34:15F-12

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF: 2001 CHAPTER 446

NJSA: 34:15F-12 (Youth Employment and After School Incentive Program)

BILL NO: A1917 (Substituted for S1442)

SPONSOR(S): Thompson and DiGaetano **DATE INTRODUCED:** March 2, 2000

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Education

SENATE: Law and Public Safety

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: No

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: June 28, 2001

SENATE: January 7, 2002

DATE OF APPROVAL: January 11, 2002 **FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:**

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (Original version of bill enacted)

A1917

SPONSORS STATEMENT: (Begins on page 5 of original bill)

COMMITTEE STATEMENT:

SENATE:

Yes

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS:

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE:

No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: S1442

SPONSORS STATEMENT: (Begins on page 5 of original bill)

Yes

(Bill and Sponsors Statement identical to A1917)

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: No

SENATE: Yes

(Identical to Senate Statement for A1917)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS: No LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No VETO MESSAGE: No

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

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REPORTS: Yes

974.90 New Jersey. Legislature. General Assembly. Task Force on Adolescent Violence J97 Findings and recommendations, issued June 7, 1999. Trenton, NJ 1999

1999b (See Recommendation #59—pp. xiv and 49—attached)

HEARINGS: Yes

974.90 New Jersey. Legislature. General Assembly. Task Force on Adolescent Violence

J97 Public hearing, held 11-24-1998, Trenton, NJ, 1998 1998a (See especially pp. 54+) (Hearing referred to in report)

NEWSPAPER ARTICLES: No

ASSEMBLY, No. 1917

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

209th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MARCH 2, 2000

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman SAMUEL D. THOMPSON District 13 (Middlesex and Monmouth) Assemblyman PAUL DIGAETANO District 36 (Bergen, Essex and Passaic)

Co-Sponsored by:

Assemblymen Gibson, Rooney, Arnone, Azzolina, Blee, DeCroce, LeFevre, T.Smith, Zecker, Felice, Bateman, Assemblywoman Crecco, Assemblymen Pennacchio, Cottrell, Assemblywoman Heck, Assemblyman Malone, Senators Allen, Kyrillos, Furnari, Girgenti, Robertson and Turner

SYNOPSIS

Creates Youth Employment and After School Incentive Pilot Program; appropriates \$25,000.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 1/8/2002)

AN ACT creating the Youth Employment and After School Incentive Pilot Program, supplementing Title 34 of the Revised Statutes, and making an appropriation.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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1. a. There is established in the Department of Labor a Youth Employment and After School Incentive Pilot Program which shall be administered by the Commissioner of Labor, pursuant to the provisions of this act. The program shall provide for employment opportunities for disadvantaged youth with private and nonprofit employers. The purpose of the program shall be to enable disadvantaged youth to acquire job knowledge and skills and an understanding of the linkage between the skills, behaviors, and attitudes necessary to function as an adult in the workplace.

As used in this act, "disadvantaged youth" means public and nonpublic school students as well as youth who are not students who reside in municipalities where both the rates of unemployment and violent crime significantly exceed the Statewide rates of unemployment and violent crime by percentages which shall be designated by the commissioner. The term shall include youth in these municipalities who are participating in a program of aftercare following their release from juvenile detention or community facilities.

25 b. There is established in, but not of, the Department of Labor the 26 Disadvantaged Youth Employment Opportunities Council. council shall consist of 15 members: the Commissioner of Labor, the 27 28 Commissioner of Education, the Chief Executive Officer of the New 29 Jersey Commerce and Economic Growth Commission, the Secretary 30 of State and the Executive Director of the Juvenile Justice 31 Commission, or their designees, who shall serve ex officio and as 32 nonvoting members; and 10 public members appointed by the 33 Governor, the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the General 34 Assembly. The Governor shall appoint two religious leaders and two 35 representatives of education organizations. The President of the 36 Senate and the Speaker of the Assembly shall each appoint a leader of 37 the business community, a labor leader, and a person representing 38 organizations that have expertise serving the needs of disadvantaged 39 youth. The public members shall serve for terms of three years, may 40 be reappointed and may serve until a successor has been appointed. 41 Of the public members first appointed, five shall be appointed for 42 terms of three years, and five shall be appointed for terms of two 43 A vacancy in the membership, occurring other than by 44 expiration of a term, shall be filled in the same manner as the original 45 appointment, but for the unexpired term only. The members shall 46 serve without compensation, but the council may, within the limits of

- 1 funds appropriated or otherwise made available to it, reimburse
- 2 members for actual expenses necessarily incurred in the discharge of
- 3 their official duties.
- 4 The council shall organize as soon as its members are appointed and
- 5 shall select a chairman and vice-chairman from among its members and
- 6 may select a secretary, who need not be a member of the council. The
- 7 council shall meet monthly, and at such other times as may be
- 8 necessary.

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- The council may employ, prescribe the duties and fix and pay the compensation of such persons it may deem necessary to carry out the duties of the council within the limits of available appropriations.
- 12 It shall be the duty of the council to:
 - (1) Develop a master plan to increase employment opportunities for disadvantaged youth;
 - (2) Enlist the commitment of the State's business leadership to provide employment opportunities for disadvantaged youth;
 - (3) Enlist the support of the State's key unions which operate apprenticeship and similar programs;
 - (4) Develop proposals for innovative efforts to assist economically disadvantaged youth to enroll in and successfully complete employment programs;
 - (5) Involve all sectors of the community, including high level representatives of business, youth-serving agencies, foundations, local school systems, the communications media, and the religious community in an effort to promote and coordinate employment opportunities for disadvantaged youth; and
 - (6) In conjunction with the Department of Labor and the Commerce and Economic Growth Commission, seek to identify and maximize any available federal funding for the purpose of enhancing employment opportunities provided under this act.
 - The council shall be entitled to call to its assistance and avail itself of the services of such employees of any State, county or municipal department, board, bureau, commission, or agency as it may require and as may be available to it for these purposes.
 - The Commissioner of Labor, in consultation with the council, may promulgate rules and regulations necessary to effectuate the purposes of this act.

3738

- 2. a. In cooperation with the Disadvantaged Youth Employment
- 40 Opportunities Council established in section 1 of this act, the
- 41 Commissioner of Labor shall develop and administer the employment
- 42 program established under this act. The commissioner shall, to the
- 43 greatest extent feasible, attempt to achieve a balance of enrolled
- 44 disadvantaged youth from the northern, central, and southern parts of
- 45 the State.
- b. The Commissioner of Labor, in consultation with the

A1917 THOMPSON, DIGAETANO

- Department of Education, the Juvenile Justice Commission, and the council shall develop procedures relating to the program referral
- 3 process; establish the selection criteria for participants which shall
- 4 include the identification of local disadvantaged youths assessed by
- 5 local law enforcement and juvenile corrections authorities as being at
- 6 risk of gang membership or involvement or reinvolvement in the
- 7 criminal justice system and students who are not meeting minimal
- 8 district standards of behavior and academic achievement; provide a
- 9 listing of employers who have agreed to participate in the program;
- 10 and establish the process which will be utilized for matching
- disadvantaged youth to employment opportunities that will enhance
- 12 the self-esteem and assimilation of life skills necessary for productive
- 13 functioning in the school setting and society.

- 3. a. The State's limitations on hours of employment for child labor shall govern the maximum hours of employment for youths employed through the program. For participation in the employment program, the youth shall receive from the employer compensation of not less than the minimum wage rate pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1966, c.133 (C.34:11-56a4).
- b. The Commissioner of Labor, in conjunction with the council, shall endeavor to work with the Secretary of State, the Commissioner of Education, major statewide education organizations, and nonprofit organizations providing specialized services to youth to publicize the opportunities available under the program and promote the voluntary participation therein of school districts and students.

- 4. a. The Commissioner of Labor shall implement a plan to collect data on the effectiveness of the program in meeting the needs and conditions of disadvantaged youths which place them at risk of academic or social failure or both. The plan shall include a system to track participants to determine if they successfully completed the school year and whether such students and other youth participants succeed in making productive contributions to their communities.
- b. Within two years following the effective date of this act, the Commissioners of Labor and Education, in concert with the council established in section 1 of this act, shall submit to the Governor and the Legislature an evaluation of the Youth Employment and After School Incentive Pilot Program and recommendations to the Legislature that will enable them to better coordinate and improve the effectiveness of their efforts.

5. Employers participating in the employment program established under this act shall be eligible for the tax credit allotments authorized under the provisions of P.L. , c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as Assembly Bill No.).

1	6. There is appropriated \$25,000 from the General Fund to the
2	Department of Labor for the costs of implementing the provisions of
3	this act.
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5	7. This act shall take effect on the first day of the sixth month after
6	enactment.
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9	STATEMENT
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11	This bill creates a 15-member council to forge a partnership of the
12	Juvenile Justice Commission, the Commerce and Economic Growth
13	Commission, and the Departments of Labor, Education, and State
14	with business, labor, non-profit, religious and education leaders in the
15	State. The council's mission will be to establish a Youth Employment
16	and After School Incentive Pilot Program to establish employment
17	opportunities for disadvantaged students and other youths who are no
18	longer attending school. The council would be expected to develop
19	a master plan for increasing employment opportunities, enlisting the
20	commitment of the State's business leadership to provide employment
21	opportunities and gaining the support of the State's key unions which
22	operate apprenticeship programs. All sectors of the community would
23	become involved, including non-profits, local government, youth-
24	serving agencies, foundations, the media and religious leaders.
25	As a result, it is expected that opportunities for career exploration,
26	employment experiences, and transition to the "world of work" will be
27	broadened for these youth.
28	The bill defines "disadvantaged youth" as those from public and
29	private schools and youth who are not students, all of whom reside in
30	municipalities with unemployment and violent crime rates significantly
31	above the State's annual average as determined by the commissioner.
32	The term would also apply to youth in these municipalities who are
33	participating in aftercare programs following their release from
34	juvenile detention or community facilities.
35	Depending on their school status, this program will enable
36	disadvantaged youth to obtain a variety of after-school, weekend,
37	summer or full-time employment positions. Through this participation,
38	they will learn new skills, gain useful insights into the world of work
39	and provide a valuable service to their communities.
40	Selected full-time students and youths not attending school would
41	be assigned to positions limited only by the State's child labor laws.

44 The bill appropriates \$25,000 to the Department of Labor to implement its provisions in conjunction with the newly established council. It implements a recommendation of the Assembly Task Force

employer's could increase a youth's pay to a higher rate.

Compensation would be based on the State's minimum wage rate, but

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A1917 THOMPSON, DIGAETANO

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1 on Adolescent Violence.

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2 Research indicates that certain factors put young people at risk of 3 becoming delinquent and other factors protect or buffer them from the 4 consequences of exposure to risk. One of the risk factors associated 5 with delinquency is community. One of the protective factors is bonding, which includes attachment to and integration in the work 6 7 force. One of the interventions related to these factors which researchers believe can address entrenched problem behavior patterns 8 9 is providing hands-on vocational training and skill development. This

By promoting youth employment after school and on weekends for disadvantaged youth living in areas with higher than average unemployment and crime rates, these youth would be less exposed to negative influences such as gang memberships, drug use and other such negative behavior.

bill attempts to provide that intervention.

ASSEMBLY EDUCATION COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 1917

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 7, 2001

The Assembly Education Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 1917.

This bill establishes a 15-member Disadvantaged Youth Employment Opportunities Council to forge a partnership of the Juvenile Justice Commission, the Commerce and Economic Growth Commission, and the Departments of Labor, Education, and State with business, labor, non-profit, religious and education leaders in the State. The council's mission will be to establish a Youth Employment and After School Incentive Pilot Program to establish employment opportunities for disadvantaged students and other youths who are no longer attending school. Under the bill, the council would be expected to: develop a master plan for increasing employment opportunities; enlist the commitment of the State's business leadership to provide employment opportunities; gain the support of the State's key unions which operate apprenticeship programs; develop proposals for innovative efforts to assist youth to enroll in and successfully complete employment programs; involve all sectors of the community; and seek to identify and maximize any available federal funding that can be used for enhancing employment opportunities for disadvantaged youth.

Under the bill, the Commissioner of Labor is required, in cooperation with the Disadvantaged Youth Employment Opportunities Council, to: develop and administer the employment program established under this bill; develop, in consultation with the Commissioner of Education, the Juvenile Justice Commission and the council, procedures for the program referral process; establish the criteria for selecting participants; provide a listing of employers who have agreed to participate in the program; and establish the process for matching disadvantaged youth with employment opportunities.

The bill defines "disadvantaged youth" as those from public and private schools and youth who are not students, all of whom reside in municipalities with unemployment and violent crime rates significantly above the State's annual average as determined by the commissioner. The term would also apply to youth in these municipalities who are participating in aftercare programs following their release from juvenile detention or community facilities.

Depending on their school status, this program will enable disadvantaged youth to obtain a variety of after-school, weekend,

summer or full-time employment positions. Through this participation, they will learn new skills, gain useful insights into the world of work and provide a valuable service to their communities.

Selected full-time students and youths not attending school would be assigned to positions limited only by the State's child labor laws. Compensation would be based on the State's minimum wage rate, but an employer could increase a youth's pay to a higher rate.

The bill appropriates \$25,000 to the Department of Labor to implement its provisions in conjunction with the newly established council. It implements a recommendation of the Assembly Task Force on Adolescent Violence.

SENATE LAW AND PUBLIC SAFETY COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 1917

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: SEPTEMBER 6, 2001

The Senate Law and Public Safety Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 1917.

This bill establishes a 15-member Disadvantaged Youth Employment Opportunities Council to forge a partnership of the Juvenile Justice Commission, the Commerce and Economic Growth Commission, and the Departments of Labor, Education, and State with business, labor, non-profit, religious and education leaders in the State. The council's mission will be to establish a Youth Employment and After School Incentive Pilot Program to establish employment opportunities for disadvantaged students and other youths who are no longer attending school. Under the provisions of the bill, the council would be expected to: develop a master plan for increasing employment opportunities; enlist the commitment of the State's business leadership to provide employment opportunities; gain the support of the State's key unions which operate apprenticeship programs; develop proposals for innovative efforts to assist youth to enroll in and successfully complete employment programs; involve all sectors of the community; and seek to identify and maximize any available federal funding that can be used for enhancing employment opportunities for disadvantaged youth.

The bill requires the Commissioner of Labor, in cooperation with the Disadvantaged Youth Employment Opportunities Council, to: develop and administer the employment program established under this bill; develop, in consultation with the Commissioner of Education, the Juvenile Justice Commission and the council, procedures for the program referral process; establish the criteria for selecting participants; provide a listing of employers who have agreed to participate in the program; and establish the process for matching disadvantaged youth with employment opportunities.

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Selected full-time students and youths not attending school would be assigned to positions limited only by the State's child labor laws. Compensation would be based on the State's minimum wage rate, but an employer could increase a youth's pay to a higher rate.

The bill appropriates \$25,000 to the Department of Labor to implement its provisions in conjunction with the newly established council and provides tax credit allotments authorized under the provisions of A1918 to employers participating in this employment program. It implements a recommendation of the Assembly Task Force on Adolescent Violence.

This bill is identical to Senate Bill No. 1442, which also was reported by the committee on this date.

SENATE, No. 1442

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

209th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JUNE 15, 2000

Sponsored by:

Senator DIANE ALLEN
District 7 (Burlington and Camden)
Senator JACK SINAGRA
District 18 (Middlesex)

Co-Sponsored by:

Senators Kyrillos, Furnari, Girgenti, Robertson and Turner

SYNOPSIS

Creates Youth Employment and After School Incentive Pilot Program; appropriates \$25,000.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 1/8/2002)

AN ACT creating the Youth Employment and After School Incentive Pilot Program, supplementing Title 34 of the Revised Statutes, and making an appropriation.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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As used in this act, "disadvantaged youth" means public and nonpublic school students as well as youth who are not students who reside in municipalities where both the rates of unemployment and violent crime significantly exceed the Statewide rates of unemployment and violent crime by percentages which shall be designated by the commissioner. The term shall include youth in these municipalities who are participating in a program of aftercare following their release from juvenile detention or community facilities.

25 b. There is established in, but not of, the Department of Labor the 26 Disadvantaged Youth Employment Opportunities Council. council shall consist of 15 members: the Commissioner of Labor, the 27 28 Commissioner of Education, the Chief Executive Officer of the New 29 Jersey Commerce and Economic Growth Commission, the Secretary 30 of State and the Executive Director of the Juvenile Justice 31 Commission, or their designees, who shall serve ex officio and as 32 nonvoting members; and 10 public members appointed by the 33 Governor, the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the General 34 Assembly. The Governor shall appoint two religious leaders and two 35 representatives of education organizations. The President of the 36 Senate and the Speaker of the Assembly shall each appoint a leader of 37 the business community, a labor leader, and a person representing 38 organizations that have expertise serving the needs of disadvantaged 39 youth. The public members shall serve for terms of three years, may 40 be reappointed and may serve until a successor has been appointed. 41 Of the public members first appointed, five shall be appointed for 42 terms of three years, and five shall be appointed for terms of two 43 A vacancy in the membership, occurring other than by 44 expiration of a term, shall be filled in the same manner as the original 45 appointment, but for the unexpired term only. The members shall 46 serve without compensation, but the council may, within the limits of

- 1 funds appropriated or otherwise made available to it, reimburse
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- 9 The council may employ, prescribe the duties and fix and pay the 10 compensation of such persons it may deem necessary to carry out the 11 duties of the council within the limits of available appropriations.
- 12 It shall be the duty of the council to:
 - (1) Develop a master plan to increase employment opportunities for disadvantaged youth;
 - (2) Enlist the commitment of the State's business leadership to provide employment opportunities for disadvantaged youth;
 - (3) Enlist the support of the State's key unions which operate apprenticeship and similar programs;
 - (4) Develop proposals for innovative efforts to assist economically disadvantaged youth to enroll in and successfully complete employment programs;
 - (5) Involve all sectors of the community, including high level representatives of business, youth-serving agencies, foundations, local school systems, the communications media, and the religious community in an effort to promote and coordinate employment opportunities for disadvantaged youth; and
 - (6) In conjunction with the Department of Labor and the Commerce and Economic Growth Commission, seek to identify and maximize any available federal funding for the purpose of enhancing employment opportunities provided under this act.
 - The council shall be entitled to call to its assistance and avail itself of the services of such employees of any State, county or municipal department, board, bureau, commission, or agency as it may require and as may be available to it for these purposes.
 - The Commissioner of Labor, in consultation with the council, may promulgate rules and regulations necessary to effectuate the purposes of this act.

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- 39 2. a. In cooperation with the Disadvantaged Youth Employment
- 40 Opportunities Council established in section 1 of this act, the
- 41 Commissioner of Labor shall develop and administer the employment
- 42 program established under this act. The commissioner shall, to the
- 43 greatest extent feasible, attempt to achieve a balance of enrolled
- 44 disadvantaged youth from the northern, central, and southern parts of
- 45 the State.
- b. The Commissioner of Labor, in consultation with the

S1442 ALLEN, SINAGRA

- 1 Department of Education, the Juvenile Justice Commission, and the
- 2 council shall develop procedures relating to the program referral
- 3 process; establish the selection criteria for participants which shall
- 4 include the identification of local disadvantaged youths assessed by
- 5 local law enforcement and juvenile corrections authorities as being at
- 6 risk of gang membership or involvement or reinvolvement in the
- 7 criminal justice system and students who are not meeting minimal
- 8 district standards of behavior and academic achievement; provide a
- 9 listing of employers who have agreed to participate in the program;
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- disadvantaged youth to employment opportunities that will enhance
- 12 the self-esteem and assimilation of life skills necessary for productive
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- 3. a. The State's limitations on hours of employment for child labor shall govern the maximum hours of employment for youths employed through the program. For participation in the employment program, the youth shall receive from the employer compensation of not less than the minimum wage rate pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1966, c.133 (C.34:11-56a4).
- b. The Commissioner of Labor, in conjunction with the council, shall endeavor to work with the Secretary of State, the Commissioner of Education, major statewide education organizations, and nonprofit organizations providing specialized services to youth to publicize the opportunities available under the program and promote the voluntary participation therein of school districts and students.

- 4. a. The Commissioner of Labor shall implement a plan to collect data on the effectiveness of the program in meeting the needs and conditions of disadvantaged youths which place them at risk of academic or social failure or both. The plan shall include a system to track participants to determine if they successfully completed the school year and whether such students and other youth participants succeed in making productive contributions to their communities.
- b. Within two years following the effective date of this act, the Commissioners of Labor and Education, in concert with the council established in section 1 of this act, shall submit to the Governor and the Legislature an evaluation of the Youth Employment and After School Incentive Pilot Program and recommendations to the Legislature that will enable them to better coordinate and improve the effectiveness of their efforts.

5. Employers participating in the employment program established under this act shall be eligible for the tax credit allotments authorized under the provisions of P.L. , c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as Assembly Bill No.).

1 2	6. There is appropriated \$25,000 from the General Fund to the Department of Labor for the costs of implementing the provisions of
3	this act.
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5	7. This act shall take effect on the first day of the sixth month after
6	enactment.
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9	STATEMENT
10	
11	This bill creates a 15-member council to forge a partnership of the
12	Juvenile Justice Commission, the Commerce and Economic Growth
13	Commission, and the Departments of Labor, Education, and State
14	with business, labor, non-profit, religious and education leaders in the
15	State. The council's mission will be to establish a Youth Employment
16	and After School Incentive Pilot Program to establish employment
17	opportunities for disadvantaged students and other youths who are no
18	longer attending school. The council would be expected to develop
19	a master plan for increasing employment opportunities, enlisting the
20	commitment of the State's business leadership to provide employment
21	opportunities and gaining the support of the State's key unions which
22	operate apprenticeship programs. All sectors of the community would
23	become involved, including non-profits, local government, youth-
24	serving agencies, foundations, the media and religious leaders.
25	As a result, it is expected that opportunities for career exploration,
26	employment experiences, and transition to the "world of work" will be
27	broadened for these youth.
28	The bill defines "disadvantaged youth" as those from public and
29	private schools and youth who are not students, all of whom reside in
30	municipalities with unemployment and violent crime rates significantly
31	above the State's annual average as determined by the commissioner.
32	The term would also apply to youth in these municipalities who are
33	participating in aftercare programs following their release from
34	juvenile detention or community facilities.
35	Depending on their school status, this program will enable
36	disadvantaged youth to obtain a variety of after-school, weekend,
37	summer or full-time employment positions. Through this participation,
38	they will learn new skills, gain useful insights into the world of work
39	and provide a valuable service to their communities.
40	Selected full-time students and youths not attending school would
41	be assigned to positions limited only by the State's child labor laws.
42	Compensation would be based on the State's minimum wage rate, but
43	employer's could increase a youth's pay to a higher rate.

The bill appropriates \$25,000 to the Department of Labor to implement its provisions in conjunction with the newly established council. It implements a recommendation of the Assembly Task Force

S1442 ALLEN, SINAGRA

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1 on Adolescent Violence.

2 Research indicates that certain factors put young people at risk of 3 becoming delinquent and other factors protect or buffer them from the 4 consequences of exposure to risk. One of the risk factors associated 5 with delinquency is community. One of the protective factors is bonding, which includes attachment to and integration in the work 6 7 force. One of the interventions related to these factors which researchers believe can address entrenched problem behavior patterns 8 9 is providing hands-on vocational training and skill development. This 10 bill attempts to provide that intervention.

By promoting youth employment after school and on weekends for disadvantaged youth living in areas with higher than average unemployment and crime rates, these youth would be less exposed to negative influences such as gang memberships, drug use and other such negative behavior.

SENATE LAW AND PUBLIC SAFETY COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 1442

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: SEPTEMBER 6, 2001

The Senate Law and Public Safety Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 1442.

This bill establishes a 15-member Disadvantaged Youth Employment Opportunities Council to forge a partnership of the Juvenile Justice Commission, the Commerce and Economic Growth Commission, and the Departments of Labor, Education, and State with business, labor, non-profit, religious and education leaders in the State. The council's mission will be to establish a Youth Employment and After School Incentive Pilot Program to establish employment opportunities for disadvantaged students and other youths who are no longer attending school. Under the provisions of the bill, the council would be expected to: develop a master plan for increasing employment opportunities; enlist the commitment of the State's business leadership to provide employment opportunities; gain the support of the State's key unions which operate apprenticeship programs; develop proposals for innovative efforts to assist youth to enroll in and successfully complete employment programs; involve all sectors of the community; and seek to identify and maximize any available federal funding that can be used for enhancing employment opportunities for disadvantaged youth.

The bill requires the Commissioner of Labor, in cooperation with the Disadvantaged Youth Employment Opportunities Council, to: develop and administer the employment program established under this bill; develop, in consultation with the Commissioner of Education, the Juvenile Justice Commission and the council, procedures for the program referral process; establish the criteria for selecting participants; provide a listing of employers who have agreed to participate in the program; and establish the process for matching disadvantaged youth with employment opportunities.

The bill defines "disadvantaged youth" as those from public and private schools and youth who are not students, all of whom reside in municipalities with unemployment and violent crime rates significantly above the State's annual average as determined by the Commissioner of Labor. The term would also apply to youth in these municipalities who are participating in aftercare programs following their release from juvenile detention or community facilities.

Depending on their school status, this program will enable disadvantaged youth to obtain a variety of after-school, weekend, summer or full-time employment positions. Through this participation, they will learn new skills, gain useful insights into the world of work and provide a valuable service to their communities.

Selected full-time students and youths not attending school would be assigned to positions limited only by the State's child labor laws. Compensation would be based on the State's minimum wage rate, but an employer could increase a youth's pay to a higher rate.

The bill appropriates \$25,000 to the Department of Labor to implement its provisions in conjunction with the newly established council and provides tax credit allotments authorized under the provisions of S1421 to employers participating in this employment program. It implements a recommendation of the Assembly Task Force on Adolescent Violence.

This bill is identical to Assembly Bill No. 1917, which also was reported by the committee on this date.

P.L. 2001, CHAPTER 446, approved January 11, 2002 Assembly, Bill No. 1917

AN ACT creating the Youth Employment and After School Incentive
Pilot Program, supplementing Title 34 of the Revised Statutes¹[,
and making an appropriation]¹.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. a. There is established in the Department of Labor a Youth Employment and After School Incentive Pilot Program which shall be administered by the Commissioner of Labor, pursuant to the provisions of this act. The program shall provide for employment opportunities for disadvantaged youth with private and nonprofit employers. The purpose of the program shall be to enable disadvantaged youth to acquire job knowledge and skills and an understanding of the linkage between the skills, behaviors, and attitudes necessary to function as an adult in the workplace.

As used in this act, "disadvantaged youth" means public and nonpublic school students as well as youth who are not students who reside in municipalities where both the rates of unemployment and violent crime significantly exceed the Statewide rates of unemployment and violent crime by percentages which shall be designated by the commissioner. The term shall include youth in these municipalities who are participating in a program of aftercare following their release from juvenile detention or community facilities.

b. There is established in, but not of, the Department of Labor the Disadvantaged Youth Employment Opportunities Council. The council shall consist of 15 members: the Commissioner of Labor, the Commissioner of Education, the Chief Executive Officer of the New Jersey Commerce and Economic Growth Commission, the Secretary of State and the Executive Director of the Juvenile Justice Commission, or their designees, who shall serve ex officio and as nonvoting members; and 10 public members appointed by the Governor, the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the General Assembly. The Governor shall appoint two religious leaders and two representatives of education organizations. The President of the Senate and the Speaker of the Assembly shall each appoint a leader of the business community, a labor leader, and a person representing

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹ Governor's line-item veto changes of January 11, 2002.

- 1 organizations that have expertise serving the needs of disadvantaged
- 2 youth. The public members shall serve for terms of three years, may
- 3 be reappointed and may serve until a successor has been appointed.
- 4 Of the public members first appointed, five shall be appointed for
- 5 terms of three years, and five shall be appointed for terms of two
- 6 years. A vacancy in the membership, occurring other than by
- 7 expiration of a term, shall be filled in the same manner as the original
- 8 appointment, but for the unexpired term only. The members shall
- 9 serve without compensation, but the council may, within the limits of
- 10 funds appropriated or otherwise made available to it, reimburse
- members for actual expenses necessarily incurred in the discharge of
- 12 their official duties.

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- The council shall organize as soon as its members are appointed and shall select a chairman and vice-chairman from among its members and may select a secretary, who need not be a member of the council. The council shall meet monthly, and at such other times as may be necessary.
- The council may employ, prescribe the duties and fix and pay the compensation of such persons it may deem necessary to carry out the duties of the council within the limits of available appropriations.
 - It shall be the duty of the council to:
- 22 (1) Develop a master plan to increase employment opportunities 23 for disadvantaged youth;
 - (2) Enlist the commitment of the State's business leadership to provide employment opportunities for disadvantaged youth;
 - (3) Enlist the support of the State's key unions which operate apprenticeship and similar programs;
 - (4) Develop proposals for innovative efforts to assist economically disadvantaged youth to enroll in and successfully complete employment programs;
- 31 (5) Involve all sectors of the community, including high level 32 representatives of business, youth-serving agencies, foundations, local 33 school systems, the communications media, and the religious 34 community in an effort to promote and coordinate employment 35 opportunities for disadvantaged youth; and
- 36 (6) In conjunction with the Department of Labor and the 37 Commerce and Economic Growth Commission, seek to identify and 38 maximize any available federal funding for the purpose of enhancing 39 employment opportunities provided under this act.
- The council shall be entitled to call to its assistance and avail itself of the services of such employees of any State, county or municipal department, board, bureau, commission, or agency as it may require and as may be available to it for these purposes.
- The Commissioner of Labor, in consultation with the council, may promulgate rules and regulations necessary to effectuate the purposes of this act.

- 2. a. In cooperation with the Disadvantaged Youth Employment Opportunities Council established in section 1 of this act, the Commissioner of Labor shall develop and administer the employment program established under this act. The commissioner shall, to the greatest extent feasible, attempt to achieve a balance of enrolled disadvantaged youth from the northern, central, and southern parts of the State.
- The Commissioner of Labor, in consultation with the b. Department of Education, the Juvenile Justice Commission, and the council shall develop procedures relating to the program referral process; establish the selection criteria for participants which shall include the identification of local disadvantaged youths assessed by local law enforcement and juvenile corrections authorities as being at risk of gang membership or involvement or reinvolvement in the criminal justice system and students who are not meeting minimal district standards of behavior and academic achievement; provide a listing of employers who have agreed to participate in the program; and establish the process which will be utilized for matching disadvantaged youth to employment opportunities that will enhance the self-esteem and assimilation of life skills necessary for productive functioning in the school setting and society.

- 3. a. The State's limitations on hours of employment for child labor shall govern the maximum hours of employment for youths employed through the program. For participation in the employment program, the youth shall receive from the employer compensation of not less than the minimum wage rate pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1966, c.133 (C.34:11-56a4).
- b. The Commissioner of Labor, in conjunction with the council, shall endeavor to work with the Secretary of State, the Commissioner of Education, major statewide education organizations, and nonprofit organizations providing specialized services to youth to publicize the opportunities available under the program and promote the voluntary participation therein of school districts and students.

- 4. a. The Commissioner of Labor shall implement a plan to collect data on the effectiveness of the program in meeting the needs and conditions of disadvantaged youths which place them at risk of academic or social failure or both. The plan shall include a system to track participants to determine if they successfully completed the school year and whether such students and other youth participants succeed in making productive contributions to their communities.
- b. Within two years following the effective date of this act, the Commissioners of Labor and Education, in concert with the council established in section 1 of this act, shall submit to the Governor and the Legislature an evaluation of the Youth Employment and After

School Incentive Pilot Program and recommendations to the Legislature that will enable them to better coordinate and improve the effectiveness of their efforts.

 5. Employers participating in the employment program established under this act shall be eligible for the tax credit allotments authorized under the provisions of P.L. , c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as Assembly Bill No.).

¹ [6. There is appropriated \$25,000 from the General Fund to the Department of Labor for the costs of implementing the provisions of this act.]¹

7. This act shall take effect on the first day of the sixth month after enactment.

STATEMENT

This bill creates a 15-member council to forge a partnership of the Juvenile Justice Commission, the Commerce and Economic Growth Commission, and the Departments of Labor, Education, and State with business, labor, non-profit, religious and education leaders in the State. The council's mission will be to establish a Youth Employment and After School Incentive Pilot Program to establish employment opportunities for disadvantaged students and other youths who are no longer attending school. The council would be expected to develop a master plan for increasing employment opportunities, enlisting the commitment of the State's business leadership to provide employment opportunities and gaining the support of the State's key unions which operate apprenticeship programs. All sectors of the community would become involved, including non-profits, local government, youth-serving agencies, foundations, the media and religious leaders.

As a result, it is expected that opportunities for career exploration, employment experiences, and transition to the "world of work" will be broadened for these youth.

The bill defines "disadvantaged youth" as those from public and private schools and youth who are not students, all of whom reside in municipalities with unemployment and violent crime rates significantly above the State's annual average as determined by the commissioner. The term would also apply to youth in these municipalities who are participating in aftercare programs following their release from juvenile detention or community facilities.

Depending on their school status, this program will enable disadvantaged youth to obtain a variety of after-school, weekend, summer or full-time employment positions. Through this participation, they will learn new skills, gain useful insights into the world of work
and provide a valuable service to their communities.

Selected full-time students and youths not attending school would be assigned to positions limited only by the State's child labor laws. Compensation would be based on the State's minimum wage rate, but employer's could increase a youth's pay to a higher rate.

The bill appropriates \$25,000 to the Department of Labor to implement its provisions in conjunction with the newly established council. It implements a recommendation of the Assembly Task Force on Adolescent Violence.

Research indicates that certain factors put young people at risk of becoming delinquent and other factors protect or buffer them from the consequences of exposure to risk. One of the risk factors associated with delinquency is community. One of the protective factors is bonding, which includes attachment to and integration in the work force. One of the interventions related to these factors which researchers believe can address entrenched problem behavior patterns is providing hands-on vocational training and skill development. This bill attempts to provide that intervention.

By promoting youth employment after school and on weekends for disadvantaged youth living in areas with higher than average unemployment and crime rates, these youth would be less exposed to negative influences such as gang memberships, drug use and other such negative behavior.

29 Creates Youth Employment and After School Incentive Pilot Program;

30 appropriates \$25,000.

CHAPTER 446

AN ACT creating the Youth Employment and After School Incentive Pilot Program, supplementing Title 34 of the Revised Statutes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

C.34:15F-12 Youth Employment and After School Incentive Pilot Program.

1. a. There is established in the Department of Labor a Youth Employment and After School Incentive Pilot Program which shall be administered by the Commissioner of Labor, pursuant to the provisions of this act. The program shall provide for employment opportunities for disadvantaged youth with private and nonprofit employers. The purpose of the program shall be to enable disadvantaged youth to acquire job knowledge and skills and an understanding of the linkage between the skills, behaviors, and attitudes necessary to function as an adult in the workplace.

As used in this act, "disadvantaged youth" means public and nonpublic school students as well as youth who are not students who reside in municipalities where both the rates of unemployment and violent crime significantly exceed the Statewide rates of unemployment and violent crime by percentages which shall be designated by the commissioner. The term shall include youth in these municipalities who are participating in a program of aftercare following their release from juvenile detention or community facilities.

There is established in, but not of, the Department of Labor the Disadvantaged Youth Employment Opportunities Council. The council shall consist of 15 members: the Commissioner of Labor, the Commissioner of Education, the Chief Executive Officer of the New Jersey Commerce and Economic Growth Commission, the Secretary of State and the Executive Director of the Juvenile Justice Commission, or their designees, who shall serve ex officio and as nonvoting members; and 10 public members appointed by the Governor, the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the General Assembly. The Governor shall appoint two religious leaders and two representatives of education organizations. The President of the Senate and the Speaker of the Assembly shall each appoint a leader of the business community, a labor leader, and a person representing organizations that have expertise serving the needs of disadvantaged youth. The public members shall serve for terms of three years, may be reappointed and may serve until a successor has been appointed. Of the public members first appointed, five shall be appointed for terms of three years, and five shall be appointed for terms of two years. A vacancy in the membership, occurring other than by expiration of a term, shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment, but for the unexpired term only. The members shall serve without compensation, but the council may, within the limits of funds appropriated or otherwise made available to it, reimburse members for actual expenses necessarily incurred in the discharge of their official duties.

The council shall organize as soon as its members are appointed and shall select a chairman and vice-chairman from among its members and may select a secretary, who need not be a member of the council. The council shall meet monthly, and at such other times as may be necessary.

The council may employ, prescribe the duties and fix and pay the compensation of such persons it may deem necessary to carry out the duties of the council within the limits of available appropriations.

It shall be the duty of the council to:

- (1) Develop a master plan to increase employment opportunities for disadvantaged youth;
- (2) Enlist the commitment of the State's business leadership to provide employment opportunities for disadvantaged youth;
- (3) Enlist the support of the State's key unions which operate apprenticeship and similar programs;
- (4) Develop proposals for innovative efforts to assist economically disadvantaged youth to enroll in and successfully complete employment programs;
- (5) Involve all sectors of the community, including high level representatives of business, youth-serving agencies, foundations, local school systems, the communications media, and the religious community in an effort to promote and coordinate employment opportunities for disadvantaged youth; and
 - (6) In conjunction with the Department of Labor and the Commerce and Economic Growth

Commission, seek to identify and maximize any available federal funding for the purpose of enhancing employment opportunities provided under this act.

The council shall be entitled to call to its assistance and avail itself of the services of such employees of any State, county or municipal department, board, bureau, commission, or agency as it may require and as may be available to it for these purposes.

The Commissioner of Labor, in consultation with the council, may promulgate rules and regulations necessary to effectuate the purposes of this act.

C.34:15F-13 Development, administration of program.

- 2. a. In cooperation with the Disadvantaged Youth Employment Opportunities Council established in section 1 of this act, the Commissioner of Labor shall develop and administer the employment program established under this act. The commissioner shall, to the greatest extent feasible, attempt to achieve a balance of enrolled disadvantaged youth from the northern, central, and southern parts of the State.
- b. The Commissioner of Labor, in consultation with the Department of Education, the Juvenile Justice Commission, and the council shall develop procedures relating to the program referral process; establish the selection criteria for participants which shall include the identification of local disadvantaged youths assessed by local law enforcement and juvenile corrections authorities as being at risk of gang membership or involvement or reinvolvement in the criminal justice system and students who are not meeting minimal district standards of behavior and academic achievement; provide a listing of employers who have agreed to participate in the program; and establish the process which will be utilized for matching disadvantaged youth to employment opportunities that will enhance the self-esteem and assimilation of life skills necessary for productive functioning in the school setting and society.

C.34:15F-14 Maximum hours of employment for youths.

- 3. a. The State's limitations on hours of employment for child labor shall govern the maximum hours of employment for youths employed through the program. For participation in the employment program, the youth shall receive from the employer compensation of not less than the minimum wage rate pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1966, c.133 (C.34:11-56a4).
- b. The Commissioner of Labor, in conjunction with the council, shall endeavor to work with the Secretary of State, the Commissioner of Education, major Statewide education organizations, and nonprofit organizations providing specialized services to youth to publicize the opportunities available under the program and promote the voluntary participation therein of school districts and students.

C.34:15F-15 Plan to collect data on effectiveness of program.

- 4. a. The Commissioner of Labor shall implement a plan to collect data on the effectiveness of the program in meeting the needs and conditions of disadvantaged youths which place them at risk of academic or social failure or both. The plan shall include a system to track participants to determine if they successfully completed the school year and whether such students and other youth participants succeed in making productive contributions to their communities.
- b. Within two years following the effective date of this act, the Commissioners of Labor and Education, in concert with the council established in section 1 of this act, shall submit to the Governor and the Legislature an evaluation of the Youth Employment and After School Incentive Pilot Program and recommendations to the Legislature that will enable them to better coordinate and improve the effectiveness of their efforts.

C.34:15F-16 Eligibility for tax credit allotments.

- 5. Employers participating in the employment program established under this act shall be eligible for the tax credit allotments authorized under the provisions of P.L. , c. (C.) (now pending before the Legislature as Assembly Bill No.1918 of 2000).
 - 7. This act shall take effect on the first day of the sixth month after enactment.

P.L. 2001, CHAPTER 446

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Approved January 11, 2002.