. L. 1971, c. 136 (C. $26: 2 \mathrm{H}-18$ ).
19. (New section) Filing of copy of contract or certificate and applications, etc., with commissioner; disapproval. No health service corporation shall enter into any contract with a subscriber unless and until it shall have filed with the commissioner a copy of the contract or certificate and of all applications, riders and endorsements for use in connection with the issuance or renewal thereof. If the commissioner shall at any time notify the corporation of his disapproval of any form as contrary to law, or as being oppressive or calculated to mislead the public, specifying particulars, it shall be unlawful for the corporation thereafter to issue the form so disapproved.
20. (New section) Solicitation and administrative expenses; investment of funds; supplying administrative services only; surplus.
a. No health service corporation shall during any one year disburse more than $10 \%$ of the aggregate amount of the payments ${ }^{* *}$
**[received from subscribers during that year as expenditures for the soliciting of subscribers, except that during the first year after the issuance of a certificate of authority a health service corporation may so disburse not more than $20 \%$ of that amount and during the second year not more than $15 \%$.
b. No health service corporation shall, during one year, disburse a sum greater than $20 \%$ of the payments received from subscribers during that year as administrative expenses. The term "administrative expenses," as used in this section, shall include all expenditures for nomprofessional services and in general all expenses not directly connected with the furnishing of services or benefits, but not including expenses of soliciting subscribers.
c. The funds of any health service corporation may be invested to the fullest extent now or hereafter permitted by law for the iuvestment of funds of domestic life insurance companies, including specifically investments in for-profit subsidiaries such as insurance agencies, suppliers of administrative services only, or other subsidiaries pursuant to N. J. S. 17B:20-4, and for the purpose of engaging in any aspect of its business directly or through one or more subsidiaries or affiliates, except that a health service corporation may not invest in a subsidiary authorized to insure risks which the health service corporation may not insure directly pursuant to its powers as a health service corporation.
d. A health service corporation may not directly supply administrative services only, but may supply administrative services through a subsidiary or affiliate, except that no health service corporation may directly or indirectly, through a subsidiary or affiliate or otherwise, make available any provider differential under an agreement to supply administrative services only.
e. Every health service corporation after the first full calendar year of doing business shall accumulate and maintain a special contingent surplus over and above its reserves and liabilities at the rate of $2 \%$ annually of its net premium income until that surplus shall be not less than $\$ 100,000.00$. Thereafter, for any subsequent calendar year, the special contingent surplus shall be maintained at $5 \%$ of the net premium income received during that year as determined by reference to the statement of financial condition filed pursuant to section 21 of this act. The special contingent surplus shall be contributed by each of the following two categories: (1) community rated, excluding open enrollment and conversion groups; and (2) experience rated subscribers, in the ratio that the net premium income of each category bears to the total net premium income of the health service corporation and by contributions ${ }^{\text {** }}$
** [from the category that gives rise to a diminution of the surplus requined to be maintained under this section. Whenever the special contingent surplus has deviated from the amount required to be maintained by more than $2 \%$ of the aggregate amount of the net premiun income received during that year, the commissioner shall approve and promulgate a plan reasonably calculated to return the special contingent surplus to the amount required to be maintained, within two years from the date of implementation of the plan specified above. Approval and promulgation of the plan by the commissioner shall not abrogate the responsibilities of corporate officers with regard to the reporting of financial condition pursuant to section 21 of this act.

Nothing in subsection e. of this section or any other provision of sections 1 through 30 of this act shall be construed to limit the authority of the commissioner to require compliance with statutory capital, surplus or reserve requirements for a subsidiary or affiliate of a health service corporation, or for any reinsurance activities to be undertaken by a health service corporation.
21. (New section) Statement of financial condition; inquiries by commissioner; penalties.
a. Every health service corporation transacting business in this State shall amually on or before the first day of March file in the Department of Insurance a statement, subscribed and sworn to by its president and secretary, or in their absence, by two of its principal officers, showing its financial condition at the close of business on the thirty-first day of December of the year last preceding, and its business for that year, which statement shall be in that form and contain those matters as the commissioner shall prescribe. The commissioner may also address inquiries to any health service corporation or its officers in relation to its condition or affairs, or any matter connected with its transactions, and it shall be the duty of the officers of the corporation to promptly reply in writing to all inquiries. For good cause shown, the commissioner may extend the time within which a statement must be filed.
b. Any health service corporation neglecting to make and file its annual statement in the form and within the time provided by subsection a. of this section or neglecting to reply in writing to inquiries of the commissioner within a reasonable time, as specified by the commissioner, shall forfeit $\$ 25.00$ for each day's neglect, to be recovered in a civil action, and upon notice by the commissioner to that effect, its authority to do new business in this State shall cease while the default continues.]**
${ }^{* *}$ [22. (New section) Examination of assets and liabilities and affairs; expenses; duty to exhibit books, records and accounts.
a. The commissioner shall have the power, whenever he deems it expedient, to make or cause to be made an examination of the assets and liabilities, method of conducting business and all other affairs of every health service corporation authorized or which has made application for authority to transact business under the provisions of this act. For the purpose of the examination the commissioner may authorize and employ persons to conduct the same or to assist therein as he deems advisable, which examination may be conducted in any state in which the corporation examined has an office, agent or place of business.
b. The reasonable expense of the examination shall be fixed and determined by the commissioner, and he shall collect the amount expended from the health service corporation examined, which shall make payment on presentation of a detailed account of the expense. If health service corporation, after examination, shall be adjudged by the Superior Court to be insolvent, the expense of the examination, if unpaid, shall be ordered paid out of the assets of the health service corporation. No health service corporation shall, either directly or indirectly, pay, by way of gift, credit or otherwise, any other or further sum to the commissioner or to any person in the employ of the Department of Insurance, for extra service or for purposes of legislation, or for any purpose whatsoever.
c. It shall be the duty of the ofiicers, agents and employees of a health service corporation to exhibit all its books, records and accounts for the purpose of the examination, and otherwise to facilitate the examination so far as it may be in their power to do so, and for that purpose the commissioner, and his deputies, assistants and employees shall have the power to examine, under oath, the officers, agents and employees of the health service corporation relative to its business and affairs.
23. (New section) Insolvency and other acts; action to enjoin further business or disposal of property; receiver; powers and duties. Whenever any health service corporation shall become insolvent or shall suspend its ordinary business for want of funds to carry on the same, or whenever the commissioner shall ascertain, as a result of examination as authorized by this act, or in any other manner, that any corporation is exceeding its powers or violating. the law or that its condition or methods of business are such as to render the continuance of its operations hazardous to the public or its members or that the assets of the corporation are less than its liabilities or that the number of subscribers to its service has]**
**[decreased to less than one hundred persons, the commissioner may institute an action in the Superior Court to enjoin the health service corporation from the transaction of any further business, or the transfer or disposal of its property in any manner whatsoever. The court may proceed in the action in a summary manner or otherwise. It may grant injunctive relief and appoint a receiver, with power to sue for, collect, receive and take into his possession all the goods and chattels, rights, and credits, moneys and effects, lands and tenements, books, papers, choses in action, bills, notes and property of every description belonging to the health service corporation and sell and convey and assign the same, and hold and dispose of the proceeds thereof under the direction of the court. A health service corporation may be deemed insolvent whenever it is presently or prospectively unable to fulfill its outstanding contracts and to maintain the reserves required pursuant to this act.
24. (New section) Fees. A health service corporation shall pay the following fees to the commissioner for enforcement of the provisions of this act: a. for filing its application and charter, $\$ 10.00$; b. for filing each annual statement, $\$ 20.00$; c. for each copy of any paper filed in the Department of Insurance, $\$ 0.20$ a sheet or folio of 100 words and $\$ 1.00$ for certifying the same. In addition, a health service corporation shall pay on April 1 of each year a general supervisory fee to the commissioner of $\$ 0.02$ per subscriber covered under individual contracts, other than group contracts, at the end of the preceding year, plus $\$ 0.02$ per member or employee covered under group contracts at the end of the preceding year, and the first general supervisory fee shall be due as of December 31, 1985, payable April 1, 1986.
25. (New section) Corporation as charitable and benevolent institution; exemption from taxation. A health service corporation subject to the provisions of this act is hereby declared to be a charitable and benevolent institution and all of its funds shall be exempt from every State, county, district, municipal and school tax other than taxes on real estate and equipment.
26. (New section) Particular providers of health care services; services performed by. In any contract entered into by a health service corporation including coverage for health care services provided by a physician, coverage shall be deemed to include health care services provided by a registered bioanalytic laboratory or physical therapist, a certified nurse-midwife, a registered professional nurse, or a licensed chiropodist, dentist, optometrist, psychologist or chiropractor when the provider performs an eligible ]**

9 **[service within the scope of his practice and for which he is not being compensated by a hospital or other health care facility. The practices of the providers of health care services shall be deemed to be within the provisions of this act and the providers shall have the privileges and benefits in the scope of their practice under this act afforded hereunder to other approved providers of health care services in the scope of their practices. A health service corporation under this act may issue separate contracts covering the health care services of providers.
27. (New section) Application of act. The provisions of this act shall not apply to any corporation carrying on the business of life, health or accident insurance, for profit or gain, nor to fraternal beneficiary associations as defined in section 1 of P. L. 1959, c. 167 (C. $17: 44 \mathrm{~A}-1$ ). A health service corporation authorized to transact business pursuaut to this act shall be exempt from all other provisions of Title 17B of the New Jersey Statutes, except as herein specified, and the unfair trade practices provisions of N. J.S. 17B:30-1 et seq. shall apply to health service corporations except to the extent a. expressly excepted in this act, or b. the commissioner determines that any provisions of N. J. S. 17B:30-1 et seq. are inappropriate as applied to health service corporations.
28. (New section) Disputes between health service corporations and providers of health care services; review. Any dispute arising between a health service corporation and any provider of health care services with which a health service corporation has a contract may be submitted to the commissioner for his determination with respect thereto, which determination shall be subject to review by the Superior Court in a proceeding in lieu of prerogative writ pursuant to section 29 of this act.
29. (New section) Review of determinations of commissioner. All determinations of the commissioner made under the provisions of this act shall be subject to review by the Superior Court in a proceeding in lieu of prerogative writ.
30. (New section) Violations of act: penalties; enforcement. Any health service corporation of this or any other state, country or province which shall have violated any of the provisions of, or shall have neglected, failed or refused to comply with any of the requirements of this act, except the failure to file an annual statement, shall be liable to a penalty of $\$ 500.00$, to be sued for and collected by the commissioner in a civil action in the name of the State. The penalties when recovered shall be paid by the commissioner into the State treasury for the use of the State. Any officer, agent, employee or member of any corporation doing $]^{* *}$
** [business in this State who shall issue, circulate or cause or permit to be circulated, any estimate, illustration, or circular of any sort misrepresenting the terms of any contract issued by the health service corporation, or misrepresent the benefits or advantages promised thereby, or use any name or title of any contract or class of contracts misrepresenting the true nature thereof, or who shall solicit, negotiate or effect the issue of any contract of any health service corporation which shall have neglected, failed or refused to procure a certificate of authority as provided for by the provisions of this act, or who shall accept any premiums, dues, deposits, contributions, fees, assessments or thing of value of any kind in consideration for a contract or certificate on behalf of the health service corporation, shall be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
30a. (New section) The commissioner, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act,' P. L. 1968, c. 410 (C. 52:14B-1 et seq.), shall promulgate the rules and regulations necessary to implement the provisions of sections 1 . through 30 of this act.
31. Section 2 of P. L. 1938, c. 366 (C. $17: 48-2$ ) is amended to read as follows:
2. No hospital service corporation shall be converted into a corporation organized for pecuniary profit. Every such corporation shall be operated for the benefit of the subscribers with whom it has contracted to provide hospital service. No person, firm, association or corporation, other than a hospital service corporation, or an insurance company authorized to transact the kinds of insurance specified in [subdivisions c. or d. of section 17:17-1 of the Revised Statutes] Title $17 B$ of the New Jersey Statutes or subsection d. of R.S. 17:17-1, or a health service corporation established pursuant to P. L. ...., c. ... (C. .........) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall establish, maintain or operate a hospital service plan or otherwise contract in this State with persons to furnish hospital service. A hospital service corporation may, alone or in combination with a medical service corporation established pursuant to P. L. 1940, c. 74 (C. 17:48A-1 et seq.), organize a health service corporation. No hospital service corporation shall solicit subscribers or enter into any contract with any subscriber until it has received from the Commissioner of [Banking and] Insurance a certificate of authority to do so.
32. Section 7 of P. L. 1964, c. 104 (C. $17: 48-6.6$ ) is amended to read as follows:
7. A hospital service corporation and a medical service corporation authorized to do business in this State may issue a combined contract providing for hospital care and medical care but no one]**.
*"Lof such corporations shall issue any such combined contract. $A$ hospital service corporation or a medical service corporation authorized to do business in this State may, with a health service corporation, issue combined contracts for hospital, medical or health care services and may provide those services pursuant to the combined contract to the fullest extent permitted a health service corporation pursuant to P. L. ...., c. ... (C. ...........) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill). Any one of such corporations may act as agent for the other without being required to obtain a license as an agent.
33. Section 6 of P. L. 1964, c. 105 (C. $17: 48$ A-7.6) is amended to read as follows:
6. A medical service corporation and a hospital service corporation authorized to do business in this State may issue a combined contract providing for medical care and hospital care but no one of such corporations shall issue any such combined contract. $A$ medical service corporation or a hospital service corporation authorized to do business in this State may, with a health service corporation, issue combined contracts for medical, hospital or health care services and may provide those services pursuant to the combined contract to the fullest extent permitted a health service corporation pursuant to P. L. ...., c. ....... (C. ........) (now pending before the Legislature as this bill). Any one of such corporations may act as agent for the other without being required to obtain a license as an agent.*
*[1.]* *34.* Section 6 of P. L. 1938, c. 366 (C. $17: 48-6$ ) is amended to read as follows:
6. Every individual contract made by a corporation subject to the provisions of this chapter to furnish services to a subscriber shall provide for the furnishing of services for a period of 12 months, and no contract shall be made providing for the inception of such services at a date later than one year after the actual date of the making of such contract. Any such contract may provide that it shall be automatically renewed from year to year unless there shall have been at least 30 days' prior written notice of termination by either the subscriber or the corporation. In the absence of fraud or material misrepresentation in the application for a contract or for reinstatement, no contract with an individual subscriber shall be terminated by the corporation unless all contracts of the same type, in the same group or covering the same classification of persons are terminated under the same conditions.

No contract between any such corporation and a subscriber shall entitle more than one person to services, except that a contract $\mathbf{7}^{* *}$
**[issued as a family contract may provide that services will be furnished to a husband and wife, or husband, wife and their dependent child or children, or the subscriber and his (or her) dependent child or children. Adult dependent(s) of a subscriber may also be included for coverage under the contract of such subsoriber.

Whenever, pursuant to the provisions of a subsoription certificate or group contract issued by a corporation, the former spouse of a named subscriber under such a certificate or contract is no longer entitled to coverage as an eligible dependent by reason of divorce, separate coverage for such former spouse shall be made available by the corporation on an individual nongroup basis under the following conditions:
(a) Application for such nongroup coverage shall be made to the corporation by or on behalf of such former spouse no later than 31 days following the date his or her coverage under the prior certificate or contract terminated.
(b) No new evidence of insurability shall be required in connection with the application for such nongroup coverage but any health exception, limitation or exclusion applicable to said former spouse under the prior coverage may, at the option of the corporation, be carried over to the new nongroup coverage.
(c) The effective date of the new coverage shall be the day following the date on which such former spouse's coverage under the prior certificate or contract terminated.
(d) The benefits provided under the nongroup coverage issued to such former spouse shall be at least equal to the basic benefits provided in contracts then being issued by the corporation to new nongroup applicants of the same age and family status.

Family type contracts shall provide that the services applicable for children shall be payable with respect to a newly-born child of the subscriber, or his or her spouse from the moment of birth. The services for newly-born children shall consist of coverage of injury or sickness including the necessary care and treatment of medically diagnosed congenital defects and abnormalities. If a subscription payment is required to provide services for a child, the contract may require that notification of birth of a newly-born child and the required payment must be furnished to the service corporation within 31 days after the date of birth in order to have the coverage continue beyond such 31-day period.

Nonfamily type contracts which provide for services to the subscriber but not to family members or dependents of that subscriber, shall also provide services to newly-born children of the subscriber which shall commence with the moment of birth of ${ }^{\text {** }}$
** Leach child and shall consist of coverage of injury or sickness including the necessary care and treatment of medically diagnosed congenital defects and abnormalities, provided that application therefor and payment of the required subscription amount are made to include in said contract the coverage described in the preceding paragraph of this section within 31 days from the date of birth of a newborn child.
[A contract under which coverage of a dependent of a subscriber terminates at a specified age shall, with respect to Coverage of an unmarried child, covered by the contract prior to attainment of age 19 , who is incapable of self-sustaining employment by reason of mental retardation or physical handicap and who became so incapable prior to attainment of age 19 and who is chiefly dependent upon such subscriber for support and maintenance, shall not [so] terminate while the contract remains in force and the dependent remains in such condition, if the subscriber has within 31 days of such dependent's attainment of the termination age submitted proof of such dependent's incapacity as described herein. The foregoing provisions of this paragraph shall not apply retrospectively or prospectively to require a hospital service corporation to insure as a covered dependent any mentally retarded or physically handicapped child of the applicant where the contract is underwritten on evidence of insurability based on health factors required to be set forth in the application. In such cases any contract heretofore or hereafter issued may specifically exclude such mentally retarded or physically handicapped child from coverage.

Every inclividual contract entered into by any such corporation with any subscriber thereto shall be in writing and a certificate stating the terms and conditions thereof shall be furnished to the subscriber to be kept by him. No such certificate form shall be made, issued or delivered in this State unless it contains the following provisions:
(a) A statement of the contract rate, or amount payable to the corporation by or on behalf of the subscriber for the original quarter-annual period of coverage and of the time or times at which, and the manner in which, such amount is to be paid; and a provision requiring 30 days' written notice to the subscriber before any change in the contract, including a change in the amount of subscription rate, shall take effect;
(b) A statement of the nature of the services to be furnished 102 and the period during which they will be furnished; and if there 103 are any services to be excepted, a detailed statement of such 104 exceptions printed as hereinafter specified; $\mathbf{]}^{* *}$
$105{ }^{* *}$ [(c) A statement of the terms and conditions, if any, upon 106 which the contract may be amended on approval of the commissioner 107 or canceled or otherwise terminated at the option of either party.
108 Any notice to the subscriber shall be [effective if] sent by mail to 109 the subscriber's address as shown at the time on the plan's record, 110 except that, in the case of persons for whom payment [of the con111 tract] under their contracts is made through a remitting agent, 112 [any such] notice [to the subscriber shall also be effective if a 113 personalized notice is] may be sent to the remitting agent [for 114 delivery to the subscriber], in which case it shall be the responsi115 bility of the remitting agent to [make such delivery] notify the 116 subscriber. The notice [to the subscriber as] herein required shall 117 be sent at least 30 days before the amendment, cancellation or 118 termination of the contract takes effect. Any rider or endorsement 119 accompanying such notice, and amending the rates or other provi120 sions of the contract, shall be deemed to be a part of the contract 121 as of the effective date of such rider or endorsement;
122 (d) A statement that the contract includes the endorsements 123 thereon and attached papers, if any, and contains the entire con124 tract for services;
125 (e) A statement that no statement by the subscriber in his appli126 cation for a contract shall avoid the contract or be used in any legal 127 proceeding thereunder, unless such application or an exact copy 128 thereof is included in or attached to such contract, and that no
129 agent or representative of such corporation, other than an officer or
130 officers designated therein, is authorized to change the contract 131 or waive any of its provisions;
132 (f) A statement that if the subscriber defaults in making any 133 payment under the contract, the subsequent acceptance of a pay134 ment by the corporation or by one of its duly authorized agents
135 shall reinstate the contract, but with respect to sickness and injury
136 may cover such sickness as may be first manifested more than 10 137 days after the date of such acceptance;
138 (g) A statement of the period of grace which will be allowed the 139 subscriber for making any payment due under the contract. Such 140 period shall be not less than 10 days.
141 In every such contract made, issued or delivered in this State:
142 (a) All printed portions shall be plainly printed in type of which 143 the face is not smaller than 10 point;
144 (b) There shall be a brief description of the contract on its first 145 page and on its filing back in type of which the face is not smaller 146 than 14 point; $\mathbf{1}^{* *}$
**[(c) The exceptions of the contract shall appear with the same 148 prominence as the benefits to which they apply; and
149 (d) If the contract contains any provision purporting to make 150 any portion of the articles, constitution or bylaws of the corpora-
151 tion a part of the contract, such portion shall be set forth in full.
*[2.]* *35.* Section 2 of P. L. 1964, c. 104 (C. $17: 48-6.1$ ) is amended to read as follows:
2. A hospital service corporation may issue to a policyholder a group contract, covering at least [10] two employees or members at the date of issue, if it conforms to the following description:
(a) A contract issued to an employer or to the trustees of a fund established by one or more employers, or issued to a labor union, or issued to an association formed for purposes other than obtaining such contract, or issued to the trustees of a fund established by one or more labor unions, or by one or more employers and one or more labor unions, covering employees and members of associations or labor unions.
(b) A contract issued to cover any other group which the Commissioner of Insurance determines may be covered in accordance with sound underwriting principles.

Benefits may be provided for one or more members of the families or one or more dependents of persons who may be covered under a group contract referred to in (a) or (b) above.
Family type contracts shall provide that the services applicable for children shall be payable with respect to a newly-born child of the subscriber, or his or her spouse from the moment of birth. The services for newly-born children shall consist of coverage of injury or sickness including the necessary care and treatment of medically diagnosed congenital defects and abnormalities. If a subscription payment is required to provide services for a child, the contract may require that notification of birth of a newly-born child and the required payment must be furnished to the service corporation within 31 days after the date of birth in order to have the coverage continue beyond such 31-day period. Group contracts which provide for services to the subscriber but not to family members or dependents of that subscriber, other than contracts which provide no dependent coverage whatsoever for the subscriber's class, shall also provide services to newly-born children of the subscriber which shall commence with the moment of birth of each child and shall consist of coverage of injury or sickness including the necessary care and treatment of medically diagnosed congenital defects and abnormalities, provided that application therefor and payment of the required subscription amount are made $\mathbf{J}^{* *}$
**[to include in said contract the coverage described in the preceding paragraph of this section within 31 days from the date of birth of a newborn child.
[A contract under which coverage of such a dependent terminates at a specified age shall, with respect to Coverage of an unmarried child, covered by the contract prior to attainment of age 19, who is incapable of self-sustaining employment by reason of mental retardation or physical handicap and who became so incapable prior to attainment of age 19 and who is chiefly dependent upon the covered employee or member for support and maintenance, shall not [so] terminate while the coverage of the employee or member remains in force and the dependent remains in such conditions, if the employee or member has within 31 days of such dependent's attainment of the termination age submitted proof of such dependent's incapacity as described herein. The foregoing provisions of this paragraph shall not apply retrospectively or prospectively to require a hospital service corporation to insure as a covered dependent any mentally retarded or physically handicapped child of the applicant where the contract is underwritten on evidence of insurability based on health factors required to be set forth in the application. In such cases any contract beretofore or hereafter issued may specifically exclude such mentally retarded or physically handicapped child from coverage.

Any group contract which contains provisions for the payment by the insurer of benefits for members of the family or dependents of a person in the insured group shall provide that, subject to payment of the appropriate premium, such family members or dependents be permitted to have coverage continued for at least 180 days after the death of the person in the insured group.

The contract may provide that the term "employees" shall include as employees of a single employer the employees of one or more subsidiary corporations and the employees, individual proprietors and partners of affiliated corporations, proprietorships and partnerships if the business of the employer and such corporations, proprietorships or partnerships is under common control through stock ownership, contract or otherwise. The contract may provide that the term "employees" shall include the individual proprietor or partners of an individual proprietorship or a partnership. The contract may provide that the term "employees" shall include retired employees. A contract issued to trustees may provide that the term "employees" shall include the trustees or their employees, or both, if their duties are principally connected with such trusteeship. A contract issued to the trustees of a fund]**
** [established by the members of an association o: employers may provide that the term "employees" shall include the employees of the association.
*[3.]* *36.* Section 2 of P. L. 1940, c. 74 (C. $17: 48 \mathrm{~A}-2$ ) is amended to read as follows:
2. No medical service corporation shall be converted into a corporation organized for pecuniary profit. Every such corporation shall be operated for the benefit of the subscribers. [No person shall be elected a trustee of any medical service corporation unless his nomination has been approved by a recognized medical society or professional medical organization having not less than 2,000 members holding licenses to practice medicine and surgery pursuant to chapter 9 , Title 45 , of the Revised Statutes, and which has been incorporated for a period of not less than 10 years.] No medical service corporation shall impose any restrictions on physicians who administer to its subscribers as to methods of diagnosis or treatment. The private relationship of physician and patient shall be maintained and the subscriber shall at all times be free to choose either a doctor of medicine, doctor of chiropractic or any other participating physician. No person, firm, association or corporation other than a medical service corporation or a health service corporation established pursuant to P. L. ...., c. ... (C. ........) (now pending before the Legislature as *[Assembly Bill No. 2883 of 1984 $\mathbf{1}^{*}$ *this bill*) shall establish, maintain or operate a medical service plan or any other means, agency or device for contracting with persons to pay for or to provide for medical services on the basis of premiums or other valuable considerations to be collected by such person, firm, association or corporation from such persons for the issue of such contracts; provided, that this section shall not be construed as preventing the exercise of any authority or privilege granted to any corporation by any certificate of authority issued by the Commissioner of Insurance pursuant to any law of this State; and provided further, that this section shall not be construed as preventing any person, firm, association or corporation from furnishing medical services required under any [workmen's] workers' compensation law or *[statute]* *law* pertaining to health maintenance organizations*, or as otherwise provided by law*. A medical service corporation may organize, alone or in combination with a hospital service corporation, a health service corporation. No medical service corporation shall solicit subscribers or enter into any contract with any subscriber until it has received from the Commissioner of Insurance a certificate of authority to do so.]**
**[ [4.]* *37.* Section 6 of P. L. 1940, c. 74 (C. $17: 48 A-6$ ) is amended to read as follows:
6. Every individual contract entered into by any such corporation with any subscriber shall be in writing and a certificate stating the terms and conditions thereof shall be furnished to the subscriber. No such subscription certificate shall be issued or delivered by any medical service corporation of this State unless it contains the following provisions:
(a) A statement of the amounts payable to the corporation by the subscriber and the times at which and the manner in which such amounts shall be paid; and a provision requiring one month's written notice to the subscriber before termination or cancellation of the contract or any change in the contract, including a change of subscription rate, shall take effect;
(b) A statement of the nature of the medical services to be paid for and the period during which the certificate is effective; and if there are any types of medical services to be excepted, or for which benefits are limited, a detailed statement of such exceptions and limitations printed as hereinafter specified;
(c) A statement of the terms or conditions, if any, upon which the certificate may be canceled or otherwise terminated at the option of either party. Any notice to the subscriber shall be [effective if] sent by mail to the subscriber's address as shown at the time on the plan's records, except that, in the case of persons for whom payment is made through a remitting agent, [any such] notice [to the subscriber shall also be effective if a personalizer notice is] may be sent to the remitting agent [for delivery to the subscriber 1 , in which case it shall be the responsibility of the remitting agent to [make such dolivery】 notify the subscriber. The notice [to the subscriber as] herein required shall be sent at least 30 days before the amendment, cancellation or termination of the contract takes effect. Any rider or endorsement accompanying such notice, and amending the rates or other provisions of the contract, shall be deemed to be a part of the contract as of the effective date of such rider or endorsement;
(d) A statement that the subscription certificate constitutes the contract between the corporation and the subscriber and includes the endorsements thereon and attached papers, if any, and contains the entire contract;
(e) A statement that no statement by the subscriber in his application for a certificate shall avoid the contract or be used in any legal proceeding thereunder, unless such application or an exact copy thereof is included in or attached to the certificate, and that ${ }^{* *}$
**Lno anent or representative of such corporation, other than an officer or officers designated in the certificate, is authorized to change the contract or waive any of its provisions;
(f) A statement that if the subscriber defaults in making any payment under the certificate, the subsequent acceptance of a payment by the corporation or by one of its duly authorized agents shall reinstate the certificate, but with respect to sickness and injury may cover only such sickness and injury as may be first manifested more than a specified number of days, not exceeding 10, after the date of such acceptance;
(g) A statement of a period of grace which will be allowed the subseriber for making any payment due under the contract. Such period shall not be less than 10 days;
(h) A statement that indemnity in the form of cash will not be paid to any subscriber except in payment for medical services for which the corporation was liable at the time of such payment.

Any such subscription certificate may contain a provision that all medical services paid for by a medical service corporation shall be in accordance with the accepted medical practices in the community at the time, but the corporation shall not be liable for injuries resulting from negligence, misfeasance, malfeasance- non, feasance or malpractice on the part of any officer or employee or on the part of any plysician in the course of rendering medical services to subscribers.
Any medical service corporation may classify subscribers whereby under specified circumstances a subscriber or covered dependents may pay a participating physician for medical services an amount in addition to that payable by the corporation for medical services and the subscription certificate issued to any subscriber affected thereby shall contain the provisions thereof and shall specify such circumstances.
"[5.] **38." Section 1 of P. L. 1964, c. 105 (C. $17: 48 \mathrm{~A}-7.1$ ) is amended to read as follows:

1. A medical service corporation may issue to a policyholder a group contract, covering at least [10] two employees or members at the date of issue, if it conforms to the following description:
(a) A contract issued to an employer or to the trustees of a fund established by one or more employers, or issued to a labor union, or issued to an association formed for purposes other than obtaining such contract, or issued to the trustees of a fund established by one or more labor unions or by one or more employers and one or more labor unions, covering employees and members of associations or labor unions.]**
**[(b) A contract issued to cover any other group which the Commissioner of Insurance (hereinafter called the commissioner) determines may be covered in accordance with sound underwriting principles.

Benefits may be provided for one or more members of the families or one or more depenclents of persons who may be covered under a group contract referred to in (a) or (b) above.

Family type contracts sball provide that the services applicable for children shall be payable with respect to a newly-born child of the subscriber, or his or her spouse from the moment of birth. The services for newly-born children shall consist of coverage of injury or sickness including the necessary care and treatment of medically diagnosed congenital defects and abnormalities. If a subscription payment is required to provide services for a child, the contract may require that notification of birth of a newly-born child and the required payment must be furnished to the service corporation within 31 days after the date of birth in order to have the coverage continue beyond such 31-day period.

Group contracts which provide for services to the subscriber but not to family members or dependents of that subscriber, other than contracts which provide no dependent coverage whatsoever for the subscriber's class, shall also provide services to newly-born children of the subscriber which shall commence with the moment of birth of each child and shall consist of coverage of injury or sickness including the necessary care and treatment of medically diagnosed congenital defects and abnormalities, provided that application therefor and payment of the required subscription amount are made to include in said contract the coverage described in the preceding paragraph of this section within 31 days from the date of birth of a newborn child.
[A contract under which coverage of such a dependent terminates at a specified age shall, with respect to Coverage of an unmarried child, covered by the contract prior to attainment of the age 19 , who is incapable of self-sustaining employment by reason of mental retardation or physical handicap and who became so incapable prior to attainment of age 19 and who is chiefly dependent upon the covered employee or member for support and maintenance, shall not [so] terminate while the coverage of the employee or member remains in force and the dependent remains in such condition, if the employee or member has within 31 days of such dependent's attainment of the termination age submitted proof of such dependent's incapacity as described herein. The foregoing provisions $55-56$ of this paragraph shall apply retrospectively or prospectively]**
**[to require a medical service corporation to insure as a covered dependent any mentally retarded or physically handicapped child of the applicant where the contract is underwritten on evidence of insurability based on health factors required to be set forth in the application. In such cases any contract heretofore or hereafter issued may specifically exclude such mentally retarded or physically handicapped child from coverage.

Any group contract which contains provisions for the payment by the insurer of henefits for members of the family or dependents of a person in the insured group shall, subject to payment of the appropriate premium, provide that such family members or dependents be permitted to have coverage continued for at least 180 days after the death of the person in the insured group.

The contract may provide that the term "employees" shall include as employees of a single employer the employees of one or more subsidiary corporations and the employees, individual proprietors and partners of affiliated corporations, proprietorships and partnerships if the business of the employer and such corporations, proprietorships or partnerships is under common control through stock ownership, contract or otherwise. The contract may provide that the term "employees" shall include the individual proprictor or partners of an individual proprietorship or a partnership. The contract may provide that the term "employees" shall include retired employees. A contract issued to trustees may provide that the term "employees" shall include the trustees or their employees, or both, if their duties are principally connected with such trusteeship. A contract issued to the trustees of a fund established by the members of an association of employers may provide that the term "employees" shall include the employees of the association.
*[6.]* *39.* Section 14 of P. L. 1940, c. 74 (C. $17: 48 \mathrm{~A}-14$ ) is amended to read as follows:
14. The funds of any medical service corporation may be invested only in accordance with the requirements now or hereafter provided by law for the investment of funds of life insurance companies. Every medical service corporation after thte first full calendar year of doing business after the effective date of this chapter, shall accumulate and maintain a special contingent surplus over and above its reserves and liabilities at the rate of two per centum ( $2 \%$ ) annually of its net premium income until such surplus shall be not less than one hundred thousand dollars ( $\$ 100,000.00$ ) [except that no such corporation shall be required to maintain a special contingent surplus exceeding fifty-five per]**
**[centum ( $5 \tilde{5} \%$ ) of its average annual premium income for the previous five years]. Thereafter for any subsequent calendar year, a special contingent surplus shall be maintained at $21 / 2 \%$ of the net preanium income received during that year as determined by reference to the statement of financial condition filed pursuant to section 15 of P. L. 1940, c. "t (C. $17: 48 \mathrm{~A}-15$ ). The special contingent surplus as herein provided shall be contributed to by each of the following two categories: (a) community rated, excluding open enrollment and conversion groups; and (b) experience rated subscribers, in ratio that the net premium income of each category bears to the total net premium income of the corporation and by contributions from the category that gives rise to a diminution of the surplus required to be mainiained under this act. Whenever it shall appear that the special contingent surplus has deviated from the amount required to be maintained by more than $2 \%$ of the aggregate amount of the net premium income received during that year, the commissioner shall approve and promulgate a plan reasonably calculated to return the special contingent surplus to the umount required to be muintained within two years from the date of implementation of the plan specified above. Approval and promulgation of the plan by the commissioner shall not abrogate the responsilitities of corporate officers with regard to the reporting of financial condition pursuant to section 15 of (C. 17:48A-15).]**
**1. As used in this act:
a. "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Insurance.
b. "Board" and "board of directors" means the board of directors of the health service corporation.
c. "Elective surgical procedure" means any nonemergency surgical procedure which may be scheduled at the convenience of the patient or the surgeon without jeopardizing the patient's life or causing serious impairment to the patient's bodily functions.
d. "Eligible physician" means a physician licensed to practice medicine and surgery who holds the rank of Diplomate of an American Board (M. D.) or Certified Specialist (D. O.) in the surgical or medical specialty for which surgery is proposed.
e. "Health service corporation" means a health service corporation established pursuant to the provisions of this act which is organized, without capital stock and not for proft, for the purpose of (1) establishing, maintaining and operating a nonprofit health service plan and (2) supplying services in connection with (a) the providing of health care or (b) conducting the business of insurance as provided for in this act.
f. "Health service plan" means a plan under which contracts are
issued paviding complete or partial prepayment or postpayment of health care services and supplies eligible under the contracts for a given period to persons covered under the contract where arrangements are made for payment for health care services and supplies directly to the provider thereof or to a covered person under those contracts.
g. "Hospital service corporation" means a hospital service corporation established pursuant to the provisions of P. L. 1938, c. 366 (C. 17:48-1 et seq.).
h. "Medical service corporation" means a medical service corporction established pursuant to the provisions of P. L. 1940, c. 74. (C. 17:48A-1 et seq.).
i. "Pronider of health care services" shall include, but not be limited to ( 1 ) a health service corporation, a hospital service corporation or medical service corporation; (2) a hospital or health care facility under contract with a health service corporation to provide health care services or supplies to persons who become subscribers under contracts with the health service corpoiation; (3) a hospital or health care facility which is maintained by a state or any of its political subdivisions; (4) a hospital or health care facility liceinsed by the Department of Health; (5) other hospitals or health care facilities, as designated by the Department of Health to provide health care services; (6) a registered nursing home. providing convalescent care; (7) a nonprofit voluntary visiting nurse organization providing health care services other than in a hospital; (8) hospitals or other health care facilities located in other states, which are subject to the supervision of those states, which if located in this State, would be eligible to be licensed or designated by the Department of Health; (9) nonprofit hospital, medical or health service plans of other states approved by the commissioner; (10) physicians licensed to practice medicine and surgery; (11) licensed chiropractors; (12) licensed dentists; (13) licensed optometrists; (14) licensed pharmacists; (15) licensed chiropodists; (16) registered bio-analytical laboratories; (17) licensed psychologists; (18) registered physical therapists; (19) ceriified nurse-midwives; (20) registered professional nurses; (21) licensed health maintenance organizations; and (22) providers of other similar health care services or supplies as are approved by the commissioner.
j. "Second surgical opinion" meaws an opinion of an eligible physician based on that physician's examination of a person for the purpose of evaluating the medical advisability of that person under-
going an elective surgical procedure, but prior to the performance of the surgical procedure.
k. "Subscriber" means a person to whom a subscription certificate is issued by a health service corporation, and the term shall also include "policyholder," "member," or "employer" under a group contract where the context requires.
2. a. A health service corporation may be established:
(1) By incorporating and obtaining a certificate of authority in accordance with the provisions of this act; or
(2) By the merger of a hospital service corporation and a medical service corporation.
b. A health service corporation shall be incorporated under and shall conduct its business pursuant to the provisions of Title 15A of the New Jersey Statutes, except that where the provisions of that title are inconsistent with the provisions of this act, the provisions of this act shall govern.
3. a. No health service corporation shall be established as a corporation organized for pecuniary profit. Every health service corporation established pursuant to the provisions of this act shall be operated for the benefit of its subscribers.
b. No person, firm, association or corporation, other than a health service corporation or an insurance company authorized to transact life or health insurance in accordance with Title $17 B$ of the New Jersey Statutes shall establish, maintain or operate a health service plan. No person, firm, association or corporation other than a hospital service corporation, a medical service corporation, a dental service corporation to the extent permitted by P. L. 1968, c. 305 (C. 17:48C-1 et seq.), or an insurance company authorized to transact life or health insurance business or the kinds of insurance specified in subsection (d) of R.S.17:17-1, shall otherwise contract in this State with persons to pay for or to provide for health services on the basis of premiums or other valuable considerations to be collected by the person, firm, association or corporation from any persons for the issuance of the contracts. This section shall not be construed as preventing the exercise of any authority or privilege granted to any corporation by a certificate of authority issued by the commissioner pursuant to any law of this State, or as preventing any person, firm, association or corporation from furnishing health services required under any workers' compensation law, or law pertaining to health maintenance organizations, or as otherwise provided by law.
c. A health service corporation shall, unless prohibited by the commissioner, offer as an option medical-surgical contracts and less.
dental subscriber contracts which afford subscribers prepaid or postpaid benefits pursuant to which payment is made to participating providers for medical-surgical and dental services rendered by a participating provider network with agreements granting an aggregate differential allowance or discount on charges, as well as a limit on total allowances which may or may not be related to the subscriber's income level, where the aggregate differential or discount on charges and limit on total allowances may be achieved by payment of either the individual provider's actual charge or the health service corporation's allowance on the charge, whichever is
d. A health service corporation shall, unless the commissioner otherwise directs, maintain a continuous open enrollment period, providing coverage to persons who are otherwise unable to obtain hospital, medical-surgical, or major medical coverage.
e. No health service corporation shall have the power, directly or through a subsidiary or affiliate, to underwrite life insurance as defined in Title 17B of the New Jersey Statutes.
$f$. No health service corporation shall solicit subscribers or enter into any contract with any subscriber until it has received from the commissioner a certificate of authority to do so, but if a health service corporation is established by means of the merger of a medical service corporation into a hospital service corporation, which hospital service corporation possesses a valid certificate of authority issued prior to the effective date of this act, the health service corporation thus established need not reapply for a new certificate of authority, but the corporation shall file in the Department of Insurance any documents relating to the merger which the commissioner may require.
g. Nothing in this act shall be deemed to prohibit a health service corporation from contracting with, or paying commissions to, any duly licensed affiliated or independent insurance agent or broker, to the extent permitted by the laws applicable to those agents or brokers.
4. a. A health service corporation, other than a health service corporation which is formed as the result of a merger of a medical service corporation and a hospital service corporation, which seeks a certificate of authority shall file in the Department of Insurance a certified copy of its certificate of incorporation, a copy of its bylaws and a statement of its financial condition in the form and detail required by the commissioner, signed and sworn to by its president and secretary or other proper officers. The certificate of authority shall be issued if the commissioner is satisfied, on the
basis of examination or otherwise, that the health service corporation has complied with the requirements of this act, that its condition or methods of operation are not such as would render its operations hazardous to the public or to its subscribers, and that the issuance of the certificate of authority would not be contrary to the public interest. No change in, amendment to, alteration in, addition to, or substitution for any document, instrument; or other paper so filed shall become operative or effective until it shall also have been filed in the manner required by this section. No certificate of authority shall be issucd to any health service corporation not incorporated under the laws of this State.
b. No certificate of authority shall be issued to any health service corporation except on receipt of evidence by the commissioner that the corporation is in possession of unencumbered funds of not less than $\$ 1,250,000.00$ to be held in cash or in a federally insured depository institution to the credit of the corporation.
c. No certificate of authority shall be issued to any health service, corporation and no health service corporation which is established as a result of a merger of a hospital service corporation and a medical service corporation shall commence business unless the: board of directors of the corporation is constituted in accordance with the provisions of this act.
5. Upon the merger of a medical service corporation into "b hospital service corporation, the surviving corporation shall qualify as a health service corporation, and the surviving corporation need not obtain a new charter or certificate of authority to act as a health service corporation, provided that:
a. The board of directors of the surviving corporation is constituted pursuant to the provisions of section 6 of this act; and
b. The certificate of incorporation of the hospital service corporation is amended, within 30 days of the merger, in accordance with the provisions of this act; and
c. The bylaws of the hospital service corporation are amended, within 30 days of the merger, in accordance with the provisions of this act; and
d. Evidence of compliance with subsections a., b., and c. of this section is filed with the Commissioner of Insurance.
6. The board of a health service corporation which is formed as the result of a merger between a medical service corporation and a hospital service corporation shall be composed of 32 members. Initially, after the merger has been effected, the board shall be constituted as follows:
a. Eight members of the board shall be public members, who
shall be appointed by the Governor. The public members so appointed shall be persons whose background and experience indicate that they are qualified to act in the broad public interest, who may or may not have coverage under a contract or contracts issued by the corporation, its subsidiaries or afjiliates, and who, or whose spouse or ninor children, are not officers, directors or owners of more than $10 \%$ of the stock of a corporation whose aggregate sales to hospitals, other health care facilities or other providers of health care services exceed $5 \%$ of its total sales. Of the remaining members, seventeen shall be selected by the board of directors of the merging hospital service corporation from among its members, and seven shall be selected by the board of directors of the merging medical service corporation from among its member's.
b. Of the iniiial members of the board, as provided for in subsection a. of this section, tuo members appointed by the Governor, five members of the board of the merging hospital service corporation, and two members of the board of the merging medical service corporation shall serve for a term of one yeur; three menbers appointed by the Governor, five nembers of the board of the merginy hospital service corporation and two meinbers of the board of the merging medical service corporation shall serve for a term of two years; and three members appointed by the Governor, seven members of the board of the merging hospital service corporation and three members of the board of the merging medical service corporation shall serve for a term of three years. Thereafter, all members of the board shall serve for a term of three years, and shall hold office until their successors are elected and qualified.
c. After the constitution of the initial board as provided in subsection b. of this section, and as the initial terms expire as provided for in that section, the board shall be constituted as follows:
(1) All of the public members of the board shall be appointed by the Governor;
(2) Twenty-four of the members shall be elected by the board of directors, as provided in the bylaws.
$d$. The provisions of subsection $c$. of this section shall not be construed to preclude the reappointment or reelection of any member appointed or elected pursuant to subsection a. of this section.
7. The board of directors of a health service corporation which is established in accordance with paragraph (1) of subsection a. of section 2 of this act shall have eight public members appointed by the Governor and 24 members elected as provided in the bylaws.
8. Within 10 days after a vacancy in the board of directors of a health service corporation has occurred, the corporation shall notify
the commissioner in writing that a vacancy exists. If the vacancy is in one of the positions on the board which has been appointed by the Governor, the commissioner shall so notify the Governor, who shall appoint a candidate to serve for the remaining term. If the vacancy occurs in a position which is elected by the board, the vacancy shall be filled in accordance with the bylaws. Not more than 10 days after the selection of a person by the board to fill the vacancy, the corporation shall furnish, in writing, the following information to the commissioner: the name and address of the person so elected; whether the person is representative of the participating providers of health care services of the corporation, and is qualified to serve under the provisions of this act. If the commissioner finds, after a hearing, that the composition of the board of directors of the health service corporation, with respect to the members elected by the board, is not in compliance with the provisions of this act, he may direct that the board be reconstituted in accordance with his findings.
9. The board of directors of a health service corporation may, by resolution, elect an executive committee of the board, one fourth of which shall be members appointed by the Governor. Vacancies in the executive committee shall be filled by the board of directors in accordance with the bylaws.

To the extent provided in the resolution of the board, or in the bylaws, the executive committee shall have and may exercise all the authority of the board, except that no executive committee shall:
a. Make, alter or repeal any bylaw of the corporation;
b. Elect or appoint any director, or remove any officer or director;
c. Submit to members any action that requires members' approval; or
d. Amend or repeal any resolution previously adopted by the board.
10. a. A health sexvice corporation may enter into agreements with providers of health care services whereby the providers become participating providers of health care services of that health service plan. Copies of agreements proposed to be entered into with participating physicians shall be fled with the commissioner. Every agreement shall pravide: (1) for coverage of eligible health care services rendered to subscribers and covered dependents to the end of the subscription certificate year; (2) that 30 days' written notice of termination of the agreement may be given to the health service corporation at any time by any participating provider of health care services, but shall not apply to any subscription
certificate in force at the time of notice until the first date thereafter when the subscription cestificate may properly be terminated by the health service corporation; and (3) that the agreement of the provider of health care services to render services to the end of any certificate year shall not be affected by cessation of the transaction of business by the health service corporation. This requirement shall not apply to any subscription certificate which is not maintained in force by the payment of premiums required thereby.
b. A participating provider of health care services is one who agrees in writing to render health care services to or for persons covered by a contract or contracts issued by a health service corporation in return for which the health service corporation agrees to make payment directly to the participating provider. No person or facility shall become a participating provider of health care services unless he or it shall be legally authorized to provide health care services or supplies in this State. The board shall approve reimbursement rates paid to physicians.
c. A health service corporation may enter into agreements with other similar nonprofit health service corporations, hospital service corporations, or medical service corporations licensed under the laws of other states to provide for reciprocal payment of health care services to their respective subscribers and covered dependents rendered in the area served by the other corporation, provided that payments to participating physicians shall be at a rate not exceeding the same rate paid participating physicians under the certificate of the subscriber.
d. A health service corporation may establish criteria and standards for providers of health care services with which it desires to contract, and may establish its own contracting criteria for the providers as it shall determine, but contractual rates of payment to any hospital or health care facility shall be approved as to reasonableness by the Hospital Rate Setting Commission pursuant to section 18 of P.L. 1971, c. 136 (C. 26:2H-18). The maximum rate of payment to eligible hospitals and institutions not under contract with the health service corporation shall not exceed those hospitals' or institutions' regular charges to the general public for the same services and shall be set forth in the certificate issued by the health service corporation to any subscriber. The basis and extent of payment, if any, by the health service corporation under agreenent with nowprofit hospital service, medical service, or health service plans of other states shall be subject to the approval of the commissioner.
e. Any dispute arising between a health service corporation and
any provider of health care services with which the health service corporation has a contract for provision of health care services may be submitted to the commissioner for his determination with respect thereto, which determination shall be subject to review by the Superior Court in a proceeding in lieu of prerogative writ pursuant to section 43 of this act.
11. a. There is created a Professional Advisory Committee which shall be elected by the directors in a manner provided by the bylaws, which shall advise and make recommendations to the board with respect to professional practice and health care issues, including, but not limited to, (1) the eligibility of and reimbursement for medical, surgical, or other health, care procedures or services; and (2) the establishing of guidelines for the utilization of health care services and procedures.
b. The advisory committee created pursuant to subsection a. of this section shall be composed of at least five physicians, of whom not less than two shall also be directors, and all of whom shall be participating providers. In the case of a merger of a hospital service corporation and a medical service corporation, the initial advisory committee shall be elected by the board of the merging medical service corporation. Thereafter, all members of the advisory committee shall be elected by the directors, in a manner provided by the bylaws.
12. In any contract entered into by a health service corporation, which includes coverage for health care services provided by a physician, coverage shall be decmed to include health care services provided by a registered bio-analytic laboratory or physical therapist, a certified nurse-midwife, a registered professional nurse, or a licensed chiropodist, dentist, optometrist, psychologist or chiropractor when the provider performs an eligible service within the scope of his practice and for which he is not being compensated by a hospital or other health care facility. The practices of the providers of health care services shall be deemed to be within the provisions of this act and the providers shall have the privileges and benefits in the scope of their practice under this act afforded hereunder to other approved providers of health care services in the scope of their practices.
13. No health service corporation shall enter into any contract with a subscriber unless it has filed with the commissioner a copy of the contract or certificate and copies of all applications, riders, and endorsements for use in connection with the issuance or renewal thereof. If the commissioner at any time notifies the corporation of his disapproval of any form as being contrary to
law, or as being oppressive or calculated to mislead the public, specifying particulars, it shall be unlawful for the corporation thereafter to issue the form which has been disapproved.
14. In every individual contract made, issued or delivered in this State:
a. All printed portions shall be plainly printed in type of which the face is not smaller than 10 point;
b. There shall be a brief description of the contract on its first page and on its filing back in type of wioch the face is not smaller than 14 point;
c. The exceptions of the contract shall appear with the same prominence as the benefits to which they apply; and
d. If the contract contains any provision purporting to make any portion of the articles, constitution or bylaws of the corporation a part of the contract, that portion shall be set forth in full.
15. A health service corporation may classify subscribers whereby under specified circumstances a subscriber or covered dependents may pay a participating provider of health care services an amount in addition to that payable by the corporation for those services, and the subscription certificate issued to any subscriber affected thereby shall contain the provisions thereof and shall specify the circumstances.
16. a. A health service corporation of this State may, (1) with the participation of any other corporation licensed pursuant to Title 17 of the Revised Statutes, Title $17 B$ of the New Jersey Statutes, or P. L. 1973, c. 337 (C. $26: 2 J-1$ et seq.), or licensed pursuant to similar statutes of other states, jointly issue individual or group contracts for health care and other benefits, including complete employee welfare and other employee benefit programs, or (2) with the participation of any other corporation, jointly enter into contracts to provide or receive services in connection with the providing of health care or conducting the business of insurance in accordance with the provisions of this act or as permitted by the commissioner. The commissioner may establish any nonforfeiture requirements or reserve requirements as he deems necessary. Agreements between a health service corporation and other corporations pursuant to this section may provide for experience rating, if the experience rating is done on an equitable basis between the health service corporation and the other corporations; or for a sharing, except with respect to life insurance as defined in N. J. S. 17B:17-3, of the premium, claims, and expenses by the participating corporations; or subject to regulation by the commissioner, for acceptance or ceding of the whole or portions of risks
on a reinsurance basis, except that a health service corporation may not accept risks on a reinsurance basis which it may not accept on a primary basis pursuant to its powers as a health service corporation, and may not, under any circumstances, act as a reinsurer of life insurance. Agreements made pursuant to this section shall be fled with and approved by the commissioner before becoming effective.
b. In the case of any joint venture for the sale of insurance with other than an insurer or hospital or medical service corporation licensed to do business in this or any other state, the other partner or partners in the venture shall be licensed to sell insurance as agents pursuant to Title $17 B$ of the New Jersey Statutes.
17. a. No health service corporation shall during any one year disburse more than $10 \%$ of the aggregate amount of the payments received from subscribers during that year as expenditures for the soliciting of subscribers, except that during the first year after the issuance of a certificate of authority a health service corporation may so disburse not more than $20 \%$ of that amount and during the second year not more than $15 \%$.
b. No health service corporation shall, during any one year, disburse a sum greater than $20 \%$ of the payments received from subscribers during that year as administrative expenses. The term "administrative expenses," as used in this section shall include all expenditures for nonprofessional services and in general all expenses not directly connected with the furnishing of services or benefts, but not including expenses of soliciting subscribers.
c. The funds of any health service corporation may be invested to the same extent now or hereafter permitted by law for the investment of funds of domestic life insurance companies, including investments in for-profit subsidiaries such as insurance agencies, suppliers of administrative services only, or any other subsidiaries permitted pursuant to N. J.S. $17 B: 20-4$, and for the purpose of engaging in any aspect of its business directly or through one or more subsidiaries or affiliates, except that a health service corporation may not invest in a subsidiary authorized to insure risks which the health service corporation may not insure directly pursuant to its powers as a health service corporation.
d. A health service corporation may not directly supply administrative services only, but may supply administrative services through a subsidiary or affiliate, except that no health service corporation may directly or indirectly, through a subsidiary or affiliate or otherwise, make available any provider differential under an agreement to supply administrative services only.
e. Every health service corporation, after the first full calendar year of doing business as a health service corporation; shall accumulate and maintain a special contingent surplus over and above its reserves and liabilities at the rate of $2 \%$ annually of its net premium income until that surplus is not less than $\$ 1,250,000.00$. Thereafter, for any subsequent calendar year, the special contingent surplus shall be maintained at an amount not less than $21 / 2 \%$ of the net premium income received during that year as determined by reference to the statement of financial condition filed pursuant to section 36 of this act. The commissioner may increase the amount of special contingent surplus which shall be maintained pursuant to this subsection to an amount not exceeding $5 \%$ of the net premium income received during the preceding year. This special contingent surplus shall be contributed by each of the following two categories:
(1) Community rated, excluding open enrollment and conversion groups; and
(2) Experience rated subscribers, in the ratio that the net premium income of each category bears to the total net premium income of the health service corporation and by contributions from the category that gives rise to a diminution of the surplus required to be maintained under this section. Whenever it appears that the special contingent surplus has deviated from the amount required to be maintained by more than $2 \%$ of the aggregate amount of the net premium income received during that year, the commissioner shall approve and promulgate a plan reasonably calculated to return the special contingent surplus to the amount required to be maintained, within two years from the date of implementation of the plan specified above. Approval and promulgation of the plan by the commissioner shall not abrogate the responsibilities of corporate officers with regard to the reporting of financial condition pursuant to section 36 of this act.
$f$. Nothing in subsection e. of this section or any other provision of this act shall be construed to limit the authority of the commissioner to require compliance with statutory capital, surplus or reserve requirements for a subsidiary or affiliate of a health service corporation, or for any reinsurance activities to be undertaken by a health service corporation.
18. a. Every individual contract made by a health service corporation shall provide coverage for a specified period of not less than one year, and no contract shall be made providing for the inception of coverage at a date later than one year after the actual date of the making of the contract without the prior approval of the commissioner. The contract may provide that it shall be auto-
matically renewed from year to year unless there shall have been at least 30 days' prior written notice of termination by either the subscriber or the health service corporation. In the absence of fraud or material misrepresentation in the application for a contract or for reinstatement, no contract with an individual subscriber shall be terminated by the health service corporation unless all contracts of the same type, in the same group or covering the same classification of persons are terminated under the same conditions.
b. No contract between a health service corporation and a subscriber shall entitle more than one person to coverage, except that a contract issued as a family contract may provide that coverage will be furnished to a husband and wife, or husband, wife and their dependent child or children, or the subscriber and his, or her, dependent child or children. Adult dependents of a subscriber may also be included for coverage under the contract of the subscriber.
19. Every individual contract entered into between a health service corporation and a subscriber shall be in writing and a certificate stating the terms and conditions thereof shall be furnished to the subscriber to be kept by him. No subscription certificate shall be made, issued or delivered in this State unless it contains the following provisions:
a. A statement of the contract rate, or amount payable to the health service corporation by or on behalf of the subscriber for the period of coverage and of the time or times at which, and the manner in which, the amount is to be paid; and a provision requiring 30 days' written notice to the subscriber before any change in the contract, including a change in the amount of the subscription rate, shall take effect;
b. A statement of the nature of the health services to be furnished or paid for and the period during which they will be furnished or paid for; and, if there are any services to be excepted, or any benefits to be limited, a detailed statement of the exceptions or limitations printed as hereinafter specified;
c. A statement of the terms and conditions, if any, upon which the contract may be amended on approval of the commissioner or canceled, or otherwise terminated, at the option of either party. Any notice to the subscriber shall be sent by mail to the subscriber's address as shown at the time on the health service plan's record, except that, in the case of persons for whom payment under their contracts is made through a remitting agent, notice may be sent to the remitting agent, in which case it shall be the responsibility of the remitting agent to notify the subscriber. The notice shall be sent at least 30 days before the amendment, cancellation or termina-
tion of the contract takes eff cct. A rider or endorsement accompanying the notice, and amending the rates or other provisions of the contract, shall be deemed io be a part of the contract as of the effective date of the rider or endorsement;
d. A statement that the contract includes the endorsements thereon and attached papers, if any, and contains the entire contract;
e. A statement that no statement by the subscriber in his application for a contract shall avoid the contract or be used in any legal proceeding thereunder, unless the application, or an exact copy thereof is included in or attached to the contract, and that no agent or representative of the health service corporation, other than an officer or officers designated therein, is authorized to change the contract or waive any of its provisions;
f. A siatement that if the subscriber defaults in making any payment under the contract, the subsequent acceptance of a payment by the health service corporation or by one of its duly authorized agents shall reinstate the contract, but with respect to sickness and injury may cover any sickness as may be first manifested more than 10 days after the date of the acceptance;
g. A statement of the period of grace, which shall not be less than 10 days, allowed the subscriber for making any payment due under the contraci; and
h. A contract may contain a provision that all health services furnished or paid for by a hospital service corporation shall be in accordance with the accepted medical practices in the community at the time, but the health service corporation shall not be liable for injuries resulting from negligence, misfeasance, malfeasance, nonfeasance or malpractice on the part of any provider of health care services in the course of rendering health care services to subscribers.
20. a. Family type individual contracts shall provide that the coverage applicable for children shall be payable with respect to a newly-born child of the subscriber, or his or her spouse from the moment of birth. Coverage for newly-born children shall consist of coverage of injury or sickness, including the necessary care and treatment of medically diagnosed congenital defects and abnormalities. If a subscription payment is required to provide coverage for a child, the contract may require that notification of birth of a newly-born child and the required payment must be furnished to the health service corporation within 31 days after the date of birth in order to have the coverage continue beyond such 31-day period.
b. Nonfamily type individual contracts which provide for cover-
age to the subscriber but not to family members or dependents of that subscriber shall also provide coverage to newly-born children of the subscriber which shall commence with the moment of birth of each child and shall consist of coverage of injury or sickness including the necessary care and treatment of medically diagnosed congenital abnormalities, if application therefor and payment of the required subscription amount are made to include in the contract the coverage described in subsection a. of this section within 31 days from the date of birth of a newborn child.
21. Whenever, pursuant to the provisions of an individual contract issued by a health service corporation, the former spouse of a named subscriber under a contract is no longer entitled to coverage as an eligible dependent by reason of divorce, separate coverage for the former spouse shall be made available by the health service corporation on an individual basis under the following conditions:
a. Application for coverage shall be made to the health service corporation by or on behalf of the former spouse no later than 31 days following the date his or her coverage under the prior contract terminated.
b. No new evidence of insurability shall be required in connection with the application for coverage but any health exception, limitation or exclusion applicable to the former spouse under the prior coverage may, at the option of the health service corporation, be carried over to the new coverage.
c. The effective date of the new coverage shall be the day following the date on which the former spouse's coverage under the prior contract terminated.
d. The benefits provided under the coverage offered to the former spouse shall be at least equal to the basic benefits provided in contracts then being offered by the health service corporation to new individual non-group applicants of the same age and family status.
22. Coverage of an unmarried child, covered prior to attainment of age 19 by an individual contract under which coverage terminates at a specified age, who is incapable of self-sustaining employment by reason of mental retardation or physical handicap and who became so incapable prior to attainment of age 19 and who is chiefly dependent upon the subscriber for support and maintenance, shall not terminate while the contract remains in force and the dependent remains in that condition, if the subscriber has within 31 days of the dependent's attainment of the termination age submitted proof of the dependent's incapacity as described herein. The provisions of this section shall not apply retrospectively or prospec-
tively to require a health service corporation to insure as a covered dependent any mentally retarded or physically handicapped child of the applicant where the contract is underwritten on evidence of insurability based on health faciors required to be set forth in the application. A contract heretofore or hereafter issued may, however, specifically exclude such mentally retarded or physically handicapped child from coverage.
23. a. A health service corporation may issue to a policyholder a group contract, covering at least two employees or members at the date of issue, if it conforms to the following description:
(1) A contract issued to an employer or to the trustees of a fund established by one or more employers, or issued to a labor union or to an association formed for purposes other than obiaining a group contract, or issued to the trustees of a fund established by one or more labor unions, or by one or more employers and one or more labor unions, covering employees and members of associations and labor unions; or
(2) A contract issued to cover any other group which the commissioner determines may be covered in accordance with sound underwriting principles.
b. Benefits may be provided for one or more members of the families or one or more dependents of persons who may be covered under a group contract referred to in subsections (1) or (2) of subsection a. of this section.
24. a. Every group contract entered into by a health service corporation with any policyholder shall be in writing and a contract form stating the terms and conditions thereof shall be furnished to the policyholder to be kept by him. No group contract form shall be used unless it contains the following provisions:
(1) A statement of the contract rate payable to the health service corporation by or on behalf of the policyholder for the original period of coverage, the time or times at which, and the manner in which, the contract rate due is to be paid, and the basis, if any, on which the rate may subsequently be adjusted;
(2) A provision that all contract rates due under the contract shall be paid by the policyholder, or by the designated representative of the policyholder, to the health service corporation on or before the due date thereof or within a period of grace as may be specified therein;
(3) A statement of the nature of the coverage to be provided and the period during which it will be provided, and, if there are any exclusions from coverage, a detailed statement of these exclusions;
(4) A provision that the contract, any endorsements or riders
thereto, the application of the policyholder in whose name the contract is issued, a copy of which shall be attached to the contract, and the individual applications, if any, of the employees or members shall constitute the entire contract between the parties and that all statements contained in any application for coverage shall be deemed representations and not warranties;
(5) A provision that there shall be issued to the policyholder, for delivery to the employee or member, a certificate or other document which sets forth or summarizes the essential features of the coverage including the time, place and method for making claims for benefits;
(6) A provision that all new employees or new members, as the case may be, in the groups or classes eligible for the coverage shall be added to the eligible groups or classes; and
(7) A statement of the terms and conditions, if any, upon which the contract may be terminated or amended. Any notice to the policyholder shall be effective if sent by mail to the policyholder's address as shown at the time on the corporation's records. The notice to the policyholder as herein required shall be sent at least 30 days before the termination or amendment of the contract takes effect.
b. A group contract may contain a provision that all health services furnished or paid for by a health service corporation shall be in accordance with the accepted medical practices in the community at the time, but the health service corporation shall not be liable for injuries resulting from negligence, misfeasance, malfeasance, nonfeasance or malpractice on the part of any provider of health care services in the course of rendering health care services to covered persons.
c. A health service corporation may classify employees or members under a group contract whereby under specified circumstances the employee or member or their covered dcpendents may pay a participating provider of health care services an amount in addition to that payable by the corporation for those services, and the group contract issued to the policyholder whose employees or members are affected thereby shall contain the provisions thereof and shall specify the circumstances.
25. The group contract may provide that the term "employee" shall include as employees of a single employer the employees of one or more subsidiary corporations and the employees, individual proprietors and partners of affiliated corporations, proprietorships and partnerships if the business of the employer and those corporations, proprietorships or partnerships is under common control
through stock ownership, contract or otherwise. The contract may provide that the term "employees" includes the individual proprietor or partners of an individual proprietorship or a partnership. The contract may provide that the term "employees" shall include retired employees. A contract issued to trustees may provide that the term "employees" shall include the trustees or their employees, or both, if their duties are principally connccted with the trusteeship. A contract issued to the trustees of a fund established by the members of an association of employers may provide that the term "employees" shall include the employees of the association.
26. a. A group contract, covering at least 50 employees or members, may provide for the adjustment of the rate of premium at the end of the first year or any subsequent year of insurance thereunder based on the experience thereunder both past and contemplated. No health service corporation shall use any form of experience rating plan until it shall have filed with the commissioner the formulas to be used and the classes or gronps to which they are to apply. The commissioner may disapprove the formulas or classes at any time if he finds that the rates produced thereby are excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory or that the formulas or classes are such as to prejudice the interests of persons who are eligible for coverage under contracts with the health service corporation which are not subject to experience rating.
b. Except for those rating formulas applicable to groups the employees of members of which are located in more than one state and which are underwritten in participation with other corporations of other states, no rating formula shall be approved by the commissioner, unless it provides that the experience rated groups will be assessed a reasonable community charge. A rating formula may provide for the allowance of an equitable discount in the event that the policyholder agrees to perform certain administrative and record leeeping functions in connection iwth the routine maintenance of the group account.
c. Nothing in this section shall preclude a health service corporation from incorporating in the rate formula those claim cost and utilization trend factors which it deems necessary in its discretion, so long as the rates produced are self-supporting and the formulas for classes do not prejudice the interests of persons who are eligible for coverage under contracts with the health service corporation which are not subject to experience rating.
d. For experience rated groups of 50 to 99 employees or members, the commissioner shall have the authority to determine that rates charged depart from community rates in such a way as to assure
continuity of rating principles with the community rated and experience rated groups of 100 or more.
27. No health service corporation shall issue individual or group contracts which are not experience rated until it has filed with the commissioner a full schedule of rates which are to apply to those contracts. The commissioner may disapprove the schedule at any time if he finds that the rates are excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory, and it shall be unlawful for any corporation to effect any contract according to those rates thereafter.
28. a. Family type group coverage shall provide that the coverage applicable for children shall be payable with respect to a newlyborn child of the subscriber, or his or her spouse from the moment of birth. The coverage for newly-born children shall consist of coverage of injury or sickness including the necessary care and treatment of medically diagnosed congenital defects and abnormalities. If a subscription payment is required to obtain coverage for a child, the contract may require that notification of birth of a newly-born child and the required payment shall be furnished to the health service corporation within 31 days after the date of birth in order to have the coverage continue beyond that 31-day period.
b. Non-family type group coverage, other than under contracts which provide no dependent coverage whatsoever for the subscriber's class, shall also provide coverage for newly-born children of the subscriber, which coverage shall commence with the moment of birth of each child and shall consist of coverage of injury or sickness, inchiding the necessary care and treatment of medically diagnosed congenital defects and abnormalities, if application therefor and payment of the required subscription amount are made to include in the contract the coverage described in subsection a. of this section within 31 days from the date of birth of a newborn child.
29. Whenever, pursuant to the provisions of a group contract issued by a health service corporation, the former spouse of an employee or member of a policyholder under a group contract is no longer entitled to coverage as an eligible dependent by reason of divorce, separate coverage for the former spouse shall be made available by the health service corporation on an individual nongroup basis under the following conditions:
a. Application for the non-group coverage shall be made to the health service corporation by or on behalf of the former spouse no later than 31 days following the date his or her coverage under the prior group contract terminated.
b. No new evidence of insurability shall be required in connection with the application for the nongroup coverage but any health exception, limitation or exclusion applicable to the former spouse under the prior coverage may, at the option of the health service corporation, be carried over to the new nongroup coverage.
c. The effective date of the new coverage shall be the day following the date on which the former spouse's coverage under the prior group contract terminated.
d. The benefits provided under the nongroup coverage issued to the former spouse shall be at least equal to the basic benefits provided in contracts then being issued by the health service corporation to new nongroup applicants of the same age and family status.
30. Coverage of an unmarried child, covered prior to attainment of age 19 by a group contract under which coverage terminates at a specified age, who is incapable of self-sustaining employment by reason of mental retardation or physical handicap and who became so incapable prior to attainment of age 19 and who is chiefly dependent upon the covered employee or member for support and maintenance, shall not terminate while the coverage of the employee or member remains in force and the dependent remains in that condition, if the employee or member has within 31 days of the dependent's attainment of the termination age submitted proof of the dependent's incapacity as described herein. The provisions of this section shall not apply retrospectively or prospectively to require a health service corporation to insure as a covered dependent any mentally retarded or physically handicapped child of the applicant where the contract is underwritten on avidence of insurability based on health factors required to be set forth in the application. Any contract heretofore or hereafter issued may, however, specifically exclude a mentally retarded or physically handicapped child from coverage.
31. Any group contract which contains provisions for the payment by the insurer of benefits for members of the family or dependents of a person in the insured group shall provide that, subject to payment of the appropriate premium, family mombers or dependents are permitted to have coverage continued for at least 180 days after the death of the person in the insured group.
32. A group contract or individual group certificate delivered or issued for delivery in this State which covers employees or members and their dependents for health services on an expense incurred or service basis, other than for specific diseases or for accidsntal injuriss only, shall provide that employees or members
whose coverage under the group contract or individual group certificate would otherwise terminate because of termination of employment or membership due to total disability of the employee or member, shall be entitled to continue their health services coverage under that group contract or individual group certificate for themselves and their eligible dependents, subject to all of the group contract's or individual group certificate's terms and conditions. applicable to that coverage and subject to the following conditions:
a. Continuation shall only be available to any employee or member who has been continuously covered under the group contract or: individual group certificate during the entire three month period ending with the termination.
b. Continuation shall be available for any person who is covered by or eligible for Medicare, subject to any nonduplication of benefits provisions of the group contract or individual group certificate.
c. In addition to hospital, medical-surgical, or major medical benefits, continuation shall include any other health care expense benefit, including dental, vision care, or prescription drug benefits available through the insured group.
d. An employee or member electing continuation shall pay to the group contract holder or his employer, on a monthly basis in advance, the amount of contribution required by the contract holder or employer, but not more than the group rate for the coverage being continued under the group contract or individual group certificate on the due date of each payment. The employee's or member's written election for continuation, together with the first contribution required to establish contributions on a monthly basis in advance, shall be given to the contract holder or employer within 31 days of the date the employee's or member's coverage would otherwise terminate.
e. Continuation of coverage under the group contract or individual group certificate for any person shall terminate at the first to occur of the following:
(1) Failure of the former employee or member to make timely payment of a required contribution. Termination shall occur at the end of the period for which contributions were made.
(2) The date the employee again becomes employed and eligible for benefits under another group plan providing health care expense benefits, or in the case of a qualified eligible dependent, the date the dependent becomes employed and eligible for those benefits.
(3) The date on which the group contract or individual group certificate is terminated or, in the case of any employee, the date
his employer terminates participation under the group contract or individual group certificate; except that:
(a) the employee or member shall have the right to become covered under any new group contract or individual group certificate contracted for by the employer, for the balance of the period that he would have remained covered under the prior group certificate in accordance with this act had a termination of a group not occurred;
(b) the minimum level of benefits to be provided by the other group contract or individual group certificate shall be the applicable level of benefits of the prior group contract or individual group certificate reduced by any benefits payable under that prior group contract or individual group certificate, and
(c) the prior group contract or individual group certificate shall continue to provide benefits to the extent of its accrued liability and extension of benefits, but only when replacement occurred.
f. A notification of the continuation privilege shall be included in any individual group certificate or employee booklet.
y. For the purposes of this section, "total disability of an employee or member" exists only while the employee or member (1) is not engaged in and (2) is completely unable, due to sickness or injury or both, to engage in any and every gainful occupation for which the person is reasonably fitted by education, training or experience.
33. a. A health service corporation issuing a group or individual contract in accordance with this act which provides payment for surgical services rendered to a person while confined in a hospital as an inpatient, shall make available benefits for a second surgical opinion for elective surgical procedures which would require an inpatient admission to a hospital. In the case of a group contract, benefits for a second surgical opinion shall be available only if requested by the group policyholder.
b. A second surgical opinion program shall provide for payment for the second surgical opinion of an eligible physician and for essential laboratory and $x$-ray services incidental thereto.
c. If a second surgical opinion does not confirm that the proposed elective surgical procedure is medically advisable, the program shall cover a third surgical opinion in the same manner as the second opinion.
d. A second surgical opinion program may exclude benefits (1) while a patient is confined in a hospital as an inpatient for any surgical procedure not covered by the group or individual contract, and (2) for surgical procedures in the following categories: cos-
metic surgery, pregnancy-related surgery, dental surgery, podiatric surgery, and sterilizations.
e. If a physician who furnishes a second or third surgical opinion also performs the surgical procedure, the second surgical opinion program need not provide payment for the second or third opinion services.
34. No group or individual contract providing health service coverage shall be delivered, issued, executed, or renewed in this State, or approved for issuance or renewal in this State by the commissioner, unless the contract provides benefits to any subscriber or other person covered thereunder for expenses incurred in connection with the treatment of alcoholism when the treatment is prescribed by a doctor of medicine. Benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other sickness mider the contract.

Every contract shall include benefits for the treatment of alcoholism as follows:
a. Inpatient or outpatient care in a health care facility licensed pursuant to P. L. 1971, c. 136 (C. $26: 2 H-1$ et seq.);
b. Treatment at a detoxification facility licensed pursuant to section 8 of P. L. 1975, c. 305 (C. $26: 2 B-14$ );
c. Confinement as an inpatient or outpatient at a licensed, certified, or State approved residential treatment facility, under a program which meets minimum standards of care equivalent to those prescribed by the Joint Commission on Hospital Accreditation.

Treatment or confinement at any facility shall not preclude further or additional treatment at any other eligible facility, if the benefit days used do not exceed the total number of beneft days provided for any other sickness under the contract.
35. Every subscription certificate and group and individual cowtract providing health service coverage delivered, isswed, executed or renewed in this State, or approved for issuance or reqewal in this State by the commissioner on or after the effective date of this act, shall provide benefits for reconstructive breast surgery, including, but not limited to: the cost of prostheses and, under any contract providing outpatient $x$-ray or radiation therapy, benefits for outpatient chemotherapy following surgictl procedures in connection with the treatment of breast cancer which shall be inctuded as a part of the outpatient $x$-ray or radiation therapy benefit. The provisions of this section shall apply to all contracts in which the health service corporation has reserved the right to change the premium. These benefits shall be provided to the same extent as for any other sickness under the contract.
36. a. Every health service corporation transacting business in
this State shall annually on or licfore the first day of March file in the Department of Insurance a statement, subscribed and sworn to by its principal officers, showing its financial condition at the close of business on the thirty-first day of December of the year last preceding, and its business for that year, which statement shall be in that form and contain those matters as the commissioner prescribes. The commissioner may also address inquiries to any health service corporation or its officers in relation to its condition of affairs, or any matter connected with its transactions, and it shall be the duty of the officers of the corvoration to promptly reply in writing to all inquiries. For good cause shown, the commissioner may extend the time within which a statement shall be filed.
b. A health service corporation neglecting to malee and file its annual statement in the form and within the time provided by subsection a. of this section or neglecting to reply in writing in iqquiries of the commissioner within a reasonable time, as specified by the commissioner, shall forfeit $\$ 100.00$ for each day's neglect, to be recovered in a civil or administrative proceeding, and upon notice by the commissioner to that effect, its authority to do new business in this State shall cease while the default continues.
37. a. The commissioner shall have the power, whenever he decms it expedient, to make or cause to be made an examination of the assets and liabilities, method of conducting business and all other affairs of every health service corporation authorized or which has made application for authority to trausact business under the provisions of this act. For the purposes of the examination, the commissioner may authorize and employ yersons to conduct the examination or to assist therein as he deens advisable, which examination may be conducted in any state in which the corporation examined has an office, agent, or place of business.
b. The reasonable expense of the examination shall be fixed and determined by the commissioner, and he shall recover that expense from the health service corporation examined, which shall make payment on presertation of a detailed account of the expense. If any health service corporation, after examination, shall be adjudged by the Superior Court to be insolvent, the expense of the examination, if unpaid, shall be ordered paid out of the assets of the health service corporation. No health service corporation shall, either directly or indirectly, pay, by way of gift, credit, or otherwise, any other or further sum to the commissioner or to any person in the employ of the Department of Insurance, for extra service or for the purposes of legislation, or for any purpose whatever.
c. It shall be the duty of the officers, agents and employees of a health service corporation to exhibit all its books, records and accounts for the purpose of the examination, and otherwise to facilitate the examination so far as it may be in their power to do so, and for that purpose the commissioner and his deputies, assistants and employees shall have the power to examine, under oath, the officers, agents and employees of the health service corporation relative to its business and affairs.
38. A health service corporation shall pay the following fees to the commissioner for enforcement of the provisions of this act:
a. For filing its application and charter, \$10.00;
b. For filing each annual statement, $\$ 20.00$;
c. For each copy of any paper filed in the Department of Insurance, $\$ 0.20$ a sheet or folio of 100 words and $\$ 1.00$ for certifying the same.
In addition, a health service corporation shall pay on April 1 of each year a general supervisory fee to the commissioner of $\$ 0.02$ per subscriber or member covered under individual or group contracts for hospital coverage; a general supevisory fee of $\$ 0.02$ per subscriber or member covered under individual or group contracts for medical coverage; and a general supervisory fee of $\$ 0.04$ per subscriber or member covered under individual or group contracts for both hospital and medical coverage; and the first general supervisory fees shall be due as of December 31, 1985, payable April 1, 1986. The provisions of this section shall not be construed to preclude, in the case of a joint venture, any insurer from owing any premium tax due pursuant to P. L. 1945, c. 182 (C. 54:18A-1 et seq.).
39. Any health service corporation of this or any other state, country or province which shall have violated any of the provisions of, or shall have neglected, failed or refused to comply with any of the requirements of, this act, except the failure to file an annual statement, shall be liable to a penalty of $\$ 500.00$, to be sued for and collected by the commissioner in a summary manner in a civil action in the name of the State. The penalties when recovered shall be paid by the commissioner into the State treasury for the use of the State. Any officer, agent, employee or member of any health service corporation doing business in this State who shall issue, circulate or cause or permit to be circulated, any estimate, illustration, or circular of any sort misrepresenting the terms of any contract issued by the health service corporation or any other such corporation, or misrepresent the benefits or advantages promised thereby, or use any name or title of any contract or class of con-
tracts misrepresenting the true nature thereof, or who shall solicit, negotiate or effect the issue of any contract of any health service corporation which has neglected, failed, or refused to procure a certificate of authority as provided for by this act, or who accepts any premiums, dues, deposits, contributions, fees, assessments or thing of value of any kind in consideration for a contract or certificate on behalf of the health sevice corporation, shall be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree. The provisions of this section shall not preclude enforcement of chapter 30 of Title $17 B$ 'of the New Jersey Statutes, concerning unfair trade practices and discriminations.
40. Health service corporations shall be subject to the uniform insurers liquidation act, P. I. 1975, c. 113 (C. 17:30C-1 et seq.), and rehabilitation and liquidation of health service corporations shall be accomplished in accordance with that act, provided that it shall be an additional ground for rehabilitation as set forth in section 6 of P. L. 1975, c. 113 (C 17:30C-6) if a health service corporation's subscribers decline to fewer than 100 in number.
41. A health service corporation subject to the provisions of this act is hereby declared to be a charitable and benevolent institution and all of its funds shall be exempt from every State, county, district, municipal and school tax other than taxes on real estate and equipment.
42. The provisions of this act shall not apply to any corporation carrying on the business of life, health or accident insurance, for profit or gain, nor to fraternal beneficiary associations as defined in section 1 of P. I. 1959, c. 167 (C. 17:44A-1). A health service corporation authorized to transact business pursuant to this act shall be exempt from all other provisions of Title 17B of the New Jersey Statutes, except as herein specified, but the unfair trade practices provisions of N.J.S.17B:30-1 et seq. shall apply to health service corporations except to the extent: a. expressly excepted in this act, or $b$. the commissioner determines that any provisions of N.J.S. 17B:30-1 et seq. are inappropriate as applied to health service corporations.
43. All determinations of the commissioner made under the provisions of this act shall be subject to review by the Superior Court in a proceeding in lieu of prerogative writ.
44. The commissioner, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P. L. 1968, c. 410 (C. 52:14B-1 et seq.), shall promulgate rules and regulations as are necessary to effectuate the provisions of this act.
45. P. L. 1938, c. 366 (C. 17:48-1 et seq.) is supplemented as follows:

A hospital service corporation established pursuant to the provisions of P. L. 1938, c. 366 (C. 17:48-1 et seq.) may merge with a medical service corporation esiablished pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1940, c. 74 (C. 17:48A-1 et seq.) pursuant to the provisions of P.L. ...., c. ....(C. ........) (now pending in the Legis. lature as this bill), provided that the boards of directors of the hospital service corporation execute a merger agreement, which shall be filed with the commissioner, and which shall provide that the board of the directors of the survivor corporation be constituted in the manner provided for in section 6 of $P . L . \ldots, c$. . (C. ........) (now pending in the Legislature as this bill).
46. P. L. 1940, c. 74 (C. 17:48A-1 et seq.) is supplemented as follows:

A medical service corporation established pursuant to the provisions of P. L. 1940, c. 74 (C. 17:48A-1 et seq.) may merge with a hospital service corporation established pursuant to P. L. 1938, c. 366 (C. 17:48-1 et seq.), pursuant to the provisions of P.L. c. .... (C. .........) (now pending in the Legislature as this bill), provided that the boards of directors of the hospital service corporation execute a merger agreement, which shall be filed with the commissioner, and which shall provide that the board of directors of the survivor corporation be constituted in the manner provided for in section 6 of P.L. ...., c.....(C. .........) (now pending in the Legislature as this bill).**
${ }^{*}[7 .]^{*}{ }^{* *}\left[{ }^{*} 40\right.$. $^{* *}{ }^{* *}{ }_{47} .{ }^{* *}$ This act shall take effect immediately.
the statement of financial condition filed pursuant to section 15 of P. L. 1940, c. 74 (C. 17:48A-15). The special contingent surplus as herein provided shall be contributed to by each of the following two categories: (a) community rated, excluding open enrollment and conversion groups; and (b) experience rated subscribers, in ratio that the net premium income of each category bears to the total net premium income of the corporation and by contributions from the category that gives rise to a diminution of the surplus required to be maintained under this act. Whenever it shall appear that the special contingent surplus has deviated from the amount required to be maintained by more than $2 \%$ of the aggregate amount of the net premium income received during that year, the commissioner shall approve and promulgate a plan reasonably calculated to return the special contingent surplus to the amount required to be maintained within two years from the date of implementation of the plan specified above. Approval and promulgation of the plan by the commissioner shall not abrogate the responsibilities of corporate officers with regard to the reporting of financial condition pursuant to section 15 of (C. 17:48A-15).
7. This act shall take effect immediately.

## STATEMENT

This bill amends the hospital service corporations and medical service corporation acts. The primary substantive changes are:
(1) Hospital service and medical service corporations may write group contracts for as few as two employees or other group members;
(2) The statutory reserve requirements for a medical service corporation shall be the same as those for a hospital service corporation.

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED : DECEMBER 6, 1984
Assembly Bill No. 2885 amends the hospital and medical service corporation laws. The principal changes are as follows:
(1) Hospital and medical service corporations are authorized to write group contracts for as few as two employees or other group members (sections 2 and 5);
(2) Remitting agents, if any, are responsible for providing notice of contract changes or termination to hospital and medical service subscribers (sections 1 and 4);
(3) The requirement that medical service corporation trustees be approved by a medical society or organization is rescinded (section 3);
(4) The statutory surplus requirements for medical service corporation are increased so as to conform to that of a hospital service corporation (section 6).

As this bill is a companion measure to Assembly Bill No. 2883, and as both bills amend some of the same sections of law, the overlapping sections in this bill are drafted to incorporate changes effected by Assembly Bill No. 2883.

# CORRECTED COPY <br> SENATE LABOR, INDUSTRY AND PROFESSIONS COMMITTEE 

STATEMENT TO
ASSEMBLY, No. 2885
with Senate committee amendments

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: FEBRUARY 25, 1985
This bill, as amended, authorizes the establishment of nonprofit health service corporations and defines their functions and powers. Health service corporations are defined as nonprofit corporations organized for the purpose of operating health service plans and for supplying services in connection with the providing of health care or conducting the business of insurance. A health service corporation may not be converted into a corporation organized for pecuniary profit. Only a health service corporation or an insurance company authorized to transact life or health insurance business in accordance with Title 17B of the New Jersey Statutes or the kinds of insurance specified in subsection d. of R. S. 17:17-1 may operate a health service plan.

A health service corporation may exercise all of the rights and privileges of a hospital service corporation, medical service corporation, dental service corporation or health maintenance organization as provided by law, as well as exercise those specific powers granted under this bill to health service corporations. It may also operate or control any of the foregoing corporations; reinsure risks of hospital service corporations or medical service corporations; enter into joint contracts with other corporations to provide health care and other benefits, including complete employee welfare and employee benefit programs, and to provide or receive services in connection with the providing of health care or the conducting of the business of insurance, which joint agreements shall be subject to prior approval of the Governor and create nonprofit or for profit subsidiaries or affiliates in carrying out its authorized activities. However, no health service corporation shall have the power, directly or through a subsidiary or affiliate, to underwrite life insurance.

Except for those specific powers not presently enjoyed by hospital service corporations or medical service corporations, the provisions of this bill generally track the current enabling legislation for hospital and medical service corporations with respect to: issuance of a certificate of authority, the requirements of individual and group contracts, rate schedules, rating formulas and classes, continuation privileges, partici-
pating providers, solicitation and administrative expenses, financial condition and financial examinations, and insolvency. However, a health service corporation's surplus requirements have been increased to $5 \%$ of the annual net premium income; a health service corporation may issue a group contract covering at least two employees or members, instead of at least 10 employees or members; the board of directors of a health service corporation will consist of a membership consistent with that of a hospital service corporation, except for the addition of three public members, one appointed by the Commissioner of Insurance, one appointed by the Speaker of the General Assembly and one appointed by the President of the Senate; and the provisions of the unfair practices provisions of N. J. S. 17B:30-1 et seq. will apply to the activities of a health service corporation and its subsidiaries, with certain exceptions.

This bill also authorizes a hospital service corporation or a medical service corporation, individually or jointly, to organize a health service corporation in accordance with law, or to enter into contracts with a health service corporation to provide combined health care services.

This bill also amends various sections of the laws concerning hospital service corporations and medical service corporations. It provides that:
a. Hospital service corporations and medical service corporations are authorized to write group contracts for as few as two employees or other group members;
b. Hospital service corporations and medical service corporations shall notify subscribers by mail of any contract changes or termination, but they may, if a remitting agent is involved, notify the remitting agent of such changes or termination and he would be responsibile for notifying the subscribers; and
c. The statutory surplus requirements for medical service corporations are increased.

Amend:

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Page

38 \& Sec. \& Line \& | agreement, which shall be filed with the commissioner, and which shall provide that the board of the |
| :--- |
| directors of the survivor corporation be constituted |
| in the manner provided for in section of 6 |
| P. L. . c. |
| (c. |
| in the legislature as this bilf). |
| omit 40 , "insert " 47 ," | <br>

\hline \& \& \& | Statement |
| :--- |
| These amendments provide for the establishment ; of health service corporations and for the mergex of hospital service corporations and medical service corporations to form health service corporations. Initially, the board of a health service corporation which is the product of a merger would consist of 17 directors from the hospital service corporation, 7 directors from the medical service corporation, and 8 public members appointed by the Governor. At the end of the first three year term of the directors, the board would be constituted of 8 public members appointed by the Governor and 24 other directors. | <br>

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# OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR NEWS RELEASE 

CN-001<br>Contact: PAUL WOLCOTT<br>292-8956

TRENTON, N.J. 08625<br>Release: MON., JULY 15, 1985


#### Abstract

Governor Thomas H. Kean has signed legislation which will make possible a merger between Blue Cross and Blue Shield and permit the new health services corporation that would be created by such a merger to provide new health care services.


The bill, A-2885, was sponsored by Assemblyman Michael F. Adubato, D-Essex.
"This important legislation will make possible a new, greater degree of stability for institutions which provide health care insurance to a large number of New Jerseyans," Kean said.
"Clearly, such important institutions must have the benefit of the best available management, and need the ability to meet the diverse needs of our modern society. I believe this bill will accomplish those goals," he added.

The bill contains a plan which provides for a board of directors for the new corporation which would consist of 17 current members of the Blue Cross Board Directors, seven current members of the Blue Shield Board, and eight public members to be appointed by the Governor.

The legislation will allow the newly created entity to offer new insurance products such as employee welfare and benefit programs beyond those now offered and to obtain reinsurance from other carriers on products for which the new company could provide primary insurance.

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