# 17: 23A-1 et seg.

### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

NJSA: 17:23A-1 et. seq.

(Insurance—transactions—information—standards for collection, use, and

disclosure)

LAWS OF: 1985

CHAPTER: 179

Bill No: \$1013

Sponsor(s): Feldman

Date Introduced: Pre-filed

Committee:

Assembly: Banking

Senate: Labor, Industry and Professions

Amended during passage:

Yes

Amendments during passage denoted

by asterisks.

Date of Passage:

Assembly: April 29, 1985

Senate: September 13, 1984

Date of Approval: June 10, 1985

Following statements are attached if available:

Sponsor statement:

Yes

Attached: Senate amendments, adopted 5-21-84 (with statement)

Committee statement: Assembly Yes
Senate Yes

Fiscal Note:

No

Veto Message: No

Message on Signing:

No

Following were printed:

Reports:

No

Hearings:

No

(OVER)

National Association of Insurance Commissioners Information and Privacy Protection Model Act in:

KF1165 National Association of Insurance Commissioners
N5 Official N.A.I.C. model insurance laws, regulations and guidelines.

(See vol. 2--pp. 625-1 to 625-20)

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# CHAPTER 119 LAWS OF N. J. 1985 APPROVED 6-10-85

### [SECOND OFFICIAL COPY REPRINT]

## SENATE, No. 1013

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

#### PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 1984 SESSION

### By Senator FELDMAN

An	$\mathbf{Act}$	esta	ablishing	star	ıdards	for	$_{ m the}$	collection	n, use	, and	dis-
cl	.osure	of	informa	tion	gather	ed	in c	onnection	with	insur	ance
transactions.											

- Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:
- 1 1. a. The obligations imposed by this act shall apply to those
- 2 insurance institutions, agents or insurance-support organizations
- 3 which, on or after the effective date of this act:

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- (1) In the case of life, health or disability insurance:
- (a) Collect, receive, or maintain information in connection with insurance transactions which pertains to natural persons who are residents of this State, or
  - (b) Engage in insurance transactions with applicants, individuals or policyholders who are residents of this State, and
- (2) In the case of property or casualty insurance:
- (a) Collect, receive or maintain information in connection with insurance transactions involving policies, contracts or certificates of insurance delivered, issued for delivery or renewed in this State, or
- 15 (b) Engage in insurance transactions involving policies, 16 contracts or certificates of insurance delivered, issued for 17 delivery or renewed in this State.
- b. The rights granted by this act shall extend to:
- 19 (1) In the case of life, health or disability insurance, the follow-
- 20 ing persons who are residents of this State:
- 21 (a) Natural persons who are the subject of information 22 collected, received or maintained in connection with insurance 23 transactions, and

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets Ithus in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter printed in italics thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in asterisks or stars has been adopted as follows:

\*—Senate committee amendments adopted February 27, 1984.

\*\*-Senate amendments adopted May 21, 1984.

- 24 (b) Applicants, individuals or policyholders who engage in or seek to engage in insurance transactions, and
- 26 (2) In the case of property or casualty insurance, the following 27 persons:
  - (a) Natural persons who are the subject of information collected, received or maintained in connection with insurance transactions involving policies, contracts or certificates of insurance delivered, issued for delivery or renewed in this State, and
  - (b) Applicants, individuals or policyholders who engage in or seek to engage in insurance transactions involving policies, contracts or certificates of insurance delivered, issued for delivery or renewed in this State.
- 37 c. For purposes of this section, a person shall be considered 38 a resident of this State if the person's last known mailing address, 39 as shown in the records of the insurance institution, agent or 40 insurance-support organization, is located in this State.
- d. Notwithstanding subsections a. and b. above, this act shall not apply to information collected from the public records of a governmental authority and maintained by an insurance institution or its representatives for the purpose of insuring the title to real property located in this State.
- 1 2. Definitions.

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- 2 As used in this act:
- a. "Adverse underwriting decision" means:
- 4 (1) Any of the following actions with respect to insurance 5 transactions involving insurance coverage which is individually 6 underwritten for an individual:
  - (a) A declination of insurance coverage,
  - (b) A termination of insurance coverage,
  - (c) Failure of an agent to apply for insurance coverage with a specific insurance institution which the agent represents and which is requested by an applicant,
    - (d) In the case of a property or casualty insurance coverage:
  - (i) Placement by an insurance institution or agent of a risk with a residual market mechanism or an unauthorized insurer, or
- 16 (ii) The charging of a higher rate on the basis of infor-17 mation which differs from that which the applicant or policy-18 holder furnished,
- 19 (e) In the case of a life, health or disability insurance 20 coverage, an offer to insure at a higher rate than the insurance

institution's table of premium rates applicable to the age and class of risk of each person to be covered under that coverage

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- 23 and to the type and amount of insurance provided. 24 (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1) above, the following
- 24 (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1) above, the following actions, 25 if permitted by law, shall not be considered adverse underwriting 26 decisions but the insurance institution or agent responsible for 27 their occurrence shall nevertheless provide the applicant or policy-
- 28 holder with the specific reason or reasons for their occurrence:
  - (a) The termination of an individual policy form on a class or Statewide basis,
    - (b) A declination of insurance coverage solely because such coverage is not available on a class or Statewide basis, or
      - (c) The rescission of a policy.
- b. "Affiliate" or "affiliated" means a person that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by or is under common control with another person.
- 37 c. "Agent" means any person defined in chapter 22 of Title 17 38 of the Revised Statutes, chapter 22 of Title 17B of the New Jersey 39 Statutes and in R. S. 17:35-23.
- d. "Applicant" means a person who seeks to contract for insurance coverage other than a person seeking group insurance that is not individually underwritten.
- 43 e. "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Insurance.
- f. "Consumer report" means any written, oral or other communication of information bearing on a natural person's credit worthiness, credit standing, credit capacity, character, general reputation, personal characteristics or mode of living which is used or expected to be used in connection with an insurance
- 49 transaction.

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- 50 g. "Consumer reporting agency" means any person who:
- 51 (1) Regularly engages, in whole or in part, in the practice of 52 assemblying or preparing consumer reports, for a monetary fee, 53 and
- 54 (2) Obtains information primarily from sources other than 55 insurance institutions, and
- 56 (3) Furnishes consumer reports to other persons.
- h. "Control," including the terms "controlled by" or "under common control with," means the possession, direct or indirect of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract other than a commercial contract of goods or nonmanagement services, or otherwise, unless the power is the

- result of an official position with or corporate office held by the 63 64 person.
- i. "Declination of insurance coverage" means a denial, in whole 65
- or in part, by an insurance institution or agent of requested in-66
- surance coverage. 67
- j. "Individual" means any natural person who: 68
- (1) In the case of property or casualty insurance, is a past, 69
- present or proposed named insured or certificateholder; 70
- (2) In the case of life, health or disability insurance, is a past, 71
- present or proposed principal insured or certificateholder; 72
- (3) Is a past, present or proposed policyowner; 73
- (4) Is a past or present applicant; or 74
- 75 (5) Is a past or present claimant, or
- (6) Derived, derives or is proposed to derive insurance coverage 76
- 77 under an insurance policy or certificate subject to this act.
- k. "Institutional source" means any person or governmental 78
- entity that provides information about an individual to an agent, 79
- insurance institution or insurance support organization, other than: 80
- 81 (1) An agent,

- (2) The individual who is the subject of the information, or 82
- (3) A natural person acting in a personal capacity rather than in 83
- a business or professional capacity. 84
- 1. "Insurance institution" means any corporation, association, 85
- partnership, reciprocal exchange, interinsurer, Lloyd's insurer, 86
- 87 fraternal benefit society or other person engaged in the business
- of insurance; including health maintenance organizations, medical 88
- service corporations, hospital service corporations, dental service 89
- corporations, automobile insurance plan and the New Jersey 90
- Automobile Full Insurance Underwriting Association as defined 91
- in section 2 of P. L. 1973, c. 337 (C. 26:2J-2), section 1 of P. L. 1940, 92
- c. 74 (C. 17:48A-1), section 1 of P. L. 1960, c. 1 (C. 17:48B-1),
- section 2 of P. L. 1968, c. 305 (C. 17:48C-2), P. L. 1970, c. 215 94
- (C. 17:29D-1 et seq.) and P. L. 1983, c. 65 (C. 17:29A-33 et al.), 95
- \*\*respectively.\*\* "Insurance institution" shall not include agents 96
- 97 or insurance-support organizations.
- 98 m. "Insurance-support organization" means:
- 99 (1) Any person who regularly engages, in whole or in part, in 100 the practice of assembling or collecting information about natural
- 101 persons for the primary purpose of providing the information to
- 102 an insurance institution or agent for insurance transactions, in-103 cluding:

104 (a) The furnishing of consumer reports or investigative 105 consumer reports to an insurance institution or agent for use 106 in connection with an insurance transaction, or

- 107 (b) The collection of personal information from insurance institutions, agents or other insurance-support organizations 109 for the purpose of detecting or preventing fraud, material 110 misrepresentation or material nondisclosure in connection with 111 insurance underwriting or insurance claim activity.
- 112 (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1) of this subsection, the 113 following persons shall not be considered "insurance-support 114 organizations" for the purposes of this act: agents, government 115 institutions, insurance institutions, medical-care institutions, 116 medical professionals and rating organizations as defined in section 117 1 of P. L. 1944, c. 27 (C. 17:29A-1).
- 118 n. "Insurance transaction" means any transaction involving 119 insurance primarily for personal, family or household needs rather 120 than business or professional needs which entails:
- 121 (1) The determination of an individual's eligibility for an in-122 surance coverage, benefit or payment, or
- 123 (2) The servicing of an insurance application, policy, contract 124 or certificate.
- o. "Investigative consumer report" means a consumer report to portion thereof in which information about a natural person's thereof character, general reputation, personal characteristics or mode to living is obtained through personal interviews with the person's neighbors, friends, associates, acquaintances or others who may have knowledge concerning those items of information.
- p. "Medical-care institution" means a facility or institution 132 that is licensed to provide health care services to natural persons, 133 including but not limited to, hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, 134 nursing facilities, home-health agencies, medical clinics, rehabilita-135 tion agencies, public health agencies or health-maintenance organi-136 zations.
- q. "Medical professional" means any person providing health 138 care services to natural persons, including but not limited to, a 139 physician, podiatrist, dentist, nurse, optometrist, chiropractor, 140 physical therapist, occupational therapist, pharmacist, psycholo-141 gist, dietitian, psychiatric social worker or speech therapist.
- 142 r. "Medical-record information" means personal information 143 which:
- 144 (1) Relates to an individual's physical or mental condition, 145 medical history or medical treatment, and
- 146 (2) Is obtained from a medical professional or medical-care insti-

- 147 tution, from the individual, or from the individual's spouse, parent 148 or legal guardian.
- s. "Person" means any natural person, corporation, association, 150 partnership or other legal entity.
- 151 t. "Personal information" means any individually identifiable
- 152 information gathered in connection with an insurance transaction
- 153 from which judgments can be made about an individual's character,
- 154 habits, avocations, finances, occupation, general reputation, credit,
- 155 health or any other personal characteristics. "Personal informa-
- 156 tion" includes an individual's name and address and medical-record
- 157 information but does not include privileged information.
- 158 u. "Policyholder" means any person who:
- 159 (1) In the case of individual property or casualty insurance, is
- 160 a present named insured;
- 161 (2) In the case of individual life, health or disability insurance,
- 162 is a present policyowner, or
- 163 (3) In the case of group insurance which is individually under-
- 164 written, is a present group certificateholder.
- v. "Pretext interview" means an interview whereby a person,
- 166 in an attempt to obtain information about a natural person, per-
- 167 forms one or more of the following acts:
- 168 (1) Pretends to be someone he is not,
- 169 (2) Pretends to represent a person he is not in fact representing,
- 170 (3) Misrepresents the true purpose of the interview, or
- 171 (4) Refuses to identify himself upon request.
- 172 w. "Privileged information" means any individually identifiable
- 173 information that:
- 174 (1) Relates to a claim for insurance benefits or a civil or criminal
- 175 proceeding involving an individual, and
- 176 (2) Is collected in connection with or in reasonable anticipation
- 177 of a claim for insurance benefits or civil or criminal proceeding
- 178 involving an individual; except that information otherwise meeting
- 179 the requirements of this subsection shall nevertheless be considered
- 180 personal information under this act if it is disclosed in violation of
- 181 section 13 of this act.
- 182 x. "Residual market mechanism" means any insurance pooling
- 183 mechanism, joint underwriting association, or reinsurance facility
- 184 created pursuant to law or regulation which provides insurance
- 185 coverage for any risk that is not insurable in the voluntary market.
- 186 y. "Termination of insurance coverage" or "termination of an
- 187 insurance policy" means either a cancellation or nonrenewal of an
- 188 insurance policy, in whole or in part, for any reason other than the
- 189 failure to pay a premium as required by the policy.

190 z. "Unauthorized insurer" means an insurance institution that 191 has not been granted a certificate of authority by the commissioner 192 to transact the business of insurance in this State.

- 1 3. Pretext interviews. No insurance institution, agent or in-
- 2 surance-support organization shall use or authorize the use of
- B pretext interviews to obtain information in connection with an
- 4 insurance transaction; except that a pretext interview may be
- 5 undertaken to obtain information from a person or institution that
- 6 does not have a generally or statutorily recognized privileged re-
- 7 lationship with the person about whom the information relates for
- 8 the purpose of investigating a claim where, based upon specific
- ) information available for review by the commissioner, there is a
- 10 reasonable basis for suspecting criminal activity, fraud, material
- 11 misrepresentation or material nondisclosure in connection with the
- 12 claim.

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- 4. Notice of insurance information practices. a. An insurance
- 2 institution or agent shall provide a notice of information practices
  - to all applicants or policyholders in connection with insurance
- 4 transactions as follows:
  - (1) In the case of an application for insurance,
    - (a) At the time of the delivery of the insurance policy or certificate when personal information is collected only from the applicant or from public records; or
    - (b) At the time the collection of personal information is initiated when personal information is collected from a source other than the applicant or public records;
- 12 (2) In the case of a policy renewal, the policy renewal date, 13 except that no notice shall be required in connection with a policy 14 renewal if:
  - (a) Personal information is collected only from the policyholder or from public records, or
  - (b) A notice meeting the requirements of this section has been given within the previous 24 months; or
- 19 (3) In the case of a policy reinstatement or change in insurance 20 benefits, at the time a request for a policy reinstatement or change 21 in insurance benefits is received by the insurance institution, except 22 that no notice shall be required if personal information is collected 23 only from the policyholder or from public records.
  - b. The notice shall be in writing and shall state:
- 25 (1) Whether personal information may be collected from persons 26 other than the individual or individuals proposed for coverage;
- 27 (2) The types of personal information that may be collected and 28 the types of sources and investigative techniques that may be used

- 29 to collect that information;
- 30 (3) The types of disclosures identified in subsections b., c., d.,

- 31 e., f., i., k., l. and n. of section 13 of this act and the circumstances
- 32 under which the disclosures may be made without prior authoriza-
- 33 tion; provided, however, only those circumstances need be described
- 34 which occur with such frequency as to indicate a general business
- 35 practice;
- 36 (4) A description of the rights established under sections 8 and 9
- 37 of this act and the manner in which these rights may be exercised;
- 38 and
- 39 (5) That information obtained from a report prepared by an
- 40 insurance-support organization may be retained by the insurance-
- 41 support organization and disclosed to other persons.
- 42 c. In lieu of the notice prescribed in subsection b., the insurance
- 43 institution or agent may provide an abbreviated notice informing
- 44 the applicant or policyholder that:
- 45 (1) Personal information may be collected from persons other
- 46 than the individual or individuals proposed for coverage,
- 47 (2) The information as well as other personal or privileged
- 48 information subsequently collected by the insurance institution or
- 49 agent may in certain circumstances be disclosed to third parties
- 50 without authorization,
- 51 (3) A right of access and correction exists with respect to all
- 52 personal information collected, and
- 53 (4) The notice prescribed in subsection b. of this section shall
- 54 be furnished to the applicant or policyholder upon request.
- d. The obligations imposed by this section upon an insurance
- 56 institution or agent may be satisfied by another insurance institu-
- 57 tion or agent authorized to act on its behalf.
- 5. Marketing and research surveys. An insurance institution or
- 2 agent shall clearly specify those questions designed to obtain in-
- 3 formation solely for marketing or research purposes from an indi-
- 4 vidual in connection with an insurance transaction.
- 1 6. Content of disclosure authorization forms. Notwithstanding
- 2 any other provision of law in this State, no insurance institution,
- 3 agent or insurance-support organization shall utilize as its disclo-
- 4 sure authorization form in connection with insurance transactions
- 5 a form or statement which authorizes the disclosure of personal
- 6 or privileged information about an individual to the insurance
- 7 institution, agent or insurance-support organization unless the form
- 8 or statement:
- 9 a. Is written in plain language;
- 10 b. Is dated;

- 11 c. Specifies the types of persons authorized to disclose informa-
- 12 tion about the individual;
- 13 d. Specifies the nature of the information authorized to be 14 disclosed;
- e. Names the insurance institution or agent and identifies by 15
- generic reference representatives of the insurance institution to 16
- 17 whom the individual is authorizing information to be disclosed;
- f. Specifies the purposes for which the information is collected; 18
- g. Specifies the length of time the authorization shall remain 19
- 20 valid, which shall be no longer than:
- 21 (1) In the case of authorizations signed for the purpose of col-
- 22lecting information in connection with an application for an in-
- surance policy, a policy reinstatement or a request for change in 23
- policy benefits, 24

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- (a) 30 months from the date the authorization is signed if the application or request involves life, health or disability
- $27^{\circ}$ insurance, or
  - (b) One year from the date the authorization is signed if
- 29 the application or request involves property or casualty in-
- 30 surance;
- 31 (2) In the case of authorizations signed for the purpose of col-
- lecting information in connection with a claim for benefits under 3233 an insurance policy,
- (a) The term of coverage of the policy if the claim is for 34
- 35 a health insurance benefit, or (b) The duration of the claim if the claim is not for a health 36
- insurance benefit; and 37
- h. Advises the individual or a person authorized to act on behalf 38
- of the individual that the individual or the individual's authorized 39
- representative is entitled to receive a copy of the authorization 40
- form. 41
  - 7. Investigative consumer reports. a. No insurance institution,
- agent or insurance-support organization may prepare or request an
- investigative consumer report about an individual in connection 3
- with an insurance transaction involving an application for insur-4
- ance, a policy renewal, a policy reinstatement or a change in insur-
- ance benefits unless the insurance institution or agent informs the
- 7 individual:

- (1) That he may request to be interviewed in connection with 8
- the preparation of the investigative consumer report, and 9
- (2) That upon a request pursuant to section 8, he is entitled to 10 receive a copy of the investigative consumer report.
- b. If any investigative consumer report is to be prepared by an 12

- 13 insurance institution or agent, the insurance institution or agent
- 14 shall institute reasonable procedures to conduct a personal inter-
- 15 view requested by an individual.
- 16 c. If any investigative consumer report is to be prepared by an
- 17 insurance-support organization, the insurance institution or agent
- 18 desiring the report shall inform the insurance-support organization
- 19 whether a personal interview has been requested by the individual.
- 20 The insurance-support organization shall institute reasonable pro-
- 21 cedures to conduct the interviews, if requested.
- 1 8. Access to recorded personal information. a. If any individual,
- 2 after proper identification, submits a written request to an insur-
- 3 ance institution, agent or insurance-support organization for access
- 4 to recorded personal information about the individual which is
- 5 reasonably described by the individual and reasonably locatable
- 6 and retrievable by the insurance institution, agent or insurance-
- 7 support organization, the insurance institution, agent or insurance-
- 8 support organization shall within 30 business days from the date
- 9 the request is received:
- 10 (1) Inform the individual of the nature and substance of the
- 11 recorded personal information in writing \*\* [, by telephone or by
- 12 other oral communication, whichever the insurance institution,
- 13 agent or insurance-support organization prefers \*\*;
- 14 (2) Permit the individual to see and copy, in person, the re-
- 15 corded personal information pertaining to him or to obtain a copy
- 16 of the recorded personal information by mail, whichever the indi-
- 17 vidual prefers, unless the recorded personal information is in
- 18 coded form, in which case an accurate translation in plain language
- 19 shall be provided in writing;
- 20 (3) Disclose to the individual the identity, if recorded, of those
- 21 persons to whom the insurance institution, agent or insurance-
- 22 support organization has disclosed the personal information within
- 23 two years prior to the request, and if the identity is not recorded,
- 24 the names of those insurance institutions, agents, insurance-support
- 25 organizations or other persons to whom such information is norm-
- 26 ally disclosed; and
- 27 (4) Provide the individual with a summary of the proceedings
- 28 by which he may request correction, amendment or deletion of
- 29 recorded personal information.
- 30 b. Any personal information provided pursuant to subsection a.
- 31 above shall identify the source of the information if the source is
- 32 an institutional source.
- 33 c. Medical record information supplied by a medical-care insti-
- 34 tution or medical professional and requested under subsection a.,

35 together with the identity of the medical professional or medical care institution which provided the information, shall be supplied 36 37 either directly to the individual or to a medical professional desig-38 nated by the individual and licensed to provide medical care with 39 respect to the condition to which the information relates, which-**4**0 ever the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization prefers. If it elects to disclose the information to a medical **4**1. **4**2 professional designated by the individual, the insurance institution, 43 agent or insurance-support organization shall notify the individual, 44 at the time of the disclosure, that it has provided the information 45 to the medical professional.

- d. Except for personal information provided under section 10, an insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization may charge a reasonable fee to cover the costs incurred in providing a copy of recorded personal information to individuals.
- 50 e. The obligations imposed by this section upon an insurance 51 institution or agent may be satisfied by another insurance institu-52tion or agent authorized to act on its behalf. With respect to the 53 copying and disclosure of recorded personal information pursuant to a request under subsection a., an insurance institution, agent or 54**55** insurance-support organization may make arrangements with an 56insurance-support organization or a consumer reporting agency to 57 copy and disclose recorded personal information on its behalf.
- 58 f. The rights granted to individuals in this section shall extend **5**9 to all natural persons to the extent information about them is col-60 lected and maintained by an insurance institution, agent or 61 insurance-support organization in connection with an insurance 62 transaction. The rights granted to all natural persons by this section shall not extend to information about them that relates to 63 64 and is collected in connection with or in reasonable anticipation of a claim or civil or criminal proceeding involving them. 65
- g. For the purposes of this section, the term "insurance-support organization" does not include a consumer reporting agency \*[except to the extent that this section imposes more stringent requirements on a consumer reporting agency than other State or federal law]\*.
- 9. Correction, amendment or deletion of recorded personal information. a. Within 30 business days from the date of receipt of a written request from an individual to correct, amend or delete any recorded personal information about the individual within its possession, an insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization shall either:
- 7 (1) Correct, amend or delete the portion of the recorded personal 8 information in dispute; or

(2) Notify the individual of:

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- 10 (a) Its refusal to make the correction, amendment or deletion,
  - (b) The reasons for the refusal, and
- 13 (c) The individual's right to file a statement as provided 14 in subsection c.
- b. If the insurance institution, agent, or insurance-support organi-
- 16 zation corrects, amends or deletes recorded personal information
- in accordance with paragraph (1) of subsection a above, the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization shall
- 10 as notificable individual in societies and formulab the societies
- 19 so notify the individual in writing and furnish the correction,
- 20 amendment or fact of deletion to:
- 21 (1) Any person specifically designated by the individual who
- 22 may have, within the preceding two years, received the recorded
- 23 personal information;
- 24 (2) Any insurance-support organization whose primary source
- 25 of personal information is insurance institutions if the insurance-
- 26 support organization has systematically received the recorded
- 27 personal information from the insurance institution within the
- 28 preceding seven years; except that the correction, amendment or
- 29 fact of deletion need not be furnished if the insurance-support
- 30 organization no longer maintains recorded personal information
- 31 about the individual; and
- 32 (3) Any insurance-support organization that furnished the per-
- 33 sonal information that has been corrected, amended or deleted.
- 34 c. Whenever an individual disagrees with an insurance institu-
- 35 tion's, agent's or insurance-support organization's refusal to cor-
- 36 rect, amend or delete recorded personal information, the individual
- 37 shall be permitted to file with the insurance institution, agent or
- 38 insurance-support organization:
- 39 (1) A concise statement setting forth what the individual thinks
- 40 is the correct, relevant or fair information, and
- 41 (2) A concise statement of the reasons why the individual dis-
- 42 agrees with the insurance institution's, agent's or insurance-sup-
- 43 port organization's refusal to correct, amend or delete recorded
- 44 personal information.
- 45 d. In the event an individual files either statement as described
- 46 in subsection c. above, the insurance institution, agent or support
- 47 organization shall:
- 48 (1) File the statement with the disputed personal information
- 49 and provide a means by which anyone reviewing the disputed per-
- 50 sonal information will be made aware of the individual's statement
- 51 and have access to it, and

- 52(2) In any subsequent disclosure by the insurance institution. 53 agent or support organization of the recorded personal informa-54 tion that is the subject of disagreement, clearly identify the matter 55 or matters in dispute and provide the individual's statement along 56 with the recorded personal information being disclosed, and
- 57 (3) Furnish the statement to the persons and in the manner 58 specified in subsection b. above.
- 59 e. The rights granted to individuals in this section shall extend 60 to all natural persons to the extent information about them is 61collected and maintained by an insurance institution, agent or 62 insurance-support organization in connection with an insurance 63 transaction. The rights granted to all natural persons by this 64 section shall not extend to information about them that relates to and is collected in connection with or in reasonable anticipation of 65 66 a claim or civil or criminal proceeding involving them.
- f. For the purposes of this section, the term "insurance-support 68 organization" does not include a consumer reporting agency \*[except to the extent that this section imposes more stringent 70 requirements on a consumer reporting agency than other State or federal law]\*. 71

- 1 10. Reasons for adverse underwriting decisions. a. In the event of an adverse underwriting decision the insurance institution or 3 agent responsible for the decision shall:
- 4 (1) Either provide the applicant, policyholder or individual proposed for coverage with the specific reason or reasons for the  $\mathbf{5}$ adverse underwriting decision in writing or advise the person that 6 7 upon written request he may receive the specific reason or reasons 28 in writing, and
- (2) Provide the applicant, policyholder or individual proposed .9 for coverage with a summary of the rights established under sub-10 section b. of this section and sections 8 and 9 of this act. 11
- b. Upon receipt of a written request within 90 business days 12 from the date of the mailing of notice or other communication of 13 an adverse underwriting decision to an applicant, policyholder or individual proposed for coverage, the insurance institution or agent 15 shall furnish to the person within 21 business days from the date 16 of receipt of the written request: 17
- 18 (1) The specific reason or reasons for the adverse underwriting decision, in writing, if that information was not initially furnished 19 in writing pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection a.; 20
- (2) The specific items of personal and privileged information 21 22 that support those reasons, except that:

- 23 (a) The insurance institution or agent shall not be required 24 to furnish specific items of privileged information if it has a 25 reasonable suspicion, based upon specific information avail-26 able for review by the commissioner, that the applicant, policy-27 holder or individual proposed for coverage has engaged in 28 criminal activity, fraud, material misrepresentation or material 29 nondisclosure in connection with insurance transactions or 30 claims, and
  - (b) Specific items of medical-record information supplied by a medical-care institution or medical professional shall be disclosed either directly to the individual about whom the information relates or to a medical professional designated by the individual and licensed to provide medical care with respect to the condition to which the information relates, whichever the insurance institution or agent prefers, and
- 38 (3) The names and addresses of the institutional sources that 39 supplied the specific items of information pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection b., except that the identity of any medical pro-40 41 fessional or medical-care institution shall be disclosed either di-42 rectly to the individual or to the designated medical professional, 43 whichever the insurance institution or agent prefers.
- 44 c. The obligations imposed by this section upon an insurance institution or agent may be satisfied by another insurance insti-45 tution or agent authorized to act on its behalf. 46
- 47 d. When an adverse underwriting decision results solely from an 48 oral request or inquiry, the explanation of reasons and summary **4**9 of rights required by subsection a. may be given orally.
- 11. Information concerning previous adverse underwriting 1  $^{2}$ decisions. No insurance institution, agent or insurance-support 3 organization may seek information in connection with an insurance transaction concerning: 4
- 5 a. Any previous adverse underwriting decision experienced by 6 an individual, or
- 7 b. Any previous insurance coverage obtained by an individual through a residual market mechanism, 8
- unless the inquiry also requests the reasons for any previous ad-...9
- verse underwriting decision or the reasons why insurance coverage 10
- was previously obtained through a residual market mechanism. 11
- 1 12. Previous adverse underwriting decisions. No insurance insti-
- tution or agent may base an adverse underwriting decision in whole 3 or in part:

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- 4 a. On the fact of a previous adverse underwriting decision or
- 5 on the fact that an individual previously obtained insurance cover-
- 6 age through a residual market mechanism; except that an insurance.
- 7 institution or agent may base an adverse underwriting decision on
- 8 further information obtained from an insurance institution or agent
- 9 responsible for a previous adverse underwriting decision;
- 10 b. On personal information received from an insurance-support
- 11 organization whose primary source of information is insurance
- 12 institutions: except that an insurance institution or agent may
- 13 base an adverse underwriting decision on further personal informa-
- 14 tion obtained as the result of information received from the in-
- 15 surance-support organization.
- 1 13. Disclosure limitations and conditions. An insurance institu-
- 2 tion, agent or insurance-support organization shall not disclose
- 3 any personal or privileged information about an individual collected
- 4 or received in connection with an insurance transaction unless the
- 5 disclosure is:

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- a. With the written authorization of the individual, provided:
- 7 (1) If the authorization is submitted by another insurance
- 8 institution, agent or insurance-support organization, the authoriza-
- 9 tion meets the requirements of section 6 of this act, or
- 10 (2) If the authorization is submitted by a person other than an
- 11 insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization, the
- 12 authorization is:
  - (a) Dated,
  - (b) Signed by the individual, and
- 15 (c) Obtained one year or less prior to the date a disclosure
- is sought pursuant to this subsection;
- 17 b. To a person other than an insurance institution, agent or
- 18 insurance-support organization, provided the disclosure is reason-
- 19 ably necessary:
- 20 (1) To enable the person to perform a business, professional or
- 21 insurance function for the disclosing insurance institution, agent
- 22 or insurance-support organization, and the person agrees not to
- 23 disclose the information further without the individual's written
- 24 authorization unless the further disclosure:
- 25 (a) Would otherwise be permitted by this section if made by
- 26 an insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organiza-
- 27 tion, or
- 28 (b) Is reasonably necessary for the person to perform its
- 29 function for the disclosing insurance institution, agent or
- insurance-support organization; or

- 31. (2) To enable the person to provide information to the disclosing 32 insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization for 33 the purpose of:
- 34 (a) Determining an individual's eligibility for an insurance 35 benefit or payment, or
- 36 (b) Detecting or preventing criminal activity, fraud, mate-37 rial misrepresentation or material nondisclosure in connection 38 with an insurance transaction;
- 39 c. To an insurance institution, agent, insurance-support organiza-40 tion or self-insurer, if the information disclosed is limited to that 41 which is reasonably necessary:
- 42 (1) To detect or prevent criminal activity; fraud, material mis-43 representation or material nondisclosure in connection with in-44 surance transactions, or
- (2) For either the disclosing or receiving insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization to perform its functions in connection with an insurance transaction involving the individual;
- d. To a medical-care institution or medical professional for the purpose of:
- 51 (1) Verifying insurance coverage or benefits;
- 52. (2) Informing an individual of a medical problem of which the 53. individual may not be aware; or
- 54 (3) Conducting an operations or services audit, provided only 55 that information is disclosed as is reasonably necessary to accom-56 plish the foregoing purposes; or
- 57 e. To an insurance regulatory authority; or
- f. To a law enforcement or other governmental authority:
- 59 (1) To protect the interests of the insurance institution, agent 60 or insurance-support organization in preventing or prosecuting 61 the perpetration of fraud upon it, or
- 62 (2) If the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support 63 organization reasonably believes that illegal activities have been 64 conducted by the individual;
- 65 g. Otherwise permitted or required by law;
- 66 h. In response to a facially valid administrative or judicial order, 67 including a search warrant or subpena;
- 68 i. Made for the purpose of conducting actuarial or research 69 studies, provided:
- 70 (1) No individual may be identified in any actuarial or research 71 report,

72 (2) Materials allowing the individual to be identified are re-73 turned or destroyed as soon as they are no longer needed, and

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- 74 (3) The actuarial or research organization agrees not to disclose
- 75 the information unless the disclosure would otherwise be permitted
- 76 by this section if made by an insurance institution, agent or
- 77 insurance-support organization;
- 78 j. To a party or a representative of a party to a proposed or
- 79 consummated sale, transfer, merger or consolidation of all or part
- 80 of the business of the insurance institution, agent or insurance-
- 81 support organization, except that:
- 82 (1) Prior to the consummation of the sale, transfer, merger or
- 83 consolidation only such information is disclosed as is reasonably
- 84 necessary to enable the recipient to make business decisions about
- 85 the purchase, transfer, merger or consolidation, and
- 86 (2) The recipient agrees not to disclose the information unless
- 87 the disclosure would otherwise be permitted by this section if
- 88 made by an insurance institution, agent or insurance-support
- 89 organization;
- 90 k. To a person whose only use of such information will be in
- 91 connection with the marketing of a product or service, if:
- 92 (1) No medical-record information, privileged information, or
- 93 personal information relating to an individual's character, personal
- 94 habits, mode of living or general reputation is disclosed, and no
- 95 classification derived from that information is disclosed,
- 96 (2) The individual has been given an opportunity to indicate
- 97 that he does not want personal information disclosed for marketing
- 98 purposes and has given no indication that he does not want the
- 99 information disclosed, and
- 100 (3) The person receiving the information agrees not to use it
- 101 except in connection with the marketing of a product or service,
- 102 l. To an affiliate whose only use of the information will be in
- 103 connection with an audit of the insurance institution or agent or
- 104 the marketing of an insurance product or service, if the affiliate
- 105 agrees not to disclose the information for any other purpose or to
- 106 unaffiliated persons;
- 107 m. By a consumer reporting agency, if the disclosure is to a
- 108 person other than an insurance institution or agent;
- 109 n. To a group policyholder for the purpose of reporting claims
- 110 experience or conducting an audit of the insurance institution's or
- 111 agent's operations or services, if the information disclosed is
- 112 reasonably necessary for the recipient to conduct the review or
- 113 audit;
- 114 o. To a professional peer review organization for the purpose of

- 115 reviewing the service or conduct of a medical-care institution or 116 medical professional;
- p. To a governmental authority for the purpose of determining
- 118 the individual's eligibility for health benefits for which the govern-
- 119 mental authority may be liable;
- 120 q. To a certificateholder or policyholder for the purpose of
- 121 providing information regarding the status of an insurance trans-
- 122 action; or
- 123 r. To a lienholder, mortgagee, assignee, lessor or other person
- 124 shown on the records of an insurance institution or agent as having
- 125 a legal or beneficial interest in a policy of insurance, provided:
- 126 (1) No medical-record information is disclosed unless the dis-
- 127 closure would otherwise be permitted by this section of this act; and
- 128 (2) The information disclosed is limited to that reasonably
- 129 necessary to permit the person to protect its interests in the policy.
- 1 14. Power of commissioner. a. The commissioner shall have
- 2 power to examine and investigate into the affairs of every insurance
- 3 institution or agent doing business in this State to determine
- 4 whether the insurance institution or agent has been or is engaged
- 5 in any conduct in violation of this act.
- 6 b. The commissioner shall have the power to examine and
- 7 investigate into the affairs of every insurance-support organiza-
- 8 tion acting on behalf of an insurance institution or agent which
- 9 either transacts business in this State or transacts business out-
- 10 side this State that has an effect on a person residing in this State
  - 1 in order to determine whether the insurance-support organization
- 12 has been or is engaged in any conduct in violation of this act.
- 1 15. Hearings, witnesses, appearances, production of books and
- 2 service of process. a. Whenever the commissioner has reason to
- 3 believe that an insurance institution, agent or insurance-support
- 4 organization has been or is engaged in conduct in this State which
- 5 violates this act, or if the commissioner believes that an insurance-
- 6 support organization has been or is engaged in conduct outside
- 7 this State which has an effect on a person residing in this State
- 8 and which violates this act, the commissioner shall issue and serve
- 9 upon the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organi-
- 10 zation a statement of charges and notice of hearing to be held at a
- 11 time and place fixed in the notice. The date for the hearing shall be
- 12 not less than 30 days after the date of service.
- 13 b. At the time and place fixed for the hearing the insurance
- 14 institution, agent or insurance-support organization charged shall
- 15 have an opportunity to answer the charges against it and present
- 16 evidence on its behalf. Upon good cause shown, the commissioner

shall, permit any adversely affected person to intervene, appear and be heard at the hearing by counsel or in person.

19 c. At any hearing conducted pursuant to this section the commissioner may administer oaths, examine and cross-examine 20 21 witnesses and receive oral and documentary evidence. The commissioner shall have the power to subpena witnesses, compel 2223their attendance and require the production of books, papers, 24 records, correspondence and other documents which are relevant 25 to the hearing. A stenographic record of the hearing shall be 26 made upon the request of any party or at the discretion of the 27 commissioner. If no stenographic record is made and if judicial 28 review is sought, the commissioner shall prepare a statement of 29 the evidence for use on review. Hearings conducted under this 30 section shall be governed by the same rules of evidence and pro-31 cedure applicable to administrative proceedings conducted pur-32 suant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P. L. 1968, c. 410 (C. 52:14B-1 et seq.). 33

d. Statements of charges, notices, orders and other processes of the commissioner under this act may be served by anyone duly authorized to act on behalf of the commissioner. Service of process may be completed in the manner provided by law for service of process in civil actions or by registered mail. A copy of the statement of charges, notice, order or other process shall be provided to the person or persons whose rights under this act have been allegedly violated. A verified return setting forth the manner of service, or return postcard receipt in the case of registered mail, shall be sufficient proof of service.

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1 16. Service of process—insurance-support organizations. For the  $^{2}$ purpose of this act, an insurance-support organization transacting business outside this State which has an effect on a person residing 3 in this State shall be deemed to have appointed the commissioner 4 to accept service of process on its behalf, if the commissioner 5 6 causes a copy of such service to be mailed forthwith by registered mail to the insurance-support organization at its last known principal place of business. The return postcard receipt for the mailing 8 9 shall be sufficient proof that the same was properly mailed by the 10 commissioner.

1 17. Cease and desist orders and reports. a. If, after a hearing 2 pursuant to section 15, the commissioner determines that the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization charged 4 has engaged in conduct or practices in violation of this act, the commissioner shall reduce his findings to writing and shall issue 6 and cause to be served upon the insurance institution, agent or

- 7 insurance-support organization a copy of the findings and an order
- 8 requiring the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support
- 9 organization to cease and desist from the conduct or practices
- 10 constituting a violation of this act.
- b. If, after a hearing pursuant to section 15, the commissioner
- 12 determines that the insurance institution, agent or insurance-
- 13 support organization charged has not engaged in conduct or prac-
- 14 tices in violation of this act, the commissioner shall prepare a
- 15 written report which sets forth findings of fact and conclusions of
- 16 law. The report shall be served upon the insurance institution,
- 17 agent or insurance-support organization charged and upon the
- 18 persons, if any, whose rights under this act were allegedly violated.
- 19 c. Until the expiration of the time allowed under section 19 of
- 20 this act for filing a petition for review or until the petition is
- 21 actually filed, whichever occurs first, the commissioner may modify
- 22 or set aside any order or report issued under this section. After the
- 23 expiration of the time allowed under section 19 of this act for
- 24 filing a petition for review, if no petition has been duly filed, the
- 25 commissioner may, after notice and opportunity for hearing, alter,
- 26 modify or set aside, in whole or in part, any order or report issued
- 27 under this section whenever conditions of fact or law warrant such
- 28 action or if the public interest so requires.
- 1 18. Penalties. a. In any case where a hearing pursuant to section
- 2 15 results in the finding of a knowing violation of this act, the
- 3 commissioner may, in addition to the issuance of a cease and desist
- order as prescribed in section 17, order payment of a monetary
- 5 penalty of not more than \$500.00 for each violation but not to exceed
- 6 \$10,000.00 in the aggregate for multiple violations.
- b. Any person who violates a cease and desist order of the com-
- 8 missioner under section 17 of this act may, after notice and hearing
- 8A and upon order of the commissioner, be subject to one or more of
- 8B the following penalties, at the discretion of the commissioner:
- 9 (1) A monetary fine of not more than \$10,000.00 for each viola-
- 10 tion, or
- 11 (2) A monetary fine of not more than \$50,000.00 if the commis-
- 12 sioner finds that violations have occurred with such frequency as
- 13 to constitute a general business practice, or
- 14 (3) Suspension or revocation of any insurance institution's or
- 15 agent's license.
- 1 19. Judicial review of orders and reports. a. Any person subject
- 2 to an order of the commissioner under section 17 or section 18 or
- 3 any person whose rights under this act were allegedly violated may
- 4 obtain a review of any order or report of the commissioner by filing

5 in the Superior Court, Appellate Division, within 45 days from the

6 date of the service of the order or report, a written petition

requesting that the order or report of the commissioner be set aside.

8 A copy of the petition shall be simultaneously served upon the

commissioner, who shall forthwith certify and file in the court a

10 transcript of the entire record of the proceeding giving rise to the

11 order or report which is the subject of the petition. Upon the filing

12 of the petition and the transcript, the Superior Court, Appellate

13 Division, shall have jurisdiction to make and enter a decree modify-

14 ing, affirming or reversing any order or report of the commissioner,

15 in whole or in part. The findings of the commissioner as to the

16 facts supporting any order or report, if supported by clear and

17 convincing evidence, shall be conclusive.

b. To the extent an order or report of the commissioner is 18affirmed, the court shall issue its own order commanding obedience 19 20 to the terms of the order or report of the commissioner. If any party affected by an order or report of the commissioner shall 21apply to the court for leave to produce additional evidence and 22shall show to the satisfaction of the court that the additional 23evidence is material and that there are reasonable grounds for the 24 failure to produce this evidence in prior proceedings, the court 25 may order the additional evidence to be taken before the commis-2627sioner in a manner and upon those terms and conditions as the court may deem proper. The commissioner may modify his findings 28of fact or make new findings by reason of the additional evidence 29 so taken and shall file modified or new findings along with any 30 recommendation, if any, for the modification or revocation of a 31 previous order or report. If supported by clear and convincing 32 evidence, the modified or new findings shall be conclusive as to the 33 matters contained herein. 34

c. An order or report issued by the commissioner under section 17
or 18 shall become final:

37 (1) Upon the expiration of the time allowed for the filing of a 38 a petition for review, if no such petition has been duly filed; except 39 that the commissioner may modify or set aside an order or report 40 to the extent provided in subsection c. of section 17; or

41 (2) Upon a final decision of the Superior Court, Appellate Divi-42 sion, if the court directs that the order or report of the commis-43 sioner be affirmed or the petition for review is dismissed.

44. d. No order or report of the commissioner under this act or order 45. of a court to enforce the same shall in any way relieve or absolve 46. any person affected by the order or report from any liability under

47 any law of this State.

- 20. Individual remedies. a. If any insurance institution, agent or
- 2 insurance-support organization fails to comply with section 8, 9 or
- 3 10 of this act with respect to the rights granted under those sections,
- 4 any person whose rights are violated may apply to the Superior
- 5 Court of this State, or any other court of competent jurisdiction,
- 6 for appropriate equitable relief.
- 7 b. An insurance institution, agent or insurance-support orga-
- 8 nization which discloses information in violation of section 13 of
- 9 this act shall be liable for damages sustained by the individual about
- 10 whom the information relates; except that no individual shall be
- 11 entitled to a monetary award which exceeds the actual damages
- 12 sustained by the individual as a result of a violation of section 13
- 13 of this act.
- 14 c. In any action brought pursuant to this section, the court may
- 15 award the cost of the action and reasonable attorney's fees to the
- 16 prevailing party.
- d. An action under this section shall be brought within two years
- 18 from the date the alleged violation is or should have been dis-
- 19 covered.
- e. Except as specifically provided in this section, there shall be
- 21 no remedy or recovery available to individuals, in law or in equity,
- 22 for occurrences constituting a violation of any provision of this act.
- 1 21. Immunity. No cause of action in the nature of defamation,
- 2 invasion of privacy or negligence shall arise against any person
- 3 for disclosing personal or privileged information in accordance
- 4 with this act, nor shall such a cause of action arise against any
- 5 person for furnishing personal or privileged information to an
- 6 insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization;
- 7 except this section shall provide no immunity for disclosing or
- 8 furnishing false information with malice or willful intent to injure
- 9 any person.
- 22. Obtaining information under false pretenses. Any person who
- 2 knowingly and willfully obtains information about an individual
- 3 from an insurance institution, agent or insurance-support orga-
- 4 nization under false pretenses is guilty of a crime of the fourth
- 5 degree.
- 23. Effective date. a. This act shall take effect 180 days after
- 2 enactment.
- 3 b. The rights granted under sections 8, 9 and 13 of this act shall
- 14 take effect on the effective date of this act regardless of the date
- 5 of the collection or receipt of the information which is the subject
- 6 of those sections.

# SENATE, No. 1013

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

### PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 1984 SESSION

### By Senator FELDMAN

An	Act	esta	blishing	star	ndards	for	$_{ m the}$	collection	ı, use,	and	dis-
c.	losure	of	informa	tion	gather	ed i	in c	onnection	with	insur	ance
transactions.											

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 2 of New Jersey:
- 1 1. a. The obligations imposed by this act shall apply to those
- 2 insurance institutions, agents or insurance-support organizations
- 3 which, on or after the effective date of this act:
- 4 (1) In the case of life, health or disability insurance:
- 5 (a) Collect, receive, or maintain information in connection 6 with insurance transactions which pertains to natural persons 7 who are residents of this State, or
  - (b) Engage in insurance transactions with applicants, individuals or policyholders who are residents of this State, and
- 10 (2) In the case of property or casualty insurance:
  - (a) Collect, receive or maintain information in connection with insurance transactions involving policies, contracts or certificates of insurance delivered, issued for delivery or renewed in this State, or
- (b) Engage in insurance transactions involving policies,
   contracts or certificates of insurance delivered, issued for
- delivery or renewed in this State.
- b. The rights granted by this act shall extend to:
- 19 (1) In the case of life, health or disability insurance, the follow-
- 20 ing persons who are residents of this State:
- 21 (a) Natural persons who are the subject of information
- 22 collected, received or maintained in connection with insurance
- 23 transactions, and

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- 24 (b) Applicants, individuals or policyholders who engage in 25 or seek to engage in insurance transactions, and
- (2) In the case of property or casualty insurance, the following 26 27 persons:
  - (a) Natural persons who are the subject of information collected, received or maintained in connection with insurance transactions involving policies, contracts or certificates of insurance delivered, issued for delivery or renewed in this State, and
- (b) Applicants, individuals or policyholders who engage in or seek to engage in insurance transactions involving policies, contracts or certificates of insurance delivered, issued 36 for delivery or renewed in this State.
- c. For purposes of this section, a person shall be considered 37 38 a resident of this State if the person's last known mailing address, 39 as shown in the records of the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization, is located in this State. 40
- d. Notwithstanding subsections a. and b. above, this act shall 41 not apply to information collected from the public records of a 42 governmental authority and maintained by an insurance institution 43 or its representatives for the purpose of insuring the title to real 44 property located in this State.
  - 2. Definitions.

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- 2 As used in this act:
  - a. "Adverse underwriting decision" means:
- (1) Any of the following actions with respect to insurance 4 transactions involving insurance coverage which is individually 5 underwritten for an individual: 6
  - (a) A declination of insurance coverage,
  - (b) A termination of insurance coverage,
  - (c) Failure of an agent to apply for insurance coverage with a specific insurance institution which the agent represents and which is requested by an applicant,
    - (d) In the case of a property or casualty insurance coverage:
  - (i) Placement by an insurance institution or agent of a risk with a residual market mechanism or an unauthorized insurer, or
- 16 (ii) The charging of a higher rate on the basis of information which differs from that which the applicant or policy-17 18 holder furnished,
- 19 (e) In the case of a life, health or disability insurance 20 coverage, an offer to insure at a higher rate than the insurance

institution's table of premium rates applicable to the age and class of risk of each person to be covered under that coverage and to the type and amount of insurance provided.

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- (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1) above, the following actions, if permitted by law, shall not be considered adverse underwriting decisions but the insurance institution or agent responsible for their occurrence shall nevertheless provide the applicant or policy-holder with the specific reason or reasons for their occurrence:
  - (a) The termination of an individual policy form on a class or Statewide basis,
    - (b) A declination of insurance coverage solely because such coverage is not available on a class or Statewide basis, or
      - (c) The rescission of a policy.

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- b. "Affiliate" or "affiliated" means a person that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by or is under common control with another person.
- 37 c. "Agent" means any person defined in chapter 22 of Title 17 38 of the Revised Statutes, chapter 22 of Title 17B of the New Jersey 39 Statutes and in R. S. 17:35-23.
- d. "Applicant" means a person who seeks to contract for insurance coverage other than a person seeking group insurance that is not individually underwritten.
- e. "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Insurance.
- f. "Consumer report" means any written, oral or other communication of information bearing on a natural person's credit worthiness, credit standing, credit capacity, character, general reputation, personal characteristics or mode of living which is used or expected to be used in connection with an insurance transaction.
- 50 g. "Consumer reporting agency" means any person who:
- 51 (1) Regularly engages, in whole or in part, in the practice of 52 assemblying or preparing consumer reports, for a monetary fee, 53 and
- 54 (2) Obtains information primarily from sources other than 55 insurance institutions, and
- 56 (3) Furnishes consumer reports to other persons.
- h. "Control," including the terms "controlled by" or "under common control with," means the possession, direct or indirect of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract other than a commercial contract of goods or nonmanagement services, or otherwise, unless the power is the

- 63 result of an official position with or corporate office held by the 64 person.
- 65 i. "Declination of insurance coverage" means a denial, in whole
- 66 or in part, by an insurance institution or agent of requested in-
- 67 surance coverage.
- 68 j. "Individual" means any natural person who:
- 69 (1) In the case of property or casualty insurance, is a past,
- 70 present or proposed named insured or certificateholder;
- 71 (2) In the case of life, health or disability insurance, is a past,
- 72 present or proposed principal insured or certificateholder;
- 73 (3) Is a past, present or proposed policyowner;
- 74 (4) Is a past or present applicant; or
- 75 (5) Is a past or present claimant, or
- 76 (6) Derived, derives or is proposed to derive insurance coverage
- 77 under an insurance policy or certificate subject to this act.
- 78 k. "Institutional source" means any person or governmental
- 79 entity that provides information about an individual to an agent,
- 80 insurance institution or insurance support organization, other than:
- 81 (1) An agent,
- 82 (2) The individual who is the subject of the information, or
- 83 (3) A natural person acting in a personal capacity rather than in
- 84 a business or professional capacity.
- 85 l. "Insurance institution" means any corporation, association,
- 86 partnership, reciprocal exchange, interinsurer, Lloyd's insurer,
- 87 fraternal benefit society or other person engaged in the business
- 88 of insurance; including health maintenance organizations, medical
- 89 service corporations, hospital service corporations, dental service
- 90 corporations, automobile insurance plan and the New Jersey
- 91 Automobile Full Insurance Underwriting Association as defined
- 92 in section 2 of P. L. 1973, c. 337 (C. 26:2J-2), section 1 of P. L. 1940,
- 93 c, 74 (C. 17:48A-1), section 1 of P. L. 1960, c. 1 (C. 17:48B-1),
- 94 section 2 of P. L. 1968, c. 305 (C. 17:48C-2), P. L. 1970, c. 215
- 95 (C. 17:29D-1 et seq.) and P. L. 1983, c. 65 (C. 17:29A-33 et al.),
- 96 "Insurance institution" shall not include agents or insurance-
- 97 support organizations.
- 98 m. "Insurance-support organization" means:
- 99 (1) Any person who regularly engages, in whole or in part, in
- 100 the practice of assembling or collecting information about natural
- 101 persons for the primary purpose of providing the information to
- 102 an insurance institution or agent for insurance transactions, in-103 cluding:
- 104 (a) The furnishing of consumer reports or investigative

- consumer reports to an insurance institution or agent for use in connection with an insurance transaction, or
- 107 (b) The collection of personal information from insurance institutions, agents or other insurance-support organizations for the purpose of detecting or preventing fraud, material misrepresentation or material nondisclosure in connection with insurance underwriting or insurance claim activity.
- 112 (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1) of this subsection, the 113 following persons shall not be considered "insurance-support 114 organizations" for the purposes of this act: agents, government 115 institutions, insurance institutions, medical-care institutions, 116 medical professionals and rating organizations as defined in section 117 1 of P. L. 1944, c. 27 (C. 17:29A-1).
- 118 n. "Insurance transaction" means any transaction involving 119 insurance primarily for personal, family or household needs rather 120 than business or professional needs which entails:
- 121 (1) The determination of an individual's eligibility for an in-122 surance coverage, benefit or payment, or
- 123 (2) The servicing of an insurance application, policy, contract 124 or certificate.
- o. "Investigative consumer report" means a consumer report to portion thereof in which information about a natural person's thereof character, general reputation, personal characteristics or mode to living is obtained through personal interviews with the person's neighbors, friends, associates, acquaintances or others who may have knowledge concerning those items of information.
- p. "Medical-care institution" means a facility or institution 132 that is licensed to provide health care services to natural persons, 133 including but not limited to, hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, 134 nursing facilities, home-health agencies, medical clinics, rehabilitation agencies, public health agencies or health-maintenance organi-136 zations.
- q. "Medical professional" means any person providing health 138 care services to natural persons, including but not limited to, a 139 physician, podiatrist, dentist, nurse, optometrist, chiropractor, 140 physical therapist, occupational therapist, pharmacist, psycholo-141 gist, dietitian, psychiatric social worker or speech therapist.
- 142 r. "Medical-record information" means personal information 143 which:
- 144 (1) Relates to an individual's physical or mental condition, 145 medical history or medical treatment, and
- 146 (2) Is obtained from a medical professional or medical-care insti-

- 147 tution, from the individual, or from the individual's spouse, parent 148 or legal guardian.
- 149 s. "Person" means any natural person, corporation, association,
- 150 partnership or other legal entity.
- 151 t. "Personal information" means any individually identifiable
- 152 information gathered in connection with an insurance transaction
- 153 from which judgments can be made about an individual's character,
- 154 habits, avocations, finances, occupation, general reputation, credit,
- 155 health or any other personal characteristics. "Personal informa-
- 156 tion" includes an individual's name and address and medical-record
- 157 information but does not include privileged information.
- 158 u. "Policyholder" means any person who:
- 159 (1) In the case of individual property or casualty insurance, is
- 160 a present named insured;
- 161 (2) In the case of individual life, health or disability insurance,
- 162 is a present policyowner, or
- 163 (3) In the case of group insurance which is individually under-
- 164 written, is a present group certificateholder.
- 165 v. "Pretext interview" means an interview whereby a person,
- 166 in an attempt to obtain information about a natural person, per-
- 167 forms one or more of the following acts:
- 168 (1) Pretends to be someone he is not,
- 169 (2) Pretends to represent a person he is not in fact representing,
- 170 (3) Misrepresents the true purpose of the interview, or
- 171 (4) Refuses to identify himself upon request.
- 172 w. "Privileged information" means any individually identifiable
- 173 information that:
- 174 (1) Relates to a claim for insurance benefits or a civil or criminal
- 175 proceeding involving an individual, and
- 176 (2) Is collected in connection with or in reasonable anticipation
- 177 of a claim for insurance benefits or civil or criminal proceeding
- 178 involving an individual; except that information otherwise meeting
- 179 the requirements of this subsection shall nevertheless be considered
- 180 personal information under this act if it is disclosed in violation of
- 181 section 13 of this act.
- 182 x. "Residual market mechanism" means any insurance pooling
- 183 mechanism, joint underwriting association, or reinsurance facility
- 184 created pursuant to law or regulation which provides insurance
- 185 coverage for any risk that is not insurable in the voluntary market.
- 186 y. "Termination of insurance coverage" or "termination of an
- 187 insurance policy" means either a cancellation or nonrenewal of an
- 188 insurance policy, in whole or in part, for any reason other than the
- 189 failure to pay a premium as required by the policy.

- 190 z. "Unauthorized insurer" means an insurance institution that 191 has not been granted a certificate of authority by the commissioner 192 to transact the business of insurance in this State.
- 1 3. Pretext interviews. No insurance institution, agent or in-
- surance-support organization shall use or authorize the use of
- pretext interviews to obtain information in connection with an
- insurance transaction; except that a pretext interview may be
- undertaken to obtain information from a person or institution that
- does not have a generally or statutorily recognized privileged re-6
- lationship with the person about whom the information relates for 7
- the purpose of investigating a claim where, based upon specific 8
- 9 information available for review by the commissioner, there is a
- reasonable basis for suspecting criminal activity, fraud, material 10
- misrepresentation or material nondisclosure in connection with the 11
- 12 claim.
- 4. Notice of insurance information practices. a. An insurance 1
- institution or agent shall provide a notice of information practices
- to all applicants or policyholders in connection with insurance 3 4
  - transactions as follows:

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- (1) In the case of an application for insurance,
  - (a) At the time of the delivery of the insurance policy or certificate when personal information is collected only from the applicant or from public records; or
  - (b) At the time the collection of personal information is initiated when personal information is collected from a source other than the applicant or public records;
- (2) In the case of a policy renewal, the policy renewal date, 12 except that no notice shall be required in connection with a policy 13 renewal if: 14
  - (a) Personal information is collected only from the policyholder or from public records, or
  - (b) A notice meeting the requirements of this section has been given within the previous 24 months; or
- (3) In the case of a policy reinstatement or change in insurance 19 benefits, at the time a request for a policy reinstatement or change 20in insurance benefits is received by the insurance institution, except 21 that no notice shall be required if personal information is collected 22 only from the policyholder or from public records. 23
- b. The notice shall be in writing and shall state: 24
- (1) Whether personal information may be collected from persons 25 other than the individual or individuals proposed for coverage; 26
- (2) The types of personal information that may be collected and 27 the types of sources and investigative techniques that may be used 28 29 to collect that information;

- 30 (3) The types of disclosures identified in subsections b., c., d.,
- 31 e., f., i., k., l. and n. of section 13 of this act and the circumstances
- 32 under which the disclosures may be made without prior authoriza-
- 33 tion; provided, however, only those circumstances need be described
- 34 which occur with such frequency as to indicate a general business
- 35 practice;
- 36 (4) A description of the rights established under sections 8 and 9
- 37 of this act and the manner in which these rights may be exercised;
- 38 and
- 39 (5) That information obtained from a report prepared by an
- 40 insurance-support organization may be retained by the insurance-
- 41 support organization and disclosed to other persons.
- 42 c. In lieu of the notice prescribed in subsection b., the insurance
- 43 institution or agent may provide an abbreviated notice informing
- 44 the applicant or policyholder that:
- 45 (1) Personal information may be collected from persons other
- 46 than the individual or individuals proposed for coverage,
- 47 (2) The information as well as other personal or privileged
- 48 information subsequently collected by the insurance institution or
- 49 agent may in certain circumstances be disclosed to third parties
- 50 without authorization,
- 51 (3) A right of access and correction exists with respect to all
- 52 personal information collected, and
- 53 (4) The notice prescribed in subsection b. of this section shall
- 54 be furnished to the applicant or policyholder upon request.
- d. The obligations imposed by this section upon an insurance
- 56 institution or agent may be satisfied by another insurance institu-
- 57 tion or agent authorized to act on its behalf.
- 5. Marketing and research surveys. An insurance institution or
- 2 agent shall clearly specify those questions designed to obtain in-
- 3 formation solely for marketing or research purposes from an indi-
- 4 vidual in connection with an insurance transaction.
- 1 6. Content of disclosure authorization forms. Notwithstanding
- 2 any other provision of law in this State, no insurance institution,
- 3 agent or insurance-support organization shall utilize as its disclo-
- 4 sure authorization form in connection with insurance transactions
- 5 a form or statement which authorizes the disclosure of personal
- 6 or privileged information about an individual to the insurance
- 7 institution, agent or insurance-support organization unless the form

- 8 or statement:
- 9 a. Is written in plain language;
- 10 b. Is dated;

11 c. Specifies the types of persons authorized to disclose informa-

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- 12 tion about the individual;
- d. Specifies the nature of the information authorized to be disclosed;
- e. Names the insurance institution or agent and identifies by
- 16 generic reference representatives of the insurance institution to
- 17 whom the individual is authorizing information to be disclosed;
- 18 f. Specifies the purposes for which the information is collected;
- 19 g. Specifies the length of time the authorization shall remain 20 valid, which shall be no longer than:
- 21 (1) In the case of authorizations signed for the purpose of col-
- 22 lecting information in connection with an application for an in-
- 23 surance policy, a policy reinstatement or a request for change in
- 24 policy benefits,
- 25 (a) 30 months from the date the authorization is signed 26 if the application or request involves life, health or disability
- 27 insurance, or

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- (b) One year from the date the authorization is signed if the application or request involves property or casualty insurance;
- 31 (2) In the case of authorizations signed for the purpose of col-32 lecting information in connection with a claim for benefits under 33 an insurance policy,
  - (a) The term of coverage of the policy if the claim is for a health insurance benefit, or
    - (b) The duration of the claim if the claim is not for a health insurance benefit; and
- h. Advises the individual or a person authorized to act on behalf of the individual that the individual or the individual's authorized representative is entitled to receive a copy of the authorization
- 41 form.
- 7. Investigative consumer reports. a. No insurance institution,
- 2 agent or insurance-support organization may prepare or request an
- 3 investigative consumer report about an individual in connection
- 4 with an insurance transaction involving an application for insur-
- 5 ance, a policy renewal, a policy reinstatement or a change in insur-
- 6 ance benefits unless the insurance institution or agent informs the
- 7 individual:
- 8 (1) That he may request to be interviewed in connection with
- 9 the preparation of the investigative consumer report, and
- 10 (2) That upon a request pursuant to section 8, he is entitled to
- 11 receive a copy of the investigative consumer report.
- b. If any investigative consumer report is to be prepared by an

- 13 insurance institution or agent, the insurance institution or agent
- 14 shall institute reasonable procedures to conduct a personal inter-
- 15 view requested by an individual.
- 16 c. If any investigative consumer report is to be prepared by an
- 17 insurance-support organization, the insurance institution or agent
- 18 desiring the report shall inform the insurance-support organization
- 19 whether a personal interview has been requested by the individual.
- 20 The insurance-support organization shall institute reasonable pro-
- 21 cedures to conduct the interviews, if requested.
- 8. Access to recorded personal information. a. If any individual,
- 2 after proper identification, submits a written request to an insur-
- 3 ance institution, agent or insurance-support organization for access
- 4 to recorded personal information about the individual which is
- 5 reasonably described by the individual and reasonably locatable
- 6 and retrievable by the insurance institution, agent or insurance-
- 7 support organization, the insurance institution, agent or insurance-
- 8 support organization shall within 30 business days from the date
- 9 the request is received:
- 10 (1) Inform the individual of the nature and substance of the
- 11 recorded personal information in writing, by telephone or by other
- 12 oral communication, whichever the insurance institution, agent or
- 13 insurance-support organization prefers;
- 14 (2) Permit the individual to see and copy, in person, the re-
- 15 corded personal information pertaining to him or to obtain a copy
- 16 of the recorded personal information by mail, whichever the indi-
- 17 vidual prefers, unless the recorded personal information is in
- 18 coded form, in which case an accurate translation in plain language
- 19 shall be provided in writing;
- 20 (3) Disclose to the individual the identity, if recorded, of those
- 21 persons to whom the insurance institution, agent or insurance-
- 22 support organization has disclosed the personal information within
- 23 two years prior to the request, and if the identity is not recorded,
- 24 the names of those insurance institutions, agents, insurance-support
- 25 organizations or other persons to whom such information is norm-
- 26 ally disclosed; and
- 27 (4) Provide the individual with a summary of the proceedings
- 28 by which he may request correction, amendment or deletion of
- 29 recorded personal information.
- 30 b. Any personal information provided pursuant to subsection a.
- 31 above shall identify the source of the information if the source is
- 32 an institutional source.
- 33 c. Medical record information supplied by a medical-care insti-
- 34 tution or medical professional and requested under subsection a.,

together with the identity of the medical professional or medical care institution which provided the information, shall be supplied either directly to the individual or to a medical professional designated by the individual and licensed to provide medical care with respect to the condition to which the information relates, which-ever the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organiza-tion prefers. If it elects to disclose the information to a medical professional designated by the individual, the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization shall notify the individual, at the time of the disclosure, that it has provided the information to the medical professional.

- d. Except for personal information provided under section 10, an insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization may charge a reasonable fee to cover the costs incurred in providing a copy of recorded personal information to individuals.
- e. The obligations imposed by this section upon an insurance institution or agent may be satisfied by another insurance institution or agent authorized to act on its behalf. With respect to the copying and disclosure of recorded personal information pursuant to a request under subsection a., an insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization may make arrangements with an insurance-support organization or a consumer reporting agency to copy and disclose recorded personal information on its behalf.
- f. The rights granted to individuals in this section shall extend to all natural persons to the extent information about them is collected and maintained by an insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization in connection with an insurance transaction. The rights granted to all natural persons by this section shall not extend to information about them that relates to and is collected in connection with or in reasonable anticipation of a claim or civil or criminal proceeding involving them.
- g. For the purposes of this section, the term "insurance-support organization" does not include a consumer reporting agency except to the extent that this section imposes more stringent requirements on a consumer reporting agency than other State or federal law.
- 9. Correction, amendment or deletion of recorded personal information. a. Within 30 business days from the date of receipt of a written request from an individual to correct, amend or delete any recorded personal information about the individual within its possession, an insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization shall either:
- 7 (1) Correct, amend or delete the portion of the recorded personal 8 information in dispute; or

9 (2) Notify the individual of:

- 10 (a) Its refusal to make the correction, amendment or 11 deletion,
  - (b) The reasons for the refusal, and
- 13 (c) The individual's right to file a statement as provided 14 in subsection c.
- b. If the insurance institution, agent, or insurance-support organization corrects, amends or deletes recorded personal information in accordance with paragraph (1) of subsection a above, the in-
- surance institution, agent or insurance-support organization shall so notify the individual in writing and furnish the correction,
- 20 amendment or fact of deletion to:
- 21 (1) Any person specifically designated by the individual who 22 may have, within the preceding two years, received the recorded 23 personal information;
- (2) Any insurance-support organization whose primary source 24 of personal information is insurance institutions if the insurance-25 26 support organization has systematically received the recorded 27personal information from the insurance institution within the 28 preceding seven years; except that the correction, amendment or fact of deletion need not be furnished if the insurance-support 29 organization no longer maintains recorded personal information 30 31 about the individual; and
- 32 (3) Any insurance-support organization that furnished the per-33 sonal information that has been corrected, amended or deleted.
- c. Whenever an individual disagrees with an insurance institution's, agent's or insurance-support organization's refusal to correct, amend or delete recorded personal information, the individual shall be permitted to file with the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization:
- 39 (1) A concise statement setting forth what the individual thinks 40 is the correct, relevant or fair information, and
- 41 (2) A concise statement of the reasons why the individual dis-42 agrees with the insurance institution's, agent's or insurance-sup-43 port organization's refusal to correct, amend or delete recorded 44 personal information.
- d. In the event an individual files either statement as described in subsection c. above, the insurance institution, agent or support organization shall:
- 48 (1) File the statement with the disputed personal information 49 and provide a means by which anyone reviewing the disputed per-50 sonal information will be made aware of the individual's statement 51 and have access to it, and

- 52(2) In any subsequent disclosure by the insurance institution, agent or support organization of the recorded personal informa-53tion that is the subject of disagreement, clearly identify the matter 54
- 55or matters in dispute and provide the individual's statement along 56 with the recorded personal information being disclosed, and
- 57 (3) Furnish the statement to the persons and in the manner 58 specified in subsection b. above.
- 59 e. The rights granted to individuals in this section shall extend 60 to all natural persons to the extent information about them is 61 collected and maintained by an insurance institution, agent or 62 insurance-support organization in connection with an insurance 63 transaction. The rights granted to all natural persons by this 64 section shall not extend to information about them that relates to
- and is collected in connection with or in reasonable anticipation of 6566 a claim or civil or criminal proceeding involving them.
- f. For the purposes of this section, the term "insurance-support 67 organization" does not include a consumer reporting agency except 68 to the extent that this section imposes more stringent requirements 69 on a consumer reporting agency than other State or federal law. 70
- 10. Reasons for adverse underwriting decisions. a. In the event 1 of an adverse underwriting decision the insurance institution or 2 agent responsible for the decision shall: 3
- (1) Either provide the applicant, policyholder or individual pro-4 posed for coverage with the specific reason or reasons for the 5 adverse underwriting decision in writing or advise the person that 6upon written request he may receive the specific reason or reasons 7 8 in writing, and
- (2) Provide the applicant, policyholder or individual proposed 9 for coverage with a summary of the rights established under sub-10 section b. of this section and sections 8 and 9 of this act. 11
- b. Upon receipt of a written request within 90 business days 12 from the date of the mailing of notice or other communication of 13 an adverse underwriting decision to an applicant, policyholder or 14 individual proposed for coverage, the insurance institution or agent 15shall furnish to the person within 21 business days from the date 16 of receipt of the written request: 17
- (1) The specific reason or reasons for the adverse underwriting 18 decision, in writing, if that information was not initially furnished 19 in writing pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection a.; 20
- (2) The specific items of personal and privileged information 21 that support those reasons, except that: 22

- 23 (a) The insurance institution or agent shall not be required 24 to furnish specific items of privileged information if it has a 25 reasonable suspicion, based upon specific information avail-26 able for review by the commissioner, that the applicant, policy-27 holder or individual proposed for coverage has engaged in criminal activity, fraud, material misrepresentation or material 28 29 nondisclosure in connection with insurance transactions or 30 claims, and
  - (b) Specific items of medical-record information supplied by a medical-care institution or medical professional shall be disclosed either directly to the individual about whom the information relates or to a medical professional designated by the individual and licensed to provide medical care with respect to the condition to which the information relates, whichever the insurance institution or agent prefers, and
- 38 (3) The names and addresses of the institutional sources that 39 supplied the specific items of information pursuant to paragraph 40 (2) of subsection b., except that the identity of any medical pro-
- 41 fessional or medical-care institution shall be disclosed either di-
- rectly to the individual or to the designated medical professional, 43 whichever the insurance institution or agent prefers.
- c. The obligations imposed by this section upon an insurance institution or agent may be satisfied by another insurance institution or agent authorized to act on its behalf.
- d. When an adverse underwriting decision results solely from an oral request or inquiry, the explanation of reasons and summary of rights required by subsection a may be given orally.
- 1 11. Information concerning previous adverse underwriting 2 decisions. No insurance institution, agent or insurance-support 3 organization may seek information in connection with an insurance
- 4 transaction concerning:

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- 5 a. Any previous adverse underwriting decision experienced by 6 an individual, or
- 7 b. Any previous insurance coverage obtained by an individual 8 through a residual market mechanism,
- 9 unless the inquiry also requests the reasons for any previous ad-
- 10 verse underwriting decision or the reasons why insurance coverage
- 11 was previously obtained through a residual market mechanism.
  - 1 12. Previous adverse underwriting decisions. No insurance insti-
  - 2 tution or agent may base an adverse underwriting decision in whole
- 3 or in part:

- 4 a. On the fact of a previous adverse underwriting decision or
- 5 on the fact that an individual previously obtained insurance cover-
- 6 age through a residual market mechanism; except that an insurance
- 7 institution or agent may base an adverse underwriting decision on
- 8 further information obtained from an insurance institution or agent
- 9 responsible for a previous adverse underwriting decision;
- 10 b. On personal information received from an insurance-support
- 11 organization whose primary source of information is insurance
- 12 institutions: except that an insurance institution or agent may
- 13 base an adverse underwriting decision on further personal informa-
- 14 tion obtained as the result of information received from the in-
- 15 surance-support organization.
- 1 13. Disclosure limitations and conditions. An insurance institu-
- 2 tion, agent or insurance-support organization shall not disclose
- 3 any personal or privileged information about an individual collected
- 4 or received in connection with an insurance transaction unless the
- 5 disclosure is:

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- a. With the written authorization of the individual, provided:
- 7 (1). If the authorization is submitted by another insurance
- 8 institution, agent or insurance-support organization, the authoriza-
- 9 tion meets the requirements of section 6 of this act, or
- 10 (2) If the authorization is submitted by a person other than an
- 11 insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization, the
- 12 authorization is:
  - (a) Dated,
  - (b) Signed by the individual, and
- 15 (c) Obtained one year or less prior to the date a disclosure
- is sought pursuant to this subsection;
- b. To a person other than an insurance institution, agent or
- 18 insurance-support organization, provided the disclosure is reason-
- 19 ably necessary:
- 20 (1) To enable the person to perform a business, professional or
- 21 insurance function for the disclosing insurance institution, agent
- 22 or insurance-support organization, and the person agrees not to
- 23 disclose the information further without the individual's written
- 24 authorization unless the further disclosure:
- 25 (a) Would otherwise be permitted by this section if made by
- an insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organiza-
- 27 tion, or
- 28 (b) Is reasonably necessary for the person to perform its
- 29 function for the disclosing insurance institution, agent or
- 30 insurance-support organization; or

- 31 (2) To enable the person to provide information to the disclosing 32 insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization for 33 the purpose of:
- 34 (a) Determining an individual's eligibility for an insurance 35 benefit or payment, or
- 36 (b) Detecting or preventing criminal activity, fraud, mate-37 rial misrepresentation or material nondisclosure in connection 38 with an insurance transaction;
- 29 c. To an insurance institution, agent, insurance-support organiza-40 tion or self-insurer, if the information disclosed is limited to that 41 which is reasonably necessary:
- 42 (1) To detect or prevent criminal activity, fraud, material mis-43 representation or material nondisclosure in connection with in-44 surance transactions, or
- 45 (2) For either the disclosing or receiving insurance institution, 46 agent or insurance-support organization to perform its functions 47 in connection with an insurance transaction involving the in-48 dividual;
- 49 d. To a medical-care institution or medical professional for the 50 purpose of:
- 51 (1) Verifying insurance coverage or benefits;
- 52 (2) Informing an individual of a medical problem of which the 53 individual may not be aware; or
- 54 (3) Conducting an operations or services audit, provided only 55 that information is disclosed as is reasonably necessary to accom-56 plish the foregoing purposes; or
- 57 e. To an insurance regulatory authority; or
- f. To a law enforcement or other governmental authority:
- (1) To protect the interests of the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization in preventing or prosecuting the perpetration of fraud upon it, or
- 62 (2) If the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support 63 organization reasonably believes that illegal activities have been 64 conducted by the individual;
- 65 g. Otherwise permitted or required by law;
- 66 h. In response to a facially valid administrative or judicial order, 67 including a search warrant or subpena;
- 68 i. Made for the purpose of conducting actuarial or research 69 studies, provided:
- 70 (1) No individual may be identified in any actuarial or research 71 report,

72 (2) Materials allowing the individual to be identified are re-73 turned or destroyed as soon as they are no longer needed, and

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74 (3) The actuarial or research organization agrees not to disclose 75 the information unless the disclosure would otherwise be permitted 76 by this section if made by an insurance institution, agent or

77 insurance-support organization;

- j. To a party or a representative of a party to a proposed or consummated sale, transfer, merger or consolidation of all or part of the business of the insurance institution, agent or insurance support organization, except that:
- 82 (1) Prior to the consummation of the sale, transfer, merger or 83 consolidation only such information is disclosed as is reasonably 84 necessary to enable the recipient to make business decisions about 85 the purchase, transfer, merger or consolidation, and
- 86 (2) The recipient agrees not to disclose the information unless 87 the disclosure would otherwise be permitted by this section if 88 made by an insurance institution, agent or insurance-support 89 organization;
- 90 k. To a person whose only use of such information will be in 91 connection with the marketing of a product or service, if:
- 92 (1) No medical-record information, privileged information, or 93 personal information relating to an individual's character, personal 94 habits, mode of living or general reputation is disclosed, and no 95 classification derived from that information is disclosed,
- 96 (2) The individual has been given an opportunity to indicate 97 that he does not want personal information disclosed for marketing 98 purposes and has given no indication that he does not want the 99 information disclosed, and
- 100 (3) The person receiving the information agrees not to use it 101 except in connection with the marketing of a product or service, 102 l. To an affiliate whose only use of the information will be in 103 connection with an audit of the insurance institution or agent or 104 the marketing of an insurance product or service, if the affiliate
- 105 agrees not to disclose the information for any other purpose or to 106 unaffiliated persons;
- 107 m. By a consumer reporting agency, if the disclosure is to a 108 person other than an insurance institution or agent;
- 109 n. To a group policyholder for the purpose of reporting claims 110 experience or conducting an audit of the insurance institution's or 111 agent's operations or services, if the information disclosed is

112 reasonably necessary for the recipient to conduct the review or 113 audit;

o. To a professional peer review organization for the purpose of

- 115 reviewing the service or conduct of a medical-care institution or 116 medical professional;
- p. To a governmental authority for the purpose of determining 117
- 118 the individual's eligibility for health benefits for which the govern-
- 119 mental authority may be liable;
- q. To a certificateholder or policyholder for the purpose of 120
- 121 providing information regarding the status of an insurance trans-
- 122 action; or
- 123 r. To a lienholder, mortgagee, assignee, lessor or other person
- 124 shown on the records of an insurance institution or agent as having
- 125 a legal or beneficial interest in a policy of insurance, provided:
- (1) No medical-record information is disclosed unless the dis-126
- 127 closure would otherwise be permitted by this section of this act; and
- 128 (2) The information disclosed is limited to that reasonably
- 129 necessary to permit the person to protect its interests in the policy.
- 1 14. Power of commissioner. a. The commissioner shall have
- power to examine and investigate into the affairs of every insurance
- institution or agent doing business in this State to determine
- 4 whether the insurance institution or agent has been or is engaged
- 5 in any conduct in violation of this act.
- b. The commissioner shall have the power to examine and
- 7 investigate into the affairs of every insurance-support organiza-
- 8 tion acting on behalf of an insurance institution or agent which
- either transacts business in this State or transacts business out-
- 10 side this State that has an effect on a person residing in this State
- in order to determine whether the insurance-support organization 11
- 12 has been or is engaged in any conduct in violation of this act.
- 1 15. Hearings, witnesses, appearances, production of books and
- service of process. a. Whenever the commissioner has reason to
- believe that an insurance institution, agent or insurance-support
- organization has been or is engaged in conduct in this State which
- violates this act, or if the commissioner believes that an insurance-5
- support organization has been or is engaged in conduct outside
- 7 this State which has an effect on a person residing in this State
- and which violates this act, the commissioner shall issue and serve
- upon the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organi-9 zation a statement of charges and notice of hearing to be held at a 10
- time and place fixed in the notice. The date for the hearing shall be 11
- 12not less than 30 days after the date of service.
- 13 b. At the time and place fixed for the hearing the insurance
- institution, agent or insurance-support organization charged shall 14
- have an opportunity to answer the charges against it and present 15
- evidence on its behalf. Upon good cause shown, the commissioner

shall, permit any adversely affected person to intervene, appear and be heard at the hearing by counsel or in person.

19 c. At any hearing conducted pursuant to this section the com-20 missioner may administer oaths, examine and cross-examine witnesses and receive oral and documentary evidence. The com-2122missioner shall have the power to subpena witnesses, compel 23 their attendance and require the production of books, papers, records, correspondence and other documents which are relevant 24to the hearing. A stenographic record of the hearing shall be 2526 made upon the request of any party or at the discretion of the 27 commissioner. If no stenographic record is made and if judicial review is sought, the commissioner shall prepare a statement of 2829 the evidence for use on review. Hearings conducted under this section shall be governed by the same rules of evidence and pro-30 cedure applicable to administrative proceedings conducted pur-31 suant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P. L. 1968, c. 410 3233 (C. 52:14B-1 et seq.).

d. Statements of charges, notices, orders and other processes of the commissioner under this act may be served by anyone duly authorized to act on behalf of the commissioner. Service of process may be completed in the manner provided by law for service of process in civil actions or by registered mail. A copy of the statement of charges, notice, order or other process shall be provided to the person or persons whose rights under this act have been allegedly violated. A verified return setting forth the manner of service, or return postcard receipt in the case of registered mail, shall be sufficient proof of service.

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431 16. Service of process—insurance-support organizations. For the purpose of this act, an insurance-support organization transacting  $^{2}$ business outside this State which has an effect on a person residing 3in this State shall be deemed to have appointed the commissioner 4 to accept service of process on its behalf, if the commissioner 5 6 causes a copy of such service to be mailed forthwith by registered mail to the insurance-support organization at its last known prin-7 cipal place of business. The return postcard receipt for the mailing 9 shall be sufficient proof that the same was properly mailed by the commissioner. 10

17. Cease and desist orders and reports. a. If, after a hearing pursuant to section 15, the commissioner determines that the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization charged has engaged in conduct or practices in violation of this act, the commissioner shall reduce his findings to writing and shall issue and cause to be served upon the insurance institution, agent or

- 7 insurance-support organization a copy of the findings and an order
- 8 requiring the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support
- 9 organization to cease and desist from the conduct or practices
- 10 constituting a violation of this act.
- b. If, after a hearing pursuant to section 15, the commissioner
- 12 determines that the insurance institution, agent or insurance-
- 13 support organization charged has not engaged in conduct or prac-
- 14 tices in violation of this act, the commissioner shall prepare a
- 15 written report which sets forth findings of fact and conclusions of
- 16 law. The report shall be served upon the insurance institution,
- 17 agent or insurance-support organization charged and upon the
- 18 persons, if any, whose rights under this act were allegedly violated.
- 19 c. Until the expiration of the time allowed under section 19 of
- 20 this act for filing a petition for review or until the petition is
- 21 actually filed, whichever occurs first, the commissioner may modify
- 22 or set aside any order or report issued under this section. After the
- 23 expiration of the time allowed under section 19 of this act for
- 24 filing a petition for review, if no petition has been duly filed, the
- 25 commissioner may, after notice and opportunity for hearing, alter,
- 26 modify or set aside, in whole or in part, any order or report issued
- 27 under this section whenever conditions of fact or law warrant such
- 28 action or if the public interest so requires.
- 1 18. Penalties. a. In any case where a hearing pursuant to section
- 2 15 results in the finding of a knowing violation of this act, the
- 3 commissioner may, in addition to the issuance of a cease and desist
- 4 order as prescribed in section 17, order payment of a monetary
- 5 penalty of not more than \$500.00 for each violation but not to exceed
- 6 \$10,000.00 in the aggregate for multiple violations.
- 7 b. Any person who violates a cease and desist order of the com-
- 8 missioner under section 17 of this act may, after notice and hearing
- 7 and upon order of the commissioner, be subject to one or more of
- 8 the following penalties, at the discretion of the commissioner:
- 9 (1) A monetary fine of not more than \$10,000.00 for each viola-
- 10 tion, or
- 11 (2) A monetary fine of not more than \$50,000.00 if the commis-
- 12 sioner finds that violations have occurred with such frequency as
- 13 to constitute a general business practice, or
- 14 (3) Suspension or revocation of any insurance institution's or
- 15 agent's license.
  - 1 19. Judicial review of orders and reports. a. Any person subject
  - 2 to an order of the commissioner under section 17 or section 18 or
  - 3 any person whose rights under this act were allegedly violated may
  - 4 obtain a review of any order or report of the commissioner by filing

5 in the Superior Court, Appellate Division, within 45 days from the

date of the service of the order or report, a written petition

7 requesting that the order or report of the commissioner be set aside.

8 A copy of the petition shall be simultaneously served upon the

9 commissioner, who shall forthwith certify and file in the court a

10 transcript of the entire record of the proceeding giving rise to the

11 order or report which is the subject of the petition. Upon the filing

12 of the petition and the transcript, the Superior Court, Appellate

13 Division, shall have jurisdiction to make and enter a decree modify-

14 ing, affirming or reversing any order or report of the commissioner,

15 in whole or in part. The findings of the commissioner as to the

16 facts supporting any order or report, if supported by clear and

17 convincing evidence, shall be conclusive.

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b. To the extent an order or report of the commissioner is 18 19 affirmed, the court shall issue its own order commanding obedience 20 to the terms of the order or report of the commissioner. If any 21 party affected by an order or report of the commissioner shall 22apply to the court for leave to produce additional evidence and 23shall show to the satisfaction of the court that the additional 24 evidence is material and that there are reasonable grounds for the 25 failure to produce this evidence in prior proceedings, the court may order the additional evidence to be taken before the commis-2627 sioner in a manner and upon those terms and conditions as the 28 court may deem proper. The commissioner may modify his findings 29 of fact or make new findings by reason of the additional evidence 30 so taken and shall file modified or new findings along with any recommendation, if any, for the modification or revocation of a 31 previous order or report. If supported by clear and convincing 32 evidence, the modified or new findings shall be conclusive as to the 33 34 matters contained herein.

c. An order or report issued by the commissioner under section 17 or 18 shall become final:

- (1) Upon the expiration of the time allowed for the filing of a a petition for review, if no such petition has been duly filed; except that the commissioner may modify or set aside an order or report to the extent provided in subsection c. of section 17; or
- (2) Upon a final decision of the Superior Court, Appellate Division, if the court directs that the order or report of the commissioner be affirmed or the petition for review is dismissed.
- d. No order or report of the commissioner under this act or order of a court to enforce the same shall in any way relieve or absolve any person affected by the order or report from any liability under any law of this State.

- 1 20. Individual remedies. a. If any insurance institution, agent or
- insurance-support organization fails to comply with section 8, 9 or  $^{2}$
- 10 of this act with respect to the rights granted under those sections, 3
- any person whose rights are violated may apply to the Superior
- Court of this State, or any other court of competent jurisdiction, 5
- for appropriate equitable relief. 6
- b. An insurance institution, agent or insurance-support orga-7
- nization which discloses information in violation of section 13 of
- this act shall be liable for damages sustained by the individual about 9
- whom the information relates; except that no individual shall be 10
- entitled to a monetary award which exceeds the actual damages 11
- sustained by the individual as a result of a violation of section 13 12
- of this act. 13
- c. In any action brought pursuant to this section, the court may 14
- award the cost of the action and reasonable attorney's fees to the 15
- 16 prevailing party.
- d. An action under this section shall be brought within two years 17
- from the date the alleged violation is or should have been dis-18
- covered. 19
- 20 e. Except as specifically provided in this section, there shall be
- no remedy or recovery available to individuals, in law or in equity, 21
- 22 for occurrences constituting a violation of any provision of this act.
- 21. Immunity. No cause of action in the nature of defamation, 1
- invasion of privacy or negligence shall arise against any person
- for disclosing personal or privileged information in accordance 3
- with this act, nor shall such a cause of action arise against any
- person for furnishing personal or privileged information to an 5
- insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization; except this section shall provide no immunity for disclosing or
- furnishing false information with malice or willful intent to injure 8
- 9 any person.

- 22. Obtaining information under false pretenses. Any person who 1
- knowingly and willfully obtains information about an individual
- from an insurance institution, agent or insurance-support orga-
- 4 nization under false pretenses is guilty of a crime of the fourth
- 5 degree.
- 23. Effective date. a. This act shall take effect 180 days after 1
- 2enactment.
- 3 b. The rights granted under sections 8, 9 and 13 of this act shall
- take effect on the effective date of this act regardless of the date 4
- of the collection or receipt of the information which is the subject 5
- of those sections.

#### STATEMENT

The purpose of this bill is to establish standards for the collection, use and disclosure of information gathered in connection with insurance transactions by insurance institutions, agents or insurance-support organizations; to maintain a balance between the need for information by those conducting the business of insurance and thte public's need for fairness in insurance information practices, including the need to minimize intrusiveness; to establish a regulatory mechanism to enable natural persons to ascertain what information is being or has been collected about them in connection with insurance transactions and to have access to such information for the purpose of verifying or disputing its accuracy; to limit the disclosure of information collected in connection with insurance transactions; and to enable insurance applicants and policyholders to obtain the reasons for any adverse underwriting decision.

# SENATE LABOR, INDUSTRY AND PROFESSIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

### SENATE, No. 1013

with Senate committee amendments

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: FEBRUARY 27, 1984

This bill provides privacy protection standards to insurance transactions involving coverages for personal, family and household needs.

Section 1 of the bill provides that the obligations imposed by the bill apply to those insurance institutions, agents or insurance-support organizations which on or after the effective date of this bill either collect, receive or maintain information in connection with insurance transactions which pertains to natural persons, or engage in insurance transactions with applicants, individuals or policyholders. The rights granted by this bill extend to natural persons who are the subject of information collected, received or maintained in connection with insurance transactions and applicants, individuals or policyholders who engage in or seek to engage in insurance transactions. The bill does not apply to information collected from the public records of a governmental authority and maintained by an insurance institution or its representatives for the purpose of insuring the title to real property located in this State.

The bill in section 3 prohibits pretext interviews to obtain information about an individual except when used for the purpose of investigating claims where there is a reasonable basis for suspecting fraud, material misrepresentation, or material nondisclosure. A pretext interview is an interview in which the inquirer pretends to be someone he is not; pretends to represent someone he does not in fact represent; or misrepresents the true purpose of the interview.

In section 4 the bill requires insurance institutions and agents to provide timely notification of their information practices to all applicants and policyholders. It provides for a detailed notice and an abbreviated notice. The detailed notice must state (a) whether personal information may be collected from third persons other than the individual or individuals proposed for coverage; (b) the type of personal information that may be collected and the types of sources and techniques that may be used; (c) specific types of disclosures (section 13) and circumstances under which such disclosures may be made without prior

authorization; (d) a description of the rights of access, correction, and amendment established under sections 8 and 9 of this bill and the manner in which such rights may be exercised; and (e) that information in any report prepared by an insurance-support organization may be retained by that organization and disclosed to other persons. The abbreviated notice must state that (a) personal information may be collected from others; (b) such information as well as subsequently collected information may be disclosed to third parties without authorization; (c) a right of access and correction exists with respect to personal information; and (d) the detailed notice is available upon request.

Section 5 of the bill requires that an insurance institution or agent must specify clearly to an individual those questions designed to obtain information solely for marketing or research purposes and, therefore, unrelated to the individual's eligibility for an insurance benefit or service.

Section 6 concerns authorizations for the release of information from those with whom an individual has a confidential relationship. The bill provides that an insurance institution's, agent's or insurancesupport organization's disclosure authorization form must: (a) be written in plain language; (b) dated; (c) specify the types of persons authorized to disclose information about the individual; (d) specify the nature of the information authorized to be disclosed; (e) name the insurance institution or agent and identify by generic reference their representatives to whom the individual is authorizing the information to be disclosed; and (f) specify the purposes for which the information is collected. This section requires that disclosure authorization forms specify the length of time they are to remain valid. In the case of authorizations signed for the purpose of collecting information in connection with an application, a policy reinstatement, or a request for a change in policy benefits, an authorization can be valid no longer than 30 months for life, health or disability insurance or one year for property and casualty insurance. In the case of authorizations signed for the purpose of collecting information in connection with claims, the authorization can be valid no longer than the term of coverage of the policy for a health insurance claim or the duration of the claim for all other types of claim.

The bill in section 7 requires that no insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization acting on behalf of an insurance institution or agent, may prepare or obtain an investigative consumer report about an individual in connection with an application for insurance, a policy renewal, a policy reinstatement or a change in insurance benefits unless the insurance institution or agent informs the individual: (a)

that he may request to be interviewed in connection with the preparation of the report, and (b) that upon request, pursuant to section 8, he is entitled to receive a copy of the report.

Some of the information collected, retained and exchanged by the insurance industry may be erroneous or out-of-date and may present an inaccurate picture of an individual's health, life style or financial condition. Section 8 of the bill provides that, to gain access to recorded personal information, an individual, after proper identification, must make a written request to the insurance institution, agent or insurancesupport organization. The information requested must be reasonably described by the individual and reasonably locatable and retrievable by the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization. Within 30 business days from the date the request is received, the individual must be informed of the nature and substance of the recorded personal information either in writing, by telephone or other oral communication, whichever the insurance institution, agent or insurancesupport organization prefers. The individual is also permitted to see his file and to obtain a copy in person or by mail, whichever he prefers. If the information is in coded form, an accurate translation in plain language must be provided in writing. So that the individual will be aware of who has received information in the file, the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization must also disclose the identity of those persons, if recorded, to whom the personal information has been disclosed within two years prior to the request; or, if not recorded, the identity of those insurance institutions, agents, insurancesupport organizations, or other persons to whom such information is normally disclosed. The insurance institution, agent or insurancesupport organization is also required to provide the individual with a summary of the procedures by which he may request correction, amendment or deletion of recorded personal information. Any personal information provided pursuant to an individual's request shall identify the source of the information if such source is an institutional source. Medical-record information which is requested and was originally supplied to the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization by a medical professional or medical-care institution, together with the identity of such source, may be supplied either directly to the individual or to a medical professional designated by the individual and licensed to provide medical care with respect to the condition to which the information relates, whichever the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization prefers. The insurance institutions, agents or insurance-support organizations may charge a fee to cover only the copying costs involved, except no fee is permitted for those inquiries involving an adverse underwriting decision.

Section 9 establishes a right of the individual to seek correction of any erroneous information in the record. Within 30 business days from the date that an insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization receives a written request from an individual to correct, amend or delete any recorded personal information pertaining to him within its possession, the insurance institution, agent or insurancesupport organization must either (a) correct, amend or delete such portion of the recorded personal information; or (b) notify the individual of its refusal to make the correction, amendment or deletion; give the reasons for the refusal; and notify the individual that he has a right to have a supplementary statement inserted in the record. If the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization corrects, amends or deletes recorded information, the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization must notify the individual in writing and furnish the correction, amendment or fact of deletion to: (a) any person specifically designated by the individual who may have, within the past two years, received the incorrect or incomplete information; (b) any insurance-support organization whose primary source of information on individuals is insurance institutions where the insurancesupport organization has systematically received such information from the insurance institution within the previous seven years; or (c) any insurance-support organization that furnished the information that is corrected, amended or deleted. If an individual disagrees with an insurance institution's, agent's or insurance-support organization's refusal to correct, amend or delete recorded personal information, the individual is allowed to file with the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization a concise statement setting forth what the individual thinks is the correct, relevant or fair information and the reasons why he disagrees with the insurance institution's, agent's or insurance-support organization's refusal to correct, amend or delete recorded personal information. The individual's supplementary statement must be placed in or with the individual's record, and the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization must see to it that anyone reviewing the disputed information is made aware of the statement and has access to it. In any subsequent disclosure, the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization must clearly identify the matters in dispute and provide the individual's statement along with the recorded information being disclosed. The individual's statement must also be propagated in the same way that corrections, amendments and deletions are.

Section 10 of the bill provides that in the event of an adverse underwriting decision, the insurance institution or agent must either provide the applicant, policyholder or individual proposed for coverage with the specific reasons for a decision in writing or advise him that upon written request he may receive the specific reasons in writing. Upon receipt of a written request made within a certain time limit, the insurance institution or agent must furnish to the insured, in writing, within 21 business days: (a) the specific reasons for the adverse underwriting decision, if such information was not initially furnished in writing; (b) the specific items of personal and privileged information that support those reasons; except that (1) the insurance institution or agent is not required to furnish specific items of privileged information when the applicant, policyholder or individual proposed for coverage is suspected of criminal activity, fraud, material misrepresentation or material nondisclosure, and (2) the specific items of medical-record information may be disclosed either directly to the individual to whom the information relates or to a licensed medical professional designated by the individual, whichever the insurance institution or agent prefers; and (c) the names and addresses of the institutional sources that supplied the specific items of information, except that the identity of any medical professional or medical-care institution may be disclosed either directly to the individual or to the designated medical professional, whichever the insurance institution or agent prefers. Also, when an adverse underwriting decision results solely from an oral request or inquiry, the explanation of reasons and summary of rights may be given orally.

Section 11 provides that no insurance institution, agent or insurance support organization may seek information in connection with an insurance transaction concerning: (a) any previous adverse underwriting decision experienced by an individual, or (b) any previous insurance coverage obtained by an individual through a residual market mechanism, unless the inquiry also requests the reasons for any previous adverse underwriting decision or the reasons why insurance coverage was previously obtained through a residual market mechanism.

Section 12 states that no insurance institution or agent may base an adverse underwriting decision on the fact of a previous adverse underwriting decision or on the fact that an individual previously obtained insurance coverage through a residual market mechanism. An adverse underwriting decision, however, may be based on further information obtained from an insurance institution or agent responsible for a previous adverse underwriting decision. The section prohibits an insurance institution or agent from basing an adverse underwriting decision on personal information received from an insurance-support organization whose primary source of information is insurance institutions. An insurance institution or agent, however, may base an adverse underwriting decision on further personal information obtained as the result of information received from an insurance-support organization.

Section 13 provides that, with certain exceptions no individually identifiable information may be disclosed by an insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization without the authorization of the individual. To disclose personal or privileged information an individual's authorization submitted to an insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization by a similar organization must conform to the requirements of section 6 of this bill. An individual's authorization submitted by a person other than an insurance organization, agent or insurance-support organization must only be written, dated and signed by the individual and the date on the authorization must not predate the requested disclosure by more than one year. This section also provides for those circumstances under which personal and privileged information may be disclosed without prior authorization. These exceptions fall into three categories: (a) disclosures the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization must make in order to perform business functions inherent in the insurance relationship or to protect itself when the individual is suspected of criminal activity, fraud, material misrepresentation or material nondisclosure in regard to insurance transactions or claims; (b) disclosures to protect the individual; and (c) disclosures to government authorities. The individual under the bill is notified of the circumstances under which personal and privileged information may be routinely disclosed without prior authorization (section 4) and, with respect to personal information, can find out whether any disclosures have, in fact, been made under section 8 of this bill.

Enforcement of the provisions of the bill is provided in sections 14 through 23 of the bill. The commissioner is given investigative and enforcement powers under the bill's provisions. He may order, after a hearing, an insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization to cease and desist for violations of the provisions of the bill. He may impose a penalty of not more than \$500.00 for each knowing violation of the bill but not to exceed \$10,000.00 in the aggregate for multiple violations and he may impose for a violation of a cease and desist order a fine of not more than \$10,000.00 for each violation, or a fine of not more than \$50,000.00 if the violations occurred with such frequency to constitute a general business practice, or suspend or revoke the insurance organization's or agent's license. In addition, section 20 permits an aggrieved person to seek equitable relief if any insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization fails to comply with section 8, 9, or 10 of the bill. Also, the bill provides that a person may recover in an action at law actual damages sustained as a result of information disclosed by an insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization in violation of section 13. Section 21 provides that no cause

of action in the nature of defamation, invasion of privacy or negligence shall arise against any person for disclosing personal or privileged information in accordance with this bill, nor shall such a cause of action arise against any person for furnishing personal or privileged information to an insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization. However, the section does not provide immunity for disclosing or furnishing false information with malice or willful intent to injure any person. Lastly, section 22 states that it is a crime of the fourth degree for any person to knowingly and willfully obtain information about an individual from an insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization under false pretenses.

### [OFFICIAL COPY REPRINT]

## SENATE, No. 1013

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

### PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 1984 SESSION

### By Senator FELDMAN

AN ACT establishing standards for the collection, use, and disclosure of information gathered in connection with insurance transactions.

1	Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
2	of New Jersey:
1	1. a. The obligations imposed by this act shall apply to those
2	insurance institutions, agents or insurance-support organizations

(1) In the case of life, health or disability insurance:

which, on or after the effective date of this act:

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- (a) Collect, receive, or maintain information in connection with insurance transactions which pertains to natural persons who are residents of this State, or
  - (b) Engage in insurance transactions with applicants, individuals or policyholders who are residents of this State, and
- (2) In the case of property or casualty insurance:
  - (a) Collect, receive or maintain information in connection with insurance transactions involving policies, contracts or certificates of insurance delivered, issued for delivery or renewed in this State, or
- (b) Engage in insurance transactions involving policies, contracts or certificates of insurance delivered, issued for delivery or renewed in this State.
- b. The rights granted by this act shall extend to:
- 19 (1) In the case of life, health or disability insurance, the follow-
- 20 ing persons who are residents of this State:
- 21 (a) Natural persons who are the subject of information 22 collected, received or maintained in connection with insurance 23 transactions, and

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter enclosed in asterisks or stars has been adopted as follows:

\*—Senate committee amendments adopted February 27, 1984,

- 24 (b) Applicants, individuals or policyholders who engage in 25 or seek to engage in insurance transactions, and
- 26 (2) In the case of property or casualty insurance, the following 27 persons:
- 28 (a) Natural persons who are the subject of information 29 collected, received or maintained in connection with insurance 30 transactions involving policies, contracts or certificates of 31 insurance delivered, issued for delivery or renewed in this 32 State, and
- 33 (b) Applicants, individuals or policyholders who engage 34 in or seek to engage in insurance transactions involving 35 policies, contracts or certificates of insurance delivered, issued 36 for delivery or renewed in this State.
- c. For purposes of this section, a person shall be considered a resident of this State if the person's last known mailing address, as shown in the records of the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization, is located in this State.
- d. Notwithstanding subsections a. and b. above, this act shall not apply to information collected from the public records of a governmental authority and maintained by an insurance institution or its representatives for the purpose of insuring the title to real property located in this State.
  - 2. Definitions.

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- 2 As used in this act:
- a. "Adverse underwriting decision" means:
- 4 (1) Any of the following actions with respect to insurance 5 transactions involving insurance coverage which is individually 6 underwritten for an individual:
  - (a) A declination of insurance coverage,
  - (b) A termination of insurance coverage,
    - (c) Failure of an agent to apply for insurance coverage with a specific insurance institution which the agent represents and which is requested by an applicant,
  - (d) In the case of a property or casualty insurance coverage:
    - (i) Placement by an insurance institution or agent of a risk with a residual market mechanism or an unauthorized insurer, or
- 16 (ii) The charging of a higher rate on the basis of information which differs from that which the applicant or policyholder furnished,
- 19 (e) In the case of a life, health or disability insurance 20 coverage, an offer to insure at a higher rate than the insurance

institution's table of premium rates applicable to the age and class of risk of each person to be covered under that coverage and to the type and amount of insurance provided.

- (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1) above, the following actions, if permitted by law, shall not be considered adverse underwriting decisions but the insurance institution or agent responsible for their occurrence shall nevertheless provide the applicant or policy-holder with the specific reason or reasons for their occurrence:
  - (a) The termination of an individual policy form on a class or Statewide basis,
    - (b) A declination of insurance coverage solely because such coverage is not available on a class or Statewide basis, or
      - (c) The rescission of a policy.

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- b. "Affiliate" or "affiliated" means a person that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, is controlled by or is under common control with another person.
- 37 c. "Agent" means any person defined in chapter 22 of Title 17 38 of the Revised Statutes, chapter 22 of Title 17B of the New Jersey 39 Statutes and in R. S. 17:35-23.
- d. "Applicant" means a person who seeks to contract for insurance coverage other than a person seeking group insurance that is not individually underwritten.
- e. "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Insurance.
- f. "Consumer report" means any written, oral or other communication of information bearing on a natural person's credit worthiness, credit standing, credit capacity, character, general reputation, personal characteristics or mode of living which is used or expected to be used in connection with an insurance transaction.
- 50 g. "Consumer reporting agency" means any person who:
- 51 (1) Regularly engages, in whole or in part, in the practice of 52 assemblying or preparing consumer reports, for a monetary fee, 53 and
- 54 (2) Obtains information primarily from sources other than 55 insurance institutions, and
- 56 (3) Furnishes consumer reports to other persons.
- h. "Control," including the terms "controlled by" or "under common control with," means the possession, direct or indirect of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract other than a commercial contract of goods or nonmanagement services, or otherwise, unless the power is the

- 63 result of an official position with or corporate office held by the 64 person.
- 65 i. "Declination of insurance coverage" means a denial, in whole
- 66 or in part, by an insurance institution or agent of requested in-
- 67 surance coverage.
- 68 j. "Individual" means any natural person who:
- 69 (1) In the case of property or casualty insurance, is a past,
- 70 present or proposed named insured or certificateholder;
- 71 (2) In the case of life, health or disability insurance, is a past,
- 72 present or proposed principal insured or certificateholder;
- 73 (3) Is a past, present or proposed policyowner;
- 74 (4) Is a past or present applicant; or
- 75 (5) Is a past or present claimant, or
- 76 (6) Derived, derives or is proposed to derive insurance coverage
- 77 under an insurance policy or certificate subject to this act.
- 78 k. "Institutional source" means any person or governmental
- 79 entity that provides information about an individual to an agent,
- 80 insurance institution or insurance support organization, other than:
- 81 (1) An agent,
- 82 (2) The individual who is the subject of the information, or
- 83 (3) A natural person acting in a personal capacity rather than in
- 84 a business or professional capacity.
- 85 l. "Insurance institution" means any corporation, association,
- 86 partnership, reciprocal exchange, interinsurer, Lloyd's insurer,
- 87 fraternal benefit society or other person engaged in the business
- 88 of insurance; including health maintenance organizations, medical
- 89 service corporations, hospital service corporations, dental service
- 90 corporations, automobile insurance plan and the New Jersey
- 91 Automobile Full Insurance Underwriting Association as defined
- 92 in section 2 of P. L. 1973, c. 337 (C. 26:2J-2), section 1 of P. L. 1940,
- 93 c. 74 (C. 17:48A-1), section 1 of P. L. 1960, c. 1 (C. 17:48B-1),
- 94 section 2 of P. L. 1968, c. 305 (C. 17:48C-2), P. L. 1970, c. 215
- 95 (C. 17:29D-1 et seq.) and P. L. 1983, c. 65 (C. 17:29A-33 et al.),
- 96 "Insurance institution" shall not include agents or insurance-
- 97 support organizations.
- 98 m. "Insurance-support organization" means:
- 99 (1) Any person who regularly engages, in whole or in part, in
- 100 the practice of assembling or collecting information about natural
- 101 persons for the primary purpose of providing the information to
- 102 an insurance institution or agent for insurance transactions, in-
- 103 cluding:

- 104 (a) The furnishing of consumer reports or investigative 105 consumer reports to an insurance institution or agent for use 106 in connection with an insurance transaction, or
- 107 (b) The collection of personal information from insurance institutions, agents or other insurance-support organizations for the purpose of detecting or preventing fraud, material misrepresentation or material nondisclosure in connection with insurance underwriting or insurance claim activity.
- 112 (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1) of this subsection, the 113 following persons shall not be considered "insurance-support 114 organizations" for the purposes of this act: agents, government 115 institutions, insurance institutions, medical-care institutions, 116 medical professionals and rating organizations as defined in section 117 1 of P. L. 1944, c. 27 (C. 17:29A-1).
- 118 n. "Insurance transaction" means any transaction involving 119 insurance primarily for personal, family or household needs rather 120 than business or professional needs which entails:
- 121 (1) The determination of an individual's eligibility for an in-122 surance coverage, benefit or payment, or
- 123 (2) The servicing of an insurance application, policy, contract 124 or certificate.
- o. "Investigative consumer report" means a consumer report to or portion thereof in which information about a natural person's that character, general reputation, personal characteristics or mode to fliving is obtained through personal interviews with the person's neighbors, friends, associates, acquaintances or others who may that have knowledge concerning those items of information.
- p. "Medical-care institution" means a facility or institution 132 that is licensed to provide health care services to natural persons, 133 including but not limited to, hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, 134 nursing facilities, home-health agencies, medical clinics, rehabilita-135 tion agencies, public health agencies or health-maintenance organi-136 zations.
- q. "Medical professional" means any person providing health 138 care services to natural persons, including but not limited to, a 139 physician, podiatrist, dentist, nurse, optometrist, chiropractor, 140 physical therapist, occupational therapist, pharmacist, psycholo-141 gist, dietitian, psychiatric social worker or speech therapist.
- 142 r. "Medical-record information" means personal information
  143 which:
- 144 (1) Relates to an individual's physical or mental condition, 145 medical history or medical treatment, and
- 146 (2) Is obtained from a medical professional or medical-care insti-

- 147 tution, from the individual, or from the individual's spouse, parent 148 or legal guardian.
- s. "Person" means any natural person, corporation, association,
- 150 partnership or other legal entity.
- 151 t. "Personal information" means any individually identifiable
- 152 information gathered in connection with an insurance transaction
- 153 from which judgments can be made about an individual's character,
- 154 habits, avocations, finances, occupation, general reputation, credit,
- 155 health or any other personal characteristics. "Personal informa-
- 156 tion" includes an individual's name and address and medical-record
- 157 information but does not include privileged information.
- 158 u. "Policyholder" means any person who:
- 159 (1) In the case of individual property or casualty insurance, is
- 160 a present named insured;
- 161 (2) In the case of individual life, health or disability insurance,
- 162 is a present policyowner, or
- 163 (3) In the case of group insurance which is individually under-
- 164 written, is a present group certificateholder.
- 165 v. "Pretext interview" means an interview whereby a person,
- 166 in an attempt to obtain information about a natural person, per-
- 167 forms one or more of the following acts:
- 168 (1) Pretends to be someone he is not,
- 169 (2) Pretends to represent a person he is not in fact representing,
- 170 (3) Misrepresents the true purpose of the interview, or
- 171 (4) Refuses to identify himself upon request.
- 172 w. "Privileged information" means any individually identifiable
- 173 information that:
- 174 (1) Relates to a claim for insurance benefits or a civil or criminal
- 175 proceeding involving an individual, and
- 176 (2) Is collected in connection with or in reasonable anticipation
- 177 of a claim for insurance benefits or civil or criminal proceeding
- 178 involving an individual; except that information otherwise meeting
- 179 the requirements of this subsection shall nevertheless be considered
- 180 personal information under this act if it is disclosed in violation of
- 181 section 13 of this act.
- 182 x. "Residual market mechanism" means any insurance pooling
- 183 mechanism, joint underwriting association, or reinsurance facility
- 184 created pursuant to law or regulation which provides insurance
- 185 coverage for any risk that is not insurable in the voluntary market.
- 186 y. "Termination of insurance coverage" or "termination of an
- 187 insurance policy" means either a cancellation or nonrenewal of an
- 188 insurance policy, in whole or in part, for any reason other than the
- 189 failure to pay a premium as required by the policy.

- 190 z. "Unauthorized insurer" means an insurance institution that191 has not been granted a certificate of authority by the commissioner
- 192 to transact the business of insurance in this State.
  - 1 3. Pretext interviews. No insurance institution, agent or in-
  - 2 surance-support organization shall use or authorize the use of
  - 3 pretext interviews to obtain information in connection with an
  - 4 insurance transaction; except that a pretext interview may be
  - 5 undertaken to obtain information from a person or institution that
  - 6 does not have a generally or statutorily recognized privileged re-
  - 7 lationship with the person about whom the information relates for
  - 8 the purpose of investigating a claim where, based upon specific
  - 9 information available for review by the commissioner, there is a
- 10 reasonable basis for suspecting criminal activity, fraud, material
- 1 misrepresentation or material nondisclosure in connection with the
- 12 claim.

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- 4. Notice of insurance information practices. a. An insurance
- 2 institution or agent shall provide a notice of information practices
- 3 to all applicants or policyholders in connection with insurance
- 4 transactions as follows:
  - (1) In the case of an application for insurance,
    - (a) At the time of the delivery of the insurance policy or certificate when personal information is collected only from
- 8 the applicant or from public records; or
  - (b) At the time the collection of personal information is initiated when personal information is collected from a source other than the applicant or public records;
- 12 (2) In the case of a policy renewal, the policy renewal date, 13 except that no notice shall be required in connection with a policy 14 renewal if:
  - (a) Personal information is collected only from the policyholder or from public records, or
    - (b) A notice meeting the requirements of this section has been given within the previous 24 months; or
- 19 (3) In the case of a policy reinstatement or change in insurance
- 20 benefits, at the time a request for a policy reinstatement or change
- 21 in insurance benefits is received by the insurance institution, except
- 22 that no notice shall be required if personal information is collected
- 23 only from the policyholder or from public records.
- 24 b. The notice shall be in writing and shall state:
- 25 (1) Whether personal information may be collected from persons
- 26 other than the individual or individuals proposed for coverage;
- 27 (2) The types of personal information that may be collected and
- 28 the types of sources and investigative techniques that may be used
- 29 to collect that information;

- 30 (3) The types of disclosures identified in subsections b., c., d.,
- 31 e., f., i., k., l. and n. of section 13 of this act and the circumstances
- 32 under which the disclosures may be made without prior authoriza-
- 33 tion; provided, however, only those circumstances need be described
- 34 which occur with such frequency as to indicate a general business
- 35 practice;
- 36 (4) A description of the rights established under sections 8 and 9
- 37 of this act and the manner in which these rights may be exercised;
- 38 and

- 39 (5) That information obtained from a report prepared by an
- 40 insurance-support organization may be retained by the insurance-
- 41 support organization and disclosed to other persons.
- 42 c. In lieu of the notice prescribed in subsection b., the insurance
- 43 institution or agent may provide an abbreviated notice informing
- 44 the applicant or policyholder that:
- 45 (1) Personal information may be collected from persons other
- 46 than the individual or individuals proposed for coverage,
- 47 (2) The information as well as other personal or privileged
- 48 information subsequently collected by the insurance institution or
- 49 agent may in certain circumstances be disclosed to third parties
- 50 without authorization,
- 51 (3) A right of access and correction exists with respect to all
- 52 personal information collected, and
- 53 (4) The notice prescribed in subsection b. of this section shall
- 54 be furnished to the applicant or policyholder upon request.
- 55 d. The obligations imposed by this section upon an insurance
- 56 institution or agent may be satisfied by another insurance institu-
- 57 tion or agent authorized to act on its behalf.
  - 5. Marketing and research surveys. An insurance institution or
- 2 agent shall clearly specify those questions designed to obtain in-
- 3 formation solely for marketing or research purposes from an indi-
- 4 vidual in connection with an insurance transaction.
- 1 6. Content of disclosure authorization forms. Notwithstanding
- 2 any other provision of law in this State, no insurance institution,
- 3 agent or insurance-support organization shall utilize as its disclo-
- 4 sure authorization form in connection with insurance transactions
- 5 a form or statement which authorizes the disclosure of personal
- 6 or privileged information about an individual to the insurance
- 7 institution, agent or insurance-support organization unless the form
- 8 or statement:
- 9 a. Is written in plain language;
- 10 b. Is dated;

- 11 c. Specifies the types of persons authorized to disclose informa-
- 12 tion about the individual;
- d. Specifies the nature of the information authorized to be
- 14 disclosed;
- e. Names the insurance institution or agent and identifies by
- 16 generic reference representatives of the insurance institution to
- 17 whom the individual is authorizing information to be disclosed;
- 18 f. Specifies the purposes for which the information is collected;
- 19 g. Specifies the length of time the authorization shall remain
- 20 valid, which shall be no longer than:
- 21 (1) In the case of authorizations signed for the purpose of col-
- 22 lecting information in connection with an application for an in-
- 23 surance policy, a policy reinstatement or a request for change in
- 24 policy benefits,
- 25 (a) 30 months from the date the authorization is signed
- 26 if the application or request involves life, health or disability
- 27 insurance, or
  - (b) One year from the date the authorization is signed if
  - the application or request involves property or casualty in-
- 30 surance;

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- 31 (2) In the case of authorizations signed for the purpose of col-
- 32 lecting information in connection with a claim for benefits under
- 33 an insurance policy,
  - (a) The term of coverage of the policy if the claim is for
- a health insurance benefit, or
- 36 (b) The duration of the claim if the claim is not for a health
- insurance benefit; and
- 38 h. Advises the individual or a person authorized to act on behalf
- 39 of the individual that the individual or the individual's authorized
- 40 representative is entitled to receive a copy of the authorization
- 41 form.
- 7. Investigative consumer reports. a. No insurance institution,
- 2 agent or insurance-support organization may prepare or request an
- 3 investigative consumer report about an individual in connection
- 4 with an insurance transaction involving an application for insur-
- 5 ance, a policy renewal, a policy reinstatement or a change in insur-
- 6 ance benefits unless the insurance institution or agent informs the
- 7 individual:
- 8 (1) That he may request to be interviewed in connection with
- 9 the preparation of the investigative consumer report, and
- 10 (2) That upon a request pursuant to section 8, he is entitled to
- 11 receive a copy of the investigative consumer report.
- b. If any investigative consumer report is to be prepared by an

- 13 insurance institution or agent, the insurance institution or agent
- 14 shall institute reasonable procedures to conduct a personal inter-
- 15 view requested by an individual.
- 16 c. If any investigative consumer report is to be prepared by an
- 17 insurance-support organization, the insurance institution or agent
- 18 desiring the report shall inform the insurance-support organization
- 19 whether a personal interview has been requested by the individual.
- 20 The insurance-support organization shall institute reasonable pro-
- 21 cedures to conduct the interviews, if requested.
- 8. Access to recorded personal information. a. If any individual,
- 2 after proper identification, submits a written request to an insur-
- 3 ance institution, agent or insurance-support organization for access
- 4 to recorded personal information about the individual which is
- 5 reasonably described by the individual and reasonably locatable
- 6 and retrievable by the insurance institution, agent or insurance-
- 7 support organization, the insurance institution, agent or insurance-
- 8 support organization shall within 30 business days from the date
- 9 the request is received:
- 10 (1) Inform the individual of the nature and substance of the
- 11 recorded personal information in writing, by telephone or by other
- 12 oral communication, whichever the insurance institution, agent or
- 13 insurance-support organization prefers;
- 14 (2) Permit the individual to see and copy, in person, the re-
- 15 corded personal information pertaining to him or to obtain a copy
- 16 of the recorded personal information by mail, whichever the indi-
- 17 vidual prefers, unless the recorded personal information is in
- 18 coded form, in which case an accurate translation in plain language
- 19 shall be provided in writing;
- 20 (3) Disclose to the individual the identity, if recorded, of those
- 21 persons to whom the insurance institution, agent or insurance-
- 22 support organization has disclosed the personal information within
- 23 two years prior to the request, and if the identity is not recorded,
- 24 the names of those insurance institutions, agents, insurance-support
- 25 organizations or other persons to whom such information is norm-
- 26 ally disclosed; and
- 27 (4) Provide the individual with a summary of the proceedings
- 28 by which he may request correction, amendment or deletion of
- 29 recorded personal information.
- 30 b. Any personal information provided pursuant to subsection a.
- 31 above shall identify the source of the information if the source is
- 32 an institutional source.
- 33 c. Medical record information supplied by a medical-care insti-
- 34 tution or medical professional and requested under subsection a.,

together with the identity of the medical professional or medical care institution which provided the information, shall be supplied either directly to the individual or to a medical professional desig-nated by the individual and licensed to provide medical care with respect to the condition to which the information relates, which-0 ever the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization prefers. If it elects to disclose the information to a medical professional designated by the individual, the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization shall notify the individual, at the time of the disclosure, that it has provided the information to the medical professional. 

- d. Except for personal information provided under section 10, an insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization may charge a reasonable fee to cover the costs incurred in providing a copy of recorded personal information to individuals.
- e. The obligations imposed by this section upon an insurance institution or agent may be satisfied by another insurance institution or agent authorized to act on its behalf. With respect to the copying and disclosure of recorded personal information pursuant to a request under subsection a., an insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization may make arrangements with an insurance-support organization or a consumer reporting agency to copy and disclose recorded personal information on its behalf.
- f. The rights granted to individuals in this section shall extend to all natural persons to the extent information about them is collected and maintained by an insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization in connection with an insurance transaction. The rights granted to all natural persons by this section shall not extend to information about them that relates to and is collected in connection with or in reasonable anticipation of a claim or civil or criminal proceeding involving them.
- g. For the purposes of this section, the term "insurance-support organization" does not include a consumer reporting agency \*[except to the extent that this section imposes more stringent requirements on a consumer reporting agency than other State or federal law]\*.
- 9. Correction, amendment or deletion of recorded personal information. a. Within 30 business days from the date of receipt of a written request from an individual to correct, amend or delete any recorded personal information about the individual within its possession, an insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization shall either:
- 7 (1) Correct, amend or delete the portion of the recorded personal 8 information in dispute; or

(2) Notify the individual of:

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- 10 (a) Its refusal to make the correction, amendment or 11 deletion,
  - (b) The reasons for the refusal, and
- 13 (c) The individual's right to file a statement as provided 14 in subsection c.
- b. If the insurance institution, agent, or insurance-support organization corrects, amends or deletes recorded personal information in accordance with paragraph (1) of subsection a above, the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization shall
- 19 so notify the individual in writing and furnish the correction,
- 20 amendment or fact of deletion to:
- 21 (1) Any person specifically designated by the individual who 22 may have, within the preceding two years, received the recorded 23 personal information;
- 24(2) Any insurance-support organization whose primary source of personal information is insurance institutions if the insurance-2526support organization has systematically received the recorded 27personal information from the insurance institution within the 28 preceding seven years; except that the correction, amendment or fact of deletion need not be furnished if the insurance-support 29organization no longer maintains recorded personal information 30 about the individual; and 31
- 32 (3) Any insurance-support organization that furnished the per-33 sonal information that has been corrected, amended or deleted.
- c. Whenever an individual disagrees with an insurance institution's, agent's or insurance-support organization's refusal to correct, amend or delete recorded personal information, the individual shall be permitted to file with the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization:
- 39 (1) A concise statement setting forth what the individual thinks 40 is the correct, relevant or fair information, and
- 41 (2) A concise statement of the reasons why the individual dis-42 agrees with the insurance institution's, agent's or insurance-sup-43 port organization's refusal to correct, amend or delete recorded 44 personal information.
- d. In the event an individual files either statement as described in subsection c. above, the insurance institution, agent or support organization shall:
- 48 (1) File the statement with the disputed personal information 49 and provide a means by which anyone reviewing the disputed per-50 sonal information will be made aware of the individual's statement 51 and have access to it, and

- 52 (2) In any subsequent disclosure by the insurance institution, 53 agent or support organization of the recorded personal informa-54 tion that is the subject of disagreement, clearly identify the matter 55 or matters in dispute and provide the individual's statement along
- 56 with the recorded personal information being disclosed, and
- 57 (3) Furnish the statement to the persons and in the manner 58 specified in subsection b. above.
- e. The rights granted to individuals in this section shall extend to all natural persons to the extent information about them is collected and maintained by an insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization in connection with an insurance transaction. The rights granted to all natural persons by this section shall not extend to information about them that relates to and is collected in connection with or in reasonable anticipation of a claim or civil or criminal proceeding involving them.
  - f. For the purposes of this section, the term "insurance-support organization" does not include a consumer reporting agency \*[except to the extent that this section imposes more stringent requirements on a consumer reporting agency than other State or federal law]\*.

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- 1 10. Reasons for adverse underwriting decisions. a. In the event 2 of an adverse underwriting decision the insurance institution or 3 agent responsible for the decision shall:
- 4 (1) Either provide the applicant, policyholder or individual pro-5 posed for coverage with the specific reason or reasons for the 6 adverse underwriting decision in writing or advise the person that 7 upon written request he may receive the specific reason or reasons 8 in writing, and
- 9 (2) Provide the applicant, policyholder or individual proposed 10 for coverage with a summary of the rights established under sub-11 section b. of this section and sections 8 and 9 of this act.
- b. Upon receipt of a written request within 90 business days from the date of the mailing of notice or other communication of an adverse underwriting decision to an applicant, policyholder or individual proposed for coverage, the insurance institution or agent shall furnish to the person within 21 business days from the date of receipt of the written request:
- 18 (1) The specific reason or reasons for the adverse underwriting 19 decision, in writing, if that information was not initially furnished 20 in writing pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection a.;
- 21 (2) The specific items of personal and privileged information 22 that support those reasons, except that:

- (a) The insurance institution or agent shall not be required 23 24 to furnish specific items of privileged information if it has a reasonable suspicion, based upon specific information avail-25 26 able for review by the commissioner, that the applicant, policyholder or individual proposed for coverage has engaged in 27 criminal activity, fraud, material misrepresentation or material 28 nondisclosure in connection with insurance transactions or 29 claims, and 30
  - (b) Specific items of medical-record information supplied by a medical-care institution or medical professional shall be disclosed either directly to the individual about whom the information relates or to a medical professional designated by the individual and licensed to provide medical care with respect to the condition to which the information relates, whichever the insurance institution or agent prefers, and
- 38 (3) The names and addresses of the institutional sources that supplied the specific items of information pursuant to paragraph 39(2) of subsection b., except that the identity of any medical pro-40 fessional or medical-care institution shall be disclosed either di-41 **4**2 rectly to the individual or to the designated medical professional, whichever the insurance institution or agent prefers. 43
- c. The obligations imposed by this section upon an insurance 44 institution or agent may be satisfied by another insurance insti-45 46 tution or agent authorized to act on its behalf.
- 47 d. When an adverse underwriting decision results solely from an oral request or inquiry, the explanation of reasons and summary 48 49 of rights required by subsection a. may be given orally.
- 1 11. Information concerning previous adverse underwriting 2decisions. No insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization may seek information in connection with an insurance 3 transaction concerning: 4
- 5 a. Any previous adverse underwriting decision experienced by 6 an individual, or
- 7 b. Any previous insurance coverage obtained by an individual 8 through a residual market mechanism,
- unless the inquiry also requests the reasons for any previous adverse underwriting decision or the reasons why insurance coverage 10 11 was previously obtained through a residual market mechanism.
- 1 12. Previous adverse underwriting decisions. No insurance institution or agent may base an adverse underwriting decision in whole

or in part:

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- 4 a. On the fact of a previous adverse underwriting decision or
- 5 on the fact that an individual previously obtained insurance cover-
- 6 age through a residual market mechanism; except that an insurance
- 7 institution or agent may base an adverse underwriting decision on
- 8 further information obtained from an insurance institution or agent
- 9 responsible for a previous adverse underwriting decision;
- 10 b. On personal information received from an insurance-support
- 11 organization whose primary source of information is insurance
- 12 institutions: except that an insurance institution or agent may
- 13 base an adverse underwriting decision on further personal informa-
- 14 tion obtained as the result of information received from the in-
- 15 surance-support organization.
- 1 13. Disclosure limitations and conditions. An insurance institu-
- 2 tion, agent or insurance-support organization shall not disclose
- 3 any personal or privileged information about an individual collected
- 4 or received in connection with an insurance transaction unless the
- 5 disclosure is:

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- a. With the written authorization of the individual, provided:
  - (1) If the authorization is submitted by another insurance
- 8 institution, agent or insurance-support organization, the authoriza-
- 9 tion meets the requirements of section 6 of this act, or
- 10 (2) If the authorization is submitted by a person other than an
- 11 insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization, the
- 12 authorization is:
  - (a) Dated,
    - (b) Signed by the individual, and
- 15 (c) Obtained one year or less prior to the date a disclosure
- is sought pursuant to this subsection;
- 17 b. To a person other than an insurance institution, agent or
- 18 insurance-support organization, provided the disclosure is reason-
- 19 ably necessary:
- 20 (1) To enable the person to perform a business, professional or
- 21 insurance function for the disclosing insurance institution, agent
- 22 or insurance-support organization, and the person agrees not to
- 23 disclose the information further without the individual's written
- 24 authorization unless the further disclosure:
- 25 (a) Would otherwise be permitted by this section if made by
- 26 an insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organiza-
- 27 tion, or
- 28 (b) Is reasonably necessary for the person to perform its
- 29 function for the disclosing insurance institution, agent or
- insurance-support organization; or

- 31 (2) To enable the person to provide information to the disclosing
- 32 insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization for
- 33 the purpose of:
- 34 (a) Determining an individual's eligibility for an insurance 35 benefit or payment, or
- 36 (b) Detecting or preventing criminal activity, fraud, mate-
- 37 rial misrepresentation or material nondisclosure in connection
- with an insurance transaction;
- 39 c. To an insurance institution, agent, insurance-support organiza-
- 40 tion or self-insurer, if the information disclosed is limited to that
- 41 which is reasonably necessary:
- 42 (1) To detect or prevent criminal activity, fraud, material mis-
- 43 representation or material nondisclosure in connection with in-
- 44 surance transactions, or
- 45 (2) For either the disclosing or receiving insurance institution,
- 46 agent or insurance-support organization to perform its functions
- 47 in connection with an insurance transaction involving the in-
- 48 dividual;
- d. To a medical-care institution or medical professional for the
- 50 purpose of:
- 51 (1) Verifying insurance coverage or benefits;
- 52 (2) Informing an individual of a medical problem of which the
- 53 individual may not be aware; or
- 54 (3) Conducting an operations or services audit, provided only
- 55 that information is disclosed as is reasonably necessary to accom-
- 56 plish the foregoing purposes; or
- e. To an insurance regulatory authority; or
- 58 f. To a law enforcement or other governmental authority:
- 59 (1) To protect the interests of the insurance institution, agent
- 60 or insurance-support organization in preventing or prosecuting
- 61 the perpetration of fraud upon it, or
- 62 (2) If the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support
- 63 organization reasonably believes that illegal activities have been
- 64 conducted by the individual;
- 65 g. Otherwise permitted or required by law;
- 66 h. In response to a facially valid administrative or judicial order,
- 67 including a search warrant or subpena;
- 68 i. Made for the purpose of conducting actuarial or research
- 69 studies, provided:
- 70 (1) No individual may be identified in any actuarial or research
- 71 report,

- 72 (2) Materials allowing the individual to be identified are re-73 turned or destroyed as soon as they are no longer needed, and
- 74 (3) The actuarial or research organization agrees not to disclose 75 the information unless the disclosure would otherwise be permitted 76 by this section if made by an insurance institution, agent or 77 insurance-support organization;
- j. To a party or a representative of a party to a proposed or consummated sale, transfer, merger or consolidation of all or part of the business of the insurance institution, agent or insurance support organization, except that:
- 82 (1) Prior to the consummation of the sale, transfer, merger or 83 consolidation only such information is disclosed as is reasonably 84 necessary to enable the recipient to make business decisions about 85 the purchase, transfer, merger or consolidation, and
- 86 (2) The recipient agrees not to disclose the information unless 87 the disclosure would otherwise be permitted by this section if 88 made by an insurance institution, agent or insurance-support 89 organization;
- 90 k. To a person whose only use of such information will be in 91 connection with the marketing of a product or service, if:
- 92 (1) No medical-record information, privileged information, or 93 personal information relating to an individual's character, personal 94 habits, mode of living or general reputation is disclosed, and no 95 classification derived from that information is disclosed,
  - 96 (2) The individual has been given an opportunity to indicate 97 that he does not want personal information disclosed for marketing 98 purposes and has given no indication that he does not want the 99 information disclosed, and
  - 100 (3) The person receiving the information agrees not to use it 101 except in connection with the marketing of a product or service, 102 1. To an affiliate whose only use of the information will be in 103 connection with an audit of the insurance institution or agent or 104 the marketing of an insurance product or service, if the affiliate 105 agrees not to disclose the information for any other purpose or to 106 unaffiliated persons;
  - m. By a consumer reporting agency, if the disclosure is to a 108 person other than an insurance institution or agent;
  - n. To a group policyholder for the purpose of reporting claims 110 experience or conducting an audit of the insurance institution's or 111 agent's operations or services, if the information disclosed is 112 reasonably necessary for the recipient to conduct the review or 113 audit;
  - o. To a professional peer review organization for the purpose of

- 115 reviewing the service or conduct of a medical-care institution or 116 medical professional;
- p. To a governmental authority for the purpose of determining
- 118 the individual's eligibility for health benefits for which the govern-
- 119 mental authority may be liable;
- 120 q. To a certificateholder or policyholder for the purpose of
- 121 providing information regarding the status of an insurance trans-
- 122 action; or
- 123 r. To a lienholder, mortgagee, assignee, lessor or other person
- 124 shown on the records of an insurance institution or agent as having
- 125 a legal or beneficial interest in a policy of insurance, provided:
- 126 (1) No medical-record information is disclosed unless the dis-
- 127 closure would otherwise be permitted by this section of this act; and
- 128 (2) The information disclosed is limited to that reasonably
- 129 necessary to permit the person to protect its interests in the policy.
- 1 14. Power of commissioner. a. The commissioner shall have
- 2 power to examine and investigate into the affairs of every insurance 3 institution or agent doing business in this State to determine
- 4 whether the insurance institution or agent has been or is engaged
- 5 in any conduct in violation of this act.
- 6 b. The commissioner shall have the power to examine and
- 7 investigate into the affairs of every insurance-support organiza-
- 8 tion acting on behalf of an insurance institution or agent which
- 9 either transacts business in this State or transacts business out-
- 10 side this State that has an effect on a person residing in this State
- 11 in order to determine whether the insurance-support organization
- 12 has been or is engaged in any conduct in violation of this act.
- 1 15. Hearings, witnesses, appearances, production of books and
- 2 service of process. a. Whenever the commissioner has reason to
- 3 believe that an insurance institution, agent or insurance-support
- 4 organization has been or is engaged in conduct in this State which
- 5 violates this act, or if the commissioner believes that an insurance-
- 6 support organization has been or is engaged in conduct outside
- 7 this State which has an effect on a person residing in this State
- 8 and which violates this act, the commissioner shall issue and serve
- 9 upon the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organi-
- zation a statement of charges and notice of hearing to be held at a
  time and place fixed in the notice. The date for the hearing shall be
- 12 not less than 30 days after the date of service.
- 13 b. At the time and place fixed for the hearing the insurance
- 14 institution, agent or insurance-support organization charged shall
- 15 have an opportunity to answer the charges against it and present
- 16 evidence on its behalf. Upon good cause shown, the commissioner

shall, permit any adversely affected person to intervene, appear and be heard at the hearing by counsel or in person.

c. At any hearing conducted pursuant to this section the com-missioner may administer oaths, examine and cross-examine witnesses and receive oral and documentary evidence. The com-missioner shall have the power to subpena witnesses, compel their attendance and require the production of books, papers, records, correspondence and other documents which are relevant to the hearing. A stenographic record of the hearing shall be made upon the request of any party or at the discretion of the commissioner. If no stenographic record is made and if judicial review is sought, the commissioner shall prepare a statement of the evidence for use on review. Hearings conducted under this section shall be governed by the same rules of evidence and procedure applicable to administrative proceedings conducted pur-suant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P. L. 1968, c. 410 (C. 52:14B-1 et seq.).

d. Statements of charges, notices, orders and other processes of the commissioner under this act may be served by anyone duly authorized to act on behalf of the commissioner. Service of process may be completed in the manner provided by law for service of process in civil actions or by registered mail. A copy of the statement of charges, notice, order or other process shall be provided to the person or persons whose rights under this act have been allegedly violated. A verified return setting forth the manner of service, or return postcard receipt in the case of registered mail, shall be sufficient proof of service.

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 16. Service of process—insurance-support organizations. For the purpose of this act, an insurance-support organization transacting business outside this State which has an effect on a person residing in this State shall be deemed to have appointed the commissioner to accept service of process on its behalf, if the commissioner causes a copy of such service to be mailed forthwith by registered mail to the insurance-support organization at its last known principal place of business. The return postcard receipt for the mailing shall be sufficient proof that the same was properly mailed by the commissioner.

17. Cease and desist orders and reports. a. If, after a hearing pursuant to section 15, the commissioner determines that the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization charged has engaged in conduct or practices in violation of this act, the commissioner shall reduce his findings to writing and shall issue and cause to be served upon the insurance institution, agent or

- 7 insurance-support organization a copy of the findings and an order
- 8 requiring the insurance institution, agent or insurance-support
- 9 organization to cease and desist from the conduct or practices
- 10 constituting a violation of this act.
- b. If, after a hearing pursuant to section 15, the commissioner
- 12 determines that the insurance institution, agent or insurance-
- 13 support organization charged has not engaged in conduct or prac-
- 14 tices in violation of this act, the commissioner shall prepare a
- 15 written report which sets forth findings of fact and conclusions of
- 16 law. The report shall be served upon the insurance institution,
- 17 agent or insurance-support organization charged and upon the
- 18 persons, if any, whose rights under this act were allegedly violated.
- 19 c. Until the expiration of the time allowed under section 19 of
- 20 this act for filing a petition for review or until the petition is
- 21 actually filed, whichever occurs first, the commissioner may modify
- 22 or set aside any order or report issued under this section. After the
- 23 expiration of the time allowed under section 19 of this act for
- 24 filing a petition for review, if no petition has been duly filed, the
- 25 commissioner may, after notice and opportunity for hearing, alter,
- 26 modify or set aside, in whole or in part, any order or report issued
- 27 under this section whenever conditions of fact or law warrant such
- 28 action or if the public interest so requires.
- 1 18. Penalties. a. In any case where a hearing pursuant to section
- 2 15 results in the finding of a knowing violation of this act, the
- 3 commissioner may, in addition to the issuance of a cease and desist
- 4 order as prescribed in section 17, order payment of a monetary
- 5 penalty of not more than \$500.00 for each violation but not to exceed
- 6 \$10,000.00 in the aggregate for multiple violations.
- 7 b. Any person who violates a cease and desist order of the com-
- 8 missioner under section 17 of this act may, after notice and hearing
- 8A and upon order of the commissioner, be subject to one or more of
- 8B the following penalties, at the discretion of the commissioner:
- 9 (1) A monetary fine of not more than \$10,000.00 for each viola-
- 10 tion, or
- 11 (2) A monetary fine of not more than \$50,000.00 if the commis-
- 12 sioner finds that violations have occurred with such frequency as
- 13 to constitute a general business practice, or
- 14 (3) Suspension or revocation of any insurance institution's or
- 15 agent's license.
- 1 19. Judicial review of orders and reports. a. Any person subject
- 2 to an order of the commissioner under section 17 or section 18 or
- 3 any person whose rights under this act were allegedly violated may
- 4 obtain a review of any order or report of the commissioner by filing

5 in the Superior Court, Appellate Division, within 45 days from the

6 date of the service of the order or report, a written petition

7 requesting that the order or report of the commissioner be set aside.

8 A copy of the petition shall be simultaneously served upon the

9 commissioner, who shall forthwith certify and file in the court a

10 transcript of the entire record of the proceeding giving rise to the

11 order or report which is the subject of the petition. Upon the filing

12 of the petition and the transcript, the Superior Court, Appellate

13 Division, shall have jurisdiction to make and enter a decree modify-

14 ing, affirming or reversing any order or report of the commissioner,

15 in whole or in part. The findings of the commissioner as to the

16 facts supporting any order or report, if supported by clear and

17 convincing evidence, shall be conclusive.

18 b. To the extent an order or report of the commissioner is affirmed, the court shall issue its own order commanding obedience 19 to the terms of the order or report of the commissioner. If any 20 21 party affected by an order or report of the commissioner shall 22apply to the court for leave to produce additional evidence and shall show to the satisfaction of the court that the additional 23 evidence is material and that there are reasonable grounds for the 24failure to produce this evidence in prior proceedings, the court 25may order the additional evidence to be taken before the commis-26sioner in a manner and upon those terms and conditions as the 27court may deem proper. The commissioner may modify his findings 28of fact or make new findings by reason of the additional evidence 29 so taken and shall file modified or new findings along with any 30 recommendation, if any, for the modification or revocation of a 31 previous order or report. If supported by clear and convincing 32 evidence, the modified or new findings shall be conclusive as to the 33 matters contained herein. 34

35 c. An order or report issued by the commissioner under section 17 36 or 18 shall become final:

- 37 (1) Upon the expiration of the time allowed for the filing of a 38 a petition for review, if no such petition has been duly filed; except 39 that the commissioner may modify or set aside an order or report 40 to the extent provided in subsection c. of section 17; or
- 41 (2) Upon a final decision of the Superior Court, Appellate Divi-42 sion, if the court directs that the order or report of the commis-43 sioner be affirmed or the petition for review is dismissed.
- d. No order or report of the commissioner under this act or order of a court to enforce the same shall in any way relieve or absolve any person affected by the order or report from any liability under any law of this State.

- 1 20. Individual remedies. a. If any insurance institution, agent or
- 2 insurance-support organization fails to comply with section 8, 9 or
- 3 10 of this act with respect to the rights granted under those sections,
- 4 any person whose rights are violated may apply to the Superior
- 5 Court of this State, or any other court of competent jurisdiction,
- 6 for appropriate equitable relief.
- 7 b. An insurance institution, agent or insurance-support orga-
- 8 nization which discloses information in violation of section 13 of
- 9 this act shall be liable for damages sustained by the individual about
- 10 whom the information relates; except that no individual shall be
- 11 entitled to a monetary award which exceeds the actual damages
- 12 sustained by the individual as a result of a violation of section 13
- 13 of this act.
- 14 c. In any action brought pursuant to this section, the court may
- 15 award the cost of the action and reasonable attorney's fees to the
- 16 prevailing party.
- d. An action under this section shall be brought within two years
- 18 from the date the alleged violation is or should have been dis-
- 19 covered.
- e. Except as specifically provided in this section, there shall be
- 21 no remedy or recovery available to individuals, in law or in equity,
- 22 for occurrences constituting a violation of any provision of this act.
- 1 21. Immunity. No cause of action in the nature of defamation,
- 2 invasion of privacy or negligence shall arise against any person
- 3 for disclosing personal or privileged information in accordance
- 4 with this act, nor shall such a cause of action arise against any
- 5 person for furnishing personal or privileged information to an
- 6 insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization;
- 7 except this section shall provide no immunity for disclosing or
- 8 furnishing false information with malice or willful intent to injure
- 9 any person.
- 22. Obtaining information under false pretenses. Any person who
- 2 knowingly and willfully obtains information about an individual
- 3 from an insurance institution, agent or insurance-support orga-
- 4 nization under false pretenses is guilty of a crime of the fourth
- 5 degree.
- 1 23. Effective date. a. This act shall take effect 180 days after
- 2 enactment.
- 3 b. The rights granted under sections 8, 9 and 13 of this act shall
- 4 take effect on the effective date of this act regardless of the date
- 5 of the collection or receipt of the information which is the subject
- 6 of those sections.

#### ASSEMBLY BANKING AND INSURANCE COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

### SENATE, No. 1013

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JANUARY 28, 1985

Senate Bill No. 1013 regulates the collection, use and disclosure of information gathered in connection with policies, contracts or certificates of insurance issued or delivered in this State for life, health or disability coverage, or property or casualty coverages, including access to information about themselves by persons affected by insurance information. The provisions of the bill apply to insurance institutions, agents, or insurance-support organizations, as defined in section 2 of the bill and to persons requesting personal or privileged information in connection with an insurance transaction involving personal, family or household coverages.

According to the sponsor's statement, the objective of the bill is to balance the need for information by those conducting the business of insurance with the public's need for "fairness in insurance information practices, including the protection of personal privacy and providing mechanisms by which natural persons and residents of this State may ascertain and dispute the accuracy of information gathered about them, and may obtain the reasons for any adverse underwriting decisions." The bill is based on the National Association of Insurance Commissioners' Insurance Information and Privacy Protection Model Act.

Section 3 limits the use of pretext interviews, as defined in section 2, to the gathering of information from statutorily nonprivileged sources, if a reasonable basis exists for suspecting criminal activity, fraud, material misrepresentation or material nondisclosure in connection with a claim.

Section 4 requires an insurance institution or agent to provide all applicants or policyholders with a written notice of information practices to be given to applicants or policyholders. This section specifies when the notice must be given and prescribes the contents of the notice, which shall include a description of the rights of the individual under this bill.

Section 5 requires information collected for marketing or research purposes to be so identified.

Section 6 specifies the contents of disclosure authorization forms used to authorize the disclosure of personal or privileged information about an individual to an insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization. The contents shall specify who may disclose the information, the nature of the information, the purpose of the request, to whom disclosure is to be made, and the term of the authorization which is statutorily prescribed in this section.

Section 7 prohibits requests for, or the preparation of investigative consumer reports unless the individual is (a) advised of his right and afforded the opportunity to be interviewed, in accordance with reasonable procedures, in connection therewith, and (b) advised of the right to request a copy of the report.

Section 8 requires an insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization within 30 days of receipt of an appropriate request, to provide authorized individuals with access to recorded personal information about themselves if reasonably described by the individual and reasonably retrievable. The individual may see and copy the recorded personal information, or obtain a copy by mail, and shall be advised of the name of the persons to whom the information was provided within the preceding two years, if recorded, or the party to which the information is customarily provided. The recorded personal information shall also identify the source of the information, if it is an institutional source. The individual shall be advised of the procedure for requesting corrections or deletions of recorded personal information. Except in the case of information relating to adverse underwriting decisions, a reasonable fee may be charged for the costs of providing such information.

The right to review personal information about oneself relating to an insurance transaction also applies to the review of medical record information by authorized medical professions. This right does not, however, extend to information collected in connection with, or in reasonable anticipation of a claim or a civil or criminal proceeding.

Section 9 sets forth the procedures by which an individual may request corrections or deletions of recorded personal information in dispute, and stipulates the responsibilities of the insurance institution, agent or support organization receiving such request. If the institution, agent or support organization refuses to make the requested change, the individual shall be advised of the reasons therefor, and of his right to file a statement of what the individual believes to be the correct information, and the statement shall be part of the individual's personal file. If a change in the recorded information is agreed to, the corrections or deletions shall be furnished to any designated party having received the information within the preceding two years, and to any

insurance-support organization having systematically filed the personal information.

The rights granted by section 9 also do not extend to information collected in connection with, or in reasonable anticipation of a claim or civil or criminal proceeding.

Section 10 requires persons to be notified in writing, within a prescribed period of time, of the reasons for an adverse underwriting decision, and the institutional sources of such information, or of the right of access to such information pursuant to sections 8 and 9 of the bill. Oral responses to oral requests are authorized. The notification provisions do not apply to relevant information if reasonable suspicion exists that the applicant, policyholder or individual has engaged in criminal or fraudulent activity, or material misrepresentation or non-disclosure.

Section 11 requires that requests by an insurance institution, agent or support organization for privileged information relating to adverse underwriting decision experiences, shall also include a request for the reasons therefor.

Section 12 prohibits the rendering of an adverse underwriting decision solely on the basis of a previous adverse decision, previous residual market assignment, or personal information provided by a support organization.

Section 13 prohibits the disclosure of personal or privileged information about an individual without the written authorization of that individual, and then only if the disclosure of information is reasonably necessary to the "person" to perform a business, professional or insurance function for the disclosing institutions, agent or support organization and the person agrees not to make further disclosures, except as authorized by this section. This section establishes different requirement tests for disclosures to parties such as insurance institutions, agents or insurance support organizations, medical care institutions or medical care professions, insurance regulatory or other governmental bodies, and research, consumer reporting or actuarial organizations, a group policyholder, and other interested parties.

Section 14 authorizes the commissioner to examine and investigate the affairs of every insurance institution, agent or insurance-support organization to determine any violations of the provisions of this act.

Section 15 authorizes and prescribes the procedures for hearings that may be held by the commissioner when reasonable suspicion exists of a violation of the provisions of this act. Section 16 deals with the service of process on out-of-state insurance-support organizations. Section 17 authorizes the commissioner to issue orders to cease and desist from conduct in violation of the provisions of this bill.

Section 18 authorizes the imposition of monetary penalties for violations of the provisions of the bill, including a cease and desist order of the commissioner.

Section 19 governs the judicial review of an appeal from an order or report of the commissioner.

Section 20 sets out the statutory remedies available to an individual injured by violations of the provisions of this bill, which shall be the excusive remedies available therefor.

Section 21 grants immunity from an action for defamation to persons providing personal or privileged information in accordance with the provisions of this act, but immunity shall not extend to disclosures of false information furnished with malicious or willful intent.

Section 22 makes a crime of the fourth degree the obtaining under false pretenses of information in accordance with this act. BILLS SIGNED
PAGE THREE
JUNE 12, 1985

S-2623, sponsored by State Senator Christopher J. Jackman, D-Hudson, which appropriates \$100,000 to the New Jersey Statue of Liberty Centennial Commission.

S-1013, sponsored by State Senator Matthew Feldman, D-Bergen, which establishes standards for the collection, use and disclosure of information gathered in connection with insurance transactions.

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